BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018



Board of Education Wayne County Schools Career Center 518 West Prospect Street Smithville, Ohio 44677

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Wayne County Schools Career Center, Wayne County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Wayne County Schools Career Center is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 22, 2019

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report

Wayne County Schools Career Center Wayne County 518 West Prospect Street Smithville, Ohio 44677

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wayne County Schools Career Center, Wayne County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Wayne County Schools Career Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Wayne County Schools Career Center's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Wayne County Schools Career Center's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wayne County Schools Career Center, Wayne County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Adult Education, and Classroom Facilities Maintenance funds thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Wayne County Schools Career Center Wayne County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during fiscal year 2018, the Wayne County Schools Career Center adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities and pension and other postemployment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Wayne County Schools Career Center's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2018, on our consideration of the Wayne County Schools Career Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Wayne County Schools Career Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Sube, the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 29, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The discussion and analysis of the Wayne County Schools Career Center (the "Career Center") financial performance provides an overall review of the Career Center's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Career Center's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Career Center's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2018 are as follows:

- The Career Center's net position of governmental activities increased \$7,999,488 which represents a 55.22% increase from 2017's restated net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$10,832,896 in revenue or 62.25% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$6,568,557 or 37.75% of total revenues of \$17,401,453.
- The Career Center had \$9,401,965 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$6,568,557 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$10,832,896 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The Career Center's major governmental funds are the general fund, adult education fund, classroom facilities maintenance fund and permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$12,752,661 in revenues and other financing sources and \$11,680,858 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance increased \$1,071,803 from a balance of \$6,766,902 to \$7,838,705.
- The adult education fund had \$1,859,585 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,685,927 in expenditures. The adult education fund's fund balance increased \$173,658 from \$937,316 to \$1,110,974.
- The classroom facilities maintenance fund had \$455,473 in revenues and other financing sources and \$195,592 in expenditures. The classroom facilities maintenance fund's fund balance increased \$259,881 from \$2,876,812 to \$3,136,693.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$1,316,754 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,415,993 in expenditures. The permanent improvement fund balance decreased \$99,239 from \$1,501,437 to \$1,402,198.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Career Center as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole Career Center, presenting both an aggregate view of the Career Center's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Career Center's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Career Center, the general fund, adult education fund, classroom facilities maintenance fund and the permanent improvement fund are the four governmental funds reported as major funds.

Reporting the Career Center as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Career Center to provide programs and activities, the view of the Career Center as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2018?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Career Center's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Career Center as a whole, the financial position of the Career Center has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the Career Center's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the Career Center's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

The Career Center's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

Reporting the Career Center's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the Career Center's major governmental funds begins on page 13. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Career Center's major funds. The Career Center uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Career Center's most significant funds. The Career Center's major governmental funds are the general fund, adult education fund, classroom facilities maintenance fund, and permanent improvement fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Governmental Funds

All of the Career Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Career Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-29 of this report.

Reporting the Career Center's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The Career Center acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the Career Center's fiduciary activities are reported on separate statements. The statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities and statement of change in fiduciary net position can be found on pages 30-31 of this report. These activities are excluded from the Career Center's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the Career Center to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmentwide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 33-76 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Career Center's net pension liability and net OPEB liability. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 78 - 91 of this report.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The Career Center as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the Career Center as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the Career Center's net position for June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017. The net position at June 30, 2017 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

Net Position

		Restated
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2018	2017
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 20,227,551	\$ 19,254,185
Capital assets, net	25,373,717	26,892,229
Total assets	45,601,268	46,146,414
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension	4,698,373	3,982,847
OPEB	156,479	27,743
Total deferred outflows	4,854,852	4,010,590
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	1,305,026	1,263,323
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year	99,163	1,278,435
Due in more than one year:		
Net pension liability	15,802,319	22,242,437
Net OPEB liability	3,458,147	4,462,049
Other amounts	693,537	590,871
Total liabilities	21,358,192	29,837,115
Deferred inflows		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	4,997,850	5,493,227
Pension	1,113,193	341,140
OPEB	501,875	
Total deferred inflows	6,612,918	5,834,367
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	25,283,055	25,598,507
Restricted	5,910,177	5,662,592
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8,708,222)	(16,775,577)
Total net position	\$ 22,485,010	<u>\$ 14,485,522</u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the Career Center at June 30, 2018 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." For fiscal year 2018, the Career Center adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Career Center's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the Career Center's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Career Center is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Career Center's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 75, the Career Center is reporting a net OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2017, from \$18,919,828 to \$14,485,522.

Analysis of Net Position

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2018, the Career Center's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$22,485,010.

Long-term liabilities decreased primarily due to a decrease in the net pension liability. This factor is outside of the control of the Career Center. The Career Center contributes its statutorily required contributions to the pension systems; however, it's the pension systems that collect, hold and distribute pensions to Career Center employees, not the Career Center.

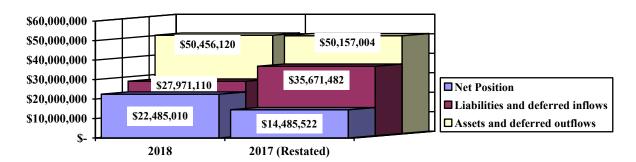
At fiscal year-end, capital assets represented 55.64% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. The Career Center's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2018 was \$25,283,055. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the Career Center's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the Career Center's net position, \$5,910,177, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$8,708,222.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The graph below illustrates the Career Center's assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017. The amounts at June 30, 2017 have been restated as described in Note 3.A.

Governmental - Net Position



The table that follows shows the changes in net position for governmental activities for fiscal years 2018 and 2017. The net position at June 30, 2017 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

Change in Net Position

				Restated
	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental
		Activities		Activities
		2018		2017
<u>Revenues</u>				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$	2,304,684	\$	2,135,936
Operating grants and contributions		4,263,873		4,361,151
General revenues:				
Property taxes		6,766,784		6,223,206
Grants and entitlements not				
restricted to specific programs		3,978,396		4,037,680
Investment earnings		85,200		28,181
Miscellaneous		2,516		-
Total revenues		17,401,453		16,786,154

- (Continued)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Change in Net Position - (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2018	Restated Governmental Activities 2017
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 1,002,078	\$ 2,452,042
Special	21,812	22,905
Vocational	3,502,585	5,829,718
Adult education	752,267	1,432,923
Support services:		
Pupil	304,290	554,749
Instructional staff	841,394	2,037,994
Board of education	30,689	52,181
Administration	364,807	870,009
Fiscal	328,927	478,867
Business		
Operations and maintenance	1,455,429	1,604,384
Pupil transportation	11,992	28,516
Central	7,307	107,051
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	217,148	276,922
Other non-instructional services	484,130	585,168
Extracurricular activities	52,308	31,302
Interest and fiscal charges	24,802	77,569
Total expenses	9,401,965	16,442,300
Changes in net position	7,999,488	343,854
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	14,485,522	N/A
Net position at end of year	\$ 22,485,010	\$ 14,485,522

Governmental Activities

Net position of the Career Center's governmental activities increased \$7,999,488. Total governmental expenses of \$9,401,965 were offset by program revenues of \$6,568,557 and general revenues of \$10,832,896. Program revenues supported 69.86% of the total governmental expenses.

The largest source of revenue comes from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements, which account for 61.75% of total governmental revenues. Real estate property is reappraised every six years. Unrestricted grants and entitlements include monies received from the Ohio Department of Education, State foundation, and property tax relief such as homestead rollbacks and exemptions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The information necessary to restate the 2017 beginning balances and the 2017 OPEB expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 75 is not available. Therefore, 2017 functional expenses still include OPEB expense of \$27,743 computed under GASB 45. GASB 45 required recognizing OPEB expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 75, OPEB expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of OPEB expense. Under GASB 75, the 2018 statements report negative OPEB expense of \$596,125. Consequently, in order to compare 2018 total program expenses to 2017, the following adjustments are needed:

Total 2018 program expenses under GASB 75	\$ 9,401,965
Negative OPEB expense under GASB 75 2018 contractually required contributions	 596,125 34,638
Adjusted 2018 program expenses	10,032,728
Total 2017 program expenses under GASB 45	 16,442,300
Decrease in program expenses not related to OPEB	\$ (6,409,572)

Overall, expenses of the governmental activities decreased \$7,040,335 or 42.82%. This decrease is primarily the result of the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) indefinitely suspending the Cost of Living Adjustment ("COLA") and the School Employee Retirement System (SERS) lowering the COLA from 3.00% to 2.50%. On an accrual basis, the Career Center reported (\$5,280,938) in pension expense and (\$596,125) in OPEB expense mainly due to these benefit changes by the retirement systems. Fluctuations in the pension expense reported under GASB 68 makes it difficult to compare financial information between years. Pension expense is a component of program expenses reported on the statement of activities. To assess fluctuations in program expenses, the increase or decrease in pension expense should be factored into the analysis. Pension expense, by function, for 2018 and 2017 follows:

Program expenses:	2018 Pension Expense	2017 Pension Expense	Increase (Decrease)
Instruction:			
Regular	\$ (1,005,430)	\$ 329,808	\$ (1,335,238)
Special	-	67	(67)
Vocational	(1,803,855)	507,237	(2,311,092)
Adult/continuing	(510,132)	160,170	(670,302)
Support services:			
Pupil	(239,724)	55,922	(295,646)
Instructional staff	(777,225)	253,389	(1,030,614)
Board of education	(17,520)	4,912	(22,432)
Administration	(319,475)	97,538	(417,013)
Fiscal	(149,722)	40,066	(189,788)
Operations and maintenance	(245,136)	72,214	(317,350)
Pupil transportation	(10,318)	3,033	(13,351)
Central	(69,097)	17,708	(86,805)
Operation of non-instructional services:			
Other non-instructional services	(75,360)	27,015	(102,375)
Food service operations	(57,944)	16,883	(74,827)
Total	\$ (5,280,938)	\$ 1,585,962	\$ (6,866,900)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

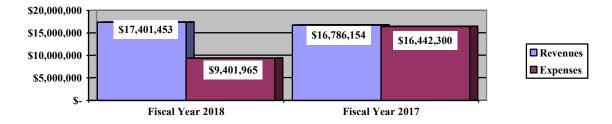
As stated above, fluctuations in the pension expense reported under GASB 68 makes it difficult to compare financial information between years. The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal years 2018 and 2017. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Program expenses:	2018	2018	2017	2017
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 1,002,078	\$ 861,773	\$ 2,452,042	\$ 2,263,931
Special	21,812	21,812	22,905	22,113
Vocational	3,502,585	181,905	5,829,718	2,523,033
Adult education	752,267	(744,752)	1,432,923	(7,207)
Support services:				
Pupil	304,290	206,990	554,749	387,331
Instructional staff	841,394	216,696	2,037,994	1,500,210
Board of Education	30,689	30,689	52,181	52,181
Administration	364,807	328,817	870,009	836,098
Fiscal	328,927	328,927	478,867	478,359
Operations and maintenance	1,455,429	1,455,379	1,604,384	1,604,384
Pupil transportation	11,992	11,992	28,516	28,516
Central	7,307	(98,355)	107,051	2,262
Operations of non-instructional services				
Food service operations	217,148	(61,645)	276,922	(10,279)
Other non-instructional services	484,130	63,148	585,168	202,123
Extracurricular activities	52,308	5,230	31,302	(15,411)
Interest and fiscal charges	24,802	24,802	77,569	77,569
Total expenses	\$ 9,401,965	\$ 2,833,408	\$ 16,442,300	\$ 9,945,213

During fiscal year 2018 for governmental activities, 6.08% of instruction activities were supported through taxes and other general revenues. All governmental activities general revenue support was 30.14% in 2018. The graph below presents the Career Center's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

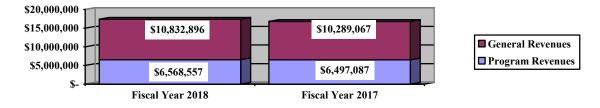
Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The graph below presents the Career Center's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The Career Center's Funds

The Career Center's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13,762,795, which is more than last year's total of \$12,312,797. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2018 and 2017.

	 nd Balance ne 30, 2018	 nd Balance ne 30, 2017	_	Change
General	\$ 7,838,705	\$ 6,766,902	\$	1,071,803
Adult Education	1,110,974	937,316		173,658
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	3,136,693	2,876,812		259,881
Permanent Improvement	1,402,198	1,501,437		(99,239)
Nonmajor governmental	 274,225	 230,330	_	43,895
Total	\$ 13,762,795	\$ 12,312,797	\$	1,449,998

General Fund

The Career Center's general fund balance increased \$1,071,803 during fiscal year 2018. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2018 Amount	2017 Amount	Percentage Change
<u>Revenues</u>			-
Taxes	\$ 5,345,945	\$ 4,744,721	12.67 %
Tuition	292,534	278,326	5.10 %
Interest earnings	87,727	29,415	198.24 %
Intergovernmental	6,488,587	6,454,860	0.52 %
Other revenues	513,935	574,022	(10.47) %
Total	\$ 12,728,728	\$ 12,081,344	5.36 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

General fund revenues increased \$647,384 or 5.36% during fiscal year 2018. Property taxes increased \$601,224 or 12.67%. Actual tax cash receipts increased \$180,861 or 3.79% from fiscal year 2017. The remaining increase in tax revenue is due to an increase in tax advances available at June 30, 2018 versus June 30, 2017 which are recorded as revenue. The amount of tax advance available can vary depending upon when the tax bills are sent by the County Auditor. Interest earnings increased \$58,312 or 198.24% primarily due to the Career Center increasing the amount of monies being held with STAR Ohio which carries a greater interest rate the depository accounts. Other revenues decreased \$60,087 or 10.47% primarily due to a decrease in contract service related revenues in fiscal year 2018. All other revenues remained consistent with the prior fiscal year.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2018 Amount	2017 Amount	Percentage Change
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 7,297,365	\$ 6,965,535	4.76 %
Support services	3,982,906	4,002,321	(0.49) %
Operation of non-instructional services	161,781	200,515	(19.32) %
Extracurricular activities	49,208	27,865	76.59 %
Capital outlay	23,933	-	100.00 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	2,837,620	(100.00) %
Debt Service	908	<u> </u>	100.00 %
Total	<u>\$ 11,516,101</u>	\$ 14,033,856	(17.94) %

General fund expenditures decreased \$2,517,755 or 17.94% in fiscal year 2018. Operation of non-instructional services decreased \$38,734 or 19.32% primarily due to a decrease in the Career Center's shared services. Extracurricular activities expenditures increased \$21,343 or 76.59% due to a increase public school support related expenditures in fiscal year 2018. Capital outlay increased \$23,933 or 100.00% and debt service expenditures increased \$908 or 100.00% due to the Career Center entering a new capital lease for copiers in fiscal year 2018 that is being paid out of the general fund, adult education fund and permanent improvement fund. Facilities acquisition and construction decreased \$2,837,620 or 100.00% due to the Career Center completing the construction of the RAMTEC facility during fiscal year 2017. No capital related expenditures were paid out of the general fund in fiscal year 2018. All other expenditures remained consistent with the prior fiscal year.

Adult Education Fund

The adult education fund had \$1,859,585 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,685,927 in expenditures. The adult education fund's fund balance increased \$173,658 from \$937,316 to \$1,110,974.

Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund

The classroom facilities maintenance fund had \$455,473 in revenues and other financing sources and \$195,592 in expenditures. The classroom facilities maintenance fund's fund balance increased \$259,881 from \$2,876,812 to \$3,136,693. The classroom facilities maintenance fund received a transfer in of \$164,757 in fiscal year 2018.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Permanent Improvement Fund

The permanent improvement fund had \$1,316,754 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,415,993 in expenditures. The permanent improvement fund balance decreased \$99,239 from \$1,501,437 to \$1,402,198 in fiscal year 2018.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Career Center's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, the original and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$11,789,094. Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$12,093,616. The difference between the final budgeted revenues and other financing sources and the actual revenues and other financing sources was \$304,522.

Total actual expenditures and other financing uses on the budget basis (cash outlays plus encumbrances) were \$11,769,805. This amount was \$483,404 less than the final budgeted amount (appropriations plus prior year encumbrances) primarily due to an overestimation of vocational expenditures. The final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses were not changed from the original budgeted amount.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2018, the Career Center had \$25,373,717 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. The following table shows fiscal 2018 balances compared to 2017:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
		2018	-	2017
Land	\$	611,258	\$	611,258
Land improvements		1,619,803		1,756,688
Building and improvements		20,749,202		22,133,166
Furniture and equipment		2,285,005		2,264,440
Vehicles		108,449		126,677
Total	\$	25,373,717	\$	26,892,229

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the Career Center's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2018, the Career Center had \$90,662 in long-term debt outstanding. Of this total \$17,007 is due within one year and \$73,655 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Government Activities 2018	al G	overnmental Activities 2017
Lease-purchase agreement	\$ -	\$	1,185,000
Capital lease obligation	90,6	62	-
	<u>\$ 90,6</u>	<u>62</u> <u>\$</u>	1,185,000

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the Career Center's capital lease and leasepurchase agreement obligations.

Current Financial Related Activity

The Career Center continues to have a positive financial outlook and will for the next few years unless changes in state and federal laws decrease income. The State of Ohio adopted the Biennial budget in June of 2017 (HB49). HB49 applies for fiscal year 2018 and 2019. This funding model has provided a slight increase in core funding per pupil. School districts are guaranteed 100% of the fiscal year 2017 state aid unless a school district had more than a 5% decline in total average daily membership (ADM) between fiscal year 2014 through fiscal year 2016. School districts with more than a 5% decline are subject to an adjusted guarantee no less than 95%. It is estimated the Career Center will remain on the funding guarantee for fiscal year 2019.

Contacting the Career Center's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Career Center's finances and to show the Career Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mary Workman, Treasurer, Wayne County Career Center, 518 West Prospect Street, Smithville, Ohio 44677.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 14,056,016
Receivables:	
Property taxes	5,927,487
Accounts.	144,855
Accrued interest	16,874
Intergovernmental	66,089
Prepayments	16,230
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable capital assets	611,258
Depreciable capital assets, net	24,762,459
Capital assets, net	25,373,717
Total assets.	45,601,268
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Pension (Note 14).	4,698,373
OPEB (Note 15)	156,479
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,854,852
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	36,258
Accrued wages and benefits payable	995,618
Intergovernmental payable	203,031
Accrued vacation leave payable	61,653
Accrued interest payable	23
Unearned revenue	8,443
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year.	99,163
Due in more than one year:	
Net pension liability (Note 14)	15,802,319
Net OPEB liability (Note 15)	3,458,147
Other amounts due in more than one year .	693,537
Total liabilities	21,358,192
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.	4,997,850
Pension (Note 14).	1,113,193
OPEB (Note 15)	501,875
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,612,918
	0,012,918
Net position:	25 202 055
Net investment in capital assets	25,283,055
Restricted for:	1 426 402
Capital projects	1,426,402
Classroom facilities maintenance	3,136,693
Federally funded programs	12,818
Food service operations	252,139
Adult education programs	1,074,437
Other purposes	7,688
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8,708,222)
Total net position	\$ 22,485,010

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Program	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	Expenses			Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	 Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:		Linpenses				
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	1,002,078	\$	-	\$ 140,305	\$ (861,773)
Special		21,812		-	-	(21,812)
Vocational		3,502,585		687,543	2,633,137	(181,905)
Adult/continuing		752,267		1,114,218	382,801	744,752
Support services:						
Pupil		304,290		-	97,300	(206,990)
Instructional staff		841,394		375,088	249,610	(216,696)
Board of education		30,689		-	-	(30,689)
Administration		364,807		-	35,990	(328,817)
Fiscal		328,927		-	-	(328,927)
Operations and maintenance		1,455,429		50	-	(1,455,379)
Pupil transportation		11,992		-	-	(11,992)
Central		7,307		-	105,662	98,355
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations		217,148		121,329	157,464	61,645
Other non-instructional services		484,130		-	420,982	(63,148)
Extracurricular activities		52,308		6,456	40,622	(5,230)
Interest and fiscal charges		24,802		-	 -	 (24,802)
Total governmental activities		9,401,965		2,304,684	 4,263,873	 (2,833,408)

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	5,337,090
Capital outlay	1,138,978
Classroom facilities maintenance	290,716
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	3,978,396
Investment earnings	85,200
Miscellaneous	2,516
Total general revenues	10,832,896
Change in net position	7,999,488
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	14,485,522
Net position at end of year \$	22,485,010

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BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Adult eral Education		Classroom Facilities aintenance	Permanent Improvement		
Assets:	 			 		r	
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 8,206,064	\$	1,177,062	\$ 3,137,764	\$	1,258,759	
Property taxes	4,819,732 54,260 16,874		90,278	290,716		817,039	
Interfund loans	13,909 16,825		520	-		-	
Prepayments	\$ 11,933 13,139,597	\$	4,202	\$ 3,428,480	\$	2,075,798	
Liabilities:	 						
Accounts payable	\$ 17,148	\$	9,067	\$ 1,071	\$	6,069	
Accrued wages and benefits payable	885,932		97,794	-		-	
Compensated absences payable	10,535		-	-		-	
Intergovernmental payable	166,242		15,707	-		-	
Interfund loans payable.	-		-	-		-	
Unearned revenue.	-		8,443	-		-	
Total liabilities.	 1,079,857		131,011	 1,071		6,069	
Deferred inflows of resources:	 			 			
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	4,063,830		_	290,716		643,304	
Delinquent property tax revenue not available.	105,410		_	290,710		24,227	
Accrued interest not available.	8,497		_	_		27,227	
Intergovernmental revenue not available	430		_	_		_	
Tuition revenue not available	42,868		30,077	_			
Total deferred inflows of resources	 4,221,035		30,077	 290,716		667,531	
Fund balances:	 1,221,000		50,077	 290,710		007,001	
Nonspendable:							
Prepaids	11,933		4,202	-		-	
Restricted:						1 402 100	
Capital improvements	-		-	-		1,402,198	
Adult education	-		1,106,772	-		-	
Classroom facilities maintenance	-		-	3,136,693		-	
Food service operations	-		-	-		-	
Vocational education.	-		-	-		-	
Other purposes.	-		-	-		-	
Assigned: Student instruction	215,682		_	_		_	
Student and staff support.	259,815		-	-		-	
Facilities acquisition and construction	110,405		-	-		-	
Subsequent year's appropriations	197,021		-	-		-	
School supplies	284,423		-	-		-	
Other purposes.	42,953		-	-		-	
Unassigned (deficit)	6,716,473		-	-		-	
Total fund balances	 7,838,705		1,110,974	 3,136,693		1,402,198	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 13,139,597	\$	1,272,062	\$ 3,428,480	\$	2,075,798	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 276,367	\$ 14,056,016
317	5,927,487 144,855 16,874
- 48,744	13,909 66,089
95 \$ 325,523	16,230 \$ 20,241,460
\$ 2,903 11,892	\$ 36,258 995,618
21,082	10,535 203,031
13,909	13,909 8,443
49,786	1,267,794
-	4,997,850 129,637
- 1,512	8,497 1,942
1,512	72,945
95	16,230
-	1,402,198 1,106,772
- 255,206	3,136,693 255,206
12,818 7,688	12,818 7,688
-	215,682 259,815
-	110,405
-	197,021 284,423 42.052
(1,582)	42,953 6,714,891
274,225 \$ 325,523	13,762,795 \$ 20,241,460

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RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 13,762,795
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		25,373,717
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 129,637 72,945 8,497 1,942	
Total	1,742	213,021
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(23)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows and outflows are not reported governmental funds. Deferred outflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - Pension Net pension liability Total	in 4,698,373 (1,113,193) (15,802,319)	(12,217,139)
The net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows are not governmental funds. Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred Inflows - OPEB Net OPEB liability Total	reported in 156,479 (501,875) (3,458,147)	(3,803,543)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital lease obligations Accrued vacation leave Compensated absences Total	(90,662) (61,653) (691,503)	(843,818)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 22,485,010

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Adult Education	Classroom Facilities Maintenance	Permanent Improvement
Revenues:	General	Buutunon		
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 5,345,945	\$ -	\$ 290,716	\$ 1,146,169
Tuition.	292,534	1,257,254	-	-
Earnings on investments	87,727	-, ,	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Extracurricular.	4,938	-	-	-
Classroom materials and fees	130,672	217,032	-	-
Rental income	50		-	-
Contributions and donations	116,469	22	-	-
Contract services.	259,290	2,117	-	-
Other local revenues	2,516		_	-
Intergovernmental - state	6,488,587	370,555	_	114,261
Intergovernmental - federal	-	-	_	-
	12,728,728	1,846,980	290,716	1,260,430
Expenditures:			<u> </u>	
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	2,080,084	-	_	-
Vocational	5,161,102	_	_	_
Adult/continuing	56,179	1,251,531	_	_
Support services:	50,175	1,201,001		
Pupil	501,929	_	_	-
Instructional staff	1,280,384	421,313	_	548
Board of education	53,961	421,515	_	5-10
Administration	710,037	-	-	1,095
Fiscal	505,459	-	-	23,126
		-	-	23,120
Operations and maintenance	912,185	-	99,073	-
Pupil transportation	18,951	-	-	-
Central	-	-	-	-
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations.	-	-	-	-
Other non-instructional services	161,781	-	-	-
Extracurricular activities	49,208	-	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	96,519	119,616
Capital outlay	23,933	12,605	-	56,324
Debt service:				
Principal retirement.	567	299	-	1,186,334
Interest and fiscal charges	341	179	-	28,950
Total expenditures	11,516,101	1,685,927	195,592	1,415,993
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,212,627	161,053	95,124	(155,563)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	164,757	-
Transfers (out)	(164,757)	-	-	-
Capital lease transaction	23,933	12,605	-	56,324
Total other financing sources (uses)	(140,824)		164,757	56,324
Net change in fund balances	1,071,803	173,658	259,881	(99,239)
Fund balances at beginning of year	6,766,902	937,316	2,876,812	1,501,437
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 7,838,705	\$ 1,110,974	\$ 3,136,693	\$ 1,402,198

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 6,782,830
-	1,549,788
77	87,804
121,170	121,170
1,518	6,456
-	347,704
-	50
-	116,491
159	261,566
-	2,516
110,415	7,083,818
1,058,707 1,292,046	1,058,707 17,418,900
1,292,040	
133,531	2,213,615
4,000	5,165,102
59,206	1,366,916
104,802	606,731
131,646	1,833,891
-	53,961
35,327	746,459
-	528,585
-	1,011,258
-	18,951
100,560	100,560
256,002	256,002
419,977	581,758
3,100	52,308
-	216,135 92,862
-	,
-	1,187,200
-	29,470
1,248,151	16,061,764
43,895	1,357,136
-	164,757
-	(164,757)
	92,862
	92,862
43,895	1,449,998
230,330	12,312,797
\$ 274,225	\$ 13,762,795

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,449,998
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 515,554 (2,034,066		(1,518,512)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Delinquent property taxes Tuition Earnings on investments Intergovernmental Total	(16,046 17,950 (2,527 (16,824)	(17,447)
Repayment of capital lease and lease-purchase agreement principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Principal payments during the year were: Capital lease Lease-purchase agreement	2,200 1,185,000		1,187,200
Issuance of capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenue as they increase liabilities on the statement on net position.			(92,862)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.			4,668
Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			1,102,653
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.			5,280,938
Contractually required OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			34,638
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net OPEB liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.			596,125
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and accrued vacation leave, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governments funds.			(27,911)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	7,999,488

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Budgeted Amounts			unts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
		Original		Final				
Revenues:								<u> </u>
From local sources:	¢		¢	1 7 40 500	¢	1006016	¢	1/2 24/
Property taxes	\$	4,768,500	\$	4,768,500	\$	4,936,246	\$	167,746
Tuition and fees		200,000		200,000		293,316		93,316
Earnings on investments		105,000		105,000		113,993		8,993 (5,720)
Rental income		40,000		40,000		34,261 50		(5,739) 50
Contributions and donations		5,000		5,000		50		(5,000)
Contract services.		212,094		212,094		201,526		(10,568)
Intergovernmental - state		6,456,000		6,456,000		6,447,903		(10,508)
		11,786,594		11,786,594		12,027,295		240,701
		11,700,591	·	11,700,071		12,027,295		210,701
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction: Regular		2 127 275		2 127 275		2 006 847		130,528
Vocational.		2,137,375 5,414,590		2,137,375 5,414,590		2,006,847 5,166,891		247,699
Support services:		5,414,590		5,414,590		5,100,891		247,099
Pupil		352,771		352,771		496,424		(143,653)
Instructional staff		1,455,993		1,455,993		1,255,710		200,283
Board of education		64,585		64,585		55,226		9,359
Administration.		803,039		803,039		774,441		28,598
Fiscal		477,111		477,111		508,368		(31,257)
Operations and maintenance		996,724		996,724		1,001,056		(4,332)
Pupil transportation		18,905		18,905		18,951		(46)
Other operation of non-instructional services .		161,594		161,594		159,537		2,057
Facilities acquisition and construction		192,265		192,265		148,097		44,168
Total expenditures		12,074,952		12,074,952		11,591,548		483,404
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures .		(288,358)		(288,358)		435,747		724,105
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		2,500		2,500		65,271		62,771
Transfers (out).		(178,257)		(178,257)		(178,257)		-
Sale of capital assets		-		-		1,050		1,050
Total other financing sources (uses)		(175,757)		(175,757)		(111,936)		63,821
Net change in fund balance		(464,115)		(464,115)		323,811		787,926
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,669,988		6,669,988		6,669,988		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		334,620		334,620		334,620		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,540,493	\$	6,540,493	\$	7,328,419	\$	787,926

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ADULT EDUCATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 Budgeted	Amou	ints		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original	Final		Actual		egative)
Revenues:	 			 		
From local sources:						
Tuition	\$ 1,159,333	\$	1,159,333	\$ 1,233,414	\$	74,081
Classroom materials and fees	203,997		203,997	217,032		13,035
Contributions and donations	21		21	22		1
Contract services.	1,990		1,990	2,117		127
Intergovernmental - state	348,299		348,299	370,555		22,256
Total revenues.	 1,713,640		1,713,640	 1,823,140		109,500
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Adult/continuing	1,340,954		1,340,954	1,249,892		91,062
Support services:						,
Instructional staff	457,325		457,325	426,269		31,056
Total expenditures	 1,798,279		1,798,279	 1,676,161		122,118
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures .	 (84,639)		(84,639)	 146,979		231,618
Other financing sources:						
Refund of prior year's expenditures	2,360		2,360	2,511		151
Total other financing sources	 2,360		2,360	 2,511		151
Net change in fund balance	(82,279)		(82,279)	149,490		231,769
Fund balance at beginning of year	940,868		940,868	940,868		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	33,289		33,289	33,289		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 891,878	\$	891,878	\$ 1,123,647	\$	231,769

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CLASSROOM FACILITIES MAINTENANCE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		egative)	
Expenditures:		8						<u> </u>	
Current:									
Support services:									
Operations and maintenance	\$	134,736	\$	134,736	\$	106,473	\$	28,263	
Facilities acquisition and construction		132,264		132,264		104,519		27,745	
Total expenditures		267,000		267,000		210,992		56,008	
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(267,000)		(267,000)		(210,992)		56,008	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers in		455,473		455,473		455,473		-	
Net change in fund balance		188,473		188,473		244,481		56,008	
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,876,812		2,876,812		2,876,812		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,065,285	\$	3,065,285	\$	3,121,293	\$	56,008	

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship			
			Agency	
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	6,002	\$	83,515
Receivables: Accounts				486
Total assets.		6,002	\$	84,001
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		-	\$	3,048
Undistributed monies		-		20,018
Due to students		-		60,935
Total liabilities		-	\$	84,001
Net position:				
Held in trust for scholarships		6,002		
Total net position.	\$	6,002		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		e-Purpose `rust
	Scho	olarship
Additions:		
Interest	\$	2
Gifts and contributions		6,000
Total additions.		6,002
Change in net position		6,002
Net position at beginning of year		-
Net position at end of year	\$	6,002

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CAREER CENTER

The Wayne County Schools Career Center (the "Career Center") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a thirteen member Board of Education consisting of a representative from the participating school districts' elected Boards. The Career Center is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The Career Center provides educational services as mandated by statute and/or federal agencies and operates one instructional/support facility. The Career Center is staffed by 28 classified employees and 82 certified teaching personnel who provide services to 810 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Career Center have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Career Center's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Career Center. For the Career Center, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the Career Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Career Center is financially accountable. The Career Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Career Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the Career Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Career Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the Career Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the Career Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Career Center in that the Career Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Career Center has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the Career Center (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the Career Center:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Midland Council of Governments (the "Midland COG")

The Midland COG is a jointly governed organization among twenty-two boards of education. The Midland COG was formed to provide efficient and cost effective computer and data processing services to member boards. Financial support for the Midland COG is provided by member fees levied according to the number of students within each member's respective district. The Executive Committee determines and sets the fees for all services. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Career Center paid \$93,892 to the Midland COG for basic service charges.

Representation on the Midland COG consists of one member appointed by each member board of education. The representative shall be the Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent or Treasurer of the member district board of education. The Midland COG is governed by the Executive Committee who is elected for two year terms except the position of Fiscal Agent Superintendent which is a permanent appointment. The Executive Committee consists of seven members. The members are two Superintendents, two Treasurers, two members-at-large and the Fiscal Agent Superintendent.

INSURANCE POOLS

Stark County Schools Council of Governments (the "Council)

The Career Center participates in the Council for purpose of providing employee medical/surgical benefits. The Council is a risk sharing pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of carrying out a cooperative program for the provision and administration of health care benefits. The Council is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Council. All Council revenues are generated from charges for services. The Council has a Health Benefits Program which is a shared risk pool comprised of 79 entities, most of which are school districts.

Ohio School Plan (the "Plan)

The Career Center participates in the Plan, an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member Board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, and a member of the Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which establishes agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

The Career Center's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Career Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the stand-alone government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the Career Center that are governmental activities (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). However, the Career Center has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Career Center at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Career Center's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Career Center, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Career Center.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the fiscal year, the Career Center segregates transactions related to certain Career Center functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Career Center at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

C. Fund Accounting

The Career Center uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The Career Center has no proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following are the Career Center's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Adult education fund</u> - The adult education fund accounts for financial resources restricted to educational opportunities offered on a tuition basis to adults living within the community.

<u>Classroom facilities maintenance fund</u> - The classroom facilities maintenance fund accounts for financial resources restricted to the maintenance and upkeep of Career Center facilities.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - The permanent improvement fund accounts for property taxes restricted for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Other governmental funds of the Career Center are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Career Center under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Career Center's own programs. The Career Center's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Career Center's agency funds account for student activities and adult education direct loan rotary activities.

D. Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Career Center are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets/deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities/deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Career Center, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Career Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Career Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Career Center on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees, contract services, and charges for services.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Career Center, see Notes 14 and 15 for deferred outflows of resources related to the Career Center's net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the Career Center, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2018, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2019 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the Career Center, unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes, tuition, and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the Career Center, see Notes 14 and 15 for deferred inflows of resources related to the Career Center's net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures for the general fund, adult education fund, and classroom facilities maintenance fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Career Center Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the 2018.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u> - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated.

G. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Career Center is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Career Center records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments".

During fiscal year 2018, the Career Center's investments included negotiable certificates of deposit (negotiable CDs), a U.S. Government money market mutual fund, commercial paper, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities and investments in the State Asset Treasury Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices or current share price.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The Career Center measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2018, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

The Board of Education, by resolution, allocates interest earnings at the end of each fiscal year. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2018 was \$87,727, which includes \$36,660 assigned from other Career Center funds.

Investments of the Career Center's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Career Center are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Career Center's investment accounts at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

H. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2018, are recorded as prepayments using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On the fund financial statements, reported prepayments are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

I. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Career Center had no restricted assets at June 30, 2018.

J. Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The Career Center maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for its general capital assets. The Career Center does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

E 4 4 1

	Estimated
Description	<u>Useful lives</u>
Land improvements	15 - 30 years
Buildings and improvements	30 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	3 - 15 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years

K. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Interfund loans receivable/payable are summarized in Note 5.B.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Compensated Absences

The Career Center reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Career Center will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the Career Center's past experience of making termination payments.

For the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and net pension/OPEB liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as liabilities on the fund financial statements when due.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Career Center or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The restriction on net position for other purposes consists of extracurricular activities.

The Career Center applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Career Center is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Career Center Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Career Center Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Career Center for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Career Center Board of Education. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Career Center applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of activities. See Note 5.A. for details.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2018.

T. Fair Value Measurements

The Career Center categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles/Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2018, the Career Center has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</u>", GASB Statement No. 81 "<u>Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements</u>" GASB Statement No. 85, "<u>Omnibus 2017</u>" and GASB Statement No. 86, "<u>Certain Debt Extinguishments</u>".

GASB Statement No. 75 improves the accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 effected the Career Center's postemployment benefit plan disclosures, as presented in Note 15 to the basic financial statements, and added required supplementary information which is presented on pages 84 - 89 and 91.

GASB Statement No. 81 improves the accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 81 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

GASB Statement No. 85 addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and OPEB. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 85 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

GASB Statement No. 86 improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources - resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt - are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 86 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

A net position restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 75. The governmental activities at July 1, 2017 have been restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net position as previously reported	\$ 18,919,828
Deferred outflows - payments	
subsequent to measurement date	27,743
Net OPEB liability	(4,462,049)
Restated net position at July 1, 2017	\$ 14,485,522

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the Career Center made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available. The restatement had no effect on fund balances.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2018 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit		
Adult Basic Education	\$	1,582	

The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balance resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the Career Center into three categories.

Active deposits are monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Career Center treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the Career Center's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Career Center, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year-end, the Career Center had \$350 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the Career Center as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of all Career Center deposits was \$1,043,497. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2018, \$810,707 of the Career Center's bank balance of \$1,157,623 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$346,916 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Career Center will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Career Center has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the Career Center and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2018, the Career Center's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Career Center to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

			Investment Maturity							
Measurement/	Ν	leasurement		6 Months		7 to 12		13 to 18	G	reater than
Investment type		Value		or Less		months		months		24 months
Fair Value:										
FNMA	\$	2,295,558	\$	-	\$	-	\$	394,777	\$	1,900,781
Negotiable CDs		1,904,994		492,471		197,723		490,494		724,306
Commercial Paper		4,824,574		4,824,574		-		-		-
U.S. Government Money										
Market Mutual Fund		10,680		10,680		-		-		-
Amortized Cost:										
STAR Ohio		4,065,880		4,065,880				-		-
Total	\$	13,101,686	\$	9,393,605	\$	197,723	\$	885,271	\$	2,625,087

As of June 30, 2018, the Career Center had the following investments and maturities:

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.68 years.

The Career Center's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The Career Center's investments in federal agency securities (FNMA), commercial paper and negotiable CD's are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The Career Center's policy indicates that the investments must mature within five years, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Career Center.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: The Career Center's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Commercial paper investments were rated A-1 and A-1+ by Standard & Poor's and P-1 by Moody's Investor Services. The U.S. government money market mutual fund and STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The negotiable CDs were not rated but are fully insured by the FDIC. The Career Center has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Career Center will no longer be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the Career Center's name. The Career Center has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Career Center places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Career Center at June 30, 2018:

Measurement/	Measurement	
Investment type	value	% to total
Fair Value:		
FNMA	2,295,558	17.52
Negotiable CDs	1,904,994	14.54
Commercial Paper	4,824,574	36.83
U.S. Government Money Market		
Mutual Fund	10,680	0.08
Amortized Cost:		
STAR Ohio	4,065,880	31.03
Total	\$ 13,101,686	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2018:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,043,497
Investments	13,101,686
Cash on hand	 350
Total	\$ 14,145,533

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Cash and investments per statement of net position

Governmental activities	\$ 14,056,016
Agency funds	83,515
Private-purpose trust funds	 6,002
Total	\$ 14,145,533

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

	 Fransfer In		Fransfer Out
General fund Classroom facilities maintenance	\$ \$ - 164,757		164,757 -
Total	\$ 164,757	\$	164,757

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

During fiscal year 2018, the Career Center transferred \$164,757 from the general fund to the classroom facilities maintenance fund to provide for future facilities maintenance expenditures.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported on the statement of activities.

B. Interfund loans receivable/payable at June 30, 2018 consisted of the following as reported on the fund financial statements:

	 nterfund eceivable	 nterfund Payable	
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 13,909	\$ 13,909	
Total	\$ 13,909	\$ 13,909	

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover cash deficits at June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated cash is received. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the Career Center fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the Career Center in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2018 represent the collection of calendar year 2017 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2018 were levied after April 1, 2017, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2018 represent the collection of calendar year 2017 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2018 were levied after April 1, 2017, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The Career Center receives property taxes from Wayne, Medina, Holmes, Stark and Ashland Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the Career Center their portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2018, are available to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2018 was \$650,492 in the general fund and \$149,508 in the permanent improvement fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2017 was \$240,793 in the general fund and \$66,207 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2018 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow. The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2018 taxes were collected are:

	2017 Seco Half Collect		2018 First Half Collections			
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 2,344,545,610 108,628,710	95.57 4.43	\$ 2,415,867,330 114,905,490			
Total	\$ 2,453,174,320	100.00	\$ 2,530,772,820	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 4.85		\$ 4.60			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 7 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund, adult education fund, and the classroom facilities maintenance fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Certain funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budget (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund, adult education fund, and the classroom facilities maintenance fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General Fund		E	Adult ducation Fund]	Classroom Facilities aintenance Fund
Budget basis	\$	323,811	\$	149,490	\$	244,481
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		407,526		23,840		290,716
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(10,457)		(63,181)		(1,071)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(28,888)		10,094		(290,716)
Funds budgeted elsewhere **		3,477		-		-
Adjustment for encumbrances		376,334		53,415		16,471
GAAP basis	\$	1,071,803	\$	173,658	\$	259,881

** Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. These include the uniform school supplies fund, the public school support fund, and the customer services fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2018 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables, except property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities	
Property taxes	\$ 5,927,487
Accounts	144,855
Intergovernmental	66,089
Accrued interest	16,874
Total governmental activities	\$ 6,155,305

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance		Balance
	06/30/17	Additions	06/30/18
Governmental activities:			
Nondepreciable capital assets:			
Land	\$ 611,258	\$	\$ 611,258
Total nondepreciable capital assets	611,258		611,258
Depreciable capital assets:			
Land improvements	2,737,702	-	2,737,702
Buildings and improvements	36,044,104	90,665	36,134,769
Furniture and equipment	3,993,440	424,889	4,418,329
Vehicles	350,990		350,990
Total depreciable capital assets	43,126,236	515,554	43,641,790
Less: accumulated depreciation			
Land improvements	(981,014)	(136,885)	(1,117,899)
Buildings and improvements	(13,910,938)	(1,474,629)	(15,385,567)
Furniture and equipment	(1,729,000)	(404,324)	(2,133,324)
Vehicles	(224,313)	(18,228)	(242,541)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,845,265)	(2,034,066)	(18,879,331)
Depreciable capital assets, net	26,280,971	(1,518,512)	24,762,459
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 26,892,229	<u>\$ (1,518,512)</u>	\$ 25,373,717

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:		
Regular	\$	152,619
Special		21,812
Vocational		937,311
Adult/continuing		58,406
Support services:		
Pupil		11,106
Instructional staff		28,412
Administration		30,946
Fiscal		6,033
Operations and maintenance		743,519
Pupil transportation		6,475
Food service operations		37,427
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2	2,034,066

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

A. During fiscal year 2009, the Career Center entered into a lease-purchase agreement for the classroom renovations to the school. The Career Center is leasing the project site from Ohio School Building Leasing Corporation. Ohio School Building Leasing Corporation assigned Huntington National Bank as trustee, transferring rights, title and interest in the project to the trustee. The Career Center is acting as an agent for the lessor and is renovating the facilities from the proceeds provided by the lessor. As part of the agreement, Huntington National Bank deposited \$9,120,000, with a fiscal agent for the renovation project. Huntington National Bank has sold certificates of participation in the building lease. The Career Center will make annual lease payments to Huntington National Bank. Interest rates range between 4.00 percent and 4.75 percent. The lease was renewable annually and expired November 2017.

As of June 30, 2018, \$9,120,000 of capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized. Principal payments in fiscal year 2018 were made from the permanent improvement fund and totaled \$1,185,000. This lease-purchase obligation was fulfilled in fiscal year 2018 and there is no remaining obligation at June 30, 2018.

B. During the current fiscal year, the Career Center entered into a capital lease for copiers. This lease meets the criteria of a lease-purchase as defined by GAAP, which defines a lease-purchase generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. At June 30, 2018, capital assets acquired by lease purchase have been capitalized under furniture and equipment in the amount of \$92,862. The copiers have a net book value of \$83,576 at June 30, 2018. Principal and interest payments totaled \$2,200 and \$1,326, respectively. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the general fund, adult education fund, and permanent improvement fund. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2018.

		ernmental
<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	A	<u>ctivities</u>
2019	\$	21,154
2020		21,154
2021		21,154
2022		21,155
2023		17,629
Total minimum lease payments		102,246
Less: amount representing interest		(11,584)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	90,662

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The Career Center's long-term obligations during the year 2018 were as follows. The long-term obligations at June 30, 2017 have been restated as described in Note 3.A.

	Restated Balance 06/30/17	Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/18	Amounts due in one year
Governmental activities:					
Lease-purchase agreement: 2009 classroom facility project - certificates of participation	¢ 1 105 000	¢	¢ (1.105.000)	¢	¢
4.00-4.75%, maturity 11/2017	\$ 1,185,000	\$ -	\$ (1,185,000)	\$ -	\$ -
Capital lease obligations	-	92,862	(2,200)	90,662	17,007
Other long-term obligations:					
Net pension liability	22,242,437	-	(6,440,118)	15,802,319	-
Net OPEB liability	4,462,049		(1,003,902)	3,458,147	
Total net liability	26,704,486		(7,444,020)	19,260,466	
Compensated absences payable	684,306	25,164	(7,432)	702,038	82,156
Total governmental activities long-term obligations	<u>\$ 28,573,792</u>	<u>\$ 118,026</u>	<u>\$ (8,638,652)</u>	\$ 20,053,166	<u>\$ 99,163</u>

Lease-purchase obligation - See Note 10.A. for details.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Capital lease obligation - See Note 10.B. for details.

<u>Net pension liability</u> - The Career Center pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. See Note 14 for details.

<u>Net OPEB liability</u> - The Career Center pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. See Note 15 for details.

<u>Compensated absences</u> - Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund, the adult education fund and the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year depending upon length of service. Vacation days are credited to classified employees on the anniversary of their employment and must be used within the next twelve months. Teachers and administrators do not earn vacation time. All employees of the Board of Education earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement and with 10 years of service or more at the Career Center, nonclassified employees shall receive severance payments equal to 25% of accumulated unused sick leave.

The Superintendent earns 25 days of vacation per year and is allowed to cash in up to 15 unused vacation days per year. The Treasurer earns 23 days of vacation per year and is allowed to carry over up to 20 unused vacation days per year and cash in up to 15 unused vacation days per year. The Director of Operations and Principal earn 20 days of vacation per year and are allowed to carry over up to 20 unused vacation days per year. Administrators and teachers do not earn vacation.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Insurance

The Career Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to or destruction of assets, errors and omissions; employee injuries; and natural disasters, coverage for all of which can be found in the Ohio School Plan policy. The Career Center has blanket property, as well as boiler & machinery breakdown coverage with a deductible of \$1,000 per loss. The Career Center's vehicle liability insurance policy limit is \$3,000,000 each accident with a collision deductible of \$1,000 and comprehensive deductible of \$1,000 for buses and a collision deductible of \$500 and comprehensive deductible of \$250 for all other vehicles. All administrators and employees are covered under a school errors & omissions liability coverage form as well as commercial general liability for grounds and operations. The limits of these coverages (both E&O and CGL) are \$3,000,000 per occurrence and \$5,000,000 in aggregate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years, nor has insurance coverage been significantly reduced from the prior fiscal year.

The Career Center is a member of the Ohio School Plan for Building, Boiler & Machinery, Grounds, Liability, Crime and Vehicle Insurance. The comprehensive property and casualty deductible is \$1,000 and the vehicle collision is \$1,000. The Ohio School Plan has over 300 member school districts insured.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Fidelity Bond

The Board President and Superintendent each have a \$20,000 position bond. The Treasurer is covered under a surety bond in the amount of \$20,000. All other school employees who are responsible for handling funds are covered by a \$100,000 fidelity bond. The Career Center purchases excess crime coverage from Travelers, a policy with a \$1,000,000 limit, to protect itself for claims above the School Plan's \$100,000 limit.

C. Workers' Compensation

The Career Center pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries.

D. Employee Health Insurance

The Career Center is contracted with Stark County Schools Council of Governments (the "Council") to provide employee medical/surgical benefits. The Council is a risk sharing pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of carrying out a cooperative program for the provision and administration of health care benefits. The Assembly is the legislative decision-making body of the Council. The Assembly is comprised of the superintendents or executive officers of the members, who have been appointed by the respective governing body of each member.

The intent of the insurance pool is to achieve a reduced, stable and competitive rate for the Career Center by grouping with other members of the Health Benefits Program. The experience of all participating districts is calculated as one, and a common premium rate is applied to all member districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The Career Center pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. The employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board.

Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Upon termination, all Career Center claims would be paid without regard to the Career Center's account balance. The Stark County Schools Council of Government Board of Directors has the right to return monies to a leaving school district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees— of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The net pension liability represents the Career Center's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the Career Center's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Career Center cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Career Center does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The Career Center non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Career Center is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent. The remaining 0.5 percent of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The Career Center's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$212,228 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount, \$13,426 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2018, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The Career Center was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2018 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Career Center's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$890,425 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount, \$124,712 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Career Center's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Career Center's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	0	.05268110%	(0.05492982%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	0	.04939750%	(0.05409729%	
Change in proportionate share	-0	.00328360%	-(0.00083253%	
Proportionate share of the net			-		
pension liability	\$	2,951,392	\$	12,850,927	\$ 15,802,319
Pension expense	\$	(165,606)	\$	(5,115,332)	\$ (5,280,938)

At June 30, 2018, the Career Center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 127,018	\$ 496,244	\$ 623,262
Changes of assumptions	152,618	2,810,639	2,963,257
Difference between Career Center contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	9,201	-	9,201
Career Center contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	212,228	890,425	1,102,653
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 501,065	\$ 4,197,308	\$ 4,698,373

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	SEI	SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	-	\$	103,574	\$	103,574
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan investments	14	4,011		424,099		438,110
Difference between Career Center contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share	164	4,523		406,986		571,509
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 178	8,534	\$	934,659	\$	1,113,193

\$1,102,653 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Career Center contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS		STRS		Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2019	\$ 58,988	\$	425,044	\$	484,032
2020	116,156		1,001,958		1,118,114
2021	3,960		770,172		774,132
2022	(68,801)		175,054		106,253
2023	 		(4)		(4)
Total	\$ 110,303	\$	2,372,224	\$	2,482,527

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00 percent
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
COLA or ad hoc COLA	2.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

Prior to 2017, an assumption of 3 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA.

For 2017, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.50%)		Discount Rate (7.50%)		1% Increase (8.50%)	
Career Center's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	4,095,764	\$	2,951,392	\$	1,992,746

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS Ohio

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2016 are presented below:

	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2016
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.25 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.75 percent at age 70
Investment rate of return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

For the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2014. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016. Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2017. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)	
Career Center's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$ 18,421,367	\$ 12,850,927	\$ 8,158,667	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the Career Center's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the Career Center's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Career Center cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the Career Center does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The Career Center contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2018, .5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2018, this amount was \$23,700. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2018, the Career Center's surcharge obligation was \$26,778.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The Career Center's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$34,638 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount, \$27,275 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Career Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Career Center's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS			STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability prior measurement date	0	.05348036%	0	.05492982%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability current measurement date	0	.05020870%	0	.05409729%	
Change in proportionate share	-0	.00327166%	-0	.00083253%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	1,347,470	\$	2,110,677	\$ 3,458,147
OPEB expense	\$	54,300	\$	(650,425)	\$ (596,125)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, the Career Center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	121,841	\$	121,841
Career Center contributions subsequent to the measurement date	34,	638			34,638
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 34,</u>	<u>638</u> <u>\$</u>	121,841	<u>\$</u>	156,479
Deferred inflows of resources					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$3,	558 \$	90,215	\$	93,773
Changes of assumptions	127,	868	170,022		297,890
Difference between Career Center contributions and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share	72,	049	38,163		110,212
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$</u> 203,	<u>475</u>	298,400	\$	501,875

\$34,638 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Career Center contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		SERS STRS		Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:							
2019	\$	(73,324)	\$	(36,945)	\$	(110,269)	
2020		(73,324)		(36,945)		(110,269)	
2021		(55,939)		(36,945)		(92,884)	
2022		(888)		(36,944)		(37,832)	
2023		-		(14,391)		(14,391)	
Thereafter		-		(14,389)		(14,389)	
Total	\$	(203,475)	\$	(176,559)	\$	(380,034)	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00 percent
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.56 percent
Prior measurement date	2.92 percent
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	3.63 percent
Prior measurement date	2.98 percent
Medical trend assumption:	
Medicare	5.50 to 5.00 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.50 to 5.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2017 was 2.98 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal Bond Index rate of 3.56 percent, as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.63%) and higher (4.63%) than the current discount rate (3.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.5% decreasing to 4.0%) and higher (8.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.63%)		Di	Current scount Rate (3.63%)	1% Increase (4.63%)	
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,627,241	\$	1,347,470	\$	1,125,819
	1% Decrease (6.5 % decreasing to 4.0 %)		Current Trend Rate (7.5 % decreasing to 5.0 %)		1% Increase (8.5 % decreasing to 6.0 %)	
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,093,371	\$	1,347,470	\$	1,683,774

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3 percent
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017
(COLA)	
Blended discount rate of return	4.13 percent
Health care cost trends	6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Also, since the prior measurement date, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. Subsequent to the current measurement date, the date for discontinuing remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements was extended to January 2020.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2037. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2036 and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017. A blended discount rate of 3.26 percent which represents the long term expected rate of return of 7.75 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 2.85 percent for the unfunded benefit payments was used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 4.13 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13 percent) or one percentage point higher (5.13 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease Discou			Current scount Rate (4.13%)	ount Rate 1% Increase		
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,833,550	\$	2,110,677	\$	1,539,371	
	19	% Decrease	1	Current Frend Rate	1	% Increase	
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,466,408	\$	2,110,677	\$	2,958,610	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Career Center receives significant financial assistance from numerous Federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Career Center. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Career Center.

B. Litigation

There are currently no legal matters in litigation with the Career Center as defendant or plaintiff.

C. Foundation Funding

Career Center foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2018 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2018 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the Career Center.

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The Career Center is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year. The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capita Improven	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2017	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement	134	,327
Current year offsets	(1,467	,845)
Total	\$ (1,333	<u>,518</u>)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2019	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2018	\$	_

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS

The Career Center utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the Career Center's commitments for encumbrances (less amounts already included in payables) in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
Fund	Enc	umbrances
General	\$	367,851
Adult education		45,130
Classroom facilities maintenance		15,400
Permanent improvement		157,531
Nonmajor governmental		11,090
Total	\$	597,002

NOTE 19 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Other governments have entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under Enterprise Zone Agreements ("EZAs") and the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area ("CRA") program within taxing districts of the Career Center. The EZAs and CRA program are direct incentive tax exemption programs benefiting property owners who renovate existing buildings or construct new buildings. Under these programs, the other governments have designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing structures and the development of new structures. The Career Center has incurred a reduction in property tax receipts due to agreements entered into by other governments. During fiscal year 2018, the Career Center's property tax receipts were reduced under agreements entered into by other governments as follows:

Government Entering	Tax Abatement Program				Career Cent	
Into Agreement	CRA Ezone			Foregone Tax		
Baugman Township	\$	75	\$	-	\$	75
Canaan Township		-		531		531
Chester Township		-		1,248		1,248
Chippewa Township		-		179		179
East Union Township		-		296		296
Franklin Township		89		-		89
Orrville City/Baugman Township		1,428		5,330		6,758
Orrville City/Green Township		1,569		8,277		9,846
Plain Township		-		515		515
Rittman City/Township		2,284		-		2,284
Sugar Creek Township/Village of Dalton		-		670		670
Wooster City/Killbuck Township		12,241		23,826		36,067
Wooster Township		-	_	3,638		3,638
Total	\$	17,686	\$	44,510	\$	62,196

The Career Center is not receiving any amounts from these other governments in association with the forgone property tax receipts.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	2018		2017		2016		2015			2014
Career Center's proportion of the net pension liability	0.04939750%		(0.05268110%	().05334550%	(0.05268100%	(0.05268100%
Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,951,392	\$	3,855,770	\$	3,043,946	\$	2,666,155	\$	3,132,770
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	1,659,407	\$	1,637,657	\$	1,605,979	\$	1,530,801	\$	1,852,290
Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		177.86%		235.44%		189.54%		174.17%		169.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69.50%		62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	2018		2017		2016		2015		 2014
Career Center's proportion of the net pension liability	0.05409729%			0.05492982%		0.05496200%		0.05676394%	0.05676394%
Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	12,850,927	\$	18,386,667	\$	15,189,889	\$	13,806,955	\$ 16,446,754
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	5,973,179	\$	5,794,286	\$	5,754,036	\$	5,799,708	\$ 6,341,900
Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		215.14%		317.32%		263.99%		238.06%	259.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.30%		66.80%		72.10%		74.70%	69.30%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2018		 2017	 2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	212,228	\$ 232,317	\$ 229,272	\$	211,668
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(212,228)	 (232,317)	 (229,272)		(211,668)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	1,572,059	\$ 1,659,407	\$ 1,637,657	\$	1,605,979
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.50%	14.00%	14.00%		13.18%

 2014	 2013	 2012	2012		2010		2009	
\$ 212,169	\$ 256,357	\$ 253,161	\$	234,618	\$	258,719	\$	198,883
 (212,169)	 (256,357)	 (253,161)		(234,618)		(258,719)		(198,883)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
\$ 1,530,801	\$ 1,852,290	\$ 1,882,238	\$	1,866,492	\$	1,910,775	\$	2,021,169
13.86%	13.84%	13.45%		12.57%		13.54%		9.84%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2018		 2017	 2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	890,425	\$ 836,245	\$ 811,200	\$	805,565
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(890,425)	 (836,245)	 (811,200)		(805,565)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	6,360,179	\$ 5,973,179	\$ 5,794,286	\$	5,754,036
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%

 2014	 2013	 2012	2011		2010		 2009
\$ 753,962	\$ 824,447	\$ 949,912	\$	984,042	\$	989,347	\$ 843,300
 (753,962)	 (824,447)	 (949,912)		(984,042)		(989,347)	 (843,300)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$
\$ 5,799,708	\$ 6,341,900	\$ 7,307,015	\$	7,569,554	\$	7,610,362	\$ 6,486,923
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%		13.00%		13.00%	13.00%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

		2018		2017	
Career Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.	05020870%	0.05348036%		
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,347,470	\$	1,524,388	
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	1,659,407	\$	1,637,657	
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		81.20%		93.08%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		12.46%		11.49%	

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

		2018		2017		
Career Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0	.05409729%	0.05492982%			
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,110,677	\$	2,937,661		
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	5,973,179	\$	5,794,286		
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		35.34%		50.70%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		47.10%		37.30%		

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2018		 2017	 2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	34,638	\$ 27,743	\$ 27,464	\$	39,738
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(34,638)	 (27,743)	 (27,464)		(39,738)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$	
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	1,572,059	\$ 1,659,407	\$ 1,637,657	\$	1,605,979
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		2.20%	1.67%	1.68%		2.47%

 2014	 2013	 2012	2011		2010		2009	
\$ 27,957	\$ 23,588	\$ 10,391	\$	26,691	\$	8,790	\$	84,080
 (27,957)	 (23,588)	 (10,391)		(26,691)		(8,790)		(84,080)
\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$		\$		\$	-
\$ 1,530,801	\$ 1,852,290	\$ 1,882,238	\$	1,866,492	\$	1,910,775	\$	2,021,169
1.83%	1.27%	0.55%		1.43%		0.46%		4.16%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2018		 2017	 2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			 	 		-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	6,360,179	\$ 5,973,179	\$ 5,794,286	\$	5,754,036
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%

 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	2010		 2009
\$ 59,254	\$ 63,419	\$ 73,070	\$ 75,696	\$	76,104	\$ 64,869
 (59,254)	 (63,419)	 (73,070)	 (75,696)		(76,104)	 (64,869)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ -
\$ 5,799,708	\$ 6,341,900	\$ 7,307,015	\$ 7,569,554	\$	7,610,362	\$ 6,486,923
1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%		1.00%	1.00%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2017-2018.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care costs trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WAYNE COUNTY SCHOOLS CAREER CENTER SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
(D) National School Lunch Program	10.555	2018	\$ 154,250
(C) National School Lunch Program - Food Donation Total National School Lunch Program, Child Nutrition Cluster and U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.555	2018	8,026 162,276
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION DIRECT PROGRAMS			
Student Financial Assistance Cluster:			
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants Federal Pell Grant Program	84.007 84.063	N/A N/A	6,936 419,977
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	N/A N/A	484,049
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			910,962
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO BOARD OF REGENTS			
Adult Education_State Grant Program	84.002	2017	4,408
Adult Education_State Grant Program Total Adult Education_State Grant Program	84.002	2018	75,742 80,150
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	2017	27,249
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	2018	252,951
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States - Adult Total Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	2018	102,060 382,260
-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,373,372
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES PASSED THROUGH THE			
WAYNE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF JOB AND FAMILY SERVICES			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster:			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	N/A	6,663
Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster			6,663
Total U.S. Department of Human Services			6,663
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,542,311
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:			
(A) OAKS did not assign pass-through numbers for fiscal year 2018			

(A) OAKS did not assign pass-through numbers for fiscal year 2018.

- (B) This schedule includes the federal award activity of the Wayne County Schools Career Center under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Wayne County Schools Career Center, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Wayne County Schools Career Center.
- (C) The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are reported at the entitlement value.
- (D) Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of breakfast and lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.
- (E) CFR 200.14 allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. Wayne County Schools Career Center has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Wayne County Schools Career Center Wayne County 518 West Prospect Street Smithville, Ohio 44677

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wayne County Schools Career Center, Wayne County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Wayne County Schools Career Center's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2018, wherein we noted as discussed in Note 3, the Wayne County Schools Career Center adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Wayne County Schools Career Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Wayne County Schools Career Center's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Wayne County Schools Career Center's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Wayne County Schools Career Center Wayne County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Wayne County Schools Career Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Wayne County Schools Career Center's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Wayne County Schools Career Center's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Sube, Enc.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 29, 2018



Julian & Grube, Inc.

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333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Wayne County Schools Career Center Wayne County 518 West Prospect Street Smithville, Ohio 44677

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Wayne County Schools Career Center's compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Wayne County Schools Career Center's major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Wayne County Schools Career Center's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The Wayne County Schools Career Center's management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Wayne County Schools Career Center's compliance for the Wayne County Schools Career Center's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Wayne County Schools Career Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Wayne County Schools Career Center's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Wayne County Schools Career Center's compliance.

Wayne County Schools Career Center Wayne County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Wayne County Schools Career Center complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Wayne County Schools Career Center's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Wayne County Schools Career Center's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Wayne County Schools Career Center's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance vith* federal program's applicable compliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance vith* federal program's applicable compliance with federal program is a vertice, in internal control over compliance with federal program of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program with federal program is applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Sube, the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 29, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS			
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified	
(<i>d</i>)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Student Financial Assistance Cluster	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes	

2. FINDING RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



WAYNE COUNTY SCHOOL CAREER CENTER

WAYNE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED MARCH 7, 2019

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