City Of Greenville, Ohio

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2000



35 North Fourth Street, 1st Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 Telephone 614-466-4514 800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-728-7398 www.auditor.state.oh.us

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Legislative Body City of Greenville 100 Public Square Greenville, Ohio 45331-1471

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the City of Greenville, Darke County, prepared by Ciuni & Panichi, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2000 through December 31, 2000. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Greenville is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State



GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

TABLE OF CONTENTS	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report	1
General – Purpose Financial Statements	2
Combined Balance Sheet – All Fund Types and Account Groups	3-6
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental Fund Types	7
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – All Governmental Fund Types	8-10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings – All Proprietary Fund Types	11
Statement of Cash Flows – All Proprietary Fund Types	12-13
Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements	14-31
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	32
Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	33-34
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	35
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	36
Schedule of Findings; OMB Circular A-133 Section .505	37
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings; OMB Circular A-133 Section .315(b)	38
Response to Findings Associated with Audit Conducted in Accordance with	39



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Legislative Body City of Greenville Greenville, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the City of Greenville as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000 as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Greenville, as of December 31, 2000 and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 19, 2001 on our consideration of City of Greenville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Cimi & Camuni, du.

Cleveland, Ohio June 19, 2001



GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The general-purpose financial statements of the City include the basic combined financial statements, presented by fund type and account group, and notes to the financial statements that are essential to the fair presentation of financial position and results of operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types.

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

DECEMBER 31, 2000

	<u>-</u>	Go	vernr	mental Fund	Гуреs	
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	-	General	_	Special Revenue	_	Debt Service
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,195,389	\$	943,933	\$	239,267
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		-		-
Taxes Receivable		1,128,360		93,060		-
Accounts Receivable		93,586		8,994		-
Intergovernmental Receivable		7,409		39,722		-
Loan Receivable		-		8,981		-
Interest Receivable		58,602		6,314		-
Material and Supplies Inventory		20,741		8,094		-
Prepaid Items		97,591		9,098		-
Fixed Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		-		-		-
Other Debits						
Amount Available in the Debt Service Fund Amount Provided for General Long-Term Debt		-		-		-
Obligations	-		_		_	
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$	5,601,678	\$_	1,118,196	\$ _	239,267

Proprietary F	und Types		Account		
Enterprise	Internal Service	_	General Fixed Assets	General Long-term Obligations	Total (Memorandum Only)
\$ 6,799,570 337,497 - 486,195 6,261 - 93,426 85,517 23,535 6,224,321	\$ 554,966 - 3,755 - 5,050 - -	\$	- - - - - - - 6,450,958	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ 12,733,125 337,497 1,221,420 592,530 53,392 8,981 163,392 114,352 130,224 12,675,279
-	-		-	239,267	239,267
				3,544,238	3,544,238
\$ 14,056,322	\$563,771	\$	6,450,958	\$ 3,783,505	\$ 31,813,697

Continued

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

	_	Governmental Fund Types					
LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS		General	<u> </u>	Special Revenue	_	Debt Service	
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts Payable	\$	79,337	\$	27,547	\$	-	
Claims Payable		-		-		-	
Accrued Wages		72,347		10,551		-	
Accrued Compensated Absences		39,995		7,240		-	
Due to Other Governments		33,172		4,498		-	
Deferred Revenue		700,385		95,900		-	
Accrued Pension		153,330		10,879		-	
Accrued Interest Payable		-		-		-	
Bonds Payable	_				_		
Total Liabilities	_	1,078,566		156,615	_		
Fund Equity and Other Credits							
Investment in General Fixed Assets		-		_		-	
Contributed Capital		-		_		_	
Retained Earnings		-		_		_	
Fund Balances:							
Reserve for Encumbrances		450,325		137,319		-	
Reserve for Inventory		20,741		8,094		_	
Reserve for Prepaid Items		97,591		9,098		-	
Reserve for Notes Receivable		· -		8,981		-	
Reserve for Debt Service		-		-		239,267	
Unreserved/Undesignated	_	3,954,455	_	798,089		<u> </u>	
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	_	4,523,112		961,581	=	239,267	
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credi	ts \$ _	5,601,678	\$	<u>1,118,196</u>	\$ _	239,267	

Proprietary F	und	l Types		Account	<u></u>			
				General	General		Total	
		Internal		Fixed	Long-term		(Memorandum	
Enterprise		Service		Assets	Obligations		Only)	
	•							
\$ 61,464	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	168,348	
-		62,303		-	_		62,303	
15,722		_		_	_		98,620	
101,849		_		_	428,968		578,052	
9,014		_		_	-		46,684	
-		2,503		_	-		798,788	
24,619		_		_	264,537		453,365	
15,000		_		_	-		15,000	
2,835,000		_		_	3,090,000		5,925,000	
3,062,668		64,806	-	_	3,783,505		8,146,160	
			-					
-		_		6,450,958	-		6,450,958	
1,698,543		-		-	-		1,698,543	
9,295,111		498,965		-	-		9,794,076	
-		-		-	-		587,644	
-		-		-	-		28,835	
-		_		_	-		106,689	
-		_		_	-		8,981	
-		_		_	-		239,267	
-		_		_	-		4,752,544	
10,993,654		498,965	-	6,450,958	-		23,667,537	
	•		-					
\$14,056,322	\$	563,771	\$	6,450,958	\$ 3,783,505	\$	31,813,697	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Davienues	-	General	_	Special Revenue	_	Debt Service		Total (Memorandum Only)
Revenues	ф	1 222 200	Ф	150 207	Ф		Ф	1 470 507
Property Taxes	\$	1,322,300	\$	150,297	\$	-	\$	1,472,597
Municipal Income Tax		4,452,316		451.022		-		4,452,316
Other Local Taxes		1,533,113		451,923		=		1,985,036
Intergovernmental		602,982		203,136		-		806,118
Charges for Services		132,753		153,115		-		285,868
License and Permits		107,568		-		-		107,568
Fines and Forfeitures		40,387		2,535		-		42,922
Special Assessments		-		-		1,875		1,875
Investment Income		281,326		44,261		-		325,587
Reimbursements		24,041		708,387		-		732,428
Other	_	84,858	_	62,405	_			147,263
Total Revenues	-	8,581,644	-	1,776,059	_	1,875		10,359,578
Expenditures Current Operations and Maintenance:								
Security of Persons and Property		2,473,663		565,891		-		3,039,554
Public Health		26,023				_		26,023
Leisure Time Activities		510,793		_		_		510,793
Community Development		19,689		273,827		_		293,516
Basic Utility Service		150,840		-		_		150,840
Transportation		210,591		1,509,865		_		1,720,456
General Government		1,384,110		-		_		1,384,110
Capital Outlay		1,473,463		_		_		1,473,463
Debt Service:		1,475,405						1,475,405
Principal Retirement						100,000		100,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_		_		163,540		163,540
Total Expenditures	-	6,249,172	-	2,349,583	_	263,540	•	8,862,295
Total Expenditures	-	0,249,172	-	2,349,363	_	203,340		6,802,293
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	-	2,332,472	-	(573,524)	_	(261,665)		1,497,283
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating Transfers - In		431,590		934,305		263,540		1,629,435
Operating Transfers - Out		(1,912,799)		(59,184)		-		(1,971,983)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(1,481,209)	-	875,121	_	263,540	•	(342,548)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		851,263		201 507		1,875		1 154 725
Onici Financing Oses		031,203		301,597		1,8/3		1,154,735
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		3,675,193		674,165		237,392		4,586,750
Decrease in Reserves	_	(3,344)	_	(14,181)	_		,	(17,525)
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,523,112	\$ _	961,581	\$ _	239,267	\$	5,723,960

See accompanying notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

			G	eneral Fund		
	_					Variance
						Favorable
D.	-	Budget	-	Actual	<u>J)</u>	<u>Jnfavorable)</u>
Revenues	Ф	1 221 270	Ф	1 222 200	Ф	(0.070)
Property Taxes	\$	1,331,370	\$	1,322,300	\$	(9,070)
Municipal Income Tax Other Local Taxes		2,655,920		3,995,116		1,339,196
Intergovernmental		1,291,429 201,444		1,942,606 602,982		651,177 401,538
Charges for Services		84,064		126,452		401,338
License and Permits		74,526		120,432		42,588 37,579
Fines and Forfeitures		22,994		34,589		11,595
Investment Income		167,474		251,919		84,445
Miscellaneous Income		63,186		95,046		31,860
Total Revenues	-	5,892,407	-	8,483,115	•	2,590,708
Total Revenues	-	3,072, 4 07	-	0,405,115		2,370,700
Expenditures						
Current Operations and Maintenance						
Security of Persons and Property		2,766,316		2,476,122		290,194
Public Health and Welfare		29,700		26,072		3,628
Leisure Time Activity		546,281		524,298		21,983
Community Development		24,135		22,934		1,201
Basic Utility Service		190,918		181,545		9,373
Transportation		238,373		214,730		23,643
General Government		2,331,103		1,456,293		874,810
Capital Outlay	_	1,904,487	_	1,826,142	-	78,345
Total Expenditures	-	8,031,313	-	6,728,136		1,303,177
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(2,138,906)	-	1,754,979		3,893,885
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers - In		286,918		431,590		144,672
Operating Transfers - Out		(1,843,722)		(1,912,799)		(69,077)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(1,556,804)	-	(1,481,209)		75,595
Total Other I maneing Sources (Oses)	_	(1,550,001)	-	(1,101,20)	•	10,000
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources						
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(3,695,710)		273,770		3,969,480
		, , , ,		ŕ		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		3,398,348		3,398,348		-
Current Year Encumbrances		523,271		523,271		
	-		-		•	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ _	225,909	\$	4,195,389	\$	3,969,480

Continued

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

		;	Spec	ial Revenue Fr	unds	
	_		•			Variance
						Favorable
	_	Budget		Actual	(1	<u>Unfavorable)</u>
Revenues		-				
Property Taxes	\$	140,180	\$	150,297	\$	10,117
Other Local Taxes		558,764		416,249		(142,515)
Intergovernmental		313,460		233,511		(79,949)
Charges for Services		212,958		158,642		(54,316)
Fines and Forfeitures		3,460		2,577		(883)
Investment Income		54,752		40,787		(13,965)
Reimbursements		945,597		704,418		(241,179)
Miscellaneous Income	_	73,582		54,815		(18,767)
Total Revenues	_	2,302,753		1,761,296		(541,457)
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Current Operations and Maintenance						
Security of Persons and Property		612,209		566,058		46,151
Community Development		782,052		348,194		433,858
Transportation	_	1,873,947		1,768,075	_	105,872
Total Expenditures	-	3,268,208		2,682,327	_	585,881
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(965,455)		(921,031)	_	44,424
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers - In		1,254,192		934,305		(319,887)
Operating Transfers - Out		(60,900)		(59,184)		1,716
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	1,193,292		875,121	_	(318,171)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources						
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		227,837		(45,910)		(273,747)
ever (email) zpenanon en ana eviet i manonig eses				(10,510)		(=75,7.7)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		834,237		834,237		-
Current Year Encumbrances	-	155,606		155,606	_	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,217,680	\$	943,933	\$ _	(273,747)

Continued

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	_	Debt Service Fund Variance					
Revenues	_	Budget	_	Actual	Fa	avorable favorable)	
Special Assessments	\$_	2,000	\$_	1,875	\$	(125)	
Expenditures Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	263,540	_	263,540	_		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(261,540)		(261,665)		(125)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers - In	_	263,540	_	263,540			
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		2,000		1,875		(125)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	237,392	_	237,392	_		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$_	239,392	\$_	239,267	\$	(125)	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS – ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service <u>Fund</u>	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 2,605,176	\$ 82,265	\$ 2,687,441
Other Income	13,357	58,026	71,383
Total Operating Revenues	2,618,533	140,291	2,758,824
Operating Expenses			
Personal Services	922,148	_	922,148
Materials and Supplies Inventory	217,396	_	217,396
Contractual Services	626,809	_	626,809
Utilities	287,585	_	287,585
Reimbursements Paid		478,963	478,963
Depreciation Tara	460,872	-	460,872
Total Operating Expenses	2,514,810	478,963	2,993,773
Operating Income (Loss)	103,723	(338,672)	(234,949)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest Income	495,330	23,337	518,667
Interest Expense	(193,669)		(193,669)
Loss on Sales of Equipment	(18,366)	_	(18,366)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	283,295	23,337	306,632
Net Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	387,018	(315,335)	71,683
Operating Transfers - In	830,000	395,574	1,225,574
Operating Transfers - Out	(883,026)		(883,026)
Net Income	333,992	80,239	414,231
Retained Earnings at Beginning of Year, Restated	8,871,793	418,726	9,290,519
Depreciation Charged on Contributed Capital	89,326		89,326
Retained Earnings at End of Year	\$ <u>9,295,111</u>	\$498,965	\$9,794,076

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Cook Flows From Operating Activities	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments for Goods and Services Cash Payments to Employees Other Operating Receipts Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 2,679,486 (1,076,126) (926,064) 19,613	\$ 82,291 (483,431) - 56,390 (344,750)	\$ 2,761,777 (1,559,557) (926,064) 76,003 352,159
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Operating Transfers - In Operating Transfers - Out Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Non-Capital Financing Activities	830,000 (883,028) (53,028)	395,574 	1,225,574 (883,028) 342,546
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Active Acquisition of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Bonds Interest Paid on Bonds Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(187,032) (95,000) (178,669) (460,701)	- - - -	(187,032) (95,000) (178,669) (460,701)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest Income	383,383	20,790	404,173
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	566,563	71,614	638,177
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	6,233,007	483,352	6,716,359
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ <u>6,799,570</u>	\$554,966	\$7,354,536

Continued

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) <u>To Net Cash From Operating Activities</u>		Enterprise Funds	_	Internal Service Fund	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	103,723	\$	(338,672)	\$ (234,949)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)					
To Net Cash From Operating Activities:					
Depreciation		460,872		-	460,872
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable		15,314		(3,729)	11,585
Increase in Intergovernmental Receivable		(6,261)		-	(6,261)
Decrease in Other Receivable		71,513		2,119	73,632
Decrease in Inventory		15,524		-	15,524
Decrease in Prepaid Items		30		-	30
Increase in Accounts Payable		39,195		-	39,195
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits		6,022		-	6,022
Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable		(4,015)		-	(4,015)
Decrease in Claims Payable		-		(4,468)	(4,468)
Increase in Due to Other Governments		6,804		-	6,804
Decrease in Accrued Pension	_	(11,812)	_		(11,812)
Total Adjustments	_	593,186	_	(6,078)	587,108
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating					
Activities	\$ _	696,909	\$ _	(344,750)	\$ 352,159

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Greenville have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. THE REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Greenville, Ohio (the "City"), was incorporated in 1832 and operates under a Council-Mayor form of government. The following services are provided by the City: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, water, sewer, recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

In evaluating how to define the governmental reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GAAP. In June 1991, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1992 and defines the financial reporting entity of a governmental unit. These principles provide that the reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the general purpose financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Based on the foregoing criteria, these financial statements do not include any component units.

The City of Greenville is divided into various departments and financial management and control systems. The City includes a public safety department, a street maintenance department, a parks and recreation department, health, community and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates several enterprise activities, including a water system and sewage treatment facility. The operation of each of these activities and entities is directly controlled by the City Council through the budgetary process and therefore is included as a part of the reporting entity.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION – FUND ACCOUNTING

<u>Fund Accounting</u>: The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Following is a summary of the more significant policies.

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds and account groups.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION – FUND ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

The various funds and account groups are recorded by type in the general purpose financial statements. The various funds of the City are grouped into the following generic funds under the broad fund type categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary for financial statement presentation purposes:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, grants or other restricted revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related cost.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

These funds account for operations that are organized to be self-supporting through user charges. The funds included in this category are the Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Fund.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u>: To account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Under the guidelines of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Units That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, the City has elected not to apply Financial Accounting Standard Board Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to proprietary activities. The adoption of this approach to accounting for proprietary activities by the City required no change from prior years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION – FUND ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u>: This group is used to account for all fixed assets acquired for general City purposes, excluding fixed assets of proprietary or trust funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u>: This group is used to account for all long-term obligations of the City, except those accounted for in proprietary or trust funds.

C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Governmental and fiduciary fund types are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Government revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Revenue items, which are recognized before the related cash is received and are recorded as receivables, include income taxes arising from payroll tax withholding during the year. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the exception of accumulated unpaid employee compensation and the principal and interest of general long-term obligations, which are reported when due in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized in the accounting period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

D. BUDGET

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable.

The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting.

The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the departmental level or by projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. BUDGET (CONTINUED)

Tax Budget

The City must submit a budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements to the County Auditor, as a Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year for the following calendar year.

Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission certifies its actions by September 1, and issues a "Certificate of Resources" limiting the maximum amount the City may expend from a given fund during the year. About January 1, this Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The City must prepare its appropriations so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Resources.

Appropriations

A temporary appropriation measure may be passed for the period January 1 through March 31. If a temporary appropriation is made, a permanent appropriation measure must be passed before April 1, for the period January 1 through December 31. The permanent appropriations may not exceed estimated resources certified by the County Budget Commission.

<u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u>

Unused appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances are added to the ensuing year's appropriations.

The City's budget (budgetary basis) accounts for certain transactions on a basis which differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are that revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis), and are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary basis) as opposed to when incurred (GAAP basis). Additionally, outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as expenditure equivalents (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. BUDGET (CONTINUED)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2000, on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses -All Governmental Fund Types

	_	General	_	Special Revenue	_	Debt Service
GAAP Basis	\$	851,263	\$	301,597	\$	1,875
Net Revenue Adjustments		(98,529)		(14,763)		-
Net Expenditure Adjustments		44,307		(177,138)		-
Net Encumbrances Adjustments	_	(523,271)		(155,606)	_	
Budget Basis	\$ _	273,770	\$ _	(45,910)	\$	1,875

Encumbrances

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent the estimated amount of expenditures that will ultimately result if unperformed contracts in process (for example, purchase orders and contracted services) are completed. Encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances in the appropriate funds, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

E. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash balances of all City funds, except for those held by a trustee or fiscal agent, are pooled and invested to improve yields. Investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earnings from investments are allocated to respective funds in accordance with applicable federal, state, and city regulations. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers certificates of deposit with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

F. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain resources, set aside for repayment of enterprise fund mortgage revenue bonds under bond covenants represent restricted assets because their use is limited by the bond indenture. At December 31, 2000, \$337,497 was reflected on the City's Combined Balance Sheet as "Restricted Cash and Investments".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. INVENTORY

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The proprietary funds inventories are recorded as expenses when used. Inventory in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" and thus, are not available for appropriation.

H. PREPAID EXPENDITURES

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit beyond year-end are recorded as prepaid expenditures. Additionally, bond issuance costs amortized over the life of the bonds are recorded as prepaid expenditures in the Enterprise Fund.

I. FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Fixed assets include land, utilities, buildings, and machinery and equipment owned by the City. Infrastructure including streets, bridges, and sidewalks is not included in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Interest expenditures incurred as part of the construction of capital assets are capitalized as part of the historical cost of the asset.

Fixed assets acquired or constructed for general governmental purposes are reported as expenditures in the fund that financed the asset acquisition and capitalized in the General Fixed Assets Account Group.

Property and equipment acquired by proprietary funds are capitalized in those funds. All fixed assets are recorded at cost, estimated historical cost, or at estimated fair market value at the time of donation.

Depreciation of fixed assets is calculated and recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the fixed assets in proprietary funds. Assets in the General Fixed Assets Account Group are not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of the various classes of fixed assets range as follows:

Class	Estimated Useful Life
Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	20 to 25 years 20 to 40 years 2 to 25 years
Machinery and Equipment	2 to 25 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City records a liability for sick leave and other compensated absences when the obligation is attributable to services previously rendered, the obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate, payment of the obligation is probable and the amount of the obligations can be reasonably determinable. For governmental funds, the portion of unpaid sick leave that is to be paid using current available financial resources is reported as an expenditure in the fund from which the individuals earning the vacation or sick leave are paid, with a corresponding liability reflected in the account "compensated absences payable". The long-term debt portion of the liability is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

In the proprietary fund, compensated absences are expensed when earned and the related liability reported within the fund itself.

K. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds, including the expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services and service debt. Operating subsidies are recorded as operating transfers. The classification of amounts, if any, recorded as subsidies, advances, or equity contributions is based on the intent of the City of the time of the transactions.

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due To/From Other Funds" on the Combined Balance Sheet.

L. FUND BALANCE RESERVES

Reserves of fund balance in governmental fund types indicated that a portion of fund balance is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, inventories, prepaid expenditures, notes receivable and debt service. Retained earnings in the Enterprise funds are reserved for debt service.

M. GRANTS AND OTHER INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. All other federal reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures/expenses are incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. TOTAL COLUMNS ON COMBINED STATEMENTS

Total columns on the Combined Statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, nor is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 2 – EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes require the classification of moneys held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including pass book accounts. Interim monies may be invested in the following obligations provided they mature or are redeemable within two years from the date of principal and interest;

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal governments agency or instrumentality;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements for a period not to exceed thirty days in securities listed above that mature within five years from the date of purchase;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in divisions (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool (STAR Ohio);

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 2 – EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rated classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the finance director by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the finance director or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

GASB Statement 3 "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reserve Repurchase Agreements" requires disclosures to help assess actual and potential future deposit and investment market and credit risk. The following information regarding deposits and investments is presented using the categories of risk identified in GASB Statement 3.

A. DEPOSITS

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$12,733,125 and the bank balance was \$15,230,910. In addition to deposits at year end, the City also had restricted cash and investments in the amount of \$337,497. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance.
- 2. \$14,730,910 was covered by collateral held by financial institutions not in the City's name or by single financial institution collateralized pools held in the financial institution's name as specified by Section 135.181 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTE 3 – LOAN RECEIVABLE

The loan receivable represents a low interest loan for economic development granted to eligible City businesses under the Federal Community Development Block Grant Program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 4 – FIXED ASSETS

During 2000, the City input a new fixed asset system, performed a physical inventory of fixed assets, and reevaluated the useful lives of the assets on hand. Based upon the physical inventory performed and the reevaluation of the useful lives, the following adjustments have been made in order to restate the January 1, 2000 fund equity accounts in the Enterprise Fund and the General Fixed Asset Account Group:

General Fixed Asset Account Group

Investment in General Fixed Assets, as of December 31, 1999	\$	6,346,855
Physical Inventory Adjustment	_	(665,161)
Investment in General Fixed Assets, as of January 1, 2000, as Restated	\$ _	5,681,694
Enterprise Fund		
Retained Earnings, as of December 31, 1999	\$	11,390,854
Physical Inventory Adjustment		(3,459,929)
Re-evaluation of Useful Lives		940,868
Retained Earnings, as of January 1, 2000, as Restated	\$	8,871,793

The changes in fixed assets for the General Fixed Asset Account Group during 2000 were as follows:

Description	December 31,	Adjustment/ eclassification	Restated Balance January 1, 2000	Additions	Deletions	Ι	December 31,
Land and Land		 	 				
Improvements	\$ 769,993	\$ (140,391)	\$ 629,602	\$ 300,280	\$ -	\$	929,882
Buildings and							
Improvements	1,531,751	(244,600)	1,287,151	-	-		1,287,151
Machinery and							
Equipment	4,045,111	(2,131,256)	1,913,855	85,563	(2,000)		1,997,418
Furniture and Fixtures	-	45,406	45,406	2,196	-		47,602
Vehicles		1,805,680	1,805,680	383,225			2,188,905
Totals	\$ 6,346,855	\$ (665,161)	\$ 5,681,694	\$ 771,264	\$ (2,000)	\$	6,450,958

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 4 – FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The changes in Enterprise Fund fixed assets during 2000 were as follows:

					Restated Balance					
	December 31,		Adjustment/		January 1,				D	ecember 31,
Description	1999	Re	eclassification	_	2000	Additions	_	Deletions		2000
Land and Land										
Improvements	\$ 169,682	\$	3,421	\$	173,103	\$ -	\$	-	\$	173,103
Buildings and										
Improvements	8,735,877		(5,569,265)		3,166,612	114,782		-		3,281,394
Machinery and										
Equipment	4,608,175		2,034,682		6,642,857	41,060		(40,043)		6,643,874
Furniture and Fixtures	-		5,923		5,923	-		-		5,923
Vehicles	-		65,310		65,310	31,190		(648)		95,852
Sewer Lines	5,837,598				5,837,598		_		_	5,837,598
Total	19,351,332		(3,459,929)		15,891,403	187,032		(40,691)		16,037,744
Less: Accumulated										
Depreciation	(10,315,744)		940,868		(9,374,876)	(460,872)	_	22,325	_	(9,813,423)
Net Fixed Assets	\$ 9,035,588	\$	(2,519,061)	\$	6,516,527	\$ (273,840)	\$	(18,366)	\$ _	6,224,321

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes consist of amounts levied against real and tangible property (used in business) located in the City. Real property taxes are levied each January 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1. Assessed values are required to be updated every three years and revalued every six years. The last revaluation was completed in 2000.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Levy date	January 1, 1999
Lien date	January 1, 2000
First tax bill mailed	January 13, 2000
Second tax bill mailed	June 9, 2000
First installment payment due	February 7, 2000
Second installment payment due	July 11, 2000

The Darke County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of taxing Districts in the County, including the City of Greenville. The County Auditor remits periodically to the City, its portion of taxes collected. Property taxes may be paid on either an annual or semi-annual basis.

Because all settlements are made within the fiscal period of the City, each must be recognized as revenue and thus no advance would be available for recognition as revenue at year end since 2000 settlements cannot be appropriated until 2001.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property in excess of \$10 per \$1,000 (10.0 mills) of assessed value without a vote of the citizens. Under current procedures, the City's share is \$7.55 per \$1,000 (7.55 mills) of assessed value. The City also receives an additional .6 mills to fund the police and fire unfunded pension liability.

The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2000 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$	177,472,860
Public Utility Property		10,777,970
Intangible Personal Property	_	78,586,160
Total Valuation	\$	266,836,990

NOTE 6 – INCOME TAXES

The City levies a 1.0% income tax on substantially all income earned within the City.

Employers within the City withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file an annual declaration.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Activity related to general long-term obligations in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	01-01-00	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	12-31-00
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ 3,190,000	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ 3,090,000
Compensated Absences Payable	443,630	-	14,662	428,968
Accrued Pension	264,579		42	264,537
Total	\$ <u>3,898,209</u>	\$	\$ <u>114,704</u>	\$ <u>3,783,505</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Outstanding debt of the City is as follows:

		Balance 01-01-00	A	dditions	D	eductions		Balance 12-31-00
Landfill Closure General							_	
Obligation Bond, due July 8, 2017, 5.23%	\$	178,700	\$		\$	5,000	\$	173,700
Street Improvement General	Ψ	170,700	Ψ	_	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	173,700
Obligation Bond due July 8,								
2017, 5.23%		178,700		-		5,000		173,700
Storm Water Drainage General Obligation Bond								
due July 8, 2017, 5.23%		145,275		_		5,000		140,275
Infrastructure General		1 10,=70				2,000		1.0,270
Obligation Bond due July 8,								
2017, 5.23%		402,400		-		15,000		387,400
Whirlpool Project General Obligation Bond due July 8,								
2017, 5.23%		1,873,575		_		55,000		1,818,575
Wagner Ave. Improvements		, ,				,		, ,
General Obligation Bond		411.250				15.000		206250
due July 8, 2017, 5.23% Total General Long-Term		411,350			_	15,000	-	396,350
Obligations Account Group		3,190,000		_		100,000		3,090,000
5 S					_		_	
Enterprise Funds:								
Wastewater System First								
Mortgage Revenue Bond, payable in annual installments								
through 2017, 2.95%-6.35%		2,930,000				95,000	_	2,835,000
-	*	· · · · —	Φ.		Φ.	107.000	Φ.	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	6,120,000	\$		\$ _	195,000	\$ _	5,925,000

The assets and revenues of the water and sewer utilities are pledged as collateral for the above mortgage revenue bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2000 are as follows:

Year Ending	Wastewater System First Mortgage	General Obligation	
December 31	Revenue Bonds	Bonds	Total
2001	\$ 275,685	\$ 273,940	\$ 549,625
2002	275,435	273,650	549,085
2003	274,713	273,130	547,843
2004	278,552	277,380	555,932
2005	276,713	286,035	562,748
2006-2010	1,383,413	1,397,738	2,781,151
2011-2015	1,382,585	1,410,620	2,793,205
2016-2017	<u>553,578</u>	553,470	1,107,048
Total	\$ 4,700,674	\$ <u>4,745,963</u>	\$ <u>9,446,637</u>

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The City of Greenville contributes to the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio ("PERS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report. That report may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 466-2085 or 1-800-222-PERS (7377).

The Retirement Board instituted a temporary employer contribution rate rollback for calendar year 2000. The rate rollback was 20 percent and the 2000 employer contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll. The City's contributions to the System for the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999, and 1998, were \$123,576, \$211,632, and \$201,483, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

The City of Greenville contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Contribution requirements and benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND (CONTINUED)

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5 percent and 24 percent, respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City of Greenville contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2000, 1999, and 1998, were \$389,250, \$372,151, and \$410,777, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio provides post-retirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credits. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is also available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. The employer contribution rate was rolled back for the year 2000. The employer contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll, of which 4.30 percent was used to fund health care for the year.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to PERS.

OPEB are advanced/refunded on an actuarially determined basis. The number of active contributing participants for 2000 was 401,339. The actuarial value of the Retirement System's net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 1999 was \$10,805,500. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$12,473,600 and \$1,668,100, respectively. The City of Greenville's actual contribution for 2000, which was used to fund post-employment benefits was \$79,361.

B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (the "Fund") provides post-retirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of eighteen whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of twenty two if attending school full-time or on a two thirds basis. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care cost paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The contribution rate for Police is 19.50 percent of covered payroll and for Firemen is 24.00 percent of covered payroll of which 7.50 percent and 7.25 percent was applied to the post-employment health care program for 1999 and 2000, respectively. The allocation is 7.50 percent in 2001. Health care funding and accounting are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND (CONTINUED)

The number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 1999, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, was 12,467 for police and 9,807 for firefighters. The City's actual contributions for 2000 that were used to fund post-employment benefits were \$75,405 for police and \$56,320 for firefighters. The Fund's total health care expense for the year ending December 31, 1999, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, was \$95,004,633, which was net of member contributions of \$5,518,098.

NOTE 10 - ENTERPRISE FUNDS SEGMENT INFORMATION

The City has five Enterprise funds which provide water, sewer, and other community services to its residents. Selected segment information for the year ended December 31, 2000 is as follows:

						Special
	_	Water	_	Sewer		Park
Operating Revenues	\$	1,121,428	\$	1,396,862	\$	31,375
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation		1,457,456		491,123		36,047
Depreciation and Amortization		93,648		358,977		-
Operating Income (Loss)		(429,676)		546,762		(4,672)
Operating Transfers - In		802,000		-		-
Operating Transfers - Out		394,118		473,908		-
Net Income (Loss)		418,604		(84,248)		(4,673)
Net Working Capital		6,310,517		1,249,697		4,100
Bond Indebtedness		-		2,835,000		-
Total Assets		7,687,314		6,247,119		4,275
Total Equity		7,529,526		3,342,847		4,100
		Swimming		Parking		
	_	Swimming Pool	_	Parking Meter	-	Total
Operating Revenues	\$	•	\$	•	\$	Total 2,618,533
Operating Revenues Operating Expenses Before Depreciation	_	Pool	\$	Meter	\$	
1 0	_	Pool 62,508 66,595 8,247	\$	Meter 6,360	\$	2,618,533
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation	_	Pool 62,508 66,595	\$	Meter 6,360	\$	2,618,533 2,053,938
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation Depreciation and Amortization	_	Pool 62,508 66,595 8,247	\$	Meter 6,360 2,717	\$	2,618,533 2,053,938 460,872
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation Depreciation and Amortization Operating Income (Loss)	_	Pool 62,508 66,595 8,247 (12,334)	\$	Meter 6,360 2,717	\$	2,618,533 2,053,938 460,872 103,723
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation Depreciation and Amortization Operating Income (Loss) Operating Transfers - In	_	Pool 62,508 66,595 8,247 (12,334) 28,000 15,000 666	\$	Meter 6,360 2,717	\$	2,618,533 2,053,938 460,872 103,723 830,000 883,026 333,992
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation Depreciation and Amortization Operating Income (Loss) Operating Transfers - In Operating Transfers - Out	_	Pool 62,508 66,595 8,247 (12,334) 28,000 15,000	\$	Meter 6,360 2,717 - 3,643	\$	2,618,533 2,053,938 460,872 103,723 830,000 883,026
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation Depreciation and Amortization Operating Income (Loss) Operating Transfers - In Operating Transfers - Out Net Income (Loss)	_	Pool 62,508 66,595 8,247 (12,334) 28,000 15,000 666	\$	Meter 6,360 2,717 - 3,643 - 3,643	\$	2,618,533 2,053,938 460,872 103,723 830,000 883,026 333,992
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation Depreciation and Amortization Operating Income (Loss) Operating Transfers - In Operating Transfers - Out Net Income (Loss) Net Working Capital	_	Pool 62,508 66,595 8,247 (12,334) 28,000 15,000 666	\$	Meter 6,360 2,717 - 3,643 - 3,643	\$	2,618,533 2,053,938 460,872 103,723 830,000 883,026 333,992 7,604,333

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 11 -COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal Assistance

The City participates in several federally assisted programs (primarily Transportation and Community Development Block Grants) which are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. A single financial and compliance audit of the City has been completed with no findings for recovery. The grantor agencies, at their option, may perform economy and efficiency audits, program results audits or conduct monitoring visits. Such audits and visits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. Management believes such reimbursements, if any, would not be material.

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Comprehensive

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, or damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2000, the City contracted with private carriers for property and fleet insurance, general liability insurance, and various other coverages. Coverage provided during the fiscal year is as follows:

Building and Contents - replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible) - \$25,689,633
Boiler and Machinery Coverage - \$6,000,000
Inland Marine Coverage - (\$1,000 deductible) - \$1,238,404
Automobile Liability - (\$1,000 deductible) - \$2,000,000
Uninsured Motorists - \$2,000,000
General Liability - (\$1,000 deductible) - \$2,000,000
Public Officials - \$2,000,000
Umbrella Coverage - \$5,000,000

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverages during the fiscal year 2000. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial excess coverages in any of the past three years.

Self-Insurance

Additionally, the City operates a self-insurance plan for health care benefits. The activity of the plan is recorded in the City's Internal Service Fund. Funds are transferred on a monthly basis to the Internal Service Fund from the other participating funds. Claims are paid weekly through checks written on the City's Health Care account. The claims liability of \$62,303 reported on the Combined Balance Sheet at December 31, 2000 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims cost, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. Changes in claims activity for the past two years are as follows:

	_	Balance at January 1		Current Year Claims	•	Claims Payments	_	Balance at December 31
1999 2000	\$ \$	72,063 66,771	\$ \$	435,692 478,964	\$ \$	440,984 483,432	\$ \$	66,771 62,303
		,	30	,		,		,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 13 – CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

During the year, changes in contributed capital were as follows:		
Balance as of January 1, 2000	\$	1,787,869
Contributed Capital Additions		-
Depreciation on Fixed Assets Acquired by Contributions	_	(89,326)
Balance as of December 31, 2000	\$ _	1,698,543

NOTE 14 – OPERATING TRANSFERS

The following represents all operating transfers for the year ended December 31, 2000.

		Operating	Operating
		Transfers	Transfers
	_	In	Out
General Fund	\$	431,590	\$ 1,912,799
Special Revenue Funds		934,305	59,184
Debt Service Funds		263,540	-
Enterprise Funds		830,000	883,026
Internal Service Fund	_	395,574	
Total	\$ _	2,855,009	\$ 2,855,009

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has been awarded a 0% loan from the Ohio Public Works Commission for road improvements in the amount of \$500,000. The loan will be drawn upon by the City mid to late 2001.

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Report On Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Greenville, Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Greenville, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated June 19, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Greenville, Ohio's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of noncompliance, which we have reported to management of the City of Greenville, Ohio in a separate letter dated June 19, 2001.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Greenville, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Audit Committee, Management, City Council, the Auditor of State, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Cleveland, Ohio June 19, 2001

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

AND BUSINESS CONSULTING FIRM

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Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Greenville, Ohio

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Greenville, Ohio with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2000. The City of Greenville, Ohio's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the City of Greenville, Ohio's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Greenville, Ohio's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Greenville, Ohio's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Greenville, Ohio's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Greenville, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2000.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Greenville, Ohio is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Greenville, Ohio's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the general-purpose financial statements of the City of Greenville, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated June 19, 2001. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Audit Committee, Management, City Council, the Auditor of State, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cumi A Canada, her.

Cleveland, Ohio June 19, 2001

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Awards Expended
Pass-Through Ohio Department of Development: Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant Total U.S. Department of Housing	14.228 14.228	A-T-99-129-1 A-E-98-129-1	\$ 40,339 192,977
and Urban Development			233,316
U.S. Department of Transportation: Pass-Through Ohio Department of Transportation:			
Public Transportation for Nonurbanized Areas Grant	20.509	RPT-4019-019-001	184,318
Public Transportation for Nonurbanized Areas Grant Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.509	RPT-4019-019-002	107,749 292,067
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$525,383

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 1 - GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards of the City of Greenville, Ohio (the "City").

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the cash basis of accounting. The City's expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2000 as reported on the Schedule reflect federal expenditures only and do not include matching expenditures.

NOTE 3 – LOAN OUTSTANDING

The City administers a loan program with funds provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, through the Ohio Department of Development under the Federal Community Development Block Grant Program. As of December 31, 2000, the amount of the loan outstanding was \$8,981.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

DECEMBER 31, 2000

None.

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(I)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(I)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(I)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(I)(iii)	Was there any material reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(I)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(I) (iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(I) (v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(I)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?	No
(d)(I)(vii)	Major Programs	Public Transportation for Nonurbanized Areas - #20.50
(d)(I)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A:>\$300,000 Type B: All Others
(d)(I)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

	3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS
None.	

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .315(b)

DECEMBER 31, 2000

There were no prior audit findings.

CITY OF GREENVILLE 100 PUBLIC SQUARE GREENVILLE, OHIO 45331-1497 (937) 548-4435

Response to Findings Associated With Audit Conducted in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* for the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	Planned	Anticipated	Responsible
Finding	Corrective	Completion	Contact
Number	Action	Date	Person

Not applicable



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

CITY OF GREENVILLE

DARKE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 26, 2001