AUDITOR AMI///

CITY OF CLEVELAND CUYAHOGA COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

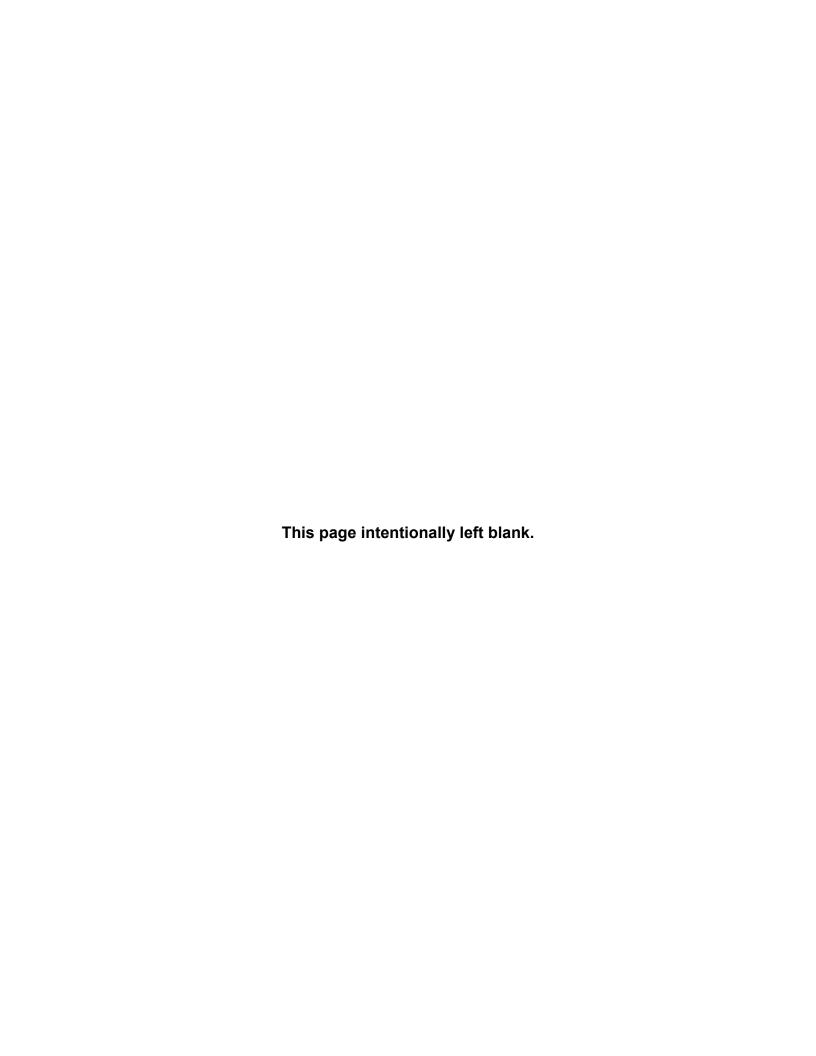
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001



CITY OF CLEVELAND CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For	The Year Ended Decen	iber 31, 2001	
Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Agriculture			
Direct Programs:			
Summer Food Service Program for Children 1999	10.559	-	\$ 106
Summer Food Service Program for Children 2001	10.559	- Total Department of agriculture	158,127 \$ 158,233
Department of Energy			
bepartment of Energy			
Pass Through Programs:			
Ohio Department of Development: Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons 1997	81.042	D-97-111	\$ (110)
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons 1997 Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons 1997	81.042	D-97-111 D-97-111	110
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons 1999	81.042	D-99-111	8,164
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons 2000	81.042	D-00-111	164,846
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons 2001	81.042	D-01-111	199,117
		Subtotal	372,127
State Weatherization Grant-Stripper 1999	81.XXX	S-99-111	12,746
State Weatherization Grant-Stripper 2000	81.XXX	S-00-111	246,257
State Weatherszation Statit Stripper 2000	01.7001	Subtotal	259,003
		Total Department of Energy	\$ 631,130
		. 5	<u> </u>
Department of Health and Human Services			
Direct Programs:		•	
Healthy Start Initiative I	93.926	-	\$ (27,773)
Healthy Start Initiative Yr2	93.926	-	(190)
Healthy Start Initiative PhII/YrlII	93.926	-	17,834
Healthy Start Initiative Phll/Yr4	93.926	-	1,291,826
Healthy Start Initiative PhIII/Yrl	93.926	-	622,365
		Subtotal	1,904,062
Pass Through Programs:			
Federation for Community Planning:	02.000		12.010
Immunization Grants 2000	93.268	-	13,816
Immunization Grants 2001	93.268	- Subtotal	75,312 89,128
		Subtotal	09,120
Ohio Department of Aging:	02.044		204
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 1999 Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 2001	93.044 93.044	-	281 115,651
Grants for Supportive Services and Serior Centers 2001	93.044	Subtotal	115,932
Cuyahaga Caunty Poord of Health:			
Cuyahoga County Board of Health: Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant 2000	93.991	139-N-00	1,372
Treventive riculti and riculti octylecs block Grant 2000	30.331	Subtotal	1,372
		Cubtotal	1,072
Ohio Department of Health:	00.12-	400 ***	
Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention 1998-1999	93.197	139-U-99	115
Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention 1999-2000	93.197	18-2-01-F-BD	617
Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention 2000-2001 Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention 2002	93.197 93.197	18-2-01-F-BD 18-2-01-1-BD-02	171,970 189,727
Grinariood Lead Folsorining Freverition 2002	93.197	Subtotal	362,429
Sexually Transmitted Diseases Program 2000	93.997	18-2-01-P-BX-392	(2,714)
Sexually Transmitted Diseases Program 2001	93.997	18-2-01-P-BX-02	46,890
Sexually Transmitted Diseases Diagnosis & Treatment	93.997	.0 2 3 . 1 5/1 02	18,564
and the state of t		Subtotal	62,740

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

	ine fear Ended De	ecember 31, 2001	
Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services-Continued			
Ohio Department of Health:			
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant Yr2	93.994	18-2-001-1-DM-01	(4,126)
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant 2001	93.994	18-2-001-1-DM-01	64,791
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant 2000	93.994	18-2-01-F-BE-320	5,300
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant 2001	93.994	18-2-001-1-BE-01	67,856
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant 01-02	93.994	18-2-001-1-BE-02	22,197
		Subtotal	156,018
Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services:			
Centerpoint/Reward 2000	93.992	-	23
Centerpoint/Reward 2001	93.992	-	128,776
Centerpoint/Reward 2002	93.992	-	124,843
Drug Management 2001	93.992	-	16,617
Drug Management 2002	93.992	-	26,339
Focus Continuation 1998-99	93.992	-	17
Student Assistance 2001	93.992	-	33,391
Student Assistance 2002	93.992	- Subtotal	40,042 370,048
		Subtotal	370,046
Ohio Department of Development:			
HIV Prevention Activities: Health Department Based 1997	93.940	139-Z	(2,208)
HIV Prevention Activities: Health Department Based 1999	93.940	18-2-01-P-AS-392	122,981
HIV Prevention Activities: Health Department Based 2001	93.940	18-2-001-2-AS-02	847,264
		Subtotal	968,037
Lour Income Home Energy Assistance 1007	93.568	H-97-111	493
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance 1997 Low-Income Home Energy Assistance 1998	93.568	H-98-111	(491)
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance 1999	93.568	H-99-111	8,384
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance 2000	93.568	H-00-111	464,091
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance 2001	93.568	H-01-111	1,295,512
Ç,		Subtotal	1,767,989
Ohio Department of Health:			
Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) 2002	93.944	18-2-001-1-DM-02	5,079
		Subtotal	5,079
Supplemental Empowerment Zone - Title XX	93.585	G-98-01-244	115,266
oupplemental Empowerment Zone - True 700	30.303	Subtotal	115,266
		Total Department of Health and Human Services	\$ 5,918,100
Department of Housing & Urban Development			
Direct Programs:			
Community Development Block Grants:	14 210		\$ 6,744
CDBG XX CDBG XXI	14.218 14.218	-	1,043,186
CDBG XXII	14.218	- -	99,029
CDBG XXIII	14.218	-	1,406,740
CDBG XXIV	14.218	<u>-</u>	1,864,013
CDBG XXV	14.218	-	3,263,532
CDBG XXVI	14.218	-	16,535,494
CDBG Yr 27	14.218	-	9,506,065
CDBG Float Loan	14.218	-	6,683,593
CDBG - Home Ownership Zone - Sec 108LN	14.218	-	1,808,636
CDBG - Supplemental Empowerment Zone	14.218	- Subtotal	6,993,035 49,210,067
		Gubloldi	43,210,007

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Enderel Creek	Endaral	Page Through	
Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass Through Entity	Federal
Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Department of Housing & Urban DevelopmentContinued			
Direct Programs:			
Community Development Block Grants:	14 100		10 440 241
Multifamily Property Disposition	14.199	- Subtotal	10,440,341 10,440,341
		Subtotal	10,440,341
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 1992	14.239	-	513,722
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 1993	14.239	-	100,709
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 1997	14.239	-	148,027
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 1998	14.239	-	1,295,950
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 1999	14.239	-	926,562
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2000	14.239	-	2,139,945
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2001	14.239	- Cultivated	1,618,000
		Subtotal	6,742,915
Emergency Shelter Grants Program 1997	14.231	<u>-</u>	27,294
Emergency Shelter Grants Program 1998	14.231	-	156,687
Emergency Shelter Grants Program 1999	14.231	-	98,473
Emergency Shelter Grants Program 2000	14.231	<u>-</u>	957,816
		Subtotal	1,240,270
Housing Opportunities for Persons With Aids 1998	14.241	-	67,912
Housing Opportunities for Persons With Aids 1999	14.241	-	331,121
Housing Opportunities for Persons With Aids 2000	14.241	- Cubtotal	436,833
		Subtotal	835,866
Lead - Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately - Owned Housing	14.900	<u>-</u>	(1,361
Lead - Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately - Owned Housing 2001	14.900	-	797,602
,		Subtotal	796,241
Community Development Block Grants:			
Empowerment Zones Program	14.244		5,047,548
		Subtotal Total Department of Housing and Urban Development	5,047,548 \$ 74,313,248
Department of Justice			
Direct Programs:	16.710		¢ 20.666
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	- -	\$ 20,666 5,054,335
Tubile defety Farthership and dominantly Following Grants	10.710	Subtotal	5,075,001
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program 98	16.592	<u>-</u>	(5,667
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program 99	16.592	-	463,500
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program 00	16.592	-	213,464
		Subtotal	671,297
Door Through Drogram:			
Office of Criminal Justice Services:	16 579	00-DG-401-7424	29 645
Office of Criminal Justice Services: Byrne Formula Grant Program 2000	16.579 16.579	00-DG-A01-7424 01-DG-A01-7424	
Office of Criminal Justice Services:	16.579 16.579	00-DG-A01-7424 01-DG-A01-7424 Subtotal	67,729
Office of Criminal Justice Services: Byrne Formula Grant Program 2000		01-DG-A01-7424	67,729
Office of Criminal Justice Services: Byrne Formula Grant Program 2000		01-DG-A01-7424	67,729 97,374
Office of Criminal Justice Services: Byrne Formula Grant Program 2000 Byrne Formula Grant Program 2001	16.579	01-DG-A01-7424 Subtotal	67,729 97,374 2,416
Office of Criminal Justice Services: Byrne Formula Grant Program 2000 Byrne Formula Grant Program 2001 Violence Against Women Formula Grants 1999	16.579 16.588	01-DG-A01-7424 Subtotal 98-WF-VA2-8670	67,729 97,374 2,416 23,129
Office of Criminal Justice Services: Byrne Formula Grant Program 2000 Byrne Formula Grant Program 2001 Violence Against Women Formula Grants 1999 Violence Against Women Formula Grants 2001	16.588 16.588	01-DG-A01-7424 Subtotal 98-WF-VA2-8670 00-WF-VA2-8670 Subtotal	67,729 97,374 2,416 23,129 25,545
Office of Criminal Justice Services: Byrne Formula Grant Program 2000 Byrne Formula Grant Program 2001 Violence Against Women Formula Grants 1999 Violence Against Women Formula Grants 2001 Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants	16.579 16.588 16.588 16.523	01-DG-A01-7424 Subtotal 98-WF-VA2-8670 00-WF-VA2-8670 Subtotal 98-JB-013-A006	67,729 97,374 2,416 23,129 25,545
Office of Criminal Justice Services: Byrne Formula Grant Program 2000 Byrne Formula Grant Program 2001 Violence Against Women Formula Grants 1999 Violence Against Women Formula Grants 2001	16.588 16.588	01-DG-A01-7424 Subtotal 98-WF-VA2-8670 00-WF-VA2-8670 Subtotal 98-JB-013-A006 00-JB-002-A006	29,645 67,729 97,374 2,416 23,129 25,545 103,344 77,700
Byrne Formula Grant Program 2000 Byrne Formula Grant Program 2001 Violence Against Women Formula Grants 1999 Violence Against Women Formula Grants 2001 Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants	16.579 16.588 16.588 16.523	01-DG-A01-7424 Subtotal 98-WF-VA2-8670 00-WF-VA2-8670 Subtotal 98-JB-013-A006	67,729 97,374 2,416 23,129 25,545 103,344

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Treasury			
Direct Programs:			
G.R.E.A.T. 1999	21.053	99429046	46,893
G.R.E.A.T. 2000	21.053	ATC000066	36,596
G.R.E.A.T. 2001	21.053	ATC010045	43,326
		Subtotal	126,815
		Total Department of Treasury	\$ 126,815
Department of Labor			
Direct Programs:			
Urban/Rural Opportunities Grant	17.255	-	\$ 634,473
Youth Opportunity Area Grant	17.255	-	3,600,742
Dago Through Drogramo:		Subtotal	4,235,215
Pass Through Programs: WIA 2000	17.255		6,858,032
WIA 2000 WIA 2002	17.255	-	4,151,694
WIA 2002 WIA Aging 2000-2001	17.255	-	5,006
WIA 2001- 2002	17.255	- -	27,766
WIA SHARED COSTS/INTERDEPT CHG	17.255		1,528,826
WIA GITARED GOOTOMITERDEL 1 ONG	17.200	Subtotal	12,571,324
Pass Through Programs:			
Ohio Bureau Of Employment Services:			
JTPA- Title II-A 77% PY '97	17.250	0-97-20-00-01	(1,949)
JTPA- '98 Administrative Cost Pool	17.250	-	(7,152)
JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities	17.250	F5485-5-00-80-60	28,814
JTPA- '99 Administrative Cost Pool	17.250	-	39,189
		Subtotal	58,902
Tomperary Assistance for Needy Families 2000	93.558		516,276
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 2000	93.336	Subtotal	516,276
		Total Department of Labor	\$ 17,381,717
Department of Transportation		. o.a. 20pao. 2020.	Ψ,σσ.,
Direct Programs:			
Federal Aviation Administration:			
AIP Entitlement Grant 1999	20.106	-	\$ 331,734
AIP 53 Sound Insulation	20.106	-	5,452,499
AIP 54 Sound Insulation	20.106	-	242,190
AIP Sound Insulation	20.106	-	357,504
AIP FYOI LOI Award	20.106		24,315,378
		Subtotal	30,699,305
Ohio Department of Development:			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	-	175,618
		Subtotal	175,618
		Total Department of Transportation	\$ 30,874,923

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal penditures
Environmental Protection Agency			
Direct Programs:			
Air Pollution Control Program Support 1998	66.001	-	\$ 42
Air Pollution Control Program Support 2000	66.001	-	4,451
Air Pollution Control Program Support 2000	66.001	-	240
Air Pollution Control Program Support 2001	66.001	-	922,332
Air Pollution Control Program Support 2001	66.001	-	32,596
Air Pollution Control Program Support 2001	66.001	-	15,137
Air Pollution Control Program Support 2002	66.001	-	907,729
Air Pollution Control Program Support 2002	66.001	-	25,254
Air Pollution Control Program Support 2002	66.001	-	2,173
Air Pollution Control Program Support 2001	66.001	-	42,609
		Subtotal	1,952,563
Pass Through Programs:			
Ohio Environmental Protection Agency:			
Air Pollution Control Program Support 1999	66.001	-	20
		Subtotal	20
		Total Environmental Protection Agency	\$ 1,952,583
		Grand Total	\$ 137,407,010

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County

Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures includes the federal grant activity of the City of Cleveland (the "City") and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non- Profit Organizations.*

Longwood Grant:

The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) made available an UpFront Grant to the City in connection with the demolition, rebuilding and redevelopment of the Longwood apartments.

The funding for the Plan is forecast to come from a variety of public and private sources, including, without limitation, tax-exempt bonds issued under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, private sector equity derived from benefits associated with the low income housing tax credits, HUD section 221(d)(4) mortgage insurance, HUD UpFront Grant Program Funds, and City general obligation bond, public utility, Housing Trust Fund and NDA funds.

The UpFront Grant will be allocated and loaned to the Developer throughout the various phases of the project in accordance with a Promissory Note. Interest on this Note shall begin to accrue on April 1, 2006 at a fixed annual rate of 0.25% with this Note maturing on April 1, 2046.

The City used \$6,000,000 of the \$10,440,000 in grant funds to purchase a Bond through Cuyahoga County per the Grant agreement. The County transferred the bond proceeds to the Project Trustee. The City expensed the \$6,000,000 after it purchased these Bonds. In addition, the City transferred directly \$4,440,000 to the bond trustee per the Grant agreement. The City is a party to the Trustee "Phase One Proceeds Disbursement Agreement" but once the monies are transferred to the trust account by the Issuer the City is no longer responsible for how these monies are disbursed by the Trustee to the Developer.



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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Jane L. Campbell, Mayor, Members of Council, and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2001-20818-001 through 2001-20818-006. We also noted immaterial instances of noncompliance, which we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated August 16, 2002.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned cost as items 2001-20818-007 through 2001-20818-014.

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we consider items 2001-20818-007 and 2001-20818-008 to be material weaknesses. We also noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated August 16, 2002.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, City Council, federal awarding agencies and pass through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

August 16, 2002



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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Jane L. Campbell, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the City) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2001. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of law, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal programs are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

City of Cleveland
Cuyahoga County
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each
Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance
with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

We noted certain matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over compliance that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to administer a major federal program in accordance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned cost as items as 2001-20818-008, 2001-20818-011, 2001-20818-012, and 2001-20818-015 through 2001-20818-019.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we consider item 2001-20818-008 to be a material weakness. We noted other matters involving the internal control over federal compliance that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated August 16, 2002.

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures

We have audited the general-purpose financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2002. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, City Council, federal awarding agencies and pass through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

August 16, 2002

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

A-133 §.505

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness	Yes
	conditions reported at the financial statement	
	level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control	Yes
	weakness conditions reported at the financial	
	statement level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non-compliance at the	Yes
	financial statement level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control	Yes
	weakness conditions reported for major federal	
	programs?	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control	Yes
	weakness conditions reported for major federal	
	programs?	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Sec.	Yes
	.510?	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list)	CDBG 14.218
		Federal Home 14.239
		Empowerment Zone 14.244
		Airport Improvement 20.106
		COPS 16.710
		WIA 17.255
		Multifamily Housing 14.199
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$3,000,000
		Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

MATERIAL CITATIONS

Finding Number	2001-20818-001
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Budgetary Compliance - ORC 5705.41 (D)

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41 (D), provides that no subdivision or taxing authority shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer certifying that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances.

The following exceptions to this basic requirement are provided by statute:

Then and Now Certificate: This exception provides that, if the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made and at the time that he is completing his certification, sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the taxing authority can authorize the drawing of a warrant. The taxing authority has 30 days from the receipt of such certificate to approve payment by resolution or ordinance. If approval is not made within 30 days, there is no legal liability on the part of the subdivision or taxing district.

Amounts of less than \$1,000, may be paid by the fiscal officer without such affirmation of the taxing authority upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the taxing authority.

We compared order/invoice date to the date of the purchase order. In our disbursement test for non-payroll items we noted two (2) out of sixty (60) items tested (3.33%) where the certification was prepared after the purchase. We also noted in our contract test that seventeen (17) out of ninety (90) contracts tested (18.88%) had purchase order dates that were after the contract date. Furthermore, a "then and now" certificate was not issued.

This weakness allowed goods and services to be ordered and received without proper approval. Further, the City may allow goods or services to be ordered and received without having adequate monies and/or appropriations available to pay for the obligation.

We recommend the City prepare purchase orders certifying the availability of funds and encumbering the expenditure account prior to ordering of any goods and/or services.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

MATERIAL CITATIONS (Continued)

Finding Number	2001-20818-002

Budgetary Compliance - ORC 5705.39

Ohio Revised Code 5705.39, states that no appropriation measure is to become effective until the County Auditor files a certificate that the total appropriations from each fund do not exceed the total official estimate or amended official estimate.

The City failed to submit its temporary appropriation ordinance to the County for the 2001 calendar year and passed and filed the annual appropriation ordinance for the for the 2001 calendar year on March 30, 2001. Consequently, the City permitted appropriation measure for the 2001 calendar year to become effective without having the required County Auditor's Certificate. From January 1, 2001 until March 31, 2001 the City expended \$121,425,292 (General Fund) against an appropriation measure that was not certified by the County. In addition a supplemental appropriation ordinance was passed in October 2001 which was not submitted to the County.

We recommend the City submit their appropriation measures to the County Auditor in a timely manner and obtain the required certificate before expending funds.

Finding Number	2001-20818-003

Negative Cash Balances

Ohio Revised Code 5705.10 provides that monies paid into any fund shall be used only for the purposes for which such fund was established.

The following funds had negative balances at December 31, 2001, indicating that money from one fund was used to cover the expenses of another fund and consequently that money paid into a fund was not used for the purposes for which the fund had been established.

Fund Name	Cash Fund Balance - 12/31/01
Community Development Block Grant Fund	(\$ 2,946,457)
Home Weatherization Grant	(\$ 566,878)
Air Pollution Control Grant	(\$ 61,433)
Supplemental Empowerment Zone Grant	(\$ 10,651,574)
Sinking Fund Administration	(\$ 24,215)
Grant Improvement Fund	(\$ 5,863,252)
Telephone Exchange Fund	(\$ 666,155)
Information System Services Fund	(\$ 309,853)
City Storeroom and Warehouse Fund	(\$ 68,830)
WIA Grants	(\$ 8,249,820)

The City does not utilize advances from the General Fund to cover the up-front costs associated with various reimbursements type grants.

This weakness could cause a loss of accountability over the financial activity of the City including cash disbursements, budgeting, and financial reporting. In addition, the negative fund balances could put a financial burden on the City if not adequately monitored and/or corrected on timely basis.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

MATERIAL CITATIONS (Continued)

Finding Number	2001-20818-003 (Continued)

We recommend the City generate reports and review fund balances on a monthly basis, at minimum, to determine if any negative balances exist. Further, we recommend the City advance monies from the General Fund to other funds, when they are required to expend monies, prior to receiving grant reimbursements.

Finding Number 2001-20818-004

Expenditures Exceed Appropriations

Ohio Revised Code Subsection 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision from spending money unless it has been properly appropriated. The following major object codes, within the noted funds or sub-funds, had expenditures plus encumbrances that exceeded appropriations at December 31, 2001, November 30, 2001 and October 31, 2001. These violations occurred at the legal level of budgetary control.

FUND:			Expenditures/
Description:	<u>Type:</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Encumbrances</u>
Testing of December 31, 2001			
GENERAL FUND:			
Community Development – Admin. Services	S Other Expenditures	\$276,24	\$280,572
Testing of November 30, 2001			
GENERAL FUND:			
Civil Service Div.	Other expenditures	\$575,5	\$576,226
City Planning Commission	Other expenditures	\$47,5	565 \$52,150
Office Budget and Management	Other expenditures	\$41,1	43 \$43,234
Div Finance Admin	Other expenditures	\$33,3	\$33,837
Div Treasury	Other expenditures	\$65,9	930 \$73,483
Div Public Services Admin	Other expenditures	\$18,5	528 \$18,655
Div-Emergency Medical Services	Other expenditures	\$1,087,8	\$1,151,530
Div-Parks Recreation & Property Admin	Other expenditures	\$170,8	345 \$182,788
Div-Research Plan & Develop	Other expenditures	\$76,3	301 \$76,354
Div-Community Development Admin Serv.	Other expenditures	\$433,5	564 \$1,075,800
Div-Building & Housing	Other expenditures	\$447,0	98 \$472,727
Div-Economic Development	Other expenditures	\$47,3	359 \$47,441
ENTERPRISE FUNDS:			
Division of Water	Personnel & Related Exp	pend. \$58,225,7	51 \$58,309,783
Div-Convention Center	Personnel & Related Exp	pend. \$2,092,8	344 \$2,294,181
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS:			
Telephone Exchange Fund	Other expenditures	\$4,141,9	31 \$4,150,959
Div-City Storeroom & Warehouse	Other expenditures	\$715,7	705 \$732,977
Testing of October 31, 2001			
GENERAL FUND:			
Division of Bureau of Internal Audit Sa	laries and Benefits	\$526,96	\$532,842

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

MATERIAL CITATIONS (Continued)

Finding Number	2001-20818-004 (Continued)

Spending money that has not been appropriated can lead to substantial shortfalls in available revenues for other areas, leading to deficit spending. The spending of money without the proper approval undermines City Council's authority and ability to effectively monitor activities of the City and can cause fiscal problems in the long term, for the City as-a-whole.

We recommend each department or division, in addition to the division of finance, ensure it has proper authorization from City Council, in the form of appropriation measures, prior to encumbering or spending funds.

Finding Number	2001-20818-005

Appropriations Exceeding Estimated Revenues

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.39 prohibits a subdivision from making appropriations in excess of total estimated revenue.

The Telephone Exchange Fund (Internal Service Fund) had appropriations of \$5,656,888 that exceeded estimated resources of \$4,556,889 by \$1,099,999 at December 31, 2001; however, the actual expenditures were \$4,150,959.

This resulted in total appropriations exceeding the amended official estimate of resources. In addition, this could allow expenditures to exceed the total available fund balance plus current year revenues which would then result in a negative fund balance. Finally, this weakness results in a loss of accountability over the budgetary process and reduces the effectiveness of monitoring controls.

The City failed to adequately comply with the requirements. Control weaknesses in the budgetary monitoring controls, including timely report distribution, contributed to the above instances of non-compliance.

We recommend that the City review appropriations and estimated resources on a monthly basis and make the necessary revisions to the budget in order to comply with legal budgetary requirements.

Finding Number 2001-20818-006

Estimated Revenue vs. Actual Revenue Appropriation

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.36, permits subdivisions to request increased amended certificates of estimated resources and reduced amended certificates upon determination by the fiscal officer that revenue to be collected will be greater or less than the amount in the official certificate of estimated resources. In addition, this section provides that a reduced amended certificate must be obtained if the amount of the deficiency will reduce available resources below the current level of appropriation.

The following funds had estimated revenues that were greater than actual revenues at December 31, 2001 and the amount of the deficiency resulted in available resources being less than the current level of appropriation.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

MATERIAL CITATIONS (Continued)

Finding Number		2001-20818-00	06	
			400000047104	10 DEFICIENCY
			APPROPRIATION	IS DEFICIENCY
	RESOURCES &	UNENCUMBERE	<u>-D</u>	
		BALANCE		
General Fund	\$493,721,678	\$491,126,272	\$493,718,316	\$(2,592,044)
SCMR	\$28,226,495	\$26,733,828	\$27,659,990	\$(926,162)
Utilities – Radio Commission	\$2,327,654	\$1,590,006	\$1,998,053	\$(408,047)
Airport General Operations	\$98,675,857	\$77,174,287	\$98,622,241	\$(21,447,954)
West Side Market	\$1,402,736	\$880,955	\$1,141,395	\$(260,440)
Telephone Exchange Fund	\$4,556,889	\$3,608,354	\$5,656,888	\$(2,048,534)
Information System Serv. Fund	\$2,552,381	\$1,569,854	\$2,547,538	\$(977,684)
Motor Vehicle Maintenance Fund	\$17,646,282	\$14,514,972	\$17,571,858	\$(3,056,886)
Storeroom and Warehouse Fund	\$781.066	\$673.817	\$776.063	\$(102.246)

This could allow actual expenditures to exceed the total of unencumbered beginning fund balance plus current year revenues which would then result in a negative fund balance. Further, this condition reduces accountability over the budgetary process. Careful monitoring of the budget would have disclosed the need for a reduction of estimated revenue and a corresponding reduction of appropriations.

We recommend the City compare actual revenues plus unencumbered fund balance to estimated resources, in all funds which are legally required to be budgeted, and make any necessary amendment(s) to the certificate of estimated resources to ensure compliance with the Ohio Revised Code, and to ensure that the City does not spend more money than it collects in any fund. The comparisons should be performed at least monthly.

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Finding Number 2001-20616-007	Finding Number	2001-20818-007
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Implementation of GASB 34

In June 1999, GASB issued Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments". This Statement establishes financial reporting standards, requiring that the City's basic financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) consist of the following:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis Providing management's analytical overview of the City's financial activities.
- Basic Financial Statements The basic financial statements will consist of Government-wide financial statements, which will include a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, prepared on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These statements will report all assets including significant infrastructure assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and gains and losses of the City. The basic financial statements also will consist of the more familiar fund financial statements, but they will focus on the City's "Major" funds as defined in the Statement.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES (Continued)

Finding Number 2001-20818-007 (Continued)

- In addition, for the first the City will have to determine the cost of its infrastructure (roads, bridges, sidewalks, etc.). The identification and recording of these assets will require substantial planning and an extended period of time to implement.
- Required Supplementary Information Budgetary comparison schedules and certain "modified approach" infrastructure information.

These accounting standards are effective for the City for the year ended December 31, 2002 financial statements. Inability to follow the required standards issued by GASB may result in a qualified or adverse opinion being issued on the financial statements and restricting the City from obtaining a "Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting" as presented by the Government Finance Officers Association and have negative impact on the City's bond rating resulting in higher borrowing costs.

Although the City created a GASB 34 Task Force which met in December 2000, it is lagging behind in the process of developing a comprehensive GASB 34 implementation plan. The City needs to be in the position to have GASB 34 beginning fund balances as of January 1, 2002. We recommend that the City begin to review the new standards and develop a written implementation plan as soon as possible. The new standards will materially affect the preparation and presentation of the financial statements of the City and require a restatement to its beginning fund balances as of January 1, 2002.

Finding Number	2001-20818-008
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Proper Approval of Journal Entries

The City has several employees generating miscellaneous and/ or manual journal entries that are recorded in the accounting system.

We noted that supervisory approval was not documented on 80% of the 60 items tested; appointing authority approval was not documented on 77% of the items tested; and date of entry was not documented on 67% of the items tested. Proper approvals on supporting documentation are critical to help ensure that only authorized journal entries are entered into the City's accounting system. Unrestricted access for employees to make unapproved journal entries to the accounting system is one method that can be used to cover fraudulent transactions.

We recommend that all journal entries be reviewed and approved by the appropriate City official prior to entry into the accounting system.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

Finding Number	2001-20818-009
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Cash and Investment Accounts

A necessary step in internal control over financial reporting is to determine the accuracy of both the balance of the bank and the balance of cash in the accounting records. A bank reconciliation means accounting for the differences between the balance appearing on the bank statements and the balance of cash according to the City's records. Cash reconciliations are performed by the cash department within Financial Reporting and Control which is made up of the Cash Management Supervisor and his two assistants.

The City's bank reconciliations included many reconciling items that should have been cleared by year end or items that should not be occurring. Demand checks, some of which were from the 2000 fiscal year, were not properly recorded in the accounting system, creating reconciling items for two accounts (111 and 116/451). Other accounts had reconciling items that were a year old, or contained cumulative differences between deposit and check amounts and the posted amounts, and items that were a result of errors or non postings associated with the accounts receivable and accounts payable modules within PeopleSoft. There were instances of checks being reissued with both the original check and the reissued check clearing the bank; however, the City did recover the money. Also, postings of transactions (with effective dates of 12/31/00) occurred in May and June of 2001.

The City's outstanding check listings for these accounts contain many checks from the 1999 and 2000 fiscal years, as follows:

- Account 111 Main General Checking Account: For the 1999 year, there are 608 checks totaling \$165,133. For the 2000 year, there are 680 checks totaling \$363,656.
- Accounts 112 and 451 Payroll Accounts: For the 1999 year, there are approximately 301 checks totaling \$80,442. For the 2000 year, there are 191 checks totaling \$79,066.
- Account 169 Income Tax Refund Account: For the 1999 year, there are approximately 376 checks totaling \$36,378. For the 2000 year, there are 452 checks totaling \$264,069.

Timely reconciliations should be performed and accountability over checks written and checks identified as outstanding should be maintained to ensure accurate accounting records.

We recommend that checks that have been outstanding for greater than one year should be voided and cleared from the system. The monies should be placed in an agency fund. After five years, the monies can be returned to the City's general fund in accordance with unclaimed funds requirements. In addition, the City should address and resolve in a timely manner the types of items and the length of time the reconciling items remain on the individual account reconciliations in a timely manner. Having the types of reconciling items that exist can make it more difficult in identifying new reconciling items and compromises the controls designed to aid in the detection of errors and/or irregularities. Also, management may not be provided with timely fiscal information. The Controller should also review and approve/sign-off the proofs prepared by the Account Supervisor as well as address the issues which create reconciling items for several accounts.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)

Finding Number	2001-20818-010

Wire Transfers

Over the past several years, the City has encountered significant control failures with wire transfer activity. During our audit we noted the following:

Approval of Vendor Wires

Our test of sixty wire transfers to vendors disclosed three instances where the Director/ Tax Administrator approval was not documented, nine instances where the Commissioner of Accounts' approval was not documented, and eleven instances where the Treasurer's and Finance Director's approvals were not documented for Central Collection Agency payments.

Lack of proper review and approval for expenditures prior to disbursement may lead to misappropriation or unauthorized expenditures of public funds and/ or misstatement of amounts included in financial statements.

We recommend that appropriate levels of management review and verify the accuracy and appropriateness and approve all vendor wire payments prior to transfer of fund.

Timely Posting of Wire Transfers

Treasury Division records the wire transfers that are for investments on an Investment Journal Entry Form. The form is then forwarded to Financial Reporting and Control (FRC) to post the entries to the PeopleSoft system. We noted that investment wire transfers were not posted in a timely manner. Of the wire transfers tested, 48% were not posted into the system timely within 3 days.

Proper and timely posting provide a system of control and accountability that serves to prevent and/or detect errors or irregularities. The risk of undetected errors or irregularities increases when entries are not completed in a proper and timely manner.

We recommend that the Investment Journal Entry Forms be completed and sent to FRC on a daily basis. FRC should then enter the information into the system timely. The work should then be reviewed by the Cash Manager for accuracy before it is entered into the PeopleSoft system. Investment wire transfers should be posted within three business days from the day the bank transfer is made.

Finding Number	2001-20818-011

PeopleSoft - Security Administration of the NT Server

The PeopleSoft system operates on a Windows NT platform. Responsibility for the administration of the Windows NT platform, including the administration of access security, has been informally divided between the Division of Information Systems Services (ISS) and the Division of Financial Reporting and Control (FRC). ISS is responsible for hardware and operating system maintenance, and FRC is responsible for the creation of user accounts associated with the use of the PeopleSoft system. Staff have not received sufficient training to properly set up security on the system. Several significant security weaknesses were noted.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)

Finding Number	2001-20818-011 (Continued)

- Twenty-one accounts used by FRC, ISS and consultant staff have system administration privileges. Accountability for system maintenance and security administration is lost when an excessive number of users have administrator privileges. Because these privileges provide the user with the ability to control the system and modify security parameters, they should be restricted to only a minimum number of users who require access. All others, including consultants, should only be provided the rights necessary to perform their job duties. If administrator access is required, it should be provided on an as needed basis and closely monitored.
- 2. Unauthorized users could gain access by repeatedly guessing passwords without detection. Passwords only have to be a minimum of three characters and are not changed. User accounts are not locked out of the system after a minimal number of unsuccessful password attempts. The auditing functions are only enabled for logon failures and not successful logon attempts and the audit log is not reviewed on a daily basis.

The responsibility for administering the NT server security should be clearly defined and the assigned staff should receive training in NT security and administration. In addition the City should enhance their NT security by enacting the following:

- Administrator privileges should be restricted to a few users.
- Passwords should be at least 6 characters.
- Unsuccessful logon attempts should be restricted to 3. Upon the third unsuccessful attempt the user account should be deactivated and require the user to request reactivation from the NT security administrator.
- Rules for auditing security events and the audit parameters should be enabled and procedures for review of security events should be also be implemented.

In addition, the internal audit staff should perform periodic reviews of NT security controls to ensure that they are in place and operational.

Finding Number	2001-20818-012

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to contracts not yet performed and are used to control expenditures for the year and to enhance cash management. The following instances were noted in our testing of the outstanding balances in encumbrances and pre-encumbrances:

ENCUMBRANCES:

- 26 out of 102 instances were noted where the purchase order or contract indicated an expiration date prior to 12/31/01.
- 10 out of 102 instances were noted where the purchase order or contract had no recent draw downs on the original purchase order and in most cases, the outstanding balance was for the original purchase order amount. These purchase orders were created during the period 7/31/97 thru 9/27/00.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)

Finding Number	2001-20818-012 (Continued)
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- 9 out of 102 instances were noted where the purchase order had a notation made by the City as being a "conversion purchase order item" which indicated a FAMIS system purchase order. Again, many of the outstanding balances on these purchase orders were for the original amount and the nature of commitment identified on the purchase order would not reasonably span multiple years. These purchase orders were carried over to the current computer system, and are dated from 3/10/97 thru 8/29/00.
- 1 out of 102 instances was noted in which inquiry in the computer system revealed a message that the contract was rejected by law, thereby making it invalid.
- 15 out of the 102 purchase orders we requested, the City could not provide the original, signed purchase order. A copy of the purchase order was generated from the computer system for our review.
- 11 out of 102 instances were noted in which the City could not provide the documents we requested.

PRE-ENCUMBRANCES:

- 2 out of 52 instances were noted in the Pre-Encumbrance system report in which two requisitions totaling \$445,000 had no supporting documentation available including an authorized requisition. These requisitions, identified with an alphabetical precursor of "AW "for "Al Walker", City Treasurer were dated 12/31/97 and 12/31/98 and were listed in the Pre-Encumbrance system report with no draw-downs of the original requisition.
- 1 out of 52 instances was noted in the Pre-Encumbrance system report in which a two million dollar requisition dated 8/13/99 in the General Fund for Waste Collection had no supporting documentation available, including an authorized requisition. This system report indicated that there were no draw-downs from the original requisition amount.
- 24 out of 52 instances were noted where there were no draw-downs of the original requisition. These requisitions ranged in dates from 12/30/97 thru 12/20/01, an indication that the commitment for which the requisition was originally intended may no longer be applicable
- 8 out of 52 instances were noted in which the requisition was from the "FAMIS" system and there were indications on the supporting documentation that the commitment was specific to a time frame that may no longer be applicable(i.e. "Waste Collection 98 vehicles").

Our review also identified several "conversion items." These conversion items are purchase orders carried over from the FAMIS system. We noted several of these purchase orders were open for more than 3 years with no drawdown activity from the original purchase order.

Unauthorized or invalid outstanding balances on purchase orders reduce available cash balances.

We recommend City management methodically review the system-generated reports for both Encumbrances and Pre-Encumbrances to determine if the purchase order outstanding balance still represents a valid commitment. We recommend this review be performed to eliminate outstanding balances that management no longer intends to honor. We also recommend the City enhance procedures that would facilitate management's review of the encumbrances and pre-encumbrances periodically.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)

Finding Number	2001-20818-013
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Investment Income

The City of Cleveland has a significant investment portfolio. During testing of investment income for fiscal Year 2001, we noted there were 1,947 investment entries out of a total population of 10,046 that were reversals or corrections due to errors or mis-postings. This accounted for 19.4% of total journal entries. When taking into account the original entry that was keyed in error, the total increases to 38.8% of the population.

Based upon inquiries, we were informed by an employee in FRC that there are no checks and balances in PeopleSoft, such as batch totals or system blocks to prevent such errors. We were told that as an error was discovered, it was corrected with a reversal, adjusting, or correcting entry.

We recommend that all journal entries receive proper authorization prior to being entered into the system to help prevent errors and we further recommend that FRC perform periodic audits, perhaps monthly, of journal entries to identify and correct errors.

Finding Number	2001-20818-014

Fixed Assets

In order to report the value of the City's fixed assets, the City must have a complete and up-to-date fixed asset listing. During testing of the General Fixed Asset Account Group (GFAAG) it was noted the City does not require the departments to fill out a fixed asset retirement form when an item is no longer needed and scheduled for disposal. The City also does not conduct an annual physical inventory to determine whether the fixed asset is still in existence.

The City should take steps to identify assets that are no longer in existence. For future disposals of fixed assets, the City should develop procedures to ensure that all fixed assets no longer in existence are removed from the fixed asset list and ensure that fixed assets still in existence are included on the fixed asset list. The City should perform a physical inventory of fixed assets annually, reconcile the physical count with the fixed asset listing, and investigate any discrepancies.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)

Finding Number	2001-20818-014 (Continued)

In addition, during testing of the fixed assets in the Department of Public Utilities the following was noted:

- In the PeopleSoft system the fixed assets posted to the general ledger and Asset Management Module disagree. Both files are drawing information from the same files and should reconcile. The Asset Management Module could not be adjusted for the beginning accumulated depreciation amounts.
- Completed capital projects and vehicles in use were included in Construction in Progress.

We recommend that the Department of Public Utilities reconcile the General Ledger and Asset Management Module and determine the factors that caused the differences. The Department of Public Utilities should transfer capital projects from Construction in Progress to Fixed Assets upon completion of construction vehicles should be posted directly to fixed assets at the time of acquisition; never to construction in progress.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

QUESTIONED COST

Finding Number	2001-20818-015
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WIA contracts with United Labor Agency #57188 & #58525

According to CFR 97.36(C)(1): All procurement transactions will be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition consistent with the standards of 97.36.

The Ohio Department of Job & Family Services Office of Research Assessment & Accountability Bureau of Audit issued an audit report in April 2002 that revealed that the following:

The Workforce Development Agency (WDA) awarded contracts #57188 covering the period September 1, 2000 through August 31, 2001 and #58525 covering October 1, 2001 through June 30, 2002 to the United Labor Agency Inc. totaling \$2,914,000. The contracts state that ULA shall operate a dislocated worker program for the WDA. These contracts were awarded on a sole source basis instead of being bid. The WDA stated that these contracts were "grandfathered-in". However, there was no documentation or other evidence available to justify this position.

Based on the audit by The Ohio Department of Job & Family Services Office of Research Assessment & Accountability Bureau of Audit, the amount of \$2,914,000 is questioned.

We recommend that the City follow the competitive bidding required by the federal grant agreement.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

Finding Number	2001-20818-016

Longwood Estates Agreement

The UpFront Grant agreement by and between the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and the City of Cleveland (Grantee) for the Longwood Apartments, PHA Project for \$25,160,000, states:

The Grantee agrees to accept the Grant Funds, which are to be used solely for those purposes specified on the Sources and Uses of Funds statement in the grant agreement.

HUD acknowledges within the Grant Agreement that the "Work," defined as HUD's Post-Closing Repair Requirements totaling \$99,713,396 of the total project cost of \$110,771,892, to be performed by the Grantee exceeds the scope which can be funded entirely by the Grant Funds above. Consequently, HUD identifies "Other Sources of Funds" and "Permitted Financing" to complete the work.

The Agreement also notes the redevelopment effort is to be accomplished by a private sector Developer selected by the City of Cleveland (the Grantee) pursuant to State of Ohio Law and City ordinance. The Grantee is responsible for the completion of the "Work" and is responsible for providing or obtaining the provision of the necessary personnel, equipment, materials, services, facilities and other items necessary to complete the work.

The Grant Agreement also assigns various other responsibilities such as the spending of the grant funds concurrently and proportionately with the Permitted Financing and requires the Grantee to comply with the Davis-Bacon Act.

The City used \$6,000,000 in grant funds to purchase OHFA Bonds per the Grant agreement. The Issuer of the bonds transferred the bond proceeds to the Project Trustee. In addition, the City transferred directly \$4,440,000 to the bond trustee per the Grant agreement. The City is a party to the Trustee "Phase One Proceeds Disbursement Agreement", however once the monies were transferred to the trust account by the Issuer and the City, the City is no longer responsible for how these monies are disbursed from the Trustee to the Developer. In addition, it was noted that the Developer was selected by HUD not the City.

The Grant Agreement assigns responsibilities to the City that are beyond its control and that are performed by HUD. If errors occur HUD could hold the City responsible based on the grant agreement.

We recommend that the City and HUD amend the Agreements to more precisely clarify what the City's responsibilities are.

Finding Number 2001-20818-017

Negative Cash Fund Balances

Management has the ability to request advances or draw downs for the federal fund programs.

At December 31, 2001 the Workforce Investment Act Program cash balance was \$(8,135,256) and Supplemental Empowerment Zone Grant cash balance was (\$10,651,574). These negative amounts represent cash expenditures that the City has made for federal programs in excess of revenues received.

We recommend that management implement procedures that ensure advances or draw downs are processed in a timely manner to minimize the city funds from being utilized for federal program expenditures.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 (Continued)

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)

Finding	Number	2001-20818-018

Empowerment Zone- Community Development Centers

According to the OMB Circular A-133, recipients are responsible for monitoring subrecipient's activities to provide reasonable assurance that the subrecipient administers Federal awards in compliance with Federal requirements. The City disburses Economic Development Improvement grant funding to Community Development Centers (CDC's) to promote the use of Empowerment Zone funding. The Empowerment Zone is responsible for monitoring the CDC's activities for compliance with contract provisions and federal regulation. The following monitoring controls have been identified to ensure compliance:

- On-site Fiscal Review
- Year End Summary of Activities Review
- OMB Circular A-133 Audit Report Review for CDC's who expend more than \$300,000.

During our review of the monitoring procedures identified by the Empowerment Zone, there was no written documentation to determine whether the control procedures have been implemented.

Documenting the Department's control procedures would provide assurance that the procedures have been implemented and allows the department to monitor the CDC's program status and compliance with contract provisions and federal regulations more efficiently to aid Management in making decisions when distributing grant awards.

We recommend that the Empowerment Zone perform and document its review of the CDC's, on-site fiscal review, year end summary of activities review and the review of the required OMB Circular A-133 audit reports.

Finding Number	2001-20818-019

Home Program- HUD- Federal Expenditures

Federal regulations 24 CFR 92 and 502 (c) (2) require that Non-Federal entities must expend funds which they receive from HUD within 15 days of receipt of the funds. In six of the funding requests of the forty projects tested, funds were not expended within 15 days of the receipt of money. This amounted to \$83,168 of the \$761,590 tested. The City was not minimizing the period of time between the request and the need for the funds.

The City's management should review the amounts of incoming funds and the projects they are for so that amounts are expended to the correct parties within the required time limit.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .315 (b)

			Not Corrected, Partially
Finding	Finding	Fully	Corrected; Significantly
<u>Number</u>	Summary	Corrected?	Different Corrective Action
			Taken; or Finding No Longer
2000 20040 04	Dudantan Camaliana	NIa	Valid; Explain
2000-20818-01	Budgetary Compliance ORC Section	No	Comment reissued in 2001.
	5705.41(D)		See finding number 2001- 20818-001.
2000-20818-02	Budgetary Compliance	No	Comment reissued in 2001.
2000 200 10 02	ORC Section 5705.39		See finding number 2001-
			20818-002.
2000-20818-03	Cash and Investment	No	Comment modified and
	Accounts		reissued in 2001. See finding
			number 2001-20818-009.
2000-20818-04	Wire Transfers- Vendor	Yes	
	Wires and Investment		
2000-20818-05	Wires People Soft – Security	No	Comment reissued in 2001.
2000-20010-03	Administration of the NT	INO	See finding number 2001-
	Server		20818-011.
2000-20818-06	Access to Customer	Yes	
	Information System		
2000-20818-07	Budget Control Cycle	No	Comment modified and
			reissued in 2001. See finding
2000-20818-08	Accrued benefits – Pension	Yes	number 2001-20818-012.
2000-20818-08	Payments – Pension	res	
2000-20818-09	Charges for services –	No	Partially corrected; Modified
	Revenue Control Cycle		and reissued in Management
	(Gateway Parking)		Letter
2000-20818-10	Implementation of	No	The City implemented GASB
	GASB 33 & 34		33 in 2001. However, the City
			is significantly behind in
			developing a comprehensive
			GASB 34 implementation plan and in developing beginning of
			the year figures. This will be
			reported as a Material
			weakness in the 2001 audit
			report. See finding number
			2001-20818-007.
2000-20818-11	Fixed Assets	No	Comment reissued in 2001.
			See finding number 2001-
2000-20818-12	Airport Vendor Revenue	Yes	20818-014.
2000-20010-12	Airport veridor Neveride	1 63	
2000-20818-13	Airport Retention Basin	No	The Airport is currently
			negotiating with the FAA on
			settlement Modified and
			reissued in
			Management Letter



CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES CUYAHOGA COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

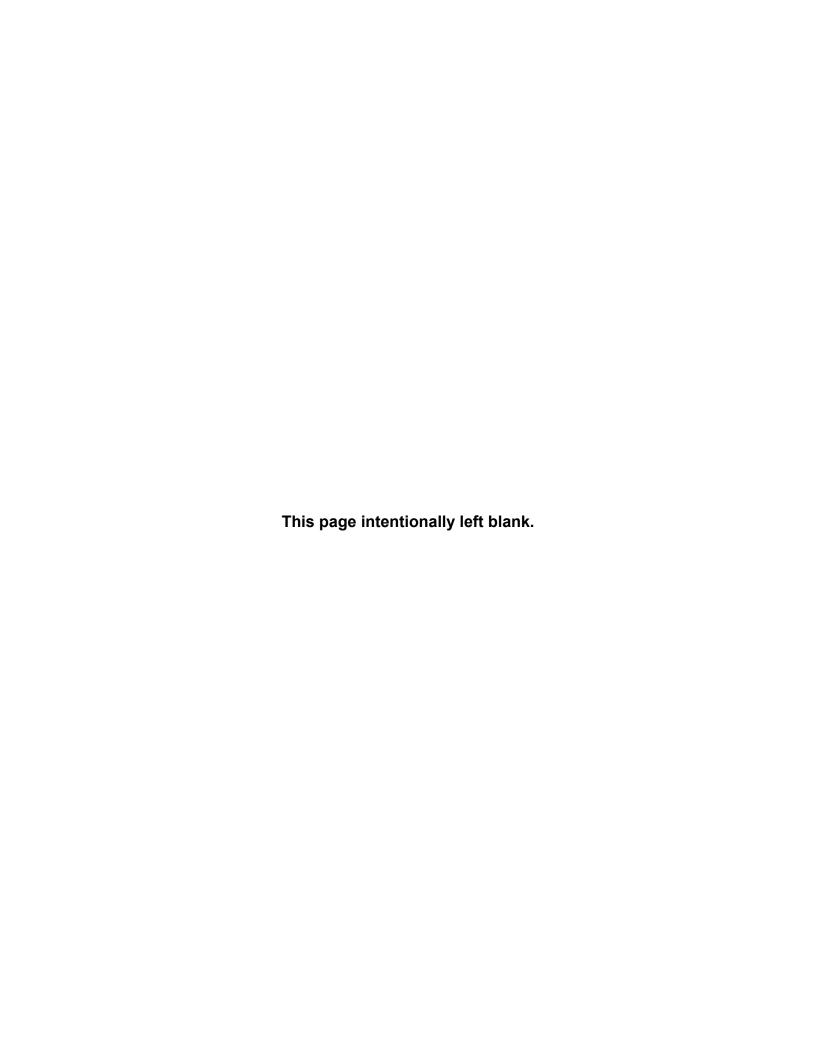
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001



CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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Lausche Building 615 Superior Avenue, NW. Twelfth Floor Cleveland, Ohio 44113-1801 Telephone 216-787-3665

800-626-2297 Facsimile 216-787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Division of Parking Facilities
Department of Parks, Recreation and Properties
City of Cleveland
Cuyahoga County
601 Lakeside Avenue
Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Jane L. Campbell, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Division of Parking Facilities, Department of Parks, Recreation and Properties, City of Cleveland, Ohio, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Division of Parking Facilities' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the Division of Parking Facilities and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland and the results of the City of Cleveland's operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division of Parking Facilities, as of December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

August 16, 2002

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DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES

BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2001 and 2000

	(in thousands of dollars) December 31,			
		2001		2000
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,515	\$	2,568
Accounts receivable - (Net of allowance (See Note C))		120		92
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		120		387
Inventory of supplies, at cost		18		17
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		3,773		3,064
UNAMORTIZED BOND ISSUANCE EXPENSE		1,126		1,216
RESTRICTED ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		16,173		6,502
Investments at market				9,688
Accrued interest receivable		123		302
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS		16,296		16,492
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
Land		12,929		12,929
Land Improvements		1,264		1,264
Buildings, structures and improvements		65,200		65,200
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		793		694
		80,186		80,087
Less: accumulated depreciation		12,774		11,070
		67,412		69,017
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	88,607	\$	89,789

	(in thousands of dollars) December 31,			
		2001		2000
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	1,965	\$	1,875
Accounts payable		201		318
Due to other governments		78		72
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		60		12
Accrued interest payable		1,352		1,252
Accrued wages and benefits		170		184
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,826		3,713
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS		17		17
LONG TERM DEBT				
Revenue bonds		65,985		67,416
TOTAL LIABILITIES		69,828		71,146
EQUITY				
Contributed capital		21,079		21,079
Accumulated deficit		(2,300)		(2,436)
TOTAL EQUITY		18,779		18,643
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$	88,607	\$	89,789

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

(in thousands of dollars)

		For the Years Ended December 31		
			2001	2000
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services		\$	8,021 \$	8,250
-	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		8,021	8,250
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operations			2,075	2,053
Maintenance			68	34
Depreciation			1,704	1,696
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		3,847	3,783
	OPERATING INCOME		4,174	4,467
NON-OPERATING INCOM	IE (EXPENSE)			
Interest income			762	1,189
Other revenue			5	
Contributed capital and other	er contributions		68	
Interest expense			(4,784)	(5,197)
Amortization of bond issuar	nce costs		(89)	(91)
TOTAL NON-	OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)		(4,038)	(4,099)
	NET INCOME		136	368

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

	(in thousands of dollars)				
		ntributed Capital	A	ccumulated Deficit	Total
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 1999	\$	21,079	\$	(2,804) \$	18,275
Net income				368	368
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2000		21,079		(2,436)	18,643
Net income				136	136
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2001	\$	21,079	\$	(2,300) \$	18,779

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

	(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31 2001 2000		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers	\$	7,901 \$	8,517
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services		(1,051)	(1,110)
Cash payments to employees for services		(810)	(734)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		6,040	6,673
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Other non-operating revenues		5	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		5	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Principal paid on long-term debt		(1,875)	(1,795)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(4,294)	(4,692)
NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL			
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(6,169)	(6,487)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of investment securities		(20,238)	(23,504)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities		29,884	26,015
Interest received on investments		1,096	1,074
NET CASH PROVIDED BY			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-	10,742	3,585
NET INCREASE IN CASH			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		10,618	3,771
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		9,070	5,299
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	19,688 \$	9,070

	(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31,		
		2001	2000
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
OPERATING INCOME	\$	4,174 \$	4,467
Adjustments to reconcile operating income			
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		1,704	1,696
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net		(28)	160
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		267	107
Inventory of supplies		(1)	28
Accounts payable		(117)	285
Due to other governments		6	(117)
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		48	10
Accrued wages and benefits		(13)	37
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		1,866	2,206
NET CASH PROVIDED BY			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	6,040 \$	6,673

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES
DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Division of Parking Facilities ("Division") is reported as an enterprise fund of the City of Cleveland's Department of Parks, Recreation and Properties and is a part of the City of Cleveland's primary government. The Division was created for the purpose of providing moderately priced off-street parking facilities to citizens within the City of Cleveland (the "City"). The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

Basis of Accounting: The Division's financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred.

Revenues: Revenues are derived primarily from fees charged to users of City-owned parking garages and facilities operated by the Division including the net income from the Gateway garages and on-street parking meter revenue. Parking rates are authorized by City Council. Parking fees are collected on a daily basis or monthly basis at certain locations.

Statement of Cash Flows: The Division utilizes the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments: The Division follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pool," which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding changes in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. Fair values of investments at year-end are based on market quotes, where available.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2001 and 2000. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurers' Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2001 and 2000.

Restricted Assets: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside in various fund accounts for payment of debt are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by the underlying loan agreement.

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DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION, AND PROPERTIES
DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fixed Assets and Depreciation: Property, plant and equipment are stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation for the Proprietary Fund types is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. A fixed asset is defined as a tangible item with a useful life of five years or more and a value equal to or greater than \$5,000, with the exception of computer equipment and software which have a value equal to or greater than \$1,500. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings, structures and improvements 10 to 65 years Furniture, fixtures and equipment 5 to 33 years

Bond Issuance Expenses and Discount and Unamortized Loss on Debt Refunding: Bond issuance expenses are carried on the Division's books as deferred expenses and unamortized bond discounts are netted against long-term debt. Both are amortized over the lives of the applicable bonds. Unamortized loss on debt refunding is netted against long-term debt and is amortized over the shorter of the life of the old bond or the new bond.

Contributed Capital: Contributed capital represents contributions of land, buildings and equipment from the City of Cleveland which are not subject to mandatory repayment.

Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities", all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 is as follows:

		Outstanding Principal Amount			
	Interest Rate		2001		2000
		(in	thousands	s of	dollars)
Parking Facility Improvement Revenue					
Bonds due through 2022	4.45%-6.00%	\$	75,520	\$	77,395
		\$	75,520	\$	77,395
Less:					
Unamortized advance debt refunding			(6,548)		(7,068)
Unamortized discount			(1,022)		(1,036)
Current portion			(1,965)		(1,875)
Total Long-Term Debt		\$	65,985	\$	67,416

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES
DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Minimum principal and interest payments on long-term debt for the next years are as follows:

	Principal		I	nterest	Total		
·		(in thousand of dolla				3)	
2002	\$	1,965	\$	4,207	\$	6,172	
2003		2,075		4,104		6,179	
2004		2,175		3,995		6,170	
2005		2,305		3,864		6,169	
2006		2,445		3,726		6,171	
Thereafter		64,555		34,211		98,766	
	\$	75,520	\$	54,107	\$	129,627	

The proceeds from the Parking Facility Improvement Revenue Bonds Series 1992 were used to construct two new parking garages around the Gateway site and a new Willard Park Garage behind City Hall. The City's first garage on the Gateway site was completed in January 1994. The second garage was completed in August 1994. The Willard Park Garage construction was completed in April 1996.

The City has pledged the net revenues of the parking facilities, as defined in the trust indenture, as well as the additional pledged revenues which consist of various non-tax revenues, to meet debt service requirements, if necessary. In 2001 and 2000, no additional pledged revenue was required to meet the debt service on the parking bonds. The trust indenture requires, among other things, that the Division will fix parking rates and will charge and collect fees for the use of the Parking Facilities, and will restrict operating expenses. As of December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, the Division was in compliance with the terms and requirements of the trust indenture.

Defeasance of Parking Facility Improvement Revenue Bonds: In 1996 the Division defeased 1992 Parking Facility Revenue Bonds by placing the proceeds of 1996 Parking Facility Revenue Bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in these financial statements. The aggregate amounts of this defeased debt at December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000 are \$64,085,000 and \$65,270,000.

NOTE C-RECEIVABLE FROM GATEWAY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

In accordance with an agreement with Gateway Economic Development Corporation ("Gateway"), Gateway is required to reimburse the City for the excess of the debt service requirements of the Parking Facility Improvement Revenue Bonds attributed to the two Gateway garages over the net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages.

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE C-RECEIVABLE FROM GATEWAY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION - Continued

In 2001 and 2000, net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages were less than the debt service payments attributed to those garages by \$2,373,000 and \$2,189,000, respectively. Cumulative debt service payments funded by the City that are due from the Gateway totaled \$19,212,000 and \$16,839,000 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. Due to the uncertainty of collecting such amounts, an allowance has been recorded to offset the amounts in full.

NOTE D-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits: The Division's carrying amount of deposits for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 totaled \$13,706,000 and \$5,760,000. The Division's bank balances for 2001 and 2000 were \$13,707,000 and \$6,230,000. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," for years ended 2001 and 2000, \$61,000 and \$49,000 of the bank balance was insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name. The remaining balance for 2001 of \$13,646,000 included a \$6,181,000 bank investment contract (BIC) that was uninsured and uncollateralized. The remaining balance for 2000 was a BIC in the amount of \$6,181,000, that was uninsured and uncollateralized. These BIC's are secured by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the City's name.

Investments: The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S.Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio), guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. Government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds, and State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions; significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES
DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE D-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

Type of Investment	Category	2001 Fair Value		2001 Cost		2000 Fair Value	2000 Cost
			(in	thousand	ls of	dollars)	
U.S. Treasury Bills	2	\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,688	\$ 9,527
State Treasury Asset							
Reserve Fund (STAROhio)	n/a	3,493		3,493		3,025	3,025
Mutual Funds	n/a	2,489		2,489		285	285
Total Investments		\$ 5,982	\$	5,982	\$	12,998	\$ 12,837
Total Deposits		13,706		13,706		5,760	5,760
Total Deposits and Investments		\$ 19,688	\$	19,688	\$	18,758	\$ 18,597

Certain investments included above are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets since they have a maturity of three months or less.

STAROhio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. STAROhio investments and investments in mutual funds are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.

NOTE E-EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT PLAN

All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES
DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE E-EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual salary to fund pension obligations. For calendar year 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. The 2001 and 2000 employer contribution rates for the Division were 13.55 and 10.84 percent of covered payroll, respectively. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The Division's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$83,000, \$81,000, and \$70,000, respectively. The required amounts have been contributed for 2001, 2000, and 1999.

NOTE F-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2001 employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2001. For 2000, the contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2000, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The number of active contributing participants was 411,076. The Division's actual contributions for 2001 and 2000 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$26,336 and \$25,700. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2000, (the latest information available) were \$11,735.9 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$14,364.6 million and \$2,628.7 million, respectively.

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES
DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE G-RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Revenues and Accounts Receivable: The Division provides parking facilities at usual and customary rates to various departments and divisions of the City of Cleveland.

The Division operates certain garages and parking lots on behalf of other City divisions. The professional management fees recorded by the Division to operate the garages and parking lots are as follows:

	2001		200	0
	(in th	housands	of doll	ars)
Division of Convention Center	\$	192	\$	223
Department of Community Development		194		333

Operating Expenses: The Division is provided various services by other City divisions. Charges are based on actual usage or on a reasonable pro rata basis. The more significant expenses included in the statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 are as follows:

	20	2001		000
	(in the	ousana	ls of d	ollars)
Parks Maintenance	\$	96	\$	91
Motor Vehicle Maintenance		16		19

The following entity is a jointly governed organization to the City of Cleveland but the City has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility.

Gateway Economic Development Corporation of Greater Cleveland (Gateway) - Gateway is responsible for the operating of a sports complex and related economic development. The five member board consists of two members appointed by the City, two members appointed by the Board of County Commissioners, and one by the President of the Board of County Commissioners with concurrence of the Mayor of the City of Cleveland.

NOTE H-COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Various claims are pending against the City involving the Division for personal injuries, property damage and other matters. The City is responsible for the lawsuits. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the Division's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE J-LEASES

The Division leases the land for various parking facilities to managing companies under non-cancelable lease agreements, which expire at various times through the year 2056. Revenues generated from such leases totaled \$180,000 in 2001 and 2000. Future minimum rentals on non-cancelable leases are as follows:

2002	\$ 180,000
2003	180,000
2004	180,000
2005	180,000
2006	180,000
Thereafter	6,720,000
	\$7,620,000

NOTE K- CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective January 1, 2001, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions" and Statement No. 36, "Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues" (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 33). In general, GASB Statement Nos. 33 and 36 establish accounting and financial reporting standards which address when to report the results of nonexchange transactions involving financial or capital resources. In a nonexchange transaction, an entity gives (or receives) value without directly receiving or giving equal value in return. These statements did not have a material impact on the Division's beginning retained earnings as previously reported.

Cash received or receivables recognized that were previously recorded as contributed capital are now recorded as non-operating revenues.

AUDITOR AMII///

CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

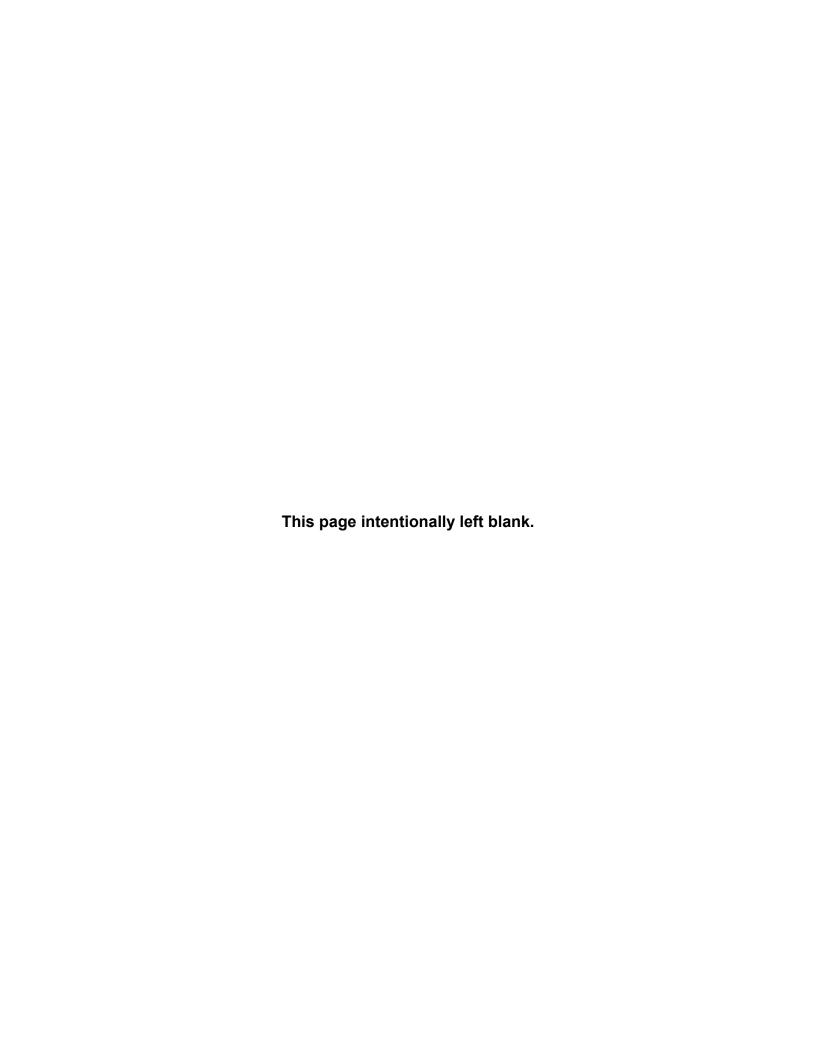
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001



CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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Schedule of Airport Revenues and Operating Expenses as Defined in the Airline Use Agreement	





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800-626-2297

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports Department of Port Control City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Avenue Cleveland. Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Jane L. Campbell, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports, Department of Port Control, City of Cleveland, Ohio, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland and the results of the City of Cleveland's operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports, as of December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note N, the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements Nos. 33 and 36, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports Department of Port Control City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

We performed our audits to form an opinion on the financial statements of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports taken as a whole. The Schedule of Airport Revenue and Operating Expenses as Defined in the Airline Use Agreement for the year ended December 31, 2001 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports' financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports' financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports' financial statements taken as a whole.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

August 16, 2002

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DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL

DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS

BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2001 and 2000

	(in thousands of do December 31				
ASSETS		2001		2000	
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,459	\$	5,181	
Investments		8,872		21,798	
Receivables:					
Accounts receivable-net of allowance for doubtful accounts					
of \$241,000 in 2001 and \$428,000 in 2000		5,392		6,618	
Unbilled revenue		4,473		5,512	
Landing fees - due from airlines		10,903			
Accrued interest receivable		158		593	
Total receivables		20,926		12,723	
Prepaid expenses		212		240	
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		942		1,404	
Due from federal government		3,651		343	
Materials and supplies, at lower of cost or market		224		240	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		41,286		41,929	
DEFERRED BOND ISSUANCE EXPENSE		10,637		4,432	
RESTRICTED ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		694,367		160,401	
Investments		68,979		72,488	
Accrued interest receivable		2,202		1,333	
Bond retirement reserve		53		53	
Passenger facility charges receivable		2,069		2,224	
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS		767,670		236,499	
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT					
Land		141,577		133,949	
Land improvements		196,075		187,652	
Buildings, structures and improvements		367,518		364,691	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		25,775		19,963	
- ····································	-	730,945		706,255	
Less: accumulated depreciation		234,752		211,152	
1		496,193		495,103	
Construction in progress		104,796		34,092	
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET		600,989		529,195	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,420,582	\$	812,055	

	(in thousands of dollars December 31,			
I IADH PRIES AND EQUITY		2001		2000
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	10,783	\$	14,315
Current portion of deferred payment obligations		1,381		1,278
Accounts payable		3,324		3,081
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		1,096		2,452
Accrued wages and benefits		3,073		3,112
Due to other governments		2,962		2,113
Landing fee adjustment-payable to Airlines				6,139
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		22,619		32,490
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS				
Bond service fund-accrued interest		42,799		25,517
Construction fund		3,784		1,553
Other construction accounts		11,018		5,483
TOTAL PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS		57,601		32,553
LONG TERM DEBT-excluding amounts due within one year:				
Deferred payment obligation		25,150		26,532
Revenue bonds (see note B)		907,205		350,098
Notes payable (see note B)		44,950		40,000
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT		977,305		416,630
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,057,525		481,673
EQUITY				
Contributions in aid of construction:				
Federal and State		175,591		175,591
Municipal		3,572		3,572
Total contributions in aid of construction		179,163		179,163
Retained earnings		183,894		151,219
TOTAL EQUITY		363,057		330,382
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$	1,420,582	\$	812,055

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL

AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

		(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 2000			
OPERATING REVENUES					
Landing fees:	Ф	22.175	Φ	21.020	
Scheduled airlines	\$	23,175	\$	31,020	
Adjustments of landing fees as		10.002		(6.120)	
provided in airline use agreements Other		10,903		(6,139)	
Other	-	2,094 36,172		2,834 27,715	
Terminal and concourse rentals:		30,172		21,113	
Scheduled airlines		16,560		15,847	
Other		15,457		15,957	
		32,017		31,804	
Concessions		17,944		20,427	
Utility sales and other		6,692		6,747	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		92,825		86,693	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operations, maintenance and administrative		56,795		47,380	
Depreciation and amortization		23,599		23,103	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		80,394		70,483	
OPERATING INCOME		12,431		16,210	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Passenger facility charges revenue		15,024		16,642	
Interest income		16,141		17,859	
Non-operating expenses		(11,322)		(12,264)	
Interest expense		(28,869)		(28,561)	
Contributed capital and other contributions		30,537			
Amortization of bond issuance expense, discount and debt refunding		(1,267)		(793)	
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES), NET		20,244		(7,117)	
NET INCOME	\$	32,675	\$	9,093	

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

(in thousands of dollars)

Contributions In

	Aid of Co	nstı	ruction		
	Federal			Retained	7 7. 4. 1.
	 and State		Municipal	Earnings	Total
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 1999	\$ 167,166	\$	3,572	\$ 142,126	\$ 312,864
Grants	8,425				8,425
Net income				9,093	9,093
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2000	175,591		3,572	151,219	330,382
Contributed capital and other contributions Net income, net of contributed				30,537	30,537
captial and other contributions				2,138	2,138
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2001	\$ 175,591	\$	3,572	\$ 183,894	\$ 363,057

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL

DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL

AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers \$ 74,363 \$ 82,961 Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services (36,555) (30,161) Cash payments to employees for services (19,309) (17,985) NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 18,499 34,815 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 2,271 19 Cash payments for sound insulation of homes (10,615) (12,283) Cash receipts (payments) for other non-operating costs 2,271 19 Cash receipts for passenger facility charges 14,846 16,630 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 6,502 4,366 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (81,775) (54,235) Proceeds from revenue bonds, net of costs and discounts 46,633 (12,101) Principal paid on long-term bonds 14,315 (12,101) Principal paid on long-term debt 2,101 (31,01 (13,101) Capital grant proceeds NET		(in thousands of dollars) For the			
Cash received from customers 74,363 \$ 82,961 Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services (36,555) (30,161) NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash payments for sound insulation of homes (10,615) (12,283) Cash receipts (payments) for other non-operating costs 2,271 19 Cash receipts (payments) for other non-operating costs 2,271 19 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 6,502 4,366 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (81,775) (54,235) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (81,775) (54,235) Proceeds from revenue notes, net of costs and discounts 44,633 Proceeds from revenue bonds, net of costs and discounts (81,775) (12,100) Principal paid on long-term notes (40,000) (11,315) (12,100) Interest paid on long-term debt (34,107) (21,310) Capital grant proceeds NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) (1					
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services (36,555) (30,161) Cash payments to employees for services (19,309) (17,985) NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 18,499 34,815 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts (payments) for other non-operating costs 2,271 19 Cash receipts for passenger facility charges 14,846 16,630 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (81,775) (54,235) Proceeds from revenue notes, net of costs and discounts 44,633 160,326 Principal paid on long-term bonds (14,315) (12,100) Principal paid on long-term bonds (14,315) (12,100) Principal paid on long-term debt (34,107) (21,310) Capital grant proceeds (40,000) NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTI	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash payments to employees for services	Cash received from customers	\$ 74,363 \$	82,961		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 18,499 34,815	Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(36,555)	(30,161)		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES 18,499 34,815 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash payments for sound insulation of homes (10,615) (12,283) Cash receipts (payments) for other non-operating costs 2,271 19 Cash receipts for passenger facility charges 14,846 16,630 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (81,775) (54,235) Proceeds from revenue notes, net of costs and discounts 44,633 Proceeds from revenue bonds, net of costs and discounts 560,326 Principal paid on long-term bonds (14,315) (12,100) Principal paid on long-term bonds (34,107) (21,310) Principal paid on long-term debt (34,107) (21,310) Capital grant proceeds 27,200 9,437 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 461,962 (78,208) Proceeds from sale and maturity of inves	Cash payments to employees for services	 (19,309)	(17,985)		
Cash payments for sound insulation of homes (10,615) (12,283) Cash receipts (payments) for other non-operating costs 2,271 19 Cash receipts for passenger facility charges 14,846 16,630 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 6,502 4,366 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (81,775) (54,235) Proceeds from revenue notes, net of costs and discounts 44,633 Proceeds from revenue bonds, net of costs and discounts 560,326 Principal paid on long-term bonds (14,315) (12,100) Principal paid on long-term debt (34,107) (21,310) Capital grant proceeds 27,200 9,437 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 461,962 (78,208) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities 125,770 94,061 Interest received on investments 31,234 17,992 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES <t< td=""><td></td><td>18,499</td><td>34,815</td></t<>		18,499	34,815		
Cash receipts (payments) for other non-operating costs 2,271 19 Cash receipts for passenger facility charges 14,846 16,630 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 6,502 4,366 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (81,775) (54,235) Proceeds from revenue notes, net of costs and discounts 44,633 Proceeds from revenue bonds, net of costs and discounts 560,326 Principal paid on long-term bonds (14,315) (12,100) Principal paid on long-term debt (34,107) (21,310) Capital grant proceeds 27,200 9,437 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 461,962 (78,208) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities 125,770 94,061 Interest received on investments 31,234 17,992 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 48,281 22,090 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVA	CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash receipts for passenger facility charges NET CASH PROVIDED BY	Cash payments for sound insulation of homes	(10,615)	(12,283)		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 6,502 4,366		2,271	19		
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 6,502 4,366 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (81,775) (54,235) Proceeds from revenue notes, net of costs and discounts 44,633 Proceeds from revenue bonds, net of costs and discounts 560,326 Principal paid on long-term bonds (14,315) (12,100) Principal paid on long-term notes (40,000) (40,000) (21,310) Interest paid on long-term debt (34,107) (21,310) Capital grant proceeds 27,200 9,437 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 461,962 (78,208) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (108,723) (89,963) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 125,770 94,061 Interest received on investments 31,234 17,992 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 48,281 22,090 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937)	Cash receipts for passenger facility charges	 14,846	16,630		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (81,775) (54,235) Proceeds from revenue notes, net of costs and discounts 44,633 Proceeds from revenue bonds, net of costs and discounts 560,326 Principal paid on long-term bonds (14,315) (12,100) Principal paid on long-term notes (40,000) (40,000) Interest paid on long-term debt (34,107) (21,310) Capital grant proceeds 27,200 9,437 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 461,962 (78,208) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (108,723) (89,963) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 125,770 94,061 Interest received on investments 31,234 17,992 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519	NET CASH PROVIDED BY		_		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	6,502	4,366		
Proceeds from revenue notes, net of costs and discounts 44,633 Proceeds from revenue bonds, net of costs and discounts 560,326 Principal paid on long-term bonds (14,315) (12,100) Principal paid on long-term notes (40,000) (40,000) Interest paid on long-term debt (34,107) (21,310) Capital grant proceeds 27,200 9,437 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 461,962 (78,208) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (108,723) (89,963) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 125,770 94,061 Interest received on investments 31,234 17,992 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519					
Proceeds from revenue notes, net of costs and discounts 44,633 Proceeds from revenue bonds, net of costs and discounts 560,326 Principal paid on long-term bonds (14,315) (12,100) Principal paid on long-term notes (40,000) (40,000) Interest paid on long-term debt (34,107) (21,310) Capital grant proceeds 27,200 9,437 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 461,962 (78,208) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (108,723) (89,963) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 125,770 94,061 Interest received on investments 31,234 17,992 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519	Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(81,775)	(54,235)		
Proceeds from revenue bonds, net of costs and discounts 560,326 Principal paid on long-term bonds (14,315) (12,100) Principal paid on long-term notes (40,000) (21,310) Interest paid on long-term debt (34,107) (21,310) Capital grant proceeds 27,200 9,437 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 461,962 (78,208) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (108,723) (89,963) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 125,770 94,061 Interest received on investments 31,234 17,992 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 48,281 22,090 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519		44,633			
Principal paid on long-term notes (40,000) Interest paid on long-term debt (34,107) (21,310) Capital grant proceeds 27,200 9,437 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 461,962 (78,208) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (108,723) (89,963) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 125,770 94,061 Interest received on investments 31,234 17,992 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 48,281 22,090 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519		560,326			
Interest paid on long-term debt	Principal paid on long-term bonds	(14,315)	(12,100)		
Capital grant proceeds NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities Interest received on investments NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES A61,962 (78,208) (89,963) 94,061 17,992 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519	Principal paid on long-term notes	(40,000)			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 461,962 (78,208)	Interest paid on long-term debt	(34,107)	(21,310)		
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 461,962 (78,208) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (108,723) (89,963) Purchase of investment securities 125,770 94,061 Interest received on investments 31,234 17,992 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 48,281 22,090 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519	Capital grant proceeds	27,200	9,437		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities Interest received on investments NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year (108,723) (89,963) (125,770 94,061 17,992 48,281 22,090 (16,937)	NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)				
Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities Interest received on investments NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year (108,723) (89,963) (125,770) 94,061 (17,992) 48,281 (17,992) (16,937)	CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	461,962	(78,208)		
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities Interest received on investments NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 125,770 94,061 31,234 17,992 48,281 22,090 165,582 182,519	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities Interest received on investments NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES A8,281 PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 125,770 94,061 48,281 22,090	Purchase of investment securities	(108,723)	(89,963)		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 48,281 22,090 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519	Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities	125,770			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES 48,281 22,090 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519	Interest received on investments	31,234	17,992		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519	NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519	INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 48,281	22,090		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 535,244 (16,937) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 165,582 182,519	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN				
		535,244	(16,937)		
	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	165,582	182,519		
		\$			

(in thousands of dollars)
For the

	roi tile			
	Years Ended December 31,			
		2001		2000
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
OPERATING INCOME	\$	12,431	\$	16,210
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		23,599		23,103
Non-cash rental income		(3,389)		(3,389)
Loss on disposal of equipment				1,070
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net		1,661		(4,059)
Unbilled revenue		1,039		3,715
Landing fees - due from airlines		(10,903)		
Prepaid expenses		28		(77)
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		462		(937)
Due from other governments		(3)		
Materials and supplies, at cost		16		35
Accounts payable		243		(1,605)
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		(1,356)		(1,722)
Accrued wages and benefits		(39)		926
Due to other governments		849		(629)
Landing fee adjustment		(6,139)		2,174
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		6,068		18,605
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	18,499	\$	34,815

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports (the "Divisions") are reported as an enterprise fund of the City of Cleveland's Department of Port Control and are part of the City of Cleveland's (the "City") primary government. The Divisions were created for the purpose of operating the airports within the Cleveland metropolitan area. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

Basis of Accounting: The Divisions' financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities", all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

Statement of Cash Flows: The Divisions utilize the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Government Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Divisions. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments: The Divisions follow the provisions of GASB Statement No.31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools," which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2001 and 2000. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2001 and 2000.

Restricted Assets: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside in various fund accounts for payment of revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by the bond indentures.

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES -Continued

Fixed Assets and Depreciation: Property, plant and equipment is stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation for the Proprietary Fund Types is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful life of the assets using the straight-line method. A fixed asset is defined as a tangible item with a useful life of five years or more and a value equal to or greater than \$5,000, with the exception of computer equipment and software which have a value equal to or greater than \$1,500. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings, structures and improvements 10 to 65 years Furniture, fixtures and equipment 5 to 33 years

The Divisions' policy is to capitalize interest on construction projects up to the point of time that the project is substantially completed. Capitalized interest is included in the cost of the assets and is depreciated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The Divisions apply Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 62, "Capitalization of Interest Cost in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants," for its Airport System Revenue Bonds. This statement requires capitalization of interest cost of the eligible borrowings less interest earned on investment of the related bond proceeds from the date of borrowings until the assets constructed from the bond proceeds are ready for their intended use.

For 2001, total interest expense incurred amounted to \$50,120,000, which was reduced by \$21,251,000 of interest expense capitalized. For 2001, total interest income earned amounted to \$33,147,000, which was reduced by \$17,006,000 of interest income capitalized. For 2000, total interest expense incurred and total interest income earned amounted to \$28,561,000 and \$17,859,000, respectively, and interest to be capitalized was immaterial.

Bond Issuance Expense and Discount and Unamortized Loss on Debt Refunding: Bond issuance expense is carried on the Divisions' books as deferred expense and deferred bond discounts are netted against long-term debt. Both are amortized over the lives of the applicable bonds. Unamoritized loss on debt refunding is netted against long-term debt and is amortized over the shorter life of the new debt or old debt.

Contributions in Aid of Construction: Contributions in aid of construction represent federal, state and municipal capital grants not subject to mandatory repayment.

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Environmental Expenditures: Environmental expenditures consist of costs incurred for remediation efforts to Airport property. Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations are expensed or capitalized, as appropriate. Environmental expenditures that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations and which do not contribute to future revenues are expensed. Liabilities are recorded when remedial efforts are probable and the costs can be reasonably estimated.

Non-operating Expenses: Non-operating expenses relate to expenses of the Divisions incurred for purposes other than the operations of the Airports and consist primarily of costs incurred for noise abatement for residents of communities surrounding Cleveland Hopkins Airport. The funding for non-operating costs is from non-operating revenue (passenger facility charges and interest income).

Interfund Transactions: During the course of normal operations, the Divisions have numerous transactions between other City divisions and departments. Such transactions are generally reflected as due to or due from in the accompanying financial statements.

Interfund receivables and payables balances at December 31, 2001 and 2000 are as follows:

	2001		2001		2000			2000
	Due	From	D	ue To	Du	e From	Ι	Due To
			(in	thousan	ds o	fdollars	5)	
City of Cleveland General Fund	\$	134	\$	256	\$	-	\$	1,183
Division of Water								110
Division of Water Pollution Control				239				138
Division of Cleveland Public Power				34				13
Division of Research Planning & Development		30				30		
Special Revenues - Trans Fee				91				91
PFC Revenue Transfer from Oper & Maint.		321		321		917		917
Division of Telephone Exchange		457		155		457		
	\$	942	\$	1,096	\$	1,404	\$	2,452

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 is as follows:

			Outsta Principa		0
	Interest Rate		2001		2000
		(in	thousands	s of a	dollars)
Airport System Revenue Bonds:					
Series 1990, due through 2006	6.50%-7.30%	\$	16,136	\$	23,946
Series 1994, due through 2024	4.80%-7.95%		77,580		79,230
Series 1997, due through 2027	4.25%-7.00%		263,945		268,800
Series 2000, due through 2031	5.00%-5.50%		573,190		
Airport Surplus Revenue Notes:					
Series 1999, due in 2001	6.375%				40,000
Series 2001, due in 2003			44,950		
		\$	975,801	\$	411,976
Less:					
Unamortized discount			(10,611)		(5,140)
Unamortized loss on debt refunding			(2,252)		(2,423)
Current portion			(10,783)		(14,315)
Total Long-Term Debt excluding the					
deferred payment obligation		\$	952,155	\$	390,098

Principal and interest payments on long-term debt for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	P	rincipal	I	nterest		Total
·		(in th	ous	ands of do	lla	rs)
2002	\$	10,783	\$	54,617	\$	65,400
2003		55,866		53,213		109,079
2004		11,104		51,733		62,837
2005		11,348		51,486		62,834
2006		11,630		51,197		62,827
Thereafter		875,070		682,461		1,557,531
·						
	\$	975,801	\$	944,707	\$	1,920,508

In June 1999, the Department of Port Control issued \$40,000,000 of Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes, Series 1999. These are two-year notes which matured in June 2001. The proceeds of the Notes were used to pay a portion of the cost of acquiring real property for future airport expansion, to pay all of the interest on the Series 1999 Notes, to reimburse the Surplus Fund of the Airport for a portion of the payment made to acquire real property and to pay the costs of issuance. The Series 1999 Notes are special obligations of the City and do not constitute general obligations or a pledge of the faith, credit or taxing power of the City.

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT-Continued

On June 15, 2001, the City of Cleveland issued the Series 2001 Taxable Surplus Revenue Notes for \$44,950,000. These notes were issued to pay off the Series 1999 Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes, which matured on June 15, 2001. The Series 2001 Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes are due June 1, 2003.

Effective February 27, 2001, the Department of Port Control issued \$573,190,000 of Airport System Revenue Bonds. The Series 2000 Bonds are special obligations of the City and are payable from Airport Revenues as defined in the Trust Indenture governing the bonds. The proceeds of the Series 2000 Bonds will be applied by the City to finance a portion of certain improvements to Cleveland Hopkins International Airport, to pay the costs of issuance, to fund capitalized interest on the Series 2000 bonds, and to make the required deposits to the Bond Service Reserve Fund and the Renewal and Replacement Fund. The Series A bonds in the principal amount of \$360,880,000 were issued as fixed rate, Non-AMT bonds. The Series B Bonds totaled \$63,310,000 and are fixed rate AMT Bonds. The Series C Bonds, in the total amount of \$149,000,000 were issued as variable rate Non-AMT bonds with Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrnale and State Street Bank and Trust Company serving as liquidity providers through a standby bond purchase agreement.

Of the Airport System Revenue Bonds issued in 1990, \$15,276,000 were issued in the form of Capital Appreciation Bonds. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds is payable only as a component of their appreciated principal amount at maturity or redemption. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds is compounded semiannually on each interest payment date beginning July 1990. As of December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, the Department of Port Control has recorded a liability in the amount of \$19,413,000 and \$17,058,000 for compounded interest payable on the Capital Appreciation Bonds.

The Airport System Revenue Bonds are secured by the pledge of all airport revenues, as is defined in the revenue bond indenture. Further, the City has assigned all its rights and interest in and to the airline use agreements to the trustee under the revenue bond indenture. Amounts held in trust may be invested by the City Treasurer or the Trustee in permitted investments. However, the use of funds is limited by the bond indenture and, accordingly are classified as restricted assets in these financial statements.

As of December 31, 2001, the Department was in compliance with the terms and requirements of the bond indenture.

The indenture as amended requires, among other things, that the Divisions: (1) make equal monthly deposits to a Bond Service Fund to have sufficient assets available to meet debt service requirements on the next payment date; (2) maintain the Bond Service Reserve Fund equal in amount to the maximum annual debt service to be paid in any year; (3) as long as any revenue bonds are outstanding, charge such rates, fees and charges for use of the airport system to produce in each year, together with other available funds, net revenues (as defined) at least equal to the greater of (a) 116% of the annual debt service due in such year on all outstanding revenue bonds and general obligation debt or (b) 125% of the annual debt service due in such year on all outstanding bonds.

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT-Continued

Defeasance of Airport System Revenue Bonds: In prior years, the City defeased certain Airport System Revenue Bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. The aggregate amount of defeased debt outstanding at December 31, 2001 and 2000 are as follows:

Bond Issue	2	001		2000			
	(in thousands of dollars)						
Series 1994	\$	7,950	\$	7,950			

NOTE C-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits: The Divisions' carrying amount of deposits at years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000 totaled approximately \$29,258,000 and \$3,303,000 and the Divisions' bank balance was approximately \$44,636,000 and \$11,161,000. Based on the criteria described in the GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," all of the bank balance was insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

Investments: The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State of Ohio obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio); guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S.Government securities, certificates of deposits, investments in certain money market mutual funds and State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio). Generally, investments are recorded and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statutes prohibit the use of Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name;

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name;

Category 3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

			2001				2000				
Type of			Fair		2001		Fair		2000		
Investment	Category	Value			Cost	Value		Cost			
		(in thousands of dollars)									
U.S. Agency Obligations	1	\$	70,241	\$	69,861	\$	89,606	\$	89,408		
U.S. Treasury Bills	2		3,189		3,265		4,538		4,533		
U.S. Treasury Notes	2		3,753		3,734		1,274		1,268		
State Treasury Asset											
Reserve Fund (STAROhio)	n/a		70,748		70,748		31,728		31,728		
Guaranteed Investment Contract	n/a		601,488		601,488		129,419		129,419		
Total Investments		\$	749,419	\$	749,096	\$	256,565	\$	256,356		
Total Deposits			29,258		29,258		3,303		3,303		
Total Deposits and Investments		\$	778,677	\$	778,354	\$	259,868	\$	259,659		

Certain investments included above are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets since they have a maturity of three months or less.

STAROhio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio Statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. Star Ohio investments and guaranteed investment contracts are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.

NOTE D-SPECIAL FACILITY REVENUE BONDS

Airport Special Revenue Bonds, Series 1990, totaling \$76,320,000 were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of a terminal, hangar and other support facilities of Continental Airlines at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. These bonds were refunded in 1999 by the issuance of Airport Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1999, totaling \$71,440,000. Airport Special Revenue Bonds, Series 1998, totaling \$75,120,000 were issued in 1998 to finance the design and construction of certain airport facilities leased to Continental Airlines, including a new regional jet concourse.

Because all principal and interest on these bonds is unconditionally guaranteed by Continental Airlines and paid directly by Continental Airlines, these bonds do not constitute a debt, liability or general obligation of the City or a pledge of the Divisions' revenues. As such, no liabilities relating to these bonds are included in the accompanying financial statements.

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE E-LEASES AND CONCESSIONS

The Divisions' lease specifies terminal and concourse areas to the various airlines under terms and conditions of the airline use agreements. These agreements will remain in effect until December 31, 2005 and, under the terms of the agreements, rental payments and landing fees paid by the airlines are adjusted annually to provide airport revenues sufficient to meet the financial requirements of the airport system. Other areas are leased to various occupants under separate agreements.

The Divisions have various concession agreements that permit the concessionaires and certain others to operate on airport property. These agreements usually provide for payments based on a percentage of the revenues, with an annual minimum payment guarantee and in certain circumstances for the offset of percentage rents to the extent of certain improvements made to the leased property.

The Aiport is a lessor of terminal space, land and other buildings on a fixed fee as well as a contingent rental basis. A portion of the building costs in the balance sheet are held by the Airport for the purpose of rental use. The net book value of property held for operating leases as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 is approximately \$177,830,000 and \$187,234,000, respectively.

Minimum future rental on non-cancelable operating leases to be received in each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2002	\$ 11,586,307
2003	\$ 5,984,201
2004	\$ 4,770,339
2005	\$ 4,764,219
2006	\$ 3,971,475
2007	\$ 3,125,845
2008	\$ 2,842,511
2009	\$ 2,392,511
2010	\$ 2,392,511
2011	\$ 1,946,637
2012	\$ 1,946,637
2013	\$ 1,946,637
2014	\$ 1,755,514
2015	\$ 1,615,261
	\$ 51,040,605

The Master Lease and Use Agreement which leases space in the terminal building and other areas is subject to fluctuating rates.

Contingent operating revenues aggregated approximately \$18,127,000 and \$17,676,000, respectively, in 2001 and 2000.

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE F-CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Various claims are pending against the City involving the Divisions for personal injuries, property damage and other matters as well as various environmental remediation projects in its ordinary course of business. The City is responsible for the lawsuits and environmental remediation actions. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occured and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's management is of the opinion that the ultimate settlement of such claims and remediation actions will not result in a material adverse effect on the Divisions' financial position or results of operations.

The Divisions received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liablity of the Divisions. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the Divisions at December 31, 2001 and 2000.

As of December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, the Divisions had capital expenditure purchase commitments outstanding of approximately \$255 million and \$31 million.

NOTE G-EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT PLAN

All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public EmployeesRetirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. For calendar year 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. The 2001 and 2000 employer pension contribution rates for the Division were 13.55 and 10.84 percent of covered payroll, respectively. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The Division's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$1,972,000, \$1,902,000, and \$1,611,000, respectively. The required amounts have been contributed for 2001, 2000, and 1999.

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE H-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2001 employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2001. For 2000, the contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2000, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no changes in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investments assets. The number of active contributing participants was 411,076. The Division's actual contributions for 2001 and 2000 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$625,000 and \$604,000. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2000, (the latest information available) were \$11,735.9 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$14,364.6 million and \$2,628.7 million, respectively.

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE I-RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Divisions are provided various services by other City divisions. Charges are based on actual usage or a reasonable pro rata basis. The more significant expenses included in the statements of income, for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, were as follows:

	2	001	2	2000
	(in t	housana	ls of a	dollars)
City Central Services including Police	\$	4,839	\$	4,290
Electricity purchased		208		220
Motor vehicle maintenance		268		330

NOTE J-LANDING FEE ADJUSTMENT AND INCENTIVE COMPENSATION

Under the terms of the airline use agreements, if the annual statement for the preceding term demonstrates that airport revenues over expenses (both as defined) is greater or less than that used in calculating the landing fee for the then current term, such difference shall be charged or credited to the airlines over the remaining billing periods in the current term. The landing fee adjustment for 2001 was a payable to the airport in the amount of \$10,903,000. In 2000 the landing fee adjustment resulted in a payable to the airlines of \$6,139,000.

The airline use agreements also provide an incentive for the City of Cleveland to provide the highest quality management for the airport system. There was no incentive compensation expense in 2001 and 2000.

NOTE K-PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES

On November 1, 1992, Cleveland Hopkins International Airport began collecting passenger facility charges (PFC's) subject to Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 158. PFC's are fees imposed on enplaned passengers by public agencies controlling commercial service airports for the strict purpose of supporting airport planning and development projects. The charge is collected by the airlines and remitted to the airport operator net of an administrative fee to be retained by the airline and refunds to passengers. Under its federally approved program from inception in 1992 to 2007, the airport expects to collect approximately \$287 million of which an estimated 32% will be spent on noise abatement for the residents of communities surrounding the airport, 41% on the runway expansion, and 27% on airport development. PFC revenues and related interest earnings are recorded as non-operating revenues, and non-capitalized expenses funded by PFC revenues are recorded as non-operating expenses.

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE L-MAJOR CUSTOMER

In 2001 and 2000, operating revenues from one airline group for landing fees, rental and other charges amounted to approximately 30% and 31%, respectively, of total operating revenue.

NOTE M-ACQUISITION OF INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION CENTER

In January 1999, the City purchased the International Exposition ("I-X") Center and the land on and around it for \$66.5 million as part of its master plan to expand Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. As part of the purchase agreement, the City leased the building back to the former owner for 15 years, after which the City plans on tearing the building down to make way for a new runway. Of the \$66.5 million purchase price, \$36.5 million was paid in cash in 1999. The remaining \$30.0 million, including interest at 7.75%, is being deferred by the seller and will be offset by future lease payments owed to the City over the 15 year lease period. The future lease payments are equal to the remaining purchase price plus interest at 7.75%, and as such, no cash will be exchanged between the City and the lessee over the term of the lease. The deferred payment is reported as "Deferred Payment Obligation" in the accompanying balance sheet.

In the event that either a similar facility is developed that exceeds a specified size, or there is an expansion of an existing facility that exceeds a specified size within the municipal boundary of the City of Cleveland, the lessee has the right to terminate the lease. Such termination would require the City to pay the lessee the remaining portion of the deferred purchase price.

Minimum principal and interest payments due by the City on the deferred payment obligation and future minimum lease rentals due to the City under this lease for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Deferred Payment Obligation								
							Fu	ture Minimum
	P	rincipal]	Interest		Total		Rentals
			(in	thousands	of	dollars)		_
2002	\$	1,381	\$	2,008	\$	3,389	\$	3,389
2003		1,492		1,897		3,389		3,389
2004		1,612		1,777		3,389		3,389
2005		1,741		1,648		3,389		3,389
2006		1,881		1,508		3,389		3,389
Thereafter		18,425		5,575		24,000		24,000
	\$	26,532	\$	14,413	\$	40,945	\$	40,945

Rental income recognized by the City under this agreement totaled \$3,389,000 in 2001, of which \$2,111,000 was offset against interest expense and \$1,278,000 was offset against the principal balance of the deferred obligation.

DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL
DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL
AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
For the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

NOTE N- CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective January 1, 2001, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions" and Statement No. 36, "Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues" (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 33). In general, GASB Statement Nos. 33 and 36 establish accounting and financial reporting standards which address when to report the results of nonexchange transactions involving financial or capital resources. In a nonexchange transaction, an entity gives (or receives) value without directly receiving or giving equal value in return. These statements did not have a material impact on the Division's beginning retained earnings as previously reported.

Cash received or receivables recognized that were previously recorded as Contributed Capital are now recorded as non-operating revenue.

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CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS AS DEFINED IN THE AIRLINE USE AGREEMENTS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

		Cleveland Hopkins		Burke	
	In	ternational]	Lakefront	Total
REVENUE					
Airline revenue:					
Landing fees	\$	34,077,004	\$		\$ 34,077,004
Terminal rental		16,560,273			16,560,273
Other		3,755,550			3,755,550
		54,392,827			54,392,827
Operating revenues from other sources:					
Concessions		17,641,274		300,235	17,941,509
Rentals		14,545,588		196,646	14,742,234
Landing fees		1,915,894		178,530	2,094,424
Other		3,516,930		136,129	3,653,059
		37,619,686		811,540	38,431,226
Non-operating revenue:					
Interest income		2,608,148			2,608,148
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	94,620,661	\$	811,540	\$ 95,432,201
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and wages	\$	13,059,739	\$	842,719	\$ 13,902,458
Employee benefits		4,976,601		260,380	5,236,981
City Central Services, including police		4,912,782		193,607	5,106,389
Materials and supplies		5,939,920		272,312	6,212,232
Contractual services		26,121,074		215,002	26,336,076
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$	55,010,116	\$	1,784,020	\$ 56,794,136

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CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY

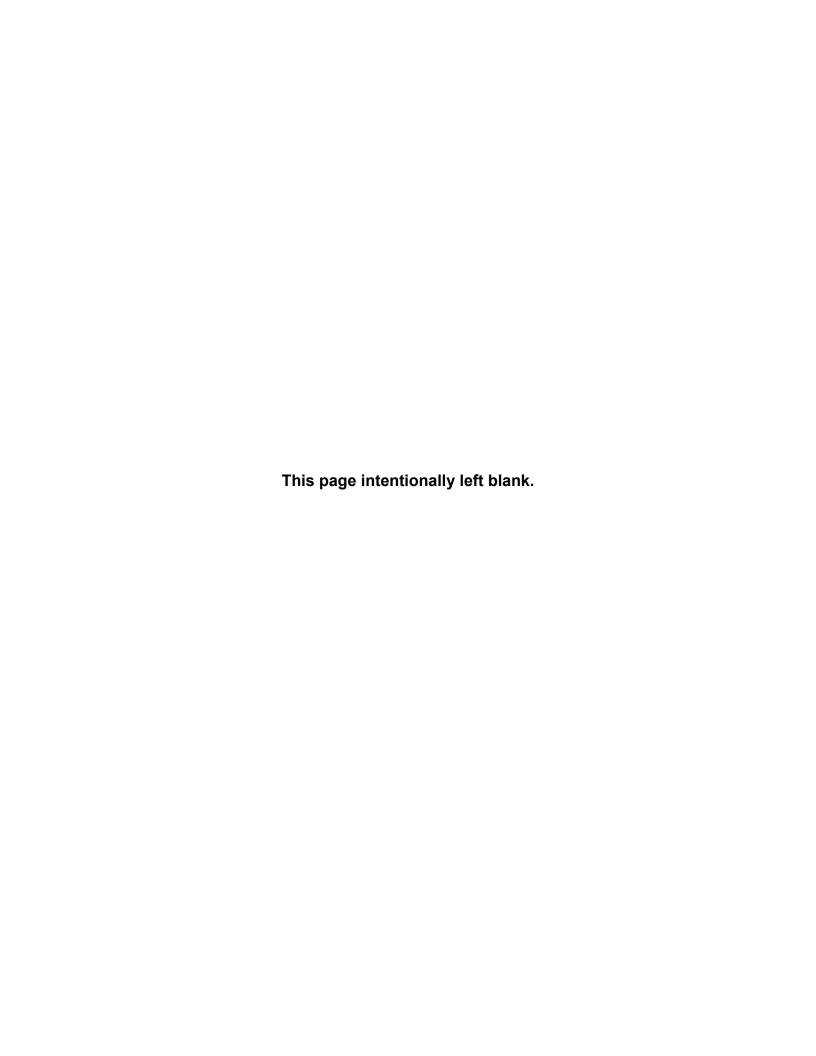
REPORT ON PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001



DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL CITY OF CLEVELAND REPORT ON PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES TABLE OF CONTENTS

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Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges	3
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges	4





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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH 14 CFR PART 158

Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports Department of Port Control City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 5300 Riverside Drive Cleveland, Ohio 44135-3193

To the Honorable Jane L. Campbell, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports, Department of Port Control, City of Cleveland, Ohio, (the Airports) with the compliance requirements described in the September 2000 *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies,* issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (Guide), for its passenger facility charge program for the year ended December 31, 2001. Compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations applicable to its passenger facility charge program is the responsibility of the Airport's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Airport's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Guide. Those standards and the Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect occurred on the passenger facility charge program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Airport's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Airport's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Airports complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its passenger facility charge program for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Airports is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws and regulations applicable to the passenger facility charge program. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Airport's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the passenger facility charge program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Guide.

Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and
Burke Lakefront Airports
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the
Passenger Facility Charge Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
in Accordance with 14 CFR *Part* 158
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws and regulations that would be material in relation to the passenger facility charge program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over passenger facility charge program compliance that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the Airports in a separate letter dated August 16, 2002.

Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges

We have audited the general-purpose financial statements of the City of Cleveland as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2002. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as specified by the Guide and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and the Federal Aviation Administration and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

August 16, 2002

Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports Department of Port Control City of Cleveland

Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Approved Project Budget	Cumulative Expenditures at 12/31/00	1st Quarter 2001 Expenditures	2nd Quarter 2001 Expenditures	3rd Quarter 2001 Expenditures	4th Quarter 2001 Expenditures	Total 2001 Expenditures	Cumulative Expenditures at 12/31/01
Insulate Residences - full program phase I Extension of Taxiway "Q"	16,960,400	16,877,074 2,155,743			-39,223		-39,223	16,837,851 2,155,743
Land Acquisition - Resident Relocation Sewer Construction	16,883,240 5,500,000	14,216,749 5,500,000	49,109	11,058	10,308	132,608	203,084	14,419,832 5,500,000
Asbestos Removal in Terminal CHIA	1,000,000	729,842					0	729,842
Acquisition of Analex Office Building and Vacant Land	13,025,000	13,025,000					0	13,025,000
Waste Water-Glycol Collection System Construction	6,320,642	74,294	35,000	20,700	1,148,484		1,204,184	1,278,477
NASA Feasibility and Pre-engineering Study Land Acquisition Sound Insulation	355,000 30,360,000 8,675,000	355,000 23,514,622 7,177,462	159,098	71,429	41,474	430,593 76,365	0 702,594 764,338	355,000 24,217,216 7,941,800
Environmental Assessment/Impact Studies	2,309,570	2,309,570					0	2,309,570
Terminal Passenger Flow and Security Study	300,000						0	0
Railway System/Vehicular Ingress- Egress Study	200,000						0	0
Runway 5R Extension Engineering	0						0	0
Runway 5R Extension Design	0						0	0
Runway 5R Construction	0						0	0
FIS Facility Construction	0						0	0
FIS Facility Design	0						0	0
Brook Park Land Transfer Analex Demolition	8,750,000			926,003		145,992	1,071,995	1,071,995
Sound Insulation	20,000,000	2.557.705	542.724	1,415,397		39.796	1.997.916	4.555.622
Baggage Claim/Expansion	9,526,087	147,483					0	147,483
Tug Road Replacement	1,019,000			114,984	2,451	476,472	593,906	593,906
Interim Commuter Ramp	5,560,338			584,844		92,773	677,617	677,617
Concourse D Ramp/Site Utilities	51,305,804			5,402,847		856,024	6,258,871	6,258,871
Burke Runway Overlay 6L/24R	530,286			48,738		8,848	57,585	57,585
Install Instrument Landing System-							· ·	•
Burke Runway 6L/23R	2,181,400 82,106,000						0	00
	286,596,767	88,640,543	785,931	9,283,973	1,163,494	2,259,470	13,492,867	102,133,410

Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins Airport and Burke Lakefront Airport Department of Port Control City of Cleveland

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

General

The accompanying schedule presents all activity of the Airport's Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) program. The Airport's reporting entity is defined in Note A to the Airports' financial statement.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule is presented on the cash basis of accounting.

AUDITOR ANN///

CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

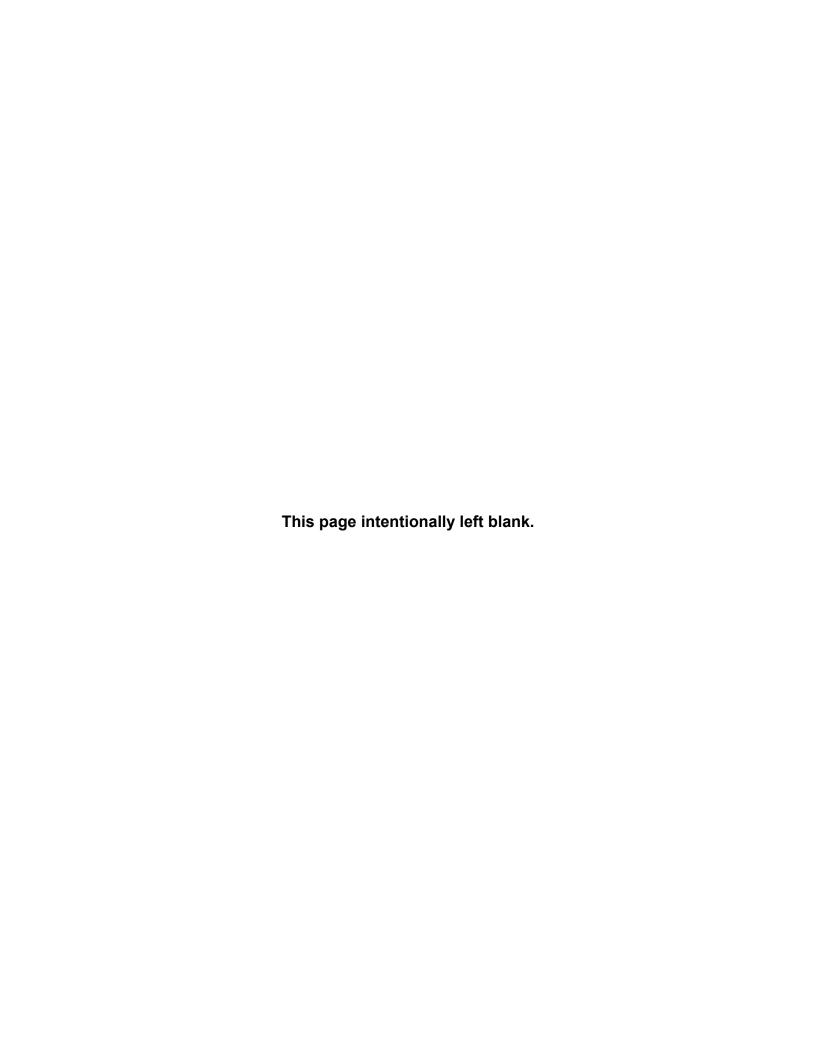
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001



CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Division of Cleveland Public Power Department of Public Utilities City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Jane L. Campbell, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Division of Cleveland Public Power, Department of Public Utilities, City of Cleveland, Ohio, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Division of Cleveland Public Power's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the Division of Cleveland Public Power, and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland and the results of the City of Cleveland's operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division of Cleveland Public Power, as of December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

August 16, 2002

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CITY OF CLEVELAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER

BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2001 and 2000

	(in thousand Decem	
Lagrange	 2001	2000
ASSETS		
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Land	\$ 4,863	\$ 4,863
Land improvements	2,304	2,134
Utility plant in service	338,490	329,828
Buildings, structures and improvements	41,209	42,453
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	28,297	25,127
• •	415,163	404,405
Less: accumulated depreciation	137,740	120,540
•	277,423	283,865
Construction in progress	15,474	12,936
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	292,897	296,801
RESTRICTED ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	20,635	14,134
Investments at market		8,102
Accrued interest receivable	 25	103
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS	20,660	22,339
UNAMORTIZED BOND ISSUANCE EXPENSE	2,787	2,748
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	39,045	24,128
Investments at market	,-	17,529
Accounts receivable-net of allowance for doubtful accounts		,
of \$2,543,000 in 2001 and \$536,000 in 2000	24,492	22,098
Unbilled revenue	1,616	2,179
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds	6,836	1,486
Materials and supplies-at average cost, net of allowance	,	,
for obsolescence of \$1,099,000 in 2001 and \$1,099,000 in 2000	2,926	3,065
Prepaid expenses	54	54
Accrued interest receivable		264
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	74,969	70,803
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 391,313	\$ 392,691

	(in thousand	*
	2001	2000
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
EQUITY		
Contributed capital	\$ 12,183	\$ 12,183
Retained earnings	135,282	127,994
TOTAL EQUITY	147,465	140,177
LIABILITIES		
LONG TERM DEBT-excluding amounts due within one year:		
Mortgage revenue bonds	223,102	227,099
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS	278	560
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Current portion of long-term debt	6,620	6,855
Accounts payable	5,969	9,770
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds	583	656
Due to other governments	444	
Accrued interest payable	1,953	1,575
Accrued wages and benefits	3,973	4,649
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	926	1,350
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	20,468	24,855
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	\$ 391,313	\$ 392,691

See notes to financial statements.

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CITY OF CLEVELAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER

STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

		Y	(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31,		
			2001	2000	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$	132,095 \$ 132,095	134,152 134,152	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Purchased power			65,283	68,597	
Operations			16,133	13,403	
Maintenance			16,418	22,889	
Depreciation			16,296	14,885	
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		114,130	119,774	
	OPERATING INCOME		17,965	14,378	
NON-OPERATING INCOM	IE (EXPENSE)				
Interest income			2,537	3,255	
Interest expense			(12,423)	(13,809)	
AEP refund per FERC rulin	g			2,864	
Amortization of bond issuar	ice expense and discount		(2,374)	(2,508)	
Workers compensation refu	nd		617		
Other			966	2,236	
TOTAL NON-OPER	RATING INCOME (EXPENSE), NET		(10,677)	(7,962)	
	NET INCOME		7,288	6,416	
RETAINED EARNINGS, be	ginning of year		127,994	121,578	
RETAINED EARNINGS, en	·	\$	135,282 \$	127,994	

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF CLEVELAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

(in	thousand	ls of d	lollars)
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Vears Ended December 31, 2001 Vears Ended December 31, 2009 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers \$ 124,280 \$ 134,426 Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services (21,578) (21,040) Cash payments to employees for services (66,366) (67,701) Cash payments for purchased power (66,366) (67,701) Cash refunds of customer deposits, net (424) 139 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Workers compensation refund 617 2,864 AEP refund per FERC-ruling 617 2,864 Other NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (12,087) (13,804) Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,655) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (11,133) (11,669) Interest paid on long-term debt (30,782) (31,938) Principal paid on long-term debt			For the			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers \$ 124,280 \$ 134,426 Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services (13,112) (16,049) Cash payments to employees for services (21,578) (21,708) Cash payments for purchased power (66,366) (67,701) Cash refunds of customer deposits, net (424) 139 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Workers compensation refund 617 2,864 AEP refund per FERC-ruling 617 2,864 Other NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (12,087) (13,804) Proceeds from refunding (43,743) (11,669) Interest paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,455) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (30,782) 31,938 Interest paid on long-term debt (30,782) 31,938 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (11,441) <		,				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers \$ 124,280 \$ 134,426 Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services (13,112) (16,049) Cash payments for purchased power (66,366) (67,701) Cash payments for purchased power (66,366) (67,701) Cash refunds of customer deposits, net NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 22,800 29,107 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 2,864 Other NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 43,036 (13,804) Proceeds from refunding bond issue 43,036 (11,133) (11,669) Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,465) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) (11,133) (11,669) Interest paid on long-term debt (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM						
Cash received from customers \$ 124,280 \$ 134,426 Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services (13,112) (16,049) Cash payments to employees for services (21,578) (21,708) Cash payments for purchased power (66,366) (67,701) Cash refunds of customer deposits, net (424) 139 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Workers compensation refund 617 AEP refund per FERC-ruling 2,864 Other 5,099 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (12,087) (13,804) Proceeds from refunding bond issue 43,036 (6,455) Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,465) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (11,431) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (2,837) 3,375			2001	2000		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services (13,112) (16,049) Cash payments to employees for services (21,578) (21,708) Cash payments for purchased power (66,366) (67,701) Cash refunds of customer deposits, net (424) 139 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Workers compensation refund 617 2,864 AEP refund per FERC-ruling 2,864 2,235 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (12,087) (13,804) Proceeds from refunding bond issue 43,036 43,036 Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,455) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (44,441)	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services (13,112) (16,049) Cash payments to employees for services (21,578) (21,708) Cash payments for purchased power (66,366) (67,701) Cash refunds of customer deposits, net (424) 139 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Workers compensation refund 617 2,864 AEP refund per FERC-ruling 2,864 2,235 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (12,087) (13,804) Proceeds from refunding bond issue 43,036 43,036 Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,455) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 2,837 <td>Cash received from customers</td> <td>\$</td> <td>124,280 \$</td> <td>134,426</td>	Cash received from customers	\$	124,280 \$	134,426		
Cash payments to employees for services (21,578) (21,708) Cash payments for purchased power (66,366) (67,701) Cash refunds of customer deposits, net (424) 139 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Workers compensation refund 617 2,864 AEP refund per FERC-ruling 2,235 2,235 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (12,087) (13,804) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (12,087) (13,804) Proceeds from refunding bond issue 43,036 (6,855) (6,465) Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,465) (6,855) (6,465) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (14,441) (14,576) Purchase of investment securities <td>Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(16,049)</td>	Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services			(16,049)		
Cash payments for purchased power Cash refunds of customer deposits, net (66,366) (424) (139) (424) (139) NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 22,800 29,107 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Workers compensation refund 617 2,864 Other NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (12,087) (13,804) Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,465) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (14,441) (14,576) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 28,783 6,581 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
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CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 22,800 29,107 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 2,864 Other NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: (12,087) (13,804) Proceeds from refunding bond issue 43,036 (6,855) (6,465) Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,465) (6,465) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 2,837 3,375 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 28,783 6,581 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413		-				
Workers compensation refund AEP refund per FERC-ruling Other 2,864 2,235 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: (12,087) (13,804) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (12,087) (13,804) Proceeds from refunding bond issue 43,036 (6,855) (6,465) Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,465) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding Interest paid on long-term debt (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (14,441) (14,576) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 2,837 3,375 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413			22,800	29,107		
Workers compensation refund AEP refund per FERC-ruling Other 2,864 2,235 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: (12,087) (13,804) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (12,087) (13,804) Proceeds from refunding bond issue 43,036 (6,855) (6,465) Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,465) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding Interest paid on long-term debt (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (14,441) (14,576) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 2,837 3,375 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413	CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
AEP refund per FERC-ruling			617			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099	•			2,864		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	•					
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 617 5,099 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
### FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from refunding bond issue Principal paid on long-term debt Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding Interest paid on long-term debt NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES POST INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 28,783 6,581 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413			617	5,099		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (12,087) (13,804) Proceeds from refunding bond issue 43,036 43,036 Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,465) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (14,441) (14,576) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 2,837 3,375 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED					
Proceeds from refunding bond issue 43,036 Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,465) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (14,441) (14,576) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 2,837 3,375 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 28,783 6,581 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413	FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from refunding bond issue 43,036 Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,465) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (14,441) (14,576) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 2,837 3,375 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 28,783 6,581 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413	Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(12,087)	(13,804)		
Principal paid on long-term debt (6,855) (6,465) Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) (11,669) Interest paid on long-term debt (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (14,441) (14,576) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 2,837 3,375 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 28,783 6,581 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413	•			, , ,		
Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (43,743) Interest paid on long-term debt (11,133) (11,669) NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (14,441) (14,576) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 2,837 3,375 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413	<u> </u>			(6,465)		
Interest paid on long-term debt NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938)			* '	, , ,		
NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (14,441) (14,576) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 2,837 3,375 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 28,783 6,581 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413				(11,669)		
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (30,782) (31,938) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (14,441) (14,576) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 2,837 3,375 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 28,783 6,581 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413						
Purchase of investment securities (14,441) (14,576) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 40,387 17,782 Interest received on investments 2,837 3,375 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 28,783 6,581 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(30,782)	(31,938)		
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities Interest received on investments NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 17,782 2,837 3,375 28,783 6,581 21,418 8,849	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 28,783 6,581	Purchase of investment securities		(14,441)	(14,576)		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 28,783 6,581	Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities		40,387	17,782		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 28,783 6,581 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,837	3,375		
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413	NET CASH PROVIDED BY		•			
IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413	INVESTING ACTIVITIES		28,783	6,581		
IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21,418 8,849 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 38,262 29,413	NET INCREASE					
			21,418	8,849		
	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	38,262	29,413		
	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$		38,262		

(in thousands of dollars)

	(in thousands of dollars) For the			
	Ye	ears Ended Dece	ember 31.	
	2001		2000	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
OPERATING INCOME	\$	17,965 \$	14,378	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		16,296	14,885	
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net		(2,284)	(3,070)	
Unbilled revenue		563	(358)	
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		(5,350)	(702)	
Materials and supplies, net		139	2,402	
Accounts payable		(3,801)	2,072	
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		(72)	(2,459)	
Due to other governments		444	, , ,	
Accrued wages and benefits		(676)	1,620	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(424)	339	
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		4,835	14,729	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	22,800 \$	29,107	

See notes to financial statements.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Division of Cleveland Public Power ("Division") is reported as an enterprise fund of the City of Cleveland's Department of Public Utilities and is a part of the City of Cleveland's ("City") primary government. The Division was created for the purpose of supplying electrical services to customers within the City of Cleveland. To provide electrical services to its customers, the Division purchases electrical power under the terms of various short-term, limited-term and long-term contracts. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

Basis of Accounting: The Division's financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities", all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

Revenues: Revenues are derived primarily from sales of electricity to residential and commercial customers based upon actual consumption. Electricity rates are authorized by City Council and billings are made on a cycle basis. Estimates for services between the ends of the various cycles and the end of the year are recorded as unbilled revenue.

Statement of Cash Flows: The Division utilizes the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased and include certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury bills, STAROhio (See Note I) and repurchase agreements. The City's policy is to enter into repurchase agreements with local commercial banks and to obtain confirmation of securities pledged.

Investments: The Division follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools," which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. The fair values of investments at year-end are based on market quotes, where available.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal years 2001 and 2000. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2001 and 2000.

Restricted Assets: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside in various fund accounts for payment of revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by the bond indentures.

Fixed Assets and Depreciation: Property, plant and equipment are stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. A fixed asset is defined as a tangible item with a useful life of five years or more and a value equal to or greater than \$5,000, with the exception of computer equipment and software which have a value equal to or greater than \$1,500. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Utility plant in service 6 to 100 years
Buildings, structures and improvements 10 to 65 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 5 to 33 years

The Division's policy is to capitalize interest on construction projects up to the point in time that the project is substantially completed. Capitalized interest is included in the cost of the assets and is depreciated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The Division applies Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 62, "Capitalization of Interest Cost in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants", for its Mortgage Revenue Bonds. This statement requires capitalization of interest cost of the eligible borrowings less interest earned on investment of the related bond proceeds from the date of borrowing until the assets constructed from the bond proceeds are ready for their intended use.

For 2001 and 2000 total interest expense incurred amounted to \$12,460,000 and \$13,819,000 respectively, which was reduced by \$37,000 and \$10,000, respectively, of interest expense capitalized. Total interest income earned amounted to \$2,543,000 and \$3,476,000, respectively, which was reduced by \$5,900 and \$221,000, respectively, of interest income capitalized.

Bond Issuance Expense and Discount and Unamortized Loss on Debt Refunding: Bond issuance expense is carried on the Division's books as deferred expense and unamortized bond discounts are netted against long-term debt. Both are amortized over the lives of the applicable bonds. Unamortized loss on debt refunding is netted against long-term debt and is amortized over the shorter life of the old bond or the new bond.

Contributed Capital: Contributed capital represents federal grants and contributions from the City of Cleveland which are not subject to mandatory repayment.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 is as follows:

			Outs to Principa		0	
	Interest Rate		2001		2000	
		(in	thousana	ls of	dollars)	
Cleveland Public Power Mortgage Revenue Bonds:						
Series 1991, due through 2017	5.85%-7.00%	\$	-	\$	43,145	
Series 1994, due through 2013	7.00%		16,850		21,850	
Series 1994, Zero Coupon bonds						
due through 2015			48,335		48,335	
Series 1996, due through 2024	5.00%-6.00%		122,380		122,380	
Series 1998, due through 2017	4.00%-5.25%		44,760		44,760	
Series 2001, due through 2016	3.55%-5.50%		41,925			
•		\$	274,250	\$	280,470	
Less:						
Unamortized discount - zero coupon bonds			(20,778)		(22,391)	
Unamortized discount - current interest bonds			(5,880)		(8,044)	
Unamortized loss on debt refunding			(17,870)		(16,081)	
Current portion			(6,620)		(6,855)	
Total Long-Term Debt		\$	223,102	\$	227,099	

Minimum principal and interest payments on mortgage revenue bonds for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	P	rincipal	Interest			Total
·	(in thousand of dollars)					
2002	\$	6,620	\$	11,803	\$	18,423
2002	Ψ	7,865	Ψ	10,887	Ψ	18,752
2004		9,410		10,447		19,857
2005		9,710		9,933		19,643
2006		11,025		9,474		20,499
Thereafter		229,620		101,946		331,566
	\$	274,250	\$	154,490	\$	428,740

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT-Continued

In August 2001, the Division of Cleveland Public Power issued \$41,925,000 of Public Power System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2001. The proceeds were used to refund certain outstanding Series 1991 Revenue Bonds and to pay costs of issuance. Net proceeds of \$43,177,000 were placed in an irrevocable escrow account which including interest earned was used to pay principal, interest and premium on the refunded bonds on November 15, 2001. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for these bonds has been removed from long term debt. The total aggregate principal amount of the bonds refunded by the Series 2001 Bonds was \$41,290,000. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next fifteen years by \$7,951,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of approximately \$5,832,000.

Defeasance of Power Mortgage Revenue Bonds: In addition to the defeased debt described above, in prior years, the City defeased certain Power Mortgage Revenue Bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old funds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Division's financial statements. The aggregate amount of defeased debt outstanding at December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000 is as follow:

Bond Issue	nd Issue 2001			2000
	(ii	ı thousan	d of	dollars)
Series 1994	\$	131,440	\$	131,440
Series 1991				12,170

Power Mortgage Revenue Bonds are payable from the revenues derived from operations of the public power system, after the payment of all operating and maintenance expenses (net revenues). The bonds are collateralized by a pledge of and lien on such net revenues plus a first mortgage lien upon all property of the public power system, including any improvements, additions, replacements, and extension thereto.

The indenture requires that at all times the Division will charge rates and fees for the products and services of the public power system. Revenues will be at least sufficient to provide funds for the payment in each year of the necessary operating and maintenance expenses of the power system and in an amount equal to 1.25 times the payments of principal and interest on the revenue bonds then outstanding due in that year. As of December 31, 2001, the Division was in compliance with the terms and requirements of the bond indenture. The indenture establishes the following fund accounts for the application of revenues:

Revenue Fund: All revenues will be deposited into this fund and will be used for payment of current operating expenses and deposits into other funds.

Debt Service Fund: Monthly deposits will be made from the revenue fund to cover succeeding principal and interest payments as they become due on the Mortgage Revenue Bonds.

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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Debt Service Reserve Fund: Deposits will be made to this fund if the amount in the debt service fund at any time is less than the debt service reserve requirement. However, the City has elected, pursuant to provisions of the indenture governing the Division's bonds, to satisfy the bond reserve requirement with a surety bond in an aggregate amount at least equal to the bond reserve requirement.

Renewal and Replacement Fund: The balance in this fund is maintained at \$1,000,000 to be applied against the cost of repair or replacement of capital assets in order to maintain the system.

Construction Fund: The proceeds from Series 1994 and Series 1991 bonds of \$79,386,000 and \$12,050,000, respectively, were deposited into this fund to be used, along with earnings from investments of amounts held therein, for the payment of capital costs. As of December 31, 2001 and 2000, the Division had \$14,157,000 and \$18,750,000, respectively, of outstanding commitments for future construction costs which will be funded by available bond proceeds and operating revenue. Capital costs include all costs of additions, extensions, renewals, replacements, alterations, betterments and any other capital improvements to the system. Amounts held in this fund are subject to a lien in favor of bondholders and may be used to pay principal of outstanding bonds to the extent that amounts in all other funds are insufficient. No payment needs to be made into a fund if the amounts in such fund are equal to the required fund balance, if any.

Amounts held in trust may be invested by the City Treasurer or the Trustee in permitted investments. However, the use of funds is limited by the bond indenture and, accordingly, the amounts are classified as restricted assets in the financial statements.

NOTE C-EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT PLAN

All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund-pension obligations. The 2001 and 2000 employer pension contribution rates for the Division were 13.55 and 10.84 percent of covered payroll, respectively. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The Division's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$2,323,000, \$2,417,000, and \$2,068,000, respectively. The required amounts have been contributed for 2001, 2000, and 1999.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE D-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2001 employer contribution rate was 13.55 of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2001. For 2000, the contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2000, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The number of active contributing participants was 411,076. The Division's actual contributions for 2001 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$737,177. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2000, (the latest informatin available) were \$11,735.9 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$14,364.6 million and \$2,628.7 million, respectively.

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

NOTE E-IDLE GENERATION FACILITIES

In April 1977, the Division closed its generation plant and, since that time, the Division's revenues have been derived primarily from the distribution of purchased power. With the present availability of competitively priced purchased power, management believes the plant will remain idle. The Division continued its past practice of depreciating the plant at rates which completed the amortization of the plant in 1999.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE F-RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Revenues and Accounts Receivable: The Division provides electricity to the City of Cleveland, including its various departments and divisions. The usual and customary rates are charged.

Operating Expenses: The Division is provided various intra-city services. Charges are based on actual usage or on a reasonable pro rata basis. The more significant of these costs, included in the statements of income, for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2001		2000	
	(in thousands of dollars)			
City administration	\$	950	\$ 950	
Motor vehicle maintenance		336	423	
Employee and other services provided				
by the Division of Water		387	325	
Utilities Administration and Fiscal Control		443	443	
Telephone exchange		291	293	
Data Processing		151		

NOTE G-CONTINGENCIES

Various claims are pending against the City involving the Division for personal injuries, property damage and other matters. The City is responsible for the lawsuits. The City's management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the Division's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

NOTE H-CUYAHOGA COUNTY REAL PROPERTY TAXES

The Division is required by ordinance to keep records of the estimated property taxes which would be payable to Cuyahoga County were it subject to such taxes. For the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, the estimated property taxes for the Division, based on book value of real estate at the current tax rates, would have been approximately \$1,441,000 and \$1,352,000, respectively.

NOTE I- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits: The Division's carrying amount of deposits at years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000 totaled \$121,000 and \$368,000 and the Division's bank balances were \$555,000 and \$333,000. The differences represent warrants payable and normal reconciling items. These amounts were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

Investments: The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S.Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio), guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. Government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds, and State Treasury

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE I- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of reverse repurchase agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions; significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

			2001				2000	
Type of			Fair		2001		Fair	2000
Investment	Category	,	Value		Cost	Value		Cost
				(in	thousana	ls of	dollars)	
U.S. Agency Obligations	1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,438	\$ 17,428
U.S. Treasury Bills	2		3,078		3,087		14,803	14,712
State Treasury Asset								
Reserve Fund (STAROhio)	n/a		41,329		41,329		25,499	25,499
Investment in Mutual Funds	n/a		15,152		15,152		5,785	5,785
Total Investments		\$	59,559	\$	59,568	\$	63,525	\$ 63,424
Total Deposits			121		121		368	368
Total Deposits and Investments		\$	59,680	\$	59,689	\$	63,893	\$ 63,792

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE I-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

Certain investments included above are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets since they have a maturity of three months or less.

STAROhio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. STAROhio investments and investments in mutual funds are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.

NOTE J - AEP REFUND PER FERC RULING

On January 12, 2000, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) granted American Electric Power Services (AEP) permission to issue an interim refund for amounts collected in excess of a load ratio share of annual revenue requirements. This resulted in a refund to Cleveland Public Power in the amount of \$2,864,000 which includes interest of \$779,000.

NOTE K - KILOWATT PER HOUR TAX

In May of 2001, Cleveland Public Power started billing for the State of Ohio electric deregulation kilowatt per hour tax. Cleveland Public Power billed \$3,780,000 for this tax in 2001, of which \$8,841 was remitted to the state, fifteen percent of the difference is attributable to the General Fund, with the balance to be used for accelerated debt reduction by Cleveland Public Power.

AUDITOR AMII////

CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

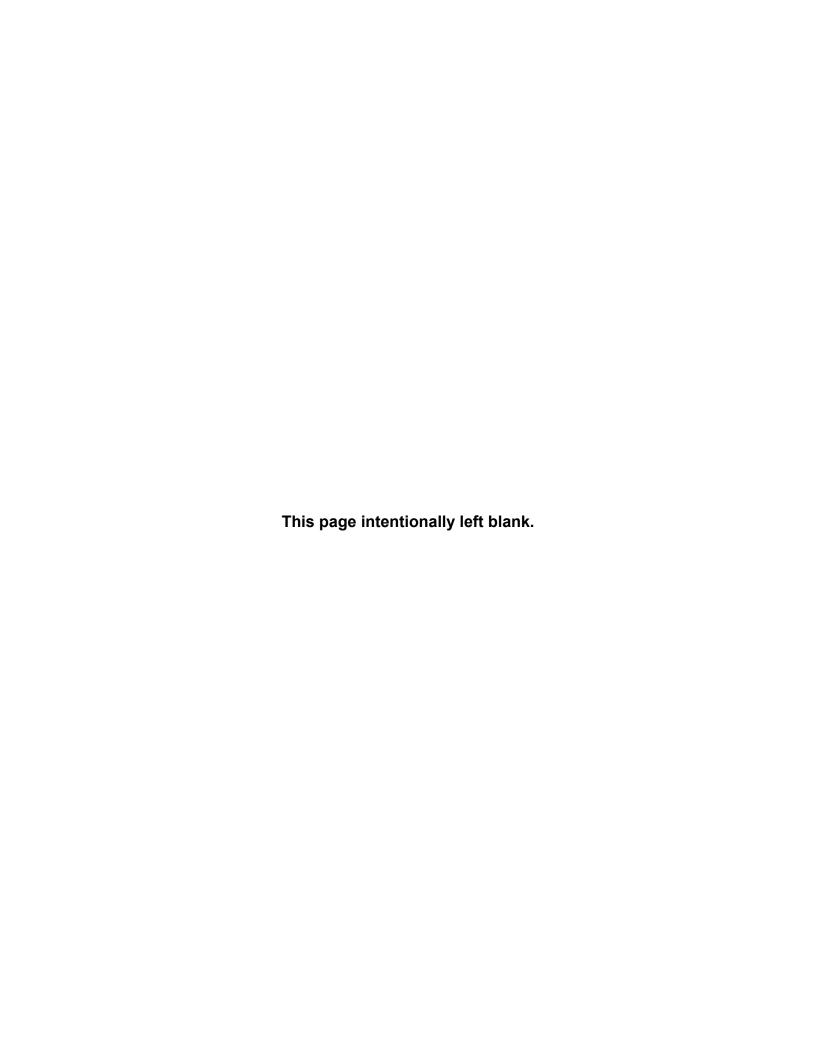
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001



CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Division of Water
Department of Public Utilities
City of Cleveland
Cuyahoga County
601 Lakeside Ave.
Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Jane L. Campbell, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Division of Water, Department of Public Utilities, City of Cleveland, Ohio, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Division of Water's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the Division of Water and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland and the results of the City of Cleveland's operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division of Water, as of December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Jim Petro
Auditor of State

August 16, 2002

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CITY OF CLEVELAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

DIVISION OF WATER BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2001 and 2000

	(in thousands of dollars) December 31,			
		2001		2000
ASSETS				
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
Land	\$	5,271	\$	5,271
Land improvements	·	12,676		12,125
Utility plant in service		813,195		783,539
Buildings, structures and improvements		174,729		172,988
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		65,516		89,786
7		1,071,387		1,063,709
Less: accumulated depreciation		312,825		283,851
		758,562		779,858
Construction in progress		128,005		70,785
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET		886,567		850,643
RESTRICTED ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		239,945		216,086
Investments at market		12,899		63,870
Accrued interest receivable		883		1,312
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS		253,727		281,268
UNAMORTIZED BOND ISSUANCE EXPENSE		5,964		5,738
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		111,148		23,751
Investments at market		118,510		162,983
Accounts receivable-net of allowance for doubtful accounts				
of \$1,841,000 in 2001 and \$1,447,000 in 2000		20,430		15,776
Unbilled revenue		22,750		22,599
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		5,113		5,675
Accrued interest receivable		1,502		3,065
Materials and supplies-at average cost, net of allowance				
for obsolescence of \$600,000 in 2001 and \$600,000 in 2000		5,343		4,703
Prepaid expenses		1,187		224
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		285,983		238,776
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,432,241	\$	1,376,425

	(in thousand	31,
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	 2001	2000
EQUIT AND LIABILITIES		
EQUITY		
Contributions in aid of construction	\$ 2,407	\$ 2,407
Retained earnings	714,371	651,340
TOTAL EQUITY	 716,778	653,747
LIABILITIES		
LONG TERM DEBT-excluding amounts due within one year:		
Mortgage revenue bonds	645,366	659,258
OWDA loan	5,738	037,230
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT	 651,104	659,258
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS	5,303	3,603
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Current portion of long-term debt	17,500	20,605
Accounts payable	5,323	2,947
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds	5,534	1,060
Accrued expenses	430	300
Accrued interest payable	17,018	19,263
Accrued wages and benefits	10,620	13,066
Customer deposits and other liabilities	2,631	2,576
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	59,056	59,817
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	\$ 1,432,241	\$ 1,376,425

See notes to financial statements.

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CITY OF CLEVELAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER

STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

		(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 3			
			2001		2000
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services		\$	212,724	\$	203,535
	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		212,724		203,535
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operations			93,299		88,067
Maintenance			23,542		21,092
Depreciation			29,682		26,515
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		146,523		135,674
	OPERATING INCOME		66,201		67,861
NON-OPERATING INCOM	IE (EXPENSE)				
Interest income			17,103		21,525
Interest expense			(19,776)		(21,374)
Workers compensation refu	nd		2,100		
Loss on disposal of property			(1,827)		(731)
Amortization of bond issuar			(770)		(974)
TOTAL NON-OPER	RATING INCOME (EXPENSE), NET		(3,170)		(1,554)
	NET INCOME		63,031		66,307
RETAINED EARNINGS, be	ginning of year		651,340		585,033
RETAINED EARNINGS, en		\$	714,371	\$	651,340

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF CLEVELAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

		(in thousands of For the Years Ended Dece 2001	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers	\$	212,022 \$	201,419
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	Ψ	(55,677)	(53,280)
Cash payments to employees for services		(61,748)	(56,699)
Cash receipts from customers deposits, net		55	80
NET CASH PROVIDED BY			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		94,652	91,520
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Workers comp refund		2,100	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		2,100	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(56,958)	(51,779)
Proceeds of OWDA loan		6,208	
Principal paid on long-term debt		(20,835)	(18,567)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(38,201)	(38,993)
Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding		(97,680)	
Proceeds of refunding bonds		97,711	
NET CASH (USED FOR)			
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(109,755)	(109,339)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of investment securities		(184,343)	(162,254)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities		279,322	133,734
Interest received on investments		29,280	26,163
NET CASH (USED FOR) PROVIDED BY			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		124,259	(2,357)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		111,256	(20,176)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		239,837	260,013
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	351,093 \$	239,837

(in thousands of dollars)

	For the Years Ended December 31,			
		2001	2000	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
OPERATING INCOME	\$	66,201 \$	67,861	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		29,682	26,515	
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net		(4,654)	(1,882)	
Unbilled revenue		(151)	(1,348)	
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		562	(1,953)	
Materials and supplies, net		(640)	(683)	
Prepaid expenses		(963)	(28)	
Accounts payable		2,402	1,235	
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		4,474	(3,041)	
Accrued expenses		130	(4)	
Accrued wages and benefits		(2,446)	4,848	
Customer deposits and other liabilities		55		
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		28,451	23,659	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	94,652 \$	91,520	

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Division of Water ("Division") is reported as an enterprise fund of the City of Cleveland's Department of Public Utilities and is a part of the City of Cleveland's ("City") primary government. The Division was created for the purpose of supplying water services to customers within the metropolitan area. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

Revenues: Revenues are derived primarily from sales of water to residential, commercial and industrial customers based upon actual water consumption. Water rates are authorized by City Council and billings are made on a cyclical basis. Estimates for services between the ends of the various cycles and the end of the year are recorded as unbilled revenue.

Basis of Accounting: The Division's financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities", all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

Statement of Cash Flows: The Division utilizes the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 9 "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and all investment activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased and include certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury bills, STAROhio (See Note H) and repurchase agreements. The City's policy is to enter into repurchase agreements with local commercial banks and to obtain confirmation of securities pledged.

Investments: The Division follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools," which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2001 and 2000. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2001 and 2000.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Restricted Assets: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside in various fund accounts for payment of revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by the bond indentures.

Fixed Assets and Depreciation: Property, plant and equipment are stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation for the Proprietary Fund types is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. A fixed asset is defined as a tangible item with a useful life of five years or more and a value equal to or greater than \$5,000, with the exception of computer equipment and software which have a value equal to or greater than \$1,500. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Utility plant in service6 to 100 yearsBuildings, structures and improvements10 to 65 yearsFurniture, fixtures and equipment5 to 33 years

The Division's policy is to capitalize interest on construction projects up to the point in time that the project is substantially completed. Capitalized interest is included in the cost of the assets and is depreciated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The Division applies Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 62, "Capitalization of Interest Cost in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants," for its Mortgage Revenue Bonds. This statement requires capitalization of interest cost of the eligible borrowings less interest earned on investment of the related bond proceeds from the date of borrowing until the assets constructed from the bond proceeds are ready for their intended use.

For 2001 and 2000, total interest expense incurred amounted to \$38,299,000 and \$40,527,000, respectively, which was reduced by \$18,523,000 and \$19,152,000, respectively, of interest expense capitalized. For 2001 and 2000, total interest income earned amounted to \$24,957,000 and \$30,030,000, respectively, which was reduced by \$7,854,000 and \$9,730,000, respectively, of interest income capitalized.

Bond Issuance Expense and Discount and Unamortized Loss on Debt Refunding Bond: Bond issuance expense is carried on the Division's books as deferred expense and unamortized bond discounts are netted against long-term debt. Both are amortized over the lives of the applicable bonds. Unamortized loss on debt refunding is netted against long-term debt and is amortized over the shorter life of the old bond or the new bond.

Contributions in Aid of Construction: Contributions in aid of construction represent federal grants which are not subject to repayment.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 is as follows:

		Outstanding			
		Principal Amount			mount
_	Interest Rate	2001			2000
		(in	thousand	s o	f dollars)
Water Mortgage Revenue Bonds:					
Series A, 1997, due through 2008	6.13%	\$	12,905	\$	12,905
Series D, 1986, due through 2015	5.00%-7.00%		15,350		15,350
Series F, 1992, due through 2016	5.50%-6.25%				87,315
Series G, 1993, due through 2021	4.60%-5.50%		187,440		201,245
Series H, 1996, due through 2026	4.20%-5.75%		81,105		90,895
Series J, 1998, due through 2028	4.00%-5.25%		303,765		305,425
Series J, 2001, due through 2016	4.00%-5.375%		92,595		
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan					
payable annually through 2020	4.14%		5,978		
		\$	699,138	\$	713,135
Less:					
Unamortized discount and premium			2,121		(4,768)
Unamortized loss on debt refunding			(32,655)		(28,504)
Current portion			(17,500)		(20,605)
Total Long-Term Debt		\$	651,104	\$	659,258

Minimum principal and interest payments on long-term debt for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

_	Р	rincipal		nterest		Total	
•		(in thousand of dollars)					
2002	\$	17,500	\$	35,073	\$	52,573	
2003		24,240		35,237		59,477	
2004		25,420		33,971		59,391	
2005		26,816		32,582		59,398	
2006		29,007		31,089		60,096	
Thereafter		576,155		257,794		833,949	
	\$	699,138	\$	425,746	\$1	,124,884	

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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B-LONG- TERM DEBT-Continued

Defeasance of **Mortgage Revenue Bonds:** In prior years, the Division defeased certain Mortgage Revenue Bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Division's financial statements. The aggregate amount of defeased debt outstanding at December 31, 2001 and 2000 is as follows:

Bond Issue	2001		2000
	(in thous	and of	dollars)
Series F, 1992	\$ 263,0	10 \$	180,120
Series H, 1996	104,9	50	102,340
Series G, 1993	2,0	40	

In 1996, the City authorized the adoption of the eighth supplemental indenture to amend and restate the existing indenture, subject to the receipt of the consent of the requisite number of bondholders. With the issuance of the Series J bonds, the City reached the 66 2/3% consent required to enact the Amended and Restated Indenture. Effective October, 5, 2001, all outstanding bonds and any future bonds are secured by the Amended and Restated Indenture. Under the new indenture, the bonds are no longer secured by a mortgage lien. All bonds are secured by the Division's net revenues and by the Pledged Funds.

The Division's indentures have certain restrictive covenants and principally require that bond reserve funds be maintained and charges for fees to customers be in sufficient amounts, as defined, to satisfy the obligations under the indenture agreements. In addition, special provisions exist regarding covenant violations, redemption of principal and maintenance of properties in good condition.

The indenture requires that at all times the Division will charge rates and fees for the products and services of the waterworks system, so that revenues will be at least sufficient to provide funds for the payment in each year of the necessary operating and maintenance expenses of the waterworks system and the greater of (1) an amount equal to 1.25 times the payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest on the revenue bonds then outstanding due in that year or (2) an amount sufficient to maintain the required balances in all funds and accounts created under the mortgage.

The indenture establishes the following fund accounts for the application of revenues:

Revenue Fund: All revenues will be deposited into this fund and will be used for payment of current operating expenses and deposits into other funds. On the 25th day of each month, an amount equal to one-sixth of the operating expenses, before depreciation, for the preceding fiscal year must be maintained in this fund.

Debt Service Fund: Deposits will be made from the revenue fund to cover succeeding principal and interest payments as they become due on the mortgage revenue bonds.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT-Continued

Debt Service Reserve Fund: Deposits will be made to this fund if the amount in the debt service fund at any time is less than the debt service reserve requirement. Amounts in the fund were deposited from the proceeds of the mortgage revenue bonds and represent the maximum annual debt service requirement of these bonds.

Contingency Fund: The balance in this fund must be maintained at \$3,500,000.

Construction Fund: Proceeds from the mortgage revenue bonds were deposited into this fund to be used, along with earnings from investments of amounts held therein, for the payment of capital costs. As of December 31, 2001 and 2000, the Division had \$184,337,000 and \$158,138,000 of outstanding commitments for future construction costs which will be funded by available bond proceeds and operating revenues. Capital costs include all costs of additions, extensions, renewals, replacements, alterations, betterments and any other capital improvements to the waterworks system. Amounts held in this fund are subject to a lien in favor of bondholders and may be used to pay principal of outstanding mortgage revenue bonds to the extent that amounts in all other funds are insufficient. No payment need be made into a fund if the amounts in such fund are equal to the required fund balance, if any.

Amounts held in any fund may be invested by the City Treasurer or the Trustee in permitted investments, however, the use of funds is limited by the bond indenture and, accordingly, are classified as restricted assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Effective October 4, 2001, the Division of Water issued \$92,595,000 of Waterworks Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series J 2001. The proceeds were used to currently refund certain outstanding Series F, Series G and Series H Revenue Bonds and to pay costs of issuance. Proceeds of \$96,566,000 were placed in an irrevocable escrow account which will be used to pay the principal, interest, and premium on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$91,965,000 are considered to be defeased and the liability for these bonds has been removed from long term debt. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next fifteen years by \$7,231,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payment) of \$7,193,000.

Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Loans: These loans are payable from net revenues derived from the waterworks and water pollution control systems. These obligations do not have a lien on revenues of the Divisions. The Division received an OWDA loan in the amount of \$6,208,000 during 2001.

NOTE C-EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE C-EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN-Continued

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. For calendar year 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. The 2001 and 2000 employer pension contribution rates for the Division were 13.55 and 10.84 percent of covered payroll, respectively. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The Division's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$6,071,137, \$6,104,000, and \$5,851,000, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2001, 2000, and 1999.

NOTE D-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2001 employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2001. For 2000, the contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2000, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no-change in the number of active employee) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The number of active contributing participants was 411,076. The Division's actual contributions for 2001 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$1,926,000. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2000, (the latest information available) were \$11,735.9 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$14,364.6 million and \$2,628.7 million, respectively.

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE E-CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Various claims are pending against the City involving the Division for personal injuries, property damage and other matters. The City is responsible for the suits. The City's management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the Division's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

NOTE F-RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Revenues and Accounts Receivable: The Division provides water services to the City of Cleveland, including its various departments and divisions. Standard consumption rates are charged, except for the Division of Fire, public buildings and certain other facilities owned by the City of Cleveland, which by ordinance are provided free water services.

The Division performs billing and collection services for the Division of Water Pollution Control for a fee. This fee is based on the number of billings made on behalf of that division during the year at the same rates as charged to other users of the billing system. Revenue realized from the Division of Water Pollution Control for such services was approximately \$2,269,000 and \$2,180,000 in 2001 and 2000, respectively. The Division also provides miscellaneous services to other departments and divisions of the City. Revenue realized from such services was approximately \$2,138,000 and \$1,610,000 in 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Operating Expenses: The Division is provided various intra-city services. Charges are based on actual use or on a reasonable pro rata basis. The more significant costs for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2001			2000
	(in i	thousana	ls of	dollars)
Electricity purchases	\$	8,953	\$	11,158
Street construction and maintenance		1,522		953
City administration		1,600		1,600
Motor vehicle maintenance		2,274		1,813
Telephone exchange		384		393
Utilities Administration and Fiscal Control		1,735		1,498
Data Processing		300		

NOTE G-CUYAHOGA COUNTY REAL PROPERTY TAXES

The Division is required by ordinance to keep records of the estimated property taxes which would be payable to Cuyahoga County were it subject to such taxes. The estimated property taxes for the Division, based on book value of real estate at the current tax rates, would have been approximately \$3,477,000 and \$3,295,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE H-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits: The Division's carrying amount of deposits at years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000 totaled \$15,556,000 and \$52,106,000 and the Division's bank balances were \$16,830,000 and \$57,178,000. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No.3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," \$1,997,000 and \$115,000 of this amount were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name, and \$10,958,000 and \$55,789,000 were invested in Bank Investment Contracts secured by repurchase agreements of government securities held as collateral by the City's trustee in the name of the trustee. The remaining balances of \$3,875,000 and \$1,274,000 were secured by a collateral pool held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the respective depository bank which pledges a pool of collateral against all public deposits it holds.

Investments: The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio); guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. Government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds, and State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions; significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE H - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

			2001				2000		
Type of			Fair		2001		Fair		2000
Investment	Category	Value		Cost		Value		Cost	
			(in thousands of			dollars)			
U.S. Agency Obligations	1	\$	136,703	\$	135,870	\$	164,640	\$	164,118
U.S. Government Bonds	2		12,899		12,899		13,179		12,899
U.S. Government T-Bills	2						6,754		6,691
Repurchase Agreements	3						40,718		40,718
State Treasury Asset									
Reserve Fund (STAROhio)	n/a		100,576		100,576		3,910		3,910
Investment in Mutual Funds	n/a		86,255		86,255		21,640		21,640
Guaranteed Investment Contract	n/a		130,513		130,513		163,744		163,744
Total Investments		\$	466,946	\$	466,113	\$	414,585	\$	413,720
Total Deposits			15,556		15,556		52,106		52,106
Total Deposits and Investments		\$	482,502	\$	481,669	\$	466,691	\$	465,826

Certain investments included above are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets since they have a maturity of three months or less.

Star Ohio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. Star Ohio investments, guaranteed investment contracts and investments in mutual funds are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

AUDITOR AUII///

CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

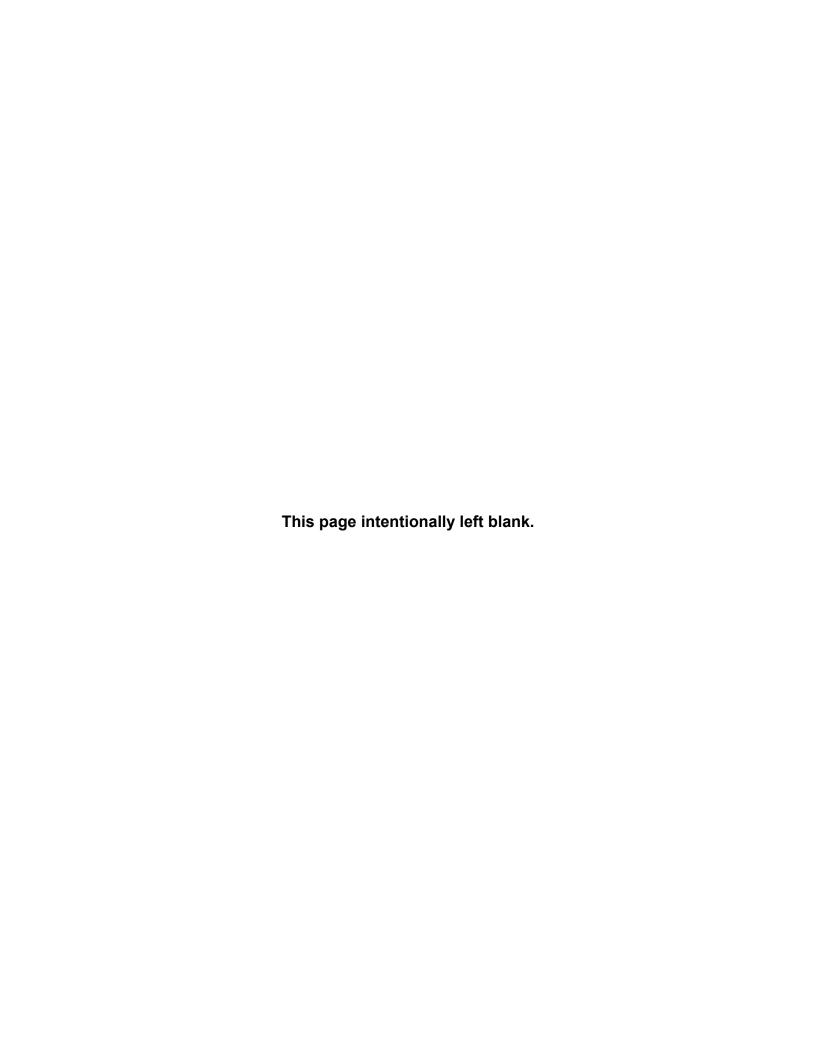
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001



CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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800-626-2297

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Division of Water Pollution Control Department of Public Utilities City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Ave. Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Jane L. Campbell, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Division of Water Pollution Control, Department of Public Utilities, City of Cleveland, Ohio, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Division of Water Pollution Control's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the Division of Water Pollution Control and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland and the results of the City of Cleveland's operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division of Water Pollution Control, as of December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note I, the Division of Water Pollution Control adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements Nos. 33 and 36, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

August 16, 2002

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CITY OF CLEVELAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2001 and 2000

	(in thousand of dollars) December 31,			
		2001		2000
ASSETS				
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
Land	\$	297	\$	297
Utility plant in service		108,092		106,323
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		107		107
		108,496		106,727
Less: accumulated depreciation		49,054		45,522
		59,442		61,205
Construction in progress		909		484
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET		60,351		61,689
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		29,109		14,048
Investments at market		4,053		20,239
Accounts receivable- net of allowance for doubtful accounts of				
\$898,000 in 2001 and \$574,000 in 2000		39,397		32,938
Unbilled revenue		1,918		2,161
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		1,818		957
Accrued interest receivable		57		274
Materials and supplies-at average cost		232		233
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		76,584		70,850
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	136,935	\$	132,539

		(in thousands of dollars) December 31,			
	2001 2000			2000	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
EQUITY					
Contributions in aid of construction	\$	40,154	\$	40,154	
Contributed capital		3,445		3,445	
Retained earnings		37,891		37,004	
TOTAL EQUITY		81,490		80,603	
LIABILITIES					
LONG TERM DEBT-excluding amounts due within one year		6,548		6,866	
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS		100		324	
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Current portion of long-term debt		591		546	
Accounts payable		208			
Amounts due for billings on behalf of others		43,472		38,432	
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		2,340		4,177	
Accrued expenses		965		65	
Accrued wages and benefits		1,221		1,526	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		48,797		44,746	

TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

136,935 \$

132,539

See notes to financial statements.

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CITY OF CLEVELAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

		(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31,			
		2001 2000			
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services		\$	18,893 \$	18,235	
	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		18,893	18,235	
OPERATING EXPENSES			5 040	- 10-	
Operations			7,012	6,486	
Maintenance Depreciation			6,715 3,859	7,043 3,905	
Depreciation	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		17,586	17,434	
	OPERATING INCOME		1,307	801	
NON-OPERATING INCOM	ME (EXPENSE)				
Workers compensation refu	nd		314		
Litigation settlement			(2,699)		
Contributed capital and oth	er contributions		597		
Interest income			1,683	2,217	
Interest expense			(315)	(288)	
TOTAL NON-OPE	RATING INCOME (EXPENSE), NET		(420)	1,929	
	NET INCOME		887	2,730	
RETAINED EARNINGS, bo	eginning of year		37,004	34,274	
RETAINED EARNINGS, et	0	\$	37,891 \$	37,004	

CITY OF CLEVELAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services Cash payments to employees for services Agency activity on behalf of other sewer authorities, net	18,625 \$ (6,185) (7,307) (2,995) 2,138	18,091 (6,168) (6,652)
Cash received from customers \$ Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services Cash payments to employees for services Agency activity on behalf of other sewer authorities, net	(6,185) (7,307) (2,995)	(6,168)
Cash payments to employees for services Agency activity on behalf of other sewer authorities, net	(7,307) (2,995)	
Cash payments to employees for services Agency activity on behalf of other sewer authorities, net	(7,307) (2,995)	(6,652)
	2,138	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY	2,138	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		5,271
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Litigation settlement	(1,799)	
Workers compensation refund	306	
NET CASH (USED FOR) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,493)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(2,129)	(1,487)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(531)	(461)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(316)	(288)
NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL		
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,976)	(2,236)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investment securities		(4,498)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities	15,544	6,249
Interest received on investments	1,848	1,501
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	17,392	3,252
NET INCREASE		
IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	15,061	6,287
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	14,048	7,761
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	29,109 \$	14,048
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH ACTIVITY Fixed assets acquired by capital contribution \$	597 \$	269

(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 2000 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES **OPERATING INCOME** \$ 1,307 \$ 801 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 3,859 3,905 Loss on disposal of equipment 41 Change in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable, net (6,459)(3,314)Unbilled revenue 243 231 Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds 129 (861)Materials and supplies 1 68 Accounts payable 208 (141)Amounts due for billings on behalf of others 5,040 2,290 Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds (1,837)622 Accrued expenses 900 1 Accrued wages and benefits (304)679

TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS

NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

831

2,138 \$

\$

4,470

5,271

See notes to financial statements.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Division of Water Pollution Control ("Division") is reported as an enterprise fund of the City of Cleveland's Department of Public Utilities and is a part of the City of Cleveland's ("City") primary government. The Division was created for the purpose of providing sewage services to customers and to maintain the local sewer system of the City of Cleveland. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

Revenue: Revenues are derived primarily from sales of sewage services to residential, commercial and industrial customers based upon actual water consumption. Sewage rates are authorized by City Council and billings are made on a cycle basis. Estimates for services between the ends of the various cycles and the end of the year are recorded as unbilled revenue.

The Division of Water provides billing and collection services for sewage fees and assessments charged by the Division of Water Pollution Control and other municipalities. The accounts receivable from users, cash received in payment thereof and the liability for amounts billed on behalf of these systems, but not remitted, are included in the accounts of the Division. Cash and investments collected and due to other municipalities included in the accompanying balance sheets totaled \$9,424,000 and \$11,814,000 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Basis of Accounting: The Division's financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities", all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

Statement of Cash Flows: The Division utilizes the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased and include certificates of deposits, U.S. Treasury bills, Star Ohio (See Note H) and repurchase agreements. The City's policy is to enter into repurchase agreements with local commercial banks and to obtain confirmation of securities pledged.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Investments: The Division follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools," which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. Investment fair values at year-end are based on market quotes, where available.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2001 and 2000. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2001 and 2000.

Restricted Assets: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside in various fund accounts for payment of debt are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by the loan agreements.

Fixed Assets and Depreciation: Property, plant and equipment are stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation for the Proprietary Fund types is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. A fixed asset is defined as a tangible item with a useful life of five years or more and a value equal to or greater than \$5,000, with the exception of computer equipment and software which have a value equal to or greater than \$1,500. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Utility plant in service 6 to 100 years
Buildings, structures and improvements 10 to 65 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 5 to 33 years

Contributed Capital: Contributed capital represents contributions from the City of Cleveland which are not subject to mandatory repayment.

Contributions in Aid of Construction: Contributions in aid of construction represent federal and other grants which are not subject to repayment. The Division participates in the State Issue 2 program and the Local Transportation Improvement Program. Through these programs, the State of Ohio ("State") provides financial assistance to the Division for its storm water detention facilities. The Ohio Public Works Commission ("OPWC") is the State agency which oversees the allocation of State bond proceeds and tax revenue to selected projects which have met funding requirements. Upon approval by the OPWC, the Division and the State create project agreements establishing each entity's financial contribution toward each project. As of December 31, 2001 and 2000, the State funded \$6,695,000 and \$6,098,000 respectively, for storm water detention facilities.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 is as follows:

		Outstanding		
		Principal Amount		
Interest Rate		2001		2000
	(in i	thousands	of	dollars)
5.25%-6.25%	\$	391	\$	634
4.04%-4.18%		,		6,778
	\$	7,139	\$	7,412
				(546)
	\$	6,548	\$	6,866
		Interest Rate (in) 5.25%-6.25% \$	Principal 2001	Principal Am 2001

Minimum principal and interest payments on long-term debt for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	Pri	ncipal	Interest		Total	
·		(in th	llars)		
2002	\$	591	\$	286	\$	877
2003		479		257		736
2004		359		236		595
2005		373		221		594
2006		388		206		594
Thereafter		4,949		1,091		6,040
·						
	\$	7,139	\$	2,297	\$	9,436

The Ohio Water Department Authority Construction Loans are payable from the revenues derived from operations of the Water Pollution Control system.

Water Pollution Control Loans: Under Title VI of the Clean Water Act, Congress created the State Revolving Fund ("SRF"). The SRF program provides federal capitalization grants to states, that along with 20% state matching funds, are used to capitalize state level revolving loan funds. Besides the traditional types of municipal wastewater treatment projects, Congress expanded the potential use of SRF funds to include correction of combined sewer overflows, major sewer rehabilitation and new collector sewers.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B - LONG TERM DEBT - Continued

In Ohio, this SRF program is known as the Water Pollution Control Loan Fund and is jointly administered by the Ohio EPA and the Ohio Water Development Authority. Principal balances on loans increase as project costs are incurred. Interest accrues on principal amounts outstanding during the construction period and is combined with the principal balance upon completion of the project. The repayment period for each loan commences no later than the 1st January or July following the expected completion date of the project to which it relates utilizing an estimate of total eligible project costs as the preliminary loan amount. Construction loans and design loans are to be repaid in semi-annual payments of principal and interest over a period of twenty years and five years, respectively. The Division had seven SRF loan awards related to projects as of December 31, 2001 and 2000. In addition, the Division had one OPWC Loan Award related to a project as of December 31, 2001.

NOTES C-EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. For calendar year 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. The 2001 and 2000 employer pension contribution rates for the Division were 13.55 and 10.84 percent of covered payroll, respectively. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The Division's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$711,000, \$724,000, and \$637,000, respectively. The required amounts have been contributed for 2001, 2000, and 1999.

NOTE D-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employers's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2001 employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2001. For 2000, the contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE D-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2000, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employee) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The number of active contributing participants was 411,076. The Division's actual contributions for 2001 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$225,690. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2000, (the latest information available) were \$11,735.9 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$14,364.6 million and \$2,628.7 million, respectively.

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

NOTE E-CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Various claims are pending against the City involving the Division for personal injuries, property damage and other matters. The City is responsible for the lawsuits. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occured and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the Division's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Division paid \$1,799,000 and accrued \$900,000 for litigation expense for the year ended December 31, 2001.

The Division received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Division. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Division at December 31, 2001.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE F-RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Division provides sewage services to the City of Cleveland, including its various departments and divisions. All non self-supporting municipal functions of the City are provided free sewage service.

The Division of Water performs billing and collection services for the Division. The fee for these services was based on the number of billings made on behalf of the Division during the year at the same rates as charged to other users of the billing system. In 2001 and 2000, the expense of the billing services was approximately \$2,269,000 and \$2,180,000, respectively.

The Division is provided various other intra-city services. Charges are based on actual use or on a reasonable pro-rata basis. The more significant costs, included in the statements of income, for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2001			2000
	(in thousands of dolla			dollars)
Employee and other services provided				
by the Division of Water	\$	819	\$	312
City administration		224		120
Motor vehicle maintenance		305		331
Street maintenance		178		211
Electricity		131		148
Utilities Administration and Fiscal Control		218		174

NOTE G-CUYAHOGA COUNTY REAL PROPERTY TAXES

The Division is required by ordinance to keep records of the estimated property taxes which would be payable to Cuyahoga County were it subject to such taxes. For the year ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, the estimated property taxes for the Division, based on book value of real estate at the current tax rates, would have been approximately \$14,100 and \$14,200, respectively.

NOTE H-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits: The Division's carrying amount of deposits at years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000 totaled \$736,000 and \$1,186,000 and the Division's bank balances were \$479,000 and \$2,700,000. The differences represent outstanding warrants payable and normal reconciling items. These amounts were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE H - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments: The City's investment policies are governed by the state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio), guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. Government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds, and State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of reverse repurchase agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions; significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

Category 2: includes uninsured or unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued For the Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE H - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

		2001				2000	
Type of		Fair		2001		Fair	2000
Investment	Category	Value		Cost		Value	Cost
			(in	thousand	ls of	dollars)	
U.S. Agency Obligations	1	\$ 4,054	\$	3,962	\$	20,239	\$ 20,202
State Treasury Asset							
Reserve Fund (STAROhio)	n/a	 28,372		28,372		12,862	12,862
Total Investments		\$ 32,426	\$	32,334	\$	33,101	\$ 33,064
Total Deposits		 736		736		1,186	1,186
Total Deposits and Investments		\$ 33,162	\$	33,070	\$	34,287	\$ 34,250

Certain investments included above are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets since they have a maturity of three months or less.

STAROhio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. STAROhio investments are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.

NOTE I - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective January 1, 2001, the Division implemented GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions" and Statement No. 36, "Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues" (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 33). In general, GASB Statement Nos. 33 and 36 establish accounting and financial reporting standards which address when to report the results of nonexchange transactions involving financial or capital resources. In a nonexchange transaction, an entity gives (or receives) value without directly receiving or giving equal value in return. These statements did not have a material impact on the Division's beginning retained earnings as previously reported.

Cash received or receivables recognized that were previously recorded as contributed capital are now recorded as non-operating revenues.

CITY OF CLEVELAND



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the year ended December 31, 2001

Issued by the Department of Finance

Robert H. Baker Director

James E. Gentile, CPA City Controller

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CITY OF CLEVELAND JANE L. CAMPBELL, MAYOR

Department of Finance
Robert H. Baker
Finance Director
James E. Gentile, CPA
City Controller

601 Lakeside Avenue Room 18, City Hall Cleveland, OH 44114 (216) 664-3881

August 16, 2002

Honorable Mayor Jane L. Campbell City of Cleveland Council and Citizens of the City of Cleveland, Ohio

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Cleveland (the "City") for the year ended December 31, 2001. This report, prepared by the Department of Finance, includes general-purpose financial statements that summarize the various operations and cash flows related to the City's 2001 activities. Our intention is to provide a clear, comprehensive, and materially accurate overview of the City's financial position at the close of last year. The enclosed documentation has been designed to allow the reader to gain an understanding of the City's finances, including financial trends, financial instruments, and fund performances. The City has complete responsibility for all information contained in this report.

The City has applied guidelines established in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." Provisions outlined in this statement define the operational, functional and organizational units for which the City (acting as Primary Government) assumes full reporting accountability. Full financial accountability requires the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Under these provisions, the City's financial reporting entity acts as a single rather than multi-component unit. The provisions permit the entity to include all funds, account groups, agencies, and boards and commissions that by definition comprise components within the primary government itself. For the City, these components include police and fire protection services, waste collection, parks and recreation, health, select social services, and general administrative services. Primary enterprise activities owned and operated by the City include a water system, sewer system, an electric distribution system, two airports, several parking lots, and a convention center.

In accordance with GASB 14, the Cuyahoga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Cleveland-Cuyahoga Port Authority and Cleveland Municipal Schools are defined as related organizations and Gateway Economic Development Corporation of Greater Cleveland is defined as a jointly governed organization.

Summary of Report Structure

To maximize clarity and readability, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is organized into three sections:

- The Introductory Section contains the table of contents, this transmittal letter, a listing of City officials, a listing of City Council, the Certificate of Achievement, Organizational Chart, and Financial Highlights.
- The Financial Section contains the Independent Accountants Report, general-purpose financial statements, notes to the financial statements and fund and account group statements and schedules.
- The Statistical Section contains numerous tables highlighting comparative fiscal trends for selected years.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

The City

The City is a municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Ohio. It is located on the southern shore of Lake Erie and is the county seat of Cuyahoga County.

The City is in the Cleveland-Akron, Ohio Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area ("CMSA"), comprised of Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Lake, Lorain, Geauga, Medina, Portage and Summit counties. This CMSA is the 16th largest of 280 Metropolitan Areas in the United States, and the largest Metropolitan Area in the State of Ohio.

Cleveland is located in the northeast part of the state, approximately 150 miles north of Columbus. Bordering Lake Erie, Cleveland is home to world-renowned medical facilities, professional sports venues, Severance Hall, numerous State of Ohio Lakefront Parks, the Port of Cleveland, the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and operates the nation's eighth largest water system. Interstate highways I-71, I-480, I-77, and I-90 serve as some of the City's major transportation arteries. The City is rich in educational and medical facilities, including Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland State University, the Cleveland Clinic, and University Hospital systems.

City Government

The City operates under, and is governed by, the Charter which was first adopted by the voters in 1913 and has been and may be further amended by the voters from time to time. The City is also subject to certain general State laws that are applicable to all cities in the State. In addition, under Article XVIII, Section 3 of the Ohio Constitution, the City may exercise all powers of local self-government and may exercise police powers to the extent not in conflict with applicable general State laws. The charter provides for a mayor-council form of government.

The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor, elected by the voters for a four-year term. Jane L. Campbell was elected as Mayor of the City in November, 2001 and began her first term on January 7, 2002. Prior to assuming office as Mayor, Ms. Campbell served as a member of the Ohio House of Representatives and as Commissioner of Cuyahoga County. Under the Charter, the Mayor may veto any legislation passed by Council, but a veto may be overridden by a two-thirds vote of all members of the Council.

Legislative authority is currently vested in a 21-member Council. The terms of Council members are four years. All Council members are elected from wards. The present terms of the Mayor and Council members expire on December 31, 2005. The Council fixes compensation of City officials and employees and enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to City services, tax levies, appropriating and borrowing money, licensing and regulating businesses and trades, and other municipal functions. The presiding officer is the President of Council, elected by the Council members. Frank G. Jackson was elected as President of Council in January, 2002. The Clerk of Council is appointed by Council. The Charter establishes certain administrative departments; the Council may establish divisions of the departments or additional departments. The Mayor appoints all of the directors of the City's 12 departments.

The Director of Finance and City Controller believe that, to the best of their knowledge, the data contained in this report present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All necessary disclosures are included in this report to enable the reader to understand the City's financial activities.

Financial Information

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse. Internal control structures in place ensure that accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurances that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit: As a recipient of federal, state and county financial assistance, the City is responsible for maintaining a rigorous internal control structure that ensures full compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management, external auditors, and the internal audit staff of the City. The City is required to undergo an annual audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations." The information

related to the Single Audit, including the schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and recommendations, and auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, will be included in a separate report.

Budgetary System: Detailed provisions regulating the City's budget, tax levies, and appropriations are set forth in the Ohio Revised Code and the City Charter. The Mayor is required to submit her appropriation budget, called "The Mayor's Estimate," to City Council by February 1 of each year. The Council may adopt a temporary appropriation measure for the first three months of the year, but must adopt a permanent appropriation measure for the fiscal year by April 1. The Cuyahoga County Auditor must certify that the City's appropriation measure does not exceed the amounts set forth in the County Budget Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources.

The City maintains budgetary control on a non-GAAP basis at the character level (personnel and related expenditures and other expenditures) within each division. Lower levels within each character are accounted for and reported internally. Lower levels are referred to as the program level. Estimated expenditure amounts must be pre-encumbered and subsequently encumbered prior to release of purchase orders to vendors or finalization of other contracts. Pre-encumbrances and encumbrances that would exceed their available character level appropriation are not approved or recorded until the Council authorizes additional appropriations or transfers. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each calendar year. As an additional control over expenditures, the City Charter requires that all contracts in excess of \$10,000 shall first be authorized and directed by ordinance of City Council.

The Accounting System: The City's accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The types of funds to be used are determined by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and the number of individual funds established is determined by sound financial administration. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with its own self-balancing set of accounts, assets, liabilities, and fund equity. The City's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds and Capital Projects Funds.

The City's financial statements are prepared on a modified accrual basis for all governmental and fiduciary fund types. Accordingly, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded as fund liabilities when incurred. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by all proprietary funds. A more detailed explanation of the basis of accounting for the various funds is included in the *Notes to Financial Statements* located in the Financial Section of this report.

The City's Proprietary Funds are its Enterprise Funds that provide services to the general public, including utilities and airport service, and Internal Service Funds that provide services to city departments and divisions. The City also maintains Agency Funds to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and/or other funds. Results of operations for these Funds are further discussed within the financial statements hereto.

Local Economic Indicators

While Cleveland, like the rest of the nation, felt the impact of the current recession, the City continued to dedicate resources to the development of both affordable and market rate housing opportunities. The result of our efforts was a dramatic increase in housing stock value in nearly every neighborhood. In a recent report issued by the Office of the Cuyahoga County Auditor, it was demonstrated that Cleveland's appraised housing values increased over 20% since 1997.

Cleveland's economic condition also draws strength and stability from its evolving role as the focal point of a growing, changing and substantial regional economy. The re-emergence of downtown Cleveland as a vibrant center for national and regional entertainment and major cultural activities signals a turning point in the City's overall fortunes and is paving the way for further economic expansion that will be significantly more entrepreneurial in scope.

Another key indicator of the City's continued economic recovery is construction activity, as indicated by the value of building permits issued. The construction value of building permits issued over the past five years is:

<u>Year</u>	Value
1997	\$523,655,516
1998	768,911,015
1999	502,186,592
2000	483,444,810
2001	599,014,294

It should be noted that a portion of the 1998 increase in value is attributed to the construction of the new Cleveland Browns Stadium.

Major Industries, Economic Conditions and Employment

Cleveland, like all municipalities across the nation, faced significant economic challenges in 2001. During the second quarter of the year, all indicators clearly pointed to the beginning of what continues to be an economic recession. City revenues felt the impact of these economic shocks with decreases in revenues and increased unemployment. During 2001, Cleveland was negatively impacted when two of its largest employers were preparing to close their doors. The loss of LTV Steel and TRW's Cleveland Valve facility resulted in the elimination of more than 4,000 jobs and millions of lost revenues. LTV Steel and TRW are symbolic of Cleveland's historically rich manufacturing industry. Like all manufacturing cities across the country, Cleveland has had to combat the declining industry base with more professional and service industry opportunities.

The 2000 census reveals that Cleveland's employment base has become more diversified. What follows is a summary of the percentage of employed Clevelanders by industry type based on 2000 census figures.

Industry	% of Workplace
Agriculture	0.20%
Construction	4.50
Manufacturing	18.20
Wholesale Trade	3.10
Retail Trade	10.00
Transportation & Utilities	6.00
Information	2.50
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	6.80
Professional, Scientific Management	8.50
Education, Health, Social Services	21.00
Arts, Entertainment, Recreation	9.00
Other Services	4.80
Public Administration	5.40
	100.00%

The average annual unemployment rate for the City was 4.6% for 2001 that compares with the State of Ohio rate of 4.3% and the United States of 4.8%.

Revenues

Income tax collections decreased 4.7% in 2001 over the comparable amount in 2000 primarily as a result of the slowing economy and impact of the closing of LTV and TRW. Overall, General Fund revenues and other sources totaled \$458.2 million in 2001, an increase of 0.75% from 2000.

Expenditures

General Fund Expenditures and other uses totaled \$476.4 million in 2001, a decrease of 2.3% from 2000. The primary cause for the decrease was a one-time reduction of Workers Compensation payments during 2001, totaling nearly \$10 million for the General Fund. On a budget basis, audited results of operation reveal that the City's General Fund ended the year with a \$896,000 deficit. The deficit is a result of the City expenditures exceeding revenues by \$13.6 million coupled with the recertification of \$9.8 million in contractual obligations. The 2001 budgetary operating deficit and the recertifications were partially funded by the City's beginning unencumbered fund balance of \$22.5 million.

Employees and Labor Relations

As of December 31, 2001, the City had approximately 9,300 full-time employees. Approximately 85% of full-time employees are represented by 26 collective bargaining units. The larger units, together with the approximate number of employees represented by such units, include the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, Local 100 (2,000); Cleveland Police Patrolmen's Association (1,500); the Association of Cleveland Firefighters (900); Municipal Foreman and Laborers Union, Local 1099 (800); Teamsters, Local 244 (380); and the Fraternal Order of Police (318).

There have been no significant labor disputes or work stoppages in the City within the last 20 years. The City is in the second year of a three-year agreement with the vast majority of its labor unions, which included wage increases of 3%, 3.5% and 4% effective April 2001, 2002 and 2003, respectively.

The Council, by ordinance, establishes schedules of salaries, wages and other economic benefits for City employees. Generally, the terms of these ordinances have been the product of negotiations with representatives of the employees or bargaining units, and increases in economic benefits have normally been provided on an annual basis.

Chapter 4117 of the Ohio Revised Code (the "Collective Bargaining Law"), establishes procedures for, and regulates public employer-employee collective bargaining and labor relations for the City and other state and local governmental units in Ohio. The Collective Bargaining Law creates a three-member State Employment Relations Board (the "SERB"), which administers and enforces the Collective Bargaining Law. Among other things, the Collective Bargaining Law: (i) creates rights and obligation of public employers, public employees and public employee organizations with respect to labor relations; (ii) defines the employees it covers; (iii) establishes methods for (a) the recognition of employees and organizations as exclusive representatives for collective bargaining and (b) the determination of bargaining units; (iv) establishes matters for which collective bargaining is either required, prohibited, or optional; (v) establishes procedures for bargaining and the resolution of disputes, including negotiation, mediation and fact finding; and (vi) permits all covered employees to strike, except certain enumerated classes of employees, such as police and fire personnel.

Current Projects and 2001 Accomplishments

The 2001 budget focused on continuing the city's commitment to improving the quality of life by strengthening our neighborhoods, continuing to foster a favorable business climate, and providing superior services, while simultaneously committing significant resources to computer remediation and upgrade needs.

Despite fiscal constraints and economic challenges, the City achieved the following programmatic goals without an income or property tax increase:

- Initiated 259 housing starts
- Over 1,000 new jobs were created through economic development assistance programs
- Immunized over 7,490 citizens against the flu virus
- Continued assistance with the development of the City's seventh new hotel in 10 years

Furthermore, the City hired two police recruit classes that increased police staffing to over 1,900 sworn police officers. The training agreements between the Division of Police and the Greater Cleveland Roundtable continue to address community multi-cultural concerns. Aggressive anti-crime enforcement practices in 2001 by the Division of Police continue to result in decreased violent crime rates from the previous year. In response to the events of September 11, 2001, the Division of Fire developed Urban Search and Rescue (USAR) Teams as outlined by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). A Tactical Unit was also put into place in the downtown area for the purpose of specialized rescue operations. The Division of Fire placed six new fire apparatus in service during 2001, with six more to come in 2002. Year 2001 brought about an increase in arrests and convictions by our Fire Investigation Unit. There was also a corresponding decrease in the number of arson fires for the year. The Fire Prevention Bureau exceeded their projected goal of inspections in 2001.

The staffing of Cleveland EMS units was maintained at 21 ambulances, available 24 hours each day, which decreased the average response time to all types of calls below 6.45 minutes in the year 2001. A program was initiated to train City personnel, outside of EMS, in the use of automatic external defibrillators for early treatment of critical heart attack patients. An aggressive program of blood pressure evaluations in City Hall and throughout the community was commenced. The continuation of cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) training, combined with the new initiatives in public access to early heart attack treatment and blood pressure monitoring, demonstrates the City's concern for the health and welfare of all the residents and visitors.

The following projects currently underway will provide the momentum necessary to continue completion of additional retail, industrial and housing projects, including:

- Over \$47 million in loans and grants were made, stimulating over \$238 million in private investment, resulting in the retention of 1,919 jobs and the creation of 1,412 jobs.
- Manufacturing continues to be important to the Cleveland economy. In 2001, the Department of Economic Development assisted James Manufacturing with its relocation from a suburb to the City's west side, bringing 39 new jobs to the City. Braden Sutphin Ink Company received financial assistance to modernize its operation, preserving 131 jobs in Cleveland's east side.
- Construction commenced for a new 9,000 foot runway at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport.
- Assisted with predevelopment funding and land assembly activities for five large-scale neighborhood housing developments.
- Working with four neighborhood-based partners, over \$30 million of loans were approved or closed by the Empowerment Zone during 2001, stimulating at least \$78 million in investments, including significant developments undertaken by minority owned businesses.
- Empowerment Zone financing assisted the Health Museum of Cleveland, a 65-year-old institution, with the development of a new, state of the art interactive facility to further its mission of providing health information to the community.
- The League Park Development Corporation received financial assistance from the Empowerment Zone to support 29 units of new housing in the Hough Neighborhood. This is the first phase of a master plan for the League Park area, which includes 150 new housing units.
- Year 2001 saw the substantial completion of Quincy Place, a new 45,000-ft. office building in the Fairfax Neighborhood.
 Owned by Fairfax Renaissance Development Corporation (FRDC), this new \$15 million facility will house a day care center, FRDC's offices, and various social service agencies of Cuyahoga County, bringing these services directly to the neighborhood.
- The City has grown more aggressive in its efforts to attract and assist the hi-tech and life-science sectors. As a result, Cleveland is now the home of Quark Biotech, an emerging life-sciences company now located near the Cleveland Clinic. Originating in Chicago, Quark Biotech is a leader in research in the human genome.
- There continues to be a great deal of support for neighborhood retail. A city loan and tax incentive package supported development of a new Dave's Grocery Store in the Slavic Village Neighborhood. The new 45,000 sq. ft. facility more than doubles the size of the existing store, and is expected to not only support the grocery needs of the neighborhood, but is also expected to draw from a larger population now turning to the suburbs for fresh meat and produce.

Future Economic Outlook

Current economic conditions challenge the City during 2002. Operating in the midst of a recession, and faced with decreases in its primary revenue sources including City income and property taxes, the City prepared its 2002 operating budget on the basis of revenue estimated to be less than 2002 and tight expenditure control.

The City's Neighborhood Reinvestment Program is a joint effort by the City's Department of Community Development and several area banks to offer creative home financing, consumer credit, small business loans, and various financing options for low to moderate income residents. The following amounts, including more recent renewals, were committed from 1992 through 2001:

Key Bank		\$990 million
Bank One		766 million
National City Bank		665 million
Firstar Bank		528 million
FirstMerit Bank		271 million
Fifth Third Bank		268 million
Huntington National Bank		248 million
Charter One		239 million
Metropolitan Bank & Trust		53 million
	Total	\$4.028 billion

Additionally, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), a secondary market lender, has committed a total of \$700 million since 1993. This brings the total commitments for all lending institutions to over \$4.7 billion since 1992.

We have consistently adhered to prudent fiscal policies during a long period of economic expansion and have been fortunate to reap the benefits. As the long economic expansion has changed into a recession, municipal governments across the country, including Cleveland, have had to adjust accordingly.

Future Projects for 2002

In preparing its 2002 budget, the City assumed that core revenues would be steady or slightly reduced compared to 2001 revenues. However, the City was forced to deal with several 2002 expenditure increases, including:

- A 3.5% wage increase effective April 1, 2002 at a cost of \$8.5 million.
- As a result of the calendar the City every 11 years incurs an extra payroll period. During 2002, the additional payroll will cost the General Fund \$11.5 million.
- A retroactive pay raise for those union members whose collective bargaining agreements are not yet completed at a projected cost of \$3.5 million.
- Increases in pension and other benefit costs of \$2.5 million generally associated with higher salary levels due to the negotiated wage increase.
- New costs to the city resulting from the recently completed collective bargaining agreements obligating the City to pay for employees' vision care.

The net result of the items outlined above was a projected \$56 million General Fund deficit. The City, in an effort to eliminate the deficit without reducing service levels, reallocated existing revenue sources, maintained 2001 year-end staffing levels (with limited exceptions) and identified more than \$21 million in one-time revenues. The projected deficit was eliminated and continued delivery of superior service to Cleveland residents was assured.

The actions taken by the City in 2002 include the continued expansion of housing and economic development throughout City neighborhoods, additional senior citizens' services, expanded consumer protection services and increased safety services. Given the challenges facing the City during 2002 and recognizing virtually zero revenue growth, all core city services designed for the safety, health and welfare of City residents remained at or above 2001 service levels. Key programs in the 2002 budget are:

- Establishment of the Office of Consumer Affairs.
- Retention of 24 new park and recreation supervisors.
- Continuation of the expanded 12-week summer pool and playground season.
- Continued funding of the annual \$4.4 million streets resurfacing program.
- \$3 million investment in new concrete sidewalks, aprons, and curbs.
- New police class of 75 cadets.
- Additional staff in direct neighborhood service operations, including the Divisions of Architecture, Research Planning & Development and Engineering & Construction.
- Restaffing the Department of Law.
- Planned issuance of more than \$43 million of general obligation bonds for neighborhood capital projects.
- Planned establishment of a master leasing program for heavy duty vehicles and equipment.
- Establishment of the Office of Technology for the promotion and expansion of the emerging technology sector and biotech development.
- Hiring of a Chief Information Officer.
- Expansion of court community services.

General Fund

The General Fund GAAP Basis Fund balance at December 31, 2001 was \$39.3 million. A five-year comparison of its General Fund activity follows. The revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance shown in these comparisons are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting as applicable to government.

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – GAAP Basis 1997-2001

	(Amounts in thousands)					
	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	
Revenues:						
Income Taxes	\$246,121	\$258,255	\$253,403	\$242,056	\$227,488	
Property Taxes	46,200	41,806	46,195	42,625	41,277	
State & Local Government Fund	59,252	60,015	59,413	53,998	50,217	
Investment Earnings	1,349	1,938	2,980	5,581	2,726	
Licenses and Permits	8,853	9,155	8,984	10,278	8,855	
Shared Revenues	32,042	32,252	31,722	26,918	27,043	
Charges for Services	17,662	16,685	15,599	16,051	14,658	
Fines and Forfeits	13,096	20,990	19,070	14,766	15,572	
Miscellaneous	<u>14,912</u>	13,690	10,055	<u> 15,555</u>	<u>16,788</u>	
Total Revenues	\$439,487	\$454,786	\$447,421	\$427,828	\$404,624	
Expenditures:						
General Government	\$ 53,578	\$ 55,559	\$ 47,543	\$ 47,263	\$ 42,164	
Public Service	32,038	35,804	29,345	29,020	29,911	
Public Safety	271,817	274,864	242,977	239,183	233,093	
Community & Economic						
Development	16,886	14,722	7,138	7,809	6,976	
Public Health	11,281	12,507	10,728	10,519	10,233	
Parks, Recreation & Properties	38,446	38,624	33,502	34,375	34,193	
Other	15,449	<u>18,306</u>	14,458	<u>14,125</u>	<u>18,945</u>	
Total Expenditures	<u>\$439,495</u>	<u>\$450,386</u>	\$385,691	\$382,294	<u>\$375,515</u>	
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (8)	\$ 4,400	\$ 61,730	\$ 45,534	\$ 29,109	
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers In /(Out) - Net	(18,201)	(37,265)	(26,249)	(21,198)	(23,776)	
Total other financing uses	(18,201)	(37,265)	(26,249)	(21,198)	(23,776)	
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues and	(18,209)	(32,865)	35,481	24,336	5,333	
other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(10,207)	(32,003)	33,401	24,330	3,333	
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$ 57,459	\$ 90,324	\$ 54,843	\$ 30,507	\$ 25,174	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 39,250	\$ 57,459	\$ 90,324	\$ 54,843	\$ 30,507	
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Revenue Narrative:

Municipal Income Taxes

Ohio law authorizes a municipal income tax on both corporate income (net profits from the operation of a business or profession) and employee wages, salaries, and other compensation at a rate of up to 1% without voter authorization and at a rate above 1% with voter authorization. In 1979 and in 1981, the voters in the City approved increases of one-half of one percent to the rate of the income tax, bringing it to the current 2 % rate. By the terms of the 1981 voter approval, as amended in 1985, one-ninth of the receipts of the total 2% tax (the "Restricted Income Tax") must be used only for capital improvements, debt service or obligations issued for capital improvements or the payment of past deficits. The remaining eight-ninths of the receipts of the municipal income tax is recorded in the General Fund and is pledged to, and may also be used for, debt service on general obligation bonds of the City, to the extent required, and certain other obligations of the City.

The income tax is also imposed on gross salaries and wages earned in the City by non-residents of the City and on salaries, wages and other compensation of City residents earned within or outside the City. The income tax liability of a City resident employed outside the City is reduced by a credit equal to 50% of the tax paid to the municipality in which the City resident is employed. The tax on business profits is imposed on that part of profits attributable to business conducted within the City. In 2001, approximately 75% of the total income taxes paid to the City were derived from non-residents employed in the City and business profits.

The total annual income tax receipts, excluding the restricted portion, for the last five calendar years, are shown in the following table.

<u>Year</u>	Amounts (In 000's)	Rate
1997	\$227,488	2.0%
1998	242,056	2.0%
1999	253,403	2.0%
2000	258,255	2.0%
2001	246,121	2.0%

Income tax receipts increased steadily between 1997 and 2000. However, the economic downturns of 2001, coupled with the loss of key manufacturing employers in the City, resulted in decreased tax revenues between 2000 and 2001.

Shared Revenues

Shared revenues in the General Fund include the State Local Government Fund and other taxes collected by the state or counties and partially redistributed to the City and other political subdivisions. Other taxes include state income, sales, corporate franchise, public utility, estate, cigarette and liquor fees.

Since 1993, the State Local Government Fund ("LGF") and Local Government Revenue Assistance Fund ("LGRAF") have been the City's largest source of non-tax General Fund revenue. Through these funds, Ohio subdivisions share in a portion of the State's collection of the sales tax, use tax, personal income tax, corporate franchise tax and public utilities excise tax. During the course of budget discussions in the Ohio General Assembly, the percentages of the five taxes supporting these funds have varied over the years. At times, the dollar amount in the funds has been capped at specified levels.

Pursuant to statutory law in Ohio, State LGF revenues are divided into county and municipal portions. The county portion, the larger of the two, is distributed to each of the State's 88 counties and is allocated based upon a statutory formula utilizing county population and county municipal property values. Once received by a county, the funds can either be distributed to all subdivisions using the statutory formula or the county and its subdivisions may agree upon an alternate method for allocating the funds. Cuyahoga County and its recipient communities have chosen the latter method which is comprised of a base allocation and an excess allocation. The excess allocation takes into account such factors as assessed value per capita, per capita income, population density and the number of individuals receiving public assistance. The municipal portion of the LGF is distributed directly by the State to those municipalities that collect an income tax. A municipality receives its share of the funds based upon its percentage of total municipal income taxes collected throughout the state in a given year.

The LGRAF, which was created in 1989, is distributed to all counties based upon population. Either the statutory allocation method or an agreed upon alternative allocation is used to apportion the funds. Cuyahoga County allocates LGRAF funds using the same method as is used to distribute LGF monies.

The table below reflects distributions of these funds to the City over the past five years.

State Local Government Fund and Other Shared Revenues (Amounts in thousands)

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>
State Local Government Fund	\$59,252	\$60,015	\$59,413	\$53,998	\$50,217
Other Shared Revenues*	32,042	<u>32,252</u>	31,722	26,918	27,043
Total	\$91,294	\$92,267	\$91,135	\$80,916	\$77,260
	=====	======	======	======	======

^{*} Includes: Cigarette Taxes, Estate Taxes, and Liquor Fees

LGRAF funding has fluctuated over the course of the last few years. Distributions from the State of Ohio and Cuyahoga County (as a conduit between the State and City) have decreased since 2000. Projected State of Ohio budget deficits for 2002 will result in a further reduction of LGRAF revenues to the City of nearly 5%.

Property Taxes

Taxes collected from real property in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year. Taxes collected from tangible personal property in one calendar year are levied in the same calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before December 31 of that calendar year, and at the rates determined in the preceding year. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year.

The "assessed valuation" of real property is fixed at 35% of true value and is determined pursuant to rules of the State Tax Commissioner. An exception is that real property devoted exclusively to agricultural use is to be assessed at not more than 35% of its current agricultural use value. Real property devoted exclusively to forestry or timber growing is taxed at 50% of the local tax rate upon its assessed value.

The assessed values of taxable property in the City for the past five years is as follows:

(Amount in thousands)

		Tangible	Public	
Tax		Personal	Utility	Total
Collection	Real	(Other than	Tangible	Assessed
<u>Year</u>	Property	Public Utility)	<u>Personal</u>	Valuation
1997	\$3,767,013	\$856,832	\$476,677	\$5,100,522
1998(a)	4,015,815	885,245	474,182	5,375,242
1999	4,085,338	913,154	478,752	5,477,244
2000	4,100,737	952,829	444,315	5,497,881
2001(b)	4,618,340	988,532	451,775	6,058,647

- (a) Reflects increased collections after the triennial update in 1997.
- (b) Reflects increased collections after the triennial update in 2000.

Investment Earnings

Investment earnings deposited to the General Fund for the last five-year period are as follows:

(1n	thousa	ands)

<u>Fund</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>
General	\$1 349	\$1.938	\$2,980	\$5 581	\$2.726

Investments are made by the City Treasurer and are governed by State law and local ordinance that determine what are legal investments. Due to a struggling economy, reductions in available cash for investment and continued adjustments of the prime rate by the Federal Reserve, interest earnings have steadily declined since 1999.

Licenses and Permits

Licenses and permits are issued by the City to regulate activities related to building, health, and other business enterprises. Over the last five years, revenues in the General Fund resulting from licenses and permits amounted to:

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	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>
Amount	\$8,853	\$9,155	\$8,984	\$10,278	\$8,855

Several of the City's licenses and permits are issued for a two-year period. Thus fluctuations in receipts will occur dependent on re-issuance dates.

Charges for Services and Fines and Forfeitures

The City performs certain services for its citizens and other municipalities for which it charges various amounts. These services include impounding, storing and selling abandoned autos, parking meter fees, and various other services. The City's General Fund also allocates a portion of certain citywide expenses to certain other City funds that benefit from the service of departments funded by the General Fund. The City also collects various fines and forfeitures.

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	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>
Fines & Forfeitures	\$13,096	\$20,990	\$19,070	\$14,766	\$15,572
Charges for Services	<u>\$17,662</u>	<u>\$16,685</u>	<u>\$15,599</u>	<u>\$16,051</u>	\$14,658
Total	\$30,758	\$37,675	\$34,669	\$30,817	\$30,230

Miscellaneous

Miscellaneous revenues comprised of such items as Bureau of Workers Compensation refund and other minor revenue sources in the General Fund are as follows:

		(in thous	ands)		
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>
Amount	\$14,912	\$13,690	\$10,055	\$15,555	\$16,788

Expenditure Narrative

General Fund expenditures and other uses totaled \$476,455,000 in 2001, a decrease of 2.3% from 2000. The amount of expenditures and other uses by function on a GAAP basis, including the increases (decreases) over the prior year are shown in the following table.

			(amounts	s in thousands	<u>)</u>	
					Increase	
EXPENDITURES	Total	% of	Actual	% of	(Decrease)	%
AND OTHER USES	<u>2001</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>Total</u>	Over 2000	Change
Current:						
General Government	\$ 53,578	11.25%	\$ 55,559	11.39%	(\$1,981)	(3.57%)
Public Service	32,038	6.72%	35,804	7.34%	(3,766)	(10.52%)
Public Safety	271,817	57.05%	274,864	56.37%	(3,047)	(1.11%)
Community Development	15,770	3.31%	13,654	2.80%	2,116	15.50%
Public Health	11,281	2.37%	12,507	2.57%	(1,226)	(9.80%)
Maintenance, Parks and Recreation	38,446	8.07%	38,624	7.92%	(178)	(0.46%)
Economic Development	1,116	0.23%	1,068	0.22%	48	4.49%
Other	15,449	3.24%	18,306	3.75%	(2,857)	(15.61%)
Operating Transfers Out	36,960	7.76%	37,265	7.64%	(305)	0.82%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$476,455	100.00%	\$487,651	100.00%	(\$11,196)	(2.30%)
AND OTHER USES	======	======	======	=====	======	

Overall, expenditures rose in 2001 as a result of a 3.5% pay increase granted to City employees in April 2000, pursuant to the current three year agreement with various bargaining units. While there was also some increase in salary related fringe benefits, hospitalization and dental costs were held down by the continued shift to managed health care plans. Employees also continued to make a modest contribution towards their health insurance premiums through payroll deductions. The primary cause for the reduction in expenditures versus year 2000 was due to a one-time adjustment in workers compensation costs totaling nearly \$15 million citywide. This resulted in a \$10 million impact to the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used for certain revenue sources, primarily grant revenue, which are restricted by law or other formal action to be expended for specific purposes. Certain Special Revenue Funds are subject to an annual budget, while others are not. Special Revenue Funds not subject to an annual budget consist primarily of state and federal grants, including the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), the Federal HOME program, Emergency Shelter Program, Housing Opportunities for Persons with Aids (HOPWA) Program, State of Ohio-Home Weatherization Assistance Program (HWAP), Urban Development Action Grant (UDAG), the WorkForce Investment Act (WIA) and the Empowerment Zone.

Community Development Block Grant: The Community Development Block Grant, which the City receives on an annual basis under Title I from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, is administered by the Department of Community Development. The annual entitlement for the program year of 2001, CDBG Year XXVI, was \$30,065,000. The primary objective of the CDBG program is the development of a viable urban community including decent housing, a suitable living environment, and expanded economic opportunities principally for low and moderate-income individuals.

The 2001 CDBG allocation breakdown is outlined below:

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>
Demolition & Boarding	\$ 3,450,000	11.20
Housing	7,134,000	23.17
Neighborhood Development	10,500,000	34.10
Social Service/Aids Prevention	4,284,000	13.91
Lot Clean-Up	795,000	2.58
Commercial/Economic Development	2,000,000	6.49
Citywide Agencies	2,632,000	8.55
	\$30,795,000	100.00
	========	=====

Additional details for the CDBG program are included in the City's Grant application titled "Consolidated Plan."

Federal HOME Program: The HOME Program is authorized by the HOME Investment Partnership Act under Title II of the National Affordable Housing Act. Purposes of the HOME Program include expanding the supply of decent, affordable housing for low-income families with emphasis on rental housing, to assisting state and local governments in carrying out affordable housing programs, and providing coordinated assistance to participants in the development of affordable low-income housing.

The City's Federal HOME Program allocation for 2001 was \$8,932,000:

<u>Activity</u>	Allocation	% of Budget
Rehabilitation loans to homeowners	\$5,567,000	63%
Rehabilitation of rental housing by		
community based organizations	2,000,000	22%
Development of rental housing trust funds	1,365,000	<u> 15%</u>
	\$8,932,000	100%
	=======	====

Debt Administration

General obligation bonds are recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Revenue bonds and mortgage revenue bonds are recorded in the applicable Enterprise Fund. The principal amounts outstanding at December 31, 2001 are as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2001	Debt <u>Issued</u>	Debt <u>Refunded</u> (Amount in 000's)	Debt <u>Retired</u>	Balance December 31, 2001
General Long-Term Obligations:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 316,950			(\$23,570)	\$ 293,380
Urban Renewal Bonds/Notes	9,160	\$ 4,200		(285)	13,075
Subordinated Income Tax Bonds	69,500			(1,300)	68,200
Non-tax Revenue Bond	10,000				10,000
Certificates of Participation	167,379			(6,308)	161,071
Enterprise Fund Debt:					
Revenue Bonds and Notes	1,482,976	752,660	(\$173,255)	(43,650)	2,018,731
Ohio Water Development Loans	7,412	6,494		<u>(789</u>)	13,117
Total	\$2,063,377	\$763,354	(\$173,255)	(\$75,902)	\$2,577,574
	=======	======	=======	======	=======

Funds used to meet the debt service requirement on the City's general obligation bonds are from certain ad valorem taxes, restricted income taxes, interest earnings, and enterprise reimbursements from the Convention Center. Ad valorem taxes, the primary source of funds, amounted to \$23,665,000 in 2001, which represents 61% of the debt service requirement on the general obligation bonds recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. The remaining 39% of debt service requirements is retired from a portion of the City's restricted income tax proceeds, interest earnings and other miscellaneous revenue sources generated within the debt service funds. These taxes were derived from a levy of \$4.35 per \$1,000 of assessed property. The City issues its general obligation bonds within the context of its Capital Improvement Program. Programs which have benefited due to the issuance of general obligation debt include, but are not limited to, public service improvements, bridge and roadway improvements, recreational facilities, cemeteries, and urban redevelopment. The City's Enterprise Funds implement their own individual capital improvement programs and issue revenue debt necessary to fund their programs.

In October 2001, the City issued \$4,200,000 Taxable Urban Renewal Notes. These one-year notes, which mature November 1, 2002, are special obligations of the City and were issued to purchase certain properties for urban renewal purposes. Principal and interest on the Series 2001 Note, unless paid from other sources, are to be paid from the non-tax revenues of the City.

The City's 2001 Bond Ratings for general obligation and revenue bonds are as follows:

	Moody's		Fitch
	Investors Service	Standard & Poor's	Investors Service
General Obligation Bonds	A1	A+	A
Waterworks Mortgage:			
Revenue Bonds	Aa3	AA-	
Cleveland Public Power:			
Revenue Bonds	A2	A-	
Airport System:			
Revenue Bonds	A3	A	
Municipal Parking Lots:			
Revenue Bonds (Insured Ratings)	Aaa	AAA	AAA

The ratio of net general bonded debt to assessed valuation and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the City's debt position to management, citizens and investors. Net general bonded debt is total general bonded debt supported by taxes less amounts available in the Debt Service Fund. This data at December 31,2001 was:

Net General Bonded Debt \$292,608,000 Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Valuation 4.83% Net General Bonded Debt Per Capita \$611.63

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund includes all major capital improvement projects of the City other than those accounted for in the Proprietary and Special Revenue Fund Types. The primary sources for financing the City's Capital Improvement Projects are General Obligation Bond proceeds, Certificates of Participation proceeds, Urban Renewal Bond proceeds, interest earned on funds prior to and during the construction period, restricted income taxes, and funds from the State Issue 2 and Local Transportation Improvement Programs. The City has three primary goals relating to its Capital Improvements: 1) Preservation and revitalization of Cleveland's neighborhoods; 2) Economic development and job creation, and 3) Provision of cost-effective, basic City services to Cleveland residents and the business community.

The City is in the initial stages of providing its first five-year capital improvement plan since 1994. While the City annually revises its planned capital expenditures through a centralized planning process, the current Administration is committed to producing a Capital Development Plan that clearly outlines, in priority order, capital improvements.

Capital projects fall into three major groups and are classified under the following ten functional areas:

Major Groups	Functional Areas
Basic Services	- Transportation (roads and bridges)
	- Public buildings and facilities
	- Vehicles and major equipment, including technology expenses
	- Parks and recreation
Development	- Economic
-	- Community
Major Enterprise	- Airports
Services	- Water system
	- Electric Utility
	- Collector sewer system

Enterprise Funds

Cleveland operates four major Enterprise Funds encompassing two airports, a water system, an electrical plant, and a local sewer system. The City also operates other minor Enterprise Funds consisting of cemeteries, a convention center, golf courses, municipal parking lots, and public market facilities.

Department of Port Control: The City's Department of Port Control consists of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International Airport and Burke Lakefront Airport, which employs approximately 400 individuals in administration, airfield and building maintenance, vehicle maintenance, and aircraft rescue and fire fighting. Currently, 23 passenger airlines provide scheduled airline service at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. Burke Lakefront Airport, a federally certified commercial and general aviation reliever airport, provides the majority of its services to air taxi operators serving the City's downtown business activities.

The Airports' operating revenue in 2001 amounted to \$92.8 million. This represents a 7.0% increase from 2000 operating revenues of \$86.7 million. Cleveland Hopkins International Airport served 11.9 million passengers in 2001. This reflects an 11.7% decrease from 2000 passengers served. This decrease is attributed to an economic downturn and the tragic events of September 11, 2001. Since October 2001, enplanements have begun to return to pre-September 11th levels.

Division of Water: The Division of Water was created in 1853 and charged with the responsibility of collecting, treating, pumping and distributing potable water and providing related water service to customers within its service areas. The Division operates a major public water supply system, the eighth largest in the United States, that serves not only the City, but also 73 suburban municipalities in Cuyahoga, Medina, Summit and Geauga Counties. The Division is an emergency standby provider for systems in four other counties. The present service area covers over 640 square miles and serves over 1.5 million people. In 2001, the aggregate metered consumption of water in the City constituted 37% of the total metered consumption in the service area, while consumption in the direct service communities and master meter communities constituted 53% and 10%, respectively.

Operating revenue in 2001 increased 4.5% to \$212.7 million from \$203.5 million in 2000. Metered sales revenue was up 4% in 2001 mainly due to a rate increase. Operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation, increased 7% to \$116.8 million compared to \$109.1 million in 2000.

Division of Cleveland Public Power: The Division of Cleveland Public Power supplies electrical service to over 79,600 accounts in the City. The Division is responsible for producing, supplying, transmitting and distributing electricity and providing related electrical services to customers within its service area.

Cleveland Public Power's 2001 operating revenue decreased 1.5% to \$132.1 million from \$134.2 million in 2000. The number of customers increased 1% while kilowatt hour (kwh) sales decreased 10% to 1,419 million kwh. Purchased power expense decreased 4.8% to \$65.3 million in 2001 from \$68.6 million in 2000, primarily due to the decrease in kwh sales. Operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation and purchased power, decreased 10.4% to \$32.5 million compared to \$36.3 million a year ago.

Division of Water Pollution Control: The Division of Water Pollution Control is responsible for the network of sewers conveying sanitary sewage and industrial waste in the City from their point of origin to the treatment facilities for treatment and disposal operated by a regional district. The division also maintains, cleans, repairs and improves sewers and their appurtenances, including catch basins and relaying of the sewer connections.

The Division reported a 3.9% increase in 2001 operating revenue to \$18.9 million compared to \$18.2 million in 2000 primarily due to a rate increase. Operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation, rose 1% to \$13.7 million from \$13.5 million a year ago.

General Fixed Assets

The general fixed assets of the City as of December 31, 2001 total \$742,590,000 and include all fixed assets of the City except those recorded in the Proprietary Fund Types and infrastructure assets such as streets and bridges. Infrastructure assets are not recorded because they are immovable and of use only to the City. Fixed asset additions and deductions for fiscal year 2001 amounted to \$32,431,000 and \$9,442,000 respectively. The additions were funded primarily from the Certificates of Participation, General Fund, General Obligation Bonds proceeds and Special Revenue Funds.

Cash Management

Currently, the City's policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, \$25,688,000 of bank deposits are either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized with the collateral being held by the City or by its agent in the city's name, and \$128,521,000 are uninsured and uncollateralized. Of the \$247,447,000 of classified investments, \$195,796,000 are classified in the category of lowest credit risk established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, \$51,418,000 represents investments held in the City's name by the counterparty's trust department or agent, and \$233,000 represents investments held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's investment policies ensure efficient and profitable use of the City's cash resources and reduce the credit and market risks associated with the deposit and investment of City funds. Significant elements of the City's current cash management program include the following objectives:

- A more streamlined bank account structure.
- On-line connection to concentration banks that advise the City of funds available each day for disbursement and investment.
- Improved control over the timing of disbursements.
- More sophisticated management of the City's investment portfolio.
- Reconciliation of investments to the market value of the collateral pledged.
- Investments transacted on a delivery versus payment basis.

Risk Management

The City has developed a risk management program involving law, finance and personnel to further promote its fundamental responsibility and financial capability to provide basic services to the citizens of Cleveland. The risk management program serves to implement qualitative controls, programs and safeguards in the delivery of basic City services for the protection of both the public and City employees. In addition, the program identifies and controls exposures the City may have to financial loss. Periodic review of the City's funding arrangements with respect to general liability and employee benefits maintains the City's assumption of risk at a reasonable and affordable level.

Other Information

The Independent Audit: The City Charter requires an annual audit of the financial statements of all accounts of the City by an independent certified public accountant. Accordingly, this year's audit was completed by the Auditor of State. The fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, represents the 21st consecutive year the City has prepared a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). In addition to the independent auditors, the City maintains its own Internal Audit division. Along with the duty of assisting the independent auditors, the Internal Audit division is responsible for strengthening and reviewing the City's internal controls. The Internal Audit Division performs its own independent operational and financial audits of the City's many funds, departments and divisions. We believe that the City's internal control structure adequately safeguards assets and provides reasonable assurance of proper recording of all financial transactions.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement Award: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Cleveland, Ohio for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing the conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 17 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1984-2000). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

Acknowledgments: The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the Finance Department, particularly the Financial Reporting and Control division and the Internal Audit division. We would also like to thank the Mayor, her cabinet and members of City Council. Without their continued support, the Department of Finance could not have maintained the financial management practices required to ensure the financial integrity of the City. In addition, we would like to thank the Auditor of State for their efforts and professional conduct throughout the audit engagement.

Very truly yours,

Robert H. Baker, Director Department of Finance

James E. Gentile, CPA City Controller

CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO City Officials

Jane L. Campbell, Mayor

EXECUTIVE STAFF

David McGuirk	Chief Operating Officer
Tim Mueller	Chief Development Officer
Craig Tame	. Chief Health & Public Safety Officer
Rodney Jenkins	Chief Public Affairs Officer

ADMINISTRATION

Jane Fumich	Director, Department of Aging
Henry Guzman	Director, Office of Equal Opportunity
Robert H. Baker Dir	ector, Department of Finance, Chief Financial Officer
Subodh Chandra	Director, Department of Law
John Barnes Jr	Director, Community Relations Board
James Draper	Director, Department of Public Safety
Edward Lohn	
Kevin G. Gerrity	Fire Chief
Linda M. Hudecek	Director, Department of Community Development
James Glending Direc	ctor (Acting), Department of Parks, Recreation & Properties
Michael Konicek	Director, Department of Public Utilities
Kenya Taylor	Director, Department of Consumer Affairs
Chris Ronayne	Director, City Planning Commission
Eduardo Romero	Director, Personnel & Human Resources
Mark Ricchiuto	Director, Department of Public Service
John Mok	Director, Department of Port Control
Steven Sims	Director, Economic Development
Jonalyn Krupka	Secretary, Civil Service Commission
Matthew Carroll	Director (Acting), Department of Public Health

City Council

Frank G. Jackson	President of Council / Ward 5
Valarie J. McCall	Clerk of Council
Joseph T. Jones	
Robert J. White	
Zachary Reed	
Kenneth L. Johnson	
Patricia J. Britt	
Fannie M. Lewis	
Sabra Pierce Scott	
Kevin Conwell	
Roosevelt Coats	Ward 10
Michael D. Polensek	
Edward W. Rybka	Ward 12
Joseph Cimperman	Ward 13
Nelson Cintron, Jr	Ward 14
Merle R. Gordon	
Michael C. O'Malley	Ward 16
Matthew Zone	Ward 17
Jay Westbrook	
Dona J. Brady	Ward 19
Martin J. Sweeney	Ward 20
Michael A. Dolan	

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Cleveland, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2000

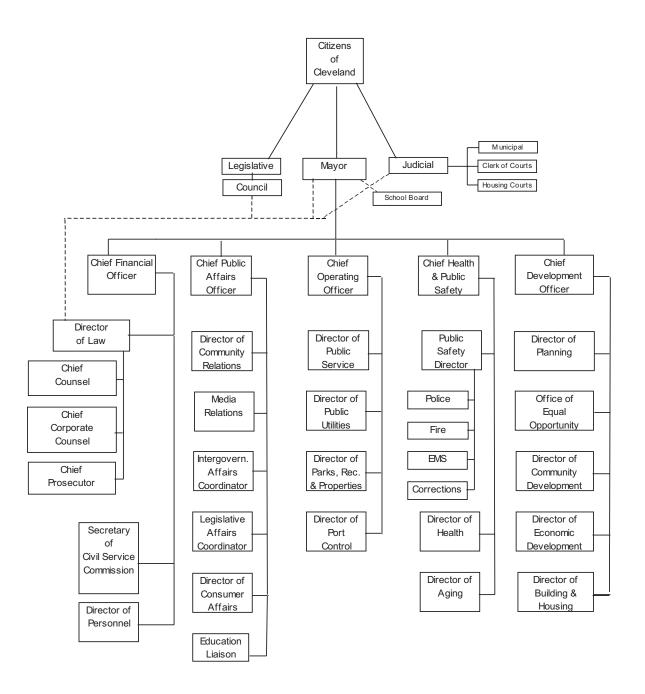
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

CANDA STATES OF CANDA STATES O

Ima A drewe President

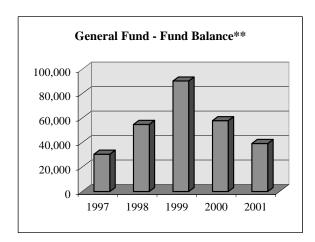
Executive Directo

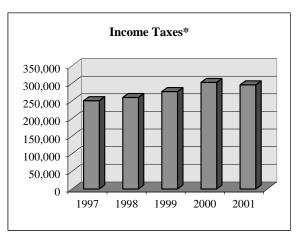
ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION CHART

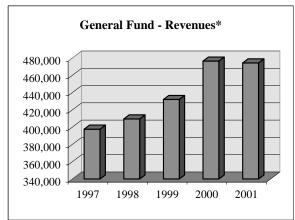


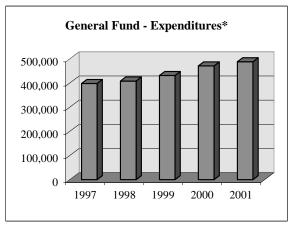
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

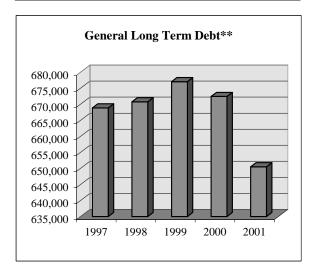
(in thousands of dollars)

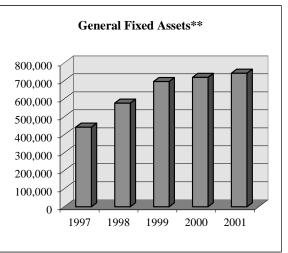












For	General	General	General		General	General
Year	Fund	Fund	Long Term	Income	Fund	Fixed
Ended	Balance**	Revenues*	Debt**	Taxes*	Expenditures*	Assets**
1997	30,507	397,778	668,874	250,590	398,183	443,283
1998	54,843	409,666	670,753	259,721	408,232	576,865
1999	90,324	432,125	677,052	276,627	430,956	696,335
2000	57,916	476,608	672,442	302,384	470,825	719,552
2001	39,250	474,442	650,518	295,559	488,102	742,590

^{*} Budget Basis

^{**} GAAP Basis

FINANCIAL SECTION





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Facsimile 216-787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us

800-626-2297

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44114

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2001, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 16, 2002 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

We performed our audit to form an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements of the City, taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

We did not audit the data included in the introductory and statistical sections of this report and therefore express no opinion thereon.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

August 16, 2002

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COMBINED BALANCE SHEET-ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

		Governmenta	al Fu	and Types	
	 General Fund	Special Revenue		Debt Service	Capital Projects
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,364	\$ 123,134	\$	6,880	\$ 79,074
Investments at market				2,743	11,007
Receivables:					
Taxes	105,537	6,021		29,887	
Accounts	15,526	2,418			
Loans		180,824			
Unbilled revenue					
Accrued interest	24			22	317
Assessments					8
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,825)				
Receivables, net	116,262	189,263		29,909	325
Due from other funds	42,274	22,491			4,793
Due from other governments	35,727	54,666		1,850	5,863
Inventory of supplies	53	883			
Prepaid expenses and other assets					
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents					15,231
Investments at market					
Accrued interest receivable					
Bond retirement reserve					
Accrued passenger facility charge					
Fixed assets in service:					15,231
Land					
Land improvements					
Utility plant in service					
Buildings, structure and improvements					
Furniture, fixtures and equipment					
Less: Accumulated depreciation					
Construction in progress Amount available in Debt Service Funds Amount to be provided for retirement of					
general long-term obligations:					
Debt					
Other obligations					
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 196,680	\$ 390,437	\$	41,382	\$ 116,293

Propi Fund		-	Fiduciary Fund Type	Account Groups			Tota	als	
 Enterprise	-JF	Internal	Agency	General Fixed	I	General Long-Term	(Memorano		•
 Fund		Service	Fund	Assets	(Obligations	2001		2000
\$ 195,250	\$	6,503	\$ 34,093				\$ 447,298	\$	348,479
131,435							145,185		277,967
			31,127				172,572		140,371
112,670		30					130,644		100,831
							180,824		177,007
30,757							30,757		32,451
1,717			2				2,082		7,017
							8		13
(5,686)							(10,511)		(5,029)
139,458		30	31,129				506,376		452,661
14,929		5,674	297				90,458		93,549
3,655		2	313				102,076		58,971
8,992		2,462					12,390		11,451
21,967							21,967		14,652
976,827							992,058		414,432
81,878							81,878		157,868
3,233							3,233		3,050
53							53		53
2,069							2,069		2,224
1,064,060							1,079,291		577,627
170,270		663		\$ 37,240			208,173		200,544
215,628		3		55,226			270,857		260,697
1,259,777							1,259,777		1,219,690
724,670		1,605		508,163			1,234,438		1,226,673
123,153		9,185		94,624			226,962		235,431
(811,918)		(10,436)					(822,354)		(745,059)
1,681,580		1,020		695,253			2,377,853		2,397,976
255,446				47,337			302,783		157,722
					\$	9,645	9,645		15,091
						293,380	293,380		316,950
						347,493	 347,493		350,441
\$ 3,516,772	\$	15,691	\$ 65,832	\$ 742,590	\$	650,518	\$ 5,736,195	\$	5,073,537

Continued

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET-ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS-Continued

December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

				Governmental	Fu	nd Types		
		General Fund		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	5,853	\$	13,357			\$	13,069
Estimated claims payable		184						
Deferred revenue		102,280		16,468	\$	31,737		8
Due to other funds		8,445		44,074				9,274
Due to other governments		275		32,211				
Accrued wages and benefits		40,393		2,124				
Police and fire overtime								
Police and fire deferred vacation								
Sundry liabilities								
Accrued interest								
Accounts payable from restricted assets								
Capital lease obligations								
Certificates of participation								
Urban renewal increment bonds and notes								
Subordinated income tax refunding bond								
Non-tax revenue bonds								
Notes payable								
General obligation bonds payable								
Construction loans								
Deferred payment obligation								
Revenue bonds payable		157 420		100 224		21 727		22.251
TOTAL LIABILITIES		157,430		108,234		31,737		22,351
FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS								
Investment in general fixed assets								
Contributed capital - City of Cleveland and others								
Retained earnings (accumulated deficits):								
Reserve for debt retirement								
Unreserved								
TOTAL RETAINED EARNINGS								
(ACCUMULATED DEFICITS)								
Fund balances:								
Reserve for loans				162,863				
Reserve for inventory		53		883				
Reserve for debt service						9,645		
Reserve for encumbrances		14,823		56,330		,,,,,		14,462
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund		10,495		20,220				1 1, 102
Reserve for reserve fund		6,148						
Unreserved:		0,110						
Designated for future capital improvements				24,912				75,255
Undesignated		7,731		37,215				4,225
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		39,250		282,203		9,645		93,942
TOTAL FORD BALANCES		39,230		282,203		9,043		93,942
TOTAL FUND EQUITY								
AND OTHER CREDITS		39,250		282,203		9,645		93,942
EOE 11 111 PT								
TOTAL LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY	ø	106 600	Φ	200 427	ф	41 202	¢	116 202
AND OTHER CREDITS	\$	196,680	\$	390,437	Ф	41,382	\$	116,293

	Propi Fund				luciary d Types		Accoun	unt Groups			To	tals	
	1 0110	-JI		- 441	u zypes		General		General		(Memorar		n Only)
1	Enterprise		Internal				Fixed		ong-Term		(
	Fund		Service	A	gency		Assets		bligations		2001		2000
\$	20,728	\$	2,310	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,317	\$	54,370
									2,845		3,029		3,175
											150,493		103,189
	16,488		8,175		4,002						90,458		93,549
	47,152				49,195						128,833		82,591
	19,813		2,504						38,809		103,643		106,793
									57,339		57,339		64,803
									1,237		1,237		1,193
					12,635						12,635		11,790
	63,122										63,122		47,607
	20,506										20,506		11,543
									812		812		1,350
									161,071		161,071		167,379
									13,075		13,075		9,160
									68,200		68,200		69,500
									10,000		10,000		10,000
	44,950								3,750		48,700		44,000
	ŕ								293,380		293,380		316,950
	13,117								,		13,117		7,412
	26,531										26,531		27,810
	1,878,286										1,878,286		1,347,521
	2,150,693		12,989		65,832				650,518		3,199,784		2,581,685
	, ,		,		,				,		, ,		,
						\$	742,590				742,590		719,552
	343,722		2,967								346,689		346,687
	37,459										37,459		44,196
	984,898		(265)								984,633		879,416
	1,022,357		(265)								1,022,092		923,612
											162,863		172,609
											936		469
											9,645		15,091
											85,615		40,413
											10,495		8,792
											6,148		5,000
											100,167		104,934
											49,171		154,693
											425,040		502,001
								_					
	1,366,079		2,702				742,590				2,536,411		2,491,852
¢	3,516,772	\$	15,691	\$	65,832	\$	742,590	\$	650,518	\$	5,736,195	\$	5,073,537
φ	3,310,112	φ	13,071	Ψ	05,052	φ	174,370	Ψ	050,510	φ	3,130,173	φ	3,013,331

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

(Amounts in 000's)

	Governmental Fund Types							
		General		Special		Debt		Capital
		Fund		Revenue		Service		Projects
REVENUES								
Income taxes	\$	246,121	\$	31,566	\$	-	\$	-
Property taxes		46,200				25,410		
State local government fund		59,252						
Other shared revenues		32,042		11,299				
Licenses and permits		8,853		114				
Charges for services		17,662		1,136				
Fines and forfeits		13,096						
Investment earnings		1,349		3,665		640		4,771
Grants				100,304		755		5,906
Contributions								
Miscellaneous		14,912		38,957		363		17
TOTAL REVENUES		439,487		187,041		27,168		10,694
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		53,578		21,174				
Public service		32,038		18,171				
Public safety		271,817		2,134				
Human resources		271,017		13,425				
Community development		15,770		66,424				
Public health		11,281		8,515				
Parks, recreation and properties		38,446		1,505				
Economic development		1,116		40,350				
Other		15,449		40,330		924		
Capital outlay		13,449		31,171		924		43,158
Debt service:				31,171				45,136
Principal retirement						25,155		6,308
Interest						,		,
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		439,495		202.960		20,535		7,777
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		439,493		202,869		46,614		57,243
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(8)		(15,828)		(19,446)		(46,549)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		18,759		23,244		14,042		13,111
Operating transfers out		(36,960)		(23,177)		(42)		(8,167)
Proceeds from sale of general		, , ,		. , ,		, ,		, ,
obligation bonds, net								4,060
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(18,201)		67		14,000		9,004
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		(-, =-)				,		- ,
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(18,209)		(15,761)		(5,446)		(37,545)
Fund balances at beginning of year		57,459		297,964		15,091		131,487
Fund balances at end of year	\$	39,250	\$	282,203	\$	9,645	\$	93,942
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,== 0	- T	,		- ,	- "	

To	tals	
 (Memoran		n Only)
2001		2000
		_
\$ 277,687	\$	291,514
71,610		66,642
59,252		60,015
43,341		43,626
8,967		9,255
18,798		18,370
13,096		20,990
10,425		14,327
106,965		83,334
·		84
54,249		54,495
664,390		662,652
		,
74,752		69,397
50,209		63,698
273,951		279,540
13,425		8,471
82,194		53,125
19,796		21,852
39,951		39,941
41,466		16,071
16,373		19,425
74,329		51,586
31,463		30,646
28,312		28,825
746,221		682,577
(81,831)		(19,925)
69,156		57,049
(68,346)		(57,823)
4,060		26,335
 4,870		25,561
 -,		-,1
(76,961)		5,636
 502,001		496,365
\$ 425,040	\$	502,001
 		· · ·

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL, BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE AND BUDGETED DEBT SERVICE FUND TYPES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

(Amounts in 000's)

							Budgeted	
		Genera	ıl Fund				Revenue Fu	ınds
				Variance- Favorable				Variance- Favorable
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	(Unfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised	Actual	(Unfavor-
REVENUES	Duaget	Duaget	Actual	able)	Duuget	Budget	Actual	able)
Income taxes	\$ 271,392	\$ 271,392	\$ 262,721	\$ (8,671)	\$ 33,924	\$ 33,924	\$ 32,838	\$ (1,086)
Property taxes	48,318	48,318	47,842	(476)	\$ 33,924	\$ 33,924	\$ 32,636	\$ (1,000)
State local government fund	58,310	58,284	59,265	981				
Other shared revenues	34,612	34,612	31,590	(3,022)	11,600	11,600	11,604	4
					11,000	11,000	11,004	4
Licenses and permits	8,184	8,184	8,887	703 490	2,000	2,000	1 722	(267)
Charges for services Fines and forfeits	14,127	15,540	16,030		2,000	2,000	1,733	(267)
	16,658	16,658	16,768	110				
Investment earnings	4,893	2,446	1,604	(842)				
Grants	20.560	21 602	20.725	0.122	0.260	0.260	0.704	504
Miscellaneous	20,569	21,603	29,735	8,132	8,260	8,260	8,784	524
TOTAL REVENUES	477,063	477,037	474,442	(2,595)	55,784	55,784	54,959	(825)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	56,041	55,733	54,786	947				
Public service	33,990	33,825	33,550	275	27,911	27,661	26,819	842
Public safety	269,651	274,705	272,436	2,269				
Community development	16,535	16,801	16,655	146				
Public health	13,247	12,211	11,884	327				
Maintenance, parks and recreation	40,543	39,309	39,131	178	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Economic development	1,172	1,102	1,098	4				
Other	17,879	17,879	16,882	997				
Capital outlay					20,174	20,174	20,152	22
Debt service:								
Principal retirement								
Interest								
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	449,058	451,565	446,422	5,143	50,085	49,835	48,971	864
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	28,005	25,472	28,020	2,548	5,699	5,949	5,988	39
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in					9,500	9,500	9,726	226
Operating transfers out	(44,661)	(42,153)	(41,680)	473	(13,750)	(13,750)	(13,750)	
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES (USES)	(44,661)	(42,153)	(41,680)	473	(4,250)	(4,250)	(4,024)	226
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
(USES) OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(16,656)	(16,681)	(13,660)	3,021	1,449	1,699	1,964	265
Decertification (recertification) of prior year								
encumbrances			(9,779)	(9,779)			587	587
Fund balances at beginning of year	22,543	22,543	22,543	. , ,	11,962	11,962	11,962	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,887	\$ 5,862	\$ (896)	\$ (6,758)	\$ 13,411	\$ 13,661	\$ 14,513	\$ 852
I am cammoo at one or jour	+ 2,007	\$ 5,00Z	ψ (670)	+ (0,730)	+ 13,111	Ψ 15,001	¥ 11,515	ψ 03 <i>L</i>

Budgeted Totals Debt Service Funds (Memorandum Only) Variance-Variance-Favorable Favorable Original Original Revised Revised (Unfavor-(Unfavor-Budget **Budget** Budget able) Budget able) Actual Actual \$ 305,316 \$ 305,316 \$ 295,559 \$ (9,757)\$ 25,172 \$ 25,172 \$ 24,321 \$ (851)73,490 73,490 72,163 (1,327)58,284 58,310 59,265 981 46,212 46,212 43,194 (3,018)8,184 8,184 8,887 703 16,127 17,540 17,763 223 16,658 16,658 16,768 110 325 570 325 245 5,218 2,771 2,174 (597)755 755 755 755 755 755 28,829 38,519 29,863 8,656 26,252 26,252 25,646 (606) 559,099 559,073 555,047 (4,026) 56,041 55,733 54,786 947 61,901 61,486 60,369 1,117 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 16,535 16,801 16,655 146 13,247 12,211 11,884 327 42,543 41,309 41,131 178 1,172 1,102 1,098 4 16,882 997 17,879 17,879 20,152 20,174 20,174 22 24,870 24,870 24,870 24,870 24,870 24,870 685 20,188 19,503 685 20,188 20,188 19,503 20,188 45,058 45,058 44,373 685 544,201 546,458 539,766 6,692 (18,806)(18,806)79 14,898 12,615 15,281 2,666 (18,727)18,450 18,450 18,755 305 27,950 27,950 28,481 531 (58,411)(55,903)(55,430)473 18,450 18,450 18,755 305 (30,461) (27,953) (26,949)1,004 (356)(356)28 384 (15,563)(15,338)(11,668)3,670 (376)(376)(9,568)(9,568)7,627 7,627 7,627 42,132 42,132 42,132

7,271

7,271 \$

7,279

8

26,569

\$

26,794

20,896

(5,898)

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS-ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

(Amounts in 000's)

	Proprietary Fund Types				Totals				
	E	nterprise		Internal	(Memorandum C				
		Fund		Service	2001		2000		
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	472,347	\$	27,381 \$	499,728	\$	490,087		
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		472,347		27,381	499,728		490,087		
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Operations		185,828		31,604	217,432		195,963		
Maintenance		48,489		3,044	51,533		55,745		
Purchased power		65,283			65,283		68,597		
Depreciation		78,006		79	78,085		73,032		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		377,606		34,727	412,333		393,337		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		94,741		(7,346)	87,395		96,750		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Interest income		38,607		951	39,558		47,785		
Interest expense		(66,167)			(66,167)		(73,595)		
Litigation settlement		(2,699)			(2,699)				
AEP Refund per FERC ruling							2,864		
Passenger facility charge revenue		15,024			15,024		16,642		
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		(1,827)			(1,827)		(731)		
Contributed capital and other contributions		34,818		137	34,955				
Other (expenses) revenues, net		(7,048)		99	(6,949)		(5,123)		
TOTAL NON-OPERATING									
REVENUES (EXPENSES)		10,708		1,187	11,895		(12,158)		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS		105,449		(6,159)	99,290		84,592		
Operating transfers in				390	390		1,926		
Operating transfers out		(1,200)			(1,200)		(1,152)		
NET INCOME (LOSS)		104,249		(5,769)	98,480		85,366		
Retained earnings at beginning of year Retained earnings (accumulated deficits)		918,108		5,504	923,612		838,246		
at end of year	\$	1,022,357	\$	(265) \$	1,022,092	\$	923,612		

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

Proprietary Fund Types Totals (Memorandum Only) **Enterprise** Internal Fund Service 2001 2000 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 30,914 \$ Cash received from customers 444,499 \$ 475,413 \$ 485.511 Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services (119,278)(20,168)(139,446)(135, 253)Cash payments to employees for services (115,700)(13,976)(120,868)(129,676)Cash payments for purchased power (66,366)(66,366)(67,701)Cash receipts of customer deposits 219 (369)(369)Agency activity on behalf of NEORSD (2,995)(2,995)NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** 139,791 (3,230)136,561 161,908 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 48 Advance from General Fund 463 511 1,005 Cash received through operating transfers from other funds 332 332 434 14,846 Cash receipts for passenger facility charges 14,846 16,630 Cash payment for litigation settlement (1,799)(1,799)AEP refund per FERC ruling 2,864 Cash payments for sound insulation of homes (10,615)(12,283)(10,615)Cash transfer to debt service (327)Other non-capital financing activity 8,938 99 9,037 6,192 **NET CASH PROVIDED BY** NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 479 11,833 12,312 14,515 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds and notes 611,167 611,167 Proceeds from sale of refunding bonds and notes 140,747 140,747 Acquisition and construction of capital assets (153,109)(153,109)(121, 354)Principal paid on long-term debt (39,388)(84,411)(84.411)Interest paid on long-term debt (88,051)(88,051)(76,952)Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding (141,423)(141,423)Capital grant proceeds 27,200 27,200 9,437 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 312,120 312,120 (228, 257)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities (327,745)(327,745)(302,230)Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities 494,627 494,627 286,772 Interest received on investments 66,678 986 67,664 51,778 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 233,560 986 234,546 36,320 NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 697,304 (1,765)695,539 (15,514)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 474,773 483,041 498,555 8,268 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 1,172,077 1,178,580 483,041 6,503

Continued

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES-Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

	Proprietary Fund Types			То			
	E	nterprise		Internal	(Memoran	dum	Only)
		Fund		Service	2001		2000
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	94,741	\$	(7,346) \$	87,395	\$	96,750
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash							
provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation		78,006		79	78,085		73,032
Non-cash rental income		(3,389)			(3,389)		(3,389)
Loss on disposal of equipment		41			41		1,070
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable, net		(13,231)		(202)	(13,433)		(12,701)
Unbilled revenue		1,694			1,694		2,240
Landing fee - due from airlines		(10,903)			(10,903)		
Due from other funds		(4,902)		(691)	(5,593)		(3,121)
Due from other governments		(5)		12	7		
Inventory of supplies		(497)		217	(280)		540
Prepaid expenses		(935)			(935)		(105)
Landing fee adjustment		(6,139)			(6,139)		2,174
Accounts payable		(962)		(962)	(1,924)		3,447
Due to other funds		2,894		5,777	8,671		(5,909)
Due to other governments		6,332			6,332		(1,413)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		661			661		
Accrued wages and benefits		(3,615)		(114)	(3,729)		9,293
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		45,050		4,116	49,166		65,158
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	139,791	\$	(3,230) \$	136,561	\$	161,908

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE A - DESCRIPTION OF CITY OPERATIONS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The City: The City of Cleveland, Ohio (the "City") operates under an elected Mayor/Council (21 members) administrative / legislative form of government. The mayoral election was held in November 2001 and the new mayor took office January of 2002.

Reporting Entity: The accompanying financial statements of the City present the financial position of the various fund types and account groups, the results of operations of the various fund types, and the cash flows of the proprietary funds. The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2001, and for the year then ended, and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

In evaluating how to define the governmental reporting entity, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, under which the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions, and component units for which the City (Primary Government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

On this basis, the City's financial reporting entity has no component units but includes all funds, account groups, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, including police and fire protection, waste collection, parks and recreation, health, certain social services and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates ten enterprise activities, the major ones consisting of a water system, a sewer system, an electric distribution system and two airports.

The following entities are related organizations to the City of Cleveland, however the City's accountability does not extend beyond appointing authority:

- Cuyahoga Metropolitan Housing Authority Created under the Ohio Revised Code, the Cuyahoga Metropolitan Housing Authority provides public housing services. The five member board consists of two appointed by the Mayor of the City, two appointed by City Council and one appointed by the City Manager of the City of Cleveland Heights with approval from its City Council.
- Cleveland-Cuyahoga County Port Authority Created under the Ohio Revised Code, the Cleveland-Cuyahoga County Port Authority conducts port development and operations. The nine member Board of Directors consists of three appointed by the County Commissioners and six appointed by the City of Cleveland.
- Cleveland Municipal Schools In November of 1998, the Mayor of the City of Cleveland was given appointing authority for the Cleveland Municipal Schools. As approved by the State legislature, the Ohio Revised Code provided for the Mayor to appoint a Chief Executive Officer who was to be approved by the Board of Education (the "Board"). The Board is comprised of nine members. The members of the Board are appointed by the Mayor from a pool of 18 candidates presented to the Mayor by an independent nominating panel. Mayoral control of the school district will go before a vote of the people in November 2002.

The following entity is a jointly governed organization of the City of Cleveland, however the City has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility:

Gateway Economic Development Corporation of Greater Cleveland (Gateway) - Gateway is responsible for the operations of a sports complex and related economic development. The five member board consists of two members appointed by the City, two members appointed by the Board of County Commissioners and one by the President of the Board of County Commissioners with concurrence of the Mayor of the City of Cleveland.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Basis of Presentation: The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for using a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures (expenses). The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements.

Amounts in the "totals-memorandum only" columns represent a summation of the general purpose financial statement line items of the fund types and account groups and are presented only for analytical purposes. The summation includes fund types and account groups that use different bases of accounting, both restricted and unrestricted amounts, interfund transactions that have not been eliminated, and the caption "amount to be provided," which is not an asset in the usual sense. Consequently, amounts shown in the "totals-memorandum only" columns are not comparable to a consolidation and do not represent the total resources available or total revenues and expenditures (expenses) of the City. The 2000 memorandum column does not show the impact of GASB 33, which was implemented in 2001.

The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

Governmental Funds

General Fund: This fund, which is the major operating fund of the City, accounts for the general operating revenues and expenditures of the City not recorded elsewhere. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, income taxes and the state local government fund.

Special Revenue Funds: These funds are used to account for specific governmental revenues (other than revenues for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. These funds include most major federal and state grants.

Debt Service Funds: These funds are used to account for the resources received and used to pay principal and interest on debt reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group and certain enterprise funds. Revenues and financing resources are derived primarily from property taxes, reimbursements from enterprise funds and operating transfers by enterprise funds.

Capital Projects Funds: These funds are used to account for the acquisition or construction of capital assets other than those financed by special revenue, enterprise and internal service fund operations. Revenues and financing resources are derived primarily from the issuance of bonds, certificates of participation and the receipt of grants.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds: These funds are used to account for operations that provide services which are financed primarily by user charges, or activities where periodic measurement of income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control or other purposes.

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for the goods or services provided to certain City departments and funds or to other governments on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds: These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for others and include the Central Collection Agency, the Cleveland Municipal Court and payroll deductions withheld and awaiting payment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Account Groups

General Fixed Assets Account Group: This account group is used to present the general fixed assets of the City utilized in its general operations, exclusive of those used in enterprise and internal service funds. General fixed assets include land, buildings, improvements and equipment owned by the City, and the City's share of the Justice Center Building.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group: This account group is used to account for all long-term obligations of the City except those accounted for in the enterprise funds.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the more significant accounting policies for the City is described below:

Basis of Accounting: All financial transactions for Governmental and Fiduciary Funds are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this accounting method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For the City, available means received within sixty days of year end. Revenues accrued, in which the City receives value without directly giving value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must be available before it can be recognized. If available, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned; revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied; and revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. Governmental and Fiduciary Fund expenditures are accrued when the fund liability is incurred except for interest on long-term debt, which is recorded when due. Financial transactions for Proprietary Funds are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting; revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities, all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

Measurement Focus: All Governmental Funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Resources not available to finance expenditures or commitments of the current period are recognized as deferred revenue. Liabilities for claims, judgments, compensated absences, police and fire overtime and police and fire deferred vacation which will not be currently liquidated using expendable financial resources are shown in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

All Proprietary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows.

Budgetary Accounting and Control: The City is required by state law to adopt annual budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds including the Division of Streets, Restricted Income Tax, Rainy Day Reserve Fund, Schools Recreation and Cultural Activities Fund, and Debt Service Funds (except for Urban Renewal and Urban Renewal Reserve Funds). Modifications to the original budget are approved by City Council throughout the year. The City maintains budgetary control by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations for personnel costs (including benefits), other costs, debt service and capital outlay within a division of the City without the approval of City Council. Adjustments to the budget can only be made within a division and then within each category. Further legislation is needed in order to move budget authority from "personnel" to "other" or vice versa, or between divisions. City Council adopted an additional supplemental appropriation for 2001.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Unencumbered appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at year end. Budgetary data are not presented for the Proprietary Funds due to the nature of the funds. There is no legal requirement to report on such budgets.

The actual results of operations as compared to the amended appropriations passed by Council are presented in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)-General, Budgeted Special Revenue and Debt Service Fund Types, in accordance with the City's budgetary process (budget basis) to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget for those governmental funds for which annual budgets are prepared.

The City's budgetary process does not include annual budgeting for grant funds and capital project funds. Appropriations in these funds remain open and carry over to succeeding years (i.e., multi-year) until the related expenditures are made or until they are modified or canceled. Appropriations for these funds are controlled on a project basis and therefore budgetary comparison statements on an annual basis do not provide meaningful information and, accordingly, are not presented.

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- (2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash, encumbered or pre-encumbered (budget) as opposed to when goods or services are received (GAAP). Encumbrances are recorded as expenditures (budget) as opposed to reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses (Amounts in 000's)

	General Fund	S	Special Revenues	Debt Service
GAAP basis Less: Funds not budgeted on an annual basis	\$ (18,209)	\$ \$	(15,761) (3,683)	(5,446) 41
GAAP basis for budgeted funds	\$ (18,209)	\$	(12,078)	\$ (5,487)
Increase (Decrease)				
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	\$ 16,196	\$	6,606	\$ 5,078
Adjustment for Encumbrances & Pre Encumbrances	\$ (8,467)	\$	(11,728)	
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	\$ (3,180)	\$	19,164	\$ 437
Budget basis for budgeted funds	\$ (13,660)	\$	1,964	\$ 28

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Pooled Cash and Investments: Cash resources of certain individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments which is managed by the City Treasurer. Investments in the Pooled Cash Account, consisting of certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, U.S. government securities, Star Ohio and time deposits, are carried at market value (see Note C). Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is distributed to the appropriate funds utilizing a formula based on the average weekly balance of cash and investments of each fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from when purchased.

Investments: Effective January 1, 1998, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, the City has stated certain investments at fair value.

Unbilled Revenue: Unbilled revenues are estimates for services rendered but not billed to customers at year end.

Inventory of Supplies: Inventory is valued at average cost except Special Revenue Fund inventory which is valued at cost. Inventory generally consists of construction, utility plant supplies and parts inventory not yet placed into service. Inventory costs are charged to operations when consumed.

Restricted Assets: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside for payment of enterprise fund general obligation debt and revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by applicable bond indentures.

Fixed Assets and Depreciation: Property, plant and equipment is stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Infrastructure, pertaining to Governmental Fund Type activities, including streets, bridges and sidewalks, is not capitalized by the City. Depreciation is not provided in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Depreciation for the Proprietary Fund Types is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Utility plant in service 6 to 100 years Buildings, structures and improvements 10 to 65 years Furniture, fixtures and equipment 5 to 33 years

Capital Outlay: The City reports capital outlays in the fund which provides the resources.

Idle Facilities: In April 1977, the Division of Cleveland Public Power closed its generation plant and since that time the Division's revenues have been derived primarily from the distribution of purchased power. The Division continued its past practice of depreciating the plant at rates which completed the amoritization of the plant in 1999. With the present availability of competitively priced purchased power, management believes the plant will remain idle.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Capitalization of Interest: The City's policy is to capitalize interest on Proprietary Fund Type construction projects until substantial completion of the project. Capitalized interest is amortized on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The City applies Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 62, Capitalization of Interest Cost in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants, for its Waterworks Improvement First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, its Public Power Improvement First Mortgage Revenue Bonds and its Airport Revenue Bonds. This Statement requires capitalization of the interest cost of the borrowings less interest earned on investment of the bond proceeds from the date of the borrowing until the assets constructed from the bond proceeds are ready for their intended use.

For 2001, interest expense incurred for the Proprietary Funds was \$105,978,000 which was reduced by \$39,811,000 of interest expense capitalized. For 2001, total interest income earned by the Proprietary Funds was \$64,424,000 which was reduced by \$24,866,000 of interest income capitalized.

Swap Agreements: The City may enter into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates on outstanding debt. Other than the net interest expense resulting from these agreements, no amounts are recorded in the financial statements. As further described in Note D, the City has one swap agreement outstanding at December 31, 2001 for its Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds.

Contributed Capital: Contributed capital represents federal and state grants and other financial resources received prior to January 1, 2001 supplied to the City's Proprietary Funds which are not subject to mandatory repayment. As required by GASB No. 33, after January 1, 2001 these types of resources are recorded as non-operating revenues.

Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues: Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement programs are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement-type grants for the acquisition of fixed assets of Proprietary Fund Types are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and contributed capital and other contributions when the related expenses occur. Other federal reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures (expenses) are incurred. The City accounts for loans receivable related to the Economic Development Funds, Urban Development Action Funds, Community Development Block Grants and Supplemental Empowerment Zone as a reservation of fund balance to the extent that these loans do not have to be repaid to the Federal Government. Loans Receivable is presented net of allowance for doubtful accounts on the balance sheet. The loan proceeds are earmarked for future reprogramming under federal guidelines and are not available to fund current operating expenditures of the City.

The City participates in the State Issue 2 program and the Local Transportation Improvement Program. Through these programs, the State of Ohio (State) provides financial assistance to the City for its various road and bridge improvements and storm water detention facilities. The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) is the State agency which oversees the allocation of State bond proceeds and tax revenue to selected projects which have met funding requirements. Upon approval of the OPWC, the City and the State create project agreements establishing each entity's financial contribution toward each project. Through December 31, 2001, the State funded \$73,621,000 of road and bridge improvement projects. Also funded was \$4,575,000 for storm water detention facilities recorded in the Enterprise Fund's Division of Water Pollution Control.

Encumbrances and Pre-Encumbrances: Encumbrance accounting is employed in the General, certain Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds. Purchase orders and requisitions, contracts, and other commitments for expenditures are recorded as encumbrances or pre-encumbrances to reserve the applicable portion of the appropriation. Encumbrances and pre-encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are carried forward to the next fiscal year.

Interfund Transactions: During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds, including transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets and service debt. Such transactions are generally reflected as operating transfers or reimbursements in the accompanying financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows: The City utilizes the direct method of reporting cash flows from operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 9. In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Compensated Absences: In conformity with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", the City accrues vacation and sick pay benefits including their related fringe benefits as earned by its employees using the termination method. For Governmental Fund Types, the liability not currently due and payable at year end is recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

Normally, all vacation time is to be taken in the year available unless written approval for carryover of vacation time is obtained. Sick days not taken may be accumulated until retirement. An employee is paid one-third of accumulated sick leave, calculated at current wage rates, upon retirement with the balance being forfeited.

Police and Fire Deferred Vacation: Uniformed police and fire employees are eligible to defer earned vacation time, with the appropriate approvals, until retirement. Once deferred, the employee cannot use deferred time as vacation. Deferred vacation is paid to the employee upon retirement, calculated using the hourly rate and their related fringe benefits at the date of retirement.

Future Capital Improvements: Certain resources have been designated by City management to fund future capital improvements. These resources are classified as "Designated for future capital improvements" in the fund balance of the Governmental Fund Types.

Rainy Day Reserve Fund: The Rainy Day Reserve Fund was established to account for assets that are only eligible to be used during significant periods of economic downturn or to fund unanticipated one-time General Fund obligations.

Reserved Fund Balance: Fund balances are reserved to indicate that they do not constitute available financial resources and have been specifically reserved by City ordinance or other requirements.

Decertification (Recertification) of prior year encumbrances and pre-encumbrances: In the normal course of business, the City decertifies encumbrances and pre-encumbrances throughout the year. During 2001, the City had to recertify encumbrances and pre-encumbrances that were previously reduced.

NOTE C - POOLED AND SEGREGATED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Monies for the Debt Service Funds, certain Capital Projects Funds, Central Collection Agency, Municipal Courts, Department of Port Control, Division of Water, Division of Water Pollution Control, Division of Cleveland Public Power, Division of Municipal Parking Lots and certain Special Revenue Funds are deposited or invested in individual segregated bank accounts. Monies for the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) Grants, Neighborhood Development Investment Funds, Economic Development Funds, Supplemental Empowerment Zone and other Special Revenue Funds are also deposited in segregated bank accounts.

Monies of all other funds of the City, including the accounts of the General Fund, other Special Revenue Funds, other Capital Projects Funds, other Enterprise Funds, Internal Service Funds and other Agency Funds, are maintained or invested in a common group of bank accounts. Collectively these common bank accounts and investments represent the Pooled Cash Account (PCA). Each fund whose monies are included in the PCA has equity therein.

Certain funds have made disbursements from the PCA in excess of their individual equities in the PCA. Such amounts have been classified as due to other funds and due from other funds between the Restricted Income Tax and General Fund and the respective funds that have made disbursements in excess of their individual equities in the PCA.

The City has a restrictive arrangement for certain segregated monies held in escrow at the banks' trust departments in which the City must act in conjunction with a trust officer in order to make investments. The City's role is that of investment manager and the trust officer's role is that of purchasing agent. For other segregated monies, the City acts alone in placing investments with the banks. Amounts held in escrow are designated for a special purpose and are entrusted to a third party to fulfill certain legal provisions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Deposits: Ohio law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or building and loan associations located in Ohio. The City's policy is to place deposits only with major commercial banks having offices within the City of Cleveland. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Further, City ordinance requires such collateral amounts to exceed deposits by ten percent. Collateral that may be pledged is limited to obligations of the following entities: the United States and its agencies, the State of Ohio, the Ohio Student Loan Commission and any legally constituted taxing subdivision within the State of Ohio. The City also requires that non-pooled securities pledged be held by either the Federal Reserve Bank or other trust institution, as designated by the City, as trustee. This collateral is held in joint custody with the financial institution pledging the collateral, and cannot be sold or released without written consent from the City.

GASB statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its deposits into one of three categories:

Category 1: Insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.

Category 2: Collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name.

Category 3: Uncollateralized (This includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the entity's name).

Monthly, the City determines that the collateral has a market value adequate to cover the deposits and that it has been segregated either physically or in book entry form. At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits including certificates of deposit was \$79,619,000 and the actual bank balance totaled \$154,209,000. The difference represents outstanding warrants payable and normal reconciling items. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 3, \$25,688,000 of the bank balance was insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

The remaining balance of \$128,521,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized (which includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department but not in the City's name). Of this amount, \$20,042,000 was invested in two bank investment contracts (BIC). These BICs are secured by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department, but not in the City's name. The remaining amount, \$108,479,000 was secured by a collateral pool held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the respective depository bank which pledges a pool of collateral against all public deposits it holds.

Investments: The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State of Ohio obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasurer Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio); guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions as discussed in "Deposits" above or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds and State Treasurer Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of reverse repurchase agreements as of September 1996.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions, therefore, significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," requires the City to categorize its deposits and investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name;

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name;

Category 3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

			Fair			
Type of Investment	Category		Value	Value		
			000's)			
U.S. Agency Obligations	1	\$	195,796	\$	194,501	
U.S. Treasury Bonds	2		12,899		12,899	
U.S. Treasury Bills	2		26,443		26,508	
U.S. Treasury Notes	2		12,076		12,058	
Repurchase Agreements	3		233		233	
STAROhio	n/a		398,151		398,151	
Investments in Mutual Funds	n/a		211,911		211,911	
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	n/a		729,291		729,291	
Total Investments			1,586,800		1,585,552	
Total Deposits			79,619		79,619	
Total Deposits and Investments		\$	1,666,419	\$	1,665,171	

STAROhio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio Statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. Amounts invested with STAROhio, mutual funds and guaranteed investment contracts are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

NOTE D - BONDS, DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

A summary of all outstanding debt of the City as of December 31, 2001 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	January 1, 2001	Additions	(Reductions)	December 31, 2001
		(Amour	its in 000's)	
General Long-Term Obligations and Notes				
General Obligation Bonds due through 2020,				
3.5% to 9.875%	\$316,950	\$ -	(\$23,570)	\$293,380
Other Obligations:				
Urban Renewal Bonds due through 2018,				
3.60% to 6.75%	9,160		(285)	8,875
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds				
due through 2024, 4.88%	69,500		(1,300)	68,200
Non-tax Revenue Bonds, 5.75% - Stadium	10,000			10,000
Taxable Urban Renewal Notes due 2002, 3.75%		4,200		4,200
Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 1995	11,759		(4,788)	6,971
Certificates of Participation - Stadium	155,620		(1,520)	154,100
Capital lease obligations	1,350		(538)	812
Gateway note payable	4,000		(250)	3,750
Accrued wages and benefits	35,753	3,056		38,809
Police and fire overtime	64,803		(7,464)	57,339
Police and fire deferred vacation	1,193	44		1,237
Estimated claims payable (Note G)	2,394	2,845	(2,394)	2,845
Total General Long-Term Obligations and Notes	\$682,482	\$10,145	(\$42,109)	\$650,518
Enterprise Funds				:
Airport System Revenue Bonds:				
Series 1990 due through 2006, 6.50% to 7.30%	\$23,946	\$ -	(\$7,810)	\$16,136
Series 1994 due through 2024, 4.80% to 7.95%	79,230		(1,650)	77,580
Series 1997 due through 2027, 4.25% to 7.00%	268,800		(4,855)	263,945
Series 2000 due through 2031, 5.00% to 5.50%		573,190		573,190
Airport Surplus Revenue Notes:				
Series 1999 due in 2001, 6.375%	40,000		(40,000)	0
Series 2001 due in 2003, 5.55%	,	44,950		44,950
Public Power System Revenue Bonds:		,		,
Series 1991 due through 2017, 5.85% to 7.00%	43,145		(43,145)	0
Series 1994 due through 2013, 6.30% to 7.00%	70,185		(5,000)	65,185
Series 1996 due through 2024, 5.00% to 6.00%	122,380		(-,,	122,380
Series 1998 due through 2017, 4.00% to 5.25%	44,760			44,760
Series 2001 due through 2016, 4.00% to 5.50%	,,	41,925		41,925
Waterworks Improvement Revenue Bonds:		,		, - = -
Series 1977 due in 2008, 6.13%	12,905			12,905
Series 1986 due through 2015, 5.00% to 7.00%	15,350			15,350
Series 1992 due through 2016, 5.50% to 6.25%	87,315		(87,315)	0
Series 1993 due through 2021, 4.60% to 5.50%	201,245		(13,805)	187,440
Series 1996 due through 2026, 4.25% to 5.75%	90,895		(9,790)	81,105
Series 1998 due through 2028, 4.00% to 5.25%	305,425		(1,660)	303,765
Series 2001 due through 2016, 4.00% to 5.375%	303,423	92,595	(1,000)	92,595
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans		92,393		92,393
	7.412	6 404	(790)	12 117
due through 2021, 4.04% to 6.25% Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds	7,412	6,494	(789)	13,117
	77.205		(1.975)	75 520
due through 2022, 4.45% to 6.00%	77,395	750 154	(1,875)	75,520
Total Enterprise Funds		759,154	(217,694)	2,031,848
Less: Unamortized (discount) premium-net	(41,379)	373	4,836	(36,170)
Unamortized loss on debt refunding	(54,076)	(9,200)	3,951	(59,325)
Total Enterprise Funds, net	\$1,394,933	\$750,327	(\$208,907)	\$1,936,353
Total Debt	\$2,077,415	\$760,472	(\$251,016)	\$2,586,871

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

A summary of the City's future debt service requirements for tax supported general obligations, enterprise fund self-supporting obligations, urban renewal obligations and subordinated income tax refunding bonds as of December 31, 2001 follows:

	(General I	ong	-Term										Subore	dina	ted
		Oblig	gatio	ons		Enter	pris	e		Urban I	Rene	wal		Incom	ne T	ax
		Bonds	Pay	able		Oblig	atio	ns	Obligations			Refunding Bonds			onds	
Due In	Pri	incipal		Interest	P	rincipal]	nterest]	Principal	I	nterest	Principal]	Interest
						(Amo	ounts in 00	00's)						
2002	\$	24,270	\$	15,209	\$	37,459	\$	105,986	\$	300	\$	578	\$	1,300	\$	3,496
2003		24,410		13,984		90,525		103,698		320		559		1,400		3,426
2004		23,155		12,774		48,468		100,382		340		539		1,500		3,351
2005		24,005		11,602		50,552		98,086		360		518		1,600		3,270
2006		23,470		10,403		54,495		95,692		385		494		1,700		3,184
2007-2011		109,010		33,849		356,796		402,645		2,335		2,038		10,500		14,410
2012-2016		50,690		10,814		387,615		311,724		3,220		1,116		14,500		11,194
2017-2021		14,370		1,430		381,833		211,041		1,615		111		20,100		6,742
2022-2026		0		0		337,505		115,410		0		0		15,600		1,207
2027-2031		0		0		286,600		36,683		0		0		0		0
Total	\$	\$293,380	·	\$110,065	\$	2,031,848	\$	1,581,347		\$8,875	_	\$5,953	_	\$68,200	·	\$50,280

A detailed summary of general obligation bonds and enterprise debt by purpose as of December 31, 2001 is as follows:

	Original	Balance		Refunded/	Balance		
	Issue	January 1,	Issued	Retired	December 31,		
	Amount	2001	2001	2001	2001		
	(Amounts in 000's)						
General Obligation Bonds							
Public Facilities	\$100,950	\$43,235		\$2,430	40,805		
Public Service	8,145	780		535	245		
Convention Center	27,090	4,770		1,490	3,280		
Residential Redevelopment	13,595	9,010		495	8,515		
Bridges & Roadways	147,450	74,865		6,035	68,830		
Public Safety	27,545	1,420		375	1,045		
Parks & Recreation	64,355	26,725		2,355	24,370		
Waterways	2,740	390		130	260		
Parking	10,000	830		415	415		
Refunding Bonds	229,925	153,740		8,735	145,005		
Judgement/Settlement	14,500	1,185		575	610		
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$646,295	\$316,950	\$0	\$23,570	\$293,380		
Revenue Bonds and Notes							
Airport	\$1,015,351	\$411,976	618,140	\$54,315	\$975,801		
Public Power	496,520	280,470	41,925	48,145	274,250		
Waterworks	1,474,330	713,135	92,595	112,570	693,160		
Parking Facilities	81,105	77,395		1,875	75,520		
Loans and Other							
Waterworks	6,208	0	6,208	230	5,978		
Water Pollution Control	8,853	7,412	286	559	7,139		
Total Enterprise Fund	\$3,082,367	\$1,490,388	\$759,154	\$217,694	\$2,031,848		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

General Obligations Bonds and Notes

General Obligations Bonds: General obligation bonds and notes issued in anticipation of such bonds are payable from ad valorem property taxes levied within the limitations provided by law, irrespective of whether such bonds or notes are secured by other receipts of the City in addition to such ad valorem property taxes.

Under the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code, the City at December 31, 2001 had the capacity to issue \$331,828,000 of additional debt under the direct debt limit. However, significantly less could be issued under the indirect debt limit.

Other Obligations

Urban Renewal Bonds: In 1993, the City issued \$10,800,000 of Urban Renewal Increment Bonds (Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum Project) for the purpose of paying a portion of the costs of the acquisition and construction of a "port authority educational and cultural facility" to conduct programs of an educational and instructional nature relating to the field of contemporary music, including rock and roll music, which constitutes the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum ("the Facility"). The net proceeds were contributed to the Cleveland-Cuyahoga County Port Authority which owns and leases the facility to Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum, Inc., an Ohio non-profit corporation. The Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum opened in September 1995. The Urban Renewal Increment Bonds are not general obligations of the City and are not secured by the full faith and credit of the City nor are they payable from the general revenues or assets of the City. Urban Renewal Bonds are secured solely by pledged receipts, consisting of payments to be made in lieu of real property taxes pursuant to Development Agreements between the City and certain property owners and interest income on those payments.

Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds: Effective June 1, 1994, the City issued \$74,700,000 of Subordinated Income Tax Variable Rate Refunding Bonds, Series 1994 (the "Bonds"). The proceeds were used to fund the City's obligation for the employer's accrued liability to the Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund of the State of Ohio ("the Fund"). The principal use of the proceeds was for the current refunding of the City's obligation to the Fund for the employer's accrued liability in the amount of \$104,686,400, which was payable in semi-annual installments of \$2,696,243 through May 15, 2035. Pursuant to Section 742.30 (C) of the Ohio Revised Code, the City and the Fund entered into an agreement that permitted the City to make a one time payment to the Fund to extinguish the City's obligation. The payment amount of \$70,493,204 was calculated by applying a 35% discount factor to the \$104,686,400 accrued liability plus adding accrued interest of \$2,447,044. The Bonds are not general obligations of the City and are not secured by its full faith and credit. The Bonds are unvoted special obligations secured by a pledge of and a lien on the unrestricted municipal income taxes of the City, to the extent that such income taxes are not needed to pay debt service on the City's currently outstanding unvoted general obligation bonds or unvoted general obligation bonds issued in the future. The Bonds bear interest at a variable rate, determined from time to time by the remarketing agent in accordance with the indenture. As a result of a Tax Court ruling on similar bonds issued by the City of Columbus, Ohio, the City's Special Tax Counsel, Squire, Sanders & Dempsey L.L.P., issued an opinion on August 7, 1998, that the Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds are tax-exempt. As of that date, the bonds were remarketed as variable rate tax-exempt bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

In 1999, the City entered into an interest rate swap transaction for the purpose of hedging the exposure of the City against interest rate fluctuations arising from the variable rates borne by these bonds. Under the swap agreement, the City will be the fixed rate payor, paying the fixed rate of 4.88% and the counter party will be the floating rate payor, paying the actual variable rate borne by the Series 1994 Bonds. The stated termination date under the swap agreement is May 15, 2024, the maturity date of the Series 1994 Bonds. The swap agreement may be terminated prior to its stated termination date under certain circumstances. Upon termination, a payment may be owed by the City to the counter party, or by the counter party to the City, depending upon the prevailing economic circumstances at the time of the termination. The obligation of the City under the swap agreement to make the periodic fixed rate payments (but not the termination payment) is secured by a subordinate pledge of the income tax receipts, subordinate to the pledge of the income tax receipts made under the General Bond Ordinance securing the bonds. The debt service requirements to maturity for these bonds presented on the schedule within this footnote are based on the fixed rate of 5.18%, which includes remarketing and credit facility fees.

Non-tax Revenue Bonds: In 1999, the City issued non-tax revenue bonds totaling approximately \$10,000,000 to assist in the construction of the new football stadium. These bonds bear interest at 5.75% until maturity. Principal on these bonds is due each December 1st beginning December 1, 2007 through December 1, 2020. These bonds do not represent a general obligation debt or pledge of the faith, credit or taxing power of the City, and are payable solely from non-tax revenues of the City. The following is a schedule of future payments of the 1999 non-tax revenue bonds:

	Principal	Inte	nterest		
	(Amount	s in 000's)			
2007 - 2011	\$ 4,506	\$	3,669		
2012 - 2016	3,394		4,781		
2017 - 2021	2,100		4,435		
Total	\$ 10,000	\$	12,885		

Certificates of Participation-1992 and 1995: Certificates of Participation were issued to fund the acquisition of certain motor vehicles and communication equipment for lease to the City. The City will make basic lease payments during successive renewal periods of one year or less through July 1, 2003, if the City Council appropriates funds each year for that purpose. The Certificates do not constitute a debt or a pledge of the faith and credit of the City, and the City is not a party to the Certificates. If the Lease is renewed through July 1, 2003, and the City makes a purchase payment and complies with certain other conditions, the City will acquire title to the property. The following is a schedule of the future lease payments for these Certificates of Participation at December 31, 2001:

	 Principal	Inter	est
	(Amounts	s in 000's)	
2002	\$ 3,887	\$	345
2003	3,084		126
			_
Total	\$ 6,971	\$	471

Taxable Urban Renewal Notes: In October 2001, the City issued \$4,200,000 of Taxable Urban Renewal Notes. These one year notes, which are due November 1, 2002, are special obligations of the City and were issued to purchase certain properties for urban renewal purposes. Principal of and interest on the Series 2001 Notes, unless paid from other sources, are to be paid from the non-tax revenues of the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Certificates of Participation-Stadium: In June 1997, Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$139,345,000 were issued to assist in the construction of an open-air stadium for the play of professional football and other events. In October 1999, Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$20,545,000 were issued to retire the Non-Tax Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes. The City will make lease payments subject to annual appropriation by City Council and certification by the Director of Finance as to the availability of funds from those appropriations. These obligations do not constitute a debt or pledge of the full faith and credit of the City. The following is a schedule of the future payments for the Series 1997 and 1999 Certificates of Participation outstanding as of December 31, 2001:

	Principal	Interest				
	(Amounts in 000's)					
2002	1,690	7,094				
2003	1,860	7,015				
2004	2,065	6,925				
2005	2,260	6,824				
2006	2,275	6,712				
2007-2011	49,968	40,652				
2012-2016	34,762	25,168				
2017-2021	22,835	13,294				
2022-2026	29,520	6,610				
2027-2031	6,865	360				
Total	\$154,100	\$120,654				

Capital Lease Obligations: The City has entered into agreements to lease equipment. Such agreements are treated as lease purchases (capital leases) and are classified as long-term lease obligations in the financial statements. The lease contracts contain annual one-year renewal options that can be exercised by the City if sufficient funds are appropriated by City Council. Upon the exercise of each annual one-year renewal option and satisfaction of the lease obligations related thereto, title to the equipment will pass to the City. Future minimum lease payments under capital leases at December 31, 2001, are \$597,000 in year 2002 and \$248,000 in 2003. Of these amounts, \$33,000 represents interest resulting in a capital lease obligation outstanding of \$812,000 at December 31, 2001. During 2001, operating lease payments for the City were immaterial.

Gateway Note Payable: In October 1996, the City and Cuyahoga County each agreed to pay \$5,000,000 for additional costs associated with the Gateway Sports Complex. The amounts are to be repaid in annual installments of \$250,000 for 20 years. The monies will be deducted from the monthly distribution of the State local government fund. The first deduction was made in March 1997. This liability is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

Accrued Wages and Benefits: Accrued wages and benefits included in the general long-term debt account group consist of the non-current portion of vacation and sick pay benefits earned by employees of the City. The City accrues such benefits when earned and future compensation is likely.

Police and Fire Overtime and Deferred Vacation Pay: Uniformed employees of the Police and Fire Divisions accumulate overtime compensation in accordance with the union contracts and the requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act. In addition, uniformed employees may defer earned vacation time, with the appropriate approvals, until retirement. The liabilities for overtime and deferred vacation time, at current pay rates including their related fringe benefits and converted to straight time hours, at December 31, 2001, follow:

		Overtime			Deferred Vacation		
Division		Hours		Dollars	Hours	D	ollars
				(amounts	in 000's)		
Police		2,110	\$	53,015		\$	-
Fire	_	187		5,059	49		1,237
	Total	2,297	\$	58,074	49	\$	1,237

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Such employees are entitled to receive cash payments for their accumulated hours upon retirement or other termination from the City's payroll. For employees not terminating, accumulated overtime is paid once a year up to the budgeted amount for such purpose. Accumulated overtime is paid in June upon receiving requests in the first quarter. If requests exceed the budgeted amount, the requests are to be paid on a pro-rata basis. No accumulated overtime was paid subsequent to year end during the available and measurable period. Therefore, the full amount is included in the general long-term debt account group. Deferred vacation is available to the employee only as a cash payment upon retirement or other termination from the City's payroll. The accumulated hours are paid at the employee's hourly rate at the date of retirement, other termination or at the date of the payment pursuant to a request, which may differ from the rate used to determine the liability above.

Enterprise Fund Obligations

Airport System Revenue Bonds: These bonds are secured by the pledge of all airport revenues, as defined in the revenue bond indenture. Further, the City has assigned to the trustee all its interests in and rights to the airline use agreements under the revenue bond indenture.

Of the Airport System Revenue Bonds issued in 1990, \$15,276,000 were issued in the form of Capital Appreciation Bonds. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds is payable only as a component of their appreciated principal amount at maturity or redemption. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds is compounded semiannually on each interest payment date beginning July 1990. As of December 31, 2001, the Department of Port Control has recorded a liability in the amount of \$19,413,000 for compounded interest payable on the Capital Appreciation Bonds.

Effective February 27, 2001, the Department of Port Control issued \$573,190,000 of Airport System Revenue Bonds. The Series 2000 Bonds are special obligations of the City and are payable from Airport Revenues as defined in the Trust Indenture governing the bonds. The proceeds of the Series 2000 Bonds will be applied by the City to finance a portion of certain improvements to Cleveland Hopkins International Airport, to pay the costs of issuance, to fund capitalized interest on the Series 2000 bonds, and to make the required deposits to the Bond Service Reserve Fund and the Renewal and Replacement Fund. The Series A bonds in the principal amount of \$360,880,000 were issued as fixed rate, Non-AMT bonds. The Series B Bonds totaled \$63,310,000 and are fixed rate AMT Bonds. The Series C Bonds, in the total amount of \$149,000,000 were issued as variable rate Non-AMT bonds with Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale and State Street Bank and Trust Company serving as liquidity providers through a standby bond purchase agreement.

Airport Surplus Revenue Notes: In June, the Department of Port Control issued \$40,000,000 of Airport Surplus Revenue Notes, Series 1999. These two year notes matured in June 2001. On June 1, 2001, the City issued \$44,950,000 of Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes, Series 2001. The Series 2001 Notes were issued to refund the Series 1999 Notes, which provided funds to pay a portion of the cost of acquiring real property for future airport expansion, and to pay all of the interest on the Series 2001 Notes. The Series 2001 Notes are special obligations of the City and do not constitute general obligations or a pledge of the faith, credit or taxing power of the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Public Power System Revenue Bonds: These bonds are payable from the net revenues derived from the public power system, and are secured by a pledge of and lien on such net revenues plus a first mortgage lien upon all property of the public power system, including any improvements, additions, replacements and extensions thereto.

In August 2001, the Division of Cleveland Public Power issued \$41,925,000 of Public Power System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2001. The proceeds were used to refund certain outstanding Series 1991 Revenue Bonds and to pay costs of issuance. Net proceeds of \$43,176,545 were placed in an irrevocable escrow account which including interest earned was used to pay principal, interest and premium on the refunded bonds on November 15, 2001. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for these bonds has been removed from long-term debt. The total aggregate principal amount of the bonds refunded by the Series 2001 Bonds was \$41,290,000. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next fifteen years by \$7,951,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of approximately \$5,832,000.

Waterworks Improvement Revenue Bonds: These bonds are payable from the revenues derived from operations of the waterworks system after the payment of all operating and maintenance expenses (net revenue) and are secured by a pledge of and lien on such net revenues plus a first mortgage lien upon all property of the waterworks system, including any improvements, additions, replacements and extensions thereto.

Effective October 4, 2001, the Division of Water issued \$92,595,000 of Waterworks Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series J 2001. The proceeds were used to currently refund certain outstanding Series F, Series G and Series H Revenue Bonds and to pay costs of issuance. Net proceeds of \$96,566,000 were placed in an irrevocable escrow account which will be used to pay the principal, interest, and premium on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$91,965,000 are considered to be defeased and the liability for these bonds has been removed from long-term debt. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next fifteen years by \$7,231,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payment) of \$7,193,000.

Ohio Water Development Authority Loans: These loans are payable from net revenues derived from the waterworks and water pollution control systems. These obligations do not have a lien on revenues of the Divisions. The Division of Water received an OWDA loan in the amount of \$6,208,000 in 2001.

Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds: These bonds are payable from net revenues generated from certain parking facilities and other operating revenues of the Division of Municipal Parking Lots, including parking meter revenue. In addition, the City has pledged other non-tax revenue to meet debt service requirements. The City has pledged and assigned to the Trustee a first lien on pledged revenues consisting of fines and penalties collected as a result of the violation of municipal parking ordinances and fines, waivers and costs relating to citations for misdemeanor offenses and the special funds as defined within the bond indenture (see Note P).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Debt Covenants: The Enterprise Funds' related indentures have certain restrictive covenants and principally require that bond reserve funds be maintained and charges for fees to customers be in sufficient amounts, as defined, to satisfy the obligations under the indenture agreements. In addition, special provisions exist regarding covenant violations, redemption of principal and maintenance of properties in good condition.

Defeasance of Debt

The City has defeased certain debt by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

The aggregate amount of defeased debt outstanding at December 31, 2001 is as follows:

Bond Issue	Amount			
	(Amour	nts in 000's)		
Voted Tax Supported General Obligations:				
1977	\$	40		
Unvoted Tax Supported General Obligations:				
1988		8,105		
1992		16,320		
1994		25,465		
Waterworks Improvement Bonds:				
Series F, 1992		263,010		
Series G, 1993		2,040		
Series H, 1996		104,950		
Public Power System Bonds:				
Series 1994		131,440		
Parking Facilities Bonds:				
Series 1992		64,085		
Airport System Revenue Bonds:				
Series 1994B		7,950		

Airport Special Facilities Revenue Bonds

Airport Special Revenue Bonds, Series 1990, totaling \$76,320,000 were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of terminal, hanger and other support facilities leased to Continental Airlines at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. These bonds were refunded in 1999 by the issuance of Airport Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1999, totaling \$71,440,000. Airport Special Revenue Bonds, Series 1998, totaling \$75,120,000 were issued in 1998 to finance the design and construction of certain airport facilities leased to Continental Airlines, including a new regional jet concourse. Because principal and interest on these bonds is unconditionally guaranteed by Continental Airlines and paid directly by Continental Airlines, these bonds do not constitute a debt, liability or general obligation of the City or a pledge of the City's revenues. As such, no liabilities relating to these bonds are included in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

NOTE E - DEFERRED PAYMENT OBLIGATION / I-X CENTER

In January 1999, the City purchased the International Exposition ("I-X") Center and the land on and around it for \$66.5 million as part of its master plan to expand Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. As part of the purchase agreement, the City leased the building back to the former owner for 15 years, after which the City plans on tearing the building down to make way for a new runway. Of the \$66.5 million purchase price, \$36.5 million was paid in cash in 1999. The remaining \$30.0 million, including interest at 7.75%, is being deferred by the seller and will be offset by future lease payments owed to the City over the 15 year lease period. The future lease payments are equal to the remaining purchase price plus interest at 7.75%, and as such, no cash will be exchanged between the City and the lessee over the term of the lease. The deferred payment is reported as "Deferred Payment Obligation" in the accompanying balance sheet.

In the event that either a similar facility is developed that exceeds a specified size, or there is an expansion of an existing facility that exceeds a specified size within the municipal boundary of the City of Cleveland, the lessee has the right to terminate the lease. Such termination would require the City to pay the lessee the remaining portion of the deferred purchase price. Subsequent to the agreement, the City of Brook Park (the city in which the I-X Center is located) officially announced its intention to acquire the I-X Center through an eminent domain court case. In connection with the proceedings, the City and other defendants filed various counterclaims against Brook Park, of which all counterclaims have been dismissed by the Probate Court. The Probate Court found that Brook Park's alleged public purpose of economic development and of establishing a municipally owned convention center and exhibition hall are valid and proper public purposes. A preliminary hearing on the Petition for Appropriation began on September 11, 2000, and testimony was concluded on October 2, 2000. The parties submitted proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and closing arguments were presented on November 9, 2000.

On November 28, 2000, the Probate Court issued its decision dismissing Brook Park's Petition for Appropriation and finding in part that Brook Park did not have the authority to take the I-X Property by eminent domain. The Probate Court's decision recognizes that the City had a prior public use of the I-X Property for both current airport uses and for future airport uses, which were reasonably likely to occur. Brook Park appealed the Probate Court's ruling.

On February 6, 2001, the Mayors of the City of Cleveland and the City of Brook Park announced a preliminary agreement (the "I-X Property Agreement") designed to end the appeal by Brook Park of the Probate Court's decision. The I-X Property Agreement, which allocates various tax revenues and other monetary compensation to Brook Park, shifts the geographical borders of (i) the City of Cleveland to include the I-X Property and 90 acres of land south of the I-X Property, and (ii) the City of Brook Park to include the NASA Glenn / Research Center and 45 acres of land near the Airport. The I-X Property agreement closed on November 20, 2001 and the geographical borders of Cleveland and Brook Park shifted on January 1, 2002.

Minimum principal and interest payments due by the City on the deferred payment obligation and future minimum lease rentals due to the City under this lease for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	Deferred 1	Future		
				Minimum
	Principal	Interest	Total	Rentals
		(Amounts in	000's)	_
2002	1,381	2,008	3,389	3,389
2003	1,492	1,897	3,389	3,389
2004	1,612	1,777	3,389	3,389
2005	1,741	1,648	3,389	3,389
Thereafter	20,306	7,083	27,389	27,389
_	\$26,532	\$14,413	\$40,945	\$40,945

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Rental income recognized by the City under this agreement totaled \$3,389,000 in 2001, of which \$2,111,000 was offset against interest expenses and \$1,278,000 against the principal balance of the deferred payment obligation.

NOTE F - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

At December 31, 2001, the following proprietary funds had accumulated deficits:

	Accumulated	Contributed	Total
Fund Name	Deficit	Capital	Fund Equity
	(A	amounts in 000	's)
Convention Center	(\$52,027)	\$65,443	\$13,416
Municipal Parking Lots	(2,300)	21,079	18,779
East Side Market	(481)	2,943	2,462
Information Systems Services	(82)	258	176
Motor Vehicle Maintenance	(283)	2,408	2,125
Telephone Exchange	(77)	-	(77)

The above deficits arise principally from the depreciation of fixed assets funded by grants recorded as contributed capital.

The City did not obtain prior certification for all commitments as required by Ohio Revised Code. The City did not file their approved appropriation measure with the County Budget Commission by the date required by Ohio Revised Code.

NOTE G - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City does not carry commercial insurance for such risks, except for certain proprietary funds and the new football stadium (see Note H). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Governmental fund type liabilities are recorded in the general fund in the amount of \$184,000, because it is payable with available expendable financial resources. Amounts not currently payable are reported in the general long-term debt account group. As of December 31, 2001, the total of such liabilities for governmental fund types was approximately \$2,845,000, all of which are recorded in the general long-term debt account group. Proprietary fund type liabilities are recorded in their respective fund. As of December 31, 2001, the total amount of proprietary fund type liabilities was approximately \$900,000 and is included within accounts payable.

As of December 31, 2001, the amount of claims that are deemed reasonably possible in Governmental Funds total \$6,150,000 and \$457,000 in the Proprietary Funds.

Changes in the estimated claims payable for all funds during the years ended December 31 were as follows

	2001	2000
Estimated claims payable, January 1	\$3,420,000	\$4,304,000
Current year claims and changes in estimates	3,090,700	5,715,550
Claim payments	(3,481,700)	(6,599,550)
Estimated claims payable, December 31	\$3,029,000	\$3,420,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

The estimated claims liability was based on the estimated cost of settling claims (including incremental claim adjustment expenses) through a case-by-case review of all outstanding claims and by using historical experience. The estimates do not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Insurance: Certain proprietary funds carry insurance to cover certain liability risks and property protection. Otherwise, the City is generally self-insured. No material losses, including incurred but not reported losses, occurred in 2001. The City reported no significant decrease in any insurance coverages in 2001. In addition, the City reported no amounts of insurance settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

The City provides the choice of four separate health insurance plans for its employees. These plans are provided by two different insurers through commercial insurance. Operating funds are charged a monthly rate per employee, by type of coverage. The City participates in the State of Ohio Workers' Compensation program.

NOTE H - COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, those claims which are considered "probable" are accrued, while those claims which are considered "reasonably possible" are disclosed but not accrued. The potential losses resulting from all claims which are reasonably possible, excluding condemnation proceedings, is approximately \$6,607,000 as of December 31, 2001. In addition, probable claims totaling approximately \$3,929,000 have been accrued for. These estimates were based on a case-by-case review of outstanding claims by the City's in-house legal department.

Cleveland Browns Stadium: In March 1996, the City of Cleveland and the National Football League (NFL) reached a settlement in litigation relating to the relocation of the Cleveland Browns football team. The settlement obligated the NFL to provide an NFL franchise to play in Cleveland for the 1999 NFL season. In return, the City pledged to build a new stadium in downtown Cleveland for the play of professional football.

The City financed construction of the new stadium primarily through borrowings, contributions from the new owner of the Cleveland Browns, and grants from the State of Ohio. As of December 31, 2001, outstanding debt borrowed by the City to construct the new stadium totaled approximately \$164 million. Such debt is being funded by the following revenue sources: an 8% off-street parking tax; an increase in admissions tax from 6% to 8%; and, an increase in the motor vehicle leasing transaction tax from \$4 to \$6 per transaction. In addition, voters of Cuyahoga County approved an extension of the existing County-wide tax on alcohol and cigarettes from August 1, 2005 through July 31, 2015. In 1998, the Cleveland Browns further agreed to pay 50% of any additional costs to build the new stadium in excess of \$283 million, up to \$5 million.

In August 1999, construction of the stadium was completed. Total costs paid or accrued by the City as of December 31, 2001 for construction of the new stadium under all approved contracts amounted to approximately \$287 million. Outstanding change orders submitted by stadium contractors through December 2001 would bring the total to approximately \$289 million. The \$2 million has been accrued for in these financial statements.

The asset related to the Stadium is recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and the related debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. The activity related to the construction of the new stadium is reflected within the Cleveland Stadium Construction subfund of the Capital Projects fund. Operating revenues and expenses of the new stadium are recorded within an enterprise fund.

Stadium Team Lease: The City and the Cleveland Browns have entered into a 30-year lease agreement for the new stadium beginning in 1999. Under the terms of the lease, the Cleveland Browns are required to pay the City an annual rent of \$250,000. In return, the Cleveland Browns receive all revenues from the operation of the stadium and pay all expenses, except for real property taxes and insurance, which are the responsibilities of the City of Cleveland. The City is in the process of requesting a property tax abatement for the new stadium. Additionally, the City is required to fund certain capital repairs as described in the lease agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Contingencies Under Grant Programs: The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs, principal of which are Community Development Block Grants, Home Weatherization Assistance, Distressed Nieghborhood, the Healthy Start Initiative, Federal HOME Program, Youth Opportunity Area Grant, Workforce Initiative Grant, and FAA Airport Improvement Grant Programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. As of December 31, 2001, the audits of certain programs have not been completed. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The City believes that disallowed costs, if any, would not be material.

NOTE I - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City maintains enterprise funds which provide water, sewer (Water Pollution Control), light and power service (Cleveland Public Power), airport (Port Control), cemetery, convention center, golf courses, municipal parking and public market facilities. Segment information for the year ended December 31, 2001 for the enterprise funds is summarized as follows:

		Water	Cleveland			
		Pollution	Public	Port	Convention	West Side
_	Water	Control	Power	Control	Center	Market
			(Amounts	in 000's)		
Total operating revenue	\$212,724	\$18,893	\$132,095	\$92,825	\$3,752	\$545
Depreciation and						
amortization expense	29,682	3,859	16,296	23,599	2,303	180
Operating income (loss)	66,201	1,307	17,965	12,431	(5,802)	(713)
Operating transfers (out) in, net					(1,200)	
Net income (loss)	63,031	887	7,288	32,675	(2,219)	2,599
Current capital and grant contributions		597		30,537		3,280
Restricted assets	253,727		20,660	767,670		
Fixed assets additions	10,095	2,170	10,758	24,690		29
Fixed assets disposals	2,416	400				
Net working capital (deficit)	226,927	27,787	54,501	18,667	1,938	69
Total assets	1,432,241	136,935	391,313	1,420,582	20,896	8,341
Revenue bonds payable and loans	662,626		229,722	962,938		
Payables from restricted assets	5,303	100	278	14,802	6	
Other long-term liabilities	5,978	7,139		26,531		
Total fund equity	716,778	81,490	147,465	363,057	13,416	8,052

		Municipal		~	
	East Side	Parking		Golf	7D 4 1
-	Market	Lots	Cemeteries	Courses	Total
			(Amounts i	in 000's)	
Total operating revenue	\$27	\$8,021	\$1,408	\$2,057	\$472,347
Depreciation and					
amortization expense	122	1,704	128	133	78,006
Operating income (loss)	(165)	4,174	(878)	221	94,741
Operating transfers (out) in, net					(1,200)
Net income (loss)	(157)	136	(296)	305	104,249
Current capital and grant contributions		68	336		34,818
Restricted assets		16,296	5,707		1,064,060
Fixed assets additions		99	10		47,851
Fixed assets disposals			247	41	3,104
Net working capital (deficit)	251	(53)	(489)	2,230	331,828
Total assets	2,471	88,607	10,349	5,037	3,516,772
Revenue bonds payable and loans		67,950			1,923,236
Payables from restricted assets		17			20,506
Other long-term liabilities					39,648
Total fund equity	2,462	18,779	9,626	4,954	1,366,079

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

NOTE J - DUE TO / DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances as of December 31, 2001 are as follows:

	Due From	Due To				
-	(Amount in 000's)					
GENERAL FUND	\$42,274	\$8,445				
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:						
Division of Streets	641	631				
Restricted Income Tax	18,040	1,270				
Reserve Fund	0	6,148				
Rainy Day Reserve Fund	0	10,495				
Community Development Block Grants	223	4,322				
Community Development Funds	0	287				
Economic Development Funds	321	1				
Home Weatherization Grants	0	567				
Air Pollution Control Grants	0	61				
W.I.A.	0	8,268				
General Government Funds	1,590	45				
Public Service Grants	0	114				
Public Safety Funds	144	33				
Public Health Funds	612	15				
Parks, Recreation and Properties Grants	711	163				
Gateway Shared Income Tax	118	0				
Supplemental Empowerment Zone	0	11,654				
Airport Trans. Rental Fees	91	0				
	22,491	44,074				
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS:						
Capital/Urban Renewal Bond Construction	111	3,350				
Grant Improvement	0	5,863				
Capital Improvement	4,682	0				
Cleveland Stadium Construction	0	61				
	4,793	9,274				
ENTERPRISE FUNDS:						
Division of Water	5,113	5,534				
Division of Water Pollution Control	1,818	2,340				
Division of Cleveland Public Power	6,836	583				
Department of Port Control	942	1,096				
Convention Center	100	6,369				
West Side Market	0	23				
Municipal Parking Lots	120	60				
Cemeteries	0	476				
Golf Courses	0	7				
	14,929	16,488				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

	Due From	Due To
	(Amount in	n 000's)
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS:		
Information Systems Services	850	360
Motor Vehicle Maintenance	1,825	4,051
Printing and Reproduction	60	778
City Storeroom and Warehouse	125	116
Utilities Administration	0	723
Sinking Fund Administration	58	25
Municipal Income Tax Administration	398	688
Telephone Exchange	2,208	1,134
Office of Radio Communications	150	300
	5,674	8,175
AGENCY FUNDS:		
Municipal Courts	0	626
Central Collection Agency	286	3,376
Other Agency	11	_
	297	4,002
	\$90,458	\$90,458

NOTE K - INCOME TAXES

During 2001, the City income tax rate remained at 2% and the credit provided to City residents for income taxes paid to other municipalities remained at 50%. A portion of the City income tax is restricted in its use to capital expenditures and debt service and is included in the Special Revenue Funds. All other income tax proceeds are included in the General Fund.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income taxes on employee compensation and remit withholdings to the City at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

NOTE L - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the City. The 2001 levy was based upon an assessed valuation of approximately \$6.058 billion. Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 10 mills of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is 4.4 mills, of which 4.35 mills is dedicated to debt service and .05 mills is dedicated to the payment of police and fire pension obligations. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every six years, with a statistical update every third year. Assessed values are established by the Cuyahoga County (County) Auditor. The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City.

Real property taxes, excluding public utility property, are all assessed at 35% of appraised market value. Pertinent real property tax dates are:

• Collection Dates January 20 and June 20 of the current year

Lien Date January 1 of the year preceding the collection year
 Levy Date October 1 of the year preceding the collection year

Tangible personal property taxes are based on assessed values determined at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of the current calendar year. For the collection year 2001, the percentage used to determine taxable value of personal property and inventory was 25%. Pertinent tangible personal property tax dates are:

• Collection Dates April 30 and September 30 of the current year

• Lien Date January 1 of the current year

• Levy Date October 1 of the year preceding the collection year

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Electric deregulation took place January 1, 2001. Under prior law, an electric company's taxable production equipment was assessed at 100% of true value, while all of its other taxable property was assessed at 88% of true value. Current legislation provides the assessment rate for the taxable transmission and distribution property of an electric company remains at 88% of true value, but all other taxable property of the electric company is now assessed at 25% of true value. Pertinent public utility tangible personal property tax dates are:

• Collection Dates January 20 and June 20 of the current year

Lien Date December 31 of the second year preceding the collection year

Levy Date October 1 of the year preceding the collection year

NOTE M - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. For calendar years 2001, 2000, and 1999 the employer pension contribution rate for the City were 13.55, 10.84, and 13.55 percent of covered payroll, respectively. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The City's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$32,584,418, \$25,503,358, and \$29,609,000, respectively. The required amounts have been contributed for 2001, 2000, and 1999.

B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the OP&F's Board of Trustees. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and by Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Police and firefighters are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations and the City is required to contribute 19.55 percent for police and 24 percent for firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The City's contributions to the OP&F for police and firefighters were \$19,554,276 and \$12,597,729 for the year ended December 31, 2001, \$18,333,527 and \$11,943,540 for the year ended December 31, 2000, and \$19,101,885 and \$12,153,795 for the year ended December 31, 1999. The required payments have been made for 2001, 2000, and 1999.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

NOTE N - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2001 employer contribution rate was 13.55 of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2001. For 2000, the contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2000, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The number of active contributing participants was 411,076. The City's actual contributions for 2001 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$10,339,000. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2000 (the latest information available) were \$11,735.9 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$14,364.6 million and \$2,628.7 million, respectively.

For 2001, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid from the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total police employer contribution is 19.5 percent of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution is 24 percent of covered payroll was applied to the postemployment health care program during 2001. For 2000 the percent used to fund healthcare was 7.25 percent. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment.

The City's actual contributions for 2001 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$7,528,000 for police and \$3,943,000 for fire. The OP&F's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001, were \$106,160,000, which was net of member contributions of \$5,657,000. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2000, (the latest information available) was 12,853 for police and 10,037 for firefighters.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

NOTE O - GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	Balance				Balance				
	January 1,				December 31,				
_	2001	Additions	(Deductions)	Transfers	2001				
		(Amount in 000's)							
Land	\$37,240			\$0	\$37,240				
Land Improvements	54,205			1,021	55,226				
Buildings, Structures and Improvements	503,756			4,407	508,163				
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	87,442	\$16,575	(\$9,442)	49	94,624				
Construction in Progress	36,909	15,856		(5,428)	47,337				
Total	\$719,552	\$32,431	(\$9,442)	\$49	\$742,590				

At December 31, 2001, general fixed assets include \$4,167,000 of equipment under capitalized leases and \$26,385,000 of equipment acquired through certificates of participation financing.

Construction in progress is comprised of the following at December 31, 2001:

Project	Expended to	
Authorization	December 31, 2001	Committed
	(Amounts in 000's)	
\$10,533	\$9,188	\$1,345
54	41	13
1,546	320	1,226
16,535	16,061	474
3,666	1,959	1,707
23,904	18,368	5,536
1,777	1,400	377
\$58,015	\$47,337	\$10,678
	\$10,533 54 1,546 16,535 3,666 23,904 1,777	Authorization December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's) \$10,533 \$9,188 54 41 1,546 320 16,535 16,061 3,666 1,959 23,904 18,368 1,777 1,400

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

NOTE P - GATEWAY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

The City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County and Gateway Economic Development Corporation of Greater Cleveland (Gateway) entered into a three party agreement whereby Gateway was authorized to construct, own and provide for the operation of a professional sports facility, which includes a baseball stadium, an arena, and a joint development site. Gateway was incorporated on May 31, 1990 and is a governmental not-for-profit corporation legally separate from any other entity. In 1990, voters in Cuyahoga County agreed to levy an excise tax for the purpose of constructing such professional sports facility. The sports facility for the Cleveland Indians (Jacobs Field) opened in April 1994. The multi-functional arena (Gund Arena) opened in October 1994.

The bonds that were issued to construct the sports facilities described above are not a debt or liability of the City of Cleveland. To enhance the security of the bonds, the City has agreed to pledge annually 50% of admissions taxes on Cleveland Cavaliers games held at the arena to pay debt service if other revenue sources are not sufficient. Any exempted admissions tax not required for debt service will be reimbursed to the City. The City's current admissions tax rate is 8%. For the year ended December 31, 2001, the City pledged \$1,383,000.

In 1992, the Division of Municipal Parking Lots (Division) issued \$71,000,000 of Parking Facilities Improvement Revenue Bonds to finance the construction of three parking facilities including two which will directly service the sports facilities. In 1996, the Division issued \$81,105,000 of Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1996 to advance refund these bonds. Debt service is covered by net revenues from the new parking facilities and other operating revenues of the Division, including all parking meter revenue. In addition, the City has pledged all amounts received by the General Fund for parking violations, waivers and criminal fines to the extent needed for the payment of debt service on the bonds. The first garage on the Gateway site was completed in January 1994. The second garage was completed in August 1994. The third parking facility, Willard Park Garage, was completed in April 1996.

In accordance with an agreement with Gateway, Gateway is required to reimburse the City for the excess of the debt service requirements of the Parking Facility Improvement Revenue Bonds attributed to the two Gateway garages over the net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages. In 2001, net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages were less than the debt service payments attributed to those garages by \$2,373,000. Cumulative debt service payments funded by the City that are due from Gateway total \$19,212,000 at December 31, 2001. Due to the uncertainty of collecting such amounts, an allowance has been recorded to offset the amounts in full, therefore these amounts do not appear on the balance sheet.

NOTE Q - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective January 1, 2001, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions" and Statement No. 36, "Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues" (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 33). In general, GASB Statements No. 33 and 36 establish accounting and financial reporting standards which address when to report the results of nonexchange transactions involving financial or capital resources. In a nonexchange transaction, an entity gives (or receives) value without directly receiving or giving equal value in return. These statements did not have a material impact on the City's beginning fund balances as previously reported.

Cash received or receivables recognized with respect to income taxes, property taxes, certain grants and other nonexchange transactions that do not meet the revenue recognition criteria under GASB Statemenst No. 33 and 36 are recorded as deferred revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

NOTE R - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 11, 2002, City Council passed legislation authorizing the issuance of \$43,600,000 of Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds and \$6,375,000 of General Obligation Judgement Bonds and the issuance of notes in anticipation of those bonds (BANS). Pursuant to this legislation, the City issued \$23,200,000 Series 2002A Various Purpose General Obligation BANS and \$3,500,000 Series 2002B Final Judgement BANS, on June 27, 2002.

On July 17, 2002, City Council passed legislation authorizing the issuance of Waterworks Revenue Bonds in an amount not to exceed \$235,000,000 for improvements to the Waterworks System and not to exceed \$50,000,000 for refunding outstanding debt. The bonds are expected to be issued in the fall of 2002.

CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE GENERAL FUND IS ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR ALL FINANCIAL RESOURCES EXCEPT FOR THOSE REQUIRED TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR IN ANOTHER FUND

BALANCE SHEET-GENERAL FUND

		1,		
		2001		2000
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,364	\$	12,925
Receivables:				
Taxes		105,537		85,829
Accounts		15,526		10,859
Accrued interest		24		647
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(4,825)		(2,000)
		116,262		95,335
Inventory of supplies		53		
Due from other funds		42,274		44,038
Due from other governments		35,727		14,012
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	196,680	\$	166,310
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	5,853	\$	5,204
Estimated claims payable	Ψ	184	Ψ	781
Deferred revenue		102,280		52,077
Due to other funds		8,445		8,699
Due to other governments		275		221
Accrued wages and benefits		40,393		41,869
TOTAL LIABILITIES		157,430		108,851
FUND BALANCE Reserve for inventory		53		
Reserve for encumbrances		14,823		9,144
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund		10,495		8,792
Reserve for reserve fund		6,148		0,772
Unreserved:		0,110		
Undesignated		7,731		39,523
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		39,250		57,459
momit 111 Pt 2007 2 12 2				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	196,680	\$	166,310

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-GENERAL FUND

	Years Ended Dece 2001	ember 31, 2000		
REVENUES				
Income taxes	\$ 246,121 \$	258,255		
Property taxes	46,200	41,806		
State local government fund	59,252	60,015		
Other shared revenues	32,042	32,252		
Licenses and permits	8,853	9,155		
Charges for services	17,662	16,685		
Fines and forfeits	13,096	20,990		
Investment earnings	1,349	1,938		
Miscellaneous	14,912	13,690		
TOTAL REVENUES	439,487	454,786		
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	53,578	55,559		
Public service	32,038	35,804		
Public safety	271,817	274,864		
Community development	15,770	13,654		
Public health	11,281	12,507		
Maintenance, parks and recreation	38,446	38,624		
Economic development	1,116	1,068		
Other	15,449	18,306		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	439,495	450,386		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(8)	4,400		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	18,759			
Operating transfers out	(36,960)	(37,265)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (18,201)	(37,265)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(18,209)	(32,865)		
Fund balance at beginning of year	 57,459	90,324		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 39,250 \$	57,459		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	General Fund							
		Original Revised Budget Budget				Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES				.=				(0.4=4)
Income taxes	\$	271,392	\$	271,392	\$	262,721	\$	(8,671)
Property taxes		48,318		48,318		47,842		(476)
State local government fund		58,310		58,284		59,265		981
Other shared revenues		34,612		34,612		31,590		(3,022)
Licenses and permits		8,184		8,184		8,887		703
Charges for services		14,127		15,540		16,030		490
Fines and forfeits		16,658		16,658		16,768		110
Investment earnings		4,893		2,446		1,604		(842)
Workers compensation settlement and refunds								
Miscellaneous		20,569		21,603		29,735		8,132
TOTAL REVENUES		477,063		477,037		474,442		(2,595)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government								
Council and clerk of council								
Personnel		3,165		3,182		3,179		3
Other		2,292		2,292		2,247		45
Total council and clerk of council		5,457		5,474		5,426		48
Office of the Mayor								
Personnel		1,420		1,162		1,161		1
Other		238		238		238		•
Total office of the Mayor		1,658		1,400		1,399		1
Office of consumer affairs								
Personnel				40				40
Other				60				60
Total office of consumer affairs				100				100
Total office of consumer until				100				100
Office of personnel								
Personnel		1,175		1,121		1,120		1
Other		492		356		356		
Total office of personnel		1,667		1,477		1,476		1
Landmarks commission								
Personnel		139		139		98		41
Other		7		7		4		3
Total landmarks commission		146		146		102		44
Board of building standards and appeals								
Personnel		84		74		74		
Other		19		10		10		
Total board of building standards and appeals		103		84		84		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
Fair campaign finance commission				
Other	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 1	\$ 9
Total fair campaign finance commission	10	10	1	9
Board of zoning appeals				
Personnel	239	229	229	
Other	29	19	19	
Total board of zoning appeals	268	248	248	
Civil service commission				
Personnel	662	644	644	
Other	575	591	582	9
Total civil service commission	1,237	1,235	1,226	9
Community relations board				
Personnel	921	921	791	130
Other	85	85	85	
Total community relations board	1,006	1,006	876	130
City planning commission				
Personnel	1,297	1,246	1,231	15
Other	48	64	55	9
Total city planning commission	1,345	1,310	1,286	24
Office of equal opportunity				
Personnel	493	480	471	9
Other	45	45	36	9
Total office of equal opportunity	538	525	507	18
Board of examiners of plumbers and electricians				
Personnel	133	77	77	
Other	3	4	2	2
Total board of examiners of plumbers and electricians	136	81	79	2
Municipal court-judicial division				
Personnel	13,869	14,058	14,058	
Other	2,121	2,120	2,089	31
Total municipal court-judicial division	15,990	16,178	16,147	31

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	General Fund								
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)					
Municipal court-housing division	Ф 2.210	Ф 2.120	Ф 2.002	ф 47					
Personnel	\$ 2,319		\$ 2,083	\$ 47					
Other	119		133	11					
Total municipal court-housing division	2,438	2,274	2,216	58					
Municipal court-clerks division									
Personnel	6,621	6,396	6,350	46					
Other	2,154	2,354	2,217	137					
Total municipal court-clerks division	8,775	8,750	8,567	183					
Office of budget and management									
Personnel	608	621	619	2					
Other	41	48	44	4					
Total office of budget and management	649	669	663	6					
Department of aging									
Personnel	292	197	197						
Other	113	67	65	2					
Total department of aging	405	264	262	2					
Department of law									
Personnel	4,912	5,314	5,259	55					
Other	2,898	3,398	3,257	141					
Total department of law	7,810	8,712	8,516	196					
Division of harbors									
Personnel	56	56		56					
Total division of harbors	56	56		56					
Finance administration									
Personnel	359	295	295						
Other	33	35	35						
Total finance administration	392	330	330						
Division of accounts									
Personnel	905	888	887	1					
Other	385	48	48						
Total division of accounts	1,290	936	935	1					
Division of assessments and licenses									
Personnel	901	943	943						
Other	186	171	170	1					
Total division of assessments and licenses	1,087	1,114	1,113	1					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	General Fund							
		ginal dget	Revised Budget			Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Division of treasury								
Personnel	\$	406	\$	430	\$	430	\$	-
Other		66		76		76		
Total division of treasury		472		506		506		
Division of purchases and supplies								
Personnel		595		488		487		1
Other		92		62		61		1
Total division of purchases and supplies		687		550		548		2
Bureau of internal audit								
Personnel		527		520		520		
Other		229		231		225		6
Total bureau of internal audit		756		751		745		6
Division of financial reporting and control								
Personnel		1,199		1,154		1,153		1
Other		464		393		375		18
Total division of financial reporting and control		1,663		1,547		1,528		19
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	:	56,041		55,733		54,786		947
Public Service								
Public service administration								
Personnel		438		389		387		2
Other		19		23		20		3
Total public service administration		457		412		407		5
Division of architecture								
Personnel		589		630		630		
Other		32		32		22		10
Total division of architecture		621		662		652		10
Division of waste collection and disposal								
Personnel		15,267		16,020		15,836		184
Other		12,404		11,564		11,562		2
Total division of waste collection and disposal		27,671		27,584		27,398		186
Division of engineering and construction								
Personnel		4,845		4,814		4,782		32
Other		396		353		311		42
Total division of engineering and construction		5,241		5,167		5,093		74
TOTAL PUBLIC SERVICE	:	33,990		33,825		33,550		275

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

Public Safety Public Safety administration Personnel \$ 3,863 \$ \$ 3,448 \$ 3,348 \$ 100 Other			Genera	al Fund	
Public Safety Public safety administration Public safety administration Personnel Same and Safety Safety administration Safety Safe					Variance-
Public Safety Public safety administration Personnel \$ 3,863		Original	Revised		Favorable
Public safety administration Personnel \$3,863 \$3,448 \$3,348 \$100 Other 604 604 576 28 Total public safety administration 4,467 4,052 3,924 128 Division of police Personnel 158,190 161,079 160,295 784 Other 10,822 10,525 10,030 495 Total division of police 169,012 171,604 170,325 1,279 Division of fire Personnel 71,033 73,176 72,798 378 Other 3,398 3,155 2,961 194 Total division of fire 15,998 16,900 16,770 130 Other 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 Total division of emergency medical services 11,088 1,223 1,189 34 Division of traffic engineering 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 Other 845 880 785 <th></th> <th>Budget</th> <th>Budget</th> <th>Actual</th> <th>(Unfavorable)</th>		Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Personnel \$ 3,863 \$ 3,448 \$ 3,348 \$ 100 Other 604 604 576 28 Total public safety administration 4,467 4,052 3,924 128 Division of police Personnel 158,190 161,079 160,295 784 Other 10,822 10,525 10,030 495 Total division of police 169,012 171,604 170,325 1,279 Division of fire 71,033 73,176 72,798 378 Personnel 3,398 3,155 2,961 194 Total division of fire 74,431 76,331 75,759 572 Division of emergency medical services 15,998 16,900 16,770 130 Other 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 Total division of emergency medical services 17,086 18,123 17,959 164 Division of traffic engineering 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 Other 845 88	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Other 604 604 576 28 Total public safety administration 4.467 4.052 3.924 128 Division of police Personnel 158,190 161,079 160,295 784 Other 10,822 10,525 10,030 495 Total division of police 169,012 171,604 170,325 1,279 Division of fire 71,033 73,176 72,798 378 Other 3,398 3,155 2,961 194 Total division of fire 74,431 76,331 75,759 572 Division of emergency medical services 74,431 76,331 75,759 572 Division of emergency medical services 15,998 16,900 16,770 130 Other 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 Total division of emergency medical services 17,086 18,123 17,959 164 Division of traffic engineering 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 0 165 95	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total public safety administration 4,467 4,052 3,924 128 Division of police Personnel 158,190 161,079 160,295 784 Other 10,822 10,525 10,030 495 Total division of police 169,012 171,604 170,325 1,279 Division of fire Personnel 71,033 73,176 72,798 378 Other 3,398 3,155 2,961 194 Total division of fire 74,431 76,331 75,759 572 Division of emergency medical services Personnel 15,998 16,900 16,770 130 Other 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 Total division of emergency medical services 17,086 18,123 17,959 164 Division of traffic engineering 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 Other 845 880 785 95 Total division of traffic engineering 741 675 665 10			- , -		
Division of police Personnel 158,190 161,079 160,295 784 Other 10,822 10,525 10,030 495 Total division of police 169,012 171,604 170,325 1,279 Division of fire Personnel 71,033 73,176 72,798 378 Other 3,398 3,155 2,961 194 Total division of fire 74,431 76,331 75,759 572 Division of emergency medical services Personnel 15,998 16,900 16,770 130 Other 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 Total division of emergency medical services 17,086 18,123 17,959 164 Division of traffic engineering 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 Personnel 845 880 785 95 Total division of traffic engineering 3,809 3,815 3,712 103 Division of dog pound 741 675 665 10 Othe					
Personnel 158,190 161,079 160,295 784 Other 10,822 10,525 10,030 495 Total division of police 169,012 171,604 170,325 1,279 Division of fire 71,033 73,176 72,798 378 Other 3,398 3,155 2,961 194 Total division of fire 74,431 76,331 75,759 572 Division of emergency medical services 15,998 16,900 16,770 130 Other 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 Total division of emergency medical services 17,086 18,123 17,959 164 Division of traffic engineering 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 Other 845 880 785 95 Total division of traffic engineering 3,809 3,815 3,712 103 Division of dog pound 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 Personnel 741 675 665 10<	Total public safety administration	4,467	4,052	3,924	128
Other Total division of police 10,822 10,525 10,030 1495 Total division of police 169,012 171,604 170,325 1,279 Division of fire Personnel Other 71,033 73,176 72,798 378 378 0ther Other Othe	Division of police				
Total division of police 169,012 171,604 170,325 1,279 Division of fire Personnel 71,033 73,176 72,798 378 Other 3,398 3,155 2,961 194 Total division of fire 74,431 76,331 75,759 572 Division of emergency medical services 15,998 16,900 16,770 130 Other 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 Total division of emergency medical services 17,086 18,123 17,959 164 Division of traffic engineering 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 Other 845 880 785 95 Total division of traffic engineering 3,809 3,815 3,712 103 Division of dog pound 741 675 665 10 Other 105 105 92 13 Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 Community Development 105 105	Personnel	158,190	161,079	160,295	784
Division of fire Personnel 71,033 73,176 72,798 378 378 338 3,155 2,961 194 19	Other	10,822	10,525	10,030	495
Personnel Other 71,033 73,176 72,798 378 Other 3,398 3,155 2,961 194 Total division of fire 74,431 76,331 75,759 572 Division of emergency medical services Personnel 15,998 16,900 16,770 130 Other 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 Total division of emergency medical services 17,086 18,123 17,959 164 Division of traffic engineering 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 Other 845 880 785 95 Total division of traffic engineering 3,809 3,815 3,712 103 Division of dog pound Personnel 741 675 665 10 Other 105 105 92 13 Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 Community Development 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 Commun	Total division of police	169,012	171,604	170,325	1,279
Other 3,398 3,155 2,961 194 Total division of fire 74,431 76,331 75,759 572 Division of emergency medical services Personnel 15,998 16,900 16,770 130 Other 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 Total division of emergency medical services 17,086 18,123 17,959 164 Division of traffic engineering 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 Other 845 880 785 95 Total division of traffic engineering 3,809 3,815 3,712 103 Division of dog pound Personnel 741 675 665 10 Other 105 105 92 13 Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 Community Development 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 Community Development Division of administration services 1,803 1,335 1	Division of fire				
Total division of fire 74,431 76,331 75,759 572	Personnel	71,033	73,176	72,798	378
Division of emergency medical services	Other	3,398	3,155	2,961	194
Personnel Other 15,998 16,900 16,770 130 34 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 34 101 101 10	Total division of fire	74,431	76,331	75,759	572
Personnel Other 15,998 16,900 16,770 130 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 17,086 18,123 17,959 164 Total division of emergency medical services 17,086 18,123 17,959 164 Division of traffic engineering Personnel Other 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 880 785 95 785 95 785 95 785 95 785 785 95 785 785 95 785 785 95 785 785 95 785 785 95 785 785 95 785 785 785 95 785 785 95 785 785 95 78	Division of emergency medical services				
Other 1,088 1,223 1,189 34 Total division of emergency medical services 17,086 18,123 17,959 164 Division of traffic engineering 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 Other 845 880 785 95 Total division of traffic engineering 3,809 3,815 3,712 103 Division of dog pound 741 675 665 10 Other 105 105 92 13 Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 Community Development Division of administration services 1,803 1,335 1,335 Other 358 276 280 (4 Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4 Division of neighborhood services Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other </td <td>•</td> <td>15,998</td> <td>16,900</td> <td>16,770</td> <td>130</td>	•	15,998	16,900	16,770	130
Division of traffic engineering 2,964 2,935 2,927 8 Other 845 880 785 95 Total division of traffic engineering 3,809 3,815 3,712 103 Division of dog pound 741 675 665 10 Other 105 105 92 13 Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 Community Development Division of administration services 1,803 1,335 1,335 Other 358 276 280 (4 Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4 Division of neighborhood services Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800	Other				34
Personnel Other 2,964 845 880 785 95 2,927 89 8 Total division of traffic engineering 3,809 3,815 3,712 103 103 Division of dog pound Personnel Other 741 675 665 10 665 10 Other 105 105 92 13 105 105 92 13 13 Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 23 TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 Community Development Division of administration services Personnel 3,803 1,335 1,335 1,335 Other 358 276 280 (4) 1,803 1,335 1,335 1,335 (4) Total division of administration services Personnel 6,161 1,611 1,615 (4) 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services Personnel 6,162 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 1,344 1 Other 8,800 800 800 800	Total division of emergency medical services				164
Personnel Other 2,964 845 880 785 95 2,927 89 8 Total division of traffic engineering 3,809 3,815 3,712 103 103 Division of dog pound Personnel 741 675 665 10 665 10 Other 105 105 92 13 13 Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 Community Development Division of administration services Personnel Other 1,803 1,335 1,335 1,335 1,335 276 280 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services Personnel Other 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 1,344 1 Other 800 800	Division of traffic engineering				
Other 845 880 785 95 Total division of traffic engineering 3,809 3,815 3,712 103 Division of dog pound Personnel 741 675 665 10 Other 105 105 92 13 Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 Community Development Division of administration services Personnel 1,803 1,335 1,335 2,269 Coher 358 276 280 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800 800		2,964	2,935	2,927	8
Total division of traffic engineering 3,809 3,815 3,712 103 Division of dog pound 741 675 665 10 Other 105 105 92 13 Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 Community Development Division of administration services 1,803 1,335 1,335 Other 358 276 280 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800	Other				
Personnel 741 675 665 10 Other 105 105 92 13 Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 Community Development Division of administration services 1,803 1,335 1,335 Personnel 1,803 1,335 1,335 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services 2,161 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800	Total division of traffic engineering	3,809	3,815	3,712	
Personnel 741 675 665 10 Other 105 105 92 13 Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 Community Development Division of administration services 1,803 1,335 1,335 Personnel 1,803 1,335 1,335 4 Other 358 276 280 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services 2 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800 800	Division of dog pound				
Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 Community Development Division of administration services Personnel 1,803 1,335 1,335 Other 358 276 280 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800		741	675	665	10
Total division of dog pound 846 780 757 23 TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY 269,651 274,705 272,436 2,269 Community Development Division of administration services Personnel 1,803 1,335 1,335 Other 358 276 280 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800	Other	105	105	92	13
Community Development Division of administration services Personnel 1,803 1,335 1,335 Other 358 276 280 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800 800	Total division of dog pound		780		23
Division of administration services 1,803 1,335 1,335 Other 358 276 280 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800	TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	269,651	274,705	272,436	2,269
Division of administration services 1,803 1,335 1,335 Other 358 276 280 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800	Community Development				
Other 358 276 280 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800					
Other 358 276 280 (4) Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800	Personnel	1,803	1,335	1,335	
Total division of administration services 2,161 1,611 1,615 (4) Division of neighborhood services 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800					(4)
Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800					(4)
Personnel 1,331 1,345 1,344 1 Other 800 800	Division of neighborhood services				
Other 800 800	<u> </u>	1,331	1,345	1,344	1
		,			
1,331 2,144 1	Total division of neighborhood services	1,331	2,145	2,144	1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

		Gener	al Fund	
		Gener	ur i uriu	Variance-
	Original	Revised		Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Division of neighborhood development				_
Personnel	\$ 1,501		\$ 1,613	\$ 1
Other	200	215	200	15
Total division of neighborhood development	1,701	1,829	1,813	16
Division of building and housing				
Personnel	10,428	10,275	10,167	108
Other	447	482	478	4
Total division of building and housing	10,875	10,757	10,645	112
Director's office				
Personnel	467	459	438	21
Total director's office	467	459	438	21
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	16,535	16,801	16,655	146
Public Health				
Public health administration				
Personnel	862	810	776	34
Other	93	93	51	42
Total public health administration	955	903	827	76
Division of correction				
Personnel	4,695		4,534	86
Other	1,172		1,187	14
Total division of correction	5,867	5,821	5,721	100
Division of health				
Personnel	2,511	2,281	2,186	95
Other	1,318		1,181	37
Total division of health	3,829	3,499	3,367	132
Division of environment				
Personnel	2,295	1,647	1,633	14
Other	301	341	336	5
Total division of environment	2,596	1,988	1,969	19
TOTAL PUBLIC HEALTH	13,247	12,211	11,884	327

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

		Gener	al Fund	
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
Parks, Recreation and Properties		g		(======================================
Parks, recreation and properties administration				
Personnel	\$ 621	\$ 547	\$ 525	\$ 22
Other	171	206	193	13
Total parks, recreation and properties administration	792	753	718	35
Division of research, planning and development				
Personnel	660	611	605	6
Other	76	81	78	3
Total division of research, planning and development	736	692	683	9
Division of recreation				
Personnel	10,282	9,132	9,089	43
Other	3,297	2,812	2,812	
Total division of recreation	13,579	11,944	11,901	43
Division of parking				
Personnel	765	715	701	14
Other	36	36	35	1
Total division of parking	801	751	736	15
Division of park maintenance and properties				
Personnel	9,473	9,412	9,412	
Other	3,865	4,395	4,390	5
Total division of park maintenance and properties	13,338	13,807	13,802	4
Division of property management				
Personnel	8,855	8,990	8,933	57
Other	2,442	2,372	2,358	14
Total division of property management	11,297	11,362	11,291	71
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION				
AND PROPERTIES	40,543	39,309	39,131	178

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

				Genera	ıl Fu	ınd		
		Original Budget		Revised Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance- avorable favorable)
Economic Development								
Economic development administration								
Personnel	\$	1,125	\$	1,051	\$	1,049	\$	2
Other		47		51		49		2
Total economic development administration		1,172		1,102		1,098		4
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Non-departmental expenditures		1,172		1,102		1,098		4
Other		17,879		17,879		16,882		997
TOTAL NON-DEPARTMENTAL EXPENDITURES		17,879		17,879		16,882		997
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		449,058		451,565		446,422		5,143
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		28,005		25,472		28,020		2,548
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers out		(44,661)		(42,153)		(41,680)		473
		(44,661)		(42,153)		(41,680)		473
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(16,656)		(16,681)		(13,660)		3,021
Decertification (Recertification) of prior year encumbrances		22.542		22.542		(9,779)		(9,779)
Fund balance at beginning of year	Ф.	22,543	Ф	22,543	Ф	22,543	Ф	(6.750)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	5,887	\$	5,862	\$	(896)	\$	(6,758)

CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE PROCEEDS OF SPECIFIC REVENUE SOURCES (OTHER THAN MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS) THAT ARE RESTRICTED BY LAW AND ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION TO EXPENDITURES FOR SPECIFIED PURPOSES

Excise Tax used for the repair and building of streets.

Restricted Income Tax To account for one-ninth of the City's income tax collec-

tions. Monies are to be used for capital improvement pur-

poses and repayment of debt.

Reserve Fund To account for revenue which is to be used during signif-

icant periods of economic downturn, as permitted by the

State of Ohio.

Rainy Day Reserve Fund To account for revenue which is eligible to be used during

significant periods of economic downturn.

Schools Recreation and Cultural

Activites Fund

To account for revenue from special taxes earmarked for Cleveland Public Schools for recreation and cultural ac-

tivities.

Community Development Block Grants To account for revenue from the federal government and

expenditures as prescribed under the Community Devel-

opment Block Grant Program.

Community Development Funds

To account for revenue earmarked for City-wide develop-

ment

Urban Development Action Funds To account for revenue from the federal government un-

der the Urban Development Action Grant Program.

Economic Development Funds To account for revenue earmarked to revitalize distressed

cities by stimulating economic development.

Home Weatherization Grants

To account for revenue from the State of Ohio and expen-

ditures as prescribed under the Home Weatherization As-

sistance Program.

Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) Grants	To account for revenue from the State of Ohio and expenditures under the Job Training Partnership Act Program.
WorkForce Investment Act (WIA)	To account for revenue and expenditures from the State of Ohio under the Work Force Investment Act.
Air Pollution Control Grants	To account for revenue primarily used to reduce levels of air pollution and continue progress towards meeting the federal clean air standards.
General Government Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for general government activities.
Public Service Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for the Litter Control and Recycling Program.
Public Safety Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for public safety activities.
Public Health Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for the improvement of public health.
Parks, Recreation and Properties Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for parks, recreation and properties activities.
Judgment/Settlement Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for the payment of certain judgments.
Gateway Shared Income Tax Funds	To account for municipal income tax revenue derived from persons employed at the Gund Arena and Jacobs Field with 50% of the revenues shared with the other taxing districts in the City.
Neighborhood Development Investment Fund	To account for revenue earmarked for the Neighborhood Development Investment Fund.
Supplemental Empowerment Zone	To account for revenue from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Program designed to help rebuild specific urban communities.
Rental Car Transportation Fees	To account for revenues from vehicle rentals at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport earmarked for providing airport shuttle services.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

						Bu	dget	ted				
		Division Streets	Restricted Income Tax			Reserve Fund		tainy Day Reserve Fund	ar	Schools Recreation ad Cultural tivities Fund		Total Budgeted Funds
ASSETS	ф	2.254	ф		Ф	6 1 40	Ф	10.405	Ф	2.052	Ф	20.040
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,254	\$	-	\$	6,148	\$	10,495	\$	2,052	\$	20,949
Receivables:				6.001								c 001
Taxes		770		6,021								6,021
Accounts		778										778
Loans Accrued interest												
Accrued interest		778		6,021								6,799
		110		0,021								0,799
Due from other funds		641		18,040								18,681
Due from other governments		4,159		10,010								4,159
Inventory of supplies		883										883
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,715	\$	24,061	\$	6,148	\$	10,495	\$	2,052	\$	51,471
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	358	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	358
Deferred revenue		3,351		2,930								6,281
Due to other funds		631		1,270		6,148		10,495				18,544
Due to other governments												
Accrued wages and benefits		1,467										1,467
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,807		4,200		6,148		10,495				26,650
FUND BALANCE												
Reserve for loans												
Reserve for inventory		883										883
Reserve for encumbrances		2,401		6,491						2,000		10,892
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund												
Reserve for reserve fund												
Unreserved:												
Designated for future												
capital improvements		400		12,666								13,066
Undesignated		(776)		704						52		(20)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,908		19,861						2,052		24,821
TOTAL LIABILITIES												

Dev	Community Community Development Block Grants Community Development Funds		evelopment	Urban Development Action Funds			Economic evelopment Funds	Home Weatherization Grants		Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) Grants			Air Pollution Control Grants	WIA Grants	
\$	-	\$	1,214	\$	13,886	\$	19,813	\$	-	\$	3,262	\$	-	\$	-
	18,625				108,496		20 8,265								
	18,625				108,496		8,285								_
	223 7,693		6,218				321 35		3,050				400		11,775
\$	26,541	\$	7,432	\$	122,382	\$	28,454	\$	3,050	\$	3,262	\$	400	\$	11,775
\$	3,517	\$	1,589 1,470	\$	134	\$	24	\$	129 909	\$	39	\$	-	\$	3,067 224
	4,322		287				1		567				61		8,268
	77		1,280				5,046 9		1,445		3,223		339		216
	7,916		4,626		134		5,080		3,050		3,262		400		11,775
	18,625				108,496		3,397								

Non-Budgeted

	18,625		2,806		122,248		23,374								
\$	26 541	¢	7 422	¢	122,382	\$	28,454	¢	3,050	¢	3,262	¢	400	¢	11 775
<u> </u>	26,541	Þ	7,432	Þ	122,382	Þ	28,434	Þ	3,030	Þ	3,202	Þ	400	Þ	11,//3

1,611

172 18,194

258

2,548

15,061

(1,309)

Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-Continued

December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

					N	Non-Budgeted	l					
		General Government Funds		Government		Public Service Funds	Public Safety Funds			Public Health Funds	a	Parks, Recreation nd Properties Funds
ASSETS		24 - 50 4							_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,604	\$	758	\$	7,900	\$	2,284	\$	3,132		
Receivables: Taxes												
Accounts		230								8		
Loans		230								o		
Accrued interest												
		230								8		
Due from other funds		1,590				144		612		711		
Due from other governments		747		61		1,247		3,307		162		
Inventory of supplies												
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	37,171	\$	819	\$	9,291	\$	6,203	\$	4,013		
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	648	\$	5	\$	294	\$	591	\$	23		
Deferred revenue		576		50		5,403		1,502		52		
Due to other funds		45		114		33		15		163		
Due to other governments		585		88		745		2,922		1,911		
Accrued wages and benefits		23				34		275		52		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,877		257		6,509		5,305		2,201		
FUND BALANCE												
Reserve for loans												
Reserve for inventory												
Reserve for encumbrances		13,561				712		2		285		
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund												
Unreserved:												
Designated for future												
capital improvements		11,652								22		
Undesignated		10,081		562		2,070		896		1,505		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		35,294		562		2,782		898		1,812		
TOTAL LIABILITIES												
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	37,171	\$	819	\$	9,291	\$	6,203	\$	4,013		

Non-Budgeted

Neighborhoo dgment/ Gateway Shared Developmen ttlement Income Tax Investment					evelopment Supplemental Rental Car					Total Non- Budgeted	– Totals					
unds		Funds		Fund	L			Fee Fee	Funds			2001	ais	2000		
\$ 15	\$	4,050	\$	11,031	\$	-	\$	236	\$	102,185	\$	123,134	\$	126,638		
										_		6,021		5,054		
								1,382		1,640		2,418		4,591		
				24,643		20,795				180,824		180,824		177,007		
														891		
				24,643		20,795		1,382		182,464		189,263		187,543		
		118						91		3,810		22,491		26,279		
						15,812				50,507		54,666		37,490		
												883		469		
\$ 15	\$	4,168	\$	35,674	\$	36,607	\$	1,709	\$	338,966	\$	390,437	\$	378,419		
\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,515	\$	424	\$	12,999	\$	13,357	\$	7,784		
						1				10,187		16,468		19,769		
						11,654				25,530		44,074		45,384		
						14,550				32,211		32,211		4,398		
						48				657		2,124		3,120		
						28,768		424		81,584		108,234		80,455		
				24 542		7 70 2				1.00.000		1.00.00		170 (00		
				24,643		7,702				162,863		162,863		172,609		
				0.217				4 (21		45 429		883		469		
				9,317				4,631		45,438		56,330		8,125		
														5,000		
										11,846		24,912		24,226		
 15		4,168		1,714		137		(3,346)		37,235		37,215		87,535		
15		4,168		35,674		7,839		1,285		257,382		282,203		297,964		
\$ 15	\$	4,168	\$	35,674	\$	36,607	\$	1,709	\$	338,966	\$	390,437	\$	378,419		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

			Bu	ıdgeted		
	Division of Streets	Restricted Income Tax	Reserve Fund	Rainy Day Reserve Fund	Schools Recreation and Cultural Activities Fund	Total Budgeted Funds
REVENUES						
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ 29,931	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,931
Other shared revenues	11,299					11,299
Licenses and permits	110					110
Charges for services	1,136					1,136
Investment earnings	8	567				575
Grants						
Miscellaneous	7,802					7,802
TOTAL REVENUES	20,355	30,498				50,853
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government					2,001	2,001
Public service	17,932					17,932
Public safety						
Human resources						
Community development						
Public health						
Parks, Recreation and Properties						
Economic development						
Capital outlay	6,510	20,537				27,047
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,442	20,537			2,001	46,980
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,087)	9,961			(2,001)	3,873
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in	5,226				2,000	7,226
Operating transfers out	3,220	(18,177)	(5,000)		2,000	(23,177)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(10,177)	(3,000)	<u>'</u>		(23,177)
SOURCES (USES)	5,226	(18,177)	(5,000)		2,000	(15,951)
		(- ,)	(= , = = -)		, , , ,	(/
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						
AND OTHER USES	1,139	(8,216)	(5,000)		(1)	(12,078)
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,769	28,077	5,000		2,053	36,899
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,908	\$ 19,861	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,052	\$ 24,821

Non-	Bud	geted

			Non-B	udgeted			
Community Development Block Grants	Community Development Funds	Urban Development Action Funds	Economic Development Funds	Home Weatherization Grants	Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) Grants	Air Pollution Control Grants	WIA Grants
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
41,338	50 22,890 1,678	355 - 2,307	595 5 11,705	2,790	59	40	13,366
41,338			12,305	2,790	59	40	13,366
40,408	23,226			2,790	59	10	13,366
40,400	22.004	3,789 48	7,310 437	2.700	50	40	12.266
40,408	23,226	3,837	7,747	2,790	59	40	13,366
930	1,392	(1,175)	4,558				
930	1,392	(1,175)	4,558				
17,695		123,423	18,816				
\$ 18,625	\$ 2,806	\$ 122,248	\$ 23,374	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

			Non-Budgeted									
	General Government Funds	Public Service Funds	Public Safety Funds	Public Health Funds	Parks, Recreation and Properties Funds							
REVENUES												
Income taxes	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -							
Other shared revenues												
Licenses and permits				4								
Charges for services												
Investment earnings	688	11		25	56							
Grants	347	125	,	8,016	756							
Miscellaneous	6,540	510		1,043	385							
TOTAL REVENUES	7,575	646	5 2,846	9,088	1,197							
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government	16,454											
Public service		239)									
Public safety			2,134									
Human resources												
Community development												
Public health				8,475								
Parks, Recreation and Properties					1,505							
Economic development												
Capital outlay	57											
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,511	239	2,134	8,475	1,505							
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(8,936)	407	712	613	(308)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	16,018											
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	16,018											
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES												
AND OTHER USES	7,082	407	712	613	(308)							
Fund balances at beginning of year	28,212	155		285	2,120							
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 35,294	\$ 562	2 \$ 2,782	\$ 898	\$ 1,812							

Non-Budgeted

T . 1		Cata	Character 1	Neighborhood		 D(-) C	Total	•				
	gment/ lement		ay Shared ome Tax	Development Investment	Supplemental Empowerment	Rental Car ansportation	Non- udgeted	Totals				
	unds		onic Tax Funds	Fund	Zone	 Fee	Funds		2001	2000		
\$	-	\$	1,635	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,635	\$	31,566	\$	33,259	
									11,299		11,374	
							4		114		100	
									1,136		1,685	
				809	441		3,090		3,665		4,288	
					9,398		100,304		100,304		66,846	
\$	2		-	3,065		\$ 2,308	31,155		38,957		34,429	
	2		1,635	3,874	9,839	2,308	136,188		187,041		151,981	
						2,719	19,173		21,174		13,838	
							239		18,171		27,894	
							2,134		2,134		4,676	
							13,425		13,425		8,471	
							66,424		66,424		39,471	
							8,515		8,515		9,345	
							1,505		1,505		1,317	
				8,905	20,346		40,350		40,350		15,003	
				3,582			4,124		31,171		8,071	
				12,487	20,346	2,719	155,889		202,869		128,086	
	2		1,635	(8,613)	(10,507)	(411)	(19,701)		(15,828)		23,895	
							16,018		23,244		24,536	
									(23,177)		(18,529)	
							16,018		67		6,007	
	2		1,635	(8,613)	(10,507)	(411)	(3,683)		(15,761)		29,902	
	13		2,533	44,287	18,346	1,696	261,065		297,964		268,062	
\$	15	\$	4,168	\$ 35,674	\$ 7,839	\$ 1,285	\$ 257,382	\$	282,203	\$	297,964	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL

		Divisio	n of Streets		Restricted Income Tax					
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES										
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,924	\$ 33,924	\$ 32,838	\$ (1,086)		
Other shared revenues	11,600	11,600	11,604	4						
Licenses and permits										
Charges for services	2,000	2,000	1,733	(267)						
Miscellaneous	8,260	8,260	7,803	(457)			548	548		
TOTAL REVENUES	21,860	21,860	21,140	(720)	33,924	33,924	33,386	(538)		
EXPENDITURES										
Public Service										
Salaries & Benefits	14,062	14,528	14,298	230						
Other	13,849	13,133	12,521	612						
Parks, Recreation and Properties										
Capital outlay					20,174	20,174	20,152	22		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,911	27,661	26,819	842	20,174	20,174	20,152	22		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(6,051)	(5,801)	(5,679)	122	13,750	13,750	13,234	(516)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Operating transfers in	6,000	6,000	5,226	(774)						
Operating transfers out					(13,750)	(13,750)	(13,750)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)	6,000	6,000	5,226	(774)	(13,750)	(13,750)	(13,750)			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES										
AND OTHER USES	(51)	199	(453)	(652)			(516)	(516)		
Decertification (recertification) of prior year encumbrances							587	587		
Fund balances at beginning of year	(281)	(281)	(281)		(1,519)	(1,519)	(1,519)			
Fund balances at end of year	\$ (332)	\$ (82)	\$ (734)	\$ (652)	\$ (1,519)	\$ (1,519)	\$ (1,448)	\$ 71		

	Rese	rve Fund			Rainy Day	Reserve Fu	and	Schools Recreation and Cultural Activities					
Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
		148 148	148 148			270 270	270 270			15 15	15 15		
								\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000			
								2,000	2,000	2,000			
		148	148			270	270	(2,000)	(2,000)	(1,985)	15		
		1,000	1,000	1,500	1,500	1,500		2,000	2,000	2,000			
		1,000	1,000	1,500	1,500	1,500		2,000	2,000	2,000			
		1,148	1,148	1,500	1,500	1,770	270			15	15		
5,000	5,000	5,000		8,725	8,725	8,725		37	37	37			
\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 6,148	\$ 1,148	\$ 10,225	\$ 10,225	\$ 10,495	\$ 270	\$ 37	\$ 37	\$ 52	\$ 15		

Continued

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Totals									
		Original Budget		Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)				
REVENUES										
Income taxes	\$	33,924	\$	33,924 \$	32,838	\$ (1,086)				
Other shared revenues		11,600		11,600	11,604	4				
Licenses and permits										
Charges for services		2,000		2,000	1,733	(267)				
Miscellaneous		8,260		8,260	8,784	524				
TOTAL REVENUES		55,784		55,784	54,959	(825)				
EXPENDITURES										
Public Service										
Salaries & Benefits		14,062		14,528	14,298	230				
Other		13,849		13,133	12,521	612				
Parks, Recreation and Properties		2,000		2,000	2,000					
Capital outlay		20,174		20,174	20,152	22				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		50,085		49,835	48,971	864				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		5,699		5,949	5,988	39				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Operating transfers in		9,500		9,500	9,726	226				
Operating transfers out		(13,750)		(13,750)	(13,750)					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)		(4,250)		(4,250)	(4,024)	226				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES										
AND OTHER USES		1,449		1,699	1,964	265				
Decertification (recertification) of prior year encumbrances					587	587				
Fund balances at beginning of year		11,962		11,962	11,962	23,				
Fund balances at end of year	\$	13,411	\$	13,661 \$	14,513	\$ 852				

CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE ACCUMULATION OF RESOURCES FOR THE PAYMENT OF DEBT REPORTED IN THE GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATION ACCOUNT GROUP AND PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST OF CERTAIN PROPRIETARY FUNDS' GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

Unvoted Tax Supported To account for the accumulation of resources for the pay-Obligations Fund ment of general obligation bonds of the City not requiring

a vote of the electors, other than self-supporting obligations, payable from ad valorem property taxes levied

within the limitations provided by law.

Stadium Bond Fund To account for the accumulation of resources for the pay-

ment of the stadium certificates of participation from

pledged city taxes.

Subordinated Income

Tax Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of subordinated income tax variable rate refunding

bonds payable from pledged income taxes.

Subordinated Income Tax

Reserve Fund

The account is to be maintained at an amount equal to the maximum bond service charges required to be paid in any

of the subsequent six month period.

Urban Renewal Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources for the pay-

ment of tax increment urban renewal bonds payable from

deposits made in lieu of taxes.

Urban Renewal Reserve Fund The account is to be maintained at an amount equal to one

year's maximum annual debt service on certain Urban Renewal Bonds and can be used to cover any debt insuffi-

ciency payable from certain urban renewal bonds.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

	Budgeted									
	Unvoted Tax Supported Obligations Fund		Stadium Bond Fund		Inc	ordinated come Tax Fund	Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund			
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	754	\$		2	\$	1,143	\$	4,930	
Investments at market		17								
Taxes receivable		29,887								
Accrued interest		1							2	
Due from other funds										
Due from other governments		1,850								
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	32,509	\$		2	\$	1,143	\$	4,932	
LIABILITIES										
Deferred revenue	\$	31,737								
TOTAL LIABILITIES		31,737								
FUND BALANCE										
Reserve for debt service		772			2		1,143		4,932	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	32,509	\$		2	\$	1,143	\$	4,932	

Non-Budgeted

	Urban Renewal		Urban Renewal		То		
	Fund	Re	serve Fund		2001		2000
\$	51	\$	_	\$	6,880	\$	2,356
_	1,021	_	1,705	_	2,743	7	7,628
	-,		-,		29,887		31,986
	19				22		59
							4,392
					1,850		
\$	1,091	\$	1,705	\$	41,382	\$	46,421
				\$	31,737	\$	31,330
					31,737		31,330
	1,091		1,705		9,645		15,091
\$	1,091	\$	1,705	\$	41,382	\$	46,421

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-ALL DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Budgeted								
	Su	Invoted Tax upported bligations Fund	S	Stadium Bond Fund		ordinated come Tax Fund	Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund		
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	23,665	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Investment earnings		372				32		136	
Grants		755				2.52			
Miscellaneous		24.702				363		126	
TOTAL REVENUES		24,792				395		136	
EXPENDITURES									
Principal retirement		23,570				1,300			
Interest		16,388				3,552			
Other									
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		39,958				4,852			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(15,166)				(4,457)		136	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		9,358				4,642			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		9,358				4,642			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(5,808)				185		136	
Fund balances at beginning of year		6,580		2		958		4,796	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	772	\$	2	\$	1,143	\$	4,932	

Non-Bud	ıgei	tea
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	Urban Renewal	Urban Renewal		Tot	als	
	Fund	Reserve Fund		2001		2000
\$	1,745	\$ -	\$	25,410	\$	24,836
	45	55		640		773
				755		364
				363		98
	1,790	55		27,168		26,071
	285			25,155		23,540
	595			20,535		20,639
	924			924		1,119
	1,804			46,614		45,298
	(14)	55		(19,446)		(19,227)
		42		14,042		18,501
	(42)			(42)		(29)
	(40)					40.4-4
	(42)	42		14,000		18,472
	(50)	0.7		(F 44C)		(755)
	(56)	97		(5,446)		(755)
	1,147	1,608		15,091		15,846
\$	1,091	\$ 1,705	\$	9,645	\$	15,091
φ	1,091	ψ 1,703	ψ	2,043	Ψ	13,091

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-BUDGETED DEBT SERVICE FUNDS-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

		Tax Su Oblig	oted pported ations ind				Stadium Bond Fund						
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Fav (Ur	riance- vorable nfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)				
REVENUES													
Property taxes	\$25,172	\$ 25,172	\$ 24,321	\$	(851)								
Investment earnings	325	325	390		65				\$ -				
Grants	755	755	755										
Miscellaneous													
TOTAL REVENUES	26,252	26,252	25,466		(786)								
EXPENDITIONS													
EXPENDITURES	22 570	22 570	22.570										
Principal retirement	23,570	23,570	23,570		400								
Interest	16,788	16,788	16,388		400								
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	40,358	40,358	39,958		400								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES													
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(14,106)	(14,106)	(14,492)		(386)								
	(11,100)	(11,100)	(11,1)2)		(300)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Operating transfers in - Convention Ctr													
Operating transfers in - Restricted Inc Tax	13,750	13,750	13,750										
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	13,750	13,750	13,750										
		·	· ·										
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES													
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES													
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(356)	(356)	(742)		(386)								
Decertification (recertification) of prior year													
encumbrances			(13)		(13)								
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,526	1,526	1,526	_		3	3	3					
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,170	\$ 1,170	\$ 771	\$	(399)	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ -				

Subordinated Income Tax

Subordinated Income Tax

		ind				ve Fund			tals		
Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 25,172	\$ 25,172	\$ 24,321	\$ (851)
		30	30			\$ 150	150	325 755	325 755	570 755	245
		30	30			150	150	26,252	26,252	25,646	(606)
1,300	1,300	1,300						24,870	24,870	24,870	
3,400	3,400	3,115	285					20,188	20,188	19,503	685
4,700	4,700	4,415	285					45,058	45,058	44,373	685
(4,700)	(4,700)	(4,385)	315			150	150	(18,806)	(18,806)	(18,727)	79
4,700	4,700	5,005	305					18,450	18,450	18,755	305
4,700	4,700	5,005	305					18,450	18,450	18,755	305
		620	620			150	150	(356)	(356)	28	384
1,322	1,322	(363) 1,322	(363)	4,776	4,776	4,776		7,627	7,627	(376) 7,627	(376)
\$ 1,322	\$ 1,322	\$ 1,579	\$ 257	\$ 4,776	\$ 4,776	\$ 4,926	\$ 150	\$ 7,271	\$ 7,271	\$ 7,279	\$ 8

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CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR FINANCIAL RESOURCES TO BE USED FOR THE ACQUISITION OR CONSTRUCTION OF MAJOR CAPITAL FACILITIES OTHER THAN THOSE FINANCED BY SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Capital / Urban Renewal Bond To account for all bond proceeds and capital projects

Construction costs of bond-funded capital acquisitions, tax increment

urban renewal bond issues and construction within the

City.

Grant Improvement To account for capital grant revenues which fund capital

improvement projects within the City.

Capital Improvement To account for miscellaneous revenues which fund capital

projects.

Certificates of Participation To account for certificates of participation proceeds

which fund certain capital acquisitions.

Cleveland Stadium Construction To account for bond proceeds and capital projects costs of

the Cleveland Browns Stadium.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

	Ur	Capital/ ban Renewal Bond		Grant		Capital	Ce	rtificates of		Cleveland Stadium		Tot	tals	
	C	onstruction	Im	provement	In	provement		articipation		onstruction		2001		2000
ASSETS				-		-		•						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	61,371	\$	-	\$	5,691	\$	-	\$	12,012	\$	79,074	\$	75,491
Investments at market		11,007										11,007		47,790
Receivables:														
Accrued interest		227						69		21		317		1,101
Assessments		8										8		13
		235						69		21		325		1,114
Due from other funds		111				4,682						4,793		4,171
Due from other governments				5,863								5,863		6,842
Restricted cash and cash								4.250		10.070		15 221		15 202
equivalents	Ф.	70.704	ф	5.062	ф	10.072	Ф	4,359	Ф	10,872	φ.	15,231	ф	15,393
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	72,724	\$	5,863	\$	10,373	\$	4,428	\$	22,905	\$.	116,293	\$	150,801
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,190	\$	_	\$	2,879	\$	13,069	\$	11,193
Deferred revenue		8										8		13
Due to other funds		3,350		5,863						61		9,274		8,108
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,358		5,863		10,190				2,940		22,351		19,314
FUND BALANCE														
Reserve for encumbrances		11,967								2,495		14,462		23,144
Unreserved:														
Designated for future														
capital improvements		53,357						4,428		17,470		75,255		80,708
Undesignated		4,042				183						4,225		27,635
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		69,366				183		4,428		19,965		93,942		131,487
TOTAL LIABILITIES														
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	72,724	\$	5,863	\$	10,373	\$	4,428	\$	22,905	\$	116,293	\$	150,801

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Capital/ Urban Renew Bond		Grant	Capital	Certificates		Clevel Stadi	um		Tot	
	Construction	ı I	mprovement	Improvement	Participation	n	Constru	iction		2001	2000
REVENUES	Φ 2.4	25 0		Φ -	Φ	20	ф	1 1 10	ф	4.551	Ф 5.000
Investment earnings	\$ 3,4	06 \$		\$ 5	\$ 2	220	\$	1,140	\$	4,771	\$ 7,328
Grants Contributions			5,902					4		5,906	16,124 84
Miscellaneous		5						12		17	6,278
TOTAL REVENUES	3,4		5,902	5		220		1,156		10,694	29,814
TOTAL REVENUES	3,4	11	3,902	5	2	.20		1,130		10,094	29,014
EXPENDITURES											
Capital outlay	34,1	24	5,902				:	3,132		43,158	43,515
Principal retirement					4,7	88		1,520		6,308	7,106
Interest						514	,	7,163		7,777	8,186
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	34,1	24	5,902		5,4	-02	1	1,815		57,243	58,807
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF EXPENDITURES OVER (UNDER) REVENUES	(30,7	13)		5	(5,1	82)	(1)	0,659)		(46,549)	(28,993)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Operating transfers in					4,4	27		8,684		13,111	14,012
Operating transfers out	(6,1	57)					(2,000)		(8,167)	(2,000)
Proceeds from sale of general											
obligation bonds,net	4,0	50								4,060	26,335
Payments to refund bonds											
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2,1	07)			4,4	27		6,684		9,004	38,347
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(32,8	20)		5	(7	(55)	(1	3,975)		(37,545)	9,354
Fund balances at beginning of year	102,1	26		178	5,1	83	2	3,940		131 497	122 132
Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balances at end of year	\$ 69,3		_	\$ 183	\$ 4,4			9,965	\$	131,487 93,942	122,133 \$ 131,487
Tunu varances at enu or year	ψ 09,3	oo o	_	ψ 103	ψ 4,4	-∠0	ψ 1	7,703	φ	73,744	φ 131,407

CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO ENTERPRISE FUNDS

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR OPERATIONS
THAT ARE FINANCED AND OPERATED IN A MANNER SIMILAR TO
PRIVATE SECTOR BUSINESSES WHERE THE INTENT IS THAT THE EXPENSE
(INCLUDING DEPRECIATION) OF PROVIDING GOODS OR SERVICES
PRIMARILY OR SOLELY TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC BE FINANCED
OR RECOVERED PRIMARILY THROUGH USER CHARGES

Division of Water The Division of Water is a segment of the Depart-

ment of Public Utilities of the City. The Division of Water was created for the purpose of supplying water services to customers within the Cleveland

metropolitan area.

Division of Water Pollution Control The Division of Water Pollution Control is a seg-

ment of the Department of Public Utilities of the City. The Division of Water Pollution Control was created for the purpose of providing sewage services to customers and to maintain the local sewer

system of the City.

Division of Cleveland Public Power The Division of Cleveland Public Power is a seg-

ment of the Department of Public Utilities of the City. The Division of Cleveland Public Power was established by the City to provide electrical ser-

vices to customers within the City.

Department of Port Control The Department of Port Control was established to

provide airport facilities for the City and its neigh-

boring communities.

Convention Center Division was established to

provide facilities for conventions, trade shows,

sporting events and fine arts programs.

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West Side Market provides a public market where

Cleveland area residents can purchase a variety of quality

foods in a centralized location.

East Side Market provides a public market where

Cleveland area residents can purchase a variety of quality

foods in a centralized location.

Municipal Parking Lots The Division of Parking was established to provide mu-

nicipal parking within the City's limits.

Cemeteries The Division of Cemeteries was established to provide in-

terment and cremation services for the City and its neigh-

boring communities.

Golf Courses The Golf Course Division was established to provide the

City and its neighboring communities with recreational

facilities for golfing and cross country skiing.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS

December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

	D	ivision of Water	Water Pollution Control	(Cleveland Public Power	D	epartment of Port Control
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	111,148	\$ 29,109	\$	39,045	\$	6,459
Investments at market		118,510	4,053				8,872
Receivables:							
Accounts		22,271	40,295		27,035		16,536
Unbilled revenue		22,750	1,918		1,616		4,473
Accrued interest receivable		1,502	57				158
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(1,841)	(898)		(2,543)		(241)
Receivables, net		44,682	41,372		26,108		20,926
Due from other funds		5,113	1,818		6,836		942
Due from other governments							3,651
Inventory of supplies		5,343	232		2,926		224
Prepaid expenses and other assets		7,151			2,841		10,849
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents		239,945			20,635		694,367
Investments at market		12,899					68,979
Accrued interest receivable		883			25		2,202
Bond retirement reserve							53
Accrued passenger facility charge							2,069
		253,727			20,660		767,670
Fixed assets in service:							
Land		5,271	297		4,863		141,577
Land improvements		12,676			2,304		196,075
Utility plant in service		813,195	108,092		338,490		
Buildings, structure and improvements		174,729			41,209		367,518
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		65,516	107		28,297		25,775
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(312,825)	(49,054)		(137,740)		(234,752)
		758,562	59,442		277,423		496,193
Construction in progress		128,005	909		15,474		104,796
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2	1,432,241	\$ 136,935	\$	391,313	\$	1,420,582

Co	nvention	W	est Side		East Side		Municipal Parking				Golf		Tot	tals	
	Center		Market		Market		Lots	C	emeteries		Courses		2001		2000
\$	3,090	\$	355	\$	253	\$	3,515	\$	_	\$	2,276	\$	195,250	\$	75,734
Ψ	2,070	Ψ		Ψ	200	Ψ	0,010	Ψ		Ψ	_,_ ,	Ψ	131,435	Ψ	222,549
	6,382		2		2		120		27				112,670		85,359
													30,757		32,451
													1,717		4,249
	(163)												(5,686)		(3,029)
	6,219		2		2		120		27				139,458		119,030
	100						120						14,929		9,937
	3		1										3,655		343
					5		18		207		37		8,992		8,495
							1,126						21,967		14,652
							16,173		5,707				976,827		399,039
													81,878		157,868
							123						3,233		3,050
													53		53
													2,069		2,224
							16,296		5,707				1,064,060		562,234
	4,261		198		414		12,929		252		208		170,270		162,641
					484		1,264		7		2,818		215,628		206,489
													1,259,777		1,219,690
	61,625		5,668		2,400		65,200		4,655		1,666		724,670		721,312
	1,410		37		450		793		247		521		123,153		138,621
	(55,812)		(3,298)		(1,537)		(12,774)		(1,143)		(2,983)		(811,918)		(734,334)
	11,484		2,605		2,211		67,412		4,018		2,230		1,681,580		1,714,419
			5,378						390		494		255,446		120,813
\$	20,896	\$	8,341	\$	2,471	\$	88,607	\$	10,349	\$	5,037	\$	3,516,772	\$	2,848,206

Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS-Continued

December 31, 2001

	Division of Water		Water Pollution Control	Cleveland Public Power	Department of Port Control
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 8,38	4 5	\$ 1,173	\$ 6,895	\$ 3,324
Due to other funds	5,53	4	2,340	583	1,096
Due to other governments			43,472	444	2,962
Accrued wages and benefits	10,62	.0	1,221	3,973	3,073
Accrued interest	17,01	8		1,953	42,799
Accounts payable from restricted assets	5,30	3	100	278	14,802
Notes payable					44,950
Construction loans	5,97	8	7,139		
Deferred payment obligation					26,531
Revenue bonds payable	662,62	6		229,722	917,988
TOTAL LIABILITIES	715,46	3	55,445	243,848	1,057,525
CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL AND RETAINED					
EARNINGS (DEFICIT)					
Contributed capital - City of Cleveland and others	2,40	7	43,599	12,183	179,163
Retained earnings (deficit):					
Reserve for debt retirement	17,50	0	591	6,620	10,783
Unreserved (deficit)	696,87	1	37,300	128,662	173,111
TOTAL RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)	714,37	1	37,891	135,282	183,894
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	716,77	8	81,490	147,465	363,057
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 1,432,24	.1 .5	\$ 136,935	\$ 391,313	\$ 1,420,582

C	onvention	,	West Side		East Side	Municipal Parking				Golf		To	tals	
	Center		Market		Market	Lots	Ce	emeteries		Courses		2001		2000
\$	502	\$	192	\$	1 \$	201	\$	14	\$	42	\$	20,728	\$	27,196
,	6,369	_	23	_	- •	60	_	476	_	7	_	16,488	_	13,039
	196					78						47,152		40,820
	407		74	\$	8	170		233		34		19,813		23,428
						1,352						63,122		47,607
	6					17						20,506		11,543
												44,950		40,000
												13,117		7,412
												26,531		27,810
						67,950						1,878,286		1,347,521
	7,480		289		9	69,828		723		83		2,150,693		1,586,376
	65,443		6,597		2,943	21,079		5,710		4,598		343,722		343,722
						1,965						37,459		44,196
	(52,027)		1,455		(481)	(4,265)		3,916		356		984,898		873,912
	(52,027)		1,455		(481)	(2,300)		3,916		356		1,022,357		918,108
	13,416		8,052		2,462	18,779		9,626		4,954		1,366,079		1,261,830
\$	20,896	\$	8,341	\$	2,471 \$	88,607	\$	10,349	\$	5,037	\$	3,516,772	\$	2,848,206

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Б	Division of Water	Water Pollution Control	(Cleveland Public Power	epartment of Port Control
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	212,724	\$ 18,893	\$	132,095	\$ 92,825
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		212,724	18,893		132,095	92,825
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operations		93,299	7,012		16,133	56,795
Maintenance		23,542	6,715		16,418	
Purchased power					65,283	
Depreciation		29,682	3,859		16,296	23,599
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		146,523	17,586		114,130	80,394
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		66,201	1,307		17,965	12,431
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)						
Interest income		17,103	1,683		2,537	16,141
Interest expense		(19,776)	(315)		(12,423)	(28,869)
Litigation settlement			(2,699)			
AEP Refund per FERC ruling						
Passenger facility charge revenue						15,024
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		(1,827)				
Contributed capital and other contributions			597			30,537
Other revenues (expenses)		1,330	314		(791)	(12,589)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING						
REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(3,170)	(420)		(10,677)	20,244
INCOME (LOSS)						
BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS		63,031	887		7,288	32,675
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out						
NET INCOME (LOSS)		63,031	887		7,288	32,675
Retained earnings (deficit) at beginning of year		651,340	37,004		127,994	151,219
Retained earnings (deficit) at end of year	\$	714,371	\$ 37,891	\$	135,282	\$ 183,894

C	onvention	West Side	East S	ide	unicipal arking				Golf	To	tals	
	Center	Market	Mark	et	Lots	Cem	eteries	C	Courses	2001		2000
\$	3,752	\$ 545	5 \$	27	\$ 8,021	\$	1,408	\$	2,057	\$ 472,347	\$	458,014
	3,752	545	5	27	8,021		1,408		2,057	472,347		458,014
	5,725	974	ļ	54	2,075		2,141		1,620	185,828		164,905
	1,526	104	ļ	16	68		17		83	48,489 65,283		51,773 68,597
	2,303	180		122	1,704		128		133	78,006		72,962
	9,554	1,258	3	192	3,847		2,286		1,836	377,606		358,237
	(5,802)	(713	3)	(165)	4,174		(878)		221	94,741		99,777
	67	18	}	8	762		219		69	38,607		46,454
	0,	-		Ü	(4,784)				0,	(66,167) (2,699)		(73,595)
										(2,0))		2,864
										15,024		16,642
										(1,827)		(731)
		3,280)		68		336			34,818		
	4,716	14	1		(84)		27		15	(7,048)		(5,123)
	4,783	3,312	2	8	(4,038)		582		84	10,708		(13,489)
	(1,019)	2,599)	(157)	136		(296)		305	105,449		86,288
	(1,200)									(1,200)		(1,152)
	(2,219)	2,599)	(157)	136		(296)		305	104,249		85,136
	(49,808)	(1,144		(324)	(2,436)		4,212		51	918,108		832,972
\$	(52,027)	\$ 1,455	5 \$	(481)	\$ (2,300)	\$	3,916	\$	356	\$ 1,022,357	\$	918,108

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Division of Water	Water Pollution Control	Cleveland Public Power	Department of Port Control
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-			
Cash received from customers	\$ 212,022	\$ 18,625	\$ 124,280	\$ 74,363
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(55,677)	(6,185)	(13,112)	(36,555)
Cash payments to employees for services	(61,748)	(7,307)	(21,578)	(19,309)
Cash payments for purchased power			(66,366)	
Cash receipts of customer deposits	55		(424)	
Agency activity on behalf of NEORSD		(2,995)		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
(USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	94,652	2,138	22,800	18,499
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Advance from General Fund				
Cash receipts for passenger facility charges				14,846
Cash payment for litigation		(1,799)		
AEP refund per Ferc ruling				
Cash payments for sound insulation of homes				(10,615)
Cash transfer to debt service				
Other non-capital financing activity	2,100	306	617	2,271
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)				
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	2,100	(1,493)	617	6,502
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds, loans and notes	6,208			604,959
Proceeds from sale of refunding notes	97,711		43,036	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(56,958)	(2,129)	(12,087)	(81,775)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(20,835)	(531)	(6,855)	(54,315)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(38,201)	(316)	(11,133)	(34,107)
Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding	(97,680)		(43,743)	
Capital grant proceeds				27,200
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(109,755)	(2,976)	(30,782)	461,962
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of investment securities	(184,343)		(14,441)	(108,723)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities	279,322	15,544	40,387	125,770
Interest received on investments	29,280	1,848	2,837	31,234
NET CASH PROVIDED BY		•	•	<u>, </u>
(USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	124,259	17,392	28,783	48,281
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)				
IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	111,256	15,061	21,418	535,244
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	239,837	14,048	38,262	165,582
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 351,093	\$ 29,109	\$ 59,680	\$ 700,826

Con	nvention	***	est Side	East Si	al a	Muni Parl				Golf	Тог	tals	
	Center		larket	Marke		Lo	_	Cem	eteries	Courses	2001	tais	2000
	<u> </u>	11.	- I II II II I	1/14111				Cun	ctcrics	Courses	2001		2000
\$	3,256	\$	587	\$	27	\$	7,901	\$	1,431	\$ 2,007	\$ 444,499	\$	452,681
	(4,136)		(664)		(31)		(1,051)		(563)	(1,304)	(119,278)		(113,109)
	(2,474)		(345)		(30)		(810)		(1,671)	(428)	(115,700)		(108,601)
											(66,366)		(67,701)
											(369)		219
											(2,995)		
	(3,354)		(422)		(34)		6,040		(803)	275	139,791		163,489
									463		463		
											14,846		16,630
											(1,799)		2051
											(10.615)		2,864
											(10,615)		(12,283)
	2 505		1.4				_		26	1.4	0.020		(327)
	3,585		14				5		26	14	8,938		6,192
	3,585		14				5		489	14	11,833		13,076
											611,167 140,747		
										(160)	(153,109)		(121,354)
							(1,875)				(84,411)		(39,388)
							(4,294)				(88,051)		(76,952)
											(141,423)		
											27,200		9,437
							(6,169)			(160)	312,120		(228,257)
						(20,238)				(327,745)		(302,230)
							29,884		3,720		494,627		286,772
	62		18		8		1,096		210	85	66,678		50,478
	62		18		8		10,742		3,930	85	233,560		35,020
	293		(390)		(26)		10,618		3,616	214	697,304		(16,672)
	2,797		745		279		9,070		2,091	2,062	474,773		491,445
\$	3,090	\$	355	\$	253	\$	19,688	\$	5,707	\$ 2,276	\$ 1,172,077	\$	474,773

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS-Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	ivision of Water	Water Pollution Control	Cleveland Public Power	D	epartment of Port Control
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 66,201	\$ 1,307	\$ 17,965	\$	12,431
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation	29,682	3,859	16,296		23,599
Non-cash rental income					(3,389)
Loss on disposal of equipment		41			
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable, net	(4,654)	(6,459)	(2,284)		1,661
Unbilled revenue	(151)	243	563		1,039
Landing fees - due from airlines					(10,903)
Due from other funds	562	(861)	(5,350)		462
Due from other governments					(3)
Inventory of supplies	(640)	1	139		16
Prepaid expenses	(963)				28
Landing fee adjustment					(6,139)
Accounts payable	2,402	208	(3,801)		243
Due to other funds	4,474	(1,837)	(72)		(1,356)
Due to other governments		5,040	444		849
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	185	900	(424)		
Accrued wages and benefits	(2,446)	(304)	(676)		(39)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	28,451	831	4,835		6,068
NET CASH PROVIDED BY					
(USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 94,652	\$ 2,138	\$ 22,800	\$	18,499

C	onvention	West Si	ide	East Side	Municipal Parking			Golf	Tot	alc	
C	Center	Marke		Market	Lots	Cemeteries		Courses	2001	413	2000
\$	(5,802)	\$	(713)	\$ (165)	\$ 4,174	\$ (878) \$	5	221	\$ 94,741	\$	99,777
	2,303		180	122	1,704	128		133	\$ 78,006 (3,389) 41		72,962 (3,389) 1,070
	(1,523)		42		(28)	14			(13,231) 1,694 (10,903)		(13,226) 2,240
	18 (2)				267				(4,902) (5)		(3,339)
	()			5	(1)	(4)		(13)	(497) (935) (6,139)		1,847 (105) 2,174
	40 1,673		68 8		(117) 48			(5) (44)	(962) 2,894		2,268 (5,824)
	(7)		U		6			(++)	6,332 661		(1,413)
	(54)		(7)	4	(13)	(63)		(17)	(3,615)		8,447
	2,448		291	131	1,866	75		54	45,050		63,712
\$	(3,354)	\$	(422)	\$ (34)	\$ 6,040	\$ (803) \$	5	275	\$ 139,791	\$	163,489

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CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE FINANCING OF GOODS OR SERVICES PROVIDED BY ONE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY TO OTHER DEPARTMENTS OF THE CITY ON A COST-REIMBURSEMENT BASIS

Information Systems Services The Information Systems Services Division was estab-

lished to provide centralized data processing services for

certain City divisions.

Motor Vehicle Maintenance The Division of Motor Vehicle Maintenance was estab-

lished to provide centralized maintenance, repairs and

fueling of certain City vehicles.

Printing and Reproduction The Division of Printing and Reproduction was estab-

lished to provide printing and reproduction services for

all City divisions.

City Storeroom and Warehouse The City's Storeroom and Warehouse Division was estab-

lished to provide centralized storeroom services.

Utilities Administration The Division of Utilities Administration was established

to provide administrative assistance to the Department of

Public Utilities.

Sinking Fund Administration The Sinking Fund Administration Fund was established to

account for the personnel and other operating expenditures related to the administration of the Debt Service

fund.

Municipal Income Tax Administration The Municipal Income Tax Administration Fund was es-

tablished to account for operating expenditures related to the collection of Municipal Income Tax for Cleveland and

other municipalities.

Telephone Exchange The Division of Telephone Exchange was established to

operate the communications system for the City at mini-

mal cost.

Radio Communications The Office of Radio Communications was established to

operate the 800MHZ radio communication system.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

	S	ormation ystems ervices	M	Motor Vehicle aintenance	Printing and Repro- duction	City Storeroom and Varehouse
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	2,794	\$ 1,079	\$ -
Accounts receivable, net					3	27
Accrued interest receivable						
Due from other funds		850		1,825	60	125
Due from other governments				2		
Inventory of supplies				2,345	117	
Fixed assets in service:						
Land				663		
Land improvements				3		
Buildings, structures and improvements				1,605		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		7,226		1,312	600	6
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(7,210)		(2,738)	(470)	(6)
		16		845	130	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	866	\$	7,811	\$ 1,389	\$ 152
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	29	\$	704	\$ 46	\$ 31
Due to other funds		360		4,051	778	116
Accrued wages and benefits		301		931	89	4
TOTAL LIABILITIES		690		5,686	913	151
CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL AND RETAINED EARNINGS (ACCUMULATED DEFICIT)						
Contributed capital-City of Cleveland and others		258		2,408	301	
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)-unreserved		(82)		(283)	175	1
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		176		2,125	476	1
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	866	\$	7,811	\$ 1,389	\$ 152

Utilities Adminis-	Sinking Fund Adminis-	I	Municipal ncome Tax Adminis-	т	elephone	Radio Commun-	Total			
tration	tration		tration		Exchange	ications		2001	tais	2000
\$ 1,150	\$ -	\$	1,250	\$	-	\$ 230	\$	6,503	\$	8,268
								30		22
										46
	58		398		2,208	150		5,674		4,732
								2		
								2,462		2,487
								663		663
								3		3
								1,605		1,605
32					9			9,185		9,368
(3)					(9)			(10,436)		(10,725)
29								1,020		914
\$ 1,179	\$ 58	\$	1,648	\$	2,208	\$ 380	\$	15,691	\$	16,469
\$ 5	\$ _	\$	311	\$	1,109	\$ 75	\$	2,310	\$	2,993
723	25		688		1,134	300		8,175		2,384
451	33		649		42	4		2,504		2,623
1,179	58		1,648		2,285	379		12,989		8,000
								2,967		2,965
					(77)	1		(265)		5,504
					(77)	1		2,702		8,469
\$ 1,179	\$ 58	\$	1,648	\$	2,208	\$ 380	\$	15,691	\$	16,469

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS-ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	S	ormation ystems ervices	Motor Vehicle nintenance	Printing and Repro- duction	-	City oreroom and arehouse
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	2,199	\$ 9,497	\$ 1,379	\$	734
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		2,199	9,497	1,379		734
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operations		2,281	12,557	1,661		725
Maintenance		1	1,751	45		8
Depreciation		2	67	7		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		2,284	14,375	1,713		733
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(85)	(4,878)	(334)		1
NON-OPERATING REVENUES						
Interest income			147	28		
Contributed capital and other contributions				137		
Other revenues (expenses) net		3	84	1		
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES		3	231	166		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS	\$	(82)	\$ (4,647)	\$ (168)	\$	1
Operating transfers out Operating transfers in						
NET INCOME (LOSS)		(82)	(4,647)	(168)		1
Retained earnings at beginning of year			4,364	343		
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) at end of year	\$	(82)	\$ (283)	\$ 175	\$	1

Utilities Adminis-	Sinking Fund Adminis-	In	Aunicipal come Tax Adminis-	7	Telephone	(Radio Commun-	To	tals	
 tration	tration		tration]	Exchange		ications	2001		2000
\$ 3,000	\$ -	\$	5,208	\$	4,260	\$	1,104 \$	27,381	\$	32,073
3,000			5,208		4,260		1,104	27,381		32,073
3,173	453		5,965		4,282		507	31,604		31,058
227					61		951	3,044		3,972
 3 103	452		5.065		1 2 1 2		1.450	79		70
 3,403	453		5,965		4,343		1,458	34,727		35,100
(403)	(453)		(757)		(83)		(354)	(7,346)		(3,027)
13			757		6			951 137		1,331
 11								99		
 24			757		6			1,187		1,331
\$ (379)	\$ (453)	\$	-	\$	(77)	\$	(354) \$	(6,159)	\$	(1,696)
	390							390		1,926
(379)	(63)				(77)		(354)	(5,769)		230
379	63						355	5,504		5,274
\$ 	\$ -	\$		\$	(77)	\$	1 \$	(265)	\$	5,504

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	S	Formation Systems Services	,	Motor Vehicle iintenance	Printing and Repro- duction	Sto	City reroom and rehouse
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Cash received from customers	\$	2,954	\$	12,827	\$ 1,382	\$	668
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services		(579)		(9,768)	(506)		(704)
Cash payments to employees for services		(1,666)		(5,035)	(524)		(34)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		709		(1,976)	352		(70)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Advance (Repayment) from/to General Fund		(712)					69
Cash transfer to debt service fund		, ,					
Cash received through operating transfers from other funds							
Other non-capital financing activity		3		85	1		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)							
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(709)		85	1		69
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				1.64	20		
Interest received on investments				164	28		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES				164	28		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				(1,727)	381		(1)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year				4,521	698		1
Cash and cash equivalents at ordinary or year	\$	_	\$	2,794	\$ 1,079	\$	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(85)	\$	(4,878)	\$ (334)	\$	1
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		2			7		
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:		2		67	7		
Change in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable					(1)		(27)
Due from other funds		739		(625)	(1) 5		(112)
Due from other governments		139		12	3		(112)
Inventory of supplies				98	(72)		
Accounts payable		15		(501)	(35)		23
Due to other funds		50		3,984	777		47
Due to other governments				-,,,,,,,			• •
Accrued wages and benefits		(12)		(133)	5		(2)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		794		2,902	686		(71)
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	709	\$	(1,976)	\$ 352	\$	(70)

Jtilities dminis-		Sinking Fund Adminis-	In	Iunicipal come Tax Adminis-	Т	elephone	(Radio Commun-		Totals	
ration		tration		tration		xchange		ications		2001	2000
\$ 3,000 (391) (2,357)	\$	(394) (69)	\$	5,239 (2,045) (3,921)	\$	3,600 (4,256) (329)	\$	1,244 (1,525) (41)	\$	30,914 \$ (20,168) (13,976)	32,830 (22,144) (12,267)
252		(463)		(727)		(985)		(322)		(3,230)	(1,581)
		24				667				48	1,005
10		332								332 99	434
10		356				667				479	1,439
13				757		6		18		986	1,300
 13				757		6		18		986	1,300
275		(107)		30		(312)		(304)		(1,765)	1,158
\$ 875 1,150	\$	107	\$	1,220 1,250	\$	312	\$	534 230	\$	8,268 6,503 \$	7,110 8,268
(100)	•	(150)	Φ.	(7.75)	Φ.	(00)	Φ.	(254)	Φ.	(7.21 0 h	(2.025)
\$ (403)	\$	(453)	\$	(757)	\$	(83)	\$	(354)	\$	(7,346) \$	(3,027)
3				(194)		20 (679)		(19)		79 (202) (691) 12	70 525 218
(32) (19) 720		(9)		223 (53)		(245) 10		(138) 189		217 (962) 5,777	(1,307) 1,179 (85)
(17)		(1)		54		(8)				(114)	846
 655		(10)		30		(902)		32		4,116	1,446
\$ 252	\$	(463)	\$	(727)	\$	(985)	\$	(322)	\$	(3,230) \$	(1,581)

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CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AGENCY FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR ASSETS RECEIVED AND HELD BY THE CITY ACTING IN THE CAPACITY OF AN AGENT OR CUSTODIAN

Payroll Agency To account for payroll taxes and other related payroll de-

ductions collected for other governmental units or funds.

Municipal Courts To account for assets received and disbursed by the Mu-

nicipal Courts as agent or custodian related to Civil and

Criminal Court matters.

Central Collection Agency

To account for the collection of the Municipal Income

Tax for the City of Cleveland and any other municipalities that employ the Central Collection Agency as their

agency.

Other Agencies To account for miscellaneous assets held by the City for

other funds, governmental units or individuals.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES-

ALL AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	В	alance at eginning of Year		Additions	1	Deductions		Balance at End of Year
PAYROLL AGENCY								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,010	\$	371,391	\$	372,301	\$	6,100
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,010	\$	371,391	\$	372,301	\$	6,100
LIABILITIES								
Due to other governments	\$	6,576	\$	299,601	\$	300,897	\$	5,280
Sundry liabilities	Ψ	434	Ψ	71,790	Ψ	71,404	Ψ	820
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	7,010	\$	371,391	\$	372,301	\$	6,100
MUNICIPAL COURTS								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,329	\$	57,731	\$	60,705	\$	5,355
Accrued interest		24		2		24		2
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,353	\$	57,733	\$	60,729	\$	5,357
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	\$	4,248	\$	20,197	\$	23,819	\$	626
Sundry liabilities		4,105		37,536		36,910	·	4,731
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	8,353	\$	57,733	\$	60,729	\$	5,357
CENTRAL COLLECTION AGENCY								
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,415	\$	430,352	\$	436,927	\$	12,840
Taxes receivable	φ	17,502	φ	31,127	φ	17,502	φ	31,127
Due from other funds				286		-		286
Due from other governments		284		313		284		313
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	37,201	\$	462,078	\$	454,713	\$	44,566
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	\$	11,687	\$	301,133	\$	309,444	\$	3,376
Due to other governments	•	25,514		160,945		145,269	,	41,190
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	37,201	\$	462,078	\$	454,713	\$	44,566

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES-

ALL AGENCY FUNDS-Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	В	alance at eginning of Year		Additions	I	Deductions		Balance at End of Year
OTHER AGENCIES								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,313	\$	9,918	\$	12,433	\$	9,798
Due from other funds	\$	-	\$	11	\$	-	\$	11
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	12,313	\$	9,929	\$	12,433	\$	9,809
LIABILITIES								
Due to other governments	\$	5,062	\$	8,647	\$	10,984	\$	2,725
Sundry liabilities	,	7,251	-	1,282	_	1,449	_	7,084
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	12,313	\$	9,929	\$	12,433	\$	9,809
TOTALS-ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,067	\$	869,392	\$	882,366	\$	34,093
Taxes receivable		17,502		31,127		17,502		31,127
Accrued interest		24		2		24		2
Due from other funds		-		297		-		297
Due from other governments		284		313		284		313
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	64,877	\$	901,131	\$	900,176	\$	65,832
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	\$	15,935	\$	321,330	\$	333,263	\$	4,002
Due to other governments		37,152		469,193		457,150	·	49,195
Sundry liabilities		11,790		110,608		109,763		12,635
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	64,877	\$	901,131	\$	900,176	\$	65,832

CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP

THIS ACCOUNT GROUP IS USED TO PRESENT THE GENERAL FIXED ASSETS OF THE CITY UTILIZED IN ITS GENERAL OPERATIONS, EXCLUSIVE OF THOSE USED IN ENTERPRISE AND INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

GENERAL FIXED ASSETS INCLUDE LAND, BUILDINGS,
BETTERMENTS AND EQUIPMENT OWNED BY
THE CITY AND THE CITY'S INVESTMENT
IN THE JUSTICE CENTER BUILDING

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY SOURCES

December 31, 2001

General Fixed Assets: Land Land improvements Buildings, structures and improvements Furniture, fixtures and equipment Construction in progress TOTAL GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	\$ 37,240 55,226 508,163 94,624 47,337 \$ 742,590
Investment in General Fixed Assets: General obligation bonds	\$ 263,753
General Fund and other revenues	322,231
Special Revenue Fund revenues:	
Restricted income taxes	74,236
Federal grants	46,050
Certificates of participation	26,385
Gifts	9,935
TOTAL INVESTMENT IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	\$ 742,590

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

	Total	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings, Structures and Improvements	Capitalized Leased Equipment	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment		
General Government:								
General government	\$ 297,338	\$ 208		\$ 288,628	\$ 8	\$ 8,494		
City Hall	20,476			20,476				
Justice Center	29,725			29,306	150	269		
Charles V. Carr Municipal Center	22,102	2,540		19,562				
TOTAL GENERAL								
GOVERNMENT	369,641	2,748	-	357,972	158	8,763		
Public Service:								
Waste collection	24,229	1,057		8,138	7,227	7,807		
Engineering and construction	3,208	1,007		0,130	60	3,148		
Streets	21,731	258	138	12,922	2,854	5,559		
Other	1,950	230	130	1,317	2,03 1	633		
TOTAL PUBLIC SERVICE	51,118	1,315	138	22,377	10,141	17,147		
TOTAL TOPLIC SERVICE	31,110	1,515	130	22,377	10,141	17,147		
Public Health:								
Correction	7,216	135		6,638	78	365		
Health and environment	10,893	1,116	56	8,980	53	688		
TOTAL PUBLIC HEALTH	18,109	1,251	56	15,618	131	1,053		
Public Safety:								
Police	64,209	4,560	316	33,654	5,548	20,131		
Fire	43,525	1,619	210	22,593	12,874	6,439		
Emergency medical service	4,500	1,019		125	669	3,706		
Traffic engineering	1,603			155	228	1,220		
Dog pound	717			630	31	56		
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	114,554	6,179	316	57,157	19,350	31,552		
TOTAL TODAY SALETT	114,554	0,177	310	37,137	17,550	31,332		
Parks, Recreation and Properties								
Park maintenance and properties	59,825	23,170	25,332	8,237	674	2,412		
Research, planning and development	3,699		3,383	164		152		
Recreation	71,949	920	24,540	45,054	27	1,408		
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES	135,473	24,090	53,255	53,455	701	3,972		
Community Development:								
Community development	5,228	1,657	1,331	584	71	1,585		
TOTAL COMMUNITY	3,220	1,037	1,331	304	/1	1,303		
DEVELOPMENT	5,228	1,657	1,331	584	71	1,585		
Economic Development:								
Economic development	1,130		130	1,000		_		
TOTAL ECONOMIC								
DEVELOPMENT	1,130	-	130	1,000	-			
TOTAL BY FUNCTION	695,253	37,240	55,226	508,163	30,552	64,072		
Construction in progress	47,337		11,458	35,879	-			
TOTAL GENERAL								
FIXED ASSETS	\$ 742,590	\$ 37,240	\$ 66,684	\$ 544,042	\$ 30,552	\$ 64,072		

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Balance January 1, 2001		y 1,		Deductions		Transfers		Balance December 31, 2001	
General Government:										
General government	\$	298,588	\$	276	\$	(3,479)	\$	1,953	\$	297,338
City Hall		20,476								20,476
Justice Center		29,725								29,725
Charles V. Carr Municipal Center		22,102								22,102
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$	370,891	\$	276	\$	(3,479)	\$	1,953	\$	369,641
Public Service:										
Waste collection		21,936		2,575		(300)		18		24,229
Engineering and construction		2,934		232		(38)		80		3,208
Streets		19,774		1,979		(453)		431		21,731
Other		3,663		_		(52)		(1,661)		1,950
TOTAL PUBLIC SERVICE		48,307		4,786		(843)		(1,132)		51,118
Public Health:										
Correction		7,190		58		(46)		14		7,216
Health and environment		10,671		_		-		222		10,893
TOTAL PUBLIC HEALTH		17,861		58		(46)		236		18,109
Public Safety:										
Police		58,188		7,642		(1,658)		37		64,209
Fire		41,948		1,685		(1,147)		1,039		43,525
Emergency medical service		4,107		710		(196)		(121)		4,500
Traffic engineering		2,238		360		(1,148)		153		1,603
Dog pound		717				-				717
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY		107,198		10,397		(4,149)		1,108		114,554
Parks, Recreation and Properties										
Park maintenance and properties		58,046		628		(473)		1,624		59,825
Research, planning and development		3,897		92		(27)		(263)		3,699
Recreation		71,334		252		(37)		400		71,949
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION		,								
AND PROPERTIES		133,277		972		(537)		1,761		135,473
Community Development:										
Community development		4,929		86		(388)		601		5,228
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		4,929		86		(388)		601		5,228
Economic Development:										
Economic development		180				-		950		1,130
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		180		-		-		950		1,130
Construction in progress		36,909		15,856				(5,428)		47,337
TOTAL GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	\$	719,552	\$	32,431	\$	(9,442)	\$	49	\$	742,590

STATISTICAL SECTION

GENERAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION-(BUDGET BASIS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				(Amounts in 000's)	000(s)					
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
REVENUES										
Income taxes	\$184,805	\$191,005	\$196,309	\$209,154	\$215,876	\$222,745	\$230,863 \$	245,844 \$	7	7
Property taxes	40,423	39,309	38,722	40,145	40,844	40,844	43,026	45,964	45,131	47,842
State local government fund	37,570	40,107	43,431	46,407	48,689	50,762	54,255	56,923	59,488	59,265
Other shared revenues	8,454	9,862	10,147	17,879	24,820	26,122	26,581	31,187	32,871	31,590
Licenses and permits	5,981	5,733	6,488	6,964	8,403	8,886	10,303	8,731	9,339	8,887
Charges for services	11,440	14,394	15,038	12,160	13,191	13,570	14,975	13,671	16,177	16,030
Fines and forfeits	13,745	13,947	13,890	13,360	14,422	15,375	15,914	16,611	17,843	16,768
Investment earnings	1,121	1,006	1,106	2,060	1,384	2,159	4,241	4,435	2,526	1,604
Miscellaneous	19,380	21,539	20,653	16,901	19,475	17,315	9,508	8,759	24,447	29,735
	\$322,919	\$336,902	\$345,784	\$365,030	\$387,104	\$397,778	\$409,666	\$432,125	\$476,608	\$474,442
EXPENDITURES AND										
OTHER USES										
General Government	\$35,856	\$36,643	\$37,445	\$39,189	\$41,623	\$42,352	\$45,902	\$49,837	\$55,922	\$54,786
Public Service	31,362	30,798	29,435	30,357	29,537	30,208	30,669	31,222	33,580	33,550
Public Safety	194,675	200,874	207,541	217,825	225,669	234,064	240,717	252,723	261,480	272,436
Community Development	7,164	998,9	6,040	6,461	5,920	5,943	6,461	6,581	12,583	16,655
Public Health	10,604	10,421	10,545	10,261	10,037	10,274	10,418	11,984	12,465	11,884
Parks, Recreation and Properties	28,098	29,310	30,126	31,121	33,263	34,952	34,385	36,150	37,574	39,131
Economic Development	443	932	1,026	1,017	1,103	1,039	1,067	1,128	1,014	1,098
Other	9,784	12,580	11,876	12,843	14,071	14,575	14,963	16,553	16,742	16,882
Operating Transfers Out	5,282	9,253	12,125	16,392	26,208	24,776	23,650	24,778	39,465	41,680
	\$ 323,268	\$ 337,177	\$ 346,159	\$ 365,466	\$ 387,431	\$ 398,183	\$ 408,232	\$ 430,956	\$ 470,825	\$ 488,102

GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION AND OTHER USES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Amounts in 000's)

	1002	1002	1004	1005
	1992	1993	1994	1995
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Income taxes	\$211,417	\$217,082	\$222,651	\$237,081
Property taxes	61,367	58,994	60,949	62,630
State local government fund	37,569	40,515	43,634	52,625
Other shared revenues	19,392	20,644	22,339	29,098
Licenses and permits	6,519	6,096	6,924	7,466
Charges for services	14,492	14,832	15,682	13,056
Fines and forfeits	13,839	13,856	13,726	13,402
Investment earnings	6,276	5,898	6,731	10,276
Grants	67,612	76,864	81,507	97,841
Assessments and contributions	116	122	156	152
Cleveland Public Power repayment	0	4,370	35,609	0
Workers compensation settlement and refunds	0	249	303	916
Enterprise reimbursements	6,157	6,038	4,161	2,878
Miscellaneous	25,610	30,442	25,567	25,552
Operating transfers in	21,001	20,553	53,613	28,769
Resources from capitalized leases	2,363	0	0	3,891
Proceeds from sale of bonds-net	35,380	136,456	139,708	0
Proceeds from sale of certificates of participation	17,125	0	19,790	19,171
	\$546,235	\$653,011	\$753,050	\$604,804
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES				
Current:				
General government	\$39,047	\$36,291	\$38,061	\$39,901
Public service	50,610	54,357	49,959	50,619
Public safety	199,584	205,801	210,118	223,488
Human resources	10,380	7,726	6,724	8,919
Community development	39,768	45,511	50,065	58,502
Public health	15,901	17,516	20,201	20,981
Maintenance, parks and recreation	28,515	29,931	31,409	32,889
Economic development	8,206	4,944	7,668	13,242
Other	9,107	12,164	10,227	14,523
Rebatable arbitrage	0	(131)	0	0
Capital outlay	49,273	88,960	81,622	63,457
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	15,810	16,972	112,119	18,824
Interest	17,694	16,820	22,616	26,439
Enterprise debt service	6,178	5,199	4,577	2,810
Operating transfers out	20,560	20,723	53,226	30,455
Payments to refund notes, bonds and	20,200	_ 	,	- 5,
certificates of participation	10,156	99,858	0	19,171
	\$520,789	\$662,642	\$698,592	\$624,220

Note: Includes all Governemental Fund Types

1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
\$243,213	\$255,925	\$272,309	\$285,947	\$291,514	\$277,687
63,968	64,354	66,662	70,937	66,642	71,610
50,865	50,217	53,998	59,413	60,015	59,252
34,590	37,561	37,393	43,121	43,626	43,341
8,714	9,252	10,574	9,099	9,255	8,967
13,744	16,326	16,648	17,850	18,370	18,798
14,771	15,572	14,766	19,070	20,990	13,096
9,963	10,492	23,890	14,621	14,327	10,425
90,412	92,276	100,255	107,455	83,334	106,965
120	168	115	0	84	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
2,095	0	0	0	0	0
1,342	116	0	0	0	0
38,374	36,064	66,890	109,565	54,495	54,249
47,568	41,580	42,673	66,270	57,049	69,156
0	0	0	0	0	0
58,491	214,166	48,736	35,778	26,335	4,060
0	0	0	20,000	0	0
\$678,230	\$844,069	\$754,909	\$859,126	\$746,036	\$737,606
\$44,268	\$44,568	\$54,789	\$63,476	\$69,397	\$74,752
50,246	47,975	53,898	52,792	63,698	50,209
227,572	236,426	241,632	249,160	279,540	273,951
9,494	9,549	9,920	7,520	8,471	13,425
57,509	56,754	52,178	50,750	53,125	82,194
22,560	22,343	19,814	21,071	21,852	19,796
34,528	36,858	42,645	41,738	39,941	39,951
22,285	18,439	13,368	18,754	16,071	41,466
12,980	19,546	14,876	15,031	19,425	16,373
0	0	0	0	0	0
42,314	81,222	184,528	133,490	51,586	74,329
21,935	25,003	26,511	48,442	30,646	31,463
23,444	26,488	30,293	29,304	28,825	28,312
2,602	352	0	29,304	0	0
48,497	40,981	42,074	67,679	57,823	68,346
40,427	40,701	42,074	01,019	31,023	00,540
16,644	47,665	24,823	0	0	0
\$636,878	\$714,169	\$811,349	\$799,207	\$740,400	\$814,567

CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO

AD VALOREM
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONSREAL, UTILITY AND TANGIBLE TAXES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year/ Collection Year	Current Levy	Delinquent Levy (1)	Total Levy	Current Collection	Current Levy Collected	Delinquent Collection	Total Collections	Total Collections As Percent of Current Levy	Cumulative Delinquencies
1991/1992	61,331,722	10,980,125	72,311,847	56,886,685	92.8%	2,632,169	59,518,854	%0'.26	10,200,350
1992/1993	60,086,819	11,399,652	71,486,471	55,724,076	92.7%	2,164,940	57,889,016	96.3%	12,217,231
1993/1994	61,438,787	12,569,653	74,008,440	56,476,156	91.9%	2,421,817	58,897,973	95.9%	10,772,864
1994/1995	63,537,979	11,399,864	74,937,843	58,758,206	92.5%	2,403,005	61,161,211	96.3%	10,975,479
1995/1996	64,041,017	12,339,642	76,380,659	59,133,403	92.3%	2,850,250	61,983,653	%8.96	12,752,255
1996/1997	65,060,514	14,986,362	80,046,876	59,733,751	91.8%	3,023,595	62,757,346	%5'96	14,222,919
1997/1998	68,518,965	13,796,053	82,315,018	62,883,792	91.8%	2,785,155	65,668,947	95.8%	14,128,110
1998/1999	69,516,994	14,138,999	83,655,993	63,427,067	91.2%	4,219,704	67,646,771	97.3%	13,869,371
1999/2000	69,830,697	14,601,538	84,432,235	62,471,564	89.5%	4,214,775	66,686,339	95.5%	16,484,006
2000/2001	76,121,582	17,631,916	93,753,498	66,447,200	87.3%	4,253,228	70,700,428	92.9%	21,498,001

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office

(1) Levy includes adjustments, abatements, additions and penalties against current delinquent levy.

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

(Amounts in 000's)

	Real Property (1)	perty (1)	Personal Property (2)	operty (2)	Public Utilities (3)	lities (3)	Total	ial	
Tax Year/ Collection	Assessed	Estimated Actual	Assessed	Estimated Actual	Assessed	Estimated Actual	Assessed	Estimated Actual Volue	Ratio of Total Assessed Value To Total Estimated
1991/1992	3,580,628	10,230,366	905,638	3,483,223	518,619	1,037,238	5,004,885	14,750,827	33.9%
1992/1993	3,510,905	10,031,157	868,719	3,474,876	519,073	1,038,146	4,898,697	14,544,179	33.7%
1993/1994	3,526,652	10,076,150	862,181	3,448,724	503,658	572,338	4,892,491	14,097,212	34.7%
1994/1995	3,666,719	10,476,340	816,921	3,267,684	517,663	588,253	5,001,303	14,332,277	34.9%
1995/1996	3,700,852	10,573,863	820,959	3,283,836	484,244	550,277	5,006,055	14,407,976	34.7%
1996/1997	3,767,013	10,762,894	856,832	3,427,327	476,677	541,678	5,100,522	14,731,899	34.6%
1997/1998	4,015,815	11,473,757	885,245	3,540,980	474,182	538,843	5,375,242	15,553,580	34.6%
1998/1999	4,085,338	11,672,394	913,154	3,652,616	478,752	544,036	5,477,244	15,869,046	34.5%
1999/2000	4,100,737	11,716,391	952,829	3,811,316	444,315	504,903	5,497,881	16,032,610	34.3%
2000/2001 4,618,340 13,195,257 Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office	4,618,340 oga County A	4,618,340 13,195,257 a County Auditor's Office	988,532	3,954,128	451,775	513,380	6,058,647	17,662,765	34.3%

⁽¹⁾ The assessed valuation level for real property in Cuyahoga County is 35% of market value, except for certain agricultural land and public utility property.

transmission and distribution property of an electric company remains at 88% of true value, but all other taxable property of the electric company is true value, while all of its other taxable property was assessed at 88% of true value. Current legislation provides the assessment rate for the taxable (2) The percentage used to determine taxable value of personal property and inventory was 25%.
(3) Electric deregulation took place January 1, 2001. Under prior law, an electric company's taxable production equipment was assessed at 100% of now assessed at 25% of true value.

AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION)

_		Cit	ty of Clevela	nd		=		
Tax Year/ Collection Year	General Fund	Bond Retirement	Police Pension	Fire Pension	Total City Rate	County	Library & School	Total
						-		
1991/1992	7.75	3.95	0.30	0.30	12.30	16.80	51.90	81.00
1992/1993	7.75	3.95	0.30	0.30	12.30	16.80	52.70	81.80
1993/1994	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.80	51.40	80.90
1994/1995	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.80	51.10	80.60
1995/1996	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.60	51.10	80.40
1996/1997	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.60	64.00	93.30
1997/1998	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.60	64.00	93.30
1998/1999	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	15.30	65.00	93.00
1999/2000	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	15.30	64.80	92.80
2000/2001	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.20	64.60	93.50

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population(1)	Assessed Value (2) (Amounts in 000's)	Gross General Bonded Debt (3)	Less Balance in Debt Service Fund (4)	Net General Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
1992	505,616	\$ 5,004,885	\$ 251,060,000	\$ 9,447,394	\$ 241,612,606	4.83%	\$477.86
1993	505,616	4,898,697	272,380,000	9,397,000	262,983,000	5.37%	520.12
1994	505,616	4,892,491	296,800,000	9,157,000	287,643,000	5.88%	568.90
1995	505,616	5,001,303	280,650,000	9,729,000	270,921,000	5.42%	535.82
1996	505,616	5,006,055	291,665,000	8,460,000	283,205,000	5.66%	560.12
1997	505,616	5,100,522	299,100,000	5,408,000	293,692,000	5.76%	580.86
1998	505,616	5,375,242	306,165,000	6,083,000	300,082,000	5.58%	593.50
1999	505,616	5,477,243	312,225,000	7,575,000	304,650,000	5.56%	602.53
2000	478,403	5,497,881	316,950,000	6,580,000	310,370,000	5.65%	648.76
2001	478,403	6,058,647	293,380,000	772,000	292,608,000	4.83%	611.63

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of Census.

⁽²⁾ Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office. Values listed for year of collection.

⁽³⁾ General Obligation Debt Outstanding December 31.

⁽⁴⁾ Balance in Debt Service Fund excludes the balance in the Stadium Bond Fund, Urban Renewal Fund, Urban Renewal Reserve Fund, Subordinated Income Tax Fund and Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund.

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (1)

December 31, 2001

Total of all City Dale Outstanding		¢ 2	416 502 000
Total of all City Debt Outstanding Debt Exempt From Direct Debt Limitation:		Φ 2,	,416,503,000
Tax Supporting:			
Tax Supporting Issues after 1980	\$ 291,210,000		
Self-Supporting:	\$ 291,210,000		
Revenue Bonds and Notes	2,018,731,000		
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	13,117,000		
Urban Renewal Bonds and Notes	13,075,000		
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds	68,200,000		
Non-tax Revenue Bonds	10,000,000		
Total Exempt Debt	10,000,000	2	,414,333,000
Total Exempt Debt			,414,333,000
Net Indebtedness (Voted and Unvoted) Subject to 10.50% Debt Limitation			2,170,000
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund			772,000
**		Φ.	
Net Indebtedness Subject to 10.50% Limitation		\$	1,398,000
Net Indebtedness (Unvoted) Subject to 5.50% Legal Debt Limitation		\$	2,170,000
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund			772,000
Net Indebtedness Subject to 5.50% Limitation			\$1,398,000
·			
Assessed Valuation of City (2000 for 2001 Collection)		\$ 6	058,647,000
Assessed Valuation of City (2000 for 2001 Concetton)		ψυ	,030,047,000
10.50% of Valuation (Maximum Voted and Unvoted General Obligation Debt A	llowed)	\$	636,157,935
Net Indebtedness Subject to 10.50% Debt Limitation			1,398,000
Legal 10.50% Margin		\$	634,759,935
5.50% of Valuation (Maximum Unvoted Non-exempt General Obligation Debt A	Allowed)	\$	333,225,585
Net Indebtedness Subject to 5.50% Debt Limitation	Allowed)	Ψ	1,398,000
•		Φ.	
Legal 5.50% Margin		\$	331,827,585

⁽¹⁾ Computation of Legal Debt Margin based on Section 133, the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

December 31, 2001

	Gross Debt	Debt Service Fund	Net Debt	Percent Applicable (1)	City's Share
City of Cleveland	\$ 293,380,000	\$ 772,000	(2) \$ 292,608,000	100.00%	\$ 292,608,000
Cleveland School District (3)	110,050,000	24,736,000	85,314,000	97.92%	83,539,469
Shaker Heights School District (3)	16,999,223	686,346	16,312,877	0.92%	150,078
Berea School District (3)	11,715,000	739,871	10,975,129	1.16%	127,311
Cuyahoga County (3)	216,544,636	371,048	216,173,588	21.01%	45,418,071
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVE	RLAPPING DEB	Γ		:	\$ 421,842,929

- (1) Percent applicable column is calculated using current assessed valuation of the City area overlapping the applicable taxing district divided by total current assessed valuation of that taxing district.
- (2) Balance in Debt Service Fund excludes the balance in the Stadium Bond Fund, Urban Renewal Fund, Urban Renewal Reserve Fund, Subordinated Income Tax Fund and Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund.
- (3) Cuyahoga County Budget Commission

SCHEDULE OF DIRECT DEBT (1)

December 31, 2001

Long-Term Deot.	
General Obligation Bonds and Notes:	
Various Purpose	\$ 293,380,000
Revenue Bonds:	
Airport	930,851,000

Airport	930,851,000
Waterworks	693,160,000
Public Power System Improvement	274,250,000
Parking Facilities	75,520,000
Urban Renewal Bonds and Notes	13,075,000
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds	68,200,000
Non-tax Revenue Bonds	10,000,000
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	13.117.000

Total Long-Term Debt \$ 2,371,553,000

Short Term Debt - Airport Surplus Revenue Notes 44,950,000

Gross Direct Debt 2,416,503,000

Deduct:

DIRECT DEBT

Long Torm Dobt

General Obligation Debt Service Fund 772,000 (2)

Exempt Tax-Supporting General Obligations:
General Obligation Bonds Issued after 1980 291,210,000

Revenue Bonds:

Airport 930,851,000
Waterworks Improvement 693,160,000
Public Power System Improvement 274,250,000
Parking Facilities 75,520,000

Total Revenue Bonds 1,973,781,000
Urban Renewal Bonds and Notes 13,075,000
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds 68,200,000
Non-tax Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes 10,000,000
Short Term Debt - Airport Surplus Revenue Notes 44,950,000

 Total Deductions
 2,401,988,000

 Net Direct Debt
 \$ 14,515,000

- (1) Statement of Direct Debt is based on Section 133 of the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.
- (2) Balance in Debt Service Fund excludes the balance in the Stadium Bond Fund, Urban Renewal Fund, Urban Renewal Reserve Fund, Subordinated Income Tax Fund and Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund.

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES-(BUDGET BASIS)

Year	Debt Service on General Tax Supported Debt	Debt Service on Self-Supporting Debt	General Fund Expenditures (1)	Ratio of Tax Supported Debt Service to General Fund Expenditures	Ratio of Self-Supporting Debt Service to General Fund Expenditures
1992	33,504,835	6,177,438	323,268,000	10.36%	1.91%
1993	32,204,093	5,198,337	337,177,000	9.55%	1.54%
1994	33,182,285	4,576,925	346,159,000	9.59%	1.32%
1995	33,960,155	2,810,246	366,659,000	9.26%	0.77%
1996	34,890,298	2,601,657	387,431,000	9.01%	0.67%
1997	35,157,587	352,168	398,183,000	8.83%	0.09%
1998	35,603,010	0	408,232,000	8.72%	0.00%
1999	36,590,983	0	430,956,000	8.49%	0.00%
2000	38,584,776	0	470,825,000	8.20%	0.00%
2001	39,958,441	0	488,102,000	8.19%	0.00%

⁽¹⁾ Expenditures and other financing uses based on budget basis accounting.

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-AIRPORT BONDS

Year	Gross Revenue (1		Direct Operating xpenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service		Annual ebt Service uirement (3)	Cov	erage
1992	\$ 43,872,0	000 \$	27,236,000	\$	16,636,000	\$ 10,168,562	1.	64
1993	44,398,0	000	28,098,000		16,300,000	10,057,216	1.	62
1994	54,875,0	000	28,610,000		26,265,000	10,028,565	2.	62
1995	56,876,0	000	29,992,000		26,884,000	15,626,785	1.	72
1996	61,778,0	000	34,050,000		27,728,000	16,771,815	1.	65
1997	56,335,0	000	31,864,000		24,471,000	16,411,660	1.	49
1998	68,259,0	000	34,263,000		33,996,000	19,133,000	1.	78
1999	77,943,0	000	40,252,000		37,691,000	27,127,792	1.	39
2000	90,205,0	000	47,381,000		42,824,000	32,431,700	1.	32
2001	103,498,0	000	56,795,000		46,703,000	32,534,400	1.	44

⁽¹⁾ Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income. Beginning in 2001, a minimum of 40% of passenger facility charges (PFC), revenue is also dedicated to the payment of debt service charges and is included in gross revenues.

⁽²⁾ Direct operating expenses are calculated in accordance with bond indenture.

⁽³⁾ Annual debt service requirements include principal and interest of both self-supported revenue and self-supported general obligation bonds, but exclude such amounts of principal and interest for which sufficient monies have been irrevocably deposited with the trustee.

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-WATER BONDS

Year	Gross Revenues (1)	Direct Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Annual Available for Debt Service Debt Service Requirement (3		Coverage
1992	\$ 133,180,000	\$ 89,673,000	\$ 43,507,000	\$ 25,932,187	1.68
1993	146,739,000	88,562,000	58,177,000	41,492,806	1.40
1994	158,282,000	93,326,000	64,956,000	38,917,184	1.67
1995	165,654,000	96,719,000	68,935,000	42,606,553	1.62
1996	176,968,000	100,882,000	76,086,000	43,107,346	1.77
1997	187,151,000	100,286,000	86,865,000	50,927,000	1.71
1998	204,021,000	102,462,000	101,559,000	49,796,000	2.04
1999	213,777,000	99,700,000	114,077,000	57,666,000	1.98
2000	225,060,000	109,159,000	115,901,000	59,131,675	1.96
2001	229,827,000	116,841,000	112,986,000	52,998,449	2.13

⁽¹⁾ Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.

⁽²⁾ Direct operating expenses include operating expenses less depreciation.

⁽³⁾ Annual debt service requirements include principal and interest of both self-supported revenue and self-supported general obligation bonds.

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-PUBLIC POWER SYSTEM BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenues (1)	Direct Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Annual Debt Service Requirement (3)	Coverage
1992	\$ 60,426,000	\$ 48,294,000	\$ 12,132,000	\$ 5,632,570	2.15
1993	67,788,000	54,128,000	13,660,000	5,912,677	2.31
1994	79,696,000	62,330,000	17,366,000	5,901,327	2.94
1995	92,073,000	71,315,000	20,758,000	17,471,701	1.19
1996	99,881,000	68,566,000	31,315,000	17,033,000	1.84
1997	111,663,000	77,015,000	34,648,000	20,561,000	1.69
1998	121,896,000	87,658,000	34,238,000	20,797,000	1.65
1999	132,651,000	99,436,000	33,215,000	19,240,000	1.73
2000	137,407,000	104,889,000	32,518,000	19,445,000	1.67
2001	134,632,000	97,834,000	36,798,000	18,045,161	2.04

⁽¹⁾ Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.

⁽²⁾ Direct operating expenses include operating expenses less depreciation.

⁽³⁾ Annual debt service requirements include principal and interest of both self-supported revenue and self-supported general obligation bonds.

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-SEWER AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenues (1)	Direct Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Annual Debt Service Requirement	Coverage
1992	\$ 15,487,000	\$ 9,883,000	\$ 5,604,000	\$ 4,044,932	1.39
1993	16,120,000	10,672,000	5,448,000	3,634,158	1.50
1994	17,112,000	11,282,000	5,830,000	3,068,983	1.90
1995	16,844,000	11,071,000	5,773,000	2,251,648	2.56
1996	17,556,000	11,998,000	5,558,000	2,087,048	2.66
1997	18,423,000	13,303,000	5,120,000	906,000	5.65
1998	19,835,000	12,735,000	7,100,000	1,109,000	6.40
1999	20,087,000	12,931,000	7,156,000	850,000	8.42
2000	20,452,000	13,529,000	6,923,000	749,000	9.24
2001	20,576,000	13,727,000	6,849,000	846,000	8.10

⁽¹⁾ Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.

⁽²⁾ Direct operating expenses include operating expenses less depreciation.

PROPERTY VALUES, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS

Year	Total Estimated Actual Value (1) (Amounts in 000's)	Bank Deposits at December 31 (2) (Amounts in 000's)	Building Permits Issued (3)
1992	14,750,827	19,379,280	5,355
1993	14,544,179	21,009,421	5,957
1994	14,097,212	20,885,453	6,666
1995	14,332,277	22,458,573	6,850
1996	14,407,976	27,068,211	8,077
1997	14,731,899	53,941,971	9,728
1998	15,553,580	58,904,596	9,216
1999	15,869,046	57,816,942	8,882
2000	16,032,610	61,943,764	9,194
2001	17,662,765	63,893,769	9,853

⁽¹⁾ Estimated actual value for real, personal and public utilities-Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office. Value listed for year of collection.

⁽²⁾ United States Commercial Bank Deposits - Cuyahoga County

⁽³⁾ Building permits issued-Division of Building and Housing, City of Cleveland.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

December 31, 2001

The largest property taxpayers with respect to property located in the City, based on assessed valuation of property for the 2001 tax collection year, are as follows:

			Assessed	Percentage of Assessed Valuation
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business		Valuation	by Category
Real Property				
City of Cleveland, Ohio	Government	\$	98,621,290	2.14%
ZML - Cleveland Public Square LLC	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		56,305,130	1.22%
NPW LTD Partnership	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		36,610,000	0.79%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation	Hospital System		33,157,070	0.72%
BRE/City Center LLC	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		33,051,760	0.72%
LTV Steel Co. Inc.	Steel Manufacturing and Processing		32,987,400	0.71%
GSA	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		31,034,190	0.67%
600 Superior Lace	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		25,970,770	0.56%
CG Erieview	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		25,202,210	0.55%
Bishop James Hickey	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		22,353,030	0.48%
T	OTAL	\$	395,292,850	8.56%
Total Assesse	d Valuation-Real (1)	\$	4,618,340,000	76.23%
Tangible Personal Property (other tha	an Public Utilities)			_
The LTV Corporation	Steel Manufacturing and Processing	\$	87,013,300	8.80%
B.F. Goodrich Company	Automotive Products		12,501,000	1.26%
Cablevision	Mass Media		11,694,110	1.18%
PPG Ohio, Incorporated	Automotive Finishes, Coatings & Resins		10,789,390	1.09%
TRW, Incorporated	Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories		10,748,560	1.09%
ICG Equipment, Inc.	Telephone		8,878,400	0.90%
Cargill, Incorporated	Salt Mining		8,870,060	0.90%
Sherwin Williams Co.	Paint Products		8,510,330	0.86%
IBM Credit Corporation	Real Estate Agents & Managers		8,429,230	0.85%
Midland Steel Products	Steel Manufacturing and Processing		7,549,880	0.76%
T	OTAL	\$	174,984,260	17.70%
Total Assessed Value	nation-Tangible Personal	\$	988,532,000	16.32%
Public Utilities (Real and Tangible Pe	rsonal Property)			
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	Electric	\$	167,903,820	37.17%
Ameritech	Telephone		110,353,100	24.43%
American Transmission System	Electric		25,938,450	5.74%
Dominion East Ohio	Natural Gas		15,604,100	3.45%
	OTAL	\$	319,799,470	70.79%
Total Assessed Va	Total Assessed Valuation-Public Utilities			7.46%
Total Assessed Va	aluation-All Categories	\$	6,058,647,000	100.00%

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office. (1) Includes Public Utilities Real Property.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE

December 31, 20001

Type of Coverage / Name of Carrier	Policy Number	Policy Period	Annual Premium
AIRPORTS: 1) COMPREHENSIVE GENERAL LIABILITY INSURANCE - A) Great American Insurance Co. Primary Airport General Liability Insurance	PR174701	10/10/01-10/10/02	\$120,335
B) Underwriters at Lloyd's of London Excess Airport Liability Insurance	JDDNX09803501	10/10/01-10/10/02	\$105,000
2) PROPERTY DAMAGE AND EARNINGS INSURANCE - A) Factory Mutual Insurance Co.	NB348	02/06/98-02/06/03	\$116,003
3) VEHICLE LIABILITY INSURANCE: A) St. Paul Mercury Insurance Co.	GP03400045	07/03/01-07/03/02	\$ 52,693
CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER: 1) PROPERTY COVERAGE: A) Lloyd's of London Property Insurance Coverage	PL047001	08/29/01-08/29/02	\$ 134,746
B) Lloyd's of London Boiler and Machinery Coverage	PL047001	08/29/01-08/28/02	(included above)

Details of Coverage

Liability Limit

Bodily injury and property damage including airport operations hazard, products-completed operations hazard, contractual hazard, non-owned aircraft hazard, liquor liability hazard and hangarkeepers liability.

\$20 million annual aggregate. Self-insured retention of \$100,000.

Excess liability coverage

\$180 million annual aggregate, excess to \$50 million primary coverage.

Property damage, gross earnings, demolition, and increased cost of construction

and omissions), transit and expediting expense

\$391,084,000.

Earthquake and flood
Debris removal (greater of)

\$100 million annual aggregate. 25% of value or \$5 million.

Extra expense, service interruption bodily injury, EDP-media, property damage/bodily injury (automatic coverage or errors

\$1 million with deductibles of \$100,000 per occurrence and \$500,000 annual aggregate.

Bodily injury or property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, operation and use of all owned, non-owned, leased and/or hired vehicles.

\$1 million per occurrence \$1,000 deductible per accident with annual aggregate deductible of \$10,000. Uninsured Motorist \$50,000 per vehicle

Blanket real and personal property special form coverage for insured perils; newly acquired location; fire brigade charges and extinguishing services.

\$43,042,755 per occurrence/location; 250,000 deductible for turbines; \$100,000 deductible for one location; \$5,000 deductible for four locations.

Pollutant removal

\$100,000 per occurrence.

Comprehensive coverage including production machinery (including breakdown)

\$20,000,000 per accident; \$250,000 deductible for turbines/generators. \$25,000 per occurrence. 20,000 KVA or larger, \$10,000 per occurrence for transformer under 20,000 KVA.

Water damage\$100,000 per accidentExpediting expenses\$100,000 per accidentHazardous substance\$100,000 per accidentAmmonia contamination\$100,000 per accident

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE - Continued

December 31, 2001

Type of Coverage/	Policy	Policy	Annual	
Name of Carrier	Number	Period	Premium	
NEW CLEVELAND BROWNS' STADIUM CONSTRUC	CTION:			
Pinkney Perry Insurance Agency (Zurich Global)				
General liability coverage	ERP3589292	04/23/01-04/23/02	\$102,060	

Details of Coverage

Liability Limit

Commercial General Liability Coverage, wrap program; products/completed operations coverage; personal & advertising injury coverage

Fire damage Medical expense Builders' risk property coverage Earthquake coverage, Flood coverage \$30,000,000 per occurrrence. \$30,000,000 aggregate. \$10,000 deductible per occurrence. \$100,000 aggregate deductible.

\$50,000 any one fire. \$5,000 any one person. \$280,000,000 limit, \$25,000 deductible. \$5,000,000 limit, \$100,000 deductible.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

December 31, 2001

The population of the City, the County, the PMSA and the State for each decade from 1950 to 2000 (U.S. Bureau of the Census) is as follows:

	Population						
Year	City	County	PMSA	State			
1950	914,808	1,389,532	1,532,574	7,946,627			
1960	876,050	1,647,895	1,909,483	9,706,397			
1970	750,903	1,721,300	2,063,729	10,652,017			
1980	573,822	1,498,400	1,898,825	10,797,630			
1990	505,616	1,412,140	1,831,122	10,847,115			
2000	478,403	1,393,978	2,250,871	11,353,140			

AGE DISTRIBUTION (1), (2)

	2000				
	Ma	ales	Fem	ales	
Age	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	
Under 5 Years	19,686	8.7%	18,908	7.5%	
5-9 yrs	21,094	9.3%	20,614	8.2%	
10-14 yrs	18,767	8.3%	18,032	7.2%	
15-19 yrs	16,316	7.2%	16,179	6.4%	
20-24 yrs	14,895	6.6%	17,166	6.9%	
25-34 yrs	34,078	15.1%	37,769	15.0%	
35-44 yrs	36,000	15.9%	37,822	15.0%	
45-54 yrs	26,547	11.7%	28,564	11.3%	
55-59 yrs	8,464	3.7%	10,393	4.1%	
60-64 yrs	7,578	3.3%	9,552	3.8%	
65 and over	23,125	10.2%	36,854	14.6%	
Total	226,550	100.0%	251,853	100.0%	
Median age	31.6		34.3		

DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES BY INCOME BRACKET (average 3.2 persons) (1), (2)

	19	99	1999		
10,000- 14,999 15,000- 24,999 25,000- 34,999 35,000- 49,999 50,000- 74,999 75,000- 99,000	Families	Percentage	Household	Percentage	
\$0-10.000	18,241	16.2%	40,118	21.0%	
	9,112	8.1%	18,446	9.7%	
	19,545	17.3%	33,725	17.7%	
	16,699	14.8%	28,228	14.8%	
	19,400	17.2%	28,814	15.1%	
\$50,000-74,999	18,451	16.3%	25,592	13.4%	
\$75,000-99,000	6,896	6.1%	9,338	4.9%	
\$100,000- 149,999	3,227	2.9%	4,336	2.3%	
\$150,000- 199,999	535	0.5%	820	.4%	
Over \$200,000	732	.6%	1,318	.7%	
Total	112,838	100.0%	190,735	100.0%	
Median Family Income (1)	\$ 30,286		\$ 25,928		

Source: (1) U.S. Census of Population 2000

⁽²⁾ Northern Ohio Data & Information Service, College of Urban Affairs, Cleveland State University

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - Continued

December 31, 2001

Employment

The following table indicates the distribution of employees among major industrial classifications in the Cleveland - Lorain - Elyria PMSA for the years 1997 through 2001:

Distribution of Employees by Sector (Amounts in 000's)

	2001 ⁽¹⁾	$2000^{(1)}$	1999(3)	1998(2)	1997 ⁽²⁾
Good Producing Industries:					
Construction	45.2	44.9	45.4	46.6	44.2
Primary Metal	17.0	18.9	20.5	21.4	21.6
Fabricated Metal	35.9	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.4
Industrial Machinery	30.5	34.9	35.5	37.5	36.3
Electrical Equipment	14.6	15.1	15.4	15.4	16.0
Transportation Equipment	21.5	21.5	21.3	21.4	22.2
Printing & Publishing	15.2	17.0	17.2	16.8	17.0
Chemical Products	16.1	17.8	17.8	17.5	17.4
Rubber & Plastic Products	13.6	14.4	15.0	14.5	14.6
Other	38.9	41.1	42.0	40.3	39.7
Total Goods Producing Industries	248.5	264.2	268.7	270.0	267.4
Service Producing Industries:					
Transportation & Public Utilities	47.5	47.6	47.4	45.8	45.4
Wholesale Trade	70.4	76.0	75.3	73.9	72.7
Retail Trade	199.8	209.1	209.8	202.6	198.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	82.5	80.5	80.0	75.5	74.1
Health Services	116.5	113.4	112.3	109.0	106.2
Other Services	241.5	245.4	243.6	239.4	228.9
Federal Government	19.7	20.5	20.9	21.2	21.5
State Government	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.1	9.0
Local Government	122.8	120.3	119.0	115.9	114.0
Total Service Producing Industries	909.9	922.0	917.5	892.4	870.1
Grand Total	1,158.4	1,186.2	1,186.2	1,162.4	1,137.5
Goods Producing Percentage	21.5%	22.3%	22.7%	23.2%	23.5%
Service Producing Percentage	78.5%	77.7%	77.3%	76.8%	76.5%

Source: Ohio Bureau of Employment Services, Labor Market Information Divison

- (1) Office of Research, Assessment, & Accountability, Bureau of Labor Market Information, Labor Market Review, January 2002
- (2) Effective January 1, 1994 the Cleveland PMSA was modified to include Lorain and Ashtabula counties.
- (3) Revised

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - Continued

December 31, 2001

Employment

The following table compares estimated employment statistics for Cuyahoga County and the Cleveland - Lorain - Elyria PMSA including comparisons with unemployment rates for the State of Ohio and the United States:

	Employed		Unemployed		Unemployment Rate			
Years ⁽¹⁾	County	PMSA	County	PMSA	County	PMSA	Ohio	U.S.
1992	629,200	1,011,100	48,800	82,900	7.2%	7.6%	7.3%	7.5%
1993	627,900	1,008,500	46,000	75,100	6.8%	6.9%	6.5%	6.9%
1994	636,300	1,023,900	39,400	64,200	5.8%	5.9%	5.5%	6.1%
1995	644,100	1,037,000	31,800	55,400	4.7%	5.1%	4.8%	5.6%
1996	655,700	1,046,100	34,300	57,100	5.0%	5.2%	4.9%	5.4%
1997	651,900	1,061,600	33,000	53,500	4.8%	4.8%	4.6%	4.9%
1998	644,400	1,088,700	30,000	49,400	4.4%	4.3%	4.3%	4.5%
1999	649,900	1,093,400	31,300	49,100	4.6%	4.3%	4.3%	4.2%
2000 ⁽³⁾	646,300	1,070,500	31,100	49,800	4.6%	4.4%	4.1%	4.0%
2001 ⁽²⁾	648,300	1,073,900	31,100	52,300	4.6%	4.6%	4.3%	4.8%

Source: Bureau of Labor Market Information

- (1) Effective January 1, 1994 the Cleveland PMSA was modified to include Lorain and Ashtabula Counties.
- (2) Office of Research Assessments & Accountablity, Bureau of Labor Market Information, 2002
- (3) Revised

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - Continued

December 31, 2001

Corporate Headquarters

The following table shows the corporations among Fortune magazine's listing of the five hundred largest U.S. corporations in the United States which are located in the Cleveland - Lorain - Elyria PMSA:

The 500 Largest Industrial and Service Corporations Ranked by Revenues $^{(A)}$

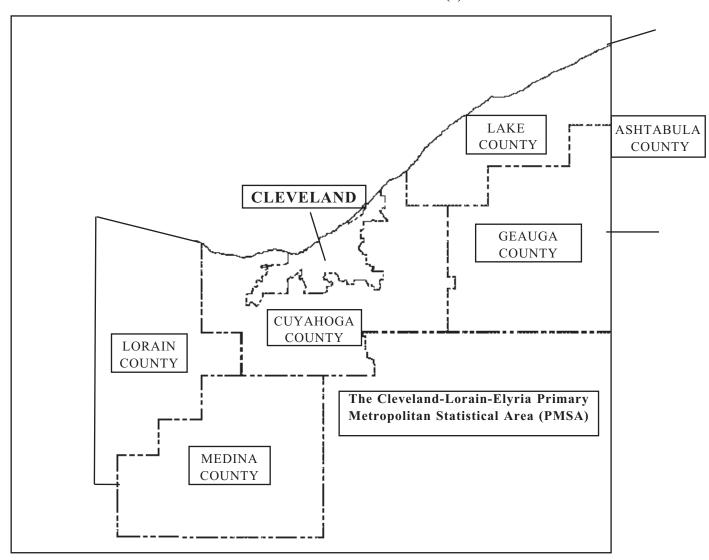
Rank	Company	Worldwide Revenues (\$ millions)	Worldwide Assets (\$ millions)	Major Product or Services
122	TRW. Incorporated	\$ 16,383.0	\$14,444.0	Automotive and Electronics
213	National City Corporation	9,092.6	105,816.7	Commercial Banking
254	Progressive	7,488.2	11,127.4	Insurance
257	KeyCorp	7,352.8	80,938.0	Commercial Banking
259	Eaton	7,299.0	7,646.0	Automotive and Electronics
303	Parker Hannifin Corporation	5,979.6	5,337.7	Hydraulic Components
339	Sherwin Williams	5,066.0	3,627.9	Paints
357	OfficeMax	4,636.0	1,768.6	Retail Office Supplies
416	LTV	3,956.0	4,605.0	Steel Manufacturing

Source: (A) The Fortune 500, Vol. 145, No. 8, April 15, 2002

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - Continued

December 31, 2001

METROPOLITAN CLEVELAND (1)



2,223,300 million people

6 counties

Largest metropolitan area in Ohio

1,073,900 employed labor force (2)

(1) Effective January 1, 1994, Ashtabula and Lorain counties were added to the Cleveland PMSA.

⁽²⁾ Office of Research Assessement & Accountablity, Bureau of Labor Market Information, Labor Market Review, January 2002.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - Continued

December 31, 2001

DATE OF INCORPORATION	
ELECTION OF NOVEMBER, 2001 (Mayoral)Number of Registered Voters-Last General Election.220,782Number of Ballots Cast-Last General Election.109,770Percentage of Registered Votes Cast.49.72	
AIRPORTS Cleveland Hopkins International Airport Enplaned Passengers. 5,918,082 Total Airport Landing Weight (1,000 lbs) 8,765,175 Number of Scheduled Aircraft Departures per day (Average at Hopkins) 342 Miles from City Hall to Cleveland Hopkins International Airport 13 Miles from City Hall to Burke Lakefront Airport 1/4	
WATER SYSTEMNumber of Customer Billings1,657,213Daily Average Pumpage-Gallons258,148,000Greatest Pumpage for a Single Day (July 16, 2001)364,000,000Maximum-Filtration Plant Capacity per day-gallons529,000,000Maximum-Intake Capacity per day-gallons740,000,000Number of Miles of Watermains Owned by City1,600Number of Miles of Watermains Owned by Suburbs3,500Population Served1,500,000	
FIRE DEPARTMENT Number of Stations	
POLICE DEPARTMENT Number of Districts	
BUILDINGS Permits Issued	
PARKS AND RECREATIONNumber of Parks (District, Community, Neighborhood and Urban).145Number of Ball Diamonds (at 73 sites).142Total Playgrounds.112Recreation Centers18	
Indoor 17 Outdoor 24 Golf Courses (2-18 hole courses at each) 2 Ice Rink 1 Roller Rink (indoor) 1 Tennis Courts (at 31 sites) 134 Soccer Fields 8 Cudell Fine Arts Center 1 Rockefeller Park Public Greenhouse 1 Camp George L. Forbes 1	
Total Park Acreage (not including golf courses)	

SCHEDULE OF STATISTICS-GENERAL FUND

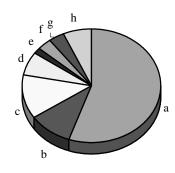
For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

OPERATING RATIOS: GENERAL FUND-BUDGET BASIS

REVENUE DOLLAR BY SOURCE

Where the money came from

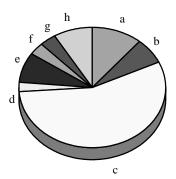
a. Income taxes	\$ 0.55
b. Property taxes	0.10
c. State local government fund	0.12
d. Other shared revenues	0.07
e. Licenses and permits	0.02
f. Charges for services	0.03
g. Fines and forfeits	0.04
h. Miscellaneous	 0.07
	\$ 1.00



EXPENDITURE DOLLAR BY FUNCTION

Where the money was spent

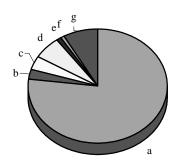
a. General government	\$	0.11
b. Public service		0.07
c. Public safety		0.56
d. Public health		0.02
e. Maintenance, parks and recreation		0.08
f. Community development		0.03
g. Other		0.04
h. Operating transfers out		0.09
	\$	1.00
	_	



EXPENDITURE DOLLAR BY OBJECT

What the money was spent on

a. Salaries, wages, and related benefits	\$ 0.77
b. Interdepartmental charges	0.03
c. Utilities	0.04
d. Contractual services	0.06
e. Materials and supplies	0.01
f. Miscellaneous	0.01
g. Operating transfers out	 0.08
	\$ 1.00





88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

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800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

CITY OF CLEVELAND

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 2, 2002