

Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

January 27, 2011

The attached audit report was completed and prepared for release prior to the commencement of my term of office on January 10, 2011. Thus, I am certifying this audit report for release under the signature of my predecessor.

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DAVE YOST
Auditor of State

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**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY**

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Mary Taylor, CPA

Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Dalton Local School District
Wayne County
177 North Mill Street
P.O. Box 514
Dalton, Ohio 44618

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dalton Local School District, Wayne County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dalton Local School District, Wayne County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2010, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Mary Taylor".

Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

December 10, 2010

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010**

The management's discussion and analysis of the Dalton Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2010 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$8,219, which represents a 0.39% increase from 2009.
- General revenues accounted for \$7,603,184 in revenue or 81.76% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,696,087 or 18.24% of total revenues of \$9,299,271.
- The District had \$9,291,052 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,696,087 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$7,603,184 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$7,735,146 in revenues and \$7,803,515 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2010, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$68,369 from \$125,937 to a balance of \$57,568.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$311,142 in revenues and other financing sources and \$255,193 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2010, the permanent improvement's fund balance increased \$55,949 from \$284,797 to a balance of \$340,746.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net assets* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the permanent improvement fund are considered major funds.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2010?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in an agency fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets on page 20. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21-45 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009.

	Net Assets	
	Governmental Activities <u>2010</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2009</u>
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 4,465,184	\$ 4,372,934
Capital assets, net	<u>2,426,882</u>	<u>2,407,995</u>
Total assets	<u>6,892,066</u>	<u>6,780,929</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	3,915,044	3,796,149
Long-term liabilities	<u>850,370</u>	<u>866,347</u>
Total liabilities	<u>4,765,414</u>	<u>4,662,496</u>
<u>Net Assets</u>		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,386,319	2,351,612
Restricted	380,905	489,212
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(640,572)</u>	<u>(722,391)</u>
Total net assets	<u>\$ 2,126,652</u>	<u>\$ 2,118,433</u>

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2010, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,126,652. Of this total, \$380,905 is restricted in use.

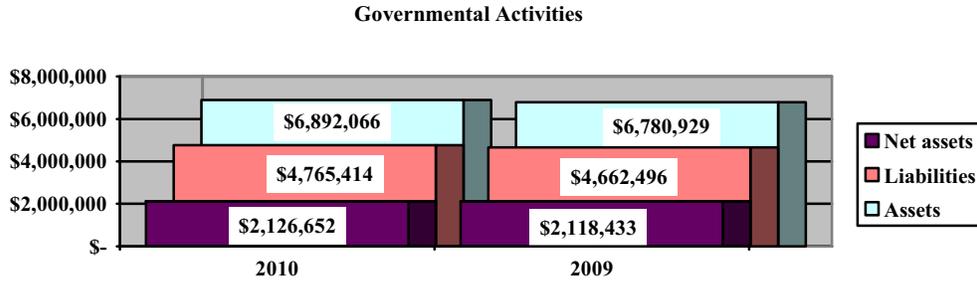
At year-end, capital assets represented 35.21% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2010, were \$2,386,319. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$380,905, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets is a deficit of \$640,572.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The graph below presents the District's governmental assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009.



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities <u>2010</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2009</u>
<u>Revenues</u>		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 625,009	\$ 511,299
Operating grants and contributions	1,071,078	1,056,721
Capital grants and contributions	-	8,929
General revenues:		
Property taxes	2,855,627	2,796,535
School district income tax	909,145	1,015,927
Grants and entitlements	3,728,151	3,636,514
Investment earnings	4,096	18,829
Other	<u>106,165</u>	<u>42,845</u>
Total revenues	<u>9,299,271</u>	<u>9,087,599</u>

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities <u>2010</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2009</u>
<u>Expenses</u>		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 3,813,577	\$ 3,789,181
Special	766,813	692,278
Vocational	208,412	131,730
Other	223,565	353,781
Support services:		
Pupil	337,983	336,310
Instructional staff	630,844	474,989
Board of education	26,268	26,003
Administration	847,756	860,754
Fiscal	304,532	297,544
Business	5,397	-
Operations and maintenance	821,031	801,976
Pupil transportation	495,367	426,932
Central	18,685	27,325
Food service operations	254,446	277,849
Other non-instructional services	164,766	197,900
Extracurricular activities	367,671	350,188
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>3,939</u>	<u>5,151</u>
Total expenses	<u>9,291,052</u>	<u>9,049,891</u>
Change in net assets	8,219	37,708
Net assets at beginning of year	<u>2,118,433</u>	<u>2,080,725</u>
Net assets at end of year	<u><u>\$ 2,126,652</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,118,433</u></u>

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$8,219. Total governmental expenses of \$9,291,052 were offset by program revenues of \$1,696,087 and general revenues of \$7,603,184. Program revenues supported 18.26% of the total governmental expenses.

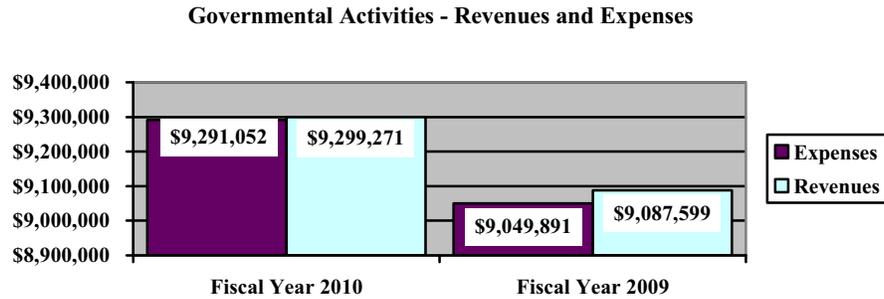
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 80.58% of total governmental revenues.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$5,012,367 or 53.95% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2010.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

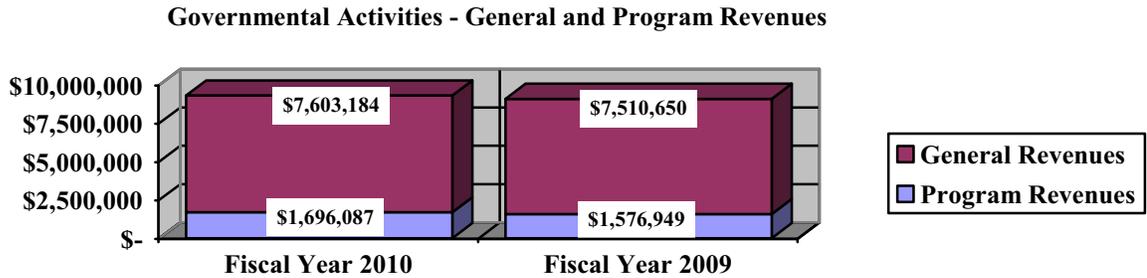
	Total Cost of Services <u>2010</u>	Net Cost of Services <u>2010</u>	Total Cost of Services <u>2009</u>	Net Cost of Services <u>2009</u>
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 3,813,577	\$ 3,295,191	\$ 3,789,181	\$ 3,470,053
Special	766,813	529,764	692,278	185,036
Vocational	208,412	193,141	131,730	109,776
Other	223,565	219,624	353,781	353,781
Support services:				
Pupil	337,983	229,471	336,310	223,359
Instructional staff	630,844	496,277	474,989	456,225
Board of education	26,268	26,268	26,003	26,003
Administration	847,756	655,035	860,754	808,355
Fiscal	304,532	304,532	297,544	297,544
Business	5,397	5,397	-	-
Operations and maintenance	821,031	819,706	801,976	800,319
Pupil transportation	495,367	495,367	426,932	403,104
Central	18,685	13,685	27,325	22,325
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	254,446	28,394	277,849	35,079
Other non-instructional services	164,766	2,472	197,900	8,713
Extracurricular activities	367,671	276,702	350,188	268,119
Interest and fiscal charges	3,939	3,939	5,151	5,151
Total expenses	<u>\$ 9,291,052</u>	<u>\$ 7,594,965</u>	<u>\$ 9,049,891</u>	<u>\$ 7,472,942</u>

The dependence upon taxes and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 84.55% and 82.92% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues for fiscal years 2010 and 2009, respectively. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 81.74%.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$341,223, which is lower than last year's balance of \$413,570. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2010 and 2009.

	Fund Balance (deficit) <u>June 30, 2010</u>	Fund Balance <u>June 30, 2009</u>	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage <u>Change</u>
General	\$ 57,568	\$ 125,937	\$ (68,369)	(54.29) %
Permanent Improvement	340,746	284,797	55,949	19.65 %
Other Governmental	<u>(57,091)</u>	<u>2,836</u>	<u>(59,927)</u>	(2,113.08) %
Total	<u>\$ 341,223</u>	<u>\$ 413,570</u>	<u>\$ (72,347)</u>	(17.49) %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$68,369. Revenues exceeded expenditures for fiscal year 2010 by \$54,196. Tax revenue decreased 2.03% when compared to the prior fiscal year. This is due to income tax collections being \$106,782 less than the prior year. The District intergovernmental revenues decreased 2.44% from prior year. The increase of \$103,450 in tuition is the result of open enrollment in the District. Instruction and support services decreased \$23,478 and \$46,914 respectively. These decreases are due to the District's tight control of wages and benefits.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

	<u>2010</u> <u>Amount</u>	<u>2009</u> <u>Amount</u>	<u>Increase/</u> <u>(Decrease)</u>	<u>Percentage</u> <u>Change</u>
<u>Revenues</u>				
Taxes	\$ 3,592,030	\$ 3,666,379	\$ (74,349)	(2.03) %
Tuition	322,866	219,416	103,450	47.15 %
Earnings on investments	4,096	18,829	(14,733)	(78.25) %
Classroom materials and fees	1,393	1,753	(360)	(20.54) %
Intergovernmental	3,713,800	3,806,799	(92,999)	(2.44) %
Other revenues	<u>100,961</u>	<u>44,502</u>	<u>56,459</u>	126.87 %
Total	<u>\$ 7,735,146</u>	<u>\$ 7,757,678</u>	<u>\$ (22,532)</u>	(0.29) %
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Instruction	\$ 4,471,901	\$ 4,495,379	\$ (23,478)	(0.52) %
Support services	2,934,085	2,980,999	(46,914)	(1.57) %
Extracurricular activities	244,223	232,640	11,583	4.98 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	10,982	1,968	9,014	458.03 %
Debt service	<u>19,759</u>	<u>19,759</u>	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 7,680,950</u>	<u>\$ 7,730,745</u>	<u>\$ (49,795)</u>	(0.64) %

Permanent Improvement Fund

The permanent improvement fund had \$311,142 in revenues and other financing sources and \$255,193 in expenditures. The fund balance of the permanent improvement fund increased \$55,949 from \$284,797 to \$340,746.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2010, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$7,485,682 were increased to \$7,712,659 in the final budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2010 was \$7,712,915. This represents a \$256 increase from final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund original and final appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) were \$5,906,476 and \$7,961,100 respectively. The difference was primarily due to an increase in regular instruction expenses. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2010 totaled \$7,934,403, which was \$26,697 less than the final budget appropriations.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the District had \$2,426,882 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2010 balances compared to June 30, 2009:

**Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)**

	Governmental Activities	
	2010	2009
Land	\$ 83,000	\$ 83,000
Land improvements	246,489	253,432
Building and improvements	1,503,582	1,508,981
Furniture and equipment	257,687	284,864
Vehicles	336,124	277,718
Total	\$ 2,426,882	\$ 2,407,995

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2010, the District had \$40,563 in capital lease obligations outstanding. Of this total, \$17,133 is due within one year and \$23,430 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the capital lease obligations outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	2010	2009
Capital lease obligations	\$ 40,563	\$ 56,383
Total	\$ 40,563	\$ 56,383

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District relies heavily upon revenue from grants, property taxes and the state foundation program. In August of 2004, the voters of the District passed a .75% income tax levy to help meet the increasing costs of educating our students. The District continues to strive to maintain the highest standards of excellence in educating our students, while carefully making the most effective use out of each dollar received. This is evidenced by the District being awarded an Excellent rating by the State Board of Education for the ninth consecutive year, a standard we strive to maintain.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010**

The District has worked hard to contain costs but is faced with ever-increasing mandates from the federal and state levels. Over the past few years, reduction in staffing and other cost containment measures have been taken. The District expects revenue and carryover cash balances to be sufficient to meet operating expenses through fiscal year 2011; however, there are still many challenges to overcome.

The District has a significant and immediate need for capital improvements. The District's buildings are outdated and will need extensive repairs in the near future. Management is currently evaluating the possibility of constructing new facilities. The District's residents will make the ultimate decision of whether we continue to repair the outdated buildings or move forward with the construction of new facilities. Traditionally, our community has been supportive of Dalton Local Schools. This continued support is needed to maintain educational excellence in the District.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Mr. Darryl Woolf, Treasurer, Dalton Local School District, P.O. Box 514, Dalton, Ohio 44618.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents. . .	\$ 856,407
Receivables:	
Property taxes	3,237,798
Income taxes.	356,134
Accounts.	3,835
Accrued interest	474
Intergovernmental	4,356
Materials and supplies inventory.	6,180
Capital assets:	
Land	83,000
Depreciable capital assets, net.	2,343,882
Capital assets, net	2,426,882
 Total assets.	 6,892,066
 Liabilities:	
Accounts payable.	91,400
Accrued wages and benefits	644,318
Pension obligation payable.	236,882
Intergovernmental payable	28,708
Unearned revenue	2,913,736
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year.	189,747
Due within more than one year	660,623
 Total liabilities	 4,765,414
 Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt.	2,386,319
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	343,733
Locally funded programs	2,144
State funded programs.	1,060
Federally funded programs	1
Public school support	30,479
Student activities	3,488
Unrestricted (deficit)	(640,572)
 Total net assets	 \$ 2,126,652

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense)
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
				Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 3,813,577	\$ 272,789	\$ 245,597	\$ (3,295,191)
Special	766,813	24,876	212,173	(529,764)
Vocational	208,412	15,271	-	(193,141)
Other	223,565	-	3,941	(219,624)
Support services:				
Pupil	337,983	87,768	20,744	(229,471)
Instructional staff	630,844	-	134,567	(496,277)
Board of education	26,268	-	-	(26,268)
Administration	847,756	-	192,721	(655,035)
Fiscal	304,532	-	-	(304,532)
Business	5,397	-	-	(5,397)
Operations and maintenance	821,031	1,325	-	(819,706)
Pupil transportation	495,367	-	-	(495,367)
Central	18,685	-	5,000	(13,685)
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	254,446	132,011	94,041	(28,394)
Other non-instructional services	164,766	-	162,294	(2,472)
Extracurricular activities	367,671	90,969	-	(276,702)
Interest and fiscal charges	3,939	-	-	(3,939)
Total governmental activities	\$ 9,291,052	\$ 625,009	\$ 1,071,078	\$ (7,594,965)
General Revenues:				
Property taxes levied for:				
General purposes				2,680,707
Capital projects				174,920
School district income tax				909,145
Grants and entitlements not restricted				
to specific programs				3,728,151
Investment earnings				4,096
Miscellaneous				106,165
Total general revenues				7,603,184
Change in net assets				8,219
Net assets at beginning of year				2,118,433
Net assets at end of year				\$ 2,126,652

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2010

	<u>General</u>	<u>Permanent Improvement</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 278,455	\$ 364,993	\$ 56,159	\$ 699,607
Receivables:				
Property taxes	3,040,671	197,127	-	3,237,798
Income taxes	356,134	-	-	356,134
Accounts	3,114	-	721	3,835
Accrued interest	474	-	-	474
Intergovernmental	4,356	-	-	4,356
Materials and supplies inventory	5,555	-	625	6,180
Restricted assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	156,800	-	-	156,800
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,845,559</u>	<u>\$ 562,120</u>	<u>\$ 57,505</u>	<u>\$ 4,465,184</u>
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 43,425	\$ 40,990	\$ 6,985	\$ 91,400
Accrued wages and benefits	566,311	-	78,007	644,318
Compensated absences payable	91,177	-	5,635	96,812
Retirement incentive payable	62,475	-	-	62,475
Pension obligation payable	216,320	-	20,562	236,882
Intergovernmental payable	25,301	-	3,407	28,708
Deferred revenue	46,643	2,987	-	49,630
Unearned revenue	2,736,339	177,397	-	2,913,736
Total liabilities	<u>3,787,991</u>	<u>221,374</u>	<u>114,596</u>	<u>4,123,961</u>
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for encumbrances	36,969	62,144	6,729	105,842
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory	5,555	-	625	6,180
Reserved for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation	258,257	16,743	-	275,000
Reserved for textbooks/instructional materials	156,800	-	-	156,800
Unreserved, undesignated, (deficit) reported in:				
General fund	(400,013)	-	-	(400,013)
Special revenue funds	-	-	(64,445)	(64,445)
Capital projects funds	-	261,859	-	261,859
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>57,568</u>	<u>340,746</u>	<u>(57,091)</u>	<u>341,223</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 3,845,559</u>	<u>\$ 562,120</u>	<u>\$ 57,505</u>	<u>\$ 4,465,184</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
JUNE 30, 2010

Total governmental fund balances	\$	341,223
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:</i>		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		2,426,882
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes receivable	\$ 49,062	
Intergovernmental receivable	<u>568</u>	
Total		49,630
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences	(650,520)	
Capital lease payable	<u>(40,563)</u>	
Total		<u>(691,083)</u>
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	<u>2,126,652</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	<u>General</u>	<u>Permanent Improvement</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 2,682,885	\$ 175,117	\$ -	\$ 2,858,002
Income taxes	909,145	-	-	909,145
Tuition	322,866	-	-	322,866
Charges for services	-	-	132,011	132,011
Earnings on investments	4,096	-	-	4,096
Extracurricular	-	-	178,737	178,737
Classroom materials and fees	1,393	-	-	1,393
Rental income	1,325	-	-	1,325
Contributions and donations	75	-	3,850	3,925
Other local revenues	99,561	-	2,679	102,240
Intergovernmental - intermediate	8,300	-	-	8,300
Intergovernmental - state	3,705,182	45,782	176,960	3,927,924
Intergovernmental - federal	318	-	851,364	851,682
Total revenue	<u>7,735,146</u>	<u>220,899</u>	<u>1,345,601</u>	<u>9,301,646</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,704,720	-	27,087	3,731,807
Special	339,506	-	422,289	761,795
Vocational	208,412	-	-	208,412
Other	219,263	-	4,302	223,565
Support services:				
Pupil	233,566	-	103,543	337,109
Instructional staff	484,323	-	146,833	631,156
Board of education	25,667	-	-	25,667
Administration	657,923	-	211,850	869,773
Fiscal	301,686	-	-	301,686
Business	5,397	-	-	5,397
Operations and maintenance	800,644	23,758	506	824,908
Pupil transportation	408,621	72,267	-	480,888
Central	13,700	-	5,006	18,706
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	-	-	260,059	260,059
Other non-instructional services	2,558	-	162,150	164,708
Extracurricular activities	244,223	-	94,225	338,448
Facilities acquisition and construction	10,982	159,168	-	170,150
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	15,820	-	-	15,820
Interest and fiscal charges	3,939	-	-	3,939
Total expenditures	<u>7,680,950</u>	<u>255,193</u>	<u>1,437,850</u>	<u>9,373,993</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>54,196</u>	<u>(34,294)</u>	<u>(92,249)</u>	<u>(72,347)</u>
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	90,243	32,322	122,565
Transfers (out)	<u>(122,565)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(122,565)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(122,565)</u>	<u>90,243</u>	<u>32,322</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	(68,369)	55,949	(59,927)	(72,347)
Fund balances at beginning of year	<u>125,937</u>	<u>284,797</u>	<u>2,836</u>	<u>413,570</u>
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	<u>\$ 57,568</u>	<u>\$ 340,746</u>	<u>\$ (57,091)</u>	<u>\$ 341,223</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(72,347)
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</i>		
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.</p>		
Capital asset additions	\$	209,897
Current year depreciation		<u>(191,010)</u>
Total		18,887
<p>Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.</p>		
		(1,807)
<p>Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.</p>		
		15,820
<p>Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and retirement obligations, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.</p>		
		<u>47,666</u>
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	<u>8,219</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 2,535,373	\$ 2,612,249	\$ 2,612,249	\$ -
Income taxes.	923,663	951,670	951,670	-
Tuition.	313,364	322,866	322,866	-
Earnings on investments	4,748	4,892	5,148	256
Classroom materials and fees	1,352	1,393	1,393	-
Rental income	1,286	1,325	1,325	-
Contributions and donations	73	75	75	-
Other local revenues	101,626	104,707	104,707	-
Intergovernmental - intermediate	8,056	8,300	8,300	-
Intergovernmental - state	3,596,141	3,705,182	3,705,182	-
Total revenue	<u>7,485,682</u>	<u>7,712,659</u>	<u>7,712,915</u>	<u>256</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	2,831,367	3,792,032	3,767,052	24,980
Special.	225,437	362,176	362,176	-
Vocational.	52,800	208,312	208,312	-
Other.	215,312	220,500	220,500	-
Support Services:				
Pupil.	135,642	251,354	251,354	-
Instructional staff	389,631	488,132	488,382	(250)
Board of education	26,257	25,587	25,587	-
Administration.	617,451	655,997	654,015	1,982
Fiscal	219,413	300,115	300,130	(15)
Business	5,397	5,397	5,397	-
Operations and maintenance.	585,305	823,378	823,378	-
Pupil transportation	298,985	407,261	407,261	-
Central.	35,600	13,999	13,999	-
Operation of non-instructional services	-	4,544	4,544	-
Extracurricular activities.	177,301	245,526	245,526	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	60	34,225	34,225	-
Total expenditures	<u>5,815,958</u>	<u>7,838,535</u>	<u>7,811,838</u>	<u>26,697</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures.	<u>1,669,724</u>	<u>(125,876)</u>	<u>(98,923)</u>	<u>26,953</u>
Other financing uses:				
Transfers (out).	<u>(90,518)</u>	<u>(122,565)</u>	<u>(122,565)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing uses.	<u>(90,518)</u>	<u>(122,565)</u>	<u>(122,565)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	1,579,206	(248,441)	(221,488)	26,953
Fund balance at beginning of year	581,969	581,969	581,969	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	30,624	30,624	30,624	-
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 2,191,799</u>	<u>\$ 364,152</u>	<u>\$ 391,105</u>	<u>\$ 26,953</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUND
JUNE 30, 2010

	Agency
Assets:	
Current assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,593
Total assets.	\$ 89,593
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable.	\$ 1,837
Due to students.	87,756
Total liabilities	\$ 89,593

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Dalton Local School District, Wayne County, Ohio, (the “District”) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under a five member elected Board of Education and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the District.

Enrollment in the District as of June 30, 2010 was 941 students. The District employed 72 certified employees and 54 non-certified employees.

The District’s management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds over which the District has the ability to exercise direct operating control.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District’s significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, “The Financial Reporting Entity” as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, “Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units”. The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization’s Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization’s resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Tri-County Computer Services Association

The Tri-County Computer Services Association (TCCSA) is a jointly governed organization comprised of 20 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions for member districts. Each of the governments of these districts supports TCCSA based on a per-pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. The TCCSA assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and a representative from the fiscal agent. TCCSA is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership of the TCCSA assembly. The Board of Directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each operating committee and at least one assembly member from each county from which participating districts are located. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the treasurer at the Tri-County Educational Service Center which serves as the fiscal agent located in Wooster, Ohio. During the year ended June 30, 2010, the District paid \$61,491 to TCCSA for basic service charges.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Care Benefit Program

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Care Benefit Program (Council) is a shared risk pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The Council is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Council. All Council revenues are generated from charges for services.

INSURANCE POOLS

Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP). The GRP is sponsored by OASBO and administered by CompManagement, Inc. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The District pays a fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District has no proprietary funds.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Permanent improvement fund - The permanent improvement fund is used to account for taxes levied for the replacement and updating of equipment and facilities essential for the instruction of students.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; and (b) food service operations.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund used to account for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the full accrual economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes (See Note 7), grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2010, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2011 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2010 is as follows:

1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Wayne County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2010.
4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation for all funds must be approved by the Board of Education.
6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original and final appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board.

Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the budgetary statements present comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures as elected by the District Treasurer.

8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On fund financial statements, encumbrances outstanding at year end (not already recorded in accounts payable) are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on government-wide financial statements.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2010, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2010.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2010 amounted to \$4,096, which includes \$1,966 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets that generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District's capitalization threshold is \$2,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Governmental Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	8 - 35 years
Vehicles	15 years

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2010, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least 10 years of service regardless of their age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2010 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and retirement incentives that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, property taxes unavailable for appropriation and textbooks/instructional materials. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted by State statute for textbooks/instructional materials.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a textbook reserve. This reserve is required by State statute. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 17.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2010.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2010, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets", GASB Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments", and GASB Statement No. 58, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies".

GASB Statement No. 51 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for intangible assets, which are assets that lack physical substance, are nonfinancial in nature, and have an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Examples of intangible assets include easements, water rights, computer software, patents, and trademarks. GASB Statement No. 51 improves the quality of financial reporting by creating consistency in the recognition, initial measurement, and amortization of intangible assets. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 51 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 53 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. Derivative instruments are financial arrangements used by governments to manage specific risks or to make investments. Common types of derivative instruments include interest rate and commodity swaps, interest rate locks, options, swaptions, forward contracts, and futures contracts. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 53 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 58 establishes accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. GASB Statement No. 58 requires governments to remeasure liabilities that are adjusted in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy court confirms a new payment plan. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 58 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2010 included the following individual fund deficits:

<u>Nonmajor funds</u>	<u>Deficit</u>
Food service	\$ 19,460
Management information system	23
IDEA Part B	27,357
Education stabilization fund	17,815
Title I	27,839
Drug-free school grant	19
Improving teacher quality	5,987

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$100 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$945,899. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2010, \$446,400 of the District's bank balance of \$951,232 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$504,832 was covered by the FDIC.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2010, the District had the following investment and maturity:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Investment Maturity</u> 6 months or less
STAR Ohio	\$ <u>1</u>	\$ <u>1</u>

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAM money market rating. The District's policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2010:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>% of Total</u>
STAR Ohio	\$ <u>1</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2010:

<u>Cash and investments per note</u>	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 945,899
Investments	1
Cash on hand	<u>100</u>
Total	<u>\$ 946,000</u>
 <u>Cash and investments per statement of net assets</u>	
Governmental activities	\$ 856,407
Agency fund	<u>89,593</u>
Total	<u>\$ 946,000</u>

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers from general fund to:	
Permanent improvement fund	\$ 90,243
Nonmajor governmental funds	32,322

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and certain tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2010 became a lien on December 31, 2008, were levied after April 1, 2009, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009, on the value as of December 31, 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Wayne County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2010, are available to finance fiscal year 2010 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010 was \$258,257 in the general fund and \$16,743 in the permanent improvement fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2009 was \$187,621 in the general fund and \$12,379 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2010 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2010 taxes were collected are:

	2009 Second Half Collections		2010 First Half Collections	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Agricultural/residential and other real estate	\$ 132,068,550	95.05	\$ 134,470,800	97.74
Public utility personal	3,023,270	2.18	3,115,870	2.26
Tangible personal property	<u>3,849,150</u>	<u>2.77</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 138,940,970</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>\$ 137,586,670</u>	<u>100.00</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$43.60		\$43.60	

NOTE 7- INCOME TAXES

The District levies a voted tax of .75 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2005 and will continue for an indefinite period of time. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. During fiscal year 2010, \$909,145 of income tax revenue was credited to the general fund.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2010 consisted of taxes, accounts, accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of Federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported in the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:	
Taxes	\$ 3,593,932
Accounts	3,835
Accrued interest	474
Intergovernmental	<u>4,356</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,602,597</u>

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	<u>06/30/09</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>06/30/10</u>
Governmental activities:				
<i>Capital assets, not being depreciated:</i>				
Land	\$ 83,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>83,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>83,000</u>
<i>Capital assets, being depreciated:</i>				
Land improvements	479,741	15,400	-	495,141
Buildings and improvements	4,483,343	90,502	-	4,573,845
Furniture and equipment	705,895	7,970	-	713,865
Vehicles	<u>731,459</u>	<u>96,025</u>	<u>(38,707)</u>	<u>788,777</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>6,400,438</u>	<u>209,897</u>	<u>(38,707)</u>	<u>6,571,628</u>
<i>Less: accumulated depreciation:</i>				
Land improvements	(226,309)	(22,343)	-	(248,652)
Buildings and improvements	(2,974,362)	(95,901)	-	(3,070,263)
Furniture and equipment	(421,031)	(35,147)	-	(456,178)
Vehicles	<u>(453,741)</u>	<u>(37,619)</u>	<u>38,707</u>	<u>(452,653)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(4,075,443)</u>	<u>(191,010)</u>	<u>38,707</u>	<u>(4,227,746)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,407,995</u>	<u>\$ 18,887</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,426,882</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction:</u>	
Regular	\$ 83,195
Special	1,464
<u>Support services:</u>	
Pupil	874
Instructional staff	8,357
Board of education	601
Administration	3,613
Fiscal	1,502
Operations and maintenance	17,177
Pupil transportation	39,695
Extracurricular activities	29,223
Food Service operation	<u>5,309</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 191,010</u>

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In a prior fiscal year, the District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, “Accounting for Leases”, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$83,502. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2010 was \$15,657, leaving a current book value of \$67,845. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2010 totaled \$15,820 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2010:

Fiscal Year <u>Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2011	\$ 19,759
2012	19,759
2013	<u>4,940</u>
Total minimum lease payment	44,458
Less: amount representing interest	<u>(3,895)</u>
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 40,563</u>

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2010, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance Outstanding <u>06/30/09</u>	Additions	Reductions <u>06/30/10</u>	Balance Outstanding <u>06/30/10</u>	Amounts Due in <u>One Year</u>
Governmental activities:					
Capital lease payable	\$ 56,383	\$ -	\$ (15,820)	\$ 40,563	\$ 17,133
Retirement incentive plan	63,128	62,475	(63,128)	62,475	62,475
Compensated absences	<u>746,836</u>	<u>64,112</u>	<u>(63,616)</u>	<u>747,332</u>	<u>110,139</u>
Total long-term obligations, governmental activities	<u>\$ 866,347</u>	<u>\$ 126,587</u>	<u>\$ (142,564)</u>	<u>\$ 850,370</u>	<u>\$ 189,747</u>

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund which the employee’s salaries are paid which, for the District, is primarily the general fund and the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Retirement Incentive Plan (RIP) - STRS Ohio

The District provides a retirement incentive plan for State Teacher's Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) employees who are eligible for retirement under STRS Ohio guidelines and retire effective at the end of the fiscal year 2010 school year. Employees who enroll in the early retirement incentive plan will receive 55% of the employee's base salary that is in effect on the effective date of the employee's resignation. Two employees took advantage of the RIP during fiscal year 2010. A liability for the early retirement incentive payments has been recorded in the fund financial statements for the amount expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The entire liability is recorded on the statement of net assets.

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2010, are a voted debt margin of \$12,382,800 and an unvoted debt margin of \$137,587.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010, the District has contracted with Ohio Casualty to provide coverage in the following amounts:

<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Limits of Coverage</u>	<u>Deductible</u>
General liability:		
Each occurrence	\$1,000,000	\$ 0
Annual aggregate	2,000,000	0
Medical liability:		
Each occurrence	15,000	0
Errors and omissions:		
Each occurrence	1,000,000	1,000
Annual aggregate	1,000,000	1,000
Crime coverage		
Theft, Disappearance, Destruction	40,000	1,000
Public Employee Dishonesty	50,000	1,000

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Limits of Coverage</u>	<u>Deductible</u>
Fleet:		
Liability	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 0
Uninsured motorist	1,000,000	0
Comprehensive	1,000,000	1,000
Building and contents	21,811,570	5,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Medical and Dental Insurance

During fiscal year 2010, the District was a member of the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Care Benefit Program (Council), a shared risk pool (See Note 2.A.) to provide employees with medical and dental benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts.

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2010, the District participated in the OASBO Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is tiered into groups based upon past workers' compensation experience. Within each tiered group, a common premium rate is applied to all school districts within that group. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of their tiered group. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2010, 12.78 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$164,074, \$116,411 and \$111,550, respectively; 41.38 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2010, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$523,830, \$512,857 and \$503,824, respectively; 83.08 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2010 were \$9,718 made by the District and \$6,941 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2010, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Chapter 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2009 was \$96.40 and SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2010, 0.46 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2010, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$32,538, \$78,522 and \$74,963, respectively; 41.38 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2010, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$9,757, \$9,605 and \$8,037, respectively; 41.38 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2010, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$40,295, \$39,451 and \$38,756, respectively; 83.08 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis); and,

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>General fund</u>
Budget basis	\$ (221,488)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	22,231
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	86,738
Adjustment for encumbrances	44,150
GAAP basis	<u>\$ (68,369)</u>

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside, in the general fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years. Excess qualifying disbursement over the set-aside cash balance and set-aside requirement cannot be carried forward to the next fiscal year for capital acquisition.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)

These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks/ Instructional <u>Materials</u>	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2009	\$ 190,023	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	152,271	152,271
Current year offsets	<u>(185,494)</u>	<u>(170,753)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 156,800</u>	<u>\$ (18,482)</u>
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2011	<u>\$ 156,800</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

A schedule of the governmental fund restricted assets at June 30, 2010 follows:

Amount restricted for textbooks/instructional materials	<u>\$ 156,800</u>
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**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY**

**FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010**

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	RECEIPTS	NON-CASH RECEIPTS	EXPENDITURES	NON-CASH EXPENDITURES
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</u>					
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Education)</i>					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$164,467		\$164,467	
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.389	<u>50,598</u>		<u>47,610</u>	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		215,065		212,077	
Special Education Cluster:					
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	-		531	
	84.027	173,508		173,365	
ARRA - Special Education Grants to States	84.391	<u>128,351</u>		<u>126,727</u>	
Total Special Education - Grants to States		301,859		300,623	
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grant	84.186	4,040		4,040	
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	-		196	
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	1,739		1,739	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	47,095		46,868	
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act	84.394	194,268		194,268	
		<u>764,066</u>		<u>759,811</u>	
Total U.S. Department of Education		764,066		759,811	
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u>					
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Education)</i>					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Non-Cash Assistance (Entitlement Value):					
National School Lunch Program	10.555		\$13,313		\$13,313
Cash Assistance:					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	78,884		78,884	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		<u>78,884</u>	<u>13,313</u>	<u>78,884</u>	<u>13,313</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		<u>78,884</u>	<u>13,313</u>	<u>78,884</u>	<u>13,313</u>
Total		<u>\$842,950</u>	<u>\$13,313</u>	<u>\$838,695</u>	<u>\$13,313</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010**

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Dalton Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



Mary Taylor, CPA

Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Dalton Local School District
Wayne County
177 North Mill Street
P.O. Box 514
Dalton, Ohio 44618

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dalton Local School District, Wayne County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated December 10, 2010.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Mary Taylor". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

December 10, 2010



Mary Taylor, CPA

Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Dalton Local School District
Wayne County
177 North Mill Street
P.O. Box 514
Dalton, Ohio 44618

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Dalton Local School District, Wayne County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Dalton Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2010. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Dalton Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Chase Tower / Canton, OH 44702-1509
Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001
www.auditor.state.oh.us

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Mary Taylor". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

December 10, 2010

**DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505
JUNE 30, 2010**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster (IDEA, Part B) CFDA #84.027; 84.391
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

DALTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WAYNE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
JANUARY 27, 2011**