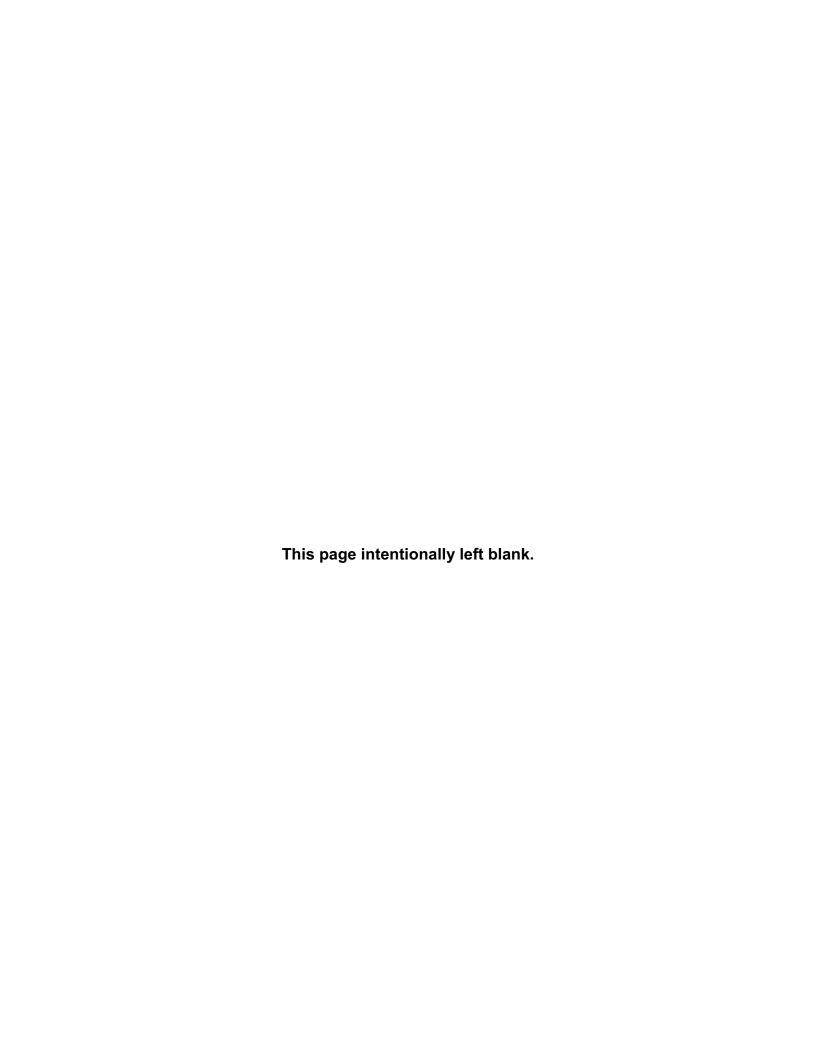




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New Russia Township Lorain County 46268 Butternut Ridge Road Oberlin, Ohio 44074

To the Trustees:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to a February 2, 2005 interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

June 16, 2006

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

New Russia Township Lorain County 46268 Butternut Ridge Road Oberlin, Ohio 44074

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New Russia Township, Lorain County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements. For the year ending December 31, 2004, we audited the Township's regulatory accounting basis financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Government because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 2, the Township has prepared these financial statements for fiscal year ended December 31, 2004, using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

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Telephone: (216) 787-3665 (800) 626-2297 Fax: (216) 787-3361
www.auditor.state.oh.us

New Russia Township Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Revisions to GAAP would require the Township to reformat its financial statement presentation and make other changes effective for the year ended December 31, 2004. Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present for 2004, the revisions require presenting entity wide statements and also to present its larger (i.e. major) funds separately for 2004. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to the new GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require governments to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to reformat its statements for the year ended December 31, 2004. Since this Township does not use GAAP to measure financial statement amounts, the following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the year ended December 31, 2004 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2004 or its changes in financial position for the year then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of New Russia Township, Lorain County, Ohio as of December 31, 2004, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended on the regulatory accounting basis Note 2 describes.

The aforementioned revision to generally accepted accounting principles also requires the Township to include Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2004. The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Township revised its financial presentation comparable to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments.* This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005 referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New Russia Township, Lorain County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Gasoline Tax Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the accounting basis Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2006, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

New Russia Township Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report Page 3

Butty Montgomery

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

June 16, 2006

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of New Russia Township's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2005, within the limitations of the Township's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2005 are as follows:

Net assets of governmental activities increased \$710,441 or 21.3 percent. The Township's general receipts are primarily contract revenue and property taxes. Contract revenue from the BFI Landfill and Recyclery operations represent 67% of the total cash received for general governmental activities while property taxes remained steady at 5%.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Township as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

Reporting the Township as a Whole

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the Township did financially during 2005, within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The statement of net assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental and business-type activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program and business-type activity. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function or business-type activity draws from the Township's general receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Township's property tax base, the condition of the Township's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, we divide the Township into two types of activities:

Governmental activities. All of the Township's basic services are reported here, including fire protection, roads, parks and complex. State and federal grants, contract revenues and property taxes finance these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Business-type activity. The Township has no business-type activity. Business-type activities are defined as those activities financed by a fee charged to the customers receiving the service.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Township are split into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Almost of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund, and OPWC Project Grant Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are the same as those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Township's programs.

The Township as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net assets for 2005 on a cash basis:

(Table 1) **Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities			
	2005	2004		
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,043,199	3,332,758		
Investments	0	0		
Total Assets	4,043,199	3,332,758		
•				
Net Assets				
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	0	0		
Capital Outlay	0	0		
Other Purposes	95,948	154,977		
Unrestricted	3,947,251	3,177,781		
Total Net Assets	4,043,199	3,332,758		

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities increased \$710,441 or 21.3 percent during 2005. The primary reason contributing to the increase in cash balances is a result of the increase of contract revenue from landfill and recyclery operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets in 2005. Since the Government did not prepare financial statements in this format for 2004, a comparative analysis of government-wide data has not been presented. In future years, when prior year information is available, a comparative analysis will be presented.

(Table 2) **Changes in Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities 2005
Receipts:	
Program Receipts:	
Charges for Services and Sales	57,733
Operating Grants and Contributions	89,314
Capital Grants and Contributions	255,509
Total Program Receipts	402,556
General Receipts:	
Property and Other Local Taxes	106,118
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted	
to Specific Programs	1,474,482
Interest	109,793
Miscellaneous	786
Total General Receipts	1,691,179
Total Receipts	2,093,735
Disbursements:	
General Government	392,918
Public Safety	55,342
Public Works	355,851
Health	6,444
Human Services	14,700
Capital Outlay	547,004
Principal Retirement	11,036
Total Disbursements	1,383,295
Excess (Deficiency) Before Transfers	710,440
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	710,440
Not Assets Paginning of Voor	2 222 750
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	3,332,758
Net Assets, End of Year	4,043,198

Program receipts represent only 19 percent of total receipts and are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts such as motor vehicle license and gas tax money, zoning permits, rents, leases, and commercial building inspection fees.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

General receipts represent 81 percent of the Township's total receipts, and of this amount, only 6 percent are local taxes. State and federal grants and entitlements make up the balance of the Township's general receipts.

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Government activities. These include the costs of board of trustees, the zoning department, as well as internal services such as payroll and purchasing. These costs represent 28 percent of Governmental activities expenses.

Public Safety are the costs of fire protection; Public Works are road related costs; Health are the county health department costs; Human Services are the costs of maintaining the programs including those offered by Oberlin Seniors. Capital Outlay represent the costs of major road improvements and extensive improvements to the park / nature preserve and cemetery.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities on page 14, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Township. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for public works and capital outlay, which account for 26 and 40 percent of all governmental disbursements, respectively. General government also represents a significant cost, about 28 percent. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Cash Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for a service and grants received by the Township that must be used to provide a specific service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of services which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement.

The Township's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$2,093,635 and disbursements of \$1,383,295. The Gasoline Tax Fund decreased \$63,769 while the General Fund increased by \$769,467.

The Gasoline Tax Fund decrease was the result of completion of two major road improvement projects including the East Hamilton joint project with the City of Oberlin and the West Hamilton project. As previously stated, the General Fund increase was a result of increased landfill and recyclery revenues.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The Township was able to remain within its original budget figures for 2005.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Government does not currently keep track of its capital assets and infrastructure. Implementation of this tracking is not yet definite.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

Debt

At December 31, 2005, the Township's outstanding debt totaled \$152,954 in OPWC loans issued for road improvements. For further information regarding the Township's debt, refer to Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The challenge for all Townships is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. We rely on local taxes and contract revenue. The Township has very little industry to support the tax base. Our intent is to continue to increase the General Contract Revenue Investment in order to assure adequate levels of funding for services after the landfill closes. This is accomplished by adhering to project planning and budgeting.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Elaine R. King, Fiscal Officer, New Russia Township, 46268 Butternut Ridge Road, Oberlin, Ohio 44074.

Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis December 31, 2005

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,043,198
Total Assets	4,043,198
Net Assets Restricted for: Other Purposes Unrestricted	95,950 3,947,248
Total Net Assets	\$4,043,198

NEW RUSSIA TOWNSHIP LORAIN COUNTY Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	_	Pı	rogram Cash Receip	ts	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Assets
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
General Government Public Safety Public Works Health Human Services Conservation-Recreation Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal	\$392,918 55,342 355,851 6,444 14,700 0 547,004	\$57,733 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$0 0 81,314 0 0 8,000 0	\$0 0 254,112 0 0 0 0	(\$335,185) (55,342) (20,425) (6,444) (14,700) 8,000 (547,004)
•					
Total Governmental Activities	General Receipts Property Taxes Grants and Entitlements not R Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	57,733 estricted to Specific F	89,314 Programs	255,509	(980,739) 106,118 1,474,482 109,793 786
	Total General Receipts				1,691,179
	Change in Net Assets				710,440
	Net Assets Beginning of Year				3,332,758
	Net Assets End of Year				\$4,043,198

Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2005

	General	Gasoline Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,947,248	\$51,436	\$44,514	\$4,043,198
Total Assets	3,947,248	51,436	44,514	4,043,198
Fund Balances Reserved: Reserved for Encumbrances Unreserved: Undesignated (Deficit), Reported in:	119,930	16,546	3,524	140,000
General Fund	3,827,318	0	0	3,827,318
Special Revenue Funds	0	34,890	40,990	75,880
Total Fund Balances	3,947,248	51,436	44,514	4,043,198

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Property and Other Local Taxes		General	Gasoline Tax	OPWC Project Grant Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Licenses, Permits and Fees	Receipts					
Intergovernmental S9,863 76,688 79,547 107,247 323,345						
Earnings on Investments	·	, ,	•	•	•	
Miscellaneous 40,915 0 0 0 40,915 Total Receipts 1,647,989 79,410 79,547 194,746 2,001,692 Disbursements Current: 8 8 0 0 0 392,918 Current: 9 0 0 0 392,918 Public Safety 55,342 0 0 0 55,342 Public Works 105,118 143,179 0 107,554 355,851 Health 6,444 140,00 0 0 6,444 Human Services 14,700 0 0 0 14,700 Capital Outlay 292,892 0 171,490 82,622 547,004 Debt Service: 11,036 0 0 0 0 11,036 Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>79,547</td><td></td><td></td></t<>				79,547		
Disbursements 1,647,989 79,410 79,547 194,746 2,001,692 Disbursements Current: General Government 392,918 0 0 0 392,918 Public Safety 55,342 0 0 0 55,342 Public Works 105,118 143,179 0 107,554 355,851 Health 6,444 0 0 0 6,444 Human Services 14,700 0 0 0 14,700 Capital Outlay 292,892 0 171,490 82,622 547,004 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 11,036 0 0 0 11,036 Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances Out (172)	•	,	,		11	,
Disbursements Current: General Government 392,918 0 0 0 392,918 Public Safety 55,342 0 0 0 55,345 Public Works 105,118 143,179 0 107,554 355,851 Health 6,444 0 0 0 6,444 Human Services 14,700 0 0 0 14,700 Capital Outlay 292,892 0 171,490 82,622 547,004 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 11,036 0 0 0 11,036 Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances In 0 0 0 0 172 172 Advances Out (172) 0	Miscellaneous	40,915	0	0	0	40,915
Current: General Government 392,918 0 0 392,918 Public Safety 55,342 0 0 0 55,342 Public Works 105,118 143,179 0 107,554 355,851 Health 6,444 0 0 0 0 6,444 Human Services 14,700 0 0 0 14,700 0 0 14,700 0 0 14,700 0 0 14,700 0 0 14,700 0 0 14,700 0 0 14,700 0 0 14,700 0 0 14,700 0 0 14,700 0 0 14,700 0 0 0 11,036 0 0 0 11,036 0 0 0 11,036 0 0 0 11,036 0 0 11,036 0 0 11,036 0 0 11,036 0 0 11,036 0 0 <td< td=""><td>Total Receipts</td><td>1,647,989</td><td>79,410</td><td>79,547</td><td>194,746</td><td>2,001,692</td></td<>	Total Receipts	1,647,989	79,410	79,547	194,746	2,001,692
General Government 392,918 0 0 0 392,918 Public Safety 55,342 0 0 0 55,342 Public Works 105,118 143,179 0 107,554 355,851 Health 6,444 0 0 0 6,444 Human Services 14,700 0 0 0 0 14,700 Capital Outlay 292,892 0 171,490 82,622 547,004 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 11,036 0 0 0 11,036 Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 (172) Loan Proceeds 0 0 0 0 0 194,43 <	Disbursements					
Public Safety 55,342 0 0 0 55,342 Public Works 105,118 143,179 0 107,554 355,851 Health 6,444 0 0 0 0 6,444 Human Services 14,700 0 0 0 0 14,700 Capital Outlay 292,892 0 171,490 82,622 547,004 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 11,036 0 0 0 0 11,036 Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 172 172 Loan Proceeds 0 0 0 0 0 0 100 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) <td>Current:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current:					
Public Works 105,118 143,179 0 107,554 355,851 Health 6,444 0 0 0 6,444 Human Services 14,700 0 0 0 14,700 Capital Outlay 292,892 0 171,490 82,622 547,004 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 11,036 0 0 0 0 11,383,295 Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances In 0 0 0 0 172 172 Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 172 172 Loan Proceeds 0 0 0 0 0 100 Other Financing Sources 100 0 0 <	General Government	392,918	0	0	0	392,918
Health Human Services 6,444 0 0 0 6,444 Human Services 14,700 0 0 0 14,700 Capital Outlay 292,892 0 171,490 82,622 547,004 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 11,036 0 0 0 0 11,036 Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances In Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 0 172 172 Loan Proceeds (172) 0 0 0 0 0 100 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) 0 91,943 172 92,043 Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) <td>Public Safety</td> <td>55,342</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>55,342</td>	Public Safety	55,342	0	0	0	55,342
Human Services 14,700 0 0 0 14,700 Capital Outlay 292,892 0 171,490 82,622 547,004 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 11,036 0 0 0 0 11,036 Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances In Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 172 172 Loan Proceeds 0 0 91,943 91,943 91,943 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) 0 91,943 172 92,043 Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) 0 4,742 710,440	Public Works	105,118	143,179	0	107,554	355,851
Capital Outlay 292,892 0 171,490 82,622 547,004 Debt Service: 11,036 0 0 0 11,036 Principal Retirement 11,036 0 0 0 11,036 Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances In Advances Out Advances Out Advances Out Advances Out Advances Out Advances Out	Health	6,444	0	0	0	6,444
Debt Service: Principal Retirement 11,036 0 0 0 11,036 Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances In Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 0 (172) Loan Proceeds Other Financing Sources 0 0 91,943 91,943 Other Financing Sources 100 0 0 0 100 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) 0 91,943 172 92,043 Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) 0 4,742 710,440	Human Services	14,700	0	0	0	14,700
Principal Retirement 11,036 0 0 0 11,036 Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances In Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 0 172 172 Loan Proceeds (100) 0 0 0 91,943 91,943 91,943 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 100 0 0 0 0 100 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) 0 91,943 172 92,043 Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) 0 4,742 710,440	Capital Outlay	292,892	0	171,490	82,622	547,004
Total Disbursements 878,450 143,179 171,490 190,176 1,383,295 Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances In Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 0 172 172 Loan Proceeds Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 91,943 91,943 91,943 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 100 0 0 0 0 100 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) 0 91,943 172 92,043 Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) 0 4,742 710,440	Debt Service:					
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements 769,539 (63,769) (91,943) 4,570 618,397 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 172 172 Advances In Advances Out Loan Proceeds (172) 0 0 0 0 (172) Loan Proceeds Other Financing Sources 100 0 91,943 91,943 91,943 Other Financing Sources 100 0 0 0 100 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) 0 91,943 172 92,043 Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) 0 4,742 710,440	Principal Retirement	11,036	0	0	0	11,036
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Advances In Advances Out 0 0 0 172 172 Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 0 172 Loan Proceeds (102) 0 0 91,943 91,943 Other Financing Sources (102) 0 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) 0 91,943 172 92,043 Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) 0 4,742 710,440	Total Disbursements	878,450	143,179	171,490	190,176	1,383,295
Advances In Advances In Advances Out Advances Out Loan Proceeds 0 0 0 172 172 Loan Proceeds Other Financing Sources 0 0 91,943 91,943 Other Financing Sources 100 0 0 0 0 100 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) 0 91,943 172 92,043 Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) 0 4,742 710,440	Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	769,539	(63,769)	(91,943)	4,570	618,397
Advances Out (172) 0 0 0 (172) Loan Proceeds 0 0 91,943 91,943 Other Financing Sources 100 0 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) 0 91,943 172 92,043 Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) 0 4,742 710,440	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Loan Proceeds Other Financing Sources 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Advances In	0	0	0	172	172
Other Financing Sources 100 0 0 0 100 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) 0 91,943 172 92,043 Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) 0 4,742 710,440	Advances Out	(172)	0	0	0	(172)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72) 0 91,943 172 92,043 Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) 0 4,742 710,440	Loan Proceeds	· o´	0	91,943		91,943
Net Change in Fund Balances 769,467 (63,769) 0 4,742 710,440	Other Financing Sources	100	0	0	0	100
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(72)	0	91,943	172	92,043
Fund Balances Beginning of Year 3,177,781 115,205 0 39,772 3,332,758	Net Change in Fund Balances	769,467	(63,769)	0	4,742	710,440
	Fund Balances Beginning of Year	3,177,781	115,205	0	39,772	3,332,758
Fund Balances End of Year \$3,947,248 \$51,436 \$0 \$44,514 \$4,043,198	Fund Balances End of Year	\$3,947,248	\$51,436	\$0	\$44,514	\$4,043,198

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts	Original	i iiiai	Actual	(Negative)
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$18,337	\$18,337	\$18,630	\$293
Licenses, Permits and Fees	933,818	933,818	1,421,521	487,703
Intergovernmental	60,037	60,037	59,863	(174)
Earnings on Investments	0	0	107,060	107,060 [°]
Miscellaneous	34,000	34,000	40,915	6,915
Total receipts	1,046,192	1,046,192	1,647,989	601,797
Disbursements				
Current:	040 454	004 500	400.050	004.047
General Government	642,454 61,000	694,599	429,952	264,647
Public Safety Public Works	117,500	81,862 129,500	77,997 109.702	3,865 19,798
Health	6,450	6,451	6,444	19,796
Human Services	10,200	15,000	14,700	300
Capital Outlay	1,415,941	1,521,230	348,549	1,172,681
Debt Service:	1,415,941	1,321,230	340,349	1,172,001
Principal Retirement	7,205	11,036	11,036	0
Total Disbursements	2,260,750	2,459,678	998,380	1,461,298
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(1,214,558)	(1,413,486)	649,609	2,063,095
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances Out	0	0	(172)	(172)
Other Financing Sources	0	0	100	100
Other Financing Uses	(26,000)	(232)	0	232
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(26,000)	(232)	(72)	160
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,240,558)	(1,413,718)	649,537	2,063,255
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,993,557	2,993,557	2,993,557	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	184,224	184,224	184,224	0
Fund Balance End of Year	1,937,223	1,764,063	3,827,318	2,063,255

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis Gasoline Tax Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Pagainta	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Receipts Intergovernmental	\$54,954	\$54,954	\$76,688	\$21,734	
Earnings on Investments	0	0	2,722	2,722	
Total receipts	54,954	54,954	79,410	24,456	
Disbursements					
Current: Public Works	151,167	169,729	159,725	10,004	
Total Disbursements	151,167	169,729	159,725	10,004	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(96,213)	(114,775)	(80,315)	34,460	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	96,213	96,213	96,213	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	18,992	18,992	18,992	0	
Fund Balance End of Year	18,992	430	34,890	34,460	

Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances
All Governmental Fund Types

For the Year Ending December 31, 2004

	Gov	Totals		
		Special	Capital	(Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Projects	Only)
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$18,246	\$85,539	\$0	\$103,785
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	1,335,767	0	0	1,335,767
Intergovernmental	99,799	91,186	14,444	205,429
Earnings on Investments	35,668	1,018	0	36,686
Miscellaneous	39,903	0	0	39,903
Total Cash Receipts	1,529,383	177,743	14,444	1,721,570
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
General Government	276,366	0	0	276,366
Public Safety	52,180	0	0	52,180
Public Works	988	139,604	0	140,592
Health	5,862	0	0	5,862
Human Services	10,000	0	0	10,000
Capital Outlay	355,079	0	14,444	369,523
Debt Service:				
Redemption of Principal	7,205	0	0	7,205
Total Cash Disbursements	707,680	139,604	14,444	861,728
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	821,703	38,139	0	859,842
Fund Cash Balance, January 1, 2004	2,356,078	116,838	0	2,472,916
Fund Cash Balance, December 31, 2004	3,177,781	154,977	0	3,332,758
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31, 2004	184,224	22,719	38,576	245,519

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances Fiduciary Fund Type

For the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2004

	Fiduciary Fund Types Agency
Operating Cash Disbursements:	
Current: Other	161
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	161
Operating Income/(Loss)	161
Non-Operating Receipts/Disbursements Miscellaneous Receipts	161_
Total Non-Operating Receipts/Disbursements	161_
Fund Cash Balance, January 1, 2004	0
Fund Cash Balance, December 31, 2004	0

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The New Russia Township, Lorain County, Ohio (the Township), is a body politic and corporate established in 1825 to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Township also has an elected Township Clerk.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that were included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, maintenance of Township roads and bridges, and cemetery maintenance. The Township contracts with the City of Oberlin and Village of South Amherst for fire protection. Police protection is provided by the Lorain County Sheriff's Department.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Township is financially accountable. The Township is financially accountable for an organization if the Township appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Township is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Township is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Township is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization; or the Township is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Township is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Township in that the Township approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Township, are accessible to the Township and are significant in amount to the Township.

There are no Component Units affiliated with the Township

C. Joint Ventures

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As described further in Note 2C, these financial statements for fiscal year 2005 are presented on a cash basis of accounting and for fiscal year 2004 they are presented on a basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of state, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements for fiscal year 2005 consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information. The financial statements for fiscal year 2004 consist of a statement of cash receipts, cash disbursements, and changes in fund cash balances.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of net assets presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental-type activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. For fiscal year 2005, the focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Township are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

For fiscal year 2005, the Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The Township's only mandatory major governmental fund is the General Fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other funds classified as major governmental funds in the statement include the Gasoline Tax Fund and OPWC Project Fund both of which provides funds for road related expenditures.

The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

For fiscal year 2004, the Township classified its funds into the following types:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund – This fund receives gasoline tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Township roads.

Road and Bridge Fund – This fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Township roads and bridges.

Capital Project Fund – This fund is used to account for receipts that are restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects. The Township had the following significant capital project fund:

Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Project Fund – This fund accounts for an Issue II grant and OPWC loan received from the State of Ohio for repairs and reconstruction of Butternut Ridge Road.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments which are not available to support the Township's own programs. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Township's agency fund accounts for the 3% Board of Building Standards Fee Assessment collected as part of a Commercial Building Inspection Permit. As of December 31, 2005 the Agency fund had a net asset balance of \$0 and therefore a statement of Fiduciary Net Assets is not presented.

C. Basis of Accounting

For fiscal year 2005, the Township's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Township are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

For fiscal year 2004, the Township's financial statements follow the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund and function level for all funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Budgetary Process (continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Clerk. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificated of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. During fiscal year 2005, interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the 2005 financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments. Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During 2005 and 2004, the Township invested in STAR Ohio.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2005 was \$107,060 which includes \$27 assigned from other Township funds. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2004 was \$35,668, which includes \$688 assigned from other Township funds.

F. Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Township reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

J. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's cash basis of accounting.

K. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 9 and 10, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

L. Long-Term Obligations

The Township's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

M. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

The Township's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. The amount of net assets restricted by enabling legislation as of December 31, 2005 is \$95,950.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The Township reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

O. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating receipts/disbursements in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Note 3 - Change in Basis of Accounting and Restatement of Fund Equity

During fiscal year 2004, the Township reported fund financial statements by fund type using the regulatory basis of accounting as prescribed by the State Auditor's Office. During fiscal year 2005, the Township has implemented the cash basis of accounting described in note 2 which revised the Township's financial presentation to be comparable to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments". For 2004, the Township implanted GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures." This statement establishes new disclosure requirements for risks associated with deposits and investments. The fund financial statements now present each major fund in a separate column with nonmajor funds aggregated and presented in a single column, rather than a column for each fund type.

Note 4 - Compliance

Compliance

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 states the total appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total estimated revenue. No appropriation measure is to become effective until the county auditor files a certificate that the total appropriations from each fund do not exceed the total official estimate or amended official estimate.

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 states on or about the first day of each fiscal year, the fiscal officers of subdivisions and other taxing units are to certify to the county auditor the total amount from all sources available for expenditures from each fund in the tax budget along with any unencumbered balances existing at the end of the preceding year.

We noted in our year-end test of Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 appropriations exceeded estimated resources for the OPWC Project Grant Fund by \$38,576 due to the Township not disclosing prior year encumbrances of \$38,576 in the certificate of estimated resources, in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 5 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund, and Gasoline Tax Fund for fiscal year 2005 are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$119,930 for the General Fund, \$16,546 for the Gasoline Tax Fund.

For fiscal year ending December 31, 2004, the Township reported the following budgetary activity regarding budgeted receipts and appropriations.

2004 Budgeted	vs. Actual	Budgetary	Basis Receipt	s

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$1,002,172	\$1,529,383	\$527,211
Special Revenue	171,314	177,743	6,429
Capital Projects	189,116	14,444	(174,672)
Agency Fund	233	161	(72)
Total	\$1,362,835	\$1,721,731	\$358,896

2004 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$1,850,164	\$891,904	\$958,260
Special Revenue	288,152	162,323	125,829
Capital Projects	189,116	53,020	136,096
Non-Expendable Trust	232	161	71
Total	\$2,327,664	\$1,107,408	\$1,220,256

Note 6 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Township are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Trustees have identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 6 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Interim monies held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year end 2005, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$46,804 and the bank balance was \$349,847. Of the bank balance \$249,847 was uninsured and uncollateralized. At fiscal year end 2004, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$88,829 and the bank balance was \$233,764. Of the bank balance \$133,764 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Township to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 6 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Township or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

As of December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the Township had the following investments:

	Carrying Value	Maturity
December 31, 2005 STAR Ohio	\$3,996,394	Less Than One Year
December 31, 2004 STAR Ohio	\$3,243,929	Less Than One Year

Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Township does not have an investment policy beyond the requirements of state statue. Ohio law addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the Township's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding that need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments.

STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirements in ORC 135.14(M)(2) which states, "Payment for investments shall be made only upon the delivery of securities representing such investments to the treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee."

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 7 – Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Township. Real property tax receipts received in 2005 represent the collection of 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Real property tax receipts received in 2004 represent the collection of 2003 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2004 were levied after October 1, 2003, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2003, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in 2005 and 2004 represent the collection of 2004 and 2003 taxes respectively. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2005 became a lien on December 31, 2004, were levied after October 1, 2005, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2004 became a lien on December 31, 2003, were levied after October 1, 2004, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax receipts received in 2005 and 2004 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2005 and 2004 taxes respectfully. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2005 and 2004 were levied after October 1, 2004 and 2003 respectfully, on the true value as of December 31, 2004 and 2003. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the first payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, was \$2.40 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2005 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	
Residential	\$43,453,730
Agriculture	\$ 7,485,770
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	\$ 4,182,750
Public Utility Property	
Real	
Personal	\$ 2,679,460
Tangible Personal Property	\$ 1,323,300
Total Assessed Value	\$59,125,010

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 7 – Property Taxes (continued)

The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2004 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	
Residential/Agriculture	\$49,822,340
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	\$4,063,160
Public Utility Property	
Real	
Personal	\$2,506,180
Tangible Personal Property	\$1,546,700
Total Assessed Value	\$57,938,380

Note 8 - Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member townships pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Townships can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$12,000,000 with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides *excess of funds available* coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

Property Coverage

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence. APEEP's Guarantee Fund was responsible for losses and loss adjustment expenses exceeding operating contributions.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 8 – Risk Management (continued)

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable value. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2005 was \$1,682,589.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective township.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA. They must provide written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contribution, minus the subsequent year's premium. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all property and casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the withdrawal.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2005 and 2004.

Casualty Coverage	2005	2004
Assets	\$30,485,638	\$28,132,620
Liabilities	(12,344,576)	(11,086,379)
Retained earnings	<u>\$18,141,062</u>	<u>\$17,046,241</u>

Property Coverage	2005	2004
Assets	\$9,177,796	\$7,588,343
Liabilities	(1,406,031)	(543,176)
Retained earnings	<u>\$7,771,765</u>	<u>\$7,045,167</u>

The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above include approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.3 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member townships in the future, as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. OTARMA will collect these amounts in future annual premium billings when OTARMA's related liabilities are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims is approximately \$25,834.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the members of all three plans were required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Township's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2005 and 2004 was 9.55 percent. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$19,754, \$15,316, and \$33,602.99 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2005, 2004 and 2003.

Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in *GASB Statement No. 12*. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2005 local government employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.00 percent of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Note 11 - Debt

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2004, include a rate of return on investments of 8.00 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.00 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase between 1.00 and 6.00 percent annually for the next eight years and 4.00 percent annually after eight years.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans as of December 31, 2005 was \$8,274 and \$6,415 respectively. Actual employer contributions for 2005 and 2004 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$210,421. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2004, (the latest information available) were \$10.8 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$29.5 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS' health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to increasing health care costs. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

The Township's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

	Interest Rate	Balance December 31, 2004	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2005	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities						
OPWC Loans						
1999 Issue	0.00%	\$46,369		\$4,637	\$41,732	\$4,637
2003 Issue	0.00%	\$25,678		\$2,568	\$23,110	\$2,568
2005 Issue	0.00%	\$0	\$91,943	\$3,831	\$88,112	\$7,662
Total		\$72,047	\$91,943	\$11,036	\$152,954	\$14,867

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Continued)

Note 11 – Debt (continued)

The Township's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2004, was as follows:

	Interest Rate	Balance December 31, 2004	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2005	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities OPWC Loans					
1999 Issue	0.00%	\$51,006	\$4,637	\$46,369	\$4,637
2003 Issue	0.00%	\$28,246	\$2,568	\$25,678	\$2,568
Total		\$79,252	\$7,205	\$72,047	\$7,205

The following is a summary of the Township's future annual debt service requirements:

	G.O. Bonds		
Year	Principal	Interest	
2006	\$14,866.60	\$0.00	
2007	\$14,866.60	\$0.00	
2008	\$14,866.60	\$0.00	
2009	\$14,866.60	\$0.00	
2010	\$14,866.60	\$0.00	
2011 – 2015	\$67,128.30	\$0.00	
2016 – 2020	\$11,492.86	\$0.00	
Totals	\$152,954.16	\$0.00	

The Ohio Revised Code provides that net general obligation debt of the Township, exclusive of certain exempt debt, issued without a vote of the electors shall never exceed 5.5 percent of the tax valuation of the Township. The Revised Code further provides that total voted and unvoted net debt of the Township less the same exempt debt shall never exceed amount equal to 10.5 percent of its tax valuation. The effects of the debt limitations at December 31, 2005, were an overall debt margin of \$6,208,126 and an unvoted debt margin of \$3,251,875.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

New Russia Township Lorain County 46268 Butternut Ridge Road Oberlin, Ohio 44074

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New Russia Township, Lorain County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and we have audited the regulatory accounting basis financial statements of the Township as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2006, wherein we noted the Township uses a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted for fiscal year ended December 31, 2004, the Township followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted the Township uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and, as requested, operates UAN. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the Township's management dated June 16, 2006, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem reportable conditions.

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New Russia Township Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2005-001. In a separate letter to the Township's management dated June 16, 2006, we reported an other matter related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management, and the Board of Trustees. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

June 16, 2006

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND DECEMBER 31, 2004

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2005-001

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 provides that the total appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total estimated revenue. No appropriation measure is to become effective until the county auditor files a certificate that the total appropriations from each fund do not exceed the total official estimate or amended official estimate.

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 provides that on or about the first day of each fiscal year, the fiscal officers of subdivisions and other taxing units are to certify to the county auditor the total amount from all sources available for expenditures from each fund in the tax budget along with any unencumbered balances existing at the end of the preceding year.

We noted that December 31, 2005 appropriations for the OPWC Project 4401 Fund had appropriations of \$136,096 and estimated resources of \$97,520 which resulted in an excess of \$38,576. The excess occurred because the Township did not certify a negative unencumbered balance in this fund of \$38,576 which was the result of encumbrances in excess of cash balances in the prior year.

We recommend the Township disclose the proper unencumbered balances on the certificate of estimated resources including negative balances and ensure that appropriations do not exceed estimated resources.

Officials Response: The Fiscal Officer believes the negative unencumbered balance should not be reported on the Certificate of Estimated Resources.



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NEW RUSSIA TOWNSHIP LORAIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 19, 2006