

CARDINGTON-LINCOLN LOCAL DIGITAL ACADEMY MORROW COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Cardington-Lincoln Local Digital Academy Morrow County 121 Nichols Street Annex Cardington Ohio 43315-1121

To the Board of Directors

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Cardington-Lincoln Local Digital Academy, Morrow County, Ohio (the Academy), a component unit of Cardington-Lincoln Local School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010 which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Academy's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Cardington-Lincoln Local Digital Academy, Morrow County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2010, and the changes in financial position and its cash flow for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 21, 2011 on our consideration of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Cardington Lincoln Local Digital Academy Morrow County Independent Accountant's Report Page 2

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 21, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of the Cardington-Lincoln Local Digital Academy's (the "Academy") financial performance provides an overall review of the Academy's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Academy's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Academy's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2010 are as follows:

- In total, net assets were \$135,878 at June 30, 2010.
- The Academy had operating revenues of \$291,989 and operating expenses of \$314,650 for fiscal year 2010. The Academy also received \$138 in interest revenue and \$45,856 in Federal and State grants during fiscal year 2010. Total change in net assets for the fiscal year was an increase of \$23,333.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Academy's financial activities. The *statement of net assets* and *statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets* provide information about the activities of the Academy, including all short-term and long-term financial resources and obligations. The *statement of cash flows* provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its operations.

Reporting the Academy Financial Activities

Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets and the Statement of Cash Flows

These documents look at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2010?" The statement of net assets and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Academy's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the Academy as a whole, the *financial position* of the Academy has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. These statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report. The statement of cash flows can be found on page 9.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED

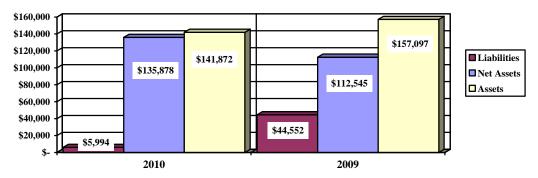
The table below provides a summary of the Academy's net assets for fiscal year 2010 and 2009.

Net Assets

	2010	2009
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 129,415	\$ 148,027
Capital assets, net	12,457	9,070
Total assets	141,872	157,097
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	5,994	44,552
Total liabilities	5,994	44,552
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets	12,457	9,070
Restricted	19,395	7,872
Unrestricted	104,026	95,603
Total net assets	\$ 135,878	\$ 112,545

The chart below illustrates the Academy's assets, liabilities and net assets at fiscal year-end for 2010 and 2009.

Net Assets



Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2010, the Academy's assets exceeded liabilities by \$135,878.

At year-end, capital assets represented 8.78% of total assets. Capital assets consisted of computers and printers. There is no debt related to the capital assets. Capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED

The table below shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2010 and 2009.

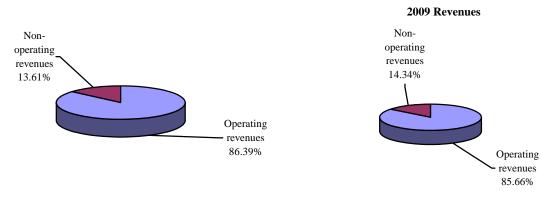
Change in Net Assets

	2010	2009	
Operating Revenues:			
State foundation	\$ 279,512	\$ 260,901	
Other revenue	12,477		
Total operating revenue	291,989	260,901	
Operating Expenses:			
Purchased services	301,540	289,738	
Materials and supplies	431	539	
Other	6,376	6,255	
Depreciation	6,303	18,475	
Total operating expenses	314,650	315,007	
Non-operating revenues:			
Federal and state grants	45,856	43,514	
Interest income	138	153	
Total non-operating revenues	45,994	43,667	
Change in net assets	23,333	(10,439)	
Net assets at beginning of year	112,545	122,984	
Net assets at end of year	\$ 135,878	\$ 112,545	

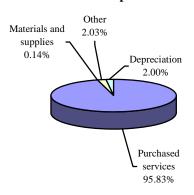
The charts below illustrate the revenues and expenses for the Academy during fiscal 2010 and 2009.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED

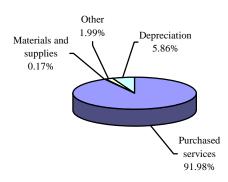
2010 Revenues



2010 Expenses



2009 Expenses



Economic Conditions and Outlook

The Academy is a conversion community school sponsored by the Cardington-Lincoln Local School District. The sponsorship currently runs through 2013 and will be continuing from year to year.

At the present time, the Academy relies primarily on State funding for its resources. The Academy also received federal start up funds for the first two years of operations and receives a small federal grant (IDEA Part B) each year for special education purposes. Unlike traditional schools, the Academy cannot levy taxes and must survive on state revenues and various grants. As such, the Academy watches its expenditures closely. The Academy Director and teachers are contracted through Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association ("TRECA") and several curriculum providers. By operating in this fashion, the Academy is able to save substantial funds by not expending funds for fringe benefits, heath care costs, etc. The Academy also contracts for EMIS and through TRECA. There are no immediate financial concerns at this time. The Academy's five-year forecast is healthy and no budgetary cuts are projected in the upcoming five-years.

The Academy is committed to operating within its financial means, while providing quality online educational

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED

opportunities to its students. The management of the Academy will also continue to pursue adequate funding sources to secure its financial stability.

Contacting the Academy's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to show the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Aaron Butts, Treasurer, Cardington-Lincoln Local Digital Academy, 121 Nichols St., Cardington, Ohio 43315.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

Assets:	
<u>Current assets:</u>	
Equity in pooled cash	
and cash equivalents	\$ 109,911
Receivables:	
Intergovernmental	 19,504
Total current assets	129,415
Non-current assets:	
Depreciable capital assets, net	 12,457
Total assets	 141,872
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	5,263
Intergovernmental payable	 731
Total liabilities	5,994
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets	12,457
Restricted for:	
Federally funded programs	19,395
Unrestricted	 104,026
Total net assets	\$ 135,878

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Operating revenues:	
State foundation	\$ 279,512
Other	12,477
Total operating revenues	 291,989
Operating expenses:	
Purchased services	301,540
Materials and supplies	431
Other operating expenses	6,376
Depreciation	6,303
Total operating expenses	314,650
Operating loss	 (22,661)
Non-operating revenues:	
Federal and state grants	45,856
Interest revenue	138
Total non-operating revenues	 45,994
Change in net assets	23,333
Net assets at beginning of year	112,545
Net assets at end of year	\$ 135,878

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from State foundation	\$	280,243
Cash received from other operations		12,477
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(340,829)
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(431)
Cash payments for other expenses		(6,376)
Net cash used in		
operating activities		(54,916)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Federal and state grants		33,478
Net cash provided by noncapital		
financing activities		33,478
Cash flows from capital and related		
financing activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets	<u></u>	(9,690)
Net cash used in capital and related		
financing activities		(9,690)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received		138
Net cash provided by investing activities		138
Net decrease in cash and cash		
cash equivalents		(30,990)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		140,901
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	109,911
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(22,661)
Adjustments:		
Depreciation		6,303
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(39,289)
Increase in intergovernmental payable		731
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(54,916)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ACADEMY

The Cardington-Lincoln Local Digital Academy (the "Academy") is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 1702. The Academy is an approved tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Management is not aware of any course of action or series of events that have occurred that might adversely affect its tax exempt status. The Academy's objective is to deliver a comprehensive educational program of high quality, tied to state and national standards, which can be delivered to students in the kindergarten through grade 12 populations entirely through distance learning technologies. It is to be operated under a contract with the Cardington-Lincoln Local School District to provide an innovative and cost-effective solution to the special problems of disabled students, students removed from school for disciplinary reasons, students needing advanced or specialized courses which are not available locally, and other, including home-schooled students who are not currently enrolled in any public school and who are not receiving a meaningful, comprehensive, and standards-based educational program. The Academy, which is part of the State's education program, is nonsectarian in its programs, admissions policies, employment practices and all other operations. The Academy may acquire facilities as needed and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the school.

The Academy was certified by the State of Ohio Secretary of State as a non-profit organization on October 1, 2002. The Academy was approved for operation under a contract between the Cardington-Lincoln Local School District (the "Sponsor") for five years commencing July 1, 2004. A successor contract was approved for five years ending on June 30, 2013. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Academy and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration.

The Academy operates under the direction of a five-member Board of Directors which consists of 5 community members who are neither officers nor employees of the Cardington-Lincoln Local School District, or other public official representing a governmental entity that desires to further the establishment and operation of the School District. Due to the amount of influence the Cardington-Lincoln Local School District has over the Academy's Board, the Academy is a component unit of the Cardington-Lincoln Local School District. The Board of Directors is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract which include, but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. The Treasurer of Cardington-Lincoln Local School District is also the Treasurer of the Academy.

The Board of Directors has entered into a one-year contract with Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association ("TRECA") to provide planning, instructional, administrative and technical services required for the operation of the Academy (See Note 5).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Academy also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued prior to November 30, 1989, provided those pronouncements do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Academy does not apply FASB guidance issued after November 30, 1989. The Academy's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Academy. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Academy. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included on the statement of net assets. Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

C. Budgetary Process

Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Section 5705, unless specifically provided in the Academy's contract with its Sponsor. The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor requires a detailed school budget for each year of the contract; however, the budget does not have to follow the provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.

D. Cash

Cash received by the Academy is maintained in a demand deposit account.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500. The Academy does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Equipment is depreciated over three years.

F. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

The Academy applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

G. Intergovernmental Revenue

The Academy currently participates in the Management Information Systems Grant, the IDEA Part B Grant, the Title I Grant, the Safe and Drug Free Schools Grant, the Improving Teacher Quality Grant, the Title V Grant, Title II-D Grant and the State Foundation Program. Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis. Revenues received from the State Foundation Program are recognized as operating revenues.

H. Accrued Liabilities

The Academy has recognized certain expenses due, but unpaid as of June 30, 2010. These expenses are reported as accrued liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

I. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the Academy's deposits was \$109,911. Based on the criteria discussed in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2010, the Academy's entire bank balance of \$109,911 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). There are no significant statutory restrictions regarding the deposit and investment of funds by the nonprofit corporation.

The Academy had no investments.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance 6/30/2009	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2010
Equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 114,730 (105,660)	\$ 9,690 (6,303)		\$ 124,420 (111,963)
Net capital assets	\$ 9,070	\$ 3,387	\$ -	\$ 12,457

NOTE 5 - SERVICE AGREEMENTS

A. Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association

The Academy entered into a one-year agreement on August 17, 2009, with Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association ("TRECA") for planning, instructional, administrative and technical services required for the operation of the Academy for fiscal year 2010. Under the contract, TRECA is required to provide the following services:

- 1. Instructional, supervisory/administrative, and technical services sufficient to effectively implement the Academy's educational plan, assessment and accountability plan and the sponsorship contract.
- 2. Responsibility for all payroll functions, including retirement system contributions and all other legal withholding and/or payroll taxes with respect to all personnel providing services to the Academy on behalf of TRECA. Also, all personnel shall possess any certification or licensure which may be required by law.
- 3. Provide technical services that include access to, and the use of, computer software, computer hardware, networking hardware, network services, and the services of technical support personnel. The Academy is responsible for recovering and returning any and all equipment to TRECA. In cases where equipment is unrecoverable, the Academy shall reimburse TRECA up to \$900 per student except if the student has been enrolled in the Academy for at least 90 days, the Academy shall reimburse TRECA in the amount of \$700, and, if the student has been enrolled in the Academy for at least 180 days, the Academy shall reimburse TRECA in the amount of \$500.
- 4. Curricular services limited to standardized curriculum developed by TRECA.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 5 - SERVICE AGREEMENTS - (Continued)

For these services, the Academy is required to pay the following fees to TRECA:

Enrollment - \$3,875 per full time student enrolled per year. In case of a student enrolled with an Individualized education program (IEP), the Academy will determine if special education will be provided by TRECA or otherwise. If substantially all of the special education and services are provided to such a student by other than TRECA, the Academy does not have to pay TRECA the enrollment fee per the agreement, instead, actual costs for that student are provided by TRECA. If the special education for a student is provided by TRECA, then any additional amount received from Department of Education for special education and related services is due to TRECA for that student. The Academy receives a maximum reduction of \$47,500 to the enrollment fee by providing one full-time certified teacher who meets the staffing needs of TRECA. This is contingent on the staffing needs of TRECA and the reduction will be prorated with the actual amount dependent upon the number of days the teacher is contracted to work with TRECA.

B. Cardington-Lincoln Local School District

The Community School Sponsorship Contract and the annual Purchased Services Contract between the Academy and Cardington-Lincoln Local School District outlined the specific payments to be made by the Academy to Cardington-Lincoln Local School District during fiscal year 2010. In addition, the Community School Sponsorship Contract stated that the two parties agreed to pay other mutually agreed upon amounts, including fees for any services provided to the Academy by Cardington-Lincoln Local School District. The following payments were made in fiscal year 2010 from the Academy to Cardington-Lincoln Local School District:

Administrative fee	\$ 41,900
Professional Services	5,000
Computers	9,692
Total amount of payments made by the Academy to Cardington-Lincoln Local School District for fiscal year 2010	\$ 56,592

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010, the Academy was named as an additional insured party on Cardington-Lincoln Local School District's, the Sponsor, insurance policy.

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in the past three years. There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 7 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Academy received financial assistance from State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Academy at June 30, 2010.

B. Litigation

The Academy is not a party to legal proceedings that, in the opinion of management, would have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

C. State Foundation Funding

The Ohio Department of Education conducts reviews of enrollment data and full-time equivalency (FTE) calculations made by the schools. These reviews are conducted to ensure the schools are reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which State foundation funding is calculated. For fiscal year 2010, the results of this review resulted in a decrease of \$731 that is reflected as an intergovernmental payable in the financial statements.

NOTE 8 - PURCHASED SERVICES

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, purchased services expenses were as follows:

Professional and technical services	\$ 299,647
Transportation	1,469
Communications/Utilities	 424
Total	\$ 301,540

NOTE 9 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2010, the Academy has implemented GASB Statement No. 51, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets</u>", GASB Statement No. 53, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments</u>", and GASB Statement No. 58, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies</u>".

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 9 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 51 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for intangible assets, which are assets that lack physical substance, are nonfinancial in nature, and have an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Examples of intangible assets include easements, water rights, computer software, patents, and trademarks. GASB Statement No. 51 improves the quality of financial reporting by creating consistency in the recognition, initial measurement, and amortization of intangible assets. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 51 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 53 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. Derivative instruments are financial arrangements used by governments to manage specific risks or to make investments. Common types of derivative instruments include interest rate and commodity swaps, interest rate locks, options, swaptions, forward contracts, and futures contracts. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 53 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 58 establishes accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. GASB Statement No. 58 requires governments to remeasure liabilities that are adjusted in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy court confirms a new payment plan. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 58 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Cardington-Lincoln Local Digital Academy Morrow County 121 Nichols Street Annex Cardington, Ohio 43315-1121

To the Board of Directors

We have audited the financial statements of the Cardington-Lincoln Local Digital Academy, Morrow County, (the Academy), a component unit of Cardington-Lincoln Local School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Academy's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Academy's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Academy's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note a certain matter that we reported to the Academy's management in a separate letter dated January 21, 2011.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management, the Board of Directors, the Cardington Lincoln Local School District and others within the Academy. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 21, 2011



CARDINGTON LINCOLN LOCAL DIGITAL ACADEMY

MORROW COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 15, 2011