GARY B. FINK & ASSOCIATES, INC.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

BELLEVUE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

Professional Accountants for Professional Government

BELLEVUE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

BELLEVUE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	
GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types and Account Groups Exhib	it I
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Fund Exhib	oit 2
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types Exhib	it 3
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings - All Proprietary Fund Types Exhib	it 4
Combined Statement of Cash Flows - All Proprietary Fund Types . Exhib	it 5
Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements	. 1
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	. 48
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	. 50
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	. 52
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	. 53
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	. 54
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs	. 56
Data Collection Form for Reporting on Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations	. 57



35 North Fourth Street, 1st Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-728-7398

Board of Education Bellevue City School District 125 North Street Bellevue, Ohio 44811

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Bellevue City School District, Huron County, prepared by Gary B. Fink & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 1998 through June 30, 1999. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Bellevue City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 111 Broad Street

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

111 Broad Street Suite 206 Wadsworth, Ohio 44281 330/336-1706 Fax 330/334-5118

Board of Education Bellevue City School District 125 North Street Bellevue, Ohio 44811

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Bellevue City School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Bellevue City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bellevue City School District, as of June 30, 1999 and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 24, 2000 on our consideration of the Bellevue City School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the Bellevue City School District, taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

GARY B. FINK & ASSOCIATES, INC. Certified Public Accountants

January 24, 2000

BELLEVUE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HURON COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 1999

							Fiduciary			
		Gov enumenta	Governmental Fund Types		Proprietary Fund Types	und Types	Fund Types	Account Groups	Jroups	
						-		General	General	Total
		Special	Dea	Capital		Internal	Trust and	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Contract Contains Contract Contracts	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Service	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
ASSETS AND VITTER DEBITS		÷	,							
ASSETS:										
Equity in pooled cash and					-					
cash equivalents	\$169,377	\$233,982	\$186,208	\$247,334	\$80,425	\$5,455	\$73,738			\$396,519
Receivables (net of allowances		٠								
of uncollectibles);	;									
Taxes - current and delinquent	6,484,894		45,574	396,912						6,927,380
Accounts.	655	7.841		200	662		20			9,678
Due from other governments.	1,550	- :			25,662					27,212
Prepayments.	9,059			-	223					9,282
Materials and supplies inventory	69,202				32,031					101,233
Restricted assets:		,								
Equity in pooled cash and	ē		-	-	<u> </u>					
cash equivalents	93,226			· 						93,226
Fixed assets (net of accumulated							*			
depreciation where applicable)		-			20,903	600		\$12,242,018	-	12,263,521
OTHER DERITS:	-			T= LE						
Amount evallable in dela service fund									091 1613	163 130
Amount to be provided for retirement of							,		2	26.6
general long-term obligations.		4 11 4 2 2							4,343,842	4,343,842
Total assets and other debits	\$6,827,963	\$241,823	\$231,782	\$614,716	\$159,906	\$6,055	\$73,758	\$12,242,018	\$4,536,982	\$24,965,033

THE MOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

--Continued

BELLEVUE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HURON COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 1999

Total liabilities, equity and other credits	Total equity and other credits.	for appropriation	Reserved for tox revenue unavailable. Reserved for budget stabilization. Reserved for debt service.	Reserved for encumbrances	EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS: Investment in general fixed assets Retained earnings: unreserved.	Total liabilities	LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits Compensated absences payable. Pension obligation payable. Due to other governments. Deferred revenue Due to students General obligation bond payable General obligation notes payable Energy conservation notes payable Energy conservation notes payable Cobligations under capital leases.	-
\$6,827,963	(1,258.208)	934,405 (2,364,100)	69.202 9.059 93,226		- \ <u>-</u> .	8,086,171	General \$53,807 1,205,582 1,40,527 207,132 53,634 5,550,489 875,000	:
\$241,823	188,106	177,553		J0,533		53,717	Special Special Revenue \$31,078 19,823 149 2,667	
\$231,782	193,140	6,932	186,208			38,642	Governmental Fund Types pecial Debt service Service 19,823 149 2,667 \$38,642	
\$644,746	304,768	57,277 247,484		7		339,978	Capital Projects \$3.13	
\$159,906	44,956				41,936	114,950	Proprietacy Fund Types Internal Enterprise Service \$24,174 29,092 13,188 28,468 905 19,123	
\$6,055	6,055				\$ 6,055		iund Types Internal Service	
\$73,758	6,062	5,305		557		67,696	Fund Types Trust and Agency \$2,904	Till ains
\$12,242,018	12,242,018				\$12,242,018		Account General Fixed Assets	
\$4,536,982						4,536,982	Account Groups Account Groups General et Long-Tem Obligations \$1,977,322 101,307 220,000 234,695 1,230,000 1,673,658	
\$24,965,033	11,726,897	998,614 (1,933,558)	69,202 9,059 93,226 186,208	11,117	12,242,018 51,011	13,238,136	Total (Memorandum Only) \$112,306 1,254,497 1,231,186 336,907 57,206 5,947,889 64,792 220,000 234,695 1,230,000 875,000 1,673,658	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

		Government	al Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Total (Memorandum Only)
Revenues:		•			•	
From local sources:						***
Taxes	\$6,189,106		\$293,369	\$423,750		\$6,906,225
Tuition.	11,713					11.713
Earnings on investments	133,957	\$1,193	· .		\$27	135,177
Extracurricular activities	410.000	165,198			15 500	165,198
Other local revenues	412,378	68,116		13,543	15,238	509,275
Intergovernmental - State	6,255,643	204,273	5,811	257,388	· - = = ·	6,723,115
Intergovernmental - Federal		395,872				395,872
Total revenue	13,002,797	834,652	299,180	694,681	15,265	14,846,575
Expenditures:				-	-	
Current:			•			
Instruction:						
Regular	6,192,538	86,454			7,208	6,286,200
Special	1,045,782	247,315			+ 1	1,293,097
Vocational	422,639	2,624				425,263
Other	267,548					267,548
Support services:	,					
Pupil	603,659	34,116			1,555	639,330
instructional staff	636,156	58,683	· ·	278.550	4,153 " "	997,542
Board of Education	16,011			<u> </u>		110,61
Administration.	1,391,085	59,628		78		1,450,791
Fiscal	367,378	15,543	1,208	10,198		394.327
Business	10,117				-	10,117
Operations and maintenance	1,324,597		-	248,981		1,573,578
Pupil transportation.	693,382					693.382
Central	405	1,237				1,642
Community services		3,834				3,834
Extracurricular activities	276,494	164,507			-	441,001
Capital outlay	T4" -			41,720		41,720
Pass through intergovernmental		144,174		•	•	144,174
Debt service:						
Principal retirement,	3,622		211,000	78,308		292,930
Interest and fiscal charges	58.769	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 102,084	19,975		180.823
Total expenditures,	13.330.182	818,115	314,292	677,810	12,916	15.153.315
	,	-		-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	**- ***			44.000		-004 240
over (under) expenditures	(327,385)	16,537	(15,112)	16.871	2,349	(306,740)
Other financing sources:						•
Proceeds of capital lease transaction				41 720		41,720
Proceeds from sales of fixed assets	1,200			41,720		1,200
Troccous from Sales of fixed assets	1,200			-		
Total other financing sources	1,200		,	41,720	P . T. L.	42,920
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and						
other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures	(326,185)	16,537	(15,112)	58,591	2,349	(263,820)
,	_	7-7-		- ,	-	Ç
Fund balances (deficits), July 1	(942,351)	171,569	208,252	246,177	3,713	(312,640)
Increase in reserve for inventory	10,328					10,328
Fund balances (deficits), June 30	(\$1,258,208)	\$188,106	\$193,140	\$304,768	\$6,062	(\$566,132)

BELLEVUE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT TURON COUNTY, ONIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMFARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOYERNEENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 70,1999

. . - ...

Company Comp			General		,	Special Revenue		: : !	Debt Survice		,	9				
1942 1942 1942 1943 1943 1943 1944		Revised	A	Variance. Favorable	Revised		Variance: Favorable	Budget		Variance:			Variance:		(Метогандат оп	L L
1,247.2 1,100.2 1,10	Revenues: From local sources:)		To a second	- Dangget	Actural	(Unfavorable)	Revised	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Revised	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Pavosble
1,54,51 1,54	Taxes. Tuition.		\$6,211,539	(0215,430)				261,662	561.372	(1000)	******	;				- Constant
Compare Comp	Estracional estaciones Estracionales activitics	134,412	134,078	(H)	\$1,152	\$1.193	73			(2.34)	\$244,934	5742,608	(\$350)	\$6,831,639	615,218,38	(516, 120)
Caroline	Other focal revenues	418,427	417,387	(1.040)	161,778	161,778	;							135,564	16,248	<u> </u>
1,000,100 1,00	Intergovernmental - State. Intergovernmental - Redecal	6,369,679	6,254,093	(15,546)	197,197	204.273	7,871	950			13,051	13,043	9	161,778	161,778	
6,100,986 6,100,384 9,121 10,131 10,130 10,131 10	Total revenues.	13,065,825	13,033,345	(32, 120)	382,159	205,872	13,713	₽ · ·	118,6	(C2)	257,554	257,388	(199)	6,730,268	493,490 6,721,565	(8 ,763)
1,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,1	Expenditates.						10/10/	87.5	67,183	(LIC)	813,563	\$13,039	(524)	14,746,763	395,872	13,73
1,000,000 1,00	Current							=							21,42,141	מימי
1,11,12,12,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,	Antanchon: Regular	000						-								
1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	Special	989.273	6,100,284	9,612	20,173	89,020	14,153						_			
134, 14, 15, 15, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14	Vocational	414,615	411,702	£ 16	752,767	त्र हैं इ.स.	64,1\$3	•	•					6,213,069	6,189,304	23, 705
14,000 13,000 1,	Support services:	278,834	252,513	26,331	744	4,004	a	•						1,311,860	1,346,289	65, 57
Color Colo	Popil	581 150	955	-	į		÷							278.834	352 513	36 F
1400,457 1534,659 1534 140,459 154,4	Instructional staff	669,117	07 T-39	11,722	41,170	37,353	3,817	. 2							200,000	** ****
1,400,447 1,534,79 1,934 1,934 1,945	Board of Education	16,362	15,766	988	H 190	58,717	,117 117	-			158.981	176 916		622,330	606,791	15,54
174 ct 134 1	Administration Fiscal	1,403,617	1,358,679	44,938	76,629	60 ¹ 33	16.26					90 a a a	64,143	1,194,932	1,089,70	105,238
137,201 146,725 155,400 151,10	Business	77.02.72 7.02.72	366,783	7,271	15,456	15,456	0	300	1,000	,	8	22	23	1.480 346	1,19,000	946
1,000, 1	Operations and estimentance	1379,301	1349 751	0 5 6 7						5	10,198	10,198	0	400,916	393.645	157.7
1902 1902	Pupil transportation	106,740	602,269	*C'30(248.988	248 988	•	10,964	10,00	
11/2 206,773 11/2 201,793 201,793 201,7	Conmunity services	8	Ş	8	014.1	1.63	2				•	De l'alla	>	1,628,289	1,598,741	\$2.548 \$4.8
18,000 1,0	Extracuricular activities	241.125	776 777	- 542	3,834	3,834			-					2,715	2 036	131:
181215 173712 1.005 1.	Pass-through intergovernmental	-		767	# 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	174,597	24,997							3,834	3,54	Ģ
18,2155 18,2	Debt service:				(%, 1	0.56. 0.56.	19,00\$ -							484,719	451,370	33,349
1,293,773	micipal representations	862,885	862,8\$5	. •	-			- 441	;					163,955	14,95	19,005
1,253,773 (1,064,495) 2,25,285 (201,791) (18,348) (18,348) (12,670) (12,987) (17,497) (17,	Total expenditures	181,215	179,712		-			20,000	000,43 000,43 000,43	o	61,000	81,000	۰	200	104	:
(1,293,778) (1,064,495) 229,20 (201,791) (18,348) 183,443 (12,679) (1,2987) (317) (17,477) 64,204 81,641 (1,235,679) (1,031,629) (1,031,629) (1,031,629) (1,031,629) (1,031,629) (1,031,629) (1,031,629) (1,031,629) (1,031,629) (1,031,63		500,600,4	14,097,140			846,924	154,742	\$0.170	20.108	 - -	31,733	31,73	0	236,910	235 407	3
(1,293,773) (1,004,495) 229,223 (291,791) (18,342) 183,443 (12,679) (12,927) (17,477) 64,204 81,641 (1,225,079) (1,225,079) (1,235,079) (1,235,079) (1,235,079) (1,236,73) (1,23	Excess (deficiency) of revenues			-	-					>	11,000	748,835	22,165	16,272,439	15,773,769	07.0,864
1,203 1,209 1,31 1,525	ord (mind) cyponegings		(1,064,495)	229,243	(201,791)	(18,348)	183,443	(12,670)	(12.987)	(212)	47.77					-
1, 203 1, 200 1,	Other linancing sources: Procease of sales of family								9	7	77.57	2	3 .	(1,525,676)	(1,031,626)	¥.02
1,203 1,200 1,	Proceeds of sale of noises	£77.18	8 5	5					_							
(415,394) (188,295) 227,099 (201,791) (18,342) (83,443 (12,670] (112,987) (317) (17,477) 64,204 81,641 (647,293) (155,426) 220,942 221,581 0 19,195 10,195 1	Total other financing sources	878,384	876,200	2 2			.	11 11 11 11 11 11 11	The second second second					1,203	002,1	5
200,562 200,562 0 172,699 (201,791) (18,416) (12,670] (12,987) (317) (17,437) 64,204 164,280 (647,292) (155,426) 200,562 200,562 0 172,660 0 199,195 0 164,280 0 738,697 778,497 221,581 221,581 0 18,500 0 0 0 0 0 18,500 0 280,044 2	Excess (deficiency) of revenues and			, - 		i [. i _	:						878,384	876,200	a g 5
(115,394) (188,295) 227,699 (201,791) (18,342) (83,443) (12,670) (12,670) (12,997) (317) (17,477) 64,204 81,641 (647,292) (155,426) 491,84 202,962 202,962 202,962 0 172,060 0 199,195 199,195 199,195 0 164,280 0 164,280 0 738,497	other financing sources over (under)] 4
200,962 20,962 0 (17,060 177,060 0 199,195 199,195 0 164,280 164,280 0 738,497 778,497 (155,426) 491,49		(415,394)	(188,295)	227,099	(167,102)	(18,348)	[\$3,443	(12,670)	(12,987)	017	(227-21)	9.	;			
29149 5236,348 51271499 \$10,212 \$193,675 \$183,479 \$1140,208 (5317) \$165,349 \$2346,994 \$10,212 \$193,675 \$183,479 \$1140,208 (5317) \$165,349 \$2346,994 \$340,044 \$340,044	rund bakances, July Prior year encumbrances appropriated	202,962	202,962	· 🗢 :	172,060	172 060	œ	<u>3</u>	. 201 001		(12)	5	ī.	(647,292)	(155,426)	29 I ,3400
39 142 5236,744 5.277,1499 5.147.22 5.155,675 5.155,443 5.156,525 5.184,708 (53.17) 5.165,343 2346,984 340,044 240,044		187717	186,124	· •:	19,363	39,963	0	0	0	- -	26 25 20 25	164,280	0 (738,497	738,497	0
14.64] 5.37.16.24 5.38.11.24 5.38.11.24 5.38.11.24 5.38.11.25 5.38.11.25	FRIER GRADINGES, JUNG 30	89 149	\$236,248	\$127,1899	ı	i	\$183,463	\$186,525	\$180,208	(8313)	1		2)	280,044	280,044	= }
										7	:				15	

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

	Proprietary Fun	d Types	
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Total (Memorandum Only)
Operating revenues:			
Tuition and fees.	\$38,514		\$38,514
Sales/charges for services	409,176	\$12,245	421,421
Total operating revenues	447,690	12.245	459,935
Operating expenses:			
Personal services	267,103	•	267,103
Contract services	29,392		29,392
Materials and supplies	382,437	10,541	392,978
••		223	3,194
Other operating expenses	410	3,769	4,179
Total operating expenses	682,313	14,533	696.846
Operating (loss)	(234.623)	(2.288)	(236.911)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		:	
	161,147		161,147
Federal donated commodities.	65,869	•	65,869
Interest revenue.	427	55	482
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(536)		(536)
Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue		5,141	5,141
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	226,907	5,196	232,103
Net income (loss)	(7,716)	2,908	(4,808)
Retained earnings, July I	52,672	3,147	55,819
Retained earnings, June 30	\$44,956	\$6,055	\$51.011

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

	Proprietary F	und Types	
	Parada	Internal	Total (Memorandum
Cash flows from operating activities:	Enterprise	Service	Only)
Cash received from tuition and fees	\$38,579		\$38,579
Cash received from sales/service charges	409,176	\$12,245	421,421
Cash payments for personal services	(261,298)	J. 11,2.10	(261,298)
Cash payments for contract services	(32,994)		(32,994)
Cash payments supplies and materials	(293,449)	(10,541)	(303,990)
Cash payments for other expenses	(381)	(3,769)	(4,150)
Net cash (used in)			,
operating activities	(140,367)	(2,065)	(142,432)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			- ••
Cash received from operating grants	157,485		157,485
Cash received from nonoperating activities		5,141	5,141
Net cash provided by noncapital		•	-, - .
financing activities	157,485	5,141	162,626
Cook Bases Communication and automat		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Acquisition of capital assets	(2,428)		(2,428)
reduction of capital assets	32,720)		12,428)
Net cash (used in) capital and related			
financing activities	(2,428)		(2,428)
Cash flows from investing activities:			5
Interest received	427	55	482
Not and manifold to formation and the	427	4 -	495
Net cash provided by investing activities	427	55	482
Net increase in			
cash and cash equivalents	15,117	_ 3,131	18,248
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	65,308	2,324	67,632
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$80,425	\$5,455	\$85,880
		-	
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities:			
Operating (loss).	(\$234,623)	(\$2,288)	(\$236.911)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss)	(023 1,023)	(40.200)	(42301711)
to net cash (used in) operating activities:			·
Depreciation.	2,971	223	3,194
Federal donated commodities used	65,869	_	65,869
Changes in assets and liabilities:			-
Decrease in materials and supplies inventory	178		178
Decrease in accounts receivable	. 65		65
Decrease in prepayments	29		29
Increase in accounts payable	19,339		19,339
Increase in accrued wages and benefits	1,129	•	1,129
(Decrease) in compensated absences payable	(5,948)		(5,948)
Increase in due to other governments	905	•	905
Increase in pension obligation payable	9,719		9,719
Net cash (used in)			•
operating activities	(\$140,367)	(\$2,065)	(\$142,432)

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Bellevue City School District (the "District") operates under a locally-elected, five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by its charter or further mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's nine instructional/support facilities staffed by 111 non-certificated employees and 165 certificated full-time teaching personnel to provide services to approximately 2,427 students and other community members.

The District was established in 1968 through the consolidation of existing land areas and is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District serves an area of approximately 137 square miles. It is located in Huron County and includes all of the City of Bellevue, Ohio, and portions of surrounding townships.

The District is the 221st largest in the State of Ohio (among 612 school districts) in terms of enrollment. It currently operates 5 elementary schools, 1 middle school, 1 comprehensive high school, 1 administration building and 1 bus garage.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The general purpose financial statements (GPFS) of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989 to its proprietary activities unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity

The District's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity". When applying GASB Statement No. 14, management has considered all potential component units.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (1) the District's ability to impose its will over the component unit or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the District. On the basis, the District has no component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship with the District:

RELATED ORGANIZATION

Bellevue Public Library

The District is not involved in budgeting or management of the Bellevue Public Library facilities, nor does it subsidize or finance the operation of the library. The selection of directors and budget approval is conducted merely to comply with state code requirements.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Bay Area Council of Governments (BACG)

The BACG is a jointly governed organization. Members of the BACG consist of twenty-six school districts representing seven counties (Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, Erie, Huron, Wood and Crawford). The BACG was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through the council of governments are natural gas and insurance. The cost to the District is an administrative charge, assessed only if it participates. The BACG consists of the superintendent of each school district. The Board of Directors of the BACG consists of one elected representative of each county, the superintendent of the fiscal agent and two non-voting members (administrator and fiscal agent). Members of the Board serve two-year terms, which are staggered. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Erie Co. Educational Service Center, which serves as fiscal agent, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

JOINT VENTURE WITHOUT EQUITY INTEREST

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA)

NOECA is a joint venture among 41 school districts. The joint venture was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports NOECA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ratio proportionate to their last twelve months financial contributions.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

NOECA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the District does not have an equity interest in NOECA as the residual interest in the net resources of a joint venture upon dissolution is not equivalent to an equity interest. Financial information can be obtained from the treasurer for the Erie County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 2900 S. Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870-5569.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan
The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds and fiduciary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and the expendable trust fund).

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful for sound financial administration. The following are the District's proprietary fund types:

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises—where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The following are the District's fiduciary fund types:

<u>Expendable Trust Fund</u> - The expendable trust fund is used to account for in essentially the same manner as the governmental funds, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting. The expendable trust fund accounts for assets where both the principal and interest may be spent.

<u>Agency Fund</u> - The agency fund is purely custodial in nature and thus does not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency fund is presented on a budget basis, with note disclosure, regarding items which, in other fund types, would be subject to accrual. See Note 3 for agency fund accruals which, in another fund type, would be recognized in the Combined Balance Sheet.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and the expendable trust fund are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the Combined Balance Sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the Combined Balance Sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for governmental funds, the expendable trust fund and the agency fund. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, which for the District is sixty days after

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

the June 30 year end. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include tuition, grants and entitlements (to the extent they are intended to finance the current fiscal year), and accounts (student fees and rent). Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 1999, and which are intended to finance fiscal 2000 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes measurable and available (available as an advance at year end) are recognized as revenue. In proprietary funds, unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The District reports deferred revenue on its Combined Balance Sheet. Deferred revenue arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenue also arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the Combined Balance Sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenditures (decreases in net financial resources) are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exceptions: general long-term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; and the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as expenditures in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense and a like amount is reported as federal donated commodities nonoperating revenue.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds other than agency funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 1999 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Sandusky County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 1999.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 4. By October 1, the annual Appropriation Resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund, function, and object level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriations or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which reallocated, decreased or increased the original appropriated amounts. During fiscal year 1999, supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund, function and/or object level.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Encumbrance accounting is utilized with District funds in the normal course of operations, for purchase orders and contract-related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For governmental fund types, encumbrances outstanding at year end appear as a reserve to the fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 15 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary and the GAAP basis of accounting. Encumbrances for enterprise funds are disclosed in Note 12 to the general purpose financial statements.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the Combined Balance Sheet.

During fiscal year 1999, investments were limited to investments in the State Asset Treasury Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation securities.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 1999.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal 1999 amounted to \$133,957 which includes \$92,029 assigned from other District funds.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For purposes of the Combined Statement of Cash Flows and for presentation on the Combined Balance Sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents.

An analysis of the Treasurer's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

F. Inventory

Inventories for all governmental funds are valued at cost (first-in/first-out method). The purchase method is used to account for inventories. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories at period end are reported as assets of the respective fund, which are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation even though they are a component of reported assets.

Inventories of proprietary funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market and expensed when used rather than when purchased.

G. Prepaids

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 1999, are recorded as prepayments by using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepayment amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At period end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

1. General Fixed Assets Account Group

General fixed assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year in the general fixed assets account group. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$500 and a useful life of less than five years. No depreciation is recognized for assets in the general fixed assets account group. The District has not included infrastructure in the general fixed assets account group.

2. Proprietary Funds

Equipment reflected in these funds are stated at cost or estimated historical cost and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. Depreciation has been provided, where appropriate, on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

Asset	*	 Life (years)
Furniture, fixtures and		
minor equipment	=	 5-12

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Intergovernmental Revenues

In governmental funds, entitlements and non-reimbursable grants are recorded as receivables and revenue when measurable and available (to the extent they are intended to finance the current fiscal year). Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenue when measurable and earned. The District currently participates in various state and federal programs categorized as follows:

Entitlements

General Fund

State Foundation Program
State Property Tax Relief
School Bus Purchase Reimbursement

Special Revenue Funds

Textbook/Instructional Materials Subsidy

Debt Service Fund

State Property Tax Relief

Capital Projects Funds

State Property Tax Relief

Non-Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds

Education Management and Information System

Title VI-B

Title I

Title VI

Drug-Free Schools

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Non-Reimbursable Grants - (continued)

Special Revenue Funds - (continued)

Teacher Development

Preschool

Eisenhower

Auxiliary Services

Venture Capital

Partnership Grant

Capital Projects Funds

SchoolNet

Reimbursable Grants

General Fund

Driver Education

Enterprise Funds

National and State School Lunch Program

Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements amounted to approximately 53% of the District's operating revenue during the 1999 fiscal year.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with twenty years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

Accumulated vacation and severance of governmental fund type employees meeting the above requirements have been recorded in the appropriate governmental fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be payable within the current available period. The remaining balance of the liability is recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Vacation and severance for employees meeting the above requirements who are paid from proprietary funds are recorded as an expense when earned.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term obligations account group.

Under Ohio law, a debt retirement fund must be created and used for the payment of all debt principal and interest. GAAP require the allocation of the debt liability among the general and the general long-term obligations account group, with principal and interest payments on matured general long-term debt being reported in the debt service fund. To comply with the GAAP reporting requirements, the District's debt retirement fund has been split among the appropriate funds and account group. Debt service fund resources used to pay both principal and interest have also been allocated accordingly.

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

L. Fund Equity

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, prepayments, materials and supplies inventory, debt service, tax revenue unavailable for appropriation and budget stabilization. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District may have numerous transactions between funds. The most significant include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund. The resources transferred are to be expended for operations by the receiving fund and are recorded as operating transfers, with the exception of agency funds, which do not show transfers of resources as operating transfers. The District made no operating transfers in fiscal year 1999.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund. Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses.

N. Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, St. Mary's and St. Paul Elementary and St. Paul High School are operated through the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current State legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and distributed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial schools. The receipt and fiduciary liability of these State monies are reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

O. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish a budget stabilization reserve. This reserve is required by the State statute and can be used only after receiving approval from the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. A fund balance reserve has also been established. See Note 17 for detail of statutory reserves

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Estimates

The preparation of the GPFS in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the GPFS and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Memorandum Only - Total Columns -

Total columns on the GPFS are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with GAAP. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Deficit Fund Balances

General Fund

Deficit Fund Balance

\$(1,258,208)

	4 (1, 2 00,200)
Special Revenue Funds Education Management and Information Sys	stem (87)
Miscellaneous State Grants	(6)
Title VI Grant	(43)

These funds complied with Ohio State law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year end. The deficit fund balance in the general fund is primarily caused by the recognition of tax anticipation notes as a fund liability rather than as an "other financing source" and in the reporting of a liability for accrued wages, benefits and pension obligations attributable to the fiscal year. This deficit will be eliminated as resources are provided for the retirement of the notes and by intergovernmental revenues and other subsidies not recognized and recorded at June 30.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

The deficit fund balances in the Education Management and Information System, Title VI Grant and Miscellaneous State Grants special revenue funds are caused by the application of GAAP, namely in the reporting of a liability for accruing wage obligations attributable to the fiscal year. These deficit fund balances will be eliminated by anticipated future intergovernmental revenues or other subsidies not recognized and recorded at June 30.

B. Agency Fund

The following are accruals for the agency fund, which, in another fund type, would be recognized in the Combined Balance Sheet:

ASSETS Accounts Receivable	 	. (\$ 310
LIABILITIES Accounts Pavable	 		11.014

C. Ohio Revised Code Violation

The following fund was found to be in violation of Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B), for having expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations:

	<u>Appropriations</u>	Expenditures	<u>Excess</u>
Capital Projects Funds Permanent Improvement	\$426,062	\$523,731	\$97,669

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the Combined Balance Sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents". Statutes require the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Cash on hand: At fiscal year end, the District had \$50 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the Combined Balance Sheet of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No.3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions. Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

Deposits: At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$404,830 and the bank balance was \$541,906. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$200,152 was covered by federal depository insurance.
- 2. \$341,754 was held in collateral pools with no specification for whom such funds are held which is considered to be uninsured and uncollateralized as defined by GASB Statement No.3. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments: The District's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of credit risk assumed by the District at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

The District had an investment of \$684,865 in STAR Ohio at June 30, 1999. STAR Ohio is not categorized because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

The classification of cash and cash equivalents on the Combined Balance Sheet is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting".

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents on the Combined Balance Sheet (per GASB Statement No. 9) and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash <u>Equivalents/Deposits</u>	Invest	ments
GASB Statement No. 9 Investment of the	\$1,089,745	S	0
cash management pool: Investment in STAR Ohio Cash on hand	(684,865) (50)	684	4,865
GASB Statement No. 3	<u>\$ 404,830</u>	<u>\$684</u>	4 <u>,865</u>

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half of the calendar year occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the District.

Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at 100% of market value except for the personal property of rural electric companies which is assessed 50% of market and railroads which are assessed at 29%. Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current year.

Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value. The assessed value upon which the fiscal year 1998 taxes were collected was \$207,051,271. Agricultural/residential and public utility real estate represented \$126,274,510 or 60.99% of this total; commercial & industrial real estate represented \$21,720,860 or 10.49% of this total; public utility tangible represented \$16,314,420 or 7.88% of this total; and, general tangible property represented \$42,741,481 or 20.64% of this total. The voted general tax rate for operations at the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 was \$39.20 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation and \$2.50 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for permanent improvements.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20.

The District receives property taxes from Huron, Sandusky, Seneca and Erie Counties. The respective County Treasurers collect property tax on behalf of the District. The respective County Auditors periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on statutory cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 1999. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, they are not (exclusive of advances) intended to finance current year operations. The net receivable (total receivable less amount available intended to finance the current year) is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue. A total of \$998,614 was available to the District as an advance at June 30 and is recognized as revenue.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue but not received by the District prior to June 30, 1999, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited, by law, from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year end.

NOTE 6-RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 1999 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements (to the extent such grants and entitlements relate to the current fiscal year). Intergovernmental receivables have been reported as "due from other governments" on the Combined Balance Sheet. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

	Amounts
General Fund Taxes - current and delinquent Accounts Due from other governments	\$6,484,894 655 1,550
Special Revenue Funds Accounts	7,841
Debt Service Fund Taxes - current and delinquent	45,574
Capital Projects Funds Taxes - current and delinquent Accounts	396,912 500
Enterprise Funds Accounts Due from other governments	662 25,662

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 7 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the changes in the general fixed assets account group during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance July 1, 1998	_Increases_	Decreases	Balance June 30, 1999
Land/				
improvements	\$ 862,079	\$	\$	\$ 862,079
Buildings/		•		
improvements	6,818,984			6,818,984
Furniture/	•			
equipment	3,110,928	325,394	(36,216)	3,400,106
Vehicles	1.069.186	116,563	(24,900)	1,160,849
			* * ===================================	
Totais	\$11,861,177	\$441,957	<u>\$(61,116</u>)	<u>\$12,242,018</u>

A summary of the proprietary funds fixed assets at June 30, 1999 follows:

Enterprise Funds	
Furniture and equipment	\$ 87,468
Less: accumulated depreciation	(66,565)
Net fixed assets	\$ 20,903
Internal Service Fund	
Furniture and equipment	\$ 3,440
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,840)
Net fixed assets	- <u>\$ 600</u>

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 8 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In a prior year, the District entered into a capital lease agreement for a copier and telecommunications equipment. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all Governmental Fund Types and the Expendable Trust Fund. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. General fixed assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the general fixed assets account group in an amount equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

On December 23, 1998, the District refinanced the lease obligation for the telecommunications equipment. The terms of the new lease agreement call for quarterly lease payments of \$98,283. These payments began on May 4, 1999 and continue through February 4, 2004.

A corresponding liability was recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Principal payments in the 1999 fiscal year totaled \$81,930. This amount is reflected as debt service principal retirement in the general fund and the schoolnet capital projects fund.

The following is an analysis of the equipment under capital lease as of June 30, 1999:

	General Fixed Assets
Equipment	\$1,916,490
Carrying Value	\$1,916,490

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 8 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

General Long-Term Obligations

Year Ending June 30.	Amount
2000	\$ 396,862 393,132
2002	393,132
2003.	393,132
2004	294,849
Total minimum lease payments	1,871,107
Less: amount representing interest	(197,449)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	<u>\$1.673,658</u>

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The current obligation bond outstanding, issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of equipment and facilities, is a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, the unmatured obligation is accounted for in the general long-term obligations account group. Payments of principal and interest relating to this liability are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current .3 mill bonded debt levy.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a description of the District's bond outstanding as of June 30, 1999:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Outstanding	Retired	Outstanding
Purpose	Rate	<u>Date</u>	<u>Date</u>	June 30, 1998	in 1999	June 30, 1999
Public Library			· ·	**		
Improvement	7.00%	12/01/87	12/01/02	\$275,000	<u>\$(55,000</u>)	\$220,000

B. In a prior year, the District issued energy conservation notes and general obligation notes to provide for energy improvements to various District buildings. The general obligation notes were issued for the purpose of refunding notes issued in 1995 for the purpose of purchasing and installing energy conservation measures. The primary source of repayment of these notes is through energy savings as a result of the improvements.

Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund. The unmatured obligations at year end are accounted for in the general long-term obligations account group.

The following is a description of the District's notes outstanding as of June 30, 1999:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Principal Maturity Date	Outstanding June 30, 1998	Retired in 1999	Outstanding June 30, 1999
General obligation notes Energy	5.40%	03/26/97	12/01/04	\$ 273.695	\$ (39,000)	\$ 234,695
conservation notes	5.15%	02/10/97	12/01/06	1.347.000	(117,000)	1,230,000
Total				\$1,620,695	<u>\$(156,000</u>)	<u>\$1.464.695</u>

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bond, the general obligation notes and the energy conservation notes:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal on bond and notes	Interest on bond and notes	Total
2000	\$ 218,000	\$ 85,249	\$ 303,249
2001	226,000	72,701	298,701
2002	234,000	59,741	293,741
2003	242,000	46,369	288,369
2004	196,000	34,484	230,484
2005	205,695	24,041	229,736
2006	176,000	14,162	190,162
2007	187,000	4,815	191.815
Total	<u>\$1,684,695</u>	<u>\$341,562</u>	\$2,026,257

D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The Code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 1999 are a voted debt margin of \$18,634,614 (including available funds of \$193,140) and an unvoted debt margin of \$207,051.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

E. During the year ended June 30, 1999, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid.

	Balance July 1, 1998	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 1999
Compensated absences	\$1,162,802	\$ 32,369	\$(117,849)	\$1,077,322
Pension obligation payable	103,165	101,307	(103,165)	101,307
General obligation bond	275,000		(55,000)	220,000
General obligation notes	273,695	··	(39,000)	234,695
Energy conservation notes	1,347,000		(117,000)	1,230,000
Capital lease obligations	1,713,868	<u>41.720</u>	(81,930)	1,673,658
Total	\$4,875,530	\$175,396	<u>\$(513,944</u>)	<u>\$4,536,982</u>

NOTE 10 - NOTE ACTIVITY

A. During fiscal year 1998, the District issued spending reserve notes for \$862,885 for the purpose of paying current expenses. These notes were a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. These notes, which were a liability of the general fund, were repaid during fiscal year 1999.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 10 - NOTE ACTIVITY - (Continued)

The following is a description of the spending reserve notes activity during fiscal 1999:

	Issue	Interest	Balance	Retired	Balance
	<u>Date</u>	Rate	June 30, 1998	<u>in 1999</u>	June 30, 1999
Spending					
reserve notes	02/24/98	5.625%	\$862,885	\$(862 <u>,</u> 885)	\$ 0

B. During fiscal year 1999, the District issued tax anticipation notes for \$875,000. These notes are a general obligation of the district for which the full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. These notes are a liability of the general fund, which received the proceeds. The following is a description of the tax anticipation notes payable.

	Issue	Interest	Balance	Issued	Balance
	Date	Rate	June 30, 19	98 <u>in 1999</u>	June 30, 1999
General Fund Tax anticipation	4				
notes	10/02/98	4.5%	\$ 0	\$875,000	\$875,000

Principal and interest requirements to retire the tax anticipation notes outstanding at June 30, 1999 is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30.	Principal On Note	Interest On Note	<u>Total</u>	- · ·
2000	\$175,000	\$35,438	\$210,438	
2001	175,000	.27,562	202,562	
2002	175,000	19,688	194,688	
2003	175,000	11,812	186,812	
2004	175,000	3.938	178,938	
Totals	<u>\$875,000</u>	<u>\$98,438</u>	\$973,438	

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are 90% coinsured. The following is a description of the District's insurance coverage:

		Limits of	- -
Coverage	<u>Insurer</u>	<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Deductible</u>
General liability:	Nationwide	•	
Each occurrence		\$ 2,000,000	\$ 0
Aggregate		\$ 5,000,000	\$ 0
Building and contents	Indiana Insurance	\$ 31,006,539	\$ 1,000
Fleet:	Nationwide		
Comprehensive		\$ 1,000,000	\$ 250
Collision		\$ 1,000,000	\$ 250
Umbrella liability	Nationwide	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 10,000

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

B. Employee Group Life, Medical, Dental, and Vision Insurance

In 1981, the District joined 13 other districts in Huron and Erie Counties and formed the Huron-Erie School Employee Insurance Association.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The Board of Trustees of the consortium, with assistance of actuarial analysis, establishes premium rates for medical, dental, and prescription drug insurance, based upon the specific plan negotiated by each member district and its employees. Premiums are placed in a Trust Fund controlled by the Board of Trustees and invested prudently to produce income which additionally benefits the consortium. The agreement of the Huron-Erie School Employee Insurance Association provides that the Huron-Erie School Employee Insurance Association will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for all claims. The Huron-Erie School Employee Insurance Association retains the risk. The "reserves" in the Trust Fund include monies necessary to pay the "claims run-out", should the consortium ever be dissolved. For the 1998-1999 plan year, "reserves" amounted to approximately \$2,569,747. Because the consortium is organized under Internal Revenue Services Code 501C (9), investment income is tax exempt.

The consortium uses a third-party administrator to adjust claims and purchases aggregate "stop-loss" insurance to protect against catastrophic loss.

For the plan period 1998-1999, total contributions from member districts were \$9,314,297. Paid claims totaled \$8,794,995, and administrative costs, stop-loss premium, and retention totaled \$543,498. Interest income was \$340,753, leaving a plan year balance of \$316,557.

C. Worker's Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA). The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 12 - SEGMENT INFORMATION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The District maintains two enterprise funds to account for the operations of food services and uniform school supplies. The table below reflects, in a summarized format, the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999.

	Food Services	Uniform School Supplies	<u>Total</u>
Operating revenues	\$ 409,176	\$38,514	\$ 447,690
Depreciation	2,971		2,971
Operating loss	(231,912)	(2,711)	(234,623)
Operating grants	161,147		161,147
Federal donated commodities	65,869		65,869
Net (loss)	(5,005)	(2,711)	(7,716)
Fixed asset additions	2,428		2,428
Net working capital	14,277	9,776	24,053
Total assets	149,943	9,963	159,906
Total liabilities	114,763	187	114,950
Total equity	35,180	9,776	44,956
Encumbrances outstanding as of 06/30/99	26,048	18	26,066

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board (SERB). SERS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established and may be amended by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes general purpose financial statements and required supplementary information for SERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered salary; 9.02 percent was the portion to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates are actuarially determined. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts by the SERB. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$176,751, \$169,882, and \$173,469, respectively. Of the contribution requirement, 44.2 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 1999 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1998 and 1997. \$170,663, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 1999, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established and may be amended by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes general purpose financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered salary; 6 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$427,916, \$695,030, and \$748,144, respectively. Of the contribution requirement, 83.3 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 1999 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1998 and 1997. \$166,244, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 1999, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to eight percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$570,517 during fiscal 1999.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$2.156 billion at June 30, 1998 (the latest information available). For the year ended June 30, 1998 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$219.224 million and STRS had 91,999 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.98 percent of covered payroll, an increase from 3.5 percent for fiscal year 1998. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 1999, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 125 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 1998 (the latest information available) were \$111.9 million and the target level was \$139.9 million. At June 30, 1998 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$160.3 million and SERS had approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$128,863 during the 1999 fiscal year.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental funds (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the governmental funds are as follows:

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures

Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Debt <u>Service</u>	Capital Projects
Budget basis	\$(188,295)	\$(18,348)	\$ (12,987)	\$ 64,204
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(30,548)	6,076	231,997	(34,918)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	741,303	(11,495)	(234,122)	70,675
Net adjustment for other financing sources/(uses)	(875,000)	· :	4 LL2	(41,720)
Adjustment for encumbrances	<u> 26,355</u>	40,304		350
GAAP basis	<u>\$(326,185</u>)	<u>\$ 16,537</u>	<u>\$ (15,112)</u>	\$ 58,591

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 1999.

B. Litigation

There is no current litigation pending which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

C. State School Funding Decision

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the Ohio General Assembly to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in that system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to this District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the District received \$5,740,176 of total school foundation support for its general fund and \$5,775,086 for total support (all funds).

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the Ohio General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State has appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. At this time, the Ohio Supreme Court has not rendered an opinion on this issue. The decision of the Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has been stayed by the Ohio Supreme Court, and, as such, school districts are still operating under the laws that the Common Pleas Court declared unconstitutional.

As of the date of these financial statements, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program and on its financial operations.

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by Statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the reserve activity was as follows:

	<u>Textbooks</u>	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>	Budget Stabilization
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 1998	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$71,529
Current year set-aside requirement Current year offsets	186,451 (34,910)	186,451 (589,433)	21,697
Qualifying disbursements	(34,910) (472,345)	(253.636)	
Total	<u>\$(320,804</u>)	<u>\$ (656,618</u>)	<u>\$93,226</u>
Cash balance carried forward to FY 2000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$93,226

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero, these extra amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. Negative amounts are therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 1999 follows:

Amount restricted for budget stabilization \$93,226

Total restricted assets \$93,226

NOTE 18 - YEAR 2000 ISSUE

The Year 2000 Issue is the result of shortcomings in many electronic data processing systems and other equipment that may adversely affect the District's operations as early as fiscal year 1999.

As of June 30, 1999, the District has completed an inventory of computer systems and other equipment necessary to conducting District operations and has identified such systems as being financial reporting, payroll, employee benefits, and educational statistics reporting through the State's Education Management and Information System (EMIS). The District has nine school buildings with power systems which have extensive utilization measures within the systems.

The District uses the State of Ohio Uniform School Accounting System software for its financial reporting, the State of Ohio Uniform School Payroll System software for its payroll and employee benefits and the State's EMIS for its education statistics reporting. The State is responsible for remediating these systems.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 18 - YEAR 2000 ISSUE - (Continued)

Huron, Sandusky, Seneca, and Erie Counties collect property taxes for distribution to the District. Huron, Sandusky, Seneca, and Erie Counties are responsible for remediating their respective tax collection systems.

The State of Ohio distributes a substantial sum of money to the District in the form of basic state aid "school foundation" and federal and state grant payments. The State is responsible for remediating these systems.

The District is currently remediating its power system. Validation and testing of these systems have yet to be completed.

To the best of management's knowledge and belief, as of January 24, 2000, the District experienced no significant interruption of mission critical operations or services related to the Year 2000 Issue. However, because of the unprecedented nature of the Year 2000 Issue, matters may yet arise, and parties with whom the District does business may also experience Year 2000 readiness issues that are as yet, unknown.

This page intentionally left blank.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 111 Broad Street Suite 206 Wadsworth, Ohio 44281 330/336-1706 Fax 330/334-5118

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Bellevue City School District Bellevue, Ohio 44811

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Bellevue City School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bellevue City School District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of general purpose financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the Bellevue City School District in a separate letter dated January 24, 2000.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Bellevue City School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operations that we consider to be material weaknesses.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (continued)

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

GARY B. FINK & ASSOCIATES, INC. Certified Public Accountants

January 24, 2000

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 111 Broad Street Suite 206 Wadsworth, Ohio 44281 330/336-1706 Fax 330/334-5118

-

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Education Bellevue City School District Bellevue, Ohio 44811

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Bellevue City School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 1999. The Bellevue City School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Bellevue City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Bellevue City School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Bellevue City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Bellevue City School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Bellevue City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 1999.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS' APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 (continued)

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Bellevue City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Bellevue City School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

GARY B. FINK & ASSOCIATES, INC. Certified Public Accountants

January 24, 2000

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass Through		
Program Title	Number	Entity Number	Receipts	Disbursements
U.S. Department of Agriculture			-	•
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:		-	ē	
Food Distribution	10.550		\$68,085	\$65,213
National School Lunch Program	10.555		149,433	149,433
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster		•	217,518	214,646
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants	84.281	043596-MS-S1-99P	8,717	0
Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants	84.281	043596-MS-S1-97	0	1,637
Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants	84.281	043596-MS-S1-96	0	2,324
Total Eisenhower			8,717	3,961
Innovative Education Program Strategies (ESEA Title VI)	84.298	043596-C2-S1-99	10,345	10,345
Innovative Education Program Strategies (ESEA Title VI)	84.298	043596-C2-S1-98	0	4,305
Total Innovative Education Program Strategies			10,345	14,650
Fitle I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	043596-C1-S1-99	185,593	126,656
l'itle I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	043596-C1-S1-98C	3,003	3,003
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	043596-C1-S1-98	18,020	43,675
Total Title I			206.616	173,334
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186	043596-DR-\$1-99	12,712	8,916
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186	043596-DR-S1-98		1,698
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools			12,712	10,614
Goals 2000 - State and Local Educational Systemic				
Improvement Grants	84.276	043596-G2-A2-99	1,045	1,045
Goals 2000 - State and Local Educational Systemic				
Improvement Grants (Family and School Partnership Grant)	84.276	043596-G2-S4-99P	6,000	2,990
Total Goals 2000			7,045	4,035
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States (Title VI-B Flow-Thru)	84.027	043596-6B-SF-99P	127,664	118,934
Special Education - Grants to States (Title VI-B Flow-Thru)	84.027	043596-6B-SF-98P	0	11,608
Total Title VI-B Flow-Thru			127,664	130,542
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	043596-PG-\$1-99P	19,266	16,682
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	043596-PG-S1-98P	0	3,389
special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	043596-PG-\$1-97P	0	342
Total Preschool Grants			19,266	20,413
Total Special Education Cluster		,	146,930	150,955
Total U.S. Department of Education			392,365	357,549

· - 18 ----

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is a summary of the activity of the Bellevue City School District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 1999, the Bellevue City School District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

BELLEVUE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 ¶505

JUNE 30, 1999

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level?	No .
(d)(1)(fi)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for the major federal program?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for the major federal program?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under ¶510?	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 ¶505 (CONTINUED)

(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs:	Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States (Title VI-B Flow-Thru), CFDA #84.027 and Special Education - Preschool Grant, CFDA #84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(l)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

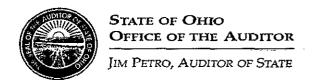
None

BELLEVUE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 ¶315(b)

JUNE 30, 1999

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected:
98-1	Late submission of final expenditure report for fiscal year 1997 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, CFDA #84.010	Yes



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

BELLEVUE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

HURON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

By: Susan Babbitt

Date: <u>MARCH 9, 2000</u>