



WEATHERSFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY JUNE 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County 1334 Seaborn St. Mineral Ridge, Ohio 44440-9535

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Weathersfield Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 18, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 18, 2022

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The management's discussion and analysis of the Weathersfield Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities decreased \$275,931 which represents a 2.04% decrease from June 30, 2020's net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$8,981,948 in revenue or 66.43% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,538,212 or 33.57% of total revenues of \$13,520,160.
- The District had \$13,796,091 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$4,538,212 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$8,981,948 were inadequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$11,256,010 in revenues and other financing sources and \$11,020,515 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2021, the general fund's fund balance increased \$235,495 from a balance of \$4,680,453 to a fund balance of \$4,915,948.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net position* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2021?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net position liability and net OPEB liability/asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The following tables provides a summary of the District's net position for June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

	Net Position				
	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020			
Assets	(11 201 202	• 11 00 (555			
Current and other assets	\$ 11,291,292	\$ 11,206,575			
Net OPEB asset	661,607 26 421 027	636,269			
Capital assets, net	26,431,037	26,613,060			
Total assets	38,383,936	38,455,904			
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	4,543	15,449			
Pension	2,227,658	2,277,433			
OPEB	429,353	373,780			
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,661,554	2,666,662			
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Long-term liabilities:	1,231,531	1,070,314			
Due in one year Due within more than one year:	305,409	489,186			
Net pension liability	11,858,465	11,085,906			
Net OPEB liability	938,504	1,114,927			
Other amounts	8,326,959	8,336,786			
Total liabilities	22,660,868	22,097,119			
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	3,451,419	3,749,209			
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	20,367	-			
Pension	315,116	611,633			
OPEB	1,319,217	1,110,171			
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,106,119	5,471,013			
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	18,433,936	18,438,274			
Restricted	1,170,014	1,213,332			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(6,325,447)	(6,097,172)			
Total net position	<u>\$ 13,278,503</u>	\$ 13,554,434			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or net OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefits. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

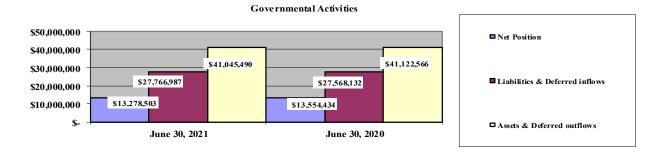
Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2021, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$13,278,503.

At year-end, capital assets represented 68.86% of total assets. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2021, was \$18,433,936. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Total assets include a net OPEB asset reported by STRS. See Note 14 for more detail.

A portion of the District's net position, \$1,170,014, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, and net position for fiscal year 2021 and 2020.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2021	Governmental Activities 2020
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 2,359,719	\$ 2,443,067
Operating grants and contributions	2,123,357	1,590,573
Capital grants and contributions	55,136	16,506
General revenues:		
Property taxes	3,916,743	3,908,974
Grants and entitlements	4,949,153	5,079,181
Investment earnings	27,494	96,166
Other	88,558	101,445
Total revenues	13,520,160	13,235,912
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 5,387,735	\$ 5,095,781
Special	1,429,972	1,126,713
Vocational	-	3,861
Other	690,505	748,489
Support services:		
Pupil	1,045,234	705,300
Instructional staff	116,091	180,637
Board of education	20,027	24,590
Administration	979,968	1,235,573
Fiscal	399,357	369,078
Business	16,480	18,774
Operations and maintenance	1,702,945	1,776,273
Pupil transportation	552,478	618,016
Central	14,389	5,696
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	417,487	426,315
Other non-instructional services	101,113	84,856
Extracurricular activities	645,851	606,428
Interest and fiscal charges	276,459	259,685
Total expenses	13,796,091	13,286,065
Change in net position	(275,931)	(50,153)
Net position at beginning of year	13,554,434	13,604,587
Net position at end of year	\$ 13,278,503	\$ 13,554,434

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Governmental Activities

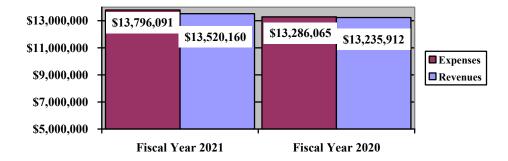
Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$275,931. Total governmental expenses of \$13,796,091 were offset by program revenues of \$4,538,212 and general revenues of \$8,981,948. Program revenues supported 32.89% of the total governmental expenses.

Overall, expenses of the governmental activities increased \$510,026 or 3.84%. This increase is due to COVID-19 related spending. Most of these expenses were offset by operating grants and contributions from the federal government.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 65.58% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$7,508,212 or 54.42% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2021.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.



Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

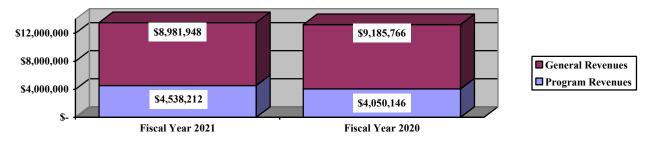
Governmental Activities

	T	otal Cost of Services 2021	N	Net Cost of Services 2021	T	otal Cost of Services 2020	N	Vet Cost of Services 2020
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,387,735	\$	3,243,569	\$	5,095,781	\$	2,966,041
Special		1,429,972		449,262		1,126,713		212,281
Vocational		-		-		3,861		3,861
Other		690,505		690,505		748,489		748,489
Support services:								
Pupil		1,045,234		465,887		705,300		436,821
Instructional staff		116,091		89,337		180,637		156,315
Board of education		20,027		20,027		24,590		24,590
Administration		979,968		925,998		1,235,573		1,124,446
Fiscal		399,357		374,933		369,078		352,999
Business		16,480		16,480		18,774		18,774
Operations and maintenance		1,702,945		1,680,377		1,776,273		1,760,019
Pupil transportation		552,478		487,216		618,016		541,960
Central		14,389		10,843		5,696		5,453
Operations of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		417,487		(88,887)		426,315		99,235
Other non-instructional services		101,113		98,440		84,856		84,856
Extracurricular activities		645,851		517,433		606,428		440,094
Interest and fiscal charges		276,459	_	276,459		259,685		259,685
Total expenses	\$	13,796,091	\$	9,257,879	\$	13,286,065	\$	9,235,919

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent as 58.38% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 67.11%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio are the primary support for the District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,106,476, which is greater than last year's balance of \$5,873,204. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2021	Fund Balance June 30, 2020	Change	Percentage Change
General Other Governmental	\$ 4,915,948 1,190,528	\$ 4,680,453 1,192,751	\$ 235,495 (2,223)	5.03 % (0.19) %
Total	\$ 6,106,476	\$ 5,873,204	\$ 233,272	3.97 %
General Fund				

The District's general fund balance increased \$235,495.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	_	2021 Amount	_	2020 Amount	_	Change	Percentage Change	
<u>Revenues</u>								
Property taxes	\$	3,364,204	\$	3,238,434	\$	125,770	3.88 %	,
Tuition and fees		2,286,501		2,211,989		74,512	3.37 %	,
Earnings on investments		28,385		97,771		(69,386)	(70.97) %	,
Intergovernmental		5,488,362		5,627,173		(138,811)	(2.47) %	,
Other revenues		88,558		128,583		(40,025)	(31.13) %	I
Total	\$	11,256,010	\$	11,303,950	\$	(47,940)	(0.42) %	1
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Instruction	\$	6,595,651	\$	5,980,250	\$	615,401	10.29 %	,
Support services		3,595,589		3,678,594		(83,005)	(2.26) %	,
Other non-instructional services		82,512		84,892		(2,380)	(2.80) %	,
Extracurricular activities		393,824		357,855		35,969	10.05 %	,
Facilities acquisition and construction		304,801		114,758		190,043	165.60 %	,
Debt service		28,138		25,894		2,244	8.67 %	1
Total	\$	11,000,515	\$	10,242,243	\$	758,272	7.40 %	I

Overall revenue in the general fund decreased \$47,940 or 0.42%. Property taxes increased \$125,770 or 3.88% primarily due to an increase in the District's assessed valuation. Overall expenditures of the general fund increased \$758,272 or 7.40%. This increase is primarily due to an increase in salaries and benefits costs. All other expenditures and revenues remained comparable to fiscal year 2020.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2021, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$11,866,564. Final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$10,922,636. Actual budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$10,923,399, an increase of \$763 from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) and final budget appropriations were \$12,000,000. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2021 were \$10,769,964, a decrease of \$1,230,036 from final appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the District had \$26,431,037 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows June 30, 2021 balances compared to June 30, 2020:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governn	nental Activities
	2021	2020
Land	\$ 60,088	\$ 60,088
Construction in progress	713,481	-
Land improvements	1,260,727	1,389,775
Building and improvements	23,304,306	23,925,317
Furniture and equipment	862,501	928,955
Vehicles	229,934	308,925
Total	\$ 26,431,037	\$ 26,613,060

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$182,023 is primarily due to depreciation expense of \$961,365 exceeding capital outlays of \$779,342.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2021, the District had \$83,283 in capital leases, \$145,000 in 2013 series refunding bonds and \$7,205,000 in 2021 series bonds. Of this total, \$167,330 is due within one year and \$7,265,953 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the capital leases and bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities June 30, 2021	Governmental Activities June 30, 2020
Capital lease agreements Series 2013 general obligation refunding bonds Series 2012 general obligation bonds Series 2021 general obligation bonds	\$ 83,283 145,000 - 7,205,000	\$ 106,663 285,000 7,660,000
Total	\$ 7,433,283	\$ 8,051,663

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has two emergency levies. The first one originally voted in 2004 was renewed for 5 years at 5.5 mills. This levy generates \$538,168 and was renewed at the November 5, 2013 general election. The levy renewed for a period of 10 years at 5.15 mills. The second emergency levy was renewed for a 10-year period in May of 2020. This levy generates \$418,128 and was renewed at 3.650 mills.

The restructuring of the District is an ongoing issue. Beginning with the 2013 fiscal year, a majority of our special education services which had been contracted out with the Trumbull County Educational Service Center (TCESC) have been brought inhouse. Our District hired a full time School Psychologist in 2020. This position was previously shared with the McDonald Local School District. We also hired a full time Speech Pathologist, a position that was previously contracted through Easter Seals. We are also looking into shared busing options as well. The special education supervisor and work study services that we were obtaining from TCESC has also been removed and our staff now handles these positions with our Special Education Director handling the Special Education Administrator position.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Steve Haynie, Treasurer, Weathersfield Local School District, 1334 Seaborn Street, Mineral Ridge, Ohio 44440.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	¢ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 7,237,033
Property taxes	3,977,755
Accounts	275
Intergovernmental	22,186
Prepayments	47,479
Materials and supplies inventory	2,861
Inventory held for resale	3,703
Net OPEB asset	661,607
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable capital assets	773,569
Depreciable capital assets, net	25,657,468
Capital assets, net	26,431,037
Total assets	38,383,936
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	4,543
Pension	2,227,658
OPEB	429,353
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,661,554
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	37,187
Contracts payable	107,122
Accrued wages and benefits	835,936
Intergovernmental payable	16,221
Pension and postemployment benefits payable	221,389
Accrued interest payable	13,676
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year	305,409
Due in more than one year:	505,407
Net pension liability	11,858,465
Net OPEB liability	938,504
Other amounts due in more than one year	8,326,959
Total liabilities	22,660,868
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	3,451,419
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	20,367
Pension	315,116
OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,319,217</u> 5,106,119
Total deferred liftiows of resources	5,100,119
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	18,433,936
Restricted for:	, ,
Capital projects	5,939
Classroom facilities maintenance	74,577
Debt service	690,345
State funded programs	76,769
Food service operations	234,263
Extracurricular	88,121
Unrestricted (deficit)	(6,325,447)
Total net position	\$ 13,278,503

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	FOR THE	FISCA	L YEAR ENDE	DJUN	NE 30, 2021			
				0	ram Revenues		R (N	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in let Position
	Expenses		harges for ices and Sales		rating Grants Contributions	tal Grants ontributions	G	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:	 Expenses	Serv	ices and Sales			<u>ontributions</u>		Activities
Instruction:								
Regular	\$ 5,387,735	\$	2,065,596	\$	78,570	\$ -	\$	(3,243,569)
Special	1,429,972		220,905		759,805	-		(449,262)
Other	690,505		-		-	-		(690,505)
Support services:								
Pupil	1,045,234		-		579,347	-		(465,887)
Instructional staff	116,091		-		26,754	-		(89,337)
Board of education	20,027		-		-	-		(20,027)
Administration	979,968		33		53,937	-		(925,998)
Fiscal	399,357		266		24,158	-		(374,933)
Business	16,480		-		-	-		(16,480)
Operations and maintenance	1,702,945		245		22,323	-		(1,680,377)
Pupil transportation	552,478		-		65,262	-		(487,216)
Central	14,389		-		3,546	-		(10,843)
Operation of non-instructional								
services:								
Food service operations	417,487		5,505		500,869	-		88,887
Other non-instructional services	101,113		2,673		-	-		(98,440)
Extracurricular activities	645,851		64,496		8,786	55,136		(517,433)
Interest and fiscal charges	 276,459		-		-	 		(276,459)
Totals	\$ 13,796,091	\$	2,359,719	\$	2,123,357	\$ 55,136		(9,257,879)

	General revenues:	
	Property taxes levied for:	
	General purposes	3,373,829
	Debt service	453,736
	Capital outlay	44,589
	Classroom facilities maintenance	44,589
	Grants and entitlements not restricted	
	to specific programs	4,949,153
	Investment earnings	27,494
	Miscellaneous	88,558
	Total general revenues	8,981,948
	Change in net position	(275,931)
	Net position at beginning of year	13,554,434
	Net position at end of year	\$ 13,278,503
COMPANYING NOTES TO THE F	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	<u> </u>

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:			 			
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	5,928,081	\$ 1,308,952	\$	7,237,033	
Receivables:						
Property taxes		3,456,497	521,258		3,977,755	
Accounts		275	-		275	
Intergovernmental		-	22,186		22,186	
Prepayments		47,321	158		47,479	
Materials and supplies inventory		-	2,861		2,861	
Inventory held for resale		-	 3,703		3,703	
Total assets	\$	9,432,174	\$ 1,859,118	\$	11,291,292	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	36,503	\$ 684	\$	37,187	
Contracts payable		34,600	72,522		107,122	
Accrued wages and benefits		771,733	64,203		835,936	
Intergovernmental payable		15,380	841		16,221	
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		210,892	 10,497		221,389	
Total liabilities		1,069,108	 148,747		1,217,855	
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		2,999,134	452,285		3,451,419	
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		447,984	67,558		515,542	
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,447,118	 519,843		3,966,961	
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory		-	2,861		2,861	
Prepaids		47,321	158		47,479	
Restricted:						
Debt service		-	648,097		648,097	
Capital improvements		-	122		122	
Classroom facilities maintenance		-	68,760		68,760	
Food service operations		-	257,660		257,660	
State funded programs		-	76,769		76,769	
Extracurricular		-	88,121		88,121	
Committed:						
Capital improvements		-	48,000		48,000	
Assigned:						
Student instruction		28,248	-		28,248	
Student and staff support		23,841	-		23,841	
Subsequent year's appropriations		1,683,920	-		1,683,920	
Unassigned (deficit)		3,132,618	 (20)		3,132,598	
Total fund balances		4,915,948	 1,190,528		6,106,476	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	9,432,174	\$ 1,859,118	\$	11,291,292	

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2021

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 6,106,476
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		26,431,037
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable		515,542
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.		(440,872)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		(15,824)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(13,676)
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Net pension liability Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total	$\begin{array}{c} 2,227,658\\(315,116)\\(11,858,465)\\429,353\\(1,319,217)\\661,607\\(938,504)\end{array}$	(11,112,684)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Capital lease obligations Compensated absences Total	(7,350,000) (83,283) (758,213)	 (8,191,496)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 13,278,503

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		General		lonmajor vernmental Funds	Ga	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	3,364,204	\$	567,984	\$	3,932,188
Intergovernmental		5,488,362		1,583,870		7,072,232
Earnings on investments		28,385		287		28,672
Tuition and fees		2,286,501		_		2,286,501
Extracurricular		-		67,169		67,169
Charges for services		-		6,049		6,049
Contributions and donations		4,080		55,136		59,216
Miscellaneous		84,478		-		84,478
Total revenues		11,256,010		2,280,495		13,536,505
		, ,		, ,		- / /
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		4,733,358		78,000		4,811,358
Special		1,171,788		165,042		1,336,830
Other		690,505		-		690,505
Support services:						
Pupil		476,354		499,128		975,482
Instructional staff		61,121		26,322		87,443
Board of education		10,607		-		10,607
Administration		830,434		52,100		882,534
Fiscal		328,725		27,082		355,807
Business		16,480		-		16,480
Operations and maintenance		1,505,209		147,642		1,652,851
Pupil transportation		359,264		41,653		400,917
Central		7,395		6,994		14,389
Operation of non-instructional services:		,		,		,
Food service operations		-		336,792		336,792
Other non-instructional services		82,512		3,569		86,081
Extracurricular activities		393,824		97,384		491,208
Facilities acquisition and construction		304,801		301,558		606,359
Debt service:		,		,		,
Principal retirement		23,380		390,000		413,380
Interest and fiscal charges		4,758		133,132		137,890
Bond issuance costs		-		139,446		139,446
Total expenditures		11,000,515		2,445,844		13,446,359
1		,		, , , , .		- , - ,
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		255,495		(165,349)		90,146
Other financing sources (uses):						
Premium on refunding bonds		-		455,140		455,140
Issuance of refunding bonds		-		7,205,000		7,205,000
Transfers in		-		20,000		20,000
Transfers (out)		(20,000)		-		(20,000)
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent		-		(7,517,014)		(7,517,014)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(20,000)		163,126		143,126
Net change in fund balances		235,495		(2,223)		233,272
Fund balances at beginning of year		4,680,453		1,192,751		5,873,204
Fund balances at end of year	\$	4,915,948	\$	1,192,731	\$	6,106,476
runu balances at enu of year	φ	7,213,740	φ	1,170,320	ψ	0,100,470

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	233,272
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions	s	779.342	
Current year depreciation Total	Ψ	(961,365)	(182,023)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes Earnings on investments Total		(15,445) (900)	(16,345)
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			413,380
Issuance of bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.			(7,205,000)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:			
Bonds refunded Deferred charges on refundings Total		7,410,000 (21,160)	7,388,840
Premiums on bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities			(455,140)
			Continued

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges	\$ 4,363 152,840 (10,113)	147.000
Total	\$	147,090
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total	 948,415 31,297	979,712
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Total	 (1,474,232) 16,991	(1,457,241)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(122,476)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(275,931)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Original Final Actual (Negative) Revenues: \$ 3,152,647 \$ 2,902,072 \$ 2,902,072 \$ - Intergovernmental 6,052,505 5,570,683 5,571,446 763 Earnings on investments 30,836 28,385 28,385 - Tution and fees 2,456,911 2,261,634 - - Miscellaneous 74,886 68,934 68,934 - - Total revenues 11,767,785 10,831,708 10,832,471 763 Expenditures: Current: - - - - - Instruction: Regular 3,777,473 5,346,543 4,662,467 684,076 Special 617,072 1,277,747 1,114,147 163,600 - Other 59,950 791,898 690,505 101,393 - Pupil 278,879 409,197 356,804 12,573 - Administration 1,308,812 958,593 836,990 121,603 10,606 <th></th> <th colspan="3">Budgeted Amounts</th> <th></th> <th colspan="2">Variance with Final Budget Positive</th>		Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Property taxes \$ 3,152,447 \$ 2,902,072 \$ 2,902,072 \$			Original Final		Actual			
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Revenues:		0			 		<u> </u>
Earnings on investments 30,836 28,385 28,385 28,385 1 Tution and fees 2,456,911 2,261,634 2,261,634 - Miscellancous 74,886 66,934 66,934 68,934 - Total revenues 11,767,785 10,831,708 10,832,471 763 Expenditures: 11,767,785 10,831,708 10,832,471 763 Current: Instruction: Regular 3,777,473 5,346,543 4,662,467 684,076 Special 017,072 1,277,747 1,114,147 163,600 01,393 Support services: 278,879 409,197 356,804 52,393 Pupil 278,879 409,197 356,804 52,393 Instructional staff 117,139 109,492 95,473 14,019 Board of education 59,482 12,163 10,606 1,537 Administration 1,308,812 958,593 886,990 21,603 Fiscal 471,904 368,148 321,011	Property taxes	\$	3,152,647	\$	2,902,072	\$ 2,902,072	\$	-
Tuition and fees 2,456,911 2,261,634 2.261,634 Miscellaneous 74,886 68,934 68,934 Total revenues 11,767,785 10,831,708 10,832,471 763 Expenditures: Current: 11,767,785 10,831,708 10,832,471 763 Special 617,072 1,277,747 1,114,147 163,600 Other 589,570 791,898 690,505 101,393 Support services: Pupil 278,879 409,197 356,804 52,393 Pupil 278,879 409,197 356,804 52,393 Administration 1,308,812 958,593 836,990 121,603 Fiscal 471,904 368,148 321,011 47,137 Business 59,245 42,232 36,825 5,407 Operation and maintenance 2,998,277 1,676,915 1,462,206 214,709 Pupil transportation 615,232 409,458 357,032 52,426 Central 7,397 8,481 7,395 1,086 Operation of non-instructi	Intergovernmental		6,052,505		5,570,683	5,571,446		763
Miscellaneous 74,886 68,934 \cdot Total revenues 11,767,785 10,831,708 10,832,471 763 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,777,473 5,346,543 4,662,467 684,076 Special 617,072 1,277,747 1,114,147 163,600 0ther Support services: 9 919 356,804 52,393 10,593 Pupil 278,879 409,197 356,804 52,393 11,517 Board of education 59,482 12,163 10,606 1,557 Administration 13,08,812 958,593 836,990 121,603 Fiscal 471,904 368,148 321,011 47,137 Business 59,245 42,232 36,825 5,407 Operation of non-instructional services 7,397 8,481 7,395 1,086 Operation of non-instructional services 49,481 94,122 82,071 1	Earnings on investments		30,836		28,385	28,385		-
Total revenues 11,767,785 10,831,708 10,832,471 763 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,777,473 5,346,543 4,662,467 684,076 Special 617,072 1,277,747 1,114,147 163,600 Other 589,570 791,898 690,505 101,393 Support services: Pupil 278,879 409,197 356,804 52,393 Instructional staff 117,139 109,492 95,473 14,019 Board of education 59,482 12,163 10,606 1,557 Administration 1,308,812 958,593 836,990 121,603 Fiscal 471,904 368,148 321,011 47,137 Business 59,245 42,232 36,825 5,407 Operations and maintenance 2,998,277 1,676,915 1,462,206 214,709 Pupil transportation 615,232 409,458 357,032 52,426 Central 7,397 8,481 7,395 1,086 Operation of non-instructional services 49,481 94,122 82,071 12,051	Tuition and fees		2,456,911					-
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular $3,777,473$ $5,346,543$ $4,662,467$ $684,076$ Special $617,072$ $1,277,747$ $1,114,147$ $163,600$ Other $589,570$ $791,898$ $690,505$ $101,393$ Support services: 9 9 $17,139$ $109,492$ $95,473$ $14,019$ Board of education $59,482$ $12,163$ $10,606$ $1,557$ Administration $1,308,812$ $958,593$ $836,990$ $121,603$ Fiscal $471,904$ $368,148$ $321,011$ $471,137$ Business $59,245$ $42,232$ $36,825$ 5407 Operation and maintenance $2,998,277$ $1,676,915$ $1,462,206$ $214,709$ Pupil transportation $615,232$ $49,481$ $7,395$ $10,886$ Operation of non-instructional services $49,481$ $7,395$ $10,886$ $10,719,964$ $12,200,916$ Central $7,397$ $8,481$ $7,395$ $10,886,12$	Miscellaneous							-
Current: Instruction: Regular $3,777,473$ $5,346,543$ $4,662,467$ $684,076$ Special $617,072$ $1,277,747$ $1,114,147$ $163,600$ Other $589,570$ $791,898$ $690,505$ $101,393$ Support services: $Pupil$ $278,879$ $409,197$ $356,804$ $52,393$ Instructional staff $117,139$ $109,492$ $95,473$ $14,019$ Board of education $59,482$ $12,163$ $10,606$ $1,557$ Administration $1,308,812$ $958,593$ $836,990$ $121,603$ Fiscal $471,904$ $368,148$ $321,011$ $471,377$ Business $59,245$ $42,232$ $36,825$ $5,407$ Operation and maintenance $2,998,2777$ $1,676,915$ $1,462,206$ $214,709$ Pupil transportation $615,232$ $409,458$ $357,032$ $52,426$ Central $7,397$ $8,481$ $7,395$ $1,086$ Other non-instructional services	Total revenues		11,767,785		10,831,708	 10,832,471		763
Instruction: Regular $3,777,473$ $5,346,543$ $4,662,467$ $684,076$ Special $617,072$ $1,277,747$ $1,114,147$ $163,600$ Other $589,570$ $791,898$ $690,505$ $101,393$ Support services: $Pupil$ $278,879$ $409,197$ $356,804$ $52,393$ Instructional staff $117,139$ $109,492$ $95,473$ $14,019$ Board of education $59,482$ $12,163$ $10,606$ $1,557$ Administration $1,308,812$ $958,593$ $836,990$ $121,603$ Fiscal $471,904$ $368,148$ $321,011$ $47,137$ Dyperations and maintenance $2.998,277$ $1,676,915$ $1,462,206$ $214,709$ Pupil transportation $615,232$ $499,458$ $357,032$ $52,426$ 22426 Central $7,397$ $8,481$ $7,395$ $1,086$ $050,388$ $12,006$ $14,709$ Pupil transportation and construction $933,103$ $ 304,801$	Expenditures:							
Regular $3,777,473$ $5,346,543$ $4,662,467$ $684,076$ Special $617,072$ $1,277,747$ $1,114,147$ $163,600$ Other $589,570$ $791,898$ $690,505$ $101,393$ Support services: $791,898$ $690,505$ $101,393$ Pupil $278,879$ $409,197$ $356,804$ $52,393$ Instructional staff $117,139$ $109,492$ $95,473$ $14,019$ Board of education $59,482$ $12,163$ $10,606$ $1,557$ Administration $1,308,812$ $958,593$ $836,990$ $121,603$ Fiscal $471,904$ $368,148$ $321,011$ $47,137$ Business $59,245$ $42,232$ $36,825$ $5,407$ Operations and maintenance $2,998,277$ $1,676,915$ $1,462,206$ $214,709$ Pupil transportation $615,232$ $409,458$ $357,032$ $52,426$ Other non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Other non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Total expenditures $12,000,000$ $11,942,658$ $10,719,964$ $1,222,694$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses): $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ $-$ Transfers (out) $ (57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ $7,342$ <td>Current:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current:							
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Other $589,570$ $791,898$ $690,505$ $101,393$ Support services: 9 $278,879$ $409,197$ $356,804$ $52,393$ Pupil $278,879$ $409,197$ $356,804$ $52,393$ Instructional staff $117,139$ $109,492$ $95,473$ $14,019$ Board of education $59,482$ $12,163$ $10,606$ $1,557$ Administration $1,308,812$ $958,593$ $836,990$ $121,603$ Fiscal $471,904$ $368,148$ $321,011$ $47,137$ Business $59,245$ $42,232$ $36,825$ $5,407$ Operations and maintenance $2,998,277$ $1,676,915$ $1,462,206$ $214,709$ Pupil transportation $615,232$ $409,458$ $357,032$ $52,426$ Central $7,397$ $8,481$ $7,395$ $1,086$ Operation of non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Extracurricular activities $116,934$ $437,669$ $381,631$ $56,038$ Facilities acquisition and construction $933,103$ - $304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses):Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ -Transfers (out) $ (57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balan	Regular				5,346,543	4,662,467		684,076
Support services:Pupil $278,879$ $409,197$ $356,804$ $52,393$ Instructional staff $117,139$ $109,492$ $95,473$ $14,019$ Board of education $59,482$ $12,163$ $10,606$ $1,557$ Administration $1,308,812$ $958,593$ $836,990$ $121,603$ Fiscal $471,904$ $368,148$ $321,011$ $47,137$ Business $59,245$ $42,232$ $36,825$ $5,407$ Operations and maintenance $2,998,277$ $1,676,915$ $1,462,206$ $214,709$ Pupil transportation $615,232$ $409,458$ $357,032$ $52,426$ Central $7,397$ $8,481$ $7,395$ $1,086$ Operations and non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Extracurricular activities $116,934$ $437,669$ $381,631$ $56,038$ Facilities acquisition and construction $933,103$ - $304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses):Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ -Transfers (out) $ (57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year $4,862,771$	Special					1,114,147		· · ·
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Instructional staff $117,139$ $109,492$ $95,473$ $14,019$ Board of education $59,482$ $12,163$ $10,606$ $1,557$ Administration $1,308,812$ $958,593$ $836,990$ $121,603$ Fiscal $471,904$ $368,148$ $321,011$ $47,137$ Business $59,245$ $42,232$ $36,825$ $5,407$ Operations and maintenance $2,998,277$ $1,676,915$ $1,462,206$ $214,709$ Pupil transportation $615,232$ $409,458$ $357,032$ $52,426$ Central $7,397$ $8,481$ $7,395$ $1,086$ Operation of non-instructional services $016,934$ $437,669$ $381,631$ $56,038$ Other non-instructional services $116,934$ $437,669$ $381,631$ $56,038$ Facilities acquisition and construction $933,103$ $ 304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses):Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ $-$ Transfers (out) $ (57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$	Support services:							
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Administration $1,308,812$ $958,593$ $836,990$ $121,603$ Fiscal $471,904$ $368,148$ $321,011$ $47,137$ Business $59,245$ $42,232$ $36,825$ $5,407$ Operations and maintenance $2,998,277$ $1,676,915$ $1,462,206$ $214,709$ Pupil transportation $615,232$ $409,458$ $357,032$ $52,426$ Central $7,397$ $8,481$ $7,395$ $1,086$ Operation of non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Extracurricular activities $116,934$ $437,669$ $381,631$ $56,038$ Facilities acquisition and construction $933,103$ - $304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses):Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ -Transfers (out)- $(57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year			,		<i>,</i>	/		,
Fiscal $471,904$ $368,148$ $321,011$ $47,137$ Business $59,245$ $42,232$ $36,825$ $5,407$ Operations and maintenance $2,998,277$ $1,676,915$ $1,462,206$ $214,709$ Pupil transportation $615,232$ $409,458$ $357,032$ $52,426$ Operation of non-instructional services $7,397$ $8,481$ $7,395$ $1,086$ Operation of non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Extracurricular activities $116,934$ $437,669$ $381,631$ $56,038$ Facilities acquisition and construction $933,103$ - $304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses):Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ -Transfers (out)- $(57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year					· · · · ·			,
Business $59,245$ $42,232$ $36,825$ $5,407$ Operations and maintenance $2,998,277$ $1,676,915$ $1,462,206$ $214,709$ Pupil transportation $615,232$ $409,458$ $357,032$ $52,426$ Central $7,397$ $8,481$ $7,395$ $1,086$ Operation of non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Other non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Other non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Other non-instruction $933,103$ - $304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $12,000,000$ $11,942,658$ $10,719,964$ $1,222,694$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses): $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ -Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $-$, ,		,			
Operations and maintenance $2,998,277$ $1,676,915$ $1,462,206$ $214,709$ Pupil transportation $615,232$ $409,458$ $357,032$ $52,426$ Central $7,397$ $8,481$ $7,395$ $1,086$ Operation of non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Other non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Extracurricular activities $116,934$ $437,669$ $381,631$ $56,038$ Facilities acquisition and construction $933,103$ - $304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $12,000,000$ $11,942,658$ $10,719,964$ $1,222,694$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ -Transfers (out) $ (57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year								,
Pupil transportation $615,232$ $409,458$ $357,032$ $52,426$ Central $7,397$ $8,481$ $7,395$ $1,086$ Operation of non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Extracurricular activities $116,934$ $437,669$ $381,631$ $56,038$ Facilities acquisition and construction $933,103$ $ 304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $12,000,000$ $11,942,658$ $10,719,964$ $1,222,694$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ $-$ Transfers (out) $ (57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $-$,		,			
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Operation of non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Extracurricular activities $116,934$ $437,669$ $381,631$ $56,038$ Facilities acquisition and construction $933,103$ - $304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $12,000,000$ $11,942,658$ $10,719,964$ $1,222,694$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ $-$ Transfers (out) - $(57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $-$					· · · · ·			,
Other non-instructional services $49,481$ $94,122$ $82,071$ $12,051$ Extracurricular activities $116,934$ $437,669$ $381,631$ $56,038$ Facilities acquisition and construction $933,103$ - $304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $12,000,000$ $11,942,658$ $10,719,964$ $1,222,694$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ -Transfers (out)- $(57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $-$			7,397		8,481	7,395		1,086
Extracurricular activities $116,934$ $437,669$ $381,631$ $56,038$ Facilities acquisition and construction $933,103$ - $304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $12,000,000$ $11,942,658$ $10,719,964$ $1,222,694$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ -Transfers (out)- $(57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $-$								
Facilities acquisition and construction $933,103$ - $304,801$ $(304,801)$ Total expenditures $12,000,000$ $11,942,658$ $10,719,964$ $1,222,694$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ -Transfers (out)- $(57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $-$,			/		,
Total expenditures12,000,00011,942,65810,719,9641,222,694Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures(232,215)(1,110,950)112,5071,223,457Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures98,77990,92890,928-Transfers (out)-(57,342)(50,000)7,342Total other financing sources (uses)98,77933,58640,9287,342Net change in fund balance(133,436)(1,077,364)153,4351,230,799Fund balance at beginning of year $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $-$					437,669	,		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ $-$ Transfers (out) $ (57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $-$					-	 /		
(under) expenditures $(232,215)$ $(1,110,950)$ $112,507$ $1,223,457$ Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures $98,779$ $90,928$ $90,928$ $-$ Transfers (out) $ (57,342)$ $(50,000)$ $7,342$ Total other financing sources (uses) $98,779$ $33,586$ $40,928$ $7,342$ Net change in fund balance $(133,436)$ $(1,077,364)$ $153,435$ $1,230,799$ Fund balance at beginning of year $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $4,862,771$ $-$	Total expenditures		12,000,000		11,942,658	 10,719,964		1,222,694
Other financing sources (uses): 98,779 90,928 90,928 - Transfers (out) - (57,342) (50,000) 7,342 Total other financing sources (uses) 98,779 33,586 40,928 7,342 Net change in fund balance (133,436) (1,077,364) 153,435 1,230,799 Fund balance at beginning of year 4,862,771 4,862,771 4,862,771 -								
Refund of prior year's expenditures 98,779 90,928 90,928 - Transfers (out) - (57,342) (50,000) 7,342 Total other financing sources (uses) 98,779 33,586 40,928 7,342 Net change in fund balance (133,436) (1,077,364) 153,435 1,230,799 Fund balance at beginning of year 4,862,771 4,862,771 4,862,771 -	(under) expenditures		(232,215)		(1,110,950)	 112,507		1,223,457
Transfers (out) - (57,342) (50,000) 7,342 Total other financing sources (uses) 98,779 33,586 40,928 7,342 Net change in fund balance (133,436) (1,077,364) 153,435 1,230,799 Fund balance at beginning of year 4,862,771 4,862,771 4,862,771 -	Other financing sources (uses):							
Total other financing sources (uses) 98,779 33,586 40,928 7,342 Net change in fund balance (133,436) (1,077,364) 153,435 1,230,799 Fund balance at beginning of year 4,862,771 4,862,771 4,862,771 -	Refund of prior year's expenditures		98,779		90,928	90,928		-
Net change in fund balance (133,436) (1,077,364) 153,435 1,230,799 Fund balance at beginning of year 4,862,771 4,862,771 4,862,771 -	Transfers (out)		-		(57,342)	(50,000)		7,342
Fund balance at beginning of year 4,862,771 4,862,771 4,862,771 -	Total other financing sources (uses)		98,779		33,586	 40,928		7,342
	Net change in fund balance		(133,436)		(1,077,364)	153,435		1,230,799
Fund balance at end of year \$ 4,729,335 \$ 3,785,407 \$ 5,016,206 \$ 1.230,799	Fund balance at beginning of year							-
	Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,729,335	\$	3,785,407	\$ 5,016,206	\$	1,230,799

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Weathersfield Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is governed by a locally elected five-member Board of Education (the "Board") and provides educational services as mandated by State or federal agencies. The Board controls the District's two instructional/support facilities.

The District is staffed by 30 non-certified and 75 certified personnel to provide services to approximately 968 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty-one school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County school districts and a treasurer from each county who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent or NEOMIN. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. To obtain a copy of NEOMIN's financial statements, write to the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

State Support Team Region 5 (the "Team")

The Team is a jointly governed organization among the school districts located in Trumbull, Mahoning Ashtabula, and Columbiana Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of establishing an articulated, regional structure for professional development in which school districts, the business community, higher education and other groups cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvements and, in particular, to improvements in instructional programs.

The Team is governed by a Board made up of nineteen representatives of the participating school districts, the business community and the Youngstown State University whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Mahoning County Educational Service Center, 7320 N. Palmyra Road, Canfield, Ohio, 44406.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefit Consortium (the "Consortium")

The District participates in the Consortium. The Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects, (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District has no fiduciary funds.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets plus deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, see Notes 13 and 14 for deferred outflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the District, see Notes 13 and 14 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2020 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Trumbull County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2021.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2021. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2021, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, and a repurchase agreement. Nonparticipating investment contracts are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$28,385, which includes \$5,000 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified, certified and administrative employees after fifteen years of service.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2021 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "due to/from other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental type activities columns of the statement of net position. At June 30, 2021, there were no interfund balances outstanding.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision-making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Q. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2021.

S. Bond Premium and Discount/Deferred Charge on Refunding

On fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are expensed/expended in the fiscal year they occur.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2021, the District has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "<u>Postponement of the Effective Dates of</u> <u>Certain Authoritative Guidance.</u>" GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

Certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements were scheduled to be implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 95, the effective dates of certain provisions contained in these pronouncements are postponed until the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2021 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	De	ficit
Title I	\$	20

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories. active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained

either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio; and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$220 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,366,538, and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$1,391,942. Of the bank balance, \$1,051,172 was covered by the FDIC and \$340,770 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a reduced rate set by the Treasurer of State.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following investments and maturities:

				nvestment Maturities
Measurement/	Measur	ement	6	months or
Investment type	Amo	Amount		less
Cost:				
STAR Ohio	\$	1	\$	1
Repurchase agreement	5,87	0,274		5,870,274
Total	\$ 5,87	70,275	\$	5,870,275

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the District's \$5,870,274 investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by state statute.

The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2021:

Investment types	Fair Value		<u>% of Total</u>
STAR Ohio	\$	1	0.01
Repurchase agreement	5	,870,274	99.99
Total	<u>\$5</u>	,870,275	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2021:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,366,538
Investments	5,870,275
Cash on hand	 220
Total	\$ 7,237,033
Cash and investments per statement of net position	

ash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 7,237,033
Total	\$ 7,237,033

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers from the general fund to:	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>\$ 20,000</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Trumbull and Mahoning Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021 was \$9,380 in the general fund, \$1,171 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), \$122 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$122 in the classroom facilities fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2020 was \$14,367 in the general fund, \$2,640 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), \$198 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$198 in the classroom facilities fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Seco Half Collect		2021 First Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential					
and other real estate	\$ 81,343,210	80.52	\$ 88,027,440	80.47	
Public utility personal	19,679,980	19.48	21,358,110	19.53	
Total	<u>\$ 101,023,190</u>	100.00	<u>\$ 109,385,550</u>	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:					
General	\$53.00		\$53.05		
Debt service	6.05		4.10		
Permanent improvement	1.00		1.00		

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2021 consisted of property taxes, accounts, and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:	
Property taxes	\$ 3,977,755
Accounts receivable	275
Intergovernmental	 22,186
Total	\$ 4,000,216

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/20	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/21
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 60,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,088
Construction in progress		713,481		713,481
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	60,088	713,481		773,569
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	2,833,041	-	-	2,833,041
Buildings and improvements	31,438,109	-	-	31,438,109
Furniture and equipment	1,654,727	26,239	-	1,680,966
Vehicles	989,860	39,622		1,029,482
Total capital assets, being depreciated	36,915,737	65,861		36,981,598
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(1,443,266)	(129,048)	-	(1,572,314)
Buildings and improvements	(7,512,792)	(621,011)	-	(8,133,803)
Furniture and equipment	(725,772)	(92,693)	-	(818,465)
Vehicles	(680,935)	(118,613)		(799,548)
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,362,765)	(961,365)		(11,324,130)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 26,613,060	<u>\$ (182,023)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 26,431,037

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 340,081
Special	39,759
Support services:	
Pupil	33,748
Instructional staff	12,505
Board of education	8,993
Administration	48,249
Fiscal	13,810
Operations and maintenance	156,527
Pupil transportation	118,920
Extracurricular activities	134,494
Food service operations	 54,279
Total depreciation expense	\$ 961,365

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASE AGREEMENTS

On July 20, 2015 and December 7, 2019, the District entered into capital lease agreements with ComDoc leasing for copiers. The items related to the lease on July 20, 2015 have been capitalized in the amount of \$56,809. The copiers related to the lease on December 7, 2019 were capitalized in the amount of \$114,758. These amounts represent the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability for these leases is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021 was \$91,237, leaving a current book value of \$80,330. During fiscal year 2021, the District made principal and interest payments of \$23,380 and \$4,758, respectively, paid by the general fund.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	A	mount
2022	\$	25,987
2023		25,988
2024		25,988
2025		12,993
Total minimum lease payments		90,956
Less: amount representing interest		(7,673)
Total	\$	83,283

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. <u>Series 2013 General Obligation Bonds</u>: On February 13, 2013, the District issued Series 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$853,228 of the 2002 general obligation bonds.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$855,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$79,999. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.00% - 2.00% with interest payments due on June 1 and December 1 of each year until final maturity at December 1, 2021. The balance of the current interest refunding bonds at June 30, 2020, is \$285,000. The capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2016 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal plus accrued interest to the redemption date at stated approximate yields to maturity of 13.26%. Principal and interest payments are made from the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the refunded debt by \$95,426; this amount is amortized as a deferred outflow of resources over the remaining term of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2021.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the refunding bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Current Interest Bonds - 2013				
Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		 Total
2022	\$	145,000	\$	1,450	\$ 146,450
Total	\$	145,000	\$	1,450	\$ 146,450

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. <u>Series 2012 General Obligation Bonds</u>: On October 23, 2012, the District issued \$9,056,936 in general obligation bonds (Series 2012 Bonds).

The original issue was comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$8,605,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$451,936. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.40% - 3.20%. The last capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2019 (interest rates at 9.64%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. Principal and interest payments are made by the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is June 1, 2043. During fiscal year 2021 the District refunded the Series 2012 bond.

On September 3, 2020, the District issued \$7,205,000 (series 2021 refunding bonds) to currently refund the callable portion of the bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

C. <u>Series 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds</u>: On September 3, 2020, the District issued Series 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds to currently refund \$7,410,000 of the 2012 General Obligation Bonds.

The refunding issue is comprised of both serial bonds, par value \$6,365,000, and term bonds, par value \$840,000. The interest rates on bonds range from 2.00% - 3.00% with interest payments due on June 1 and December 1 of each year until final maturity at December 1, 2042. The balance of the bonds at June 30, 2021, is \$7,205,000. Principal and interest payments are made from the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the refunded debt by \$991,834; this amount is amortized as a deferred outflow of resources over the remaining term of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$1,149,106 and resulted in an economic gain of \$991,834.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the refunding bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Series 2021 Refunding Bonds				
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2022	\$ -	\$ 169,700	\$ 169,700		
2023	265,000	167,050	432,050		
2024	270,000	161,700	431,700		
2025	275,000	156,250	431,250		
2026	280,000	150,700	430,700		
2027-2031	1,530,000	627,000	2,157,000		
2032-2036	1,770,000	387,900	2,157,900		
2037-2041	1,975,000	184,350	2,159,350		
2042-2043	840,000	16,900	856,900		
Total	\$ 7,205,000	\$ 2,021,550	\$ 9,226,550		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. During the fiscal year 2021, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations.

	Balance 06/30/20	Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/21	Amounts Due in <u>One Year</u>
Governmental activities:					
Series 2021 general obligation refunding bonds Current interest	\$ -	\$ 7,205,000	\$-	\$ 7,205,000	\$ -
Series 2013 general obligation bonds Current interest	285,000	-	(140,000)	145,000	145,000
Series 2012 general obligation bonds Current interest	7,660,000	-	(7,660,000)	-	-
Copier leases	106,663	-	(23,380)	83,283	22,330
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	11,085,906 1,114,927	772,559	(176,423)	11,858,465 938,504	-
Compensated absences	635,737	198,282	(75,806)	758,213	138,079
Total governmental activities	\$ 20,888,233	<u>\$ 8,175,841</u>	<u>\$ (8,075,609)</u>	20,988,465	\$ 305,409
Add: Unamortized premium on bonds				440,872	
Total on statement of net position				\$ 21,429,337	

Capital Lease Agreements: See Note 9 for details.

Net Pension Liability: See Note 13 for details.

Net OPEB Liability: See Note 14 for details.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, which is primarily the general fund.

D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code further provides that when a Board of Education declares a resolution that the student population is not adequately served by existing facilities, and that insufficient capacity exists within the 9% limit to finance additional facilities, the State Department of Education may declare that district a "special needs" district. This permits the incurrence of additional debt based upon projected 5-year growth of the school district's assessed valuation. The District was determined to be a "special needs" district by the State Superintendent on March 6, 2012.

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement for certified employees, payment is made for 25% of unused accumulated sick leave days up to 216 days plus 14% of sick leave days in excess of 216 days. Upon retirement for classified employees, payment is made for 25% of unused accumulated sick leave days in excess of 180 days.

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees. Certified employees are covered up to \$50,000, classified employees are covered up to \$40,000 and bus drivers are covered up to \$32,000.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property, Fleet, and Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the District contracted with Liberty Mutual Insurance for property insurance, fleet and liability insurance.

Coverages are as follows:

Building and Contents - replacement cost (\$5,000 deductible)	\$42,335,919
Data Compromise Coverage (\$2,500 deductible per compromise)	100,000
Violent Event Response	250,000
Flood Coverage (\$50,000 deductible)	2,000,000
Employee Dishonesty (\$500 deductible)	50,000
Musical Instruments (\$500 deductible)	66,231
Commercial Computer Coverage (\$500 deductible)	258,664
Commercial Automobile Liability (\$1,000 deductible)	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists (\$1,000 deductible)	1,000,000
General Liability	3,000,000
Contractors Equipment (\$500 deductible)	110,776

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. Also, the District has not materially reduced its coverage in the past year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Medical, Dental, Vision and Drug Benefits

The District has contracted with the Trumbull County School Employees Insurance Consortium to provide employee medical, prescription drug, vision and dental benefits. The Trumbull County School Employees Insurance Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. Weathersfield Local School District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating school districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has the right to return monies to an exiting district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims. The following table summarizes the monthly premiums:

	Family	Single	Emp.+Spouse	Emp. + Child(ren)
	Coverage	Coverage	Coverage	Coverage
Medical/Prescription PPO II	\$1,710	\$611	\$1,282	\$1,038
Medical/Prescription PPO III	1,516	541	1,137	920
Health Saving Plan (HDP/HSA)	1,417	505	1,062	860
Vision	4	1	4	4
Dental	71	20	71	71

For Certified employees, effective July 1, 2019 the District pays 85% of the premium for either PPO II, PPO III, or the High Deductible Plan (HDP/HAS). Effective July 1, 2020 the District pays 82.5% of the premium, and beginning on July 1,2021 the District will pay 80% of the premium. The plan utilizes a \$5 deductible for generic drugs and a \$10 deductible for brand name drugs.

For Non-Certified employees, effective January 1, 2020, the District pays 85% of the premium for either PPO II, PPO III, or the High Deductible Plan (HDP/HAS). Effective January 1, 2021, the District pays 82.5% of the premium, and beginning on January 1, 2022, the District will pay 80% of the premium.

As of January 1, 2022, all employees will contribute 20% towards their premium amount. As of July 1, 2013, all employees moved to either PPO II or PPO III.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District uses the firm of Sedgewick to provide administrative support for claims processing, and to assist the District in compliance with Bureau of Workers Compensation and Industrial Commission regulations. The District purchases its workers compensation coverage from the Bureau of Workers Compensation.

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions--between an employer and its employees--of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee--on a deferred-payment basis--as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees).

The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 14 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the start of a COLA for future retirees. For 2021, the COLA was 0.5%.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$254,039 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$68,068 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2021, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$694,376 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$122,024 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	0	.04329360%	0	.03841648%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	0	0.04157360%	0	.03764479%	
Change in proportionate share	-0	.00172000%	-0	.00077169%	
Proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$	2,749,765	\$	9,108,700	\$ 11,858,465
Pension expense	\$	357,489	\$	1,116,743	\$ 1,474,232

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	5,342	\$	20,438	\$ 25,780
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan investments		174,557		442,960	617,517
Changes of assumptions		-		488,962	488,962
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		19,409		127,575	146,984
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		254,039		694,376	 948,415
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	453,347	\$	1,774,311	\$ 2,227,658
Deferred inflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	-	\$	58,246	\$ 58,246
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		63,739		193,131	 256,870
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	63,739	\$	251,377	\$ 315,116

\$948,415 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2022	\$	(20,859)	\$	273,939	\$	253,080
2023		29,022		172,056		201,078
2024		72,754		215,650		288,404
2025		54,652		166,913		221,565
Total	\$	135,569	\$	828,558	\$	964,127

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2020, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	3,766,843	\$	2,749,765	\$	1,896,418

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2020
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%

For the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

		Current						
	1% Decrease Discount Rate			1% Increase				
District's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$	12,969,203	\$	9,108,700	\$	5,837,245		

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 13 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the District's surcharge obligation was \$31,297.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$31,297 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$31,297 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.0	4433480%	0.0	03841648%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.0	4318280%	0.0) <u>3764479</u> %	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.0</u>	0115200%	- <u>0.</u> 0	<u>)0077169</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	938,504	\$	-	\$ 938,504
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(661,607)	\$ (661,607)
OPEB expense	\$	19,235	\$	(36,226)	\$ (16,991)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	12,325	\$	42,393	\$	54,718
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		10,576		23,190		33,766
Changes of assumptions		159,982		10,922		170,904
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		96,114		42,554		138,668
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		31,297		-		31,297
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	310,294	\$	119,059	\$	429,353
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	477,294	\$	131,782	\$	609,076
Changes of assumptions		23,639		628,417		652,056
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		34,849		23,236		58,085
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	535,782	\$	783,435	\$	1,319,217

\$31,297 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2022	\$	(45,332)	\$	(167,725)	\$	(213,057)
2023		(44,568)		(152,030)		(196,598)
2024		(44,689)		(146,528)		(191,217)
2025		(52,528)		(135,741)		(188,269)
2026		(49,490)		(30,207)		(79,697)
Thereafter		(20,178)		(32,145)		(52,323)
Total	\$	(256,785)	\$	(664,376)	\$	(921,161)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	2.45%
Prior measurement date	3.13%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	2.63%
Prior measurement date	3.22%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45%, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.13% was used as of June 30, 2019. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.75%).

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,148,705	\$	938,504	\$	771,394
	19	6 Decrease		Current rend Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	739,000	\$	938,504	\$	1,205,291

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2019, are presented below:

	July 1	, 2020	July	1, 2019	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20) to	12.50% at age 20	0 to	
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65	i	
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of inv expenses, inclu-		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%	C	3.00%	C	
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.45%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.87%	4.00%	
Medicare	-6.69%	4.00%	4.93%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	7.73%	4.00%	
Medicare	11.87%	4.00%	9.62%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1%	Current % Decrease Discount Rate			19	6 Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	575,641	\$	661,607	\$	734,545
	1%	Decrease		Current rend Rate	1%	6 Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	730,018	\$	661,607	\$	578,271

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and,
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 153,435
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(143,867)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(7,546)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(90,928)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	324,401
GAAP basis	\$ 235,495

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, the emergency levy fund and the public-school support fund.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is not involved in material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

During fiscal year 2002, the District issued \$9,056,356 in general obligation various purpose refunding bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from bond proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvement set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$8,743,466 at June 30, 2021.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital			
	Improvements			
Current year set-aside requirement	\$	175,897		
Current year offsets		(100,982)		
Prior year from bond proceeds		(74,915)		
Total	\$	-		
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2022	\$			
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$	-		

NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District had no encumbrances.

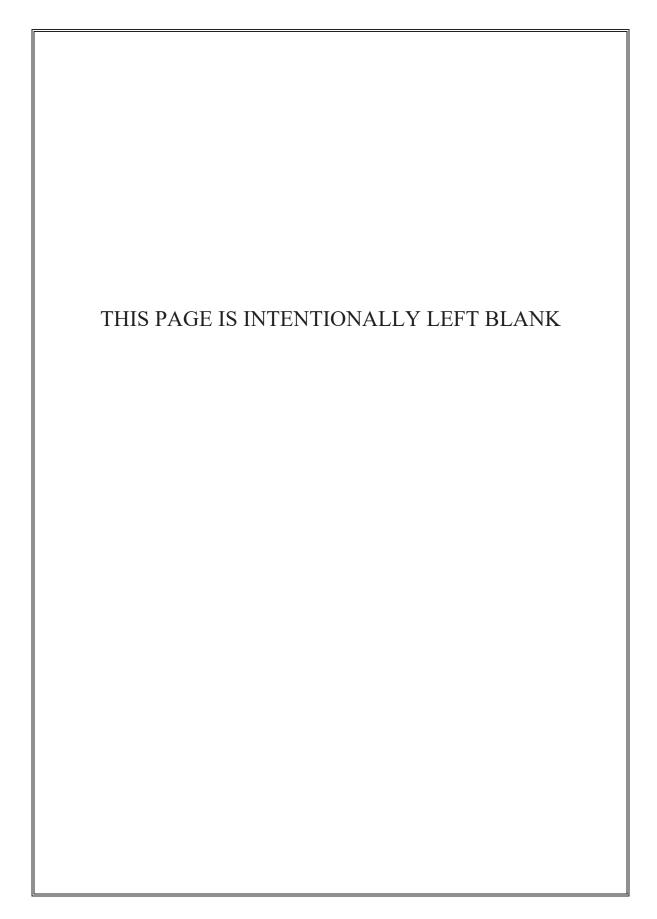
NOTE 19 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2021the District received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. The District's investment portfolio and the pension and other employee benefits plan in which the District participate fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that may be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, passed by Congress on December 21, 2020 and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

For fiscal year 2022, District foundation funding received from the State of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the District were funded to the District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. For fiscal year 2021, the District reported \$547,379 in revenues and expenditures/expenses related to these programs. Also, during fiscal year 2021, the District reported \$1,983,843 in tuition and fees from the resident school districts which will be direct funded to the District as the educating entity in fiscal year 2022. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each District. The District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.04157360%		0.04329360%		0.04149700%		0.03783420%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,749,765	\$	2,590,332	\$	2,376,610	\$	2,260,510
District's covered payroll	\$	1,443,964	\$	1,496,504	\$	1,546,022	\$	1,282,507
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		190.43%		173.09%		153.72%		176.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.55%		70.85%		71.36%		69.50%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	2017	2016 0.03876290%			2015	2014			
(0.03848980%			0.04105600%		0.04105600%			
\$	2,817,098	\$	2,211,849	\$	2,077,821	\$	2,441,469		
\$	1,212,707	\$	1,166,965	\$	1,193,016	\$	1,071,575		
	232.30%		189.54%		174.17%		227.84%		
	62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.03764479%		0.03841648%		0.03825915%		0.03649973%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	9,108,700	\$	8,495,574	\$	8,412,328	\$	8,670,589
District's covered payroll	\$	4,603,279	\$	4,434,900	\$	4,403,821	\$	4,129,757
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		197.87%		191.56%		191.02%		209.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.48%		77.40%		77.31%		75.30%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

2017			2016		2015	2014				
	0.03746651%		0.03758906%	0).03846439%	0.03846439%				
\$	12,541,170	\$	10,388,517	\$	9,355,871	\$	11,144,652			
\$	3,916,143	\$	3,921,786	\$	3,930,000	\$	4,098,400			
	320.24%		264.89%		238.06%		271.93%			
	66.80%		72.10%		74.70%		69.30%			

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021		 2020	 2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$	254,039	\$ 202,155	\$ 202,028	\$	208,713	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(254,039)	 (202,155)	 (202,028)		(208,713)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	1,814,564	\$ 1,443,964	\$ 1,496,504	\$	1,546,022	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%	14.00%	13.50%		13.50%	

 2017	2016		2015		 2014	 2013	2012		
\$ 179,551	\$	169,779	\$	153,806	\$ 165,352	\$ 148,306	\$	139,679	
 (179,551)		(169,779)		(153,806)	 (165,352)	 (148,306)		(139,679)	
\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
\$ 1,282,507	\$	1,212,707	\$	1,166,965	\$ 1,193,016	\$ 1,071,575	\$	1,038,506	
14.00%		14.00%		13.18%	13.86%	13.84%		13.45%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021		 2020	 2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$	694,376	\$ 644,459	\$ 620,886	\$	616,535	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(694,376)	 (644,459)	 (620,886)		(616,535)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	4,959,829	\$ 4,603,279	\$ 4,434,900	\$	4,403,821	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	

 2017		2016		2015		2014	 2013	2012		
\$ 578,166	\$	548,260	\$	549,050	\$	510,900	\$ 532,792	\$	545,336	
 (578,166)		(548,260)		(549,050)		(510,900)	 (532,792)		(545,336)	
\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
\$ 4,129,757	\$	3,916,143	\$	3,921,786	\$	3,930,000	\$ 4,098,400	\$	4,194,892	
14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		13.00%	13.00%		13.00%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	2021		2020		2019			2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.04318280%		0.04433480%		0.04211930%		(0.03846160%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	938,504	\$	1,114,927	\$	1,168,503	\$	1,032,208
District's covered payroll	\$	1,443,964	\$	1,496,504	\$	1,546,022	\$	1,282,507
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		64.99%		74.50%		75.58%		80.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		18.17%		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

2017

0.03889953%

\$ 1,096,298

\$ 1,212,707

90.40%

11.49%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	2021		2020		2019		 2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.03764479%		0.03841648%		0.038259159		0.03649973%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	(661,607)	\$	(636,269)	\$	(614,785)	\$ 1,424,085
District's covered payroll	\$	4,603,279	\$	4,434,900	\$	4,403,821	\$ 4,129,757
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		14.37%		14.35%		13.96%	34.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		182.10%		174.70%		176.00%	47.10%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

2017

0.03746651%

\$ 1,952,015

\$ 3,916,143

49.85%

37.30%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021		 2020	 2019	2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$	31,297	\$ 27,940	\$ 35,276	\$	30,576
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(31,297)	 (27,940)	 (35,276)		(30,576)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	1,814,564	\$ 1,443,964	\$ 1,496,504	\$	1,546,022
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.72%	1.93%	2.36%		1.98%

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 21,280	\$ 19,230	\$ 29,863	\$ 19,644	\$ 22,324	\$ 21,412
 (21,280)	 (19,230)	 (29,863)	 (19,644)	 (22,324)	 (21,412)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
\$ 1,282,507	\$ 1,212,707	\$ 1,166,965	\$ 1,193,016	\$ 1,071,575	\$ 1,038,506
1.66%	1.59%	2.56%	1.65%	2.08%	2.06%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021			2020	 2019	2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution					 		-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	4,959,829	\$	4,603,279	\$ 4,434,900	\$	4,403,821
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%

 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	2013			2012		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,184	\$	\$ 40,984		41,949		
 	 	 	 (40,184)		(40,984)		(41,949)		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	-		
\$ 4,129,757	\$ 3,916,143	\$ 3,921,786	\$ 3,930,000	\$	4,098,400	\$	4,194,892		
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2021.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2019-2021.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2021.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%. For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%. For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to limination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial -4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate.

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Nutrition Cluster:		
National School Breakfast Program COVID-19 National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	10.553 10.553 10.555	\$87,772 42,316 157,551
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555 10.555	66,100
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		378,061
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Department of Education COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund:		
COVID-19 Broadband Connectivity	21.019	60,586
COVID-19 Rural and Small Town School District	21.019	47,076
Total Coronavirus Relief Fund		107,662
Total U.S. Department of Treasury		107,662
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Special Education Cluster:		
IDEA-B Special Education	84.027A	200,241
IDEA Early Childhood Special Education Total - Special Education Cluster	84.173A	<u>3,122</u> 203,363
Title I-A Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	172,379
Title II-A Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367A	29,860
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	13,372
COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425D	142,343
Total U.S. Department of Education		561,317
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 1,047,040

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Weathersfield Local School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County 1334 Seaborn St. Mineral Ridge, Ohio 44440-9535

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Weathersfield Local School District, Trumbull County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 18, 2022, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider a significant deficiency. We consider finding 2021-001 to be a significant deficiency.

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Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statement. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and / or corrective action plan. We did not subject the District's responses to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 18, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County 1334 Seaborn St. Mineral Ridge, Ohio 44440-9535

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Weathersfield Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Weathersfield Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on each of the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Child Nutrition Cluster

As described in finding 2021-002 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the District did not comply with the requirements regarding allowable costs / cost principles applicable to its Child Nutrition Cluster major federal program. Compliance with this requirement is necessary, in our opinion, for the District to comply with requirements applicable to this program.

Qualified Opinion on Child Nutrition Cluster

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Child Nutrition Cluster* paragraph, Weathersfield Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its *Child Nutrition Cluster* for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Unmodified Opinion on the Other Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Weathersfield Local School District complied in all material respects with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its other major federal program identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, we cannot assure we have identified all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-002.

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Page 3

The District's response to our internal control over compliance finding is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and / or corrective action plan. We did not subject the District's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 18, 2022

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS 2 CFR § 200.515 June 30, 2021

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified – Special Education Cluster Qualified – Nutrition Cluster Allowable Costs/Cost Principles
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list): CFDA #s 84.027A and 84.173A CFDA #s 10.553 and 10.555	Special Education Cluster Nutrition Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Budget vs. Appropriations

FINDING NUMBER 2021-001

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Sound accounting practices require accurately posting estimated receipts to the ledgers to provide information for budget versus actual comparison and to allow the Board to make informed decisions regarding budgetary matters.

The appropriation resolution and subsequent amendments establish the legal spending authority of the District and the appropriation ledger provides the process by which the District controls spending, it is therefore necessary the amounts appropriated by the Board are precisely stated and accurately posted to the appropriation ledger.

The District did not have procedures in place to accurately post authorized budgetary measures to the accounting system. Final appropriations were not uploaded accurately into the accounting system. The differences in the appropriations are as follows for the following funds for June 30, 2021:

Fund	Appropriations	System	Difference
001	\$12,000,000	\$10,769,962	\$1,230,038
002	650,000	532,256	117,744
006	355,000	353,738	1,262
016	600,000	204,048	395,952

Failure to accurately post appropriations to the ledgers could result in overspending and negative cash balances.

To effectively control the budgetary cycle and to maintain accountability over expenditures, the District should post to the ledgers, on a timely basis, appropriations as passed by the Board. The District should then monitor budget versus actual reports to help ensure amended appropriations have been properly posted to the ledgers.

Official's Response: See Corrective Action Plan

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Nutrition Cluster - Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Finding Number: CFDA Number and Title: Federal Award Identification Number / Year: Federal Agency: Compliance Requirement: Pass-Through Entity: Repeat Finding from Prior Audit? Prior Audit Finding Number? 2021-002 CFDA #s 10.553/10.555 Nutrition Cluster CFDA #s 10.553/10.555 / 2021 U.S Department of Agriculture Allowability of Costs Ohio Department of Education Yes 2020-003

NONCOMPLIANCE/MATERIAL WEAKNESS/QUESTIONED COST

2 CFR § 400.1 and 2 CFR § 3474.1 give regulatory effect to the U.S. Department of Agriculture and Department of Education for § 200.430, which provides, in part, compensation for personal services includes all remuneration, paid currently or accrued, for services of employees rendered during the period of performance under the Federal award, including but not necessarily limited to wages and salaries. Costs of compensation are allowable to the extent that they satisfy the specific requirements of this part, and that the total compensation for individual employees: (1) Is reasonable for the services rendered and conforms to the established written policy of the nonFederal entity consistently applied to both Federal and non-Federal activities; (2) Follows an appointment made in accordance with a non-Federal entity's laws and/or rules or written policies and meets the requirements of Federal statute, where applicable; and (3) Is determined and supported as provided in paragraph (i) of this section, Standards for Documentation of Personnel Expenses, when applicable.

The District used Nutrition Cluster funds to pay a portion (28%) of an employee's salary for the purpose of this employee processing Nutrition Cluster invoices. Payroll costs of the District employee was allocated based on estimates of time spent by the employee and no supporting documentation was received to indicate allocations were based on actual activities. Therefore, these costs are not considered actual costs.

Failure to obtain adequate documentation to verify that expenses are allocated based on supported actual activities or supported percentages, could result in the District paying the employee an incorrect amount from the Nutrition Cluster funds.

The total allocation to the Nutrition Cluster for this employee including fringe benefits was \$16,402. There was no supporting documentation that indicated the allocation utilized was based on actual activities. While using an estimate may be adequate, the documentation must meet the requirements of 2 CFR 200.405(a).

2 CFR 200 Appendix VII Paragraph D states "All departments or agencies of the governmental unit desiring to claim indirect costs under Federal awards must prepare an indirect cost rate proposal and related documentation to support those costs. The proposal and related documentation must be retained for audit in accordance with the records retention requirements contained in §200.333 Retention Requirements for Records."

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County Schedule Of Findings and Questioned Costs Page 4

The District charged a portion of utility payments to the Food Service Fund. We tested one transaction for natural gas charges where the District charged 17% of the invoice to the Food Service Fund. Per inquiry, each utility type has a different percentage charged to the Food Service Fund. The District has no documentation on how the percentages charged were determined. Total utility payments charged to the Food Service Fund during the fiscal year were \$16,351. Failing to have the appropriate controls in place could result in the District paying unallowable expenditures with Nutrition Cluster funds.

The likely questioned costs based on these exceptions is \$32,753.

The District should implement procedures to obtain and review supporting documentation for all allocation percentages utilized to pay employees with Nutrition Cluster funds. The review should ensure allocation percentages used are appropriate, based on supported documentation, and not based on estimates. Documentation of each allocation methodology used should be maintained to support the percentages utilized. Additionally, the District should calculate and document how utility percentages will be allocated to the Food Service fund.

Official's Response: See Corrective Action Plan

4. OTHER – FINDINGS FOR RECOVERY

In addition, we identified the following other issue related to Findings for Recovery. The issue did not impact our GAGAS or Single Audit Compliance and Controls reports.

FINDING NUMBER 2021-003

<u>NONCOMPLIANCE – FINDING FOR RECOVERY REPAID UNDER AUDIT- PERFECT</u> <u>ATTENDANCE BONUS PAYMENTS</u>

According to the collective bargaining agreements (CBA) of the District certified and classified employees, they are entitled to two perfect attendance bonuses in the amount of \$250 for the periods of January - June 2020 and July - December 2020, for a total of \$500 paid during the 2021 fiscal year.

The Treasurer was paid \$500 for these two perfect attendance bonuses in fiscal year 2021, and was also paid \$250 for the perfect attendance bonus paid in fiscal year 2022.

The Treasurer's contract does not specify that he should receive this type of compensation based on attendance. In addition, there is no Board documentation which authorized these bonuses. Likewise, since the Treasurer is not a member of a bargaining unit, he would not be entitled to that bonus under either CBA.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public money illegally expended is hereby issued against Steven R. Haynie, Treasurer, for \$750 and in favor of the District's General Fund.

The Treasurer repaid the District's General Fund under audit in the amount of \$750 on March 8, 2022.



WEATHERSFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2021

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2020-001	Budget vs Appropriations	Not Corrected	See finding 2021-001
2020-002	Federal Schedule	Partially Corrected	Management Letter comment has been made
2020-003	Nutrition Cluster – Allowability of Compensation Costs	Not Corrected	See finding 2021-002

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WEATHERSFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2021

Finding Number: Planned Corrective Action: 2021-001 Exact amounts appropriated by the Board of Education will be entered into the accounting system rather than just budgeted amounts. 12/31/2021 Steve Haynie

Anticipated Completion Date: Responsible Contact Person:

Finding Number: Planned Corrective Action:

Anticipated Completion Date: Responsible Contact Person:

2021-002

A corrective action process has been completed through the Ohio Department of Education. ODE has approved the plan. The district will use percentage based amounts to charge certain expenditures to the Nutrition Cluster Fund. 12/13/2021 Steve Haynie

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WEATHERSFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/24/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370