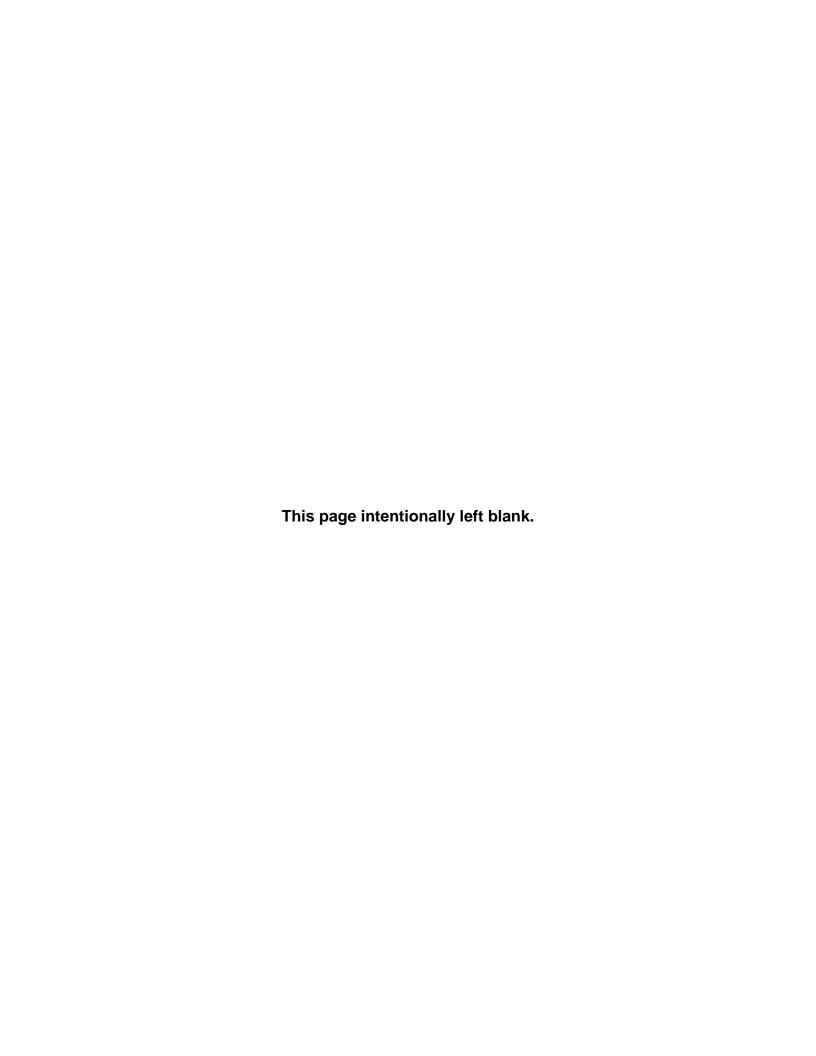




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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Ohio Virtual Academy Lucas County 1655 Holland Road, Suite F Maumee, Ohio 43537-1656

To the Governing Board:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Ohio Virtual Academy, Lucas County (the Academy), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Academy's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the management company's expenses which totaled \$16,059,371 as indicated in Note 15. Other auditors audited these amounts and have furnished their report thereon to us and we based our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Note 15, on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Academy as of June 30, 2007, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2008, on our consideration of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Ohio Virtual Academy Lucas County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

March 13, 2008

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of Ohio Virtual Academy's (the Academy) financial performance provides an overall review of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Academy's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Academy's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Government issued June, 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- Total net assets decreased \$375,346 in 2007.
- Due to increased enrollment, total revenue increased from \$18,247,878 in fiscal year 2006 to \$22,404,111 in fiscal year 2007.
- Similarly, total program expenses increased from \$18,520,019 in fiscal year 2006 to \$22,779,457 in fiscal year 2007.
- Current liabilities decreased \$179,527 with current assets decreasing \$524,776 in 2007.
- The Academy does not have any long term debt.

Using this Financial Report

This report consists of three parts, the MD&A, the basic financial statements, and notes to those statements. The basic financial statements include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows.

Reporting the Academy as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the Academy is, "As a whole, what is the Academy's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the Academy's financial statements, report information on the Academy as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED (Continued)

These two statements report the Academy's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the statement of net assets – as one way to measure the Academy's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Academy's net assets – as reported in the Statement of Net Assets – are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the Academy's operating results. However, the Academy's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the school, to assess the overall health of the Academy.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report the activities for the Academy, which encompass all the Academy's services, including instruction, support services and community services. Unrestricted state aid and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Academy's net assets for fiscal year 2007 and fiscal year 2006:

Table 1
Net Assets

			-	
	2007		 2006	
Assets:				
Cash and Other Current Assets	\$	1,466,231	\$ 1,991,007	
Capital Assets, Net		24,866	 67,432	
Total Assets		1,491,097	 2,058,439	
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities		1,174,980	1,354,507	
Non-Current Liabilities		41,251	 53,720	
Total Liabilities		1,216,231	1,408,227	
Net Assets:				
Invested in Capital Assets		24,866	67,432	
Restricted		156,525	99,905	
Unrestricted		93,475	 482,875	
Total Net Assets	\$	274,866	\$ 650,212	

Total net assets decreased by \$375,346, of which, \$389,400 relates to the decrease in unrestricted net assets. The increase in restricted net assets is due to an increase in grant carryover from FY06 to FY07 and the decrease in net assets invested in capital assets is related primarily to fiscal year 2007 depreciation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Cash and other current assets decreased by \$524,776 from \$1,991,007 in 2006 to \$1,466,231 in 2007. This primarily relates to a decrease in cash of \$605,930 net of an increase in intergovernmental receivables of \$132,069. In addition, current liabilities decreased by \$179,527 year over year. This decrease is primarily made up of an increase in accounts payable of \$373,187 and a decrease in intergovernmental payables of \$520,948.

The differences in cash, intergovernmental receivables and intergovernmental payables all directly correlate to the timing of fiscal year-end adjustments in State Foundation Funding. In FY07, the Academy had a receivable of \$102,973 and in FY06, the Academy had a payable of \$441,802 related to both FY05 and FY06 adjustments to our State Foundation funding. The increase in accounts payable is related to the timing of payments for our on-line curriculum and educational materials.

In addition, Capital Assets, Net decreased by \$42,566 from 2006 to 2007. There were few purchases in 2007 that were required to be capitalized. The decrease is mainly due to depreciation expense for 2007.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2007 and fiscal year 2006, as well as a listing of revenues and expenses:

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

Crianges	 2007	2006	
Operating Revenue	 		
Foundation	\$ 19,622,212	\$ 16,146,705	
Special Education	1,091,115	770,828	
Other Operating Revenue	111,572	18,012	
Non-Operating Revenue			
Grants and Program Initiatives	1,579,212	 1,312,333	
Total Revenue	 22,404,111	 18,247,878	
Operating Expenses			
Salaries	3,953,575	3,366,956	
Fringe Benefits	1,297,999	1,080,939	
Purchased Services	13,653,961	11,227,090	
Materials and Supplies	3,249,285	2,352,394	
Depreciation	46,112	57,710	
Other Operating Expenses	578,525	 434,930	
Total Expenses	 22,779,457	 18,520,019	
Total Decrease in Net Assets	\$ (375,346)	\$ (272,141)	

The revenue generated by a community school is almost entirely dependent on the per-pupil allotment given by the State foundation and from federal entitlement programs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Both total revenue and total expenses for the Academy increased 23% from fiscal year 2006 to fiscal year 2007. The increase in foundation revenue is a direct result of the growth in enrollment of 20%. Ending enrollment (based on FTE) for 2006 was 3,110 compared to 3,741 in fiscal year 2007. Special Education revenue is weighted based on the category of disability of the Special Education students enrolled in the Academy. The increase of more than 41% in Special Education revenue is due to both the enrollment growth and the disabilities of the students enrolled in the Academy. Non-operating revenue increased by \$266,879 over 2006. Federal grant revenue increased by \$263,396 due mainly to increased awards for Title I and Title VI-B which are directly related to the growth in enrollment for the Academy.

Overall, the increase of \$4,259,438 in total expenses for the Academy is related to the growth in enrollment.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2007, the Academy had \$24,866 net of depreciation invested in furniture and equipment. Most of this equipment is computers and related items.

Current Financial Related Activities

The Academy's financial outlook over the next several years shows continued growth as enrollment is projected to increase. The management team and Board of Trustees intend to continue their good stewardship of public funds by keeping appropriate levels of working capital and net assets.

Contacting the Academy's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide all stakeholders with a general overview of the Academy's finances. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Kelly Gnepper, Business Manager, Ohio Virtual Academy, 1655 Holland Road, Suite F, Maumee, Ohio 43537-1656.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

Assets

Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 970,301
Prepaid Assets	12,140
Accounts Receivable	623
Intergovernmental Receivable	483,167
g	 ,
Total Current Assets	 1,466,231
Non-Current Assets	
Capital Assets:	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	24,866
Total Assets	 1,491,097
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	708,597
Accrued Wages and Benefits	331,682
Intergovernmental Payable	134,701
3	
Total Current Liabilities	1,174,980
Non-Current Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	41,251
Total Liabilities	1,216,231
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets	24,866
Restricted for Grants	156,525
Unrestricted	93,475
	,
Total Net Assets	\$ 274,866

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Operating Revenues		
Foundation Payments	\$	19,622,212
Special Education	Ψ	1,091,115
Other Revenues		111,572
Other Nevertues		111,072
Total Operating Revenues		20,824,899
Operating Expenses		
Salaries		3,953,575
Fringe Benefits		1,297,999
Purchased Services		13,653,961
Materials and Supplies		3,249,285
Depreciation		46,112
Other		578,525
Outo		070,020
Total Operating Expenses		22,779,457
Operating Loss		(1,954,558)
Non-Operating Revenues		
Grants Received – Federal		1,484,878
Grants Received – State and Local		94,334
		,
Total Non-Operating Revenues		1,579,212
Change in Nat Appets		(075 040)
Change in Net Assets		(375,346)
Net Assets Beginning of Year		650,212
Net Assets End of Year	\$	274,866
NEL ASSEIS LITU UL TEAL	<u> </u>	214,000

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Special Education	\$ 1,091,115
Cash Received from Others	111,575
Cash Received from Foundation Payments	19,079,184
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(16,575,491)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(3,994,433)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(1,322,267)
Cash Payments to Others	(543,405)
•	
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(2,153,722)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Grants Received – Federal	1,457,004
Grants Received – State and Local	94,334
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	1,551,338
Cook Flows from Copital and Polated Financing Activities	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(2.546)
Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(3,546)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(605,930)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,576,231
Caon and Caon Equivalence at Boginning of Todi	1,070,201
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 970,301
	(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities

Operating Loss	\$ (1,954,558)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to	
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	
Depreciation	46,112
Changes in Assets and Liabilities	
Decrease in Accounts Receivable	49,755
Decrease in Prepaid Items	1,160
(Increase) in Intergovernmental Receivable	(104,037)
Increase in Accounts Payable	373,187
(Decrease) in Accrued Wages and Benefits	(31,766)
(Decrease) in Intergovernmental Payable	(521,106)
(Decrease) in Compensated Absences	 (12,469)
Total Adjustments	 (199,164)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (2,153,722)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ACADEMY AND REPORTING ENTITY

Ohio Virtual Academy, (the Academy), is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 1702. The Academy offers home-based public education for Ohio children in grades K-11. The Academy plans to add twelfth grade for fiscal year 2008. Parents, community leaders, and educators are working with the Academy to help provide an excellent education option. The Academy, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district and is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations. The Academy may acquire facilities as needed and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the academy.

The Academy was approved for operation under a contract with the Ohio Council of Community Schools, (formerly known as the University of Toledo Charter School Council), (the Sponsor) for a period of five academic years commencing after July 1, 2002. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Academy and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration or terminate the contract prior to its expiration (see Note 16).

The Academy operates under the direction of a five-member Board of Directors. The Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract that include, but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. The Board oversees the Academy's instructional/support facility staffed by 18 administrative and 112 certificated teaching and other personnel who provide services to approximately 3,741 students.

The Academy contracts with K12 Inc. for a variety of services including management of personnel and human resources, the program of instruction, technology, marketing, data management, purchasing, strategic planning, public relations, financial reporting, recruiting, compliance issues, budgets, contracts, and equipment for teachers and students (see Note 14 and 15).

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Academy also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the Academy's accounting policies are described below:

A. Basis of Presentation

The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net assets, a statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows. Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net assets, financial position, and cash flows.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accrual basis of accounting is used for reporting purposes.

Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

C. Budgetary Process

Unlike other public schools located in the state of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, except under Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.391, the Academy must prepare a five year spending plan and submit it to the Ohio Superintendent of Public Instruction. In addition the Sponsor does prescribe an annual budget requirement in addition to preparing a 5-year forecast which is to be updated on an annual basis.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

All monies received by the Academy are maintained in a demand deposit account. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net assets, investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Academy are considered to be cash equivalents.

E. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the dates received. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of over one thousand dollars for all assets, except leased assets. Leased assets with a purchase price of \$5,000 or less will not be capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method and the Academy utilizes the useful lives established by the IRS.

F. Intergovernmental Revenues

The Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Program and the Special Education Program. Revenues received from these programs are recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met and they are earned and measurable.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

The Academy also participates in various state and federal operating grants. Grants awarded in 2007 included the following: School Net Professional Development \$2,700, Title VI-B for \$541,336, Title I \$863,958, Title IIA \$51,425, Title IID \$8,988, Title V \$3,851, Title IV \$15,320, CORE \$2,000 and EMIS for \$14,634. The Academy also received a \$75,000 local grant in 2007.

Amounts awarded under the above named programs for the 2007 year totaled \$22,292,539.

G. Accrued Liabilities Payable

The Academy has recognized certain liabilities on its statement of net assets relating to expenses, which are due but unpaid as of June 30, 2007, including: accounts and intergovernmental payables.

H. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Academy will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The Academy records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time as of June 30. A non-current liability in the amount of \$41,251 for compensated absences is reflected on the Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2007.

I. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The Academy has no debt. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Academy applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

3. DEPOSITS

At fiscal year end June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the Academy's deposits totaled \$970,301 and its bank balance was \$1,388,802. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure", as of June 30, 2007, \$1,288,802 of the bank balance was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$100,000 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Academy will not be able to recover the deposits. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at the Federal Reserve Banks or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the School.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007, mostly consisted of foundation and federal grant revenue receivables which are considered collectible in full, due to the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Receivables are listed as follows:

Program/Vendor	 Amount
State Foundation	\$ 102,973
Title I	194,866
Title II-A	3,281
Title II-D	5,965
Title IV	515
Title V	9,578
Title VI - Part B	164,925
SERS	 1,064
Total Intergovernmental Receivable Other	483,167 623
Total Receivables	\$ 483,790

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007:

	Balance				Balance
	 06/30/06		Additions	Deletions	06/30/07
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment	\$ 185,957	9	3,546		\$ 189,503
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(118,525)		(46,112)		(164,637)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 67,432	9	(42,566)		\$ 24,866

6. INSTRUCTION

Approximately 65 percent of operating expenditures are used to provide direct instruction to students. Costs by various categories are as follows:

Service Type	Total
Teacher Salaries, Benefits and Expenses	\$ 5,800,934
Web Based Software-Curriculum	5,591,286
Instructional Materials Expense	3,104,341
Special Education Services	283,616
Total	\$ 14,780,177

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For the fiscal year ended 2007, the Academy obtained insurance through broker Brooks Insurance with the following insurance coverage:

Commercial General Liability per Occurrence	\$1,000,000
Commercial General Liability Aggregate	1,000,000
Umbrella Liability per Occurrence	4,000,000
Umbrella Liability Aggregate	4,000,000
Property Automobiles	1,000,000

B. Workers' Compensation

The Academy pays the State Worker's Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

7. RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)

C. Employee Medical, Dental, Vision, Prescription and Life Benefits

The Academy has contracted with private carriers to provide employee medical, dental, vision, prescription and life insurance to its employees.

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employee Retirement System

The Academy contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Academy is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current Academy rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the Academy's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Academy's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005, were \$131,230, \$107,505 and \$73,288 respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The Academy participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strs.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on vears of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Academy was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Academy's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005, were \$490,815, \$421,966 and \$316,711 respectively; 82.0 percent has been contributed for fiscal year June 30, 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Academy provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS Ohio) and to retired non-certificated employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or Combined Plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care cost will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the Academy, this amount equaled \$37,755 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2007, the balance in the Fund was \$4.1 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$265,558,000 and STRS had 122,934 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, compared to 3.42 percent of covered payroll for fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at two percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the Academy, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2007 fiscal year equaled \$44,166.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next year. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2006, (the latest information available), were \$158,751,207. At June 30, 2006, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. SERS has 59,492 participants eligible to receive benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

10. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Academy received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions as specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Academy. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Academy at June 30, 2007.

B. State Foundation Funding

The Ohio Department of Education conducts reviews of enrollment data and full time equivalency (FTE) calculations made by the schools. These reviews are conducted to ensure that schools are reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which state foundation funding is calculated. The review resulted in the discovery of an underpayment to the Academy in the amount of \$102,973. This amount is reflected as a part of intergovernmental receivable and is added to State foundation revenue.

C. Litigation

A lawsuit entitled **Beverly Blount-Hill, et al. v. State of Ohio, et al., Case #: 3:04CV197** was filed in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of Ohio, Western Division in October 2004. The suit alleges that the funding provisions of the Ohio Community Schools Act, O.R.C. Section 3314, violate both the Ohio and Federal constitutions. If the funding scheme is determined to be unconstitutional, it could have financial ramifications for all community/charter schools. The case is still currently pending, and the effect of this suit, if any, on the Ohio Virtual Academy cannot presently be determined.

11. OPERATING LEASES

The Academy leases an office facility under an operating lease. The terms of this lease end July 15, 2008. Total lease payments were \$89,245 for the year ended June 30, 2007. The future minimum lease payments, excluding taxes and Common Area Operating Expenses, for this lease are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Total
2008	\$ 89,245
2009	 3,599
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 92,844

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

12. PURCHASED SERVICE EXPENSES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, purchased service expenses were payments for services rendered by various vendors, as follows:

Service Type	Total
Professional/Technical Services	\$ 10,717,672
Property Services	2,281,737
Travel	347,320
Communications	253,440
Utilities	14,167
Contracted Trade Service	35,179
Other Purchased Services	 4,446
Total	\$ 13,653,961

13. TAX EXEMPT STATUS

The Academy was approved for tax exempt status under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

14. MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

The Academy entered into a five-year contract, effective May 17, 2002 through June 30, 2007, with K12 Inc. for educational, administrative and technology services. Per the management agreement, K12 Inc. is entitled to 12 percent of revenues as an administrative fee (management) and 7 percent of revenues as a technology fee. The educational services are purchased at the prevailing rate charged by K12 Inc. to its partner schools. Terms of the contract require K12 Inc. to provide the following:

A. Administrative services:

- Personnel and facility management,
- Administration of all business aspects and day-to-day management of the Academy
- Budgeting and financial reporting and the annual reports
- Maintenance of financial and student records
- Pupil recruitment, Admissions and Student Discipline
- Rules and Procedures and nondiscrimination requirements
- Public relations

B. Technology services:

- Integrate technology and data systems with Academy's curriculum
- Monitor and analyze data, as necessary
- Report on pupils academic performance
- Seek and secure competitive pricing and discounts for Academy, as available
- Provide training to staff, parents, students as deemed necessary
- Develop, design, publish and maintain the Academy's interactive website

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

14. MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT – (Continued)

- Supervise installation of Academy's internal computer and telephone network
- Negotiate contracts with computer, printer, student information system, software and office set-up vendors
- Determine hardware configurations for the Academy's technology needs
- Support administrators in troubleshooting system errors

C. Educational services:

- Curriculum
- Instructional tools
- Additional educational services

As of June 30, 2007, payments to K12 Inc. totaled \$15,120,638 with \$620,005 still outstanding for all services. The breakdown is as follows:

Service Type	Total
Management Fee	\$ 2,577,755
Web Based Software-Curriculum	5,813,961
Instructional Materials Usage	3,081,650
Teacher Instructional Materials	36,030
Technology Services Fee	1,520,515
Student Computers-Lease	 2,090,727
Total	\$ 15,120,638

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

15. K12 INC. MANAGEMENT COMPANY DISCLOSURE

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, K12 Inc. incurred the following expenses:

Direct Expenses	
Salaries and wages	\$ 4,126,542
Books, periodicals, and films	1,767,900
Contracted craft or trade services	1,236,850
Professional and technical services	1,626,679
Depreciation	1,207,550
Employee benefits	761,730
Other purchased services	1,218,291
Other supplies	68,932
Communications	194,030
Travel	55,388
Property services	168
Dues and fees	2,192
	12,266,252
Overhead	3,793,119
	\$ 16,059,371

16. SPONSOR

The Academy was approved for operation under a contract with the Ohio Council of Community Schools (the Sponsor) for a period of five academic years commencing after July 1, 2002. As part of this contract, the Sponsor is paid an oversight fee which is 3 percent of the total State Foundation funds received for the first 1,000 students, 2 percent for 1,001-2,500 students, and 1 percent for any students over 2,500. The total amount paid to the Sponsor for fiscal year 2007 was \$390,606.

17. RESERVE FUND

The Academy and K-12 Inc. agreed the Academy will maintain a \$250,000 reserve ("Reserve Fund"). The Reserve Fund is defined as total net assets at fiscal year end, excluding invested in capital assets as stated in the audited financial statements. At the end of the year, if necessary based on the Academy's audited financial statements, K-12 will issue Service Credits in an amount sufficient to balance the Academy's budget and satisfy the Reserve Fund requirement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

17. RESERVE FUND – (Continued)

At the end of the next fiscal year if the Academy has surplus funds that exceed the Reserve Fund, as evidenced by the audited financial statements, the Academy will repay a portion or all of the prior year's Service Credit depending on the amount of the surplus. If the Academy has no surplus or less than the amount credited prior, there is no further obligation owed on the unpaid amounts on the prior credits given.

At the end of fiscal year 2007 K-12 issued \$111,231 in Service Credits. They are reflected on the financials as a reduction in accounts payable owed K-12 Inc.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor	Pass Through Entity	Federal CFDA		
Program Title	Number	Number	Receipts	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1S1-2006	84.010	\$ 122,839	\$ 122,839
Total Tida I Overte to I and Edwardianal Assessin	C1S1-2007		711,104	704,510
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			833,943	827,349
Special Education Grants to States	6BSF-2006	84.027	106,825	106,825
'	6BSF-2007		425,500	426,599
Total Special Education Grants to States			532,325	533,424
Early Childhood Special Education Grants to States	PGS1-2007	84.173	158	
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grant	DRS1-2006	84.186	(1,511)	
	DRS1-2007		16,316	17,630
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grant			14,805	17,630
Innovative Education Program Strategies	C2S1-2007	84.298	385	6,112
Technology Literacy Challenge Fund Grants	TJS1-2006	84.318	6,234	5,592
<i>5,</i> , <i>c</i>	TJS1-2007		3,092	
Total Technology Literacy Challenge Fund Grants			9,326	5,592
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TRS1-2006	84.367	16,806	16,806
improving reasons quality state status	TRS1-2007	000.	49,256	32,803
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			66,062	49,609
Total U.S. Department of Education			\$ 1,457,004	\$ 1,439,716

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS SCHEDULE

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the Academy's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Ohio Virtual Academy Lucas County 1655 Holland Road, Suite F Maumee, Ohio 43537-1656

To the Governing Board:

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Ohio Virtual Academy, Lucas County (the Academy) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2008, which indicated that the amounts presented in Note 15 were audited by other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Academy's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Academy's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Academy's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Academy's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Ohio Virtual Academy Lucas County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Academy's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Governing Board, the Academy's Sponsor, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

March 13, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Ohio Virtual Academy Lucas County 1655 Holland Road, Suite F Maumee, Ohio 43537-1656

To the Governing Board:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Ohio Virtual Academy, Lucas County (the Academy) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Academy's major federal program. The Academy's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Academy's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Academy's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Academy's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Ohio Virtual Academy complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246
Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484

Ohio Virtual Academy
Lucas County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Programs and On Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The Academy's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Academy's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Academy's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Academy's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the Academy's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Governing Board, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

March 13, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified	
Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified	
Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No	
Major Program (list):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (CFDA # 84.010)	
Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	
Low Risk Auditee?	Yes	
	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs? Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion Are there any reportable findings under § .510? Major Program (list): Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

OHIO VIRTUAL ACADEMY

LUCAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 1, 2008