CITY OF ROSSFORD

Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

<u>2000</u>

CLARK JOHNSON & ROBSON

Certified Public Accountants



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The Honorable Mayor and Members of Council City of Rossford 133 Osborn Street Rossford, Ohio 43460

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the City of Rossford, Wood County, prepared by Clark Johnson & Robson, for the audit period January 1, 2000 through December 31, 2000. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Rossford is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State



CLARK JOHNSON & ROBSON

Certified Public Accountants 7854 West Central Avenue, Toledo, OH 43617

Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Honorable Mayor and Members of Council City of Rossford, Ohio

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the City of Rossford, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement results. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and City Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

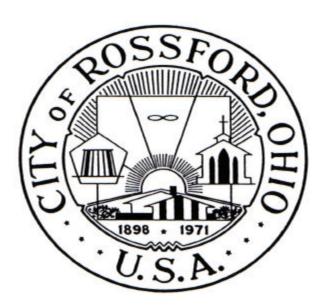
CITY OF ROSSFORD OHIO

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT'S CITATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

| CITATIONS | STATUS | EXPLANATION IF NOT FULLY IMPLEMENTED |
|--|--------|--------------------------------------|
| There were no citations in the prior year. | N/A | N/A |
| RECOMMENDATIONS | | |
| There were no recommendations in the prior year. | N/A | N/A |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO

WOOD COUNTY



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO

WOOD COUNTY

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Prepared by:
Laurie Sabin
Director of Finance

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Introductory Section



City of Rossford, Ohio

133 Osborn Street
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June 25, 2001

To the Mayor and Members of City Council and All Citizens of the City of Rossford, Ohio:

We are pleased to present this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Rossford, Ohio for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000. The report has been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

INTRODUCTION

This report represents a commitment by the City of Rossford (the "City") to conform to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting. The City is responsible for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness of the presentation, including all disclosures. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and includes all disclosures necessary to illustrate the financial activity of the City in 2000.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is designed to assist and guide the reader in understanding its contents. The report is comprised of the following three major sections:

- 1. <u>The Introductory Section</u> includes; this letter of transmittal, which presents the City's organization, operational structure and accomplishments; an organizational chart; and a list of principal officials.
- 2. <u>The Financial Section</u> contains the City's general purpose financial statements and explanatory notes thereto; the combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules; and the Independent Auditors' Report.
- 3. <u>The Statistical Section</u> presents social, economic and historical data in a multi-year format which can be used to identify financial trends and data relative to the fiscal capacity of the City.

The Reporting Entity

The accompanying general purpose financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," in that the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the city's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

The reporting entity of the City includes all funds, account groups, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government. As authorized by its Charter, the City provides the following services: police and fire protection, parks and recreation, street maintenance, refuse pickup, curbside recycling, snow removal and other governmental services. The City owns the water distribution system, the wastewater collection system and a marina, all of which are reported as enterprise funds. Water and wastewater treatment services are purchased by the City on a contractual basis from the City of Toledo.

In June 1994, the Rossford Economic Growth Corporation, Inc. (the "REGC") was created in accordance with Chapter 1702 of the Ohio Revised Code. As a legally separate non-profit corporation, the REGC's purpose is to promote economic growth and development in the City of Rossford. With City Council's approval, the Mayor of the City appoints a majority of the members of the governing board, but the City's accountability for the REGC does not extend beyond making the appointments.

In May 1997, the Wood County Commissioners approved formation of the Rossford Transportation Improvement District (TID) as permitted under Chapter 5540 of the Ohio Revised Code. The TID is a component unit of Wood County and is governed by a board of trustees consisting of the following members: five members appointed by the board of county commissioners, one nonvoting member appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives of the general assembly and one nonvoting member appointed by the president of the senate of the general assembly. It is empowered to provide for the construction, improvement, alteration or repair of any road, highway, public place or other infrastructure within the limits of the City and to issue bonds. The debt service for the bonds is to be paid for by special assessments levied by the TID against the parcels of land and lots that are benefited by the project. The initial project, which began in June of 1998, is a four-lane parkway from State Route 795 to State Route 20. As of December 1998, two miles of the parkway from State Route 795 to Deimling Road were completed. The remaining one half mile section was completed in 1999. Water and sewer lines have been extended south along the Parkway. The TID also completed a project to install traffic lights at both ends of the parkway in 1999.

In December 1998, the Rossford/Perrysburg Township Joint Economic Development Authority/Port Authority (JEDA/Port Authority) was created jointly with Perrysburg Township, pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Sections 4582.21 to 4582.59. The JEDA/Port Authority was created for the benefit of the people of the State of Ohio. Its jurisdiction includes all of the area of the City of Rossford and all of the unincorporated area of Perrysburg Township. The

JEDA/Port Authority has five directors, two appointed by the City of Rossford, two appointed by Perrysburg Township and one jointly appointed by the City of Rossford and Perrysburg Township. The directors appointed by the City are appointed by the mayor subject to the approval of the Council, but the City's accountability for the JEDA/Port Authority does not extend beyond making the appointments.

In February 1999, the Rossford Arena Amphitheater Authority (RAAA), a component unit of the City of Rossford, Ohio ,was created in accordance with Chapter 1702 of the Ohio Revised Code. As a legally separate non-profit corporation, the RAAA's purpose is to further the growth and development at the property located at the intersection of I-75 and I-80/90, which will increase tourism and convention activities in the City and benefit all of Northwestern Ohio. Specifically, its purpose is to finance, construct, own, operate and maintain an arena and amphitheater facility and such other activities as permissible under Ohio law. The trustees and members of the RAAA were set by ordinance to be the Mayor of the City of Rossford, the President of Council of the City of Rossford, the Municipal Administrator of the City of Rossford and the Recreation Director of the City of Rossford. The City has no ongoing right to add or remove members or appoint other members. The City has indicated its willingness to participate in the arena/amphitheater project by devoting 100% of its admission tax revenues and 25% of its hotel/motel tax, subject to annual appropriation by City Council, to the project. The City has no legal obligation to finance the deficits of or provide support to the RAAA.

Historical Information

The City of Rossford, Wood County, Ohio was founded in 1898 by Edward Ford. Mr. Ford, founder of the Edward Ford Plate Glass Company, constructed his plant across the Maumee River from Toledo in what is today the City of Rossford. The Edward Ford Plate Glass Company, now Libbey-Owens-Ford Company, attracted workers to the area who established a community around the facility. Rossford was incorporated as a village in 1939 and became a city in 1971. The City, with a 2000 population of 6,406, is a very ethnic community with a population mix consisting primarily of Middle Eastern European nationalities (i.e., Polish, Czechoslovakian, German, Ukrainian). Most of the early residents were employed at the glass plant and today, several generations later, many of the descendants of the original settlers continue to work for the company.

Location

Located on the banks of the Maumee River, Rossford abuts the southeast boundary of the City of Toledo and is in northern Wood County. North-south interstate highway I-75 and east-west interstate I-80/90, the longest interstate highway in the U.S., intersect within the City. Interstate highway I-75 has three interchanges within the City, and I-80/90 (the Ohio Turnpike) Gate 4A is located in an area known as the Crossroads, which was annexed to Rossford in 1994. The City is also served by State Highways 65 and 795. CSX rail lines are located within the City and the Toledo Area Regional Transit Authority provides local bus service. Toledo Express Airport, 15 miles west, Detroit Metro Airport, 60 miles north, and Metcalf Field, 5 miles east, all provide air transportation. Burlington Air Express located at Toledo Express Airport provides ready access to International Air Cargo service.

Form of Government

The City is a home-rule municipal corporation created under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for a Council/Mayor form of government, was adopted in 1970, became effective in 1971 and was amended in 1991 and 1993.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven member City Council. All members are elected at-large to four-year terms. The Council sets compensation of City officials and employees and enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to City services, tax levies, appropriating and borrowing money, licensing and regulating businesses and trades, and other municipal purposes. The presiding officer is the Mayor who has no vote unless there is a tie vote of the members of City Council. The Charter establishes certain administrative departments and the City Council may establish divisions of those departments and/or additional departments.

The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor. The Mayor appoints, subject to the approval of City Council, the City Administrator and all the directors of the City's departments for a term of four years or for such lesser period of time as stated at the time of appointment. The City Administrator also serves as the City's chief fiscal officer, the Safety-Service Director and the Economic Development Director.

The Clerk of City Council is appointed by City Council. The City Treasurer is a part-time, four-year elected position.

Basis of Accounting

Except for that used for budgetary purposes, the basis of accounting utilized by the City is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units and is consistent with GASB Codified Section 1600, "Basis of Accounting." All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources (current assets and current liabilities) measurement focus. The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized for the governmental and agency funds. Revenues are recognized when they are susceptible to accrual, both measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

The measurement focus for the City's proprietary funds is on the flow of total economic resources (all assets and all liabilities). The accrual basis of accounting is utilized which recognizes revenues when earned and expenses when incurred.

The City's basis of accounting for budgetary purposes differs from generally accepted accounting principles in that revenues are recognized when received, rather than when susceptible to accrual (measurable and available) and encumbrances are recorded as expenditures rather than as reservation of fund balances. A reconciliation of the results of these two methods appears in Note 1. During 2000, all accounting policies were applied consistently with those of 1999. Accounting policies are further explained in Note 1.

Economic Outlook

The City of Rossford annexed 660 acres in August of 1994, 300 acres in May of 1997and 192 acres in 2000 known locally as the "Crossroads." The annexed area is primarily farmland located at the intersection of Interstate I-80/90 and Interstate I-75. State Route 795 provides unlimited direct access to the area. As part of the annexation agreement, the City agreed to provide water and sanitary sewer services to the area. In order to accomplish this, the City entered into a Joint Economic Development Zone (JEDZ) agreement with the City of Toledo, whereby, in exchange for the City of Toledo's agreement to sell water to the area, the City of Rossford would share with the City of Toledo 0.615% of the 2.25% income tax revenue generated as a result of new businesses locating in the JEDZ.

The City of Rossford also entered into an agreement with Perrysburg Township, whereby, in exchange for the Township's approval of the annexation, the City of Rossford pays the Township (for a 15 year period) the unencumbered real estate taxes that the City receives on all annexed property. Similar reciprocal agreements were entered into with the City of Perrysburg and Wood County.

The Rossford Economic Growth Corporation (REGC), a private-public, non-profit partnership promotes economic development in the Crossroads. A combination of sports, leisure activities, entertainment and retail will be featured in the Development. Construction was completed during 1997 on a Courtyard by Marriott motel, a BP Mini-mart service station in the Crossroads and a 24 acre private development site north of State Route 795. An arena with athletic event seating of 9,200 and concert seating of 12,000 and an amphitheater with 6,500 fixed seats and 7,500 lawn seats began construction in May 1999. When financing could not be secured, construction was halted in November 1999. The REGC holds options on 102 acres and owns 7 acres in the Crossroads. When all are developed, preliminary projections indicate over 1,400 jobs will be created with an estimated annual payroll of \$25 million. Annual tax revenues to cities, county, state and local schools are projected to exceed \$8 million.

To encourage development in the Crossroads of America area, in April 2000 the City exempted improvements in the area from real property taxation for a period of thirty years and provided for payments in lieu of taxes to be made and deposited in a tax equivalent fund, pursuant to Sections 5709.40 and 5709.42 of the Ohio Revised Code. This is a financing technique known as tax increment financing. The Rossford Exempted Village Board of Education and the Penta County Joint Vocational School District are to receive payments in lieu of taxes in the amount that taxes would have been paid to the school district if the improvements had not been exempted from taxation. The balance of funds deposited in the tax equivalent fund shall be used to pay for improvements in the Crossroads area. Improvements are defined as "the construction and installation of infrastructure improvements in the Crossroads of America area of the City, including streets, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, walkways, trails, street lighting, traffic signals, signage, storm drainage, water and sanitary sewer improvements, parking facilities, and the construction of public service buildings necessary for purposes of delivering fire, emergency medical and police services within the Crossroads area and other improvements related thereto, directly benefit or once made will directly benefit properties in the Crossroads."

In May 2000 the City entered into a tax increment financing agreement with Ramco-Gershenson, Inc., who proposed the development of a 78.7 acre parcel of property consisting of a commercial shopping center located at the northeast corner of US Route 20 and Parkway Boulevard. Stores in the center include Target, Home Depot, Giant Eagle, Linens 'N Things, Michaels Arts &

Crafts, Shoe Carnival, Payless Shoe Source, Bath & Body Works, The Dress Barn and Fashion Bug. Number of employees projected is 960 with annual payrolls of \$18 million and annual retail sales are projected at \$96 million. Annual tax revenues to cities, county, state and local schools are projected to exceed \$9 million. The service payments made by Ramco-Gershenson will be used to pay all costs of public road and storm drainage improvements including the principal and interest on the \$1,900,000 in notes the City borrowed to finance the improvements.

As demonstrated by the cooperative efforts noted herein, the City of Rossford is dedicated to the concept of collective economic development stressing regional cooperation for all of northwest Ohio. The cities of Rossford and Northwood, along with private property owners, the Wood County Economic Development Commission, the Toledo Area Growth Partnership and others have begun a cooperative development effort to market approximately 540 acres of property located adjacent to and near Interstate I-75. The project site, known as Access Pointe, offers opportunities for both light and heavy industrial and office park developments. Interstate Brands constructed a \$27 million Bakery on a 24 acre parcel within a JEDZ between the cities of Rossford and Northwood. The plant employs over 200 and the payroll tax revenue is shared by both cities. State grants were awarded to assist in necessary road improvements, water and sewer extensions to Wales Road and an access road to the site. The cost of these improvements were also shared.

The major employers presently located within the City are Libbey-Owens-Ford Company and the Rossford Board of Education. Many residents are employed at the Chrysler Machining Plant and at several companies located in Ampoint Industrial Park, which is adjacent to the City. Ampoint employers include Crown Cork & Seal, Calphalon Corporation and Owens Community College.

Employee Relations

The City has 36 full-time and approximately 67 part-time employees. A statewide public employee collective bargaining law applies to public employee relations and collective bargaining.

Employees are represented by the following bargaining units:

| | Agreement | Number of |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Bargaining Unit | Expiration Date | Employees Covered |
| AFSCME, Ohio Council 8 Local 2954 | August 2003 | 9 |
| MEBA, District 2A | March 2003 | 18 |
| MEBA, District 2A-Fire (Volunteers) | December 2003 | 31 |
| OPBA, Rossford, Ohio Unit: | | |
| Patrol Officers and Command Officers | December 2003 | 18 |
| MEBA, District 2A MEBA, District 2A-Fire (Volunteers) OPBA, Rossford, Ohio Unit: | March 2003 December 2003 | 31 |

Compensation for all other employees is governed by legislative action of City Council. Historically, negotiations and ongoing relations between the City and its employees have been amicable.

Unemployment Rates

According to the Ohio Bureau of Employment services, the 2000 annual average unemployment rate for Wood County was 3.17%, which was significantly below the state unemployment rate of 4.0% and the national unemployment rate of 4.0%.

MAJOR CITY INITIATIVES

Project Funding

During 2000, the City remained focused on improving the quality of life and employment opportunities for its residents and taxpayers. Where possible, the City continues to actively pursue and apply for possible assistance such as State Issue II funds and other federal, state and local grant funds. The City has been very successful in obtaining such funds as evidenced by the State Issue II Grants for Phases I, II, III and IV sewer replacement and the road and bridge widening of Buck Road and I-75. The City has also obtained the Ohio Department of Development Community Housing Improvement Program Grant, the Ohio Department of Public Safety Emergency Medical Services Grant and the COPS Fast Grant and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Watercraft Waterways Safety Fund Grant and Clean Vessel Act Grant.

Continuing and Future Projects

In 1996, the City granted a 10 year 100% real estate and personal property tax abatement to Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass Company, the City's largest employer, for a glass furnace replacement project with an estimated cost of over \$80 million. While this project will not increase employment in the City, the company has agreed to retain an employment level of 300, with an annual payroll in excess of \$22 million.

In April 1998, implementing Sections 3735.65 through 3735.70 of the Ohio Revised Code, the City established a Community Reinvestment Area in which the maintenance of existing and construction of new structures will serve to encourage economic stability, maintain real property values and generate new employment opportunities. Exemptions will be granted for up to 100% of the increase in the assessed value for a time limit of up to 15 years for the remodeling of existing structures or construction of new structures. A Tax Review Council was established to review the compliance of all agreements and make written recommendations as to continuing, modifying or terminating said agreements based on the performance of the agreement.

In September 1999, the City was awarded 24 month \$645,000 Grant from the Ohio Department of Development for a Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP). Program activities include full rehabilitation services to bring houses up to state residential rehab standards in the form of 0% deferred loans, home repair addressing one or two health or safety concerns in the house in the form of grants and home buyer assistance for down payment and closing costs in the form of 0% deferred loans. Program participants must meet certain low to moderate income limits and work is completed solely by program approved contractors. In 2000 five homes were rehabilitated at a cost of \$87,622, three households were assisted with down payments at a cost of \$15,100 and one home received emergency repairs totaling \$4,755.

In August 2000, the City entered into a 20 year road improvements lease-purchase agreement with the TID and issued a \$2,550,000 note to finance the first payment, pursuant to the provisions of Article XVII, Section 3 of the Ohio Constitution. Further lease payments are \$1 per year, ending December 1, 2020. The TID constructed a north-south collector boulevard from the intersection of State Route 795 and Simmons Road which extends south beginning at State Route 795 and ending at US 20 (The Parkway) and the east-west road know as Arena Drive. The cost of the roads are to be paid by the levy and collection of special assessments from the property owners who benefited by the improvements. In consideration of the agreement the TID

has agreed to assign 35.84% of the assessments and other amounts connected therewith to the City. The City will use these proceeds to pay the interest and principal of the \$2,550,000 note.

In September 2000, the City entered into a 15 year water system improvements lease-purchase agreement and a 15 year sewer system improvements lease-purchase with the TID and issued two \$300,000 notes to finance the first payments, pursuant to the provisions of Article XVII, Section 3 of the Ohio Constitution. Further lease payments on each are \$1 per year, ending December 1, 2015. The TID acquired and installed approximately 11,653 feet of polyvinyl chloride water main along the west side of The Parkway and the south side of Arena Drive. The water main runs from US 20 to State Route 795 along The Parkway and along Arena Drive from its intersection with The Parkway to Lime City Road and is connected to the Wood County Regional Water and Sewer District and the City's water mains at US 20 and State Route 795, respectively, and dead ends at the Arena Drive/Lime City Road intersection. It also acquired and installed approximately 11,692 feet of polyvinyl and concrete sewer line. Along The Parkway there is approximately 280 feet of 15 inch pipe, 976 feet of 18 inch pipe, 4205 feet of 21 inch pipe and 3,084 feet of 24 inch pipe. Along Arena Drive there is approximately 3,136 feet of 12 inch pipe. The sewer line is connected to an existing City sewer on the north side and is conveying sewage from the south northward. The cost of the water and sewer improvements are to be paid by connection fees, tap-in fees, capacity fees, user fees and other similar fees paid by users of the improvements. In consideration of the agreement the TID has agreed to assign 31.8% of the water and sewer fees and other amounts connected therewith to the City. The City will use these proceeds to pay the interest and principal of the two \$300,000 notes.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Control, Budgetary and the Accounting System

Development of the City's accounting system included substantial consideration of the adequacy of the internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that:

- 1. The City's assets are protected against loss, theft or unauthorized use or disposition; and
- 2. Adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The concept of reasonable assurance states that internal controls should be evaluated applying the following criteria:

- 1. The expense associated with providing the internal controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from their implementation; and
- 2. The evaluation of the offsetting costs and benefits involves estimates and judgment by the City administration and the Finance Director's Office.

All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. It is the belief of the administrative and financial management personnel that the City's financial controls adequately safeguard existing assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions. The Finance Director is responsible for the auditing and analysis of all purchase orders and vouchers of the City. The Finance Director carefully reviews requisitions and purchases to ensure the availability of monies in the proper funds and accounts prior to the certification and payment of approved invoices. The City utilizes a fully automated accounting system as well as an automated

system of controls for payroll. These systems coupled with the review and examination performed by the Finance Director ensure that the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

Budgetary control is maintained at the object level for each department within each fund by legislation approved by City Council. The various objects are:

Personal Services

• Materials and Supplies

Contractual Services

• Capital Outlay

• Other (Miscellaneous)

• Debt Service: Principal

Transfers

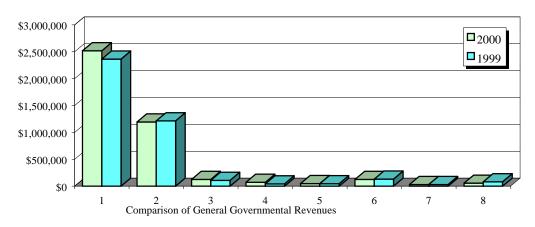
Interest

Lower levels within each object are accounted for and reported internally for management control purposes. Such lower levels are referred to as line items of expenditure. Estimated amounts must be encumbered prior to final approval of purchase orders or other contracts to vendors. Encumbrances in excess of the available object level appropriations are not approved unless additional appropriations are authorized by City Council. Unencumbered appropriations return (lapse) to the unappropriated balances in the individual funds at the end of each fiscal year, which coincides with the calendar year. Appropriations, both original and supplemental, must be authorized by City Council.

General Government Functions

The following schedule presents a summary of general governmental revenues (including general, special revenue and debt service funds) for the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999, the percentage of total revenues for each year and the amount and percentage of increase/(decrease) in relation to 1999 revenue.

| | | | Percent | | Increase | Percent |
|----|-----------------------|-------------|---------|-------------|------------|----------|
| | | 2000 | of | 1999 | (Decrease) | of |
| | Revenue Source | Total | Total | Total | over 1999 | Change |
| 1. | Taxes | \$2,519,617 | 60.29% | \$2,363,444 | \$156,173 | 6.61% |
| 2. | Intergovernmental | | | | | |
| | Revenues | 1,194,098 | 28.58% | 1,216,585 | (22,487) | (1.85%) |
| 3. | Charges for Services | 126,297 | 3.02% | 110,081 | 16,216 | 14.73% |
| 4. | Licenses and Permits | 73,834 | 1.77% | 43,163 | 30,671 | 71.06% |
| 5. | Investment Earnings | 49,941 | 1.20% | 45,357 | 4,584 | 10.11% |
| 6. | Special Assessments | 125,604 | 3.01% | 132,689 | (7,085) | (5.34%) |
| 7. | Fines and Forfeitures | 32,431 | 0.78% | 30,877 | 1,554 | 5.03% |
| 8. | All Other Revenues | 56,713 | 1.35% | 80,789 | (24,076) | (29.80%) |
| | Total | \$4,178,535 | 100.00% | \$4,022,985 | \$155,550 | |



Revenue Narrative

The City's income tax continues to be its primary source of revenue. Ohio law authorizes a municipal income tax on both corporate profits and employee wages at a rate of up to 1.0% without voter authorization, and above 1.0% with voter authorization. In 1961, City Council imposed an income tax at the rate of 0.5%. Subsequent voter authorizations have increased the tax to 1.0% in 1968, 1.5% in 1976 and to the present rate of 2.25% in 1988. The tax is in effect for a continuing period of time. The tax could be reduced or terminated by action of the Council, or by vote of the electors initiated by petition of 10% of the number of electors in the City who voted for the Governor at the last preceding general election for the Office of Governor following initiated ordinance procedures, or 10% of the electors of the City following charter amendment procedures.

All income tax proceeds are allocated to the General Fund for the current year for general municipal operations and may be allocated to the Capital Improvement Fund or other funds by City Council. Approximately 80% of the City's income tax collected in 2000 was collected through employer withholdings from employee wages. Income tax collections increased 9.9% from 1999 to 2000.

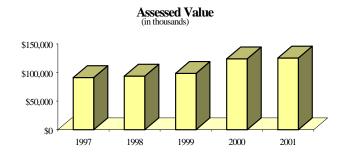
Property taxes are levied and collected by the Wood County Treasurer and remitted periodically to the City by the County Auditor. Property tax rates for the City per \$1,000 of taxable valuation (assessed value of property located within the City, which is approximately 35% of true value) are as follows:

| Not Voted: | General Fund Operations | 1.80 mils |
|------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Voted: | Recreation | 0.40 |
| Voted: | Fire Capital Improvement | 0.60 |
| Voted: | Permanent Recreation Improvement | 0.40 |

The voted levies were approved in 1999 for an additional five-year period and are subject to renewal in 2004.

Total assessed values in the City over the past five years are shown below:

| Levy Year | Collection Year | Assessed Value |
|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1996 | 1997 | \$91,215 |
| 1997 | 1998 | 93,795 |
| 1998 | 1999 | 98,558 |
| 1999 | 2000 | 124,048 |
| 2000 | 2001 | 125,448 |



Investment earnings as a source of revenue do not lend well to year to year comparisons. Percentage increases or decreases in comparison to previous years are not necessarily indicative of future year estimates. Investment earnings increased by \$4,584 in 2000 primarily because the City had higher invested balances. The City's investment policies are discussed in more detail later in this letter under the topic "Cash Management."

Intergovernmental revenues include state levied shared taxes consisting primarily of local government assistance provided by the State of Ohio through reimbursement for real and personal property tax reductions, gasoline tax, state levied motor vehicle license tax, inheritance tax, permissive motor vehicle license tax, local government and revenue assistance allocations. These revenues are collected by the State or County and partially redistributed to the City or other political subdivisions. This revenue category also includes grant funds received from either county, state or federal sources. Intergovernmental revenues decreased \$22,487 in comparison to 1999 primarily due to a decrease in funds received from estate taxes in 2000 compared to 1999.

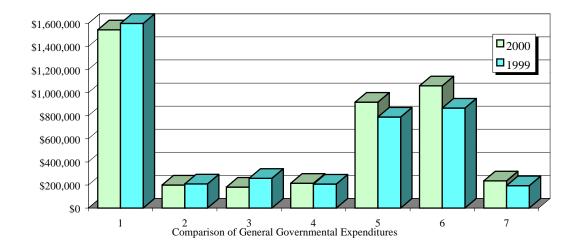
Charges for services include ambulance transports, emergency medical treatment, recreation center membership and program fees, civil service test fees and charges for photo copies. Ambulance fees are billed by an outside collection service and remitted directly to the City. The 2000 increase in charges for services is due to increased collection of ambulance billings.

Licenses and permits are fees received for franchise cablevision, building trade licenses, zoning permits and other fees for plan review, easements and parcel splits. License and permit fees increased \$30,671 from 1999 to 2000 due to increases in franchise cablevision fees and building trade licenses.

Expenditure Narrative

Expenditures for general government purposes (including general, special revenue and debt service funds) totaled \$4,353,385, an increase of \$227,872 over 1999. The following schedule presents a summary of general governmental expenditures for the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999, the percentage of total expenditures for each year and the amount and percentage of increase/(decrease) in relation to 1999 expenditures.

| | | | Percent | | Increase | Percent |
|----|-------------------------|-------------|---------|-------------|------------|----------|
| | | 2000 | of | 1999 | (Decrease) | of |
| | Function | Total | Total | Total | over 1999 | Change |
| 1. | Security of Persons and | | | | | |
| | Property | \$1,544,121 | 35.47% | \$1,599,527 | (\$55,406) | (3.46%) |
| 2. | Leisure Time Activities | 199,381 | 4.58% | 208,846 | (9,465) | (4.53%) |
| 3. | Community Environment | 181,898 | 4.18% | 258,382 | (76,484) | (29.60%) |
| 4. | Basic Utility Services | 214,569 | 4.93% | 208,283 | 6,286 | 3.02% |
| 5. | Transportation | 918,062 | 21.08% | 789,415 | 128,647 | 16.30% |
| 6. | General Government | 1,059,887 | 24.35% | 866,887 | 193,000 | 22.26% |
| 7. | Debt Service | 235,467 | 5.42% | 194,173 | 41,294 | 21.27% |
| | Total | \$4,353,385 | 100.00% | \$4,125,513 | \$227,872 | |



Security of persons and property includes the cost of operations of the Police and Fire Divisions and the cost of street lighting. Leisure time activities include the cost of the Parks Division and the Recreation Center. Community environment is primarily the cost of the CHIP Grant program. Basic utility services include costs related to refuse collection and disposal. Transportation reflects the cost of the Street and Public Works Division.

The majority of the decrease in security of persons and property resulted from decreases in expenses for materials, supplies and services. Leisure time activities expenditures were lower in 2000 because maintenance and repair expenditures dropped. The decrease in community environment expenditures is attributable to decreased activity in the CHIP Grant Program from 1999 to 2000. The increases in transportation expenditures are due to the purchase of a new dump truck with snow plow in 2000 and increases in road materials and supplies expenditures. Increases in general government expenditures were mainly due to wage and fringe benefit increases and increased legal, engineering and accounting fees.

Proprietary Operations

Enterprise Funds

The City's enterprise operations include the City's water distribution and wastewater collection system and the marina fund. The City of Toledo provides water and wastewater treatment services. The City of Toledo also bills and collects from customers of the City of Rossford for a contractual fee. They remit the sewer surcharge to the City of Rossford on a quarterly basis. The revenue derived from the surcharge is used to fund maintenance and necessary repairs to the City's sanitary sewer lines.

The majority of the marina revenue is from seasonal dock space rental with the remainder from daily launches and other services.

Certain pertinent data relating to the enterprise operations of the City is presented below.

| | Total Assets | Total Equity | Net Income (Loss) | Return on Assets | Return on Equity |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Water | \$2,483,955 | \$432,540 | (\$7,488) | (0.30%) | (1.73%) |
| Sewer | 5,224,448 | 1,561,391 | (98,149) | (1.88%) | (6.29%) |
| Marina | 103,819 | 102,704 | 37,266 | 35.90% | 36.28% |

Debt Administration

The debt service fund accumulates resources for the payment of principal and interest on the City's long-term debt. Resources are derived from the transfer of tax revenues from the City's General Fund. Prior to issuance of the Community Recreation Center Bond in 1993, the City had not had any outstanding long-term debt for more than a decade. In fact, the debt service fund was created in 1993 to facilitate the accounting for the accumulation of resources to retire the outstanding principal and interest on the Community Recreation Center Bond.

The City's general obligation bond is not rated. The total bonded debt of the City at December 31, 2000 was \$840,000 for the Community Recreation Center.

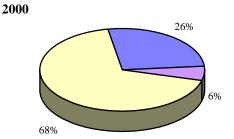
Cash Management

Cash management is a vital component of the City of Rossford's overall financial strategy. The primary objective of the City's investment activity is the preservation of capital and the protection of invested principal. The City pools its cash for maximum investment efficiency.

Public funds are invested to achieve maximum return without assuming unreasonable risk. Investments are diversified to avoid incurring unreasonable risk to a specific type of security or a particular individual financial institution. Portfolio investments remain sufficiently liquid to ensure that all operating requirements are satisfied on a timely basis.

The City's cash resources were invested at December 31, 2000 as follows:

| Cash Resources | 2000 | Percent |
|-------------------------|-------------|---------|
| Cash | \$477,274 | 26% |
| Certificates of Deposit | 100,000 | 6% |
| STAR Ohio | 1,230,763 | 68% |
| Total Resources | \$1,808,037 | 100% |



The City earned general governmental interest of \$49,941 on investments for fiscal year 2000. Interest earned was allocated to the General Fund. An additional \$253,275 in interest was earned on capital improvement fund balances.

At December 31, 2000, the City had deposits of \$576,974. Federal depository insurance covered \$221,879 of the bank balance and the rest of the deposits were classified as Category 3. Ohio Law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of any state, county, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of any other state or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority. Based upon criteria described in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," collateral held in single financial collateral pools with securities being held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the pool's name are classified as Category 3 (see Note 5 of the financial statements). All deposits are made under contracts with local banking institutions pursuant to statute.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The proactive approach that the City employs in its ongoing operation is reflected in the composition of the City's insurance and favorable loss experience.

The City has contracted with Ohio Government Risk Management for all liability including bodily injury, personal injury, property damage, police and fire liability, boiler and machinery and public officials.

Deductible levels have been selected so as not to expose the City to excessive "first dollar" claims. Deductibles for property and coverage are:

| | Occurrence | Aggregate | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| | Limits | Limit | Deductible |
| Property | \$5,550,120 | \$5,550,120 | \$1,000 |
| Liability | 5,000,000 | 7,000,000 | |
| Wrongful Acts | 5,000,000 | 7,000,000 | 2,500 |
| Law Enforcement | 5,000,000 | 6,000,000 | 2,500 |
| Automobile | 5,000,000 | | 100/1,000 |
| Bond | 100,000 | | |
| Crime | 2,500 | | |
| Inland Marine | 579,300 | | 500 |
| Fire Vehicle | 1,202,000 | | 100 |
| Electronic Data Processing | 101,521 | | 500 |

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The general purpose financial statements of the City of Rossford were audited by Clark Johnson & Robson, CPAs. The independent auditors' unqualified opinion has been included in this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Rossford, Ohio for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government finance reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Rossford has received a Certificate of Achievement for the fiscal years ended 1994 - 1999. We believe that this, our seventh Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, meets the high standards set by GFOA for a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

Public Disclosure

The publication of this report represents an important achievement in the ability of the City of Rossford to provide significantly enhanced financial information and accountability to the citizens, its elected officials, City administration and investors. In addition to the citizens of Rossford, the recipients of this report will include city, state and federal officials, schools, libraries, newspapers, investment banking firms, banks and rating agencies. The report is made available to any person or organization requesting it. The extensive effort to prepare and distribute this report is indicative of the continued efforts of the City to improve its overall financial accounting, management and reporting capabilities.

Acknowledgments

Sincere appreciation is extended to the individuals who have contributed their time and effort in gathering data for this report, particularly the staff of the Finance Department and the Office of the Auditor of Wood County.

Special acknowledgment is extended to the staff of Donald J. Schonhardt and Associates, Inc. for their continued guidance in the preparation of this report.

Finally, special thanks to Mayor Mark G. Zuchowski, the members of the Rossford City Council and the City Administration whose support is necessary for the City of Rossford to conform to reporting requirements established for municipal governments to maintain the financial position that the City has enjoyed for many years.

Respectfully,

Vincent H. Langevin

City Administrator

Laurie W. Sabin

Laurie W. Sabin Finance Director

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2000

ELECTED OFFICIAL

| NAME | OFFICE | TERM EXPIRES | YEARS IN OFFICE | SURETY |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Mark G. Zuchowski | Mayor | 11/30/03 | 8 | A |
| Molly Jakubec | Council President | 11/30/01 | 14 | A |
| Robert Watrol | Council Member | 11/30/03 | 12 | A |
| Chuck Duricek | Council Member | 11/30/03 | 1 | A |
| William Verbosky | Council Member | 11/30/01 | 1 | A |
| Gay Barker | Council Member | 11/30/01 | 3 | A |
| Gregory Marquette | Council Member | 11/30/03 | 1 | A |
| Richard Kovach | Council Member | 11/30/01 | 3 | A |
| Kenneth Hermes | Treasurer (appointed) | 11/30/01 | 2 | A, B |

ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

| NAME | <u>OFFICE</u> | TERM EXPIRES | YEARS OF SERVICE | <u>SURETY</u> |
|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Vincent II. Langavin | City Administrator | Indefinite | o | A D |
| Vincent H. Langevin | City Administrator | maerimie | 8 | A, B |
| Laurie Sabin | Director of Finance | Indefinite | 2 | A, B |
| David Jones | Superintendent | | | |
| | of Public Works | Indefinite | 19 | A |
| Patricia Sloan | Director of Recreation | Indefinite | 19 | A |
| Dennis Foy, Sr. | Police Chief | Indefinite | 1 | A |
| James Verbosky | Fire Chief | Indefinite | 2 | A |
| Keith Wilkowski | Director of Law | 11/30/03 | 3 | A |
| Edward Tucholski | Clerk of Council | 11/30/03 | 23 | A |

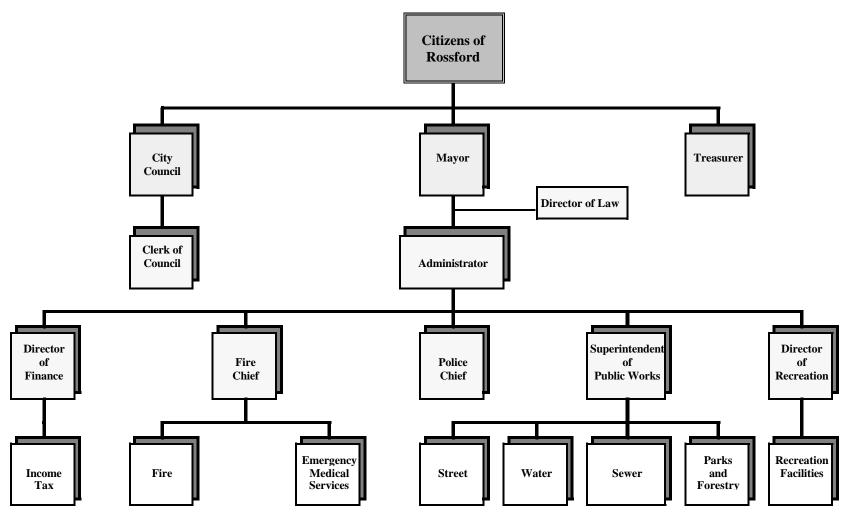
⁽A) Public Officials \$5 million per occurrence, \$6 million aggregate general liability.

Insurance term: September 5, 2000 through September 5, 2001

⁽B) Public Official Bond - \$100,000.

The City of Rossford, Ohio

Organizational Chart



Boards and Commissions

Board of Zoning Appeals Recreation Board Municipal Planning Commission Civil Service Commission City Tree Commission Records Retention Commission

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Rossford, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1999

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



anne Spray Kinsey President Iffrey L. Essex

Executive Director





FINANCIAL SECTION



CLARK JOHNSON & ROBSON

Certified Public Accountants 7854 West Central Avenue, Toledo, OH 43617

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of Council City of Rossford, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the City of Rossford, Wood County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000 as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Rossford's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Rossford, as of December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Rossford Arena Amphitheater Authority (a discretely presented component unit) will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2, the Authority has been unable to pay debt obligations when due. Accordingly, there is substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regards to these matters are also discussed in Note 2. The Rossford Arena Amphitheater Authority's financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund and account financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the City of Rossford. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued reports dated June 22, 2001 on our consideration of the City of Rossford's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. Those reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

We did not audit the introductory and statistical information as listed in the table of contents and therefore express no opinion on either.

Clark Johnson & Robson June 22, 2001



General Purpose Financial Statements

The following general purpose financial statements, along with the notes to the general purpose financial statements, present an overview of the City's financial position at December 31, 2000 and the results of operations and cash flows of its proprietary funds for the year then ended.

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Govern | ımental Fund | Types | Proprietary Fund Type | Fiduciary Fund Type | Account | Groups | | Component <u>Unit</u> |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| | General Fund | Special Revenue Funds | Capital Projects Funds | Enterprise Funds | Agency Fund | General Fixed Assets | General Long-Term Obligations | | Rossford Arena Amphitheater Authority |
| Assets and Other Debits: | | | | | | | | | |
| Assets: | D 60 0 40 | D 60 710 | #1 211 22 0 | #2 7 0.002 | 40 | Φ.Ο. | Φ.Ο. | #1 505 5 60 | 01.554 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$62,943 | \$62,713 | \$1,211,229 | \$370,883 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,707,768 | \$1,574 |
| Investments | 30,843 | 0 | 26,296 | 42,861 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100,000 | 0 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts): | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | 689,803 | 41,222 | 103,057 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 834,082 | 0 |
| Accounts | 51,981 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51,981 | 0 |
| Special Assessments | 126,000 | 0 | 2,799,356 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,925,356 | 0 |
| Interest | 1,100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,100 | 0 |
| Interfund Loan Receivable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50,000 | 0 |
| Intergovernmental Receivables | 3,703 | 23,594 | 0 | 182,424 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 209,721 | 0 |
| Inventory of Supplies at Cost | 0 | 5,559 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,559 | 0 |
| Prepaid Items | 44,125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44,125 | 0 |
| Restricted Assets: | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 269 | 0 | 0 | 269 | 0 |
| Fixed Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| (net of accumulated depreciation) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,166,054 | 0 | 6,236,837 | 0 | 13,402,891 | 5,162,462 |
| Construction in Progress | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13,090,908 |
| Other Debits: | | | | | | | | | |
| Amount to be Provided for | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 727 021 | 1 727 021 | 0 |
| General Long-Term Obligations Total Assets and Other Debits | | | | | | | 1,727,921 | 1,727,921 | |
| Total Assets and Other Debits | \$1,010,498 | \$133,088 | \$4,139,938 | \$7,812,222 | \$269 | \$6,236,837 | \$1,727,921 | \$21,060,773 | \$18,254,944 |

(Continued)

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Govern | ımental Fund | Types | Proprietary Fund Type | Fiduciary Fund Type | Account | Groups | | Component Unit |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|---|
| Liabilities, Equity and Other Credits: | General Fund | Special Revenue Funds | Capital Projects Funds | Enterprise Funds | Agency Fund | General Fixed Assets | General Long-Term Obligations | | Rossford Arena Amphitheater Authority |
| Liabilities: Accounts Payable | \$123,223 | \$59,206 | \$382,170 | \$9,497 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$574,096 | \$5,886,150 |
| Retainage Payable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 502,492 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 110,099 | 9,509 | 0 | 3,383 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 122,991 | 0 |
| Interfund Loan Payable | 50,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50,000 | 0 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | 5,246 | 0 | 0 | 3,769 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,015 | 0 |
| Due to Others | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 269 | 0 | 0 | 269 | 0 |
| Accrued Interest Payable | 0 | 0 | 130,352 | 30,620 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 160,972 | 641,586 |
| Deferred Revenue | 434,230 | 41,222 | 2,902,413 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,377,865 | 0 |
| General Obligation Notes Payable | 0 | 0 | 5,684,500 | 3,798,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,483,000 | 0 |
| Compensated Absences Payable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 218,144 | 218,144 | 0 |
| Capital Leases Payable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 178,995 | 178,995 | 0 |
| Loans Payable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,981,853 |
| Landfill Postclosure Care | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 490,782 | 490,782 | 0 |
| General Obligation Bonds Payable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 840,000 | 840,000 | 0 |
| Ohio Public Works Commission Loan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 93,895 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 93,895 | 0 |
| Ohio Water Development | | | | , | | | | , | |
| Authority Loan Payable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,775,923 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,775,923 | 0 |
| Total Liabilities | 722,798 | 109,937 | 9,099,435 | 5,715,587 | 269 | 0 | 1,727,921 | 17,375,947 | 18,012,081 |
| Equity and Other Credits: | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment in General Fixed Assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,236,837 | 0 | 6,236,837 | 0 |
| Contributed Capital | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,527,558 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,527,558 | 0 |
| Retained Earnings/Accumulated Deficit | Õ | 0 | 0 | (1,430,923) | 0 | Õ | 0 | (1,430,923) | 242,863 |
| Fund Balances: | · · | Ŭ | Ŭ | (1, .00, , 20) | Ü | Ü | Ü | (1, 100, 520) | 2 .2,000 |
| Reserved for Encumbrances | 11,644 | 8,568 | 510,846 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 531,058 | 0 |
| Reserved for Supplies Inventory | 0 | 5,559 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,559 | 0 |
| Reserved for Prepaid Items | 44,125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44,125 | 0 |
| Undesignated | 231,931 | 9,024 | (5,470,343) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (5,229,388) | 0 |
| Total Equity and Other Credits | 287,700 | 23,151 | (4,959,497) | 2,096,635 | 0 | 6,236,837 | 0 | 3,684,826 | 242,863 |
| Total Liabilities, Equity and Other Credits | \$1,010,498 | \$133,088 | \$4,139,938 | \$7,812,222 | \$269 | \$6,236,837 | \$1,727,921 | \$21,060,773 | \$18,254,944 |
| | | | | | | | | | |



THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Governmental Fund Types | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| • | | Special | Debt | Capital | Totals |
| | General | Revenue | Service | Projects | (Memorandum |
| | Fund | Funds | Fund | Funds | Only) |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$2,484,059 | \$35,558 | \$0 | \$88,897 | \$2,608,514 |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | 776,060 | 418,038 | 0 | 122,666 | 1,316,764 |
| Charges for Services | 47,930 | 78,367 | 0 | 0 | 126,297 |
| Licenses and Permits | 73,834 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 73,834 |
| Investment Earnings | 49,941 | 0 | 0 | 253,275 | 303,216 |
| Special Assessments | 120,316 | 5,288 | 0 | 7,809 | 133,413 |
| Fines and Forfeitures | 30,189 | 2,242 | 0 | 0 | 32,431 |
| All Other Revenues | 24,544 | 32,169 | 0 | 0 | 56,713 |
| Total Revenues | 3,606,873 | 571,662 | 0 | 472,647 | 4,651,182 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current: | 1 540 404 | 2.627 | 0 | 0 | 1.544.101 |
| Security of Persons and Property | 1,540,484 | 3,637 | 0 | 0 | 1,544,121 |
| Leisure Time Activities | 26,358 | 173,023 | 0 | 0 | 199,381 |
| Community Environment | 0 | 181,898 | 0 | 0 | 181,898 |
| Basic Utility Services | 214,569 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 214,569 |
| Transportation | 515,691 | 402,371 | 0 | 0 | 918,062 |
| General Government | 1,059,887 | $0 \\ 0$ | 0 | 0 | 1,059,887 |
| Capital Outlay Debt Service: | 0 | U | 0 | 4,759,102 | 4,759,102 |
| | 56,280 | 34,767 | 85,000 | 0 | 176,047 |
| Principal Retirement | | | | | |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 12,197 | 1,793 | 45,430 | 159,217 | 218,637 |
| Total Expenditures | 3,425,466 | 797,489 | 130,430 | 4,918,319 | 9,271,704 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 181,407 | (225,827) | (130,430) | (4,445,672) | (4,620,522) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | , , , | , | | |
| Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets | 3,777 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,777 |
| Operating Transfers In | 89,294 | 142,847 | 130,430 | 154,732 | 517,303 |
| Operating Transfers Out | (428,009) | (11,989) | 130,430 | (77,305) | (517,303) |
| | (334,938) | 130,858 | 130,430 | 77,427 | 3,777 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (334,938) | 130,838 | 130,430 | 11,421 | 3,777 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) | | | | | |
| Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | (153,531) | (94,969) | 0 | (4,368,245) | (4,616,745) |
| | | | | | |
| Restated Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year | 441,231 | 122,675 | 0 | (591,252) | (27,346) |
| Decrease in Inventory Reserve | 0 | (4,555) | 0 | 0 | (4,555) |
| Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year | \$287,700 | \$23,151 | \$0 | (\$4,959,497) | (\$4,648,646) |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | General Fund | | | Special Revenue Funds | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|--|
| | | | Variance: | | | Variance: | |
| | Revised | | Favorable | Revised | | Favorable | |
| | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | · | |
| Taxes | \$3,146,053 | \$2,535,960 | (\$610,093) | \$36,599 | \$35,558 | (\$1,041) | |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | 697,745 | 775,354 | 77,609 | 864,100 | 409,383 | (454,717) | |
| Charges for Services | 25,400 | 39,646 | 14,246 | 74,900 | 78,367 | 3,467 | |
| Licenses and Permits | 49,000 | 63,058 | 14,058 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Investment Earnings | 70,000 | 50,086 | (19,914) | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Special Assessments | 120,000 | 120,316 | 316 | 1.500 | 5,288 | 5,288 | |
| Fines and Forfeitures All Other Revenues | 33,700 11,500 | 30,189 24,944 | (3,511) 13,444 | 1,500 31,500 | 2,242 32,169 | 742 669 | |
| Total Revenues | 4,153,398 | 3,639,553 | (513,845) | 1,008,599 | 563,007 | (445,592) | |
| | 4,133,376 | 3,039,333 | (313,643) | 1,000,399 | 303,007 | (443,392) | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Current: | 1 645 606 | 1 602 406 | 12.210 | 1.060 | 2 (27 | 100 | |
| Security of Persons and Property | 1,645,696 | 1,602,486 | 43,210 | 4,060 | 3,637 | 423 | |
| Leisure Time Activities Community Environment | 39,991 0 | 27,050 | 12,941 0 | 187,975 645,000 | 180,130 169,212 | 7,845 475,788 | |
| Basic Utility Services | 215,837 | 214,569 | 1,268 | 043,000 | 109,212 | 473,788 | |
| Transportation | 538,891 | 520,547 | 18,344 | 454,895 | 383,103 | 71,792 | |
| General Government | 1,138,064 | 1,077,523 | 60,541 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Capital Outlay | 0 | 0 | 0 | Ö | 0 | 0 | |
| Debt Service: | | | | | | | |
| Principal Retirement | 56,280 | 56,280 | 0 | 34,767 | 34,767 | 0 | |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 12,278 | 12,197 | 81 | 1,793 | 1,793 | 0 | |
| Total Expenditures | 3,647,037 | 3,510,652 | 136,385 | 1,328,490 | 772,642 | 555,848 | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of | | | | | | | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 506,361 | 128,901 | (377,460) | (319,891) | (209,635) | 110,256 | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets | 0 | 3,777 | 3,777 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Proceeds from General Obligation Notes | ő | 0,777 | 0,777 | ŏ | ő | ő | |
| Operating Transfers In | 89,294 | 89,294 | Ö | 282,879 | 142,847 | (140,032) | |
| Operating Transfers Out | (738, 287) | (428,009) | 310,278 | (11,989) | (11,989) | 0 | |
| Advances In | 100,000 | 50,000 | (50,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Other Financing Sources - Capital Leases | 91,000 | 0 | (91,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (457,993) | (284,938) | 173,055 | 270,890 | 130,858 | (140,032) | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | | | | |
| and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | 48,368 | (156,037) | (204,405) | (49,001) | (78,777) | (29,776) | |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 67,567 | 67,567 | 0 | 113,188 | 113,188 | 0 | |
| Prior Year Encumbrances | 116,277 | 116,277 | 0 | 184 | 184 | 0 | |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$232,212 | \$27,807 | (\$204,405) | \$64,371 | \$34,595 | (\$29,776) | |
| Tono Dalance at Liid of Teal | Ψ232,212 | Ψ21,001 | (Ψ201,103) | ΨΟ1,5/1 | Ψυ 1,υ 1 | (ΨΔ), (10) | |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO

${\it COMBINED\ STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES}$

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | | | | | | | | Totals | | |
|----|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| | Debt Service Fund | | | Capi | tal Projects I | Funds | (Memorandum Only) | | | |
|)_ | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) | |
| | \$0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | \$0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | \$0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | \$53,351 238,959 0 200,000 7,700 0 | \$88,897 179,930 0 0 253,275 7,809 0 | \$35,546 (59,029) 0 0 53,275 109 0 | \$3,236,003 1,800,804 100,300 49,000 270,000 127,700 35,200 43,000 | \$2,660,415 1,364,667 118,013 63,058 303,361 133,413 32,431 57,113 | (\$575,588) (436,137) 17,713 14,058 33,361 5,713 (2,769) 14,113 | |
| _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 500,010 | 529,911 | 29,901 | 5,662,007 | 4,732,471 | (929,536) | |
| | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 85,000 45,430 130,430 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 85,000 45,430 130,430 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 5,295,073 754,500 38,978 6,088,551 (5,588,541) | 0 0 0 0 0 5,244,416 754,500 35,639 6,034,555 | 0 0 0 0 0 50,657 0 3,339 53,996 | 1,649,756 227,966 645,000 215,837 993,786 1,138,064 5,295,073 930,547 98,479 11,194,508 | 1,606,123 207,180 169,212 214,569 903,650 1,077,523 5,244,416 930,547 95,059 10,448,279 | 43,633 20,786 475,788 1,268 90,136 60,541 50,657 0 3,420 746,229 | |
| - | 0 0 130,430 0 0 0 130,430 | 0 0 0 130,430 0 0 0 130,430 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 5,506,200 324,978 (77,305) 0 0 5,753,873 | 0 5,684,500 154,732 (77,305) 0 0 5,761,927 | 0 178,300 (170,246) 0 0 0 8,054 | 0 5,506,200 827,581 (827,581) 100,000 91,000 5,697,200 | 3,777 5,684,500 517,303 (517,303) 50,000 0 5,738,277 | 3,777 178,300 (310,278) 310,278 (50,000) (91,000) 41,077 | |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 165,332 89,468 | 257,283 89,468 | 91,951 0 | 164,699 270,223 | 22,469 270,223 | (142,230) 0 | |

31,944

\$378,695

0

\$91,951

148,405

\$583,327

148,405

\$441,097

0

(\$142,230)

0

\$0

0

\$0

0

\$0

31,944

\$286,744

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS/ACCUMULATED DEFICIT PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Proprietary Fund Type | Component Unit |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| | Enterprise Funds | Rossford Arena Amphitheater Authority |
| Operating Revenues: | | |
| Charges for Services | \$659,074 | \$53,900 |
| Other Operating Revenues | 8,648 | 0 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 667,722 | 53,900 |
| Operating Expenses: | | |
| Personal Services | 94,803 | 0 |
| Materials and Supplies | 27,546 | 1,229 |
| Contractual Services | 188,704 | 13,445 |
| Depreciation | 177,353 | 0 |
| Other Operating Expenses | 1,930 | 2,346 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 490,336 | 17,020 |
| Operating Income | 177,386 | 36,880 |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): | | |
| Investment Earnings | 0 | 235 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | (245,757) | 0 |
| Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | (245,757) | 235 |
| Net Income/(Loss) | (68,371) | 37,115 |
| Retained Earnings/ Accumulated Deficit at Beginning of Year | (1,362,552) | 205,748 |
| Retained Earnings/Accumulated Deficit at End of Year | (\$1,430,923) | \$242,863 |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Proprietary Fund Type | Component Unit |
|--|--------------------------|---|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | Enterprise Funds | Rossford Arena Amphitheater Authority |
| Cash Received from Customers | \$898,065 | \$102,856 |
| Cash Payments for Goods and Services | (209,691) | (17,020) |
| Cash Payments to Employees | (95,633) | (17,020) |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | 592,741 | 85,836 |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: | | |
| Advances Out to Other Funds | (50,000) | 0 |
| Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities | (50,000) | 0 |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: | | |
| Proceeds from the Sale of General Obligation Notes | 3,798,500 | 0 |
| Proceeds from Long-Term Loans | 0 | 1,744,813 |
| Principal Paid on General Obligation Notes | (3,198,500) | 0 |
| Principal Paid on Ohio Water Development Authority Loans | (74,889) | 0 |
| Payment of Interest and Fiscal Charges | (227,872) | (137,138) |
| Acquisition and Construction of Assets | (611,619) | (1,745,439) |
| Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities | (314,380) | (137,764) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | 0 | 22.5 |
| Receipts of Interest | (0.226) | 235 |
| Sale of Investments Not Cook Provided (Used) by Investing Activities | (9,226) | 235 |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities | (9,226) | |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 219,135 | (51,693) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year | 151,748 | 53,267 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year | \$370,883 | \$1,574 |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: | | |
| Operating Income | \$177,386 | \$36,880 |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to | | |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: | | |
| Depreciation Expense | 177,353 | 0 |
| Changes in Assets and Liabilities: | 0 | 40.056 |
| Decrease in Accounts Receivable | 0 | 48,956 |
| Decrease in Intergovernmental Receivable Increase in Accounts Payable | 230,343 7,352 | $0 \\ 0$ |
| Increase in Intergovernmental Payables | 1,214 | 0 |
| Decrease in Accrued Wages and Benefits | (907) | 0 |
| Total Adjustments | 415,355 | 48,956 |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | \$592,741 | \$85,836 |
| • 1 | | |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Rossford, Ohio (the "City") is a home-rule municipal corporation created under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for a Mayor/Administrator form of government, was adopted in 1970 and became effective in 1971.

The accompanying general purpose financial statements of the City present the financial position of the various fund types and account groups, the results of operations of the various fund types and the cash flows of the proprietary funds. The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2000 and for the year then ended and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying general purpose financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Based on the foregoing, the City's financial reporting includes all funds, account groups, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, which include the following services: police and fire protection, recreation, street maintenance and general administrative services. The City also operates a water distribution, wastewater collection system and a marina as enterprise funds. Water and wastewater treatment services are provided by the City of Toledo.

Related Organizations

Rossford Economic Growth Corporation - In June 1994, the Rossford Economic Growth Corporation, Inc. (the "REGC") was created in accordance with Chapter 1702 of the Ohio Revised Code. As a legally separate non-profit corporation, REGC's purpose is to promote economic growth and development in the City of Rossford. The Mayor of the City effectively appoints a majority of the members of the governing board, but the City's accountability for the REGC does not extend beyond making the appointments.

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Related Organizations (Continued)

Rossford Transportation Improvement District:

In May 1997, the Wood County Commissioners approved formation of the Rossford Transportation Improvement District (TID) as permitted under Chapter 5540 of the Ohio Revised Code. The TID is a component unit of Wood County and is governed by a board of trustees consisting of the following members: five members appointed by the board of county commissioners, one nonvoting member appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives of the general assembly and one nonvoting member appointed by the president of the senate of the general assembly. It is empowered to provide for the construction, improvement, alteration or repair of any road, highway, public place or other infrastructure within the limits of the City and to issue bonds. The debt service for the bonds is to be paid for by special assessments levied by the TID against the parcels of land and lots that are benefited by the project.

Rossford/Perrysburg Township Joint Economic Development Authority/Port Authority: In December 1998, the Rossford/Perrysburg Township Joint Economic Development Authority/Port Authority (JEDA/Port Authority) was created jointly with Perrysburg Township, pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Sections 4582.21 to 4582.59. The JEDA/Port Authority was created for the benefit of the people of the State of Ohio. Its jurisdiction includes all of the area of the City of Rossford and all of the unincorporated area of Perrysburg Township. The JEDA/Port Authority has five directors, two appointed by the City of Rossford, two appointed by Perrysburg Township and one jointly appointed by the City of Rossford and Perrysburg Township. The directors appointed by the City are appointed by the mayor subject to the approval of the Council, but the City's accountability for the JEDA/Port Authority does not extend beyond making the appointments.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of its significant accounting policies:

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures (expenses). The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

Governmental Funds - The funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed are the governmental funds. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the City's governmental fund types:

B. <u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u> (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the limitations of the City Charter.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund is used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary funds).

Proprietary Funds

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, whereby the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The proprietary funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus provides that all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the proprietary funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. The proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

Fiduciary Fund

<u>Agency Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for assets held by a government unit as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The City maintains one agency fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Account Groups

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for fixed assets of the City other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for all long-term debt and other long-term liabilities of the City except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses reported in the financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds and the agency fund. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the City is 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Revenues considered susceptible to accrual at year end include income taxes withheld by employers, interest on investments, and state levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees, and local government assistance). Other revenues, including licenses, permits, certain charges for services, income taxes other than those withheld by employers and miscellaneous revenues, are recorded as revenue when received in cash because generally these revenues are not measurable until received.

Special assessment installments which are measurable, but not available at December 31, are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 2000 but which are not intended to finance 2000 operations and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate, are recorded as deferred revenue as further described in Note 6, "Taxes."

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses when incurred.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting," the City follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds and FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

D. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year.

D. Budgetary Process (Continued)

All funds other than agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only governmental funds are required to be reported. The legal level of budgetary control is by fund at the major object level (personal services, materials and supplies, contractual services, capital outlay and transfers) by department. Budgetary control is maintained by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations at the major object level for each department within each fund without the approval of City Council. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. Budgetary modifications may only be made by ordinance of the City Council. During 2000, all appropriations were approved as required and all funds and departments completed the year within the legally authorized appropriations.

1. Tax Budget

By July 15, the Mayor submits an annual tax budget for the following fiscal year to City Council for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

2. Estimated Revenues

The County Budget Commission reviews estimated revenue and determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes. The Budget Commission then certifies its actions to the City by September 1 of each year. As part of the certification process, the City receives an official certificate of estimated resources stating the projected receipts by fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year do not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2000.

3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 through March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 through December 31. The appropriation ordinance establishes spending controls at the fund, department and object level, and may be modified during the year by Ordinance of the City Council. Total fund appropriations may not exceed the current estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the object level. During the year, appropriation adjustments were necessary to budget for water and sanitary sewer line construction, the construction of Wales Road and Fairfield Drive and the resurfacing of Lewis Street. The supplemental appropriations increased year end appropriations by 43.7% over the appropriation ordinance approved in December, 1999.

D. Budgetary Process (Continued)

3. Appropriations (Continued)

Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances--Budget and Actual--All Governmental Fund Types are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

4. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are encumbered and recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. However, on the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reported as reservations of fund balances for governmental funds in the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

5. <u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u>

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

D. Budgetary Process (Continued)

6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the governmental funds:

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources

| Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | General Fund | Special Revenue Funds | Debt Service Fund | Capital Projects Funds | |
| GAAP Basis (as reported) Increase (Decrease): | (\$153,531) | (\$94,969) | \$0 | (\$4,368,245) | |
| Accrued Revenues at December 31, 2000 received during 2001 | (438,357) | (23,594) | 0 | 0 | |
| Accrued Revenues at December 31, 1999 received during 2000 | 471,037 | 14,939 | 0 | 57,264 | |
| Accrued Expenditures at December 31, 2000 paid during 2001 | 288,568 | 68,715 | 0 | 512,522 | |
| Accrued Expenditures at December 31, 1999 | 266,306 | 06,713 | U | 312,322 | |
| paid during 2000 | (213,650) | (15,750) | 0 | (15,428) | |
| 2000 Prepaids for 2001 | (44,125) | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Fund Debt: | | | | | |
| Note Proceeds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,684,500 | |
| Note Retirement | 0 | 0 | 0 | (754,500) | |
| Outstanding Encumbrances | (65,979) | (28,118) | 0 | (858,830) | |
| Budget Basis | (\$156,037) | (\$78,777) | \$0 | \$257,283 | |

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less and the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio). The STAR Ohio is considered an investment for purposes of GASB Statement No. 3, but it is reported as a cash equivalent in the general purpose financial statements because it is a highly liquid instrument which is readily convertible to cash.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

The City pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds' shares of equity in pooled certificates of deposit are considered to be cash equivalents. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

F. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the City records all its investments at fair value except for nonparticipating investment contracts (certificates of deposit) which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statements. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. The City deposits interest earned on investments directly into the General Fund. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

The City has invested funds in the STAR Ohio during 2000. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2000.

G. Inventory

Inventory is stated at cost (first-in, first-out) in the governmental funds and at the lower of cost or market in the proprietary funds. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased.

H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to fixed assets is determined by the ultimate use:

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - General Governmental Purposes

Fixed assets acquired or constructed for general governmental purposes are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years) in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received.

Fixed assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems, have not been capitalized. Such assets normally are immovable and of value only to the City; therefore, the purpose of stewardship for capital expenditures can be satisfied without recording these assets.

H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - General Governmental Purposes (Continued)

General fixed asset values were initially determined at December 31, 1992 by American Appraisal Associates of Milwaukee, Wisconsin at estimated historical cost. For certain fixed assets (land, water and sewer infrastructure), the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

The City has elected not to record depreciation in the General Fixed Assets Account Group.

2. Property, Plant and Equipment - Proprietary Funds

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the proprietary funds are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction and architectural and engineering fees when applicable. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Description | Estimated Lives (Years) |
|--|-------------------------|
| Buildings | 25 - 45 |
| Infrastructure | 50 |
| Machinery, Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures | 5 - 15 |

I. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

| Obligation | Fund |
|--|---|
| Compensated Absences | General Fund Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund Recreation Fund |
| Capital Leases | General Fund Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund |
| General Obligation Bond | General Obligation Debt Service Fund |
| OWDA Loan | Sewer Fund |
| Long-Term Loan | Sewer Fund |
| Landfill Postclosure Care Liability | Landfill Closure Fund |

J. Compensated Absences

Employees of the City earn vacation leave at various rates within limits specified under collective bargaining agreements or under statute. Vacation earned in a calendar year must be used during the current year. Vacation time cannot carry over into the subsequent year. Therefore, no long-term liability for vacation time is accrued in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. At termination or retirement, employees are paid at their full rate for 100% of their unused vacation leave.

Sick leave is accrued by all employees at the rate of 1.25 work days per completed month of service for a total of fifteen days of accrued sick leave per year. Any sick leave accrued but not used in any year is accumulated in succeeding years with no maximum of such accumulation. Employees who retire with five or more years of service may convert 25% of their accrued sick leave into cash at the employee's rate of pay at the time of retirement. Employees who retire with ten or more years of service may convert 50% of their total accrued sick leave into cash at the employee's rate of pay at the time of retirement.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," the City records a liability for vacation time and sick leave when the obligation is attributable to services previously rendered or to rights that vest or accumulate, and when payment of the obligation is probable and can be reasonably determined. For governmental funds, the portion of unpaid compensated absences expected to be paid using expendable, available resources is reported as an expenditure in the fund from which the individual earning the leave is paid, and a corresponding liability is reflected as "Compensated Absences Payable." The remaining portion of the liability is reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

Compensated absences are expensed in the Sewer and Marina Enterprise Funds when earned, and the related liability is reported within the fund.

K. Pensions

The provision for pension costs is recorded when the related payroll is accrued and the obligation is incurred.

L. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds. Interfund transactions are generally classified as follows:

• Operating transfers are reported as "Other Financing Sources and Uses" in the governmental funds, as "Operating Transfers In" by the recipient fund, and "Operating Transfers Out" by the disbursing fund.

L. <u>Interfund Transactions</u> (Continued)

 Residual Equity Transfers are nonroutine or nonrecurring transfers between funds and are reported as additions to or deductions from the fund equity balance. There were no residual equity transfers during 2000.

Transactions that would be treated as revenues and expenditures if the transactions involved organizations external to the City are similarly treated when involving other funds of the City. The City also advances cash from one fund to another as necessary to meet current obligations.

M. Reservations of Fund Balance

Reserves indicate that a portion of fund balance is not available for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Fund balances are reserved for inventories of supplies, prepaid items, debt service and encumbered amounts not accrued at year end.

N. Contributed Capital

Proprietary fund type contributed capital is recorded at the fair market value of the related assets at the date received. Depreciation on contributed fixed assets resulting from grants, entitlements and shared revenues is recorded as an operating expense and closed along with other operating expenses directly to retained earnings.

O. Total Columns on Combined Financial Statements - Overview

Total columns on the "Combined Financial Statements - Overview" are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, nor is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 2 – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Organization (Rossford Arena Amphitheater Authority)

The Rossford Arena Amphitheater Authority, a component unit of the City of Rossford, Ohio, is a not-for-profit Ohio corporation incorporated in February 1999 to develop, finance, construct and operate an arena and amphitheater in Rossford, Ohio. The Authority was created under an ordinance passed by the City's Council to further the growth and development of the City and surrounding areas. The ordinance specified that the Trustees of the Authority are to be the City's Mayor, President of Council, City Administrator and the Director of Parks and Recreation. Construction of the facilities was started in May 1999. The Authority also has acquired land, contiguous to the Arena Amphitheater project property, intended to be sold for commercial development. Complete financial statements for RAAA may be obtained at the City of Rossford's administrative offices at 133 Osborn Street, Rossford, Ohio 43460.

A. Basis of Accounting

Following the governmental financial model, the Authority operates one enterprise fund within the proprietary fund type. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, in which the intent is that the costs and expenses (including depreciation) of providing services to the public, be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Accordingly, the Authority prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting using generally accepted accounting principles in all material respects. The Authority applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails.

B. Revenue Sources

The Authority has agreements with the City of Rossford and Perrysburg Township under which the City will contribute 25% of its Hotel/Motel tax revenues and all of its admission tax revenues. The Township will contribute 50% of its Hotel/Motel tax revenues. The agreements are subject to annual appropriations by the City and Township governing bodies. In 2000, Perrysburg Township discontinued the contributions pending the continuation of the project. In 2001, the City of Rossford also discontinued its contributions.

C. Going Concern

The Authority's financial statements are presented on the basis that the Authority is a going concern. Going concern contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business over a reasonable length of time. As more fully described in paragraphs F and H, the Authority's loan agreements require periodic interest payments with principal to be paid from the proceeds of an anticipated debt issue. Through June 25, 2001, management has been unable to obtain the financing on terms sufficiently favorable to help insure the financial success of the project. As a result, construction of the facilities was stopped in November 1999, the Authority has been unable to make its semiannual interest payment of \$200,000 on its loan payable to Perrysburg Township. In June 2001, the Township trustees passed a motion calling the loan and accrued interest of \$600,000. In March 2000, the Authority was unable to pay off its loan from the Rossford, Ohio Transportation Improvement District and its terms were extended indefinitely. In May 2000, the Authority was unable to commence monthly interest payments on the debt described in paragraph F.

Management is continuing efforts to obtain the additional financing to complete the project and pay off the loans. The project has been redefined to include only the amphitheater at this time. Alternatives, including the possible sale of the project, are also being considered. An agreement among the Authority's creditors has been proposed under which the creditors would be repaid from the proceeds of the property to be sold for commercial development.

D. Cash

At year end, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$1,574 and the bank balance was \$1,574. Federal depository insurance covered \$1,574 of the bank balance.

E. Fixed Assets

Summary by Category at December 31, 2000:

| | | Component Unit |
|-----------------------------------|----------|----------------|
| | | Rossford Arena |
| | | Amphitheater |
| | | Authority |
| Land | | \$5,162,462 |
| | Subtotal | 5,162,462 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | 0 |
| Net Proprietary Fund Fixed Assets | | 5,162,462 |
| Construction in Progress | | 13,090,908 |
| | Total | \$18,253,370 |

Included in fixed assets are capitalized interest charges of \$1,062,918, architectural fees of \$2,775,749 and facility manager fees of \$90,000.

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F. Loans Payable

Loans payable consist of amounts borrowed temporarily to purchase land and fund construction project costs. The loans were intended to be repaid from the proceeds of a \$48 million bond issue. At December 31, 2000, the loans payable comprised the following:

Rossford, Ohio Transportation Improvement District promissory note dated December 1999, originally due March 1, 2000 (extended by the holder), with interest at 6% per annum, secured by a second mortgage on approximately 19 acres of land.

\$250,000

FirstEnergy Corp. promissory note due July 1, 2004 or before based on the sale of property purchased in 2000 (see paragraph H) noninterest bearing, secured by a mortgage, dated in 2000, on approximately 73 acres of land.

550,000

Perrysburg, Ohio Township Ioan, payable through the Rossford/ Perrysburg Township Joint Economic Development Authority/ Port Authority, dated June 1999, originally due June 2001 or when proceeds of bond issue are received, with interest at 8% per annum, payable semiannually, starting in December 1999.

5,000,000

Northwest Ohio District Council of Carpenters Pension Fund promissory note (administered by the Leader Mortgage Company) dated March 1999, originally due February 2001, with interest at 7% per annum payable quarterly starting in July 1999, secured by a mortgage on approximately 60 acres of land and buildings and improvements thereon.

2,400,000

Brimacombe Family promissory note, dated September 1999. \$566,000 due when proceeds of bond issue are received and \$471,040 due July 2002, with interest at 7% per annum, payable quarterly starting in October 1999, secured by a mortgage on approximately 48 acres of land.

1,037,040

Carpenter Success promissory note, dated March 2000.

Principal payable upon demand, with interest at prime plus one percent, payable monthly, starting May 2000, secured by a mortgage on approximately 55 acres of land.

1,704,000

Advances from the REGC (\$5,000) and the City of Rossford (\$40,813), payable upon securing financing.

40,813

Total loans payable

\$10,981,853

F. Loans Payable (Continued)

In October 1999, the Authority agreed to grant a junior mortgage in favor of the prime contractor on the project. The \$4,000,000 mortgage is secured by approximately 90 acres of project property and improvements and structures thereon.

G. Risk Management

The Authority maintains commercial insurance coverage against most normal hazards. There have been no claims against that coverage.

The Authority has no employees at this point, so there is no health care workers compensation coverage.

H. Commercial Development Property

In March, 2000, the Authority purchased approximately 55 acres of land contiguous to the project property for \$1,704,636. The land is intended to be sold for commercial development. The purchase was financed with the proceeds of a loan from a Michigan entity, Carpenters Success, L.L.C. The loan is evidenced by a promissory note payable on demand with interest at the prime rate (determined by National City Bank of Cleveland, Ohio) plus 1%, scheduled to start May 1, 2000 and continuing monthly thereafter. Interest payments have not been made and Carpenters Success is a party to the proposed creditor agreement referred to in paragraph C. The loan is secured by a first mortgage on approximately 55 acres of land and a junior mortgage on approximately 19 acres of land.

NOTE 3 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The beginning fund balance of the Capital Projects Funds has been restated to correct an error in accounting for intergovernmental receivables. The accounting error has required a restatement of beginning fund balance at December 31, 1999 in the Capital Projects Funds as follows:

| | | Accounting | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | Fund Balance | Error | Fund Balance | | | |
| | as Reported | Adjustment | as Restated | | | |
| Fund Name | 12/31/99 | Decrease | 12/31/99 | | | |
| Capital Projects Funds | (\$569,466) | (\$21,786) | (\$591,252) | | | |

Accounting

In addition to the above noted change to fund balance the prior period adjustment had the following effect on prior year excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses:

| | Excess (Deficiency) | | Excess (Deficiency) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| of Revenues and | | | of Revenues and |
| | Other Financing Sources | Accounting | Other Financing Sources |
| Over (Under) Expendit | | Error | Over (Under) Expenditures |
| and Other Financing Uses Adjust | | Adjustment | and Other Financing Uses |
| Fund Name as Reported 12/31/99 | | Decrease | as Restated 12/31/99 |
| Capial Projects Funds | (\$88,600) | (\$21,786) | (\$110,386) |

NOTE 4 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Fund/Retained Earnings Deficits

The fund deficits at December 31, 2000 of \$5,544 in the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund and \$3,102 in the Recreation Fund (special revenue funds) were created by the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis which are greater than expenditures on a budgetary basis. The fund deficits of \$280,643 in the Landfill Closure Fund, \$74,686 in the Lewis Street Paving and Curbs Fund, \$556,678 in the Capital Improvement Fund, \$95,340 in the Arena Drainage Ditch Fund, \$235,140 in the Electrical Industrial Court Fund, \$1,207,814 in the TIF-Ramco, Gershenson Fund and \$2,613,290 in the TID-Road Acquisition Fund (capital projects funds) were created by the recognition of notes payable within the funds and expenditures on the modified accrual basis which are greater than expenditures on a budgetary basis. Deficits do not exist under the budgetary basis of accounting. The retained earnings deficits at December 31, 2000 of \$1,239,728 in the Water Fund and \$293,899 in the Sewer Fund (enterprise funds) were created by the recognition of notes payable and the recognition of expenses on the accrual basis which are greater than expenses on a cash basis. Deficits do not exist under the cash basis of accounting. The General Fund provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

B. Excess of Appropriations Over Estimated Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2000 appropriations exceeded estimated resources in the Downtown Streetscape Fund.

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash, cash equivalents and investments. Statutes require the classification of funds held by the City into three categories:

Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the City. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds not needed for immediate use but needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

• United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal
 government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national
 mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home
 loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan
 marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal
 government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Ohio Law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of any state, county, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of any other state, or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority. Based upon criteria described in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," collateral held in single financial institution collateral pools with securities being held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the pool's name are classified as Category 3.

The GASB has established risk categories for deposits and investments as follows:

Deposits:

| Category 1 | Insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent |
|------------|--|
| | in the City's name. |

- Category 2 Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.
- Category 3 Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments:

| Category 1 | Insured or registered, with securities held by the City or its agent in the |
|------------|---|
| | City's name. |

- Category 2 Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.
- Category 3 Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

A. Deposits

At year end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$576,974 and the bank balance was \$606,318. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) covered \$221,879 of the bank balance. All remaining deposits were classified as Category 3. In addition, the City had \$300 petty cash on hand.

Investment earnings of \$47,350 earned by other funds were credited to the General Fund as required by state statute.

B. Investments

The City's investments at December 31, 2000 are summarized below:

| | Carrying | Fair |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Non-Categorized Investments | Amount | Value |
| STAR Ohio | \$1,230,763 | \$1,230,763 |
| Total Investments | \$1,230,763 | \$1,230,763 |

C. Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. STAR Ohio and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less are treated as cash equivalents. The classification of cash and cash equivalents (deposits) for purposes of this note are based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 3.

| | Cash and Cash Equivalents * | Investments |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Per Combined Balance Sheet | \$1,708,037 | \$100,000 |
| Certificates of Deposit (With original maturities of more than 3 months) | 100,000 | (100,000) |
| Investments: | | |
| STAR Ohio | (1,230,763) | 1,230,763 |
| Per GASB Statement No. 3 | \$577,274 | \$1,230,763 |

NOTE 6 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real estate and public utility property, and tangible personal property used in business and located in the City. Real property taxes (other than public utility) collected during 2000 were levied after October 1, 1999 on assessed values as of January 1, 1999, the lien date. Assessed values were established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years and equalization adjustments made in the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluation was completed in 2000 and the last equalization adjustment was completed in 1996. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20; the remainder is payable by June 20.

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of that calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25 percent of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20 of the year assessed. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually: the first payment is due April 30; the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at 88% of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City of Rossford. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected.

The full property tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2000 was \$3.20 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed value upon which the 2000 tax receipts were based was \$124,047,777. This amount constitutes \$105,623,040 in real property assessed value, \$4,595,930 in public utility assessed value and \$13,828,807 in tangible personal property assessed value.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .32% (3.2 mills) of assessed value.

NOTE 6 – TAXES (Continued)

B. Income Tax

The City levies a tax of 2.25% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100% of the tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of the total amount assessed. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2000 consisted of taxes, interest, special assessments, accounts receivable and intergovernmental receivables.

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables for all funds for 2000:

| | Interfund Loan | Interfund Loan |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Fund | Receivable | Payable |
| General Fund | \$0 | \$50,000 |
| Enterprise Fund: | | |
| Water Fund | 50,000 | 0 |
| Totals | \$50,000 | \$50,000 |

NOTE 9 - FIXED ASSETS

A. General Fixed Assets

Summary by category of changes in general fixed assets:

| December 31, | | | | December 31, |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------|
| Category | 1999 | Additions | Deletions | 2000 |
| Land | \$324,152 | \$0 | \$0 | \$324,152 |
| Buildings | 2,972,650 | 151,438 | 0 | 3,124,088 |
| Improvements Other than Buildings | 133,060 | 15,910 | 0 | 148,970 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 2,587,817 | 115,826 | (64,016) | 2,639,627 |
| Totals | \$6,017,679 | \$283,174 | (\$64,016) | \$6,236,837 |

NOTE 9 - FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

A. General Fixed Assets (Continued)

Schedule of General Fixed Assets at December 31, 2000:

| General Fixed Assets | | Investment in General Fixed Assets | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|-------------|
| | | Acquired Prior to 1994 | \$4,672,085 |
| Land | \$324,152 | General Fund | 448,915 |
| Buildings | 3,124,088 | Special Revenue Funds | 289,535 |
| Improvements Other than Buildings | 148,970 | Capital Projects Funds | 814,802 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 2,639,627 | Donated | 11,500 |
| Total | \$6,236,837 | Total | \$6,236,837 |

B. Proprietary Fixed Assets

Summary by Category at December 31, 2000:

| | Historic | Accumulated | Book |
|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| Category | Cost | Depreciation | Value |
| Land | \$6,261 | \$0 | \$6,261 |
| Buildings | 297,324 | (107,959) | 189,365 |
| Infrastructure | 9,065,979 | (2,118,247) | 6,947,732 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 210,668 | (187,972) | 22,696 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | \$9,580,232 | (\$2,414,178) | \$7,166,054 |

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All of the City's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans.

A. Public Employees Retirement System (the "PERS of Ohio")

The following information was provided by the PERS of Ohio to assist the City in complying with GASB Statement No. 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employers."

All employees of the City, except full-time uniformed police officers and full-time firefighters, participate in the PERS of Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The PERS of Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority to establish and amend benefits. The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the PERS of Ohio. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 466-2085 or 1-800-222-7377.

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Public Employees Retirement System (the "PERS of Ohio") (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. The employee contribution rate is 8.5%. The Retirement Board instituted a temporary employer contribution rate rollback for calendar year 2000. The rate rollback was 20% for state and local government divisions. The 2000 employer contribution rate for local government employer units was 10.84%, of covered payroll, 6.54% to fund the pension and 4.3% to fund health care. The 1999 and 1998 employer contribution rates were 13.55%. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the Public Employees Retirement Board. The City's contributions to the PERS of Ohio for the years ending December 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998 were \$88,037, \$108,698 and \$104,769, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

The PERS of Ohio provides postemployment health care benefits to age and service retirants with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit and to primary survivor recipients of such retirants. Health care coverage for disability recipients is also available. The health care coverage provided by the PERS of Ohio is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to the PERS of Ohio is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to the PERS of Ohio. The portion of the 2000 employer contribution rate (identified above) that was used to fund health care for the year 2000 was 4.3% of covered payroll which amounted to \$34,922.

The significant actuarial assumptions and calculations relating to postemployment health care benefits were based on the PERS of Ohio's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 1999. An entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The investment assumption rate for 1999 was 7.75%. An annual increase of 4.75% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.75% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.54% to 5.1%. Health care costs were assumed to increase 4.75% annually.

Benefits are advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The number of active contributing participants was 401,339. The actuarial value of the PERS of Ohio net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 1999 is \$10,805.5 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$12,473.6 million and \$1,668.1 million, respectively.

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (the "OP&F Fund")

All City full-time police officers participate in the OP&F Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The OP&F Fund provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Contribution requirements and benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the OP&F Fund. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by calling (614) 228-2975.

Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5% for police officers. The City's contributions to the OP&F Fund for the years ending December 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998 were \$147,837, \$138,045 and \$131,337 which was equal to the required contributions for each year.

The OP&F Fund provides postemployment health care coverage to any person who received or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school on a full-time or two-thirds basis. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care costs paid from the funds of the OP&F Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The Ohio Revised Code also provides statutory authority allowing the Fund's Board of Trustees to provide postemployment health care coverage to all eligible individuals from the employer's contributions to the OP&F Fund.

The portion of the 2000 covered payroll that was used to fund postemployment health care benefits was \$54,965 representing 7.25% of covered payroll for police. Health care funding and accounting was on a pay-as-you-go basis. In addition, since July 1, 1992 most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. As of December 31, 1999, the date of the last actuarial evaluation available, the number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits was 12,467 for police and 9,807 for firefighters. The OP&F Fund does not provide separate data on the funded status and funding progress of postemployment health care benefits. The Fund's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 1999 were \$95,004,633, which was net of member contributions of \$5,518,098.

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City provides a liability for accumulated unpaid sick leave benefits when earned by employees. Accrued employee benefits for governmental funds not currently due and payable at year end are recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. The liability increased \$22,337 from the beginning of the year balance of \$195,807 to a year end balance of \$218,144.

At December 31, 2000, the total accumulated unpaid sick leave time recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group was as follows:

| | <u>Hours</u> | Amount |
|------------|--------------|-----------|
| Sick Leave | 11,917 | \$218,144 |
| Total | 11,917 | \$218,144 |

There was no liability for accumulated unpaid sick leave benefits attributable to the enterprise funds.

NOTE 12 - OPERATING TRANSFERS

Following is a summary of operating transfers in and out for all funds for 2000:

| Fund | Transfer In | Transfer Out |
|--|-------------|--------------|
| General Fund | \$89,294 | \$428,009 |
| Special Revenue Funds: | | |
| Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund | 108,535 | 0 |
| Recreation Fund | 34,312 | 0 |
| Downtown Streetscape Fund | 0 | 11,989 |
| Total Special Revenue Funds | 142,847 | 11,989 |
| Debt Service Fund: | | |
| General Obligation Debt Service Fund | 130,430 | 0 |
| Capital Projects Funds: | | |
| Landfill Closure Fund | 119,447 | 0 |
| Capital Improvement Fund | 34,754 | 77,305 |
| Electrical Industrial Court Fund | 531 | 0 |
| Total Capital Projects Funds | 154,732 | 77,305 |
| Total All Funds | \$517,303 | \$517,303 |

NOTE 13 - NOTES PAYABLE

The Ohio Revised Code provides that notes including renewal notes issued in anticipation of the issuance of general obligation bonds may be issued and outstanding from time to time up to a maximum period of 20 years from the date of issuance of the original notes. The maximum maturity for notes anticipating general obligation bonds payable from special assessments is five years. Any period in excess of five years must be deducted from the permitted maximum maturity of the bonds anticipated, and portions of the principal amount of notes outstanding for more than five years must be retired in amounts at least equal to, and payable no later than, those principal maturities required if the bonds had been issued at the expiration of the initial five year period. The following general obligation notes were payable at December 31, 2000:

NOTE 13 - NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

| | Issue Date | Balance January 1, 2000 | Issued (Retired) | Balance December 31, 2000 |
|--|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Capital Projects Notes Payable: | | | | |
| 4.75% Landfill Improvement | 10/21/99 | \$280,000 | (\$280,000) | \$0 |
| 4.75% Lewis Street Improvement | 10/21/99 | 78,000 | (78,000) | 0 |
| 4.75% Buck Road Improvement | 10/21/99 | 228,500 | (228,500) | 0 |
| 4.75% Rinker Point Improvement | 10/21/99 | 168,000 | (168,000) | 0 |
| 5.20% Landfill Improvement | 10/19/00 | 0 | 260,000 | 260,000 |
| 5.20% Lewis Street Improvement | 10/19/00 | 0 | 78,000 | 78,000 |
| 5.20% Buck Road Improvement | 10/19/00 | 0 | 228,500 | 228,500 |
| 5.20% Rinker Point Improvement | 10/19/00 | 0 | 168,000 | 168,000 |
| 5.20% Public Works Building | 10/19/00 | 0 | 150,000 | 150,000 |
| 5.20% Arena Drainage Ditch | 10/19/00 | 0 | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| 5.96% Electrical Industry Improvements | 08/01/00 | 0 | 250,000 | 250,000 |
| 5.20% Crossroads Improvements | 06/29/00 | 0 | 1,900,000 | 1,900,000 |
| 5.96% T.I.D. Road Acquisition | 08/01/00 | 0 | 2,550,000 | 2,550,000 |
| Total Capital Projects Notes Payable | | 754,500 | 4,930,000 | 5,684,500 |
| Enterprise Notes Payable: | | | | |
| 4.95% Wales Road Water | 10/21/99 | 153,000 | (153,000) | 0 |
| 4.40% Water System Improvement | 12/16/99 | 1,368,000 | (1,368,000) | 0 |
| 4.65% Bakery Water Improvement | 10/21/99 | 214,500 | (214,500) | 0 |
| 5.20% Wales Road Water | 10/19/00 | 0 | 153,000 | 153,000 |
| 5.20% Water System Improvement | 12/14/00 | 0 | 1,368,000 | 1,368,000 |
| 5.20% Bakery Water Improvement | 10/19/00 | 0 | 214,500 | 214,500 |
| 5.96% T.I.D. Water System | 08/01/00 | 0 | 300,000 | 300,000 |
| Total Water Fund Notes Payable | | 1,735,500 | 300,000 | 2,035,500 |
| 4.75% Wales Road Sewer | 10/21/99 | 177,000 | (177,000) | 0 |
| 4.75% Sewer Improvement | 12/16/99 | 830,000 | (830,000) | 0 |
| 4.75% Crossroads Sewer | 10/21/99 | 156,000 | (156,000) | 0 |
| 4.75% Sewer Phase III | 10/21/99 | 300,000 | (300,000) | 0 |
| 5.20% Wales Road Sewer | 10/19/00 | 0 | 177,000 | 177,000 |
| 5.20% Sewer Improvement | 12/14/00 | 0 | 830,000 | 830,000 |
| 5.20% Crossroads Sewer | 10/19/00 | 0 | 156,000 | 156,000 |
| 5.20% Sewer Phase III | 10/19/00 | 0 | 300,000 | 300,000 |
| 5.96% T.I.D. Sewer System | 08/01/00 | 0 | 300,000 | 300,000 |
| Total Sewer Fund Notes Payable | | 1,463,000 | 300,000 | 1,763,000 |
| Total Enterprise Notes Payable | | 3,198,500 | 600,000 | 3,798,500 |
| Total Notes Payab | le | \$3,953,000 | \$5,530,000 | \$9,483,000 |

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations of the City at December 31, 2000 were as follows:

| | Balance | | Balance |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | January 1, | Issued | December 31, |
| | 2000 | (Retired) | 2000 |
| ınds: | | | |
| Ohio Water Development Authority Loan | \$1,850,812 | (\$74,889) | \$1,775,923 |
| Ohio Public Works Commission Loan | 93,895 | 0 | 93,895 |
| Total Enterprise Long-Term Debt | \$1,944,707 | (\$74,889) | \$1,869,818 |
| g-Term Debt: | | | |
| ligation Bond: | | | |
| Community Center Construction | \$925,000 | (\$85,000) | \$840,000 |
| Term Obligations: | | | |
| stclosure Care Liability | 585,670 | (94,888) | 490,782 |
| ed Absences Payable | 195,807 | 22,337 | 218,144 |
| ses Payable | 270,042 | (91,047) | 178,995 |
| ner Long-Term Obligations | 1,051,519 | (163,598) | 887,921 |
| neral Long-Term Debt and | | | |
| Other Long-Term Obligations | \$1,976,519 | (\$248,598) | \$1,727,921 |
| | Ohio Public Works Commission Loan Total Enterprise Long-Term Debt g-Term Debt: ligation Bond: Community Center Construction Ferm Obligations: stclosure Care Liability dd Absences Payable ses Payable ner Long-Term Obligations neral Long-Term Debt and | January 1, 2000 Inds: Ohio Water Development Authority Loan \$1,850,812 Ohio Public Works Commission Loan 93,895 Total Enterprise Long-Term Debt \$1,944,707 Indicated Broad B | January 1, 2000 (Retired) 2000 (Reti |

During 1996 the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) approved a loan to the City to finance a portion of Phases I and IA of the Sanitary Sewer Improvements Project. The OWDA committed up to \$2,048,160 at a 4.12% interest rate for twenty years. As of December 31, 2000, the City had received \$2,025,175 against this commitment.

The final payment schedule will be determined when the total loan is disbursed or the project is completed, whichever is earlier. The preliminary semi-annual payment amount assuming full disbursement of the loan commitment is \$75,663, due July 1 and January 1. The City made two payments during 2000 totaling \$74,889 towards the principal and \$76,437 in interest expense.

A Principal and Interest Requirements

A summary of the City's future long-term debt funding requirements including principal and interest payments as of December 31, 2000 follows:

| | General Obligation Bond | | Capital Leas | es Payable |
|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| Years | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| 2001 | \$90,000 | \$41,605 | \$51,990 | \$9,173 |
| 2002 | 95,000 | 37,465 | 39,861 | 6,678 |
| 2003 | 95,000 | 33,000 | 42,286 | 4,253 |
| 2004 | 100,000 | 28,440 | 44,858 | 1,681 |
| 2005 | 105,000 | 23,540 | 0 | 0 |
| 2006-2010 | 355,000 | 37,470 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals | \$840,000 | \$201,520 | \$178,995 | \$21,785 |

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

A Principal and Interest Requirements (Continued)

| | OWDA Loan Payable | | OPWC Loa | n Payable |
|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Years | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| 2001 | \$73,901 | \$72,415 | \$4,694 | \$0 |
| 2002 | 76,977 | 69,339 | 4,694 | 0 |
| 2003 | 80,182 | 66,134 | 4,694 | 0 |
| 2004 | 83,519 | 62,797 | 4,694 | 0 |
| 2005 | 86,995 | 59,321 | 4,694 | 0 |
| 2006-2010 | 492,407 | 239,175 | 23,475 | 0 |
| 2011-2018 | 881,942 | 142,270 | 46,950 | 0 |
| Totals | \$1,775,923 | \$711,451 | \$93,895 | \$0 |

NOTE 15 - CAPITALIZED LEASES

The City leases computer equipment and police and street equipment under capital leases. The original cost of the equipment, amounting to \$480,849, is included in the General Fixed Assets Account Group and the related liability is reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2000:

| Year Ending December 31, | Capital Leases |
|---|----------------|
| 2001 | \$61,163 |
| 2002 | 46,539 |
| 2003 | 46,539 |
| 2004 | 46,539 |
| Minimum Lease Payments | 200,780 |
| Less amount representing | |
| interest at the City's incremental | |
| borrowing rate of interest | (21,785) |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$178,995 |

NOTE 16 - CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

During 2000, there were no changes to contributed capital reported by the City:

| | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Total |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Balance December 31, 2000 | \$1,672,268 | \$1,855,290 | \$3,527,558 |

NOTE 17 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Included in the services provided by the City financed primarily by user charges are water treatment and distribution, sewer collection and treatment and the marina. The key financial information for the year ended December 31, 2000 for these enterprise activities is as follows:

| | Water | Sewer | Marina | Total |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Operating Revenues | \$160,708 | \$409,524 | \$97,490 | \$667,722 |
| Depreciation | 57,394 | 116,499 | 3,460 | 177,353 |
| Operating Income | 83,532 | 56,588 | 37,266 | 177,386 |
| Net Income (Loss) | (7,488) | (98,149) | 37,266 | (68,371) |
| Property, Plant and Equipment: | | | | |
| Additions | 300,000 | 300,000 | 11,619 | 611,619 |
| Total Assets | 2,483,955 | 5,224,448 | 103,819 | 7,812,222 |
| Net Working Capital | (1,811,438) | (1,420,659) | 32,496 | (3,199,601) |
| Notes and Loans Payable | 2,035,500 | 3,632,818 | 0 | 5,668,318 |
| Total Equity | 432,540 | 1,561,391 | 102,704 | 2,096,635 |

NOTE 18 - INSURANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. In 1990, the City joined the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan (the "OGRMP"), a public entity risk plan formed under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code that operates as a common risk management and insurance program for 585 member political subdivisions. The City pays an annual premium to the OGRMP for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the OGRMP provides that the organization will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure all covered claims in excess of a member's deductible through commercial insurance and reinsurance companies.

Workers' Compensations claims are covered through the City's participation in the State of Ohio's program. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll plus administrative costs. The rate is determined based upon the accident history of the Ohio Rural Water Association, of which the City is a member.

The City also purchases insurance coverage to provide employee health benefits and pays unemployment claims to the State of Ohio as incurred. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from the above noted risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages during the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 19 - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The City has agreed to lease various medical equipment, and computer hardware and software from The Fifth Third Bank of Northwestern Ohio, N.A. and to sublease the equipment to Riverside Hospital. The City has no obligation for the debt beyond the resources provided by the sublease with Riverside Hospital. The lease obligations are not obligations, debt or bonded indebtedness of the City and are therefore not reported on the City's balance sheet. At December 31, 2000, lease obligations outstanding had been paid off in their entirety.

NOTE 20 - SOLID WASTE LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The City owns a former landfill site known as the Wales Road Landfill. The facility's operation predates most modern regulatory and recordkeeping requirements. The exact date for commencement of waste placement activities is unknown, but in the mid 1960's waste placement activities were modified to follow the layered approach to sanitary landfill operations. The landfill reached its capacity and ceased accepting waste at the 19.71 acre facility in 1990. The Ohio Environmental Protection Agency acting in accordance with applicable state and federal laws required the City to complete final closure of the site during 1994. The approximate total cost of closure was \$482,456. State and federal laws require that the City monitor and maintain the site for thirty years after closure. The City estimates that the total postclosure liability associated with monitoring and maintaining the landfill site for the next twenty-four years is \$490,782. The estimated costs of postclosure care are subject to changes corresponding to the effects of inflation, revision of laws and other variables. A portion of postclosure care costs are to be paid from an annual county grant specifically designated for said purpose. The balance of any postclosure care costs not covered by the county grant will be paid from the general tax revenues of the City.

NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects. The City's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of various claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 22 - SIGNIFICANT TAXPAYER

Libbey-Owens-Ford Company provided approximately \$390,550 of the City's income tax withholdings, \$26,000 of the City's personal property taxes and \$8,000 of the City's real property taxes in 2000.

Combining and Individual Fund and Account Group $S_{TATEMENTS\ AND}\ S_{CHEDULES}$

The following combining statements and schedules include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds, Enterprise Funds, Fiduciary Fund and the General Fixed Assets Account Group.



The General Fund is used to account for government resources not accounted for in any other fund. The General Fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the Charter and/or the general laws of Ohio.

| Davanuaci | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Revenues Charges for Services Licenses and Permits Investment Earnings Special Assessments Fines and Forfeitures All Other Revenues | \$3,146,053 697,745 25,400 49,000 70,000 120,000 33,700 11,500 | \$2,535,960 775,354 39,646 63,058 50,086 120,316 30,189 24,944 | (\$610,093) 77,609 14,246 14,058 (19,914) 316 (3,511) 13,444 |
| Total Revenues | 4,153,398 | 3,639,553 | (513,845) |
| Expenditures: Security of Persons and Property: Police: | | | |
| Personal Services Contractual Services Materials and Supplies Other Operating Expenses Capital Outlay Total Police | 1,103,747 75,321 40,647 1,500 49,242 1,270,457 | 1,085,671 66,584 38,661 0 46,769 1,237,685 | 18,076 8,737 1,986 1,500 2,473 32,772 |
| Fire: Personal Services Contractual Services Materials and Supplies Capital Outlay Total Fire | 161,956 71,345 13,938 5,000 252,239 | 161,578 64,295 12,420 4,058 242,351 | 378 7,050 1,518 942 9,888 |
| Civil Defense: Contractual Services Total Civil Defense | 3,000 | 2,450 2,450 | <u>550</u> 550 |
| Street Lighting: Contractual Services Total Street Lighting | 120,000 120,000 | 120,000 120,000 | 0 |
| Total Security of Persons and Property | 1,645,696 | 1,602,486 | 43,210 (Continued) |

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Leisure Time Activities: Parks: | | | |
| Personal Services Contractual Services Materials and Supplies Capital Outlay | 16,617 14,133 4,241 5,000 | 10,397 11,038 841 4,774 | 6,220 3,095 3,400 226 |
| Total Parks | 39,991 | 27,050 | 12,941 |
| Total Leisure Time Activities | 39,991 | 27,050 | 12,941 |
| Basic Utility Services: Refuse Pick-up/Curbside Recycling: Contractual Services | 215,837 | 214,569 | 1,268 |
| Total Basic Utility Services | 215,837 | 214,569 | 1,268 |
| Transportation: Public Works: | 264.054 | 255 425 | 0.420 |
| Personal Services Contractual Services Materials and Supplies Capital Outlay | 364,854 86,038 11,738 76,261 | 355,425 80,866 11,442 72,814 | 9,429 5,172 296 3,447 |
| Total Public Works | 538,891 | 520,547 | 18,344 |
| Total Transportation | 538,891 | 520,547 | 18,344 |
| General Government: City Council: | 20.105 | 25 002 | 1.000 |
| Personal Services Contractual Services | 29,105 345 | 27,803 0 | 1,302 345 |
| Total City Council | 29,450 | 27,803 | 1,647 |
| Mayor: Personal Services Contractual Services | 51,335 | 48,339 651 | 2,996 349 |
| Capital Outlay | 1,000 150 | 0.51 | 150 |
| Total Mayor | 52,485 | 48,990 | 3,495 |
| Administrator: Personal Services Contractual Services Capital Outlay | 120,937 2,234 766 | 110,942 2,234 29 | 9,995 0 737 |
| Total Administrator | 123,937 | 113,205 | 10,732 (Continued) |
| | | | (Continued) |

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|---|
| General Government: | | | |
| Personal Services | 13,431 | 10,363 | 3,068 |
| Contractual Services | 359,988 | 343,609 | 16,379 |
| Materials and Supplies | 13,950 | 13,943 | 7 |
| Other Expenses | 7,000 | 5,830 | 1,170 |
| Capital Outlay | 2,000 | 0 | 2,000 |
| Total General Government | 396,369 | 373,745 | 22,624 |
| Building and Occupancy: | | | |
| Personal Services | 8,528 | 8,119 | 409 |
| Contractual Services | 241,500 | 230,843 | 10,657 |
| Materials and Supplies | 14,497 | 12,164 | 2,333 |
| Total Building and Occupancy | 264,525 | 251,126 | 13,399 |
| Finance/Tax: | | | |
| Personal Services | 83,838 | 80,044 | 3,794 |
| Contractual Services | 1,526 | 197 | 1,329 |
| Materials and Supplies | 7,228 | 7,127 | 101 |
| Other Expenses | 9,674 | 8,588 | 1,086 |
| Capital Outlay | 5,950 | 4,125 | 1,825 |
| Total Finance/Tax | 108,216 | 100,081 | 8,135 |
| Treasurer: | | | |
| Personal Services | 1,195 | 1,121 | 74_ |
| Total Treasurer | 1,195 | 1,121 | 74 |
| Law: | | | |
| Contractual Services | 161,887 | 161,452 | 435 |
| Total Law | 161,887 | 161,452 | 435 |
| Total General Government | 1,138,064 | 1,077,523 | 60,541 |
| Debt Service: | | | |
| Principal Retirement | 56,280 | 56,280 | 0 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 12,278 | 12,197 | 81 |
| Total Debt Service | 68,558 | 68,477 | 81 |
| Total Expenditures | 3,647,037 | 3,510,652 | 136,385 |
| | | | (Continued) |

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|--|---|--|---|
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 506,361 | 128,901 | (377,460) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds From the Sale of Fixed Assets Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out Advance In Other Financing Sources - Capital Leases | 0 89,294 (738,287) 100,000 91,000 | 3,777 89,294 (428,009) 50,000 | 3,777 0 310,278 (50,000) (91,000) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (457,993) | (284,938) | 173,055 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | 48,368 | (156,037) | (204,405) |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Fund Balance at End of Year | 67,567 116,277 \$232,212 | 67,567 116,277 \$27,807 | 0 0 (\$204,405) |

Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

State Highway Fund

To account for revenues distributed by the State from the motor vehicle taxes, permissive fees and gasoline taxes. Expenditures may only be used for street and state highway improvements and maintenance.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund

To account for revenues distributed by the State from the motor vehicle and gasoline taxes. Expenditures may only be used for street construction, maintenance and repair.

Drug Fine Fund

To account for funds received by the police department for mandatory fines for drug related offenses.

Enforcement and Education Fund

To account for financial resources used to educate and treat persons with alcohol related problems and to enhance law enforcement activities as a deterrent to the operation of motor vehicles while under the influence of alcohol.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

To account for funds received by the police department for contraband per state statute.

Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) Fast Grant Fund

To account for federal grant monies designated for the cost of additional police officers.

Recreation Fund

To account for the revenues from taxes, concession operations and fees. Expenditures may only be used for recreation purposes.

(Continued)

Free Community Entertainment Fund

To account for donations intended to provide special summer programs such as fireworks and music in the park.

Block Grant Fund

To account for Federal grants administered through the State designated for community and environmental improvements.

Downtown Streetscape Fund

To account for the revenues from Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 (ISTEA) grants and assessments. Expenditures are to be used for Downtown Streetscape projects. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at year end.)

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | State Highway | Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair | Drug Fine | Enforcement and Education |
|--|------------------|--|--------------|---------------------------|
| Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (net of allowances | \$7,624 | \$20,172 | \$4,223 | \$4,923 |
| for doubtful accounts): | | | | |
| Taxes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Intergovernmental Receivables | 1,100 | 13,562 | 0 | 0 |
| Inventory of Supplies at Cost | 0 | 5,559 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Assets | \$8,724 | \$39,293 | \$4,223 | \$4,923 |
| <u>Liabilities and Fund Equity:</u> Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$0 | \$39,060 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 0 | 5,777 | 0 | 0 |
| Deferred Revenue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Liabilities | 0 | 44,837 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Equity: | | | | |
| Reserved for Encumbrances | 29 | 6,756 | 0 | 0 |
| Reserved for Supplies Inventory | 0 | 5,559 | 0 | 0 |
| Unreserved | 8,695 | (17,859) | 4,223 | 4,923 |
| Total Fund Equity | 8,724 | (5,544) | 4,223 | 4,923 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Equity | \$8,724 | \$39,293 | \$4,223 | \$4,923 |

(Continued)

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2000

| Law Enforcement Trust | COPS Fast Grant | Recreation | Free Community Entertainment | Block Grant | Totals |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| \$4,998 | \$7 | \$4,568 | \$1,257 | \$14,941 | \$62,713 |
| 0 | 0 | 41,222 | 0 | 0 | 41,222 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8,932 | 23,594 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,559 |
| \$4,998 | \$7 | \$45,790 | \$1,257 | \$23,873 | \$133,088 |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$3,938 | \$0 | \$16,208 | \$59,206 |
| 0 | 0 | 3,732 | 0 | 0 | 9,509 |
| 0 | 0 | 41,222 | 0 | 0 | 41,222 |
| 0 0 4,998 | 0 0 7 | 1,783 0 (4,885) | 0 0 0 1,257 | 16,208 0 0 7,665 | 8,568 5,559 9,024 |
| 4,998 | <u>7</u> | (3,102) | 1,257 | 7,665 | 23,151 |
| \$4,998 | <u>\$7</u> | \$45,790 | \$1,257 | \$23,873 | \$133,088 |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | State Highway | Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair | Drug Fine | Enforcement and Education |
|--|------------------|---|--------------|---------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Taxes | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | 17,326 | 213,675 | 0 | 0 |
| Charges for Service Special Assessments | $0 \\ 0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fines and Forfeitures | 0 | 0 | 1,444 | 798 |
| All Other Revenues | 0 | 1,554 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Revenues | 17,326 | 215,229 | 1,444 | 798 |
| Expenditures: Current: | | | | |
| Security of Persons and Property | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,637 |
| Leisure Time Activities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Community Environment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transportation Debt Service: | 67,334 | 335,037 | 0 | 0 |
| Principal Retirement | 0 | 34,767 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 0 | 1,793 | 0 | 0_ |
| Total Expenditures | 67,334 | 371,597 | 0 | 3,637 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (50,008) | (156,368) | 1,444 | (2,839) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out | 0 | 108,535 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 0 | 108,535 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | 0 | 100,333 | 0 | 0 |
| and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | (50,008) | (47,833) | 1,444 | (2,839) |
| Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year | 58,732 | 46,844 | 2,779 | 7,762 |
| Decrease in Inventory Reserve | 0 | (4,555) | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year | \$8,724 | (\$5,544) | \$4,223 | \$4,923 |

(Continued)

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| Law | GODG | | Free | D 1 1 | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Enforcement Trust | COPS Fast Grant | Recreation | Community Entertainment | Block Grant | Downtown Streetscape | Totals |
| Trust | Fast Grant | Recreation | Entertainment | Grant | Streetscape | Totals |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$35,558 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$35,558 |
| 0 | 0 | 3,972 | 0 | 183,065 | 0 | 418,038 |
| 0 | 0 | 78,367 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78,367 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,288 | 5,288 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,242 |
| 2,181 | 0 | 24,303 | 4,131 | 0 | 0 | 32,169 |
| 2,181 | 0 | 142,200 | 4,131 | 183,065 | 5,288 | 571,662 |
| | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,637 |
| 0 | 0 | 170,149 | 2,874 | 0 | 0 | 173,023 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 181,898 | 0 | 181,898 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 402,371 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24767 |
| $0 \\ 0$ | 0 | $0 \\ 0$ | $0 \\ 0$ | 0 | $0 \\ 0$ | 34,767 1,793 |
| | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 170,149 | 2,874 | 181,898 | 0 | 797,489 |
| 2,181 | 0 | (27,949) | 1,257 | 1,167 | 5,288 | (225,827) |
| 0 | 0 | 34,312 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 142,847 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (11,989) | (11,989) |
| 0 | 0 | 34,312 | 0 | 0 | (11,989) | 130,858 |
| | | | | | | |
| 2,181 | 0 | 6,363 | 1,257 | 1,167 | (6,701) | (94,969) |
| 2,817 | 7 | (9,465) | 0 | 6,498 | 6,701 | 122,675 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (4,555) |
| \$4,998 | \$7 | (\$3,102) | \$1,257 | \$7,665 | \$0 | \$23,151 |
| | | | | | | |

STATE HIGHWAY FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|--|-------------------|----------|---|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | \$19,500 | \$17,346 | (2,154) |
| Total Revenues | 19,500 | 17,346 | (2,154) |
| Expenditures: Transportation: | | | |
| Materials and Supplies | 71,782 | 67,407 | 4,375 |
| Total Expenditures | 71,782 | 67,407 | 4,375 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (52,282) | (50,061) | 2,221 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 57,656 | 57,656 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$5,374 | \$7,595 | \$2,221 |

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

| | Revised | | Variance: Favorable |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| <u>-</u> | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Revenues: | #106.000 | #212.022 | ¢17.022 |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | \$196,000 | \$213,932 | \$17,932 |
| All Other Revenues | 0 | 1,554 | 1,554 |
| Total Revenues | 196,000 | 215,486 | 19,486 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Transportation: | | | |
| Personal Services | 124,375 | 97,810 | 26,565 |
| Contractual Services | 67,596 | 51,839 | 15,757 |
| Materials and Supplies | 98,258 | 77,364 | 20,894 |
| Capital Outlay | 92,884 | 88,683 | 4,201 |
| Total Transportation | 383,113 | 315,696 | 67,417 |
| Debt Service: | | | |
| Principal | 34,767 | 34,767 | 0 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 1,793 | 1,793 | 0 |
| Total Debt Service | 36,560 | 36,560 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 419,673 | 352,256 | 67,417 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (223,673) | (136,770) | 86,903 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Operating Transfers In | 223,925 | 108,535 | (115,390) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 223,925 | 108,535 | (115,390) |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) | | | |
| Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | 252 | (28,235) | (28,487) |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 28,135 | 28,135 | 0 |
| Prior Year Encumbrances | 100 | 100 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$28,487 | \$0 | (\$28,487) |
| = | | | |

DRUG FINE FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|---|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Fines and Forfeitures | \$0 | \$1,444 | \$1,444 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 1,444 | 1,444 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of | | | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 0 | 1,444 | 1,444 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 2,779 | 2,779 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$2,779 | \$4,223 | \$1,444 |

ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND

| | | | Variance: |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------------|
| | Revised | | Favorable |
| | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Fines and Forfeitures | \$1,500 | \$798 | (\$702) |
| Total Revenues | 1,500 | 798 | (702) |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Security of Persons and Property: | | | |
| Materials and Supplies | 4,060 | 3,637 | 423 |
| Total Expenditures | 4,060 | 3,637 | 423 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of | | | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (2,560) | (2,839) | (279) |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 7,762 | 7,762 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$5,202 | \$4,923 | (\$279) |
| | | | |

LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|---|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$500 | \$0 | (\$500) |
| All Other Revenues | 1,500 | 2,181 | 681 |
| Total Revenues | 2,000 | 2,181 | 181 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of | | | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 2,000 | 2,181 | 181 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 2,817 | 2,817 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$4,817 | \$4,998 | \$181 |

COPS FAST GRANT FUND

| | Revised | | Variance: Favorable |
|------------------------------------|---------|--------|------------------------|
| | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of | | | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 7 | 7 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$7 | \$7 | \$0 |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

RECREATION FUND

| | Revised | | Variance: Favorable |
|--|----------|----------|------------------------|
| _ | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Revenues: | | _ | |
| Taxes | \$36,599 | \$35,558 | (\$1,041) |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | 3,600 | 3,972 | 372 |
| Charges for Services | 74,400 | 78,367 | 3,967 |
| All Other Revenues | 27,000 | 24,303 | (2,697) |
| Total Revenues | 141,599 | 142,200 | 601 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Leisure Time Activities: | | | |
| Personal Services | 115,667 | 113,827 | 1,840 |
| Contractual Services | 37,718 | 35,332 | 2,386 |
| Materials and Supplies | 29,083 | 25,668 | 3,415 |
| Other Expenditures | 1,009 | 1,009 | 0 |
| Capital Outlay | 1,498 | 1,420 | 78 |
| Total Expenditures | 184,975 | 177,256 | 7,719 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of | | | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (43,376) | (35,056) | 8,320 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Operating Transfers In | 58,954 | 34,312 | (24,642) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 58,954 | 34,312 | (24,642) |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) | | | |
| Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | 15,578 | (744) | (16,322) |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 833 | 833 | 0 |
| Prior Year Encumbrances | 84 | 84 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$16,495 | \$173 | (\$16,322) |
| - | | | |

FREE COMMUNITY ENTERTAINMENT FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|--|-------------------|---------|---|
| Revenues: All Other Revenues | \$3.000 | \$4.131 | \$1,131 |
| | 1 - 7 | 1 7 - | |
| Total Revenues | 3,000 | 4,131 | 1,131 |
| Expenditures: Leisure Time Activities: | | | |
| Contractual Services | 3,000 | 2,874 | 126 |
| Total Expenditures | 3,000 | 2,874 | 126 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 0 | 1,257 | 1,257 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$0 | \$1,257 | \$1,257 |

BLOCK GRANT FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|--|-------------------|-----------|---|
| Revenues: Intergovernmental Revenues | \$645,000 | \$174,133 | (\$470,867) |
| Total Revenues | 645,000 | 174,133 | (470,867) |
| Expenditures: Community Environment: Capital Outlay | 645,000 | 169,212 | 475,788 |
| Total Expenditures | 645,000 | 169,212 | 475,788 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 0 | 4,921 | 4,921 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 6,498 | 6,498 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$6,498 | \$11,419 | \$4,921 |

DOWNTOWN STREETSCAPE FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|--|-------------------|------------------|---|
| Revenues: | Φ0. | Φ π. 2 00 | \$5.200 |
| Special Assessments | <u>\$0</u> | \$5,288 | \$5,288 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 5,288 | 5,288 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 0 | 5,288 | 5,288 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers Out | (11,989) | (11,989) | 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (11,989) | (11,989) | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) | | | |
| Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | (11,989) | (6,701) | 5,288 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 6,701 | 6,701 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | (\$5,288) | \$0 | \$5,288 |
| | | | |

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Landfill Closure Fund

To account for financial resources used to cover and monitor the City owned landfill, which ceased operations in 1990.

Lewis Street Paving and Curbs Fund

To account for financial resources used to add curbs and resurface Lewis Street, as petitioned by the property owners. The cost of the improvements, less 2% and the cost of the intersection shall be assessed based on front footage to the property owners over 10 years.

Capital Improvement Fund

To account for financial resources used for the major capital projects undertaken by the City.

Fire Capital Improvement Fund

To account for financial resources received from a voter approved tax levy that are used to provide fire apparatus, buildings or sites.

Permanent Recreation Improvement Fund

To account for financial resources received from a voter approved tax levy that are used to provide for the acquisition of land and/or construction of specific permanent improvements to parks and playgrounds for recreational purposes.

Arena Drainage Ditch Fund

To account for financial resources received to improve storm water drainage by constructing drainage swales and extending the arena drainage ditch.

Electrical Industrial Court Fund

To account for financial resources received from assessments against property owners to construct a public roadway.

TIF Ramco Gershenson Fund

To account for financial resources received from Ramco Gershenson Inc. that were used to construct a public road and to make storm drainage improvements to US Route 20, Parkway Boulevard and Deimling Road.

TID Road Acquisition Fund

To account for financial resources received from assessments against property owners used to lease-purchase the Transportation Improvement District's new road project.

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Landfill | Lewis Street Paving | Capital | Fire Capital |
|--|-----------|------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| | Closure | and Curbs | Improvement | Improvement |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$0 | \$4,125 | \$3 | \$53,665 |
| Investments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26,296 |
| Receivables (net of allowances for doubtful accounts): | | | | |
| Taxes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 61,835 |
| Special Assessments | 0 | 7,665 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Assets | \$0 | \$11,790 | \$3 | \$141,796 |
| Liabilities and Fund Equity: | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$17,939 | \$0 | \$4,497 | \$11,750 |
| Accrued Interest Payable | 2,704 | 811 | 5,684 | 0 |
| Deferred Revenue | 0 | 7,665 | 0 | 61,835 |
| General Obligation Notes Payable | 260,000 | 78,000 | 546,500 | 0 |
| Total Liabilities | 280,643 | 86,476 | 556,681 | 73,585 |
| Fund Equity: | | | | |
| Reserved for Encumbrances | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Unreserved | (280,643) | (74,686) | (556,678) | 68,208 |
| Total Fund Equity | (280,643) | (74,686) | (556,678) | 68,211 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Equity | \$0 | \$11,790 | \$3 | \$141,796 |

(Continued)

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2000

| Permanent Recreation Improvement | Arena Drainage Ditch | Electrical Industrial Court | TIF Ramco Gershenson | TID Road Acquisition | Totals |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| \$35,883 | \$5,700 | \$21,065 | \$1,090,788 | \$0 | \$1,211,229 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26,296 |
| 41,222 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 103,057 |
| 0 | 0 | 241,675 | 0 | 2,550,016 | 2,799,356 |
| \$77,105 | \$5,700 | \$262,740 | \$1,090,788 | \$2,550,016 | \$4,139,938 |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$347,984 | \$0 | \$382,170 |
| 0 | 1,040 | 6,205 | 50,618 | 63,290 | 130,352 |
| 41,222 | 0 | 241,675 | 0 | 2,550,016 | 2,902,413 |
| 0 | 100,000 | 250,000 | 1,900,000 | 2,550,000 | 5,684,500 |
| 41,222 | 101,040 | 497,880 | 2,298,602 | 5,163,306 | 9,099,435 |
| 250 | 0 | 21,064 | 489,529 | 0 | 510,846 |
| 35,633 | (95,340) | (256,204) | (1,697,343) | (2,613,290) | (5,470,343) |
| 35,883 | (95,340) | (235,140) | (1,207,814) | (2,613,290) | (4,959,497) |
| \$77,105 | \$5,700 | \$262,740 | \$1,090,788 | \$2,550,016 | \$4,139,938 |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Landfill | Lewis Street | Comital | Fire |
|---|-------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | Closure | Paving and Curbs | Capital Improvement | Capital Improvement |
| Revenues: | Closure | and Curbs | mprovement | mprovement |
| Taxes | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$53,338 |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | 0 | 0 | 112,736 | 5,958 |
| Investment Earnings | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Special Assessments | 0 | 7,809 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 7,809 | 112,736 | 59,296 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 104,173 | 0 | 263,217 | 66,000 |
| Debt Service: | | | | |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 13,416 | 3,795 | 20,853 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 117,589 | 3,795 | 284,070 | 66,000 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of | | | | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (117,589) | 4,014 | (171,334) | (6,704) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | |
| Operating Transfers In | 119,447 | 0 | 34,754 | 0 |
| Operating Transfers Out | 0 | 0 | (77,305) | 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 119,447 | 0 | (42,551) | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) | | | | |
| Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | 1,858 | 4,014 | (213,885) | (6,704) |
| Restated Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of | (282,501) | (78,700) | (342,793) | 74,915 |
| Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year | (\$280,643) | (\$74,686) | (\$556,678) | \$68,211 |

(Continued)

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| Permanent Recreation Improvement | Arena Drainage Ditch | Electrical Industrial Court | TIF Ramco Gershenson | TID Road Acquisition | Totals |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| \$35,559 3,972 | \$0 0 | \$0 0 | \$0 0 | \$0 0 | \$88,897 122,666 |
| $0 \\ 0$ | $0 \\ 0$ | $0 \\ 0$ | 253,275 0 | $0 \\ 0$ | 253,275 7,809 |
| 39,531 | 0 | 0 | 253,275 | 0 | 472,647 |
| 41,475 | 94,300 | 229,466 | 1,410,471 | 2,550,000 | 4,759,102 |
| 0 | 1,040 | 6,205 | 50,618 | 63,290 | 159,217 |
| 41,475 | 95,340 | 235,671 | 1,461,089 | 2,613,290 | 4,918,319 |
| (1,944) | (95,340) | (235,671) | (1,207,814) | (2,613,290) | (4,445,672) |
| 0 | 0 | 531 | 0 | 0 | 154,732 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (77,305) |
| 0 | 0 | 531 | 0 | 0 | 77,427 |
| | | | | | |
| (1,944) | (95,340) | (235,140) | (1,207,814) | (2,613,290) | (4,368,245) |
| 37,827 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (591,252) |
| \$35,883 | (\$95,340) | (\$235,140) | (\$1,207,814) | (\$2,613,290) | (\$4,959,497) |

LANDFILL CLOSURE FUND

| | Revised | | Variance: Favorable |
|---|-----------|-----------|------------------------|
| | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Total Revenues | \$0 | \$0 | \$0_ |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 94,888 | 94,888 | 0 |
| Debt Service: | | | |
| Principal Retirement | 280,000 | 280,000 | 0 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 13,226 | 13,226 | 0 |
| Total Debt Service | 293,226 | 293,226 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 388,114 | 388,114 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of | | | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (388,114) | (388,114) | 0 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Proceeds from General Obligation Notes | 260,000 | 260,000 | 0 |
| Operating Transfers In | 119,447 | 119,447 | 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 379,447 | 379,447 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) | | | |
| Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | (8,667) | (8,667) | 0 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 13 | 13 | 0 |
| Prior Year Encumbrances | 8,654 | 8,654 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| | | | |

LEWIS STREET PAVING AND CURBS FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|--|-------------------|----------|---|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Special Assessments | \$7,700 | \$7,809 | \$109 |
| Total Revenues | 7,700 | 7,809 | 109 |
| Expenditures: Debt Service: | | | |
| Principal Retirement | 78,000 | 78,000 | 0 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 4,267 | 3,684 | 583 |
| Total Debt Service | 82,267 | 81,684 | 583 |
| Total Expenditures | 82,267 | 81,684 | 583 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (74,567) | (73,875) | 692 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from General Obligation Notes | 78,000 | 78,000 | 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 78,000 | 78,000 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | 3,433 | 4,125 | 692 |
| • | | | |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$3,433 | \$4,125 | \$692 |

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

| | Revised | | Variance: Favorable |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Revenues: Intergovernmental Revenues | \$234,459 | \$170,000 | (\$64,459) |
| Total Revenues | 234,459 | 170,000 | (64,459) |
| Expenditures: Capital Outlay Debt Service: | 277,766 | 258,720 | 19,046 |
| Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges | 396,500 21,485 | 396,500 18,729 | 0 2,756 |
| Total Debt Service | 417,985 | 415,229 | 2,756 |
| Total Expenditures | 695,751 | 673,949 | 21,802 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (461,292) | (503,949) | (42,657) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from General Obligation Notes Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out | 368,200 205,000 (77,305) | 546,500 34,754 (77,305) | 178,300 (170,246) 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 495,895 | 503,949 | 8,054 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | 34,603 | 0 | (34,603) |
| Fund Deficit at Beginning of Year | (6,754) | (6,754) | 0 |
| Prior Year Encumbrances | 6,757 | 6,757 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$34,606 | \$3 | (\$34,603) |

FIRE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|---|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Taxes | \$32,011 | \$53,338 | \$21,327 |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | 2,700 | 5,958 | 3,258 |
| Total Revenues | 34,711 | 59,296 | 24,585 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 85,133 | 54,253 | 30,880 |
| Total Expenditures | 85,133 | 54,253 | 30,880 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of | | | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (50,422) | 5,043 | 55,465 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 58,382 | 58,382 | 0 |
| Prior Year Encumbrances | 16,533 | 16,533 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$24,493 | \$79,958 | \$55,465 |

PERMANENT RECREATION IMPROVEMENT FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|---|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Taxes | \$21,340 | \$35,559 | \$14,219 |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | 1,800 | 3,972 | 2,172 |
| Total Revenues | 23,140 | 39,531 | 16,391 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 42,455 | 41,725 | 730 |
| Total Expenditures | 42,455 | 41,725 | 730 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of | | | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (19,315) | (2,194) | 17,121 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 37,827 | 37,827 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$18,512 | \$35,633 | \$17,121 |

ARENA DRAINAGE DITCH FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|--|-------------------|----------|---|
| Revenues: | Budget | rictual | (Cinavorable) |
| Total Revenues | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Expenditures: Capital Outlay | 94,300 | 94,300 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 94,300 | 94,300 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (94,300) | (94,300) | 0 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from General Obligation Notes | 100,000 | 100,000 | 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 100,000 | 100,000 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | 5,700 | 5,700 | 0 |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year | \$5,700 | \$5,700 | \$0 |

ELECTRICAL INDUSTRIAL COURT FUND

| | Revised | | Variance: Favorable |
|--|----------------|----------------|------------------------|
| | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Total Revenues | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Expenditures: Capital Outlay | 250,531 | 250,530 | 1_ |
| Total Expenditures | 250,531 | 250,530 | 1 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (250,531) | (250,530) | 1 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from General Obligation Notes Operating Transfers In | 250,000 531 | 250,000 531 | 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 250,531 | 250,531 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$0 | \$1 | \$1 |
| | | | - |

TIF RAMCO GERSHENSON FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|--|-------------------|-------------|---|
| Revenues: | | | (0.2227) |
| Investment Earnings | \$200,000 | \$253,275 | \$53,275 |
| Total Revenues | 200,000 | 253,275 | 53,275 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 1,900,000 | 1,900,000 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 1,900,000 | 1,900,000 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (1,700,000) | (1,646,725) | 53,275 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from General Obligation Notes | 1,900,000 | 1,900,000 | 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 1,900,000 | 1,900,000 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | 200,000 | 253,275 | 53,275 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$200,000 | \$253,275 | \$53,275 |
| | | | |

TID ROAD ACQUISITION FUND

| | Revised Budget | Actual | Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|--|-------------------|-------------|---|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Total Revenues | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Expenditures: Capital Outlay | 2,550,000 | 2,550,000 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 2,550,000 | 2,550,000 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (2,550,000) | (2,550,000) | 0 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from General Obligation Notes | 2,550,000 | 2,550,000 | 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 2,550,000 | 2,550,000 | 0 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

The enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise, whereby the intent of the City is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or when the City has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Water Fund

To account for the operation of the City's water service.

Sewer Fund

To account for the operation of the City's sanitary sewer service.

Marina Fund

To account for the operation of the City owned marina.

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Water | Sewer | Marina | Totals |
|--|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$87,469 | \$249,803 | \$33,611 | \$370,883 |
| Investments | 42,861 | 0 | 0 | 42,861 |
| Interfund Loan Receivable | 50,000 | 0 | 0 | 50,000 |
| Intergovernmental Receivables | 59,647 | 122,777 | 0 | 182,424 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 3,289,693 | 6,195,106 | 95,434 | 9,580,233 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | (1,045,715) | (1,343,238) | (25,226) | (2,414,179) |
| Net Fixed Assets | 2,243,978 | 4,851,868 | 70,208 | 7,166,054 |
| Total Assets | \$2,483,955 | \$5,224,448 | \$103,819 | \$7,812,222 |
| Liabilities and Fund Equity: | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$1,334 | \$8,163 | \$0 | \$9,497 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 0 | 2,343 | 1,040 | 3,383 |
| Intergovernmental Payables | 0 | 3,694 | 75 | 3,769 |
| Accrued Interest Payable | 14,581 | 16,039 | 0 | 30,620 |
| General Obligation Notes Payable | 2,035,500 | 1,763,000 | 0 | 3,798,500 |
| Ohio Public Works Commission Loan | 0 | 93,895 | 0 | 93,895 |
| Ohio Water Development | | | | |
| Authority Loan Payable | 0 | 1,775,923 | 0 | 1,775,923 |
| Total Liabilities | 2,051,415 | 3,663,057 | 1,115 | 5,715,587 |
| Fund Equity: | | | | |
| Contributed Capital | 1,672,268 | 1,855,290 | 0 | 3,527,558 |
| Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit): | | | | |
| Unreserved | (1,239,728) | (293,899) | 102,704 | (1,430,923) |
| Total Fund Equity | 432,540 | 1,561,391 | 102,704 | 2,096,635 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Equity | \$2,483,955 | \$5,224,448 | \$103,819 | \$7,812,222 |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Water | Sewer | Marina | Totals |
|--|---------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Operating Revenues: | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$152,755 | \$408,829 | \$97,490 | \$659,074 |
| Other Operating Revenues | 7,953 | 695 | 0 | 8,648 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 160,708 | 409,524 | 97,490 | 667,722 |
| Operating Expenses: | | | | |
| Personal Services | 0 | 56,772 | 38,031 | 94,803 |
| Materials and Supplies | 0 | 12,396 | 15,150 | 27,546 |
| Contractual Services | 19,782 | 167,269 | 1,653 | 188,704 |
| Depreciation | 57,394 | 116,499 | 3,460 | 177,353 |
| Other Operating Expenses | 0 | 0 | 1,930 | 1,930 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 77,176 | 352,936 | 60,224 | 490,336 |
| Operating Income | 83,532 | 56,588 | 37,266 | 177,386 |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): | | | | |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | (91,020) | (154,737) | 0 | (245,757) |
| Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | (91,020) | (154,737) | 0 | (245,757) |
| Net Income (Loss) Retained Earnings (Accumulated | (7,488) | (98,149) | 37,266 | (68,371) |
| Deficit) at Beginning of Year | (1,232,240) | (195,750) | 65,438 | (1,362,552) |
| Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit) at End of Year | (\$1,239,728) | (\$293,899) | \$102,704 | (\$1,430,923) |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Water | Sewer | Marina | Totals |
|---|-------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | | | |
| Cash Received from Customers | \$227,522 | \$573,053 | \$97,490 | \$898,065 |
| Cash Payments for Goods and Services | (20,697) | (170,030) | (18,964) | (209,691) |
| Cash Payments to Employees | 0 | (57,269) | (38,364) | (95,633) |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | 206,825 | 345,754 | 40,162 | 592,741 |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: | | | | |
| Advances Out to Other Funds | (50,000) | 0 | 0 | (50,000) |
| Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities | (50,000) | 0 | 0 | (50,000) |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: | | | | |
| Proceeds from the Sale of General Obligation Notes | 2,035,500 | 1,763,000 | 0 | 3,798,500 |
| Principal Paid on General Obligation Notes | (1,735,500) | (1,463,000) | 0 | (3,198,500) |
| Principal Paid on Ohio Water Development Authority Loans | 0 | (74,889) | 0 | (74,889) |
| Payment of Interest and Fiscal Charges | (81,978) | (145,894) | 0 | (227,872) |
| Acquisition and Construction of Assets | (300,000) | (300,000) | (11,619) | (611,619) |
| Net Cash Used by Capital and | | | | |
| Related Financing Activities | (81,978) | (220,783) | (11,619) | (314,380) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | | | |
| Purchase of Investments | (9,226) | 0 | 0 | (9,226) |
| Net Cash Used by Investing Activities | (9,226) | 0 | 0 | (9,226) |
| Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 65,621 | 124,971 | 28,543 | 219,135 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year | 21,848 | 124,832 | 5,068 | 151,748 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year | \$87,469 | \$249,803 | \$33,611 | \$370,883 |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash | | | | |
| Provided by Operating Activities: | | | | |
| Operating Income | \$83,532 | \$56,588 | \$37,266 | \$177,386 |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to | Ψ03,232 | Ψ20,200 | Ψ37,200 | Ψ177,500 |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation Expense | 57,394 | 116,499 | 3,460 | 177,353 |
| Changes in Assets and Liabilities: | 2.,2. | , | 2,100 | , |
| Decrease in Intergovernmental Receivable | 66,814 | 163,529 | 0 | 230,343 |
| Increase in Accounts Payable | 1,334 | 6,018 | 0 | 7,352 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Intergovernmental Payables | (2,249) | 3,694 | (231) | 1,214 |
| Decrease in Accrued Wages and Benefits | 0 | (574) | (333) | (907) |
| Total Adjustments | 123,293 | 289,166 | 2,896 | 415,355 |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | \$206,825 | \$345,754 | \$40,162 | \$592,741 |
| , , | | | | |

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

AGENCY FUND

Cafeteria Plan Fund

To account for funds related to the IRS 125 Employee Benefits Plan.

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Balance December 31, 1999 | Additions | Deductions | Balance December 31, 2000 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|------------|---------------------------------|
| <u>Cafeteria Plan</u> | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Restricted Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$156 | \$1,432 | (\$1,319) | \$269 |
| Total Assets | \$156 | \$1,432 | (\$1,319) | \$269 |
| Liabilities: | | | - | |
| Due to Others | \$156 | \$1,432 | (\$1,319) | \$269 |
| Total Liabilities | \$156 | \$1,432 | (\$1,319) | \$269 |

GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP

General Fixed Assets Account Group is used to account for fixed assets other than those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY SOURCE DECEMBER 31, 2000

| General Fixed Assets | |
|---|--|
| Land | \$324,152 |
| Buildings | 3,124,088 |
| Improvements Other Than Buildings | 148,970 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 2,639,627 |
| Total General Fixed Assets | \$6,236,837 |
| Investment in General Fixed Assets Acquired Prior to 1994 General Fund Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds | \$4,672,085 448,915 289,535 814,802 |
| Donated | 11,500 |
| Total Investment in General Fixed Assets | \$6,236,837 |
| | |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY CATEGORY DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | | | Improvements Other Than | Machinery and | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| Function and Activity | Land | Buildings | Buildings | Equipment | Total |
| General Government: | | | | | |
| Council | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$700 | \$700 |
| Mayor | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,116 | 2,116 |
| Administrator | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,576 | 5,576 |
| Finance/Tax | 0 | 0 | 0 | 88,168 | 88,168 |
| Prosecutor | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,898 | 2,898 |
| General Government | 324,152 | 2,955,591 | 76,920 | 33,827 | 3,390,490 |
| Civil Defense | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34,411 | 34,411 |
| Total | 324,152 | 2,955,591 | 76,920 | 167,696 | 3,524,359 |
| Security of Persons and Property: | | | | | |
| Police | 0 | 0 | 0 | 468,574 | 468,574 |
| Fire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,025,605 | 1,025,605 |
| Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,494,179 | 1,494,179 |
| <u>Transportation:</u> | | | | | |
| Public Works | 0 | 160,463 | 15,550 | 700,593 | 876,606 |
| Leisure Time Activities: | | | | | |
| Park | 0 | 8,034 | 56,500 | 277,159 | 341,693 |
| Total General Fixed Assets | \$324,152 | \$3,124,088 | \$148,970 | \$2,639,627 | \$6,236,837 |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

| Function and Activity | December 31, 1999 | Additions | Deletions | December 31, 2000 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|
| General Government: | | | | |
| Council | \$700 | \$0 | \$0 | \$700 |
| Mayor | 2,116 | 0 | 0 | 2,116 |
| Administrator | 5,576 | 0 | 0 | 5,576 |
| Finance/Tax | 88,168 | 0 | 0 | 88,168 |
| Prosecutor | 2,898 | 0 | 0 | 2,898 |
| General Government | 3,390,490 | 0 | 0 | 3,390,490 |
| Civil Defense | 34,411 | 0 | 0 | 34,411 |
| Total | 3,524,359 | 0 | 0 | 3,524,359 |
| Security of Persons and Property: | | | | |
| Police | 442,508 | 58,882 | (32,816) | 468,574 |
| Fire | 1,029,957 | 26,848 | (31,200) | 1,025,605 |
| Total | 1,472,465 | 85,730 | (64,016) | 1,494,179 |
| Transportation: | | | | |
| Public Works | 695,255 | 181,351 | 0 | 876,606 |
| Leisure Time Activities: | | | | |
| Park | 325,600 | 16,093 | 0 | 341,693 |
| Total General Fixed Assets | \$6,017,679 | \$283,174 | (\$64,016) | \$6,236,837 |

STATISTICAL SECTION

T he following unaudited statistical tables reflect social and economic data, financial trends and fiscal capacity of the City.

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1) LAST TEN YEARS

| Year | | Security of Persons and Property | Public Health and Welfare | Leisure Time Activities | Community Environment | Basic Utility Services | Trans- portation | General Government | Capital Outlay | Debt Service | Total |
|------|---|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1991 | a | \$936,771 | \$14,939 | \$209,897 | \$23,643 | \$547,703 | \$69,016 | \$536,103 | \$0 | \$19,214 | \$2,357,286 |
| 1992 | a | 943,379 | 14,575 | 194,409 | 5,113 | 525,014 | 71,800 | 693,321 | 0 | 25,105 | 2,472,716 |
| 1993 | b | 1,006,117 | 0 | 140,644 | 9,430 | 187,950 | 438,338 | 760,681 | 171,378 | 0 | 2,714,538 |
| 1994 | c | 1,120,538 | 0 | 169,387 | 21,621 | 211,644 | 631,096 | 865,997 | 0 | 132,280 | 3,152,563 |
| 1995 | c | 1,243,534 | 0 | 183,371 | 95,586 | 190,473 | 662,982 | 868,922 | 0 | 164,091 | 3,408,959 |
| 1996 | c | 1,255,367 | 0 | 199,096 | 188,221 | 205,528 | 552,698 | 865,592 | 0 | 168,865 | 3,435,367 |
| 1997 | c | 1,351,688 | 0 | 177,616 | 10,314 | 210,245 | 586,279 | 987,399 | 0 | 165,031 | 3,488,572 |
| 1998 | c | 1,375,385 | 0 | 192,506 | 223,475 | 210,169 | 781,844 | 1,013,058 | 0 | 245,097 | 4,041,534 |
| 1999 | c | 1,599,527 | 0 | 208,846 | 258,382 | 208,283 | 789,415 | 866,887 | 0 | 194,173 | 4,125,513 |
| 2000 | c | 1,544,121 | 0 | 199,381 | 181,898 | 214,569 | 918,062 | 1,059,887 | 0 | 235,467 | 4,353,385 |

a - Cash Basis Financial Data

b - GAAP Basis Financial Data

c - GAAP Basis Financial Data, Capital Outlay is reported as part of the function

⁽¹⁾ Includes General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Fund

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) LAST TEN YEARS

| Year | Taxes | Inter- Governmental Revenue | Charges for Services | Licenses and Permits | Investment Earnings | Special Assessments | Fines and Forfeitures | All Other | Total |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| 1991 a | \$2,241,870 | \$399,291 | \$53,454 | \$7,506 | \$121,542 | \$96,698 | \$25,958 | \$51,811 | \$2,998,130 |
| 1992 a | 2,018,258 | 448,954 | 72,276 | 22,497 | 98,348 | 105,102 | 19,185 | 35,608 | 2,820,228 |
| 1993 b | 1,602,089 | 682,830 | 0 | 90,539 | 70,568 | 91,568 | 37,328 | 52,271 | 2,627,193 |
| 1994 b | 1,846,861 | 751,660 | 35,642 | 84,872 | 80,253 | 92,807 | 36,206 | 19,161 | 2,947,462 |
| 1995 b | 1,936,184 | 724,148 | 90,064 | 26,153 | 121,335 | 111,270 | 57,614 | 48,977 | 3,115,745 |
| 1996 b | 2,097,353 | 969,792 | 96,434 | 26,647 | 79,919 | 111,430 | 39,867 | 44,092 | 3,465,534 |
| 1997 b | 2,268,951 | 818,327 | 97,779 | 24,668 | 59,669 | 135,035 | 37,813 | 88,458 | 3,530,700 |
| 1998 b | 2,373,203 | 1,180,873 | 102,258 | 41,233 | 72,647 | 129,868 | 36,614 | 78,268 | 4,014,964 |
| 1999 b | 2,363,444 | 1,216,585 | 110,081 | 43,163 | 45,357 | 132,689 | 30,877 | 80,789 | 4,022,985 |
| 2000 b | 2,519,617 | 1,194,098 | 126,297 | 73,834 | 49,941 | 125,604 | 32,431 | 56,713 | 4,178,535 |

a - Cash Basis Financial Data

b - GAAP Basis Financial Data

⁽¹⁾ Includes General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Fund

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

| Collection Year | Total Tax Levy | Current Tax Collections | Delinquent Tax Collections | Total Tax Collections | Percent of Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy | Accumulated Outstanding Delinquent Taxes | Percentage of Accumulated Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| 1991 | \$151,139 | \$143,063 | \$1,197 | \$144,260 | 95.45% | \$898 | 0.59% |
| 1992 | 152,546 | 139,162 | 5,443 | 144,605 | 94.79% | 17,972 | 11.78% |
| 1993 | 151,697 | 137,197 | 4,468 | 141,665 | 93.39% | 640 | 0.42% |
| 1994 | 168,743 | 155,916 | 3,519 | 159,435 | 94.48% | 12,485 | 7.40% |
| 1995 | 186,698 | 176,745 | not available | 176,745 | 94.67% | 38,269 | 20.50% |
| 1996 | 203,632 | 185,458 | not available | 185,458 | 91.08% | 18,174 | 8.92% |
| 1997 | 194,611 | 187,125 | not available | 187,125 | 96.15% | 7,486 | 3.85% |
| 1998 | 195,756 | 182,350 | 7,754 | 190,104 | 97.11% | 5,647 | 2.88% |
| 1999 | 268,751 | 250,351 | 10,646 | 260,997 | 97.11% | 7,753 | 2.88% |
| 2000 | 301,217 | 284,157 | 10,865 | 295,022 | 97.94% | 6,195 | 2.06% |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO TANGIBLE TAX COLLECTED LAST TEN YEARS

| Year Paid | Amount |
|-----------|----------|
| 1991 | \$55,050 |
| 1992 | 52,704 |
| 1993 | 39,217 |
| 1994 | 32,788 |
| 1995 | 31,930 |
| 1996 | 35,223 |
| 1997 | 33,849 |
| 1998 | 37,792 |
| 1999 | 44,233 |
| 2000 | 40,015 |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO ASSESSED VALUATIONS AND ESTIMATED TRUE VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

| _ | Real P | roperty | Public Utility | y Personal | nal Tangible Personal Property Total | | tal | Assessed Value as a | |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Tax <u>Year</u> | Assessed | Actual | Assessed | Actual | Assessed | Actual | Assessed | Actual | Percent of Actual Value |
| 1991 | \$60,605,960 | \$173,151,228 | \$3,834,150 | \$4,356,989 | \$16,488,255 | \$63,416,365 | \$80,928,365 | \$240,924,582 | 33.59% |
| 1992 | 58,818,400 | 168,044,169 | 3,961,530 | 4,501,739 | 16,267,054 | 65,068,216 | 79,046,984 | 237,614,124 | 33.27% |
| 1993 | 66,733,730 | 190,658,267 | 4,177,930 | 4,747,648 | 12,209,465 | 48,837,860 | 83,121,125 | 244,243,775 | 34.03% |
| 1994 | 68,410,000 | 195,240,209 | 4,195,900 | 4,850,466 | 10,178,579 | 40,714,316 | 82,784,479 | 240,804,991 | 34.38% |
| 1995 | 69,343,250 | 198,113,665 | 3,976,650 | 4,518,920 | 9,051,856 | 36,207,424 | 82,371,756 | 238,840,009 | 34.49% |
| 1996 | 76,524,260 | 218,629,811 | 3,903,660 | 4,435,977 | 10,787,221 | 43,148,884 | 91,215,141 | 266,214,672 | 34.26% |
| 1997 | 78,758,890 | 225,014,149 | 4,482,260 | 5,093,477 | 10,553,975 | 42,215,900 | 93,795,125 | 272,323,526 | 34.44% |
| 1998 | 81,548,500 | 232,984,065 | 4,713,020 | 5,355,705 | 12,296,174 | 49,184,696 | 98,557,694 | 287,524,466 | 34.28% |
| 1999 | 105,623,040 | 301,765,025 | 4,595,930 | 5,222,648 | 13,828,807 | 55,315,228 | 124,047,777 | 362,302,901 | 34.24% |
| 2000 | 108,311,790 | 309,446,784 | 4,461,040 | 5,069,364 | 12,675,581 | 50,702,324 | 125,448,411 | 365,218,472 | 34.35% |

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATIONS) LAST TEN YEARS

City of Rossford

| | | City of i | 1055101 u | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------|
| | | Permanent Recreation | | Fire | | Rossford | Wood County Penta Joint | | Special | |
| Collection Year | General Fund | Improvement Fund | Recreation Fund | Capital Fund | Total City | Exempted Village School District | Vocational School District | Wood County | Taxing District | Total |
| 1991 | 1.80 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 3.20 | 38.00 | 2.20 | 11.20 | 2.50 | 57.10 |
| 1992 | 1.80 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 3.20 | 37.50 | 2.20 | 11.70 | 2.50 | 57.10 |
| 1993 | 1.80 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 3.20 | 45.60 | 2.20 | 11.70 | 2.50 | 65.20 |
| 1994 | 1.80 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 3.20 | 45.60 | 2.20 | 11.90 | 2.50 | 65.40 |
| 1995 | 1.80 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 3.20 | 45.30 | 2.20 | 11.90 | 2.50 | 65.10 |
| 1996 | 1.80 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 3.20 | 45.15 | 2.20 | 11.90 | 2.50 | 64.95 |
| 1997 | 1.80 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 3.20 | 45.15 | 2.20 | 11.90 | 2.50 | 64.95 |
| 1998 | 1.80 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 3.20 | 45.40 | 2.20 | 11.90 | 2.50 | 65.20 |
| 1999 | 1.80 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 3.20 | 47.40 | 2.20 | 12.10 | 2.50 | 67.40 |
| 2000 | 1.80 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 3.20 | 46.40 | 2.20 | 12.80 | 2.50 | 67.10 |

Source: Wood County Auditor Wood County Treasurer

CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS (1) LAST TEN YEARS

| Collection Year | Amount Billed | Amount Collected | Percent Collected |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1991 | \$103,983 | \$103,581 | 99.61% |
| 1992 | 116,719 | 112,711 | 96.57% |
| 1993 | 101,335 | 91,568 | 90.36% |
| 1994 | 101,804 | 92,807 | 91.16% |
| 1995 | 120,271 | 109,965 | 91.43% |
| 1996 | 119,334 | 110,111 | 92.27% |
| 1997 | 125,854 | 118,009 | 93.77% |
| 1998 | 130,754 | 127,477 | 97.49% |
| 1999 | 130,983 | 128,323 | 97.97% |
| 2000 | 133,394 | 133,231 | 99.88% |

⁽¹⁾ All assessments are for operating expenses, they are not debt related.

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Total Debt | Unvoted Debt |
|--|---------------|---------------------|
| Net Assessed Valuation | \$125,448,411 | \$125,448,411 |
| Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1) | 10.50% | 5.50% |
| Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1) | 13,172,083 | 6,899,663 |
| Applicable City Debt Outstanding (2) | 5,744,568 | 5,744,568 |
| Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts | 0 | 0 |
| Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation | 5,744,568 | 5,744,568 |
| Legal Debt Margin | \$7,427,515 | \$1,155,095 |

- (1) Direct Debt Limitation Based Upon Section 133, The Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code
- (2) City Debt Outstanding Includes Non Self-Supporting General Obligation Notes and Bonds Only Enterprise Debt is Not Considered in the Computation of the Legal Debt Margin. TIF Debt based on Section 133.05 of the Ohio Revised Code, is Based on the Exclusion of the Lessor of \$30,000,000 or 1.10% of Net Assessed Valuation. The Total Value of the RTID Notes are included.

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

| <u>Year</u> | Population (1) | Assessed Value (2) | Gross General Obligation Debt (3) | Debt Service Funds Available | Net Bonded Debt | Ratio of General Obligation Debt to Assessed Valuation | Net General Obligation Debt Per Capita |
|-------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| 1993 | 5,861 | \$83,121,125 | \$1,375,000 | \$0 | \$1,375,000 | 1.65% | \$234.60 |
| 1994 | 5,861 | 82,784,479 | 1,305,000 | 3,720 | 1,301,280 | 1.57% | 222.02 |
| 1995 | 5,861 | 82,371,756 | 1,585,000 | 0 | 1,585,000 | 1.92% | 270.43 |
| 1996 | 5,861 | 91,215,141 | 1,525,000 | 5 | 1,524,995 | 1.67% | 260.19 |
| 1997 | 5,861 | 93,795,125 | 1,810,000 | 0 | 1,810,000 | 1.93% | 308.82 |
| 1998 | 5,861 | 98,557,694 | 1,730,000 | 0 | 1,730,000 | 1.76% | 295.17 |
| 1999 | 5,861 | 124,047,777 | 1,601,500 | 0 | 1,601,500 | 1.29% | 273.25 |
| 2000 | 6,406 | 125,448,411 | 5,744,568 | 0 | 5,744,568 | 4.58% | 896.75 |

NOTE: Ten years of data is not provided for this statistical table because the City of Rossford did not have any general obligation debt for the period 1991 - 1992. Principal and interest payments did not begin on the 1993 Community Center Bond until 1994.

- (1) Source: U.S. Bureau of Census, Federal 2000 Census
- (2) Source: Wood County Auditor
- (3) Includes all general obligation debt supported by property taxes

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN YEARS

| <u>Year</u> | Debt Principal | Debt Interest | Total Debt Service | Total General Governmental Expenditures | Ratio of Tax Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures |
|-------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| 1994 | \$70,000 | \$62,280 | \$132,280 | \$3,152,563 | 4.20% |
| 1995 | 70,000 | 60,120 | 130,120 | 3,408,959 | 3.82% |
| 1996 | 75,000 | 58,045 | 133,045 | 3,435,367 | 3.87% |
| 1997 | 75,000 | 55,270 | 130,270 | 3,488,572 | 3.73% |
| 1998 | 80,000 | 52,270 | 132,270 | 4,041,534 | 3.27% |
| 1999 | 80,000 | 48,910 | 128,910 | 4,125,513 | 3.12% |
| 2000 | 85,000 | 45,430 | 130,430 | 4,353,385 | 3.00% |

NOTE: Ten years of data is not provided for this statistical table because the City of Rossford did not have any general obligation debt for the period 1991 - 1993. Principal and interest payments did not begin on the 1993 Community Center Bond until 1994.

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO COMPUTATION OF ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2000

| Jurisdiction | Net Debt Outstanding | Percentage Applicable to City of Rossford | Amount Applicable to City of Rossford |
|---|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Direct: | | | |
| City of Rossford | \$840,000 | 100.00% | \$840,000 |
| Overlapping Subdivisions: | | | |
| Rossford Exempted Village School District | 0 | 0.00% | 0 |
| Wood County | 17,622,500 | 5.27% | 928,706 |
| | | Subtotal | 928,706 |
| | | Total | \$1,768,706 |

Source: Wood County

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

| | City of Rossford | Wood County | Unemployment Rate | Per Capita Income | School |
|------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Year | Population (1) | Population (1) | County Area (2) | County Area (2) | Enrollment (3) |
| 1991 | 5,861 | 113,269 | 6.20% | \$17,516 | 2,117 |
| 1992 | 5,861 | 114,091 | 5.40% | 18,734 | 2,155 |
| 1993 | 5,861 | 115,900 | 4.90% | 19,393 | 2,094 |
| 1994 | 5,861 | 116,200 | 4.40% | N/A | 2,322 |
| 1995 | 5,861 | 116,820 | 3.95% | N/A | 2,276 |
| 1996 | 5,861 | 116,820 | 3.68% | N/A | 2,183 |
| 1997 | 5,861 | 116,820 | 3.50% | N/A | 2,190 |
| 1998 | 5,861 | 116,820 | 3.38% | N/A | 2,127 |
| 1999 | 5,861 | 116,820 | 3.41% | N/A | 2,172 |
| 2000 | 6,406 | 116,820 | 3.20% | N/A | 2,084 |

Source: (1) U.S. Bureau of Census of Population: Federal 2000 Census

- (2) Ohio Bureau of Employment Services
- (3) Rossford City School District, Board of Education

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO PROPERTY VALUE AND CONSTRUCTION PERMITS LAST TEN YEARS

| | Reside | ential | Comm | ercial |
|------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Year | Number of Permits | Property Value | Number of Permits | Property Value |
| 1991 | 47 | \$1,627,580 | 10 | \$350,000 |
| 1992 | 55 | 2,200,280 | 7 | 783,280 |
| 1993 | 54 | 2,860,720 | 3 | 179,640 |
| 1994 | 43 | 2,500,670 | 9 | 1,510,940 |
| 1995 | 67 | 4,202,250 | 4 | 225,280 |
| 1996 | 59 | 4,116,975 | 12 | 7,415,760 |
| 1997 | 39 | 1,607,500 | 22 | 7,173,800 |
| 1998 | 12 | 1,358,215 | 1 | 60,000 |
| 1999 | 46 | 1,589,265 | 11 | 42,392,086 |
| 2000 | 54 | 2,121,225 | 35 | 22,632,480 |

Source: Wood County Building Inspection Department

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS (PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX) DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Taxpayer | Type of Business | Assessed Valuation (Tax Duplicate) | Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation |
|----|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Libbey-Owens-Ford Company | Float Glass Manufacturer | \$8,058,180 | 63.57% |
| 2 | National City Leasing | Leasing Company | 697,720 | 5.50% |
| 3 | Hammill Manufacturing Corporation | Tool and Die Manufacturer | 499,570 | 3.94% |
| 4 | J G Rossford Hotel South LTD | Hotel | 222,660 | 1.76% |
| 5 | Dana Commercial Credit | Leasing Company | 197,860 | 1.56% |
| 6 | Hunger US Special Hydraulic Cylinders Corporation | Hydraulic Cylinder Distribution | 182,640 | 1.44% |
| 7 | Chan Jason JCIA Enterprises | McDonald's Restaurant | 116,680 | 0.92% |
| 8 | Interstate Lanes | Bowling Alley | 114,030 | 0.90% |
| 9 | Blade Communications | Cablevision Provider | 84,180 | 0.66% |
| 10 | I C Fluid Power Inc. | Hydraulic Cylinder Rebuilding | 82,470 | 0.65% |
| | | Sub-Total | 10,255,990 | 80.90% |
| | | All Others | 2,419,591 | 19.10% |
| | | Total | \$12,675,581 | 100.00% |

Based on 2000 Property Tax Assessed Valuations Source: Wood County Auditor - Land and Buildings

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS (REAL PROPERTY TAX) DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Taxpayer | Type of Business | Assessed Valuation (Tax Duplicate) | Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation |
|----|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Libbey-Owens-Ford Company | Float Glass Manufacturer | \$2,751,940 | 2.19% |
| 2 | Toledo Edison | Utility Company - Electric | 1,686,580 | 1.34% |
| 3 | JG Rossford Hotel North & South LTD | Hotels | 1,624,010 | 1.29% |
| 4 | Port Lawrence Title | Apartments | 1,252,910 | 1.00% |
| 5 | Columbia Gas of Ohio, Inc. | Utility Company - Gas | 1,125,710 | 0.90% |
| 6 | Rossford Arena Amphitheater Authority | Sports Facility | 1,111,320 | 0.89% |
| 7 | Bernard L. Bartson | Apartments | 969,510 | 0.77% |
| 8 | Hunger US Special Hydraulic Cylinders Corporation | Hydraulic Cylinder Manufacturer | 855,760 | 0.68% |
| 9 | Interstate Lanes | Bowling Alley | 560,000 | 0.45% |
| 10 | Hammill Manufacturing Corporation | Tool and Die Manufacturer | 394,530 | 0.31% |
| | | Sub-Total | 12,332,270 | 9.82% |
| | | All Others | 113,116,141 | 90.18% |
| | | Total | \$125,448,411 | 100.00% |

Based on 2000 Property Tax Assessed Valuations Source: Wood County Auditor - Land and Buildings

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS (INCOME TAX) DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Taxpayer | Type of Business | Amount of Tax Paid in 2000 | Percentage of Total |
|----|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Libbey-Owens-Ford Company | Float Glass Manufacturer | \$390,552 | 17.43% |
| 2 | Rossford Board of Education | Education | 196,067 | 8.75% |
| 3 | Impact Cuttoff - Division of Hammill Mfg. | Machine Tool | 42,271 | 1.89% |
| 4 | Chrysler Corporation | Automobile Parts Manufacturer | 40,979 | 1.83% |
| 5 | City of Rossford | Local Government | 40,460 | 1.81% |
| 6 | Service Spring Corporation | Spring Manufacturer | 36,114 | 1.61% |
| 7 | A.C. Leadbetter & Son, Inc. | General Contractor | 26,834 | 1.20% |
| 8 | Henning-Saad Inc. | Electrical Contractor | 26,515 | 1.18% |
| 9 | Sterns, Zouhary & Fisher | Dental Services | 26,228 | 1.17% |
| 10 | Adecco Employment Services | Employment Agency | 24,962 | 1.11% |
| | | Sub-Total | 850,982 | 37.98% |
| | | All Others | 1,389,320 | 62.02% |
| | | Total | \$2,240,302 | 100.00% |

Source: Finance Department

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS DECEMBER 31, 2000

| | Employer | Type of Business | Number of Employees |
|----|--|----------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Chrysler Corporation | Automotive Manufacturer | 1,960 |
| 2 | IBEW Local 8 - Electrical | Labor Union | 1,950 |
| 3 | Owens Community College | Education | 1,575 |
| 4 | Great Lakes Window | Window Manufacturer | 580 |
| 5 | Libbey-Owens Ford Company | Float Glass Manufacturer | 360 |
| 6 | Adecco Employment Services | Employment Agency | 327 |
| 7 | Calphalon Corporation | Cookware Manufacturer | 287 |
| 8 | Rossford Board of Education | Education | 278 |
| 9 | Penta Joint Vocational School District | Education | 236 |
| 10 | Crown Cork & Seal | Cork and Seal Manufacturer | 188 |

Source: City of Rossford Income Tax Department

THE CITY OF ROSSFORD, OHIO MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS DECEMBER 31, 2000

| Date of Incorporation | 1939 | | | Location: | Northwest Ohio |
|-------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Charter Adopted | 1970 | Population: | 6,406 | | Wood County |
| Form of Government | Council / | Area (square miles) | 4.0 | Major Highway: | I-75 |
| | Mayor | | | | |
| | | Education: | | Water System: | |
| Facilities and Services: | | Elementary Schools | 3 | Miles of Water Service Line | 33.5 |
| Miles of Streets | 27 | Elementary School Students | 1,111 | Number of Fire Hydrants | 277 |
| Number of Street Lights | 692 | Pupil / Teacher Ratio | 15 / 1 | Number of Service | |
| | | Middle Schools | 1 | Connections | 2,217 |
| Police Services: | | Middle School Students | 329 | | |
| Number of Stations | 1 | Pupil / Teacher Ratio | 20 / 1 | Sewerage System: | |
| Number of Uniformed Police | | High Schools | 1 | Miles of Sanitary Sewers | 29 |
| Personnel and Officers | 17 | High School Students | 644 | Miles of Storm Sewers | 16 |
| Number of Patrol Units | 13 | Pupil / Teacher Ratio | 15/ 1 | | |
| Criminal/Juvenile Citations | 283 | | | Recreation and Culture: | |
| Traffic Citations Issued | 704 | Number of Libraries | 1 | Community Center | |
| Parking Tickets Written | 139 | | | (square feet) | 21,500 |
| _ | | Number of Cemeteries | 1 | Number of Parks | 3 |
| Fire/Emergency Medical Servic | es: | Cemetery Area (acres) | 1 | Park Area (acres) | 21 |
| Number of Stations | 1 | • | | Number of Ball Fields: | |
| Number of Officers and | | | | Lighted | 2 |
| Fire Personnel - Volunteers | 30 | | | Number of Tennis Courts: | |
| Number of Calls Answered | 562 | | | Lighted | 2 |
| Number of Inspections | 50 | | | Marina: | |
| • | | | | Number of Dock Spaces | 250 |



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CITY OF ROSSFORD

WOOD COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 14, 2001