SUPPLEMENTAL REPORTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018



Board of Education Whitehall City School District 625 South Yearling Road Whitehall, Ohio 43213

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Whitehall City School District, Franklin County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Whitehall City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 25, 2019

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 www.ohioauditor.gov This page intentionally left blank.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	1
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	2 - 3
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance	4 - 5
Schedule of Findings 2 CFR § 200.515	6

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

SUB (RAL GRANTOR/ GRANTOR/ GRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
	EPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
	ED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
C	hild Nutrition Cluster:			
(C)	School Breakfast Program	10.553	2018	\$ 523,964
(C)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	2018	1,431,434
(D)	National School Lunch Program / Food Donation Total National School Lunch Program	10.555	2018	<u> </u>
	-	10.559	2018	19,415
(C)	Summer Food Service Program	10.559	2018	
	Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,130,158
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,130,158
	EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ED THROUGH THE			
OHIO	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2017	262,133
	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2018	1,279,929
_				1,542,002
Sp	becial Education Cluster:			
	Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2017	102,221
	Special Education_Grants to States Total Special Education Grants to States	84.027	2018	661,042 763,263
	-	0.4.470	2015	
	Special Education_Preschool Grants Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173 84.173	2017 2018	2,134 17,224
	Total Special Education Preschool Grants	04.175	2010	19,358
	Total Special Education Cluster			782,621
	English Language Acquisition Grants	84,365	2017	5,453
	English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	2018	95,543
	English Language Acquisition Grants - Immigrant	84.365	2018	14,096
	Total English Language Acquisition Grants			115,092
	Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	2018	25,511
	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	2017	18,061
	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	2018	125,507
	Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			143,568
	Total U.S. Department of Education			2,608,854
	EPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES ED THROUGH THE			
OHIO	DEPARTMENT OF JOBS AND FAMILY SERVICES			
	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2016	14,065
	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2017	73,724
	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2018	267,716
	Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families			355,505
	Total U.S. Department of Human Services			355,505
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 5,094,517

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:

- (A) OAKS did not assign pass-through number for fiscal year 2018.
- (A) OAKS did not assign pass-through number for fiscal year 2018.
 (B) This schedule includes the federal award activity of the Whitehall City School District under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Whitehall City School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Whitehall City School District.
- (C) Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first in, first out basis.
- (D) The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at the entitlement value.
- (E) CFR 200.414 allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.



Julian & Grube, Inc. Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Whitehall City School District Franklin County 625 S. Yearling Road Whitehall, Ohio 43213

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Whitehall City School District, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Whitehall City School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 26, 2018, wherein we noted as discussed in Note 16, net position at June 30, 2017 has been restated related to capital assets and the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Whitehall City School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Whitehall City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Whitehall City School District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Whitehall City School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Whitehall City School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Whitehall City School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Whitehall City School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Trube, the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 26, 2018



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Whitehall City School District Franklin County 625 S. Yearling Road Whitehall, Ohio 43213

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Whitehall City School District's compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Whitehall City School District's major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Whitehall City School District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The Whitehall City School District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Whitehall City School District's compliance for the Whitehall City School District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Whitehall City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Whitehall City School District major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Whitehall City School District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Whitehall City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Whitehall City School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Whitehall City School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Whitehall City School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Whitehall City School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance vith* federal program's applicable compliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance vith* federal program's applicable compliance with federal program is a vertice, in internal control over compliance with federal program is a policable compliance with a tertal control over compliance with a tertal control over compliance of the prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Whitehall City School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Whitehall City School District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 26, 2018. Our opinion also explained that the Whitehall City School District restated net position at June 30, 2017 related to capital assets and adoption of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 75 during the year. We conducted our audit to opine on the Whitehall City School District's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Sube, the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 26, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS			
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(ii)	d)(1)(ii) Were there any material control weaknesses No reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified	
(<i>d</i>)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Child Nutrition Cluster	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes	

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

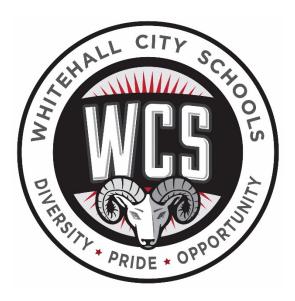
3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT



Board of Education Of Whitehall City School District Whitehall, Ohio

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

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Whitehall City School District

Whitehall, Ohio

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Issued by:

Office of the Treasurer

Steve McAfee *Treasurer* -This page was intentionally left blank-

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION	vii
Letter of Transmittal	ix-xv
Elected Officials & Administrative Staff	xvi
Organizational Chart	xvii
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	xviii
II. FINANCIAL SECTION	1
Independent Auditor's Report	3-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5-14
Basic Financial Statements:	15
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	22

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund	24
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	25
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund	26
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	27-63
Required Supplementary Information	65
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	67
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - SERS	68
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - STRS	69
Schedule of District Pension Contributions - SERS	70-71
Schedule of District Pension Contributions - STRS	72-73
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - SERS	74
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - STRS	75
Schedule of District OPEB Contributions - SERS	76-77
Schedule of District OPEB Contributions - STRS	78-79
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	80-83
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules	85
Governmental Funds:	
Description of Funds	86-87
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	88-91
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	93-95

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Bond Retirement Building Classroom Facilities Food Service Special Trust	96 96 96 97 97
Uniform School Supplies	97
Public School Support	98
Miscellaneous Local Grants	98
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	98
Auditorium Renovation Project	99
District-Managed Student Activities	99
Auxiliary Services	99
Preschool Grant	100
Data Communications	100
Vocational Education Enhancement	100
Miscellaneous State Grants	101
Title VI-B IDEA	101
Title I School Improvement	101
Title III Limited English Proficiency	102
Title I Grant	102
IDEA Preschool Grants for the Handicapped	102
Improving Teacher Quality	103
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	103
Proprietary Fund:	
Description of Fund	104
Individual Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - Employee Benefit Self Insurance Fund	105
Fiduciary Funds:	
Description of Funds	106

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	107
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	107

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
III. STATISTICAL SECTION	S1
Description of Contents	S3
Net Position By Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S5
Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S6-S7
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S8
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S9
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Years	S10
Real Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments - Last Ten Years	S11
Principal Property Taxpayers - Collection Years 2018 and 2009	S12
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Years	S13
Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S14
Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S15
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	S16
Legal Debt Margin Information - Last Ten Years	S17
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years	S18
Staffing Statistics - Last Ten Years	S19
Staff Salary Statistics - Last Ten Years	S20
Capital Assets by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S21
Enrollment Data - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S22
Miscellaneous Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	S23
Principal Employers - Tax Years 2017 and 2008	S24

I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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Achieving Together

December 26, 2018

To the Board of Education and Citizens of the Whitehall City School District:

As the Superintendent and the Treasurer of the Whitehall City School District (the District), we are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This CAFR is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and in conformance with standards of financial reporting established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) using guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Julian & Grube, Inc. has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the District's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Independent Auditors' Report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

625 S. Yearling Rd. • Whitehall, Ohio 43213 614.417.5000 614.417.5023 WCSRams.org ix C. Ray Williams ECC Whitehall-Yearling High School Beechwood Elementary Rosemore Middle School Etna Road Elementary Kae Avenue Elementary 4800 Langley Ave. 4531 Etna Rd. 4750 Kae Ave. 675 S. Yearling Rd. 455 Beechwood Rd. 4738 Kae Ave. 614 417 5100 614 417 5200 614 417 5300 614 417 5400 614 417 5600 614 417 5680

Reporting Entity

The District is an independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio and operates subject to the provisions of the Ohio Constitution and various sections of the Revised Code. Under such laws, there is no authority for the District to have a charter or adopt local laws. The District is not a part of, or under the control of, the City of Whitehall.

The District encompasses approximately five (5) square miles and had a student enrollment of 3,470 during the 2017-18 school year for grades K-12. The District's boundaries all are within the City of Whitehall and include the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad to the north, the New York Central Railroad on the west, Main Street/Mound Street on the south and Big Walnut Creek on the east. The District lies entirely within the boundaries of Franklin County.

The District provides a vast range of educational and support services as mandated by State statute and the desires of the community, which include but are not limited to regular, special, and vocational instruction, support services, co-curricular activities, food service and various community programs.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, and Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the District is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a component unit's board and either (i) the District's ability to impose its will over a component unit, or (ii) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the District. On that basis, the reporting entity of the District includes the services of the school district only (i.e. there are no component units).

Organization of the District

An elected five-member Board of Education serves as the taxing authority and policy maker for the District. The Board adopts an annual tax budget and an annual appropriations resolution which serves as the basis for control over the authorization for all expenditures of District tax monies. The Board directly approves all personnel-related expenditures. As of June 30, 2018, Board members were as follows:

	Service	Term	
Board Member	Began	Expires	Position
Blythe Wood	2/9/06	12/31/21	President
Michael Adkins	1/1/12	12/31/19	Vice President
Darryl Hammock	1/1/18	12/31/21	Member
Leo Knoblauch II	1/1/14	12/31/21	Member
Jeffrey Lees	5/10/18	12/31/19	Member

The Superintendent is the chief executive and administrative officer of the District. The Superintendent reports directly to the Board, has all the powers and duties imposed upon the office by statute, and has all executive and administrative powers and duties in connection with the overall operation of the schools, which are not required by statute to be exercised directly by the Board or by some other officer. The Superintendent exercises leadership through the administrative team. Brian Hamler has served as Superintendent since July 1, 2013.

The Treasurer is the chief financial officer of the District. The Treasurer reports directly to Board and has all powers and duties imposed upon the office by statute. The Treasurer assumes responsibility for the receipt, safekeeping and disbursement of all District funds, and directs and manages all financial accounting programs and systems. Steve McAfee has served as Treasurer since August 13, 2012.

Local Economy

The City of Whitehall is an inner suburb of Columbus. Whitehall is ripe for redevelopment considering its location. The city is dissected by three main traffic arteries – Broad Street on the north, Main Street on the south, and Hamilton Road to the east. All three of these 5-lane highways are lined with commercial offices and retail business stores. John Glenn International Airport is a 5-minute drive from the City of Whitehall and traffics over 6.3 million passengers annually.

Nearby post-secondary educational institutions are abundant, including Ohio State University, Capital University, and Columbus State Community College. There is also access to excellent healthcare facilities serving all needs, including Nationwide Children's Hospital, Mount Carmel East Hospital, and the Chalmers P. Wylie VA Center Ambulatory Care Center.

Whitehall is more than a bedroom community to Columbus, as twelve of the top 25 largest employers in the Central Ohio Region have a presence within Whitehall. The Defense Supply Center of Columbus is the Whitehall's largest employer with approximately 9,000 employees.

Due to the City's location, area amenities, and aggressive economic development efforts, significant economic growth is taking place. Between 2010 and the end of 2019, \$62 million per square mile of public/private investment will have taken place. Over 2,100 new jobs have been created within the City since the beginning of 2012. Recent highlights include Heartland Bank and Wasserstrom relocating their corporate headquarters to Whitehall. And Continental Real Estate breaking ground on a \$50 million mixed use project at the corner of Broad Street and Hamilton Road. Once fully phased, this redevelopment will feature 350 upscale residential units, 45,000 square feet of commercial offices, 20,000 square feet of retail space and a 1.5 acre urban public park.

Much of the recent economic development that has taken place was made possible partly by tax abatement. However, the positive momentum within the City is starting to affect the District's tax base. The District's property valuation increased 12.1% from \$219,710,790 to \$246,405,150 in 2017, a reappraisal year.

Despite recent local economic development, the District is primarily reliant on state funding for operations. State Grants-in-Aid made up over 2/3 of the District's operating revenue in Fiscal Year 2018. The District's state funding is "capped", meaning the current funding formula calculates a higher amount of revenue for the District than it actually receives due to state budget constraints. For example, the District should have received \$10,639,871 more than it did in Fiscal Year 2018.

Looking Ahead

District operations are currently being driven by the District's continuous improvement plan Achieve 2020 and enrollment growth.

Achieve 2020 is a roadmap for achieving the District's mission to create success through personalized learning for every student, every day. It sets an overarching Academic goal, along with supporting Operations, Communications and Finance goals.

The District's Academic Goal is whole student growth and academic success will increase through innovative, rigorous, and relevant learning experiences offered in personalized and productive environments. To meet this goal, five academic objectives were identified around the broad areas of personalized learning, learning environments, innovation, rigor and relevance:

- Objective 1: Meet the needs of individual students through personalized learning environments, best practice instructional strategies, and goal-setting.
- Objective 2: Create and sustain a safe and productive learning environment that promotes responsibility, accountability, and respect.
- Objective 3: Increase critical thinking through the implementation of innovative student learning, professional development, and incorporation of technology.
- Objective 4: Design and implement a well-aligned rigorous curriculum to stretch all students and staff to their fullest potential.
- Objective 5: Prepare students to be college and/or career ready by creating rich, relevant, and diverse learning opportunities.

The Facilities & Operations goal is to support student, staff and family needs in a safe and efficient next generation learning environment. The supporting Communications goal is to maintain district communications that inform and promote the District's goals, activities, and accomplishments to all stakeholders in a clear, consistent, and engaging manner.

The Finance Goal is to generate adequate revenue and manage district finances to ensure the budget is efficiently aligned to Achieve 2020. This does not mean contain expenditures within annual revenue every year. In fact, the Board of Education has a Fiscal Management policy that states:

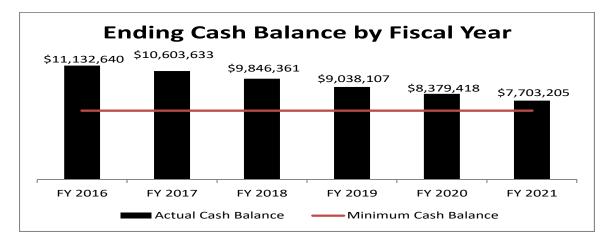
Due to resource limitations, there is sometimes a temptation to operate so that fiscal concerns overshadow the educational program. Recognizing this, it is essential that the Board take specific action to make certain that education remains central and that fiscal management contributes to the educational program. This concept is incorporated into Board operations and into all aspects of District management and operations.

The District's pursuit of its goals has caused expenditure growth to outpace revenue. Recent enrollment growth has intensified this. Enrollment has grown over 20% or 600 students in the last 6 years. More students require, for example, more teachers, texts, and technology.

In recent years when expenditures exceeded revenue, the District managed to balance its budget by using a portion of its carryover balance or "rainy day fund". An organization can only do this for so long. The District has adopted the following General Fund Cash Balance Policy:

The District will strive to maintain within the current and following two years of its effective five-year financial forecast a projected year-end General Fund cash balance equal to or greater than sixty days of general operating expenses based on the most recently completed fiscal year. Should a projected year-end balance fall below the target level, the Treasurer will immediately inform the Board of Education and the Board will begin its planning to correct this situation, including possibly pursuing cost reductions and/or additional funding.

The District's minimum cash balance is currently calculated to be \$6,725,220, based on Fiscal Year 2018 cash-basis financial reports. The following chart illustrates the District's compliance with its cash balance policy:



Although the District is currently in good standing with its cash balance policy, the trend of this chart indicates that will likely change in a year or two. In the meantime, the District will focus on lobbying for relief from the state funding cap.

In addition to the strain enrollment growth has placed on operations, it has also placed a strain on facilities. The District built all new schools from 2009-2013. These new buildings were designed with a capacity of 2,943. Last school year, actual enrollment exceeded 115% of design capacity.

The District's enrollment growth came from large kindergarten classes the last six years. As these groups of students make their way through the system, the middle and high schools will not be large enough to accommodate them. Therefore, the Board of Education acted to place a combination bond / permanent improvement levy on the November 2018 ballot. This levy would allow the District to:

- Build a 28,771 ft² addition on to the middle school
- Renovate space in the old high school building to provide additional classrooms
- Replace failing HVAC systems, doors and windows in the old elementary and high school buildings that were saved for overflow
- Improve co-curricular facilities, including a turf field and fieldhouse
- Provide an annual revenue stream to take care of all facilities as they age

Financial Information

<u>Internal Controls</u> - The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Management believes the internal controls adequately meet the above objectives.

<u>Budgetary Information</u> - The District maintains budgetary controls in order to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriation resolution approved by the Board of Education. Activities of all funds, with the exception of custodial agency funds, are included in the annual appropriation resolution. The level of budgetary control is established at the fund level. The District maintains an encumbrance method of accounting to accomplish budgetary control. Unencumbered amounts lapse at year end.

<u>Financial Planning and Policies</u> – As required by Ohio Revised Code, the District adopts a five-year financial forecast annually to ensure long term financial success. It serves as a planning tool to certify if funds are available for future expenditures and to strategize when the District will need to return to voters for additional funds or to reduce expenditures accordingly.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Whitehall City School District for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This was the nineteenth consecutive year that the District has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the District had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The publication of the nineteenth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the Treasurer's Office staff and GAAP Consultants Kennedy, Cottrell, Richards LLC. Their initiative and conscientious work ensured the integrity of the information contained herein and guaranteed this report's successful completion. In closing, we would like to thank the Board of Education for their support without which the preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Steve McAfee Treasurer/CFO

Brian Hamler, Superintendent

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ELECTED OFFICIALS & ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

June 30, 2018

Board of Education Members

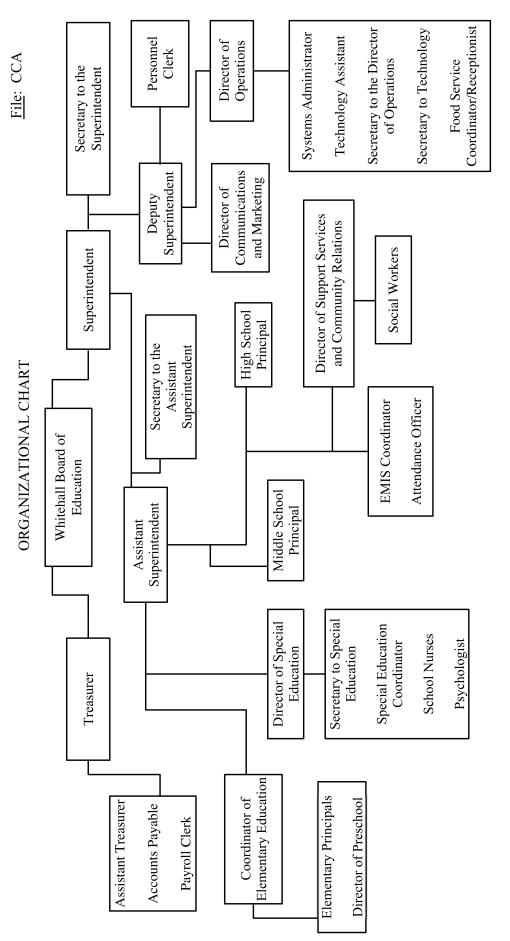
President Vice-President Member Member Blythe Wood Michael Adkins Darryl Hammock Leo Knoblauch Jeffrey Lees

Appointed Officials

Superintendent Treasurer Brian Hamler Steve McAfee

Administrative Staff

Deputy Superintendent Assistant Superintendent Director of Operations Director of Marketing & Communications Mark Trace Kristin Barker Dave Hausmann Ty Debevoise



[Adoption date: January 10, 1990] [Re-adoption date: July 20, 2000] [Re-adoption date: August 27, 2001] [Re-adoption date: January 9, 2014] [Re-adoption date: October 13, 2016] [Re-adoption date: March 8, 2018] [Re-adoption date: April 12, 2018] CROSS REF .: CCB, Staff Relations and Lines of Authority

Whitehall City School District, Whitehall, Ohio



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Whitehall City School District Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

II. FINANCIAL SECTION

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

Whitehall City School District Franklin County 625 S. Yearling Road Whitehall, Ohio 43213

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Whitehall City School District, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Whitehall City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Whitehall City School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Whitehall City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Whitehall City School District, Franklin County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Whitehall City School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the District's net position at June 30, 2017 has been restated related to capital assets and the adoption of provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, required budgetary comparison schedule, schedules of net pension and other postemployment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Whitehall City School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 26, 2018, on our consideration of the Whitehall City School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Whitehall City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Sube, the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 26, 2018

As management of the Whitehall City School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2018 are as follows:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$21.0 million (net position).
- The District's total net position increased by \$17.8 million during the fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17.4 million, an increase of \$276,470 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Of this amount, \$6.5 million is available for spending at the District's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned balance for the general fund was \$6.9 million, or 17.0% of total general fund expenditures.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector corporations. All of the current year revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. The change in net position provides the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other non-financial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the District's major funds appears on the fund financial statements beginning with the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. These statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State statute, while many other funds are established by the District to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various grant provisions. The District's three types of funds, governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary, use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting; the same as on the government wide statements. The proprietary fund statements will only differ from the business-type activities portion of the government wide statements by the activity of the internal service fund which relates to business-type activities.

Fiduciary Funds

The District's only fiduciary fund is for Student Managed activities. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$21.0 million according to the Statement of Net Position at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

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A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2018 to 2017 follows from the Statements of Net Position:

Net Position Governmental Activities

	1	2018	 Restated 2017
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$	31,346,090 73,938,736	\$ 31,281,300 75,504,600
Total Assets		105,284,826	 106,785,900
Unamortized Amount on Refunding Pension		2,554,054 14,879,514	2,704,293 13,335,513
OPEB		465,478	 52,820
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		17,899,046	 16,092,626
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities:		4,136,722	4,860,208
Due Within One Year		1,441,310	1,178,775
Due in More Than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability		45,954,002	62,901,443
Net OPEB Liability		10,249,860	12,672,432
Other Amounts		28,901,889	 30,123,801
Total Liabilities		90,683,783	 111,736,659
		0 500 500	7 074 040
Property Taxes Pension		8,502,502	7,674,642 326,578
OPEB		1,871,169 1,175,411	320,370
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		11,549,082	 8,001,220
		11,040,002	 0,001,220
Net Investement in Capital Assets		48,506,387	49,647,371
Restricted		6,450,185	6,102,001
Unrestricted		(34,005,565)	 (52,608,725)
Total Net Position	\$	20,951,007	\$ 3,140,647

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the District at June 30, 2018 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." For fiscal year 2018, the District adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or net OBEP liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service

2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should, accordingly, be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 75, the District is reporting a net OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also was a key component of restating net position at June 30, 2017, from \$14.0 million to \$3.1 million.

The net pension and net OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources all fluctuated significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year-end. These fluctuations are primarily the result of changes in benefit terms, changes in actuarial assumptions, and greater than expected returns on pension plan investments.

Capital assets decreased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease is primarily a result of current year depreciation.

Other Long-term Liabilities decreased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year-end. This decrease represents the principal reduction payments.

A large portion of the District's net position reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$17.8 million. The details of this increase in net position are as follows:

Change in Net Position

	 2018	 Restated 2017
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 489,982	\$ 322,083
Operating Grants	8,247,800	5,970,779
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	11,097,171	11,208,077
Grants and Entitlements	25,829,650	26,598,609
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,016,613	1,838,607
Investment Earnings	204,048	75,697
Miscellaneous	 520,998	263,809
Total Revenues	 48,406,262	 46,277,661
Program Expenses:		
Instructional	17,007,034	31,820,527
Support Services	10,145,409	14,420,849
Non-Instructional Services	2,040,588	2,399,487
Extracurricular Activites	541,546	927,209
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 861,325	875,847
Total Expenses	 30,595,902	 50,443,919
Change in Net Position	17,810,360	(4,166,258)
Net Position at Beginning of Year,		
Restated	 3,140,647	 N/A
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 20,951,007	\$ 3,140,647

The information necessary to restate the 2017 beginning balances and the 2017 OPEB expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 75 is not available. Therefore, 2017 functional expenses still include OPEB expense of \$52,820 computed under GASB 45. GASB 45 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 75, OPEB expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of OPEB expense.

Under GASB 75, the 2018 statements report negative OPEB expense of \$1.6 million. Consequently, in order to compare 2018 total program expenses to 2017, the following adjustments are needed:

Total 2018 operating expenses under GASB 75	\$ 30,595,902
Negative OPEB expense under GASB 75 2018 contractually required contribution	 1,584,776 75,043
Adjusted 2018 operating expenses	32,255,721
Total 2017 operating expenses under GASB 45	 50,443,919
Decrease in operating expenses not related to OPEB	\$ (18,188,198)

Total Expenses decreased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease is primarily the result of a decrease in pension expense from \$5.5 million in fiscal year 2017 to negative \$13.8 million in fiscal year 2018. This decrease is primarily the result of changes in benefit terms, changes in actuarial assumptions, and greater than expected returns on pension plan investments.

Operating grants increased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in funding received for economically disadvantaged and career tech.

The property tax laws in Ohio create the need periodically to seek voter approval for additional operating funds. Tax revenues generated from voted tax levies do not increase as a result of inflation. An operating levy is approved for a fixed millage rate, but the rate is reduced for inflation with the effect of providing the District the same amount of tax dollars as originally approved. Therefore, school districts such as ours that are dependent upon property taxes as a primary source of revenue must periodically return to the ballot and ask voters for additional resources to maintain current programs. Since the District must rely heavily on voter approval of operating tax issues, management of the resources is of paramount concern to the District's administration and the voting public.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The table below reflects the cost of program services and the net cost of those services after taking into account the program revenues for the governmental activities. General revenues including tax revenue, investment earnings and unrestricted State entitlements must support the net cost of program services.

	 Total Cost	ervices	Net Cost of Services					
Programs	 2018		2017		2018		2017	
Instructional	\$ 17,007,034	\$	31,820,527	\$	11,776,667	\$	28,880,692	
Support Services	10,145,409		14,420,849		9,253,733		13,383,360	
Non-Instructional Services	2,040,588		2,399,487		(347,863)		278,374	
Extracurricular Activites	541,546		927,209		314,258		732,784	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 861,325		875,847		861,325		875,847	
Total	\$ 30,595,902	\$	50,443,919	\$	21,858,120	\$	44,151,057	

Local property taxes make up 22.9% of total revenues for governmental activities. The net services column reflecting the need for \$21.9 million of support indicates the reliance on general revenues to support governmental activities.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17.4 million which represents an increase of \$276,470 as compared to last year according to the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The schedule below shows the fund balance and the total change in fund balance from June 30, 2017 to 2018.

	 und Balance ine 30, 2018		und Balance ine 30, 2017	ncrease/ Decrease)
General Fund Bond Retirement Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 11,773,705 2,552,671 3,102,677		12,066,325 2,301,355 2,784,903	\$ (292,620) 251,316 317,774
Total	\$ 17,429,053	\$	17,152,583	\$ 276,470

General Fund

The District's General Fund balance decreased primarily because of an increase in instructional expenditures. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund.

	2018	2017	Change
Revenues by Source:			
Property Taxes	\$ 9,327,511	\$ 9,452,338	-1.3%
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,016,613	1,838,607	9.7%
Intergovernmental	28,073,020	26,598,609	5.5%
Interest Earnings	178,236	59,733	198.4%
Tuition	234,451	106,001	121.2%
Other Revenue	392,434	277,329	41.5%
Other Financing Sources	 -	 125	-100.0%
Total Revenues	\$ 40,222,265	\$ 38,332,742	4.9%

Total General Fund revenue in 2018 increased \$1.9 million as compared to 2017. The District had an increase in state funding of \$1.5 million in 2018.

	2018	2017	Change
Expenditures by Function:			
Instruction	\$ 26,377,223	\$ 25,374,635	4.0%
Support Services	12,931,710	12,449,795	3.9%
Non-instructional Services	3,283	2,445	34.3%
Extracurricular Activities	759,780	695,536	9.2%
Capital Outlay	442,889	 329,871	34.3%
Total Expenditures	\$ 40,514,885	\$ 38,852,282	4.3%

As the table below indicates, the largest portion of General Fund expenditures is for instructional cost.

Total General Fund expenditures in 2018 increase \$1.7 million as compared to 2017. Instructional expenditures increased \$1.0 million due to increase salaries and benefits. Expenditures exceeded revenues in the General Fund during the fiscal year resulting in a decrease in fund balance of \$292,620.

Bond Retirement Fund

The Bond Retirement Fund is a Debt Service Fund. Fund balance in this fund increased by \$251,316 during the fiscal year. This increase represents the amount in which property taxes and related revenues exceeded debt service expenditures.

Other Governmental Funds

Other Governmental Funds consist of various Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. Fund balance in these funds increased by \$317,774 during the fiscal year. This increase is primarily the result of the timing of federal reimbursement grants received during the year and within the available period.

General Fund Budget Information

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with Ohio law and is based on the cash basis of accounting, utilizing cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. Changes are made to the District's budget as changes in revenues and spending patterns are experienced. The most significant adjustments to the original budget amounts in the 2018 budget were an increase in property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes of \$275,492 and \$571,613, respectively. The variance between final budgeted revenues and actual revenues was insignificant.

During fiscal year 2018, the District amended its General fund appropriations several times. Original appropriations of \$40,988,449 were increased by \$221,409 during 2018 to \$41,209,858. The variance between final appropriations and actual budgetary expenditures was insignificant.

The District uses the five-year forecast as the original document from which to form the operating budget. After updating the forecast for changes in revenue and expenditure assumptions, the operating budget begins at the school level. Each school in the District receives a per pupil allocation augmented with resources for special education students in the specific buildings. Budgets are reviewed periodically to ensure management becomes aware of any variations during the year.

Capital Assets

The District's 2017 capital asset balance has been restated. See Note 16 for additional information on this restatement. At fiscal year-end, the District had \$73.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment and vehicles, a decrease of \$1.6 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease represents the amount in which current year depreciation of \$2.4 million exceeded current year additions of \$871,126.

See note 6 to the basic financial statements for additional information on Capital Assets.

Debt

At fiscal year-end, the District's general bonded debt totaled \$28.5 million, a decrease of \$1.1 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease represents the amount in which principal reductions and amortization totaling \$1.3 million exceeded current year accretion of \$181,378.

See note 7 to the basic financial statements for additional information on long-term obligations.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, tax payers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for monies it receives. Questions concerning any information in this report or request for additional information should be directed to Steve McAfee, Treasurer, Whitehall City School District, 625 South Yearling Road, Whitehall, Ohio 43213.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

• •	Governmental Activities
Assets:	• • • • • • • • • •
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,490,883
Cash with Fiscal Agent	149,000
Property Taxes Receivable	11,685,724
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	1,876,500
Accounts Receivable	94,166
Interest Receivable	24,103
Due From Other Governments	855,132
Inventory	6,028
Prepaid Items	164,554
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	420,406
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	73,518,330
Total Assets	
Total Assets	105,284,826
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Unamortized Amount on Refunding	2,554,054
Pension	14,879,514
OPEB	465,478
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	17,899,046
Liebilities	
Liabilities:	070 495
Accounts Payable	273,185
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	2,429,072
Due To Other Governments	365,640
Accrued Interest Payable	68,912
Claims Payable	586,885
Unearned Revenue	413,028
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,441,310
Due in More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	45,954,002
Net OPEB Liability	10,249,860
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	28,901,889
Total Liabilities	90,683,783
	, , , ,
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property and Other Local Taxes	8,502,502
Pension	1,871,169
OPEB	1,175,411
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,549,082
Net Position:	
	10 505 307
Net Investment in Capital Assets	48,506,387
Restricted:	o - / / /
Debt Service	2,547,741
Capital Outlay	1,221,503
Facilities Maintenance	792,244
Non-instructional Services	1,279,462
Locally Funded Programs	406,234
Extracurricular Activities	37,443
State Funded Programs	95,003
Federally Funded Programs	69,837
Other Purposes	718
Unrestricted	(34,005,565)
Total Net Position	
	\$ 20,951,007

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Program	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
	Expenses			narges for Services	C	Operating Grants and ontributions	Ģ	Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities:									
Instruction									
Regular	\$	11,585,347	\$	209,469	\$	655,129	\$	(10,720,749)	
Special		4,919,765		42,679		3,919,537		(957,549)	
Vocational		101,123		-		148,214		47,091	
Other		400,799		-		255,339		(145,460)	
Support Services									
Pupils		994,586		-		454,629		(539,957)	
Instructional Staff		1,196,096		10,401		107,772		(1,077,923)	
Board of Education		133,821		-		-		(133,821)	
Administration		1,568,816		29,934		111,299		(1,427,583)	
Fiscal		800,078		-		585		(799,493)	
Business Operations		228,611		-		-		(228,611)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		3,393,073		10,597		158,381		(3,224,095)	
Pupil Transportation Central		1,668,830		-		8,078		(1,660,752)	
Non-instructional Services		161,498		- 21,367		2 267 094		(161,498)	
Extracurricular Activities		2,040,588 541,546		165,535		2,367,084 61,753		347,863 (314,258)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		861,325		105,555		01,755		(861,325)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	30,595,902	\$	489,982	\$	8,247,800		(21,858,120)	
Total Governmental Activities	Ge	neral Revenue		+03,302	Ψ	0,247,000		(21,000,120)	
	Ρı	operty Taxes L		for:					
		General Purpo	oses					9,147,950	
		Debt Service						1,853,161	
		Other Purpose						96,060	
	-	nrestricted Gra			ts			25,829,650	
		ayments in Lieu		axes				2,016,613	
		vestment Earn	ings					204,048	
		iscellaneous al General Rev	00000	_				520,998	
	101	al General Rev	enue	5				39,668,480	
	Ch	ange in Net Po	sition					17,810,360	
	Net	Position Begir	nina	of Year Rest	ated			3,140,647	
		Position End	•				\$	20,951,007	
							Ŷ	,	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

		General Fund	F	Bond Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$	9,768,482	\$	1,809,279	\$	3,668,454	\$	15,246,215
Property Taxes Payments in Lieu of Taxes		9,708,480 1,876,500		1,873,982 -		103,262		11,685,724 1,876,500
Accounts Interest		87,044 24,103		-		7,122		94,166 24,103
Due From Other Governments		27,082		-		828,050		855,132
Inventory Branaid Itama		6,028 163,329		-		-		6,028
Prepaid Items Due From Other Funds		615,765		-		1,225 -		164,554 615,765
Total Assets	\$	22,276,813	\$	3,683,261	\$	4,608,113	\$	30,568,187
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	175,897	\$	_	\$	97,288	\$	273,185
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	Ψ	2,143,911	Ψ	-	Ψ	285,161	Ψ	2,429,072
Due to Other Governments		328,766		-		36,874		365,640
Compensated Absences Payable Due To Other Funds		71,771 -		-		- 615,765		71,771 615,765
Total Liabilities		2,720,345		-		1,035,088		3,755,433
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property and Other Local Taxes		7,377,260		1,066,608		58,634		8,502,502
Unavailable Revenue		405,503		63,982		411,714		881,199
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,782,763		1,130,590		470,348		9,383,701
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventory		6,028		-		-		6,028
Prepaid Items		163,329		-		1,225		164,554
Restricted: Debt Service		-		2,552,671		_		2,552,671
Capital Outlay		-		-		818,866		818,866
Facilities Maintenance		-		-		788,482		788,482
Non-instructional Services		-		-		1,278,237		1,278,237
Locally Funded Programs Extracurricular Activities		-		-		406,234 37,443		406,234 37,443
State Funded Programs		-		-		95,003		95,003
Federally Funded Programs		-		-		64,522		64,522
Other Purposes		-		-		718		718
Assigned: Public School Support		35,270						35,270
Future Appropriations		4,670,219		-		-		4,670,219
Instructional Services		4,570		-		-		4,570
Support Services		19,563		-		-		19,563
Capital Outlay		1,514		-		-		1,514
Unassigned		6,873,212		-		(388,053)		6,485,159
Total Fund Balances		11,773,705		2,552,671		3,102,677		17,429,053
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	22,276,813	\$	3,683,261	\$	4,608,113	\$	30,568,187

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 17,429,053
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	73,938,736
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows in the funds.	
Property Taxes Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable	441,611 407,952
Interest Receivable Accounts Receivable	6,633 25,003
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:	393,755
Deferred Outflows - Pension	14,879,514
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(1,871,169)
Net Pension Liability	(45,954,002)
Deferred Outflows - OPEB Deferred Inflows - OPEB	465,478 (1,175,411)
Net OPEB Liability	(10,249,860)
Long-Term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds Payable	(28,538,054)
Unamortized Amount on Refunding	2,554,054
Accrued Interest Payable Compensated Absences	(68,912) (1,733,374)
Compensaleu Ausences	 (1,733,374)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 20,951,007

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

_		General Fund	F	Bond Other Letirement Governmental Fund Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds	
Revenues:	•		•		•	~~~~	•	
Property Taxes	\$	9,327,511	\$	1,886,636	\$	98,667	\$	11,312,814
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		2,016,613		-		-		2,016,613
Intergovernmental		28,073,020		187,376		5,916,442		34,176,838
Investment Income		178,236		-		26,880		205,116
Co-Curricular Activities		28,626		-		136,909		165,535
Tuition and Fees		234,451		-		68,629		303,080
Charges for Services		-		-		21,367		21,367
Donations		41,596		-		132,187		173,783
Other Total Devenues		322,212		-		81,254		403,466
Total Revenues		40,222,265		2,074,012		6,482,335		48,778,612
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:								
Regular		18,811,167				700,346		19,511,513
Special		6,824,114		-		1,733,390		8,557,504
Vocational		302,310		-		1,755,590		302,310
Other		439,632		_		252,537		692,169
Support services:		400,002		-		202,007		032,103
Pupils		1,839,614		_		465,439		2,305,053
Instructional Staff		1,706,388		-		133,786		1,840,174
Board of Education		130,189		-		-		130,189
School Administration		2,867,146		-		186,487		3,053,633
Fiscal Services		810,660		33,994		1,843		846,497
Business Operations		303,720		-		-		303,720
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		3,287,456		-		275,162		3,562,618
Pupil Transportation		1,814,122		-		7,990		1,822,112
Central Services		172,415		-		-		172,415
Non-instructional Services		3,283		-		2,197,575		2,200,858
Extracurricular Activities		759,780		-		210,006		969.786
Capital Outlay		442,889		-				442,889
Debt service:		,						,
Principal Retirement		-		960,000		-		960,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		828,702		-		828,702
Total Expenditures		40,514,885		1,822,696		6,164,561		48,502,142
Net Change in Fund Balances		(292,620)		251,316		317,774		276,470
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		12,066,325		2,301,355		2,784,903		17,152,583
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	11,773,705	\$	2,552,671	\$	3,102,677	\$	17,429,053

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	276,470
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital Outlay Depreciation		871,126 (2,436,990)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(045.040)
Property Taxes Intergovernmental Revenues Other Revenues		(215,643) (180,642) 23,935
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB		3,185,635 75,043
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension and net OPEB liabilities are reported as expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB		13,761,216 1,584,776
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Principal Repayments Amortization and Capital Appreciation Bond Accretion Accrued Interest Payable		960,000 (32,948) 325
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. Compensated Absences		(46,422)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		(15,521)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	17,810,360
U	Ĺ	,,

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service
	Fund
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,244,668
Cash with Fiscal Agent	149,000
Total Assets	1,393,668
Current Liabilities: Claims Payable Unearned Revenue	586,885
Total Liabilities	413,028 999,913
Net Position:	
Unrestricted	393,755
Total Net Position	\$ 393,755

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$	6 099 250	
Other	φ	6,088,359 4,362	
Total Operating Revenues		6,092,721	
Operating Expenses:			
Purchased Services		1,024,065	
Claims		5,084,177	
Total Operating Expenses		6,108,242	
Operating Loss and Change in Net Position		(15,521)	
Net Position, Beginning of Year		409,276	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	393,755	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		overnmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Charges for Services Cash Received from Other Cash Payments for Purchased Services Cash Payments for Claims Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$	6,008,879 4,362 (1,024,065) (5,137,006) (147,830)
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(147,830)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	1,541,498 1,393,668
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used In Operating Activities:		
Operating Loss	\$	(15,521)
Change in Assets and Liabilities: Claims Payable Unearned Revenue Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$	(52,829) (79,480) (147,830)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

	Agency Fund	
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	46,678
Total Assets	\$	46,678
Liabilities Due To Others Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	44,701 1,977 46,678

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The Whitehall City School District (the District) was organized on June 10, 1968 and is a fiscally independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Education (the Board) elected by the citizens of the District.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity Omnibus – an amendment to GASB Statement No. 14 and 34, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions for which the District is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a component unit's board and either (i) the District's ability to impose its will over a component unit, or (ii) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the District. On that basis, the reporting entity of the District includes the services of the District only (i.e., there are no component units).

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS:

The District is a participant among over 200 educational-focused entities in a jointly governed organization to operate the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META). META was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology, with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment, to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. META is governed by a board of directors consisting of a member of the board of education and a member of the administrative staff from each of the participating members. The District does not have an ongoing financial interest in or ongoing financial responsibility for META. Financial statements for META can be obtained from META administrative offices at 2100 City Gate Dr., Columbus, Ohio 43219. During fiscal year 2018, the District paid META \$85,189 for services.

The Eastland-Fairfield Career and Technical Schools (EFCTS) is a jointly governed organization of the District. The District's Board of Education appoints one member of the nine-member Board of Education of EFCTS. However, the financial statements of EFCTS are not included within the District's reporting entity, as the District cannot impose its will and there are no financial benefit or financial burden relationships or related-party transactions between the District and EFCTS.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The GASB is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements (see Note 2.f.). Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicant who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred under accrual accounting. However, debt services expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 4). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing resources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. The approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statement for the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The District's major funds include the following governmental funds: the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund. The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The bond retirement debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The District's nonmajor governmental funds include capital projects funds and special revenue funds. The capital project funds are used to account for receipts and expenditures related to capital facilities. The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The District's nonmajor proprietary fund includes the following fund type:

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or, agencies of the government generally on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District has one such fund, an Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund.

Additionally, the District reports a fiduciary fund. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds, a type of fiduciary fund, are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District reports two agency funds, the Student Activities Agency Fund and a Flexible Spending Account Agency Fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. However, the activity for interfund services in the internal service fund are consolidated with the Governmental Activities on the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Charges for services (or charges for employee benefit costs) are the principal operating revenues for the District's internal service fund. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Cash and Investments

Monies received by the District are pooled with individual fund balance integrity maintained through the District's records. For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. At fiscal year-end, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, money market funds, Federal Agency securities, negotiable CD's and commercial paper.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

During the fiscal year, the District had funds invested in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investments purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Investment earnings are allocated as authorized by State statue or as governed by Board policy. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during the fiscal year amounted to \$178,236 which includes \$54,906 assigned from other District funds.

D. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis and inventories are determined by physical count.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

E. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$3,000 and a useful life of less than five years. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land Improvements	10-30
Buildings & Improvements	10-50
Furniture and Equipment	5-15
Vehicles	5-10

F. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds.

On fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as due to/from other funds. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Compensated Absences

The District has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future. The criteria for determining the vacation and sick leave liability is derived from Board policy, negotiated agreements, and state laws.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees applicable to governmental type activities is not reflected in the fund financial statements. When paid, compensated absences for governmental activities are paid from the fund to which the employee's payroll is charged. The funds which record expenditures or expenses for employee payroll and compensated absences are the General Fund, Food Service Fund and the various other grant funds.

H. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Debt

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements as well as the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

I. Unearned Revenue

Under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when it is earned. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete, those assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for unearned revenue.

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred amount on refunding, for pension and OPEB. A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 10 and 11.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2018, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2019 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and interest income. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 20. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position (Sees Note 10 and 11).

K. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

L. Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable: The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted: Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (Board of Education resolutions).

Enabling legislation authorizes the District to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandates payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the District can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specific by the legislation.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Committed: The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board of Education, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned: Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Although no specific resolution has been made, the District Board of Education authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned: Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for a special trust.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

O. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. There were no extraordinary or special items reported during the current fiscal year.

P. Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium and discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

On the governmental fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and bond discounts in the current period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Q. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

On the fund financial statements, reported prepayments is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

A. Cash

The deposit and investment of the District's monies is governed by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). In accordance with these statutes, the District is authorized to invest in United States and State of Ohio bonds, notes, and other obligations; bank certificates of deposit; banker acceptances; commercial paper notes rated prime and issued by United States corporations; repurchase agreements secured by United States obligations; and STAROhio. Earnings on investments are credited to the General Fund except earnings specifically related to the Capital Projects– Classroom Facilities Fund, and Special Revenue–Food Service Fund, in accordance with ORC Section 3315.01.

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$257,242 exclusive of \$15,000 maintained in petty cash. The combined bank balance was \$755,176, of which \$399,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining balance was uninsured and collateralized. The District's financial institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by:

- 1. Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Colleterial System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following investments and maturities.

	Credit		Percent	Investment Maturities			ırities
Investment Type	Rating	 Amount	of Total	W	/ithin 1 Year	Mor	e than 1 Year
STAR Ohio	AAAm	\$ 5,918,327	36.06%	\$	5,918,327	\$	-
FHLMC Notes	AA+	2,116,602	12.89%		-		2,116,602
FNMA Notes	AA+	3,990,426	24.31%		1,582,128		2,408,298
Certificates of Deposit	Not Rated	1,466,886	8.94%		495,069		971,817
Money Market Funds	Not Rated	21,954	0.13%		21,954		-
Commercial Paper	Not Rated	2,900,124	17.67%		2,900,124		-
Total		\$ 16,414,319	100.00%	\$	10,917,602	\$	5,496,717

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

All investments are reported at fair value except STAR Ohio, which is measured at the net asset value per share, which approximates fair value. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the District's fair value measurements are valued using Level 2 inputs.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, investment portfolio maturities are limited to five years or less. To reduce interest rate risk it is Management's policy to hold all investments to maturity.

Credit Risk: The District does not have a policy related to credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District's investment policy places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy related to custodial credit risk for investments; however, all of the District's investments are book-entry securities held by a safekeeping agent and are, therefore, not exposed to custodial credit risk.

D. Reconciliation of Deposits and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments to the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2018:

Investments (summarized above)	\$ 16,414,319
Carrying Amount of Deposits	257,242
Petty Cash	15,000
Less: Fiduciary Cash and Investments	(46,678)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents on Statement of Net Position	\$ 16,639,883

E. Cash with Fiscal Agent

At fiscal year-end, the District had an account under UnitedHealthcare which is required to maintain a balance of \$149,000 to pay out the District's insurance claims. The balance in this account is reported as Cash with Fiscal Agent on the District's Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility property, and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2018 represent the collection of calendar year 2017 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2018 were levied after April 1, 2017, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2018 represent the collection of calendar year 2017 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2018 became a lien on December 31, 2016, were levied after April 1, 2017, and are collected in 2018 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at twenty-five percent of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Franklin County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2018, are available to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes personal property and public utility taxes, and the late June personal property settlement which are measurable as of June 30, 2018 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 and the late personal property tax settlement were levied to finance current fiscal year operations.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes and the amount available as an advance have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while the rest of the receivable is deferred. On a modified accrual basis, only the amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue.

	2017 Second Half			2018 First Half			
		Amount	Percent	Amount F		Percent	
Agricultural/Residental and							
Other Real Estate	\$	206,186,230	93.84%	\$	233,335,880	94.70%	
Public Utility Personal		13,524,560	6.16%		13,069,270	5.30%	
Total	\$	219,710,790	100%	\$	246,405,150	100%	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		73.10			72.85		

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2018 taxes were collected are:

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the payment is due January 30; if paid semiannually, the payment is due January 30 with the remainder payable by June 30.

The Franklin County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of the District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on historical cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

Accrued property taxes receivables represent real property, personal property and public utility taxes which were measurable but not available as of June 30, 2018. However, monies legally available as an advance to the District as of June 30, 2018 are recognized as revenue as they are both measurable and available. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating this amount in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.35.

NOTE 5 – TAX ABATEMENTS

Under Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) and other property tax abatements entered into by the City of Whitehall, the District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$117,037 during the fiscal year. The District received \$94,505 from the City during the fiscal year.

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's beginning capital asset balance has been restated. See Note 16 for more information on this restatement. A summary of capital asset activity for the fiscal year follows:

Governmental Activities	Restated Beginning Balance	Beginning		Ending Balance	
Nondepreciable Captial Assets Land Construction in Progress	\$ 420,406	\$	\$	\$ 420,406	
Total Nondepreciable Assets	420,406			420,406	
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Land Improvements	1,824,464	7,573	-	1,832,037	
Buildings and Improvements	81,601,670	324,696	-	81,926,366	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5,760,618	396,615	-	6,157,233	
Vehicles	1,451,989	142,242		1,594,231	
Total Depreciable Assets	90,638,741	871,126		91,509,867	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Land Improvements	(1,361,433)	(47,591)	-	(1,409,024)	
Buildings and Improvements	(9,768,416)	(1,807,197)	-	(11,575,613)	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(3,368,013)	(480,342)	-	(3,848,355)	
Vehicles	(1,056,685)	(101,860)		(1,158,545)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,554,547)	(2,436,990)		(17,991,537)	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net					
of accumulated depreciation	75,084,194	(1,565,864)		73,518,330	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 75,504,600	\$ (1,565,864)	\$-	\$ 73,938,736	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

	Amount		
Regular	\$	2,226,273	
Special		380	
Vocational		6,810	
Instructional Staff		29,894	
Board of Education		4,581	
School Administration		7,696	
Business Operations		10,301	
Operations and Maintenance of Plant		21,273	
Pupil Transportation		90,335	
Non-instructional		20,972	
Co-curricular Activities		18,475	
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	2,436,990	

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The long-term obligations at June 30, 2017 have been restated as described in Note 16. During the fiscal year, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

	Restated Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: General Obligation Debt					
OFCC Project - Series 2009A					
CABs	84,996	-	(46,956)	38,040	38,040
CABs Premium	35,225	-	(26,707)	8,518	-
Accretion on CABs	458,358	42,607	(253,044)	247,921	247,921
OFCC Project - Series 2009B					
Serial and Term Bonds	485,000	-	-	485,000	485,000
CABs	39,998	-	(34,494)	5,504	5,504
CABs Premium	26,328	-	(23,168)	3,160	-
Accretion on CABs	484,599	35,331	(430,506)	89,424	89,424
Bond Premium	3,438	-	(1,719)	1,719	-
Refunding Bonds - Series 2015					
Serial and Term Bonds	8,175,000	-	(80,000)	8,095,000	85,000
CABs	210,000	-	-	210,000	-
CABs Premium	503,027	-	(63,117)	439,910	-
Accretion on CABs	57,561	49,691	-	107,252	-
Bond Premium	433,634	-	(24,091)	409,543	-
Refunding Bonds - Series 2016A					
Serial and Term Bonds	8,250,000	-	(65,000)	8,185,000	65,000
CABs	110,000	-	-	110,000	-
CABs Premium	420,806	-	(54,519)	366,287	-
Accretion on CABs	34,741	34,860	-	69,601	-
Bond Premium	500,828	-	(33,388)	467,440	-
Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B					
Serial Bonds	8,185,000	-	(50,000)	8,135,000	50,000
CABs	55,000	-	-	55,000	-
CABs Premium	180,026	-	(24,003)	156,023	-
Accretion on CABs	18,564	18,889	-	37,453	-
Bond Premium	863,216	-	(47,957)	815,259	-
Total General Obligation Debt	29,615,345	181,378	(1,258,669)	28,538,054	1,065,889
Net Pension Liability					
SERS	12,014,595	-	(2,043,937)	9,970,658	-
STRS	50,886,848	-	(14,903,504)	35,983,344	-
Total Net Pension Liability	62,901,443		(16,947,441)	45,954,002	
Net OPEB Liability	_				_
SERS	4,542,176	-	(202,334)	4,339,842	-
STRS	8,130,256	-	(2,220,238)	5,910,018	-
Total Net OPEB Liability	12,672,432		(2,422,572)	10,249,860	
Compensated Absences	1,687,231	267,121	(149,207)	1,805,145	375,421
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 106,876,451	\$ 448,499	\$ (20,777,889)	\$ 86,547,061	\$ 1,441,310

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

2009 A and B Building Construction Bonds

In the election held on November 4, 2008, the electors of the District approved the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$30,500,000 for the purpose of constructing a new school facility and related facilities under the Classroom Facilities Assistance Program of the Ohio School Facilities Commission; renovating and improving existing school facilities; furnishing and equipping the same; and improving the sites thereof.

On February 11, 2009, the District issued School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2009A in the amount of \$9.8 million with final maturities on December 1, 2034. These bonds included \$1.47 million in current interest serial bonds; \$84,996 in capital appreciation bond; and \$8.245 million in current interest term bonds. The net premium, discount and accretion on these bonds was \$213,600, while the bond issuance costs were \$141,280. On March 12, 2009, the District issued School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2009B in the amount of \$20.7 million with final maturities on December 1, 2034. These bonds included \$14.645 million in current interest serial bonds; \$39,998 in capital appreciation bond; and \$6.015 million in current interest term bonds. The net premium, discount and accretion on these bonds was \$411,156, while the bond issuance costs were \$238,859. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement fund.

Capital appreciation bonds were purchased at a discount at the time of issuance and, at maturity all compound interest is paid and the bond holder collects the face value. However, since interest is technically earned and compounded semiannually, the value of the bond increases. Therefore, as the value increases, the accretion is booked as principal.

In fiscal year 2016, the District refunded \$25.315 million of the 2009 A and B Building Construction Bonds with Series 2015, Series 2016A and Series 2016B advance refunding bonds. The refunded bonds have a call date of June 1, 2019. At fiscal year-end, the District's had \$26.1 million on deposit with an escrow agent to satisfy principal and interest on these refunded bonds through the call date.

2015 Refunding Bonds

On December 29, 2015, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds in the amount of \$8,485,000 for the purpose of advance refunding \$8,490,000 of the 2009 A and B Building Construction Bonds which were issued for the purpose of School Facilities Construction and Improvement. These bonds included \$6,100,000 in current interest serial bonds; \$210,000 in capital appreciation bonds; and \$2,175,000 in current interest term bonds. The District received \$9,564,517 in bond proceeds, which included a \$1,079,517 premium. The bonds have a final maturity on December 1, 2034. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$837,114 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$663,349.

2016A Refunding Bonds

On February 23, 2016, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds in the amount of \$8,485,000 for the purpose of advance refunding \$8,485,000 of the 2009 A and B Building Construction Bonds which were issued for the purpose of School Facilities Construction and Improvement. These bonds included \$6,050,000 in current interest serial bonds; \$110,000 in capital appreciation bonds; and \$2,325,000 in current interest term bonds. The District received \$9,555,188 in bond proceeds, which included a \$1,070,188 premium. The bonds have a final maturity on December 1, 2034. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$848,903 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$689,565.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

2016B Refunding Bonds

On February 23, 2016, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds in the amount of \$8,340,000 for the purpose of advance refunding \$8,340,000 of the 2009 B Building Construction Bonds which were issued for the purpose of School Facilities Construction and Improvement. These bonds included \$8,285,000 in current interest serial bonds and \$55,000 in capital appreciation bonds. The District received \$9,515,162 in bond proceeds, which included a \$1,175,162 premium. The bonds have a final maturity on December 1, 2034. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$1,113,166 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$913,091.

All current obligation bonds outstanding, issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of equipment and facilities, are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Long-Term obligations of the District are included in the Statement of Net Position. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the Debt Service Fund. The source of payment is derived from bonded debt tax levy.

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 1,065,889	\$ 834,955	\$ 1,900,844
2020	1,100,000	793,750	1,893,750
2021	1,120,000	769,275	1,889,275
2022	1,225,000	741,075	1,966,075
2023	1,270,000	709,150	1,979,150
2024-2028	5,864,306	4,590,419	10,454,725
2029-2033	9,600,000	1,675,016	11,275,016
2034-2035	4,625,000	167,762	4,792,762
Total	\$ 25,870,195	\$ 10,281,402	\$ 36,151,597

The following is a summary of future annual debt service requirements for maturity for the general obligation bonds:

Debt Limitation

The ORC provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The ORC further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The effects of these debt limitations are a voted debt limit of \$22,176,464 and an unvoted debt limit of \$246,405. At fiscal year-end, the District exceeded the voted debt limit, however, ORC 133.06 permits a school district to incur indebtedness in excess of the 9% direct debt limitation if, based on five-year projections showing annual property value growth of 3% or more, unless the State Superintendent determines that such school district is a "special needs" district. The State Superintendent determined that the District is a special needs district during 2018.

The aggregate amount of the District's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with Franklin County and the City of Whitehall. As of June 30, 2018, these entities have complied with the requirement that unvoted overlapping debt must not exceed 1% (10 mills) of the assessed property value. Management believes that the District has complied with all bond covenants.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Net Pension/OPEB Liability

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the fund benefitting from the employees' service. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Note 10 and 11.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent accumulated vacation and an estimated severance liability for employees both eligible to retire and those expected to become eligible in the future. The entire compensated absences balance is reported on the entity-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the compensated absences are reported only to the extent they have matured and will be paid with current financial resources. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. For proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as fund liability.

The District pays obligations related to compensated absences from the General Fund and Food Service Fund.

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Due To/From Other Funds:

Interfund balances at fiscal year-end, as reported on the fund financial statements, consist of the following individual interfund receivables and payables:

Fund	R	eceivable	 Payable
General Fund	\$	615,765	\$ -
Other Governmental Funds		-	 615,765
Totals	\$	615,765	\$ 615,765

Interfund advances are made to provide capital and operating funds until funding is received. In general, interfund advances are made at the end of the fiscal year and then returned the next fiscal year when funding is received. Interfund advances between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

Interfund Transfers:

There were no interfund transfers during the current fiscal year.

NOTE 9 - SELF-INSURANCE FUND AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District contracts with a third-party insurance company for property insurance (including boiler and machinery) and auto insurance. Property insurance and auto insurance carries a \$1,000 deductible for both comprehensive and collision. General liability is protected by another third- party insurance company with a \$1 million single occurrence limit, a \$2 million aggregate limit, and no deductible.

The District pays the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The District provides employee medical/surgical benefits through a minimum premium plan, which is a modified self-insurance plan. The District maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. The District offers one PPO medical plan with varied deductibles and coinsurance payments for "In-network" and "Non- network" claims. Claims are reviewed by a third-party claims administrator and then paid by the District. The District pays into the Employee Benefit Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund at a single or family rates based on the coverage selected by the employee. All full-time employees electing family medical coverage are required to make a monthly contribution of \$291 or \$335 to the Employee Benefit Self-Insurance Fund depending on classification, while employees electing single medical coverage are required to make an \$46 or a \$77 monthly contribution. The District's share of the premium is paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee and is based on historical cost information.

Insurance coverage levels have remained consistent from year to year. Additionally, no payments have been made within the last three years to settle claims in excess of the above-noted insurance coverage.

Dental coverage is contracted through a third-party insurer, not on a self-insurance basis. Monthly premiums for this coverage are \$73.45 per employee as of June 30, 2018, for both single and family coverage. The premium is paid in full by the fund that pays the salary for the employee.

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all employees through another third-party insurance carrier in an amount related to the employee's position, ranging from \$30,000 to \$70,000.

A claims liability of \$586,885 at June 30, 2018, in the internal service fund reflects an estimate of incurred but unpaid claims liability for medical insurance. This liability was determined in accordance with actuarially acceptable reserving standards and was certified by an accredited actuary, as required by state statute. The actuarial calculation for this amount does not identify amount due in one year; since claims paid in one year are more than four times the year end liability, the total amount has been reported as a current liability.

A summary of the changes in self-insurance claims liability, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 follows:

	 2018	 2017	 2016
Claims Liability at July 1	\$ 639,714	\$ 594,404	\$ 953,460
Incurred Claims	5,084,177	5,363,300	4,761,589
Claims Paid	(5,137,006)	(5,317,990)	(5,120,645)
Claims Liability at June 30	\$ 586,885	\$ 639,714	\$ 594,404

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description – School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

The cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00% to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5% with a floor of 0% beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent. The remaining 0.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$747,103 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount \$27,326 is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a costsharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the employer rate was 14 percent and the plan members were also required to contribute 14 percent of covered salary. The fiscal year 2018 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,438,532 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount, \$260,061 is reported as due to other governments.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$9,970,658	\$35,983,344	\$45,954,002
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability - Current Measurment Date	0.1668791%	0.15147556%	
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability - Prior Measurment Date	0.1641545%	0.15202350%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.0027246%	-0.0005479%	
Pension Expense	(\$86,925)	(\$13,674,291)	(\$13,761,216)

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NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$429,103	\$1,389,508	\$1,818,611
Changes of assumptions	515,590	7,869,953	8,385,543
Changes in proportionate share	509,828	979,897	1,489,725
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	747,103	2,438,532	3,185,635
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$2,201,624	\$12,677,890	\$14,879,514
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$0	\$290,012	\$290,012
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	47,329	1,187,492	1,234,821
Changes in proportionate share	0	346,336	346,336
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$47,329	\$1,823,840	\$1,871,169

\$3,185,635 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2019	\$706,985	\$1,805,123	\$2,512,108
2020	748,949	3,420,524	4,169,473
2021	183,692	2,593,411	2,777,103
2022	(232,434)	596,460	364,026
Total	\$1,407,192	\$8,415,518	\$9,822,710

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.50 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disable members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$13,836,682	\$9,970,658	\$6,732,074

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00 percent effective July 1, 2017

Actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*The 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$51,580,899	\$35,983,344	\$22,844,742

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date The Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2017. The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date Effective July 1, 2017, the Cost of Living Adjustment was reduced to zero.

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by School Employees Retirement System or State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security. As of June 30, 2018, no members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions--between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net OPEB liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description – School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description – The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2018, 0.50 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2018, this amount was \$23,700. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.00 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.50 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2018, the District's surcharge obligation was \$47,372.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$75,043 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount \$48,384 is reported as a due to other governments.

Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to **OPEB**

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
OPEB Liability	\$4,339,842	\$5,910,018	\$10,249,860
Proportion of the Net OPEB			
Liability - Current Measurement Date	0.1617089%	0.15147556%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB			
Liability - Prior Measurement Date	0.1593539%	0.15202350%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.0023550%	-0.0005479%	
OPEB Expense	\$224,502	(\$1,809,278)	(\$1,584,776)

At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$0	\$341,162	\$341,162
Change in proportionate share	49,273	0	49,273
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	75,043	0	75,043
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$124,316	\$341,162	\$465,478
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$11,460	\$252,608	\$264,068
Changes of assumptions	411,829	476,071	887,900
Change in proportionate share	0	23,443	23,443
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$423,289	\$752,122	\$1,175,411

\$75,043 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

(\$236,965)
(236,965)
(205,441)
(105,605)
(\$784,976)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Incrreases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement Date	3.63 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.98 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.50 to 5.00 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.50 to 5.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015 and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Walt About Offatogico	10.00	0.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2017 was 2.98 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.63 percent) and higher (4.63 percent) than the current discount rate (3.63 percent). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.50 percent decreasing to 4.00 percent) and higher (8.50 percent decreasing to 6.00 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.63%)	(3.63%)	(4.63%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$5,240,912	\$4,339,842	\$3,625,965

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase		
	(6.50% decreasing to 4.00%)	(7.50% decreasing to 5.00%)	(8.50% decreasing to 6.00%)
District's proportionate share	10 4.00 %)	10 3.00 %)	10 0.00 %)
of the net OPEB liability	\$3,521,457	\$4,339,842	\$5,422,989

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00 percent, effective July 1, 2017
Blended Discount Rate of Return	4.13 percent
Health Care Cost Trends	6.00 to 11.00 percent initial, 4.50 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)" and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

Also, since the prior measurement date, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.10 percent to 1.90 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. Subsequent to the current measurement date, the date for discontinuing remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements was extended to January 2020.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30. 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2037. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2036 and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017. A blended discount rate of 3.26 percent which represents the long term expected rate of return of 7.75 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 2.85 percent for the unfunded benefit payments was used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2016.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 4.13 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13 percent) or one percentage point higher (5.13 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.13%)	(4.13%)	(5.13%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$7,934,104	\$5,910,018	\$4,310,328
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$4,106,027	\$5,910,018	\$8,284,280

NOTE 12 – CONTINGENCIES

Grants - The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effects of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2018, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

Foundation Funding - District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2018 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2018 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the District.

NOTE 13 – OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's outstanding encumbrances in the General Fund and other governmental funds were \$45,410 and \$282,315, respectively.

NOTE 14 – ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Fund balances at fiscal year-end included the following individual deficits:

Other Governmental	Defic	it Fund Balances
Building Fund	\$	(388,053)

The GAAP basis deficit balances in the Other Governmental Funds are a result of the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 15 – SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The budget stabilization reserve is optional; however, the Board elected to continue the reserve as permitted by law.

The following cash basis information describes the changes in the fiscal year end set-aside amounts:

	Captial Acquisition	Budget abilization
Set-aside cash balance as of July 1, 2017	\$ -	\$ 497,895
Current fiscal year set-aside requirement	601,038	-
Qualifying Disbursements	(880,328)	-
Current Year Offsets	-	-
Total	(279,290)	 497,895
Set-aside balance at June 30, 2018	\$-	\$ 497,895

During fiscal year 2009, the District issued \$30,500,000 in capital related debt based on a building project under taken by the District. Those proceeds may be used as qualifying offsets to reduce the capital acquisition to zero for future years. In fiscal year 2017, \$0 of qualifying proceeds were used to reduce the capital acquisition set-aside requirement to zero. At June 30, 2018, the District still has \$30,479,258 in qualifying proceeds that may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years.

NOTE 16 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

During the fiscal year, the District performed a re-evaluation of capital assets and accumulated depreciation. The District's beginning Net Position has been restated to more accurately account for capital assets and accumulated depreciation.

The District also implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" during the fiscal year. This statement improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) and improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities by establishing new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

The restatement and implementation of this statement had the following effect on net position as reported June 30, 2017:

	Governmental Activities
Net Position June 30, 2017	14,016,313
Adjustments:	14,010,010
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	1,743,946
Net OPEB Liability	(12,672,432)
Deferred Outflows - Payments Subsequent to	
Measurement Date	52,820
Restated Net Position June 30, 2017	3,140,647

In addition, the District has also implemented the following for the fiscal year ending June 30,2018:

GASB Statement No. 85 "*Omnibus 2017*" addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Specific issues discussed relate to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pension and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The implementation of this statement did not have a significant effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 86 "*Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*" improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources – resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt – are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The implementation of this statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 9,089,571	\$ 9,365,063	\$ 9,365,063	\$-
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,445,000	2,016,613	2,016,613	-
Intergovernmental	27,920,487	28,070,941	28,070,941	-
Investment Income	185,000	198,456	224,400	25,944
Co-Curricular Activities	7,500	4,849	4,872	23
Tuition and Fees	150,000	234,438	234,438	-
Donations	-	23,100	23,100	-
Other	84,000	141,097	273,739	132,642
Total Revenues	38,881,558	40,054,557	40,213,166	158,609
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:	40,000,407	40 400 040	40 405 000	(0.4.40)
Regular	19,089,167	19,192,840	19,195,982	(3,142)
Special	6,891,504	6,928,932	6,938,638	(9,706)
Vocational	307,622	309,293	309,293	-
Other	419,277	421,554	426,161	(4,607)
Support services:	4 000 000	4 940 794	4 0 4 0 0 0 0	(0.400)
Pupils	1,836,808	1,846,784	1,848,920	(2,136)
Instructional Staff	1,712,300	1,721,599	1,725,403	(3,804)
Board of Education	136,320	137,060	131,100	5,960
School Administration	2,900,281	2,916,032	2,913,941	2,091
Fiscal Services	819,353	823,803	823,158	645
Business Operations	246,731	248,071	248,071	- EE 109
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,330,641	3,348,730	3,293,532	55,198
Pupil Transportation Central Services	1,824,208	1,834,115	1,830,912	3,203
-	172,481	173,418	176,418	(3,000)
Non-instructional Services	339	341	341	-
Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay	754,860 325,792	758,960 327,561	765,047 327,561	(6,087)
Total Expenditures	40,767,684	40,989,093	40,954,478	34,615
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(1,886,126)	(934,536)	(741,312)	193,224
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	226,223	161,959	161,959	-
Advances Out	(220,765)	(220,765)	(220,765)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,458	(58,806)	(58,806)	
3 ()				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,880,668)	(993,342)	(800,118)	193,224
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	10,115,181	10,115,181	10,115,181	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	488,449	488,449	488,449	-
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 8,722,962	\$ 9,610,288	\$ 9,803,512	\$ 193,224

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.1668791%		0.1641545%		0.1572271%		0.1450560%		0.	1450560%	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	9,970,658	\$	12,014,595	\$	8,971,531	\$	7,341,201	\$	8,626,016	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	5,324,995	\$	5,083,050	\$	4,674,390	\$	4,225,609	\$	5,625,270	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		187.24%		236.37%		191.93%		173.73%		153.34%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percenta of the Total Pension Liability	ge	69.50%		62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%	

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.1514756%		0.1520235%		0.14601339%		0.14825114%		0.	14825114%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	35,983,344	\$	50,886,848	\$	40,353,830	\$	36,059,808	\$	42,954,207
District's Covered Payroll	\$	17,026,649	\$	16,419,854	\$	15,750,558	\$	15,658,562	\$	15,847,300
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		211.34%		309.91%		256.21%		230.29%		271.05%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	ge	75.30%		66.80%		72.10%		74.70%		69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 747,103	\$ 745,499	\$ 711,627	\$ 616,085
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 747,103	\$ 745,499	\$ 711,627	\$ 616,085
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,534,098	\$ 5,324,995	\$ 5,083,050	\$ 4,674,390
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%

 2014	 2013	 2012		2011	 2010	2009		
\$ 585,670	\$ 778,537	\$ 727,089	\$	688,803	\$ 584,910	\$	447,274	
\$ 585,670	\$ 778,537	\$ 727,089	\$	688,803	\$ 584,910	\$	447,274	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$		
\$ 4,225,609	\$ 5,625,270	\$ 5,405,867	\$	5,479,737	\$ 4,319,868	\$	4,545,467	
13.86%	13.84%	13.45%		12.57%	13.54%		9.84%	

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2018	2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,438,532	\$ 2,383,731	\$ 2,298,780	\$ 2,205,078
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,438,532	\$ 2,383,731	\$ 2,298,780	\$ 2,205,078
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _
Covered Payroll	\$ 17,418,084	\$ 17,026,649	\$ 16,419,854	\$ 15,750,558
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

 2014	 2013	 2012		2011		2010	2009		
\$ 2,035,613	\$ 2,060,149	\$ 1,950,143	\$	2,123,290	\$	2,067,520	\$	2,015,104	
\$ 2,035,613	\$ 2,060,149	\$ 1,950,143	\$	2,123,290	\$	2,067,520	\$	2,015,104	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$		
\$ 15,658,562	\$ 15,847,300	\$ 15,001,100	\$	16,333,000	\$	15,904,000	\$	15,500,800	
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%		13.00%		13.00%		13.00%	

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2018	 2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.1617089%	0.1593539%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 4,339,842	\$ 4,542,176
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,324,995	\$ 5,083,050
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	81.50%	89.36%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	12.46%	11.49%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2018	 2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.15147556%	0.15202350%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 5,910,018	\$ 8,130,256
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 17,026,649	\$ 16,419,854
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	34.71%	49.51%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	47.10%	37.30%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2018	 2017	 2016	2015	
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$ 75,043	\$ 52,820	\$ 50,603	\$	74,328
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 75,043	\$ 52,820	\$ 50,603	\$	74,328
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,534,098	\$ 5,324,995	\$ 5,083,050	\$	4,674,390
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.36%	0.99%	1.00%		1.59%

(1) Includes Surcharge

 2014		2013		2012		2011	 2010	2009		
\$ 70,416	\$	139,913	\$	138,526	\$	144,726	\$ 119,069	\$	369,315	
\$ 70,416	\$	139,913	\$	\$ 138,526		144,726	\$ 119,069	\$	369,315	
\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$		\$ 	\$	_	
\$ 4,225,609	\$	5,625,270	\$	5,405,867	\$	5,479,737	\$ 4,319,868	\$	4,545,467	
1.67%		2.49%		2.56%		2.64%	2.76%		8.12%	

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2018	2017	2016	 2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$	-	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	_	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
Covered Payroll	\$	17,418,084	\$ 17,026,649	\$ 16,419,854	\$ 15,750,558
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

 2014		2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009
\$ 156,586	\$	158,473	\$ 150,011	\$ 163,330	\$ 159,040	\$ 155,008
\$ 156,586	\$	158,473	\$ 150,011	\$ 163,330	\$ 159,040	\$ 155,008
\$ 	\$		\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 15,658,562	\$	15,847,300	\$ 15,001,100	\$ 16,333,000	\$ 15,904,000	\$ 15,500,800
1.00%		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY PROCESS

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The Entry Year Program Fund and the State Fiscal Stabilization Fund were not budgeted as they consisted solely of accrual activity.

Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Franklin and Licking County Budget Commissions for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The revised amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2018.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District.

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS (continued)

The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant.

The budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILING BUDGET BASIS AND GAAP

The District prepares its budget on a basis of accounting that differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The actual column presented on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund is prepared in accordance with the budget basis of accounting.

The major differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP are that:

- A. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- B. Expenditures are recorded when encumbered (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- C. Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) as opposed to an assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis);
- D. Due to the implementation of GASB 54, some funds were reclassified to the General Fund. These funds are not required to be included in the General Fund Budgetary Statement. Therefore, the activity from these funds is excluded with an adjustment for their change in fund balance.

Net Change in Fund Balance

Budget Basis	\$ (800,118)
Net Adjustments:	
Revenue and Other Financing Sources Accruals	(271,749)
Expenditure and Other Financing Uses Accruals	738,678
Encumbrances	42,846
Funds Budgeted as Other Funds	(2,277)
GAAP Basis	\$ (292,620)

NOTE 3 – NET PENSION LIABILITY

School Employees Retirement System

Changes in benefit terms:

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00% to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5% with a floor of 0% beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

Changes in assumptions:

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarially determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.

State Teachers Retirement System

Changes in benefit terms:

For fiscal year 2018, the COLA was reduced to zero.

Changes in assumptions:

For fiscal year 2018, the STRS Board adopted several assumption changes, including changes to:

- Inflation assumption lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%;
- Investment return assumption lowered from 7.75% to 7.45%;
- Total salary increases rates lowered by decreasing merit component of the individual salary increases, as well as by 0.25% due to lower inflation;
- Payroll growth assumption lowered to 3.00%;
- Updated the healthy and disabled mortality assumption to the "RP-2014" mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016; and
- Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

NOTE 4 – NET OPEB LIABILITY

School Employees Retirement System

Changes in Assumptions:

Amounts reported for fiscal year 2018 incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan invesment	
expense, including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

State Teachers Retirement System

Changes in Assumptions:

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care costs trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Also for fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Bond Retirement Fund - A fund used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Non-major Governmental Funds

Non-major Governmental Funds are established to account for revenues from specific sources, which legally, or otherwise, are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes. A description of the District's Non-major Governmental Funds follows:

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. A description of the District's Non-major Capital Project Funds follows:

Building - A fund used to account for the receipts and expenditures related to all special bond funds in the District. Proceeds from the sale of bonds, notes, or certificates of indebtedness are paid into this fund. Expenditures recorded here represent the costs of acquiring capital facilities including real property.

<u>Classroom Facilities</u> - A fund used to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the District and the Ohio School Facilities Commission for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are established to account for revenues from specific sources, which legally, or otherwise, are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. A description of the District's Non-major Special Revenue Funds follows:

Food Service - A fund used to record financial transactions related to the District's food service operation.

Special Trust - A fund used to account for the contributions received for the District's school programs.

<u>Uniform School Supplies</u> - A fund used to account for the purchase and sale of school supplies as adopted by the board of education for use in the schools of the district. Due to the implementation of GASB 54, this fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Public School Support - A fund used to account for specific local revenue sources, other than taxes or expendable trusts (i.e., profits from vending machines) that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes approved by the board resolution. Such expenditures may include curricular and extra-curricular related purchases. Due to the implementation of GASB 54, this fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

<u>Miscellaneous Local Grants</u> - A fund used to account for revenues related to grants, tuition and other revenue that are restricted to expenditures for a specific purpose and not specifically required to be accounted for in another fund.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Classroom Facilities Maintenance</u> - A fund used to account for the proceeds of a tax levy and also intergovernmental revenues received for the maintenance of facilities.

<u>Auditorium Renovation Project</u> - A fund used to account for donations for the auditorium renovation project.

District-Managed Student Activities - A fund provided to account for those student activity programs, which have student participation in the activity, but do not have student management of the programs. This fund includes the athletic programs, the drama program, etc.

<u>Auxiliary Services</u> - A special revenue fund used to account for monies, which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the District.

<u>**Preschool Grant</u>** - A fund to assist school districts in paying the cost of preschool programs for three- and four-year olds.</u>

Data Communications - A fund which accounts for funds used for any expenses associated with the installation and ongoing support of the data communication links connecting public schools to the Data Acquisition Site and the Ohio Education Computer Network.

<u>Vocational Education Enhancement</u> - A fund provided to account for money received and expended in conjunction with Vocational Education-Career Development projects funded by the State of Ohio, Department of Education, Division of Vocational Education.

<u>Miscellaneous State Grants</u> - A fund provided to account for other state grants, not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Title VI-B IDEA</u> - A fund which accounts for Federal funds used in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least-restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

<u>Title I School Improvement</u> - A fund which accounts for Federal funds used to improve the ability of the lowest-performing schools to develop a strategy for improvement that fits their unique circumstances.

<u>**Title III - Limited English Proficiency</u>** - A fund which accounts for Federal funds used to help educate children with English as a second language.</u>

<u>**Title I Grant</u></u> - A fund which accounts for Federal funds used to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children.</u>**

IDEA Preschool Grants for the Handicapped - A fund provided to account for revenues and expenditures related to the Preschool Grant Program which is funded with Federal monies pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

Improving Teacher Quality - A fund provided to account for monies to hire additional classroom teachers in grades 1-3, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

<u>Miscellaneous Federal Grants</u> - A fund which accounts for Federal funds not required to be accounted for in a separate fund.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

	 Building	Classroom Facilities	 Food Services	Special Trust	
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 16,947	\$ 761,500	\$ 1,334,209	\$	718
Property Taxes Accounts Due From Other Governments	-	402,637	3,422 14,741		-
Prepaid Items Total Assets	\$ - 16,947	\$ 1,164,137	\$ 1,225 1,353,597	\$	718
Liabilities: Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Due to Other Governments Due To Other Funds	\$ - - 405,000	\$ -	\$ 4,455 62,191 7,489	\$	-
Total Liabilities	 405,000	 -	 74,135		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property and Other Local Taxes Unavailable Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 -	 - 402,637 402,637	 		-
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid Items	-	-	1,225		-
Restricted: Capital Outlay Facilities Maintenance	-	761,500 -	-		-
Non-instructional Services Locally Funded Programs Extracurricular Activities	-	-	1,278,237		-
State Funded Programs Federally Funded Programs	-	-	-		
Other Purposes Unassigned Total Fund Balances	 - (388,053) (388,053)	 761,500	 - 1,279,462		718 - 718
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 16,947	\$ 1,164,137	\$ 1,353,597	\$	718

cellaneous Local Grants	Classroom Facilities Maintenance		Auditorium Renovation Project		M	District anaged Student ctivities	uxiliary ervices		chool ant	Data Communication	
\$ 407,066	\$	820,685	\$	137,366	\$	46,676	\$ 88,922	\$	-	\$	-
-		103,262		-		-	-		-		-
-		-		-		3,700	-		-		- 51,498
 -		-	_	-		-	 -		_		-
\$ 407,066	\$	923,947	\$	137,366	\$	50,376	\$ 88,922	\$	-	\$	51,498
\$ 832	\$	73,069	\$	-	\$	12,933	\$ 1,476	\$	-	\$	-
-		-		-		-	-		-		-
 -		-		80,000		-	 -		-		51,210
 832		73,069		80,000		12,933	 1,476		-		51,210
-		58,634 3,762		-		-	-		-		-
 -		62,396		-		-	 -		-		-
-		-		_		-	-		-		-
-		- 788,482		57,366		-	-		-		-
-		/00,40Z -		-		-	-		-		-
406,234		-		-		-	-		-		-
-		-		-		37,443	-		-		-
-		-		-		-	87,446		-		288
-		-		-		-	-		-		-
-		-		-		-	-		-		-
 406,234		788,482		57,366		37,443	 87,446		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	288
 407.000	<u>_</u>	000.047		407.000		50.070	 00.000	<u>_</u>		- <u>-</u>	54.400
\$ 407,066	\$	923,947	\$	137,366	\$	50,376	\$ 88,922	\$	-	\$	51,498
										(0	Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

	Ed	cational ucation ancement	:	ellaneous State Grants		Title VI-B IDEA	Title I School Improvement		
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,187	\$		\$	2,266	\$	2,927	
Receivables:	φ	7,107	φ	-	φ	2,200	φ	2,921	
Property Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Accounts		-		-		-		-	
Due From Other Governments		-		1,527		89,641		-	
Prepaid Items Total Assets	\$	- 7,187	\$	- 1,527	\$	- 91,907	\$	2,927	
	Ψ	7,107	Ψ	1,021	Ψ	31,307	Ψ	2,321	
Liabilities:									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	1,445	\$		\$	-	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		-		-		70,265		-	
Due to Other Governments Due To Other Funds		-		-		8,590		-	
Total Liabilities		<u> </u>		1,445		78,855		<u> </u>	
				.,		. 0,000			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Property and Other Local Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Unavailable Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-	
Total Deletted Innows of Resources				-		-			
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		-	
Restricted:									
Capital Outlay Facilities Maintenance		-		-		-		-	
Non-instructional Services		_		_		-		-	
Locally Funded Programs		_		_		_		-	
Extracurricular Activities		-		-		-		-	
State Funded Programs		7,187		82		-		-	
Federally Funded Programs		-		-		13,052		2,927	
Other Purposes		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned		-		-		-		-	
Total Fund Balances		7,187		82		13,052		2,927	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	7,187	\$	1,527	\$	91,907	\$	2,927	

Title III Limited English Proficiency		Title I Grant		IDEA Preschool Grants for the Handicapped		Improving Teacher Quality		Miscellaneous Federal Grants			Total Non-Major overnmental Funds
\$	16	\$	5,857	\$	-	\$	622	\$	35,490	\$	3,668,454
	-		-		-		-		-		103,262
	- 13,169		- 157,764		-		- 17,743		79,330		7,122 828,050 1,225
\$	13,185	\$	163,621	\$		\$	18,365	\$	114,820	\$	4,608,113
Â		<u>,</u>	0.40	^		<u>,</u>	100	^		•	
\$	- 11,157	\$	340 127,489	\$	-	\$	406 14,059	\$	2,332	\$	97,288 285,161
	1,455		17,485		-		1,855		-		36,874
	-		-		-		-		79,555		615,765
	12,612		145,314		-		16,320		81,887		1,035,088
	-		_		-		-		-		58,634
	-		4,348		-		967		-		411,714
	-		4,348		-		967		-		470,348
	-		-		-		-		-		1,225
	-		-		-		-		-		818,866
	-		-		-		-		-		788,482
	-		-		-		-		-		1,278,237
	-		-		-		-		-		406,234
	-		-		-		-		-		37,443
	-		-		-		-		-		95,003
	573		13,959		-		1,078		32,933		64,522
	-		-		-		-		-		718 (388,053)
	573		13,959		<u> </u>		1,078		32,933		3,102,677
	0.0						.,010		02,000		0,102,017
\$	13,185	\$	163,621	\$	-	\$	18,365	\$	114,820	\$	4,608,113

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

_	Building	Classroom Facilities	Food Services	Special Trust
Revenues:	•	•	•	^
Property Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental Investment Income	-	- 0.706	2,003,425	-
Co-Curricular Activities	-	9,796	15,906	-
Tuition and Fees	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	21,367	-
Donations	-	-	21,307	-
Other	-	-	- 19,101	-
Total Revenues		9,796	2,059,799	
		5,150	2,000,100	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	-	-	-	-
Special	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Support services:				
Pupils	-	-	-	-
Instructional Staff	-	-	-	-
School Administration	-	-	-	-
Fiscal Services	-	-	-	-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-	-	-	-
Pupil Transportation	-	-	-	-
Non-instructional Services	-	-	1,914,035	-
Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures			1,914,035	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	9,796	145,764	-
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	(388,053)	751,704	1,133,698	718
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ (388,053)	\$ 761,500	\$ 1,279,462	\$ 718

Miscellaneous Local Grants		Classroom Facilities Maintenance		Auditorium Renovation Project		District Managed Student Activities		Auxiliary Services		eschool Grant	Data <u>Communications</u>	
\$ -	\$	98,667	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		79,406		-		-		252,276		484,000		60,498
-		-		-		-		1,178		-		-
-		-		-		136,909		-		-		-
68,629		-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-		-
47,661		-		59,014		25,512		-		-		-
 400		470.072		-		61,753		-		-		-
 116,690		178,073		59,014		224,174		253,454		484,000		60,498
44,440 278 -		- -		1,648 - -		- - -		- -		443,378 - -		- -
_		_		_		_		_		_		_
26,281		-		_		_		_		_		60,210
75,641		-		-		_		-		40,189		
-		1,843		-		-		-		-		-
26,778		248,384		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		1,276		188,866		-		-
 -		-				210,006		-		-		-
 173,418		250,227		1,648		211,282		188,866		483,567		60,210
(56,728)		(72,154)		57,366		12,892		64,588		433		288
462,962		860,636		-		24,551		22,858		(433)		_
\$ 406,234	\$	788,482	\$	57,366	\$	37,443	\$	87,446	\$	-	\$	288
 								· · · · · ·				

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

Revenues:	Vocational Education Enhancement	Miscellaneous State Grants	Title VI-B IDEA	Title I School Improvement
	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-
Property Taxes Intergovernmental	φ -	ͽ <u>-</u> 1,527	_φ - 797,245	ъ
Investment Income	-	1,527	797,245	57,005
Co-Curricular Activities	_			_
Tuition and Fees	_			_
Charges for Services	_			_
Donations				
Other	-	_	_	<u> </u>
Total Revenues	-	1,527	797,245	37,063
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	-	-	-	-
Special	-	1,445	679,658	-
Other	-	-	-	2,474
Support services:				
Pupils	-	-	-	-
Instructional Staff	-	-	-	27,308
School Administration	-	-	59,965	-
Fiscal Services	-	-	-	-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-	-	-	-
Pupil Transportation	-	-	-	-
Non-instructional Services	-	-	11,758	-
Extracurricular Activities			-	
Total Expenditures		1,445	751,381	29,782
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	82	45,864	7,281
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	7,187	-	(32,812)	(4,354)
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 7,187	\$ 82	\$ 13,052	\$ 2,927

Limit	Title III ted English oficiency	Title I Grant	IDEA Preschool Grants for the Handicapped	Improving Teacher Quality	Miscellaneous Federal Grants	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 98,667
	122,824	1,536,668	18,167	152,020	371,323	5,916,442
	-	-	-	-	-	26,880
	-	-	-	-	-	136,909
	-	-	-	-	-	68,629
	-	-	-	-	-	21,367
	-	-	-	-	-	132,187
	-			-		81,254
	122,824	1,536,668	18,167	152,020	371,323	6,482,335
	- 107,475	- 927,078	- 17,456	133,873 -	77,007	700,346 1,733,390
	-	-	-	-	250,063	252,537
	-	443,928	-	-	21,511	465,439
	-	19,987	-	-	-	133,786
	-	-	-	-	10,692	186,487
	-	-	-	-	-	1,843
	-	-	-	-	-	275,162
	-	-	-	-	7,990	7,990
	10,702	61,392	-	9,546	-	2,197,575
	_					210,006
	118,177	1,452,385	17,456	143,419	367,263	6,164,561
	4,647	84,283	711	8,601	4,060	317,774
	(4,074)	(70,324)	(711)	(7,523)	28,873	2,784,903
\$	573	\$ 13,959	\$ -	\$ 1,078	\$ 32,933	\$ 3,102,677

	Final Budget Actual				Variance Over/(Under)		
Bond Retirement							
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	2,037,643 1,822,696	\$	2,037,643 1,822,696	\$	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		214,947		214,947		-	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	1,594,332 - 1,809,279	\$	1,594,332 - 1,809,279	\$	- - -	
Building							
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	16,947 	\$	16,947 - 16,947	\$	-	
Classroom Facilities							
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	8,692 -	\$	9,796 -	\$	1,104 -	
Net Change in Fund Balance		8,692		9,796		1,104	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	751,704 - 760,396	\$	751,704 - 761,500	\$	- - 1,104	

	 Final Budget	 Actual		Variance Over/(Under)	
Food Service					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 2,057,026 2,009,910	\$ 2,059,269 2,009,907	\$	2,243 3	
Net Change in Fund Balance	47,116	49,362		2,246	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 1,214,681 6,500 1,268,297	\$ 1,214,681 6,500 1,270,543	\$	2,246	
Special Trust					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-		-	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 718 	\$ 718 	\$	- - -	
Uniform School Supplies					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-		-	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 2,023	 2,023		-	
Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 2,023	\$ 2,023	\$	-	

	Final Budget Actual				Variance Over/(Under)	
Public School Support						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	52,179 57,308	\$	52,179 56,712	\$ - 596_	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,129)		(4,533)	596	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	34,603 1,031 30,505	\$	34,603 1,031 31,101	\$ - - 596	
Miscellaneous Local Grants						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	111,905 173,486	\$	116,690 173,486	\$ 4,785 -	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(61,581)		(56,796)	4,785	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	462,876 86 401,381	\$	462,876 86 406,166	\$ - - 4,785	
Classroom Facilities Maintenance						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	180,608 179,255	\$	180,608 179,255	\$ -	
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,353		1,353	-	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	816,803 679 818,835	\$	816,803 679 818,835	\$ -	

	Final Budget Actual			Actual	Variance Over/(Under)		
Auditorium Renovation Project							
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	149,014 134,649	\$	149,014 134,649	\$	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		14,365		14,365		-	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	- - 14,365	\$	- - 14,365	\$	- - -	
District-Managed Student Activities							
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	223,311 215,902	\$	223,311 215,443	\$	- 459	
Net Change in Fund Balance		7,409		7,868		459	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	29,107 - 36,516	\$	29,107 - 36,975	\$	459	
Auxiliary Services							
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	253,305 224,173	\$	253,454 195,206	\$	149 28,967	
Net Change in Fund Balance		29,132		58,248		29,116	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	- 29,228 58,360	\$	- 29,228 87,476	\$	- - 29,116	

	Final Budget		 Actual	Variance Over/(Under)	
Preschool Grant					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	486,467 486,467	\$ 486,467 486,467	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		-
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	-
Data Communication					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	60,210 60,210	\$ 60,210 60,210	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		-
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		-	 -		-
Fund Balances - June 30	\$		\$ 	\$	
Vocational Education Enhancement					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		-
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		7,187	7,187		-
Fund Balances - June 30	\$	7,187	\$ 7,187	\$	-

	Final Budget		 Actual		Variance Over/(Under)	
Miscellaneous State Grants						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	1,527 1,527	\$ - 1,527	\$	(1,527) -	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(1,527)		(1,527)	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	-	\$ (1,527)	\$	(1,527)	
Title VI-B IDEA						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	761,445 763,263	\$ 761,445 763,263	\$	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,818)	(1,818)		-	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	4,084 	\$ 4,084 2,266	\$	- - -	
Title I School Improvement						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	39,436 41,414	\$ 39,436 41,414	\$	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,978)	(1,978)		-	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	1,978 - -	\$ 1,978 - -	\$	- - -	

	Final Budget		 Actual		riance /(Under)
Title III Limited English Proficiency					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	114,632 115,092	\$ 114,632 115,092	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(460)	(460)		-
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	476 	\$ 476 	\$	- - -
Title I Grant					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	1,604,331 1,599,184	\$ 1,604,331 1,598,974	\$	- 210
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,147	5,357		210
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	(45,671) <u>45,671</u> <u>5,147</u>	\$ (45,671) 45,671 5,357	\$	210
IDEA Preschool Grants for the Handicapped					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	19,345 19,358	\$ 19,345 19,358	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(13)	(13)		-
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	13 	\$ 13 	\$	- - -

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over/(Under)	
Improving Teacher Quality						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	143,207 143,974	\$	143,207 143,974	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(767)		(767)		-
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	982 	\$	982 	\$	- - -
Miscellaneous Federal Grants						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	463,172 512,727	\$	422,273 512,727	\$	(40,899) -
Net Change in Fund Balance		(49,555)		(90,454)		(40,899)
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	(23,213) 72,768 -	\$	(23,213) 72,768 (40,899)	\$	(40,899)

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES PROPRIETARY FUND

Internal Service Fund

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to another department or agency on a cost reimbursement basis. A description of the District's Internal Service Fund follows:

Employee Benefit Self-Insurance - A fund provided to account for monies received from other funds as payment for providing medical, hospitalization, life and dental insurance. Payments are made to a third party administrator for claims payments, claims administration and stop-loss coverage.

Employee Benefit Self Insurance	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Over/(Under)	
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenses and Other Uses	\$	6,013,022 6,188,668	\$	6,013,241 6,161,071	\$	219 27,597
Net Change in Fund Balance		(175,646)		(147,830)		27,816
Fund Balance - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balance - June 30	\$	1,541,498 - 1,365,852	\$	1,541,498 - 1,393,668	\$	- - 27,816

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by a government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. A description of the District's Fiduciary Funds follows:

Employee Flexible Spending Account - An agency fund used to account for those assets held by the District as an agent for individuals.

Student Activities Fund - An agency fund provided to account for those student activity programs, which have student participation in the activity and have students involved in the management of the program. This fund typically includes those student activities, which consist of a student body, student president, student treasurer and faculty advisor.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		eginning Balance	Additions		Deductions			Ending Balance
	EMPLOYEE FLEXIBLE			SPE	NDING ACC	OUN	т	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	15,502 2,066	\$	161,555 -	\$	(156,853) (2,066)	\$	20,204
Total Assets	\$	17,568	\$	161,555	\$	(158,919)	\$	20,204
Liabilities								
Due to Others Accounts Payable	\$	14,158 3,410	\$	161,555 -	\$	(155,509) (3,410)	\$	20,204
Total Liabilities	\$	17,568	\$	161,555	\$	(158,919)	\$	20,204
	STUDENT ACTIVITIES FUND							
Assets	•	05 055	•	04.000	•	(00 704)	•	00.474
Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$ \$	25,055 25,055	<u>\$</u> \$	94,200 94,200	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>(92,781)</u> (92,781)	<u>\$</u> \$	26,474 26,474
	ψ	23,033	Ψ	34,200	Ψ	(92,701)	Ψ	20,474
Liabilities								
Due to Others	\$	24,670	\$	92,223	\$	(92,396)	\$	24,497
Accounts Payable	_	385		1,977	_	(385)		1,977
Total Liabilities	\$	25,055	\$	94,200	\$	(92,781)	\$	26,474
				TO	TAL			
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	40,557 2,066	\$	255,755 -	\$	(249,634) (2,066)	\$	46,678
Total Assets	\$	42,623	\$	255,755	\$	(251,700)	\$	46,678
Liabilities								
Due to Others	\$	38,828	\$	253,778	\$	(247,905)	\$	44,701
Accounts Payable	Ŧ	3,795	Ŧ	1,977	Ŧ	(3,795)	Ŧ	1,977
Total Liabilities	\$	42,623	\$	255,755	\$	(251,700)	\$	46,678
			_		-			

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III. STATISTICAL SECTION

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WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
<i>Financial Trends</i> These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	S5 - S9
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	S10 - S13
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S14 - S17
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	S18 - S24

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WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

			2011	2012		2014			2017	
	2009	2010	(Restated) ²	(Restated) ³	2013	(Restated) ⁴	2015	2016	(Restated) ⁵	2018
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,262,943	\$ 9,920,538	\$-	\$ 51,306,353	\$ 47,100,680	\$ 45,921,814 \$	47,970,877	\$ 48,062,693	\$ 49,647,371 \$	48,506,387
Restricted	46,487,187	49,611,878	32,164,514	9,226,166	7,667,087	7,455,593	6,644,999	6,342,264	6,102,001	6,450,185
Unrestricted	20,603,048	17,591,113	46,351,327	16,439,386	16,187,957	(35,510,339)	(36,544,215)	(36,222,386)	(52,608,725)	(34,005,565)
Total governmental activities net position	74,353,178	77,123,529	78,515,841	76,971,905	70,955,724	17,867,068	18,071,661	18,182,571	3,140,647	20,951,007
Business-type activities ¹										
Net investment in capital assets	12,239	65,228	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	583,884	781,302					-	-		-
Total business-type activities net position	596,123	846,530					-	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	7,275,182	9,985,766	-	51,306,353	47,100,680	45,921,814	47,970,877	48,062,693	49,647,371	48,506,387
Restricted	46,487,187	49,611,878	32,164,514	9,226,166	7,667,087	7,455,593	6,644,999	6,342,264	6,102,001	6,450,185
Unrestricted	21,186,932	18,372,415	46,351,327	16,439,386	16,187,957	(35,510,339)	(36,544,215)	(36,222,386)	(52,608,725)	(34,005,565)
Total primary government net position	\$ 74,949,301	\$ 77,970,059	\$ 78,515,841	\$ 76,971,905	\$ 70,955,724	\$ 17,867,068 \$	18,071,661	\$ 18,182,571	\$ 3,140,647	\$ 20,951,007

¹ Business-type activities were reclassified to governmental activities during fiscal year 2011.

² Net position was restated in 2011 as a result of the District changing its capitalization policy.

³ Net position was restated in 2013 as a result of the District adopting GASB Statements 63 and 65.

⁴ Net position was restated in 2015 as a result of the District adopting GASB Statements 68 and 71.

⁵ Net position was restated in 2018 as a result of the District performing a re-evaluation of captial assets and adopting GASB Statements 75.

							GES IN NET F												
							T TEN FISCAL												
					(a	iccri	ual basis of ac	cour	nting)										
	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Expenses	2005		2010		2011	·	2012		2013		2014		2015	·	2010		2017		2010
Governmental activities:																			
Instruction																			
Regular	\$ 14,679,05	59 9	\$ 14,583,205	\$	16,507,050	\$	16,780,458	\$	18,825,423	\$	20,672,097	\$	20,301,612	\$	20,878,203	\$	22,425,234	\$	11,585,347
Special	6,205,64		6,305,413	Ť	6,331,636	Ŷ	6,261,555	Ŷ	6,380,916	Ŷ	6,501,275	Ŷ	6,849,021	Ŷ	7,130,470	Ŷ	8,500,640	Ŷ	4,919,765
Vocational	693,39		741,924		678,994		319,125		339,364		310,952		221,841		254,320		289,361		101,123
Continuing	617,05		240,962		329,970		88,665		185,081		208,686		486,475		438,620		605,292		400,799
Support Services																			
Pupils	1,548,95	54	1,757,529		1,714,650		1,739,733		2,265,854		1,917,251		1,941,770		1,976,790		2,380,155		994,586
Instructional staff	1,596,47		1,651,610		1,633,710		1,492,271		1,421,016		1,755,409		1,320,208		1,754,856		2,172,412		1,196,096
General administration	138,93		112,128		107,386		123,879		108,207		156,818		105,817		102,296		105,014		133,821
School administration	2,538,60		2,848,208		2,777,491		2,953,745		2,823,368		3,186,302		2,643,419		2,867,607		3,351,747		1,568,816
Fiscal services	1,155,27		757,212		820,324		799,733		1,042,871		673,995		752,972		806,770		861,351		800,078
Business operations	, ,	-	-		-		-		-		-		226,535		250,217		274,390		228.611
Operation and maintenance of plant	2,560,22	27	2,708,803		2,697,410		2,928,588		3,242,987		2,924,911		2,828,954		3,224,170		3,325,849		3,393,073
Student transportation	1,307,80	01	1,285,938		1,486,829		1,941,803		1,624,707		1,630,015		1,593,702		1,526,186		1,741,383		1,668,830
Central services	534,10		484,549		525,890		616,242		900,373		52,041		75,366		162,967		208,548		161,498
Non-instructional Services	262,2		240,371		1,248,383		1,397,431		1,764,491		1,684,292		1,724,244		1,946,265		2,399,487		2,040,588
Extracurricular Activities	676,60	00	658,965		632,181		724,132		758,358		730,634		812,553		717,830		927,209		541,546
Interest	262,70	03	1,367,905		1,344,945		1,338,512		1,586,316		1,244,014		1,268,242		1,272,922		875,847		861,325
Total governmental activities expenses	34,777,05	53	35,744,722	_	38,836,849	_	39,505,872	_	43,269,332	_	43,648,692		43,152,731		45,310,489		50,443,919		30,595,902
Business-type activities:																			
Food Service	1,074,49	96	1,088,623		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Uniform School Supplies	27,38	37	13,615		-	_	-		-		-		-		-				-
Total business-type activities expenses	1,101,88	33	1,102,238		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total primary government expenses	\$ 35,878,93	36 \$	\$ 36,846,960	\$	38,836,849	\$	39,505,872	\$	43,269,332	\$	43,648,692	\$	43,152,731	\$	45,310,489	\$	50,443,919	\$	30,595,902
Program Revenue																			
Governmental activities:																			
Charges for services:																			
Instruction																			
Regular	\$ 373.64	17 9	281.066	\$	274,780	\$	222,053	\$	218.804	\$	163,012	\$	168.033	\$	153,792	\$	79.957	\$	209.469
Special	41,40		36,982	Ť	54,524	Ŷ	76,075	Ŷ	60,713	Ŷ	39,320	Ŷ	76,108	Ŷ	33,823	Ŷ	37,638	Ŷ	42,679
Support Services													-,						
Pupils		-	-		-		-		108		-		-		-		-		-
Instructional staff	36,56	65	1,123		4,524		5,034		38,955		10,243		15,248		4,689		5,643		10,401
School administration	52,24		54,262		30,429		80,637		62,791		19,318		18,348		13,186		21,501		29,934
Operation and maintenance of plant	47,08	33	20,256		13,775		11,697		8,700		6,925		3,808		7,962		11,455		10,597
Non-instructional Services	1,40		-		178,171		140,843		113,584		15,615		16,063		29,555		24,399		21,367
Extracurricular Activities	86,85		85,328		81,765		78,140		73,019		127,206		141,012		125,834		141,490		165,535
Operating Grants and Contributions	7,954,98	39	4,501,095		5,643,039		6,055,996		4,873,850		5,145,316		5,260,574		5,700,662		5,970,779		8,247,800
Total governmental activities program revenue	8,594,19	91	4,980,112		6,281,007		6,670,475		5,450,524		5,526,955		5,699,194		6,069,503		6,292,862		8,737,782
Business-type activities:																			
Charges for services:																			
Food Service	\$ 236,73	31 5	192,459	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Uniform School Supplies	25,34		4,066		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Operating grants and contributions																			
(Food Service)	990,32	26	1,149,900		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total business-type activities program revenue	1,252,39	97	1.346.425		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total primary government program revenue	\$ 9,846,58		12 11 1	\$	6,281,007	\$	6,670,475	\$	5,450,524	\$	5,526,955	\$	5,699,194	\$	6,069,503	\$	6,292,862	\$	8,737,782
rotal plinary government program revenue	<u>\u00e9 0,040,00</u>	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	0,020,001	Ψ	0,201,007	φ	0,010,410	φ	0,400,024	Ψ	0,020,000	Ψ	0,000,104	Ψ	0,000,000	Ψ	0,202,002	Ψ	0,101,102
Net (Expense)/Revenue																			
Governmental activities	\$ (26,182,86	52) \$	\$ (30,764,610)	\$	(32,555,842)	\$	(32,835,397)	\$	(37,818,808)	\$	(38,121,737)	\$	(37,453,537)	\$	(39,240,986)	\$	(44,151,057)	\$	(21,858,120)
Business-type activities	150,5		244,187						-			-					-	·	<u> </u>
Total primary government net expense	\$ (26,032,34	18) \$	\$ (30,520,423)	\$	(32,555,842)	\$	(32,835,397)	\$	(37,818,808)	\$	(38,121,737)	\$	(37,453,537)	\$	(39,240,986)	\$	(44,151,057)	\$	(21,858,120)

General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities:																					
Property taxes	\$	14,865,667	\$	11,126,859	\$	12,144,790	\$	11,045,323	\$	9,469,294	\$	10,499,232	\$	11,017,383	\$	11,073,772	\$	11,208,077	\$	11,097,171	
Grants and entitlements not restricted to																					
Specific Programs		62,605,400		19,510,239		19,630,753		18,941,719		20,680,764		21,621,963		24,249,169		25,786,131		26,598,609		25,829,650	
Payment in lieu of taxes		-		1,611,576		1,047,567		1,023,983		1,225,600		1,374,720		2,092,669		2,100,046		1,838,607		2,016,613	
Investment earnings		920,741		1,127,552		844,457		212,273		106,883		58,594		134,087		214,452		75,697		204,048	
Miscellaneous		213,636		158,735		229,556		396,021	_	320,086		234,993		164,822		177,495		263,809		520,998	
Total governmental activities general revenues																					
and other changes		78,605,444		33,534,961		33,897,123		31,619,319		31,802,627		33,789,502		37,658,130		39,351,896		39,984,799		39,668,480	
					_				_												
Business-type activities:																					
Investment earnings		5,675		6,220		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Total business-type activities general revenues																					
and other changes		5,675		6,220		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Total primary government general revenues																					
and other changes	\$	78,611,119	\$	33,541,181	\$	33,897,123	\$	31,619,319	\$	31,802,627	\$	33,789,502	\$	37,658,130	\$	39,351,896	\$	39,984,799	\$	39,668,480	
and other shanges	<u> </u>	10,011,110	<u> </u>	00,011,101	<u> </u>	00,001,120	<u> </u>	01,010,010	<u> </u>	01,002,021	<u> </u>	00,100,002	<u> </u>	01,000,100	<u> </u>	00,001,000	<u> </u>	00,001,100	<u> </u>	00,000,100	
Changes in Net Position																					
Governmental activities	\$	52.422.582	\$	2.770.351	\$	1,341,281	\$	(1,216,078)	\$	(6,016,181)	\$	(4,332,235)	\$	204,593	\$	110,910	\$	(4,166,258)	\$	17,810,360	
Business-type activities	Ŷ	156,189	Ŷ	250,407	Ŷ		Ψ	(.,210,010)	Ψ	(0,0.0,101)	Ψ	(.,002,200)	Ŷ		Ψ		÷	(.,	¥		
Total primary government	¢	52,578,771	\$	3,020,758	¢	1,341,281	¢	(1,216,078)	¢	(6,016,181)	¢	(4,332,235)	\$	204,593	\$	110,910	\$	(4,166,258)	\$	17,810,360	
rotar primary government	φ	52,570,771	φ	5,020,750	φ	1,041,201	φ	(1,210,070)	φ	(0,010,101)	φ	(7,002,200)	φ	204,000	φ	110,910	Ψ	(+,100,200)	Ψ	17,010,000	

Note: Business-type activities were reclassified to governmental activities during fiscal year 2011.

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2009	 2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
General Fund Nonspendable	N/A	N/A	\$	62,506	\$	75,205	¢	77,753	¢	51,749	\$	67,189	\$	75,365	¢	134,513	\$	169,357
Committed	N/A	N/A	Ψ	158,536	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	- 10,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Assigned	N/A	N/A		361,663		3,509,904		1,058,719		3,006,871		2,073,213		5,561,500		5,779,815		4,731,136
Unassigned	N/A	N/A		15,232,674		11,692,512		11,773,176		10,160,909		9,690,577		6,949,000		6,151,997		6,873,212
Reserved	\$ 3,189,464	\$ 3,360,044		N/A														
Unreserved	 11,923,302	13,058,112		N/A														
Total General Fund	\$ 15,112,766	\$ 16,418,156	\$	15,815,379	\$	15,277,621	\$	12,909,648	\$	13,219,529	\$	11,830,979	\$	12,585,865	\$	12,066,325	\$	11,773,705
All Other Governmental Funds																		
Nonspendable	N/A	N/A	\$	7,735	\$	8,528	\$	3,208	\$	6,703	\$	2,423	\$	4,609	\$	1,022	\$	1,225
Restricted	N/A	N/A		52,889,089		33,445,650		16,724,120		10,909,668		6,147,057		5,792,958		5,593,520		6,042,176
Committed	N/A	N/A		54,689		57,020		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	N/A	N/A		(5,533)		(61,719)		(34,519)		(295,272)		(190,100)		(394,768)		(508,284)		(388,053)
Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	\$ 4,911,312	\$ 4,199,282		N/A														
Special Revenue Funds	453,585	1,147,617		N/A														
Debt Service Fund	1,165,886	708,282		N/A														
Capital Projects Fund	 28,695,005	 33,283,855		N/A														
Total All Other Govermental Funds	\$ 35,225,788	\$ 39,339,036	\$	52,945,980	\$	33,449,479	\$	16,692,809	\$	10,621,099	\$	5,959,380	\$	5,402,799	\$	5,086,258	\$	5,655,348

Note: The District implemented GASB 54 in 2011 which established new fund balance classifications for governmental funds.

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2	009	2010		2011	2	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Revenue																			
From Local Sources																			
Taxes	\$ 14	,757,003	\$ 10,878,44	2 \$	11,702,058	\$ 1 [.]	1,245,058	\$	9,612,928	\$	11,561,954	\$	11,060,876	\$	11,110,472	\$	11,352,251	\$	11,312,814
Tuition fees		552,346	393,68	9	379,656		395,496		390,071		238,856		282,237		213,712		159,122		303.080
Investment income		920,741	1,127,55		844,457		212,273		106,883		50,413		131,772		216,955		75,989		205,116
Intergovernmental	24	,885,399	29,755,00		56,310,812	3	1,783,912	2	26,979,237		26,709,348		29,543,479		31,367,386		32,469,383		34,176,838
Payment in lieu of taxes		-	1,611,57		1,047,567		1,023,983	-	1,225,600		1,374,720		2,092,669		2,100,046		1,838,607		2,016,613
Other Revenue		300,492	244,71		487,868		615,004		506,689		431,824		359,093		475,351		571,304		764,151
Total Revenues	41	,415,981	44,010,97	_	70,772,418	4	5,275,726		38,821,408		40,367,115		43,470,126		45,483,922		46,466,656		48,778,612
Expenditures																			
Current:																			
Instruction																			
Regular	14	,220,107	14,117,71	3	15,618,765	15	5,756,853		16,117,351		16,821,025		18,028,112		18,782,536		19,330,872		19,511,513
Special		,361,429	6,274,62		6,265,851		6,281,677		6,453,855		6,197,705		6,881,507		7,177,176		8,046,259		8,557,504
Vocational		705,432	726,10		682,864		343,610		273,335		301,433		215,164		253.009		289.811		302,310
Continuing		617,054	239,94		325,011		88,665		187,594		181.607		480.806		458.292		529,343		692,169
Support Services		5,001	200,01	-	0_0,011		00,000		,004		,		,		,202		323,010		002,100
Pupils	1	,582,252	1,682,75	5	1,712,303		1,741,005		1,753,360		1,827,437		1,968,950		2,024,216		2,176,365		2,305,053
Instructional staff		,624,568	1,668,85		1,584,364		1,485,197		1,422,555		1,684,392		1,542,352		1,839,025		1,812,613		1,840,174
General administration	1,	138,932	112,12		1,384,384		123,879		108,207		156,818		1,542,352		102,296		105,147		130,189
School administration	2	138,932	2,835,74		2,758,805		2,867,336		2,836,608		3,054,041		2,781,202		2,843,805		3,156,296		3.053.633
						4													3,053,655 846,497
Fiscal services	1,	,156,239	754,35	0	814,692		802,828		1,072,863		654,991		766,733		792,268		823,825		,
Business operations		-		-	-		-		-		-		189,455		245,049		243,352		303,720
Operation and maintenance of plant		2,540,328	2,668,13		2,674,192		2,604,332		2,556,249		2,831,635		2,874,356		3,174,828		3,245,536		3,562,618
Student transportation	1	,333,492	1,297,83		1,404,048		1,395,516		1,358,515		1,578,430		1,580,806		1,481,667		1,676,565		1,822,112
Central services		529,574	497,00		496,532		602,636		489,543		62,180		69,440		152,490		192,344		172,415
Non-instructional Services		262,136	220,15		1,232,345		1,385,678		1,479,793		1,617,364		1,714,848		1,926,846		2,392,692		2,200,858
Extracurricular Activities		651,543	660,93	4	617,901		652,418		607,618		717,895		834,607		888,389		882,262		969,786
Capital Outlay	1	,069,556	2,398,63	1	20,093,470	2	7,072,473		19,026,199		6,539,021		7,643,831		1,548,439		473,971		442,889
Debt Service:																			
Bond Issuance Costs		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		366,244		-		-
Principal Retirement		388,655	1,111,54	8	807,006		827,496		742,512		593,675		625,000		710,000		1,065,000		960,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		611,033	1,325,88	3	1,301,757		1,278,386		1,459,894		1,321,295		1,229,409		893,899		846,544		828,702
Total Expenditures	36	5,331,831	38,592,33	9	58,497,292	65	5,309,985	Ę	57,946,051		46,140,944		49,532,395		45,660,474		47,288,797		48,502,142
Excess (deficiency) of revenue																			
over (under) expenditures	5	5,084,150	5,418,63	8	12,275,126	(20	0,034,259)	(*	19,124,643)		(5,773,829)		(6,062,269)		(176,552)		(822,141)		276,470
Other Financing (Sources) Uses																			
Issuance of bonds	30	,500,000		-	-		-		-		-		-		25,310,000		-		-
Premium on bond issuance		242,521		-	-		-		-		-		-		3,324,867		-		-
Premium on note issuance		478,546		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Payment to refunded bons escrow		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		(28,260,010)		-		-
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-	-		-		-		12,000		12,000		-		125		-
Capital leases		35,790		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Refund of prior year receipt		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		(14,065)		-
Transfers in		500,000	337,43	6	-		-		-		-		1,900,000		-		-		-
Transfers out		(500,000)	(337,43	6)	-		-		-		-		(1,900,000)		-		-		-
Total Other Financing (Sources) Uses		,256,857			-		-		-	-	12,000		12,000		374,857		(13,940)		-
Net Changes in Fund Balance			\$ 5,418,63	8 \$	12,275,126	\$ (20	0,034,259)	¢ (/	10 104 642)	\$	(5,761,829)	\$	(6,050,269)	\$		\$		\$	276,470
5	φ 30	,341,007	ψ 0,410,03	<u> </u>	12,213,120	φ (20	0,004,209)	\$ (*	<u>19,124,643</u>)	φ	(0,701,029)	φ	(0,000,209)	φ	190,000	φ	(836,081)	φ	210,410
Expenditures capitalized in																			
capital assets	1	,093,000	3,085,99	6	20,299,942	26	6,138,355		15,785,294		6,156,750		7,227,778		1,706,342		782,091		871,126
Debt service as a percentage																			
of noncapital expenditures		2.8%	6.9	%	5.5%		5.4%		5.2%		4.8%		4.4%		3.6%		4.1%		3.8%

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

		Real Prop	perty		Р	ersonal Pro	pert	ty			Public Uti	ility		To	tal	Residential/	Commercial/	Whitehall
Collection		Assessed	Estimated Actual		A	ssessed		Estimated Actual		A	Assessed		stimated Actual	Assessed	Estimated Actual	Agriculture Effective	Industrial Effective	School District
Year	%	Value	Value	%		Value		Value	%		Value		Value	Value	Value	Rate ¹	Rate ¹	Driect Rate ¹
2009	35%	\$ 270,043,780	\$ 771,553,657	10.0%	\$	847,473	\$	8,474,730	35%	\$	8,148,430	\$ 2	3,281,229	\$ 279,039,683	\$ 803,309,616	59.30	73.53	72.42
2010	35%	264,086,260	754,532,171	5.0%		423,737		8,474,740	35%		8,610,800	2	4,602,286	273,120,797	787,609,197	61.08	74.78	72.65
2011	35%	262,844,910	750,985,457	-		-		-	35%		9,769,600	2	7,913,143	272,614,510	778,898,600	63.42	76.56	72.65
2012	35%	226,531,700	647,233,429	-		-		-	35%		11,123,140	3	1,780,400	237,654,840	679,013,829	71.00	81.18	74.25
2013	35%	222,882,710	636,807,743	-		-		-	35%		11,474,530	3	2,784,371	234,357,240	669,592,114	71.39	81.60	73.25
2014	35%	218,146,690	623,276,257	-		-		-	35%		12,475,630	3	5,644,657	230,622,320	658,920,914	71.63	82.75	73.25
2015	35%	205,041,390	585,832,543	-		-		-	35%		12,915,060	3	6,900,171	217,956,450	622,732,714	75.30	83.53	73.80
2016	35%	207,582,610	593,093,171	-		-		-	35%		14,302,770	4	0,865,057	221,885,380	633,958,228	75.28	83.51	73.80
2017	35%	206,186,230	589,103,514	-		-		-	35%		13,524,560	3	8,641,600	219,710,790	627,745,114	74.64	82.79	73.10
2018	35%	233,335,880	666,673,943	-		-		-	35%		13,069,270	3	7,340,771	246,405,150	704,014,714	67.36	79.43	72.85

¹ Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Franklin County, Ohio

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT REAL PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN YEARS

(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

Collection <u>Year</u>	Total Direct Rate Whitehall <u>School District</u>	City of <u>Whitehall</u>	Franklin <u>County</u>	<u>Library</u>	Eastland Joint Vocational <u>School</u>	Full <u>Rate</u>	Residential/ Agriculture Effective <u>Rate</u>	Commercial/ Industrial Effective <u>Rate</u>
2009	72.42	1.50	18.02	2.20	2.00	96.14	59.3002	73.5304
2010	72.65	1.50	18.07	2.20	2.00	96.42	61.0830	74.7846
2011	72.65	1.50	18.07	2.80	2.00	97.02	63.4185	76.5589
2012	74.25	1.50	18.07	2.80	2.00	98.62	71.0013	81.1823
2013	73.25	1.50	18.47	2.80	2.00	98.02	71.3938	81.6034
2014	73.25	1.50	18.47	2.80	2.00	98.02	71.6289	82.7462
2015	73.80	1.50	18.47	2.80	2.00	98.57	75.2984	83.5270
2016	73.80	1.50	18.47	2.80	2.00	98.57	75.2822	83.5143
2017	73.10	1.50	18.47	2.80	2.00	97.87	74.6454	82.7921
2018	72.85	1.50	18.92	2.80	2.00	98.07	67.3609	79.4274

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Franklin County, Ohio

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS COLLECTION YEARS 2018 AND 2009

	Collection	n Year 2018
Public Utilities	Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
1. Ohio Power Company	\$ 7,949,63	
2. AEP Ohio Transmission Company Inc	2,877,36	
3. Columbia Gas of Ohio	2,250,86	
Real Estate		
1. New Life Villas CMM LLC	5,755,34	0 2.34%
2. New Life TV CMM LLC	4,292,09	
3. TCCI Broad Street LLC	3,904,87	
4. Byers Realty LLC	3,216,33	
5. Big Walnut Investments LLC	2,908,06	
6. New Life CMM LLC	2,380,00	
7. Everest Shaker Square LP	2,283,76	
8. Land Holding LLC	2,191,19	
9. Target Corp	1,960,00	
10. LHPT Columbus The LLC	1,579,14	
ALL OTHERS	202,856,52	
TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION	\$ 246,405,15	0 100.00%
	Collection	n Year 2009
		% of Total
	Assessed	Assessed
Public Utilities	Valuation	Valuation
1. Columbus Southern Power Company	\$ 7,097,07	0 2.54%
Real Estate		
1. MA 265 North Hamilton	3,643,97	0 1.31%
2. English Village Inc.	3,636,12	
3. Byers Realty LLC	3,034,73	
4. Town & Country City Inc.	3,025,85	
5. Wyandotte Commons	2,905,63	
6. Town & Country Drive In	2,882,07	
7. Office City Inc.	2,763,78	
8. Great Eastern Owner	2,722,03	
9. Target Corporation	2.669.56	0 0.96%

9. Target Corporation 2,669,560 0.96% 10. Parklawn Manor Inc. 2,625,000 0.94% Tangible Personal Property¹ 1. Glazer's Distributors of Ohio Inc. 93,910 0.03% 2. Ohio Bell Telephone Company 880,070 0.32% 3. Byers Imports LLC 758,440 0.27% 4. Ricart Automotive Sales Inc. 417,620 0.15% 5. Dick Masheter Ford Inc. 312,530 0.11% 6. Kroger Company 267,440 0.10% 7. Byer Chrysler LLC 252,930 0.09% 8. ADS Alliance Data Systems Inc. 240,909 0.09% 9. Insight Communications of Central Ohio 237,070 0.08% 10. Target Corporation 265,515 0.10%

ALL OTHERS		238.307.439	85.41%
TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION	¢	279.039.683	100.00%
TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION	φ	279,039,083	100.00 %

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Franklin County, Ohio

¹ The Personal Property tax was phased out in 2011.

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Collection <u>Year</u>	Total Tax <u>Levy</u>	Current Tax <u>Collections</u>		of Levy ollected	٦	nquent Гах <u>ctions (1)</u>	Total Tax <u>Collections</u>	% of Total Collections <u>to Levy</u>		outstanding Delinquent <u>Taxes</u>
2009	\$ 13,489,929	\$ 11,569,141	8	35.76%	\$	675,734	\$ 12,244,875	90.77%	;	\$ 1,783,589
2010	13,458,045	12,168,969	ç	0.42%		524,558	12,693,527	94.32%		2,202,160
2011	13,450,462	11,634,906	8	86.50%		910,219	12,545,125	93.27%		1,965,441
2012	13,785,412	11,407,419	8	82.75%		801,053	12,208,472	88.56%		2,189,517
2013	13,457,168	12,874,653	ç	95.67%		985,747	13,860,400	103.00%		1,058,265
2014	12,190,050	11,076,076	ç	0.86%		557,931	11,634,007	95.44%		1,264,837
2015	12,069,258	11,416,055	ç	94.59%		659,048	12,075,103	100.05%		1,759,491
2016	12,317,996	11,462,962	ç	93.06%		544,685	12,007,647	97.48%		1,186,280
2017	12,029,889	11,547,145	ç	95.99%		832,191	12,379,336	102.90%		766,561
2018	12,409,189	11,769,910	ç	94.85%		524,720	12,294,630	99.08%		776,852

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Franklin County, Ohio

(1) The District does not identify delinquent tax collections by tax year and only pertains to real estate tax. Personal property tax information is not available.

NA: Not Available at the time of issuance.

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	 General Obligation Bonds	 General Obligation Notes		 Capital Leases	 Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	C	Per Capita	 Per ADM
2009	\$ 32,050,102	\$	-	\$ 32,135	\$ 32,082,237	9.90%	\$	1,670	\$ 10,901
2010	30,945,102		-	25,584	30,970,686	9.42%		1,715	10,382
2011	30,145,102		-	18,581	30,163,683	9.16%		1,667	10,201
2012	29,325,102		-	11,085	29,336,187	8.89%		1,617	9,924
2013	29,372,369		-	3,064	29,375,433	8.88%		1,615	9,293
2014	28,821,290		-	-	28,821,290	8.69%		1,581	8,766
2015	28,237,175		-	-	28,237,175	8.48%		1,544	8,401
2016	30,798,664		-	-	30,798,664	9.23%		1,679	8,820
2017	29,615,345		-	-	29,615,345	8.83%		1,607	8,644
2018	28,538,054		-	-	28,538,054	8.54%		1,554	8,224

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Estimated						% of Net Bonded	Net	Bonded	Net	Bonded
Collection	Actual		Gross	I	Less Debt	Net Bonded	Debt to Assessed		Debt		Debt
Year	Value	Boi	nded Debt ²		Service	 Debt	Valuation	Pe	r Capita	Pe	er ADM
2009	\$ 803,309,616	\$	32,082,237	\$	1,787,798	\$ 30,294,439	3.77%	\$	1,577	\$	10,294
2010	787,609,197		30,970,686		1,373,658	29,597,028	3.76%		1,639		9,922
2011	778,898,600		30,163,683		1,656,794	28,506,889	3.66%		1,575		9,640
2012	679,013,829		29,336,187		1,815,373	27,520,814	4.05%		1,517		9,310
2013	669,592,114		29,375,433		1,611,454	27,763,979	4.15%		1,527		8,783
2014	658,920,914		28,821,290		1,585,193	27,236,097	4.13%		1,494		8,283
2015	622,732,714		28,237,175		1,835,311	26,401,864	4.24%		1,443		7,855
2016	633,958,228		30,798,664		2,263,234	28,535,430	4.50%		1,555		8,172
2017	627,745,114		29,615,345		2,301,355	27,313,990	4.35%		1,482		7,973
2018	704,014,714		28,538,054		2,552,671	25,985,383	3.69%		1,415		7,489

Sources:

¹ Estimated Actual Vaule from Table 5.
 ² Per the Office of the Treasurer, Whitehall City School District.

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2017*

	Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Gross General <u>Obligation</u>	Percent Applicable <u>to District</u>	Amount Applicable <u>to District</u>
Direct Whitehall City School District \$	246,405,150	29,615,345	100.00% _.	29,615,345
Overlapping Franklin County	30,506,016,850	195,735,000	0.81%	1,585,454
City of Whitehall	246,405,150	4,000,000	100.00%	4,000,000
Eastland JVS	8,615,839,840	1,050,000	2.83%	29,715
Solid Waste Authority of Central O	31,976,536,710	48,140,000	0.77%	370,678
Total overlapping		248,925,000		5,985,847
TOTAL		\$ 278,540,345	:	\$ 35,601,192

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Franklin County, Ohio

* Most recent information available

¹ Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the political subdivision located within the boundaries of the District by the total assessed valuation of the subdivision.

OVERALL DEBT LIMITATION

Assessed Valuation ¹	\$	246,405,150	_	
Voted and Unvoted Debt Limit - 9% c	f			
Assessed Valuation ²			\$	34,579,624
Balance in Debt Service Fund			\$	2,552,671
Total Debt Outstanding	\$	28,538,054		
Less: Exempted Debt	\$	-	_	
Net amount subject to 9% limit			\$	28,538,054
Total Legal Voted and Unvoted Debt	Ma	rgin	\$	8,594,241

UNVOTED DEBT LIMITATION

Assessed Valuation	\$ 246,405	5,150	
Voted and Unvoted Debt Limit - 0.	1% of		
Assessed Valuation			\$ 246,405
Total Debt Outstanding	\$	-	
Less: Exempted Debt	\$	-	
Net amount subject to 0.1% limit			\$ -
Total Legal Voted and Unvoted De	bt Margin		\$ 246,405

		2009	 2010	 2011	 2012	 2013		2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	2018
DEBT LIMIT	\$	35,558,002	\$ 35,143,862	\$ 35,426,998	\$ 35,585,577	\$ 35,381,658	\$	35,355,397	\$ 35,605,515	\$ 36,842,858	\$ 36,880,979	\$ 37,132,295
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit		32,050,102	 30,945,102	 30,145,102	 29,325,102	 29,372,369	-	28,821,290	 28,237,175	 30,798,664	 29,615,345	 28,538,054
Legal Debt Margin	\$	3,507,900	\$ 4,198,760	\$ 5,281,896	\$ 6,260,475	\$ 6,009,289	\$	6,534,107	\$ 7,368,340	\$ 6,044,194	\$ 7,265,634	\$ 8,594,241
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limi	t	90.13%	88.05%	85.09%	82.41%	83.02%		81.52%	79.31%	83.59%	80.30%	76.86%

Notes:

¹ Assessed valuation from Table 5.

² Amount is greater than 9% due to the District being approved as a "special needs district" based on its 10-year growth in assessed valuation, as authorized by Ohio Revised Code 133.06.

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	MORPC Population ¹	r Capita acome ²	 Calculated Personal Income	Franklin County Unemployment Rate ³	% of Population 25 Years and Older with Bachelor's Degree or Higher ²	Enrollment Membership ⁴
2009	19,214	\$ 16,867	\$ 324,082,538	9.0%	11.2%	2,943
2010	18,062	18,194	328,620,028	9.2%	11.2%	2,983
2011	18,095	18,194	329,220,430	9.2%	11.2%	2,957
2012	18,137	18,194	329,984,578	6.5%	11.2%	2,956
2013	18,186	18,194	330,876,084	6.1%	11.2%	3,161
2014	18,234	18,194	331,749,396	4.8%	11.2%	3,288
2015	18,294	18,194	332,841,036	4.2%	11.2%	3,361
2016	18,347	18,194	333,805,318	4.2%	11.2%	3,492
2017	18,433	18,194	335,370,002	4.4%	11.2%	3,426
2018	18,365	18,194	334,132,810	4.5%	11.2%	3,470

Sources:

¹ Mid Ohio Regional Planning Commission

² US Census Bureau 2000 and 2010 Census Demographic Profiles for the City of Whitehall

³ June data of Ohio Department of Jobs and Family Services

⁴ Office of the Treasurer, Whitehall City School District

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STAFFING STATISTICS (HEAD COUNT) LAST TEN YEARS

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Professional Staff:										
Assistant Superintendent	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0
Assistant Principal Principal	3.0 5.0	3.0 5.0	3.0 5.0	3.0 5.0	2.0 5.0	2.0 5.0	3.0 5.0	3.0 5.0	3.0 5.0	3.0 5.0
Superintendent	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Supervise/Manage/Direct	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coordinator	6.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	3.5	2.5	1.5	2.3	1.7
Educ.Administrative.Specialist	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Director	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0 4.0	4.0	6.0 4.0	4.0	5.0
Other Administrative (Dean) Curriculum Specialist (Ass't Supt)	4.0 0.0	3.0 0.0	2.0 0.0	4.0 0.0	4.0 0.0	4.0 0.0	4.0 0.0	4.0 0.0	4.0 0.0	5.0 0.0
Counseling	3.0	3.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0
Librarian/Media	5.0	5.0	5.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Remedial Specialist	7.0	7.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	8.5	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0
Instructional Teachers	174.0	173.3	175.3	170.6	169.7	168.0	176.4	185.1	187.6	185.8
Regular Teaching Special Educ. Teaching	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0
Vocational Educ. Teaching	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutor/Small Group Instructor	10.0	12.0	14.0	10.0	10.0	14.0	9.0	8.0	7.0	6.0
Educ.Service personnel Teacher	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Suppl.Service Teacher (Spec.Ed)	14.0	11.0	8.0	9.0	8.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Psychologist	3.2	3.4	2.4	4.0	5.0	3.4	2.4	3.5	3.0	2.5
Registered Nursing Social Work	1.0 3.0	1.0 3.0	1.0 3.0	1.0 3.0	1.6 3.0	2.0 3.0	2.0 5.0	2.0 5.0	2.0 5.0	2.0 5.0
Physical Therapist	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
Speech and Language Therapist	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	4.0
Occupational Therapist	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
Other Professional	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Support Staff:										
Supervising/Directing (PreSch)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Treasurer	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Director (Tech)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Official/Admin.(Tech) Other Educ.Professional (PreSch)	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	2.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	1.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	20.0 6.0	6.0 17.0	7.0 17.0
Computer Operating	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Practical Nursing	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Library Aide	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Instruct.Paraprofessional	13.0	13.0	12.0	14.0	14.0	12.0	12.4	17.5	19.5	25.0
Bookkeeping (Finance) Clerical	3.0 18.0	3.0 18.0	3.0 17.0	3.0 17.0	3.0 17.0	3.0 17.0	3.0 20.0	3.0 20.0	3.0 20.0	3.0 20.0
Teaching Aide	9.0	9.0	7.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	20.0 6.0	6.5	6.5	6.5
General Maintenance	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0
Mechanic	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Vehicle Operator (Bus)	17.2	18.2	17.4	15.2	14.2	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0
Admin.Assistant Transp.	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Attendance Officer Custodian	1.0 21.0	1.0 21.0	1.0 19.0	1.0 16.0	0.7 17.0	1.0 19.0	1.0 20.0	1.0 20.0	1.0 20.5	1.0 20.5
Food Service	18.3	16.8	18.3	16.8	17.8	18.0	22.0	22.0	25.0	25.0
Total	360.6	355.7	351.4	331.6	332.0	337.4	344.5	385.1	392.4	398.0
Summary by Function/Activity Governmental activities:										
Instruction										
Regular	174.0	173.3	175.3	170.6	172.5	171.6	148.0	179.5	179.0	176.0
Special	31.0	30.0	28.0	26.0	24.9	26.9	61.8	66.1	69.6	76.3
Vocational	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Support Services Operation and maintenance of plant	25.0	25.0	22.0	10.0	10.0	21.0	22.0	22.0	22 E	22 E
School administration	25.0 45.9	25.0 43.0	23.0 40.0	19.0 42.0	19.0 40.0	21.0 40.5	23.0 34.5	23.0 39.0	23.5 38.3	22.5 38.7
Pupils	16.2	16.4	16.4	16.0	17.6	16.4	18.4	19.5	21.0	23.5
Business operations	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Instructional staff	27.0	27.0	24.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Student transportation	18.2	19.2	19.4	17.2	15.2	17.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Food service operations Central services	18.3 1.0	16.8 1.0	18.3 3.0	16.8 0.0	17.8 1.0	18.0 1.0	22.0	22.0 3.0	25.0 3.0	25.0 3.0
Total governmental activities	360.6	355.7	<u>351.4</u>	<u>0.0</u> 331.6	332.0	337.4	<u>3.8</u> 344.5	<u>385.1</u>	<u>392.4</u>	<u>3.0</u> 398.0
Total primary government	360.6	355.7	<u>351.4</u> 351.4	331.6	332.0	337.4	344.5	385.1	<u>392.4</u> 392.4	<u>398.0</u> 398.0
rotal printary government	000.0	000.1	001.4	001.0	002.0	007.4	0-1-1.0	000.1	0.02.4	000.0

Note: Certain job titles have been reclassified from regular instruction to instructional staff support services.

WHITEHALL CTIY SCHOOL DISTRICT STAFF SALARY STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Percentage of Teachers with Master Degrees (or Beyond)	42.50% *	41.90% *	42.20% *	74.50% *	62.60% *	62.60% *	70.50% *	69.69% *	43.80% *	62.86% *
Average Classroom Teaching Experience (in years)	Not Available *	Not Available *	Not Available *	Not Available *	Not Available *	Not Available *	11.1 *	11.3 *	11.6 *	11.3 *
Average Teaching Salary and Total FTE ** EMIS Staff Reporting	54,895 213.00 **	,	58,860 212.31 **	61,144 201.62 **	,	,	60,551 209.20 **	62,340 216.10 **	63,232 221.60 **	64,532 220.80 **
Salary Ranges and Number	of Certified Sta	ff in Each Ran <u>c</u>	le							
Bachelor Degree - Step 0 Bachelor Degree - Step 22 # of Certified Staff in Range	35,852 61,314 38.8	36,569 62,540 30.8	37,300 63,790 28.8	65,066	65,066	65,066	39,187 67,018 27	39,971 68,358 31	40,571 69,385 36	41,382 70,771 36
BA + 5 Yr - Step 0 BA + 5 Yr - Step 22 # of Certified Staff in Range	37,132 66,961 43.0	37,875 68,300 42.0	38,632 69,665 41.0	71,059	71,059	71,059	40,586 73,190 34.8	41,398 74,654 34.5	42,019 75,774 50.0	42,859 77,289 46.0
Master Degree - Step 0 Master Degree - Step 22 # of Certified Staff in Range	39,197 74,780 78.4	39,981 76,276 89.4	40,780 77,800 89.4	79,356	79,356	79,356	42,843 81,736 90.4	43,700 83,372 92.6	44,356 84,623 77	45,243 86,315 77
Master + 20 - Step 0 Master + 20 - Step 22 # of Certified Staff in Range	40,692 79,946 54.0	41,506 81,545 55.0	42,336 83,175 57.0	84,839	84,839	84,839	44,477 87,383 57.0	45,367 89,131 58.0	46,048 90,469 58.6	46,969 92,278 61.8

* ODE Local Report Card ** EMIS Staff Reporting

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				ENOT TENTIO						
			2011						2017	
	2009	2010	(Restated) ¹	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	(Restated) ²	2018
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction										
Regular	\$ 22,282,037	\$ 24,734,879	\$ 41,969,306	\$ 65,456,015	\$ 77,983,045	\$ 79,391,689	\$ 86,545,697	\$ 87,503,213	\$ 87,962,318	\$ 88,467,986
Special	128,962	137,385	22,841	22,841	19,342	14,222	14,222	21,821	7,599	7,599
Vocational	115,567	114,858	-	-	5,874	5,874	5,874	5,874	19,005	46,326
Support Services										
Pupils	131,274	134,531	5,500	5,500	5,500	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional staff	376,757	341,146	258,382	237,214	247,181	70,588	70,588	104,914	363,038	363,038
Board of education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,812	45,812
School administration	166,925	152,319	60,231	63,731	68,220	68,220	68,220	56,618	82,556	93,559
Fiscal Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,695	5,695
Business operations	27,059	27,059	5,695	5,695	5,695	5,695	5,695	9,197	84,512	184,813
Operation and maintenance of plant	746,393	733,969	537,763	548,503	582,410	528,655	528,655	556,976	425,540	470,736
Student transportation	857,078	968,057	965,956	1,017,058	1,023,633	1,096,538	1,083,737	1,165,172	1,449,368	1,580,427
Central services	418,553	373,319	175,954	175,954	199,954	80,561	80,561	80,561	-	-
Food service operations	297,312	333,544	180,804	180,804	143,009	77,603	77,603	77,603	163,303	163,303
Community Services	179,881	184,178	106,949	84,967	91,467	91,467	91,467	107,654	146,585	153,547
Extracurricular Activities	280,920	305,560	106,610	119,568	127,902	117,392	117,392	297,374	303,816	347,432
Total Governmental Activities										
Capital Assets	<u>\$ 26,008,718</u>	<u>\$ 28,540,804</u>	<u>\$ 44,395,991</u>	<u>\$ 67,917,850</u>	<u>\$ 80,503,232</u>	<u>\$ 81,548,504</u>	<u>\$ 88,689,711</u>	<u>\$ 89,986,977</u>	<u>\$ 91,059,147</u>	<u>\$ 91,930,273</u>

¹ Capital assets were restated in 2011 due to a change in the District's capitalization policy. ² Capital assets were restated in 2018 due to the District performing a re-evaluation of captial assets. Source: Office of the Treasurer, Whitehall City School District

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS ENROLLMENT DATA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

School Year	Enrollment ¹	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent Increase/ (Decrease)
2008-09	2,943	(21)	(0.71%)
2009-10	2,983	40	1.36%
2010-11	2,957	(26)	(0.87%)
2011-12	2,956	(1)	(0.03%)
2012-13	3,161	205	6.94%
2013-14	3,288	127	4.02%
2014-15	3,361	73	2.22%
2015-16	3,492	131	3.90%
2016-17	3,426	(66)	(1.89%)
2017-18	3,470	44	1.28%

Source: Office of the Treasurer, Whitehall City School District ¹ Total Enrollment - first full week of October

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

High School Graduates

Number of Graduates - June 30, 2018	191
% of Graduates with State Honors	7.3%
Graduation % Rate 2017-2018 (4 year)	80.6%
Graduation % Rate 2016-2017 (4 year)	77.0%
Graduation % Rate 2015-2016 (4 year)	88.5%
Graduation % Rate 2014-2015 (4 year)	83.5%
Graduation % Rate 2013-2014 (4 year)	83.4%
Graduation % Rate 2012-2013 (4 year)	80.8%
Graduation % Rate 2011-2012 (4 year)	80.6%
Graduation % Rate 2010-2011	90.4%
Graduation % Rate 2009-2010	90.1%
Graduation % Rate 2008-2009	90.3%
ACT Scores Composite (All Students)	40 5
ACT Scores Composite 2017-2018	16.5
(National Average 20.8)	40.0
ACT Scores Composite 2016-2017	16.0
(National Average 21.0)	40.0
ACT Scores Composite 2015-2016	18.6
(National Average 20.8)	40.0
ACT Scores Composite 2014-2015	18.3
(National Average 21.0)	10.0
ACT Scores Composite 2013-2014	19.0
(National Average 21.1) ACT Scores Composite 2012-2013	18.7
(National Average 21.1)	10.7
ACT Scores Composite 2011-2012	18.7
(National Average 21.1)	10.7
ACT Scores Composite 2010-2011	18.1
(National Average 21.8)	10.1
ACT Scores Composite 2009-2010	18.1
(National Average 21.8)	10.1
ACT Scores Composite 2008-2009	18.8
(National Average 21.1)	10.0
(Halional Average 21.1)	

% of Economically Disadvantaged Students

2017-2018	74.6%
2016-2017	74.6%
2015-2016	77.4%
2014-2015	77.4%
2013-2014	77.4%
2012-2013	81.5%
2011-2012	84.1%
2010-2011	75.7%
2009-2010	72.7%
2008-2009	72.4%

WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS TAX YEARS 2017 AND 2008

	Ta	ax Year 201	17	Tax Year 2008					
Employer	Number of Employees**	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Number of Employees**	Rank	Rank			
DFAS/DLA/DSCC	7,533	1	23.45%	6,000	1	23.83%			
Alliance Data Systems	1,488	2	4.63%	1,300	2	5.16%			
PNC Investments	1,102	3	3.43%	914	3	3.63%			
FedEx Ground	849	4	2.64%						
Franklin County Children's Services	655	5	2.04%	744	4	2.95%			
Wal-Mart	628	6	1.95%						
The Kroger Company	574	7	1.79%	411	6	1.63%			
Whitehall City Schools	520	8	1.62%	527	5	2.09%			
Byers (Realty & Geo)	382	9	1.19%	349	8	1.39%			
Whitehall Manor	375	10	1.17%						
Safe Auto (Service & Group)				386	7	1.53%			
Target				248	9	0.98%			
City of Whitehall				216	10	0.86%			
	14,106		43.90%	11,095		44.07%			
Total Employment within the City	32,130			25,178					

Note:

**Employee figures are base on the number of W-2 forms filed with the City Income Tax Division and do not necessarily represent full-time equivalent positions. Furthermore, rank is based on this number.

and does not necessarily correspond to a ranking by gross wages or amount of employee tax withheld.

Source: City of Whitehall Income Tax Division



WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbrtt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 7, 2019

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