CITY OF XENIA



Yellow Book Report

December 31, 2018





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Members of Council City of Xenia 107 E. Main Street Xenia, Ohio 45385

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Xenia, Greene County, prepared by Plattenburg & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Xenia is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

bu

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 21, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Xenia, Ohio

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Xenia (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2019, wherein we noted the City adopted GASB No. 75 as disclosed in Note 20.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. Dayton, Ohio June 28, 2019



CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

PREPARED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT



CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

GREENE COUNTY

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Prepared by: Department of Finance

> Ryan Duke Finance Director

Jason Lake Assistant Finance Director

> Denise Estle Finance Technician

Michelle Johnson City Clerk



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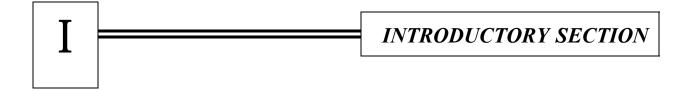
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107 E. Main Street Xenia, OH 45385 Phone (937)376-7241 Fax (937) 347-1606

June 28, 2019

President of City Council, Honorable Mayor and Council City of Xenia, Ohio

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Xenia, Ohio, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City's Finance Department. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City of Xenia's financial activities have been included.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Xenia's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors report.

Management of the City of Xenia is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these goals are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Auditor of State

State statutes require an annual audit by the State Auditor's Office or, at the State Auditor's discretion, an independent certified public accounting firm. The City was assigned an independent certified public accounting firm, who will perform the City's audits for the fiscal years 2016-2020. The firm that was awarded the RFP was Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. The auditors' unmodified opinion is included in the Financial Section of this report.



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Single Audit

If \$750,000 or more in federal awards is expended in the fiscal year, the City of Xenia is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the 2 CFR Part 200 (Uniform Guidance). The City's expenditures of federal awards in 2018 did not require that a single audit be performed.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation and internal audit by City management.

GOVERNMENT PROFILE

Xenia is a City of nearly 26,000 located in southwest Ohio. Xenia was founded in 1803, incorporated in 1817, and became a city in 1834. The legislative authority is comprised of one Mayor and six City Council Members. A City Manager, Finance Director, and Law Director are appointed by the legislative authority and are responsible for day-to-day administration. The City of Xenia provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection; ambulance and paramedic services; water, sewer, stormwater, and sanitation services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; zoning and planning services; development functions; and recreational activities.

Budget

According to the City Charter, City Council must provide a list of project priorities to the City Manager prior to July 1st of each year. The City Manager must then submit a budget for the ensuing fiscal year on or before October 31st. The Council will then review and discuss the budget with staff and amend the proposed budget. The City must then publish notice that the budget is available for inspection by the public and specify a time and place for a public hearing on the budget. After the hearing has been held Council may make amendments if they desire to do so and adopt the budget. The budget must be adopted prior to April 1st of the fiscal year covered by the budget.

The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the level of personnel services, operating expenses, capital outlay, and debt service through an appropriations ordinance passed by City Council. The appropriation ordinance controls expenditures by fund except for the general fund where it is controlled by department. Only City Council may transfer appropriations between those levels established in the appropriation ordinance. Such transfers must be made by amending the ordinance. In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance



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with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriations budget approved by the City Council. Activities of all the City's funds are included in the appropriations budget. The City's budget accounts for transactions on a basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements rather than on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles that measure revenues and expenditures using the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting. The City also maintains a purchase order and encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts carryover at year-end and are re-appropriated as part of the following year's budget.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Local Economy

The City is seeing some improvement in the local economy. Unemployment has steadily fallen since 2012. In 2018 the rate icreased slightly to 5.2% from 4.8% in 2017. Attracting higher paying jobs has proven to be difficult. The median household income in the most recent data provided by the US census bureau was \$39,415 in Xenia, which speaks to the need to improve the City's tax base. Despite challenges with the income demographic, the City's financial outlook is stable. The City is meeting its reserve requirements though service levels may need to be altered in future years to continue the attainment of appropriate reserves. While income tax collections have been trending up in early 2019, there has been very little growth in the tax base in the last two years. Another reason for concern is the State's propensity to reduce local government funding and the repeated attempts at undermining local government control of municipal income tax. The City holds an A-1 bond rating from Moody's, which has allowed the City access to low interest rate financing options for a variety of purposes. The City's reserve fund balance, quality management strategies, and a low debt ratio helped preserve an attractive bond rating.

Long-Term Financial Planning

While the City seems to have gained some momentum in attrating additional investment in both commerical and residential development, administration recognizes numerous challenges in the coming years. The State has continually tweaked local income tax law and being that income taxes are the City's most important revenue source, there is a certain level of unrest. Other major concerns include the cost and regulation of health care, income demographics, increasing service demands, attracting and retaining quality employees, and improving an aging infrastructure. The City continues to pursue partnerships and joint service ventures in which parties can benefit from improved services and reduced costs. The City currently provides dispatching services to multiple agencies throughout the County. The City also provides Fire and EMS services to Central State University. These joint service ventures with the County, other Cities, Townships, and Universities are bringing value to Xenia residents and others throughout the County.



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The City continues to focus on economic development specifically areas such as workforce development; quality education and healthcare; marketing, branding, and image enhancement; business retention and expansion; and housing and neighborhood revitalization; just to name a few. The City offers multiple incentives such as an income tax rebate program and has an established Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) program. The City currently utilizes rural enterprise zone agreements, which give partial tax abatement for real property taxes. The City is seeking to increase the availability of suitable sites for economic development. The sites will be developed as environmentally clean industrial/commercial parks. One such park that has been developed is the OVCH South Industrial Park. The City has two certified shovel-ready sites that have spurred significant interest from several companies. Development of these industrial sites would mean job creation and improvements in the tax base that would be very meaningful.

The City's infrastructure is in need of great repair, specifically in the areas of City streets and storm water management. The City has continued to maintain, review, and update yearly a five-year capital improvement program that provides a framework for the maintenance and expansion of the infrastructure to meet current and future needs. The City Council has taken a strong leadership role in this area to ensure that public infrastructures are maintained and will be in place to facilitate continuing economic development. That being said, there is need for additional resources to adequately address many years of deferred maintenance related to infrastructure. The City pursued a 3.5 mill property tax measure to repair City streets in 2018, however the measure failed by a small margin. The Governor approved an increase in gas tax revenues which will help in these endeavors, but the increase will not generate the types of revenues needed sufficiently address the issues.

The City will continue to seek grants to offset costs for infrastructure projects. One such program the City has used for many years is the State's Issue 2 and Local Transportation Improvement Program. This grant funding has helped to fund 25 such projects totaling \$7,576,889 since their inception.



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Relevant Financial Policies

The City has a policy to maintain at least a two-month operating reserve in its key operating funds. It is also expected that the key operating funds have a positive cash flow. That is, operating revenues should exceed operating expenses in those funds. To comply with these expectations, management may sometimes need to take action in making tough decisions including the elimination of positions or reductions in service. The City Council approves financial policies each year in conjunction with budget review and approval. These policies have allowed the City to meet all its obligations, maintain a respectable bond rating, and sustain a balance that can be utilized in the case of emergency. The City also has a debt policy, investment policy, and a local preference ordinance. A number of other policies such as those identified in the City's purchasing manual are in place to ensure compliance with the City Charter and State law and to maintain adequate internal controls.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For 2018

REACH Project – The City began conversations with various stakeholders several years ago to address recreation programming here in Xenia. Out of those conversations a project developed in which a group of partners including the City, the YMCA of Greater Dayton, the Adult Recreation and Services Center, Central State University, Clark State University, and the Kettering Health Network worked to build a new multi-use facility here in the Xenia community. The project will replaced an outdated YMCA and Adult Recreation Services Center, expanded access to higher education in the community, and will keep important medical services here in Xenia for many years to come. The project was completed in 2018 and opened for business at the beginning of 2019. The impact of the facility has been tremendous far exceeding expectations.

Street Improvements – The City continued its annual street rehab program. The City paved portions of Colorado Drive, Dayton Ave, Allison Ave, W. Second St., W. Church St., Galloway St., Progress Dr., and Union Road in 2018. The downtown safety project was mostly completed in 2018. This grant funded project repaved Detroit street through the downtown area, replaced traffic and crossing signals, and created a dedicated bike line through the downtown. The project is meant to calm traffic and make the downtown a safer place for pedestrians and bicyclists.

Other Items to Note – The City authorized a Community Reinvestment Area agreement for a new hotel. The hotel opened in 2018 and improves greatly the hospitallity options available her in the City. The City also began the recoating of two water towers whicha are expected to be completed in 2019. The development of new housing units in Xenia, specifically in the Sterling Green subdivision, are significant and occurring in greater



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numbers than any time in recent past. New subdivisions are being approved as our City continues to grow. The City has liability for post closure care costs related to the City's landfill, which has been closed for a couple of decades now. The City is working with the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency to ensure compliance with environmental regulations. The City is planning for significant expenditures related to gas migration and groundwater monitoring issues. These expenditures are being incorporated into the sanitation rate model.

For the Future

City Facilities – The City is planning to replace its second fire station within the next five year period. The City is exploring various partnerships that would make the replacement of the station more economically feasible and operationally efficient. The current station lacks bays that fit certain City apparatus and is located to close to the City's main fire station. Much of the City's growth has occurred on its western side and the new station would be better positioned on that western end of town.

Street Improvements – In 2019 the City will focus its efforts on repairing the worst stretches of thoroughfares and other highly trafficked streets. The City has been awarded a grant to pave much of second street; that project will begin in 2019. The condition of City streets here locally is problematic and a streets panel has been created to bring recommendations to Council. It is likely that the recommendation will include a request for additional resources as a part of a ballot issue. Without additional resources it will be very difficult to maintain streets at an acceptable level.

Towne Square Redevelopment – A few years ago the City purchased a building essentially buying out a lease on a piece of property owned by the City in the downtown. The City has demolished the building, which held little value, and is working with a developer to repurpose the site. A purchase agreement has been executed and the sale will be completed as environmental issues are adequately addressed at the site. Both the City and the developer are anxious to begin a redevelopment that will greatly enhance the Towne Square.

Greene County Career Center - The Greene County Career Center has purchased a site here in the City of Xenia and has begun the construction of a new career center that will expand their service offering and attract new students. The new school will add jobs to the Xenia economy while helping to better develop a strong workforce here in Xenia.

Other Items to Note – The City was awarded a HOPE VI grant several years ago for the rehabilitation of a downtown building into apartment units. The City hopes this will spur residential development in the downtown area. The project has taken some time to begin but construction of the units is expected in 2019. Playground equipment at the City's feature park (Shawnee Park) was scheduled for replacement in 2019 but has been delayed



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due to some challenges in identifying sufficient resources for the project. Staff has put together a funding plan and is hpeful that the improvements will occur in 2020. The City continues to expand its fiber network and will soon connnect each of its water and sewer assets thereby eliminating relaince on third parties for services and increasing the capacity of City resources. The City began providing internet access services to the REACH partners and plans to expand its service offering in the future.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Finance Department and especially to the Assistant Finance Director Jason Lake.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Mayor and City Council and support of the entire City staff, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Thyon Own

Ryan Duke Finance Director

List of Principal Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

CITY COUNCIL

Michael Engle Dr. Edgar Wallace Sarah Mays Thomas Scrivens Dale Louderback Levi Dean Wesley Smith President Vice President Mayor

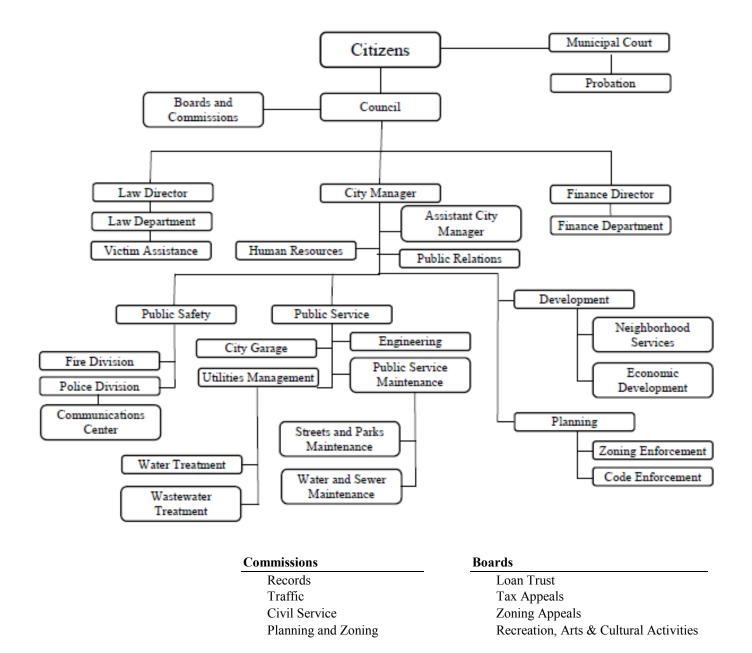
APPOINTED OFFICIALS

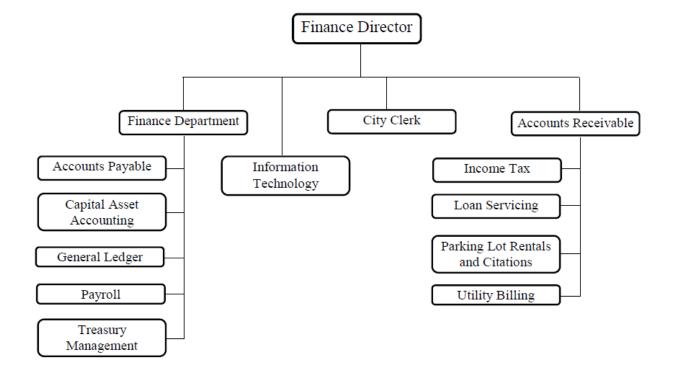
Donnette Fisher Ryan Duke Brent W Merriman Law Director Finance Director City Manager

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE STAFF

Ryan Duke Jason Lake Stephanie Hall Keith Padgett Phil Sorenson Matt Lee Brandon Board Michelle Johnson Denise Estle Mary Ann Richardson Bill McCarthy Dennis W. Evans Amy Lee Angela Ferrero Megan Melvin Janette Reedy Julie Willis Elizabeth Coonan Amanda May

Finance Director Assistant Finance Director Accounts Receivable Manager Information Technology Director Systems Administrator Network Administrator IT Technician City Clerk **Finance Technician** Finance Clerk/Accounts Payable Finance Clerk/Payroll Finance Clerk/Accounts Receivable Finance Clerk/Accounts Receivable







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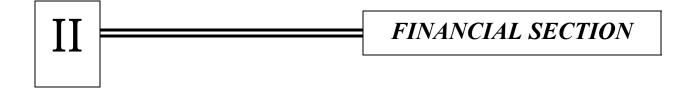
City of Xenia Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Xenia, Ohio

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Xenia (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

1

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2018, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, State Gas & Vehicle License Fund, and Police & Fire Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of pension information and other postemployment information to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. Dayton, Ohio June 28, 2019





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Xenia City's financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements, and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2018 are as follows:

The total change in the net position of Xenia City was (1,087,485). The net position of governmental activities decreased 1,803,635, which represents an 18.2% decrease from 2017. The net position of business-type activities increased by 716,150 or 2.3% from 2017.

General revenues accounted for \$16.6 million or 46.2% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$19.4 million or 53.8% of total revenues of \$36.0 million.

The total net position of governmental activities decreased by \$1,803,635, due primarily to the expenses related to the Downtown Bike Safety Project. OPEB expenses related to an increase in net OPEB liability also impacted the City's total net position. Cash and Cash Equivalents of governmental activities increased slightly while Investments decreased significantly, having a net impact of a decrease in total cash, cash equivalents, and investments of \$1,076,848 in comparison to last year. Most of that decrease can be attributed to the spending down of bond proceeds for the construction of the City Administration Building (CAB) and renovation of the City Justice Center. Capital assets increased \$1,753,756, the most significant change being the completion of the new CAB and Justice Center meaning that much of what had been previously reported as construction in progress was moved into buildings and improvements. The City's cash reserve experienced an decrease in 2018 due to City Council's decision to dip into the reserve slightly do expand our Street Program for 2018.

The City had \$25.8 million in expenses related to governmental activities; \$7.3 million of these expenses were offset by program-specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$16.7 million provided additional support for these programs.

The general fund had \$9.2 million in revenues, \$4.0 million in expenditures and transfers to other funds of \$5.9 million. Due to changes in GASB 54, balances, revenues, and expenses once recorded in a separate recreation fund are now reported in the general fund. The general fund balance decreased slightly from \$3,535,535 to \$2,852,252.

The net position for business-type activities increased \$716,150. The Water, Sewer, and Loan funds experienced increases in Net Position. The net position of the Sanitation, Storm Sewer, CDBG & UDAG Revolving Loan, Parking Revenue, and Housing Rehabilitation Loan Funds each decreased. The Water and Sewer funds experienced increases of \$288,375 and \$973,520 respectively. The Sanitation Fund decreased by \$362,960. There was relatively little change in the Storm Sewer, CDBG & UDAG Revolving Loan, Loan, Housing Rehabilitation Loan, and Parking Revenue funds from the previous year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds and internal service funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

These statements are as follows:

<u>The Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

<u>The Fund Financial Statements</u> – These statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole, using accepted methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the government's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the City's financial health or standing.

Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the City, additional non-financial factors, such as property tax base and current property tax laws, as well as diversification in income tax base must be considered.

The government-wide financial statements of the City (primary government) are divided into two categories:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including public safety, recreation, urban redevelopment and housing, economic development, highways and streets, and general government.

<u>Business-Type Activities</u> – These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. All of the City's enterprise activities are reported as business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance City services and programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

	Governmental		Busine	Business-type		
	Activ	vities	Activities		Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
		Restated		Restated		Restated
Current and other assets	\$ 16,026,562	\$ 15,575,430	\$ 18,524,158	\$ 16,972,141	\$ 34,550,720	\$ 32,547,571
Capital assets, net	49,932,849	48,179,093	27,883,232	27,701,906	77,816,081	75,880,999
Total assets	65,959,411	63,754,523	46,407,390	44,674,047	112,366,801	108,428,570
Deferred Outlows of Resources	5,834,269	6,528,537	1,135,331	2,102,237	6,969,600	8,630,774
Defended Outlows of Resources	5,854,209	0,528,557	1,155,551	2,102,237	0,909,000	8,030,774
Net pension liability	23,249,510	26,503,974	3,784,573	5,562,095	27,034,083	32,066,069
Net OPEB liability	20,329,209	17,648,484	2,656,381	2,537,046	22,985,590	20,185,530
Long-term debt outstanding	12,280,036	13,157,538	7,368,757	6,964,468	19,648,793	20,122,006
Other liabilities	3,200,038	1,352,225	675,101	485,072	3,875,139	1,837,297
Total liabilities	59,058,793	58,662,221	14,484,812	15,548,681	73,543,605	74,210,902
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,647,781	1,730,098	1,189,976	75,820	5,837,757	1,805,918
Net position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	40,040,292	38,846,762	23,139,784	23,211,204	63,180,076	62,057,966
Restricted	5,455,846	6,196,767	0	0	5,455,846	6,196,767
Unrestricted	(37,409,032)	(35,152,788)	8,728,149	7,940,579	(28,680,883)	(27,212,209)
Total net position	\$ 8,087,106	\$ 9,890,741	\$ 31,867,933	\$ 31,151,783	\$ 39,955,039	\$ 41,042,524

The following table shows a comparison of net position between 2018 and 2017.

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the City at December 31, 2018 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." For fiscal year 2018, the City adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which

significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OBEP liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 75, the City is reporting a net OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at December 31, 2017, in the Governmental Activities from \$27,462,337 to \$9,890,741 and in the Business-Type Activities from \$33,655,965 to \$31,151,783.

For additional information on GASB 68 and GASB 75, see notes 9, 10 and 20.

Change in Net Position – The following table shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2018 compared to 2017.

		nmental		ess-type vities	Т	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Program Revenues						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 4,834,822	\$ 4,446,820	\$ 12,046,672	\$ 11,676,137	\$ 16,881,494	\$ 16,122,957
Operating grants and contributions	514,247	396,011	0	20,000	514,247	416,011
Capital grants and contributions	1,912,600	934,178	54,750	17,600	1,967,350	951,778
General Revenues:	1,912,000	<i>yyyi</i> , <i>iyo</i>	51,750	17,000	1,907,990	<i>yyyyyyyyyyyyy</i>
Income taxes	12,628,073	12,514,453	0	0	12,628,073	12,514,453
Other local taxes	52,836	38,289	ů 0	ů 0	52,836	38,289
Property Taxes	1,487,042	1,442,899	0	0	1,487,042	1,442,899
Motor vehicle and gasoline taxes	1,345,069	1,698,281	ů 0	ů 0	1,345,069	1,698,281
Intergovernmental, unrestricted	987,330	940,280	0	0	987,330	940,280
Investment earnings	116,647	93,470	0	0	116,647	93,470
Total revenues	23,878,666	22,504,681	12,101,422	11,713,737	35,980,088	34,218,418
		<u> </u>	, , ,	, ,		
Expenses						
Program Expenses						
General government	4,950,737	7,971,980	0	0	4,950,737	7,971,980
Public safety	17,396,450	15,069,724	0	0	17,396,450	15,069,724
Highways and streets	2,376,229	2,329,146	0	0	2,376,229	2,329,146
Urban Redevlopment & Housing	126,171	181,975	0	0	126,171	181,975
Economic development & Assistance	162,932	328,022	0	0	162,932	328,022
Recreation	504,938	551,757	0	0	504,938	551,757
Debt service:						
Interest and fiscal charges	296,327	301,411	0	0	296,327	301,411
Water	0	0	3,956,476	3,754,839	3,956,476	3,754,839
Sewer	0	0	4,180,792	4,491,114	4,180,792	4,491,114
Sanitation	0	0	2,486,446	3,204,055	2,486,446	3,204,055
Storm Water	0	0	416,103	300,964	416,103	300,964
Other enterprise funds	0	0	213,972	244,512	213,972	244,512
Total expenses	25,813,784	26,734,015	11,253,789	11,995,484	37,067,573	38,729,499
Total change in net position						
before transfers	(1,935,118)	(4,229,334)	847,633	(281,747)	(1,087,485)	(4,511,081)
Transfers	131,483	183,891	(131,483)	(183,891)	0	0
Total change in net position	(1,803,635)	(4,045,443)	716,150	(465,638)	(1,087,485)	(4,511,081)
Beginning net position, Restated	9,890,741	N/A	31,151,783	N/A	41,042,524	N/A
Ending net position	\$ 8,087,106	\$ 9,890,741	\$ 31,867,933	\$ 31,151,783	\$ 39,955,039	\$ 41,042,524

The information necessary to restate the 2017 beginning balances and the 2017 OPEB expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 75 is not available. Therefore, 2017 functional expenses still include OPEB expense of \$109,752 computed under GASB 45. GASB 45 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 75, OPEB expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of OPEB expense. Under GASB 75, the 2018 statements report OPEB expense of \$1,743,791. Consequently, in order to compare 2018 total program expenses to 2017, the following adjustments are needed:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Total 2018 operating expenses under GASB 75	25,813,784	11,253,789	37,067,573
OPEB expense under GASB 75	(1,542,862)	(200,929)	(1,743,791)
2018 contractually required contribution	34,644	0	34,644
Adjusted 2018 operating expenses	24,305,566	11,052,860	35,358,426
Total 2017 operating expenses under GASB 45	26,734,015	11,995,484	38,729,499
Change in operating expenses not related to OPEB	(2,428,449)	(942,624)	(3,371,073)

Governmental Activities

Net position of the City's governmental activities decreased by \$1,803,635. Income taxes increased in 2018 by \$113,620 due primarily to changes in timing as a result of HB49 and low unemployment. Investment earnings, other local taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and operating grants, property taxes, and capital grants all increased, while motor vehicles and gasoline taxes decreased. The most significant change in revenues was the increase in capital grants in the amount of \$978,422. Grant funded street projects were responsible for the increase. Those improvements included South Progress Dr rehab work and safety improvements on Detroit Street through the downtown. City operating expenses increased significantly. A large factor in the increase in public safety expenditures was fire division being awarded a SAFER grant, which added 3 positions, which are partially reimbursed through the grant. Decreases in general government expenditures were primarily the result of losses on the disposal of capital assets the prior year. The City sold an old elementary school to a non-profit entity Simon Kenton Bridges of Hope for far less than its book value. Bridges of Hope will use the facility to provide shelter to the homeless, to provide addiction services, and to address poverty in the community. Another large expenditure in the prior year that inflated expenditures was the \$1,000,000.00 lease payment that was made in partnership with several entities on the REACH Project. The REACH Project includes a new YMCA, a new Senior Center, and provides space for extension offices for Clark State University, and Central State University.

The City receives an income tax, which is based on 2.25% of all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned from those living or working within the City.

Property taxes and income taxes made up 6.23% and 52.88% of revenues for governmental activities respectively for the City in fiscal year 2018. The City relies heavily on tax revenue for operations.

		Percent
Revenue Sources	2018	of Total
Municipal income taxes	\$ 12,628,073	52.88%
Other local taxes	52,836	0.22%
Property taxes	1,487,042	6.23%
Motor vehicle and gas taxes	1,345,069	5.63%
Intergovernmental, unrestricted	987,330	4.13%
Investment earnings	116,647	0.49%
Program revenues	7,261,669	30.42%
Total Revenue	\$ 23,878,666	100.00%

Business-Type Activities

Net position of the business-type activities increased \$716,150. The most substantial changes in net position were in the Sanitation fund and the Sewer fund. The Sanitation fund decreased \$362,960, while the Sewer fund had an increase of \$973,520. The Sanitation decrease can be attributed to an increase in landfill post closure costs that were required. There was a substantial increase in the Sewer fund, where due to an increase in operating revenues due to a rate increase. All other enterprise funds had insignificant changes in net position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8,393,120, which is a decrease from last year's balance of \$9,871,720. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of December 31 in 2018 and 2017:

	Fund Balance December 31, 2018	Fund Balance December 31, 2017	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$ 2,852,252	\$ 3,535,535	\$(683,283)
State Gas and Vehicle License	476,661	519,109	(42,448)
Police & Fire Fund	1,057,516	1,157,090	(99,574)
Capital Improvements	1,000,938	1,178,039	(177,101)
Bond Construction	47,739	164,072	(116,333)
Other Governmental Funds	2,958,014	3,317,875	(359,861)
Total	\$ 8,393,120	\$ 9,871,720	\$(1,478,600)

General Fund – Revenues: General Fund revenues in 2018 decreased approximately 0.5% compared to revenues in fiscal year 2017 as shown in the chart below. While other local taxes, State shared taxes and permits fines, charges for services, and permits, and miscellaneous receipts including interest grew, while municipal income tax, intergovernmental grants, and costs, forfeitures, licenses, were down.

	2018 Revenues	2017 Revenues	Increase (Decrease)
Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 5,572,716	\$ 5,656,146	\$(83,430)
Other Local Taxes	1,219,181	1,170,816	48,365
State Shared taxes and permits	948,759	904,070	44,689
Intergovernmental grants	0	67,425	(67,425)
Charges for services	111,539	93,393	18,146
Fines, costs, forfeitures,			
Licenses and permits	1,019,092	1,039,062	(19,970)
Miscellaneous receipts			
including interest earnings	349,282	332,526	16,756
Total	\$ 9,220,569	\$ 9,263,438	\$(42,869)

General Fund – Expenditures: General Fund expenditures increased \$137,484 from the prior year. The most significant increase is to general government expenses caused primarily by increased court costs, law department costs, and operating costs related to the City new administration building. Other expense fluctuations in the fund were typical and insignificant.

	2018	2017	Increase
	Expenditures	Expenditures	(Decrease)
General Government	\$ 3,167,927	\$ 3,058,185	\$ 109,742
Public Safety	140,951	121,399	19,552
Highways and Streets	227,643	228,368	(725)
Urban Redevelopment & Housing	85,566	82,563	3,003
Economic Development & Assistance	126,870	114,130	12,740
Recreation	241,755	248,583	(6,828)
Total	\$ 3,990,712	\$ 3,853,228	\$ 137,484

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue of \$9.78 million did not change from the original budget figure. The final budgeted expenditures of \$4.63 million increased \$74,000 compared to original appropriations of \$4.55 million. This was a very minor increase for the fund. The largest variance among revenues between final budget amounts and actual revenues were in Municipal Income Taxes. This decrease was fairly significant, as income taxes are the City's largest source of revenue and a stagnant or decreasing income tax greatly hinders the City's ability to operate. When comparing the 2018 budgeted expenses to actual, the variances are a small percentage of what was budgeted and can be attributed to ordinary contingencies budgeted on a regular basis. The General Fund had an adequate fund balance to cover expenditures.

Capital Improvement Fund – The City's Capital Improvement Fund revenues increased by \$701,899 compared to 2017. The increase can be attributed to enhanced capital grant proceeds.

	2018 Revenues	2017 Revenues	Increase (Decrease)
Income Taxes	\$ 1,436,223	\$ 1,397,962	\$ 38,261
Other Local Taxes	52,836	38,289	14,547
Intergovernmental Grants	1,397,590	885,020	512,570
Miscellaneous Receipts including interest earnings	270,832	134,311	136,521
	\$ 3,157,481	\$ 2,455,582	\$ 701,899

Capital improvement fund expenditures decreased by \$276,576 in 2018. The major factor was a lease payment related to the REACH project in 2017.

	2018 Expenditures	2017 Expenditures	Increase (Decrease)
Capital Outlay	\$ 2,850,295	\$ 3,237,102	\$(386,807)
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	288,293	196,214	92,079
Interest & Fiscal Charges	52,142	33,990	18,152
	\$ 3,190,730	\$ 3,467,306	\$(276,576)

The primary funding sources for the capital improvements fund are income tax revenue and Intergovernmental grants. In better rate environments, interest earnings are another significant source of revenue for the fund.

Enterprise Funds – The City's enterprise funds reported a net position balance of 31,765,833, which is an increase from last year's balance of 30,913,900. The schedule below indicates the net position balance and the total change in net position by activity as of December 31 in 2018 and 2017. The change in net position in the Enterprise funds was an increase of 2.76%.

		Restated	
	Net Position Balance	Net Position Balance	Increase
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	(Decrease)
Water	\$ 11,646,728	\$ 11,358,353	\$ 288,375
Sewer	11,483,262	10,509,742	973,520
Sanitation	222,621	585,581	(362,960)
Storm Sewer	6,722,474	6,724,013	(1,539)
Other Enterprise	1,690,748	1,736,211	(45,463)
Total	\$ 31,765,833	\$ 30,913,900	\$ 851,933

Water and sewer operating and non-operating revenues and expenditures are shown below:

		Water			Sewer	
			Increase			Increase
	2018	2017	(Decrease)	2018	2017	(Decrease)
Operating Revenues	\$ 4,121,448	\$ 4,134,613	\$(13,165)	\$ 5,002,671	\$ 4,747,882	\$ 254,789
Operating Expenses	3,874,745	3,789,334	85,411	4,014,594	4,404,744	(390,150)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	122,521	112,021	10,500	62,617	5,598	57,019
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions	\$ 369,224	\$ 457,300	\$(88,076)	\$ 1,050,694	\$ 348,736	\$ 701,958

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

During the year there was a \$74,000 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget, for various operating costs, primarily professional and contractual services. Transfers were made from the General Fund to several other funds to cover operating costs. The most significant transfer was to the Police and Fire Fund in an amount that equaled \$5.1 million and an additional \$258,007 to the Police and Fire Capital Fund. Transfers were also made to the Probation Services Fund, the State Gas and Vehicle License Fund, and the Victim Witness Fund to cover operating costs.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2018, the City had \$77,816,081 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Of this total, \$49,932,849 was related to governmental activities, and \$27,883,232 was related to business-type activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2018 and 2017 balances:

	Govern Activ	Increase (Decrease)	
	2018	2017	
Land	\$ 16,458,967	\$ 16,441,501	\$ 17,466
Land Improvements	4,332,616	4,322,036	10,580
Buildings and Improvements	16,310,917	16,184,264	126,653
Machinery and Equipment	12,614,197	12,139,467	474,730
Infrastructure	21,686,610	20,347,196	1,339,414
Construction In Progress	1,896,063	395,097	1,500,966
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(23,366,521)	(21,650,468)	(1,716,053)
Total	\$ 49,932,849	\$ 48,179,093	\$ 1,753,756

	Business Activ	Increase (Decrease)	
	2018	2017	
Land	\$ 791,330	\$ 791,330	\$ 0
Land Improvements	946,720	918,153	28,567
Buildings and Improvements	11,076,083	10,886,593	189,490
Machinery and Equipment	59,099,386	58,470,083	629,303
Construction In Progress	3,016,728	2,058,032	958,696
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(47,047,015)	(45,422,285)	(1,624,730)
Total	\$ 27,883,232	\$ 27,701,906	\$ 181,326

There was a significant increase in governmental activities' capital assets. The major change was a large increase in construction in progress and an increase in infrastructure, as the City had significant work done on their streets and the City began laying fiber to connect serveral water assests within the city. There was minor increase in the overall asset value in Business-type activities.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 8.

Debt

At December 31, 2018 the City had \$9,081,625 in bonds outstanding, \$683,081 due within one year. The following table summarizes the City's debt outstanding as of December 31 in 2018 and 2017:

		Restated
	2018	2017
Governmental Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 9,042,801	\$ 9,706,094
Original Issue Premium	346,698	363,207
Capital Leases Payable	594,363	893,030
Local Government Innovation Fund	60,000	70,000
Compensated Absences	2,236,174	2,125,207
Net Pension Liability	23,249,510	26,503,974
Net OPEB Liability	20,329,209	17,648,484
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 55,858,755	\$ 57,309,996
Business-Type Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 38,824	\$ 51,221
Landfill Liability	1,903,080	1,794,970
Compensated Absences	722,229	678,796
Capital Leases Payable	1,617,931	729,671
Loans Payable	3,086,693	3,709,810
Net Pension Liability	3,784,573	5,562,095
Net OPEB Liability	2,656,381	2,537,046
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 13,809,711	\$ 15,063,609

Under current State statutes, the City's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 10.5% of the total assessed value of real and personal property. At December 31, 2018, the City's outstanding debt was below the legal limit.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The local economy in Xenia continues its slow but steady recovery. Unemployment rates have improved over the last few years but are still slightly higher than the national and State averages. The national unemployment rate at the end of 2018 was 3.7%. The State had an unemployment rate of 4.3%, the County 4.3%, and the City of Xenia 5.2%. The City's rate had decreased in each of the last six years from 8.9% in 2011, but had a slight increase in 2018 from 4.8% to 5.2%. One area of concern for management is that there continues to be far too many households with little or no taxable income within the community. There are a very high percentage of households in the City that have a taxable income of less than \$20,000 and small percentage that exceed \$75,000. The median household income in Xenia is \$39,415. Despite some demographic issues that result in lower median household incomes there are some very positive signs here locally. New housing starts on the west end of the City are occurring at the highest rate the City has seen in several decades. These new homes have higher values than the average housing stock in the City thereby increasing the median value of housing units which is currently \$93,100.00 The City is also seeing a lot of investment on progress drive, one of the City's more active commercial areas. A new hotel, new medical facilities, the REACH project, and other retail are being built out in the area with a new development to occur on the other side of Main Street in 2019/2020. Economic development and job creation continues to be a top priority for Council and City Management. The City is hopeful that an increased focus and investment in economic development will result in job creation and opportunity for City residents and businesses.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ryan Duke, Finance Director of Xenia City.

Mailing Address: 107 E. Main Street, Xenia, OH 45385 Email: <u>rduke@ci.xenia.oh.us</u> Phone: (937) 376-7235 Fax: (937) 347-1606



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Primary Government				
	Governme	ental	Business-Type		
	Activiti	es	Activities		Total
Assets:	¢ 0.42	5 920	¢ 4 (05 074	¢	7 120 002
Cash and cash equivalents Cash With Fiscal Agent	\$ 2,43	5,829 S	\$ 4,695,074 613,474	\$	7,130,903 613,474
Investments	5 21	6,700	10,295,926		15,612,626
Receivables:	5,51	0,700	10,295,920		15,012,020
Taxes, including interest, penalties and liens	4 43	2,200	0		4,432,200
Intergovernmental	,	2,200	0		1,602,396
Accounts		8,653	1,564,381		2,173,034
Special assessments, including liens		2,505	14,395		346,900
Loans		0	1,079,188		1,079,188
Accrued interest	1	6,661	29,709		46,370
Grants		3,978	0		1,483,978
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	,	9,104)	(21,467)		(600,571)
Interfund balances		9,083)	19,083		0
Inventories	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,318	186,710		342,028
Prepaid items		0,509	47,685		288,194
Capital Assets Not being depreciated	18,35	·	3,808,058		22,163,088
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	31,57		24,075,174		55,652,993
		<u> </u>			<i></i>
Total Assets	65,95	9,411	46,407,390		112,366,801
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Pension	3.89	7,469	935,866		4,833,335
OPEB		6,800	199,465		2,136,265
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,83	4,269	1,135,331		6,969,600
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		9,757	316,346		2,036,103
Claims payable	19	7,655	0		197,655
Accrued payroll	1,25	0,198	345,795		1,595,993
Accrued interest payable	3	2,428	12,960		45,388
Long-term liabilities:					
Amounts due within one year	,	3,843	1,168,520		2,352,363
Amounts due in more than one year	11,09	,	6,200,237		17,296,430
Net Pension Liability	23,24	·	3,784,573		27,034,083
Net OPEB Liability	20,32	9,209	2,656,381		22,985,590
Total Liabilities	59,05	8,793	14,484,812		73,543,605
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Pension	2.40	8,365	946,478		3,444,843
OPEB		8,303 2,079	243,498		935,577
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Fiscal Year		2,079 7,337	243,498		1,457,337
roporty rando beview for the real field feat	1,45	1,001	0		1,737,337
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,64	7,781	1,189,976		5,837,757

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Primary G	overnment	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	40,040,292	23,139,784	63,180,076
Restricted For:			
Capital Projects	2,240,871	0	2,240,871
Debt Service	111,888	0	111,888
General government programs	379,751	0	379,751
Safety programs	1,119,120	0	1,119,120
Street construction/maintenance	1,604,216	0	1,604,216
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(37,409,032)	8,728,149	(28,680,883)
Total Net Position	\$ 8,087,106	\$ 31,867,933	\$ 39,955,039

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

			Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Reven d Changes in Net Pos	
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: Current:							
General government	\$ 4,950,737	\$ 1,969,976	\$ 275,687	\$ 40.839	\$ (2,664,235)	\$ 0	\$ (2,664,235)
Public safety	17,396,450	2,809,315	238,560	10,039	(14,338,245)	ф 0	(14,338,245)
Highways and streets	2,376,229	24,935	0	1,853,375	(497,919)	0	(497,919)
Urban Redevelopment & Housing	126,171	0	0	0	(126,171)	0	(126,171)
Economic Development & Assistance	162,932	0	0	0	(162,932)	0	(162,932)
Recreation Debt Service:	504,938	30,596	0	8,056	(466,286)	0	(466,286)
Interest on long-term debt	296,327	0	0	0	(296,327)	0	(296,327)
Total Governmental Activities	25,813,784	4,834,822	514,247	1,912,600	(18,552,115)	0	(18,552,115)
Business-Type Activities:							
Water	3,956,476	4,277,272	0	0	0	320,796	320,796
Sewer	4,180,792	5,181,937	0	0	0	1,001,145	1,001,145
Sanitation	2,486,446	2,134,547	0	0	0	(351,899)	(351,899)
Storm Water	416,103	348,187	0	0	0	(67,916)	(67,916)
Loan	419	40,504	0	0	0	40,085	40,085
Parking Revenue	84,091	61,806	0	0	0	(22,285)	(22,285)
CDBG and UDAG Revolving Loan	3,399	503	0	0	0	(2,896)	(2,896)
Housing Rehabilitation Loan	126,063	1,916	0	54,750	0	(69,397)	(69,397)
Total Business-Type Activities	11,253,789	12,046,672	0	54,750	0	847,633	847,633
Total primary government	\$ 37,067,573	\$ 16,881,494	\$ 514,247	\$ 1,967,350	<u>\$ (18,552,115)</u>	\$ 847,633	\$ (17,704,482)
	General Revenues: Income taxes				\$ 12,628,073	\$ 0	\$ 12,628,073
	Other local taxes				52,836	\$ 0	52,836
	Property taxes				1,487,042	0	1,487,042
	Motor vehicle and	gas taxes			1,345,069	0	1,345,069
	Intergovernmental,				987,330	Ő	987,330
	Investment earning				116,647	Ő	116,647
	Transfers	2~			131,483	(131,483)	0
	Total General Rever	nues and Transfers			16,748,480	(131,483)	16,616,997
	Change in Net Positi	ion			(1,803,635)	716,150	(1,087,485)
	Net Position Beginn	ing of Year (restated	1)		9,890,741	31,151,783	41,042,524
	Net Position End of	Year			\$ 8,087,106	\$ 31,867,933	\$ 39,955,039
Saa accompanying notes to the basic finance	ial statements					·	·



BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Assets:		General		State Gas and Vehicle License		Police & Fire Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	718,895	\$	70,333	\$	385,751
Investments	Ψ	1,551,615	Ψ	154,239	Ψ	845,935
Receivables:		-,,				,
Taxes, including interest, penalties and liens		2,554,439		0		1,476,860
Intergovernmental		464,264		514,023		14,454
Accounts		9,567		0		567,247
Special assessments, including liens		332,505		0		0
Accrued interest		0		521		2,063
Grants		0		0		60,707
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(275,009)		0		(304,095)
Interfund Receivable		0		0		0
Inventories		5,918		115,913		0
Prepaid items	·	32,644		3,797		53,050
Total Assets	\$	5,394,838	\$	858,826	\$	3,101,972
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	38,884	\$	5,216	\$	132,705
Accrued payroll		178,696		59,972		987,917
Total Liabilities		217,580		65,188		1,120,622
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Fiscal Year		1,219,433		0		171,540
Delinquent Property Tax Revenue Unavailable		36,176		0		6,490
Unavailable Revenue - Other		1,069,397		316,977		745,804
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,325,006		316,977		923,834
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Fund Balance						
Inventories		5,918		115,913		0
Prepaid items		32,644		3,797		53,050
Restricted Fund Balance		0		356,951		1,004,466
Committed Fund Balance		0		0		1,004,400
Assigned Fund Balance		1,707,787		0		0
Unassigned Fund Balance		1,105,903		0		0
Total Fund Balances		2,852,252		476,661		1,057,516
rotar runu Datailtus		2,002,202		170,001		1,007,010
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	5,394,838	\$	858,826	\$	3,101,972

Capital Improvements		Bond Construction		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$ 257,609 564,901	\$	21,833 47,880	\$	901,441 1,976,784	\$	2,355,862 5,141,354
332,373		0		68,528		4,432,200
0 0		0 0		609,655 21,961		1,602,396 598,775
0		0		21,901		332,505
8,157		282		5,284		16,307
1,348,695		0		74,576		1,483,978
0		ů 0		0		(579,104)
25,062		0		0		25,062
0		0		0		121,831
0		0		52,620		142,111
2,536,797	\$	69,995	\$	3,710,849	\$	15,673,277
1,362,090	\$	22,125	\$	42,127	\$	1,603,147
1,362,090 0	Ψ	0	Ψ	60,803	Ψ	1,287,388
1,362,090		22,125		102,930		2,890,535
0		0		66,364		1,457,337
0		0		2,164		44,830
173,769		131		581,377		2,887,455
173,769		131		649,905		4,389,622
0		0		0		121,831
0		0		52,620		142,111
1,000,938		47,739		2,580,120		4,990,214
0		0		325,274		325,274
0		0		0		1,707,787
0		0		0		1,105,903
1,000,938		47,739		2,958,014		8,393,120
2,536,797	\$	69,995	\$	3,710,849	\$	15,673,277

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES December 31, 2018

D	ece	em.	ber	31	,⊿	201

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 8,393,120
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	49,478,387
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred in the funds.	
Delinquent Income Tax Revenue Shared Revenues Delinquent Property Tax Revenue Grant Revenues Special Assessment Revenue Miscellaneous Revenue	$1,544,279 \\1,211,831 \\44,830 \\66,276 \\57,496 \\7,573 \\2,932,285$
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
General Obligation Bonds Payable Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt Capital Leases Payable Loans Payable Compensated Absences Payable- Government Activities Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	$\begin{array}{r} (9,389,499)\\(32,428)\\(547,771)\\(60,000)\\(2,160,326)\\(23,120,964)\\(20,240,295)\\(55,551,283)\end{array}$
Deferred Outflows and Inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Deferred Outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred Outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred Inflows of resources related to OPEB	3,865,116 1,930,257 (2,465,055) (683,496) 2,646,822
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of various activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. These balances are recorded in the governmental activities activities.	
City Garage Internal Service Fund Information Technology Internal Service Fund Self Insurance Internal Service Fund	(18,920) 295,849 (89,154) 187,775
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 8,087,106



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 General	 State Gas and Vehicle License	 Police & Fire Fund
Revenues: Municipal income tax Other local taxes State shared taxes and permits Intergovernmental grants Charges for services Fines, costs, forfeitures, licenses and permits Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements, including interest	\$ 5,572,716 1,219,181 948,759 0 111,539 1,019,092 349,282	\$ 0 0 984,154 0 0 0 18,225	\$ 5,744,893 200,448 28,908 230,790 2,286,555 14,600 235,690
Total Revenue	 9,220,569	 1,002,379	 8,741,884
Expenditures: Current:),220,307	 1,002,577	 0,741,004
General government Public safety Highways and streets Urban redevelopment & Housing Economic Development & Assistance Recreation Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement	3,167,927 140,951 227,643 85,566 126,870 241,755 0 0	0 0 1,150,304 0 0 0 0 0 0	41,037 13,745,780 0 0 0 109,641 0 0
Interest & fiscal charges Total Expenditures	 3,990,712	 1,150,304	 13,896,458
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 5,229,857	 (147,925)	 (5,154,574)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	 0 (5,915,007)	 75,000 0	 5,055,000 0
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (5,915,007)	 75,000	 5,055,000
Net change in fund balances	(685,150)	(72,925)	(99,574)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Increase (decrease) in inventory reserve	 3,535,535 1,867	 519,109 30,477	 1,157,090 0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 2,852,252	\$ 476,661	\$ 1,057,516

Capital Improvements	Bond Construction	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
1,436,223	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 12,753,832
52,836	0	80,245	1,552,710
0	0	266,622	2,228,443
1,397,590	0	780,367	2,408,747
0	0	8,516	2,406,610
0	0	376,612	1,410,304
270,832	1,518	210,058	1,085,605
3,157,481	1,518	1,722,420	23,846,251
0	0	946,218	4,155,182
0	0	189,608	14,076,339
0	0	128,195	1,506,142
0	0	11,793	97,359
0	0	12,467	139,337
0	0	0	241,755
2,850,295	117,851	974,934	4,052,721
288,293	0	660,371	948,664
52,142	0	264,302	316,444
3,190,730	117,851	3,187,888	25,533,943
(33,249)	(116,333)	(1,465,468)	(1,687,692)
190,000	0	1,105,607	6,425,607
(333,852)	0	0	(6,248,859)
(143,852)	0	1,105,607	176,748
(177,101)	(116,333)	(359,861)	(1,510,944)
1,178,039	164,072	3,317,875	9,871,720
0	0	0	32,344
1,000,938	\$ 47,739	\$ 2,958,014	\$ 8,393,120

	¢ (1.510.044)
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,510,944)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation.	
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities	3,821,926
Depreciation Expense	(1,985,957) 1,835,969
	1,055,909
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets net of proceeds received.	(139,089)
Deserve and the effective in the state of a static it is that do not many ide summer for a side second state of a	
Revenues and transfers in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Income Tax Revenue	(125,759)
State Shared Revenue	103,956
Delinquent Property Taxes Special Assesment Revenue	(12,832) 12,601
Intergovernmental Grant	54,044
Miscellaneous Revenue	405
	32,415
Governmental funds report City pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activites, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension and OPEB expense.	
City Pension Contributions	2,059,806
Cost of Benefits earned net of employee pension contributions	(3,549,450)
City OPEB Contributions	34,379
Cost of Benefits earned net of employee OPEB contributions	(1,542,862) (2,998,127)
	(2,770,127)
Principal Payments are recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	965,174
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure	
is reported when due.	3,608
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Compensated Absenses Payable	(67,336)
Supplies Inventory	32,344
	(34,992)
The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of services (e.g. insurance) to individual funds and is not included in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the City's Internal Service Fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	
Garage Internal Service Fund	82,261
Information Technology Internal Service Fund	112,002
Insurance Internal Service Fund	(151,912)
	42,351
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,803,635)
consistent a solution of Obstantinentine Activities	÷ (1,005,055)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	0	riginal Budget	Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	6,025,490	\$ 6,025,490	\$ 5,593,321	\$ (432,169)
Other Local Taxes		1,190,000	1,190,000	1,219,181	29,181
State Shared Taxes and Permits		997,228	997,228	948,786	(48,442)
Intergovernmental Grants		100,000	100,000	0	(100,000)
Charges for Services		101,718	101,718	111,539	9,821
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits		1,020,700	1,020,700	1,027,828	7,128
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		240.000	240.000	221 000	
Including Interest		348,860	 348,860	 321,980	 (26,880)
Total Revenues		9,783,996	 9,783,996	 9,222,635	 (561,361)
Expenditures:					
General Government		3,667,813	3,711,761	3,273,314	438,447
Public Safety		159,935	162,987	145,735	17,252
Highways and Streets		229,332	235,332	234,114	1,218
Urban Redevelopment and Housing		89,740	89,740	83,106	6,634
Economic Development & Assistance		156,441	157,941	149,494	8,447
Recreation		250,406	 269,906	 230,043	 39,863
Total Expenditures		4,553,667	 4,627,667	 4,115,806	 511,861
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		5,230,329	5,156,329	5,106,829	(49,500)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers Out		(7,195,957)	(7,465,957)	(5,925,007)	1,540,950
Advances In		1,000,000	1,000,000	0	(1,000,000)
Advances Out		(1,000,000)	(1,136,992)	0	1,136,992
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(7,195,957)	 (7,602,949)	(5,925,007)	 1,677,942
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,965,628)	(2,446,620)	(818,178)	1,628,442
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,620,555	2,620,555	2,620,555	0
Prior Year Encumbrances		212,676	212,676	212,676	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	867,603	\$ 386,611	\$ 2,015,053	\$ 1,628,442

214,417 214,417

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STATE GAS AND VEHICLE LICENSE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	0	riginal Budget		Final Budget	 Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: State Shared Taxes and Permits	\$	976,000	\$	976,000	\$ 077.066	\$	1.0((
Charges for Services	Ф	978,000 4,000	Э	978,000 4.000	\$ 977,966 0	Э	1,966 (4,000)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		4,000		4,000	0		(4,000)
Including Interest		3,900		3,900	 19,139		15,239
Total Revenues		983,900		983,900	 997,105		13,205
Expenditures: Current:							
Highways and streets		1,388,853		1,388,853	 1,174,436		214,417
Total Expenditures		1,388,853		1,388,853	 1,174,436		214,417
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(404,953)		(404,953)	(177,331)		227,622
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		100.000		100.000	75 000		(115,000)
		190,000		190,000	 75,000		(115,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		190,000		190,000	 75,000		(115,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(214,953)		(214,953)	(102,331)		112,622
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		203,503		203,503	203,503		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		80,113		80,113	 80,113		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	68,663	\$	68,663	\$ 181,285	\$	112,622

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) POLICE & FIRE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	C	riginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	¢	5 705 400	¢	5 705 400	¢	5 7 (5 400	¢	(0.000
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	5,705,490	\$	5,705,490	\$	5,765,498	\$	60,008
Other Local Taxes		179,000		179,000		200,448		21,448
State Shared Taxes and Permits		27,000		27,000		28,908		1,908
Intergovernmental Grants		265,692		265,692		229,605		(36,087)
Charges for Services		2,153,326		2,153,326		2,256,113		102,787
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits		12,000		12,000		7,036		(4,964)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		224 000		224.000		244.542		20.542
Including Interest		224,000		224,000		244,543		20,543
Total Revenues		8,566,508		8,566,508		8,732,151		165,643
Expenditures: Current: General government		60,900		60,900		60,000		900
Public safety		14,432,698		14,475,028		13,587,308		887,720
Capital outlay		94,812		97,339		94,839		2,500
Total Expenditures		14,588,410		14,633,267		13,742,147		891,120
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(6,021,902)		(6,066,759)		(5,009,996)		1,056,763
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		5,700,000		5,700,000		5,055,000		(645,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,700,000		5,700,000		5,055,000		(645,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(321,902)		(366,759)		45,004		411,763
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		643,129		643,129		643,129		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		203,928		203,928		203,928		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	525,155	\$	480,298	\$	892,061	\$	411,763

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Busi	prise Funds	
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation
Assets:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,867,8	,,	9 \$ 730,546
Cash With Fiscal Agent	613,4		0 0
Investments	4,095,9	72 3,857,71	1 1,602,015
Receivables:			
Accounts	430,7		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Special assessments, including liens	1,5	57 6,642	2 5,638
Loans		0	0 0
Accrued interest	11,0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(1,3	,	, , , ,
Inventories	165,5		
Prepaid items	28,0	57 13,76	2,489
Total Current Assets	7,212,9	80 6,704,04	1 2,344,964
Noncurrent Assets:			
Unrestricted:			
Loans receivable (noncurrents)		0	0 0
Capital Assets not being depreciated	2,137,5	35 1,318,92	5 253,787
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	6,892,7	58 10,336,52	9 354,522
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,030,2	93 11,655,45	5 608,309
Total Assets	16,243,2	73 18,359,49	6 2,953,273
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	392,3	67 418,15	6 82,642
OPEB	84,4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	476,8	18 507,82	3 104,584

Internal Service Funds	Total Enterprise Funds		Other Enterprise Funds		Storm Sewer	
Fullus	 Tunus		Fullus		Storin Sewer	
102,49	\$ 4,672,547	\$	163,650	\$	151,370	\$
	613,474		0		0	
224,74	10,246,527		358,868		331,961	
15,26	1,558,991		7,951		75,730	
	14,395		0		558	
	43,159		43,159		0	
35	29,709		1,338		1,107	
	(21,467)		(8,796)		(530)	
33,48 101,46	186,710 44,619		0 313		0 0	
477,81	 17,388,664		566,483		560,196	
477,01	 17,388,004		500,485		500,190	
	1,036,029		1,036,029		0	
	3,808,058		97,810		0	
464,87	 24,064,766		76,490		6,404,467	
464,87	 28,908,853		1,210,329		6,404,467	
942,68	 46,297,517		1,776,812		6,964,663	
32,35	935,866		11,346		31,355	
6,54	199,465		2,293		1,112	
38,89	 1,135,331		13,639		32,467	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Business-type activities - Enterprise F			ise Fu	Funds	
		Water		Sewer		Sanitation
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	80,296	\$	59,580	\$	165,355
Claims payable		0		0		0
Accrued payroll		142,086		157,260		30,300
Interfund payable		0		0		0
Loan payable		0		641,025		0
Accrued interest payable		6,575		6,379		3
Compensated absences		20,049		23,055		4,033
Capital lease payable - current		162,234		69,667		0
GO Bonds - Current		5,743		5,746		588
Landfill liability - current		0		0		234,226
Total Current Liabilities		416,983		962,712		434,505
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Compensated absences		277,268		318,830		55,773
Capital lease payable		1,157,508		228,522		0
Loans payable		0		2,445,668		0
GO Bonds - Non Current		11,865		11,864		1,215
Landfill liability - noncurrent		0		0		1,668,854
Net Pension Liability		1,592,061		1,694,522		328,340
Net OPEB Liability		1,120,530		1,191,402		231,228
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		4,159,232		5,890,808		2,285,410
Total Liabilities		4,576,215		6,853,520		2,719,915
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension		395,445		421,993		85,080
OPEB		101,703		108,544		30,241
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		497,148		530,537		115,321
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		7,692,943		8,252,963		606,506
Unrestricted		3,953,785		3,230,299		(383,885)
Total Net Position	\$	11,646,728	\$	11,483,262	\$	222,621

Adjustment to Consolidate Utility Billing Internal Service Fund to Net Position

Adjustment to Consolidate the allocated portion of the City Garage Internal Service Fund to Net Position

Adjustment to Consolidate the allocated portion of the Information Technology Service Fund to Net Position

Adjustment to Consolidate the allocated portion of the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund to Net Position

Total Net Position per the government-wide Statement of Net position

Storm Sewer	Other Enterprise Funds	 Total Enterprise Funds	 Internal Service Funds
1,412	\$ 1,930	\$ 308,573	\$ 124,383
0	0	0	197,655
12,599	3,550	345,795	12,756
0	0	0	25,062
03	0 0	641,025	0
3 1,345	221	12,960 48,703	0 1,747
1,343	0	231,901	23,295
588	0	12,665	0
0	0	234,226	0
15,947	5,701	 1,835,848	 384,898
18,594	3,061	673,526	24,155
0	0	1,386,030	23,297
0	0	2,445,668	0
1,215	0	26,159	0
0	0	1,668,854	0
124,573	45,077	3,784,573	128,546
82,046	31,175	 2,656,381	 88,914
226,428	79,313	 12,641,191	 264,912
242,375	85,014	 14,477,039	 649,810
32,281	11,679	946,478	33,310
0	3,010	 243,498	 8,583
32,281	14,689	 1,189,976	 41,893
6,402,664	174,300	23,129,376	418,278
319,810	1,516,448	 8,636,457	 (128,403)
6,722,474	\$ 1,690,748	\$ 31,765,833	\$ 289,875
		83,017	
		(10,808)	
		54,648	
		<u>(24,757)</u>	
		<u>\$ 31,867,933</u>	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Business	s-type a	ctivities - Enterpri	ise Fun	ds
	 Water		Sewer		Sanitation
<i>Operating revenues:</i> Charges for services	\$ 4,121,448	<u>\$</u>	5,002,671	\$	1,965,256
Operating expenses:					
Personnel services	2,253,114		2,280,693		558,853
General operating	5,568		4,931		0
Claims	0		0		0
Contractual services	741,330		708,474		1,772,850
Materials and supplies	213,138		135,697		79,002
Depreciation	661,595		884,799		61,026
Non-governmental	 0		0		0
Total expenses	 3,874,745		4,014,594		2,471,731
Operating income (loss)	246,703		988,077		(506,475)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Interest revenue	43,754		55,534		23,283
Other	112,070		123,732		146,008
Intergovernmental	0		0		0
Interest expense	(33,303)		(116,649)		(51)
Loss on disposal	 0		0		0
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 122,521		62,617		169,240
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions	369,224		1,050,694		(337,235)
Transfers In	0		0		0
Transfers Out	(80,849)		(77,174)		(25,725)
Capital Contributions	 0		0		0
Change in Net Position	288,375		973,520		(362,960)
Net Position, beginning of year (restated)	 11,358,353		10,509,742		585,581
Restated Net Position, end of year	\$ 11,646,728	\$	11,483,262	\$	222,621

Change in Net Position - total enterprise funds

Adjustments to consolidate Utility Billing Internal Service Fund activities

Adjustments to consolidate allocated portion of the City Garage Internal Service Fund activities

Adjustments to consolidate allocated portion of the Information Technology Internal Service Fund activities

Adjustments to consolidate allocated portion of the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund activities

Total Change in net position of business-type activities

Storm Sewer	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
\$ 333,337	\$ 77,612	<u>\$ 11,500,324</u>	\$ 3,166,161
176,747	70,072	5,339,479	180,834
0	3,399	13,898	21,257
0	0	0	1,290,752
18,784	10,540	3,251,978	1,091,985
18,351	1,502	447,690	544,155
162,512	5,464	1,775,396	62,582
0	120,965	120,965	83,165
376,394	211,942	10,949,406	3,274,730
(43,057)	(134,330)	550,918	(108,569)
6,639	9,187	138,397	4,739
8,211	17,930	407,951	10,398
0	54,750	54,750	0
(51)	0	(150,054)	0
(18,546)	0	(18,546)	0
(3,747)	81,867	432,498	15,137
(46,804)	(52,463)	983,416	(93,432)
0	7,000	7,000	0
0	0	(183,748)	0
45,265	0	45,265	0
(1,539)	(45,463)	851,933	(93,432)
6,724,013	1,736,211	30,913,900	383,307
\$ 6,722,474	\$ 1,690,748	\$ 31,765,833	\$ 289,875
		851,933	
		(43,590)	
		(3,406)	

(...,2...

(43,546)

<u>\$ 716,150</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

TOK THE TEAK ENDED DECEMBER 51, 2010	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 4,246,852	\$ 4,949,258	\$ 1,968,187	
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(892,422)	(853,038)	(1,717,215)	
Cash Payments to Employees	(1,987,789)	(2,124,533)	(429,295)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1,366,641	1,971,687	(178,323)	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Transfers in From Other Funds	0	0	0	
Transfers Out to Other Funds	(80,849)	(77,174)	(25,725)	
Advances to Other Funds	0	0	0	
Other Non Operating Receipts	112,070	123,732	146,008	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Noncapital Financing Activities	31,221	46,558	120,283	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition and Construction of Assets	(571,879)	(1,044,547)	(56,064)	
Intergovernmental Grants	0	0	0	
Principal Paid on Loans	0	(623,117)	0	
Principal Paid on Bonds	(5,622)	(5,623)	(576)	
Interest Paid on All Debt	(34,537)	(118,078)	(52)	
Capital Lease Payment	(111,755)	(66,647)	0	
Capital Lease Intitiation	453,188	0	0	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and				
Related Financing Activities	(270,605)	(1,858,012)	(56,692)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Sale of Investments	0	128,479	186,277	
Purchase of Investments	(557,592)	0	0	
Receipts of Interest	40,653	53,811	23,458	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(516,939)	182,290	209,735	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	610,318	342,523	95,003	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,257,494	1,416,646	635,543	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 1,867,812	\$ 1,759,169	\$ 730,546	

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				
Storm SewerFundsFundsService Funds $\$$ 335,026 $\$$ 143,552 $\$$ 11,642,875 $\$$ 3,166,5(38,568)(439,891)(3,941,134)(2,971,8(162,536)(51,903)(4,756,056)(170,3(133,922)(348,242)2,945,68524,707,0007,0000000(183,748)000053,47617,930453,216103,47624,930276,4685,0(304,265)0(1,976,755)(117,9)00(12,397)(576)0(576)0(12,397)(23,2)00(178,402)(23,2)00(178,402)(23,2)00(29,422)(587,014)(106,400247,329668,485169,60(29,422)(587,014)(74,1)6,6859,324133,9314,6113,085227,231215,402100,1(4,410)(41,331)1,002,103(11,3)				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				Internal
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Storm Sewer	Funds	Funds	Service Funds
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	• • • • • • • • •	¢ 1 10 550		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$ 3,166,974
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				(2,971,859)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				(170,395)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	133,922	(348,242)	2,945,685	24,720
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	7,000	7,000	0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	(183,748)	0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	0	(5,387)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	53,476	17,930	453,216	10,398
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	53 176	24 930	276 468	5,011
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	55,470	24,930	270,408	5,011
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(304,265)			(117,971)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		54,750		0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	•			0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0		0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		•		0
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	0	0		(23,295)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	453,188	0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(304.893)	54,750	(2.435.452)	(141,266)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	106,400	247.329	668.485	169,694
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	· .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · ·	(74,150)
113,085 227,231 215,402 100,1 (4,410) (41,331) 1,002,103 (11,3)	6.685			4,652
	<i>,</i>	<i>k</i>		100,196
	(4.410)	(41.221)	1.002.102	(11.220)
				(11,339)
	155,780	204,981	3,670,444	\$ 113,833
<u>\$ 151,370</u> <u>\$ 163,650</u> <u>\$ 4,672,547</u> <u>\$ 102,4</u>	\$ 151,370	\$ 163,650	\$ 4,672,547	\$ 102,494

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Business Type		ipilise i allas
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash			
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 246,703	\$ 988,077	\$(506,475)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	661,595	884,799	61,026
Changes in Assets and Deferred Outflows and			
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:			
(Increase) Decrease in Loans Receivable	0	0	0
(Increase) Decrease in Grants Receivable	0	0	0
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	122,881	(63,607)	2,673
(Increase) Decrease in Special Assessments Receivable	3,676	6,638	157
(Increase) Decrease in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(1,150)	3,554	101
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items	90	171	88
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension	465,795	542,335	77,193
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - OPEB	(70,845)	(74,423)	(19,383)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory	16,434	(1,148)	0
Increase (Decrease) in Landfill Liability	0	0	108,110
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	51,085	(2,957)	26,438
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll	47,425	52,939	11,253
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension	363,845	386,736	79,367
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB	101,703	108,544	30,241
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	(721,896)	(890,200)	(94,591)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability	60,596	10,553	42,358
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	18,704	19,676	3,121
Total Adjustments	1,119,938	983,610	328,152
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 1,366,641	\$ 1,971,687	\$(178,323)

Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:

The fair market value of investments decreased in 2018 by \$42,209, \$33,757, \$12,799, \$2,030, and \$760 in the Water, Sewer, Sanitation, Storm Sewer, and Other Enterprise Funds respectfully. The fair market value of investments decreased in Internal Service Funds by \$1,159

	Other	Total	
	Enterprise	Enterprise	Internal
Storm Sewer	Funds	Funds	Service Funds
\$(43,057)	\$(134,330)	\$ 550,918	\$(108,569)
162,512	5,464	1,775,396	62,582
0	(273,707)	(273,707)	0
0	37,600	37,600	0
1,563	(7,856)	55,654	(4,578)
163	0	10,634	0
(37)	3,519	5,987	0
0	998	1,347	(10,062)
38,078	10,106	1,133,507	41,892
0	(1,950)	(166,601)	(5,354)
0	0	15,286	551
0	0	108,110	0
(1,433)	1,903	75,036	74,357
4,283	1,216	117,116	7,710
29,798	10,912	870,658	30,656
0	3,010	243,498	8,583
(59,150)	(11,685)	(1,777,522)	(67,913)
0	5,828	119,335	1,180
1,202	730	43,433	(6,315)
176,979	(213,912)	2,394,767	133,289
\$ 133,922	\$(348,242)	\$ 2,945,685	\$ 24,720

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Agency Funds	
Assets:	<u>^</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	107,426
Accounts Recievable		180,000
Total Assets		287,426
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		235,933
Restricted deposits		51,493
Total Liabilities	\$	287,426

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Xenia, Ohio, was incorporated in 1817, became a city in 1834, and operates under a Council-Manager form of government.

The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2018 and for the year then ended, and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u> (GASB Codification).

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB No. 39 "Determining whether certain organization are component units" and No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34" in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions, and component units for which the City is financially accountable. Generally, component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable. The City would consider an organization to be a component unit if:

- 1. The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body AND (a) is able to impose its will on that organization OR (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burdens on the City; OR
- 2. The organization is fiscally dependent upon the City; OR
- 3. The nature of the relationship between the City and the organization is such that the exclusion from the financial reporting entity would render the financial statements of the City misleading.

The City's financial reporting entity includes all applicable funds, agencies, boards, commissions and jointly governed organizations that include the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, water, sewer, sanitation, storm sewer, recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. No component unit is included in fiscal year 2018.

The City is party to three jointly governed organizations. Jointly governed organizations are governed by representatives from various participating organizations where the City has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility. The following jointly governed organizations are described in Note 15.

- 1. Xenia Township City of Xenia JEDD-1 Joint Economic Development District
- 2. Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission
- 3. Greene County Agencies for Combined Enforcement (ACE Task Force)

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

The City also participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio, which is a local government risk sharing pool. The pool is discussed in Note 18.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, fund balance/net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the limitations of the City Charter.

<u>State Gas and Vehicle License Fund</u> – This fund is required by State law to account for that portion of gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City. Revenue sources in the fund include state shared taxes and permits, charges for services, and miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements including interest.

<u>Police and Fire Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources restricted for the City's Police department, Fire department, and Dispatch center. Certain revenue sources are required by State law or City ordinance to be spent on these functions. Revenue sources in the fund include municipal income tax; other local taxes; state shared taxes and permits; intergovernmental grants; charges for services such as emergency medical services and dispatching services; fines, costs, forfeitures, licenses, and permits; and miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements including interest. This fund also receives a subsidy from the City's general fund.

<u>Capital Improvements Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for financial resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment (other than those financed by proprietary funds or the Municipal Court Capital Improvements Fund). Revenue sources in the fund include municipal income tax, other local taxes, intergovernmental grants, charges for services, and miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements including interest.

<u>Bond Construction Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for financial resources restricted for the construction of a new City Administration Building and rehabilitation of the current City Hall into a Justice Center. Revenue sources in the fund include proceed from sale of general obligation bonds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>*Water Fund*</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to providing water service to the City and surrounding areas.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to providing sewer service to the City and surrounding areas.

<u>Sanitation Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to providing sanitation service to the City's residents.

<u>Storm Sewer Fund</u> – This fund is utilized to account for revenues and expenses related to providing storm sewer service to the City's residents.

Additionally, the City reports the following funds types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the financing of services provided for billing for utilities (water, sewer, sanitation, and storm sewer), servicing the vehicles of City departments, providing IT services to City Departments and account for self-insurance health benefits on a cost -reimbursement basis.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units. The City's fiduciary funds are all agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City has five agency funds as follows:

- (1) Municipal Court Traffic and Criminal, Municipal, Civil, and Small Claims Funds: These two agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Court's Traffic, Criminal, Civil, and Small Claims divisions. The Municipal Court is considered part of the reporting entity of the City. The Court handles court cases for the City and adjoining communities but the City controls the fiscal operations of Court, reviews and approves budget requests, and provides space for the Court and offices;
- (2) Imprest Cash Fund: This fund is used to account for petty cash;
- (3) Insurance Deposit Fund: This fund is used to account for assets held by the City for citizens to ensure that fire damaged property is repaired or demolished; and
- (4) LGIF Funds: This fund is used to account for assets held by the City for transactions related to a loan from the Local Government Innovation Fund entered into by the City and three other local governments. The City is responsible for collecting debt payments from those three local governments and making payment on behalf of those entities to the State of Ohio.

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary City, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

C. <u>Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary and Internal Service funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses reported in the financial statements.

The governmental funds follow the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which the City considers to be 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized when due.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned and is available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the revenue is available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual are intergovernmental grants, interest on investments, state shared taxes, fines and forfeitures, and municipal income tax. Other revenues, including licenses, permits, certain charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded when received in cash, because generally these revenues are not measurable until received.

Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 2018 but which are not intended to finance 2018 operations are recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equals liabilities) and do not include measurement of results of its operations.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows procedures prescribed by State law in establishing the budgetary data shown in the financial statements, as follows:

- 1. The City must submit a budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements for all governmental and proprietary funds to the County Budget Commission by July 20 of each year for the following calendar year.
- 2. The County Budget Commission certifies its actions by September 1, and issues a "Certificate of Resources" limiting the maximum amount the City may expend from a given fund during the year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 3. About January 1, this Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The City must prepare its appropriations so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Resources.
- 4. A temporary appropriation measure is typically passed at the second City Council meeting in December. The permanent appropriation measure is passed at a Council meeting and filed at the County prior to March 31. The permanent appropriation may not exceed estimated resources certified by the County Budget Commission.
- 5. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried forward to the next fiscal year.
- 6. All funds have annual budgets legally adopted by City Council.

The City Manager acts as budget officer for the City and submits a proposed operating budget to the City Council on an annual basis. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. The Council enacts the budget through passage of an appropriations ordinance. The appropriations ordinance controls expenditures at the level of personnel services, operating and capital expenditures/expenses by fund except for the general fund where the control is by department within the general fund. Only City Council may transfer appropriations between personnel services and operating expenses, or between operating and capital outlay, or between capital outlay and personnel services. Supplemental appropriations are made to the budget and original appropriations ordinance during the year by Council passage of supplemental appropriations ordinance were made during the year, but were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

While financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances are reported on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) for the general fund and each major special revenue fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are as follows:

- (1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when they are both measurable and available (GAAP).
- (2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash or encumbered (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- (3) Advances in and Advances out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet (GAAP).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2018 on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

	INEL	Change in Fund	Dala	State Gas and Vehicle			
	General Fund License Fund Police						
GAAP Basis (as reported)	\$	(685,150)	\$	(72,925)	\$	(99,574)	
Revenue Accrual		2,066		(5,274)		(9,733)	
Expenditure Accrual		87,582		21,648		431,546	
Outstanding Encumbrances		(212,676)		(45,780)		(277,235)	
Transfer to Recreation Fund		(10,000)		-		-	
Budget Basis	\$	(818,178)	\$	(102,331)	\$	45,004	

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from December 31, 2018. The City pools its cash, cash equivalents, and investments for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintains its own cash and investment accounts.

G. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools"*, the City reports its investments at fair value, except for nonparticipating investment contracts (certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements) which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statements. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. During 2018, the Capital Improvements Fund was allocated approximately \$52,690 of investment earnings in excess of the amount the fund would have received if earnings were based on each fund's share of pooled investment.

H. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The proprietary fund inventories are recorded as expenses when used. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Governmental inventories are equally offset by a fund balance classification that indicates they and are not in spendable form.

I. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2018, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. Governmental prepaid items are equally offset by a fund balance classification that indicates they are not in spendable form.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Estimated historical costs for capital asset values were initially determined by identifying historical costs when such information was available.

Governmental activities capital assets are those not directly related to the business type funds. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, but they are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements.

Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, machinery, equipment, construction in progress, and infrastructure. Infrastructure is defined as long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significant number of years. Examples of infrastructure include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

Machinery and equipment acquired by the proprietary funds are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction and architectural and engineering fees where applicable. These assets are reported in both the Business-Type Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land and construction in progress. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives, as follows:

	Governmental and
	Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives (in years)
Land Improvements	20 - 25
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 40
Machinery and Equipment	1 - 25
Infrastructure	10 - 50

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from the governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment from current and available resources. Bonds, long-term loans and capital lease obligations are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Compensated absences are accrued as they are earned by employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employee for the benefits through paid time off or cash payment.

Compensated absences accumulated by governmental fund type and proprietary fund type employees are reported as an expense when earned in the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are only reported if unused reimbursable leave is still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement.

M. <u>Net Position</u>

Net position represents the difference between assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, plus liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. <u>Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

P. <u>Fund Balance</u>

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting*, the City classifies its fund balance based on the contraints placed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. The following are the five fund balance classifications:

- 1. Nonspendable Fund Balance The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.
- 2. Restricted Fund Balance The restricted classification is used when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions (City Charter) or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed Fund Balance The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Xenia City Council. Constraints are imposed on committed amounts by Council through ordinance or resolution.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 4. Assigned Fund Balance Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. City Council may assign certain amounts through a motion but has also delegated authority to the City Manager, Finance Director, and Law Director to conduct City business which may include the assignment of fund balances.
- 5. Unassigned Fund Balance Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenses for specific purposes exceeding amounts which had been restricted, committed or assigned for said purposes.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (commited, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. The City considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Q. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water treatment and distribution, wastewater collection and treatment, maintenance of storm water collection systems and collection of solid waste refuse. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

R. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

S. <u>Allocation of Indirect Expenses</u>

The City allocates some personnel expenses over different funds based on City ordinance. These indirect costs have been included as part of program expenses reported for the functional activities.

T. Provision for Loan Losses

Potential losses on specific loans are charged to operations when management determines that there is a loss contingency. This evaluation includes consideration of various factors such as collateral, loan loss experience, lending policies, and current economic conditions.

U. <u>Self-Insurance</u>

As of December 31, 2018, the City is self-insured for employee health care benefits See Note 16 for additional information

V. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported for pension and OPEB amounts (See Note 9 and 10). The amounts are reported in the government-wide and proprietary statements of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. On the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet, property taxes that are intended to finance future fiscal periods are reported as deferred inflows. In addition, the governmental funds balance sheet reports deferred inflows which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue - other*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue - other for special assessments, grants and miscellaneous receipts, and state levied shared taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position. See Notes 9 and 10.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCES

Fund Balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. The Constraints placed on fund balances for major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below.

Fund Balances	General	State Gas & Vehicle License	Police & Fire	Capital Improvements	Bond Construction	Other Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:	General	Lieense		improvements	Construction	1 unus
Inventory	\$ 5,918	\$ 115,913	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Prepaids	32,644	3,797	53,050	0	0	52,620
Total Nonspendable	38,562	119,710	53,050	0	0	52,620
Resricted for:						
General Government	0	0	0	0	0	252,577
Public Safety	0	0	1,004,466	0	0	832,734
Highways & Streets	0	356,951	0	0	0	363,997
Capital Projects	0	0	0	1,000,938	47,739	1,025,654
Debt Service	0	0	0	0	0	105,158
Total Restricted	0	356,951	1,004,466	1,000,938	47,739	2,580,120
Committed to:						
General Governemnt	0	0	0	0	0	325,274
Total Committed	0	0	0	0	0	325,274
Assigned to:						
Subsequent Year Appropriations	1,540,511	0	0	0	0	0
General Government	114,591	0	0	0	0	0
Public Safety	5,848	0	0	0	0	0
Highways & Streets	6,432	0	0	0	0	0
Urban Redevelopment & Housing	1,992	0	0	0	0	0
Economic Development & Asst	18,673	0	0	0	0	0
Recreation	19,740	0	0	0	0	0
Total Assigned	1,707,787	0	0	0	0	0
Unassigned (Deficit)	1,105,903	0	0	0	0	0
Total Fund Balance	\$ 2,852,252	\$ 476,661	\$ 1,057,516	\$ 1,000,938	\$ 47,739	\$ 2,958,014

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Xenia is a charter City and has adopted an investment policy through City ordinance. Ohio Revised Code Section 135 will govern investment policy and procedures when City policies or ordinance do not address an issue. State statute classify monies held by the City into three categories: active deposits, inactive deposits, and interim deposits.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the City's Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Council has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates or deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the City may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- <u>Direct Obligations of U.S. Treasury</u> Treasury Bills Treasury Notes and Bonds
- Obligations of Federal Agencies and Instrumentalities Including but not limited to: Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB) Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) Student Loan Marketing Association (SLMA)
- 3. Nonnegotiable Interest-Bearing Time Certificates of Deposit and Savings Accounts
- 4. Negotiable Interest-Bearing Certificates of Deposit covered by FDIC Insurance
- 5. Bankers Acceptances of banks in the top 100 based on asset size or Ohio-based banks with at least \$2 billion in assets
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio)

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 7. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations listed in 1 and 2 above
- 8. Repurchase agreements under terms outlined in Safekeeping and Custody
- 9. NOW accounts (Interest Bearing Negotiable Order of Withdrawal Accounts)
- 10. Obligations of the State of Ohio and its political subdivisions (only insured obligations)

Investments not approved by the City policy are prohibited including stripped principal or interest obligations and reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited.

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in bonds of the State of Ohio, other political subdivisions of the State, or obligations of the City.

At December 31, 2018, the carrying amount of the City cash deposits was \$7,851,803 and the bank balance was \$8,405,823. FDIC Insurance covered \$250,000, per insured bank, for each account ownership category. At fiscal year-end, \$4,813,746 of the City's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk, because they were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

For any remaining bank balance not covered by depository insurance, the State of Ohio by statute has established a collateral pooling system for financial institutions acting as public depositories. The public depositories must pledge qualified securities with a market value at least equal to 105% of the total amount of all public deposits not covered by FDIC Insurance to be secured by the collateral pool. The securities so pledged provide the equivalent of a deposit insurance fund. This approach protects all public entities against a single public depository collapse. The state has implemented collateral pools to minimize the interest penalty to public entities for protecting public deposits. The cash deposits are held in interest-bearing demand deposit and savings accounts and were uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution. The City participates in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS). OPCS allows for an eligible public depository (Financial Institution) to pledge collateral to the Treasurer's Office to secure local governments (Public Units) deposits. The Ohio Treasurer's Office is the administrator and monitor of the program.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

	Total Investment Maturities					ties	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 - 3 Years	3 - 5 Years	% of Total Investments
FFCB	\$ 1,571,596	AAA	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,177,340	\$ 394,256	10.07%
FHLB	3,149,904	AAA	0	0	1,574,172	1,575,732	20.18%
FHLMC	786,860	AAA	0	0	394,664	392,196	5.04%
FNMA	1,956,844	AAA	0	0	1,956,844	0	12.53%
Certificate of Deposit	8,147,422	AA3	750,000	986,450	3,340,242	3,070,730	52.18%
Total Investments	\$ 15,612,626		\$ 750,000	\$ 986,450	\$ 8,443,262	\$ 5,432,914	100.00%

The City's investments at December 31, 2018 are summarized below:

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that an interest rate change could adversely affect an investment's fair value. State Regulations and City policy reduce exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the life of investments to five years. The reporting of effective duration in the table above quantifies, to the fullest extent possible, the interest rate risk of the City's fixed income assets. The City does not have a formal policy regarding interest rate risk.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository institution or counterparty to a transaction, the City will be unable to recover the value of deposits, investments, or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. All of the City's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the City or at least registered in the name of the City. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investment prior to delivery of securities representing such investment to the Fiscal Officer and qualified trustees.

Credit Risk – The Standard & Poor's or Moody's ratings of the City's investment is listed in the table above. The City's investment policy limits investments to those that are highly rated or issued by U.S. Government sponsored enterprises.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of inability to recover the value of deposits, investments, or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party caused by a lack of diversification. The City portfolio must be invested in more than one type of financial instrument, in more than one financial institution, and at different maturity lengths according to cash flow needs. The City's investment policy places no limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The percentages that each investment represents to the total investments are listed in the preceding table.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurement

The City's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quaoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Invesments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly, or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources

The categorization of investments with the hierarchy is based upon the transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk. The City had the following reoccurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2018.

		Identical Assets	U	nobservable Inputs	U	nobservable Inputs
Investment Type	 Total	 (Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
FFCB	\$ 1,571,596	\$ -	\$	1,571,596	\$	-
FHLB	3,149,904	-		3,149,904		-
FHLMC	786,860	-		786,860		-
FNMA	1,956,844	-		1,956,844		-
Certificate of Deposit	8,147,422	-		8,147,422		-
	\$ 15,612,626	\$ -	\$	15,612,626	\$	-

Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using pricing sources as provided by the investment managers and advisors. The City's investments in money market funds are measured at amortized cost and therefore are not classified based on the hierarchy above.

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NOTE 4 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes consist of amounts levied against real and tangible property (used in business) located in the City. Real property taxes are levied each January 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35% of appraised market value. Property values are required to be updated every three years and revalued every six years. The last revaluation was completed in 2018.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Lein date	January 1, 2017
Levy date	January 1, 2018
First installment payment due	February 20, 2018
Second installment payment due	July 24, 2018

The assessed values upon which 2018 tax receipts were based, are as follows:

	Assessed Values
	January 1, 2017
Residential and Agricultural	\$ 289,872,780
Commercial and Industrial	80,568,740
Pulblic Utilities	9,748,260
Total	\$ 380,189,780

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of taxing districts in Greene County, including the City of Xenia. Property taxes may be paid in full in February or one-half may be paid in February and the other half in July. The County Auditor remits to the City, in April and August, its portion of taxes collected.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property in excess of \$10.00 per \$1,000 (10.0 mills) of assessed value without a vote of the citizens. Under current procedures, the City's share is \$3.00 per \$1,000 (3.0 mills) of assessed value. The City also receives an additional .2 mills to pay debt service for our general obligation bonds.

An additional property tax levy of 3.5 mills was renewed by a vote of the citizens of Xenia in August, 2013. The additional levy is for five years, to be assessed for tax-duplicate years 2014 to 2018, and collected in the fiscal years 2015 through 2019.

Property taxes receivable represents real and public utility property taxes and outstanding delinquencies that were measurable as of December 31, 2018, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. In governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2018 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources, i.e. property taxes. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on the modified accrual basis, the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources, i.e. unavailable revenue.

NOTE 4 – TAXES (Continued)

B. Income Tax

For the 2018 fiscal year the City collected income taxes at a rate of 2.25%. A 1.5% credit was allowed for those who work in another community and pay taxes to other municipalities on that income. Employers within the City withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file an annual declaration.

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2018, consisted of municipal income tax, property taxes, other local taxes, interfund, accounts, special assessments, loans, accrued interest, and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues. All receivables with the exception of loans are considered fully collectible and will be received within one year with the exception of income taxes, property taxes, loans, and special assessments. Income taxes and property taxes, though ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquents that will not be collected within one year.

A. Intergovernmental Receivable

A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities:	Amount
Local Government	\$ 383,704
Homestead & Rollback	99,832
Motor Vehicle License Tax	700,860
Gasoline Tax	418,000
	\$ 1,602,396

B. Loans Receivable

The City operates two long-term enterprise fund loan programs including the Loan Fund and the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund.

B. Loans Receivable (Continued)

Loans receivable at December 31, 2018 were:

		Housing
	Loan	Rehabilitation
Loan Type	Fund	Loan Fund
Down Payment Assistance Loans	\$ 0	\$ 1,257
Rehabilitation Loans	0	177,338
Façade Loans	0	339,077
Homelessness Prevention Loans	0	3,724
Economic Development Loans	332,792	0
Assistance Loans	225,000	0
Total Loans Receivable	\$ 557,792	\$ 521,396

<u>Loan Fund</u> – In 1983, the City assumed the assets, liabilities, and loan commitments of Xenia Environmental Neighborhood Improvement Association, Inc. (X.E.N.I.A., Inc.). X.E.N.I.A., Inc. provided mortgage grants and low or zero interest loans to encourage economic and neighborhood development. The City no longer issues mortgage grants from this fund. The City also assumed the assets, liabilities, and loan commitments of its component unit (Xenia Economic Development Corporation [XEGC]) in 2011 when the corporation was dissolved. Loans previously managed and issued by XEGC are now administered through the Loan Fund.

<u>Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund</u> – In December 2009, the City received notice that it had been awarded a Tier II Downtown Building and Streetscape Grant. These grant dollars are required to be spent on downtown Xenia. Projects related to these grant dollars include the improvement of downtown buildings through a façade loan program, improvements to two municipal parking lots, curb and sidewalk improvements, the painting of several murals, and wayfinding and gateway signage. The City was also awarded a Tier III CDBG Discretionary Grant that complements the Tier II efforts to improve downtown facades. The first Tier III dollars were spent in 2012. In September 2006, the City was awarded a Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) Grant in the amount of \$556,000. The grant includes homelessness prevention, private rehabilitation, home or building repair, private rental rehab, fair housing, and general administration activities. The first expenditures related to this grant were made in 2007. The City was also awarded a \$600,000 CHIP Grant in August 1998, which ended in 2001. The program had similar activities to the 2006 grant as it offered deferred loans, direct low interest loans, or a combination thereof with various payoff dates. Some delinquencies from previous housing rehabilitation programs remain outstanding.

NOTE 6 - TRANSFERS

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds for 2018:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 5,915,007
Police & Fire Fund	5,055,000	0
State Gas & Vehicle License Fund	75,000	0
Capital Improvement Fund	190,000	333,852
Other Governmental Funds	1,105,607	0
Total Governmental Funds	6,425,607	6,248,859
Enterprise Funds		
Water Fund	0	80,849
Sewer Fund	0	77,174
Sanitation Fund	0	25,725
Other Enterprise Funds	7,000	0
Total Enterprise Funds	7,000	183,748
Total Transfers	\$ 6,432,607	\$ 6,432,607

There were three transfers from the General Fund to Other Governmental Funds. One transfer was to support operations in the Municipal Court Victim Fund, another to support operations in the Probation Services Fund, and the third was to the Police/Fire Capital Improvements Fund. The transfer from the General Fund to the Police and Fire Fund was to support operations related to those public safety functions. A transfer from the General Fund to the State Vehicle and License Tax Fund helped to provide for street maintenance, while a transfer from the General fund to the General Capital Improvement Fund helped to fund additional street improvements. The General Fund also made a transfer to the parking fund to cover operational costs. Transfers from the General Capital Improvement Fund and Enterprise Funds were to the 2015 General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund for the debt service payment for the 2015 Building Bonds.

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NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
Governmental Funds:		
Capital Improvements Fund	\$ 25,062	
Internal Service Funds:		
City Garage Fund		\$ 25,062

Advances to the Garage Fund are for the purpose of acquiring capital assets. The Advance is then paid back to the Capital Improvement Fund as that asset depreciates.

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NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at December 31, 2018:

Historical Cost:				
	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2017	Additions	Deletions	2018
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 16,441,501	\$ 17,466	\$ -	\$ 16,458,967
Construction in Progress	395,097	1,500,966		1,896,063
Subtotal	16,836,598	1,518,432	-	18,355,030
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	4,322,036	10,580	-	4,332,616
Buildings and improvements	16,184,264	126,653	-	16,310,917
Machinery and Equipment	12,139,467	647,203	(172,473)	12,614,197
Infrastructure	20,347,196	1,637,029	(297,615)	21,686,610
Subtotal	52,992,963	2,421,465	(470,088)	54,944,340
Total Cost	69,829,561	3,939,897	(470,088)	73,299,370
Accumulated Depreciation:				
*	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2017	Additions	Deletions	2018
Land improvements	(1,468,301)	(191,668)	-	(1,659,969)
Buildings and improvements	(4,214,749)	(516,157)	-	(4,730,906)
Machinery and Equipment	(7,685,190)	(710,501)	172,473	(8,223,218)
Infrastructure	(8,282,228)	(628,726)	158,526	(8,752,428)
Total Depreciation	(21,650,468)	(2,047,052)	330,999	(23,366,521)
Net Value:	\$ 48,179,093	\$ 1,892,845	\$(139,089)	\$ 49,932,849

Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 427,280
Public Safety	548,226
Highways and Streets	748,335
Urban Redevelopment & Housing	26,493
Recreation	235,623
Total Depreciation Expense recorded	
within the Governmental Activities	1,985,957
Amount of Depreciation Expense recorded in the Internal Service Fund	61,095
Total Additions to Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 2,047,052

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. <u>Business-Type Activities Capital Assets</u>

Summary by Category at December 31, 2018:

Historical Cost:

	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2017	Additions	Deletions	2018
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 791,330	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 791,330
Construction in Progress	2,058,032	958,696	-	3,016,728
Subtotal	2,849,362	958,696	-	3,808,058
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	918,153	28,567	-	946,720
Buildings and improvements	10,886,593	189,490	-	11,076,083
Machinery and Equipment	58,470,083	800,002	(170,699)	59,099,386
Total Cost	73,124,191	1,976,755	(170,699)	74,930,247
Accumulated Depreciation:				
	December 31,		D 1 .:	December 31,
Class	2017	Additions	Deletions	2018
Land Improvements	(479,657)	(46,266)	_	(525,923)
Buildings and Improvements	(5,859,182)	(263,832)	_	(6,123,014)
Machinery and Equipment	(39,083,446)	(1,466,785)	152,153	(40,398,078)
Total Depreciation	\$(45,422,285)	\$(1,776,883)	\$ 152,153	\$(47,047,015)
Four Depresention	φ(+3,+22,203)	$\psi(1,770,000)$	ψ 152,155	ψ(+7,0+7,013)
Net Value:	\$ 27,701,906	\$ 199,872	\$(18,546)	\$ 27,883,232

Depreciation expenses were charged to business-type activites as follows:

\$ 661,595
884,799
61,026
162,512
5,464
1,775,396
1,487
\$ 1,776,883

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability and Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability represent the City's proportionate share of each pension and OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension and OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually. Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions and OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB Statement No. 68 and No. 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension and OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension and OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes pension disclosures. See Note 10 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local
2018 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0%
Employee	10.0%
2018 Actual Contribution Rates Employer:	
Pension	14.0%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.00%
Total Employer	14.0%
Employee	10.0%

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$1,075,473 for 2018.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OPF)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OPF. OPF provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OPF fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at <u>www.op-f.org</u> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OPF may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OPF offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors. Members participating in the drop program have separate eligiblity requirements related to COLA.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of three percent or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the 12 month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firfighters
2018 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50%	24.00%
Employee:		
January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018	12.25%	12.25%
2018 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00%	23.50%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50
Total Employer	19.50%	24.00%
l otal Employer	19.50%	24.00%

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OPF was \$1,470,868 for 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OPF's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2017, to December 31, 2017. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,515,852	\$ 18,518,231	\$ 27,034,083
Proportion of Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.054282%	0.301725%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.055917%	0.305787%	
Change in Proportionate Share	(0.001635)%	(0.004062)%	
	<u>.</u>	<u></u>	
Pension Expense	\$ 1,583,998	\$ 2,683,265	\$ 4,267,263

At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 8,696	\$ 281,027	\$ 289,723
Changes of assumptions	1,017,697	806,937	1,824,634
Change in Proportionate Share	41,527	131,110	172,637
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	1,075,473	1,470,868	2,546,341
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,143,393	\$ 2,689,942	\$ 4,833,335
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 167,821	\$ 33,500	\$ 201,321
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,828,241	640,588	2,468,829
Change in Proportionate Share	210,581	564,112	774,693
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 2,206,643	\$ 1,238,200	\$ 3,444,843

\$2,546,341 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:			
2019	\$ 693,556	\$ 360,887	\$ 1,054,443
2020	(275,970)	192,470	(83,500)
2021	(805,060)	(471,026)	(1,276,086)
2022	(751,249)	(304,391)	(1,055,640)
2023	0	163,438	163,438
2024	0	39,496	39,496
Total	\$(1,138,723)	\$(19,126)	\$(1,157,849)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2017, are presented below.

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increase, including inflation	3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation
Cost-of-Living Adjustments:	
Pre 1/7/2013 Retirees	3.00% Simple,
Post 1/7/2013 Retirees	3.00% Simple through 2018, then 2.15% Simple
Investment Rate of Return	7.5 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females are are based on the RP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2017, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans

within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 16.82% for 2017.

The allocation of investment assets within the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The following table displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2017 and the long-term expected real rates of return.

		Weighted Average Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	23.00%	2.20%
Domestic Equities	19.00	6.37
Real Estate	10.00	5.26
Private Equity	10.00	8.97
International Equities	20.00	7.88
Other investments	18.00	5.26
Total	100.00%	5.66%

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5% for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.5%	7.5%	8.5%
City's proportionate share			
of the net pension liablity	\$ 15,121,981	\$ 8,515,852	\$ 3,008,328

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

In October 2018, the OPERS Board adopted a change in the investment return assumption, reducing it from 7.5 percent to 7.2 percent. This change will be effective for the 2018 valuation. The exact amount of the impact to the City's net pension liability is not known.

Actuarial Assumptions – OPF

OPF's total pension liability as of December 31, 2017 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2017, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OPF's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawl rates, disability retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rates, CPI based COLA, investment returns, salary increases, and payrol growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of January 1, 2017, compared with January 1, 2016, are presented below.

	January 1, 2017	January 1, 2016	
Valuation Date	January 1, 2017, with acrual liabilities	January 1, 2016, with acrual liabilities	
	rolled forward to December 31, 2017	rolled forward to December 31, 2016	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	
Acturial Assumptions			
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%	8.25%	
Payroll Growth	Inflation Rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of .50%	Inflation Rate of 3.25% plus productivity increase rate of .50%	
Projected Salary Increases Cost of Living	3.75% to 10.5%	4.25% to 11%	
Adjustments	3.00% Simple; 2.20% simple for increases based	3.00% Simple; 2.60% simple for increases based	
	on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3.00%	on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3.00%	

For the January 1, 2017, valuation, mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

For the January 1, 2017, valuation, mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

For the January 1, 2016 valuation, rates of death were based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016, the prior experience study was completed December 31, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017, are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected	
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00%	0.00%	
Domestic Equity	16.00%	5.21%	
Non-US Equity	16.00%	5.40%	
Core Fixed Income *	20.00%	2.37%	
Global Inflation Protected			
Securities	20.00%	2.33%	
High Yield	15.00%	4.48%	
Real Estate	12.00%	5.65%	
Private Markets	8.00%	7.99%	
Real Assets	5.00%	6.87%	
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00%	7.36%	
-	120.00%		

* levered 2x

Note: Assumptions are geometric

OPF's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OPF's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent. The discount rate used for 2016 was 8.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.0 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.0 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.0 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	7.00%	8.00%	9.00%
City's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ 25,671,118	\$ 18,518,231	\$ 12,684,389

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

There have been no OP&F pension plan amendments adopted or changes in assumptions between the measurement date and the report date that have impacted the actuarial valuation studies for the pension plan for the measurement date.

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NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the City's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in accrued payroll on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System ("OPERS")

Plan Description – OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. Please see the OPERS 2017 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2018, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 1.0 percent during calendar year 2017. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2018 decreased to 0 percent for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2018 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City of Xenia's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2018.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund ("OP&F")

Plan Description – The City of Xenia contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drug, dental, vision, and Medicare Part B Premium to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to postretirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit, or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <u>www.op-f.org</u> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. There is one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. An Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2018, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F is changing its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place is a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

The City of Xenia's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$34,664 for 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to **OPEB**

The net OPEB liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OPF's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2017, to December 31, 2017. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 5,890,273	\$ 17,095,317	\$ 22,985,590
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.054242%	0.301725%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.056142%	0.305787%	
Change in Proportionate Share	(0.001900)%	(0.004062)%	
OPEB Expense	\$ 431,743	\$ 1,312,048	\$ 1,743,791

At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 4,587	\$ 0	\$ 4,587
Changes of assumptions	428,875	1,668,139	2,097,014
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	0	34,664	34,664
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 433,462	\$ 1,702,803	\$ 2,136,265
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 0	\$ 86,222	\$ 86,222
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	438,786	112,529	551,315
Change in Proportionate Share	129,818	168,222	298,040
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 568,604	\$ 366,973	\$ 935,577

\$34,664 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:			
2019	\$ 35,477	\$ 178,548	\$ 214,025
2020	35,477	178,548	214,025
2021	(96,399)	178,548	82,149
2022	(109,697)	178,548	68,851
2023	0	206,681	206,681
2024	0	206,681	206,681
2025	0	173,612	173,612
Total	\$(135,142)	\$ 1,301,166	\$ 1,166,024

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPEB and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	
Actuarials Assumptions		
Single Discount Rate	3.85%	
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%	
Municipal Bond Rate	3.31%	
Wage Inflation	3.25%	
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 to 10.75 % including wage inflation	
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	7.5% Initial 3.25% Ultimate in 2028	

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for

males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted

for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2017, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio is 15.2% for 2017.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. The System's primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2017 and the long-term expected real rates of return.

Asset Class	Target Allocatio	n	Weighted Long-Term Real Rate o (Arithn	Expected of Return
Fixed Income	34.00	%	1.88	%
Domestic Equities	21.00		6.37	
REITs	6.00		5.91	
International Equities	22.00		7.88	
Other investments	17.00		5.39	
Total	100.00	%	4.98	%

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 3.85% was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2017. A single discount rae of 4.23 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2016. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.31%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.85 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.85 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (4.85 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.85%	3.85%	4.85%
City's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 7,825,486	\$ 5,890,273	\$ 4,324,711

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2018 is 7.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.25 percent in the most recent valuation.

		Current	
		Trend Rate	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
City's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 5,635,739	\$ 5,890,273	\$ 6,153,207

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

In October, 2018, the OPERS Board adopted a change in the investment return assumption, reducing it from 6.5 percent to 6.0 percent. This change will be effective for the 2018 valuation. The exact amount of the impact to the City's net OPEB liability is not known.

Actuarial Assumptions – OPF

OPF's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2017 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2017, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OPF's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation are presented below:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2017, with acrual liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Acturial Assumptions	
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%
Wage Inflation	2.75% plus productivity increase rate of .50%
Projected Salary Increases	3.75% to 10.50%
Single Discount Rate:	
Current Measurement Date	3.24 %
Prior Measurement Date	3.79%
Cost of Living Adjustements	3.00% Simple; 2.2% simple for increases based on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3.00%

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates are adjusted as follows, surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates are adjusted as follows.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for a five year period ended December 31, 2016; the prior experience study was completed on December 31, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00%	0.00%
Domestic Equity	16.00%	5.21%
Non-US Equity	16.00%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income *	20.00%	2.37%
Global Inflation Protected Securities*	20.00%	2.33%
High Yield	15.00%	4.48%
Real Estate	12.00%	5.65%
Private Markets	8.00%	7.99%
Real Assets	5.00%	6.87%
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00%	7.36%

* levered 2x

Note: Assumptions are geometric

OPF's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OPF's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.24 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8 percent. Based on those assumptions, OPF's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 3.16 percent at December 31, 2017 and 3.71 percent at December 31, 2016, was blended with the long-term rate of 8 percent, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 3.24 percent. The municipal bond rate was determined using the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2025. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2025, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.24 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.24 percent), or one percentage point higher (4.24 percent) than the current rate.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.24%	3.24%	4.24%
City's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 21,369,352	\$ 17,095,317	\$ 13,806,634

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the health care cost trend rate. The trend rate is the annual rate at which the cost of covered medical services is assumed to increase from the current year to the next year. Beginning in 2017, the per-capita costs are assumed to change by the following percentages each year:

Year	Non-Medicar e	Non-AARP	AARP	Rx Drug	Medicare Part B
2,017	(0.47)%	(2.50)%	4.50%	(0.47)%	5.20%
2,018	7.00%	7.00%	4.50%	7.00%	5.10%
2,019	6.50%	6.50%	4.50%	6.50%	5.00%
2,020	6.00%	6.00%	4.50%	6.00%	5.00%
2,021	5.50%	5.50%	4.50%	5.50%	5.00%
2,022	5.00%	5.00%	4.50%	5.00%	5.00%
2023 and Later	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	5.00%

To illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend current rates as outlined in the table above, a one percent decrease in the trend rates and a one percent increase in the trend rates.

		Current	
		Trend Rate	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
City's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 13,279,950	\$ 17,095,317	\$ 22,237,141

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

In March 2018, the OP&F Board of Trustees approved the implementation date and framework for a new health care model. Beginning January 1, 2019, the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place is a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. The impact to the City's NOL is not known.

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations of the City at December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Restated Balance	-		Balance	Due
	December 31, 2017	Additions	(Reductions)	December 31, 2018	Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:	2017	/ iduitions	(Reductions)	2010	One real
Loans Payable:					
2.79% Sewer Loan Payable 1999		\$ 0	\$(471,826)	\$ 732,709	\$ 485,082
3.25% Sewer Loan Payable 2010		0	(84,688)	1,198,091	87,462
2.80% Sewer Loan Payable 2012		0	(66,603)	1,155,893	68,481
Total Loans Payable	3,709,810	0	(623,117)	3,086,693	641,025
2.16% G.O. Bond Payable	51,221	0	(12,397)	38,824	12,665
Net Pension Liability:					
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System	5,386,543	0	(1,768,977)	3,617,566	0
Ohio Police and Fire Pension System	175,552	0	(8,545)	167,007	0
Total Net Pension Liability	5,562,095	0	(1,777,522)	3,784,573	0
Net OPEB Liability:					
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System	2,405,484	97,546	(822)	2,502,208	0
Ohio Police and Fire Pension System	131,562	22,611	0	154,173	0
Total Net OPEB Liability	2,537,046	120,157	(822)	2,656,381	0
Capital Leases	729,671	1,066,662	(178,402)	1,617,931	231,901
Landfill Liability	1,794,970	292,487	(184,377)	1,903,080	234,226
Compensated Absences	678,796	722,229	(678,796)	722,229	48,703
Total Business Type Activities	\$ 15,063,609	\$ 2,201,535	\$(3,455,433)	\$ 13,809,711	\$ 1,168,520
Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt:					
2.00- 3.10% G.O. Bond Payable 2010	. ,	\$ 0	\$(100,000)	\$ 200,000	\$ 100,000
2.16% G.O. Bond Payable 2011	,	0	(98,293)	307,801	100,416
2.00 - 4.00% G.O. Bond Payable 2015		0	(275,000)	6,850,000	275,000
2.49% Park Imp. Bonds 2016 2.31% REACH Project Bond 2017	,	0 0	(100,000) (90,000)	750,000 935,000	100,000 95,000
Premium on G.O. Bond Payable 2017		0	(16,509)	346,698	16,510
Total G.O. Bonds Payable	10,069,301	0	(679,802)	9,389,499	686,926
Local Government Innovation Fund 2013		0	(10,000)	60,000	10,000
Net Pension Liability:	,			,	
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System	7,311,280	0	(2,412,991)	4,898,289	0
Ohio Police and Fire Pension System	19,192,694	ů 0	(841,473)	18,351,221	ů 0
Total Net Pension Liability	26,503,974	0	(3,254,464)	23,249,510	0
Net OPEB Liability:	· <u>·····</u>				
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System	3,265,023	123,043	0	3,388,066	0
Ohio Police and Fire Pension System	14,383,461	2,557,682	0	16,941,143	ů 0
Total Net OPEB Liability	17,648,484	2,680,725	0	20,329,209	0
Capital Leases Payable	893,030	0	(298,667)	594,363	303,793
Compensated Absences					
*	2,125,207	2,236,174	(2,125,207)	2,236,174	183,124

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

A. Principal and Interest Requirements

Principal and Interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

	General Obli	General Obligation Bond		Sewer Loans Payable		
Years	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	
2019	\$ 683,081	\$ 288,992	\$ 641,025	\$ 87,205	\$ 10,000	
2020	\$ 690,525	\$ 273,245	\$ 408,369	\$ 68,780	\$ 10,000	
2021	\$ 608,019	\$ 258,867	\$ 165,685	\$ 60,381	\$ 10,000	
2022	\$ 495,000	\$ 245,682	\$ 170,782	\$ 55,283	\$ 10,000	
2023	\$ 510,000	\$ 248,541	\$ 176,038	\$ 50,027	\$ 10,000	
2024-2028	\$ 2,090,000	\$ 936,185	\$ 964,894	\$ 165,433	\$ 10,000	
2029-2033	\$ 1,615,000	\$ 635,550	\$ 559,900	\$ 30,122	\$ 0	
2034-2038	\$ 1,955,000	\$ 291,875	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
2039-2043	\$ 435,000	\$ 15,225	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Totals	\$ 9,081,625	\$ 3,194,162	\$ 3,086,693	\$ 517,231	\$ 60,000	

B. General Obligation Bond

In 2000, the City issued \$1,400,000 of general obligations bonds to fund street improvements in our Industrial park and to pay off its unfunded police and fire pension liability. The City received a discount from the Police and Fire Pension Fund for paying off the unfunded police and fire pension obligation. The City had an option to call in the bonds after June 1st of 2010 and after carefully evaluating the options decided to do so. The City then in a refunding issued \$920,000 of new bonds at a lower rate for a 10-year period. The bonds mature at different times and rates. It is estimated that the debt refinance will save the City approximately \$113,000 over the 10-year period. In 2011, the City issued additional general obligation bonds in the amount of \$1,074,000. In this instance the bonds were privately placed with PNC bank rather than publicly offered. These bonds were issued for the purpose of making improvements to infrastructure at the City's feature park, and to purchase backup generators for City Hall and the Public Service Center.

In 2015, the City issued additional general obligation bonds in the amount of \$8,000,000. This was a public offering, for which the proceeds of the bonds were to be used in the construction of a new City Administration Building, as well as rehab the current City Hall into a Justice Center. In 2016, the City issued additional general obligation bonds in the amount of \$1,000,000, This issuance was a privately placed with Huntington bank. These bonds were issued for the purpose of making improvements to a number of the City's parks. In 2017 the City issued bonds in the amount of \$1,025,000 which were privately placed with Branch Banking and Trust Company (BB&T) Bank. The City used the bond proceeds to lease a portion of a new multiuse facility which will house a new YMCA, a new Senior and Adult Recreation Center, and facilities for Clark State and Central State Universities. The City entered into a lease agreement with the YMCA who will own the new facility for rights to certain space. The City then will sub-lease that space to the Senior and Adult recreation center.

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

C. Sewer Loans Payable

The City has three loans outstanding with the Ohio Water Development Authority. The loans were used to make improvements at each of the City's two wastewater treatment plants. One loan funded improvements made in 2001 while the more recent improvements began in 2010 and were completed in 2013.

D. Local Government Innovation Fund

In 2013 the City of Xenia acquired a zero interest loan from the State of Ohio as a part of a collabrotive agreement with three other local government entities. The loan proceeds were to be used to fund a portion of a capital project to upgrade the dispatch center's radio system. The total loan amount was \$400,000, each entity receiving \$100,000. The loan will be repaid over a ten year period.

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NOTE 12 – LEASES

A. Capital Leases

Under capital leases the City has leases for a fire pumper, communication center upgrades including radios and consoles, automated meter reading upgrades, information technology infrastructure, a 2016 medic unit, and a 2014 medic unit. The cost of these capital leases are related to Governmental Activities capital assets with the exception of the automated meter reading project which can be attributed to the Business Activities. The related liabilities are included in amounts due within one year and amounts due in more than one year. The original cost of the assets acquired under capital lease was \$4,715,239 and the book value at December 31, 2018 was \$3,477,116 The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2018:

Year Ending December 31,	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities
2019	\$ 312,667	\$ 291,565
2020	294,568	291,565
2021	0	291,565
2022	0	291,564
2023	0	127,049
2024-2028	0	573,722
Minimum Lease Payments	607,235	1,867,030
Less amount representing interest at the City's incremental		
borrowing rate of interest	(12,872)	(249,099)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 594,363	\$ 1,617,931

NOTE 12 – LEASES (Continued)

B. **Operating Leases**

The City leases office space, machinery and equipment, and janitorial and cleaning services under operating agreements that expire at various dates through 2021. Payments on operating leases were \$41,223 during 2018. The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments of non-cancellable operating leases:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2019	\$ 35,407
2020	\$ 28,156
2021	\$ 9,738

NOTE 13 - SOLID WASTE LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

In 1991, the City stopped accepting waste at the City of Xenia Landfill. EPA required the City to place a final cover on the landfill site as well as perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. For the year ended December 31, 2018 the City re-evaluated the outstanding liability related to post closure care costs. The City's new estimated accrued liability (per GASB 18) for post-closure costs related to the closed City landfill is \$1,903,080 These costs are funded by a component of the city Sanitation rate. The estimated costs of postclosure care are subject to changes corresponding to the effects of inflation, revision of laws and other variables.

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NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS

A. Contractual Commitments

As of December 31, 2018, the City had the following commitments with respect to capital projects:

Project:	Commitment Amount
Phase II Environmental Assessment Town Square	\$ 28,715
Design Services Shawnee Park playground	8,630
Painting W. Second & Patton St Water Towers	716,812
2018 Street Program	24,500
Sewer Pipeline Rehab	37,252
Landfill Gas Probe Installation/Replacement	19,366
OVCH Downstream Sewer System Design	19,840
Second St. Fiber Project	172,915
Xenia Fire Station Feasibility Study	12,500
Street Crack Sealing	24,664
MARCS Radio System Upgrade	32,800

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to ensure effective budgetary control and accountability, as well as to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At December 31, 2018 the City reported \$203,492 and \$1,511,796 of encumbrances in the General and Capital Improvement Funds, respectively. The Capital Improvement Fund had an encumbrance of \$1,351,201 for the Downtown Safety Project, which accounted for the majority of the City's encumbrances. The remaining governmental funds reported a total of \$860,797 in outstanding encumbrances at that date. A large portion of these funds were encumbered for the replacement of a medic unit, with an encumbrance of \$239,835.

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NOTE 15 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Xenia Township - City of Xenia JEDD-1 Joint Economic Development District

In 2010, an Economic Development District was created when the City of Xenia and Xenia Township entered into an agreement to create the JEDD, its purpose being to facilitate economic development to create or preserve jobs and employment opportunities and to improve the economic welfare of the District. The district is comprised of two parcels owned by the Xenia Community School District. The Board is comprised of five members: one member being appointed by the City, one member appointed by the Township, one member appointed by the school district, one member representing those who work in the district, and one member appointed by the other four members.

The board was granted the authority to adopt a resolution to levy an income tax with the district in accordance with ORC 715.74. The City entered into an agreement with the board to collect the income tax. The City distributes semi-annually income tax revenue generated from the payroll of Xenia Community schools or contractual services for construction or repair of buildings. Income tax revenues

distributed to the JEDD Board, the Township, and the City are to be used to encourage and support the operations of the District, the Township, or the City, including, but not limited to, general governmental services, maintaining and improving infrastructure facilities, providing safety and health services, providing urban and economic development planning, engineering, counseling, consulting, marketing and financing services, and generally improving the environment for those working and residing in the District, the Township, or the City. Financial information can be obtained from JEDD-1 Treasurer Ryan K Duke, 107 E. Main Street, Xenia, Ohio 45385.

Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission

The Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission (the Commission) is a jointly governed organization between Preble, Clark, Clinton, Darke, Greene, Miami, and Montgomery counties, and various cities residing within these counties. The Commission prepares plans, including studies, maps, recommendations, and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economic, and governmental characteristics, functions, and services of the region. These reports show recommendations for systems of transportation, highways, parks and recreational facilities, water supply, sewage disposal, garbage disposal, civic centers, and other public improvements and land uses that affect the development of the region.

The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. Members of the Board are as follows: the officers of the Commission (elected by member representatives), the immediate past Chair of the Commission, the Commission member representing the City of Dayton, the Commission member representing each of the respective member counties, the representatives selected by each county caucus, a nongovernmental member, and two at-large representatives. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Commission including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Payments to the Commission are made from the General Fund. The City contributed \$11,831 for the operation of the Commission during 2018. Financial information may be obtained by writing to Brian O. Martin, Executive Director, 10 N Ludlow Street, Suite 700, Dayton, Ohio 45402.

NOTE 15 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

Greene County Agencies for Combined Enforcement (ACE Task Force)

The Greene County Agencies for Combined Enforcement (ACE Task Force) is a jointly governed organization comprised of the Greene County Sheriff's Office; the Beavercreek, Fairborn, Xenia, Yellow Springs and Sugarcreek Township Police Departments; and Greene County Prosecutor's Office. The ACE Task Force is a multi-jurisdictional, multi-disciplinary partnership to share information and resources in order to target the flow of illegal drugs and organized criminal activity into Ohio communities, ensuring the safety and security of Ohio's citizens. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Commission including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each member's degree of control is limited to representation on the Board. Payments to the Task Force are made from the Law Enforcement Fund. The City contributed \$15,000 during 2018. Financial information can be obtained from Greene County Agencies for Combined Enforcement (ACE Task Force), Commander Scott J. Anger, 120 E. Main Street, Xenia, Ohio 45385.

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Xenia is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters for which the City of Xenia participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio "PEP" (See Note 18) that provides property and liability coverage to public entitiles in the state of Ohio. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage in any category of risk over the prior year. The amount of any settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage over the past three years.

The City is also exposed to a risk of loss related to employee health care costs. The City is self-insured for employee health care benefits. The program is administered by United Health Care, Inc., which provides claims review, processing services and maintains its own provider network. The self-insurance program is accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund, which is an internal service fund. The City has recorded a liability for incurred by unreported claims at year end based on a Claim Lag Study Report by United Health Care, Inc. The City has purchased stop-loss insurance coverage with a specific deductible of \$100,000 per insured individual, with a plan aggregate limit of \$1,000,000, to limit the City's liability. The liability for unpaid health care claims after December 31, 2018 was \$197,655.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

The City is defendant in various court actions, but it is either covered by insurance or the amount involved is not material in relation to the financial statements.

The City participates in several federally assisted programs (principally Community Development Block Grants and Urban Development Action Grants) which are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The grantor agencies, at their option, may perform economy and efficiency audits, program results audits or conduct monitoring visits. Such audits and visits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. Management believes such reimbursements, if any, would not be material.

NOTE 18 – PUBLIC ENTITES POOL OF OHIO

The City belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Insurance Services Group, Inc. (York) functions as the administrator of PEP and provides underwriting, claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for PEP. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

APEEP provides PEP with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, PEP retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2017 (most recent information available), PEP retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$100,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other auditor's) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and net position at December 31, 2017 (most recent information available).

	<u>2017</u>
Assets	\$44,452,326
Liabilities	<u>(13,004,011)</u>
Net Position	\$31,448,315

At December 31, 2017 the liabilities above include approximately \$11.8 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$11.2 million of unpaid claims to be billed. The Pool's membership increased to 527 members in 2017 (most recent information available). These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2018, the Government's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$132,176.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership. The City made a premium payment of \$205,756 to PEP during 2018.

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining PEP, if the member notifies PEP in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to PEP. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

NOTE 18 – PUBLIC ENTITES POOL OF OHIO (Continued)

Changes in claims activity for employee health care benefits for 2018 is as follows:

Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claim Payments	Balance End of Year
\$ 180,377	\$ 1,299,614	\$ 1,282,336	\$ 197,655

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On Tuesday May 7, 2019 the City's electorate approved the renewal of a 3.5 mill operating levy which generated approximately \$450,000 annually. The renewal for a five year period will aid in the continued provision of core City services funded by property tax revenues.

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NOTE 20 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For fiscal year 2018, the City of Xenia implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 and Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions.

GASB 85 addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB)). These changes were incorporated into the City's 2018 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB 75 established standards for measuring and recognizing Postemployment benefit liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. The implementation of this pronouncement had the following effect on net position as reported January 1, 2018:

	Governmental Activities	Business -Type Activities
Net position January 1, 2018	\$ 27,462,337	\$ 33,655,965
Adjustments:		
Net OPEB Liability	(17,648,484)	(2,537,046)
Deferred Outflow - Payments Subsequent to Measurement Date	76,888	32,864
Restated Net Position January 1, 2018	\$ 9,890,741	\$ 31,151,783

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Sanitation Fund	Storm Sewer Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise	Internal Service Funds
Net position January 1, 2018	\$ 12,404,681	\$ 11,675,347	\$ 771,892	\$ 6,804,947	\$ 1,761,215	\$ 33,418,082	\$ 469,852
Adjustments:							
Net OPEB Liability	(1,059,934)	(1,180,849)	(188,870)	(82,046)	(25,347)	(2,537,046)	(87,734)
Deferred Outflow - Payments							
Subsequent to Measurement Date	13,606	15,244	2,559	1,112	343	32,864	1,189
Restated Net Position January 1, 2018	\$ 11,358,353	\$ 10,509,742	\$ 585,581	\$ 6,724,013	\$ 1,736,211	\$ 30,913,900	\$ 383,307

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the City made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

<u>**R**</u>equired <u>Supplementary</u> <u>Information</u>

Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Five Years

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.054554%	0.054554%	0.055075%	0.055917%	0.054282%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,431,206	\$ 6,579,822	\$ 9,539,641	\$ 12,697,822	\$ 8,515,850
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,880,346	\$ 6,687,167	\$ 6,854,608	\$ 7,379,908	\$ 7,304,444
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	93.47%	98.39%	139.17%	172.06%	116.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.36%	86.45%	81.08%	77.25%	84.66%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.3134450%	0.3134450%	0.307138%	0.305787%	0.301725%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 15,265,754	\$ 16,237,757	\$ 19,758,392	\$ 19,368,247	\$ 18,518,226
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,836,505	\$ 6,433,998	\$ 6,562,778	\$ 7,324,395	\$ 6,584,452
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	223.30%	252.37%	301.07%	264.43%	281.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.00%	72.20%	66.77%	68.36%	70.91%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

Information prior to 2014 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Schedule of City's Pension Contributions Last Six Years

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 894,445	\$ 802,460	\$ 822,553	\$ 885,589	\$ 876,533	\$ 1,075,473
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	894,445	802,460	822,553	885,589	876,533	1,075,473
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,880,346	\$ 6,687,167	\$ 6,854,608	\$ 7,379,908	\$ 7,304,442	\$ 7,681,950
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	14.00%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,167,675	\$ 1,309,962	\$ 1,318,462	\$ 1,391,635	\$ 1,395,238	\$ 1,470,868
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,167,675	1,309,962	1,318,462	1,391,635	1,395,238	1,470,868
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,836,505	\$ 6,433,998	\$ 6,562,778	\$ 7,324,395	\$ 6,584,452	\$ 6,932,895
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.08%	20.36%	20.09%	19.00%	21.19%	21.22%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015. Information prior to 2013 is not available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Last Two Years

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System		
Year	2017	2018
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.056142%	0.054242%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 5,670,506	\$ 5,890,273
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,379,908	\$ 7,304,444
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	76.84%	80.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	54.04%	54.14%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire OPEB Fund

Year	2017	2018
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.3057871%	0.3017250%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 14,515,024	\$ 17,095,317
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,324,395	\$ 6,584,452
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	198.17%	259.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	15.96%	14.13%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire OPEB Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

Information prior to 2017 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net OPEB Liability.

See accompany notes to the required supplementary information.

Schedule of City's OPEB Contributions	
Last Three Years	

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Year	 2016	2017	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 147,598	\$ 73,044	\$ 0
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 147,598	\$ 73,044	\$ 0
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,379,908	\$ 7,304,444	\$ 7,681,949
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.00%	1.00%	0.00%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Year	2016	2017	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 36,622	\$ 32,922	\$ 34,664
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 36,622	\$ 32,922	\$ 34,664
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,324,395	\$ 6,584,452	\$ 6,932,895
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018. Information prior to 2016 is not available

See accompany note to the required supplementary information.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 1 – Pension Liability

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2018. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2017. In 2018 the most significant changes in assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date were the following:

Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 8.25% to 8.00% Decrease salary increases from 3.75% to 3.25% Change in payroll growth from 3.75% to 3.25% Reduce DROP interest rate from 4.5% to 4.0% Reduce CPI-based COLA from 2.6% to 2.2% Inflation component reduced from 3.25% to 2.75%

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2018. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016. In 2017 the most significant changes in assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date were the following:

Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 8.00% to 7.50% Decrease in wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% Change in future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.02% to 3.25%-10.75%

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2018.

Note 2 – OPEB Liability

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions

For 2018, there were no changes in benefit terms. Changes in assumptions for 2018 included the single discount rate being changed from 3.79% to 3.24%.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions

For 2018, there were no changes in benefit terms. Changes in assumptions for 2018 included the single discount rate being changed from 4.23% to 3.85%.

Combining and **I**ndividual **F**und

<u>Statements and Schedules</u>

THE FOLLOWING COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES INCLUDE THE MAJOR AND NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS, INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS, AND FIDUCIARY FUNDS.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment Fund

To account for fine monies collected under DUI and driving under license suspension offenses cited under state law. The purpose of the fund is to provide funding for an indigent driver treatment program.

Law Enforcement and Education Fund

To account for fine monies collected under DUI offenses cited under state law. The purpose of the fund is to fund costs incurred while enforcing DUI laws and educate the public concerning DUI.

Probation Services Fund

To account for grant dollars received and fines and fees collected for probation service functions. Uses are restricted for community based corrections programs.

State Route Repair Fund

To account for the portion of gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees required by state law to be used for maintenance of state highways within the City.

City Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund

To account for specific local street repairs approved by the City and funded by the permissive municipal motor vehicle license tax.

County Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund

To account for specific major street repairs approved by Greene County, Ohio and funded by the permissive County motor vehicle license tax.

Special Miscellaneous Improvements Fund

To account for revenues from lease of the Xenia Towne Square. Uses are restricted by local ordinance for permanent improvements.

Tax Increment Equivalent Fund

To account for state payments in lieu of property taxes in the Urban Renewal Zone (Xenia Towne Square). Uses are restricted by state law and local ordinance for improvements other than those directly benefiting the Urban Renewal zone.

Special Revenue Funds

911 Fund

To account for 911 surcharges related to wireless communications. Uses are restricted by state law to design, upgrade, purchase, lease, program, install, test, or maintain various aspects of the communication center.

Law Enforcement Fund

To account for the proceeds from sales of contraband seized during arrests on felony charges. To be used for law enforcement functions.

Drug Law Enforcement Fund

To account for proceeds of drug offenses, fines, and bond forfeitures. To be used for law enforcement functions.

Municipal Court Victim Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the special fee assessed and collected by the Court to provide funding for the Victim Advocate Program for Xenia Municipal Court.

Debt Service Fund

General Obligation Bond Payment Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources.

2015 General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest for the 2015 City Administration Building construction and the Justice Center remodel. This fund was established during 2015.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources restricted for use for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Municipal Court Capital Improvements Fund

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment associated with the Municipal Court. This fund was established during 1991.

Issue II Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures related to Issue II money, which is used for infrastructure projects funded and approved by the State of Ohio Public Works Commission. This fund was established during 1989.

Police/Fire Capital Improvement Fund

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment associated with the Public Safety. This fund was established during 2015.

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CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	_	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:	<i></i>	535 073	<i>•</i>	22 000	¢	222.250	¢	001 441
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	535,273	\$	32,898	\$	333,270	\$	901,441
Investments Receivables:		1,173,809		72,149		730,826		1,976,784
Taxes, including interest, penalties and liens		0		68,528		0		68,528
Intergovernmental		604,837		4,818		0		609,655
Accounts		21,961		0		0		21,961
Accrued interest		2,624		208		2,452		5,284
Grants		74,576		0		_,		74,576
Prepaid items		52,620		0		0		52,620
Total Assets	\$	2,465,700	\$	178,601	\$	1,066,548	\$	3,710,849
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	3,342	\$	0	\$	38,785	\$	42,127
Accrued payroll		59,833		0		970		60,803
Total Liabilities	_	63,175		0		39,755		102,930
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Fiscal Year		0		66,364		0		66,364
Delinquent Property Tax Revenue Unavailable		0		2,164		0		2,164
Unavailable Revenue - Other		575,323		4,915		1,139		581,377
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	575,323		73,443		1,139		649,905
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Fund balance								
Prepaid items		52,620		0		0		52,620
Restricted Fund Balance		1,449,308		105,158		1,025,654		2,580,120
Committed Fund Balance		325,274		0		0		325,274
Total Fund Balances		1,827,202		105,158		1,025,654		2,958,014
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	2,465,700	\$	178,601	\$	1,066,548	\$	3,710,849

CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	1	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	 Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	 Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	 Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Other local taxes	\$	13,429	\$ 66,816	\$ 0	\$ 80,245
State shared taxes and permits Intergovernmental grants		256,986 275,687	9,636 0	0 504,680	266,622 780,367
Charges for services		8,516	0	504,080 0	8,516
Fines, costs, forfeitures, licenses and permits		291,573	0	85,039	376,612
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements,		2,1,0,0	Ũ	00,009	570,012
including interest		156,679	3,952	49,427	210,058
Total Revenue		1,002,870	 80,404	 639,146	 1,722,420
		, , ,	 	 	 , ,
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		831,591	0	114,627	946,218
Public safety		189,380	228	0	189,608
Highways and streets		127,969	226	0	128,195
Urban redevelopment & Housing		11,793 12,467	0 0	0	11,793 12,467
Economic Development & Assistance Capital outlay		12,467	0	783,120	974,934
Debt service:		191,014	0	785,120	974,934
Principal retirement		32,500	342,500	285,371	660,371
Interest & fiscal charges		2,503	247,798	14,001	264,302
Total Expenditures		1,400,017	 590,752	 1,197,119	 3,187,888
Total Experiences		1,100,017	 550,752	 1,177,117	 5,107,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(397,147)	(510,348)	(557,973)	(1,465,468)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		330,000	517,600	258,007	1,105,607
			 ,	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total other financing sources (uses)		330,000	 517,600	 258,007	 1,105,607
Net change in fund balances		(67,147)	7,252	(299,966)	(359,861)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		1,894,349	 97,906	 1,325,620	 3,317,875
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	1,827,202	\$ 105,158	\$ 1,025,654	\$ 2,958,014

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment		Law Enforcement and Education		Probation Service Fund		State Route Repair		City Motor Vehicle License Tax
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	49,761	\$	3,467	\$	14,974	\$	63,435	\$	28,353
Investments	φ	109,118	φ	7,600	φ	32,836	φ	139,110	φ	62,172
Receivables:		10,,110		,,000		52,000		109,110		02,172
Intergovernmental		0		0		0		41,008		91,792
Accounts		0		0		0		0		0
Accrued interest		351		24		116		390		400
Grants		0		0		37,710		0		0
Prepaid items		31,500	_	0		0		0		0
Total Assets	\$	190,730	\$	11,091	\$	85,636	\$	243,943	\$	182,717
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	1,740	\$	0	\$	821	\$	705	\$	0
Accrued payroll		0	_	0		38,928		2,627		0
Total Liabilities		1,740	_	0		39,749		3,332		0
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable Revenue - Other		163		11	_	15,860		25,194		61,435
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		163		11		15,860		25,194		61,435
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable Fund Balance										
Prepaid items		31,500		0		0		0		0
Restricted Fund Balance		157,327		11,080		30,027		215,417		121,282
Committed Fund Balance		0	_	0		0		0		0
Total Fund Balances		188,827	_	11,080		30,027		215,417	·	121,282
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	190,730	\$	11,091	\$	85,636	\$	243,943	\$	182,717

 County Motor Vehicle License Tax		Special Miscellaneous Improvements		Tax Increment Equivalent	 911 Fund	 Law Enforcement	 Drug Law Enforcement	 Municipal Court Victim	 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 8,540 18,728	\$	101,986 223,654	\$	9,475 20,779	\$ 167,556 367,439	\$ 72,591 159,192	\$ 12,060 26,442	\$ 3,075 6,739	\$ 535,273 1,173,809
472,037 0 56 0		0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	0 21,961 647 0	0 0 543 0	0 0 80 0	0 0 17 36,866	604,837 21,961 2,624 74,576
\$ 0 499,361	\$	0 325,640	\$	0 30,254	\$ 4,087 561,690	\$ 15,000 247,326	\$ 0 38,582	\$ 2,033 48,730	\$ 52,620 2,465,700
\$ 0 0 0	\$	36 330 366	\$	0 0 0	\$ 0 6,268 6,268	\$ 0 0 0	\$ 0 0 0	\$ 40 11,680 11,720	\$ 3,342 59,833 63,175
472,063	_	0	· _	0	 <u> </u>	 252 252	 <u>37</u> 37	 8	 575,323 575,323
0 27,298 0		0 0 325,274		0 30,254 0	 4,087 551,035 0	 15,000 232,074 0	 0 38,545 0	 2,033 34,969 0	 52,620 1,449,308 <u>325,274</u>
\$ 27,298 499,361	\$	325,274 325,640	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 555,122 561,690	\$ 247,074 247,326	\$ <u>38,545</u> 38,582	\$ 37,002 48,730	\$ 1,827,202 2,465,700

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment	Law Enforcement and Education	Probation Service Fund	State Route Repair	City Motor Vehicle License Tax
Revenues:					
Other local taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
State shared taxes and permits	0	0	0	79,795	177,191
Intergovernmental grants	0	0	92,548	0	0
Charges for services	0	0	8,516	0	0
Fines, costs, forfeitures, licenses and permits	39,692	790	67,584	0	0
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements,					
including interest	2,084	129	6,395	2,102	1,738
Total Revenue	41,776	919	175,043	81,897	178,929
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	67,348	0	474,568	0	0
Public safety	0	2,329	0	0	0
Highways and streets	0	0	0	57,573	46,529
Urban redevelopment & Housing	0	0	0	0	0
Economic Development & Assistance	0	0	0	0	0
Capital outlay	0	0	0	0	150,000
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	0	0	0	0	32,500
Interest & fiscal charges	0	0	0	0	2,503
Total Expenditures	67,348	2,329	474,568	57,573	231,532
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(25,572)	(1,410)	(299,525)	24,324	(52,603)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	0	0	260,000	0	0
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	260,000	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(25,572)	(1,410)	(39,525)	24,324	(52,603)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	214,399	12,490	69,552	191,093	173,885
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 188,827	\$ 11,080	\$ 30,027	\$ 215,417	\$ 121,282

	ounty Motor Vehicle icense Tax	 Special Miscellaneous Improvements	ncrement aivalent	 911 Fund	 Law Enforcement	 Drug Law Enforcement	 Municipal Court Victim	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
5	0	\$ 0	\$ 13,429	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 13,429
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	256,986
	0	0	0	0	0	0	183,139	275,687
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,516
	0	0	0	152,990	0	1,830	28,687	291,573
	257	 70,663	 0	 36,088	 32,818	 395	 4,010	 156,679
	257	 70,663	 13,429	 189,078	 32,818	 2,225	 215,836	 1,002,870
	0	0	734	0	0	0	288,941	831,591
	0	0	0	135,693	48,874	2,484	200,941	189,380
	0	23,867	0	0	40,074	2,404	0	127,969
	0	11,793	0	ů 0	0	ů 0	0	11,793
	0	0	12,467	0	0	0	0	12,467
	0	0	0	4,692	37,122	0	0	191,814
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32,500
	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 2,503
	0	 35,660	 13,201	 140,385	 85,996	 2,484	 288,941	 1,400,017
	257	35,003	228	48,693	(53,178)	(259)	(73,105)	(397,147)
	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 70,000	 330,000
	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 70,000	 330,000
	257	35,003	228	48,693	(53,178)	(259)	(3,105)	(67,147)
	27,041	 290,271	 30,026	 506,429	 300,252	 38,804	 40,107	 1,894,349
5	27,298	\$ 325,274	\$ 30,254	\$ 555,122	\$ 247,074	\$ 38,545	\$ 37,002	\$ 1,827,202

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Obli	General gation Bond Payment	Obl)15 General ligation Bond Retirement	Tota	l Debt Service Funds
Assets:	¢	20.026	¢	1.060	¢	22 000
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	30,936	\$	1,962	\$	32,898
Receivables:		67,844		4,305		72,149
Taxes, including interest, penalties and liens		68,528		0		68,528
Intergovernmental		4,818		0		4,818
Accrued interest		198		10		208
Total Assets	\$	172,324	\$	6,277	\$	178,601
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Fiscal Year		66,364		0		66,364
Delinquent Property Tax Revenue Unavailable		2,164		0		2,164
Unavailable Revenue - Other		4,910		5		4,915
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		73,438		5		73,443
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Fund balance						
Restricted Fund Balance		98,886		6,272		105,158
Total Fund Balances		98,886		6,272		105,158
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	172,324	\$	6,277	\$	178,601

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	General Obligation Bond Payment	2015 General Obligation Bond Retirement	Total Debt Service Funds
Revenues:			
Other local taxes	\$ 66,816	\$ 0	\$ 66,816
State shared taxes and permits	9,636	0	9,636
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements, including interest	843	3,109	3,952
Total Revenue	77,295	3,109	80,404
Expenditures:			
Current: Public safety	228	0	228
Highways and streets	226	0	226
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	67,500	275,000	342,500
Interest & fiscal charges	5,198	242,600	247,798
Total Expenditures	73,152	517,600	590,752
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	4,143	(514,491)	(510,348)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	0	517,600	517,600
	0	517,600	517,600
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	517,000	517,000
Net change in fund balances	4,143	3,109	7,252
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	94,743	3,163	97,906
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 98,886	\$ 6,272	\$ 105,158

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Municipal Court Capital Improvements		Issue II		Police/Fire Capital		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables: Accrued interest	\$ 115,006 252,191 775	\$	284 623 0	\$	217,980 478,012 1,677	\$	333,270 730,826 2,452
Total Assets	\$ 367,972	\$	907	\$	697,669	\$	1,066,548
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$ 0 970	\$	0	\$	38,785 0	\$	970
Total Liabilities	 970	_	0		38,785	_	39,755
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue - Other	 360	_	0	_	779	_	1,139
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 360	_	0	_	779	_	1,139
Fund Balances: Restricted Fund Balance	 366,642		907		658,105		1,025,654
Total Fund Balances	 366,642		907		658,105		1,025,654
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 367,972	\$	907	\$	697,669	\$	1,066,548

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Municipal Court Capital Improvements		Issue II	Police/Fire Capital		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Revenues:	¢		¢	504 (00)	¢ 0	•	504 (00
Intergovernmental grants Fines, costs, forfeitures, licenses and permits Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements,	\$	0 85,039	\$	504,680 0	\$ 0 0	\$	504,680 85,039
including interest		4,273		0	45,154		49,427
Total Revenue		89,312		504,680	45,154		639,146
Expenditures:							
Current: General government		114,622		5	0		114,627
Capital outlay		970		504,680	277,470		783,120
Debt service:				,	,		
Principal retirement		0		0	285,371		285,371
Interest & fiscal charges		0		0	14,001		14,001
Total Expenditures		115,592		504,685	576,842		1,197,119
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(26,280)		(5)	(531,688)		(557,973)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		0		0	258,007		258,007
Total other financing sources (uses)		0		0	258,007	_	258,007
Net change in fund balances		(26,280)		(5)	(273,681)		(299,966)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		392,922		912	931,786		1,325,620
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	366,642	\$	907	\$ 658,105	\$	1,025,654



GENERAL FUND									
	0	Driginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:									
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	6,025,490	\$	6,025,490	\$	5,593,321	\$	(432,169)	
Other Local Taxes		1,190,000		1,190,000		1,219,181		29,181	
State Shared Taxes and Permits		997,228		997,228		948,786		(48,442)	
Intergovernmental Grants		100,000		100,000		0		(100,000)	
Charges for Services		101,718		101,718		111,539		9,821	
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		1,020,700		1,020,700		1,027,828		7,128	
Including Interest		348,860		348,860		321,980		(26,880)	
Total Revenues		9,783,996		9,783,996		9,222,635		(561,361)	
Expenditures: General Government: City Council and General Government:									
Personnel Services		36,348		36,636		36,633		3	
General Operating Expenses		14,135		14,105		13,800		305	
Contractual Services		140,870		141,150		120,060		21,090	
Materials and Supplies		5,664		5,414		4,404		1,010	
Contributions		94,894		94,894		87,205		7,689	
Total City Council and General Government		291,911		292,199		262,102		30,097	
Municipal Court:									
Personnel Services		1,046,818		1,023,900		954,390		69,510	
General Operating Expenses		22,260		28,350		27,941		409	
Contractual Services		245,450		239,895		231,937		7,958	
Materials and Supplies		18,784		18,249		11,928		6,321	
Contributions		31,000		38,000		33,512		4,488	
Total Municipal Court		1,364,312		1,348,394		1,259,708		88,686	
City Law Department:									
Personnel Services		178,255		178,255		164,133		14,122	
General Operating Expenses		6,950		6,850		2,469		4,381	
Contractual Services		52,446		56,736		46,152		10,584	
Materials and Supplies		26,115		24,425		17,110		7,315	
Total City Law Department		263,766		266,266		229,864		36,402	

	GENERAL FU	JND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
City Manager's Office:				
Personnel Services	137,639	139,646	139,120	526
General Operating Expenses	6,915	8,405	6,961	1,444
Contractual Services	24,682	23,192	19,402	3,790
Materials and Supplies	2,662	2,662	1,020	1,642
Total City Manager's Office	171,898	173,905	166,503	7,402
Personnel Office:				
Personnel Services	25,302	28,722	27,357	1,365
General Operating Expenses	2,600	2,600	1,639	961
Contractual Services	49,629	64,689	28,825	35,864
Materials and Supplies	5,452	5,392	3,957	1,435
Total Personnel Office	82,983	101,403	61,778	39,625
Finance Office:				
Personnel Services	97,057	96,637	93,931	2,706
General Operating Expenses	2,565	2,299	730	1,569
Contractual Services	74,316	89,582	61,777	27,805
Materials and Supplies	4,370	4,370	2,829	1,541
Total Finance Office	178,308	192,888	159,267	33,621
Income Tax:				
Personnel Services	359,016	359,016	349,409	9,607
General Operating Expenses	7,070	7,070	2,033	5,037
Contractual Services	93,407	91,708	55,643	36,065
Materials and Supplies	6,894	8,593	4,514	4,079
Total Income Tax	466,387	466,387	411,599	54,788
Municipal Building and General Services:				
Personnel Services	26,855	26,855	16,354	10,501
Contractual Services	203,546	205,792	176,038	29,754
Materials and Supplies	52,538	50,292	27,660	22,632
Total Municipal Building and General Services	282,939	282,939	220,052	62,887

	GENERAL FU	IND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Data Processing:				
Personnel Services	80,173	93,944	93,817	127
Total Data Processing	80,173	93,944	93,817	127
Clerk of City Council:				
Personnel Services	33,315	33,315	29,151	4,164
General Operating Expenses	485	485	169	316
Contractual Services	34,595	36,123	26,307	9,816
Materials and Supplies	2,487	2,459	1,920	539
Total Clerk of City Council	70,882	72,382	57,547	14,835
Public Affairs & CATV:				
General Operating Expenses	5,000	5,000	3,238	1,762
Contractual Services	71,305	71,549	53,490	18,059
Materials and Supplies	28,321	28,077	15,794	12,283
Total Public Affairs & CATV	104,626	104,626	72,522	32,104
Property Maintenance:				
Personnel Services	42,397	42,397	40,777	1,620
General Operating Expenses	420	420	260	160
Contractual Services	71,693	72,225	49,050	23,175
Materials and Supplies	1,760	1,228	306	922
Total Property Maintenance	116,270	116,270	90,393	25,877
Cemetery:				
Contractual Services	15,000	15,000	15,000	0
Total Cemetery	15,000	15,000	15,000	0

	GENERAL FU	ND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Planning:				
Personnel Services	119,475	119,475	112,723	6,752
General Operating Expenses	2,050	2,050	1,819	231
Contractual Services	54,924	62,682	57,866	4,816
Materials and Supplies	1,909	951	754	197
Total Planning	178,358	185,158	173,162	11,996
Total General Government	3,667,813	3,711,761	3,273,314	438,447
Civil Defense:				
Contractual Services	18,808	18,808	14,569	4,239
Materials and Supplies	8,500	8,500	6,187	2,313
Total Civil Defense	27,308	27,308	20,756	6,552
Engineering:				
Personnel Services	36,698	36,698	35,317	1,381
General Operating Expenses	2,000	2,000	1,828	172
Contractual Services	55,843	56,567	52,676	3,891
Materials and Supplies	4,532	3,808	1,767	2,041
Total Engineering	99,073	99,073	91,588	7,485
Construction Inspection:				
Personnel Services	24,246	25,098	24,935	163
General Operating Expenses	200	200	107	93
Contractual Services	7,675	9,875	7,593	2,282
Materials and Supplies	1,433	1,433	756	677
Total Construction Inspection	33,554	36,606	33,391	3,215
Total Public Safety	159,935	162,987	145,735	17,252
Economic Development & Assistance:				
Personnel Services	91,424	91,424	86,446	4,978
General Operating Expenses	8,110	8,910	8,522	388
Contractual Services	54,697	56,273	54,151	2,122
Materials and Supplies	2,210	1,334	375	959
Total Economic Development & Assistance	156,441	157,941	149,494	8,447

	GENERAL FU	IND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Highways and Streets: Street Lighting:				
Contractual Services	229,332	235,332	234,114	1,218
Total Highways and Streets	229,332	235,332	234,114	1,218
0)	-)	· · · ·
Urban Redevelopment and Housing: Personnel Services	74,454	74,454	70,851	3,603
General Operating Expenses	3,400	2,400	1,021	1,379
Contractual Services	10,348	11,406	10,193	1,213
Materials and Supplies	1,538	1,480	1,041	439
Total Urban Redevelopment & Housing	89,740	89,740	83,106	6,634
Xenia Station				
Contractual Services	12,542	13,832	9,944	3,888
Materials and Supplies	10,214	8,924	7,183	1,741
Total Xenia Station	22,756	22,756	17,127	5,629
General Park Maintenance:				
Personnel Services	132,507	132,507	117,436	15,071
General Operating Services	235	235	124	111
Contractual Services	61,213	83,280	71,044	12,236
Materials and Supplies	33,695	31,128	24,312	6,816
Total General Park Maintenance	227,650	247,150	212,916	34,234
Total Recreation	250,406	269,906	230,043	39,863
Total Expenditures	4,553,667	4,627,667	4,115,806	511,861
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	5,230,329	5,156,329	5,106,829	(49,500)

	GENERAL	FUND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(7,195,957)	(7,465,957)	(5,925,007)	1,540,950
Advances In	1,000,000	1,000,000	0	(1,000,000)
Advances Out	(1,000,000)	(1,136,992)	0	1,136,992
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,195,957)	(7,602,949)	(5,925,007)	1,677,942
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,965,628)	(2,446,620)	(818,178)	1,628,442
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,620,555	2,620,555	2,620,555	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	212,676	212,676	212,676	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 867,603	\$ 386,611	\$ 2,015,053	\$ 1,628,442

STA	ATE GAS	S AND VEHIC	CLE	LICENSE			
	Ori	ginal Budget		Final Budget	 Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
State Shared Taxes and Permits	\$	976,000	\$	976,000	\$ 977,966	\$	1,966
Charges for Services		4,000		4,000	0		(4,000)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		• • • • •			10.100		
Including Interest		3,900		3,900	 19,139		15,239
Total Revenues		983,900		983,900	 997,105		13,205
Expenditures:							
Highways and Streets - Current:							
Personnel Services		937,804		937,804	846,519		91,285
General Operating		850		850	0		850
Contractual Services		191,419		191,422	167,526		23,896
Materials and Supplies		258,780		258,777	 160,391	-	98,386
Total Expenditures		1,388,853		1,388,853	 1,174,436		214,417
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(404,953)		(404,953)	(177,331)		227,622
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		190,000		190,000	 75,000		(115,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		190,000		190,000	 75,000		(115,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(214,953)		(214,953)	(102,331)		112,622
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		203,503		203,503	203,503		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		80,113		80,113	 80,113		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	68,663	\$	68,663	\$ 181,285	\$	112,622

	POI	LICE AND FIR	E FU	JND			
	0	Priginal Budget		Final Budget	 Actual	. <u> </u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Municipal Income Taxes	¢	5,705,490	\$	5,705,490	\$ 5,765,498	\$	60,008
Other Local Taxes	\$	5,705,490 179,000	Э	5,705,490 179,000	\$ · · ·	Ф	,
State Shared Taxes and Permits		,		,	200,448		21,448
~		27,000		27,000	28,908		1,908
Intergovernmental Grants		265,692		265,692	229,605		(36,087)
Charges for Services		2,153,326		2,153,326	2,256,113		102,787
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits		12,000		12,000	7,036		(4,964)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		224 000		224,000	244 542		20 542
Including Interest		224,000			 244,543	·	20,543
Total Revenues		8,566,508		8,566,508	 8,732,151	·	165,643
Expenditures: Public Safety - Current: Police:							
Personnel Services		5,712,796		5,623,066	5,372,895		250,171
General Operating		47,840		47,840	34,600		13,240
Contractual Services		657,858		657,858	543,904		113,954
Materials and Supplies		213,688		213,688	167,604		46,084
Total Police		6,632,182		6,542,452	 6,119,003	·	423,449
Fire:							
Personnel Services		5,139,073		5,139,073	4,866,472		272,601
General Operating		40,199		50,699	42,910		7,789
Contractual Services		629,980		657,901	577,847		80,054
Materials and Supplies		256,830		260,739	228,288		32,451
Total Fire		6,066,082		6,108,412	 5,715,517	·	392,895
Communications:							
Personnel Services		1,561,661		1,651,391	1,651,385		6
General Operating		9,200		9,200	7,160		2,040
Contractual Services		182,079		182,079	119,750		62,329
Materials and Supplies		42,394		42,394	34,493		7,901
Total Communications		1,795,334		1,885,064	 1,812,788		72,276
Total Public Safety		14,493,598		14,535,928	13,647,308		888,620

	POLICE AND FIR	E FUND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Capital Outlay:				
Capital Improvements	94,812	97,339	94,839	2,500
Total Expenditures	14,588,410	14,633,267	13,742,147	891,120
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(6,021,902)	(6,066,759)	(5,009,996)	1,056,763
Transfers in	5,700,000	5,700,000	5,055,000	(645,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,700,000	5,700,000	5,055,000	(645,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(321,902)	(366,759)	45,004	411,763
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	643,129	643,129	643,129	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	203,928	203,928	203,928	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 525,155	\$ 480,298	\$ 892,061	\$ 411,763

CA	APITAL IMPROVEM	IENTS FUND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 1,449,897	\$ 1,449,897	\$ 1,441,374	\$ (8,523)
Other Local Taxes	68,290	68,290	49,028	(19,262)
Intergovernmental Grants	1,766,171	1,766,171	69,514	(1,696,657)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements				
Including Interest	1,302,542	1,302,542	280,014	(1,022,528)
Total Revenues	4,586,900	4,586,900	1,839,930	(2,746,970)
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay:				
Contractual Services	496,690	496,690	227,927	268,763
Materials and Supplies	114,958	124,113	66,542	57,571
Capital Improvements	3,207,488	3,644,480	2,739,798	904,682
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	288,293	288,294	288,293	1
Interest and Fiscal Charges	52,196	52,195	52,142	53
Total Expenditures	4,159,625	4,605,772	3,374,702	1,231,070
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	427,275	(18,872)	(1,534,772)	(1,515,900)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	0	0	190,000	190,000
Transfers Out	(333,852)	(333,852)	(333,852)	0
Advances In	157,500	157,500	0	(157,500)
Advances Out	(157,500)	(294,492)	0	294,492
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(333,852)	(470,844)	(143,852)	326,992
Net Change in Fund Balance	93,423	(489,716)	(1,678,624)	(1,188,908)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(826,664)	(826,664)	(826,664)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	1,820,053	1,820,053	1,820,053	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,086,812	\$ 503,673	\$ (685,235)	\$ (1,188,908)

	BOND CONSTRU	CTION		
Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements				
Including Interest	\$ 0	\$ 2,020	\$ 2,145	\$ 125
Total Revenues	0	2,020	2,145	125
Expenditures: Capital Outlay:				
Contractual Services	59,258	148,280	85,839	62,441
Materials and Supplies	0	25,600	21,898	3,702
Capital Improvements	93,317	93,317	82,611	10,706
Total Expenditures	152,575	267,197	190,348	76,849
Net Change in Fund Balance	(152,575)	(265,177)	(188,203)	76,974
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	54,516	54,516	54,516	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	151,408	151,408	151,408	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 53,349	\$ (59,253)	\$ 17,721	\$ 76,974

INDIG	ENT DRI	VER ALCOH	OL 1	FREATMENT				
-	Ori	ginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	\$	40.000	\$	40.000	\$	20.256	\$	(744)
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,	Э	40,000	Э	40,000	Э	39,256	Э	(744)
Including Interest		1,800		1,800		2,840		1,040
Total Revenues		41,800		41,800		42,096		296
		11,000		.1,000		,0>0		
Expenditures:								
Public Safety - Current:								
Contractual Services		41,995		41,995		18,574		23,421
Contributions		50,000		50,000		50,000		0
Total Expenditures		91,995		91,995		68,574		23,421
Net Change in Fund Balance		(50,195)		(50,195)		(26,478)		23,717
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		175,645		175,645		175,645		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		9,495		9,495		9,495		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	134,945	\$	134,945	\$	158,662	\$	23,717

LAW ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION										
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	¢	1 200	\$	1 200	\$	765	\$	(125)		
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,	\$	1,200	3	1,200	\$	/65	Э	(435)		
Including Interest		100		100		185		85		
Total Revenues		1,300		1,300		950		(350)		
Expenditures: Public Safety - Current:										
Contractual Services		5,355		5,355		1,777		3,578		
Materials and Supplies		4,100		4,100		789		3,311		
Total Expenditures	_	9,455		9,455		2,566	_	6,889		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(8,155)		(8,155)		(1,616)		6,539		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		10,348		10,348		10,348		0		
Prior Year Encumbrances		1,955		1,955		1,955		0		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,148	\$	4,148	\$	10,687	\$	6,539		

PROBATION SERVICES										
	Or	iginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental grants	\$	100,134	\$	100,134	\$	87,617	\$	(12,517)		
Charges for services		7,000		7,000		8,516		1,516		
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits		70,000		70,000		63,083		(6,917)		
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,										
Including Interest		1,200		1,200		6,506		5,306		
Total Revenues		178,334		178,334		165,722		(12,612)		
Expenditures:										
Public Safety - Current:										
Personnel Services		481,184		481,184		426,511		54,673		
General Operating		4,350		4,350		2,510		1,840		
Contractual Services		80,862		81,162		76,569		4,593		
Materials and Supplies		13,613		13,313		10,257		3,056		
Capital Improvements		500		500		0		500		
Total Expenditures		580,509		580,509		515,847		64,662		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		(402,175)		(402,175)		(350,125)		52,050		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in		335,000		335,000		260,000		(75,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		335,000		335,000		260,000		(75,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(67,175)		(67,175)		(90,125)		(22,950)		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		43,295		43,295		43,295		0		
Prior Year Encumbrances		29,949		29,949		29,949		0		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	6,069	\$	6,069	\$	(16,881)	\$	(22,950)		

STATE ROUTE REPAIR											
P	Origina	l Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	¢	79.000	¢	70.000	¢	70.204	¢	1 20 4			
State shared taxes and permits Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,	\$	78,000	\$	78,000	\$	79,294	\$	1,294			
Including Interest		750		750		3,321		2,571			
Total Revenues		78,750		78,750		82,615	_	3,865			
Expenditures: Highways and Streets - Current:											
Personnel		37,661		37,661		35,066		2,595			
Contractual Services		30,248		30,253		13,301		16,952			
Materials and Supplies		88,663		88,658		38,800		49,858			
Total Expenditures		156,572		156,572		87,167		69,405			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(77,822)		(77,822)		(4,552)		73,270			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		142,277		142,277		142,277		0			
Prior Year Encumbrances		38,707		38,707		38,707		0			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	103,162	\$	103,162	\$	176,432	\$	73,270			

CIT	Ү МОТО	R VEHICLE	LIC	ENSE TAX				
	Orig	inal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	¢	155.000	¢	175.000	¢	150 510	<i>•</i>	2 510
State shared taxes and permits	\$	175,000	\$	175,000	\$	178,719	\$	3,719
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements, Including Interest		1,000		1,000		1,627		627
6	·	/				/		
Total Revenues		176,000		176,000		180,346		4,346
Expenditures:								
Highways and Streets - Current:								
Contractual Services		56,894		56,894		56,894		0
Capital Improvements		150,000		150,000		150,000		0
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		32,500		32,500		32,500		0
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,504		2,504		2,503		1
Total Expenditures		241,898		241,898		241,897		1
Net Change in Fund Balance		(65,898)		(65,898)		(61,551)		4,347
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		95,023		95,023		95,023		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		56,894		56,894		56,894		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	86,019	\$	86,019	\$	90,366	\$	4,347

COUNTY MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE TAX											
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)							
Revenues:	¢ 157.500	¢ 157.500	¢ 0	¢ (157.500)							
State shared taxes and permits	\$ 157,500	\$ 157,500	\$ 0	\$ (157,500)							
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements, Including Interest	100	100	409	309							
Total Revenues	157,600		409								
Total Revenues	137,000	157,600	409	(157,191)							
Expenditures: Highways and Streets - Current:											
Capital Improvements	157,500	157,500	37	157,463							
Total Expenditures	157,500	157,500	37	157,463							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over (Under) Expenditures	100	100	372	272							
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers out	(157,500)	(157,500)	0	157,500							
Advances In	157,500	157,500	0	(157,500)							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0							
Net Change in Fund Balance	100	100	372	272							
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	27,195	27,195	27,195	0							
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 27,295	\$ 27,295	\$ 27,567	\$ 272							

SPECIA	AL MISCELLANEOU	S IMPROVEMENTS		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,				
Including Interest	\$ 74,738	\$ 74,738	\$ 72,726	\$ (2,012)
Total Revenues	74,738	74,738	72,726	(2,012)
Expenditures:				
General Government - Current:	25.05	25.054	15 400	15.54
Personnel Services	35,054	,	17,490	17,564
Contractual Services	26,932	,	33,677	19,957
Materials and Supplies	20,138	20,136	11,230	8,906
Total Expenditures	82,124	108,824	62,397	46,427
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,386) (34,086)	10,329	44,415
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	291,926	291,926	291,926	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	7,643	7,643	7,643	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 292,183	\$ 265,483	\$ 309,898	\$ 44,415

	TAX INC	REMENT EQ	UIVAL	.ENT		
	Ori	ginal Budget	I	Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Other local taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 13,583	\$ 13,583
Total Revenues		0		0	 13,583	 13,583
Expenditures: General Government - Current:						
Contractual Services		19,001		19,737	16,957	2,780
Materials and Supplies		355		355	0	355
Total Expenditures		19,356		20,092	 16,957	 3,135
Net Change in Fund Balance		(19,356)		(20,092)	(3,374)	16,718
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		21,875		21,875	21,875	0
Prior Year Encumbrances		11,633		11,633	11,633	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	14,152	\$	13,416	\$ 30,134	\$ 16,718

911 FUND									
	Orig	ginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	151,055	\$	1,055	
Including Interest		31,000		31,000		39,103		8,103	
Total Revenues		181,000		181,000		190,158	_	9,158	
Expenditures: Public Safety - Current:									
Personnel Services		98,748		98,748		95,935		2,813	
General Operating		3,000		6,000		4,322		1,678	
Contractual Services		33,204		33,616		32,902		714	
Materials and Supplies		20,159		16,747		14,606		2,141	
Capital Improvements		254,692		254,692		4,692		250,000	
Total Expenditures		409,803		409,803		152,457		257,346	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(228,803)		(228,803)		37,701		266,504	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		491,417		491,417		491,417		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances		4,851		4,851		4,851		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	267,465	\$	267,465	\$	533,969	\$	266,504	

LAW ENFORCEMENT									
Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,									
Including Interest	\$ 28,000	\$ 28,000	\$ 33,902	\$ 5,902					
Total Revenues	28,000	28,000	33,902	5,902					
Expenditures: Public Safety - Current:									
Contractual Services	41,466	41,466	31,615	9,851					
Materials and Supplies	34,592	34,592	25,064	9,528					
Capital Improvements	67,646	67,646	50,259	17,387					
Total Expenditures	143,704	143,704	106,938	36,766					
Net Change in Fund Balance	(115,704)	(115,704)	(73,036)	42,668					
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	237,724	237,724	237,724	0					
Prior Year Encumbrances	61,204	61,204	61,204	0					
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 183,224	\$ 183,224	\$ 225,892	\$ 42,668					

DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT									
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:									
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,	\$	1,250	\$	1,250	\$	1,830	\$	580	
Including Interest		200		200		605		405	
Total Revenues	_	1,450	_	1,450		2,435	_	985	
Expenditures: Public Safety - Current:									
Contractual Services		10,000		10,000		0		10,000	
Materials and Supplies		5,000		5,000		2,539		2,461	
Total Expenditures	_	15,000	_	15,000		2,539	_	12,461	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(13,550)		(13,550)		(104)		13,446	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		39,026		39,026		39,026		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	25,476	\$	25,476	\$	38,922	\$	13,446	

	MUNIC	CIPAL COUR	г ую	CTIM			
	Or	iginal Budget		Final Budget	Actual		 Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental grants	\$	184,097	\$	187,097	\$	187,815	\$ 718
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits		30,000		30,000		29,064	(936)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		(00		(00		4.076	2.476
Including Interest		600		600		4,076	 3,476
Total Revenues		214,697		217,697		220,955	 3,258
Expenditures:							
General Government - Current:		295 245		295 245		265.005	10.200
Personnel Services		285,345		285,345		265,985	19,360
General Operating Contractual Services		8,470		7,299		3,643	3,656
Materials and Supplies		9,918 8,374		17,661 12,547		13,182 11,297	4,479 1,250
11		312,107		322,852		294,107	
Total Expenditures		312,107		322,832		294,107	 28,745
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(97,410)		(105,155)		(73,152)	32,003
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		100,000		100,000		70,000	 (30,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		100,000		100,000		70,000	 (30,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,590		(5,155)		(3,152)	2,003
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		3,545		3,545		3,545	0
Prior Year Encumbrances		4,177		4,177		4,177	 0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	10,312	\$	2,567	\$	4,570	\$ 2,003

GEN	NERAL OB	LIGATION B	OND P	AYMENT				
	Ori	ginal Budget	I	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	¢	59,000	¢	59,000	¢	((01(¢	0.017
Other local taxes	\$	58,000	\$	58,000	\$	66,816	\$	8,816
State shared taxes and permits		14,859		14,859		9,636		(5,223)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements, Including Interest		500		500		1,282		782
Total Revenues		73,359		73,359		77,734		4,375
Total Revenues		73,339		15,559		//,/34		4,373
Expenditures: Public Safety:								
Police and Fire Pension								
Contractual Services		0		230		228		2
Total Public Safety		0		230		228		2
Highways and Streets:								
Streets								
Contractual Services		0		230		226		4
Total Highways and Streets		0		230		226		4
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		67,500		67,500		67,500		0
Interest and Fiscal Charges		5,200		5,200		5,198		2
Total Debt Service		72,700		72,700		72,698		2 8
Total Expenditures		72,700		73,160		73,152		8
Net Change in Fund Balance		659		199		4,582		4,383
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		95,285		95,285		95,285		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	95,944	\$	95,484	\$	99,867	\$	4,383
			-				_	

2015 GEN	ERAL OBI	IGATION	BONI	D RETIREMENT	Г		
Revenues:	Origi	nal Budget		Final Budget	Actual		 Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,							
Including Interest	\$	0	\$	0	\$	3,152	\$ 3,152
Total Revenues		0		0		3,152	 3,152
Expenditures: Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		275,000		275,000		275,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges		242,604		242,604		242,599	 5
Total Expenditures		517,604		517,604		517,599	 5
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(517,604)		(517,604)		(514,447)	3,157
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		517,600		517,600		517,600	 0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		517,600		517,600		517,600	 0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4)		(4)		3,153	3,157
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		3,182		3,182		3,182	 0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	3,178	\$	3,178	\$	6,335	\$ 3,157

MUNICI	AL COUR	T CAPITA	L IM	PROVEMENTS			
	Origi	nal Budget		Final Budget		Actual	 Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits	\$	88,000	\$	88,000	\$	85,824	\$ (2,176)
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,		2 500		2 500		6 150	2 (50)
Including Interest		2,500		2,500		6,159	 3,659
Total Revenues		90,500		90,500	<u> </u>	91,983	 1,483
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay:							
Personnel Services		17,234		17,234		16,805	429
Contractual Services		136,943		164,483		102,796	61,687
Materials and Supplies		8,374		8,374		5,625	2,749
Capital Improvements		19,500		19,500		3,000	16,500
Total Expenditures		182,051		209,591		128,226	 81,365
Net Change in Fund Balance		(91,551)		(119,091)		(36,243)	82,848
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		383,078		383,078		383,078	0
Prior Year Encumbrances		15,955		15,955		15,955	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	307,482	\$	279,942	\$	362,790	\$ 82,848

	ISSUE II			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 753,965	\$ 891,681	\$ 504,680	\$ (387,001)
Total Revenues	753,965	891,681	504,680	(387,001)
Expenditures: Capital Outlay:				
Capital Improvements	753,965	891,680	504,680	387,000
Total Expenditures	753,965	891,680	504,680	387,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	1	0	(1)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(366,047)	(366,047)	(366,047)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	366,965	366,965	366,965	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 918	\$ 919	\$ 918	\$ (1)

POLICE/FIRE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT								
	Original Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues:								
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,								
Including Interest	\$ 78,906	\$ 78,906	\$ 77,325	\$ (1,581)				
Total Revenues	78,906	78,906	77,325	(1,581)				
Expenditures: Capital Outlay:								
Contractual Services	48,996	58,996	18,492	40,504				
Capital Improvements	749,249	583,327	578,285	5,042				
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement	315,376	315,376	315,371	5				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	14,004	14,004	14,001	3				
Total Expenditures	1,127,625	971,703	926,149	45,554				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,048,719)	(892,797)	(848,824)	43,973				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	835,957	835,957	258,007	(577,950)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	835,957	835,957	258,007	(577,950)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(212,762)	(56,840)	(590,817)	(533,977)				
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	888,714	888,714	888,714	0				
Prior Year Encumbrances	52,849	52,849	52,849	0				
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 728,801	\$ 884,723	\$ 350,746	\$ (533,977)				

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Loan Fund

In 1983, the City assumed all assets, liabilities, and loan commitments of Xenia Environmental Neighborhood Improvement Association, Inc. (X.E.N.I.A., Inc.). The City is collecting outstanding loans. Net income and loan repayments are used for similar economic development activities.

Parking Revenue Fund

To account for parking enforcement and the rental of parking lots owned by the City.

CDBG and UDAG Revolving Loan Fund

To account for monies received from the federal government under Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and Urban Development Action Grant (UDAG) programs. The monies are used for economic development loans. Net income and loan repayments are used for similar economic development activities.

Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund

To account for monies received from the federal government under Community Development Block Grant program. The monies are used for housing rehabilitation mortgage grants and low interest loans. Net income and loan repayments will be used for similar activities.

CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Loan		Parking Revenue		CDBG & UDAG Revolving Loan		Housing Rehabilitation Loan		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Assets:										
Current Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	63,526	\$	5,321	\$	19,941	\$	74,862	\$	163,650
Investments		139,311		11,662		43,728		164,167		358,868
Receivables:		2				0		0		
Accounts		0		7,951		0		0		7,951
Loans		24,000		0		0		19,159		43,159
Accrued interest		745		27		114		452		1,338
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		0		(8,796)		0		0		(8,796)
Prepaid items		139		174		0		0		313
Total Current Assets		227,721		16,339	_	63,783	_	258,640	_	566,483
<i>Noncurrent Assets:</i> Unrestricted:										
Loans receivable (noncurrents)		533,792		0		0		502,237		1,036,029
Capital Assets not being depreciated		0		97,810		0		0		97,810
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		0		76,490		0		0		76,490
Total Noncurrent Assets		533,792		174,300		0		502.237		1,210,329
Total Assets	\$	761,513	\$	190,639	\$	63,783	\$	760,877	\$	1,776,812
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Pension		0		10,416		0		930		11,346
OPEB		0		2,106		0		187		2,293
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		0		12,522		0		1,117		13,639
Liabilities:										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	0	\$	1,930	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,930
Accrued payroll		0		3,245		0		305		3,550
Compensated Absences		0		149		0		72		221
Total Current Liabilities		0	_	5,324	_	0		377	_	5,701
Noncurrent Liabilities:										
Compensated Absences		0		2,063		0		998		3,061
Net Pension Liability		0		41,384		0		3,693		45,077
Net OPEB Liability		0		28,623		0		2,552		31,175
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		0		72,070	_	0		7,243		79,313
Total Liabilities		0	_	77,394	_	0	_	7,620	_	85,014
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Pension		0		10,722		0		957		11,679
OPEB		0		2,763		0		247		3,010
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		13,485		0		1,204		14,689
Net Position:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		0		174,300		0		0		174,300
Unrestricted		761,513		(62,018)		63,783		753,170		1,516,448
Total Net Position	\$	761,513	\$	112,282	\$	63,783	\$	753,170	\$	1,690,748
roun net rontion	ψ	,01,313	φ	112,202	φ	05,705	φ	155,170	φ	1,070,740

CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Loan	Par	king Revenue	 BG & UDAG volving Loan	 Housing Rehabilitation Loan	Fotal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 33,611	\$	43,955	\$ 0	\$ 46	\$ 77,612
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services	0		65,029	0	5,043	70.072
General operating	0		0	3,399	0	3,399
Contractual services	419		10,116	0	5	10,540
Materials and supplies	0		1,502	0	0	1,502
Depreciation	0		5,464	0	0	5,464
Non-governmental	0		0	0	120,965	120,965
Total expenses	 419		82,111	 3,399	 126,013	 211,942
Operating income (loss)	33,192		(38,156)	(3,399)	(125,967)	(134,330)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Interest revenue	6,893		0	503	1,791	9,187
Other	0		17,851	0	79	17,930
Intergovernmental	0		0	0	54,750	54,750
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 6,893		17,851	 503	 56,620	 81,867
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	40,085		(20,305)	(2,896)	(69,347)	(52,463)
Transfers In	0		7,000	0	0	7,000
Change in Net Position	40,085		(13,305)	(2,896)	(69,347)	(45,463)
Net Position, beginning of year (restated)	 721,428		125,587	 66,679	 822,517	 1,736,211
Net Position, end of year	\$ 761,513	\$	112,282	\$ 63,783	\$ 753,170	\$ 1,690,748

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Loan	Parking Revenue	CDBG & UDAG Revolving Loan	Housing Rehabilitation Loan	Total Other Enterprise Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 47,058	\$ 39,618	\$ 15,200	\$ 41,676	\$ 143,552
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(375,420)	(9,716)	0	(54,755)	(439,891)
Cash Payments to Employees	0	(47,018)	0	(4,885)	(51,903)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(328,362)	(17,116)	15,200	(17,964)	(348,242)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Transfer in From other Funds	0	7,000	0	0	7,000
Other Non Operating Receipts	0	17,851	0	79	17,930
Net Cash Provided by					
Noncapital Financing Activities	0	24,851	0	79	24,930
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Intergovernmental Grants	0	0	0	54,750	54,750
Net Cash Provided by					
Capital and Related Financing Activities	0	0	0	54,750	54,750
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Sale of Investments	247,329	0	0	0	247,329
Purchase of Investments	0	(4,843)	(8,332)	(16,247)	(29,422)
Receipts of Interest	7,152	3	493	1,676	9,324
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	254,481	(4,840)	(7,839)	(14,571)	227,231
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(73,881)	2,895	7,361	22,294	(41,331)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	137,407	2,426	12,580	52,568	204,981
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 63,526	\$ 5,321	\$ 19,941	\$ 74,862	\$ 163,650
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash					
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss)	33,192	(38,156)	(3,399)	(125,967)	(134,330)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to					
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation Expense	0	5,464	0	0	5,464
Changes in Assets and Deferred Outflows and					
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:					
(Increase) Decrease in Principal Receivable	(361,553)	0	0	87,846	(273,707)
(Increase) Decrease in Grant Receivable	0	0	17,600	20,000	37,600
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	0	(7,856)	0	0	(7,856)
(Increase) Decrease in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	0	3,519	0	0	3,519
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items	(1)	0	999	0	998
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension	0	8,818	0	1,288	10,106
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - OPEB	0	(1,798)	0	(152)	(1,950)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	0	1,903	0	0	1,903
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll	0	1,149	0	67	1,216
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension	0	10,035	0	877	10,912
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB	0	2,763	0	247	3,010
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	0	(9,511)	0	(2,174)	(11,685)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability	0	5,895	0	(67)	5,828
Increase (Decrease)in Compensated Absences	0	659	0	71	730
Total Adjustments	(361,554)	21,040	18,599	108,003	(213,912)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$(328,362)	\$(17,116)	\$ 15,200	\$(17,964)	\$(348,242)

Internal Service Funds

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments in the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Utility Billing Fund

To account for utility billing services provided to the water, sewer, stormwater, and sanitation enterprise funds of the City.

City Garage Fund

To account for the monies received from other departments to cover the cost of servicing the vehicles of the City departments.

Information Technology Fund

To account for the monies received from other departments to cover the cost of information technology related expenditures of the City departments. This fund was established in 2015.

Self-Insurance Fund

To account for the monies received from other departments to cover the cost of health insurance related expenditures of the City departments. This fund was established in 2015.

CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Ut	ility Billing	 City Garage	 Information Technology	_	Self Insurance	 Total Internal Service Funds
Assets:							
Current Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,527	\$ 53,842	\$ 7	\$	26,118	\$ 102,494
Investments		49,399	118,074	0		57,272	224,745
Receivables:						_	
Accounts		5,390	9,878	0		0	15,268
Accrued interest		0	0	0		354	354
Inventories		0	33,487	0		0	33,487
Prepaid items		3,066	 2,441	 95,957		0	 101,464
Total Current Assets		80,382	 217,722	 95,964		83,744	 477,812
Noncurrent Assets:							
Unrestricted:							
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		10,408	 74,451	 380,011		0	 464,870
Total Noncurrent Assets		10,408	 74,451	 380,011		0	 464,870
Total Assets		90,790	292,173	475,975		83,744	942,682
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Pension		0	32,353	0		0	32,353
OPEB		0	 6,543	 0		0	 6,543
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		0	38,896	0		0	38,896
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		7,773	37,724	78,886		0	124,383
Claims payable		0	0	0		197,655	197,655
Accrued payroll		0	12,756	0		0	12,756
Interfund payable		0	25,062	0		0	25,062
Compensated absences		0	1,747	0		0	1,747
Capital lease payable		0	 0	 23,295		0	 23,295
Total Current Liabilities		7,773	 77,289	 102,181		197,655	 384,898
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Compensated Absences		0	24,155	0		0	24,155
Capital lease payable		0	0	23,297		0	23,297
Net Pension Liability		0	128,546	0		0	128,546
Net OPEB Liability		0	 88,914	 0		0	 88,914
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		0	 241,615	 23,297		0	 264,912
Total Liabilities		7,773	 318,904	 125,478		197,655	 649,810
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Pension		0	33,310	0		0	33,310
OPEB		0	8,583	0		0	8,583
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0	 41,893	0		0	 41,893
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		10,408	74,451	333,419		0	418,278
Unrestricted		72,609	(104,179)	17,078		(113,911)	(128,403)
Total Net Position	\$	83,017	\$ (29,728)	\$ 350,497	\$	(113,911)	\$ 289,875

CITY OF XENIA, OHIO

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Ut	ility Billing	(City Garage	Information Technology	 Self Insurance	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	82,421	\$	802,660	\$ 643,996	\$ 1,637,084	\$ 3,166,161
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services		0		180,834	0	0	180,834
General operating		1,969		518	1,492	17,278	21,257
Claims		0		0	0	1,290,752	1,290,752
Contractual services		118,146		121,958	406,984	444,897	1,091,985
Materials and supplies		4,409		415,589	122,968	1,189	544,155
Depreciation		1,487		11,364	49,731	0	62,582
Non-governmental		0		0	 0	 83,165	 83,165
Total expenses		126,011		730,263	 581,175	 1,837,281	 3,274,730
Operating income (loss)		(43,590)		72,397	62,821	(200,197)	(108,569)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):							
Interest revenue		0		0	0	4,739	4,739
Other		0		6,458	 3,940	 0	 10,398
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		0		6,458	 3,940	 4,739	 15,137
Change in Net Position		(43,590)		78,855	66,761	(195,458)	(93,432)
Net Position, beginning of year (restated)		126,607		(108,583)	 283,736	 81,547	 383,307
Net Position, end of year	\$	83,017	\$	(29,728)	\$ 350,497	\$ (113,911)	\$ 289,875

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Utility Billing	City Garage	Information Technology	Self Insurance	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$ 83,292	\$ 802,598	\$ 644,000	\$ 1,637,084	\$ 3,166,974
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(124,292)	(512,255)	(515,309)	(1,820,003)	(2,971,859)
Cash Payments to Employees	0	(170,395)	0	0	(170,395)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(41,000)	119,948	128,691	(182,919)	24,720
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Advances to Other Funds	0	(5,387)	0	0	(5,387)
Non Operating Revenues from Other Sources	ů 0	6,458	3,940	0	10,398
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities	0	1,071	3,940	0	5,011
		,			- , -
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		(0, (0,0))	(100.000)		
Acquisition and Construction of Assets	0	(8,639)	(109,332)	0	(117,971)
Capital Lease Payment	0	0	(23,295)	0	(23,295)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	0	(8,639)	(132,627)	0	(141,266)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Sale of Investments	33,918	0	0	135,776	169,694
Purchase of Investments	-	(74,150)	ů 0	0	(74,150)
Receipts of Interest	0	0	ů	4,652	4,652
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	33,918	(74,150)	0	140,428	100,196
-	· · · · ·				· · · · ·
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(7,082)	38,230	4	(42,491)	(11,339)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	29,609	15,612	3	68,609	113,833
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 22,527	\$ 53,842	\$ 7	\$ 26,118	\$ 102,494
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash					
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$(43,590)	\$ 72,397	\$ 62,821	\$(200,197)	\$(108,569)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	\$(45,590)	\$ 12,391	\$ 02,821	\$(200,197)	\$(108,509)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation Expense	1,487	11,364	49,731	0	62,582
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	1,407	11,504	ч <i>)</i> ,/51	0	02,502
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	869	(5,447)	0	0	(4,578)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items	(307)	1,703	(11,458)	ů	(10,062)
(Increase) in Deferred Outflows - Pension	0	41,892	0	ů 0	41,892
(Increase) in Deferred Outflows - OPEB	Ő	(5,354)	ů	Ő	(5,354)
(Increase) in Inventory	Ő	551	ů	ů	551
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	541	28,941	27,597	17,278	74,357
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll	0	7,710	0	0	7,710
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension	0	30,656	0	0	30,656
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB	Ő	8,583	ů	ů	8,583
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	0	(67,913)	ő	Ő	(67,913)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability	0	1,180	0	0	1,180
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	0	(6,315)	ů 0	0	(6,315)
Total Adjustments	2.590	47,551	65,870	17,278	133,289
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$(41,000)	\$ 119,948	\$ 128,691	\$(182,919)	\$ 24,720
	<u> </u>	· · · · · ·	· · · · ·		

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds

Municipal Court – Traffic and Criminal Fund

The Municipal Court is considered part of the reporting entity of the City. The Court handles traffic, criminal, civil, and small claims cases for the City of Xenia and certain other cities and townships in Greene County. An elected judge appoints the Clerk of Courts who deposits and controls undistributed receipts (principally posted bonds). The City, however, controls the fiscal operations of the Court, reviews and approves budget requests and amendments, provides space, and owns all property used by the Court. The general fund includes Court operations, which are required by Ohio law to be paid by the City; the agency fund includes undistributed receipts held for entities and individuals outside the City's reporting entity.

Municipal Court - Civil and Small Claims Fund

The Municipal Court is considered part of the reporting entity of the City. The Court handles traffic, criminal, civil, and small claims cases for the City of Xenia and certain other cities and townships in Greene County. An elected judge appoints the Clerk of Courts who deposits and controls undistributed receipts (principally posted bonds). The City, however, controls the fiscal operations of the Court, reviews and approves budget requests and amendments, provides space, and owns all property used by the Court. The general fund includes Court operations, which are required by Ohio law to be paid by the City; the agency fund includes undistributed receipts held for entities and individuals outside the City's reporting entity.

Imprest Cash Fund

To account for petty cash.

Insurance Deposit Fund

This fund is used to account for assets held by the City for citizens to ensure that fire damaged property is cleaned up. The authority for this is found in Ohio Revised Code Section 3929.86(D).

LGIF Fund

This fund is used to account for assets held by the City for transactions related to a loan from the Local government innovation fund entered into by the City and three other local governments. The City is responsible for collecting debt payments from those three local governments and making payment on behalf of those entities to the State of Ohio.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

$ \begin{array}{c cccc} Labilities: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$		Balance December 31, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2018
$\begin{array}{c cccc} Cash and Cash Equivalents \\ \hline S 91,442 \\ \hline S 937,862 \\ \hline S 9$					
Total Assets § 91,42 § 937,862 § 907,7594) § 91,7 Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$ 52,900 \$ 662,082 \$ (693,181) \$ 51,8 Accounts Payable \$ 335,542 \$ 245,780 \$ (244,413) \$ 51,9 Manicipal Court - Civil and Small Claims: Assets: \$ (10,425) \$ 583,797 \$ (580,696) \$ 11,5 Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 10,425 \$ 583,797 \$ (580,696) \$ 11,5 Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$ 4,670 \$ 5,60,088 \$ (560,626) \$ 4,13 Accounts Payable \$ 4,670 \$ 5,60,088 \$ (550,656) \$ 13,5 Total Assets \$ 10,425 \$ 5,83,797 \$ (580,696) \$ 13,5 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Total Labilities: \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 2,2 Total Labilities: \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 5 0 \$ 2,2 Total Labilit		¢ 01 442	¢ 027 842	¢(027 504)	¢ 01 710
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$					\$ 91,710
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	104411155015	\$ 71,442	\$ 757,802	\$(757,574)	\$ 71,710
Restricted Deposits $$38,542$ $$245,780$ $$(244,413)$ $$539,9$ Municipal Court - Civil and Small Claims: Assets: $$39,93,862$ $$(937,594)$ $$91,73$ Municipal Court - Civil and Small Claims: Assets: $$10,425$ $$583,797$ $$(580,696)$ $$113,5$ Total Labilities: $$10,425$ $$583,797$ $$(580,696)$ $$113,5$ Accounts Payable $$4,670$ $$560,088$ $$(560,620)$ $$4,1$ Accounts Payable $$5,755$ $$23,709$ $$(500,070)$ $$9,3$ Total Liabilities: $$5,755$ $$23,709$ $$(500,070)$ $$9,3$ Cash and Cash Equivalents $$5,2,190$ $$0$ $$50$ $$52,1$ Total Liabilities: $$2,190$ $$0$ $$50$ $$2,1$ Total Liabilities: $$2,190$ $$0$ $$50$ $$2,1$ Insumance Deposit: $$2,0$ $$0$ $$2,0$ $$2,1$ Assets: $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2,1$ Iabilities: $$2,0000$	Liabilities:				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					\$ 51,801
Unnicipal Court - Civil and Small Claims: Assets: Output					\$ 39,909
Assets: State	Total Liabilities	\$ 91,442	\$ 937,862	\$(937,594)	\$ 91,710
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		<u>.</u>			
Total Assets \$ 10,425 \$ 583,797 \$ (580,696) \$ 13,5 Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$ 4,670 \$ 560,088 \$ (560,626) \$ 4,1 Restricted Deposits \$ 5,755 \$ 23,709 \$ (20,070) \$ 9,3 Total Liabilities \$ 10,425 \$ 583,797 \$ (580,696) \$ 13,5 Imprest Cash: Assets: \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Total Labilities: \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Total Labilities: \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Total Labilities: \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Assets: \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Total Labilities: \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ (6,667) \$ 2,1 Assets: \$ 0 \$ 5,6,667 \$ 5(6,667) \$ 2,1 Total Labilities: \$ 0 \$ 5,6,667 \$ 5(6,667) \$ 2,1 Assets: \$ 0 \$ 5,6,667 \$ 5(6,667) \$ 2,1 Total Labilities: \$ 0 <td></td> <td>\$ 10 425</td> <td>\$ 583 797</td> <td>\$(580,696)</td> <td>\$ 13,526</td>		\$ 10 425	\$ 583 797	\$(580,696)	\$ 13,526
Liabilities: Seconds					\$ 13,526
Accounts Payable \$ 4,670 \$ 560,088 \$ \$(560,626) \$ 4,1 Restricted Deposits \$ 10,425 \$ 533,797 \$ (20,070) \$ 9,3 Total Liabilities \$ 10,425 \$ 583,797 \$ (580,696) \$ 13,5 Imprest Cash: Assets \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Total Liabilities: \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Iabilities: \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Iabilities: \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Total Liabilities \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Total Liabilities: \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Assets: \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ 5(6,667) \$ 2,1 Assets: \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ \$ (6,667) \$ 3 Liabilities: \$ 0 \$ 5,6667 \$ \$ (6,667) \$ 3 Restricted Deposits \$ 0 \$ 5,6667 \$ \$ (6,667) \$ 3 Iabilities: \$ 0 \$ 5,6667 \$ \$ (6,667) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Restricted Deposits $$5,755$ $$2,3,709$ $$(20,070)$ $$9,3$ Total Liabilities $$$10,425$ $$583,797$ $$(580,696)$ $$$13,53$ Imprest Cash: Assets: $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Total Assets $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Insurance Deposit: Assets: $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Insurance Deposits $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,190$ Total Labilities: $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2,190$ Liabilities: $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2,190$ Total Labilities: $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2,190$ Assets: $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2,190$ $$0$					
Total Liabilities \$ 10,425 \$ 583,797 \$ (580,696) \$ 13,5 Imprest Cash: Assets: Assets \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Total Assets \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Liabilities: Restricted Deposits \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Total Assets \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Iabilities: Restricted Deposits \$ 2,190 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 2,1 Insurance Deposit: Assets: \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ (6,667) \$ 2 Liabilities: Restricted Deposits \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ (6,667) \$ 2 Liabilities: \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ (6,667) \$ 2 \$ 0 Assets: \$ 0 \$ 5,667 \$ (6,667) \$ 2 \$ 0 Liabilities: \$ 0 \$ 5,00 \$ 1,000 \$ 0 \$ 1,000 \$ 1,000 Total Assets \$ 210,000 \$ 0 \$ (30,000) \$ 180,0 Li					\$ 4,132
Imprest Cash: Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Total Assets $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits Total Liabilities $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Insurance Deposit: Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,0$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits Total Assets $$0$ $$6,667$ $$6,667$ $$6,667$ $$2,667$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits Total Assets $$0$ $$6,667$ $$6,667$ $$2,6667$ $$2,6667$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits Total Liabilities $$0$ $$6,667$ $$2,6667$ $$2,6667$ $$2,6667$ $$2,6667$ $$2,6667$ $$2,6667$ $$2,6667$ $$2,66,667$	1				
Assets: Solution	Total Elabilities	\$ 10,423	\$ 383,191	\$(380,090)	\$ 15,520
Cash and Cash Equivalents $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Total Assets $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Total Liabilities $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Insurance Deposit: Assets: $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents $$0$ $$6,667$ $$6(667)$ $$2$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits $$0$ $$6,667$ $$6(667)$ $$2$ Idiabilities: $$0$ $$6,667$ $$6(667)$ $$2$ $$2$ Liabilities: $$0$ $$6,667$ $$6(667)$ $$2$ $$2$ Accounts Receivable $$210,000$ $$0$ $$30,000$ $$180,0$ Total Assets $$210,000$ $$0$ $$30,000$ $$180,0$ Liabilities: $$2210,000$ $$0$ $$30,000$ $$180,0$ Total Assets $$210,000$					
Total Assets $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Insurance Deposit: $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Insurance Deposit: Assets: $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Insurance Deposit: Assets: $$2,00$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents $$0$ $$6,667$ $$6,667$ $$6,667$ Total Assets $$0$ $$6,667$ $$6,667$ $$6,667$ $$26,667$ $$26,667$ Liabilities: $$0$ $$6,667$ $$56,667$ $$56,667$ $$26,667$		\$ 2,190	\$ O	\$ 0	\$ 2,190
Restricted Deposits Total Liabilities $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Insurance Deposit: Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2,1$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits Total Liabilities $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2,1$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits Total Liabilities $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2,6,667$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits Total Liabilities $$0$ $$6,667$ $$2(6,667)$ $$2,6,667$ Liabilities: Accounts Receivable Total Assets $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Liabilities: Accounts Receivable Total Liabilities $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Liabilities: Accounts Receivable Total Assets $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Liabilities $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Assets $$10,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable $$10,007$ $$1,528,326$ $$(1,524,957)$ $$107,4$ Liabilities Accounts Receivable $$210,000$ $$$					\$ 2,190
Restricted Deposits Total Liabilities $$2,190$ $$0$ $$0$ $$0$ $$2,1$ Insurance Deposit: Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2,1$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits Total Liabilities $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2,1$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits Total Liabilities $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2,6,667$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits Total Liabilities $$0$ $$6,667$ $$2(6,667)$ $$2,6,667$ Liabilities: Accounts Receivable Total Assets $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Liabilities: Accounts Receivable Total Liabilities $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Liabilities: Accounts Receivable Total Assets $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Liabilities $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Assets $$10,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable $$10,007$ $$1,528,326$ $$(1,524,957)$ $$107,4$ Liabilities Accounts Receivable $$210,000$ $$$					
Total Liabilities § 2,190 § 0 § 0 § 2,1 Insurance Deposit: Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents § 0 § 6,667 \$ (6,667) 9 Assets: S 0 \$ 6,667 \$ (6,667) 9		A A 100	A A	^	* • 1 00
Insurance Deposit: 000 000 000 000 Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents $$00$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$25$ Total Assets $$00$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$25$ Liabilities: $$00$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$25$ Restricted Deposits $$00$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$25$ Idilities: $$00$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$25$ Accounts Receivable $$210,000$ $$00$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Assets $$210,000$ $$00$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Liabilities: $$210,000$ $$00$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Assets $$210,000$ $$00$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Liabilities $$210,000$ $$00$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Assets: $$210,000$ $$00$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Assets: $$210,000$ $$00$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$					\$ 2,190
Assets: \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ (6,667) \$ 9 Total Assets \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ (6,667) \$ 9 Liabilities: \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ (6,667) \$ 9 Restricted Deposits \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ (6,667) \$ 9 Idiff Loan: \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ (6,667) \$ 9 Assets: \$ 0 \$ 6,667 \$ (6,667) \$ 9 Accounts Receivable \$ 210,000 \$ 0 \$ (30,000) \$ 180,0 Total Assets \$ 210,000 \$ 0 \$ (30,000) \$ 180,0 Liabilities: Accounts Receivable \$ 210,000 \$ 0 \$ (30,000) \$ 180,0 Total Liabilities \$ 210,000 \$ 0 \$ (30,000) \$ 180,0 Total Liabilities \$ 210,000 \$ 0 \$ (30,000) \$ 180,0 Total Assets \$ 210,000 \$ 0 \$ (30,000) \$ 180,0 Total Liabilities \$ 210,000 \$ 0 \$ (30,000) \$ 180,0 Accounts Receivable \$ 104,057 \$ 1,528,326 \$ (1,524,957) \$ 107,4 Accounts Receivable	Total Elabilities	\$ 2,190	\$0	\$0	\$ 2,190
Cash and Cash Equivalents $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2$ Total Assets $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2$ Total Liabilities $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2$ IGIF Loan: $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2$ Assets: $$0$ $$6,667$ $$(6,667)$ $$2$ Accounts Receivable $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Liabilities: $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Accounts Payable $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Liabilities $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Assets $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Liabilities $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents $$104,057$ $$1,528,326$ $$(1,524,957)$ $$107,4$ Assets $$314,057$ $$1,528,326$	Insurance Deposit:				
Total Assets $\$ 0$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 30$ Liabilities: Restricted Deposits $\$ 0$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 30$ Total Liabilities $\$ 0$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 30$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 30$ Liabilities $\$ 0$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 30$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ 30,000$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities: Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities: Accounts Payable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets: $\$ 104,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 107,4$ Assets: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$		A A	A	• · · · · · · ·	• •
Liabilities: $\$ 0$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 5$ Restricted Deposits $\$ 0$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 5$ Total Liabilities $\$ 0$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 5$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities: $\land 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets: $\$ 104,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 107,4$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 314,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 20,4$ Liabilities $\$ 314,057$ $\$ 1$					<u>\$ 0</u> \$ 0
Restricted Deposits $\$ 0$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 3$ Total Liabilities $\$ 0$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 3$ LGIF Loan: Assets: Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents $\$ 104,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 107,4$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ $\$ 107,4$ Total Assets $\$ 314,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 287,4$ Liabilities $\$ 267,570$ $\$ 1,252,170$	Total Assets	50	\$ 0,007	\$(0,007)	\$0
Restricted Deposits $\$ 0$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 3$ Total Liabilities $\$ 0$ $\$ 6,667$ $\$ (6,667)$ $\$ 3$ LGIF Loan: Assets: Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents $\$ 104,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 107,4$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ $\$ 107,4$ Total Assets $\$ 314,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 287,4$ Liabilities $\$ 267,570$ $\$ 1,252,170$	Liabilities:				
LGIF Loan: Sets:		\$ 0	\$ 6,667	\$(6,667)	\$ 0
Assets: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities: Accounts Payable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Totals - All Agency Funds: Assets: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 104,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 107,4$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 314,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,554,957)$ $\$ 287,4$ Liabilities $\$ 267,570$ $\$ 1,252,170$ $\$ (1,283,807)$ $\$ 235,9$ Restricted Deposits $\$ 46,487$ $\$ 276,156$ $\$ (271,150)$ $\$ 51,4$	Total Liabilities	\$ 0	\$ 6,667	\$(6,667)	\$ 0
Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities: Accounts Payable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Totals - All Agency Funds: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 104,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 107,4$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 104,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 107,4$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 314,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,554,957)$ $\$ 287,4$ Liabilities $\$ 267,570$ $\$ 1,252,170$ $\$ (1,283,807)$ $\$ 235,9$ Restricted Deposits $\$ 46,487$ $\$ 276,156$ $\$ (271,150)$	LGIF Loan:				
Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities: Accounts Payable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Totals - All Agency Funds: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Totals - All Agency Funds: Assets: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents $\$ 104,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 107,4$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 314,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,554,957)$ $\$ 287,4$ Liabilities $\$ 267,570$ $\$ 1,252,170$ $\$ (1,283,807)$ $\$ 235,9$ Restricted Deposits $\$ 46,487$ $\$ 276,156$ $\$ (271,150)$ $\$ 51,4$		A A 1 A A A	^	* (2 ,0,0,0,0)	¢ 100.000
Liabilities: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Totals - All Agency Funds: Assets: $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents $\$ 104,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 107,4$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 314,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,554,957)$ $\$ 287,4$ Liabilities $\$ 267,570$ $\$ 1,252,170$ $\$ (1,283,807)$ $\$ 235,9$ Restricted Deposits $\$ 46,487$ $\$ 276,156$ $\$ (271,150)$ $\$ 51,4$					\$ 180,000
Accounts Payable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Totals - All Agency Funds: Assets: $$ 104,057$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,524,957)$ $\$ 107,4$ Accounts Receivable $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Total Assets $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities $\$ 210,000$ $\$ 0$ $\$ (30,000)$ $\$ 180,0$ Liabilities $\$ 267,570$ $\$ 1,528,326$ $\$ (1,554,957)$ $\$ 287,4$ Liabilities $\$ 267,570$ $\$ 1,252,170$ $\$ (1,283,807)$ $\$ 235,9$ Restricted Deposits $\$ 46,487$ $\$ 276,156$ $\$ (271,150)$ $\$ 51,4$	Total Assets	\$ 210,000	\$0	\$(50,000)	\$ 180,000
Total Liabilities \$ 210,000 \$ 0 \$ (30,000) \$ 180,0 Totals - All Agency Funds: Assets: Assets: \$ 104,057 \$ 1,528,326 \$ (1,524,957) \$ 107,4 Accounts Receivable \$ 210,000 \$ 0 \$ (30,000) \$ 180,0 Total Assets \$ 314,057 \$ 1,528,326 \$ (1,524,957) \$ 107,4 Liabilities \$ 210,000 \$ 0 \$ (30,000) \$ 180,0 Liabilities \$ 267,570 \$ 1,528,326 \$ (1,554,957) \$ 287,4 Liabilities \$ 267,570 \$ 1,252,170 \$ (1,283,807) \$ 235,9 Restricted Deposits \$ 46,487 \$ 276,156 \$ (271,150) \$ 51,4	Liabilities:				
Totals - All Agency Funds: Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 104,057 Accounts Receivable \$ 210,000 Total Assets \$ 314,057 State \$ 314,057 Liabilities Accounts Payable \$ 267,570 Restricted Deposits \$ 46,487			\$ 0		\$ 180,000
Assets: $104,057$ $$1,528,326$ $$(1,524,957)$ $$107,4$ Accounts Receivable $$210,000$ $$0$ $$(30,000)$ $$180,0$ Total Assets $$314,057$ $$1,528,326$ $$(1,524,957)$ $$287,4$ Liabilities Accounts Payable $$267,570$ $$1,252,170$ $$(1,283,807)$ $$235,9$ Restricted Deposits $$46,487$ $$276,156$ $$(271,150)$ $$51,4$	Total Liabilities	\$ 210,000	\$ 0	\$(30,000)	\$ 180,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents\$ 104,057\$ 1,528,326\$ $(1,524,957)$ \$ 107,4Accounts Receivable\$ 210,000\$ 0\$ $(30,000)$ \$ 180,0Total Assets\$ 314,057\$ 1,528,326\$ $((1,554,957))$ \$ 287,4LiabilitiesAccounts Payable\$ 267,570\$ 1,252,170\$ $(1,283,807)$ \$ 235,9Restricted Deposits\$ 46,487\$ 276,156\$ $(271,150)$ \$ 51,4					
Accounts Receivable Total Assets \$ 210,000 \$ 314,057 \$ 0 \$ 1,528,326 \$ (30,000) \$ (1,554,957) \$ 180,0 \$ 287,4 Liabilities Accounts Payable Restricted Deposits \$ 267,570 \$ 46,487 \$ 1,252,170 \$ 276,156 \$ (1,283,807) \$ (271,150) \$ 235,9 \$ 51,4		\$ 104 057	\$ 1 528 326	\$(1 524 957)	\$ 107 126
Total Assets \$ 314,057 \$ 1,528,326 \$ (1,554,957) \$ 287,4 Liabilities Accounts Payable \$ 267,570 \$ 1,252,170 \$ (1,283,807) \$ 235,9 Restricted Deposits \$ 46,487 \$ 276,156 \$ (271,150) \$ 51,4					\$ 180,000
Accounts Payable\$ 267,570\$ 1,252,170\$(1,283,807)\$ 235,9Restricted Deposits\$ 46,487\$ 276,156\$(271,150)\$ 51,4					\$ 287,426
Accounts Payable\$ 267,570\$ 1,252,170\$(1,283,807)\$ 235,9Restricted Deposits\$ 46,487\$ 276,156\$(271,150)\$ 51,4					
Restricted Deposits \$ 46,487 \$ 276,156 \$ (271,150) \$ 51,4		\$ 2(7 570	¢ 1 252 170	¢(1 202 007)	A 225 022
					\$ 235,933 \$ 51,493
1 otal Liadinities \$ 314.057 \$ 1.528.326 \$(1.554.957) \$ 2.87.4	Total Liabilities	\$ 314,057	\$ 1,528,326	\$(1,554,957)	\$ 287,426





Statistical **T**ables

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader	
understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.	S 2 – S 11
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand	
and assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most	
significant local revenue sources, the income tax.	S 12 – S 15
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the	
affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the	
City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S 16 – S 23
Economic and Demographic Information	
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help	
the reader understand the environment within which the City's	
financial activities take place and to provide information that	
facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among	
governments.	S 24 – S 29
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the	
*	
reader understand how the information in the City's financial report	G 20 G 27
relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	S 30 – S 37
Sources Note:	
Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived	
from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.	

Net Position by Component

Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities:				
Net Investment Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 32,711,191	\$ 33,054,119	\$ 34,113,956	\$ 34,504,785
Restricted	4,179,524	6,100,965	8,188,065	5,408,855
Unrestricted	3,933,236	2,692,145	2,287,431	6,160,890
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 40,823,951	\$ 41,847,229	\$ 44,589,452	\$ 46,074,530
Business-type Activities:				
Net Investment Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 21,442,195	\$ 21,637,865	\$ 22,250,312	\$ 22,441,680
Restricted	0	178,266	120,288	170,077
Unrestricted	7,538,994	9,830,432	9,820,160	10,662,384
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 28,981,189	\$ 31,646,563	\$ 32,190,760	\$ 33,274,141
Primary Government:				
Net Investment Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 54,153,386	\$ 54,691,984	\$ 56,364,268	\$ 56,946,465
Restricted	4,179,524	6,279,231	8,308,353	5,578,932
Unrestricted	11,472,230	12,522,577	12,107,591	16,823,274
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 69,805,140	\$ 73,493,792	\$ 76,780,212	\$ 79,348,671

Source: City Finance Director's Office

	Restated	Restated		Restated	
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 35,558,378	\$ 36,720,402	\$ 33,130,179	\$ 39,612,767	\$ 38,846,762	\$ 40,040,292
5,567,144	5,722,928	11,684,587	8,580,380	6,196,767	5,455,846
4,775,505	(12,913,033)	(14,077,618)	(16,685,367)	(35,152,788)	(37,409,032)
\$ 45,901,027	\$ 29,530,297	\$ 30,737,148	\$ 31,507,780	\$ 9,890,741	\$ 8,087,106
\$ 22,070,099	\$ 23,035,822	\$ 23,500,079	\$ 23,083,209	\$ 23,211,204	\$ 23,139,784
0	0	0	0	0	0
12,124,555	9,483,158	10,502,866	11,038,394	7,940,579	8,728,149
\$ 34,194,654	\$ 32,518,980	\$ 34,002,945	\$ 34,121,603	\$ 31,151,783	\$ 31,867,933
\$ 57,628,477	\$ 59,756,224	\$ 56,630,258	\$ 62,695,976	\$ 62,057,966	\$ 63,180,076
5,567,144	5,722,928	11,684,587	8,580,380	6,196,767	5,455,846
16,900,060	(3,429,875)	(3,574,752)	(5,646,973)	(27,212,209)	(28,680,883)
\$ 80,095,681	\$ 62,049,277	\$ 64,740,093	\$ 65,629,383	\$ 41,042,524	\$ 39,955,039

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

· · · ·				
	2009	2010	2011	2012
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 3,474,135	\$ 3,577,856	\$ 3,677,014	\$ 3,567,483
Public Safety	11,984,216	11,311,480	12,065,050	12,526,166
Health	54,605	306,963	0	0
Highways and Streets	1,952,667	1,801,149	2,409,163	2,057,537
Urban Redevelopment & Housing	285,954	247,659	139,753	112,822
Economic Development & Assistance	0	0	151,523	468,359
Recreation	406,396	284,934	272,941	527,634
Interest and Fiscal Charges	126,203	104,977	67,642	69,614
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$ 18,284,176	\$ 17,635,018	\$ 18,783,086	\$ 19,329,615
Business-type Activities:				
Water	\$ 3,110,764	\$ 2,980,976	\$ 3,075,621	\$ 3,907,856
Sewer	4,191,056	3,883,632	4,346,983	4,030,678
Sanitation	1,644,491	1,577,458	1,642,102	1,674,999
Storm Water	187,640	277,359	324,722	339,906
Other Enterprise Funds	596,196	243,485	267,108	288,049
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	9,730,147	8,962,910	9,656,536	10,241,488
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 28,014,323	\$ 26,597,928	\$ 28,439,622	\$ 29,571,103
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services				
General Government	\$ 1,359,765	\$ 1,388,914	\$ 1,398,435	\$ 1,520,315
Public Safety	1,866,335	2,307,856	1,851,179	2,022,807
Health	8,589	19,302	0	9,548
Highways and Streets	4,282	9,337	2,438	0
Urban Redevelopment & Housing	19,191	30,452	0	10,335
Economic Development & Assistance	0	0	0	0
Recreation	20,625	8,914	5,360	5,493
Operating Grants and Contributions	253,541	459,403	398,496	865,437
Capital Grants and Contributions	744,718	1,098,518	1,634,700	261,306
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	\$ 4,277,046	\$ 5,322,696	\$ 5,290,608	\$ 4,695,241
-				

(continued)

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 3,772,609	\$ 2,851,072	\$ 4,742,446	\$ 3,928,893	\$ 7,971,980	\$ 4,950,737
12,688,381	13,208,811	13,736,687	13,911,915	15,069,724	17,396,450
0	0	0	0	0	0
1,970,034	1,613,183	2,187,058	1,968,786	2,329,146	2,376,229
106,727	146,771	115,229	121,281	181,975	126,171
2,960,546	2,756,593	548,344	605,816	328,022	162,932
541,390	406,634	474,079	441,493	551,757	504,938
62,446	64,913	274,688	251,308	301,411	296,327
\$ 22,102,133	\$ 21,047,977	\$ 22,078,531	\$ 21,229,492	\$ 26,734,015	\$ 25,813,784
\$ 3,267,639	\$ 3,750,634	\$ 3,332,480	\$ 3,663,222	\$ 3,754,839	\$ 3,956,476
4,340,898	4,310,544	4,036,804	4,044,595	4,491,114	4,180,792
1,474,330	1,569,042	1,405,761	2,655,763	3,204,055	2,486,446
350,114	442,876	451,434	352,149	300,964	416,103
90,913	143,231	175,944	330,380	244,512	213,972
9,523,894	10,216,327	9,402,423	11,046,109	11,995,484	11,253,789
\$ 31,626,027	\$ 31,264,304	\$ 31,480,954	\$ 32,275,601	\$ 38,729,499	\$ 37,067,573
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		, ,
\$ 1,497,509	\$ 1,509,582	\$ 1,910,176	\$ 1,704,695	\$ 1,835,340	\$ 1,969,976
2,338,853	2,390,960	2,675,280	2,716,568	2,559,765	2,809,315
0	0	0	0	0	0
1,138	172,196	17,293	8,233	13,011	24,935
0	0	9,542	2,388	4,299	0
0	0	18	203	0	0
4,045	5,759	34,271	30,013	34,405	30,596
542,524	472,764	299,644	475,852	396,011	514,247
3,786,699	1,689,871	14,585	93,097	934,178	1,912,600
\$ 8,170,768	\$ 6,241,132	\$ 4,960,809	\$ 5,031,049	\$ 5,777,009	\$ 7,261,669

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Business-type Activities:				
Charges for Services				
Water	\$ 3,425,277	\$ 3,455,602	\$ 3,227,912	\$ 3,321,936
Sewer	4,090,886	4,958,089	3,563,646	4,250,051
Sanitation	1,774,993	1,917,987	2,012,065	1,982,788
Storm Water	144,933	319,870	344,240	340,317
Other Enterprise Funds	87,633	60,528	58,587	60,610
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	422,209	714,903	490,531
Capital Grants and Contributions	418,589	205,679	383,879	0
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	\$ 9,942,311	\$ 11,339,964	\$ 10,305,232	\$ 10,446,233
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 14,219,357	\$ 16,662,660	\$ 15,595,840	\$ 15,141,474
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental Activities	(14,007,130)	(12,312,322)	(13,492,478)	(14,634,374)
Business-type Activities	212,164	2,377,054	648,696	204,745
Total Primary Government Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$(13,794,966)	\$(9,935,268)	\$(12,843,782)	\$(14,429,629)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:				
Income Taxes	\$ 8,318,554	\$ 8,272,340	\$ 10,969,297	\$ 12,276,122
Other Local Taxes	44,590	39,052	36,655	37,308
Property Taxes	1,855,068	1,582,440	1,361,654	1,807,780
Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax	1,163,541	1,459,124	1,418,289	1,225,059
Inergovernmental, Unrestricted	2,048,476	1,755,690	1,895,351	1,283,809
Investment Earnings	2,010,170	80,055	63,913	38,295
Miscellaneous	409,876	209,174	385,043	329,715
Transfers	170,082	(62,275)	104,499	(878,636)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 14,274,412	\$ 13,335,600	\$ 16,234,701	\$ 16,119,452
Business-type Activities:				
Investment Earnings	0	0	0	0
Transfers	(170,082)	62,275	(104,499)	878,636
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0
Total Business-type Activities	\$(170,082)	\$ 62,275	\$(104,499)	\$ 878,636
Total Primary Government	\$ 14,104,330	\$ 13,397,875	\$ 16,130,202	\$ 16,998,088
Change in Net Position				
Governmental Activities	267,282	1,023,278	2,742,223	1,485,078
Business-type Activities	42,082	2,439,329	544,197	1,083,381
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$ 309,364	\$ 3,462,607	\$ 3,286,420	\$ 2,568,459

Source: City Finance Director's Office

Note: Prior to 2009 property taxes were included in the other local taxes figure on the entity wide statements.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 3,533,324	\$ 3,504,940	\$ 3,715,562	\$ 3,961,826	\$ 4,264,396	\$ 4,277,272
4,384,154	4,546,060	4,538,119	4,925,424	4,890,401	5,181,937
1,954,056	1,970,172	1,996,550	1,973,814	2,063,417	2,134,547
337,467	338,546	340,799	342,741	345,445	348,187
161,317	83,972	51,063	53,960	112,478	104,729
126,156	119,450	174,487	75,000	20,000	-
11,100	158,801	144,542	16,000	17,600	54,750
\$ 10,507,574	\$ 10,721,941	\$ 10,961,122	\$ 11,348,765	\$ 11,713,737	\$ 12,101,422
\$ 18,678,342	\$ 16,963,073	\$ 15,921,931	\$ 16,379,814	\$ 17,490,746	\$ 19,363,091
(13,931,365)	(14,806,845)	(17,117,722)	(16,198,443)	(20,957,006)	(18,552,115
983,680	505,614	1,558,699	302,656	(281,747)	847,633
\$(12,947,685)	\$(14,301,231)	\$(15,559,023)	\$(15,895,787)	\$(21,238,753)	\$(17,704,482
\$ 11,732,328	\$ 11,756,681	\$ 11,952,647	\$ 12,728,800	\$ 12,514,453	\$ 12,628,073
40,137	40,362	41,395	41,042	38,289	52,836
986,812	1,524,924	1,324,503	1,442,144	1,442,899	1,487,042
1,474,430	1,139,791	1,194,461	1,459,326	1,698,281	1,345,069
1,811,934	827,164	1,033,930	1,003,737	940,280	987,330
27,308	138,931	2,246	110,028	93,470	116,647
367,822	411,511	106	0	0	C
63,167	(367,017)	74,734	183,998	183,891	131,483
\$ 16,503,938	\$ 15,472,347	\$ 15,624,022	\$ 16,969,075	\$ 16,911,563	\$ 16,748,480
0	0	0	0	0	
(63,167)	367,017	(74,734)	(183,998)	(183,891)	(131,483
0	0	0	0	0	
\$(63,167)	\$ 367,017	\$(74,734)	\$(183,998)	\$(183,891)	\$(131,483
\$ 16,440,771	\$ 15,839,364	\$ 15,549,288	\$ 16,785,077	\$ 16,727,672	\$ 16,616,997
2,572,573	665,502	(1,493,700)	770,632	(4,045,443)	(1,803,635
2,572,575					
920,513	872,631	1,483,965	118,658	(465,638)	716,150

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Fund				
Nonspendable			\$ 59,044	\$ 53,487
Assigned			\$ 188,601	\$ 1,662,830
Unassigned			\$ 1,872,104	\$ 1,096,424
Reserved	\$ 213,890	\$ 167,371	0	0
Unreserved	4,286,603	1,875,461	0	0
Total General Fund	4,500,493	2,042,832	2,119,749	2,812,741
All Other Governmental Funds				
NonSpendable			140,563	209,783
Restricted			6,042,733	5,173,704
Committed			117,026	149,778
Assigned			1,952,407	2,130,590
Reserved	428,075	1,440,549	0	0
Unreserved, Undesignated,				
Reported in:				
Special Revenue Funds	1,731,786	4,578,277	0	0
Capital Projects Funds	1,501,554	740,547	0	0
Total All Other Governmental Funds	3,661,415	6,759,373	8,252,729	7,663,855
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 8,161,908	\$ 8,802,205	\$ 10,372,478	\$ 10,476,596

Source: City Finance Director's Office

(1) The City Implemented GASB 54 in 2011

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
2015	2011	2010	2010	2017	2010
\$ 51,992	\$ 45,190	\$ 28,405	\$ 35,628	\$ 36,969	\$ 38,562
\$ 240,208	\$ 1,649,569	\$ 1,412,584	\$ 7,001	\$ 1,734,848	\$ 1,707,787
\$ 3,509,005	\$ 1,883,547	\$ 1,398,034	\$ 3,507,294	\$ 1,763,718	\$ 1,105,903
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
3,801,205	3,578,306	2,839,023	3,549,923	3,535,535	2,852,252
221,393	451,803	219,964	188,205	187,266	225,380
5,919,266	4,970,908	11,504,299	8,215,198	5,858,648	4,990,214
219,170	154,522	249,694	247,351	290,271	325,274
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
6,359,829	5,577,233	11,973,957	8,650,754	6,336,185	5,540,868
\$ 10,161,034	\$ 9,155,539	\$ 14,812,980	\$ 12,200,677	\$ 9,871,720	\$ 8,393,120

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Revenues:				
Municipal Income Tax	\$ 8,418,354	\$ 8,262,780	\$ 10,933,675	\$ 11,599,673
Other Local Taxes	1,899,658	1,619,094	1,400,707	1,293,188
State Shared Taxes and Permits	3,296,472	3,097,393	3,109,036	2,707,651
Intergovernmental Grants	908,950	1,522,973	2,100,211	1,142,233
Charges for Services	1,669,891	1,766,578	1,485,407	1,635,508
Fines, Costs, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits	1,422,179	1,418,432	1,357,962	1,435,372
Miscellaneous Receipts and Reimbursements,				
including Interest	909,516	881,195	835,290	808,439
Total Revenue	18,525,020	18,568,445	21,222,288	20,622,064
Expenditures:				
Current:	2 110 024	2 12 (271	2 202 502	2 400 500
General Government	3,119,824	3,136,271	3,383,703	3,490,798
Public Safety	11,456,004	10,721,657	11,502,926	11,927,807
Health	51,780	48,257	0	0
Highways and Streets	1,425,152	1,353,816	1,295,688	1,290,424
Urban Redevlopment & Housing	289,694	248,432	130,324	91,730
Economic Development & Assistance	0	0	146,663	153,967
Recreation	319,544	169,228	158,251	166,091
Capital Outlay	2,498,161	1,739,237	3,443,902	2,829,747
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	433,103	1,315,647	433,131	538,820
Interest and Fiscal Charges	128,364	112,635	70,461	74,378
Total Expenditures	19,721,626	18,845,180	20,565,049	20,563,762
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(1,196,606)	(276,735)	657,239	58,302
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Other Financing Sources - Capital Leases	190,080	0	0	0
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	927,531	953,712	0
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	234,001	7,512,071	5,370,000	4,546,000
Transfers Out	(247,000)	(7,528,071)	(5,391,500)	(4,569,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	177,081	911,531	932,212	(23,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$(1,019,525)	\$ 634,796	\$ 1,589,451	\$ 35,302
Debt Service as a Percentage				
of Noncapital Expenditures	3.42%	8.08%	2.92%	3.58%

Source: City Finance Director's Office

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 11,582,587	\$ 11,716,273	\$ 11,922,714	\$ 12,699,537	\$ 12,645,955	\$ 12,753,832
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,472,542	1,514,437	1,453,040	1,505,940	1,470,786	1,552,710
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3,007,312	2,247,433	2,243,246	2,395,052	2,318,968	2,228,443
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3,920,886	2,295,026	324,867	519,051	1,368,595	2,408,747
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,918,720	2,038,845	2,337,256	2,295,450	2,244,851	2,406,610
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	1,358,049	1,364,666	1,314,750	1,416,278	1,415,318	1,410,304
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	979,786	1,268,957	1,024,070	797,219	918,422	1,085,605
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	24,239,882	22,445,637	20,619,943	21,628,527	22,382,895	23,846,251
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3,478,462	3,634,660	3,838,344	3,561,137	3,840,056	4,155,182
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12,264,065	12,677,453	13,020,511	12,034,571	13,182,470	14,076,339
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,365,466	1,590,916	1,231,105	1,196,747	1,422,035	1,506,142
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	82,763	117,762	92,427	91,215	94,713	97,359
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	191,046	190,432	173,560	164,240	135,871	139,337
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	166,868	208,422	259,657	233,150	248,583	241,755
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8,029,355	4,841,290	3,568,604	7,219,724	5,824,533	4,052,721
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	402,837	480,251	854,648	811,734	846,553	948,664
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	56,112	68,328	232,664	310,623	311,598	316,444
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	26,036,974	23,809,514	23,271,520	25,623,141	25,906,412	25,533,943
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(1,797,092)	(1,363,877)	(2,651,577)	(3,994,614)	(3,523,517)	(1,687,692)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 371 415	183 /86	106	194 470	0	0
0 0 412,736 0 0 4,825,000 5,330,000 5,788,051 5,444,627 5,942,322 6,425 (4,825,000) (5,330,000) (5,713,317) (5,260,629) (5,758,431) (6,248, 1,371,415 183,486 8,487,576 1,378,468 1,208,891 176,		-				0
4,825,0005,330,0005,788,0515,444,6275,942,3226,425(4,825,000)(5,330,000)(5,713,317)(5,260,629)(5,758,431)(6,248,1,371,415183,4868,487,5761,378,4681,208,891176,						0
(4,825,000)(5,330,000)(5,713,317)(5,260,629)(5,758,431)(6,248,1,371,415183,4868,487,5761,378,4681,208,891176						6,425,607
1,371,415 183,486 8,487,576 1,378,468 1,208,891 176						(6,248,859
						176,748
$= (2,010,10) \qquad \qquad$						\$(1,510,944
		(-,-,-*)		*(-,,0)	*(-,	+(-,,)
2.09% 2.74% 5.32% 6.91% 8.21% 5.	2.09%	2.74%	5.32%	6.91%	8.21%	5.86%

Income Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

Tax year	2009	2010	2011	2012
Income Tax Rate	1.75%	1.75%	2.25%	2.25%
Total Tax Collected	\$ 8,263,057	\$ 8,354,222	\$ 10,310,172	\$ 11,595,945
Income Tax Receipts				
Withholding	6,425,740	6,377,354	8,075,838	8,533,750
Percentage	77.76%	76.34%	78.33%	73.59%
Direct (Individual & Business)	1,837,317	1,976,868	2,234,334	3,062,195
Percentage	22.24%	23.66%	21.67%	26.41%

Note: Estimated Personal Income and Income Tax by Business Type

is not available for any of these years.

Source: City Income Tax Department

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
\$ 11,634,384	\$ 11,739,338	\$ 11,725,621	\$ 12,828,479	\$ 13,131,194	\$ 13,269,321
8,310,102 71.43% 3,324,282 28.57%	8,486,386 72.29% 3,252,952 27.71%	8,537,908 72.81% 3,187,713 27.19%	9,173,973 71.51% 3,654,506 28.49%	9,340,086 71.13% 3,791,108 28.87%	9,676,406 72.92% 3,592,915 27.08%

Income Tax Collections Current Year and Seven Years Ago

			Local	
	Number	Percent of	Taxable	Percent of
Income Level	of Filers	Total	Income	Income
\$0 - \$19,999	5,599	49.10%	\$ 33,030,225	8.92%
20,000 - 49,999	3,173	27.83%	106,488,600	28.74%
50,000 - 74,999	1,269	11.13%	77,462,189	20.91%
75,000 - 99,999	683	5.99%	58,768,513	15.86%
Over 100,000	678	5.95%	94,737,842	25.57%
Total	11,402	100.00%	\$ 370,487,369	100.00%
Local Taxes Paid by Residents			Tax Dollars	
Taxes Paid to the City of Xenia	l	-	\$ 6,381,254	
Taxes Credited to Other Munic	ipalities		1,954,712	
		-	\$ 8,335,966	

			Local	
	Number	Percent of	Taxable	Percent of
Income Level	of Filers	Total	Income	Income
\$0 - \$19,999	6,423	53.26%	\$ 35,568,596	10.28%
20,000 - 49,999	3,166	26.26%	105,067,003	30.38%
50,000 - 74,999	1,317	10.92%	80,201,129	23.19%
75,000 - 99,999	653	5.42%	56,293,314	16.27%
Over 100,000	499	4.14%	68,767,783	19.88%
Total	12,058	100.00%	\$ 345,897,825	100.00%
Local Taxes Paid by Resider	its		Tax Dollars	
Taxes Paid to the City of Xe	nia	-	\$ 4,378,519	
Taxes Credited to Other Mun	nicipalities		1,674,693	
	-	-	\$ 6,053,212	

Source: City Finance Director's Office



Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type

Last Ten Years

_	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities (1)				
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ 945,000	\$ 920,000	\$ 1,803,712	\$ 1,642,248
Original Issue Premium	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Capital Leases	1,589,809	1,219,167	856,036	478,680
Local Government Innovation Fund	0	0	0	0
Business-type Activities (1)				
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans Payable	\$ 4,894,544	\$ 6,226,960	\$ 5,509,733	\$ 6,555,052
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	0	120,288	109,383
Capital Leases	1,607,731	1,514,227	1,416,485	1,314,314
Total Primary Government	\$ 9,037,084	\$ 9,880,354	\$ 9,706,254	\$ 10,099,677
Population (2)				
City of Xenia	27,357	25,719	25,915	25,983
Outstanding Debt Per Capita	\$ 330	\$ 384	\$ 375	\$ 389
Income (3)				
Personal (in thousands)	518,470	493,702	497,464	515,659
Percentage of Personal Income	1.74%	2.00%	1.95%	1.96%

Sources:

(1) City Finance Director's Office

(2) US Bureau of Census, Population Division

(a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 1,478,916	\$ 1,288,677	\$ 8,756,488	\$ 9,247,308	\$ 9,706,094	\$ 9,042,801
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 396,227	\$ 379,718	\$ 363,207	\$ 346,698
1,610,590	1,504,064	1,191,605	1,186,674	893,030	594,363
100,000	100,000	90,000	80,000	70,000	60,000
\$ 6,006,280	\$ 5,449,918	\$ 4,877,571	\$ 4,315,520	\$ 3,709,810	\$ 3,086,693
98,243	\$ 5,449,918 86,863	75,236	63,355	51,221	38,824
1,207,514	1,095,874	979,174	857,187	729,671	1,617,931
\$ 10,501,543	\$ 9,525,396	\$ 16,366,301	\$ 16,129,762	\$ 15,523,033	\$ 14,787,310
25,879	25,911	25,976	26,002	26,562	26,193
\$ 406	\$ 368	\$ 630	\$ 620	\$ 584	\$ 565
514,733	531,383	532,716	546,796	580,831	607,835
-	-	-			-
2.04%	1.79%	3.07%	2.95%	2.67%	2.43%

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year	2009	2010	2011	2012
Population (1)	27,357	25,719	25,915	25,983
Assessed Value (2)	\$ 399,918,650	\$ 401,707,460	\$ 376,284,220	\$ 369,340,160
General Bonded Debt (3) General Obligation Bonds	\$ 945,000	\$ 920,000	\$ 1,924,000	\$ 1,751,631
Resources Available to Pay Principal (4)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Net General Bonded Debt	\$ 945,000	\$ 920,000	\$ 1,924,000	\$ 1,751,631
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	0.24%	0.23%	0.51%	0.47%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	\$ 34.54	\$ 35.77	\$ 74.24	\$ 67.41

Source:

(1) U.S. Bureau of Census of Population

(2) Greene County Auditor

(3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt supported by

property taxes.

There were no General Obligation Bonds prior to 1999.

(4) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
25,879	25,911	25,976	26,002	26,562	26,193
\$ 371,635,110	\$ 357,886,080	\$ 357,304,480	\$ 358,938,640	\$ 380,189,780	\$ 387,634,450
	* 1 255 5 10	A A A A A		* • = = • • •	¢ 0 001 (05
\$ 1,577,159	\$ 1,375,540	\$ 8,831,724	\$ 9,310,663	\$ 9,757,315	\$ 9,081,625
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 1,577,159	\$ 1,375,540	\$ 8,831,724	\$ 9,310,663	\$ 9,757,315	\$ 9,081,625
0.42%	0.38%	2.47%	2.59%	2.57%	2.34%
\$ 60.94	\$ 53.09	\$ 340.00	\$ 358.07	\$ 367.34	\$ 346.72

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities December 31, 2018

2018 Jurisdiction	Gross Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to the City of Xenia	Amount Applicable to the City of Xenia
Directo			
Direct: City of Xenia	\$ 10,043,862	100.00%	\$ 10,043,862
Overlapping:			
Greene County	\$ 83,454,576	9.36%	7,807,572
Xenia Community School District	\$ 34,210,000	57.17%	19,558,655
Greene County Career Center	\$ 0	9.23%	0
		Subtotal	27,366,227
		Total	\$ 37,410,089

Source: City of Xenia Finance Office Greene County Auditor Xenia Community Schools Greene County Career Center



Debt Limitations

Last Ten Years

Collection Year	2009	2010	2011	2012
Total Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	399,918,650	401,707,460	376,284,220	369,340,160
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	41,991,458	42,179,283	39,509,843	38,780,717
City Debt Outstanding (2)	945,000	920,000	1,924,000	1,751,631
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts	0	0	0	0
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	945,000	920,000	1,924,000	1,751,631
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$ 41,046,458	\$ 41,259,283	\$ 37,585,843	\$ 37,029,086
Unvoted Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	399,918,650	401,707,460	376,284,220	369,340,160
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	21,995,526	22,093,910	20,695,632	20,313,709
City Debt Outstanding (2)	945,000	920,000	1,924,000	1,751,631
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts	0	0	0	0
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	945,000	920,000	1,924,000	1,751,631
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$ 21,050,526	\$ 21,173,910	\$ 18,771,632	\$ 18,562,078

(1) Direct Debt Limitation based upon Section 133, The Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

(2) City Debt Outstanding includes Non Self-Supporting General Obligation Bonds

Source: City Finance Director's Office

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	371,635,110	357,886,080	357,304,480	358,938,640	380,189,780	387,634,450
	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
	39,021,687	37,578,038	37,516,970	37,688,557	39,919,927	40,701,617
	1,577,159	1,375,540	8,831,724	9,310,663	9,757,315	9,081,625
	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1,577,159	1,375,540	8,831,724	9,310,663	9,757,315	9,081,625
\$	37,444,528	\$ 36,202,498	\$ 28,685,246	\$ 28,377,894	\$ 30,162,612	\$ 31,619,992
	371,635,110	357,886,080	357,304,480	358,938,640	380,189,780	387,634,450
	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
	20,439,931	19,683,734	19,651,746	19,741,625	20,910,438	21,319,895
	1,577,159	1,375,540	8,831,724	9,310,663	9,757,315	9,081,625
	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	1,577,159	1,375,540	8,831,724	9,310,663	9,757,315	9,081,625
\$	18,862,772	\$ 18,308,194	\$ 10,820,022	\$ 10,430,962	\$ 11,153,123	\$ 12,238,270

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	2009	2010	2011	2012
Population (1) (a)				
City of Xenia	27,357	25,719	25,915	25,983
Greene County	159,823	161,573	163,219	163,852
Income (1) (a)				
Total Personal (in thousands)	518,470	493,702	497,464	515,659
Per Capita	18,952	19,196	19,196	19,846
Unemployment Rate (2)				
Federal	9.7%	9.1%	8.3%	7.6%
State	10.7%	9.2%	7.6%	6.6%
Greene County	10.6%	9.2%	7.3%	6.4%
Civilian Work Force Estimates (2)				
State	5,884,900	5,874,200	5,762,000	5,701,000
Greene County	79,700	79,900	79,000	77,600
Employment Distribution by Occupation (1) (a)				
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, hunting, and mining	29	89	99	66
Construction	701	628	530	566
Manufacturing	1,952	1,351	1,019	1,185
Wholesale trade	240	281	213	174
Retail trade	1,511	1,342	1,410	1,341
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities info.	448	700	638	568
Information	190	297	191	206
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	436	512	499	509
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management	713	1,203	925	770
Educational, health, and social services	2,389	3,153	2,705	2,954
Arts, Entertainment, recreation, accomodation and food services	828	1,096	1,274	1,154
Other Services	641	621	669	606
Public Administration	843	742	836	748
Daytime Population (1) (a)	22,424	22,424	22,424	22,424

Sources:

 $(1)\,$ US Census Bureau American Fact Finder Website, the City used the latest

information available.

(a) Daytime Population calculated using date from American Fact Finder starting in

2018. Prior to that the US Bureau of Census of Population was used

(2) State Department of Labor Statistics

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
25,879	25,911	25,976	26,002	26,562	26,193
163,204	163,820	164,427	164,192	166,752	167,995
514,733	531,383	532,716	546,796	580,831	607,835
19,890	20,508	20,508	21,029	21,867	23,206
6.5%	5.4%	4.8%	4.5%	3.9%	3.7%
6.6%	4.7%	4.6%	4.7%	4.5%	4.8%
6.2%	4.2%	4.1%	4.1%	3.8%	4.3%
5,728,000	5,697,000	5,693,000	5,674,000	5,732,000	5,739,000
76,800	79,500	80,700	80,300	83,100	82,000
56	23	23	10	11	53
656	619	619	604	547	497
1,004	1,000	1,000	1,069	1,092	1,320
231	136	136	143	188	127
1,714	1,725	1,725	1,778	1,934	1,836
528	479	479	416	415	478
197	230	230	198	151	131
410	393	393	405	417	493
742	506	506	556	756	783
2,534	2,730	2,730	2,942	2,921	2,977
1,020	833	833	900	933	990
603	534	534	573	460	572
794	748	748	652	689	653
22,424	24,442	24,442	24,442	24,442	20,282

Principal Employers

Current Year and Eight Years Ago

			2018	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
Greene County	Government	1,170	1	5.14%
Kettering Med Center Network	Health Care	985	2	4.32%
Xenia Community School Dist	Education	758	3	3.33%
Wal-mart Associates Inc	Retail	551	4	2.42%
Kroger Limited Ptr	Grocery	391	5	1.72%
Express Personnel Services	Other Services	349	6	1.53%
Staffmark Investment LLC	Other Services	325	7	1.43%
Hospitality Operating East, LLC	Health Care	289	8	1.27%
City of Xenia	Government	270	9	1.19%
TCN Behavioral Health Services	Health Care	218	10	0.96%
Total		5,306		
Total Employment within the City		22,780		

		2011	
			Percentage
			of Total
Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Employment
Government	1,427	1	7.26%
Education	1,014	2	5.16%
Health Care	821	3	4.18%
Retail	510	4	2.60%
Grocery	279	5	1.42%
Government	247	6	1.26%
Distribution	233	7	1.19%
Health Care	195	8	0.99%
Food Services	192	9	0.98%
Construction	180	10	0.92%
	5,098		
	19,649		
	Health Care Retail Grocery Government Distribution Health Care Food Services	Government1,427Education1,014Health Care821Retail510Grocery279Government247Distribution233Health Care195Food Services192Construction1805,098	Nature of BusinessNumber of EmployeesRankGovernment1,4271Education1,0142Health Care8213Retail5104Grocery2795Government2476Distribution2337Health Care1958Food Services1929Construction180105,09810

Sources:

City of Xenia Income Tax Department

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Eight Years Ago

		2018	
Property Tax Payers	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
DP&L	7,940,020	1	2.05%
Deer Creek Community LLC	4,969,760	2	1.28%
City of Xenia	4,465,960	3	1.15%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business	2,530,160	4	0.65%
Traditions at Xenia	2,409,640	5	0.62%
Ohio Valley Prpoerty Management	2,359,350	9	0.61%
Vectren Energy Delivery	1,916,810	6	0.49%
Lowes Home Centers Inc	1,939,340	7	0.50%
Wood Xenia Center LLC	1,878,590	8	0.48%
Xenia Bellbrook LLC	1,509,490	10	0.39%
Total Principal Property Tax Payers	31,919,120		
Total Assessed Value	387,634,450		

		2011	
Employer	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
City of Xenia	8,708,850	1	2.31%
DP&L	6,044,740	2	1.61%
Deer Creek Community LLC	5,086,567	3	1.35%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business	4,359,306	4	1.16%
Xenia Nominee LP	2,811,970	5	0.75%
Lowes Home Centers Inc	2,212,857	6	0.59%
Supervalu Holdings Inc	2,088,618	7	0.56%
Traditions at Xenia	1,878,534	8	0.50%
John Sale Manor Ltd	1,860,530	9	0.49%
Boymel Sam Trustee	1,805,650	10	0.48%
Total Principal Property Tax Payers	36,857,622		
Total Assessed Value	376,284,220		

Sources: Greene County Auditor's Office

Full Time Equivalent Employees by Function	ı
Last Ten Years	

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities				
General Government				
Finance	15.00	15.00	15.50	15.00
Legal/Court	32.00	32.00	30.75	30.50
Administration	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.50
Information Technology	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Facilities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Security of Persons and Property				
Police	67.00	65.00	65.00	68.50
Fire	41.00	41.00	43.00	44.00
Transportation				
Street	9.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Garage	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Leisure Time Activities				
Recreation/Seniors	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Parks	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Community Environment				
Service	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Development/Planning	4.00	4.00	6.00	6.00
Engineering	4.00	4.00	3.00	4.00
Business-Type Activities				
Utilities				
Water	19.00	18.00	18.00	17.00
Sewer	15.00	15.00	15.00	16.00
Solid Waste	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Storm Water	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Total Employees	216.50	213.50	215.75	220.00

Method: 1.00 for each full-time, 0.50 for each part-time and 0.25 for each seasonal employee Source: City Finance Director's Office

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	15.50	15.50
31.00	27.75	27.25	28.25	27.25	27.25
4.50					
	4.50	4.75	6.00	7.00	7.00
2.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.50	2.50
71.00	72.50	72.50	73.00	73.00	73.00
44.00	44.50	44.50	44.50	44.50	44.50
11.00	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50
6.00	6.00	7.00	6.50	8.00	8.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	2.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2.00	1.00	1.50	1.50	1.25	1.25
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6.00	6.25	6.25	6.25	5.25	5.25
4.00	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
16.00	17.00	17.00	15.25	15.00	15.00
16.00	15.00	15.00	17.50	19.25	19.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.25	1.25	1.25
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
223.50	223.50	225.25	228.50	231.25	232.00

Operating Indicators by Function

Last Ten Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities				
General Government				
Court				
Number of Probation Cases	795	803	738	850
Number of Traffic Cases	9,579	8,984	9,409	10,172
Number of Criminal Cases	3,906	3,904	3,887	3,890
Number of Civil Cases	1,645	1,619	1,811	1,402
Licenses and Permits				
Number of Residential Constructions	26	23	3	151
Number of Commercial Constructions	2	1	6	123
Security of Persons and Property				
Police				
Number of Citations Issued	2,078	1,818	3,420	4,174
Number of Arrests	2,240	2,068	2,381	1,879
Number of Accidents	609	659	553	876
Fire				
Number of Fire Calls	875	819	957	943
Number of EMS Runs	3,543	3,470	3,676	3,781
Number of Inspections	185	72	345	344
Transportation				
Street				
Number of Streets Resurfaced	7	0	28	17
Leisure Time Activities				
Recreation/Seniors				
Number of Programs Offered	5	14	14	14
Number of Shelter Rentals	145	166	68	65
Business-Type Activities				
Water				
Number of Metered Accounts***	10,782	10,800	10,808	10,185
Daily Average Consumption (millions of gallons)	3.2	3.1	2.5	2.5
Peak Daily Consumption (millions of gallons)	8.0	8.0	8.0	9.0
Sewer				
Number of Metered Accounts***	10,664	10,680	10,690	10,065
Daily Average Sewage Treatment (millions of gallons) Solid Waste *	4.1	4.0	5.4	3.8
Number of Customers Served Stormwater **	9,496	9,543	9,495	9,445
Number of Customers Served	10,041	10,024	10,056	9,445

Source: City Finance Director's Office

* Billing for Solid Waste started in 2005

** Billing for Stormwater started in 2007

*** Prior to 2012 accounts include those properties which were vacant. Starting in 2012 the statistics reflect active accounts

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
775	626	564	648	687	660
8,924	8,831	8,139	8,087	8,363	8,545
3,535	3,137	3,372	3,568	3,077	2,698
1,059	1,079	1,358	1,145	1,623	1,291
156	169	144	212	242	298
189	178	125	80	41	41
4,071	3,356	3,368	2,495	1,646	2,393
1,743	1,595	1,908	1,746	1,843	1,711
434	412	487	506	475	473
1,077	1,096	1,135	1,122	1,114	1,247
4,110	4,076	3,995	4,422	4,484	4,613
370	267	281	360	225	360
21	2	14	12	10	2
13	13	15	15	15	15
60	71	72	49	100	109
10,187	10,197	10,235	10,288	10,364	10,439
2.4	3.0	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.0
4.3	4.7	4.4	6.0	4.4	4.3
10,072	10,082	10,123	10,177	10,258	10,285
4.0	4.5	4.7	4.1	4.3	5.0
9,432	9,455	9,455	9,678	9,629	9,690
9,454	9,488	9,502	9,551	9,628	9,656

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities				
General Government				
Land (acres)	7,680	7,680	7,680	7,677
Public Safety				
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	30	22	22	23
Fire				
Stations	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	12	11	11	13
Highways and Streets				
Streets (lane miles)	219	219	219	219
Street Lights	1,961	2,124	2,134	2,134
Traffic Signals	38	40	40	40
Recreation				
Land (acres)	122	120	120	117
Buildings/Shelters	20	12	12	11
Parks	15	14	14	13
Playgrounds	12	13	13	11
Tennis Courts	0	0	0	0
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	1	3	3	3
Soccer Fields	2	0	0	0
Business-Type Activities				
Utilities				
Water				
Waterlines (Miles)	140	140	142	142
Pump Stations	1	1	1	1
Average Daily Consumption	3.2 (mgd)	3.1 (mgd)	2.5 (mgd)	2.5 (mgd)
Storage Capacity (thousands of gallons)	8 (mgd)	8 (mgd)	8 (mgd)	9 (mgd)
Sewer				
Sewerlines (Miles)	146	146	146	146

Source: City Finance Director's Office

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
7,677	8,320	8,320	8,320	8,320	8,321
1	1	1	1	1	1
28	22	20	23	24	27
2	2	2	2	2	2
14	14	13	13	13	15
219	219	219	219	219	220
2,145	2,165	2,165	2,165	2,165	2,184
40	40	40	40	41	41
117	112	112	112	112	113
11	13	13	14	14	19
13	13	13	13	13	13
11	11	11	13	13	13
0	0	0	0	0	0
3	6	6	6	6	5
0	0	0	0	0	0
142	142	142	142	142	143
1	1	1	1	1	
1 2.4 (mgd) 9 (mgd)	3.0 (mgd) 9 (mgd)	1 2.8 (mgd) 9 (mgd)	1 2.8 (mgd) 9 (mgd)	3.0 (mgd) 9 (mgd)	1 3.0 (mgd) 9 (mgd)
146	146	146	146	146	147

Capital Asset Value by Function

Last Ten Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Government				
Land and Improvements	\$ 259,130	\$ 259,130	\$ 259,130	\$ 259,130
Buildings	2,793,757	2,804,149	2,812,649	2,861,096
Equipment	1,240,923	1,260,554	1,274,600	1,420,954
Public Safety	1,210,725	1,200,001	1,271,000	1,120,901
Land and Improvements	77,019	77,019	116,875	116,874
Buildings	956,607	1,233,558	1,283,652	1,304,735
Equipment	5,212,833	4,789,357	4,989,302	5,145,704
City Wide	0,212,000	.,, .,,,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,110,701
Land and Improvements	17,147,703	17,228,303	18,076,476	18,072,603
Buildings	2,835,423	2,703,757	2,719,757	3,729,073
Equipment	2,394,682	2,180,065	2,255,954	2,376,452
Infrastructure	15,065,947	15,247,920	15,763,408	16,285,036
Construction in Progress	273,106	685,664	1,625,763	752,822
C				,
Business-Type Activities				
Utilities				
Water				
Land and Improvements	214,794	214,794	214,794	214,794
Buildings and Improvements	2,870,415	2,900,634	2,900,633	2,900,633
Equipment	16,275,077	16,137,407	16,522,904	17,969,700
Construction in Progress	10,102	239,542	838,962	522,622
Sewer				
Land and Improvements	563,802	563,802	580,303	580,302
Buildings and Improvements	5,294,792	5,353,000	6,857,781	6,857,782
Equipment	25,469,564	25,477,355	26,566,972	26,683,388
Construction in Progress	212,444	2,351,012	124,916	1,634,109
Sanitation				
Land and Improvements	0	0	0	0
Buildings and Improvements	105,703	93,730	93,730	93,730
Equipment	778,320	778,320	784,865	976,672
Construction in Progress	0	0	0	152,072
Stormwater				
Land and Improvements	0	0	0	0
Buildings and Improvements	0	0	0	0
Equipment	8,740,317	8,801,902	8,801,902	8,932,711
Construction in Progress	0	0	0	2,340

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 305,264	\$ 305,264	\$ 305,264	\$ 305,264	\$ 316,651	\$ 316,651
2,861,096	2,861,097	2,861,096	2,861,097	10,484,786	10,611,438
1,574,991	1,614,690	1,753,976	1,776,209	2,198,147	2,523,914
116,875	116,875	116,875	116,875	116,875	116,875
1,393,816	1,417,205	1,656,716	1,656,716	1,845,556	1,845,556
5,833,840	7,321,039	7,000,751	6,944,552	7,219,909	7,365,375
18,788,576	19,081,815	19,081,815	19,944,611	20,330,011	20,358,057
3,729,074	3,785,419	3,823,594	5,706,974	3,853,922	3,853,922
2,485,501	2,555,743	2,589,981	2,616,185	2,721,411	2,724,908
16,743,933	17,662,684	18,114,676	18,803,993	20,347,197	21,686,612
1,583,156	515,011	1,825,904	7,392,736	395,096	1,896,062
214,794	311,416	463,764	463,764	463,764	463,766
2,966,328	2,966,328	3,009,962	3,009,961	3,131,684	3,131,684
18,269,692	18,470,603	19,297,374	19,463,684	19,646,827	19,697,831
622,647	1,616,056	1,181,538	1,251,817	1,245,442	1,766,319
626,990	818,483	889,024	710,000	710,000	738,565
7,427,086	7,452,141	7,485,140	7,485,141	7,631,778	7,821,268
26,875,711	27,361,516	27,516,178	27,775,931	27,870,361	28,159,493
307,309	242,245	236,292	327,543	619,772	1,054,702
213,688	213,688	213,688	213,688	271,768	271,768
93,730	93,730	93,730	93,730	123,130	123,131
992,472	885,782	885,782	908,308	922,064	975,239
0	1,368	176,530	209,698	192,817	195,707
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
9,095,673	9,081,454	9,682,973	9,783,177	10,018,935	10,254,928
0	0	1,988	3,974	0	0

Capital Asset Value by Function

Last Ten Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Other Enterprise				
Land and Improvements	154,681	154,681	263,951	263,951
Buildings and Improvements	0	0	0	0
Equipment	0	20,081	20,081	20,081
Construction in Progress	0	56,301	0	57,261

Source: City Finance Director's Office

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
263,951	263,951	263,951	263,951	263,951	263,951
0	0	0	0	0	0
20,081	20,081	20,081	20,081	11,895	11,895
0	0	0	0	0	0

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CITY OF XENIA

GREENE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 3, 2019

> 88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 www.ohioauditor.gov