AUDITOR

SENECA EAST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SENECA COUNTY

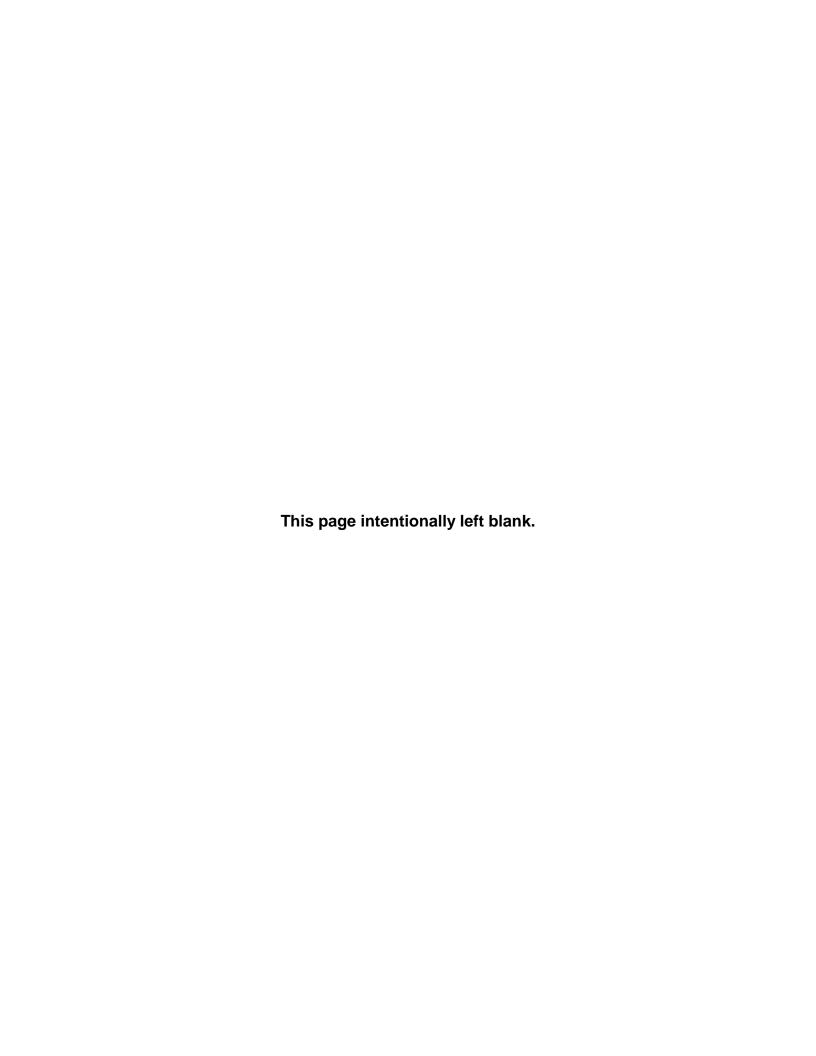
REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Seneca East Local School District 109 Seneca Street P.O. Box 462 Attica, Ohio 44807-0462

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of Seneca East Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Seneca East Local School District, Seneca County, as of June 30, 2001, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2001 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

November 14, 2001

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COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2001

_	Governmental Fund Types			
-	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS				
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agent Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):	\$371,266	\$70,793 636	\$1,948	\$169,317
Taxes - current and delinquent	1,869,869			112,911
Accounts	305	87		112,011
Accrued interest	416	-		
Due from other governments				
Interfund loan receivable	22,417			
Prepayments	24,880			
Materials and supplies inventory	24,545			
Restricted assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation where applicable)	31,876			
Other debits: Amount available in debt service fund Amount to be provided for retirement of general long-term obligations				
Total assets and other debits	\$2,345,574	\$71,516	\$1,948	\$282,228

Proprietary	Fiduciary			
Fund Type	Fund Types	Account G	roups	
		General	General	Total
	Trust and	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
\$1,091	\$121,965			\$736,380
Ψ1,001	Ψ121,500			φ7 50,530 636
				1,982,780
				392
5 400				416
5,496				5,496
				22,417
0.000				24,880
9,839				34,384
				31,876
31,417		\$4,020,287		4,051,704
			\$1,948	1,948
			580,886	580,886
\$47,843	\$121,965	\$4,020,287	\$582,834	\$7,474,195

(Continued)

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$23,057	\$2,060		\$10,838
Accrued wages and benefits	544,215	18,230		21
Compensated absences payable	9,589	,		
Pension obligation payable Interfund loan payable	91,776	1,008		
Deferred revenue	1,584,023			102,845
Due to other governments	963			
Due to students				
Energy conservation loans payable				
Total liabilities	2,253,623	21,298		113,704
Equity and other credits:				
Investment in general fixed assets				
Contributed capital				
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit):				
Unreserved				
Fund balances:				
Reserved for encumbrances	166,018	11,294		124,072
Reserved for Debt Service			\$1,948	
Reserved for prepayments	24,880			
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory	24,545			
Reserved for tax revenue unavailable				
for appropriation	155,040			10,066
Unreserved-undesignated (deficit)	(278,532)	38,924		34,386
Total equity and other credits	91,951	50,218	1,948	168,524
Total liabilities, equity and other credits	\$2,345,574	\$71,516	\$1,948	\$282,228

Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Types	Account G	roups	
Enterprise	Trust and Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Total (Memorandum Only)
				\$35,955
18,530			.	580,996
14,042			\$476,322	499,953
15,974	#C 000		62,784	171,542
16,417	\$6,000			22,417 1,693,615
6,747				1,693,615
	27,156			27,156
	27,100		43,728	43,728
71,710	33,156		E92 924	2.076.225
71,710	33,130		582,834	3,076,325
		¢4.000.007		4 000 007
14.670		\$4,020,287		4,020,287
14,672				14,672
(38,539)				(38,539)
				301,384
				1,948
				24,880
				24,545
				165,106
	88,809			(116,413)
(23,867)	88,809	4,020,287		4,397,870
\$47,843	\$121,965	\$4,020,287	\$582,834	\$7,474,195

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

	Governmental Fund Types	
	General	Special Revenue
Revenues:		
From local sources:		
Taxes	\$1,942,405	
Tuition	197,929	\$835
Earnings on investments	27,550	
Extracurricular		95,599
Gifts and donations Other local revenues	04.006	
Other revenue	94,836	
Intergovernmental - State	3,852,071	80,782
Intergovernmental - Federal	0,002,071	222,141
Total revenue	6,114,791	399,357
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Instruction:		
Regular	3,241,837	84,067
Special	498,790	89,036
Vocational	219,384	
Other		
Support services:		
Pupil	155,109	87,835
Instructional staff	239,399	15,541
Board of Education Administration	26,873 470.857	E 700
Fiscal	470,857 190,371	5,780
Operations and maintenance	498,719	
Pupil transportation	384,980	523
Central	33.,333	448
Community services		
Extracurricular activities	148,774	102,089
Facilities acquisition and construction		
Debt Service:		
Principal retirement		
Interest and fiscal charges		
Total expenditures	6,075,093	385,319
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	39,698	14,038
Other financing sources (uses):		
Operating transfers in		16,190
Operating transfers out	(71,960)	(6,831)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(71,960)	9,359
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over		
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	(32,262)	23,397
Fund balances, July 1	125,431	26,821
Decrease in reserve for inventory	(1,218)	,
Fund balances, June 30	\$91,951	\$50,218

Governmental	Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Type	
Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Total (Memorandum Only)
	\$114,995		\$2,057,400
	1,358	\$1,577	198,764 30,485
	,,,,,,	1,613	95,599 1,613
		1,013	94,836
	10,000 114,274		10,000 4,047,127 222,141
	240,627	3,190	6,757,965
	73,721		3,399,625
			587,826 219,384
		2,000	2,000
	3,998 995		246,942 255,935 26,873 476,637 190,371 498,719
			385,503
	113		448 113
	130,258		250,863 130,258
\$14,537 3,341			14,537 3,341
17,878	209,085	2,000	6,689,375
(17,878)	31,542	1,190	68,590
16,117	40,630		72,937 (78,791)
16,117	40,630		(5,854)
(1,761)	72,172	1,190	62,736
3,709	96,352	87,619	339,932 (1,218)
\$1,948	\$168,524	\$88,809	\$401,450

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

	General		
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:		_	
From local sources: Taxes Tuition	\$1,773,000 179,460	\$1,812,284 197,943	\$39,284 18,483
Earnings on investments Extracurricular Gifts and donations	32,600 100	28,319 223	(4,281) 123
Other local revenues Other revenue	80,900	91,230	10,330
Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Federal	3,823,040	3,800,484	(22,556)
Total revenues	5,889,100	5,930,483	41,383
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:			
Regular	3,278,347	3,256,219	22,128
Special	501,000	499,338	1,662
Vocational Other	248,030 3,200	224,128	23,902 3,200
Support services:	3,200		3,200
Pupil	172,153	162,207	9,946
Instructional staff	253,787	248,364	5,423
Board of Education	32,900	31,803	1,097
Administration	496,198	469,672	26,526
Fiscal	193,035	190,401	2,634
Operations and maintenance Pupil transportation	546,595 420,164	540,651 413,235	5,944 6,929
Central	420,104	413,233	0,929
Community services			
Extracurricular activities Facilities acquisition and construction	157,500	147,767	9,733
Debt service:			
Principal retirement			
Interest and fiscal charges			
Total expenditures	6,302,909	6,183,785	119,124
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(413,809)	(253,302)	160,507
Other financing sources (uses):			
Refund of prior year's expenditures	50,000	54,420	4,420
Refund of prior year's receipts	(1,000)	(40)	960
Operating transfers in	40,000	40,630	630
Operating transfers out Advances in	(115,135)	(112,590)	2,545
Advances out	23,000 (40,000)	23,000 (22,000)	18,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(43,135)	(16,580)	26,555
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(456,944)	(269,882)	187,062
Fund balances, July 1 Prior year encumbrances appropriated	391,658 99,951	391,658 99,951	
Fund balances, June 30	<u>\$34,665</u>	\$221,727	\$187,062

	Debt Service			pecial Revenue	S
Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget Revised	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Revised Budget
			(\$665)	\$835	\$1,500
			(50,032) (1,200)	95,518	145,550 1,200
			(14,068) (721)	81,782 216,385	95,850 217,106
			(66,686)	394,520	461,206
			4,801 10,491	91,727 94,562	96,528 105,053
			21,935	87,843 14,008	87,843 35,943
				5,396	5,396
			1,162	448	1,610
			36,571	106,020	142,591
\$101 578	\$14,537 5,289	\$14,638 5,867			
679	19,826	20,505	74,960	400,004	474,964
679	(19,826)	(20,505)	8,274	(5,484)	(13,758)
(4,388	16,117	20,505	16,190 (10,000)	16,190 (6,831)	(6,831) 10,000
			5,000	(5,500)	(10,500)
(4 200	16 117	20 505	11 100	2 950	<i>(7 221</i> 1
(4,388	16,117	20,505	11,190	3,859	(7,331)
	(3,709)		11,190 19,464	(1,625)	(21,089)
(4,388		20,505 3,709	_		

(Continued)

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

	Capital Projects		
	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:		_	_
From local sources:	¢440,000	0445 770	(((0, 000)
Taxes Tuition	\$118,000	\$115,770	(\$2,230)
Earnings on investments	500	1,358	858
Extracurricular			
Gifts and donations			
Other local revenues			
Other revenue	9,929	10,000	71
Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Federal	92,897	114,274	21,377
Total revenues	221,326	241,402	20,076
Expenditures:			
Current: Instruction:			
Regular	92,091	90,120	1,971
Special	02,001	00,120	1,071
Vocational			
Other			
Support services:			
Pupil	4,222	3,977	245
Instructional staff	995	995	
Board of Education Administration			
Fiscal			
Operations and maintenance			
Pupil transportation	40		40
Central			
Community services	245	113	132
Extracurricular activities			
Facilities acquisition and construction	247,810	240,958	6,852
Debt service:			
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges			
Total expenditures	345,403	336,163	9,240
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(124,077)	(94,761)	29,316
Other financing sources (uses):			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Refund of prior year's expenditures			
Refund of prior year's receipts			
Operating transfers in	40,630	40,630	
Operating transfers out			
Advances in			
Advances out			
Total other financing sources (uses)	40,630	40,630	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over	()	(F	
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	(83,447)	(54,131)	29,316
Fund balances, July 1	65,386	65,386	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	26,636	26,636	
Fund balances, June 30	\$8,575	\$37,891	\$29,316

Total (Memorandum only)					
Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)			
\$1,891,000 180,960	\$1,928,054 198,778	\$37,054 17,818			
33,100 145,650 1,200	29,677 95,741	(3,423) (49,909) (1,200)			
80,900 9,929 4,011,787	91,230 10,000 3,996,540	10,330 71 (15,247)			
217,106	216,385	(721)			
6,571,632	6,566,405	(5,227)			
3,466,966 606,053	3,438,066 593,900	28,900 12,153			
248,030	224,128	23,902			
3,200		3,200			
264,218	254,027	10,191			
290,725	263,367	27,358			
32,900 501,594	31,803 475,068	1,097 26,526			
193,035	190,401	2,634			
546,595	540,651	5,944			
420,204	413,235	6,969			
1,610	448	1,162			
245	113	132 46,304			
300,091 247,810	253,787 240,958	6,852			
14,638 5,867	14,537 5,289	101 578			
7,143,781	6,939,778	204,003			
(572,149)	(373,373)	198,776			
F0 000	E4 400	4 400			
50,000 (1,000)	54,420 (40)	4,420 960			
101,135	113,567	12,432			
(121,966)	(119,421)	2,545			
33,000	23,000	(10,000)			
(50,500)	(27,500)	23,000			
10,669	44,026	33,357			
(561,480)	(329,347)	232,133			
504,900 141,654	504,900 141,654				
\$85,074	\$317,207	\$232,133			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

	Proprietary Fund Type
	Enterprise
Operating revenues: Tuition and fees	\$18,168
Sales/charges for services	236,218
Total operating revenues	254,386
Operating expenses:	
Personal services	181,445
Contract services	3,523
Materials and supplies Depreciation	163,066 3,882
Other operating expenses	3,862 1,527
Total operating expenses	353,443
Operating loss	(99,057)
Nonoperating revenues:	
Operating grants	53,288
Federal commodities	23,338
Total nonoperating revenues	76,626
Net loss before operating transfers	(22,431)
Operating transfers in	5,854
Net loss	(16,577)
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) at July 1	(21,962)
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) at June 1	(38,539)
Contributed capital at July 1	11,699
Current year contributions from other funds	2,973
Contributed capital at June 30	14,672
Total fund equity at June 30	(\$23,867)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

	Proprietary Fund Type
	Enterprise
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from tuition and fees	\$18,168
Cash received from sales/service charges	236,222
Cash payments for personal services	(174,064)
Cash payments for contract services	(4,115)
Cash payments for materials and supplies Cash payments for other expenses	(139,927) (1,527)
Net cash used in operating activities	(65,243)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Cash received from operating grants	53,414
Transfers in from other funds	5,854
Cash received from interfund loans	16,000
Cash used in repayment of interfund loans	(11,500)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	63,768
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,475)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,566
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$1,091
Reconciliation of operating loss net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	(\$99,057)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	
to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation	3,882
Federal donated commodities	23,338
Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease in materials and supplies inventory	1,294
Decrease in accounts receivable	1,294
Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in accounts payable	(592)
Increase in accrued wages and benefits	2,378
Increase in compensated absences payable	2,358
Increase in pension obligation payable	2,645
Decrease in deferred revenue	(1,493)
Net cash used in operating activities	(\$65,243)

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NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Seneca East Local School District (the District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four- year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by state and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1971. The District serves an area of approximately 154 square miles and is located in Seneca and Huron Counties. The District is the 475th largest in the State of Ohio (among the 682 public and community school districts) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 61 classified employees and 72 certified teaching personnel who provide services to 1,109 students and other community members. The District currently operates 2 elementary schools, an elementary/junior high school, a high school, and an administration building.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The general-purpose financial statements (GPFS) of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>". When applying GASB Statement No. 14, management has considered all potential component units.

The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the District's ability to exercise significant oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependence. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of the governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the accountability for fiscal matters.

A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship with the District.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

North Central Ohio Joint Self-Insurance Association (the Association)

The Association is a public entity risk pool consisting of the North Central Ohio Educational Service Center, the Sandusky County Educational Service Center, and five local school districts - Tiffin, Old Fort, Bettsville, Seneca East, and New Riegel. The Association was established pursuant to § 9.833, Ohio Revised Code, in order to act as a common risk management and insurance program. The Association's Board of Directors is comprised of one member from each of the local school districts, the North Central Ohio Educational Service Center, and the Sandusky County Educational Service Center. The North Central Ohio Educational Service Center acts as fiscal agent to the Association. Refer to Note 12 for further information on this public entity risk pool.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established in § 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) was established as an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP is governed by a three-member Board of Directors. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program. Refer to Note 12 for further information on this group rating plan.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA)

The District is a participant in the Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA), which is a computer consortium. NOECA is an association of thirty-eight public school districts formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The NOECA Board of Directors consists of two representatives from each county in which participating school districts are located, the chairman of each of the operating committees, and a representative from the fiscal agent. The District paid \$36,745 to NOECA in fiscal year 2001 for services. Financial information can be obtained from Betty Schwiefert, who serves as Controller, 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

Vanguard-Sentinel Career Center

The Vanguard-Sentinel Career Center (Career Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio, which provides vocational education to students. The Career Center is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from the Seneca East Local School District, one representative from twelve other participating school districts, and two representatives from the Fremont City School District. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. The Career Center is its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from Jay Valasek, Vanguard-Sentinel Career Center, 1306 Cedar Street, Fremont, Ohio 43420.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

Bay Area Council

The Bay Area Council was established in 1986 to carry out a cooperative program for the purchase of natural gas among boards of education located in Erie, Huron, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, and Wood Counties. The Bay Area Council is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member boards of education. The Bay Area Council is governed by a Board of Directors. This Board is elected by an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating school district. The District paid \$87,310 to Bay Area Council during fiscal year 2001 for gas usage and related fees. Financial information can be obtained from the Erie County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, 2902 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

Seneca East Public Library

The Seneca East Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Seneca East Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District serves as the taxing authority, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Seneca East Public Library, Ernestine Walliser, who serves as Clerk-Treasurer, 14 North Main Street, Attica, Ohio 44807.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following is the District's proprietary fund type.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These include an expendable trust fund and agency funds. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The budget basis of accounting is followed by the agency funds. See Note 3.C. for an analysis of the agency fund accruals which, in other fund types, would be recognized on the combined balance sheet.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of general nature, the following account groups are used.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and the expendable trust fund are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for all governmental funds and the expendable trust fund. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, which for the District is sixty days after the June 30 year-end. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include taxes, (to the extent they are intended to finance the current fiscal year), interest, and accounts (student fees and tuition). Current property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2001, and which are intended to finance fiscal 2002 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues. Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) are recognized as revenue. In proprietary funds, unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The District reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the recognition of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied and the resources are available. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying exchange occurred and the resources are available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available.

Expenditures (decreases in net financial resources) are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exception: general long-term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; and costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as expenditures in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

in the operating statement as an expense and a like amount is reported as donated commodities revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from nonexchange transactions, such as grants, entitlements and donations, is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. The proprietary funds receive no revenue from property or income taxes.

D. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds except agency funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2001 is as follows:

- Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Seneca County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2001.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund and function level of expenditures for the general fund and the fund level of expenditures for all other budgeted funds, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any function appropriations within the general fund or alter the fund appropriation for all other budgeted funds must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All departments/functions and funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal 2001.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at fund and function level of expenditures for the general fund and at the fund level of expenditures for all other budgeted funds.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized with District funds in the normal course of operations, for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For governmental fund types, encumbrances outstanding at year-end appear as a reserve to the fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 16 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting and disclosure of the encumbrances outstanding for proprietary fund types at fiscal year end and Note 13 discloses the encumbrances outstanding for the enterprise funds.

E. Cash

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

Cash and cash equivalents held for the District by the North Central Ohio Educational Service Center are included on the combined balance sheet as "Cash with Fiscal Agent".

During fiscal year 2001, investments were limited to a nonnegotiable certificate of deposit which was reported at cost.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. During fiscal 2001, interest revenue credited to the general fund amounted to \$27,550, which includes \$17,831 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

F. Inventory

Inventories for all governmental funds are valued at cost (first-in/first-out method). The purchase method is used to account for inventories. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories at period end are

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

reported as assets of the respective fund, which are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation even though they are a component of reported assets.

Inventories of proprietary funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market and expensed when used rather than when purchased.

G. Prepaids

Prepayments for governmental funds represent cash disbursements which have occurred and are therefore not current expendable resources. These items are reported as fund assets on the balance sheet using the allocation method, which amortizes their cost over the periods benefitting from the advance payment. At year-end, because prepayment is not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the enterprise funds are capitalized in the respective funds. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to the enterprise fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise funds is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of eight to twenty years.

I. Intergovernmental Revenues

In governmental funds, entitlements and non-reimbursable grants (to the extent such grants and entitlements relate to the current fiscal year) are recorded as receivables and revenue when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants for proprietary fund operations are recognized as revenue when measurable and earned. The District currently participates in various state and federal programs categorized as follows:

Entitlements

General Fund

State Foundation Program
State Property Tax Relief
School Bus Purchase Allocation

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

Non-Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds

Professional Development

Education Management Information Systems

WSOS Preschool Tuition

Eisenhower

Ohio Reads

Title VI-B

Title I

Title VI

Drug Free

Title VI-R Classroom Reduction

SchoolNet Professional Development

Network Connectivity

Summer School Subsidy

Extended Learning Opportunity

Other State Grant

Capital Projects Funds

SchoolNet Plus

Technology Equity

Interactive Video Distance Learning

Reimbursable Grants

General Fund

Driver Education

Enterprise Fund

National School Lunch Program Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements amounted to approximately 63% of the District's operating revenue during the 2001 fiscal year.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with ten or more years of service with the District were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

Accumulated vacation and severance of governmental fund type employees meeting the above requirements have been recorded in the appropriate governmental fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be payable within the current available period. The balance of the liability is recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Vacation and sick leave for employees meeting the above requirements who are paid from proprietary funds is recorded as an expense when earned.

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a government fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

L. Fund Equity

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, debt service and tax advance unavailable for appropriation. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds. The reserve for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriations under State statute.

M. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds. The most significant include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund. The resources transferred are to be expended for operations by the receiving fund and are recorded as operating transfers, with the exception of agency funds, which do not show transfers of resources as operating transfers.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund. Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses.
- 3. Short-term interfund loans and accrued interfund reimbursements are reflected as "interfund loans receivable or payable". The District had short-term interfund loans receivable and payable at June 30, 2001.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

4. Long-term interfund loans that will not be repaid within the next year are termed "advances" and are shown as reservations of fund balances on the combined balance sheet for those funds that report advances to other funds as assets because they are not spendable, available resources. The District had no long-term advances receivable or payable at June 30, 2001.

An analysis of interfund transactions is presented in Note 5.

N. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents resources from other funds, other governments, and private sources provided to the enterprise funds that is not subject to repayment. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to unreserved retained earnings at fiscal year-end.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the GPFS in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the GPFS and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Other Local Revenues

The revenue line item "Other Local Revenues" includes income derived from Knowledeworks Foundation, copy fees, laminating fees, driver's education fees, E-Rate, telephone receipts, and other revenue.

Q. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets represent amounts set aside to create a reserve for budget stabilization.

R. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the GPFS are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with GAAP. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

3. ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principle

GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions," was implemented during fiscal 2001. This statement pertains to the financial reporting of certain types of revenue received by the District for which no value is given in return, including derived tax revenues, imposed nonexchange transactions, government-mandated nonexchange transactions, and voluntary nonexchange transactions The adoption of this statement had no effect on fund balances/retained earnings as previously reported by the District at June 30, 2000.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances/Retained Earnings

Fund balances/retained earnings at June 30, 2001 included the following fund deficits:

	Deficit
	<u>Balance</u>
Special Revenue Funds Management Information Systems Title I	\$60 3.571
Enterprise Funds	3,571
Food Service	38,509
Uniform School Supplies	30

The Uniform School Supplies enterprise fund did not comply with Ohio State law, which does not permit a cash-basis at year-end. The fund had a negative cash fund balance of \$30 at June 30, 2001.

The other funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-

The deficit fund balances in the Management Information Systems Title I and special revenue funds are caused by accruing wage, benefit and retirement obligations in accordance with GAAP. These deficits will be eliminated by intergovernmental revenues and other resources not recognized at June 30.

The deficit retained earnings in the Food Service enterprise fund is a result of accruing wage, benefit, retirement obligations in accordance with GAAP. This deficit will be eliminated by user charges and intergovernmental revenues not recognized at June 30.

C. Agency Fund

The following is an accrual for the agency fund, which, in another fund type, would be recognized in the combined balance sheet:

LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$2	23

4. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

The District maintains a cash pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents". Statutes require the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States:
- Bonds, Notes, Debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio:
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instruments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand: At fiscal year-end, the District had \$420 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the balance sheet of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Cash with Fiscal Agent: At fiscal year-end, the District had \$636 in cash and cash equivalents held by the North Central Ohio Educational Service Center. This amount is included on the balance sheet as "Cash with Fiscal Agent". The Educational Service Center holds this flow through grant money for the District together with that of other school districts and therefore the District cannot classify this money by risk under GASB Statement No. 3.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

Deposits: At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits, including non-negotiable certificates of deposit, was \$767,836 and the bank balance, including non-negotiable certificates of deposit, was \$844,182. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$300,000 was covered by federal depository insurance; and
- 2. \$544,182 was uninsured and unregistered as defined by GASB although it was secured by collateral held by third party trustees, pursuant to § 135.18 Ohio Revised Code; these securities not being in the name of the District. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposits in excess of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies, obligations of the State of Ohio and its municipalities, and obligations of the other states. Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to a bank other than the institution in which the deposit is made. Written custodial agreements are required.

5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. The following is a summarized breakdown of the District's operating transfers for fiscal year 2001:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund		\$71,960
Special Revenue Funds		
District Managed Student Activities	\$9,359	
Classroom Reduction	6,831	
Miscellaneous Federal Grants		6,831

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Debt Service Fund	16,117	
Capital Projects Fund Permanent Improvement	40,630	
Enterprise Fund Uniform School Supply	5,854	
Totals	\$78,791	\$78,791

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2001, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund	\$22,417	
Enterprise Funds Food Service		\$16,417
Agency Funds Student Activities		6,000
Total	\$22,417	\$22,417

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half of the calendar year occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the District. Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after November 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value.

Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value. The assessed value upon which the 2000 taxes were collected was \$83,240,463. Agricultural/Residential and public utility real estate represented 81.05% or \$67,463,310 of this total; Commercial and Industrial real estate represented 4.56% or \$3,798,880 of this total, public utility tangible represented 11.54% or \$9,607,040 of this total and general tangible property represented 2.85% or \$2,371,233 of this total. The voted general tax rate at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001 was \$38.30 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for operations and \$2.00 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for permanent improvements.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

The Seneca and Huron County Treasurers collect property tax on behalf of the District and periodically remit, to the District, its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on statutory cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes, which became measurable as of June 30, 2001. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, they are not (exclusive of advances) intended to finance current year operations. The net receivable (total receivable less amount available intended to finance the current year) is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue. A total of \$165,106 available to the District as an advance at June 30, and is recognized as revenue.

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue but not received by the District prior to June 30, 2001, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance. The District is prohibited, by law, from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC § 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to fiscal year-end.

7. SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The voters of the District passed a 1% school district income tax at the November 7, 2000 election that became effective January 1, 2001. This tax is effective for five years. School district income tax revenue received by the general fund during fiscal year 2001 was \$179,112.

8. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2001, consisted of taxes, accrued interest, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), interfund loans, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements (to the extent such grants and entitlements relate to the current fiscal year). Intergovernmental receivables have been reported as "Due From Other Governments" on the combined balance sheet. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

	Amounts
General Fund Taxes - current and delinquent	\$1,869,869
Capital Projects Funds Taxes - current and delinquent	112,911
Enterprise Funds Due from other governments	5,496

9. FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the changes in the general fixed assets account group during the fiscal year follows:

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2000	Increase	Balance June 30, 2001
Land/Improvements	\$104,539	3,200	\$107,739
Buildings/Improvements	1,424,872	\$7,584	1,432,456
Furniture/Fixtures/Equipment	1,109,286	76,754	1,186,040
Books	411,136	24,031	435,167
Vehicles	802,028	56,857	858,885
Totals	\$3,851,861	\$168,426	\$4,020,287

There was no significant construction in progress.

A summary of the proprietary fixed assets at June 30, 2001 follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$98,327
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	66,910
Net Fixed Assets	\$31,417

10. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components is derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 225 days for school personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of their accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of fifty-six and one-quarter days.

B. Health Care Benefits

The District provides medical, dental, and life insurance to all employees through the North Central Ohio Joint Self-Insurance Association. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract.

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the year ended June 30, 2001, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Compensated absences and the pension obligations will be paid from the fund in which the employee was paid.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2000	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2001
Compensated absences	\$420,112	\$56,210		\$476,322
Pension Obligation Payable	66,925	62,784	(\$66,925)	62,784
Energy Conservation loan payable - 5.00%	30,861		(8,553)	22,308
Energy conservation loan	07.404		(= 00.4)	04.400
payable - 5.35%	27,404		(5,984)	21,420
Total	\$545,302	\$118,994	(\$81,462)	\$582,834

<u>FY1994 Energy Conservation Loan</u> - On November 15, 1993, the School District obtained a loan, in the amount of \$75,547, from Sutton Bank to provide energy conservation measures for the School District. The loan was issued under the authority of Ohio Revised Code § 133.06 for a ten-year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2004. The loan is being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

<u>FY 2000 Energy Conservation Loan</u> - On November 16, 1999, the District obtained a loan, in the amount of \$30,000, from Sutton Bank to provide funds for an energy conservation lighting project for the District. The loan was issued under the authority of Ohio Revised Code § 133.06 for a five-year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2005. The loan is being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

Compensated absences and pension obligations, representing the District's contractually required pension contribution, will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. Compensated absences are presented net of actual increases and decrease due to the practicality of determining these values.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the energy conservation loans outstanding at June 30, 2001, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	
2002	\$13,797	\$2,707	\$16,504	
2003	15,308	1,196	16,504	
2004	11,243	441	11,684	
2005	3,380	53	3,433	
Total	\$43,728	\$4,397	\$48,125	

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2001 are a voted debt margin of \$7,491,642 and an unvoted debt margin of \$83,240.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2001, the District contracted for the following insurance coverages:

Coverages provided by	[,] Indiana I	Insurance	Company are	as fol	lows:
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Buildings and Contents - replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$13,018,900
Inland Marine Coverage (\$250 deductible)	506,734
Musical Instruments	173,837

Coverages provided by Mid-American Fire & Casualty Company

Automobile Liability	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
Medical Payments - per person	5,000

Coverages provided by Nationwide Insurance are as follows:

General Liability

Per Occurrence/Aggregate	1,000,000
Aggregate	5,000,000
Umbrella Liability	2,000,000
Fire Damage (any one fire)	100,000
Medical Expense (any one person)	5,000

Coverages provided by Farmers Mutual Insurance Association are as follows:

Crop Hailstorm 17,500

Coverages provided by Ohio Mutual Insurance Association are as follows:

Farm Buildings and Contents (\$100 deductible) 101,900

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Health Insurance

The District joined together with other area school districts to form the North Central Ohio Joint-Self Insurance Association, a public entity risk pool for seven member school districts. The risk of loss transfers entirely to the pool. The pool is self-sustaining through member premiums. The District paid a monthly premium to the pool for health insurance. The agreement for formation of the pool provided that it will be self-sustaining through member premiums and the pool will purchase stop-loss insurance policies through commercial companies to cover claims in excess of \$50,000 for any employee.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

C. Worker's Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will than either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

13. SEGMENT INFORMATION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The District maintains two enterprise funds to account for the operations of food service and uniform school supplies. The table below reflects, in a summarized format, the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001.

	Uniform			
	Food Service	School Supply	Total	
Operating Revenues	\$236,218	\$18,168	\$254,386	
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation	328,493	21,068	349,561	
Depreciation	3,882		3,882	
Operating Loss	(96,157)	(2,900)	(99,057)	
Operating Grants	53,288		53,288	
Federal Donated Commodities	23,338		23,338	
Net Loss	(19,531)	2,954	(16,577)	
Net Working Capital	(41,212)	(30)	(41,242)	
Total Assets	47,873	(30)	47,843	
Total Liabilities	71,710		71,710	
Contributed Capital	14,672		14,672	
Total Equity	(23,837)	(30)	(23,867)	
Encumbrances	645		645	

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

14. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% for 2001; 4.2% was the portion to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates are not determined actuarially, but are established by the School Employees Retirement Board within the rates allowed by State statute. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999 were \$110,756, \$108,884, and \$59,780, respectively; 36.09% has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100% for the fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$70,788, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614) 227-4090.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14%; 9.5% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14%for employers. The District's required contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$428,971, \$411,507, and \$165,904, respectively; 82.93% has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100% for the fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$73,240, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

or the State Teachers Retirement System/School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2001, three of the Board of Education members have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

15. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$137,883 during fiscal 2001.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve Fund was \$3.419 billion at June 30, 2000 (the latest information available). For the year ended June 30, 2000 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$283.137 million and STRS had 99,011 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75% of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.45% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2001, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2000 (the latest information available), were \$140.7 million and the target level was \$211.0 million. At June 30, 2000 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$252.3 million and SERS had approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$96,342 during the 2001 fiscal year.

16. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance is done on a GAAP basis, the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

The Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

The Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental funds (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the governmental funds are as follows:

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
Budget Basis	(\$269,882)	(\$1,625)	(\$3,709)	(\$54,131)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	184,308	4,837		(775)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(72,723)	1,481		(4,348)
Net adjustment for other financing				
sources/(uses)	(55,380)	5,500		
Encumbrances (budget basis)	181,415	13,204	1,948	131,426
GAAP Basis	(\$32,262)	\$23,397	(\$1,761)	\$72,172

17. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2001.

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is not involved in litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

C. State School Funding Decision

On September 6, 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision identified aspects of the current plan that require modification if the plan is to be considered constitutional, including:

- A change in the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount. Any change in the amount of funds distributed to school districts as a result of this change must be retroactive to July 1, 2001, although a time line for distribution is not specified.
- Fully funding parity aid no later than the beginning of fiscal year 2004 rather than fiscal year 2006.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case based on anticipated compliance with its order.

In general, it is expected that the decision would result in an increase in State funding for most Ohio school districts. However, as of November 8, 2001, the Ohio General Assembly is still analyzing the impact this Supreme Court decision will have on funding for individual school districts. Further, the State of Ohio, in a motion filed September 17,2001, asked the Court to reconsider and clarify the parts of the decision changing the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount and the requirement that changes be made retroactive to July 1, 2001.

On November 2, 2001, the Court granted this motion for reconsideration. The Court may reexamine and redetermine any issue upon such reconsideration.

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision and the reconsideration will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

18. STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by Statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the reserve activity was as follows:

NOTES TO GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

		Capital	Budget
	Textbooks	Acquisition	Stabilization
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2000	\$35,047		\$68,606
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	124,822	\$124,822	3,900
Current Year Offsets		(117,196)	
Qualifying Disbursements	(176,865)	(69,348)	(40,630)
Total	(\$16,996)	(\$61,722)	\$31,876
Set-aside Reserve Carried Forward to FY 2002	(\$16,996)		\$31,876
Restricted Assets as of June 30, 2001			\$31,876

Effective April 10, 2001, Am. Sub. Senate Bill 345 amended ORC § 5705.29 effectively eliminating the requirement for the District to establish and maintain a budget stabilization reserve. Monies previously reported in the budget stabilization reserve are now reported as unreserved and undesignated fund equity in the general fund, except for Bureau of Workmen's Compensation (BWC) refunds. The Board of Education has opted to spend the BWC funds for buses. The carry forward amount has been encumbered for a bus purchased during the current fiscal period. The District is still required by state law to maintain the textbook reserve and the capital acquisition reserve.

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the setaside amount below zero for the capital acquisition reserve, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year. This page intentionally left blank.



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Seneca East Local School District Seneca County 109 Seneca Street P.O. Box 462 Attica, Ohio 44807-0462

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of Seneca East Local School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated November 14, 2001.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated November 14, 2001.

Seneca East Local School District
Seneca County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and the Board of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

November 14, 2001



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SENECA EAST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SENECA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 6, 2001