Southern Local School District Perry County, Ohio

Single Audit

July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008 Fiscal Years Audited Under GAGAS: 2008





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Southern Local School District 10390 State Route 155 SE Corning, Ohio 45730

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Southern Local School District, Perry County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Southern Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

December 18, 2008



Southern Local School District Perry County, Ohio

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

Southern Local School District 10397 State Route 155 SE #1 Corning, Ohio 45730

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southern Local School District (the School District), Perry County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 (B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, as discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash basis of accounting. This is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, we cannot determine at this time.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the classroom maintenance fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the accounting basis Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2008, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Southern Local School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 8 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

As described in Note 17 to the basic financial statements, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures – an amendment of GASB statements No. 25 and No. 27, GASB Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, and GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employees for Postemployment Benefits Other Then Pensions.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Ralistra, Harr & Scherur

November 21, 2008

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Southern Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, within the limitations of the School District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2008 are as follows:

Net assets of governmental activities increased \$456,199.

General Cash receipts accounted for \$6,802,801 or 62% of all cash receipts. Program cash receipts in
the form of charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions, accounted for \$4,195,611 or 38%
of total cash receipts of \$10,998,412.

The School District had \$10,542,213 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; only \$4,195,611 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions.

USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the School District's cash basis of accounting.

REPORT COMPONENTS

The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Cash Basis provide information about the cash activities of the School District as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the School District as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specific purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the basic financial statements.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The School District has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the School District's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 Unaudited

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the School District did financially during 2008, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The statement of net assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the School District at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the School District's general receipts.

These statements report the School District's cash position and the changes in cash position. It is important to note that fiduciary funds are not included in these statements. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the School District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's cash position is one indicator of whether the School District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the School District's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well such as the School District's property tax base, the condition of the School District's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the School District's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the School District has one type of activity; governmental.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds – not the District as a whole. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Construction Capital Projects Fund, and the Classroom Maintenance Special Revenue Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. Since the School District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the Net Assets and fund cash balances or changes in Net Assets and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements. However, differences will be apparent when comparing gross revenues and expenses on the Fund Financial Statements to the Statement of Activities due to transfers netted on the Statement of Activities. See Note 2 to the basic financial statements in the section entitled Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 Unaudited

Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating receipts over (under) operating disbursements and changes in net assets. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service and the School District only has an internal service fund which is used to account for their self-insurance program for employee dental and vision claims. This fund is reported using the cash basis of accounting.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. The School District's fiduciary funds are agency funds which are used to maintain financial activity of the School District's Student Managed Activities. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2008 compared to 2007.

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities						
	2008			2007			
Assets							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,488,599	\$	1,435,095			
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		517,372		114,677			
Total Assets		2,005,971		1,549,772			
Net Assets							
Restricted		1,251,669		979,377			
Unrestricted		754,302		570,395			
Total Net Assets	\$	2,005,971	\$	1,549,772			

Total assets, of the District as a whole, increased \$456,199. This increase is due to cash receipts exceeding cash disbursements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 as compared to 2007.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	Government	al Activities
Cash Receipts	2008	2007
Program Cash Receipts		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 402,616	\$ 279,585
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,792,995	3,354,234
Total Program Cash Receipts	4,195,611	3,633,819
General Cash Receipts		
Property Taxes	1,137,148	807,565
Grants and Entitlements	5,422,427	5,172,277
Interest	23,471	20,927
Miscellaneous	219,755	175,490
Total General Cash Receipts	6,802,801	6,176,259
Total Cash Receipts	10,998,412	9,810,078
Program Cash Disbursements		
Instruction:		
Regular	3,137,007	3,034,393
Special	1,974,803	2,157,034
Vocational	162,209	75,168
Support Services:		
Pupils	335,474	233,234
Instructional Staff	332,068	329,352
Board of Education	35,040	37,917
Administration	1,380,806	1,151,789
Fiscal	652,935	302,694
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	807,436	718,602
Pupil Transportation	687,818	640,968
Central	45,111	60,014
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	479,832	470,105
Extracurricular Activities	346,919	277,956
Principal Retirement	74,190	74,424
Interest and Fiscal Charges	90,565	88,016
Total Cash Disbursements	10,542,213	9,651,666
Changes in Net Assets	456,199	158,412
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	1,549,772	1,391,360
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 2,005,971	\$ 1,549,772

Cash receipts increased \$1,188,334. The most significant increases were cash receipts for operating grants and contributions, property taxes, and grants and entitlements. The increase in cash receipts for property taxes was due to tax bills being sent out late by the County Auditor's office in the prior year, resulting in these monies being received by the School District during fiscal year 2008. Beginning in February, 2007, foundation payments were posted gross of deductions rather than net of deductions, resulting in an increase in grant receipts.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 Unaudited

Cash disbursements increased \$890,547. The most significant increases were cash disbursements for administration and fiscal services. The increase in administration was again, due to foundation monies being posted gross of deductions resulting in an increase in cash disbursements for administration. The increase in fiscal cash disbursements is due to an increase in payments for open enrollment.

Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2008	Net Cost of Services 2008	Net Cost of Services 2007	
Program Cash Disbursements	2008	2008	2007	2007
Instruction:				
	\$ 3,137,007	\$2,475,804	\$3,034,393	\$ 2.454.727
Regular	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	-, -, -, -, -,
Special	1,974,803	373,817	2,157,034	658,289
Vocational	162,209	158,467	75,168	74,484
Support Services:				
Pupils	335,474	229,614	233,234	222,682
Instructional Staff	332,068	186,360	329,352	179,348
Board of Education	35,040	34,237	37,917	37,575
Administration	1,380,806	1,050,683	1,151,789	852,123
Fiscal	652,935	578,129	302,694	294,249
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	807,436	745,813	718,602	685,024
Pupil Transportation	687,818	173,072	640,968	174,658
Central	45,111	42,105	60,014	55,609
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	479,832	7,686	470,105	51,557
Extracurricular Activities	346,919	126,060	277,956	135,889
Principal Retirement	74,190	74,190	74,424	74,424
Interest and Fiscal Charges	90,565	90,565	88,016	67,209
Total	\$ 10,542,213	\$6,346,602	\$9,651,666	\$ 6,017,847

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total cash receipts and other financing sources of \$11,127,312 and cash disbursements and other financing uses of \$10,664,650. The most significant change in fund balance was in the General Fund.

For the General Fund, cash receipts increased \$547,612 from the prior year. However, cash disbursements increased by \$585,711. The most significant increases were in cash disbursements for administration and fiscal support services due to foundation monies being posted gross of deductions and due to an increase in payments for open enrollment, respectively. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in cash disbursements for special instruction due to a larger portion of the Educational Service Center Special Education charges being paid from the special education grant. This resulted in an increase in fund cash balance for the fund in the amount of \$274,016.

The Construction major capital projects fund had an increase in fund balance of \$866. This increase is a result of interest earnings.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 Unaudited

The Classroom Maintenance major special revenue fund had an increase in fund balance of \$24,205. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in cash receipts for property taxes which was partially offset by an increase in cash disbursements for operation and maintenance of plant.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2008, there were revisions to the General Fund budget. The final budget cash receipts of \$7,802,144 increased \$426,202 over original cash receipts. Actual cash receipts of \$7,793,734 were \$8,410 less than the final estimate.

Final budget cash disbursements of \$8,368,439 increased \$402,408 over original cash disbursements. Actual cash disbursements of \$7,645,034 were \$723,405 less than the final estimate. The General fund's ending unobligated cash balance was \$752,985.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The School District does not record capital assets in the accompanying basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements.

Debt

Under the cash basis of accounting the School District does not report bonds, long-term notes or short-term notes in the accompanying cash basis financial statements. However, in order to provide information to the readers of this report, we are providing the following detailed information about bonds and long-term notes. At June 30, 2008 the District had \$497,496 in bonds and notes outstanding. For additional information regarding debt, please see Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

Table 4 summarizes bonds and long-term notes outstanding for Governmental Activities for the past two years:

Table 4 Outstanding Debt at June 30 Governmental Activities

School Improvement Advance Refunding Bonds School Facilities Improvement Notes	2008 \$331,014 _166,482	2007 \$389,052 _173,879
Totals	<u>\$497,496</u>	<u>\$562,931</u>

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Jeff Kaaz, Treasurer at Southern Local School District, 10397 St. Rt. 155 SE #1, Corning, Ohio 45730.

Southern Local School District, Perry County Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	Ф. 1.400.500
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,488,599
Restricted Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	517,372
Total Assets	2,005,971
NET ASSETS:	
Restricted for Debt Service	192,048
Restricted for Capital Outlay	322,453
Restricted for Classroom Maintenance	82,256
Restricted for Other Purposes	542,249
Restricted for Set-Asides	112,663
Unrestricted	754,302
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,005,971

Southern Local School District, Perry County Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

				Program	Cash 1	Receipts	R	Disbursements) eceipts and Changes in Net Assets
	Dis	Cash Disbursements		Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	3,137,007	\$	106,495	\$	554,708	\$	(2,475,804)
Special		1,974,803		98,164		1,502,822		(373,817)
Vocational		162,209		3,742		-		(158,467)
Support Services:								
Pupils		335,474		13,453		92,407		(229,614)
Instructional Staff		332,068		15,702		130,006		(186,360)
Board of Education		35,040		803				(34,237)
Administration		1,380,806		49,194		280,929		(1,050,683)
Fiscal		652,935		16,366		58,440		(578,129)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		807,436		21,112		40,511		(745,813)
Pupil Transportation		687,818		18,098		496,648		(173,072)
Central		45,111		1,153		1,853		(42,105)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		479,832		40,559		431,587		(7,686)
Extracurricular Activities		346,919		17,775		203,084		(126,060)
Debt Service:		74.100						(74.100)
Principal Retirement		74,190		-		-		(74,190)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		90,565						(90,565)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	10,542,213	\$	402,616	\$	3,792,995		(6,346,602)
	Prop	l Cash Receipts: erty Taxes Levie neral Purposes	d for:					904 951
		ner Purposes						896,851 22,746
		bt Service						217,551
		s and Entitlemer	nts No	t Restricted to	Speci	fic Programs		5,422,427
	Intere		113, 140	t Restricted to	эрссі	ne i rograms		23,471
		ellaneous						219,755
	Total G	Seneral Cash Rec	eipts					6,802,801
	Change	e in Net Assets						456,199
	Net Ass	ets Beginning of	Year					1,549,772
	Net Ass	ets End of Year					\$	2,005,971

Southern Local School District, Perry County Statement of Assets and Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

	General		Construction		Classroom Maintenance		All Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS:										
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Assets:	\$	679,978	\$	-	\$	227,257	\$	507,040	\$	1,414,275
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		198,323		236,793				82,256		517,372
Total Assets		878,301		236,793		227,257		589,296	_	1,931,647
FUND BALANCES:										
Reserved:										
Reserved for Encumbrances		125,316		-		8,720		159,888		293,924
Reserved for Textbooks and Instructional Materials		112,663		-		-		-		112,663
Reserved for Capital Improvements		85,660		236,793		-		82,256		404,709
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:										
General Fund		554,662		-		-		-		554,662
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		218,537		155,104		373,641
Debt Service Funds				-		-		192,048		192,048
Total Fund Balances	\$	878,301	\$	236,793	\$	227,257	\$	589,296	\$	1,931,647

Southern Local School District, Perry County Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	General	Construction	Classroom Maintenance	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
CASH RECEIPTS:					
Property Taxes	\$ 896,851	\$ -	\$ 22,746	\$ 217,551	\$ 1,137,148
Intergovernmental	6,533,569	-	47,146	2,633,206	9,213,921
Interest	19,537	866	, -	3,068	23,471
Tuition and Fees	155,435	_	-	2,520	157,955
Rent	15,440	-	-	-	15,440
Extracurricular Activities	_	-	-	85,846	85,846
Gifts and Donations	-	-	-	1,500	1,500
Customer Sales and Services	-	-	-	143,376	143,376
Miscellaneous	134,902			84,853	219,755
Total Cash Receipts	7,755,734	866	69,892	3,171,920	10,998,412
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	2,516,492	-	-	616,573	3,133,065
Special	1,025,215	-	-	947,067	1,972,282
Vocational	162,209	-	-	-	162,209
Support Services:					
Pupils	232,635	-	-	102,839	335,474
Instructional Staff	187,624	-	-	144,444	332,068
Board of Education	35,040	-	-	-	35,040
Administration	1,068,501	-	-	312,305	1,380,806
Fiscal	618,277	-	796	33,862	652,935
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	762,545	-	44,891	-	807,436
Pupil Transportation	647,099	-	-	40,719	687,818
Central	43,133	-	-	1,978	45,111
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	-	-	-	479,832	479,832
Extracurricular Activities	121,293	-	-	225,626	346,919
Debt Service:					
Principal	8,755	-	-	65,435	74,190
Interest				90,565	90,565
Total Cash Disbursements	7,428,818		45,687	3,061,245	10,535,750
Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements	326,916	866	24,205	110,675	462,662
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES:					
Transfers In	-	-	-	84,900	84,900
Advances In	38,000	-	-	6,000	44,000
Transfers Out	(84,900)	-	-	-	(84,900)
Advances Out	(6,000)			(38,000)	(44,000)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(52,900)			52,900	
Net Change in Fund Balances	274,016	866	24,205	163,575	462,662
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	604,285	235,927	203,052	425,721	1,468,985
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 878,301	\$ 236,793	\$ 227,257	\$ 589,296	\$ 1,931,647

Southern Local School District, Perry County Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Original Budget		Fi	inal Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Total Cash Receipts and Other Financing Sources Total Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Uses	\$	7,375,942 7,966,031	\$	7,802,144 8,368,439	\$ 7,793,734 7,645,034	\$	(8,410) 723,405	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(590,089)		(566,295)	148,700		714,995	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		432,212		432,212	432,212		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		172,073		172,073	 172,073			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	14,196	\$	37,990	\$ 752,985	\$	714,995	

Southern Local School District, Perry County Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual CLASSROOM MAINTENANCE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Total Cash Receipts and Other Financing Sources Total Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Uses	\$	16,950 220,002	\$	26,085 220,298	\$ 69,892 54,407	\$	43,807 165,891	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(203,052)		(194,213)	15,485		209,698	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		202,552		202,552	202,552		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		500		500	 500			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$		\$	8,839	\$ 218,537	\$	209,698	

Southern Local School District, Perry County Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund June 30, 2008

	Internal Service	
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 74,324	
Total Assets	74,324	
NET ASSETS: Unrestricted	74,324	
Total Net Assets	\$ 74,324	

Southern Local School District, Perry County Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Cash Basis Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Internal Service	
OPERATING RECEIPTS: Charges for Services	\$	84,748
Total Operating Receipts		84,748
OPERATING DISBURSEMENTS: Purchased Services		91,211
Total Operating Disbursements		91,211
Change in Net Assets		(6,463)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		80,787
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	74,324

Southern Perry Local School District, Perry County Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Cash Basis Agency Fund June 30, 2008

	Ager	cy Fund
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	31,996
Total Assets		31,996
NET ASSETS: Unrestricted		31,996
Total Net Assets	\$	31,996

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The Southern Local School District, Perry County (the School District), is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The School District is a local school district as defined by Ohio Revised Code Section 3311.03. The School District operates under an elected Board of Education (five members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the School District. Average daily membership (ADM) as of October 1, 2007, was 920. The School District employed 80 certificated employees and 39 non-certificated employees.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations' resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the School District.

The School District is associated with the Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Educational Consortium and the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, which are defined as jointly governed organizations, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, an insurance purchasing pool, and the State of Ohio Cooperative Purchasing Program, a cooperative purchasing pool. The organizations are presented in Notes 11 and 12, respectively.

The following entities which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District:

- Tri-County Career Center
- Perry-Hocking Educational Service Center

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the School District chooses to prepare its financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved). These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described above.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Fund Accounting

The School District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing set of accounts. The School District classifies each fund as either governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Cash disbursements are assigned to the fund from which they are paid. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Construction Fund

The Construction fund is a fund used to account for the receipts and expenditures related to all special bond funds in the School District. All proceeds from the sale of bonds, notes or certificates of indebtedness, except premium and accrued interest, must be paid into this fund. Disbursements recorded here represent the costs of acquiring capital facilities including real property.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Classroom Maintenance Fund

This fund accounts for the proceeds of a special levy for capital maintenance purposes.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources and capital projects, whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for the School District's self-insurance program for employee dental and vision claims.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. The School District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds.

Agency Funds

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The District's agency funds are used to account for student-managed activities.

Basis of Presentation

The School District uses the provisions of GASB 34 for financial reporting on a cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and GASB 38, for certain financial statement note disclosures. The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The statement of net assets-cash basis presents the cash basis financial condition of governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities-cash basis presents a comparison between direct cash disbursements and program cash receipts for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct cash disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program cash receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Cash receipts which are not classified as program cash receipts are presented as general cash receipts of the School District. The comparison of direct cash disbursements with program cash receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general cash receipts of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Cash Receipts – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Cash receipts resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the cash basis when the exchange takes place. On a cash basis, receipts are recorded in the year in which the resources are received.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On a cash basis, receipts from property taxes are recognized in the year in which the taxes are received. Receipts from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the year in which the monies have been received.

Cash Disbursements

On the cash basis of accounting, disbursements are recognized at the time payments are made.

Budgetary Process

Budget

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit, to the Board of Education, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Perry County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the School District by September 1. As part of this certification, the School District receives the official certificate of estimated resources that states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about July 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that the total contemplated disbursements from a fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure. Budget receipts as shown in the accompanying financial statements do not include July 1, 2007 unencumbered fund balances. However, those fund balances are available for appropriations.

Appropriations

A temporary appropriation measure to control cash disbursements may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 to September 30. An annual appropriation measure must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The School District is required to use the encumbrance method of accounting by virtue of Ohio law. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the disbursement of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation. At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated.

Operating Receipts and Disbursements

Operating receipts are those receipts that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these receipts are charges for services to the various funds to cover the costs of the self insurance program. Operating disbursements are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods and/or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the total of fund cash balances of all funds as of June 30, 2008. Individual fund balance integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Balances of all funds are maintained in these accounts or are temporarily used to purchase certificates of deposit or investments. All interest receipts are reported in the General Fund except those specifically related to those funds deemed appropriate according to School Board policy. For fiscal year 2008, interest receipts amounted to \$23,471 of which \$19,537 was recorded in the General Fund, \$866 in the Construction Fund, and \$3,068 was recorded in the All Other Governmental Funds.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets acquired or constructed for the School District are recorded as disbursements at the time of acquisition. However, under the cash basis of accounting, capital assets and the related depreciation are not reported separately on the financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Vacation and sick leave benefits are not accrued under the cash basis of accounting as previously described. All leave will either be absorbed by time off from work, or within certain limitations, be paid to the employees.

Long-Term Obligations

In general, bonds, long-term loans, and capital leases are not accrued, but rather are recorded as cash disbursements in the basic financial statements when paid.

Net Assets

Net cash assets represent the cash assets held by the School District at year end. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. Restricted for Other Purposes is comprised of net assets restricted for state and federal programs. The School District applies restricted resources when a cash disbursement is made for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. As of June 30, 2008, of the School District's \$1,251,669 restricted net assets, none was restricted by enabling legislation.

Fund Balance Reserves

The School District records reservations for portions of cash fund balance which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances and textbooks and instructional materials. Fund balance reserves are also established for capital improvements comprised of monies being held pending resolution of construction project issues.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as cash receipts in the seller funds and as cash disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. In the government-wide financial statements transfers within governmental activities are eliminated.

Flows of cash from one fund to another with a requirement for repayment are reported as advances in and out. Advances between governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of activities.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include amounts required by statute to be set aside by the School District for the purchase of textbooks and materials. See Note 13 for additional information regarding set-asides. Restricted assets in the construction fund include unexpended receipts restricted for construction projects.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The School District maintains a cash pool which is used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the "Statement of Assets and Fund Balances – Cash Basis" as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- A. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- B. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- C. Written purchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- D. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or its political subdivisions, or other units or agencies of this State or its political subdivisions;
- Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts;
- F. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (A) or (B) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- G. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- H. Securities lending agreements in which the School District lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in division (A) or (B) or cash or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value;
- I. High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed five percent of the School District's total average portfolio; and
- J. Bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed 270 days and in an amount not to exceed 10 percent of the District's average portfolio.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution. The School District maintains a cash pool which is used by all funds.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105 percent of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The School District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

As of June 30, 2008, the School District's bank balance of \$2,112,325 is either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pools in the manner described above.

The School District held no investments at June 30, 2008.

4. BUDGETARY BASIS FUND BALANCES

Differences between the budgetary basis fund balances and fund cash balances are due to encumbrances. The table below presents those differences for the School District's General and Major Special Revenue Funds:

		Classroom
	General Fund	Maintenance
Budgetary Basis Fund Balance	\$752,985	\$218,537
Encumbrances	125,316	<u>8,720</u>
Fund Cash Balance	<u>\$878,301</u>	<u>\$227,257</u>

5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes are levied on assessed values which equal 35% of appraised values. The County Auditor reappraises all real property every six years with a triennial update. The last reappraisal was completed for tax year 2005 for Perry County.

Real property taxes become a lien on all non-exempt real property located in the County on January 1. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20 of the following year. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits later payment dates to be established.

The full tax rate applied to real property for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, was \$37.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. After adjustment of the rate for inflationary increases in property values, the effective tax rate was \$26.06 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for real property classified as residential/agricultural and was \$28.26 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for all other real property. Real property owners' tax bills are further reduced by homestead and rollback deductions, when applicable. The amount of these homestead and rollback reductions is reimbursed to the School District by the State of Ohio.

Owners of tangible personal property are required to file a list of such property, including costs, by April 30 of each year. The property is assessed for tax purposes at varying statutory percentages of cost. The tax rate applied to tangible personal property for tax year 2007 was \$37.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

5. PROPERTY TAX (Continued)

Ohio House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed at the level of calendar year 2004 assessed values for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

	Perry and Hocking Counties				
	2007 Se	cond-	2008 First-		
	Half Coll	ections	Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Real Property					
Resident/Agricultural	32,798,370	80.22%	34,196,050	79.33%	
Commercial/Industrial	2,757,740	6.75%	2,768,870	6.42%	
Public Utilities	104,460	0.26%	104,460	0.24%	
Minerals	881,890	2.16%	886,070	2.06%	
Tangible Personal Property					
General	540,020	1.32%	1,153,114	2.68%	
Public Utilities	3,802,550	9.30%	3,997,730	9.27%	
Total	40,885,030	100.00%	43,106,294	100.00%	

The Perry and Hocking County Treasurers collect property tax on behalf of all taxing districts within their respective County. The Perry and Hocking County Auditors periodically remit to the taxing districts their portion of the taxes collected.

6. DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Debt outstanding at June 30, 2008, consisted of the following:

Debt	Beginning Balance 6/30/2007		Balance		Ending Balance 6/30/2008		Due in One Year	
School Improvement Advance Refunding Bonds, 3.7% to 9.6%	\$	389,052	\$ -	\$ 58,038	\$	331,014	\$	55,220
School Facilities Improvement Notes, 5.0%		173,879	-	7,397		166,482		7,772
Capital Lease Total	\$	41,512 604,443	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 8,755 74,190	\$	32,757 530,253	\$	8,755 71,747

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

6. DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The School Improvement Advance Refunding Bonds are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the School District. The Advance Refunding Bonds were issued in the amount of \$1,204,995 in 1998 to reduce the School District's debt service requirements from a previously issued school building construction issue. The School District utilizes a trustee bank to service the bonds. Payments to the bank are recorded as disbursements in the year deposited with the bank. Payments are made from the Bond Retirement fund.

The School Facilities Improvement Notes were issued in the amount of \$214,000 in 2000 to finance building improvements. The notes are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged. Payments are made from the Bond Retirement fund.

The annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding as of June 30, 2008 are as follows:

	Adv Refundir		School Facilities Improvement Notes		Total		
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal Interest		Principal	Interest	
<u> </u>	Timerpar	Interest	Timerpar	rinicipal interest		Interest	
2009	\$ 55,220	\$ 84,780	\$ 7,772	\$ 8,228	\$ 62,992	\$ 93,008	
2010	54,046	90,954	8,165	7,835	62,211	98,789	
2011	50,975	94,025	8,579	7,421	59,554	101,446	
2012	46,330	93,670	9,013	6,987	55,343	100,657	
2013	43,844	96,156	9,469	6,531	53,313	102,687	
2014-2018	80,599	199,403	55,042	24,958	135,641	224,361	
2019-2023	-	-	68,442	9,542	68,442	9,542	
Total	\$331,014	\$658,988	\$166,482	\$ 71,502	\$ 497,496	\$ 730,490	

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$3,879,566 with an unvoted debt margin of \$43,106 at June 30, 2008.

7. LEASE OBLIGATION

During fiscal year 2007 the School District entered into a 60 month lease agreement with Wells Fargo Financial Services for the use of copiers. The lease is being paid from the General fund. The annual requirements to amortize the lease obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2008, are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30	Amount		
2009	\$	8,755	
2010		8,755	
2011		8,755	
2012		6,492	
Present value of minimum			
lease payments	\$	32,757	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2008, the School District contracted with the Indiana Insurance Company for property insurance and boiler and machinery coverage. Buildings and contents are 100 percent coinsured.

Vehicles are covered the Indiana Insurance Company and include deductibles of \$500. Vehicle liability has a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit. Professional and general liability is covered through the Indiana Insurance Company with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$2,000,000 aggregate limit.

Settled claims have not exceeded any aforementioned commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The School District has chosen to establish a risk financing fund for risks associated with the employee dental and vision insurance plans. The risk financing fund is accounted for as an Internal Service Fund where assets are set aside for claims and assessments. Medical Claims Services, Inc. acts as a third-party administrator for the payment of claims. A premium is charged to each fund that accounts for part-time and full-time employees. The premium charge is allocated to each of the funds based on trends in actual claims expense and the percentage of each fund's current year payroll expense to the total payroll expense of the School District. Under the cash basis of accounting the School District does not record a claims liability at fiscal year end, nor do they report claims liability information for previous years.

9. PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension system. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2008, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contribution to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$128,760, \$138,384, and \$148,236, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2008, 2007 and 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

9. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof

New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions in to the DC plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

The DB Plan Benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2 percent multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5 percent. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6 percent for 32 years, 2.7 percent for 33 years and so on) until 100 percent of final average salary reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5 percent instead of 2.2 percent. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

The DC Plan Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5 percent are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designed beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

9. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Member contributions for the Combined Plan Benefits are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1 percent of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for a money-purchase or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. Effective April 11, 2005, a reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3 percent of the original base amount for Defined Benefit Plan participants.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$518,832, \$520,240, and \$519,408, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2008, 2007 and 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

9. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2008, none of the members of the Board of Education had elected Social Security.

10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides access to health care coverage to retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to Section 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. The 14 percent employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. Of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, 1 percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006. For the School District, this amount equaled \$37,059 for fiscal year 2008.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2007 (the latest information available), the balance in the Fund was \$4.1 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$265,558,000 and STRS had 122,934 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2004, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status. SERS administers two post-employment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2008 was \$96.40; SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2007 (the latest available), the actuarially required allocation was 0.68 percent. For the School District, contributions for the year ended June 30, 2008 were \$6,254, which equaled the required contributions for the year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Health Care Plan

Ohio Revised Code 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' post-employment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund. At June 30, 2008, the health care allocation was 3.32 percent. The actuarially required contribution (ARC), as of the December 31, 2006 annual valuation (the latest available), was 11.50 percent of covered payroll. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years.

An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2008, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2008 fiscal year equaled \$43,691.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending upon the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Forms and Publications.

Net health care costs for the year ending June 30, 2007 (the latest information available) were \$127,615,614. The target level for the health care fund is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. As of June 30, 2007, the value of the health care fund was \$386.4 million. On the basis of actuarial projections, the allocated contributions will be insufficient, in the long term, to provide for a health care reserve equal to at least 150 percent of estimated annual net claims costs. The number of participants eligible to receive benefits was 55,818.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Educational Consortium (SEOVEC)

SEOVEC was created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. SEOVEC is a computer consortium formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. SEOVEC has 28 participants consisting of 25 school districts and 3 educational service centers. SEOVEC's governing board is selected by the member districts. SEOVEC possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Educational Consortium, Robert Lindsey, CEO/Director, at 221 North Columbus Road, Athens, Ohio 45701.

B. The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization of over one hundred school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a Board which is composed of fourteen members. The Board members are composed of one superintendent from each County elected by the school districts within that County. The Coalition provides various services for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Coalition is not dependent upon the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or a financial responsibility for the Coalition.

12. PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

State of Ohio Cooperative Purchasing Program

The School District participates in the State of Ohio Cooperative Purchasing Program, a cooperative purchasing pool. The Program, created by the Cooperative Purchasing Act of 1985, offers Ohio counties, townships, municipalities, school districts, public libraries, regional transit authorities, park districts, and other authorities and instrumentalities cost savings and convenience by empowering members to buy supplies and services through state government contracts. Each year, the participating entities pay a membership fee to cover the costs of administering the program.

13. STATUTORY RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The following information describes the change in the year end set-aside amounts for textbooks and instructional materials and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State Statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

13. STATUTORY RESERVES (Continued)

	Textbooks & Instructional Materials		Capital Acquisition	Total
Set-Aside Reserve Cash Balance as of June 30, 2007	\$	114,677	\$ (2,708,570)	\$ (2,593,893)
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		137,175	137,175	274,350
Qualifying Disbursements		(139,189)	(117,473)	(256,662)
Totals		112,663	(2,688,868)	(2,576,205)
Set-Aside Balances Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$	112,663	\$ (2,688,868)	\$ (2,576,205)
Set-Aside Reserve Cash Balance as of June 30, 2008	\$	112,663	\$ -	\$ 112,663

The School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the capital acquisition set-aside amount to below zero. These extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years.

14. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims would not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2008.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

C. Refund of Property Taxes

In a previous fiscal year, a lawsuit had been filed by the Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation arguing that the Corporation's public utility property tax assessment rate should be 25% of true value rather than the 88% used by the Tax Commissioner. The Board of Tax Appeals agreed with the Corporation and the case was appealed by the Tax Commissioner to the Ohio Supreme Court. In 2008, the Ohio Supreme Court ruled in favor of the Ohio Tax Commissioner and the Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation will continue to be taxed at the 88% rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

15. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund Transfers

Transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2008, were as follows:

Fund:	Т	Transfer		Transfer	
		To:		From:	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	84,900	
Non-Major Special Revenue Fund					
Lunchroom		84,900			
Total	\$	84,900	\$	84,900	

Transfers are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

Interfund Advances

Advances made during the year ended June 30, 2008, were as follows:

Fund:	Advance		Advance		
		To:		From:	
General Fund	\$	38,000	\$	6,000	
Non-Major Special Revenue Fund					
Lunchroom		6,000		38,000	
Total	\$	44,000	\$	44,000	

The advance to the Lunchroom special revenue fund was made to provide support until a reimbursement from the food service vendor is received.

16. COMPLIANCE

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) to prepare its financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the School District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. This is not in compliance with Ohio law.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

17. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year 2008, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27*, GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, and GASB Statement No. 48, *Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity transfers of Assets and Future Revenues*. GASB Statement No. 50 more closely aligns the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and, in doing so, enhances information disclosed in notes to financial statements or presented as required supplementary information (RSI) by pension plans and by employers that provide pension benefits. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. GASB Statement No. 48 establishes criteria that governments use to ascertain whether certain transactions should be regarded as sales or collateralized borrowings, and disclosure requirements for future revenues that are pledged or sold. The application of these new standards did not have a material effect on the financial statements, nor did their implementation require a restatement of prior year balances.

Southern Local School District Perry County

Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/	Pass Through	Federal				
Pass Through Grantor/	Entity	CFDA		Non-Cash		Non-Cash
Program Title	Number	Number	Receipts	Receipts	Disbursements	Disbursements
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through Ohio Department of Education: Nutrition Cluster:						
National School Breakfast Program	05PU	10.553		\$ -	\$ 87,436	\$ -
National School Lunch Program	LLP4	10.555	204,209	-	204,209	
Total Nutrition Cluster			291,645	-	291,645	-
Food Donation Child and Adult Care Food Program	N/A CCCN	10.550 10.558	2,300	29,532	2,092	29,532
Total United States Department of Agriculture			293,945	29,532	293,737	29,532
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	C1S1	84.010	278,613	_	298,234	-
Special Education- Grants to States	6BSF	84.027	303,196	-	333,210	-
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grants	DRS1	84.186	5,703	-	5,703	-
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	T1S1	84.287	307,010	-	321,097	-
State Grants for Innovative Programs	C2S1	84.298	1,464	-	1,549	-
Education Technology State Grants	TJS1	84.318	3,501	-	4,276	-
Reading First State Grants	N/A	84.357	362,423	-	402,673	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TRS1	84.367	97,395	-	103,688	
Total United States Department of Education			1,359,305		1,470,430	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,653,250	\$ 29,532	\$ 1,764,167	\$ 29,532

 $\label{eq:NA} N/A = Pass \ through \ entity \ number \ could \ not \ be \ located.$ See Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures.

Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B -FOOD DISTRIBUTIONS

Program regulations do not require the School District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the entitlement value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based On an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Southern Local School District 10397 State Route 155 SE #1 Corning, Ohio 45730

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southern Local School District, Perry County (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2008 in which we noted that the School District implemented GASB Statements No. 50, No. 48 and No. 45. We also noted that the School District follows the cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Governmental Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the School District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the School District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Southern Local School District

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonably assuring about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2008-001.

The School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the School District's response, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We noted certain non-compliance and other matters reported to the School District in a separate report dated November 21, 2008.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

November 21, 2008

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Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Southern Local School District 10397 State Route 155 SE #1 Corning, Ohio 45730

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Southern Local School District, Perry County (the School District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

Southern Local School District Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A - 133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Ralistra, Harr & Scherur

November 21, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant internal control conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster – CFDA # 84.027 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers – CFDA # 84.287
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number 2008-001

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38

Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Auditor of State for governmental entities not required to prepare annual reports in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The accompanying financial statements and notes omitted assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 the School District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report.

We recommend the School District prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Client Response

The School District officials do not believe that preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles is cost beneficial.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS *OMB CIRCULAR A-133 §.315(b)* FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No
Number	Summary	Corrected?	Longer Valid; Explain:
2007-001	A noncompliance citation was Issued for Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03 (B), for failing to prepare the School District's financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.	No	Not Corrected: The School District's officials do not believe that preparing financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles is cost beneficial. Reissued as Finding Number 2008-001.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT PERRY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 31, 2008