Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center Chillicothe, Ohio

Basic Financial Statements

Single Audit July 1, 2004 Through June 30, 2005 Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2005



BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 528 S. WEST STREET, P.O. Box 687 PIKETON, OHIO 45661

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Board of Education Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center 895 Crouse Chapel Rd. Chillicothe, OH 45601

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center, Ross County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomery

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

February 21, 2006



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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center 895 Crouse Chapel Road Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center (the District), Ross County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Adult Education Fund thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2005 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Members of the Board Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

As described in Note 3, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, GASB Statement No. 41, Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Prospective Differences, and GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2, Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expense and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employees.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

November 11, 2005

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center's (the School District) discussion and analysis of the annual financial statements provides a review of the financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, issued June 1999.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The School District's assets exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2005 by \$3,977,478.
- General revenues accounted for \$12,297,234 in revenue or 70 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$5,297,444 or 30 percent of total revenues of \$17,594,678.
- The School District had \$16,586,735 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$5,297,444 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants, or contributions.
- The School District has two major funds; the General Fund and the Adult Education Fund. The General Fund had \$12,874,610 in revenues and other financing sources and \$12,718,823 in expenditures and transfers. The General Fund's balance increased by \$155,787. The Adult Education Fund had revenues of \$3,072,028 and expenditures of \$2,699,194 resulting in a \$372,834 increase in fund balance.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are presented so that the reader can understand the Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center's financial situation as a whole and also give a detailed view of the School District's financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School District as a whole and present a long-term view of the School District's finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The analysis of the School District as a whole begins with the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These Statements provide information that will help the reader to determine whether the School District is financially improving or declining as a result of the year's financial activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes to those assets. This change informs the reader whether the School District's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the user of these financial statements needs to take into account non-financial factors that also impact the District's financial well-being. Some of these factors include the School District's tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, the condition of capital assets, and required educational programs.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District has only one kind of activity.

• Governmental Activities. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's funds begins on page 11. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds – not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the Treasurer with approval from the Board to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show that the School District is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. The Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center's only major funds are the General Fund and Adult Education Fund.

Governmental Funds. Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

As stated previously, the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2005 compared to 2004.

Table 1 Net Assets

	2005	2004*
Assets:		_
Current Assets	\$8,558,721	\$7,883,654
Capital Assets, Net	2,218,464	2,202,043
Total Assets	10,777,185	10,085,697
Liabilities:		
Current and Other Liabilities	5,199,324	5,178,353
Long-Term Liabilities	1,600,383	1,937,809
Total Liabilities	6,799,707	7,116,162
Net Assets:		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,102,624	1,922,256
Restricted	469,037	101,529
Unrestricted	1,405,817	945,750
Total Net Assets	\$3,977,478	\$2,969,535

Total net assets of the District as a whole increased \$1,002,943.

^{* -} Restated, See Note 3

Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 as compared to 2004.

Table 2 Change in Net Assets

_	2005	2004*
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$1,657,380	\$1,802,138
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,640,064	5,440,554
Total Program Revenues	5,297,444	7,242,692
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	3,683,724	3,732,670
Grants and Entitlements	8,336,498	6,249,092
Investment Earnings	92,001	80,977
Gifts & Donations	0	21,750
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	3,524	3,596
Other	181,487	43,090
Total General Revenues	12,297,234	10,131,175
Total Revenues	17,594,678	17,373,867
Program Expenses		
Instruction		
Regular	599,654	806,986
Special	1,139	522
Vocational	10,582,360	11,592,855
Adult/Continuing	114,262	120,364
Support Services		
Pupils	1,544,537	1,562,737
Instructional Staff	1,172,256	1,149,655
Board of Education	79,068	85,931
Administration	471,292	386,944
Fiscal and Business	457,495	430,176
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	917,807	884,218
Pupil Transportation	12,767	12,233
Central	25,640	76,244
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	590,386	662,435
Extracurricular Activities	7,618	9,038
Interest & Fiscal Charges	10,454	32,119
Total Expenses	16,586,735	17,812,457
Net Assets at Beginning of Year – As Restated - See Note 3	2,969,535	3,408,125
Change in Net Assets	1,007,943	(438,590)
Net Assets at End of Year	\$3,977,478	\$2,969,535

^{* -} Restated, See Note 3

Governmental Activities

Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs comprised 47 percent of revenue for governmental activities of the Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center for fiscal year 2005 and represents the largest source of revenue.

Property taxes comprised 21 percent of revenue for governmental activities during 2005.

As indicated by governmental program expenses, total instruction is emphasized. Total instruction comprised 68 percent of governmental program expenses with support services comprising 28 percent of governmental expenses. The Board of Education relies on taxes, grants and entitlements to support increased student achievement within the school district.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted grants and entitlements.

Table 3
Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	200	05	2004		
	Total Cost of	Cost of Net Cost of Total Cost of		Net Cost of	
	Services	Services	Services	Services	
Instruction	\$11,297,415	\$8,177,948	\$12,520,727	\$7,419,378	
Support Services	4,680,862	3,125,725	4,588,138	3,083,247	
Operation of Non-instructional Services	590,386	(32,277)	662,435	26,345	
Extracurricular Activities	7,618	7,441	9,038	8,857	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	10,454	10,454	32,119	31,938	
Total Expenses	\$16,586,735	\$11,289,291	\$17,812,457	\$10,569,765	

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Information about the School District's major governmental funds begins on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$17,574,400 and expenditures of \$16,992,914. The most significant change relative to the prior year in the District's total fund balance was in the Adult Education major special revenue fund. This \$326,133 increase was due mainly to the increase in intergovernmental receipts.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is adopted on a fund basis. Before the budget is adopted, the Board of Education reviews the detailed work papers of each object within the General Fund and then adopts the budget on a fund basis. The General Fund was the most significant budgeted fund.

During 2005, there were several revisions to the General Fund budget. In part, these revisions decreased estimated resources by \$55,535 as well as estimated appropriations by \$23,504. The Treasurer has been given the authority by the Board of Education to make line item adjustments within the budget. The General fund's ending unobligated cash balances was \$236,270 above the final budgeted amount.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2005, the School District had \$2,218,464 invested in land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows the fiscal year 2005 balances compared to 2004.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

Governmental Activities

	2005	2004*
Land	\$186,368	\$186,368
Buildings and Improvements	981,773	1,058,733
Furniture and Equipment	1,020,379	928,773
Vehicles	29,944	28,169
Totals	\$2,218,464	\$2,202,043

^{* –} Restated, See Note 3

Changes in capital assets from the prior year resulted from additions, deletions and depreciation. Please see note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information regarding capital assets.

Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Debt

During June 30, 2005, the School District paid in full its bonds outstanding. Table 5 summarizes the bonds outstanding:

Table 5 Outstanding Debt at Year End

Governmental Activities

2005 2004
1994 Energy Conservation Bonds <u>\$ 0 \$175,000</u>

The Energy Conservation Bonds were issued May 15, 1994 in the amount of \$1,360,000. The unvoted general obligation bonds were issued for the purpose of implementing energy conservation measures for the school district.

At June 30, 2005 the School District's overall legal debt margin was \$159,159,361 with an unvoted debt margin of \$1,769,724. Please see note 15 to the basic financial statements for additional information regarding long-term obligations.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ben Vanhorn, Treasurer, Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center, 895 Crouse Chapel Road, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

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Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,579,670
Accrued Interest Receivable	7,002
Accounts Receivable	202,527
Intergovernmental Receivable	6,835
Taxes Receivable	3,762,687
Noncurrent Assets:	
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	186,368
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	2,032,096
Total Assets	10,777,185
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	60,205
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,114,187
Intergovernmental Payable	463,683
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	14,543
Deferred Revenue	3,321,814
Claims Payable	224,892
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	737,239
Due in More Than One Year	863,144
Total Liabilities	6,799,707
NET ASSETS:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,102,624
Restricted for Other Purposes	469,037
Unrestricted Unrestricted	
Ollesurcied	1,405,817
Total Net Assets	\$3,977,478

Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

				Progr	am Reveni	nes		let (Expense) Revenue and		
			Ch	arges for		ating Grants		Changes in		
	Expenses		Servic	es and Sales	and C	Contributions	Net Assets			
Governmental Activities: Instruction:										
Regular	\$	599,654	\$	8,673	\$	-	\$	(590,981)		
Special		1,139		-		643,409		642,270		
Vocational	1	0,582,360		855,686		1,486,342		(8,240,332)		
Adult/Continuing		114,262		41,451		83,906		11,095		
Support Services:										
Pupils		1,544,537		375,873		746,167		(422,497)		
Instructional Staff		1,172,256		126,203		230,742		(815,311)		
Board of Education		79,068		531		-		(78,537)		
Administration		471,292		16,735		20,977		(433,580)		
Fiscal		457,390		9,510		5,993		(441,887)		
Business		105		-		-		(105)		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		917,807		13,098		-		(904,709)		
Pupil Transportation	12,767		Transportation 12,7			2,961		5,993		(3,813)
Central		25,640		354 -		-		(25,286)		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		590,386		206,128		416,535		32,277		
Extracurricular Activities		7,618		177		-		(7,441)		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		10,454		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(10,454)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1	6,586,735	\$	1,657,380	\$	3,640,064	\$	(11,289,291)		
			Property	Revenues: Taxes Levied for: al Purposes ervice				3,498,661 185,063		
					Restricted	to Specific Programs		8,336,498		
				ent Earnings				92,001		
				s in Lieu of Taxes				3,524		
			Miscella					181,487		
			Total Ge	neral Revenues				12,297,234		
			Change	in Net Assets				1,007,943		
			Net Asse	ts at Beginning of Y	ear - (As R	estated - See Note 3)		2,969,535		
			Net Asse	ts at End of Year				\$3,977,478		

Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2005

	Ger	neral Fund	Ed	Adult lucation Fund	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS:								
Current Assets:	Ф	2.542.254	ф	427 150	Ф	224 107	Ф	4 102 700
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Accrued Interest Receivable	\$	3,542,374 7,002	\$	427,150	\$	224,185	\$	4,193,709 7,002
Accounts Receivable		7,002		202,527		_		202,527
Interfund Receivable		181,255		-		_		181,255
Intergovernmental Receivable				-		6,835		6,835
Taxes Receivable		3,762,687						3,762,687
Total Assets	\$	7,493,318	\$	629,677	\$	231,020	\$	8,354,015
LIABILITIES:								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	39,160	\$	16,889	\$	4,156	\$	60,205
Accrued Wages and Benefits		1,032,488		70,883		10,816		1,114,187
Interfund Payable		211 241		-		81,255		81,255
Intergovernmental Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable		311,241 14,543		80,069		32,457		423,767 14,543
Deferred Revenue		3,422,244		-		-		3,422,244
		3,422,244	-		-		-	3,722,277
Total Liabilities		4,819,676		167,841		128,684		5,116,201
FUND BALANCES: Reserved:								
Reserved for Encumbrances		127,630		52,049		216,927		396,606
Reserved for Property Taxes		340,443		-		-		340,443
Unreserved, Undesignated/(Deficit), Reported in:								
General Fund		2,205,569		400.707		(114.501)		2,205,569
Special Revenue Funds				409,787		(114,591)		295,196
Total Fund Balances		2,673,642		461,836		102,336		3,237,814
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	7,493,318	\$	629,677	\$	231,020	\$	8,354,015

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities As of June 30, 2005

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 3,237,814
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		2,218,464
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes	100,431	
Total		100,431
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individuals. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		21,152
Long-Term Liabilities, including capital lease obligations and the long-term portion of compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences Capital Lease Obligations	(1,484,543) (115,840)	
Total		(1,600,383)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 3,977,478

Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	General Fund	Adult Education Fund	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES:						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 3,478,383	\$ -	\$ 185,063	\$ 3,663,446		
Intergovernmental	8,979,907	1,675,633	1,321,022	11,976,562		
Interest	92,001	-	-	92,001		
Tuition and Fees	126,491	615,652	_	742,143		
Rent	5,006	-	_	5,006		
Gifts and Donations	-	_	6,250	6,250		
Customer Sales and Services	45,499	698,065	160,417	903,981		
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	3,524	-	-	3,524		
Miscellaneous	93,409	82,678	5,400	181,487		
Total Revenues	12,824,220	3,072,028	1,678,152	17,574,400		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	726,747	-	-	726,747		
Special	1,139	-	-	1,139		
Vocational	8,564,896	1,653,748	415,822	10,634,466		
Adult/Continuing	· · · -	-	119,960	119,960		
Support Services:						
Pupils	506,091	912,258	110,400	1,528,749		
Instructional Staff	853,368	178,949	157,036	1,189,353		
Board of Education	41,498	-	-	41,498		
Administration	386,958	-	28,944	415,902		
Fiscal	447,559	940	5,687	454,186		
Business	105	-	-	105		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	955,337	-	-	955,337		
Pupil Transportation	1,104	-	10,483	11,587		
Central	24,310	-	110	24,420		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	18,542	-	583,134	601,676		
Extracurricular Activities	7,618	-	-	7,618		
Capital Outlay	50,390	-	-	50,390		
Debt Service:						
Principal	39,337	-	175,000	214,337		
Interest	5,381		10,063	15,444		
Total Expenditures	12,630,380	2,745,895	1,616,639	16,992,914		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	193,840	326,133	61,513	581,486		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Inception of Capital Lease	50,390	_	-	50,390		
Transfers - Out	(225,000)	_	-	(225,000)		
				_		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(174,610)	-	-	(174,610)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	19,230	326,133	61,513	406,876		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,654,412	135,703	40,823	2,830,938		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,673,642	\$ 461,836	\$ 102,336	\$ 3,237,814		

Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	406,876
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Total	325,121 (303,035)		22,086
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of fixed assets. Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets Total	(5,665)		(5,665)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes Total	20,278		20,278
Repayment of bond principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.			175,000
Repayment of capital leases obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.			39,337
New capital lease obligations in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances that are reported as other financing sources are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities.			(50,390)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.			80,838
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in Compensated Absences Decrease in Interest Payable Decrease in Intergovernmental Payable	173,479 4,990 141,114		
Total			319,583
Net Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 1	1,007,943

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
(Budget Basis)
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget: Positive			
	Or	iginal Budget	F	inal Budget	 Actual	(]	Negative)
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	12,800,530 12,848,337	\$	12,744,995 12,824,833	\$ 13,140,660 12,984,228	\$	395,665 (159,395)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(47,807)		(79,838)	156,432		236,270
Fund Balance, July 1, 2004		3,126,886		3,126,886	3,126,886		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		121,036		121,036	 121,036		<u>-</u> _
Fund Balance, June 30, 2005	\$	3,200,115	\$	3,168,084	\$ 3,404,354	\$	236,270

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Adult Education Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts Original Budget Final Budget Actual				Variance with Final Budget: Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	3,375,000 3,302,208	\$	3,331,172 2,787,969	\$ 3,065,586 2,787,967	\$	(265,586)
Net Change in Fund Balance		72,792		543,203	277,619		(265,584)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2004		18,500		18,500	18,500		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		72,159		72,159	 72,159		<u> </u>
Fund Balance, June 30, 2005	\$	163,451	\$	633,862	\$ 368,278	\$	(265,584)

Statement of Fund Net Assets Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund As of June 30, 2005

	Internal
	Service Fund
ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$385,960
Total Assets	385,960
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
Interfund Payable	100,000
Intergovernmental Payable	39,916
Claims Payable	224,892
Total Liabilities	364,808
NET ASSETS:	
Unrestricted	\$21,152

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Net Assets

Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$1,636,376
Total Operating Revenue	1,636,376
Operating Expenses:	
Purchased Services	158,084
Claims Expense	1,622,454
Total Operating Expenses	1,780,538
Operating Loss	(144,162)
Transfer - In	225,000
Change in Net Assets	80,838
Net Assets (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(59,686)
Net Assets at End of Year	\$21,152

Statement of Cashflows

Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Internal Service Fund
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Transaction with Other Funds	\$1,636,376
Cash Payments for Vendor Payments	(158,084)
Cash Payments for Claims	(1,604,527)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(126,235)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Short Term Loan from Other Funds	70,254
Transfers - In	225,000
Advances - In	100,000
Advances - Out	(225,000)
Net Cash Used for Noncapital Financing Activities	170,254
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	341,941
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$385,960
Reconcilitation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income	(\$144,162)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Increase in Claims Payable	17,927
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(\$126,235)

Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

As of June 30,2005

Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$34,652
Total Assets	34,652
Liabilities	
Undistributed Monies	34,652
Total Liabilities	\$34,652

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center (the "School District") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board form of government consisting of eleven representatives from the various elected City and County School Boards within Pickaway and Ross Counties. The School District possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The School District exposes students to job training leading to employment upon graduation from high school.

The School District was established in 1970 through the cooperation of all school districts involved. The School District serves an area of approximately 1,090 square miles. It is located in Ross County, and includes the school districts within Ross and Pickaway Counties. It is staffed by 34 non-certificated employees and 127 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 1,140 students and other community members. The School District currently operates 2 instructional buildings.

Reporting Entity:

The School District is a jointly governed organization, legally separate from other organizations. The Board of Education of the School District is not directly elected, although no other school district appoints a voting majority of the Board. None of the school districts that appoint Board members are financially accountable for the School District.

A reporting entity is comprised of the jointly governed organization, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The jointly governed organization consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The following entities which perform activities within the District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the District.

- Ross-Pike Educational Service District
 Cities of Chillicothe and Circleville
 Participating Local/City School Districts
- < Pickaway ESC

The School District is associated with five organizations, three of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one as a claims servicing pool, and one as an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association, Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow, Pilasco-Ross Special Education Regional Resource Center, Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, respectively. These organizations are presented in Notes 17 and 18 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The School District has the option to also apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its business-type activities, subject to this same limitation. The School District has elected not to apply these FASB Statements and Interpretations.

Fund Accounting

The School District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific School District's functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the school laws of Ohio.

Adult Education

The Adult Education Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures related to the provision of credit and noncredit classes to the community.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, debt service, and capital projects, whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center has no Enterprise Funds.

Internal Service Fund

The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for the self-insurance program for employee medical and dental claims.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. The School District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The District's only agency funds are funds used to account for student-managed activities.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of governmental activities of the School District at yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets.

The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using either the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds or the accrual basis of accounting for fiduciary funds. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. (See Note 7.) Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fee and rentals.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt and capital lease obligations, which is recorded when due and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation, personal leave and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2005.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by the School District for all funds in the normal course of operations for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to a commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. On the fund financial statements encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on the government-wide financial statements. Encumbrances are reported as part of expenditures/expenses on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in the budgetary statements.

Cash and Investments

Cash received by the School District is deposited into one of several bank accounts with individual fund balance integrity maintained. Balances of all funds are maintained in these accounts or are temporarily used to purchase certificates of deposit or investments. All investment earnings accrue to the General Fund except those specifically related to those funds deemed appropriate according to Board of Education policy. Interest earned amounted to \$92,001 all of which was recorded in the General Fund.

The School District records all its investments at fair value. For presentation on the balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents. The School District has invested in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and repurchase agreements during fiscal year 2005. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2005.

Investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are reported as cash equivalents.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure.

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Building and Improvements	30-40 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-20 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables" and "Interfund Payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

Compensated Absences

Vacation and personal leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate its employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive severance benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The School District records an accrual for sick leave for all employees with ten years or more of service. The accrual amount is based upon accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's severance policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities, that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the government-wide financial statements when due.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include federal and state grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Fund Balance Reserves

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity, which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances and property tax revenue reserved by the Board for future year's appropriations. The reserve for property tax represents taxes recognized as revenue under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America but not available for appropriation under State statute. The unreserved, undesignated portions of fund equity reflected for Governmental Funds are available for use within the specific purpose of those funds.

Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of activities.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS

For fiscal year 2005, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 41, "Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Perspective Differences", GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures", and GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-02, "Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liability by Cost-Sharing Employers." GASB 40 establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk) and interest rate risk. This statement also establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for custodial credit risk on deposits. This statement applies to all state and local governments. The implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 41 and 40 had no effect on the District's financial statements.

GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 addresses the amount that should be recognized as an expenditure/expense and as a liability each period by employers participating in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans. The implementation of this bulletin had no effect on the School District's financial statements for fiscal year 2005.

Restatements: Net Asset restatement amounts were to correct accounting errors in prior years for capital assets.

These restatements had the following effects on net assets of the District as they were previously reported.

Net Assets, June 30, 2004	\$3,045,258
Restatement Amount	(75,723)
Restated Net Assets, June 30, 2004	\$2,969,535

NOTE 4 – ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Accountability

At June 30, 2005, the Food Service and Vocational Education Perkins Grant Special Revenue Funds had deficit fund balances of \$82,678, and \$1,071, respectively, which were created by the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

B. Compliance

The General Fund had expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations at June 30, 2005 in the amount of \$159,395. The School District does not appropriate advances from the General Fund, which were \$181,255, and are not required to be appropriated.

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) – General Fund and Adult Education Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

NOTE 5 – BUDGETARY BASSIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund and the Adult Education Major Special Revenue Fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance

_	General	Adult Ed	
GAAP Basis	\$155,787	\$372,834	
Adjustments:			
Revenue Accruals	266,050	(6,442)	
Expenditure Accruals	(126,830)	(29,895)	
Encumbrances	(138,575)	(58,878)	
Budget Basis	\$156,432	\$277,619	

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, or other units or agencies of this State or its political subdivisions;
- Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- 8. Securities lending agreements in which the District lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in division (1) or (2), or cash, or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value;
- 9. High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed five percent of the District's total average portfolio;
- 10. Bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed 270 days and in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the District's total average portfolio.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits: The School District's deposits are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$2,792,922 and the bank balance was \$3,864,132. Of the bank balance, \$417,674 was covered by federal depository insurance (Category 1) and \$3,446,458 was uninsured and uncollateralized (Category 3). Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the School District's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments: The School District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District's investments in STAR Ohio, an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer, are unclassified investments since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Yrs.)
Repurchase Agreement	\$622,528	0
STAR Ohio	1,198,122	0
Total Fair Value	\$1,820,650	

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

In accordance with the investment policy, the District manages it exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The District limits their investments to Repurchase Agreements and STAR Ohio. Investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The District's investment policy allows investments in Repurchase Agreements, Certificates of Deposit or within financial institutions within the State of Ohio as designated by the Federal Reserve Board. The District has invested 100% in investments with no weighted maturity. More than 5 percent of the School District's investments are in Star Ohio and Repurchase Agreements. These investments were 66% and 34%, respectively, of the School District's total investments as of June 30, 2005.

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial credit risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. All of the District's investments are held in the name of the District.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*.

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements and the classification of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash <u>Equivalents/Deposits</u>	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$4,614,322	\$0
Cash on Hand	(750)	0
Investments: Repurchase Agreement STAR Ohio	(622,528) (1,198,122)	622,528 1,198,122
GASB Statement No. 3	\$2,792,922	<u>\$1,820,650</u>

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calendar 2005 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calendar 2004 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2005 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for calendar 2005 taxes.

2004 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2005 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2004, are levied after April 1, 2005 and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes.

2004 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 2004, on the value as of December 31, 2004. Collections are made in 2005. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2005 taxes were collected are:

		2005 Second- Half Collections		ons
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$1,336,028,490	77.24%	\$1,426,322,770	80.60%
Public Utility Tangible Personal Property	113,541,680 280,039,202	6.57% 16.19%	114,772,590 228,629,095	6.48% 12.92%
Total Assessed Value	\$1,729,609,372	100.00%	\$1,769,724,455	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$3.20		\$3.20	

The School District receives property taxes from Pickaway, Ross and Hocking Counties. The county auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2005, are available to finance fiscal year 2006 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2005. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005, was \$340,443 in the General Fund.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2005, consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services, tuition and student fees), interest, interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts
Non-Major Funds:	
Workforce Investment Act	6,835
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$6,835

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

-	Ending Balance 06/30/04	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance 06/30/05
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$186,368	\$0	\$0	\$186,368
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	186,368	0	0	186,368
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	5,311,523	0	0	5,311,523
Furniture and Equipment	2,858,598	318,393	(44,399)	3,132,592
Vehicles	77,566	6,728	0	84,294
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	8,247,687	325,121	(44,399)	8,528,409
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(4,252,790)	(76,960)	0	(4,329,750)
Furniture and Equipment	(1,929,825)	(221,122)	38,734	(2,112,213)
Vehicles	(49,397)	(4,953)	0	(54,350)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,232,012)	*(303,035)	38,734	(6,496,313)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2,015,675	22,086	(5,665)	2,032,096
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$2,202,043	\$22,086	\$(5,665)	\$2,218,464

^{*}Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Vocational	\$221,358
Adult/Continuing	1,010
Support Services:	
Pupil	22,089
Instructional Staff	2,464
Board of Education	38,966
Administration	1,371
Fiscal	1,281
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	10,429
Pupil Transportation	3,085
Central	635
Non-Instructional Services	347
Total Depreciation Expense	\$303,035

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2005, the School District contracted with Indiana Insurance for fleet, liability, and property insurance and boiler and machinery coverage.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Coverages provided by these companies are as follows:

Building and Contents (\$5,000 deductible)	\$16,324,185
Boiler and Machinery (\$5,000 deductible)	20,000,000
Automobile Liability (\$100 deductible)	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists (\$100 deductible)	1,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability (Aggregate)	500,000
General Liability (\$100 deductible)	
Per occurrence	2,000,000
Aggregate	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant change in coverage from last year.

For fiscal year 2005, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniserve provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Medical/surgical and dental insurance is offered to employees through self-insurance accounted in an Internal Service Fund. The School District is a member of a claims servicing pool, consisting of fourteen school districts within Ross and Pickaway Counties, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the School District's behalf. The medical claims liability of \$224,892 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2005 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Balance at End of Year
2003	\$371,096	\$1,087,560	\$1,282,430	\$176,226
2004	176,226	1,607,198	1,576,459	206,965
2005	206,965	1,622,454	1,604,527	224,892

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code establishes benefits. SERS issues a publicly available, stand alone report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the Pickaway-Ross Career & Technical Center is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by SERS's Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$218,769, \$152,558, and \$211,043, respectively; 33% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$146,440 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Options – Effective July 1, 2001, two new plan options were offered to selected members. New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation of every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

DC Plan Benefits – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Eligible faculty of Ohio's public colleges and universities may choose to enroll in either STRS Ohio or an alternative retirement plan (ARP) offered by their employer. Employees have 120 days from their employment date to select a retirement plan.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for a money-purchase benefit or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$1,076,650, \$1,026,337, and \$1,232,973, respectively; 92% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$84,721 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2005, four members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Early Retirement Incentive

The School District has an Early Retirement Incentive program. Participation is open to any employees who are within the retirement range established by SERS or STRS. The School District will buy years of service credit for these employees if the incentive is taken when the employee becomes eligible under the program. The liability at June 30, 2005, has been recorded in the Statement of Net Assets. See Note 15.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$72,673 for fiscal year 2005.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2004 the balance in the Fund was \$3.1 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2004, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$268,739,000 and STRS had 111,853 eligible benefit recipients.

The Ohio Revised Code gives SERS the discretionary authority to provide postretirement health care to retirees and their dependents. Coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75% of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2004, the minimum pay was established at \$25,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2005 fiscal year equaled \$131,730.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 were \$223,443,805 and the target level was \$335.6 million. At June 30, 2004, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$300.8 million. SERS has approximately 62,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 285 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the first 120 days of accrued, but unused sick leave credit, plus one-tenth of days 121 through 285, to a maximum of 46 and one-half days for all employees.

B. Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through the Guardian Life Insurance Company.

C. Deferred Compensation

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 14 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During the fiscal year 2005, the District entered into a lease for the purchase of a John Deere Tractor and a Ford truck. In previous fiscal years, the School District entered into capitalized leases for equipment, furniture and fixtures, and copiers. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, *Accounting for Leases*, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

The capital assets acquired by the leases have been capitalized in the statement of net assets for governmental activities in the amount of \$240,340. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded on the statement of net assets for governmental activities. Principal payments in fiscal year 2005 totaled \$39,337.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2005:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal & Interest
2006	\$51,787
2007	51,787
2008	13,797
2009	7,069
Total	124,440
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(8,600)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$115,840

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term debt and other obligations at June 30, 2005 and the related transactions for the year then ended are summarized below:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/04	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/05	Amount Due Within One Year
1994 Energy Conservation Bonds 5.75%	\$175,000	0	175,000	0	\$0
Capital Leases	104,787	50,390	39,337	115,840	46,064
Compensated Absences*	1,658,022	1,484,543	1,658,022	1,484,543	691,175
Total Long Term Obligations	\$1,937,809	1,534,933	1,872,359	1,600,383	\$737,239

^{*} Includes Early Retirement Incentive Liability – See Note 11 D.

Energy Conservation Bonds - On May 15, 1994, Pickaway-Ross Joint Vocational School District issued \$1,360,000 in unvoted general obligation bonds for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the School District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. The bonds were issued for a ten year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2005. The debt will be retired from the debt service fund.

Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$159,159,361 and an unvoted debt margin of \$1,769,724 at June 30, 2005.

NOTE 16 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

As of June 30, 2005, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
Fund Type/Fund	Receivables	Payables
General Fund	\$181,255	\$0
Non-major Special Revenue Funds:		
Food Service	0	71,782
Post Secondary Vocational Ed.	0	9,473
Total Non-major Special Revenue	0	81,255
Internal Service Fund	0	100,000
Total All Funds	\$181,255	\$181,255

All of the above interfund receivables, these balances relate to advances from the General Fund in anticipation of the receipt of grant monies for Special Revenue Funds and additional premiums for the Internal Service Fund. For reporting purposes of reporting in the District-Wide Financial Statements all interfund receivables and payables were eliminated.

NOTE 16 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 transfers in and out that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Fund Type/Fund	Transfer From	Transfer To
General Fund	\$225,000	\$0
Internal Service Fund	0	225,000
Total All Funds	\$225,000	\$225,000

The General Fund transferred monies to the internal service fund to subsidize this fund.

NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

South Central Ohio Computer Association - The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Vinton, Jackson and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each of the eight participating counties, two school treasurers, and a representative for the fiscal agent. SCOCA is not accumulating significant financial resources nor is it experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future. The School District paid SCOCA \$62,022 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow - The School District is a member of the Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow (the "Council"). The Council is a regional council of governments consisting of twelve city, local, and joint vocational school districts, two educational service centers and the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus for the purpose of promoting the use of advanced telecommunications and technology to provide enhanced educational opportunities to the communities of Ross and Pickaway Counties. The Council is operated under the direction of a Board of Directors consisting of one representative (the superintendent or another person appointed by the board of education) of each of the members. To obtain financial information, write to the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus, who acts as fiscal agent, at 571 West Fifth Street, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

The Pilasco-Ross Special Education Regional Resource Center - The Pilasco-Ross Special Education Regional Resource Center (Pilasco-Ross) is a special education service center which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly-governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding, and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents.

Pilasco-Ross is governed by a board composed of superintendents of participating schools, parents of children with disabilities, representatives of charted nonpublic schools, representatives of county boards of MR/DD, Shawnee State University, and the Southeast Regional Professional Development Center whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. The School District's Superintendent is a member of the Pilasco-Ross Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the fiscal agent, Jim Tordiff, Treasurer, at Dawson-Bryant Local School District, 222 Lane Street, Coal Grove, Ohio 45638.

NOTE 18 - CLAIMS SERVICING AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium - The School District is a member of the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium (the "Consortium"), a claims servicing pool consisting of fourteen school districts within Ross County and its surrounding area. Medical/surgical, dental, vision, or life insurance is administered through a third party administrator, Professional Risk Management Co., depending on which coverages the individual member district chooses. The Consortium's business and affairs are managed by a Council consisting of one representative for each participating school. The participating school districts pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs of administering the Consortium. To obtain financial information, write to the Westfall Local School District, Scott Glandon who serves as Treasurer, at 19463 Pherson Pike, Williamsport, Ohio 43164.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in restricted cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisitions
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2004	\$0	\$0
Current year set-aside requirement	362,961	362,961
Prior Year Carryover	(177,224)	(294,694)
Qualifying disbursements	(315,124)	(404,204)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Years	(\$129,387)	(\$335,937)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2005	\$0	\$0

The School District had offset and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero in the Textbooks and Capital Acquisition Reserves. These extra amounts may be carried forward and used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

NOTE 20 - SCHOOL FUNDING COURT DECISION

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional. The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient..."

NOTE 20 - SCHOOL FUNDING COURT DECISION (Continued)

On March 4, 2003, the Plaintiffs filed a motion with the Common Pleas Court of Perry County requesting that such Court schedule and conduct a conference to address the State's compliance with the orders of such Court and the Supreme Court. On May 16, 2003, the Ohio Supreme Court granted a Writ of Prohibition as filed by the State and ordered the Common Please Court of Perry County to dismiss the motion for a compliance conference. The Ohio Supreme Court further stated again its ruling made on December 11, 2002, which reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding decision is unconstitutional and vacated its decision of September 6, 2001.

The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2005.

NOTE 22 – SUSEQUENT EVENTS

The Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center was approved for \$18 million from the Ohio School Facilities Commission for the purpose of renovations. In September of 2005, the District borrowed \$5,220,000 for its local share of this project. The monies were borrowed through the QZAB program at 0% for a period of 16 years.

Pickaway Ross Career & Technical Center Ross County

Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	CFDA	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
			•	•		
United States Department of Agriculture	•					
Passed through Ohio Department of Education						
Nutrition Cluster:						
Food Distribution Program	NA	10.550	\$ -	\$ 9,169		\$ 9,169
National School Lunch	LLP4	10.555	47,351	-	47,351	
Total United States Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster			47,351	9,169	47,351	9,169
United States Department of Labor						
Passed through Ross County Job & Family Services						
WIA Youth Activities	NA	17.259	36,043	-	36,043	-
Passed through Pickaway County Job & Family Services						
WIA Youth Activities	NA	17.259	6,092	_	6,092	-
Total United States Department of Labor			42,135	-	42,135	-
United States Department of Education	Ī					
Direct from the Federal Agency						
Student Financial Aid Cluster						
Federal Family Education Loans	N	84.032	147,121	-	147,121	-
Federal Pell Grant Program	N	84.063	186,087	-	186,087	
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster			333,208	-	333,208	-
Passed through Ohio Department of Education						
Adult Basic Education	ABS1	84.002	94,237	-	94,237	-
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	20C1	84.048	419,927	-	419,813	-
Safe & Drug Free Schools and Communities: State Grants	DRS1	84.186	7,892	-	7,668	-
Inovative Education Program Strategy	C2S1	84.298	14,201	-	13,760	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TRS1	84.367	13,163	-	12,526	
Total United States Department of Education			882,628	-	881,212	_ _
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 972,114	\$ 9,169	\$ 970,698	\$ 9,169

NA - Not Available

N - Direct Assistance

See accompanying notes to the schedule of federal awards expenditures

Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures includes the federal grant activity of the Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center and is presented on the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organization.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTIONS

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2005, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC.

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center 895 Crouse Chapel Road Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2005 wherein we indicated the District implemented GASB Statements No. 40 and 41 and GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Members of the Board
Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
Page 2

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

November 11, 2005

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC.

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Members of the Board Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center 895 Crouse Chapel Road P.O. Box 577 Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Members of the Board
Pickaway Ross Career and Technical Center
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR
A-133

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Ballstra, Harr & Scherur

November 11, 2005

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 SECTION .505

PICKAWAY ROSS CAREER AND TECHNICAL CENTER ROSS COUNTY JUNE 30, 2005

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under ' .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA # 84.032 and 84.063, Student Financial Aid Cluster and CFDA #84.048, Vocational Education Basic Grants to States
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

PICKAWAY ROSS CEREER AND TECHNICAL CENTER ROSS COUNTY JUNE 30, 2005

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number	None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Finding Number	None
CFDA Title and Number	
Federal Award Number/Year	
Federal Agency	
Pass-Through Agency	



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PICKAWAY ROSS CAREER AND TECHNICAL CENTER ROSS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 07, 2006