



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2023**

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**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2023**

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Massillon City School District
Stark County
930 17th Street N.E.
Massillon, Ohio 44646

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Massillon City School District, Stark County, Ohio (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Massillon City School District, Stark County, Ohio as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the General and ESSER funds for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 12, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

March 12, 2024

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**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Massillon City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$12,617,081 which represents a 17.93% increase from June 30, 2022's net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$54,817,396 in revenue or 72.48% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$20,811,037 or 27.52% of total revenues of \$75,628,433.
- The School District had \$63,011,352 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$20,811,037 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and operating and capital grants and contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District has four major funds: the general fund, the elementary and secondary school emergency relief (ESSER) fund, the classroom facilities fund and the capital projects fund. The general fund had \$56,582,533 in revenues and other financing sources, \$50,814,966 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance increased \$5,767,567 from \$5,919,277 to \$11,686,844.
- The ESSER fund had \$6,649,763 in revenues, \$7,725,931 in expenditures. The ESSER fund's fund balance decreased \$1,076,168 from a fund balance of \$1,083 to a fund deficit of \$1,075,085.
- The classroom facilities fund had \$4,016,128 in revenues, \$894,681 in expenditures and other financing uses. The classroom facilities fund's fund balance increased \$3,121,447 from \$6,044,759 to \$9,166,206.
- The capital projects fund had \$3,805,350 in revenues and other financing sources, \$1,251,023 in expenditures. The capital projects fund's fund balance increased \$2,554,327 from \$44,090,201 to \$46,644,528.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net position* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The School District has four major funds: the general fund, ESSER fund, classroom facilities fund and capital projects fund.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2023?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of facilities, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund, ESSER fund, classroom facilities fund and capital projects fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset.

The School District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Net Position			
	Governmental Activities <u>2023</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2022</u>	<u>Change</u>
<u>Assets</u>			
Current and other assets	\$ 120,957,920	\$ 111,015,562	\$ 9,942,358
Net OPEB asset	4,925,388	4,000,449	924,939
Capital assets, net	<u>51,662,140</u>	<u>45,577,455</u>	<u>6,084,685</u>
Total assets	<u>177,545,448</u>	<u>160,593,466</u>	<u>16,951,982</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
Pension	13,038,244	13,598,470	(560,226)
OPEB	<u>1,197,561</u>	<u>1,520,002</u>	<u>(322,441)</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>14,235,805</u>	<u>15,118,472</u>	<u>(882,667)</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities	10,562,448	6,264,712	4,297,736
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	1,926,344	1,793,671	132,673
Due in more than one year:			
Net pension liability	50,977,017	30,416,206	20,560,811
Net OPEB liability	2,307,519	3,257,944	(950,425)
Other amounts	<u>11,320,205</u>	<u>12,315,203</u>	<u>(994,998)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>77,093,533</u>	<u>54,047,736</u>	<u>23,045,797</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Property taxes and PILOTs levied for next year	19,798,912	20,002,506	(203,594)
Pension	4,776,557	24,614,899	(19,838,342)
OPEB	<u>7,114,988</u>	<u>6,666,614</u>	<u>448,374</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>31,690,457</u>	<u>51,284,019</u>	<u>(19,593,562)</u>
<u>Net Position</u>			
Net investment in capital assets	41,155,839	35,003,814	6,152,025
Restricted	51,845,025	51,055,760	789,265
Unrestricted	<u>(10,003,600)</u>	<u>(15,679,391)</u>	<u>5,675,791</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 82,997,264</u>	<u>\$ 70,380,183</u>	<u>\$ 12,617,081</u>

The net pension liability (NPL) is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions— an Amendment of GASB Statement 27" and the net OPEB liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and net OPEB asset.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability/asset*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability/asset. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2023, the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$82,997,264.

Assets of the School District increased approximately \$16,951,982. Current and other assets increased primarily due to an increase in equity in pooled and cash equivalents.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)**

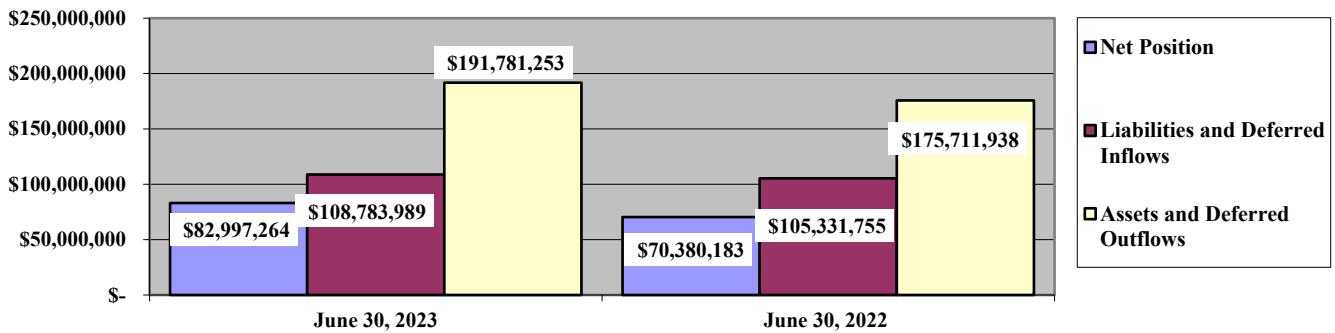
At year-end, capital assets represented 29.10% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and intangible right to use assets. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2023, was \$41,155,839. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The net pension liability increased \$20,560,811 or 67.60% and deferred inflows of resources related to pension decreased \$19,838,342 or 80.59%. These changes were the result of changes at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Primarily, net investment income on investments at both pension systems were negative for the fiscal year 2022 measurement date that are used for the fiscal year 2023 reporting. This caused a large decrease in their respective fiduciary net positions which was a drastic change from the previous fiscal year's large positive investment returns.

A portion of the District's net position, \$51,845,025, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Of the restricted net position, \$44,783,181 is restricted for capital projects and \$1,074,762 is restricted for debt service. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is (\$10,003,600).

The graph below shows the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Governmental Activities



**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)**

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

	Governmental Activities <u>2023</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2022</u>	<u>Change</u>
<u>Revenues</u>			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,571,477	\$ 2,168,028	\$ (596,551)
Operating grants and contributions	19,139,560	9,934,477	9,205,083
Capital grants and contributions	<u>100,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>100,000</u>
Total program revenues	<u>20,811,037</u>	<u>12,102,505</u>	<u>8,708,532</u>
General revenues:			
Property taxes	21,466,862	20,605,164	861,698
Income taxes	5,635	5,249	386
Payment in lieu of taxes	173,553	171,242	2,311
Grants and entitlements	30,993,172	48,912,884	(17,919,712)
Investment earnings	1,578,615	(881,482)	2,460,097
Other	<u>599,559</u>	<u>156,245</u>	<u>443,314</u>
Total general revenues	<u>54,817,396</u>	<u>68,969,302</u>	<u>(14,151,906)</u>
Total revenues	<u>75,628,433</u>	<u>81,071,807</u>	<u>(5,443,374)</u>
<u>Expenses</u>			
Program expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	23,619,476	21,012,366	2,607,110
Special	7,704,407	7,270,901	433,506
Vocational	3,039,295	2,584,202	455,093
Adult/continuing	-	54	(54)
Student intervention	-	46,622	(46,622)
Other	1,291,142	1,199,906	91,236
Support services:			
Pupil	5,544,225	3,951,599	1,592,626
Instructional staff	1,599,249	1,357,197	242,052
Board of education	84,540	41,714	42,826
Administration	3,436,520	2,642,992	793,528
Fiscal	1,479,261	1,156,444	322,817
Operations and maintenance	6,374,550	5,588,414	786,136
Pupil transportation	2,307,911	2,121,917	185,994
Central	614,673	559,729	54,944
Operations of non-instructional services:			
Food service operations	2,422,826	2,142,761	280,065
Other non-instructional services	623,830	480,819	143,011
Extracurricular activities	2,613,853	2,037,149	576,704
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>255,594</u>	<u>255,206</u>	<u>388</u>
Total expenses	<u>63,011,352</u>	<u>54,449,992</u>	<u>8,561,360</u>
Change in net position	12,617,081	26,621,815	(14,004,734)
Net position at beginning of year	<u>70,380,183</u>	<u>43,758,368</u>	<u>26,621,815</u>
Net position at end of year	<u>\$ 82,997,264</u>	<u>\$ 70,380,183</u>	<u>\$ 12,617,081</u>

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

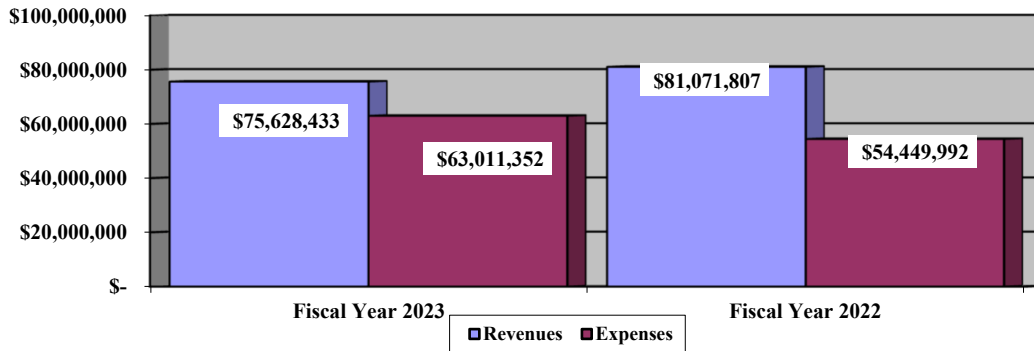
Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$12,617,081. Total governmental expenses of \$63,011,352 were offset by program revenues of \$20,811,037 and general revenues of \$54,817,396. Program revenues supported 33.03% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State. These revenue sources account for 69.60% of total governmental revenue. The most significant increases were in the areas of property taxes and earnings on investments. The increase in property taxes was due to an increase in collections compared to the previous year. The increase on earnings on investments was due to more favorable interest rates on said investments during the year. The decrease in grants and entitlements was the result of an Ohio Facilities Construction Commission (OFCC) grant received in fiscal year 2022.

Overall, expenses of the governmental activities increased \$8,561,360 or 17.23%. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in pension expense. Pension expense increase approximately \$5,779,658. This increase was the result of an increase in expenses incurred at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) due to a decrease in net investment income on investments compared to previous years.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)**

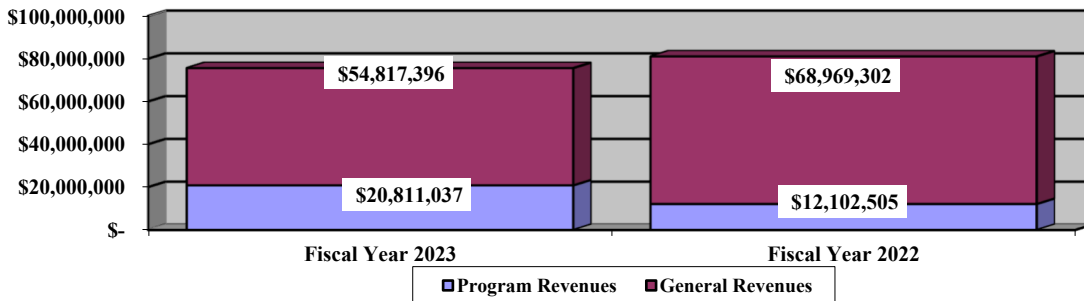
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services <u>2023</u>	Net Cost of Services <u>2023</u>	Total Cost of Services <u>2022</u>	Net Cost of Services <u>2022</u>
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 23,619,476	\$ 22,084,905	\$ 21,012,366	\$ 17,763,833
Special	7,704,407	2,462,353	7,270,901	5,435,697
Vocational	3,039,295	2,200,362	2,584,202	2,541,174
Adult/continuing	-	-	54	54
Student intervention	-	-	46,622	4,306
Other	1,291,142	405,949	1,199,906	187,384
Support services:				
Pupil	5,544,225	3,816,083	3,951,599	3,269,709
Instructional staff	1,599,249	1,087,326	1,357,197	1,038,052
Board of education	84,540	84,540	41,714	41,714
Administration	3,436,520	3,359,480	2,642,992	2,581,767
Fiscal	1,479,261	1,474,982	1,156,444	1,156,366
Operations and maintenance	6,374,550	585,457	5,588,414	5,289,164
Pupil transportation	2,307,911	2,153,489	2,121,917	1,936,666
Central	614,673	470,505	559,729	449,011
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	2,422,826	(191,950)	2,142,761	(902,750)
Other non-instructional services	623,830	263,595	480,819	50,614
Extracurricular activities	2,613,853	1,687,645	2,037,149	1,342,502
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>255,594</u>	<u>255,594</u>	<u>255,206</u>	<u>162,224</u>
Total	<u>\$ 63,011,352</u>	<u>\$ 42,200,315</u>	<u>\$ 54,449,992</u>	<u>\$ 42,347,487</u>

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent as 76.16% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 66.97%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements are the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$74,925,863, which is higher than last year's total of \$66,660,449.

The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2023 and 2022.

	Fund Balance (Deficit) <u>June 30, 2023</u>	Fund Balance <u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>Change</u>	Percentage <u>Change</u>
General	\$ 11,686,844	\$ 5,919,277	\$ 5,767,567	97.44 %
ESSER	(1,075,085)	1,083	(1,076,168)	(99,369.16) %
Classroom facilities	9,166,206	6,044,759	3,121,447	51.64 %
Capital projects	46,644,528	44,090,201	2,554,327	5.79 %
Other Governmental	<u>8,503,370</u>	<u>10,605,129</u>	<u>(2,101,759)</u>	(19.82) %
Total	<u>\$ 74,925,863</u>	<u>\$ 66,660,449</u>	<u>\$ 8,265,414</u>	12.40 %

General Fund

During fiscal year 2023, the District's general fund balance increased \$5,767,567.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

	2023 <u>Amount</u>	2022 <u>Amount</u>	<u>Change</u>	Percentage <u>Change</u>
<u>Revenues</u>				
Taxes	\$ 18,078,263	\$ 17,583,150	\$ 495,113	2.82 %
PILOTs	173,553	171,242	2,311	1.35
Tuition and fees	664,659	1,400,483	(735,824)	(52.54) %
Earnings on investments	1,515,896	(881,482)	2,397,378	271.97 %
Intergovernmental	35,117,588	33,208,494	1,909,094	5.75 %
Other revenues	<u>695,254</u>	<u>178,216</u>	<u>517,038</u>	290.12 %
Total	<u>\$ 56,245,213</u>	<u>\$ 51,660,103</u>	<u>\$ 4,585,110</u>	8.88 %
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Instruction	\$ 30,906,393	\$ 28,607,964	\$ 2,298,429	8.03 %
Support services	17,674,394	15,306,814	2,367,580	15.47 %
Non-instructional services	187,673	136,837	50,836	37.15 %
Extracurricular activities	1,510,507	1,304,793	205,714	15.77 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	337,320	-	337,320	100.00 %
Debt service	<u>114,559</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>114,559</u>	100.00 %
Total	<u>\$ 50,730,846</u>	<u>\$ 45,356,408</u>	<u>\$ 5,374,438</u>	11.85 %

Overall revenues of the general fund increased \$4,585,110 or 8.88%. Earnings on investments were positive due to an increase in fair value of investments from more favorable interest rates on said investments. Other revenues increased due to an increase in miscellaneous revenues received in the general fund.

Expenditures increased \$5,374,438 or 11.85%. The main increase was in the area of support services.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2023, the School District amended its general fund estimated revenue budget. For the general fund, original revenues were \$59,837,401. Final revenues and other financing sources were \$55,389,631. Actual revenues and other financing sources of \$58,152,139 were \$2,762,508 higher than the final budgeted amounts and \$1,685,262 lower than the original budgeted amounts.

General fund actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$54,378,221 were \$15,621,780 and \$3,641,534 lower than original and final appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses), respectively.

ESSER Fund

The ESSER fund had \$6,649,763 in revenues, \$7,725,931 in expenditures. The building fund's fund balance decreased \$1,076,168 from \$1,083 to (\$1,075,085).

Classroom Facilities Fund

The classroom facilities fund had \$4,016,128 in revenues, \$894,681 in expenditures and other financing uses. The classroom facilities fund's fund balance increased \$3,121,447 from \$6,044,759 to \$9,166,206.

Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund had \$3,805,350 in revenues and other financing sources, \$1,251,023 in expenditures. The capital projects fund's fund balance increased \$2,554,327 from \$44,090,201 to \$46,644,528.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2023, the School District had \$51,662,140 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and intangible right to use assets. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The table that follows shows June 30, 2023 balances compared to June 30, 2022.

**Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation/Amortization)**

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Land	\$ 3,707,386	\$ 3,707,386
Construction in progress	7,188,491	157,649
Land improvements	994,648	1,154,468
Buildings and improvements	29,847,695	31,653,229
Furniture and equipment	7,073,402	7,556,970
Vehicles	1,397,872	1,347,753
Intangible right to use assets - Equipment	230,893	-
Intangible right to use assets - SBITAs	1,221,753	-
Total	\$ 51,662,140	\$ 45,577,455

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)

The overall increase of \$6,084,685 is the result of depreciation/amortization expense of \$3,288,775 disposals net of accumulated depreciation/amortization of \$60,023 and additions of 9,433,483. See Note 6 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District’s capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2023 the School District had \$9,153,883 in general obligation bonds, a finance purchase agreement, and leases payable. Of this total, \$1,743,130 is due within one year and \$7,410,753 is due in more than one year.

The table below summarizes the bonds outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities <u>2023</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2022</u>
Refunding bonds	\$ 3,425,000	\$ 4,510,000
Finance purchase agreement	5,493,000	6,012,000
Leases payable	<u>235,883</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 9,153,883</u>	<u>\$ 10,522,000</u>

See Note 14 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District’s debt administration.

Current Issues

The School District continues to uphold the highest standards of service for our students, parents and community while remaining within our funding capability. The ultimate goal of the School District is to offer the best educational and extra-curricular experience for students.

The Board and Administration have been successful in right sizing the School District and addressing renovation and repair of the buildings. Over the past eight (8) years, the following repairs and renovations have been completed:

- Washington High School roof replacement completed
- Asphalt repair at all the buildings
- Washington High School door and window replacements
- Track and field facility project at Massillon Middle School completed
- \$2.3 million Middle School Complex roof replacement completed
- \$4.5 million Renovation of the Oak Street Property into an Operations Facility completed
- \$2.8 million Renovation to Paul Brown Tiger Stadium completed

The School District has partnered with Ohio Facilities Construction Commission to construct two new PreK-3 Elementary Buildings – one on the East Side and one on the West Side at a cost of \$65,026,586. We are proud to say that with being fiscally accountable over the past eight (8) years, we are able to finance the local share with dollars saved. The buildings are set to be completed by the Fall of 2025. Due to the ARP ESSER Funds received (\$8,269,880), the design phase is completed for HVAC upgrade at Washington High School; as well as the plaza renovation which will include outdoor learning spaces. This project is on track to go out to bid in the coming months.

It is exciting times at the School District with the new buildings and renovations. However, our main focus is on our ultimate long-term goal to be a School District that inspires the community with our academic, artistic and athletic programs.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ryker Locke, Treasurer at Massillon City School District, 930 17th Street N.E., Massillon, Ohio 44646 or rlocke@massillonschools.org.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 79,930,806
Investments	116,951
Receivables:	
Property taxes	23,922,340
Payment in lieu of taxes	173,553
Accounts	63,787
Accrued interest	73,590
Intergovernmental	16,630,712
Prepayments	46,181
Net OPEB asset	4,925,388
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable capital assets	10,895,877
Depreciable capital assets, net	40,766,263
Capital assets, net	51,662,140
Total assets	177,545,448
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Pension	13,038,244
OPEB	1,197,561
Total deferred outflows of resources	14,235,805
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	2,307,085
Contracts payable	1,352,418
Accrued wages and benefits payable	5,657,606
Compensated absences payable	32,460
Intergovernmental payable	296,298
Pension and postemployment benefits payable	831,267
Accrued interest payable	16,434
Unearned revenue	12,763
Accrued vacation leave payable	56,117
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	1,926,344
Due in more than one year:	
Net pension liability	50,977,017
Net OPEB liability	2,307,518
Other amounts due in more than one year	11,320,205
Total liabilities	77,093,532
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	19,625,359
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year	173,553
Pension	4,776,557
OPEB	7,114,988
Total deferred inflows of resources	31,690,457
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	41,155,839
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	44,783,181
OPEB	1,035,891
Classroom facilities maintenance	1,484,851
Debt service	1,074,762
State funded programs	41,003
Federally funded programs	50,157
Food service operations	2,169,647
Student activities	924,176
Other purposes	281,357
Unrestricted (deficit)	(10,003,600)
Total net position	\$ 82,997,264

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 23,619,476	\$ 284,896	\$ 1,249,675	\$ -		\$ (22,084,905)
Special	7,704,407	286,913	4,955,141	-		(2,462,353)
Vocational	3,039,295	9,726	829,207	-		(2,200,362)
Other	1,291,142	-	885,193	-		(405,949)
Support services:						
Pupil	5,544,225	17,121	1,711,021	-		(3,816,083)
Instructional staff	1,599,249	-	511,923	-		(1,087,326)
Board of education	84,540	-	-	-		(84,540)
Administration	3,436,520	-	77,040	-		(3,359,480)
Fiscal	1,479,261	-	4,279	-		(1,474,982)
Operations and maintenance	6,374,550	78,624	5,634,406	76,063		(585,457)
Pupil transportation	2,307,911	23,540	130,882	-		(2,153,489)
Central	614,673	-	144,168	-		(470,505)
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations	2,422,826	40,109	2,574,667	-		191,950
Other non-instructional services	623,830	-	360,235	-		(263,595)
Extracurricular activities	2,613,853	830,548	71,723	23,937		(1,687,645)
Interest and fiscal charges	255,594	-	-	-		(255,594)
Totals	\$ 63,011,352	\$ 1,571,477	\$ 19,139,560	\$ 100,000		(42,200,315)
General revenues:						
Property taxes levied for:						
						18,381,440
General purposes						913,859
Debt service						1,995,265
Capital outlay						176,298
Classroom facilities maintenance						173,553
Payments in lieu of taxes						5,635
Income taxes levied for:						
General purposes						30,993,172
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs						1,578,615
Investment earnings						599,559
Miscellaneous						54,817,396
Total general revenues						
Change in net position						12,617,081
Net position at beginning of year						70,380,183
Net position at end of year						\$ 82,997,264

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	Classroom Facilities	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,424,190	\$ -	\$ 7,008,452	\$ 47,631,033	\$ 8,867,131	\$ 79,930,806
Investments	-	-	-	-	116,951	116,951
Receivables:						
Property taxes	20,572,931	-	-	-	3,349,409	23,922,340
Payment in lieu of taxes	173,553	-	-	-	-	173,553
Accounts	55,452	-	-	-	8,335	63,787
Accrued interest	73,237	-	-	-	353	73,590
Interfund loans	1,297,071	-	-	-	-	1,297,071
Intergovernmental	31,966	2,348,388	13,743,395	-	506,963	16,630,712
Prepayments	43,319	-	-	-	2,862	46,181
Total assets	<u>\$ 38,671,719</u>	<u>\$ 2,348,388</u>	<u>\$ 20,751,847</u>	<u>\$ 47,631,033</u>	<u>\$ 12,852,004</u>	<u>\$ 122,254,991</u>
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,073,232	\$ 1,170,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,278	\$ 2,307,085
Contracts payable	-	-	365,913	986,505	-	1,352,418
Accrued wages and benefits payable	5,005,090	69,743	-	-	582,773	5,657,606
Compensated absences payable	32,460	-	-	-	-	32,460
Intergovernmental payable	287,558	741	-	-	7,999	296,298
Pension and postemployment benefits payable	740,925	10,566	-	-	79,776	831,267
Interfund loans payable	-	1,096,763	-	-	200,308	1,297,071
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	12,763	12,763
Total liabilities	<u>7,139,265</u>	<u>2,348,388</u>	<u>365,913</u>	<u>986,505</u>	<u>946,897</u>	<u>11,786,968</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	16,886,093	-	-	-	2,739,266	19,625,359
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year	173,553	-	-	-	-	173,553
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	2,732,756	-	-	-	451,902	3,184,658
Intergovernmental revenue not available	7,134	1,075,085	11,219,728	-	210,216	12,512,163
Accrued interest not available	46,074	-	-	-	353	46,427
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>19,845,610</u>	<u>1,075,085</u>	<u>11,219,728</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,401,737</u>	<u>35,542,160</u>
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepays	43,319	-	-	-	2,862	46,181
Unclaimed monies	26,031	-	-	-	-	26,031
Restricted:						
Debt service	-	-	-	-	951,875	951,875
Capital projects	-	-	9,166,206	22,839,178	205,651	32,211,035
Classroom facilities maintenance	-	-	-	-	1,459,136	1,459,136
Food service operations	-	-	-	-	2,218,471	2,218,471
Non-public schools	-	-	-	-	39,613	39,613
State funded programs	-	-	-	-	1,504	1,504
Federally funded programs	-	-	-	-	50,157	50,157
Extracurricular	-	-	-	-	924,176	924,176
Other purposes	-	-	-	-	254,973	254,973
Committed:						
Capital projects	-	-	-	23,805,350	2,605,168	26,410,518
Assigned:						
Student instruction	670,352	-	-	-	-	670,352
Student and staff support	993,055	-	-	-	-	993,055
Extracurricular activities	7	-	-	-	-	7
Subsequent year's appropriations	325,725	-	-	-	-	325,725
Operation of non-instructional services	45,449	-	-	-	-	45,449
Unassigned (deficit)	9,582,906	(1,075,085)	-	-	(210,216)	8,297,605
Total fund balances	<u>11,686,844</u>	<u>(1,075,085)</u>	<u>9,166,206</u>	<u>46,644,528</u>	<u>8,503,370</u>	<u>74,925,863</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u>\$ 38,671,719</u>	<u>\$ 2,348,388</u>	<u>\$ 20,751,847</u>	<u>\$ 47,631,033</u>	<u>\$ 12,852,004</u>	<u>\$ 122,254,991</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
JUNE 30, 2023

Total governmental fund balances		\$	74,925,863
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:</i>			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			51,662,140
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.			
Property taxes receivable	\$	3,184,658	
Accrued interest receivable		46,427	
Intergovernmental receivable		12,512,163	
Total		12,512,163	15,743,248
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(16,434)
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.			
Deferred outflows - pension		13,038,244	
Deferred inflows - pension		(4,776,557)	
Net pension liability		(50,977,017)	
Deferred outflows - OPEB		1,197,561	
Deferred inflows - OPEB		(7,114,988)	
Net OPEB asset		4,925,388	
Net OPEB liability		(2,307,518)	
Total		(2,307,518)	(46,014,887)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
General obligation bonds		(3,425,000)	
Direct borrowings		(5,493,000)	
Leases payable		(235,883)	
Compensated absences payable		(4,092,666)	
Accrued vacation leave payable		(56,117)	
Total		(13,302,666)	(13,302,666)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 82,997,264

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	Classroom Facilities	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 18,072,628	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,078,575	\$ 21,151,203
Income taxes	5,635	-	-	-	-	5,635
Intergovernmental	35,117,588	6,649,763	3,999,483	-	7,042,176	52,809,010
Investment earnings	1,515,896	-	16,645	-	54,161	1,586,702
Tuition and fees	664,659	-	-	-	-	664,659
Extracurricular	17,071	-	-	-	771,014	788,085
Rental income	78,624	-	-	-	-	78,624
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	40,109	40,109
Contributions and donations	2,898	-	-	-	85,113	88,011
Payment in lieu of taxes	173,553	-	-	-	-	173,553
Miscellaneous	596,661	-	-	-	52,812	649,473
Total revenues	56,245,213	6,649,763	4,016,128	-	11,123,960	78,035,064
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	21,940,895	915,096	-	-	344,620	23,200,611
Special	5,535,209	10,000	-	-	2,119,875	7,665,084
Vocational	3,028,523	-	-	-	12,777	3,041,300
Other	401,766	842,331	-	-	42,862	1,286,959
Support services:						
Pupil	4,475,667	144,601	-	-	780,081	5,400,349
Instructional staff	1,063,796	191,145	-	-	318,702	1,573,643
Board of education	84,478	-	-	-	-	84,478
Administration	3,311,218	-	-	-	77,867	3,389,085
Fiscal	1,410,596	-	-	-	55,818	1,466,414
Operations and maintenance	4,471,526	5,487,196	-	-	427,614	10,386,336
Pupil transportation	2,395,856	-	-	-	3,410	2,399,266
Central	461,257	133,368	-	-	10,800	605,425
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations	-	-	-	-	2,436,642	2,436,642
Other non-instructional services	187,673	2,194	-	-	433,649	623,516
Extracurricular activities	1,510,507	-	-	-	838,049	2,348,556
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	567,096	1,251,023	99,270	1,917,389
Capital outlay	337,320	-	-	-	-	337,320
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	101,437	-	-	-	1,604,000	1,705,437
Interest and fiscal charges	13,122	-	-	-	226,038	239,160
Total expenditures	50,730,846	7,725,931	567,096	1,251,023	9,832,074	70,106,970
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	5,514,367	(1,076,168)	3,449,032	(1,251,023)	1,291,886	7,928,094
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	3,805,350	411,705	4,217,055
Transfers (out)	(84,120)	-	(327,585)	-	(3,805,350)	(4,217,055)
Lease transaction	337,320	-	-	-	-	337,320
Total other financing sources (uses)	253,200	-	(327,585)	3,805,350	(3,393,645)	337,320
Net change in fund balances	5,767,567	(1,076,168)	3,121,447	2,554,327	(2,101,759)	8,265,414
Fund balances at beginning of year	5,919,277	1,083	6,044,759	44,090,201	10,605,129	66,660,449
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 11,686,844	\$ (1,075,085)	\$ 9,166,206	\$ 46,644,528	\$ 8,503,370	\$ 74,925,863

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	8,265,414
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</i>		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital asset additions	\$ 9,433,483	
Current year depreciation	<u>(3,288,775)</u>	
Total		6,144,708
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		
		(60,023)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes	315,659	
Earnings on investments	46,427	
Intergovernmental	<u>(2,761,583)</u>	
Total		(2,399,497)
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		
		1,705,437
Issuance of leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.		
		(337,320)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:		
		(16,434)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension		4,458,052
OPEB		112,614
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.		
Pension		(5,740,747)
OPEB		991,936
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
		<u>(507,059)</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	<u>12,617,081</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 19,879,821	\$ 18,006,694	\$ 18,115,850	\$ 109,156
Income taxes	6,190	5,612	5,635	23
Intergovernmental	37,503,879	34,000,752	34,944,573	943,821
Investment earnings	741,489	672,229	1,462,340	790,111
Tuition and fees	335,318	303,996	595,349	291,353
Extracurricular	769	697	1,366	669
Rental income	54,925	49,795	78,624	28,829
Charges for services	10,985	9,959	-	(9,959)
Contributions and donations	2,197	1,992	1,251	(741)
Payment in lieu of taxes	173,553	173,553	173,553	-
Miscellaneous	1,128,275	553,009	566,689	13,680
Total revenues	<u>59,837,401</u>	<u>53,778,288</u>	<u>55,945,230</u>	<u>2,166,942</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	28,938,222	22,661,165	21,942,700	718,465
Special	8,312,763	6,585,488	6,139,039	446,449
Vocational	3,747,617	2,978,061	3,028,378	(50,317)
Other	536,208	426,100	410,227	15,873
Support services:				
Pupil	6,999,803	5,305,365	4,567,082	738,283
Instructional staff	1,469,443	1,167,700	1,066,102	101,598
Board of education	123,846	98,415	48,800	49,615
Administration	4,221,348	3,354,458	3,136,183	218,275
Fiscal	2,121,690	1,685,974	1,521,402	164,572
Operations and maintenance	7,153,529	5,678,625	4,934,598	744,027
Pupil transportation	3,287,497	2,612,425	2,415,041	197,384
Central	918,703	729,893	536,124	193,769
Operation of non-instructional services				
Other non-instructional services	423,073	331,230	249,307	81,923
Extracurricular activities	1,746,259	1,387,636	1,232,074	155,562
Total expenditures	<u>70,000,001</u>	<u>55,002,535</u>	<u>51,227,057</u>	<u>3,775,478</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(10,162,600)</u>	<u>(1,224,247)</u>	<u>4,718,173</u>	<u>5,942,420</u>
Other financing sources (uses):				
Refund of prior year's expenditures	-	400,000	309,448	(90,552)
Transfers in	-	-	144,669	144,669
Transfers (out)	-	(208,352)	(312,342)	(103,990)
Advances in	-	1,200,000	1,741,449	541,449
Advances (out)	-	(2,808,868)	(2,838,822)	(29,954)
Sale of capital assets	-	11,343	11,343	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,405,877)</u>	<u>(944,255)</u>	<u>461,622</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>(10,162,600)</u>	<u>(2,630,124)</u>	<u>3,773,918</u>	<u>6,404,042</u>
Fund balance at beginning of year	8,571,588	8,571,588	8,571,588	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,790,398	1,790,398	1,790,398	-
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 199,386</u>	<u>\$ 7,731,862</u>	<u>\$ 14,135,904</u>	<u>\$ 6,404,042</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 13,600,677	\$ 14,371,370	\$ 5,643,872	\$ (8,727,498)
Total revenue	<u>13,600,677</u>	<u>14,371,370</u>	<u>5,643,872</u>	<u>(8,727,498)</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	238,802	1,134,398	1,052,432	81,966
Special	2,269	10,000	10,000	-
Other	191,944	1,485,863	845,921	639,942
Support services:				
Pupil	34,463	157,891	151,883	6,008
Instructional staff	44,773	216,747	197,322	19,425
Operations and maintenance	2,110,414	11,162,171	9,300,866	1,861,305
Pupil transportation	357	10,000	1,573	8,427
Central	29,600	113,743	130,452	(16,709)
Operation of non-instructional services				
Other non-instructional services	605	22,059	2,666	19,393
Total expenditures	<u>2,653,227</u>	<u>14,312,872</u>	<u>11,693,115</u>	<u>2,619,757</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>10,947,450</u>	<u>58,498</u>	<u>(6,049,243)</u>	<u>(6,107,741)</u>
Other financing sources (uses):				
Advances in	-	-	2,628,188	2,628,188
Advances (out)	-	-	(1,532,931)	(1,532,931)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,095,257</u>	<u>1,095,257</u>
Net change in fund balance	10,947,450	58,498	(4,953,986)	(5,012,484)
Fund balance at beginning of year	-	-	-	-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	<u>\$ 10,947,450</u>	<u>\$ 58,498</u>	<u>\$ (4,953,986)</u>	<u>\$ (5,012,484)</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023**

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Massillon City School District (the “School District”) is organized under Article VI, Section 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and federal guidelines.

The School District is located in Stark County and encompasses the entire City of Massillon.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, agencies and offices that are not legally separate from the School District. For Massillon City School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization’s governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to, or can otherwise access, the organization’s resources; (3) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provides financial support to, the organization; or (4) the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in one jointly governed organization and one public entity risk pool. These organizations are the Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC) and the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan. They are presented in Notes 15 and 16.

The basic financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District’s significant accounting policies are described below.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The School District's major funds are described below:

General Fund - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) - The elementary and secondary school emergency relief fund (ESSER) is used to account for grants received from the federal government to provide emergency relief to school districts related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Classroom Facilities Fund - The classroom facilities fund accounts for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the School District and the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund accumulates money for one or more capital projects in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.13.

The other governmental funds of the School District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest, (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (c) proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into the following four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. The School District does not have any fiduciary funds at June 30, 2023.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limitations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements – During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenditures) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements – All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements for fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows and outflows, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees, and rentals.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 10 and 11 for deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2023, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. Unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

See Notes 10 and 11 for deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. These deferred inflows of resources are only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Budgetary modifications at this level require a resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer has been given the authority to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

The School District utilizes a financial institution to service to hold lease proceeds. The proceeds will be spent as work is completed on the project.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

Investments were limited to commercial paper, Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB) securities, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities, municipal bonds (Louisville City School District, Ohio; Ashtabula City School District, Ohio; Licking Heights Local School District, Ohio; St. Marys City School District, Ohio; Upper Arlington City School District, Ohio; Violet Township, Ohio), negotiable certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury notes, U.S. government money market mutual funds, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for investments in STAR Ohio, all investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

The School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours notice in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2023 amounted to \$1,515,896, which includes \$1,230,682 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as “equity in pooled cash and investments.” Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as “investments.”

G. Capital Assets

All capital assets of the School District are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. They are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset’s life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated/amortized. Improvements are depreciated/amortized over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation/amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	30 years
Buildings and Improvements	30 - 60 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 - 20 years
Intangible right to use assets	5 years

The District is reporting intangible right to use assets related to lease equipment and Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease/subscription/term of the useful life of the underlying asset.

H. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as “interfund loans receivables/payables.” These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the funds from which the employee will be paid.

J. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. At June 30, 2023, none of the School District's net position was restricted by enabling legislation. Net position restricted for other purposes include scholarships and other grants.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the School District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received, and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year’s appropriated budget.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2023.

P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2023, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 91, “Conduit Debt Obligations”, GASB Statement No. 94, “Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements”, GASB Statement No. 96, “Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements”, certain questions and answers of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, “Omnibus 2022”.

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. GASB Statement No. 96 had an effect and these changes were incorporated in the School District’s fiscal year 2023 financial statements.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2023 included the following individual fund deficits:

<u>Major fund</u>	<u>Deficit</u>
ESSER	\$ 1,075,085
 <u>Nonmajor funds</u>	
Public school preschool	26,695
Vocational education	406
Title VI-B	76,069
Title I	102,263
Title II-A	4,343
Title IV-A	440

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, is presented for the general fund and any major special revenue fund on the budgetary basis to provide meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues and other sources are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
2. Expenditures/expenses and other uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as assigned or committed fund balance (GAAP).
4. Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP), but have separate legally adopted budgets.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement on a fund type basis for the general fund and the ESSER fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund	ESSER fund
Budget basis	\$ 3,773,918	\$ (4,953,986)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	191,681	1,005,891
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(2,119,678)	(986,802)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	1,113,902	(1,095,257)
Funds budgeted elsewhere*	(147,652)	-
Adjustment for encumbrances	2,955,396	4,953,986
GAAP basis	\$ 5,767,567	\$ (1,076,168)

* As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting*, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes uniform school supplies, rotary fund-special services, internal services rotary, unclaimed funds, termination of benefits and public school support funds.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statute classifies monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive monies are public deposits that the School District’s Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District’s deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and any other obligations of the State of Ohio;
5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty and two hundred and seventy days, respectively, in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,
8. Under limited circumstances, corporate note interests noted in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At year-end, \$5,609,243 of the School District's bank balance of \$15,477,459 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the School District's name and all statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

1. Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

2. Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS required the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For fiscal year 2023, the School District's financial institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

<u>Measurement/Investment type</u>	<u>Measurement Value</u>	<u>Investment Maturities</u>				
		<u>6 months or less</u>	<u>7 to 12 months</u>	<u>13 to 18 months</u>	<u>19 to 24 months</u>	<u>Greater than 24 months</u>
<i>Fair Value:</i>						
Commercial paper	\$ 14,711,760	\$ 8,860,957	\$ 5,850,803	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
FFCB	2,338,769	-	969,010	-	1,001,867	367,892
FHLB	8,858,515	2,208,840	1,214,209	3,893,998	646,848	894,620
FHLMC	2,459,461	918,514	-	-	-	1,540,947
FNMA	666,074	666,074	-	-	-	-
Municipal bonds	1,892,706	248,003	-	668,010	-	976,693
Negotiable CDs	8,887,863	742,610	1,611,088	3,388,768	3,145,397	-
U.S. Treasury notes	1,867,214	979,609	-	-	440,378	447,227
U.S. Government money market	813,317	813,317	-	-	-	-
<i>Amortized Cost:</i>						
STAR Ohio	<u>23,425,243</u>	<u>23,425,243</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 65,920,922</u>	<u>\$ 38,863,167</u>	<u>\$ 9,645,110</u>	<u>\$ 7,950,776</u>	<u>\$ 5,234,490</u>	<u>\$ 4,227,379</u>

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.62 years

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023. The School District's investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored which could require the need to acquire further market data (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the School District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less. Repurchase agreements are limited to 30 days and the market value of the securities must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School District investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the School District to only invest in securities authorized by State Statute. STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. The School District's policy is to invest money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the School District at June 30, 2023:

<u>Measurement/Investment type</u>	<u>Measurement</u>	
	<u>Value</u>	<u>% of Total</u>
Fair value:		
Commercial paper	\$ 14,711,760	22.32
FFCB	2,338,769	3.55
FHLB	8,858,515	13.44
FHLMC	2,459,461	3.73
FNMA	666,074	1.01
Municipal bonds	1,892,706	2.87
Negotiable CDs	8,887,863	13.48
U.S. Treasury notes	1,867,214	2.83
U.S. Government money market	813,317	1.23
Amortized cost:		
STAR Ohio	<u>23,425,243</u>	<u>35.54</u>
Total	<u>\$ 65,920,922</u>	<u>100.00</u>

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2023:

<u>Cash and investments per note</u>	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 14,126,835
Investments	<u>65,920,922</u>
Total	<u>\$ 80,047,757</u>
<u>Cash and investments per statement of net position</u>	
Governmental activities	<u>\$ 80,047,757</u>

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>June 30, 2023</u>
<i>Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:</i>				
Land	\$ 3,707,386	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,707,386
Construction in progress	<u>157,649</u>	<u>7,030,842</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,188,491</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	<u>3,865,035</u>	<u>7,030,842</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,895,877</u>
<i>Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:</i>				
Land improvements	7,569,904	-	-	7,569,904
Building and improvements	70,256,610	25,478	-	70,282,088
Furniture and equipment	19,007,762	287,934	(1,365,897)	17,929,799
Vehicles	4,567,233	253,828	-	4,821,061
Intangible right to use assets:				
Equipment	-	337,320	-	337,320
SBITAs	<u>-</u>	<u>1,498,081</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,498,081</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	<u>101,401,509</u>	<u>2,402,641</u>	<u>(1,365,897)</u>	<u>102,438,253</u>
<i>Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization:</i>				
Land improvements	(6,415,436)	(159,820)	-	(6,575,256)
Building and improvements	(38,603,381)	(1,831,012)	-	(40,434,393)
Furniture and equipment	(11,450,792)	(711,479)	1,305,874	(10,856,397)
Vehicles	(3,219,480)	(203,709)	-	(3,423,189)
Intangible right to use assets:				
Equipment	-	(106,427)	-	(106,427)
SBITAs	<u>-</u>	<u>(276,328)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(276,328)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	<u>(59,689,089)</u>	<u>(3,288,775)</u>	<u>1,305,874</u>	<u>(61,671,990)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 45,577,455</u>	<u>\$ 6,144,708</u>	<u>\$ (60,023)</u>	<u>\$ 51,662,140</u>

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 1,548,708
Special	177
Vocational	1,884
Support Services:	
Operations and Maintenance	1,435,671
Pupil Transportation	2,478
Central	4,113
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Services Operations	712
Extracurricular Activities	<u>295,032</u>
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense	<u>\$ 3,288,775</u>

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2023 represents collections of calendar year 2022 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2023 were levied after April 1, 2022, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2023 represents collections of calendar year 2022 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien December 31, 2021, were levied after April 1, 2022 and are collected in 2023 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Stark County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2023, are available to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2023 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflow of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2023 taxes were collected are:

	2022 Second Half Collections		2023 First Half Collections	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Agricultural/residential and other real estate	\$ 497,782,130	93.69	\$ 500,047,510	93.58
Public utility personal	<u>33,545,680</u>	<u>6.31</u>	<u>34,307,360</u>	<u>6.42</u>
Total	<u>\$ 531,327,810</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>\$ 534,354,870</u>	<u>100.00</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$52.10		\$51.20	

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2023 consisted of taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, accounts, accrued interest and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All are expected to be received within one year.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2023, the School District contracted with Leonard Insurance/Ohio Casualty for various types of insurance as follows:

Coverage	Amount
General Liability:	
Occurance	\$1,000,000
Aggregate	\$2,000,000
Umbrella	\$10,000,000
Building and Contents	\$192,976,819
Automobile Liability	\$1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

B. Employee Health Benefits

The School District participates in the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefits Plan, a shared risk pool (Note 16) to provide employee medical/surgical benefits. The Council is a risk sharing pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of carrying out a cooperative program for the provision and administration of health care benefits. The Assembly is the legislative decision-making body of the Council. The Assembly is comprised of the superintendents or executive officers of the members, who have been appointed by the respective governing body of each member.

The intent of the insurance pool is to achieve a reduced, stable and competitive rate for the School District by grouping with other members of the Health Benefits Program. The experience of all participating districts is calculated as one and a common premium rate is applied to all member districts.

Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The School District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. For fiscal year 2023 the School District's premiums were \$1,893.43 for family coverage and \$779.43 for single coverage per employee per month. Dental and vision insurance is also provided by the School District to qualified employees through the Stark County Schools Council of Governments. For fiscal year 2023, the School District's cost was \$230.56 and \$48.97 for family coverage and \$93.46 and \$19.72 for single coverage per employee per month, respectively.

Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Upon termination, all School District claims would be paid without regard to the School District's account balance. The Stark County Schools Council of Government Board of Directors has the right to return monies to an existing school district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Workers' Compensation

The School District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Group Retrospective Rating Program ("GRRP"). The intent of the GRRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP.

Each participant continues to pay their own individual premiums and have the opportunity to receive retrospective premium adjustments based upon the combined performance of the GRRP. Depending on that performance, the participating employers can receive either a premium refund or assessment. The firm of Comp Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRRP.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities (assets) within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 11 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2022, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2023.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$876,447 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$73,801 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may qualify for a disability benefit. New members, on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$3,581,605 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$644,852 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability prior measurement date	0.166857900%	0.189737410%	
Proportion of the net pension liability current measurement date	<u>0.160687200%</u>	<u>0.190218460%</u>	
Change in proportionate share	<u>-0.006170700%</u>	<u>0.000481050%</u>	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,691,214	\$ 42,285,803	\$ 50,977,017
Pension expense	\$ 416,305	\$ 5,324,442	\$ 5,740,747

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 352,001	\$ 541,311	\$ 893,312
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,471,453	1,471,453
Changes of assumptions	85,757	5,060,340	5,146,097
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/ change in proportionate share	95,555	973,775	1,069,330
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>876,447</u>	<u>3,581,605</u>	<u>4,458,052</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 1,409,760</u>	<u>\$ 11,628,484</u>	<u>\$ 13,038,244</u>

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 57,055	\$ 161,755	\$ 218,810
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	303,283	-	303,283
Changes of assumptions	-	3,808,981	3,808,981
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/ change in proportionate share	<u>235,792</u>	<u>209,691</u>	<u>445,483</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 596,130</u>	<u>\$ 4,180,427</u>	<u>\$ 4,776,557</u>

\$4,458,052 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2024	\$ 11,803	\$ 399,987	\$ 411,790
2025	(145,379)	71,605	(73,774)
2026	(433,247)	(893,608)	(1,326,855)
2027	<u>504,006</u>	<u>4,288,468</u>	<u>4,792,474</u>
Total	<u>\$ (62,817)</u>	<u>\$ 3,866,452</u>	<u>\$ 3,803,635</u>

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	2.40%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
COLA or ad hoc COLA:	
Current measurement date	2.00%
Prior measurement date	2.00%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date	7.00% net of system expenses
Discount rate:	
Current measurement date	7.00%
Prior measurement date	7.00%
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 12,793,052	\$ 8,691,214	\$ 5,235,471

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS Ohio’s investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

* Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio’s investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 63,878,455	\$ 42,285,803	\$ 24,025,105

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 1.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2023. It is unknown what effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 10 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS’ Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS’ health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS’ health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS’ health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS’ website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$112,614.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$112,614 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$112,614 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset prior measurement date	0.172143000%	0.189737000%	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset current measurement date	<u>0.164351900%</u>	<u>0.190218460%</u>	
Change in proportionate share	<u>-0.007791100%</u>	<u>0.000481460%</u>	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,307,518	\$ -	\$ 2,307,518
Proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ -	\$ (4,925,388)	\$ (4,925,388)
OPEB expense	\$ (100,793)	\$ (891,143)	\$ (991,936)

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 19,396	\$ 71,402	\$ 90,798
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	11,992	85,741	97,733
Changes of assumptions	367,039	209,803	576,842
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/ change in proportionate share	281,699	37,875	319,574
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>112,614</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>112,614</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 792,740</u>	<u>\$ 404,821</u>	<u>\$ 1,197,561</u>

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,476,059	\$ 739,705	\$ 2,215,764
Changes of assumptions	947,255	3,492,585	4,439,840
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/ change in proportionate share	<u>397,356</u>	<u>62,028</u>	<u>459,384</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 2,820,670</u>	<u>\$ 4,294,318</u>	<u>\$ 7,114,988</u>

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

\$112,614 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2024	\$ (407,263)	\$ (1,133,247)	\$ (1,540,510)
2025	(473,994)	(1,117,665)	(1,591,659)
2026	(447,425)	(548,420)	(995,845)
2027	(277,099)	(219,680)	(496,779)
2028	(194,036)	(287,377)	(481,413)
Thereafter	(340,727)	(583,108)	(923,835)
Total	\$ (2,140,544)	\$ (3,889,497)	\$ (6,030,041)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	2.40%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	3.69%
Prior measurement date	1.92%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	4.08%
Prior measurement date	2.27%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	7.00 to 4.40%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial 5-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022, was 4.08%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2022, was 2.27%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69% at June 30, 2022 and 1.92% at June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%).

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,865,972	\$ 2,307,518	\$ 1,856,694
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,779,510	\$ 2,307,518	\$ 2,997,181

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, are presented below:

	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%	
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%		12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65	
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%	
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%	
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.00%	
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A	
Health care cost trends				
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate
Medical				
Pre-Medicare	7.50%	3.94%	5.00%	4.00%
Medicare	-68.78%	3.94%	-16.18%	4.00%
Prescription Drug				
Pre-Medicare	9.00%	3.94%	6.50%	4.00%
Medicare	-5.47%	3.94%	29.98%	4.00%

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For the prior measurement date, for healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00% for the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - Salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021 and were changed from age based to service based.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

* Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 4,553,392	\$ 4,925,388	\$ 5,244,036
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 5,108,827	\$ 4,925,388	\$ 4,693,844

NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. All employees earn three days of personal leave per year. Unused personal leave is converted to sick leave accumulation. Classified employees earn ten to 26 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service and position. Vacation days may be accumulated up to a maximum of 26 days. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

All employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 313 days for union personnel (OAPSE 114) and 324 days for the secretarial staff (OAPSE 148). Members of the Massillon Education Association accrue sick leave to a maximum of 316 days. Administrators and executive staff may accumulate up to a maximum of 320 days. Upon completion of ten or more years of service to the School District, state, or other political subdivision, and retirement from the profession, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit up to a maximum of 78 days for certified employees and 81 days for union personal (OAPSE 114); the bargaining unit for the secretarial staff (OAPSE 148) has no maximum days for severance payout.

B. Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all employees through the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan. Coverage of \$50,000 is provided for all certified and classified employees.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 13 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

A. Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2023 consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Interfund Payable	Interfund Receivable General
<i>Major Governmental Funds:</i>	
ESSER	\$ 1,096,763
<i>Nonmajor Governmental Funds:</i>	
Bond Retirement	165,443
Other Grants	491
IDEA Part B	11,751
Carl Perkins Grant	9,705
Title I	12,636
Title VI-R	282
Total	\$ 1,297,071

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

B. Interfund Transfers

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
<i>Major Funds:</i>		
General	\$ -	\$ 84,120
Classroom Facilities	-	327,585
Capital Projects	3,805,350	-
<i>Nonmajor Funds:</i>		
Student Activities	84,120	-
Permanent Improvement	327,585	3,805,350
Total	\$ 4,217,055	\$ 4,217,055

During fiscal year 2023, the general fund transferred revenue to several funds to provide additional resources for current operations. The permanent improvement fund transferred \$3,805,350 to the capital projects fund for the local funding initiative of the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission grant. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of activities.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2023 were as follows:

	Balance 06/30/22	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/23	Amount Due in One Year
<i>Governmental Activities:</i>					
<i>General Obligation Bonds</i>					
2020 Refunding Bonds					
Term Bonds	\$ 3,775,000	\$ -	\$ (910,000)	\$ 2,865,000	\$ 925,000
2020 Refunding Bonds					
Term Bonds	<u>735,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(175,000)</u>	<u>560,000</u>	<u>180,000</u>
Total General Debt Obligation	<u>4,510,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,085,000)</u>	<u>3,425,000</u>	<u>1,105,000</u>
<i>Direct Borrowings:</i>					
2019 Lease-Purchase Agreement	6,012,000	-	(519,000)	5,493,000	536,000
<i>Net Pension/OPEB Liability:</i>					
Pension	30,416,206	20,560,811	-	50,977,017	-
OPEB	<u>3,257,944</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(950,426)</u>	<u>2,307,518</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability	<u>33,674,150</u>	<u>20,560,811</u>	<u>(950,426)</u>	<u>53,284,535</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Other Long-term Obligations:</i>					
Leases payable	-	337,320	(101,437)	235,883	102,130
Compensated Absences	<u>3,586,874</u>	<u>816,604</u>	<u>(310,812)</u>	<u>4,092,666</u>	<u>183,214</u>
Total Long Term Obligation:	<u>\$ 47,783,024</u>	<u>\$ 21,714,735</u>	<u>\$ (2,966,675)</u>	<u>\$ 66,531,084</u>	<u>\$ 1,926,344</u>

2011 Limited Tax General Obligation Various Purpose Bonds

On July 19, 2011, the School District issued \$2,425,000 of limited tax general obligation various purpose bonds, which included serial and term bonds in the amount of \$1,355,000 and \$1,070,000, respectively. Interest rates range from 1.00 to 3.00 percent on the serial bonds and 3.25 to 3.75 percent on the term bonds. They were issued for a fourteen year period with final maturities at December 1, 2025. The bonds refunded \$2,425,000 of outstanding 2010 bond anticipation notes. The bonds were issued for the purchase of buses, installations, modifications and remodeling of school buildings to conserve energy.

2020 Classroom Facilities Refunding Bonds

On September 18, 2020, the School District issued two sets of general obligation bonds one for \$4,625,000 and the other for \$735,000. The bonds were issued to refund \$4,625,000 of outstanding 2011 Classroom Facilities Refunding General Obligation Bonds and \$735,000 of 2011 Limited Tax General Obligation Various purpose Bonds. The bonds were issued for a five year period with final maturities at December 1, 2025.

At the date of refunding, \$4,712,837 and \$748,486 (including premium and after underwriting fees and other issuance costs) was received to pay off old debt. As a result, \$4,625,000 and \$735,000 of the 2011 Classroom Facilities Refunding General Obligation Bonds and 2011 Limited Tax General Obligation Various purpose Bonds, respectively, were considered to be defeased. The liability of the bonds was removed from the financial statements at the time of the refunding. The advance refunding reduced cash flows required for debt service by \$414,694 and \$63,110 for the 2011 Classroom Facilities Refunding General Obligation Bonds and 2011 Limited Tax General Obligation Various purpose Bonds, respectively, over the next five years. This refunding also resulted in an economic gain of \$353,299 and \$46,629 for the 2011 Classroom Facilities Refunding General Obligation Bonds and 2011 Limited Tax General Obligation Various purpose Bonds, respectively. The \$4,625,000 and the \$735,000 of the defeased bonds were called on December 1, 2020.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

2019 Lease-Purchase Agreement

In fiscal year 2020, the School District entered into a grounds lease with Huntington National Bank for the construction, enlarging or other improvement, furnishing and equipping and eventual acquisition of the project facilities. Interest accrues at 3.20 percent on the lease-purchase and the maturity date is December 1, 2031. Massillon middle school is held for collateral. At the time the School District entered into the lease, the construction had not been started.

In the event of default, as defined by the lease agreement, the amounts payable by the School District may become due. If payments are not made, the lessor may retake possession of the leased property and may sell, sublease the leased property or demand all remaining sums of the project fund be returned. The lessor may exercise any other rights, remedy or privilege that may be available under the State laws to enforce the terms of the lease or recover damages for the breach of the contract. The School District will be held liable for amounts payable. The land and existing improvements included in the leased property are owned by the School District and are leased to the Huntington National Bank pursuant to the ground lease. The proceeds from the lease-purchase agreement is expected to be used to pay costs of construction, equipping and improving of the project facilities not included in the leased property.

The general obligation various purpose bonds are paid from the permanent improvement funds and the classroom facilities bonds are paid from the bond retirement fund. The lease-purchase agreement are paid from the permanent improvement funds. Compensated absences will be paid primarily from the general fund and the food service fund. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are primarily made from the General Fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 10 and 11.

The following is a summary of the School District's annual debt service principal and interest payments on debt outstanding at June 30, 2023:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	General Obligation Bonds			Lease Purchase		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 30,381	\$ 1,135,381	\$ 536,000	\$ 167,200	\$ 703,200
2025	1,130,000	18,557	1,148,557	553,000	149,776	702,776
2026	1,190,000	6,287	1,196,287	571,000	131,762	702,762
2027	-	-	-	589,000	113,232	702,232
2028	-	-	-	608,000	94,080	702,080
2029 - 2033	-	-	-	2,636,000	172,064	2,808,064
Total	<u>\$ 3,425,000</u>	<u>\$ 55,225</u>	<u>\$ 3,480,225</u>	<u>\$ 5,493,000</u>	<u>\$ 828,114</u>	<u>\$ 6,321,114</u>

Leases Payable

The District has entered into lease agreements for the use of right to use equipment. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the District will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the leases. The lease payments will be paid from the general fund.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The District has entered into lease agreements for copier and postage machine equipment at varying years and terms as follows:

<u>Lease</u>	<u>Lease Commencement Date</u>	<u>Years</u>	<u>Lease End Date</u>	<u>Payment Method</u>
Postage Machine Lease	2018	5	2023	Quarterly
Copier Lease	2021	4	2025	Monthly

The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 102,130	\$ 9,463	\$ 111,593
2025	106,331	4,273	110,604
2026	<u>27,422</u>	<u>229</u>	<u>27,651</u>
Total	<u>\$ 235,883</u>	<u>\$ 13,965</u>	<u>\$ 249,848</u>

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Stark Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC) is a jointly governed organization among 31 school districts, and the Stark County Educational Service Center. The purpose of the organization is to apply modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. The legislative and advisory body is the assembly which is comprised of the superintendents of the participating schools. The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the assembly, which appoints the five-member executive board. The executive board exercises total control over the operation of SPARCC including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. The executive board consists of five superintendents. All revenues are generated from State funding and an annual fee charged to participating districts. The Stark County Educational Service Center is the fiscal agent of SPARCC. Financial information can be obtained by writing to the Stark County Educational Service Center, 6057 Strip Avenue NW, North Canton, Ohio 44720.

NOTE 16 - PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan (Council) is a shared risk pool created pursuant to state statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The Council is governed by an assembly, which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one-year terms to serve on the board of directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Council. All Council revenues are generated from charges for services received from the participating school districts, based on the established premiums for the insurance plans.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2023, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

B. Litigation

The School District is not party to any claims or lawsuits that would, in the School District’s opinion, have a material effect of the basic financial statements.

C. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional School Districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. The fiscal year 2023 adjustment resulted in a payable to the School District in the amount of \$19,159.

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS

A. Other Commitments

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District’s commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

<u>Fund Type</u>	<u>Year-End Encumbrances</u>
General fund	\$ 1,731,411
ESSER fund	3,783,411
Classroom facilities fund	4,541,755
Capital projects fund	5,466,169
Other governmental	<u>812,486</u>
 Total	 <u>\$ 16,335,232</u>

B. Contractual Commitments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following contractual commitments outstanding:

<u>Vendor</u>	<u>Total Contract</u>	<u>Amount Paid</u>	<u>Remaining Commitment June 30, 2023</u>
Architectural Vison Group	\$ 4,200,000	\$ (284,426)	\$ 3,915,574
CT Taylor Company	<u>7,257,018</u>	<u>(68,368)</u>	<u>7,188,650</u>
Total	<u>\$ 11,457,018</u>	<u>\$ (352,794)</u>	<u>\$ 11,104,224</u>

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the changes in the year-end set-aside amounts. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Capital Improvements</u>
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	822,671
Current year offsets	(2,504,853)
Prior year offset from bond proceeds	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ (1,682,182)</u>
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2024	<u>\$ -</u>
Set-aside balance June 30, 2023	<u>\$ -</u>

Although the School District had offsets (permanent improvement and classroom facilities maintenance property tax levy proceeds) during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

NOTE 20 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During fiscal year 2023, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The School District will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.16068720%	0.16685790%	0.16012150%	0.16550580%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,691,214	\$ 6,156,573	\$ 10,590,773	\$ 9,902,502
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,950,864	\$ 5,792,857	\$ 5,655,029	\$ 5,748,081
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	146.05%	106.28%	187.28%	172.27%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.82%	82.86%	68.55%	70.85%

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.17679460%	0.14986160%	0.15891950%	0.15948870%	0.16572900%	0.16572900%
\$ 10,125,354	\$ 8,953,900	\$ 11,631,441	\$ 9,100,580	\$ 8,387,450	\$ 9,855,372
\$ 5,470,889	\$ 5,074,364	\$ 7,617,271	\$ 5,100,167	\$ 6,999,242	\$ 6,629,335
185.08%	176.45%	152.70%	178.44%	119.83%	148.66%
71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS			
	2023	2022	2021	2020
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.190218460%	0.189737410%	0.18342153%	0.18437335%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 42,285,803	\$ 24,259,633	\$ 44,381,484	\$ 40,773,058
District's covered payroll	\$ 24,548,486	\$ 24,430,121	\$ 21,929,193	\$ 21,687,293
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	172.25%	99.30%	202.39%	188.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.88%	87.78%	75.50%	77.40%

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
0.18220920%	0.17937840%	0.17916856%	0.17250585%	0.17463428%	0.17463428%
\$ 40,063,712	\$ 42,611,723	\$ 59,973,118	\$ 47,675,571	\$ 42,477,101	\$ 50,598,444
\$ 21,056,736	\$ 19,794,529	\$ 19,339,057	\$ 15,599,657	\$ 15,732,546	\$ 20,886,800
190.27%	215.27%	310.11%	305.62%	270.00%	242.25%
77.31%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS			
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 876,447	\$ 833,121	\$ 811,000	\$ 791,704
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(876,447)</u>	<u>(833,121)</u>	<u>(811,000)</u>	<u>(791,704)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,260,336	\$ 5,950,864	\$ 5,792,857	\$ 5,655,029
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
\$ 775,991	\$ 738,570	\$ 710,411	\$ 1,066,418	\$ 672,202	\$ 970,095
<u>(775,991)</u>	<u>(738,570)</u>	<u>(710,411)</u>	<u>(1,066,418)</u>	<u>(672,202)</u>	<u>(970,095)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 5,748,081	\$ 5,470,889	\$ 5,074,364	\$ 7,617,271	\$ 5,100,167	\$ 6,999,242
13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS			
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,581,605	\$ 3,436,788	\$ 3,420,217	\$ 3,070,087
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(3,581,605)</u>	<u>(3,436,788)</u>	<u>(3,420,217)</u>	<u>(3,070,087)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 25,582,893	\$ 24,548,486	\$ 24,430,121	\$ 21,929,193
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
\$ 3,036,221	\$ 2,947,943	\$ 2,771,234	\$ 2,707,468	\$ 2,183,952	\$ 2,045,231
<u>(3,036,221)</u>	<u>(2,947,943)</u>	<u>(2,771,234)</u>	<u>(2,707,468)</u>	<u>(2,183,952)</u>	<u>(2,045,231)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 21,687,293	\$ 21,056,736	\$ 19,794,529	\$ 19,339,057	\$ 15,599,657	\$ 15,732,546
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.16435190%	0.17214300%	0.16649000%	0.16938400%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,307,518	\$ 3,257,944	\$ 3,618,375	\$ 4,259,654
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,950,864	\$ 5,792,857	\$ 5,655,029	\$ 5,748,081
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	38.78%	56.24%	63.99%	74.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	30.34%	24.08%	18.17%	15.57%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
0.17780600%	0.15188860%	0.16547982%
\$ 4,932,819	\$ 4,076,291	\$ 4,716,787
\$ 5,470,889	\$ 5,074,364	\$ 7,617,271
90.16%	80.33%	61.92%
13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSETS
STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.190218460%	0.189737000%	0.18342200%	0.18437300%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (4,925,388)	\$ (4,000,449)	\$ (3,223,638)	\$ (3,053,659)
District's covered payroll	\$ 24,548,486	\$ 24,430,121	\$ 21,929,193	\$ 21,687,293
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	20.06%	16.38%	14.70%	14.08%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset	230.73%	174.73%	182.10%	174.70%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
0.18220920%	0.17937840%	0.17916856%
\$ (2,927,916)	\$ 6,998,683	\$ 9,581,981
\$ 21,056,736	\$ 19,794,529	\$ 19,339,057
13.90%	35.36%	49.55%
176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS			
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 112,614	\$ 93,147	\$ 90,434	\$ 108,529
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(112,614)</u>	<u>(93,147)</u>	<u>(90,434)</u>	<u>(108,529)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,260,336	\$ 5,950,864	\$ 5,792,857	\$ 5,655,029
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.80%	1.55%	1.56%	1.92%

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
\$ 130,872	\$ 116,519	\$ 81,920	\$ 102,750	\$ 152,170	\$ 116,937
<u>(130,872)</u>	<u>(116,519)</u>	<u>(81,920)</u>	<u>(102,750)</u>	<u>(152,170)</u>	<u>(116,937)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 5,748,081	\$ 5,470,889	\$ 5,074,364	\$ 7,617,271	\$ 5,100,167	\$ 6,999,242
2.28%	2.13%	1.61%	1.35%	2.98%	1.67%

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS			
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 25,582,893	\$ 24,548,486	\$ 24,430,121	\$ 21,929,193
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 157,325
-	-	-	-	-	(157,325)
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 21,687,293	\$ 21,056,736	\$ 19,794,529	\$ 19,339,057	\$ 15,599,657	\$ 15,732,546
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms :

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.
- For fiscal year 2019, with the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, SERS changed from a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.

Changes in assumptions :

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates and (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2023.

(Continued)

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PENSION (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms :

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2022.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023.

Changes in assumptions :

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.
- For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: the projected salary increases went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms :

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2018.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2022.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.

(Continued)

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions :

- For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates and (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%, and (c) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.22% to 2.63%.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.
- For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) municipal bond index rate went from 1.92% to 3.69%, (b) single equivalent interest rate when from 2.27% to 4.08% and (c) medical trend assumptions went from 5.125% to 4.40% Medicare and 6.75% to 4.40% Pre-Medicare to 7.00% to 4.40%.

(Continued)

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms :

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- For fiscal year 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023.

Changes in assumptions :

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate.

(Continued)

MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions (continued):

- For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial - 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) projected salary increase went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by services from 2.50% to 8.50% and (b) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: Pre-Medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate to 7.50% initial - 3.94% ultimate; medical Medicare from -16.18% initial - 4.00% ultimate to -68.78% initial - 3.94% ultimate; prescription drug Pre-Medicare from 6.50% initial - 4.00% ultimate to 9.00% initial - 3.94% ultimate; Medicare from 29.98% initial - 4.00% ultimate to -5.47% initial - 3.94% ultimate.

MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FEDERAL GRANTOR <i>Pass Through Grantor</i> Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures	Total Federal Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce</i>					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	044354-3L70-2023		\$511,664	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	044354-3L60-2022		1,082,080	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	044354-3L60-2023		528,576	\$218,091
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	044354-3L60-2023		98,710	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	044354-3GE0-2023		19,765	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				<u>2,240,795</u>	<u>218,091</u>
COVID-19 State Pandemic Electric Benefit Transfer Administrative Cost Grants	10.649	044354-3HF0-2023		3,135	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				<u>2,243,930</u>	<u>218,091</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY					
<i>Passed Through Ohio Facilities Construction Commission</i>					
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	044354-3HF0-2023		69,652	
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				<u>69,652</u>	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce</i>					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	044354-3M00-2022		221,397	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	044354-3M00-2023		1,432,488	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Expanding Opportunities for Each Child Non-Competitive Grant	84.010	044354-3M00-2023		8,971	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Non-competitive Supplemental School Improvement	84.010	044354-3M00-2023		52,675	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies				<u>1,715,531</u>	
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	044354-3M20-2022		150,205	
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	044354-3M20-2023		925,410	
COVID-19 Special Education Grants to States - ARP	84.027	044354-3IA0-2022		71,646	
COVID-19 Special Education Grants to States - ARP	84.027	044354-3IA0-2023		96,871	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	044354-3C50-2023		17,126	
COVID-19 Special Education Preschool Grants - ARP	84.173	044354-3C50-2023		10,191	
Total Special Education Cluster				<u>1,271,449</u>	
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	044354-3L90-2022		29,328	
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	044354-3L90-2023		80,762	
Total Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States				<u>110,090</u>	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	044354-3Y70-2023	\$21,249	21,249	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	044354-3Y60-2022		20,553	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	044354-3Y60-2023		256,970	
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants				<u>277,523</u>	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	044354-3HI0-2022		21,894	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	044354-3HI0-2023		132,012	
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program				<u>153,906</u>	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D	044354-3HS0-2022		662,776	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D	044354-3HS0-2023		1,103,713	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund - ARP	84.425U	044354-3HS0-2022		89,603	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund - ARP	84.425U	044354-3HS0-2023		4,872,571	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund - ARP Homeless	84.425W	044354-3HZ0-2023		10,466	
Total COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund				<u>6,739,129</u>	
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>21,249</u>	<u>10,288,877</u>	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$21,249</u>	<u>\$12,602,459</u>	<u>\$218,091</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023**

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Massillon City School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

The District passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) to other governments (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the District reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a pass-through entity, the District has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with the Ohio Department of Education's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2023 to 2024 programs:

<u>Program Title</u>	<u>AL Number</u>	<u>Amount Transferred</u>
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$172,782
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	\$166,824
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	\$21,741
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	\$21,555
COVID 19 Education Stabilization Fund - ARP	84.425U	\$4,140,607
COVID 19 Education Stabilization Fund - ARP Homeless	84.425W	\$24,865

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Massillon City School District
Stark County
930 17th Street N.E.
Massillon, Ohio 44646

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Massillon City School District, Stark County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and / or corrective action plan. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

March 12, 2024

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



88 East Broad Street
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Massillon City School District
Stark County
930 17th Street N.E.
Massillon, Ohio 44646

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Massillon City School District's, Stark County, (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on (each of) Massillon City School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Massillon City School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Massillon City School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

March 12, 2024

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**MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STARK COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
JUNE 30, 2023**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster Education Stabilization Fund
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

FINDING NUMBER 2023-001

Material Weakness

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Cod. 1100 paragraph .101 states a governmental accounting system must make it possible both: (a) to present fairly and with full disclosure the funds and activities of the governmental unit in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and (b) to determine and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the Treasurer and Board of Education and is essential to ensure the information provided to the readers of the financial statements is complete and accurate. The District did not have policies and procedures in place for certain financial statement accounts, which led to the following proposed audit reclassification and adjustments to the financial statements:

The financial statements reported \$41,377 of grants received from the State of Ohio as miscellaneous rather than intergovernmental in Other Governmental Funds. The financial statements were not updated to reflect this reclassification.

Nondepreciable capital assets were understated by \$5,212,723 in Governmental Activities due to unrecorded construction in progress additions related to the Washington High School renovations and a sound system for the stadium. In addition, as a result of the misstatement, net investment in capital assets was understated, operation and maintenance expenses were overstated and net position at end of year was understated by \$5,212,723, respectively, in Governmental Activities. The financial statements were updated to reflect this adjustment.

To help ensure the District's financial statements are complete and accurate, the District should adopt policies and procedures to identify and correct errors and omissions. In addition, the District should review the financial statements and notes prior to submission for audit.

Official's Response:

See the corrective action plan.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

2 CFR § 200.511(c)

JUNE 30, 2023

Finding Number: 2023-001

Planned Corrective Action: Added approval process and worksheet

Anticipated Completion Date: [01/18/2024]

Responsible Contact Person: Ryker Locke

To correct this item that has shown up on the SOF, we are adopting multiple procedures to catch this going forward. I contacted Julian and Grube, who is new to handling the District's Capital Assets. Going forward when I provide them with the additions worksheet, I will make sure that I will also provide a list of our total projects and what funds that they come from. I believe a majority of this mistake came from a lack of communication and turnover which failed the pulling of the Plaza project which came from a Federal fund and not a typical construction fund. Also, we put into place an approval process where once the Capital Project management group finishes their work for the audit they will send their worksheet back to the District's Treasurer for final approval before sending it onto the Auditor of State.

Very Truly Yours,

Ryker Locke, Treasurer/CFO

Massillon City School District



MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

EDUCATING FOR EXCELLENCE

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



MASSILLON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STARK COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/26/2024

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
www.ohioauditor.gov