

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Trustees Hopewell-Loudon Local School District 181 North County Road #7 Bascom, Ohio 44809

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Hopewell-Loudon Local School District, Seneca County, prepared by BHM CPA Group, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Hopewell-Loudon Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 12, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Hopewell-Loudon Local School District Seneca County 181 North County Road 7, PO Box 400 Bascom, Ohio 44809-0400

Members of the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hopewell-Loudon Local School District, Seneca County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the modified cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Hopewell-Loudon Local School District Seneca County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2021, and 2020, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the 2021 financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 13, 2022, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group Inc. Piketon. Ohio

BHM CPA Group

July 13, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Hopewell-Loudon Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's cash basis financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

- The total net cash position of the District increased \$1,485,211 or 18.99% from fiscal year 2020 net cash position.
- General cash receipts accounted for \$10,704,393 in cash receipts or 79.62% of total cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts in the form of charges for services and sales and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,739,792 in cash receipts or 20.38% of total cash receipts of \$13,444,185.
- The District had \$11,958,974 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$2,739,792 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$10,704,393 were adequate to provide for these programs during fiscal year 2021.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$11,728,198 in cash receipts and \$15,393,306 in cash disbursements and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2021, the general fund's fund cash balance decreased \$3,665,108 from \$5,917,773 to \$2,252,665.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$5,087,448 in cash receipts and other financing sources and \$91,343 in cash disbursements. During fiscal year, the permanent improvement fund's fund cash balance increased \$4,996,105 from \$208,990 to \$5,205,095.

Using the Cash Basis Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position – cash basis and statement of activities – cash basis provides information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the permanent improvement fund are the only funds reported as major funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

The statement of net position – cash basis and the statement of activities – cash basis answers the question, "How did the District do financially during fiscal year 2021?" These statements include only net position using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

These two statements report the District's net cash position and changes in net cash position on a cash basis. This change in net cash position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services and not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the statement of net position – cash basis and statement of activities – cash basis, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 8. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District' most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more of fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position – cash basis and statement of activities – cash basis) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-17 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains one proprietary fund, an internal service fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for self-insurance programs. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs that the District does not have administrative involvement in determining the recipient of the scholarship. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in custodial funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position – cash basis and changes in fiduciary net position – cash basis on pages 20-21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-50 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The table below provides a summary of the District's net cash position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Net Cash Position

	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020		
Assets Current assets	\$ 9,307,889	\$ 7,822,678		
Net Cash Position Restricted Unrestricted	1,146,630 8,161,259	1,097,592 6,725,086		
Total net cash position	\$ 9,307,889	\$ 7,822,678		

Over time, net cash position can serve as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. At June 30, 2021, the total net cash position of the District was \$9,307,889. A portion of the District's net cash position, \$1,146,630, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net cash position of \$8,161,259 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

The table below shows the change in net cash position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Change in Net Cash Position

	Governmental Activities 2021	G	Governmental Activities 2020	
Cash receipts:				
Program cash receipts:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,761,613	3 \$	2,114,986	
Operating grants and contributions	878,455	5	940,888	
Capital grants and contributions	99,724	ļ.	-	
General cash receipts:				
Property taxes	6,716,292	2	6,354,700	
Income taxes	519,994	ļ.	536,120	
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	3,319,217	7	3,641,388	
Investment earnings	14,484	ļ	72,892	
Miscellaneous	134,400	<u> </u>	78,640	
Total cash receipts	13,444,185	<u> </u>	13,739,614	
			- Continued	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Cash Position (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2021		Governmental Activities 2020	
Cash disbursements:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$	5,169,396	\$	5,016,688
Special		1,733,648		1,357,689
Vocational		4,503		2,012
Other		406		71
Support services:				
Pupil		541,030		501,809
Instructional staff		220,753		194,847
Board of education		65,856		25,572
Administration		630,219		617,617
Fiscal		427,262		425,639
Operations and maintenance		742,755		908,166
Pupil transportation		404,952		303,829
Central		62,928		6,652
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations		283,343		306,148
Other non-instructional services		926		-
Extracurricular activities		509,198		628,925
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		4,000
Debt service:				
Principal retirement		473,000		456,000
Interest and fiscal charges		688,799		691,579
Total cash disbursements		11,958,974		11,447,243
Change in net cash position		1,485,211		2,292,371
Net cash position at beginning of year		7,822,678		5,530,307
Net cash position at end of year	\$	<u>\$ 9,307,889</u> <u>\$</u>		7,822,678

Governmental Activities

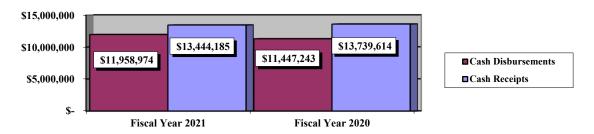
Net cash position of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,485,211. Total governmental cash disbursements of \$11,958,974 were offset by program cash receipts of \$2,739,792 and general cash receipts of \$10,704,393. Program cash receipts supported 22.91% of the total governmental cash disbursements. The largest cash disbursement category of the District is for instructional programs, which totaled \$6,907,953.

The primary sources of cash receipts for governmental activities are derived from taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These cash receipt sources represent 78.51% of total governmental cash receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's cash receipts and cash disbursements for fiscal years 2020 and 2021.

Governmental Activities - Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements



The table below presents the District's total cost of services and net cost of services for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Governmental Activities

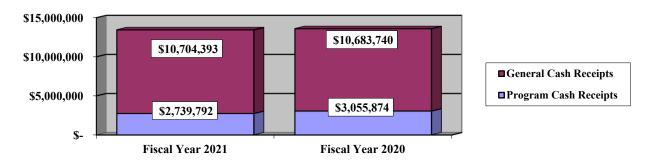
	T 	Cotal Cost of Services 2021	 Net Cost of Services 2021	T	otal Cost of Services 2020	Net Cost of Services 2020
Cash disbursements:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	5,169,396	\$ 3,783,551	\$	5,016,688	\$ 3,541,060
Special		1,733,648	1,268,073		1,357,689	605,495
Vocational		4,503	34		2,012	(2,457)
Other		406	406		71	71
Support services:						
Pupil		541,030	371,079		501,809	316,309
Instructional staff		220,753	196,494		194,847	194,847
Board of education		65,856	65,856		25,572	25,572
Administration		630,219	627,675		617,617	613,925
Fiscal		427,262	427,262		425,639	424,919
Operations and maintenance		742,755	715,367		908,166	907,911
Pupil transportation		404,952	356,684		303,829	288,655
Central		62,928	29,294		6,652	6,652
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations		283,343	34,107		306,148	88,070
Other non-instructional services		926	297		-	-
Extracurricular activities		509,198	181,204		628,925	228,761
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-		4,000	4,000
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		473,000	473,000		456,000	456,000
Interest and fiscal charges		688,799	 688,799		691,579	 691,579
Total	\$	11,958,974	\$ 9,219,182	\$	11,447,243	\$ 8,391,369

The dependence upon taxes and other general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent, as 77.09% of cash disbursements are supported through taxes and other general cash receipts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities cash receipts for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$8,604,390, which is more than last year's total fund cash balance of \$7,224,355. The table below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

	Fund Cash	Fund Cash		
	Balance	Balance	Increase/	Percentage
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	(Decrease)	Change
General	\$ 2,252,665	\$ 5,917,773	\$ (3,665,108)	(61.93) %
Permanent improvement	5,205,095	208,990	4,996,105	2,390.60 %
Nonmajor governmental	1,146,630	1,097,592	49,038	4.47 %
Total	\$ 8,604,390	\$ 7,224,355	\$ 1,380,035	19.10 %

General Fund

The District's general fund cash balance decreased \$3,665,108.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the general fund for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

	_	2021 Amount	 2020 Amount	Percentage Change
Cash Receipts:				
Taxes	\$	6,479,547	\$ 6,173,707	4.95 %
Tuition and fees		1,460,626	1,582,742	(7.72) %
Earnings on investments		8,362	59,848	(86.03) %
Intergovernmental		3,575,119	3,611,324	(1.00) %
Other receipts		204,544	 123,862	65.14 %
Total	\$	11,728,198	\$ 11,551,483	1.53 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

Overall cash receipts of the general fund increased \$176,715 or 1.53%. This increase was primarily due to the increase in taxes of \$305,840 or 4.95%. The increase in taxes was due to an increase in tangible personal property tax receipts from the rover pipeline project. Tuition revenue decreased due to a decrease in open enrollment tuition. Earnings on investments decreased during 2021 due to a decrease in interest rates as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. All other receipts during fiscal year 2021 remained comparable to 2020.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash disbursements of the general fund for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

	2021 <u>Amount</u>			2020	Percentage	
			_	Amount	Change	
Cash Disbursements:						
Instruction	\$	6,693,340	\$	6,340,777	5.56 %	ó
Support services		2,614,528		2,697,129	(3.06) %	Ó
Extracurricular activities		280,446		294,242	(4.69) %	Ó
Total	\$	9,588,314	\$	9,332,148	2.74 %	Ó

Overall, there was an increase in cash disbursements of \$256,166 or 2.74% All disbursements remained comparable to 2020.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The permanent improvement fund had \$5,087,448 in cash receipts and other financing sources and \$91,343 in cash disbursements. During fiscal year, the permanent improvement fund's fund cash balance increased \$4,996,105 from \$208,990 to \$5,205,095.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budgetary basis receipts of \$11,628,745 were \$2,228,745 greater than the original budgetary basis receipts of \$9,400,000. Actual budgetary basis receipts of \$11,683,664 were \$54,919 greater than the final budget estimates.

The original and final budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses were \$11,081,448 and \$15,481,448, respectively. The actual budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$15,526,929 were \$45,481 greater than the final budget estimates.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as cash disbursements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2021, the District had \$12,079,000 in bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$490,000 is due within one year and \$11,589,000 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020
General obligation bonds	\$ 12,079,000	\$ 12,552,000

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District continues to maintain a high standard of service to its students, parents, and the community.

The District has a stable financial outlook. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor the District's receipts and disbursements in accordance with its financial forecast.

The District has communicated to its community that it relies upon its support for the majority of its operations, and will continue to work diligently to plan disbursements, staying carefully within the District's five-year financial plan. The support of the community was measured in May of 2010 when the voters approved a 5.88 mill levy, and 0.5% income tax for new facilities with the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission. The District built a new 174,000 square foot K-12 building, which opened in the fall of 2014. The last operating levy was passed in 1989. An operating levy was replaced with an emergency levy in 2005. This replacement was for \$570,000 and continues to be renewed for five-year periods. Most recently, the emergency levy was renewed on November 6, 2018. This levy is important to the District's financial condition going forward and its commitment to serving its students.

During fiscal year 2015, the District experienced a significant increase in CAUV valuation, which resulted in a substantial increase in property tax receipts. This increase, along with the renewal of the emergency levy, has afforded the District some financial stability that will help offset funding concerns associated with the District's enrollment figures.

During fiscal year 2017, the District advance refunded \$8,890,000 of the Series 2010 bonds issued for school construction. The refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total future debt service payments by \$1,086,739 resulting in a net present value savings of \$718,317.

All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future. It is imperative that the Board of Education and administrative team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet students' needs over the next several years, operating within the means of the District's budget.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Jennifer Hedrick, Treasurer, Hopewell-Loudon Local School District, 181 North County Road #7, Bascom, Ohio 44809-0400.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 8,639,765	
Cash with fiscal agent	668,124	
Total assets	9,307,889	
Net cash position:		
Restricted for:		
Classroom facilities maintenance	503,740	
Debt service	307,156	
Locally funded programs	14,267	
State funded programs	33,893	
Federally funded programs	15,576	
Food service operations	1,245	
Student activities	249,913	
Scholarships	20,840	
Unrestricted	8,161,259	
Total net cash position	\$ 9,307,889	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Program	ı Cash Receipt	s		R	Disbursements) acceipts and Changes in Cash Position
		Cash	<u> </u>	harges for		ating Grants		ital Grants		overnmental
	Di	sbursements	Serv	ices and Sales	and C	Contributions	and C	ontributions		Activities
Governmental activities:	<u>-</u>									
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	5,169,396	\$	1,331,312	\$	54,533	\$	-	\$	(3,783,551)
Special		1,733,648		118,929		346,646		-		(1,268,073)
Vocational		4,503		-		4,469		-		(34)
Other		406		-		-		-		(406)
Support services:										
Pupil		541,030		-		169,951		-		(371,079)
Instructional staff		220,753		-		24,259		-		(196,494)
Board of education		65,856		-		-		-		(65,856)
Administration		630,219		2,544		-		-		(627,675)
Fiscal		427,262		-		-		-		(427,262)
Operations and maintenance		742,755		25		27,363		-		(715,367)
Pupil transportation		404,952		12,297		3,557		32,414		(356,684)
Central		62,928		-		33,634		-		(29,294)
Operation of non-instructional										
services:										
Food service operations		283,343		36,017		213,219		-		(34,107)
Other non-instructional services		926		-		629		-		(297)
Extracurricular activities		509,198		260,489		195		67,310		(181,204)
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		473,000		-		-		-		(473,000)
Interest and fiscal charges		688,799		-		-		_		(688,799)
Total governmental activities	\$	11,958,974	\$	1,761,613	\$	878,455	\$	99,724		(9,219,182)
					Proper	ral cash receipt rty taxes levied : eral purposes				5,959,553
						t service				, ,
						e taxes levied for				756,739
						eral purposes	JI.			519,994
						and entitlemen	ta mat maa	tmi at ad		319,994
						ecific programs		on icica		3,319,217
						ment earnings				14,484
						ment earnings llaneous				,
										134,406
					Total g	general cash rec	eipts			10,704,393
					Chang	ge in net position	1			1,485,211
					Net ca	ash position at	beginnin	g of year		7,822,678
					Net ca	ash position at	end of y	ear	\$	9,307,889

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES $\,$ - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS $\,$ JUNE 30, 2021

	 General	_	ermanent provement	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,252,665	\$	5,205,095	\$ 1,146,630	\$	8,604,390
Fund cash balances:						
Restricted:						
Debt service	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 307,156	\$	307,156
Classroom facilities maintenance	-		-	503,740		503,740
Food service operations	-		-	1,245		1,245
State funded programs	-		-	33,893		33,893
Federally funded programs	-		-	15,576		15,576
Extracurricular activities	-		-	249,913		249,913
Scholarships	-		-	20,840		20,840
Other purposes	-		-	14,267		14,267
Committed:						
Termination benefits	243,488		-	_		243,488
Assigned:						
Student instruction	63,754		_	_		63,754
Student and staff support	127,246		-	-		127,246
Subsequent year's appropriations	1,371,255		-	_		1,371,255
Capital improvements	-		5,205,095	-		5,205,095
Other purposes	103		-	_		103
Unassigned	 446,819			-		446,819
Total fund cash balances	\$ 2,252,665	\$	5,205,095	\$ 1,146,630	\$	8,604,390

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2021

Total governmental fund cash balances	\$ 8,604,390
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the	
statement of net position - cash basis are different because:	
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs	
of insurance to individual funds. The assets of the internal service	
fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of	
net position - cash basis.	 703,499
Net position - cash basis of governmental activities	\$ 9,307,889

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Cash receipts S 5,959,553 S 756,739 6.716,229 Property taxes 519,994 - 650,117 42,252,346 Income taxes 1,994 - 650,117 42,252,346 Invision and fees 1,460,626 - - 8,362 Extracurricular 43,131 221,832 264,945 Rental income 25 - - 2.5 Charges for services - 3,204 37,086 67,340 Miscellaneous 134,406 - 4,820 139,226 Total cash receipts 11,728,198 3,254 17,06611 13,438,063 Total cash is		General	Permanent Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Income taxes 519,994	Cash receipts:				
Intergovernmental 3,575,119 - 650,117 4,225,236 Investment earnings 8,362 - 10,000,000 1,000,000	Property taxes	\$ 5,959,553	\$ -	\$ 756,739	\$ 6,716,292
Investment earnings	Income taxes	519,994	-	-	519,994
Tution and fees	Intergovernmental	3,575,119	-	650,117	4,225,236
Extracurricular 43,113 - 221,832 264,945 Charges for services 2- 3- 36,017 36,017 Contributions and donations 27,000 3,254 37,086 67,340 Miscellaneous 134,406 - 4,820 139,226 Total cash receipts 11,728,198 3,254 1,706,611 13,438,063 Cash disbursements: Current: Instruction: 8 - 76,761 5,230,129 Special 1,535,053 - 211,363 1,4646 Vocational 4,503 - - 4,503 Ofter 416 - - - 4,503 Ofter 416 - - - 4,503 Ofter 416 - - - 4,603 Ofter 416 - - 2,521 54,446 Instructional staff 184,695 - - - 6,885 <td< td=""><td>Investment earnings</td><td>8,362</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>8,362</td></td<>	Investment earnings	8,362	-	-	8,362
Rental income 25 - 2.5 2.6 2.6 36,017 36,018 37,026 17,06,611 13,438,003 32,012 36,012	Tuition and fees	1,460,626	-	-	1,460,626
Charges for services - - 36,017 36,017 Contributions and donations 27,000 3,254 37,086 67,340 Miscellaneous 134,406 - 4,820 139,226 Total cash receipts 11,728,198 3,254 1,706,611 13,438,063 Cash disbursements: Current: Instruction: 8 - 76,761 5,230,129 Special 1,555,033 - 211,363 1,746,416 Obter 4,503 - - 4,503 Other 416 - - 24,503 Other 416 - - 24,503 Other 416 - - 24,503 Other 416 - - 25,321 9,468 Instructional starf 184,695 - 37,623 222,318 9,468 Instructional staff 184,695 - 37,623 282,318 638,766 Administration <td>Extracurricular</td> <td>43,113</td> <td>-</td> <td>221,832</td> <td>264,945</td>	Extracurricular	43,113	-	221,832	264,945
Contributions and donations 27,000 3,254 37,086 67,340 Miscellaneous 134,406 - 4,820 139,226 Total cash receipts 11,728,198 3,254 1,706,611 134,38,063 Cash disbursements: Urrent: Instruction: Regular 5,153,368 - 76,761 5,230,129 Special 1,535,053 - 211,363 1,746,416 Vocational 4,503 - - 4,503 Other 416 - - - 4,603 Other 416 - - - 4,603 Support services: - 416 - - - 4,603 Support services: - 416 - - - 4,603 Support services: - - - 6,856 - - - 6,856 Instructional staff 184,695 - 3,623 <	Rental income	25	-	-	25
Miscellaneous 134,406 - 4,820 139,226 Total cash receipts 11,728,198 3,254 1,706,611 13,438,063 Cash disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,153,368 - 76,761 5,230,129 Special 1,535,053 - 211,363 1,746,416 Vocational 4,503 - - 4,503 Other 416 - - - 4,503 Other 316 - - - 4,503 Other 416 - - - 4,503 Other 317 - - 4,503 - - 4,503 Other 416 - - - - 6,503 - - 6,535 - - 6,535 - 16,585 - - 6,58,56 - - 6,58,56 - - 6,58,56 -	Charges for services	-	-	36,017	36,017
Total cash receipts	Contributions and donations	27,000	3,254	37,086	67,340
Cash disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,153,368 - 76,761 5,230,129 Special 1,535,033 - 211,363 1,746,416 Vocational 4,503 450 - 4503 Other 416 416 416 Support services: Pupil 310,147 - 235,321 545,468 Instructional staff 184,695 - 37,623 222,318 Board of education 658,856 68,856 68,856 Administration 635,818 2,888 638,706 Fiscal 415,059 - 16,539 431,598 Operations and maintenance 624,322 91,343 30,264 745,929 Pupil transportation 358,299 - 48,686 406,985 Central 20,332 - 24,596 62,928 Operation of non-instructional services: - 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services - 2 244,596 62,928 Extracturricular activities 2	Miscellaneous	134,406	-	4,820	139,226
Current: Instruction: Regular S,153,368 - 76,761 5,230,129 Special 1,535,053 - 211,363 1,746,416 Vocational 4,503 4,503 - 4,416 Support services: Pupil 310,147 - 235,321 545,468 Instructional staff 184,695 - 37,623 222,318 Board of education 65,856 65,856 Administration 635,818 - 2,888 638,706 Fiscal 415,059 - 16,539 431,598 Operations and maintenance 624,322 91,343 30,264 745,929 Pupil transportation 20,332 - 22,878 66,928 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: Principal retirement 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges 688,799 688,799 Cost and fiscal charges	Total cash receipts	11,728,198	3,254	1,706,611	13,438,063
Instruction: Regular	Cash disbursements:				
Regular 5,153,368 - 76,761 5,230,129 Special 1,535,053 - 211,363 1,746,416 Vocational 4,503 - - 4,503 Other 416 - - - 416 Support services: - - 416 - - - 416 Support services: - - - 416 - - - 416 Support services: - - - - 416 - - - 416 Support services: - - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - - 65,856 - - - - - - - - - - -	Current:				
Special 1,535,053 - 211,363 1,746,416 Vocational 4,503 - - 4,503 Other 416 - - 416 Support services: - 416 - - 416 Support services: - - 416 - - 416 Support services: - - 416 - - 245,468 Instructional staff 184,695 - 37,623 222,318 - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 65,856 - - - 2,888 638,706 Fiscal 415,059 - 16,539 431,598 069,985 Central 20,322 91,343 <td>Instruction:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Instruction:				
Vocational Other 4,503	Regular	5,153,368	-	76,761	5,230,129
Other 416 - - 416 Support services: 8 - 235,321 545,468 Pupil 310,147 - 235,321 545,468 Instructional staff 184,695 - 37,623 222,318 Board of education 658,856 - - 65,856 Administration 635,818 - 2,888 638,706 Fiscal 415,059 - 16,539 431,598 Operations and maintenance 624,322 91,343 30,264 745,929 Pupil transportation 358,299 - 48,686 406,985 Central 20,332 - 42,596 62,928 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 284,851 284,851 Operation of non-instructional services - - 926 62,928 Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: Principal retirement - - 473,000	Special	1,535,053	-	211,363	1,746,416
Support services: Pupil 310,147 - 235,321 545,468 Instructional staff 184,695 - 37,623 222,318 Board of education 65,856 65,856 Administration 635,818 - 2,888 638,706 Fiscal 415,059 - 16,539 431,598 Operations and maintenance 624,322 91,343 30,264 745,929 Pupil transportation 358,299 - 48,686 406,985 Central 20,332 - 42,596 62,928 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services 926 926 926 Extracturricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: Principal retirement 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Transfers in 5,084,194 720,798 (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 (5,804,992) 7,224,355 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355 Fund cash balances at be	Vocational	4,503	-	-	4,503
Pupil Instructional staff 310,147 - 235,321 545,468 Instructional staff 184,695 - 37,623 222,318 Board of education 658,856 - - - 65,856 Administration 635,818 - 2,888 638,706 Fiscal 415,059 - 16,539 431,598 Operations and maintenance 624,322 91,343 30,264 745,929 Pupil transportation 358,299 - 48,686 406,985 Central 20,332 - 42,596 62,928 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services 2 - 2926 926 Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: Principal retirement - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements	Other	416	-	-	416
Instructional staff 184,695 - 37,623 222,318 Board of education 65,856 - - 65,856 Administration 635,818 - 2,888 638,706 Fiscal 415,059 - 16,539 431,598 Operations and maintenance 624,322 91,343 30,264 745,929 Pupil transportation 358,299 - 48,686 406,985 Central 20,332 - 42,596 62,928 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services - - 926 926 Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: Principal retirement - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Cheer financing sources (uses	Support services:				
Board of education 65,856 - - 65,856 Administration 635,818 - 2,888 638,706 Fiscal 415,059 - 16,539 431,598 Operations and maintenance 624,322 91,343 30,264 745,929 Pupil transportation 358,299 - 48,686 406,985 Central 20,332 - 42,596 62,928 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services - - 926 926 Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: Principal retirement - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) ca	Pupil	310,147	-	235,321	545,468
Administration 635,818 - 2,888 638,706 Fiscal 415,059 - 16,539 431,598 Operations and maintenance 624,322 91,343 30,264 745,929 Pupil transportation 358,299 - 48,686 406,985 Central 20,332 - 42,596 62,928 Operation of non-instructional services: - 284,851 284,851 Food service operations 2 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services 926 926 Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: Principal retirement 2473,000 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) (5,804,992) (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 (5,804,992) (5,804,992) Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 - (5,804,992) (5,804,992) (5,804,992) (5,804,992) (5,804,992)	Instructional staff	184,695	-	37,623	222,318
Fiscal 415,059 - 16,539 431,598 Operations and maintenance 624,322 91,343 30,264 745,929 Pupil transportation 358,299 - 48,686 406,985 Central 20,332 - 42,596 62,928 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services - - 926 926 Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: Principal retirement - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 488,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses):	Board of education	65,856	-	-	65,856
Operations and maintenance 624,322 91,343 30,264 745,929 Pupil transportation 358,299 - 48,686 406,985 Central 20,332 - 42,596 62,928 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services - - 926 926 Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: - - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change i	Administration	635,818	-	2,888	638,706
Pupil transportation 358,299 - 48,686 406,985 Central 20,332 - 42,596 62,928 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 284,851 284,851 Food service operations - - 926 926 926 Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: Principal retirement - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 -	Fiscal	415,059	-	16,539	431,598
Central Operation of non-instructional services: 20,332 - 42,596 62,928 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services - - 926 926 Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of yea	Operations and maintenance	624,322	91,343	30,264	745,929
Operation of non-instructional services: 284,851 284,851 284,851 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services - - 2926 928 800 920 920 920 100 473,000 473,000 473,000 473,000 473,000 473,000 488,799 688,799 688,799 720,788 720,788 72,20,788 72,20,788 72,20,788 72,20,798 72,20,798 72,20,798	Pupil transportation	358,299	-	48,686	406,985
Food service operations - - 284,851 284,851 Other non-instructional services - - 926 926 Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: - - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355 <td>Central</td> <td>20,332</td> <td>-</td> <td>42,596</td> <td>62,928</td>	Central	20,332	-	42,596	62,928
Other non-instructional services - - 926 926 Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: Principal retirement - - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355	Operation of non-instructional services:				
Extracurricular activities 280,446 - 228,754 509,200 Debt service: Principal retirement - - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355	Food service operations	-	-	284,851	284,851
Debt service: Principal retirement - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355	Other non-instructional services	-	-	926	926
Principal retirement - - 473,000 473,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355	Extracurricular activities	280,446	-	228,754	509,200
Interest and fiscal charges - - 688,799 688,799 Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355				472.000	472.000
Total cash disbursements 9,588,314 91,343 2,378,371 12,058,028 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355	•	-	-		
Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355			-		
Cash disbursements 2,139,884 (88,089) (671,760) 1,380,035 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355	Total cash disbursements	9,588,314	91,343	2,378,371	12,058,028
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355	1 , ,				
Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355	cash disbursements	2,139,884	(88,089)	(671,760)	1,380,035
Transfers in - 5,084,194 720,798 5,804,992 Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355	Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers (out) (5,804,992) - - (5,804,992) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355		_	5 084 194	720 798	5 804 992
Total other financing sources (uses) (5,804,992) 5,084,194 720,798 - Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355		(5.804.992)	3,001,171	720,790	
Net change in fund cash balances (3,665,108) 4,996,105 49,038 1,380,035 Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355	· /		5 084 194	720 798	(3,001,772)
Fund cash balances at beginning of year 5,917,773 208,990 1,097,592 7,224,355		(3,804,992)		120,198	
	Net change in fund cash balances	(3,665,108)	4,996,105	49,038	1,380,035
Fund cash balances at end of year \$ 2,252,665 \$ 5,205,095 \$ 1,146,630 \$ 8,604,390					
	Fund cash balances at end of year	\$ 2,252,665	\$ 5,205,095	\$ 1,146,630	\$ 8,604,390

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - cash basis - total governmental funds	\$ 1,380,035
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
statement of activities - cash basis are different because:	
An internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of insurance	
to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities -	
cash basis. Governmental fund cash disbursements are the related internal	
service fund cash receipts are eliminated. The net cash receipts (cash	
disbursements) of the internal service fund are allocated among the governmental	
activities.	 105,176
Change in net cash position of governmental activities	\$ 1,485,211

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Budgetary basis receipts:				
Property taxes	\$ 4,794,711	\$ 5,931,540	\$ 5,959,553	\$ 28,013
Income taxes	418,357	517,550	519,994	2,444
Intergovernmental	2,876,334	3,558,314	3,575,119	16,805
Investment earnings	6,728	8,323	8,362	39
Tuition and fees	1,173,992	1,452,346	1,459,205	6,859
Rental income	20	25	25	-
Contributions and donations	21,723	26,873	27,000	127
Miscellaneous	108,135	133,774	134,406	632
Total budgetary basis receipts	9,400,000	11,628,745	11,683,664	54,919
Budgetary basis disbursements:				
Current:				
Instruction:	0.000.007		- 100 (10	(00.450)
Regular	8,382,235	5,166,166	5,189,619	(23,453)
Special	811,417	1,550,316	1,557,355	(7,039)
Vocational	2,932	7,374	7,407	(33)
Other	153	414	416	(2)
Support services:	210 (76	220 407	221.072	(1.455)
Pupil	219,676	320,407	321,862	(1,455)
Instructional staff	106,434	187,335	188,186	(851)
Board of education	57,945	73,303	73,636	(333)
Administration	368,372	637,360	640,254	(2,894)
Fiscal	273,646	416,699	418,792	(2,093)
Operations and maintenance	394,835	660,013	663,009	(2,996)
Pupil transportation	191,784	357,655	359,279	(1,624)
Central	14,339	20,911	22,491	(1,580)
Extracurricular activities	143,168	248,503	249,631	(1,128)
Total budgerary basis disbursements	10,966,936	9,646,456	9,691,937	(45,481)
Excess of cash receipts over (under)				
cash disbursements	(1,566,936)	1,982,289	1,991,727	9,438
Other financing (uses):				
Transfers (out)	(114,512)	(5,834,992)	(5,834,992)	=
Total other financing (uses)	(114,512)	(5,834,992)	(5,834,992)	
Net change in fund cash balance	(1,681,448)	(3,852,703)	(3,843,265)	9,438
Unencumbered fund balance at beginning of year	5,579,891	5,579,891	5,579,891	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	81,448	81,448	81,448	-
Unencumbered fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,979,891	\$ 1,808,636	\$ 1,818,074	\$ 9,438

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	35,375
Cash with fiscal agent		668,124
Total assets		703,499
Net cash position:		
Unrestricted		703,499
Total net cash position	\$	703,499

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating cash receipts:		
Charges for services	\$	2,344,066
Operating cash disbursements:		
Purchased services		406,351
Claims		1,838,661
Total operating cash disbursements		2,245,012
Operating income		99,054
Nonoperating cash receipts:		
Interest receipts		6,122
Change in net cash position		105,176
Net cash position at beginning of year		598,323
Net cash position at end of year	\$	703,499

	C	ustodial
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,206
Net cash position: Held for individuals		31,206
Total net cash position	\$	31,206

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Custodial	
Deductions: Distributions to individuals	\$	1,502
Scholarships awarded	Ψ	12,400
Total deductions		13,902
Change in net position		(13,902)
Net cash position at beginning of year		45,108
Net cash position at end of year	\$	31,206

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - THE REPORTING ENTITY

The Hopewell-Loudon Local School District (the "District"), Seneca County, is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education and is responsible for providing public education to the residents of the District.

The District operates one instructional facility and provides educational services to students from grades K-12. The District is staffed by 50 non-certified employees, 53 certified employees, and 5 administrators who provide services to 803 students.

The District's management believes these basic financial statements present all activities for which the District is accountable.

A. Primary Government

The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units.

C. Other Organizations

The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA)

The District is a participant in NOECA, which is a computer consortium. NOECA is an association of forty-one public school districts formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The NOECA Board of Directors consists of two representatives from each county in which participating school districts are located, the chairman of each of the operating committees, and a representative from the fiscal agent. Financial information can be obtained from Matt Bauer, who serves as Controller, at 1210 East Bogart Road, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - THE REPORTING ENTITY - (Continued)

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a group rating program for workers' compensation as established in Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) was established as an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP is governed by a three-member Board of Directors. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as the coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.A, these financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In cases where these cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in this financial statement.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and government-wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statements is due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported in the budgetary statements.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraphs.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund cash balance is available for any purpose provided it is disbursed or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent Improvement fund</u> - The permanent improvement fund is used to account for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical, dental, life, and vision benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net cash position and changes in net cash position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for cash assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's custodial funds account for funds collected and distributed on behalf of the OHSAA, funds collected and distributed on behalf of other school districts, funds held for individuals within the District, and contributions and donations collected and distributed for scholarships. The District has no administrative involvement in determining the recipient of the scholarships. The District does not have pension trust funds, private-purpose trust funds or investment trust funds. The District did not collect or distribute any funds on behalf of OHSAA in fiscal year 2021

C. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. These disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on the cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the District.

All assets and net cash position associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in cash receipts are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restrictions that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriations amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2021, investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. In accordance with the cash basis of accounting, all District investments are reported at cost, except for STAR Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the fund from which the investment was made. Interest receipts credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$8,362, which includes \$4,035 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 5.

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports cash disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as cash disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. Depreciation has not been reported for any capital assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation leave and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation leave and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting.

I. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The District recognizes the cash disbursements for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 11 and 12, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postemployment healthcare.

K. Long-Term Obligations

Bonds, loans, capital leases, and other long-term obligations are not recognized as liabilities in the financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. These statements report proceeds of debt when cash is received, and debt service disbursements for principal and interest payments, bond issuance costs, and payments to refunded bond escrow agent.

L. Fund Cash Balance

Fund cash balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund cash balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund cash balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund cash balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund cash balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund cash balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund cash balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund cash balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund cash balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund cash balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund cash balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund cash balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Net Cash Position

Net cash position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net cash position is available.

N. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, the District reports advances in and advances out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying fund financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. Advances are eliminated in the statement of activities.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating receipts/disbursements in the proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of activities.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District did not have any extraordinary or special items during fiscal year 2021.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2021, the District has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

Certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements were scheduled to be implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 95, the effective dates of certain provisions contained in these pronouncements are postponed until the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The statement of cash receipts, disbursements and change in fund balance - budget and actual - budget basis presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget) rather than a reservation of fund cash balance (cash).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the cash basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Cash Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (3,843,265)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	41,327
Adjustment for encumbrances	136,830
Cash basis	\$ (3,665,108)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate fund classifications are considered part of the general fund on a cash basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, the public school fund, and the termination benefits fund.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, or legal governments;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio), the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio;
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Cash with Fiscal Agent

The District is self-insured through a fiscal agent. The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The amount held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2021 was \$668,124.

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of all School District deposits was \$3,499,273. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2021, \$3,081,489 of the School District's bank balance of \$3,568,223 was collateralized by pledged collateral held by a financial institution in the District's name as discussed below, while \$486,734 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a reduced rate set by the Treasurer of State. For fiscal year 2021, the School District's financial institutions had a collateral rate of 102% through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Maturity
	Carrying	6 months
Investment type	Value	or less
STAR Ohio	\$ 5,171,698	\$ 5,171,698

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises when potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not address credit risk beyond the requirements of State statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2021:

	Carrying	
Investment type	Value	% of Total
CTAD OL:	¢ 5 171 (00	100.00
STAR Ohio	\$ 5,171,698	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note disclosure above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2021:

Cash and investments per note disclosure		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	3,499,273
Cash with fiscal agent		668,124
Investments	_	5,171,698
Total	\$	9,339,095
Cash and investments per statement of net position		
Governmental activities	\$	9,307,889
Custodial funds	_	31,206
Total	\$	9,339,095

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers during fiscal year 2021 consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from the general fund to:</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Permanent improvement fund	\$ 5,084,194
Nonmajor governmental funds	720,798
	\$ 5,804,992

Transfers are used to (1) move cash receipts from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them, and (2) to use unrestricted cash receipts collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported in the statement of activities.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax receipts received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax receipts received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Seneca County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Second	2021 First
	Half Collections	Half Collections
	<u>Amount</u> <u>Perc</u>	ent Amount Percent
Agricultural/residential		
and other real estate	\$ 124,123,260 44	.85 \$ 127,633,830 47.33
Public utility personal	152,627,710 55	142,059,960 52.67
Total	\$ 276,750,970 100	<u>\$ 269,693,790</u> <u>100.00</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$41.42	\$40.99

NOTE 8 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of one half of one percent (0.50%) for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are credited to the general fund. Total income tax cash receipts for fiscal year 2021 equaled \$519,994.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2021, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

Governmental Activities:	Balance utstanding 06/30/20	<u>Addi</u>	tions_	R	eductions	C	Balance Outstanding 06/30/21	amounts Due in One Year
Series 2010 OSFC Bonds	\$ 545,000	\$	-	\$	(90,000)	\$	455,000	\$ 95,000
Series 2010 Qualified School								
Construction Bonds	3,487,000		-		(383,000)		3,104,000	395,000
Series 2016 Refunding								
OSFC Bonds	4,085,000		-		-		4,085,000	-
Series 2016 Refunding								
Qualified School								
Construction Bonds	 4,435,000						4,435,000	 <u> </u>
Total Long-Term Obligations,								
Governmental Activities	\$ 12,552,000	\$		\$	(473,000)	\$	12,079,000	\$ 490,000

Series 2010 Ohio School Facilities Construction Bonds - Tax Exempt and Build America Bonds (TEB and BAB): On September 14, 2010, the District issued \$1,005,000 in Series 2010A Tax Exempt Bonds and \$4,355,000 in Series 2010B Build America Bonds for the purpose of constructing new classroom facilities. Semi-annual interest payments are due at an average interest rate of 5.53% per annum, and varying principal payments are due annually on November 1, with a final maturity date of November 1, 2039. The federal government will subsidize 35% of the debt service of the Build America Bonds. No assets were pledged to secure these bonds. During fiscal year 2021, the District made a principal payment of \$90,000.

<u>Series 2010 Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB)</u>: On August 26, 2010, the District issued \$6,300,000 of School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2010A, and on September 14, 2010, issued \$4,675,000 of School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2010B and 2010C. Both issuances were for the purpose of constructing new classroom facilities. Quarterly interest payments are due at an average interest rate of 5.62% per annum through November 1, 2027, at which time they become semi-annual, and varying principal payments are due annually with a final maturity date of November 1, 2047. The federal government will subsidize approximately 32% of the debt service of these bonds. No assets were pledged to secure these bonds. During fiscal year 2021, the District made a principal payment of \$383,000.

<u>Series 2016 Refunding Ohio School Facilities Construction Bonds – Build America Bonds (BAB)</u>: On October 12, 2016, the District issued \$4,085,000 in Series 2016 BAB Refunding Bonds for the refunding of the Series 2010B Build America Bonds. The refunding bonds were issued at a premium of \$457,282.

The District incurred \$156,342 in issuance costs and made a payment to the refunded bond escrow agent in the amount of \$4,385,940. The Series 2010B Build America Bonds are considered in-substance defeased as a result of the refunding. The refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total future debt service payments by \$478,647 resulting in a net present value savings of \$334,851. These Series 2016 BAB Refunding Bonds have a final maturity of November 1, 2039 and bears an interest rate of 4.00%. Interest payments on the 2016 BAB Refunding Bonds are due May 1 and November 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as cash disbursements of the bond retirement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Series 2016 Refunding Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB): On October 12, 2016, the District issued \$4,435,000 in Series 2016 QSCB Refunding Bonds for the refunding of the Series 2010B and 2010C School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds. The refunding bonds were issued at a premium of \$241,603. The District incurred \$109,649 in issuance costs and made a payment to the refunded bond escrow agent in the amount of \$4,566,954. The Series 2010B and 2010C School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds are considered in-substance defeased as a result of the refunding. The refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total future debt service payments by \$599,092 resulting in a net present value savings of \$383,466. The Series 2016 QSCB Refunding Bonds have a final maturity of November 1, 2047 and bear interest rates ranging between 3.250 - 4.00%. Interest payments on the Series 2016 QSCB Refunding Bonds are due May 1 and November 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as cash disbursements of the bond retirement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term obligations at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Series 2010 OSFC Bonds			Series 2010 QSCB								
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>F</u>	Principal	_I	nterest	_	Total	_	Principal_	-	Interest	_	Total
2022	\$	95,000	\$	16,730	\$	111,730	\$	395,000	\$	161,923	\$	556,923
2023		110,000		13,500		123,500		400,000		140,344		540,344
2024		120,000		9,375		129,375		405,000		118,493		523,493
2025		130,000		4,875		134,875		430,000		96,367		526,367
2026		-		-		-		438,000		72,876		510,876
2027 - 2030				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,036,000		863,806		1,899,806
Total	\$	455,000	\$	44,480	\$	499,480	\$	3,104,000	\$	1,453,809	\$	4,557,809

Fiscal Year Ending	Series 2016 Refunding OSFC Bonds				Series 2016 Refunding QSCB						
<u>June 30,</u>	Principal		Interest	_	Total	_	Principal	-	Interest	_	Total
2022	\$	- \$	163,400	\$	163,400	\$	-	\$	163,038	\$	163,038
2023		-	163,400		163,400		-		163,038		163,038
2024		-	163,400		163,400		-		163,038		163,038
2025		-	163,400		163,400		-		163,038		163,038
2026	135,00	0	160,700		295,700		-		163,038		163,038
2027 - 2031	890,00	0	706,800		1,596,800		150,000		812,188		962,188
2032 - 2036	1,415,00	0	483,900		1,898,900		880,000		701,185		1,581,185
2037 - 2041	1,645,00	0	136,700		1,781,700		1,210,000		493,785		1,703,785
2042 - 2046		-	-		-		1,510,000		238,624		1,748,624
2047 - 2048				_		_	685,000		22,507		707,507
Total	\$ 4,085,00	0 \$	3 2,141,700	\$	6,226,700	\$	4,435,000	\$	3,083,479	\$	7,518,479

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The Code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The Code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation use in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code further provides that when a Board of Education declares a resolution that the student population is not adequately served by existing facilities, and that insufficient capacity exists within the 9% limit to finance additional facilities, the State Department of Education may declare that district a "special needs" district. This permits the incurrence of additional debt based upon projected five-year growth of the school district's assessed valuation. The District was determined to be a "special needs" district by the State Superintendent.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Commercial Insurance

The District has obtained commercial insurance for comprehensive property and general liability, vehicles, and errors and omissions.

B. Self-Insurance

The District is self-insured for dental and vision benefits to employees. The District established a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance the dental and vision benefits program. Under the program, the self-insurance fund provides coverage up to a maximum of \$1,000 per individual, per year for dental insurance, and various limits of coverage per individual, per year for vision insurance based on the services provided. The District reimburses the individuals for dental and vision services received up to their maximum limits.

A comparison of self-insurance fund cash and investments to the actuary-measured liability as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	_	2021	2020			
Cash and investments	\$	35,375	\$	46,407		
Actuarial liabilities		n/a		n/a		

C. Health and Life Insurance Programs

The District is a member of the Jefferson Health Plan (formerly known as the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency Health Benefit Plan) for its self-insured health and life insurance programs. The Jefferson Health Plan provides jointly administrated benefit programs for schools. The Jefferson Health Plan has designated Self-Funded Plans, Inc. of Cleveland as their claims administrator. Interfund rates are charged based on claims approved by the claims administrator.

A comparison of self-insurance fund cash and investments to the actuary-measured liability as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	2021	2020			
Cash and investments	\$ 668,124	\$	551,916		
Actuarial liabilities	n/a		n/a		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017			
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit			
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit			

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the start of a COLA for future retirees. For 2021, the COLA was 0.5%.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$136,060 for fiscal year 2021.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2021, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$605,905 for fiscal year 2021.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.03265200%	0.03447070%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.03049210%	0.03417668%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.00215990%	- <u>0.00029402</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 2,016,812	\$ 8,269,540	\$ 10,286,352

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Wage inflation 3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation 3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA 2.50%
Investment rate of return 7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2020, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

				Current			
	19⁄	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	2,762,786	\$	2,016,812	\$	1,390,925	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2020				
Inflation	2.50%				
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to				
	2.50% at age 65				
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation				
Payroll increases	3.00%				
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%				

For the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

		Current					
	19	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase			
District's proportionate share					'		
of the net pension liability	\$	11,774,386	\$	8,269,540	\$	5,299,476	

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the District's surcharge obligation was \$19,485.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$19,485 for fiscal year 2021.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.	03350950%	0.	.03447070%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.	03177170%	0.	.03417668%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.</u>	00173780%	- <u>0</u> .	.00029402%	
Proportionate share of the net			_		
OPEB liability	\$	690,503	\$	-	\$ 690,503
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(600,655)	\$ (600,655)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	2.45%
Prior measurement date	3.13%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	2.63%
Prior measurement date	3.22%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Retuin
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45%, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.13% was used as of June 30, 2019. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.75%).

			(Current		
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	845,159	\$	690,503	\$	567,552
	1%	Decrease		Current end Rate	1%	Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	543,719	\$	690,503	\$	886,791

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2019, are presented below:

	July 1, 2020		July	1, 2019	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20	0 to	12.50% at age 20	0 to	
	2.50% at age 65	i	2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of invexpenses, inclu		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.45%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.87%	4.00%	
Medicare	-6.69%	4.00%	4.93%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	7.73%	4.00%	
Medicare	11.87%	4.00%	9.62%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	522,609	\$	600,655	\$	666,874
	1%	Decrease		Current rend Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	662,763	\$	600,655	\$	524,997

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is not party to any legal proceedings that would have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

C. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2021 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time.

NOTE 14 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund cash receipt amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Disbursements and other applicable offsets exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Im</u>	Capital provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		152,410
Current year qualifying disbursements		(55,279)
Current year offsets		(5,084,194)
Total	\$	(4,987,063)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2022	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$	

During fiscal year 2011, the District issued a total of \$16,335,000 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from debt proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvements set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of debt proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$15,257,981 at June 30, 2021.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal yearend may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund cash balance. At fiscal year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Encu	umbrances
General fund	\$	145,137
Permanent improvement fund		802
Nonmajor governmental funds		65,398
Total	\$	211,337

NOTE 16 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the pension and other employee benefits plan in which the District participate fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

During fiscal year 2021, the District received \$92,400 as an on-behalf of grant from another government. These amounts are recorded in the coronavirus relief fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Hopewell-Loudon Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's cash basis financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- The total net cash position of the District increased \$2,292,371 or 41.45% from fiscal year 2019 restated net cash position.
- General cash receipts accounted for \$10,683,740 in cash receipts or 77.76% of total cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts in the form of charges for services and sales and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,055,874 in cash receipts or 22.24% of total cash receipts of \$13,739,614.
- The District had \$11,447,243 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$3,055,874 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$10,683,740 were adequate to provide for these programs during fiscal year 2020.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$11,775,898 in cash receipts and other financing sources and \$9,760,197 in cash disbursements and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2020, the general fund's fund cash balance increased \$2,015,701 from \$3,902,072 to \$5,917,773.

Using the Cash Basis Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position – cash basis and statement of activities – cash basis provides information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is the only fund reported as a major fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

The statement of net position – cash basis and the statement of activities – cash basis answer the question, "How did the District do financially during fiscal year 2020?" These statements include only net position using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net cash position and changes in net cash position on a cash basis. This change in net cash position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services and not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the statement of net position – cash basis and statement of activities – cash basis, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis can be found on pages 62-63 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 57. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major fund. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District' most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more of fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position – cash basis and statement of activities – cash basis) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 64-68 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains one proprietary fund, an internal service fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for self-insurance programs. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 69-70 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs that the District does not have administrative involvement in determining the recipient of the scholarship. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in custodial funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position – cash basis and changes in fiduciary net position – cash basis on pages 71-72. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 73-103 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The table below provides a summary of the District's net cash position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019. The net cash position at June 30, 2019 has been restated as described in Note 3.A in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Net Cash Position

	Governmental Activities 2020	(Restated) Governmental Activities 2019
Assets Current assets	<u>\$ 7,822,678</u>	\$ 5,530,307
Net Cash Position Restricted Unrestricted	1,097,592 6,725,086	841,889 4,688,418
Total net cash position	\$ 7,822,678	\$ 5,530,307

Over time, net cash position can serve as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. At June 30, 2020, the total net cash position of the District was \$7,822,678. A portion of the District's net cash position, \$1,097,592, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net cash position of \$6,725,086 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

The table below shows the change in net cash position for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. The net cash position at June 30, 2019 has been restated as described in Note 3.A in the notes to the basic financial statements.

	Change in Net Cash Position			
			((Restated)
	Go	vernmental	Go	overnmental
	Activities		Activities	
		2020	2019	
Cash receipts:				
Program cash receipts:				
Charges for services and sales	\$	2,114,986	\$	2,095,916
Operating grants and contributions		940,888		718,251
General cash receipts:				
Property taxes		6,354,700		4,598,021
Income taxes		536,120		489,093
Unrestricted grants and entitlements		3,641,388		4,066,907
Investment earnings		72,892		81,313
Miscellaneous		78,640		124,149
Total cash receipts		13,739,614		12,173,650
				- Continued

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Cash Position (Continued)

	(Continueu)					
				(Restated)		
	Go	Governmental		overnmental		
	Activities		Activities			
		2020	2019			
Cash disbursements:	_					
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	5,016,688	\$	5,134,346		
Special		1,357,689		1,516,877		
Vocational		2,012		3,756		
Other		71		13,102		
Support services:						
Pupil		501,809		499,455		
Instructional staff		194,847		223,136		
Board of education		25,572		98,953		
Administration		617,617		639,705		
Fiscal		425,639		406,956		
Operations and maintenance		908,166		787,858		
Pupil transportation		303,829		353,859		
Central		6,652		24,823		
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations		306,148		360,989		
Extracurricular activities		628,925		624,481		
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,000		940		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		456,000		425,000		
Interest and fiscal charges		691,579		1,387,789		
Total cash disbursements		11,447,243	_	12,502,025		
Change in net cash position		2,292,371		(328,375)		
Net cash position at beginning of year (restated)		5,530,307		5,858,682		
Net cash position at end of year	\$	7,822,678	\$	5,530,307		

Governmental Activities

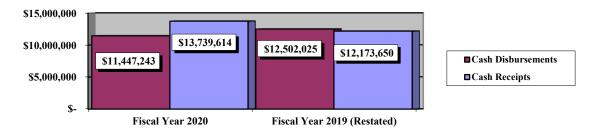
Net cash position of the District's governmental activities increased \$2,292,371. Total governmental cash disbursements of \$11,447,243 were offset by program cash receipts of \$3,055,874 and general cash receipts of \$10,683,740. Program cash receipts supported 26.70% of the total governmental cash disbursements. The largest cash disbursement category of the District is for instructional programs, which totaled \$6,376,460.

The primary sources of cash receipts for governmental activities are derived from taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These cash receipt sources represent 76.66% of total governmental cash receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's cash receipts and cash disbursements for fiscal years 2019 and 2020.

Governmental Activities - Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements



The table below presents the District's total cost of services and net cost of services for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

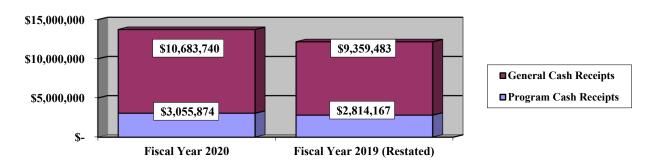
				Government	tal Ac	ctivities	
	<u> </u>	Fotal Cost of Services 2020	1	Net Cost of Services 2020		(Restated) Cotal Cost of Services 2019	(Restated) Net Cost of Services 2019
Cash disbursements:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$	5,016,688	\$	3,541,060	\$	5,134,346	\$ 3,699,330
Special		1,357,689		605,495		1,516,877	947,390
Vocational		2,012		(2,457)		3,756	(713)
Other		71		71		13,102	13,102
Support services:							
Pupil		501,809		316,309		499,455	444,948
Instructional staff		194,847		194,847		223,136	219,536
Board of education		25,572		25,572		98,953	98,953
Administration		617,617		613,925		639,705	638,286
Fiscal		425,639		424,919		406,956	406,956
Operations and maintenance		908,166		907,911		787,858	763,177
Pupil transportation		303,829		288,655		353,859	333,484
Central		6,652		6,652		24,823	24,823
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Food service operations		306,148		88,070		360,989	75,464
Extracurricular activities		628,925		228,761		624,481	209,393
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,000		4,000		940	940
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		456,000		456,000		425,000	425,000
Interest and fiscal charges		691,579		691,579		1,387,789	 1,387,789
Total	\$	11,447,243	\$	8,391,369	\$	12,502,025	\$ 9,687,858

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon taxes and other general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent, as 73.31% of cash disbursements are supported through taxes and other general cash receipts.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities cash receipts for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$7,224,355, which is more than last year's total restated fund cash balance of \$5,164,281. The table below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

	Fund Cash Balance June 30, 2020	(Restated) Fund Cash Balance June 30, 2019	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change
General Nonmajor governmental	\$ 5,917,773 1,306,582	\$ 3,902,072 1,262,209	\$ 2,015,701 44,373	51.66 % 3.52 %
Total	\$ 7,224,355	\$ 5,164,281	\$ 2,060,074	39.89 %

General Fund

The District's general fund cash balance increased \$2,015,701.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the general fund for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

	-	2020 Amount	 2019 Amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>
Cash Receipts:				
Taxes	\$	6,173,707	\$ 4,521,978	36.53 %
Tuition		1,527,363	1,464,735	4.28 %
Earnings on investments		59,848	74,942	(20.14) %
Intergovernmental		3,611,324	3,720,487	(2.93) %
Other receipts		179,241	 226,193	(20.76) %
Total	<u>\$</u>	11,551,483	\$ 10,008,335	15.42 %

Overall cash receipts of the general fund increased \$1,543,148 or 15.42%. This increase was primarily due to the increase in taxes of \$1,651,729 or 36.53%. The increase in taxes was due to an increase in tangible personal property tax receipts from the rover pipeline project that has an assessed value of \$139,697,700. All other receipts during fiscal year 2020 remained comparable to 2019.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash disbursements of the general fund for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

		2020		2019	Percentage
	_	Amount		Amount	Change
Cash Disbursements:					
Instruction	\$	6,340,777	\$	6,295,060	0.73 %
Support services		2,697,129		2,792,368	(3.41) %
Extracurricular activities		294,242	_	289,937	1.48 %
Total	\$	9,332,148	\$	9,377,365	(0.48) %

Overall, there was a slight decrease in cash disbursements of \$45,217 or 0.48% All disbursements remained comparable to 2019.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources of \$11,700,000 were \$2,300,000 greater than the original budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources of \$9,400,000. Actual budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources of \$11,738,803 were \$38,803 greater than the final budget estimates.

The original and final budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses were \$11,097,127. The actual budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$9,755,275 were \$1,341,852 less than the final budget estimates.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as cash disbursements. The District had facilities acquisition and construction cash disbursements of \$4,000 during fiscal year 2020.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2020, the District had \$12,552,000 in bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$473,000 is due within one year and \$12,079,000 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2020	2019
General obligation bonds	<u>\$ 12,552,000</u>	\$ 13,008,000

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District continues to maintain a high standard of service to its students, parents, and the community.

The District has a stable financial outlook. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor the District's receipts and disbursements in accordance with its financial forecast.

The District has communicated to its community that it relies upon its support for the majority of its operations, and will continue to work diligently to plan disbursements, staying carefully within the District's five-year financial plan. The support of the community was measured in May of 2010 when the voters approved a 5.88 mill levy, and 0.5% income tax for new facilities with the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission. The District built a new 174,000 square foot K-12 building, which opened in the fall of 2014. The last operating levy was passed in 1989. An operating levy was replaced with an emergency levy in 2005. This replacement was for \$570,000 and continues to be renewed for five-year periods. Most recently, the emergency levy was renewed on November 6, 2018. This levy is important to the District's financial condition going forward and its commitment to serving its students.

During fiscal year 2015, the District experienced a significant increase in CAUV valuation, which resulted in a substantial increase in property tax receipts. This increase, along with the renewal of the emergency levy, has afforded the District some financial stability that will help offset funding concerns associated with the District's enrollment figures.

During fiscal year 2017, the District advance refunded \$8,890,000 of the Series 2010 bonds issued for school construction. The refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total future debt service payments by \$1,086,739 resulting in a net present value savings of \$718,317.

All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future. It is imperative that the Board of Education and administrative team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet students' needs over the next several years, operating within the means of the District's budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Jennifer Hedrick, Treasurer, Hopewell-Loudon Local School District, 181 North County Road #7, Bascom, Ohio 44809-0400.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	7,270,762
Cash with fiscal agent		551,916
Total assets		7,822,678
Net cash position:		
Restricted for:		
Classroom facilities maintenance		453,691
Debt service		323,676
Locally funded programs		11,675
State funded programs		44,812
Federally funded programs		555
Extracurricular activities		234,868
Scholarships		21,455
Food service operations		6,860
Unrestricted		6,725,086
Total net cash position	\$	7,822,678

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Program C	ash Receipts		(Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in et Cash Position
		Cash	C	harges for	Operating Grants		Governmental
Dis		sbursements	Services and Sales		and Contributions	Activities	
Governmental activities:		·		_			
Instruction:							
Regular	\$	5,016,688	\$	1,471,408	\$ 4,220	\$	(3,541,060)
Special		1,357,689		101,389	650,805		(605,495)
Vocational		2,012		-	4,469		2,457
Other		71		-	-		(71)
Support services:		501.000			105 500		(216 200)
Pupil		501,809		-	185,500		(316,309)
Instructional staff		194,847		-	-		(194,847)
Board of education		25,572 617,617		2,252	1,440		(25,572) (613,925)
Fiscal		425,639		2,232	720		(424,919)
Operations and maintenance		908,166		255	720		(907,911)
Pupil transportation		303,829		13,034	2,140		(288,655)
Central		6,652		-	-,1.0		(6,652)
Operation of non-instructional services:		,					() ,
Food service operations		306,148		130,594	87,484		(88,070)
Extracurricular activities		628,925		396,054	4,110		(228,761)
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		4,000		-	-		(4,000)
Principal retirement		456,000		-	-		(456,000)
Interest and fiscal charges		691,579					(691,579)
Totals	\$	11,447,243	\$	2,114,986	\$ 940,888		(8,391,369)
			Propert	al cash receipts: y taxes levied for:			
				1 1			5,637,587
	Debt service				717,113		
				536,120			
			-				3,641,388
			Investment earnings			72,892	
			Miscell	aneous			78,640
			Total g	eneral cash receip	ts		10,683,740
			Change in net cash position				2,292,371
			Net cas	h position at beg	inning of year (restated).	-	5,530,307
			Net cas	h position at end	l of year	\$	7,822,678

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,2020}$

	General		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,917,773	\$	1,306,582	\$	7,224,355
Fund cash balances:						
Restricted:						
Debt service	\$	-	\$	323,676	\$	323,676
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		453,691		453,691
Food service operations		-		6,860		6,860
Targeted academic assistance		-		555		555
Student wellness and success		-		43,012		43,012
Extracurricular activities		-		234,868		234,868
Other purposes		-		13,475		13,475
Scholarships		-		21,455		21,455
Committed:						
Termination benefits		213,851		-		213,851
Assigned:						
Student instruction		10,296		-		10,296
Student and staff support		109,436		-		109,436
Capital improvements		-		208,990		208,990
Other purposes		617		-		617
Unassigned		5,583,573		-		5,583,573
Total fund cash balances	\$	5,917,773	\$	1,306,582	\$	7,224,355

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS JUNE 30,2020

Total governmental fund cash balances	\$ 7,224,355
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the	
statement of net position - cash basis are different because:	
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs	
of insurance to individual funds. The assets of the internal service	
fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of	
net position - cash basis.	 598,323
Net position - cash basis of governmental activities	\$ 7,822,678

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash receipts:		 		
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 5,637,587	\$ 717,113	\$	6,354,700
Income taxes	536,120	-		536,120
Tuition	1,527,363	-		1,527,363
Earnings on investments	59,848	_		59,848
Charges for services	-	127,719		127,719
Extracurricular	42,857	361,413		404,270
Classroom materials and fees	55,379			55,379
Rental income	255	_		255
Contributions and donations	4,120	2,000		6,120
Other local receipts	76,630	2,780		79,410
Intergovernmental - state	3,611,324	102,819		3,714,143
Intergovernmental - federal	· · ·	861,243		861,243
Total cash receipts	 11,551,483	2,175,087		13,726,570
Cash disbursements:				
Current:				
Instruction:	5 126 000	12 255		5 140 252
Regular.	5,136,098	13,255		5,149,353
Special	1,202,596	188,622		1,391,218
Vocational	2,012	-		2,012
Other	71	-		71
Support services:	442.014	(0.000		511 014
Pupil	442,814	69,000		511,814
Instructional staff	179,014	19,284		198,298
Board of education	25,572	- 0.007		25,572
Administration	623,491	8,007		631,498
Fiscal	417,206	18,141		435,347
Operations and maintenance	706,745	208,760		915,505
Pupil transportation	295,635	13,002		308,637
Central	6,652	-		6,652
Operation of non-instructional services:		210.015		210.015
Food service operations	-	310,015		310,015
Extracurricular activities	294,242	334,683		628,925
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	-	4,000		4,000
Principal retirement	-	456,000		456,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_	691,579		691,579
Total cash disbursements	9,332,148	2,334,348		11,666,496
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over	 	 		
(under) cash disbursements	 2,219,335	 (159,261)		2,060,074
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	428,049		428,049
Transfers (out)	(428,049)	-		(428,049)
Advances in	224,415	-		224,415
Advances (out)	 	 (224,415)		(224,415)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (203,634)	 203,634		
Net change in fund cash balances	2,015,701	44,373		2,060,074
Fund cash balances at beginning of year (restated).	3,902,072	1,262,209		5,164,281
Fund cash balances at end of year	\$ 5,917,773	\$ 1,306,582	\$	7,224,355
·				

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in	fund balances -	cash basis - tota	l governmental funds

\$ 2,060,074

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities - cash basis are different because:

An internal service fund for self-insurance is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities - cash basis. Governmental fund cash disbursements and the related internal service fund cash receipts are eliminated. The net cash receipts (cash disbursements) of the internal service fund are allocated among the governmental activities.

232,297

Change in net cash position of governmental activities

\$ 2,292,371

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Bulgetary basis receipts Negative states		Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
Prom local sources Prom local sources Prom local sources Property taxes \$4,602,357 \$5,618,589 \$5,637,587 \$18,998 Income taxes 437,672 534,313 536,120 1,807 Tuition 1,246,893 1,522,216 1,527,363 5,147 Earnings on investments 48,858 59,646 59,848 202 Classroom materials and fees 42,757 52,198 52,374 176 Rental income 208 254 2255 1 Contributions and donations 8 10 10 0 10 10 10 10		Original	Final	Actual	
Property taxes	Budgetary basis receipts:				(* ** g *********************************
Income taxes.					
Income taxes.	Property taxes	\$ 4,602,357	\$ 5,618,589	\$ 5,637,587	\$ 18,998
Earnings on investments 48,858 59,646 59,848 202 Classroom materials and fees 42,757 52,198 52,374 176 Rental income 208 254 255 1 Contributions and donations 8 10 10 - Other local receipts 72,647 88,688 88,988 300 Intergovernmental - state 2,948,176 3,599,154 3,611,324 12,170 Total budgetary basis disbursements Total budgetary basis disbursements Total budgetary basis disbursements Total budgetary basis disbursements Current: Instruction: Total budgetary basis disbursements Total budgetary basis disbursements <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>536,120</td> <td>1,807</td>				536,120	1,807
Earnings on investments 48,858 59,646 59,848 202 Classroom materials and fees 42,757 52,198 52,374 176 Rental income 208 254 255 1 Contributions and donations 8 10 10 - Other local receipts 72,647 88,688 88,988 300 Intergovernmental - state 2,948,176 3,599,154 3,611,324 12,170 Total budgetary basis disbursements Total budgetary basis disbursements Total budgetary basis disbursements Total budgetary basis disbursements Current: Instruction: Total budgetary basis disbursements Total budgetary basis disbursements <td>Tuition</td> <td>1,246,893</td> <td>1,522,216</td> <td>1,527,363</td> <td>5,147</td>	Tuition	1,246,893	1,522,216	1,527,363	5,147
Classroom materials and fees 42,757 52,198 52,374 176 Rental income 208 254 255 1 Contributions and donations 8 10 10 - Other local receipts 72,647 88,688 88,988 300 Intergovernmental - state 2,948,176 3,599,154 3,611,324 12,170 Total budgetary basis receipts 9,399,576 11,475,068 11,513,869 38,801 Budgetary basis disbursements: Current: Instruction: 8 81,604 5,084,590 734,014 Special. 1,366,970 1,366,970 1,196,798 170,172 Vocational. 42,76 4,276 2,012 2,264 Other. 81 81 71 10 Support services: Regular 506,584 506,584 444,819 61,765 Instructional staff 208,381 208,381 179,014 29,367 Oberations and maintenance <td></td> <td>48,858</td> <td></td> <td>59,848</td> <td>202</td>		48,858		59,848	202
Contributions and donations 8 10 10	•	42,757	52,198	52,374	176
Other local receipts 72,647 88,688 88,988 300 Intergovernmental - state 2,948,176 3,599,154 3,611,324 12,170 Total budgetary basis receipts 9,399,576 11,475,068 11,513,869 38,801 Budgetary basis disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,818,604 5,818,604 5,084,590 734,014 Special 1,366,970 1,366,970 1,196,798 170,172 Vocational 4,276 4,276 2,012 2,264 Other 81 81 71 10 Support services: Pupil. 506,584 506,584 444,819 61,765 Instructional staff 208,381 208,381 179,014 29,367 Fiscal 60,378 60,378 50,976 7,402 Administration 722,741 722,741 630,344 92,397 Fiscal 518,383 518,383 451,369 67,014 Operations and maintenance. <td>Rental income</td> <td>208</td> <td>254</td> <td>255</td> <td>1</td>	Rental income	208	254	255	1
Intergovernmental - state 2,948,176 3,599,154 3,611,324 12,170 Total budgetary basis receipts. 9,399,576 11,475,068 11,513,869 38,801		8	10	10	=
Intergovernmental - state 2,948,176 3,599,154 3,611,324 12,170 Total budgetary basis receipts. 9,399,576 11,475,068 11,513,869 38,801	Other local receipts	72,647	88,688	88,988	300
Budgetary basis disbursements: Surrents Surrents		,			
Current: Instruction: Regular .	=				
Current: Instruction: Regular .			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	·
Instruction: Regular					
Regular 5,818,604 5,818,604 5,084,590 734,014 Special 1,366,970 1,366,970 1,196,798 170,172 Vocational 4,276 4,276 2,012 2,264 Other 81 81 71 10 Support services: Pupil. 506,584 506,584 444,819 61,765 Instructional staff 208,381 208,381 179,014 29,367 Board of education 60,378 60,378 52,976 7,402 Administration 722,741 722,741 630,344 92,397 Fiscal 518,383 518,383 451,369 67,014 Operations and maintenance 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Operations and maintenance 337,000 337,000 295,685 41,315 Central 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements 10,639,078					
Special. 1,366,970 1,366,970 1,196,798 170,172 Vocational. 4,276 4,276 2,012 2,264 Other. 81 81 71 10 Support services: Pupil. 506,584 506,584 444,819 61,765 Instructional staff 208,381 208,381 179,014 29,367 Board of education 60,378 60,378 52,976 7,402 Administration. 722,741 722,741 630,344 92,397 Fiscal 518,383 518,383 451,369 67,014 Operations and maintenance. 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Operations and maintenance. 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Operations and maintenance. 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Operations and recipits over 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities. 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis		5 010 (04	5 010 604	5 004 500	724.014
Vocational. 4,276 4,276 2,012 2,264 Other. 81 81 71 10 Support services: Pupil. 506,584 506,584 444,819 61,765 Instructional staff 208,381 208,381 179,014 29,367 Board of education 60,378 60,378 52,976 7,402 Administration. 722,741 722,741 630,344 92,397 Fiscal 518,383 518,383 451,369 67,014 Operations and maintenance. 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Pupil transportation 337,000 337,000 295,685 41,315 Central. 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities. 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements. 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements. (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Other. 81 81 71 10 Support services: Pupil. 506,584 506,584 444,819 61,765 Instructional staff 208,381 208,381 179,014 29,367 Board of education 60,378 60,378 52,976 7,402 Administration. 722,741 722,741 630,344 92,397 Fiscal 518,383 518,383 451,369 67,014 Operations and maintenance. 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Pupil transportation 337,000 337,000 295,685 41,315 Central. 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities. 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements. 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements. (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 Other financing sources (uses): <					
Support services: Pupil.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Pupil. 506,584 506,584 444,819 61,765 Instructional staff 208,381 208,381 179,014 29,367 Board of education 60,378 60,378 52,976 7,402 Administration. 722,741 722,741 630,344 92,397 Fiscal 518,383 518,383 451,369 67,014 Operations and maintenance. 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Pupil transportation 337,000 337,000 295,685 41,315 Central. 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities. 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements. 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures 424 517 519 2 Transfers (out). <		81	81	/1	10
Instructional staff 208,381 208,381 179,014 29,367 Board of education 60,378 60,378 52,976 7,402 Administration 722,741 722,741 630,344 92,397 Fiscal 518,383 518,383 451,369 67,014 Operations and maintenance 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Pupil transportation 337,000 337,000 295,685 41,315 Central 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures 424 517 519 2 Transfers (out). (458,049) (458,049) (458,049) 468,049 468,049 468,049	••	506 504	506 504	444.010	(1.7(5
Board of education 60,378 60,378 52,976 7,402 Administration. 722,741 722,741 630,344 92,397 Fiscal 518,383 518,383 451,369 67,014 Operations and maintenance. 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Pupil transportation 337,000 337,000 295,685 41,315 Central. 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities. 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements. 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements. (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures. 424 517 519 2 Transfers (out). (458,049) (458,049) (458,049) - Advances in. - 224,415 224,415 - Total other financing uses			*		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Administration. 722,741 722,741 630,344 92,397 Fiscal 518,383 518,383 451,369 67,014 Operations and maintenance. 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Pupil transportation. 337,000 337,000 295,685 41,315 Central. 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities. 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements. 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements. (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures. 424 517 519 2 Transfers (out). (458,049) (458,049) (458,049) - Advances in. - 224,415 2 Total other financing uses (457,625) (233,117) (233,115) 2 Net change in fund cash balance (1,697,127)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Fiscal 518,383 518,383 451,369 67,014 Operations and maintenance 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Pupil transportation 337,000 337,000 295,685 41,315 Central 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures 424 517 519 2 Transfers (out) (458,049) (458,049) (458,049) - - Advances in - 224,415 224,415 - Total other financing uses (457,625) (233,117) (233,115) 2 Net change in fund cash balance (1,697,127) 602,873 1,983,528 1,380,655 Unencumbered fund					
Operations and maintenance. 800,522 800,522 702,382 98,140 Pupil transportation 337,000 337,000 295,685 41,315 Central. 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities. 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements. 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements. (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures 424 517 519 2 Transfers (out). (458,049) (458,049) (458,049) - - Advances in. - 224,415 224,415 - Total other financing uses (457,625) (233,117) (233,115) 2 Net change in fund cash balance (1,697,127) 602,873 1,983,528 1,380,655 Unencumbered fund balance at beginning of year. 3,499,236 3,499,236 3,499,236 -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Pupil transportation 337,000 337,000 295,685 41,315 Central. 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures 424 517 519 2 Transfers (out) (458,049) (458,049) (458,049) - Advances in - 224,415 224,415 - Total other financing uses (457,625) (233,117) (233,115) 2 Net change in fund cash balance (1,697,127) 602,873 1,983,528 1,380,655 Unencumbered fund balance at beginning of year 3,499,236 3,499,236 3,499,236 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 97,127 97,127 97,127					
Central. 15,681 15,681 11,952 3,729 Extracurricular activities. 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements. 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements. (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures. 424 517 519 2 Transfers (out). (458,049) (458,049) (458,049) - Advances in. - 224,415 224,415 - Total other financing uses (457,625) (233,117) (233,115) 2 Net change in fund cash balance (1,697,127) 602,873 1,983,528 1,380,655 Unencumbered fund balance at beginning of year. 3,499,236 3,499,236 3,499,236 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 97,127 97,127 97,127 -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Extracurricular activities. 279,477 279,477 245,214 34,263 Total budgetary basis disbursements. 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements. (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 Other financing sources (uses): 2 517 519 2 Refund of prior year's expenditures. 424 517 519 2 Transfers (out). (458,049) (458,049) (458,049) - Advances in. - 224,415 224,415 - Total other financing uses (457,625) (233,117) (233,115) 2 Net change in fund cash balance (1,697,127) 602,873 1,983,528 1,380,655 Unencumbered fund balance at beginning of year. 3,499,236 3,499,236 3,499,236 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 97,127 97,127 97,127 -					
Total budgetary basis disbursements. 10,639,078 10,639,078 9,297,226 1,341,852 Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements. (1,239,502) 835,990 2,216,643 1,380,653 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures. 424 517 519 2 Transfers (out). (458,049) (458,049) (458,049) - Advances in. - 224,415 224,415 - Total other financing uses (457,625) (233,117) (233,115) 2 Net change in fund cash balance (1,697,127) 602,873 1,983,528 1,380,655 Unencumbered fund balance at beginning of year. 3,499,236 3,499,236 3,499,236 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 97,127 97,127 97,127 -					
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements					
(under) cash disbursements	Total budgetary basis disbursements	10,639,078	10,639,078	9,297,226	1,341,852
(under) cash disbursements	Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over				
Refund of prior year's expenditures		(1,239,502)	835,990	2,216,643	1,380,653
Refund of prior year's expenditures					
Transfers (out). (458,049) (458,049) (458,049) - Advances in. - 224,415 224,415 - Total other financing uses (457,625) (233,117) (233,115) 2 Net change in fund cash balance (1,697,127) 602,873 1,983,528 1,380,655 Unencumbered fund balance at beginning of year. 3,499,236 3,499,236 3,499,236 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 97,127 97,127 97,127 -	9 \ /	40.4	515	510	2
Advances in. 224,415 224,415 - Total other financing uses (457,625) (233,117) (233,115) 2 Net change in fund cash balance (1,697,127) 602,873 1,983,528 1,380,655 Unencumbered fund balance at beginning of year. 3,499,236 3,499,236 3,499,236 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 97,127 97,127 97,127 -					2
Total other financing uses (457,625) (233,117) (233,115) 2 Net change in fund cash balance		(458,049)			=
Net change in fund cash balance					
Unencumbered fund balance at beginning of year. 3,499,236 3,499,236 3,499,236 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 97,127 97,127 97,127 -	Total other financing uses	(457,625)	(233,117)	(233,115)	2
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 97,127 97,127 97,127 -	Net change in fund cash balance	(1,697,127)	602,873	1,983,528	1,380,655
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 97,127 97,127 97,127 -	Unencumbered fund balance at beginning of year.	3,499,236	3,499,236	3,499,236	-
					-
					\$ 1,380,655

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2020

	Ac I	ernmental ctivities - nternal vice Fund
Assets:	<u></u>	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	46,407
Cash with fiscal agent		551,916
Total assets		598,323
Net cash position:		
Unrestricted		598,323
Total net cash position	\$	598,323

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating cash receipts:		
Charges for services	\$	1,308,177
Operating cash disbursements:		
Purchased services		64,730
Claims		1,024,194
Total operating cash disbursements		1,088,924
Operating income		219,253
Nonoperating cash receipts:		
Earnings on investments		13,044
Change in net cash position		232,297
Net cash position at beginning of year		366,026
Net cash position at end of year	\$	598,323

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,2020}$

	C	ustodial
Assets: Equity in pooled cash		
and cash equivalents	\$	45,108
Net position:		
Held for individuals		45,108
Total net position	\$	45,108

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Custodial	
Additions:		
Contributions and donations	\$ 6,70	0
Extracurricular collections for OHSAA	3,93	4
Extracurricular collections for other governments	2,41	9
Amounts collected for individuals	8,46	2
Total additions	21,51	5
Deductions:		
Extracurricular distributions to OHSAA	3,93	4
Extracurricular distributions to other governments	2,41	9
Scholarships awarded	2,00	0
Total deductions	8,35	3
Change in net position	13,16	2
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	31,94	6
Net position at end of year	\$ 45,10	8

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - THE REPORTING ENTITY

The Hopewell-Loudon Local School District (the "District"), Seneca County, is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education and is responsible for providing public education to the residents of the District.

The District operates one instructional facility and provides educational services to students from grades K-12. The District is staffed by 34 non-certified employees, 54 certified employees, and 5 administrators who provide services to 840 students.

The District's management believes these basic financial statements present all activities for which the District is accountable.

A. Primary Government

The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units.

C. Other Organizations

The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA)

The District is a participant in NOECA, which is a computer consortium. NOECA is an association of forty-one public school districts formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The NOECA Board of Directors consists of two representatives from each county in which participating school districts are located, the chairman of each of the operating committees, and a representative from the fiscal agent. Financial information can be obtained from Matt Bauer, who serves as Controller, at 1210 East Bogart Road, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - THE REPORTING ENTITY - (Continued)

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a group rating program for workers' compensation as established in Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) was established as an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP is governed by a three-member Board of Directors. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as the coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.A, these financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In cases where these cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in this financial statement.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and government-wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statements is due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported in the budgetary statements.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraphs.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund cash balance is available for any purpose provided it is disbursed or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to disbursements for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (b) specific receipt sources that are restricted or committed to a disbursement for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical, dental, life, and vision benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net cash position and changes in net cash position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for cash assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's custodial funds account for funds collected and distributed on behalf of the OHSAA, funds collected and distributed on behalf of other school districts, funds held for individuals within the District, and contributions and donations collected and distributed for scholarships. The District has no administrative involvement in determining the recipient of the scholarships. The District does not have pension trust funds, private-purpose trust funds or investment trust funds.

C. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. These disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on the cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the District.

All assets and net cash position associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in cash receipts are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restrictions that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriations amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2020, investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. In accordance with the cash basis of accounting, all District investments are reported at cost, except for STAR Ohio.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the fund from which the investment was made. Interest receipts credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$59,848, which includes \$14,954 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 5.

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports cash disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as cash disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. Depreciation has not been reported for any capital assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation leave and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation leave and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The District recognizes the cash disbursements for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 11 and 12, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postemployment healthcare.

K. Long-Term Obligations

Bonds, loans, capital leases, and other long-term obligations are not recognized as liabilities in the financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. These statements report proceeds of debt when cash is received, and debt service disbursements for principal and interest payments, bond issuance costs, and payments to refunded bond escrow agent.

L. Fund Cash Balance

Fund cash balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund cash balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund cash balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund cash balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund cash balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund cash balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund cash balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund cash balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund cash balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund cash balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund cash balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund cash balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Cash Position

Net cash position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net cash position is available.

N. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, the District reports advances in and advances out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying fund financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. Advances are eliminated in the statement of activities.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating receipts/disbursements in the proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of activities.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District did not have any extraordinary or special items during fiscal year 2020.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles/Restatement of Fund Balances/Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2020, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" and GASB Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District will no longer be reporting agency funds. The District reviewed its private purpose trust and agency funds, and certain funds will be reported in the new fiduciary classification of custodial funds, while other funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the District's financial statements

GASB Statement No. 90 improves consistency in the measurement and comparability of the financial statement presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations. This Statement also provides guidance for reporting a component unit if a government acquires a 100 percent equity interest in that component unit. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

A fund cash balance restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 84. The June 30, 2019, fund cash balances have been restated as follows:

		Other	Total
		Governmental	Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
Fund cash balance			
previously reported	\$ 3,902,072	\$ 1,148,724	\$ 5,050,796
GASB Statement No. 84		113,485	113,485
Restated fund cash balance			
at June 30, 2019	\$ 3,902,072	\$ 1,262,209	\$ 5,164,281

A net cash position restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 84. The governmental activities at June 30, 2019 have been restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
Net cash position		
as previously reported	\$	5,416,822
GASB Statement No. 84		113,485
Restated net cash position		
at June 30, 2019	\$	5,530,307

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the new classification of custodial funds is reporting a beginning net cash position of \$31,946. Also related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the District will no longer be reporting private purpose trust funds or agency funds. At June 30, 2019, private purpose trust and agency funds reported assets and net cash position of \$42,207 and \$103,224, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03(B), requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The statement of cash receipts, disbursements and change in fund balance - budget and actual - budget basis presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget) rather than a reservation of fund cash balance (cash).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the cash basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Cash Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 1,983,528
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(49,275)
Adjustment for encumbrances	81,448
Cash basis	\$ 2,015,701

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate fund classifications are considered part of the general fund on a cash basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, the public school fund, and the termination benefits fund.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, or legal governments;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio), the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio;
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Cash with Fiscal Agent

The District is self-insured through a fiscal agent. The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The amount held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2020 was \$551,916.

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of all School District deposits was \$3,846,729. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2020, \$3,479,321 of the School District's bank balance of \$3,966,023 was collateralized by pledged collateral held by a financial institution in the District's name as discussed below, while \$486,702 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a reduced rate set by the Treasurer of State. For fiscal year 2020, the School District's financial institutions had a collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Maturity
	Carrying	6 months
Investment type	Value	or less
STAR Ohio	\$ 3,469,141	\$ 3,469,141

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.00 years.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises when potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not address credit risk beyond the requirements of State statutes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2020:

	Carrying	
Investment type	<u>Value</u>	% of Total
• •		
STAR Ohio	\$ 3,469,141	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note disclosure above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020:

Cash and investments per note disclosure		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	3,846,729
Cash with fiscal agent		551,916
Investments	_	3,469,141
Total	\$	7,867,786
Cash and investments per statement of net position		
Governmental activities	\$	7,822,678
Custodial funds	_	45,108
Total	\$	7,867,786

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Advances in and advances out during fiscal year 2020 consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Advances In	Advances Out	A	Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	224,415

The primary purpose of the advances is to cover costs in specific funds where cash receipts were not received by June 30. Advances are repaid once the anticipated cash receipts are received.

Advances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no advances are reported in the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

B. Interfund transfers during fiscal year 2020 consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from the general fund to:</u>	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 428,049

Transfers are used to (1) move cash receipts from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them, and (2) to use unrestricted cash receipts collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported in the statement of activities.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax receipts received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax receipts received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien on December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Seneca County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Second Half Collections	2020 First Half Collections
	<u>Amount</u> <u>Percent</u>	Amount Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 122,272,230 77.66 35,176,300 22.34	\$ 124,123,260 44.85 <u>152,627,710</u> 55.15
Total	<u>\$ 157,448,530 100.00</u>	\$ 276,750,970 100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$42.53	\$41.42

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of one half of one percent (0.50%) for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are credited to the general fund. Total income tax cash receipts for fiscal year 2020 equaled \$536,120.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2020, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance Outstanding				Balance Outstanding		Amounts Due in			
		06/30/19	Add	litions	R	eductions		06/30/20	0	ne Year
Governmental Activities:										
Series 2010 OSFC Bonds	\$	630,000	\$	-	\$	(85,000)	\$	545,000	\$	90,000
Series 2010 Qualified School										
Construction Bonds		3,858,000		-		(371,000)		3,487,000		383,000
Series 2016 Refunding										
OSFC Bonds		4,085,000		-		-		4,085,000		-
Series 2016 Refunding										
Qualified School										
Construction Bonds		4,435,000						4,435,000		
Total Long-Term Obligations,										
Governmental Activities	\$	13,008,000	\$		\$	(456,000)	\$	12,552,000	\$	473,000

Series 2010 Ohio School Facilities Construction Bonds - Tax Exempt and Build America Bonds (TEB and BAB): On September 14, 2010, the District issued \$1,005,000 in Series 2010A Tax Exempt Bonds and \$4,355,000 in Series 2010B Build America Bonds for the purpose of constructing new classroom facilities. Semi-annual interest payments are due at an average interest rate of 5.53% per annum, and varying principal payments are due annually on November 1, with a final maturity date of November 1, 2039. The federal government will subsidize 35% of the debt service of the Build America Bonds. No assets were pledged to secure these bonds. During fiscal year 2020, the District made a principal payment of \$85,000.

<u>Series 2010 Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB)</u>: On August 26, 2010, the District issued \$6,300,000 of School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2010A, and on September 14, 2010, issued \$4,675,000 of School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2010B and 2010C. Both issuances were for the purpose of constructing new classroom facilities. Quarterly interest payments are due at an average interest rate of 5.62% per annum through November 1, 2027, at which time they become semi-annual, and varying principal payments are due annually with a final maturity date of November 1, 2047. The federal government will subsidize approximately 32% of the debt service of these bonds. No assets were pledged to secure these bonds. During fiscal year 2020, the District made a principal payment of \$371,000.

<u>Series 2016 Refunding Ohio School Facilities Construction Bonds – Build America Bonds (BAB)</u>: On October 12, 2016, the District issued \$4,085,000 in Series 2016 BAB Refunding Bonds for the refunding of the Series 2010B Build America Bonds. The refunding bonds were issued at a premium of \$457,282.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ending

The District incurred \$156,342 in issuance costs and made a payment to the refunded bond escrow agent in the amount of \$4,385,940. The Series 2010B Build America Bonds are considered in-substance defeased as a result of the refunding. The refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total future debt service payments by \$478,647 resulting in a net present value savings of \$334,851. These Series 2016 BAB Refunding Bonds have a final maturity of November 1, 2039 and bears an interest rate of 4.00%. Interest payments on the 2016 BAB Refunding Bonds are due May 1 and November 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as cash disbursements of the bond retirement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

Series 2016 Refunding Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB): On October 12, 2016, the District issued \$4,435,000 in Series 2016 QSCB Refunding Bonds for the refunding of the Series 2010B and 2010C School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds. The refunding bonds were issued at a premium of \$241,603. The District incurred \$109,649 in issuance costs and made a payment to the refunded bond escrow agent in the amount of \$4,566,954. The Series 2010B and 2010C School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds are considered in-substance defeased as a result of the refunding. The refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total future debt service payments by \$599,092 resulting in a net present value savings of \$383,466. The Series 2016 QSCB Refunding Bonds have a final maturity of November 1, 2047 and bear interest rates ranging between 3.250 - 4.00%. Interest payments on the Series 2016 QSCB Refunding Bonds are due May 1 and November 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as cash disbursements of the bond retirement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term obligations at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Series 2010 QSCB

Series 2010 OSFC Bonds

June 30,	P	rincipal	_]	nterest		Total]	Principal	_	Interest		Total
2021	\$	90,000	\$	19,655	\$	109,655	\$	383,000	\$	182,847	\$	565,847
2022		95,000		16,730		111,730		395,000		161,923		556,923
2023		110,000		13,500		123,500		400,000		140,344		540,344
2024		120,000		9,375		129,375		405,000		118,493		523,493
2025		130,000		4,875		134,875		430,000		96,367		526,367
2026 - 2030		-		-		-		1,474,000		936,682		2,410,682
Total	\$	545,000	\$	64,135	\$	609,135	\$	3,487,000	\$	1,636,656	\$	5,123,656
Fiscal Year Ending		Series 2	0161	Refunding O	SFC I	Bonds		Serie	s 20	16 Refunding	QSO	СВ
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>I</u>	Principal		Interest	_	Total	_	Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	_	\$	163,400	\$	163,400	\$	_	\$	163,038	\$	163,038
2022		-		163,400		163,400		-		163,038		163,038
2023		-		163,400		163,400		-		163,038		163,038
2024		-		163,400		163,400		-		163,038		163,038
2025		-		163,400		163,400		-		163,038		163,038
2026 - 2030		815,000		740,900		1,555,900		-		815,189		815,189
2031 - 2035		1,275,000		537,700		1,812,700		835,000		735,485		1,570,485
2036 - 2040		1,995,000		209,500		2,204,500		1,130,000		540,585		1,670,585
2041 - 2045		-		-		-		1,460,000		290,017		1,750,017
2046 - 2048		_	_	_				1,010,000		50,051	_	1,060,051
Total	\$	4,085,000	\$	2,305,100	\$	6,390,100	\$	4,435,000	\$	3,246,517	\$	7,681,517

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The Code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The Code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation use in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

The Ohio Revised Code further provides that when a Board of Education declares a resolution that the student population is not adequately served by existing facilities, and that insufficient capacity exists within the 9% limit to finance additional facilities, the State Department of Education may declare that district a "special needs" district. This permits the incurrence of additional debt based upon projected five-year growth of the school district's assessed valuation. The District was determined to be a "special needs" district by the State Superintendent.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Commercial Insurance

The District has obtained commercial insurance for comprehensive property and general liability, vehicles, and errors and omissions.

B. Self-Insurance

The District is self-insured for dental and vision benefits to employees. The District established a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance the dental and vision benefits program. Under the program, the self-insurance fund provides coverage up to a maximum of \$1,000 per individual, per year for dental insurance, and various limits of coverage per individual, per year for vision insurance based on the services provided. The District reimburses the individuals for dental and vision services received up to their maximum limits.

A comparison of self-insurance fund cash and investments to the actuary-measured liability as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	_	2020	2019			
Cash and investments	\$	46,407	\$	49,834		
Actuarial liabilities		n/a		n/a		

C. Health and Life Insurance Programs

The District is a member of the Jefferson Health Plan (formerly known as the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency Health Benefit Plan) for its self-insured health and life insurance programs. The Jefferson Health Plan provides jointly administrated benefit programs for schools. The Jefferson Health Plan has designated Self-Funded Plans, Inc. of Cleveland as their claims administrator. Interfund rates are charged based on claims approved by the claims administrator.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

A comparison of self-insurance fund cash and investments to the actuary-measured liability as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	2020	2019			
Cash and investments	\$ 551,916	\$	316,192		
Actuarial liabilities	n/a		n/a		

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017			
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit			
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit			

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$137,413 for fiscal year 2020.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$596,051 for fiscal year 2020.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	0	0.03165160%	0	.03419753%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	0	0.03265200%	0	.03447070%	
Change in proportionate share	0	0.00100040%	0	.00027317%	
Proportionate share of the net	_		_		
pension liability	\$	1,953,626	\$	7,622,988	\$ 9,576,614

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage inflation

Future salary increases, including inflation

COLA or ad hoc COLA

Investment rate of return

Actuarial cost method

3.00%

3.50% to 18.20%

2.50%

7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation

Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2019, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

		Current						
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	6 Increase		
District's proportionate share				_		_		
of the net pension liability	\$	2,737,729	\$	1,953,626	\$	1,296,058		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2019
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%

For the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

		Current				
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share				_		
of the net pension liability	\$	11,140,148	\$	7,622,988	\$	4,645,532

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability/asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the District's surcharge obligation was \$20,676.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$20,676 for fiscal year 2020.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.	03206350%	0	.03419753%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.	03350950%	0	.03447070%	
Change in proportionate share	0.	00144600%	0	.00027317%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	842,693	\$	-	\$ 842,693
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	=	\$	(570,917)	\$ (570,917)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.13%
Prior measurement date	3.62%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	3.22%
Prior measurement date	3.70%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13%, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.62% was used as of June 30, 2018. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

			•	Current		
	1%	6 Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,022,870	\$	842,693	\$	699,432
	1%	6 Decrease		Current rend Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	675,168	\$	842,693	\$	1,064,959

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2018, are presented below:

	July 1, 2019		July 1	, 2018	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20	0 to	12.50% at age 20) to	
	2.50% at age 65	;	2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discounted rate of return	7.45%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.87%	4.00%	6.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	4.93%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	7.73%	4.00%	8.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	9.62%	4.00%	-5.23%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	487,164	\$	570,917	\$	641,334
	1%	Decrease		Current end Rate	1%	Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	647,394	\$	570,917	\$	477,252

^{**10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is not party to any legal proceedings that would have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

C. Foundation Funding

The District's Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2020 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time.

D. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. The impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

NOTE 14 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund cash receipt amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Disbursements and other applicable offsets exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

	_	Capital rovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2019	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		148,321
Current year qualifying disbursements		(36,122)
Prior year offset from debt proceeds		(112,199)
Total	\$	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2021	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$	_

During fiscal year 2011, the District issued a total of \$16,335,000 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from debt proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvements set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of debt proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$15,257,981 at June 30, 2020.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund cash balance. At fiscal year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Encu	<u>ımbrances</u>
General fund	\$	82,159
Nonmajor governmental funds		22,958
Total	\$	105,117



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Hopewell-Loudon Local School District Seneca County 181 North County Road 7, PO Box 400 Bascom, Ohio 44809-0400

Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hopewell-Loudon Local School District, Seneca County, (the School District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 13, 2022, wherein we noted the Government uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Government's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2021-002 to be a material weakness.

Hopewell-Loudon Local School District Seneca County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2021-001.

School District's Response to Findings

The School District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not subject the Government's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Government's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group Inc. Piketon, Ohio July 13, 2022

Schedule of Findings June 30, 2021 and 2020

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2021-001

Material Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38.

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The School District prepares its financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting in a report format similar to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. This presentation differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). There would be variances on the financial statements between this accounting practice and GAAP that, while presumably material, cannot be reasonably determined at this time. The School District can be fined, and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School District.

The School District should take the necessary steps to ensure that the financial report is prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response: The decision to prepare cash basis financial statements is a decision the Board of Education believes to be in the best interest of the School District. The Board evaluated the cost-benefit relationship of preparing GAAP statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 and made the decision that the significant dollars saved, outweighed the benefit received.

FINDING NUMBER 2021-002

Material Weakness - Financial Statement Misstatements

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

Due to improper posting and reporting procedures, the financial statements contained the following error, which was material and resulted in adjustments to the accompanying financial statements.

• The District failed to post intergovernmental receipts and interest disbursements for interest forgiven in the amount of \$148,207 in the Debt Service Fund during fiscal year 2020. An adjustment was posted to increase intergovernmental receipts and interest disbursements by \$148,207.

Hopewell-Loudon Local School District Seneca County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2021-002 (Continued)

Failure to properly post financial activity to the accounting system could result in inaccurate financial statements. Policies and procedures should be developed and implemented to verify that all receipts and disbursements are posted in correct accounts.

Officials' Response: We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2021 and 2020

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2019-001	Material Non-Compliance: OAC 117-2-03(B) the District is required to file its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP.	No	Not Corrected. Reissued as finding 2021-001
2019-002	Material Weakness – Financial Statement Misstatements	No	Not Corrected. Reissued as finding 2021-002





HOPEWELL LOUDON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SENECA COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/22/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370