AUDITOR

BRISTOL LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY

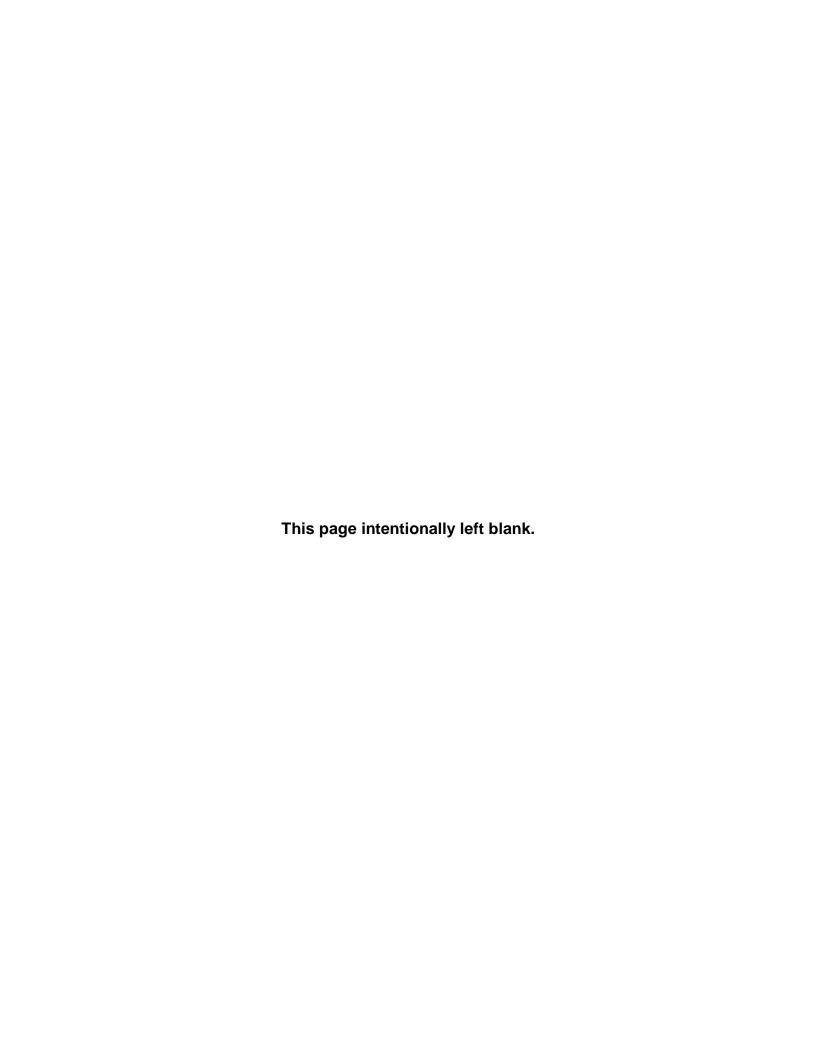
REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999



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Voinovich Governmental Center 242 Federal Plaza West, Suite 302 Youngstown, Ohio 44503

Telephone 330-797-9900

800-443-9271

Facsimile 330-797-9949

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Bristol Local School District Trumbull County 1845 Greenville Rd. PO Box 260 Bristolville. Ohio 44402-0260

To the Board of Education

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Bristol Local School District, Trumbull County, (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bristol Local School District, Trumbull County, as of June 30, 1999, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2000 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 20, 2000

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Bristol Local School District Trumbull County

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 1999

	Governmental Fund Types				
			Special	Debt	Capital
		General	Revenue	Service	Project
Assets and Other Debits:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	616,340	\$123,361.	\$59,790.	\$7,645,369
Restricted Asset - Budget Reserve		58,623			
Restricted Asset - Construction Escrow Account					2,387
Taxes Receivable		1,068,224	336,611	198,687	89,932
Due from Other Funds					
Interfund Receivables		71,644			
Intergovernmental Receivables		7,881			
Accounts Receivable		5,564	645		
Supplies Inventory		110			
Inventory for Resale					
Net Property, Plant & Equipment					
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund					
Amount to be Provided for Retirement of					
General Long Term Debt					
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$	1,828,386	460,617	258,477	\$ 7,737,688
Liabilities:					
Interfund Payables					71,644
Due to Other Funds		4,590	196		
Intergovernmental Payable		73,851	2,990		
Accounts Payable		5,917	32,061		
Contract Payable					500,919
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		472,542	17,990		
Deferred Revenue		1,065,481	336,611	198,687	89,932
Due to Others					
Notes Payable					
General Obligation Bonds Payable					
Compensated Absences Payable		18,824			
Total Liabilities		1 641 205	200.040	100 607	662.405
		1,641,205	389,848	198,687	662,495
Fund Equity and Other Credits:					
Investment in General Fixed Assets					
Retained Earnings					
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Budget Stabilization		58,623			
Reserved For Inventory		110	00.400		0.000.400
Reserved for Encumbrances		37,681	20,438	50 700	3,330,189
Reserved for Debt				59,790	
Reserved for Future Appropriation		2,743			
Unreserved Fund Balance		88,024	50,331		3,745,004
Total Fund Equity		187,181	70,769	59,790	7,075,193
Total Fund Balances/Retained Earnings and Other		187,181	70,769	59,790	7,075,193
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits	\$	1,828,386	460,617	258,477	\$ 7,737,688

Trumbull County

Combined Balance Sheet

All Fund Types and Account Groups

June 30, 1999

	•	and do,	.000				
			Fiduciary				
	<u>Pı</u>	oprietary	Fund Types	Account	•		Totals
	_		Trust and	General	General	(M	lemorandum
	EI	nterprise	Agency	Fixed Assets	Long Term		(Only)
Assets and Other Debits:							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	761	39,725			\$	8,485,346
Restricted Asset - Budget Reserve							58,623
Restricted Asset- Construction Escrow Account							2,387
Taxes Receivable							1,693,454
Due from Other Funds			4,925				4,925
Interfund Receivables							71,644
Intergovernmental Receivables							7,881
Accounts Receivable		42					6,251
Supplies Inventory		1,289					1,399
Inventory for Resale		8,951					8,951
Net Property, Plant & Equipment		742		4,597,999			4,598,741
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund					59,790		59,790
Amount to be Provided for Retirement of							,
General Long Term Debt					2,851,870	_	2,851,870
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$	11,785	44,650	4,597,999	2,911,660	\$	17,851,262
Liabilities:							
Interfund Payables						\$	71,644
Due to Other Funds		139					4,925
Intergovernmental Payable		5,660	21,740		46,980		151,221
Accounts Payable							37,978
Contract Payable							500,919
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		17,693					508,225
Deferred Revenue		3,815					1,694,526
Due to Others			19,772				19,772
Notes Payable			-,		184,691		184,691
General Obligation Bonds Payable					2,283,870		2,283,870
Compensated Absences Payable		13,013			396,119		427,956
Total Liabilities		40,320	41,512		2,911,660		5,885,727
Fund Equity and Other Credits:							
Investment in General Fixed Assets				4,597,999			4,597,999
Retained Earnings		(28,535)					(28,535)
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for Budget Stabilization							58,623
Reserved For Inventory							110
Reserved for Encumbrances							3,388,308
Reserved for Debt							59,790
Reserved for Future Appropriation							2,743
Unreserved Fund Balance			3,138				3,886,497
							7,396,071
Total Fund Equity			3,138				

See Accompanying Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements.

Total Fund Balances/Retained Earnings and Other

Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits

3,138

44,650

4,597,999

4,597,999

11,965,535

2,911,660 \$ 17,851,262

(28,535)

11,785

Bristol Local School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance All Governmental Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 1999

			7	Totals			
		General	Governmental F Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Project	•	orandum) Only)
REVENUES:		General	Revenue	Service	Project		Only)
Taxes	\$	1,034,161	326,510	194,738	87,562	\$	1,642,971
Tuition	•	50,914	0_0,0.0	,	0.,002	•	50,914
Earnings on Investments		69,928			143,134		213,062
Extracurricular Activities		00,020	94,500		,		94,500
Miscellaneous		36,668	1,725				38,393
Revenue from State Sources		00,000	.,0				00,000
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid		3,012,920	42,870	19,401	10,693		3,085,884
Restricted Grants-in-Aid		32,169	28,729	.0,.0.	448,851		509,749
Revenue on/for behalf of District		107,625	20,120		5,578,374		5,685,999
Revenue from Federal Sources		101,020			0,010,014		0,000,000
Restricted Grants-in-Aid			174,511				174,511
Total Revenue		4,344,385	668,845	214,139	6,268,614		11,495,983
		4,544,505	000,043	214,133	0,200,014		11,433,303
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Instruction							
Regular		2,320,490	15,614				2,336,104
Special		255,058	164,813		115,724		535,595
Vocational		64,340	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,		64,340
Other Instruction		1,185	63,744				64,929
Supporting Services		,	,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Pupils		124,227					124,227
Instructional Staff		175,948					175,948
Board of Education		16,942					16,942
Administration		596,012	14,614				610,626
Fiscal Services		114,176	34,415	2,547	1,414		152,552
Business		36,054	1,297	2,041	.,		37,351
Operation & Maintenance-Plant		315,439	153,220		2,640		471,299
Pupil Transportation		214,363	120,720		2,040		335,083
Extracurricular Activities		214,303	120,720				333,003
Academic & Subject Oriented		2,326	492				2,818
Sports Oriented		74,962	33,085				108,047
Co-Curricular Activities		1,664	60,406				62,070
Capital Outlay		1,004	00,400				02,070
Facility Acquisition & Construction		5,850			1,243,439		1,249,289
Debt Service		3,830			1,243,439		1,249,209
				104 022			104 022
Repayment of Debt		4 240 026	662 420	194,923	1 262 217		194,923
Total Expenditures		4,319,036	662,420	197,470	1,363,217		6,542,143
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		25,349	6,425	16,669	4,905,397		4,953,840
Other Financing Sources and Uses: Other Financing Sources							
Sale and Loss of Assets		10					10
Other Sources		27,693					27,693
Transfers-In		147,091	7,685				154,776
Other Financing Uses							
Transfer-Out		(110,430)	(2,685)				(113,115)
Net Other Financing Sources and Uses		64,364	5,000				69,364
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditure		04,304	3,000				09,304
Disbursement and Other Uses		89,713	11,425	16,669	4,905,397		5,023,204
Decrease in Inventory		(1,239)	, -	-,	,,		(1,239)
Beginning Fund Balance		98,707	59,344	43,121	2,169,796		2,370,968
Ending Fund Balance	•	187,181	70,769	59,790	7,075,193	\$	7,392,933
Litarily I und Dalance	Ψ	107,101	10,109	33,130	1,010,193	Ψ	1,002,300

See Accompanying Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements.

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Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

All Governmental Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 1999

		General Fund		Special Revenue Funds				
	-		Variance	·		Variance		
	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable		
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:	Duaget	Actual	(Olliavolable)	- Budget	Actual	(Olliavolable)		
Taxes	\$ 1.016.452	4 020 640	23.196	224 720	226 540	¢ 4.700		
Tuition	\$ 1,016,452 30,000	1,039,648 49,940	-,	321,720	326,510	\$ 4,790		
	•	,	19,940					
Earnings on Investment	30,000	69,928	39,928	04.000	04.704	40 704		
Extracurricular Activities	40.000	20.000	04.000	84,000	94,734	10,734		
Miscellaneous	12,000	36,683	24,683	2,300	1,725	(575		
State Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	2,873,450	3,012,920	139,470	48,892	42,870	(6,022		
State Restricted Grants-in-Aid	32,000	30,969	(1,031)	9,000	28,729	19,729		
Revenue for/on Behalf of District	155,797	107,625	(48,172)	474.407	474.544	40.4		
Federal Restricted Grants-in-Aid				174,107	174,511	404		
Total Revenue	4,149,699	4,347,713	198,014	640,019	669,079	29,060		
Expenditures:								
Regular Instruction	2,384,513	2,340,626	43,887	16,300	15,614	686		
Special Instruction	271,792	253,337	18,455	210,652	176,798	33,854		
Vocational Instruction	57,782	62,599	(4,817)					
Other Instruction	42,000	1,935	40,065	47,172	47,172			
Support Services-Pupils	148,079	123,737	24,342					
Support Services-Instructional Staff	,	173,842	27,557					
Support Services-Board of	23,335	16,942	6,393					
Support Services-Administration	681,702	584,623	97,079	5,000	14,614	(9,614		
Fiscal Services	155,498	116,024	39,474	6,061	34,415	(28,354		
Support Services-Business	40,463	38,144	2,319	1,400	1,297	103		
Operation & Maintenance-Plant	596,153	310,551	285,602	191,568	161,538	30,030		
Support Services-Transportation	326,840	245,598	81,242	117,496	117,018	478		
Academic & Subject Oriented	9,629	2,326	7,303	492	492			
Sports Oriented	78,091	74,780	3,311	41,926	33,485	8,441		
Co-Curricular Activities	4,516	1,664	2,852	73,387	62,229	11,158		
Site Improvement								
Facilities Acquisition & Construction	n 5,850	5,850						
Repayment of Debt								
Total Expenditures	5,027,642	4,352,578	675,064	711,454	664,672	46,782		
Excess of Revenue Over								
(Under) Expenditures	(877,943)	(4,865)	873,078	(71,435)	4,407	75,842		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Sale and Loss of Assets		10	10					
Transfer-In		147,091	147,091		7,685	7,685		
Advances-In		,	,		,	,		
Refund of Prior Years Expenditures	20.000	17,726	(2,274)					
Transfers-Out	(64,222)	(110,430)	(46,208)	(2,685)	(2,685)			
Advances-Out	(,)	(71,645)	(71,645)	(_,,,	(=,,			
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(44,222)	(17,248)	26,974	(2,685)	5,000	7,685		
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing	(11,===)	(11,=15)		(=,000)				
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures								
and Other Financing Uses	(922,165)	(22,113)	900,052	(74,120)	9,407	83,527		
Beginning Fund Balance	612,514	612,514	300,032	48,587	48,587	03,327		
Prior Year Carry Over Encumbrance	•	42,250		43,962	43,962			
-			900,052			¢ 02 F27		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ (267,401)	632,651	900,032	18,429	101,956	\$ 83,527		

See Accompanying Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements.

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)**

All Governmental Fund Types - Continued Year Ended June 30, 1999

Debt Service Funds			Cap				
			Variance			Varian	ice
Re	vised		Favorable	Revised		Favora	ıble
Βι	ıdget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavor	rable)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-	
\$	196,390	194,738	(1,652)	85,500	87,562	\$	2,062
•	,	,	() /	,	, , , , ,	•	,
				50.000	143,134	g	93,134
				,	,		,
		19,401	19,401	10,500	10,693		193
		•	,	•	-	(5	51,149
				-	-	•	75,404
				-,,	2,212,21		,
	196.390	214.139	17,749	6.399.778	6,268,614	(13	31,164
	,	,	, -	-,,	-,,-	•	. ,
				8.500			8,500
				-,	115.739	(11	15,739
					,	ν	,
f							
•							
	2 540	2 547	(7)	1 700	1 414		286
	2,040	2,541	(1)	1,700	1,414		200
				28 000	2 640	2	25,360
				•	-		1,857
					10,143		5,000
				•			,
				54,878	4,778	5	50,100
n				4,586,275	4,551,663	3	34,612
	196,052	194,923	1,129				
	198,592	197,470	1,122	4,704,353	4,694,377		9,976
	(2,202)	16,669	18,871	1,695,425	1,574,237	(12	21,188
					71,645	7	71,645
;							
					71,645	7	71,645
					<u> </u>		
	(2,202)	16,669	18,871	1,695,425	1,645,882	(4	49,543
			0			,	
es	<u> </u>			10,474	10,474		
\$	40,919	59,790	18,871	3,866,120	3,816,577		49,543
		Revised Budget \$ 196,390 196,390 196,052 198,592 (2,202) (2,202) 43,121	Revised Budget Actual \$ 196,390	Variance Favorable	National Part	National Part	Revised Budget Actual (Unfavorable Budget) Revised Revised Budget Variance Favorable Revised Budget Variance Favorable Revised Revised Revised Revised Subject Variance Favorable Revised

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

All Governmental Fund Types - Continued Year Ended June 30, 1999

	Totals (Memorandum Only)				
		·	Variance		
	Revised		Favorable		
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	(Unitavorable)		
Taxes	\$ 1,620,062	1,648,458	\$ 28,396		
Tuition	30,000	49,940	19,940		
Earnings on Investment	80,000	213,062	133,062		
Extracurricular Activities	84,000	94,734	10,734		
Miscellaneous	14,300	38,408	24,108		
State Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	2,932,842	3,085,884	153,042		
State Restricted Grants-in-Aid			· ·		
	541,000	508,549	(32,451)		
Revenue for/on Behalf of District	5,909,575	5,685,999	(223,576)		
Federal Restricted Grants-in-Aid	174,107	174,511	404		
Total Revenue	11,385,886	11,499,545	113,659		
Expenditures:	0.400.040	0.050.040	50.070		
Regular Instruction	2,409,313	2,356,240	53,073		
Special Instruction	482,444	545,874	(63,430)		
Vocational Instruction	57,782	62,599	(4,817)		
Other Instruction	89,172	49,107	40,065		
Support Services-Pupils	148,079	123,737	24,342		
Support Services-Instructional Staff	•	173,842	27,557		
Support Services-Board of	23,335	16,942	6,393		
Support Services-Administration	686,702	599,237	87,465		
Fiscal Services	165,799	154,400	11,399		
Support Services-Business	41,863	39,441	2,422		
Operation & Maintenance-Plant	815,721	474,729	340,992		
Support Services-Transportation	464,336	380,759	83,577		
Academic & Subject Oriented	15,121	2,818	12,303		
Sports Oriented	120,017	108,265	11,752		
Co-Curricular Activities	77,903	63,893	14,010		
Site Improvement	54,878	4,778	50,100		
Facilities Acquisition & Construction	4,592,125	4,557,513	34,612		
Repayment of Debt	196,052	194,923	1,129		
Total Expenditures	10,642,041	9,909,097	732,944		
Excess of Revenue Over					
(Under) Expenditures	743,845	1,590,448	846,603		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Sale and Loss of Assets		10	10		
Transfer-In		154,776	154,776		
Advances-In		71,645	71,645		
Refund of Prior Years Expenditures	20,000	17,726	(2,274)		
Transfers-Out	(66,907)	(113,115)	(46,208)		
Advances-Out		(71,645)	(71,645)		
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(46,907)	59,397	106,304		
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing					
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures					
and Other Financing Uses	696,938	1,649,845	952,907		
Beginning Fund Balance	2,864,443	2,864,443			
Prior Year Carry Over Encumbrance		96,686			
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 3,658,067	4,610,974	\$ 952,907		
Lifeting I und Balance	Ψ 3,030,001	7,010,374	ψ 332,301		

See Accompanying Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements.

Bristol Local School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings Proprietary Fund Type Year Ended June 30, 1999

	Proprietary Fund Type		
	Enterprise Funds		
Operating Revenues:			
Food Service	\$ 120,471		
Classroom Materials & Fees	14,714		
Total Operating Revenue	135,185		
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services - Salary	75,955		
Employee Benefits	49,174		
Purchased Services	4,355		
Supplies and Materials	107,243		
Other Objects	249		
Depreciation	2,243		
Total Operating Expenses	239,219		
Operating Loss	(104,034)		
Non-Operating Revenues:			
State Unrestricted Grants-In-Aid	2,763		
Federal Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	61,470		
Federal Commodities	20,610		
Total Non-Operating Revenues	84,843		
Net Loss Before Operating Transfers	(19,191)		
Transfers-In	3,316		
Total Transfers	3,316		
Net Loss	(15,875)		
Beginning Retained Earnings	(12,660)		
Retained Earnings at End of Year	\$ (28,535)		
See Accompanying Notes to the General Pur	pose Financial		

Bristol Local School District Combined Statement of Changes in Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Type Year Ended June 30, 1999

		Proprietary Fund Type
	E	Interprise Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Operating Loss	\$	(104,034)
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Loss		
To Net Cash used in Operating Activities:		
Federal Commodities		20,610
Depreciation		2,243
Net Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable		122
Inventory		982
•		302
Net Increases (Decreases) in Liabilities: Due to Other Funds		26
Intergovernmental Payable		(2,766)
Accrued Wages and Benefits		735
Deferred Revenue		(947)
Compensated Absences		3,758
Total Adjustments		24,763
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(79,271)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Activities:		
Grants from State Sources		2,763
Grants from Federal Sources		61,470
Transfers from Other Funds		3,316
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Sources		67,549
Net Decrease in Cash & Cash Equivalents		(11,722)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of		12,483
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	761
See Accompanying Notes to the General Purp	ose F	inancial

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 1999

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Bristol Local School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local School District as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

Average daily membership (ADM) as of October 1, 1998, was 976. The District employed six (6) administrative and supervisory personnel, 59 certified employees and 35 non-certificated employees. The District is supervised by the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, a separate entity.

The District provides regular, vocational and special instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisitions and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

The accompanying general purpose financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the district is financially accountable. This report includes all activities considered by management to be part of the school by virtue of Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Section 2100 indicates that the reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity.

It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A financial benefit or burden relationship exits if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the District over which the District is financially accountable.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types".

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental Fund Types are accounted for on a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of "available spendable resources" during the period.

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the bylaws of the District and the laws of the State of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Capital Project Funds - These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets or facilities (other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds).

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following are the proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Funds - These funds are used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. The following are the fiduciary fund types:

Agency Funds - These funds are purely custodial and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Account Groups

Account Groups are financial reporting devices to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not affect expendable available financial resources. The following are the account groups:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is used to account for all of the District's fixed assets other than those accounted for in the Proprietary funds.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group - This account group is used to account for all of the District's long-term obligations other than those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for Governmental and Expendable Trust Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income determination. Under the basis of accounting:

- 1) Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.
- 2) Operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- 3) Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures for the current period, which for the District is 60 days after year end.
 - a) Revenue accrued at the end of the year may include book fines, fees, interest and tuition.
 - b) Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 1999 and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate, and are not intended to finance fiscal year 1999 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues.
- 4) Expenditures are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exceptions: general long term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; the current costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

The Proprietary Funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting" the District follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds and FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Agency fund assets and liabilities are recognized on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

All governmental and proprietary fund types are subject to annual expenditures budgets. The Board follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the expenditure budget data reported in the general purpose financial statements:

- A Tax Budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year, for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. The Board of Education normally adopts the Tax Budget at its regular board meeting in January.
- 2) The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1st. As part of this certification, the District receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. During the month of July, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding fiscal year.
- 3) An annual appropriation measure must be passed by the Board of Education by October 1st of each year for the period July 1st to June 30th.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and the encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. The Board of Education usually adopts temporary appropriations at its regular board meeting in July. The Annual Appropriation Resolution is usually adopted at the July regular board meeting. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and expenditures may not exceed appropriations in any fund.

4) The District prepares its budget on a basis of accounting that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The actual results of operations are presented in the "Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual--All Governmental Fund Types" in accordance with the budget basis of accounting.

The major differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP are that:

- a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- b) Expenditures are recorded when encumbered (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosures in the proprietary fund types (GAAP basis); and
- d) For proprietary funds, the acquisition and construction of capital assets are reported on the operating statement (budget basis) rather than as balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

<u>Encumbrances</u> - As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account with individual fund balance integrity maintained throughout. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments". During the fiscal year all investments were limited to STAR Ohio and repurchase agreements.

Investments are reported at cost except for investments in STAR Ohio and investments of the deferred compensation agency fund which are reported at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during 1998-99. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 1999.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. For the District, all investment earnings accrue to the General Fund and Capital Project Fund. Interest income earned in fiscal year 1999 totaled \$213,062.

F. Taxes Receivable

The financial statements reflect taxes receivable as of June 30, 1999. GAAP permits the recognition of revenue from any property tax assessment in the fiscal period levied, provided the funds are "available". "Available" means then due, or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon thereafter. While these taxes have been assessed, the majority are not due at June 30, 1999 and accordingly have been recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying financial statements. Taxes that become delinquent remain recorded in deferred revenue until they are determined to be uncollectible.

G. Inventories

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are determined by physical count. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of the governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased (purchase method) rather than when consumed. Reported inventories in these funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food, and general supplies, and are expended when used.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 1999, are recognized under the nonallocation method. The nonallocation method of prepayments and deferrals is consistent with the basic governmental concept that only expendable financial resources are reported by a specific governmental fund. Payments for the prepaid items or deferrals are fully recognized as an expenditure in the year of payment. Under the nonallocation method no asset for the prepayment or deferral is created, and no expenditure allocation to future accounting periods is required.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the respective fund. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of two hundred fifty dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs, that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives, are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of buildings, equipment and vehicles in the proprietary fund types is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of the assets.

J. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis and entitlements, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

The District currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows: Entitlements:

General Fund

State Foundation Program State Property Tax Subsidy School Bus Funding

Special Revenue Funds:

Educational Management Information Systems Teacher Development Excellence in Education DPIA SchoolNet Professional Development State Property Tax Subsidy

Capital Project Funds:

State Building Subsidy State Property Tax Subsidy

Debt Service Fund:

State Property Tax Subsidy

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Non-Reimbursable Grants:

Special Revenue Funds

Textbooks/Instructional Subsidy

Technology Equity Fund

Title I

Title VI

Title VI B

Capital Project

School Net

Reimbursable Grants:

General Fund

Driver Education Reimbursement

Tutor Reimbursement

Proprietary Funds

National School Lunch Program

Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements amounted to approximately 81% of the District's operating revenue during the 1999 fiscal year.

K. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds". Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". At June 30, 1999, the District had \$71,644 in "interfund receivables/payables".

L. Advances to Other Funds

Non-current portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicated that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation. At June 30, 1999 the District had no long-term interfund loans.

M. Compensated Absences

The District accounts for compensated absences in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. termination payments. All employees with fifteen or more years of service were included in the calculation of the long-term compensated absences accrual amount.

Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 1.) The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee.
- 2.) It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

For governmental funds, the District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation and sick leave when earned. The current portion of these unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term debt account group. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed when earned with the amount reported as a fund liability.

N. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital grants or contributions from developers, customers or other funds. The assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date contributed. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expended and closed to unreserved retained earnings at year end. Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Because the School District did not prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles prior to fiscal year 1997, the exact amount of contributed capital cannot be determined. Consequently, only those amounts that have been specifically identified have been classified as contributed capital in the accompanying combined financial statements. All other fund equity amounts pertaining to proprietary funds have been classified as retained earnings.

O. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

P. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Q. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish a budget stabilization reserve. This reserve is required by State statute and can be used only after receiving approval from the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. A fund balance reserve has also been established.

R. Fund Balance Reserves

Reserved Fund Balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund Balances are reserved for inventory, encumbrances, future appropriation and budget stabilization. The reserve for future appropriation represents the amount of the property taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating the advance, since it was not received, for the current fiscal year. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the Governmental Funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

S. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the general purposes financial statements are captioned "Memorandum only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

T. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

2. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type:

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses
Governmental Fund Types

	General Fund	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Project
GAAP Basis	\$ 89,713	11,425	16,669	\$ 4,905,397
Increase (Decrease):				
Due to Revenues:				
Net Adjustments to Revenue	3,328	234		
Due to Expenditures:				
Net Adjustments to Expenditure	(33,542)	(2,252)		(3,331,160)
Due to Other Sources/Uses	(81,612)			71,645
Budget Basis	\$ (22,113)	9,407	16,669	\$ 1,645,882

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts. Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public money deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home. Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time. Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits: At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$57,616 and the bank balance was \$111,229. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging institution in the pledging institution's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments: The District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name. STAR Ohio are unclassified investments since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Category	Carrying	Fair
	3	Amount	Value
Money Market - Repo Acct.	\$ 153,377	153,377	\$ 153,377
Star Ohio		8,335,112	8,335,112
Total Investments		\$ 8,488,489	\$ 8,488,489

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents			Investments
GASB Statement No.9	\$	8,546,356		\$
Investments:				
Money Market - Repo Acct.	(153,377)			153,377
STAR Ohio	(8,335,112)			8,335,112
Cash on Hand	1	(251)		
GASB Statement No.3	\$	57,616	\$	8,488,489

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

4. PROPERTY TAX (Continued)

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before December 31 of that calendar year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for taxation purposes at 25% of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 28.

Public utility real and public utility personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at 100% of market value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The Trumbull County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of the District. The Trumbull County Auditor remits to the District the taxes collected. Tax settlements are made each March and August for real property taxes and each June and October for personal property.

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue, but not received by the District prior to June 30, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating the property taxes recognized as revenue in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.35 since an advance of tax revenue was not received by the end of the fiscal year.

The full tax rate at the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 for operations was \$37.50 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation and \$2.50 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for permanent improvements \$4.10 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for bonded debt. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property on which the fiscal year 1999 taxes were collected were as follows:

Real Property-Commercial/Industrial	\$ 1,597,930
Real Property-Residential/Agricultural	41,252,790
Personal Property-General	1,142,651
Personal Property-Public Utilities	 4,366,630
Total Assessed Value	\$ 48,360,001

5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 1999 consisted of taxes, accounts (miscellaneous) and intergovernmental funding and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current guarantee of Federal funds.

6. FIXED ASSETS

The following is a summary of the proprietary funds property, plant and equipment at June 30, 1999:

Furniture and Equipment	\$ 87,102
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(86,360)
Net Fixed Assets	\$ 742

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

6. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

The District is currently constructing and equipping a new elementary school building and constructing an addition and reconstruction of the existing high school and elementary school. The following is a summary of changes in the General Fixed Assets Account Group during the fiscal year 1999:

	eneral Fixed Assets ine 30, 1998	Additions	Deletions	eneral Fixed Assets ne 30, 1999
Land and Improvements	\$ 134,582			\$ 134,582
Buildings	1,290,786			1,290,786
Construction in Progress		1,634,402		1,634,402
Furniture and Equipment	1,144,558	85,672	13,660	1,216,570
Vehicles	288,123	33,536		 321,659
Total General Fixed Assets	\$ 2,858,049	1,753,610	13,660	\$ 4,597,999

7. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

A. State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 E. Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent; 10.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Prior to July 1, 1997, the portion used to fund pension obligations was 12 percent. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$338,220, \$327,576, and \$283,572, respectively; 83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 1999 and 100 percent for fiscal years 1998 and 1997. \$58,144 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 1999, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

7. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

B. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 N. Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. For fiscal year 1999, 9.02 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The District's contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$100,296, \$90,624 and \$79,254, respectively; 39 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 1999 and 100 percent for fiscal years 1998 and 1997. \$54,984 and surcharge of \$14,048 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 1999, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

C. Social Security

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System /State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 1999, no members of the Board of Education have elected social security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits, hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. Through June 30, 1998, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to two percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. Beginning July 1, 1998, this allocation was increased to 3.5 percent. For the District, this amount equaled \$42,142 during fiscal 1999.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$2,156 million at June 30, 1998 (the latest information available). For the year ended June 30, 1998, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$219,224,000 and STRS had 91,999 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.98 percent of covered payroll, an increase from 4.21 percent for fiscal year 1998. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 1999, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 125 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 1998, were \$111,900,575 and the target level was \$139.9 million. At June 30, 1998 SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$160.3 million (the latest information available). SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, equaled \$49,723 during the 1999 fiscal year.

9. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from the negotiated agreements and State laws. Only personnel who are under a full year contract (260 days) are eligible for vacation time. The Superintendent is granted twenty days of vacation per year.

Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Employees may accrue a maximum of thirty (30) days for carry-over to successive years.

Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

The Classified personnel accumulate vacation based on the following schedule:

Years Service	Vacation Days
1-7	10
8-14	15
15-beyond	20

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave shall accumulate during active employment on a continuous year-to-year basis. Maximum sick leave accumulation for employees is 308 days.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

9. COMPENSATED ABSENCES (Continued)

Retirement severance is paid to each employee retiring from the District at a per diem rate of the annual salary at the time of retirement if the employee has been employed by the District for a minimum of five years and has ten years of service with the State Retirement System at the time of retirement. Any employee receiving retirement severance pay shall be entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to one-fourth of all accumulated sick leave credited to that employee up to fifty-five days.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Risk

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through commercial carriers.

General liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$2,000,000 for each occurrence and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate. In addition, the District maintains a \$1,000,000 umbrella liability policy.

The District maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$500,000 for any one accident or loss. The District maintains replacement cost insurance on buildings and contents in the amount of \$8,600,776.

B. Public Risk Entity Pool

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA). The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

10. RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Shared Risk Pool

The District participates in the Trumbull County Insurance Consortium. This is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district. The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services.

11. NOTES AND LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 1999, are as follows:

Balance						Balance
	·	July 1, 1998	Additions	Deletions	Jı	une 30,1999
Intergovernmental Payable	\$	34,974	46,980	34,974	\$	46,980
General Obligation Bonds Payable		2,333,870		50,000		2,283,870
Notes Payable-Asbestos Assistance		140,167		11,038		129,129
Notes Payable-Energy Conservation		81,662		26,100		55,562
Compensated Absences Payable		314,019	396,119	314,019		396,119
	\$	2,904,692	443,099	436,131	\$	2,911,660

General Obligation Bonds:

The \$2,383,870 of outstanding general obligation bond relate to a project, for which bonds were issued for the purpose of constructing and equipping a new elementary school building and an addition and reconstruction of the existing high school and elementary. The District also received a grant from the Ohio School Facilities Commission in the amount of \$6,750,515 to fund this project. These bonds mature December 2020, and are in full compliance with the general laws of the State of Ohio, particularly Sections 133.01 to 133.48, inclusive, of the Revised Code and Section 133.09 thereof.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

11. NOTES AND LONG-TERM DEBT - (continued)

	F	Principal	Interest		Payment
FY2000	\$	60,000	102,240	\$	162,240
FY2001		65,000	99,708		164,708
FY2002		70,000	96,905		166,905
FY2003		85,000	93,629		178,629
FY2004		90,000	89,865		179,865
FY2005 and thereafter	1	,913,870	1,191,210	;	3,105,080
	\$ 2	2,283,870	1,673,557	\$	3,957,427

Notes Payable-Asbestos:

The District received an interest free loan for Asbestos assistance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency. Under the Asbestos Schools Hazard Abatement Act of 1984, the District received a loan of \$184,319 to assist in an asbestos removal project. The repayment schedule for the loan portion is \$5,519 every six months, with the first payment made in June 1993 and the final amount due December 2,013.

Payment for the installment purchase obligations as of June 30, 1999, and related interest.

	Payment
FY2000	11,038
FY2001	11,038
FY2002	11,038
FY2003	11,038
FY2004	11,038
FY2005 & Thereafter	73,939
	\$ 129,129

Notes Payable-Energy:

Energy notes were issued in the amount of \$167,000 at 6% interest in January, 1994 with a maturity of January, 2004. The notes were refinanced in February, 1999 to a 4.5% interest rate, with an earlier maturity of January, 2001.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

11. NOTES AND LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

The annual maturities of the general obligation notes (Energy Conservation Notes) as of June 30, 1999, and related interest payments are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Payment
FY2000	\$ 27,271	2,198	\$ 29,469
FY2001	28,291	957	29,248
	\$ 55,562	3,155	\$ 58,717

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides that the net debt of a school district, whether or not approved by the people, shall not exceed 9.0% of the total value of all property in the District as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of a school district cannot exceed .1% of the total assessed value of property. The District has no unvoted debt, the District 's unvoted debt margin is \$48,360. The voted debt margin at June 30, 1999 is \$4,352,400.

12. SEGMENTS OF ENTERPRISE ACTIVITIES

Key financial data for the District's Enterprise Funds for the year ended June 30, 1999, are as follows:

	Food Service Fund		Uniform Supply Fund	E	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues Operating Expenses:	\$	120,471	14,714	\$	135,185
Depreciation		(2,243)			(2,243)
Other Expenses		(218,125)	(18,851)		(236,976)
Total Operating Expenses		(220,368)	(18,851)		(239,219)
Operating Loss		(99,897)	(4,137)		(104,034)
Non Operating Revenues and					
Operating Grants		64,233			64,233
Federal Commodities		20,610			20,610
Transfers In		1,883	1,433		3,316
Net Loss	\$	(13,171)	(2,704)	\$	(15,875)
Net Working Capital	\$	(27,514)	805	\$	(26,709)
Total Assets	\$	10,980	805	\$	11,785
Total Fund Equity	\$	(29,339)	805	\$	(28,535)

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

13. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

At June 30, 1999, the District had short-term interfund loans which are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." An analysis of interfund balances is as follows:

	Re	Receivable		Payable
General Fund Capital Project Fund	\$	71,644		71,644
	\$	71,644	\$	71,644

District transfer activity at June 30, 1999 was as follows:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$	147,091	\$	110,430	
Special Revenue	7,685			2,685	
Enterprise Funds		3,316			
Agency Funds	93			45,070	
	\$ 158,185		\$	158,185	

Due To/From Other Funds:

	Due to Other Funds		Due From Other Funds		
General Fund	\$	4,590		_	
Special Revenue Funds		196			
Enterprise Funds		139			
Agency Funds				4,925	
	\$	4,925	\$	4,925	

14. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

NORTH EAST OHIO MANAGEMENT INFORMATION NETWORK— (NEOMIN) is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts support NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge. Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County districts, and two treasurers. The District was not represented on the Governing Board during fiscal

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

14. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (continued)

year 1999. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. A complete set of separate financial statements may be obtained from the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 347 North Park Avenue, Warren, Ohio, 44481.

Trumbull County Joint Vocational School District

The District is a member of the Trumbull County Joint Vocational School District. The Trumbull County Joint Vocational School District has a nine-member board of education and is funding by levying millage and state and federal support.

The District has no ongoing financial interest of financial responsibility to the Trumbull County Joint Vocational School District.

Northeast Ohio Instructional Media Center (NEOIMC)

NEOIMC is a jointly governed organization among 45 school districts. The organization was formed for the purpose of providing a quality films and/or other media to support the curricula of the District. Each member pays a monthly premium based on use of the media materials. NEOIMC is governed by an advisory committee made up of a member from a parochial school, a joint vocational school, the county school district superintendent from each participating county, one city school district superintendent, and two local school district superintendents, rotating every two years. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 347 North Park Avenue, Warren, Ohio 44481.

Northeast Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (NEO/SERRC)

NEO/SERRC is a special education service center which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents.

NEO/SERRC is governed by a governing board of 39 members made up of representatives from 35 superintendents of the participating districts, one non-public school, one county board of mental retardation and two parents whose terms rotate each year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Mahoning County Educational Service Center, 2801 Market Street, Youngstown, Ohio, 44507

15. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

15. CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 1999.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to any legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending at June 30, 1999.

16. FUND DEFICITS

Fund Deficits:

Fund balances/retained earnings at June 30, 1999, included the following individual deficits:

Special Revenue:Emergency Levy Fund\$(24,692)Capital Project:Emergency Building Fund\$(71,633)Enterprise:Food Service Fund\$(29,339)

The fund deficits resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

17. SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in that system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to this District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the District received total support of \$2,784,817 of school foundation support for its General fund.

In addition, the Court declared the classroom facilities program unconstitutional, because, in the Court's opinion, the program had not been sufficiently funded by the State. The classroom facilities program provided money to build schools and furnish classrooms. As of June 30, 1999, the District has been approved for a total of \$6,750,515 under this program.

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State legislature in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State has appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. At this time, the Ohio Supreme Court has not rendered an opinion on this issue. The decision of the Court of Common Pleas in PerryCounty has been stayed by the Ohio Supreme Court, and, as such, school districts are still operating under the laws that the Common Pleas Court declared unconstitutional. As of the date of these financial statements, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future state funding under this program and on its financial operations.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999 (Continued)

18. STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined, into various reserves. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbook Acquisition	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization	Total	
Set aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 1998	\$		24,978	\$	24,978
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	67,291	67,291	33,645		168,227
Current Year Offsets	(12,902)				(12,902)
Qualifying Disbursements	(77,617)	(96,111)			(173,728)
Total	(23,228)	(28,820)	58,623		6,575
Cash Balance Carried Forward to FY2000	\$		58,623		
Amount Restricted for Budget Stabil	ization			\$	58,623
Total Restricted Assets				\$	58,623

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the setaside amounts below zero, these amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years. Negative amounts are therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year

19. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The District has a new elementary school building and an addition and reconstruction of the existing high school and elementary under construction at June 30, 1999. The commitment on these construction contracts and projects is as follows:

Vendor		Construction Commitments	
Lesko Associates Inc.	\$	98,000	
C.D. Whitfield		17,775	
Jack Gibson Construction Co.	3,959,000		
Total Construction Commitments	\$	4,074,775	

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Voinovich Government Center 242 Federal Plaza West, Suite 302 Youngstown, Ohio 44503

Telephone 330-797-9900

800-443-9271

Facsimile 330-797-9949

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bristol Local School District Trumbull County 1845 Greenville Rd. PO Box 260 Bristolville, Ohio 44402-0260

To The Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Bristol Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's general-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 20, 2000.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over general-purpose financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matter in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level of risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted one matter involving the internal control over financial reporting that does not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the School District in a separate letter dated December 20, 2000.

Bristol Local School District
Trumbull County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of management and Board of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 20, 2000



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

BRISTOL LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 13, 2001