WOODRIDGE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants and Government Consultants



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Woodridge Local School District 4411 Quick Road Peninsula, Ohio 44264

We have reviewed the *Report of Independent Accountants* of the Woodridge Local School District, Summit County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Woodridge Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

nary Taylor

January 26, 2010



WOODRIDGE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>TITLE</u>	PAGE
Report of Independent Accountants	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 - 10
Statement of Net Assets	12
Statement of Activities	13
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – General Fund	18
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Agency Fund	19
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	20 - 41
Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures	42
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures	43
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	44 - 45
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with <i>OMB Circular A-133</i>	46 - 47
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	48 - 49
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	50
Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures	51 - 52



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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Woodridge Local School District Summit County 4411 Quick Road Peninsula, Ohio 44264

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Woodridge Local School District, Summit County, Ohio, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Woodridge Local School District, Summit County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally on inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2009 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Woodridge Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by *U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information as been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 14, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of Woodridge Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2009 are as follows:

- General revenues accounted for \$22,405,575 in revenue or 87.2 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants, contributions and interest, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$3,287,788 or 12.8 percent of total revenues of \$25,693,363.
- The School District had \$24,669,762 in expenses related to governmental activities; program revenues offset only \$3,287,788 of these expenses. \$22,405,575 of general revenues were adequate to provide for these programs resulting in an increase in net assets of \$1,023,601.
- Total expenses amounted to \$24.7 million, and expenses related to instruction amounted to \$14.2 million or 57.6 percent of this total.
- At the end of the fiscal year, fund balance for the general fund was \$9,439,338 and the total fund balance increased by \$251,331.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Woodridge Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements present how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant fund with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While these statements contain information about a large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and helps answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2009?" These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's current property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the School Districts' activities are considered to be all governmental activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 14. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant fund. The School District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2009 and 2008.

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
	2009 2008			
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 27,798,778	\$ 28,255,759		
Capital assets, net of depreciation	14,732,101	14,755,940		
Total assets	42,530,879	43,011,699		
Liabilities				
Current and other liabilities	17,154,431	17,732,383		
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	1,163,232	1,221,748		
Due in more than one year	13,036,041	13,903,994		
Total liabilities	31,353,704	32,858,125		
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	1,417,165	617,466		
Restricted	961,611	1,121,181		
Unrestricted	8,798,399	8,414,927		
Total net assets	<u>\$ 11,177,175</u>	\$ 10,153,574		

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2009, the School District's net assets increased \$1,023,601 from June 30, 2008.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the School District's net assets for fiscal year 2009. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, and vehicles are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the School District's net assets, \$961,611, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how the funds may be used. Of the total restricted net assets, \$615,822 is restricted for debt service payments, \$57,000 is restricted for capital projects, \$186,559 is restricted for other purposes and \$102,230 is restricted for set asides. The remaining balance of net assets of \$8,798,399 is unrestricted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Table 2 shows changes in net assets for fiscal year 2009 and 2008.

Table 2 Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
	2009 2008			
Revenues	<u>——</u>			
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,808,088	\$ 1,823,349		
Operating grants, contributions and interest	1,462,075	1,452,968		
Capital grants and contributions	17,625	8,040		
General revenues:	,	,		
Property taxes	16,348,620	17,054,831		
Grants and entitlements	5,375,208	4,525,046		
Investment earnings	220,970	516,778		
Miscellaneous	68,937	159,345		
Payments in lieu of taxes	391,840	-		
Capital contributions	· -	130,000		
Total revenues	25,693,363	25,670,357		
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	10,308,752	9,794,206		
Special	3,187,349	3,076,043		
Vocational	298,174	303,912		
Other	410,105	365,074		
Support services:	,	,		
Pupils	1,314,987	1,142,452		
Instructional staff	564,268	555,328		
Board of education	31,968	25,652		
Administration	2,078,351	2,199,476		
Fiscal	600,929	570,384		
Business	4,130	6,855		
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,762,323	1,658,390		
Pupil transportation	1,592,672	1,435,242		
Central	193,480	142,546		
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	772,013	682,239		
Community services	18,784	16,632		
Extracurricular activities	754,397	553,273		
Interest and fiscal charges	777,080	284,304		
Total expenses	24,669,762	22,812,008		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$ 1,023,601	\$ 2,858,349		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Several revenue sources fund our governmental activities with property taxes and State foundation revenues being the largest contributors. Property tax levies generated over \$16.3 million in 2009. General revenues from grants and entitlements, such as the school foundation program, generated over \$5.3 million. With the combination of taxes and intergovernmental funding 84.6 percent of all revenues, the School District monitors both of these revenue sources very closely for fluctuations.

Instruction and interest and fiscal charges comprise 57.6 percent and 3.1 percent, respectively, of governmental program expenses. Interest expense was attributable to outstanding bonds and various lease payments for equipment.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements for fiscal year 2009 and 2008.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services				Net Cost of Services			
	2009		2008		2009		2008	
Program Expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	10,308,752	\$	9,794,206	\$	(8,981,674)	\$	(8,217,952)
Special		3,187,349		3,076,043		(2,552,804)		(2,368,527)
Vocational		298,174		303,912		(290,016)		(294,198)
Other		410,105		365,074		(410,105)		(365,074)
Support services:								
Pupils		1,314,987		1,142,452		(1,159,125)		(1,074,044)
Instructional staff		564,268		555,328		(477,136)		(534,630)
Board of education		31,968		25,652		(31,968)		(25,652)
Administration		2,078,351		2,199,476		(1,991,333)		(2,192,681)
Fiscal		600,929		570,384		(599,051)		(570,384)
Business		4,130		6,855		(4,130)		(6,855)
Operation and maintenance of plant		1,762,323		1,658,390		(1,762,128)		(1,658,266)
Pupil transportation		1,592,672		1,435,242		(1,548,345)		(1,427,202)
Central		193,480		142,546		(193,480)		(142,546)
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		772,013		682,239		(14,046)		2,348
Community services		18,784		16,632		5,028		(15,178)
Extracurricular activities		754,397		553,273		(594,581)		(352,506)
Interest and fiscal charges		777,080		284,304		(777,080)		(284,304)
Total expenses	\$	24,669,762	\$	22,812,008	\$	(21,381,974)	\$	(19,527,651)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

The School District's Funds

The School District's funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The total revenues are \$25,658,433 and total expenditures are \$25,696,723. The total net change in fund balance across all governmental funds was an increase of \$81,239. Net increase in fund balance for the year was significant in the general fund, amounting to \$251,331. The increase is largely attributable to an increase in intergovernmental revenue exceeding the increase in expenditures. Net decreases across all other nonmajor governmental funds amounted to \$170,092. Table 4 below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2009 and 2008.

Table 4
Fund Balances

	Fu	nd		Fund	
	Bala June 30		Ju	Balance ne 30, 2008	Increase Decrease)
General Other government	,	39,338 53,796	\$	9,188,007 1,023,888	\$ 251,331 (170,092)
Total	\$ 10,2	93,134	\$	10,211,895	\$ 81,239

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. During fiscal year 2009, the School District amended its general fund revenue budget as more accurate property tax, State foundation and grant information became available. The School District amended its general fund expenditures budget several times during the year but none were significant. All budget revisions are presented to the Board of Education for approval.

For the general fund, the original budgeted revenue estimate was \$21,155,419. This amount was changed during the year, resulting in a final revenue budget of \$20,670,498. Actual revenue reported were \$20,825,600, the change was \$155,102 greater than the final budget and was \$329,819 less than the original budgeted amount.

The original expenditures estimate of \$21,546,034 was revised during the fiscal year. The final expenditures estimate of \$21,140,268 was \$405,766 lower than originally anticipated. In total this would be considered insignificant, with increases and decreases from the original and final budget posted to several line items of the budget. The actual expenditures however were \$21,140,268, with no change from the final budgeted amount. This was the result of conservative spending by the district.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2009, the School District had \$14,732,101 invested in land and construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles. Table 5 shows fiscal year 2009 balances compared to fiscal year 2008.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Table 5
Capital Assets, at Fiscal Year End
(Net of Depreciation)

	 Governmental Activities					
	2009 2008					
Land and construction in progress	\$ 1,171,091	\$	839,759			
Land improvements	15,096		-			
Buildings and improvements	12,224,919		12,676,316			
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	763,999		765,191			
Vehicles	 556,996		474,674			
Total capital assets	\$ 14,732,101	\$	14,755,940			

The total decrease in capital assets is due to current year depreciation expense exceeding acquisitions of the current year. The School District most significant purchases were for three school buses, telephone system, copier and began construction for an air conditioning project. See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2009 the School District had \$13,190,000 in bonds outstanding with \$965,000 due within one year. This balance reflected a decrease of \$823,538 from the previous year's balance of \$14,138,474. Table 6 summarizes the debt and capital leases outstanding:

Table 6
Outstanding Debt and Capital Lease, at Fiscal Year End

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
General obligation bonds	\$ 13,190,000	\$ 14,095,000
Capital leases	124,936	43,474
Total outstanding	\$ 13,314,936	\$ 14,138,474

During fiscal year 2001, the School District issued \$8.2 million in bonds, the proceeds of which were used to refund bonds of the same amount but with a higher interest rate. See Notes 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements for the repayment schedules of the bonded debt and the capital leases.

Capital leases are to be repaid from the general and permanent improvements capital projects funds, and the bonds are to be repaid from the debt service fund. The School District has budgeted to meet all of the School District's debt requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Current Issues Affecting Financial Condition

The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. The financial future of the School District is not without its challenges though. These challenges stem from issues that are local and at the State level. The local challenges will continue to exist, as the School District must rely heavily on property taxes to fund its operations. State level challenges continue to evolve as the State of Ohio determines the outcome of the Ohio Supreme Court case dealing with the unconstitutionality of the State's educational funding system. Although the School District relies heavily on its property taxpayers to support its operations, the community support for the schools is quite strong.

Due to the unsettled issues in the school funding, management is required to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

In conclusion, the School District's system of budgeting and internal controls is well regarded. All of the School District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions or need additional financial information, contact Deanna Levenger, Treasurer, at Woodridge Local School District, 4411 Quick Road, Peninsula OH, 44264.

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Woodridge Local School District Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

	G	overnmental Activities
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,929,223
Inventory held for resale		24,604
Materials and supplies inventory		5,416
Accrued interest receivable		12,380
Receivables:		
Accounts		183,295
Intergovernmental		255,821
Taxes		16,361,566
Prepaid items		26,473
Capital assets:		
Land and construction in progress		1,171,091
Depreciable capital assets, net		13,561,010
Total capital assets		14,732,101
Total assets		42,530,879
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		111,072
Accrued wages		1,600,928
Matured compensated absences payable		28,737
Intergovernmental payable		878,679
Accrued interest payable		60,707
Deferred revenue		14,474,308
Long-term liabilities:		11,171,500
Due within one year		1,163,232
Due in more than one year		13,036,041
•		
Total liabilities		31,353,704
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,417,165
Restricted for:		
Capital projects		57,000
Debt service		615,822
Other purposes		186,559
Set asides		102,230
Unrestricted		8,798,399
Total net assets	\$	11,177,175

Woodridge Local School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

				Progr	ram Revenues			R	et (Expense) evenues and Changes in Net Assets
				_	rating Grants,				
	Expenses		Charges for Services		ontributions and Interest		ital Grants ontributions	G	overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities:	Expenses		Services	aı	iu interest	and C	onurous		Activities
Instruction:									
Regular	\$ 10,308,752	\$	726,775	\$	600,303	\$	-	\$	(8,981,674)
Special	3,187,349		455,522		179,023		-		(2,552,804)
Vocational	298,174		8,158		-		-		(290,016)
Other	410,105		-		-		-		(410,105)
Support services:									, , ,
Pupils	1,314,987		56,833		99,029		-		(1,159,125)
Instructional staff	564,268		3,391		83,741		-		(477,136)
Board of education	31,968		_		-		-		(31,968)
Administration	2,078,351		-		87,018		-		(1,991,333)
Fiscal	600,929		-		1,878		-		(599,051)
Business	4,130		-		-		-		(4,130)
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,762,323		195		-		-		(1,762,128)
Pupil transportation	1,592,672		18,902		7,800		17,625		(1,548,345)
Central	193,480		-		-		-		(193,480)
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Food service operations	772,013		378,561		379,406		-		(14,046)
Comunnity services	18,784		500		23,312		-		5,028
Extracurricular activities	754,397		159,251		565		-		(594,581)
Interest and fiscal charges	777,080		-		-		-		(777,080)
Total governmental activities	\$ 24,669,762	\$	1,808,088	\$	1,462,075	\$	17,625		(21,381,974)
	General Revenues:								
	Property taxes levi								14 400 015
	General purpose	S							14,498,015
	Debt service								1,463,420
	Capital outlay	,		٠,	~				387,185
	Grants and entitlen			specii	nc programs				5,375,208
	Payment in Lieu of		3						391,840
	Investment earning	ţS.							220,970
	Miscellaneous								68,937
	Total general rever	nues							22,405,575
	Change in net asse	ts							1,023,601
	Net assets beginning	ng of y	ear						10,153,574
	Net assets end of y	ear						\$	11,177,175

Woodridge Local School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

June 30, 2009			
		Other	Total
	General	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
	General	runus	runus
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,000,335	\$ 826,658	\$ 10,826,993
Inventory held for resale	-	24,604	24,604
Materials and supplies inventory	_	5,416	5,416
Accrued interest receivable	12,380	-	12,380
Receivables:	,		ŕ
Accounts	182,217	1,078	183,295
Intergovernmental	-	255,821	255,821
Interfund	260,592	-	260,592
Taxes	14,475,961	1,885,605	16,361,566
Prepaid items	26,473	-	26,473
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents (restricted)	102,230	-	102,230
Total assets	\$ 25,060,188	\$ 2,999,182	\$ 28,059,370
Liabilities and fund balances:			
Liabilities and fund balances.			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 71,738	\$ 39,334	\$ 111,072
Accrued wages	1,486,067	114,861	1,600,928
Matured compensated absences payable	28,737	-	28,737
Interfund payable	-	260,592	260,592
Intergovernmental payable	852,459	26,220	878,679
Deferred revenue	13,181,849	1,704,379	14,886,228
Total liabilities	15,620,850	2,145,386	17,766,236
Fund balances:			
Reserved for encumbrances	429,980	180,791	610,771
Reserved for textbooks/instructional material	102,230		102,230
Unreserved,	, ,		. ,
Undesignated, reported in:			
General fund	8,907,128	-	8,907,128
Special revenue funds	-	(21,763)	(21,763)
Debt service fund	_	651,659	651,659
Capital projects funds	-	43,109	43,109
Total fund balances	9,439,338	853,796	10,293,134
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 25,060,188	\$ 2,999,182	\$ 28,059,370

Woodridge Local School District Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2009

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 10,293,134
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		14,732,101
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Property taxes Charges for services Total	\$ 296,991 114,929	411,920
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: General obligation bonds Compensated absences Capital leases Equipment purchase agreement Accrued interest payable Total	\$ (13,190,000) (884,337) (59,289) (65,647) (60,707)	(14,259,980)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 11,177,175

Woodridge Local School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

For the Fiscal Tear Ended June 30, 2009		Other	Total
	General	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenues:	General	runus	rulius
Property taxes	\$ 14,513,175	\$ 1,847,359	\$ 16,360,534
Intergovernmental	4,989,895	1,829,276	6,819,171
Interest	218,820	3,783	222,603
Tuition and fees	1,028,979	110,149	1,139,128
Extracurricular activities	1,020,77	238,840	238,840
Gifts and donations	_	36,739	36,739
Customer services	_	378,561	378,561
Rent	195	-	195
Payments in lieu of taxes	391,840	_	391,840
Miscellaneous	68,937	1,885	70,822
Total revenues	21,211,841	4,446,592	25,658,433
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	9,251,706	831,876	10,083,582
Special	2,991,249	183,040	3,174,289
Vocational	281,124	8,851	289,975
Other	409,753	· -	409,753
Support services:	,		,
Pupils	1,143,665	165,429	1,309,094
Instructional staff	416,353	103,481	519,834
Board of education	31,968	-	31,968
Administration	1,896,273	149,596	2,045,869
Fiscal	566,470	29,597	596,067
Business	-	3,795	3,795
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,689,783	51,919	1,741,702
Pupil transportation	1,451,348	42,431	1,493,779
Central	191,850	-	191,850
Operation of non-instructional services:			
Food service operations	-	730,557	730,557
Community services	-	18,784	18,784
Extracurricular activities	462,171	204,464	666,635
Capital outlay	104,857	559,384	664,241
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	16,185	926,882	943,067
Interest and fiscal charges	3,455	778,427	781,882
Total expenditures	20,908,210	4,788,513	25,696,723
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	303,631	(341,921)	(38,290)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Inception of capital lease	32,000	87,529	119,529
Transfers in	-	84,300	84,300
Transfers out	(84,300)		(84,300)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(52,300)	171,829	119,529
Net change in fund balances	251,331	(170,092)	81,239
Fund balances at beginning of year	9,188,007	1,023,888	10,211,895
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 9,439,338	\$ 853,796	\$ 10,293,134

Woodridge Local School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 81,239
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:	
Capital asset additions \$ 664,241 Depreciation expense (673,175)	
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense	(8,934)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for	
each disposal.	(14,905)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not	
reported as revenues in the funds. These activities consist of: Property taxes \$ (11,914)	
Intergovernmental (2,634) Tuition and fees 49,478	24.020
Net change in deferred revenues during the year	34,930
Repayment of principal on bonds and capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	943,067
Some capital additions were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the statements of net assets, the lease obligation is reported as a liability.	
capital lease transactions: Inception of a capital lease	(119,529)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:	
Decrease in compensated absences \$ 102,931 Decrease in accrued interest 4,802	
Total additional expenditures	 107,733
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,023,601

Woodridge Local School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Revenues Positive (Negative) Revenues 1 5 14,259,684 \$ 14,028,850 \$ 14,133,894 \$ 105,044 Taxes \$ 14,229,684 \$ 14,028,850 \$ 14,133,894 \$ 105,044 Interest 421,282 255,576 258,957 1,921 Tution and fees 1,094,304 1,021,355 1,029,028 7,673 Rent 600 319 3413,07 3,379 Total revenues 2339,056 410,588 413,07 3,379 Total revenues 8 20,570,498 20,825,600 35,379 Total revenues 8 23,155,141 2,927,446	roi the riscal Teal Ended Julie 30, 2009	 Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget	
Tasks	_	 Original		Final		Actual		
Expenditures: Current: Curr	Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and fees Rent	\$ 5,040,433 421,282 1,094,364 600	\$	4,952,810 256,576 1,021,355 319	\$	4,989,895 258,497 1,029,028 319	\$	37,085 1,921 7,673
Current: Instruction: Regular 9,473,981 9,274,190 9,274,190 - Regular 3,105,127 2,927,446 2,927,446 - Vocational 273,076 286,842 286,842 - Vocational 286,842 286,842 - Vocational 286,842 286,842 - Vocational 286,842 286,842 - Vocational 286,848 41,856 409,286 - Vocational 286,848 41,856 - Vocational 286,758 41,856 41,856 - Vocational 286,758 41,856 - Vocational 286,758 - Vocational 2	Total revenues	 21,155,419		20,670,498		20,825,600		155,102
Pupils Instructional staff 1,096,348 1,154,501 1,154,501 - Instructional staff 382,558 421,606 421,606 - Board of education 33,170 31,982 31,982 3- Administration 1,807,060 2,005,023 2,005,023 - Fiscal 572,029 573,154 573,154 - Operation and maintenance of plant 2,442,121 1,860,068 1,860,068 - Pupil transportation 1,402,063 1,490,808 1,490,808 - Central 162,528 197,199 197,199 - Extracurricular activities 356,832 458,454 458,454 - Capital outlay 46,985 49,709 49,709 - Total expenditures (390,615) (469,770) (314,668) 155,102 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditures 5,000 1,325 1,325 - Refund of prior year expenditures 5,000 137,580 37,580	Current: Instruction: Regular Special Vocational	3,105,127 273,076		2,927,446 286,842		2,927,446 286,842		- - -
Operation and maintenance of plant 2,442,121 1,860,068 1,860,068 - Pupil transportation 1,402,063 1,490,808 1,490,808 - Central 162,528 197,199 197,199 - Extracurricular activities 356,832 458,454 458,454 - Capital outlay 46,985 49,709 49,709 - Total expenditures 21,546,034 21,140,268 21,140,268 - Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (390,615) (469,770) (314,668) 155,102 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditures 5,000 1,325 1,325 - Refund of prior year receipts (2,000) (37,580) (37,580) - Advances in 150,000 154,776 154,776 - Advances out (75,000) (260,592) (260,592) - Transfers out (100,000) (84,300) (84,300) - Total other financing sources (uses) (22,000) (226,371) <td< td=""><td>Pupils Instructional staff Board of education Administration</td><td>382,558 33,170 1,807,060</td><td></td><td>421,606 31,982 2,005,023</td><td></td><td>421,606 31,982 2,005,023</td><td></td><td>- - - -</td></td<>	Pupils Instructional staff Board of education Administration	382,558 33,170 1,807,060		421,606 31,982 2,005,023		421,606 31,982 2,005,023		- - - -
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (390,615) (469,770) (314,668) 155,102 Other financing sources (uses): TRefund of prior year expenditures 5,000 1,325 1,325 - Refund of prior year receipts (2,000) (37,580) (37,580) - Advances in 150,000 154,776 154,776 - Advances out (75,000) (260,592) (260,592) - Transfers out (100,000) (84,300) (84,300) - Total other financing sources (uses) (22,000) (226,371) (226,371) - Net change in fund balance (412,615) (696,141) (541,039) 155,102 Fund balance at beginning of year 9,780,402 9,780,402 9,780,402 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 391,029 391,029 391,029 -	Pupil transportation Central Extracurricular activities	1,402,063 162,528 356,832		1,490,808 197,199 458,454		1,490,808 197,199 458,454		- - - -
Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditures 5,000 1,325 1,325 - Refund of prior year receipts (2,000) (37,580) (37,580) - Advances in 150,000 154,776 154,776 - Advances out (75,000) (260,592) (260,592) - Transfers out (100,000) (84,300) (84,300) - Total other financing sources (uses) (22,000) (226,371) (226,371) - Net change in fund balance (412,615) (696,141) (541,039) 155,102 Fund balance at beginning of year 9,780,402 9,780,402 9,780,402 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 391,029 391,029 391,029 -	Total expenditures	21,546,034		21,140,268		21,140,268		-
Refund of prior year expenditures 5,000 1,325 1,325 - Refund of prior year receipts (2,000) (37,580) (37,580) - Advances in 150,000 154,776 154,776 - Advances out (75,000) (260,592) (260,592) - Transfers out (100,000) (84,300) (84,300) - Total other financing sources (uses) (22,000) (226,371) (226,371) - Net change in fund balance (412,615) (696,141) (541,039) 155,102 Fund balance at beginning of year 9,780,402 9,780,402 9,780,402 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 391,029 391,029 391,029 -	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (390,615)		(469,770)		(314,668)		155,102
Fund balance at beginning of year 9,780,402 9,780,402 9,780,402 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 391,029 391,029 391,029 -	Refund of prior year expenditures Refund of prior year receipts Advances in Advances out Transfers out	 (2,000) 150,000 (75,000) (100,000)		(37,580) 154,776 (260,592) (84,300)		(37,580) 154,776 (260,592) (84,300)		- - - - -
Fund balance at beginning of year 9,780,402 9,780,402 9,780,402 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 391,029 391,029 391,029 -	Not also as in Conditions	(412 (15)	·	((0(141)		(541,020)		155 102
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 391,029 391,029 391,029 -	Net change in fund balance	(412,615)		(696,141)		(541,039)		155,102
	Fund balance at beginning of year	9,780,402		9,780,402		9,780,402		-
Fund balance at end of year \$ 9,758,816 \$ 9,475,290 \$ 9,630,392 \$ 155,102								
	Fund balance at end of year	\$ 9,758,816	\$	9,475,290	\$	9,630,392	\$	155,102

Woodridge Local School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2009

	Agency		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	48,610	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	456	
Due to students		48,154	
Total liabilities	\$	48,610	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Woodridge Local School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. The Board controls the School District's five instructional/support facilities staffed by 122 non-certificated employees and 160 certificated teaching and support personnel, including 11 administrators that provide services to 1,905 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool and student-related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations' resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization.

Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Based on the above criteria, the School District had no component units at June 30, 2009.

The School District is associated with the Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology, the Six District Educational Compact, and the Ohio Schools' Council Association, which are defined as a jointly governed organization. Jointly governed organizations are governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organizations, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. Information regarding these organizations is presented in Note 15.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting polices.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The School District has one major governmental fund:

21 (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

<u>General Fund:</u> The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund which reports resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the agency fund uses the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenue - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, investment earnings, tuition, grants and entitlements, and student fees.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2009, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2010 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental revenue and an expenditure of food service operations. In addition, this amount is reported on the statement of activities as an expense with a like amount reported within the "Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest" program revenue account.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

23 (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The amounts reported as the original budget revenue in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted revenue amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2009. The amounts reported as the original budgeted expenditure amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted expenditure amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents". During the fiscal year, investments were limited to overnight repurchase agreements and interest in Star Ohio, the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. All investments of the School District had a maturity of two years or less. These investments are stated at cost, which approximates market value (fair value). Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings accrue to the general fund except those specifically related to certain trust funds; required by a grant agreement; or when approved by the Board of Education to be recorded in another fund. The Board of Education has passed a resolution to allow interest to also be recorded in other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2009, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year which services are consumed.

G Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

H. Inventory

Within the basic financial statements, inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first out basis and are expensed when used.

Inventories of the general fund were not significant at the end of the year. Inventories of the food service special revenue fund consist of donated food, purchased food and supplies held for resale.

I. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, and laws of other governments or by enabling legislation. Restricted assets may include unexpended revenues restricted for the purchase of school buses, and amounts required to be set aside by the School District for the purchase of textbooks or for the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Restricted assets may also include amounts set aside as a reserve for budget stabilization, which is now optional as determined by the School District. The School District did not spend all restricted assets in accordance with specific restrictions during the fiscal year. See Note 17 for the calculation of the year-end restricted asset balance and the corresponding fund balance reserves.

J. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. The School District's policy is not to capitalize interest costs incurred as part of construction.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 - 20 years

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

25 (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reported as other financing sources/uses for governmental funds in the fund financial statements. All transfers between governmental funds have been eliminated within the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

P. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District records reservations for portions of fund balances, which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations or expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates the portion of fund balances that are available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances, the purchase of textbooks and instructional materials.

NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law and described above is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual presentation for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General	
GAAP Basis	\$	251,331
Revenue Accruals		(262,140)
Expenditure Accruals		(57,780)
Encumbrances (Budget Basis)		
outstanding at year end		(472,450)
Budget Basis	\$	(541,039)

27 (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim moneys may be invested in the following obligations provided they mature or are redeemable within five years from the date of settlement:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any other obligations or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements for a period not to exceed thirty days in securities listed above that mature within five years from the date of settlement;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in item (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

The School District did not have undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

A. Deposits

<u>Custodial credit risk</u> is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The School District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

As of June 30, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$7,537,152. The School District's bank balance of \$7,787,998 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateral held by pledging bank's trust department in the School District's name \$ 7,265,000

B Investments

As of June 30, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

		Fair		
Investment type	<u> </u>	Value	Maturity	Rating
Repurchase agreements	\$	235,000	Daily	AAA (1)
STAROhio		3,205,681	N/A	AAAm (2)
	\$	3,440,681		

- (1) Standard and Poor's rating of underlying investment
- (2) Standard and Poor's rating

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2009.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2009 amounted to \$218,820, which includes \$11,855 assigned from other School District funds.

29 (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

<u>Custodial credit risk</u> for an investment is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's \$235,000 investment in a repurchase agreement is to be secured by the specific securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities, held by the counterparty must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. The School District's policy is to invest money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> is the possibility that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District's investment policy does not address limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit risk</u> is the possibility that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill it obligation. Standard and Poor's has assigned STAROhio an AAAm rating. The School District's investment policy requires certain credit ratings for some investments as allowed by state law.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located within the School District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed at 35% of true value and public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the current year. In prior years, tangible personal property was assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent of true value for inventory. The tangible personal property tax is being phased out – the assessment percentage for all property including inventory for 2009 is 0%.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternative payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Summit County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by year-end are available to finance the current fiscal year operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property and public utility taxes, which became measurable as of year-end. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at year-end is intended to finance current year operations and therefore a reservation of fund balance is not reported. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at year-end was \$1,409,041 in the general fund, \$143,541 in the bond retirement debt service fund and \$37,685 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund and is recognized as revenue on the fund financial statements.

On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue on the statement of activities

The assessed values upon which the current fiscal year taxes were collected are:

		2008		2007
Property Category	A	ssessed Value	A	ssessed Value
Real Property				
Residential and agricultural	\$	357,029,840	\$	365,055,690
Commercial, industrial				
and minerals		122,258,350		111,193,160
Tangible Personal Property				
General		1,117,028		14,208,851
Public utilities		5,023,470		4,835,690
Total	\$	485,428,688	\$	495,293,391

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end consisted of taxes, accounts (tuition and excess costs), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. The general fund accounts receivable at year-end consisted of tuition, excess costs and other miscellaneous reimbursements of \$182,217. Also, several special revenue funds recorded intergovernmental receivables for state and federal grants and reimbursements totaling \$255,821.

31 (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2008	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2009
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Contruction in progress	\$ 839,759	\$ - 331,332	\$ -	\$ 839,759 331,332
Total capital assets, not being		331,332		331,332
depreciated	839,759	331,332		1,171,091
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,198,892	16,773	-	1,215,665
Buildings and improvements	20,148,831	-	-	20,148,831
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,639,745	141,211	(70,539)	2,710,417
Vehicles	1,442,411	174,925		1,617,336
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	25,429,879	332,909	(70,539)	25,692,249
Less: Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(1,198,892)	(1,677)	-	(1,200,569)
Buildings and improvements	(7,472,515)	(451,397)	-	(7,923,912)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(1,874,554)	(127,498)	55,634	(1,946,418)
Vehicles	(967,737)	(92,603)		(1,060,340)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,513,698)	(673,175)	55,634	(12,131,239)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	13,916,181	(340,266)	(14,905)	13,561,010
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 14,755,940	\$ (8,934)	\$ (14,905)	\$ 14,732,101

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 337,969
Special	15,702
Vocational	6,348
Support services:	
Pupils	1,277
Instructional staff	43,273
Administration	42,167
Business	335
Operation and maintenance of plant	12,238
Pupil transportation	95,580
Food service operations	35,862
Extracurricular activities	 82,424
Total Depreciation	\$ 673,175

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2009 consisted of the following:

Due to general fund from:

Nonmajor governmental funds

\$

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made. As of June 30, 2009, all interfund loans outstanding are anticipated to be repaid in fiscal year 2010.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2009, consisted of the following:

Transfers from general fund to:

Nonmajor governmental funds
\$ 84,300

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

33 (Continued)

260,592

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

NOTE 9 - ACCOUNTABILITY

As of June 30, 2009, one special revenue funds had deficit fund balance. This deficit was caused by the application of GAAP. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances in other funds; however, this is done when cash in needed rather than when accruals occur. The following fund had a deficit balance:

Fund Amount
Food service \$ 39,981

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no settlements paid in excess of insurance nor has insurance coverage been significantly reduced in the past three years.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to its employees. The School District has contracted with the Ohio Mid Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) to provide medical/surgical and dental insurance for its employees and their covered dependents. The OME-RESA is a shared risk pool comprised of multiple entities. The School District pays monthly contributions that are placed in a fund from which eligible claims are paid for employees and their covered dependents. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The School District has a specific stop loss policy of \$35,000. In the event of termination, all participating entities' claims would be paid without regard to their individual account balances. The OME-RESA Board of Directors has authority to return monies to an exiting entity subsequent to the settlement of all claims and expenses.

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Medicare B Fund and Health Care Fund) of the system. For fiscal year 2009, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension and death benefits. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$327,567, \$306,284 and \$333,875 respectively; 50 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

35 (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2008, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$1,440,072, \$1,231,783 and \$1,135,851 respectively; 73.9 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2009 were \$15,479 made by the School District and \$19,031 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid for those that choose Social Security.

NOTE 12 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2009, 4.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2009, this amount was \$35,800.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$195,302, \$182,401 and \$160,333 respectively; 54.7 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2009, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$27,027, \$22,069 and \$20,632 respectively; 50 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2009, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$110,775, \$123,463 and \$109,551 respectively; 73.9 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

37 (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

NOTE 13 - BONDED DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in long-term obligations of the School District during the fiscal year were as follows:

General Long-term Obligations		Balance <u>July 1</u>		Additions		<u>Deletions</u>		Balance June 30		Due within one year	
General Obligation Bonds 1994 School Improvement	\$	7,000,000	\$	-	\$	(825,000)	\$	6,175,000	\$	880,000	
2001 School Improvement Refunding Serial bonds Stadium Improvement		6,730,000 365,000		-		(40,000) (40,000)		6,690,000 325,000		45,000 40,000	
Subtotal bonds		14,095,000	_		_	(905,000)	_	13,190,000		965,000	
Other Obligations Compensated absences Capital leases:		987,268		222,785		(325,716)		884,337		161,412	
Telephone equipment Copy machines		43,474		87,529 32,000		(21,882) (16,185)		65,647 59,289		21,882 14,938	
Subtotal capital leases		43,474		119,529		(38,067)		124,936		36,820	
Subtotal other obligations	_	1,030,742		342,314		(363,783)		1,009,273		198,232	
Total general long-term obligations	\$	15,125,742	\$	342,314	\$	(1,268,783)	\$	14,199,273	\$	1,163,232	

<u>General Obligation Bonds:</u> General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. General obligation bonds are to be repaid from voted and unvoted general property taxes. Property tax monies will be received in and the debt will be repaid from the bond retirement debt service fund.

On September 17, 2001, the District issued \$8.2 million in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 3.9 percent to advance refund \$8.21 million of outstanding School Improvement Bonds with an average interest rate of 5.9 percent. The net proceeds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments of the portion of the bonds refunded. As a result, the bonds (portion refunded) are considered to be defeased and the liability is not reported by the School District. These newer bonds include serial and capital appreciation bonds.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. In prior years, compensated absences were typically paid from the general fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

<u>Capital Leases:</u> Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general and miscellaneous local grant funds.

Principal and interest requirements to amortize all bonds outstanding at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

			1994 Schoo	ol In	provement			
Fiscal	Interest							
Year	Rate		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	
2010	6.80%	\$	880,000	\$	389,900	\$	1,269,900	Original bonds maturing in
2011	6.80%		940,000		328,100		1,268,100	fiscal years 2006-2008 and
2012	6.80%		1,000,000		262,140		1,262,140	after 2015 were refunded.
2013	6.80%		1,070,000		191,760		1,261,760	
2014	6.80%		1,100,000		117,980		1,217,980	
2015	6.80%		1,185,000		40,290		1,225,290	
Total		\$	6,175,000	\$	1,330,170	\$	7,505,170	
		200	01 School Imp	orov	ement Refund	ing		
Fiscal	Interest		•					
Year	Rate		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	
2010	3.95%	\$	45,000	\$	307,694	\$	352,694	
2011	4.05%	·	45,000		305,894		350,894	
2012	4.15%		50,000		303,945		353,945	
2013	4.25%		50,000		301,845		351,845	
2014	4.50%		50,000		299,682		349,682	
2015-2019	4.50-4.80%		5,230,000		1,026,134		6,256,134	
2020	4.50-4.80%		1,220,000		29,280		1,249,280	
Total		\$	6,690,000	\$	2,574,474	\$	9,264,474	
	S	Stadiı	um Improvem	ent l	Bonds, Series	2005		
Fiscal	Interest		<u> </u>					
Year Year	Rate		Principal		Interest		Total	
$\frac{2010}{2010}$	5.79%	\$	40,000	\$	18,897	\$	58,897	
2011	5.79%	•	40,000	*	16,501	*	56,501	
2012	5.79%		45,000		14,185		59,185	
2013	5.79%		45,000		11,580		56,580	
2014	5.79%		50,000		8,975		58,975	
2015-2016	5.79%		105,000		9,265		114,265	
Total		\$	325,000	\$	79,403	\$	404,403	

39 (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

NOTE 14 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During the current year, the School District entered into a agreement for the acquisition of a new copier. In a previous fiscal year, the School District had also entered into three capital lease agreements for the acquisition of copiers and other equipment. The terms of each agreement provide options to purchase the equipment. The leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers all benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements of governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

During fiscal year 2009, the School District entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of a new phone system. The phone system will be paid for in equal installments of \$21,882 over the next three years ending July 1, 2011.

Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized as equipment in the amount of \$200,905 equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Principal payments in the current fiscal year totaled \$38,067.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments at year-end.

Fiscal		Lease
<u>Year</u>	<u>P</u>	ayments
2010	\$	47,070
2011		42,729
2012		33,035
2013		8,115
2014		4,058
Total minimum lease payments		135,007
Less: amount representing interest		(10,071)
Total	\$	124,936

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEONET) is the computer service organization or Data Acquisition Site (DAS) used by the School District. NEONET is an association of public school districts in a geographic area determined by the Ohio Department of Education. The Summit County Educational Service Center acts as the fiscal agent for the consortium. The purpose of the consortium is to develop and employ a computer system efficiently and effectively for the needs of the member Boards of Education. All Districts in the consortium are required to pay fees, charges, and assessments as charged. A board made up of superintendents from all of the participating districts governs NEONET. An elected Executive Board consisting of five members of the governing board is the managerial body of the consortium and meets on a monthly basis. The School District does not maintain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility. Payments to NEONET are made from the general fund. During fiscal year 2009, the School District contributed \$52,812 to NEONET.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

The Ohio Schools' Council Association (Council) is a jointly governed organization among 121 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed to purchase quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of seven superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. During fiscal year 2009 the School District paid program fees in the amount of \$542. Financial information can be obtained by contacting David Cottrell, the Executive Director/Treasurer of the Ohio Schools' Council at 6133 Rockside Road, Suite 10, Independence, Ohio 44131.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

The School District is party to legal proceedings. However, the School District's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2009.

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set-aside monies for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and for capital improvements. The amounts set-aside may be reduced by offset credits, which are monies received and restricted for the same specific purpose. Although the School District had offsets and/or qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero, these extra amounts may only be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years for the purchase of textbooks and/or instructional materials. Negative amounts are therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year for the other set-asides. Amounts not spent by year-end or reduced by offset credits must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the reserve activity was as follows:

				Capital	
	-	Textbook	N	laintenance	
		Reserve		Reserve	Total
Set-aside cash balance as of					
June 30, 2008	\$	154,344	\$	-	\$ 154,344
Current year set-aside requirement		327,346		327,346	654,692
Qualifying disbursements		(379,460)		(619,689)	(999,149)
Total	\$	102,230	\$	(292,343)	\$ (190,113)
Balance carried forward to future years	\$	102,230			\$ 102,230

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	CFDA Number	Receipts Recognized	Program Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education Nutrition Cluster:				
Cash Assistance:	07 011 00	40.555	Φ 004.000	A 004 000
National School Lunch Program Breakfast Program	07-PU-09 07-PU-09	10.555 10.553	\$ 231,808 85,524	\$ 231,808 85,523
Non-Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program - See Note 2	N/A	10.555	30,700	30,700
Total Nutrition Cluster			348,032	348,031
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			348,032	348,031
U.S. Department of Education				
Pass through Ohio Department of Education Title I - Financial Assistance to Meet Special				
Education Needs of Disadvantaged Children				
Title I - FY 08	C1-S1-08	84.010	89,445	154,453
Title I - FY 09	C1-S1-09	84.010	290,713	332,421
Total Title I			380,158	486,874
Title VI - B, Special Education - Assistance to States				
for Education of Handicapped Children	00.05.000	04.007	44.040	00.070
Title VI - B - FY 08 Title VI - B - FY 09	6B-SF-08P 6B-SF-09P	84.027 84.027	44,942 217,758	90,278 285,554
Total Title VI - B	0 5 01 001	01.021	262,700	375,832
Drug - Free School Grant Drug - Free School Grant - FY08	DR-S1-08	84.186	751	1,932
Drug - Free School Grant - FY09	DR-S1-09	84.186	4,860	6,666
Total Drug - Free School Grant			5,611	8,598
Innovative Education Program Strategies				
Innovative Education Program Strategies - FY08 Innovative Education Program Strategies - FY09	C2-S1-08 C2-S1-09	84.298 84.298	4,173 197	8,445 338
Total Innovative Education Program Strategies			4,370	8,783
Title II - D, Education Technology State Grants				
Title II - D - FY08	CR-S1-08	84.318	360	829
Title II - D - FY09	CR-S1-09	84.318	1,893	2,468
Total Title II D			2,253	3,297
Title III Immigrant	A1/A	04.005		404
Title III Immigrant - FY08 Title III Immigrant - FY09	N/A N/A	84.365 84.365	4,632	104 4,532
Total Title III Immigrant		0000	4,632	4,636
Title II-A Title II-A FY 08	N/A	84.367	16,655	25,756
Title II-A FY 09	N/A	84.367	80,948	81,723
Total Title II-A			97,603	107,479
Total U.S. Department of Education			757,327	995,499
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass Through Ohio Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities				
CAFS/Medicaid Title XIX - Note 4	N/A	93.778	61,749	
Total U.S.Department of Health and Human Services			61,749	
Total Federal Receipts/Expenditures			\$ 1,167,108	\$ 1,343,530

See accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures

Summit County

Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Consequently, certain revenues are recognized when received rather than when earned, and certain expenditures are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred.

2. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2009, the District had immaterial food commodities in inventory recorded in the Food Service Fund.

3. Matching Requirements

Certain federal programs require that the District contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support the federally-funded programs. The expenditure of non-federal funds is not included on this schedule.

4. Medicaid Reimbursement

Medicaid settlement reimbursement of amount \$61,749 received during the fiscal year was for Medicaid service provided during prior years.

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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Woodridge Local School District Summit County 4411 Quick Road Peninsula, Ohio 44264

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Woodridge Local School District, Summit County (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants agreements and other matters, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, the audit committee and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 14, 2009

Rockefeller Building 614 West Superior Avenue #1242 Cleveland, OH 44113-1306 Office Phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH *OMB CIRCULAR A-133*

Woodridge Local School District Summit County 4411 Quick Road Peninsula, Ohio 44264

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Woodridge Local School District, Summit County (District), with the types of compliance requirements described in *U.S. Office of Management and Budget* (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2009. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, the audit committee, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 14, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

WOODRIDGE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY June 30, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs:	Title I - CFDA# 84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B	Type A: > \$300,000
	Programs	Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - (continued) OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

WOODRIDGE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY June 30, 2009

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

WOODRIDGE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY JUNE 30, 2009

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The prior audit report, for the year ending June 30, 2008, reported no material citations or recommendations.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Woodridge Local School District Summit County 4411 Quick Road Peninsula, Ohio 44264

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Revised Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Ohio Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of the any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which we agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether the Woodridge Local School District has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. The agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any purpose.

- 1. We noted that the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on June 20, 2006.
- 2. We read the policy, noting it included the following requirements for Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666 (B):
 - (1) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any students on school property or at school-sponsored events;
 - (2) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that includes the definition in division (A) of Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666;
 - (3) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;
 - (4) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;

- (5) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident to be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;
- (6) A procedure for documenting any prohibited incident that is reported;
- (7) A procedure for responding to and investigating any report incidents;
- (8) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;
- (9) A disciplinary procedure from any student guilty of harassment, intimidation or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States;
- (10) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all report incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

December 14, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

WOODRIDGE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 9, 2010