





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

January 17, 2007

The attached audit report was completed and prepared for release prior to the commencement of my term of office on January 8, 2007. Thus, I am certifying this audit report for release under the signature of my predecessor.

MARY TAYLOR, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor



BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY

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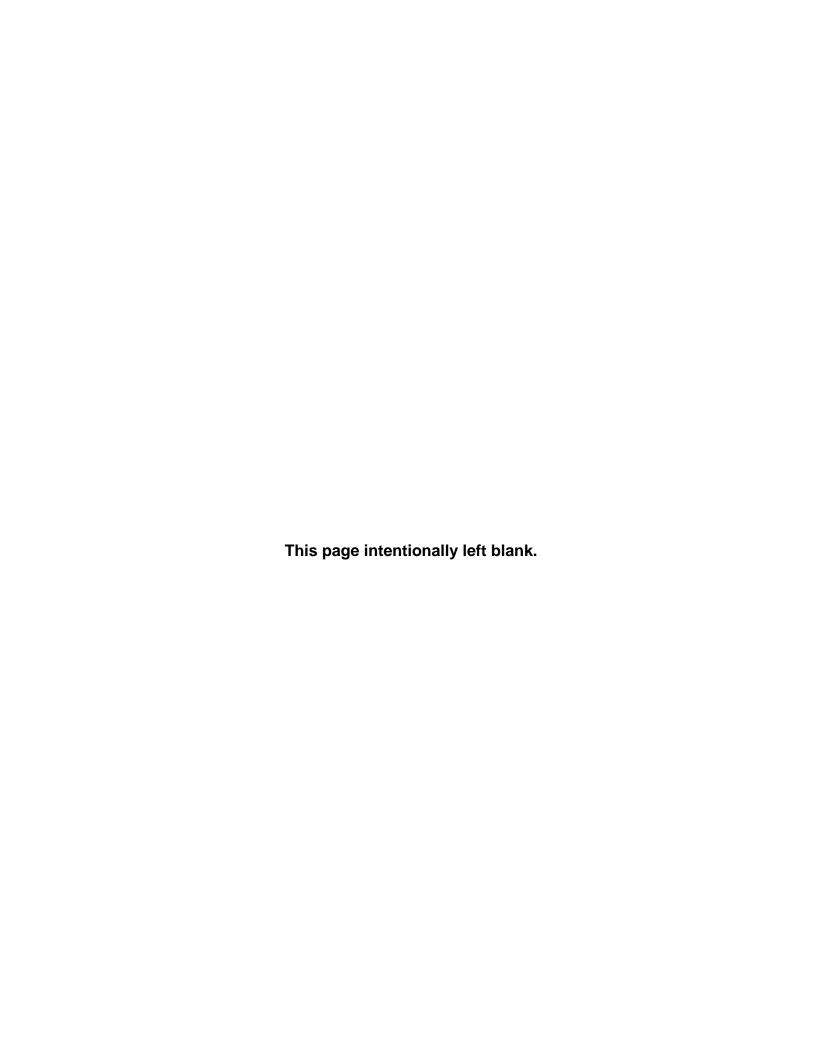
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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Barnesville Exempted Village School District Belmont County 210 West Church Street Barnesville, Ohio 43713

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2006, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 www.auditor.state.oh.us Barnesville Exempted Village School District Belmont County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as whole.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

December 15, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2006 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$483,976.
- General revenues accounted for \$7,970,217 in revenue or 74 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions accounted for \$2,867,846 or 26 percent of total revenues of \$10,838,063.
- Total assets of governmental activities decreased \$335,312 primarily due to depreciation expense, decreases in prepaid items, taxes and intergovernmental receivables which is offset by increased cash and cash equivalents and property tax receivables.
- The School District had \$10,354,087 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,867,846 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions. General revenues of \$7,970,217 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District has two major funds, the general fund and debt service fund. The general fund had \$8,421,051 in revenues and \$7,547,557 in expenditures. The general fund's balance increased \$936,139. The debt service fund had \$303,716 in revenues and \$254,771 in expenditures. The debt service fund's balance increased \$48,945.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can first understand the Barnesville Exempted Village School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2006?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's activities are considered to be Governmental Activities.

• Governmental Activities – All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, food service operations, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 8. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multiple of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2006 compared to 2005.

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmenta		
	2006	2005	Change
Assets	_	_	·
Current and Other Assets	\$5,172,641	\$4,863,802	\$308,839
Capital Assets	18,265,125	18,909,276	(644,151)
Total Assets	23,437,766	23,773,078	(335,312)
Liabilities			
Long-Term Liabilities	3,613,443	3,755,426	(141,983)
Other Liabilities	3,487,830	4,165,135	(677,305)
Total Liabilities	7,101,273	7,920,561	(819,288)
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	15,294,896	15,909,276	(614,380)
Restricted	1,103,126	1,025,975	77,151
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(61,529)	(1,082,734)	1,021,205
Total Net Assets	\$16,336,493	\$15,852,517	\$483,976

Total assets decreased \$335,312. Current assets increased by \$308,839 primarily due to increases in cash and cash equivalents and property tax receivables. The decrease in capital assets was due to depreciation expense recorded for fiscal year 2006 which was slightly offset by additions to capital assets.

Total liabilities decreased \$819,288, due primarily to a decrease in accrued wages and benefits payable and the state operating loan payable, which was fully repaid during fiscal year 2006. Long-term liabilities also decreased during fiscal year 2006 by principal repayments of long-term obligations which was slightly offset by the addition of the capital lease.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year 2006 compared to fiscal year 2005.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental A		
_	2006	2005	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$645,326	\$624,425	\$20,901
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,214,668	2,007,643	207,025
Capital Grants and Contributions	7,852	16,609	(8,757)
Total Program Revenues	2,867,846	2,648,677	219,169
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	2,407,977	2,222,634	185,343
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted			
to Specific Programs	5,344,194	5,586,068	(241,874)
Others	218,046	197,231	20,815
Total General Revenues	7,970,217	8,005,933	(35,716)
Total Revenues	10,838,063	10,654,610	183,453
_			
Program Expenses			
Instruction			
Regular	4,041,270	4,013,476	27,794
Special	1,711,179	1,374,301	336,878
Vocational	147,712	215,431	(67,719)
Support Services	,	,	, , ,
Pupil	567,435	536,709	30,726
Instructional Staff	242,001	284,215	(42,214)
Board of Education	55,712	59,993	(4,281)
Administration	790,387	779,385	11,002
Fiscal	335,881	301,155	34,726
Business	22,563	7,613	14,950
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	910,605	958,475	(47,870)
Pupil Transportation	614,027	591,997	22,030
Central	40,530	24,672	15,858
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	76,637	49,730	26,907
Food Service Operations	416,447	375,332	41,115
Extracurricular Activities	191,606	159,298	32,308
Interest and Fiscal Charges	190,095	177,272	12,823
Total Expenses	10,354,087	9,909,054	445,033
		2,2 22,422	
Increase in Net Assets	483,976	745,556	(261,580)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	15,852,517	15,106,961	745,556
Net Assets End of Year	\$16,336,493	\$15,852,517	\$483,976

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

In 2006, 22 percent of the School District's revenues were from property taxes and 49 percent were from unrestricted grants and entitlements. The District realized a slight increase in property tax revenue from fiscal year 2005.

Instructional programs comprise approximately 57 percent of total governmental program expenses. Of the instructional expenses, approximately 68 percent is for regular instruction, 29 percent for special instruction, and 3 percent for vocational instruction. Instructional program expenses increased \$296,953, or approximately 5.3 percent from the prior fiscal year due to the fact that the District purchased new textbooks for the math and science departments in grades K-12 and had increased costs for speech and occupational therapy services.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal year 2006 compared to fiscal year 2005. In other words, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

Instruction \$4,041,270 \$4,413,476 \$3,448,553 \$3,514,831 Special 1,711,179 974,301 466,179 135,674 Vocational 147,712 215,431 50,512 215,431 Support Services Pupil 567,435 536,709 431,317 447,098 Instructional Staff 242,001 284,215 163,071 130,974 Board of Education 55,712 59,993 55,712 59,993 Administration 790,387 779,385 654,205 670,508 Fiscal 335,881 301,155 335,881 301,155 Rusiness 22,563 7,613 22,563 7,613		Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost o	of Services
Regular\$4,041,270\$4,413,476\$3,448,553\$3,514,831Special1,711,179974,301466,179135,674Vocational147,712215,43150,512215,431Support ServicesPupil567,435536,709431,317447,098Instructional Staff242,001284,215163,071130,974Board of Education55,71259,99355,71259,993Administration790,387779,385654,205670,508Fiscal335,881301,155335,881301,155		2006	2005	2006	2005
Special 1,711,179 974,301 466,179 135,674 Vocational 147,712 215,431 50,512 215,431 Support Services Pupil 567,435 536,709 431,317 447,098 Instructional Staff 242,001 284,215 163,071 130,974 Board of Education 55,712 59,993 55,712 59,993 Administration 790,387 779,385 654,205 670,508 Fiscal 335,881 301,155 335,881 301,155	Instruction				
Vocational 147,712 215,431 50,512 215,431 Support Services Pupil 567,435 536,709 431,317 447,098 Instructional Staff 242,001 284,215 163,071 130,974 Board of Education 55,712 59,993 55,712 59,993 Administration 790,387 779,385 654,205 670,508 Fiscal 335,881 301,155 335,881 301,155	Regular	\$4,041,270	\$4,413,476	\$3,448,553	\$3,514,831
Support Services Pupil 567,435 536,709 431,317 447,098 Instructional Staff 242,001 284,215 163,071 130,974 Board of Education 55,712 59,993 55,712 59,993 Administration 790,387 779,385 654,205 670,508 Fiscal 335,881 301,155 335,881 301,155	Special	1,711,179	974,301	466,179	135,674
Pupil 567,435 536,709 431,317 447,098 Instructional Staff 242,001 284,215 163,071 130,974 Board of Education 55,712 59,993 55,712 59,993 Administration 790,387 779,385 654,205 670,508 Fiscal 335,881 301,155 335,881 301,155	Vocational	147,712	215,431	50,512	215,431
Instructional Staff 242,001 284,215 163,071 130,974 Board of Education 55,712 59,993 55,712 59,993 Administration 790,387 779,385 654,205 670,508 Fiscal 335,881 301,155 335,881 301,155	Support Services				
Board of Education 55,712 59,993 55,712 59,993 Administration 790,387 779,385 654,205 670,508 Fiscal 335,881 301,155 335,881 301,155	Pupil	567,435	536,709	431,317	447,098
Administration 790,387 779,385 654,205 670,508 Fiscal 335,881 301,155 335,881 301,155	Instructional Staff	242,001	284,215	163,071	130,974
Fiscal 335,881 301,155 335,881 301,155	Board of Education	55,712	59,993	55,712	59,993
	Administration	790,387	779,385	654,205	670,508
Pusiness 22 562 7.612 22 562 7.612	Fiscal	335,881	301,155	335,881	301,155
Dusiness 22,303 7,013 22,303 7,015	Business	22,563	7,613	22,563	7,613
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 910,605 958,475 906,713 954,625	Operation and Maintenance of Plant	910,605	958,475	906,713	954,625
Pupil Transportation 614,027 591,997 606,175 556,139	Pupil Transportation	614,027	591,997	606,175	556,139
Central 40,530 24,672 28,703 24,672	Central	40,530	24,672	28,703	24,672
Operation of Non-Instructional Services 76,637 49,730 5,233 (3,300)	Operation of Non-Instructional Services	76,637	49,730	5,233	(3,300)
Food Service Operations 416,447 375,332 50,774 27,483	Food Service Operations	416,447	375,332	50,774	27,483
Extracurricular Activities 191,606 159,298 70,555 40,209	Extracurricular Activities	191,606	159,298	70,555	40,209
Interest and Fiscal Charges 190,095 177,272 190,095 177,272	Interest and Fiscal Charges	190,095	177,272	190,095	177,272
Total Expenses \$10,354,087 \$9,909,054 \$7,486,241 \$7,260,377	Total Expenses	\$10,354,087	\$9,909,054	\$7,486,241	\$7,260,377

The dependence upon tax revenues and state subsidies for governmental activities is apparent as 72 percent of expenses are supported through taxes and other general revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

The School District Funds

The School District's major funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The general fund had \$8,421,051 in revenues and \$7,547,557 in expenditures. The general fund's balance increased \$936,139. The debt service fund had \$303,716 in revenues and \$254,771 in expenditures. The debt service fund's balance increased \$48,945.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2006, the School District amended its general fund appropriations, and the budgetary statement reflects both the original and final appropriated amounts. There were significant changes between the original and final budget. Due to the District's current financial condition, the fiscal planning and supervision commission has recommended that the District budget at the fund level and purchase on an as-needed basis only, thus creating potentially large variances when budget vs. actual statements are presented at a more detailed level (i.e.-function, object, etc.).

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2006, the School District had \$18,265,125 invested in land, buildings, furniture, equipment and vehicles. See Note 9 for more detailed information of the School District's capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2006, the School District had \$2,925,000 in bonds outstanding and \$45,229 in capital leases outstanding.

See Note 16 for more detailed information on the School District's debt.

Economic Factors

The Barnesville Exempted Village School District is currently in state of fiscal emergency; however, the School District has reduced its annual budget by \$1,700,000 through a significant reduction in force over the past two fiscal years. As the preceding information shows, the School District has experienced an increase of \$483,976 in net assets in fiscal year 2006. The School District, which relies heavily on state foundation funding, has fully repaid the advance of state foundation monies borrowed in fiscal year 2004 in the amount of \$1,551,000 as of June 30, 2006. While the School District has been able to significantly reduce expenditures again in fiscal year 2006, the School District has not solicited voters to support a tax levy in order to generate additional revenue. The District Board of Education recently passed a resolution authorizing the School District to refund their school improvement bonds which were issued in 2000 in conjunction with the Ohio School Facilities Commission project. With the refunding of the bonds, the District will realize approximately \$100,000 in savings based on current market rates.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Matt King, Treasurer/CFO at Barnesville Exempted Village School District, 210 W. Church Street, Barnesville, Ohio 43713.

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Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,361,590
Accounts Receivable	1,290
Intergovernmental Receivable	153,381
Prepaid Items	5,184
Materials and Supplies Inventory	14,891
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents	25,844
Property Taxes Receivable	2,610,461
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	248,950
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	18,016,175
Total Assets	23,437,766
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	89,511
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	767,372
Intergovernmental Payable	291,656
Accrued Interest Payable	12,309
Vacation Benefits Payable	59,332
Retainage Payable	25,844
Deferred Revenue	2,241,806
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	161,270
Due In More Than One Year	3,452,173
Total Liabilities	7,101,273
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	15,294,896
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	413,598
Debt Service	337,819
Food Service Operations	68,377
Building Maintenance	135,781
Bus Purchase and Other Local Purposes	147,551
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(61,529)
Total Net Assets	\$16,336,493

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
_	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$4,041,270	\$393,115	\$199,602	\$0	(\$3,448,553)
Special	1,711,179	0	1,245,000	0	(466,179)
Vocational	147,712	0	97,200	0	(50,512)
Support Services:					
Pupil	567,435	0	136,118	0	(431,317)
Instructional Staff	242,001	0	78,930	0	(163,071)
Board of Education	55,712	0	0	0	(55,712)
Administration	790,387	0	136,182	0	(654,205)
Fiscal	335,881	0	0	0	(335,881)
Business	22,563	0	0	0	(22,563)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	910,605	3,892	0	0	(906,713)
Pupil Transportation	614,027	0	0	7,852	(606,175)
Central	40,530	0	11,827	0	(28,703)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	76,637	0	71,404	0	(5,233)
Food Service Operations	416,447	127,268	238,405	0	(50,774)
Extracurricular Activities	191,606	121,051	0	0	(70,555)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	190,095	0	0	0	(190,095)
Total Governmental Activities	\$10,354,087	\$645,326	\$2,214,668	\$7,852	(7,486,241)
		General Revenues Property Taxes Lev Property Taxes Lev Property Taxes Lev Grants and Entitlem Gifts and Donations Investment Earning Miscellaneous	ied for Building Mai ied for Debt Service tents not Restricted t	intenance	2,106,141 264,714 37,122 5,344,194 20,394 57,888 139,764
		Total General Reve	nues		7,970,217
		Change in Net Asse	ts		483,976
		Net Assets Beginnin	g of Year		15,852,517
		Net Assets End of Y	ear		\$16,336,493

$\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Barnesville Exempted Village School District}\\ Balance \textit{Sheet} \end{tabular}$

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

		Debt	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Service	Funds	Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Assets:	\$1,100,944	\$306,805	\$946,897	\$2,354,646
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,944	0	0	6,944
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agent	0	0	25,844	25,844
Receivables:				
Property Taxes	2,274,660	293,128	42,673	2,610,461
Accounts	1,290	0	0	1,290
Intergovernmental	15,000	0	138,381	153,381
Interfund	43,414	0	0	43,414
Prepaid Items	5,184	0	0	5,184
Materials and Supplies Inventory	7,754	0	7,137	14,891
Total Assets	\$3,455,190	\$599,933	\$1,160,932	\$5,216,055
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$16,609	\$0	\$72,902	\$89,511
Accrued Wages and Benefits	596,817	0	170,555	767,372
Retainage Payable	0	0	25,844	25,844
Interfund Payable	0	0	43,414	43,414
Intergovernmental Payable	224,888	0	66,768	291,656
Deferred Revenue	2,140,289	273,186	47,111	2,460,586
Total Liabilities	2,978,603	273,186	426,594	3,678,383
Fund Balances				
Reserved for Encumbrances	148,432	0	61,781	210,213
Reserved for Property Taxes	149,371	19,942	2,815	172,128
Reserved for Bus Purchases	6,944	0	0	6,944
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:				
General Fund	171,840	0	0	171,840
Special Revenue Funds	0	0	256,144	256,144
Debt Service Fund	0	306,805	0	306,805
Capital Projects Funds	0	0	413,598	413,598
Total Fund Balances	476,587	326,747	734,338	1,537,672
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$3,455,190	\$599,933	\$1,160,932	\$5,216,055

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2006

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$1,537,672
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	10.0 4 7 10 7
resources and therefore are deferred in the funds.	18,265,125
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-	
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	
Intergovernmental 22,253	
Property Taxes 196,527	
Total	218,780
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued	
interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period	
and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
General Obligation Bonds (2,925,000)	
Compensated Absences (643,214)	
Vacation Benefits Payable (59,332)	
Capital Leases (45,229)	
Accrued Interest Payable (12,309)	
Total	(3,685,084)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$16,336,493

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	General	Scrvice	Tulius	Tunus
Property Taxes	\$2,080,756	\$260,399	\$37,287	\$2,378,442
Intergovernmental	5,832,653	35,646	1,691,796	7,560,095
Interest	31,735	7,671	18,482	57,888
Tuition and Fees	393,115	0	0	393,115
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	121,051	121,051
Rent	3,892	0	0	3,892
Contributions and Donations	0	0	20,394	20,394
Charges for Services	0	0	127,268	127,268
Miscellaneous	78,900	0	60,864	139,764
Total Revenues	8,421,051	303,716	2,077,142	10,801,909
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,537,476	0	212,366	3,749,842
Special	785,912	0	870,880	1,656,792
Vocational	142,831	0	0	142,831
Support Services:	204.442		.=	
Pupil	381,413	0	178,314	559,727
Instructional Staff	132,552	0	89,418	221,970
Board of Education	54,195	0	0	54,195
Administration	567,875	0	138,847	706,722
Fiscal	287,856	6,053	868	294,777
Business	7,196	0	0	7,196
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	861,617 583,478	0	40,311 865	901,928 584,343
Pupil Transportation Central	32,570	0	26,958	59,528
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	76,637	76,637
Food Service Operations	0	0	361,536	361,536
Extracurricular Activities	85,597	0	80,749	166,346
Capital Outlay	53,005	0	0	53,005
Debt Service:	33,003	O .	Ŭ	33,003
Principal Retirement	17,416	75,000	0	92,416
Interest and Fiscal Charges	16,568	173,718	0	190,286
Total Expenditures	7,547,557	254,771	2,077,749	9,880,077
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	873,494	48,945	(607)	921,832
Other Financing Source				
Inception of Capital Lease	62,645	0		62,645
Net Change in Fund Balances	936,139	48,945	(607)	984,477
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year	(459,552)	277,802	734,945	553,195
Fund Balances End of Year	\$476,587	\$326,747	\$734,338	\$1,537,672

Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$984,477
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities,		
the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This		
is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.		
Capital Asset Additions	159,602	
Current Year Depreciation	(803,753)	
Total		(644,151)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not		
reported as revenue in the funds:		
Intergovernmental	6,619	
Property Taxes	29,535	
Total		36,154
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces		
long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		
General Obligation Bonds	75,000	
Capital Leases	17,416	
Total		92,416
Interest is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental funds, but is accrued on outstanding		
debt on the statement of activities.		191
Inception of capital leases are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but the		
inception increases long term liabilities on the statement of activities.		(62,645)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and		
vacation benefits payable do not require the use of current financial resources		
and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Vacation Benefits Payable	(34,678)	
Compensated Absences Payable	112,212	
Total		77,534
Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$483,976

Barnesville Exempted Village School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$2,180,000	\$8,276,688	\$2,055,383	(\$6,221,305)
Intergovernmental	6,096,688	0	5,841,776	5,841,776
Interest	0	773	31,735	30,962
Tuition and Fees	0	0	393,115	393,115
Rent	0	0	3,892	3,892
Contributions and Donations	0	7,000	0	(7,000)
Miscellaneous	0	0	82,143	82,143
Total Revenues	8,276,688	8,284,461	8,408,044	123,583
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	5,271,237	6,897,055	3,541,698	3,355,357
Special	485,479	236,578	748,288	(511,710)
Vocational	185,171	102,204	188,455	(86,251)
Support Services:	220,690	105 229	272 075	(267 627)
Pupils Instructional Staff	229,689 229,998	105,238 105,547	372,875 134,060	(267,637) (28,513)
Board of Education	72,525	31,041	65,230	(34,189)
Administration	399,710	192,292	594,873	(402,581)
Fiscal	175,143	92,176	288,542	(196,366)
Business	226,330	101,879	8,928	92,951
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	529,747	280,846	919,456	(638,610)
Pupil Transportation	254,992	163,028	597,594	(434,566)
Central	73,337	0	66,070	(66,070)
Extracurricular Activities Debt Service:	83,972	42,488	85,844	(43,356)
Principal Retirement	387,750	387,750	775,500	(387,750)
Total Expenditures	8,605,080	8,738,122	8,387,413	350,709
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(328,392)	(453,661)	20,631	474,292
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	0	0	34,888	34,888
Advances Out	(61,420)	(61,420)	(43,414)	18,006
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(61,420)	(61,420)	(8,526)	52,894
Net Change in Fund Balance	(389,812)	(515,081)	12,105	527,186
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	818,891	818,891	818,891	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	100,555	100,555	100,555	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$529,634	\$404,365	\$931,551	\$527,186

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2006

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$32,283	\$53,727
Total Assets	32,283	\$53,727
Liabilities		
Due to Students	0	\$53,727
Total Liabilities		\$53,727
Net Assets		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	32,283	
Total Net Assets	\$32,283	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
Additions Interest	\$792
Deductions Payment in accordance with Trust agreements	3,000
Change in Net Assets	(2,208)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	34,491
Net Assets End of Year	\$32,283

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Barnesville Exempted Village School District (the "School District") operates under a locally-elected Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by state statute and federal guidelines. This Board controls the School District's 4 instructional/support facilities staffed by 45 noncertified employees, 80 certificated personnel and 10 administrative employees to provide services to 1,185 students and other community members.

The School District was established in 1855 as the Barnesville Public Schools, with the first high school being established in 1878. In 1957, the Barnesville Exempted Village School District combined the former Warren Township Rural Local School District, the Somerset Township Rural Local School District, the Kirkwood Township Rural Local School District and portions of the Wayne Township Rural School District. The School District is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the School District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms.

The School District serves an area of approximately 126 square miles. It is located in Belmont County, including all of the Village of Barnesville, Warren Township, Somerset Township and Kirkwood Township, along with portions of Wayne Township, Flushing Township and Goshen Township.

On December 18, 2003, the School District was placed in "Fiscal Emergency" by the Auditor of State due to the School District's declining financial condition. In accordance with State Statute, a five member Financial Planning and Supervision Commission was established to oversee all financial affairs of the School District. The Commission is comprised of the State Director of the Office of Budget and Management, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, a resident/business owner within the School District appointed by the Belmont County Auditor, a local business person appointed by the Governor, and a parent with a child enrolled within the School District appointed by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. The Commission's primary charge is to develop, adopt, and implement a financial recovery plan. The Commission accordingly adopted the School District Plan on April 7, 2004 and revised the plan on July 13, 2005. Once the plan has been adopted, the Board of Education's discretion is limited in that all financial activity of the School District must be in accordance with the plan.

Reporting Entity:

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the Barnesville Exempted Village School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

No separate governmental units meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit. The following activity is included within the reporting entity:

Private Schools – Within the School district boundaries, Olney Friends School and Barnesville Independent Elementary are operated as private schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the schools by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the schools. These State monies are reflected in a Special Revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

The School District is involved with five organizations, four of which are defined as jointly governed organizations and one which is defined as a related organization. These organizations are the Ohio Mid-Eastern Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA), the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS), the East Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (ECOSERRC), the Belmont-Harrison Vocational School District, and the Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library. These organizations are presented in Notes 17 and 18 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). The School District, however; has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The activities of the School District are reported using two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest, and related costs.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. The School District's fiduciary funds include private-purpose trust and agency funds. Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has a private purpose trust which accounts for various college scholarships for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for student activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in the total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2006, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2007 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

During fiscal year 2006, the School District had no investments.

Following Ohio statues, the Board of Education may, by resolution, specify the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2006 amounted to \$31,735 which includes \$4,443 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other government or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in governmental funds include unexpended revenues restricted for the purchase of buses and amounts to be used for the payment of retainage.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2006, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

H. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and purchased and donated food held for resale.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

I. Capital Assets

The only capital assets of the School District are general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives	
Land	N/A	
Land Improvements	20 Years	
Buildings and Improvements	5-50 Years	
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 Years	
Vehicles	8 Years	

J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated on the statement of net assets.

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for vacation eligible employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the government fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Severance Payable" in the fund from which the employees will be paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

M. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, property taxes and bus purchases.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute. The reserve for bus purchases is for State grant funds required to be utilized for the purchase of school buses.

O. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources required to be used for the maintenance of classroom facilities, local resources to be used for student programs, and state and federal grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$1,103,126 of restricted net assets. Of the restricted net assets, \$412,700 has resulted from enabling legislation.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds of the School District. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer is given the authority to further allocate fund appropriations within all funds. Advances in/out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when the final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

NOTE 3 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENTS

Change in Accounting Principles – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries", and GASB Statement No. 47, "Accounting for Termination Benefits."

GASB Statement No. 42 provides guidance on the accounting treatment and financial reporting requirements for impairments of capital assets and insurance recoveries. The implementation of this statement had no effect on the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

GASB Statement No. 47 establishes accounting standards for termination benefits. The implementation of this statement had no effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).
- 5. Proceeds from and principal payments on short-term note obligations are reported on the operating statement (budget basis) rather than as balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General
GAAP Basis	\$936,139
Revenue Accruals	(75,652)
Advance In	34,888
Expenditure Accruals	111,981
Debt Service Principal Retirement	(775,500)
Advances Out	(43,414)
Encumbrances	(176,337)
Budget Basis	\$12,105

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$2,668,067 of the School District's bank balance of \$2,768,067 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the school district fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the school district. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 became a lien December 31, 2004, were levied after April 1, 2005 and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2006 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2006 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the value as of December 31, 2005. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The School District receives property taxes from Belmont County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2006, are available to finance fiscal year 2006 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2006 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2006 was \$149,371 in the general fund, \$19,942 in the debt service fund, and \$2,815 in the classroom facilities special revenue fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005, was \$123,998 in the general fund, \$16,533 in the debt service fund, and \$2,367 in the classroom facilities special revenue fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2006 taxes were collected are:

•	2005 Second Half Collections		2006 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$76,476,530	88.76%	\$79,213,050	90.14%
Public Utility Personal	5,348,340	6.21%	5,301,120	6.03%
General Business Personal	4,337,720	5.03%	3,364,080	3.83%
	\$86,162,590	100.00%	\$87,878,250	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of asset	ssed valuation	\$44.20		\$44.20

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2006, consisted of property taxes, intergovernmental, and accounts. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Delinquent property taxes deemed collectible by the County Auditor and recorded as a receivable in the amount of \$196,527 may not be collected within one year. All other receivables are expected to be collected within one year. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts
Governmental Activities	
Title I	\$85,621
IDEA Part B	30,999
Excess Costs	15,000
Title IIA	13,729
Drug Free Schools	7,253
Career Technology	779
Total	\$153,381

NOTE 8 – INTERNAL BALANCES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2006 consist of the following individual interfund receivables and payables:

	Interfund Receivable
Interfund Payable	General Fund
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$43,414

The interfund receivable in the General Fund is for the loan to the Miscellaneous State Grants Special Revenue Fund, Title I Grants Fund and the Miscellaneous Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund to support the programs until the federal grant monies are received.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	6/30/05	Additions	Deletions	6/30/06
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				_
Land	\$248,950	\$0	\$0	\$248,950
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	796,761	0	0	796,761
Buildings and Improvements	24,175,411	21,369	0	24,196,780
Furniture and Equipment	745,942	77,912	0	823,854
Vehicles	789,053	60,321	0	849,374
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	26,507,167	159,602	0	26,666,769
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(314,374)	(35,146)	0	(349,520)
Buildings and Improvements	(6,456,209)	(672,260)	0	(7,128,469)
Furniture and Equipment	(468,752)	(43,931)	0	(512,683)
Vehicles	(607,506)	(52,416)	0	(659,922)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(7,846,841)	(803,753)	0	(8,650,594)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	18,660,326	(644,151)	0	18,016,175
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$18,909,276	(\$644,151)	\$0	\$18,265,125

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$424,144
Special	53,073
Vocational	17,691
Support Services:	
Pupil	30,308
Instructional Staff	18,791
Administration	53,073
Fiscal	17,691
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	31,608
Pupil Transportation	95,463
Extracurricular	11,656
Food Service Operations	50,255
Total Depreciation Expense	\$803,753

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 10- RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2006 the School District contracted with Ohio School Insurance Program for property and inland marine coverage, general liability, and for fleet insurance coverage provided by the Ohio School Insurance Program through Selective Insurance Company of South Carolina as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$35,427,771
Automotive Liability (\$500 deductible)	2,000,000
Uninsured Motorist (\$500 deductible)	1,000,000
Medical Payments Limit	5,000
General Liability:	
Each Occurance	2,000,000
Aggregated Limit	4,000,000
Medical Payments Limit	5,000
Employee Benefits Liability:	
Each Occurance	2,000,000
Aggregated Limit	4,000,000
Employer's Liability:	
Each Occurance	1,000,000
Disease - Each Employee	1,000,000
Disease - Limit	1,000,000
Legal Liability - Errors and Omission:	
Each Wrongful Act	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year. The School District pays the State a rate of \$100 of salaries for workers' compensation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employee Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476, by calling (800) 878-5853 or by visiting the SERS website at ohsers.org.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$118,765, \$99,727 and \$132,438 respectively; 47.23 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strs.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$525,636, \$531,698, and \$635,822 respectively; 87.5 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2006 were \$7,131 made by the School District and \$6,954 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2006, all members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certificated employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or Combined Plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care cost will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$43,212 for fiscal year 2006.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$3.3 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$254,780,000 and STRS Ohio had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.42 percent of covered payroll, compared to 3.43 percent of covered payroll for fiscal year 2005. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2006, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at two percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2006 fiscal year equaled \$55,391.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next year. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2005, (the latest information available), were \$178,221,113. At June 30, 2005, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$267.5 million. SERS has approximately 58,123 participants receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 13 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees who work 260 days per year earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Current policy permits vacation leave to be accumulated up to one year. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators who work less than 260 days, do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 275 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 68 3/4 days for all employees.

B. Other Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life, accidental death and dismemberment and medical/surgical benefits to most employees through the Health Plan of the Upper Ohio Valley HMO. The Board pays 100 percent of the premiums for full-time employees hired before July 1, 2004 and 90 percent for full-time employees hired after that date. The cost of premiums for the coverage through the Health Plan of the Upper Ohio Valley for employees hired before July 1, 2004 is \$928.96 family and \$371.59 single for medical/prescription, and \$10.17 family and \$4.09 single for vision. For employees hired after July 1, 2004 the cost of premiums is \$836.06 family and \$334.43 single for medical/prescription, and \$9.15 family and \$3.68 single for vision. The School District also provides dental insurance from Coresource and life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance from J. Pilot to all employees based on the hire date. The cost of premiums for the dental insurance for employees hired before July 1, 2004 is \$58.72 family and \$25.47 single. For employees hired after July 1, 2004 the cost of premiums is \$52.85 family and \$22.92 single. Life insurance coverage is in the amount of \$25,000 per employee at a monthly premium of \$4.13 for all employees regardless of hire date.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 14 – FUND OBLIGATION

The School District participated in the State Solvency Assistance Program during Fiscal Year 2006. During fiscal year 2004, the District received \$1,551,000 in state operating loan proceeds at zero percent interest. The loan is to be repaid through deductions in the School District's state foundation receipts. During Fiscal Year 2005, the School District made \$775,500 of principal repayments, and during fiscal year 2006 the District made another \$775,500 of principal repayments. The loan was fully repaid at June 30, 2006.

NOTE 15 – CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During fiscal year 2006, the School District entered into a capitalized lease for copying equipment.

The leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds.

Equipment acquired by lease has been capitalized in government wide statements governmental activities in the amount of \$53,005, which is equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments, net of the amount received for retirement of the existing agreement, at the date of acquisition. A corresponding liability, was recorded in the government wide statements governmental activities. Assets acquired by governmental activities capitalized leases are reported net of accumulated depreciation in the amount of \$42,404. Principal payments in fiscal year 2006 totaled \$17,416, in the governmental funds.

Future minimum lease payments through 2009 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest
2007	\$20,675	\$3,178
2008	22,581	1,272
2009	1,973	15
Total	\$45,229	\$4,465

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 16 - LONG - TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2006 were as follows:

	Principal			Principal	Amounts
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due Within
	6/30/05	Additions	Deductions	6/30/06	One Year
General Obligation Bonds:		<u> </u>			
2000 School Facilities Bonds \$3,267,000					
Serial/Term Bonds @ 4.3%-6.7%	\$3,000,000	\$0	\$75,000	\$2,925,000	\$75,000
Capital Leases	0	62,645	17,416	45,229	20,675
Compensated Absences	755,426	90,466	202,678	643,214	65,595
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$3,755,426	\$153,111	\$295,094	\$3,613,443	\$161,270

School Facilities General Obligation Bonds – On March 24, 2000, Barnesville Exempted Village School District issued \$3,267,000 in voted general obligation bonds. The bonds were issued for the purpose of retiring \$3,267,000 in bond anticipation notes. The notes were issued for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, reconstructing, and making additions to classroom facilities under authority of and pursuant to the general laws of the State of Ohio, particularly Chapters 133 and 3318 of the Ohio Revised Code to pay the local share of the school construction under the State of Ohio Classroom Facilities Assistance Program. The bonds were issued for a period of twenty-three years with a final maturity at December 1, 2023.

In connection with the passage of the bond issue, the School District also passed a half-mill levy for the maintenance of the new building.

The bond issue consists of serial and term bonds. The term bonds that mature in the fiscal year 2022 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. The mandatory sinking fund redemption is to occur on December 1, 2021, and on each December 1 thereafter at 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption according to the following schedule:

Date	Principal Amount to be Redeemed	
December 1, 2021	\$275,000	

Unless otherwise called for redemption, the remaining \$295,000 principal amount of the Bonds due December 31, 2021 is to be paid at stated maturity.

The bonds maturing on December 1 in each of the years 2000 through 2015 are not subject to optional call for redemption prior to their respective maturity dates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

The bonds maturing on December 1, 2016 and thereafter are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part on any date and by lot within a maturity, at the option of the School District on or after December 1, 2010 as follows:

Redemption Dates	Redeemtion Price	
December 1, 2010 through November 30, 2011	101 percent	
December 1, 2011 and therafter	100 percent	

If fewer than all of the outstanding bonds of a single maturity are called for redemption, the selection of the bonds to be redeemed, or portions thereof in amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, shall be made by lot by the Paying Agent and Registrar in any manner which the Paying Agent and Registrar may determine.

The capital lease will be paid from the general fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general and food service funds.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$4,934,120, with an unvoted debt margin of \$83,693, at June 30, 2006.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2007	\$75,000	\$169,949	\$244,949
2008	95,000	165,633	260,633
2009	100,000	160,610	260,610
2010	105,000	155,254	260,254
2011	120,000	149,288	269,288
2012-2016	745,000	616,912	1,361,912
2017-2021	1,115,000	334,385	1,449,385
2022-2024	570,000	33,350	603,350
Total	\$2,925,000	\$1,785,381	\$4,710,381

NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency - The Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency (OME-RESA) was created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statute. OME-RESA participants consist of school districts and county educational service centers. OME-RESA operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school district's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. OME-RESA provides financial accounting services, educational management information, and cooperative purchasing services to member districts. During fiscal year 2006, the total amount paid to OME-RESA from the School District was \$48,290. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent and receives funding from the State Department of Education. To obtain financial information write to Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, Treasurer, at 2023 Sunset Blvd., Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS) - The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization including over 100 school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a Board which is comprised of fourteen members. The board members are comprised of one superintendent from each county elected by the school districts within that county. The Council provides various in-service for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Council is not dependent on the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Council. The School District's membership fee was \$300 for fiscal year 2006.

The East Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center – The East Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (ECOSERRC) is a not-for-profit Council of Governments of various school districts and other organizations in east central Ohio that operates under the direction of an Advisory Board that consists of one or more superintendents from each of the 10 participating counties. This Board establishes policy, approves the budget and recommends employment through its fiscal agent, Tuscarawas, Carroll, Harrison Educational Service Center. The ECOSERRC participates in services that assist the participants in complying with mandates of Public Law 101-476 and Public Law 99-457 for educating children with disabilities. There is no financial commitment made by the School District and the ECOSERRC is not financially dependent upon the continued participation of the School District. The School District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the ECOSERRC. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Julie A. Lynch, Treasurer at the Tuscarawas-Carroll-Harrison Educational Service Center, 834 E. High Avenue, New Philadelphia, Ohio 44663-3052.

Belmont-Harrison Vocational School - The Belmont-Harrison Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Belmont-Harrison Vocational School, Alexis Petrilla, who serves as Treasurer, at Fox Shannon Place, St. Clairsville, Ohio 43950.

NOTE 18 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library - The Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Barnesville Exempted Village School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Barnesville Hutton Memorial Library, Brenda G. Brown, Clerk, at East Main Street, Barnesville, Ohio 43713.

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Effective April 10, 2001, through Amended Substitute Senate Bill 345, the requirement for school districts to establish and appropriate money for the budget stabilization was deleted from law. A school district may still establish reserve balance accounts consistent with Section 5705.13, Revised Code, if it so chooses; however, the requirement is no longer mandatory. In addition, any money on hand in a school district's budget reserve set-aside as of April 10, 2001, may at the discretion of the board be returned to the District's general fund or may be left in the account and used by the board to offset any budget deficit the district may experience in future years. The bill placed special conditions on any Bureau of Workers' Compensation monies remaining in the budget reserve. In prior years, the Board of Education authorized the expenditure of the budget reserve amount pursuant to State Statute, and as a result no budget reserve exists at June 30, 2006.

Effective June 30, 2005, through Amended Substitute House Bill 66, the requirement for School District's that are declared to be in Fiscal Emergency pursuant to Section 3716, Revised Code, to meet the textbooks and capital improvements set-aside requirements has been eliminated. The legislation allows for either a reduced funding of the set-aside requirements or the elimination of funding of the set-aside altogether. The Barnesville Exempted Village School District has been declared in fiscal emergency and has elected not to fund the set-aside requirement for either the textbook or capital improvement set-aside for fiscal year 2006.

The following cash basis information demonstrates the amount of carry-forwards from prior years that will continue to be carried forward until the School District is required to fund the set-asides at some point in the future.

		Capital
	Textbooks	Improvements
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2005	\$0	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	178,979	178,979
Legislative Reduction	(178,979)	(178,979)
Fiscal Year 2006 Totals	\$0	\$0
Prior Year Carry Forward at June 30, 2006	(116,687)	(3,165,709)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to		
Future Fiscal Years	(\$116,687)	(\$3,165,709)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2006	\$0	\$0

The School District had qualifying disbursements in prior fiscal years that reduced the textbook set-aside amount below zero. This extra amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years. The District also had prior year capital expenditures in connection with a school facilities project that may be carried forward to offset future set-aside requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 20 – CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2006.

B. Litigation

The School District is currently party to legal proceedings. The School District management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 21 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On August 15, 2006, the Board of Education passed a resolution providing for the issuance of, not to exceed, \$1,685,000 School Improvement Refunding Bonds. These bonds will be issued to advance refund a portion of the 2000 School Facilities Bonds that were originally issued in the amount of \$3,267,000, and have a current outstanding balance of \$2,925,000. As of the date of this report, the refunding bonds have not been issued.

BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Noncash Receipts	Expenditures	Noncash Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Food Donation	NA	10.550	\$0	\$33,836	\$0	\$33,836
Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program	045203-05PU-2005/2006	10.553	68,277		68,277	
National School Lunch Program	045203-LLP4-2005/2006	10.555	145,447		145,447	
Total Nutrition Cluster			213,724	0	213,724	0
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			213,724	33,836	213,724	33,836
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	045203-C1S1-2005/2006	84.010	545,005		556,364	
Special Education, Grants to States	045203-6BSF-2005/2006	84.027	322,516		325,868	
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities, State Grants	045203-DRS1-2005/2006	84.186	20,171		16,035	
State Grants for Innovative Programs	045203-C2S1-2005/2006	84.298	11,047		3,591	
Education Technology State Grants	045203-TJS1-2005/2006	84.318	20,922		21,340	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	045203-TRS1-2005/2006	84.367	104,010		94,290	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,023,671	0	1,017,488	0
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$1,237,395	\$33,836	\$1,231,212	\$33,836

The Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is an integral part of the Schedule.

BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the School District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DONATION

Program regulations do not require the School District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE D - TRANSFERS

The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) requires School Districts to record grant funds carried over from one grant period to another grant period as a negative receipt in the original grant fund project-by-year line and as a positive receipt in the subsequent year project line. The Schedule reflects the following transfers due to ODE administrative action:

CFDA	Pass-through Entity		
<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Transfers-In</u>	Transfers-Out
84.010	045203-C1-S1-2005		\$41,127
84.010	045203-C1-S1-2006	\$41,127	
84.027	045203-6B-SF-2005		9,637
84.027	045203-6B-SF-2006	9,637	
84.186	045203-DR-S1-2005		6,603
84.186	045203-DR-S1-2006	6,603	
84.298	045203-C2-S1-2005		4,270
84.298	045203-C2-S1-2006	4,270	
84.318	045203-TJ-S1-2005		4,433
84.318	045203-TJ-S1-2006	4,433	
84.367	045203-TR-S1-2005		9,973
84.367	045203-TR-S1-2006	9,973	
Total		\$76,043	\$76,043



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Barnesville Exempted Village School District Belmont County 210 West Church Street Barnesville, Ohio 43713

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinions on the basic financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the School District's management dated December 15, 2006, we reported another matter involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem a reportable condition.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the School District's management dated December 15, 2006, we reported another matter related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 www.auditor.state.oh.us Barnesville Exempted Village School District
Belmont County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Required By Government Audit Standards
Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

December 15, 2006



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Barnesville Exempted Village School District Belmont County 210 West Church Street Barnesville, Ohio 43713

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Barnesville Exempted Village School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the School District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2006. The Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the School District's major federal program. The School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to the major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Internal Control over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 www.auditor.state.oh.us Barnesville Exempted Village School District Belmont County

Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

December 15, 2006

BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505 JUNE 30, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, CFDA # 84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT **BELMONT COUNTY**

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505 **JUNE 30, 2006** (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS				
None.				
	3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS			
None.				



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

BARNESVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT

BELMONT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 23, 2007