



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
ASHTABULA COUNTY**

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County
3436 Edgewood Drive
Ashtabula, Ohio 44004

To The Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Buckeye Local School District, Ashtabula County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Buckeye Local School District, Ashtabula County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



Dave Yost
Auditor of State

November 9, 2012

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Buckeye Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2012 are as follows:

Overall:

- For governmental activities, net assets increased \$166,877, which represents a 2 percent increase from fiscal year 2011.
- General revenues accounted for \$15,557,725 in revenue or 84 percent of all governmental revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$3,056,201 or 16 percent of total governmental revenues of \$18,613,926.
- The District had \$18,447,049 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3,056,201 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$15,557,725 coupled with the program revenues were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The general fund had \$16,241,772 in revenues and \$15,962,893 in expenditures on a modified accrual basis. The general fund's fund balance increased \$278,879 to \$6,687,054, from 6,408,175 in fiscal year 2011, an increase of 4 percent.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Buckeye Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Buckeye School District, the general fund by far is the most significant fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2012?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of

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Ashtabula County

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Activities answers this question. These statements include *all assets and liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the District has only one kind of activity:

- **Governmental Activities** - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities. Due to the continuing subsidies that go to the lunchroom fund from the general fund, the lunchroom operation is also being considered as governmental activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds begins on page 14. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual*, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The School District's fiduciary funds are private purpose trust and agency.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County

*Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited*

The District as a Whole

Table 1 shows net assets for fiscal year 2012 as compared to fiscal year 2011.

Table 1

	2012	(RESTATED) 2011	
	Governmental	Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	Increase (Decrease)
Assets:			
Current and Other Assets	\$13,979,773	\$13,895,093	\$84,680
Capital Asset, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	2,163,179	2,247,755	(84,576)
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>16,142,952</u>	<u>16,142,848</u>	<u>104</u>
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities	5,974,672	6,094,256	(119,584)
Long-term Liabilities:			
Due within One Year	74,586	122,945	(48,359)
Due in More than One Year	998,343	997,173	1,170
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>7,047,601</u>	<u>7,214,374</u>	<u>(166,773)</u>
Net Assets:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	2,117,487	2,118,445	(958)
Restricted	941,646	1,109,678	(168,032)
Unrestricted	6,036,218	5,700,351	335,867
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	<u>\$9,095,351</u>	<u>\$8,928,474</u>	<u>\$166,877</u>

Total assets increased by \$104. This increase is insignificant, however cash on hand increased from the prior fiscal year while property taxes receivable decreased.

Total liabilities decreased by \$166,773. This decrease was due mostly to a decrease in the amount of severance payable from the prior year, in which fifteen employees retired. The overall decrease is also attributable to the principal owed on the energy conservation notes and capital leases decreasing as a result of payments being made on these obligations.

By comparing assets and liabilities, one can see the overall position of the School District has improved as evidenced by the increase in net assets of \$166,877.

The vast majority of revenue supporting all governmental activities is general revenue. General revenue totaled \$15,557,725 or 84 percent of the total revenue. The most significant portion of the general revenue is intergovernmental receipts and local property tax. The remaining amount of revenue received was in the form of program revenues, which equaled \$3,056,201 or 16 percent of total revenue.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

Table 2
Change in Net Assets
Governmental Activities

	2012	2011	Increase (Decrease)
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,724,018	\$2,061,069	(\$337,051)
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,332,183	1,580,623	(248,440)
<i>Total Program Revenues</i>	<u>3,056,201</u>	<u>3,641,692</u>	<u>(585,491)</u>
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	6,211,028	6,762,898	(551,870)
Intergovernmental	9,292,635	10,010,503	(717,868)
Investment Earnings	24,887	40,063	(15,176)
Miscellaneous	29,175	15,134	14,041
<i>Total General Revenues</i>	<u>15,557,725</u>	<u>16,828,598</u>	<u>(1,270,873)</u>
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>18,613,926</u>	<u>20,470,290</u>	<u>(1,856,364)</u>
Program Expenses			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	9,019,232	9,744,812	(725,580)
Special	2,177,000	2,144,249	32,751
Vocational	216,722	323,149	(106,427)
Adult/Continuing	2,300	4,912	(2,612)
Support Services:			
Pupil	506,528	588,800	(82,272)
Instructional Staff	313,137	413,774	(100,637)
Board of Education	29,219	28,283	936
Administration	1,337,675	1,321,417	16,258
Fiscal	518,237	515,593	2,644
Business	95,656	84,755	10,901
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,856,982	1,876,170	(19,188)
Pupil Transportation	1,025,635	1,043,042	(17,407)
Central	37,231	65,397	(28,166)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	3,831	8,629	(4,798)
Operation of Food Services	837,139	883,117	(45,978)
Extracurricular Activities	467,319	493,722	(26,403)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,206	7,214	(4,008)
<i>Total Program Expenses</i>	<u>18,447,049</u>	<u>19,547,035</u>	<u>(1,099,986)</u>
<i>Increase in Net Assets</i>	166,877	923,255	(756,378)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	8,928,474	8,005,219	923,255
<i>Net Assets End of Year</i>	<u>\$9,095,351</u>	<u>\$8,928,474</u>	<u>\$166,877</u>

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
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The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a voted levy does not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Thus, school districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 33 percent of governmental activities revenue for Buckeye Local School District in fiscal year 2012, consistent with fiscal year 2011. The phase-out of personal property taxes is complete; however, the School District is being reimbursed for this loss in the form of distributions from the State during the "hold harmless" period.

Governmental Activities

Total net assets of the School District increased \$166,877 during fiscal year 2012. The governmental expenses of \$18,447,049 were offset by program revenues of \$3,056,201 and general revenues of \$15,557,725. Program revenues supported 17 percent of the total governmental activities expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 83 percent of total governmental revenue.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services.

Table 3
Total and Net Cost of Program Services

	2012		2011	
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Program Expenses				
Instruction	\$11,415,254	\$9,899,164	\$12,217,122	\$10,306,076
Support Services:				
Pupil	506,528	468,849	588,800	537,504
Instructional Staff	313,137	231,138	413,774	276,295
Board of Education	29,219	26,979	28,283	25,681
Administration	1,337,675	1,235,686	1,321,417	1,200,846
Fiscal	518,237	479,437	515,593	469,593
Business	95,656	89,474	84,755	77,015
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,856,982	1,730,595	1,876,170	1,722,278
Pupil Transportation	1,025,635	956,322	1,043,042	959,353
Central	37,231	34,414	65,397	54,837
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	3,831	3,831	8,629	8,629
Food Service Operation	837,139	(49,459)	883,117	(29,974)
Extracurricular Activities	467,319	281,212	493,722	289,996
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,206	3,206	7,214	7,214
Total Expenditures	\$18,447,049	\$15,390,848	\$19,547,035	\$15,905,343

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

The dependence upon general tax revenues for governmental activities is apparent. Over 54 percent of instruction activities are supported through property taxes alone. For all governmental activities, general revenue and prior year cash balance support all expenses as shown in the above table. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for Buckeye Local School District students.

The District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds begins on page 14. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$18,822,451 to offset expenditures of \$18,422,111. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the general fund, which increased \$278,879. As one can see from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds, intergovernmental revenue and property taxes are the largest revenue sources, accounting for more than 90 percent of total governmental revenue. Clearly, the community is the greatest source of financial support for the students of the Buckeye Local School District.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2012 the District amended its General Fund budget several times. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, actual revenue, including other financing sources, was \$16,555,195, which was \$2,297 more than the final budgeted revenue of \$16,552,898 and \$424,880 more than the original budget estimate of \$16,130,315. The District continues to use a conservative approach of estimating revenue and these variances are well within reason for an entire year of budgeting.

Total actual expenditures, including other financing uses, were \$16,458,546, which nearly equaled final budgeted expenditures of \$16,458,801 and \$1,572,554 less than original budgeted expenditures of \$18,031,100. The variance from the original estimate is the result of a conservative approach to budgeting.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the School District had \$2,163,179 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, vehicles and textbooks.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

Table 4 shows fiscal year 2012 balances compared to fiscal year 2011:

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	<u>2012</u>	<u>(RESTATED)</u> <u>2011</u>
Land	\$402,305	\$402,305
Land Improvements	67,176	45,475
Buildings and Improvements	901,971	744,825
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	263,078	400,212
Vehicles	453,089	584,005
Textbooks	75,560	70,933
Total	<u>\$2,163,179</u>	<u>\$2,247,755</u>

All capital assets, except land, are reported net of depreciation. As one can see, the School District had an overall decrease in capital assets of \$84,576. The decrease is due to current year depreciation of \$385,086 and net deletions of \$22,231 exceeding current year additions of \$322,741. For more information about the School District's capital assets, see Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

During fiscal year 2012, the School District was able to pay off the energy conservation bond, with a final payment in the amount of \$55,000.

At June 30, 2012, the School District had two capital lease obligations outstanding in the amount of \$45,692, as compared to \$74,310 at June 30, 2011. Of this total, \$29,872 is due within one year and \$15,820 is due in more than one year.

Current Financial Related Activities

Buckeye Local School District has maintained financial stability. As the preceding information shows, the District depends on its property taxpayers as well as state funding for its revenue sources. With the passage of a 6.5 mill continuous operating levy in 2005, the District has been able to continue its education programs. However, financially the future is not without its challenges.

State law fixes the amount of tax revenue, forcing it to remain constant except for increases in valuation due to new construction in the District. Thus management must diligently plan expenses, staying carefully within the District's five-year forecast.

In fiscal year 2012, the District achieved, for the sixth fiscal year, total expenditures less than total revenue in the general fund resulting in an excess of revenue over expenditures in the amount of \$267,740. However, with its major sources of revenue not keeping pace with expenditure increases, the District must seek additional tax revenue to continue current operations. The District cannot look to the State of Ohio for increased revenue.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County

Management's Discussion and Analysis
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Unaudited

In fiscal year 2013, discussions with the Board of Education will be needed to determine how to address any projected shortfalls. The District will continue to call upon all of its financial abilities to meet the challenges the future will bring. It is imperative the District's Board and management team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet the student's desired needs over the next several years.

In addition, the District's systems of budgeting and internal controls are well regarded. All of the District's financial abilities will be required to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Sherry Wentworth, Treasurer, at Buckeye Local School District, 3436 Edgewood Drive, Ashtabula, Ohio 44004.

Buckeye Local School District

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2012

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6,686,209
Accounts Receivable	3,538
Intergovernmental Receivable	56,237
Property Taxes Receivable	7,062,236
Inventory Held for Resale	25,030
Materials and Supplies Inventory	93,789
Prepaid Items	52,734
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	402,305
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	1,760,874
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>16,142,952</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	12,250
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,124,500
Intergovernmental Payable	429,008
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	50,036
Deferred Revenue	3,894,760
Accrued Interest Payable	1,741
Claims Payable	462,377
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	74,586
Due In More Than One Year	998,343
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>7,047,601</u>
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,117,487
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	725,545
Food Service Operation	176,384
Other Purposes	39,717
Unrestricted	6,036,218
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	<u>\$9,095,351</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Buckeye Local School District

Ashtabula County, Ohio

*Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012*

	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$9,019,232	\$643,591	\$444,882	(\$7,930,759)
Special	2,177,000	138,029	270,889	(1,768,082)
Vocational	216,722	16,399	0	(200,323)
Adult/Continuing	2,300	0	2,300	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	506,528	37,679	0	(468,849)
Instructional Staff	313,137	12,717	69,282	(231,138)
Board of Education	29,219	2,240	0	(26,979)
Administration	1,337,675	101,989	0	(1,235,686)
Fiscal	518,237	38,800	0	(479,437)
Business	95,656	6,182	0	(89,474)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,856,982	126,387	0	(1,730,595)
Pupil Transportation	1,025,635	69,313	0	(956,322)
Central	37,231	2,817	0	(34,414)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	3,831	0	0	(3,831)
Operation of Food Services	837,139	344,793	541,805	49,459
Extracurricular Activities	467,319	183,082	3,025	(281,212)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,206	0	0	(3,206)
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<u>\$18,447,049</u>	<u>\$1,724,018</u>	<u>\$1,332,183</u>	<u>(15,390,848)</u>

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes	5,757,479
Debt Service	56,272
Capital Outlay	397,277

Grants and Entitlements not

Restricted to Specific Programs	9,292,635
Investment Earnings	24,887
Miscellaneous	29,175

Total General Revenues 15,557,725

Change in Net Assets 166,877

*Net Assets Beginning
of Year - Restated (See Note 3)* 8,928,474

Net Assets End of Year \$9,095,351

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2012

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,897,921	\$788,288	\$6,686,209
Accounts Receivable	2,949	589	3,538
Interfund Receivable	39,101	0	39,101
Intergovernmental Receivable	7,900	48,337	56,237
Property Taxes Receivable	6,600,370	461,866	7,062,236
Inventory Held for Resale	0	25,030	25,030
Materials and Supplies Inventory	90,020	3,769	93,789
Prepaid Items	52,734	0	52,734
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$12,690,995</u>	<u>\$1,327,879</u>	<u>\$14,018,874</u>
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$8,271	\$3,979	\$12,250
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,077,338	47,162	1,124,500
Intergovernmental Payable	418,766	10,242	429,008
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	46,887	3,149	50,036
Interfund Payable	0	39,101	39,101
Deferred Revenue	3,990,302	288,508	4,278,810
Claims Payable	462,377	0	462,377
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>6,003,941</u>	<u>392,141</u>	<u>6,396,082</u>
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	142,754	28,799	171,553
Restricted	0	634,918	634,918
Committed	462,377	285,257	747,634
Assigned	269,856	0	269,856
Unassigned (Deficit)	5,812,067	(13,236)	5,798,831
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>6,687,054</u>	<u>935,738</u>	<u>7,622,792</u>
<i>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$12,690,995</u>	<u>\$1,327,879</u>	<u>\$14,018,874</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Buckeye Local School District

Ashtabula County, Ohio

*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
Net Assets of Governmental Activities
June 30, 2012*

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$7,622,792
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because</i>		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		2,163,179
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Property Taxes	382,850	
Grants	<u>1,200</u>	
Total		384,050
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding capital leases, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(1,741)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Capital Leases Payable	(45,692)	
Compensated Absences	<u>(1,027,237)</u>	
Total		<u>(1,072,929)</u>
<i>Net Assets of Governmental Activities</i>		<u><u>\$9,095,351</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$5,827,072	\$456,138	\$6,283,210
Tuition and Fees	1,215,698	0	1,215,698
Interest	23,492	1,395	24,887
Charges for Services	0	344,793	344,793
Extracurricular Activities	0	160,053	160,053
Rentals	3,474	0	3,474
Contributions and Donations	5,450	5,325	10,775
Intergovernmental	9,126,272	1,612,975	10,739,247
Miscellaneous	29,175	0	29,175
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>16,230,633</u>	<u>2,580,679</u>	<u>18,811,312</u>
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	8,335,471	493,056	8,828,527
Special	1,802,962	374,512	2,177,474
Vocational	212,577	0	212,577
Adult/Continuing	0	2,300	2,300
Support Services:			
Pupils	512,799	0	512,799
Instructional Staff	165,762	92,206	257,968
Board of Education	29,219	0	29,219
Administration	1,324,594	0	1,324,594
Fiscal	497,306	12,034	509,340
Business	82,365	0	82,365
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,651,716	0	1,651,716
Pupil Transportation	898,711	41	898,752
Central	36,733	0	36,733
Operation of Food Services	0	848,603	848,603
Extracurricular Activities	300,450	162,471	462,921
Capital Outlay	112,228	385,861	498,089
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	0	83,618	83,618
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	4,516	4,516
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>15,962,893</u>	<u>2,459,218</u>	<u>18,422,111</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	267,740	121,461	389,201
Other Financing Sources			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	11,139	0	11,139
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	278,879	121,461	400,340
<i>Fund Balances Beginning of Year</i>	6,408,175	814,277	7,222,452
<i>Fund Balances End of Year</i>	<u>\$6,687,054</u>	<u>\$935,738</u>	<u>\$7,622,792</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012*

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$400,340
 <i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because</i>	
 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	
Capital Outlay	322,741
Current Year Depreciation	<u>(385,086)</u>
Total	(62,345)
 The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e.; disposals, sales and donations) is a reduction in net assets.	
Assets Disposed	(421,091)
Accumulated Depreciation on Disposals	<u>398,860</u>
Total	(22,231)
 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Property Taxes	(72,182)
Grants	<u>(125,204)</u>
Total	(197,386)
 Repayment of long-term debt and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
	83,618
 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as accrued interest on bonds and leases, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
	1,310
 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
	<u>(36,429)</u>
 <i>Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities</i>	 <u><u>\$166,877</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012*

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$6,452,908	\$6,162,500	\$6,162,500	\$0
Tuition and Fees	1,110,551	1,186,763	1,186,800	37
Interest	19,923	21,291	23,492	2,201
Rentals	2,470	2,640	2,640	0
Contributions and Donations	100	100	100	0
Intergovernmental	8,544,348	9,130,710	9,130,710	0
Miscellaneous	15	19,601	19,601	0
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>16,130,315</u>	<u>16,523,605</u>	<u>16,525,843</u>	<u>2,238</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	9,251,658	8,721,244	8,720,989	255
Special	2,059,438	1,814,402	1,814,402	0
Vocational	284,150	222,365	222,365	0
Adult/Continuing	1,000	0	0	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	568,230	518,876	518,876	0
Instructional Staff	200,967	158,012	158,012	0
Board of Education	33,211	29,293	29,293	0
Administration	1,418,316	1,306,500	1,306,500	0
Fiscal	588,045	492,800	492,800	0
Business	115,974	82,782	82,782	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,004,928	1,684,358	1,684,358	0
Pupil Transportation	936,945	938,777	938,777	0
Central	63,527	41,368	41,368	0
Extracurricular Activities	342,196	296,695	296,695	0
Capital Outlay	162,515	112,228	112,228	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>18,031,100</u>	<u>16,419,700</u>	<u>16,419,445</u>	<u>255</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>(1,900,785)</u>	<u>103,905</u>	<u>106,398</u>	<u>2,493</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0	11,080	11,139	59
Advances In	0	18,213	18,213	0
Advances Out	0	(39,101)	(39,101)	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>0</u>	<u>(9,808)</u>	<u>(9,749)</u>	<u>59</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	<u>(1,900,785)</u>	<u>94,097</u>	<u>96,649</u>	<u>2,552</u>
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year - Restated (See Note 3)</i>	<u>5,323,481</u>	<u>5,323,481</u>	<u>5,323,481</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	<u>147,039</u>	<u>147,039</u>	<u>147,039</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$3,569,735</u></u>	<u><u>\$5,564,617</u></u>	<u><u>\$5,567,169</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,552</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$110,136	<u>\$39,915</u>
Liabilities		
Due to Students	<u>0</u>	<u>\$39,915</u>
Net Assets		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	<u>\$110,136</u>	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Buckeye Local School District

Ashtabula County, Ohio

*Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Private Purpose Trust Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012*

	<u>Scholarship</u>
Additions	
Interest	\$49
Deductions	
Scholarships Awarded	<u>2,000</u>
<i>Change in Net Assets</i>	(1,951)
<i>Net Assets Beginning of Year</i>	<u>112,087</u>
<i>Net Assets End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$110,136</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1 – Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

The District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

Average daily membership (ADM) as of July 1, 2012 was 1,872. The District employed 126 certified employees and 85 non-certificated employees. The District is supervised by the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center, a separate entity.

The District provides regular, vocational and special instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisition and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the District is financially accountable. This report includes all activities considered by management to be part of the District by virtue of Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Section 2100 indicates that the reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity.

It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization.

A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the District over which the District is financially accountable.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Buckeye Local School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The School District has no proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the School District's only major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, and capital projects of the District whose uses are restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Fund Types Fiduciary funds reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust, investment trust, private-purpose trust and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust fund which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's only agency fund is a student activities fund, which accounts for student activities for students.

B. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements for the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal values, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

All governmental fund types are subject to annual expenditure budgets. The Board follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the expenditure budget data reported in the basic financial statements:

Tax Budget A tax budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20th of each year, for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. The Board of Education normally adopts the Tax Budget at its regular board meeting in January. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

Estimated Resources The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1st. As part of this certification, the District receives the Official Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected receipts of each fund. During the month of July, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding fiscal year.

Appropriations An annual appropriation measure must be passed by the Board of Education by October 1st of each year for the period July 1st to June 30th. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and the encumbered balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated. The Board of Education usually adopts temporary appropriations at its regular board meeting in June. The Annual Appropriation Resolution is usually adopted at the September regular board meeting. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and expenditures may not exceed appropriations in any fund at the object level.

Encumbrances As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance.

Lapsing of Appropriations At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

E. Cash and Investments

Cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account with individual fund balance integrity maintained throughout. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments." During the fiscal year, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2012.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. For the District, all investment earnings accrue to the General Fund, the Food Service special revenue fund, the Special Trust special revenue fund, the Capital Projects Reserve capital projects fund and the Private-Purpose Trust Fund, as authorized by board resolution. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$23,492, which includes \$920 assigned from other District funds.

F. Inventories

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2012, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

H. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District's capitalization threshold is one thousand dollars for the current the fiscal year. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture	20 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years
Fixtures	15 years
Vehicles	8 - 10 years
Textbooks	5 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental columns of the statement of net assets.

J. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid from them are not presented on the financial statements.

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified employees with five years of service and certified employees with ten years of service.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund or funds from which the employees who have accumulated the leave are paid.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. In general, liabilities that mature or come due for payment during the fiscal year are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the District Board of Education.

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Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The government-wide statement of net assets reports restricted net assets of \$941,646, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation. Net assets restricted for other purposes include operation of instructional services, food service operations and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. The net assets held in trust for scholarships signify the legal restrictions on the use of principal.

O. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2012.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Budget Basis Fund Balance & Net Assets

A. Change in Accounting Principle

For fiscal year 2012, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 64, "Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53".

GASB Statement No. 64 improves financial reporting by clarifying whether an effective hedging relationship continues after the replacement of a swap counterparty or a swap counterparty's credit

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

support provider. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 64 did not have any effect on the District's financial statements.

B. Restatement of Prior Year Budget Basis Fund Balance

	General
Fund Balance at June 30, 2011	\$5,394,740
Change in Fund Structure	(71,259)
Adjusted Fund Balance at June 30, 2011	\$5,323,481

The uniform school supplies and public school support special revenue funds were improperly included with the general fund on a budgetary basis during the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 in the prior fiscal year.

C. Restatement of Prior Year Net Assets

	Governmental Activities
Net Assets at June 30, 2011	\$8,894,371
Adjustment to Capital Assets	34,103
Adjusted Net Assets at June 30, 2011	\$8,928,474

The District restated capital assets in the amount of \$34,103 for the inclusion of equipment related to food service operation.

Note 4 – Fund Deficits

Fund balances at June 30, 2012 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	Deficit
Education Jobs Fund	\$867
Title I Fund	12,369

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. These deficit fund balances are the result of adjustments for accrued liabilities.

Note 5 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting its financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the

Buckeye Local School District
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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed or assigned fund balances (GAAP basis).
4. Advances-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions.
5. *Certain funds have legally separate adopted budgets (budget) but are included in the General Fund (GAAP).

*As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the General fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies and public school support special revenue funds.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance	
GAAP Basis	\$278,879
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	295,696
Advances In	18,213
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(197,823)
Net Adjustment for Funds Budgeted as Special Revenue	(486)
Advances Out	(39,101)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(258,729)
Budget Basis	<u><u>\$96,649</u></u>

Note 6 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories. Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawals on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

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Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local government;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. At June 30th, the carrying amount of all School District deposits was \$6,719,860, while \$5,083,481 of the School District's bank balance of \$6,822,121 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirement of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred percent of the deposited being secured.

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*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012*

Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the School District had the following investments. All investments are in an internal investment pool.

	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Maturity</u>
Non-categorized Investments:		
STAR Ohio	\$116,400	Six Months or Less
Total Investments	\$116,400	

Interest Rate Risk The School District has no investment policy that addresses the interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. State statute limits investments in commercial paper to a maximum maturity of 180 days from the date of purchase. Repurchase agreements are limited to 30 days and the market value of the securities must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily.

Credit Risk STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Pool's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2012, STAROhio represented 100 percent of all District investments.

Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2012:

<u>Cash and Investments per Note Disclosure</u>	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$6,719,860
Investments	116,400
Total	\$6,836,260
 <u>Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Assets</u>	
Governmental activities	\$6,686,209
Private-purpose trust funds	110,136
Agency funds	39,915
Total	\$6,836,260

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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Note 7 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

<u>Fund Balances</u>	<u>General</u>	<u>Nonmajor Governmental</u>	<u>Total</u>
<i>Nonspendable</i>			
Prepays	\$52,734	\$0	\$52,734
Inventory	90,020	28,799	118,819
<i>Total Nonspendable</i>	142,754	28,799	171,553
<i>Restricted for</i>			
Food Service Operations	0	168,561	168,561
College Scholarships	0	8,748	8,748
Technology Improvements	0	1,301	1,301
Extracurricular Activities	0	39,570	39,570
Classroom Size Reduction	0	1,117	1,117
Teacher Development	0	576	576
Capital Improvements	0	412,887	412,887
Other Purposes	0	2,158	2,158
<i>Total Restricted</i>	0	634,918	634,918
<i>Committed to</i>			
Capital Improvements	0	285,257	285,257
Tax Escrow Refunds	462,377	0	462,377
<i>Total Committed</i>	462,377	285,257	747,634
<i>Assigned to</i>			
Other Purposes	19,113	0	19,113
Encumbrances	250,743	0	250,743
<i>Total Assigned</i>	269,856	0	269,856
<i>Unassigned (Deficit)</i>	5,812,067	(13,236)	5,798,831
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	\$6,687,054	\$935,738	\$7,622,792

Note 8 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the school district fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the school district. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2012 represent collections of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for

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real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2012 represents collections of calendar year 2011 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2012 became a lien December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011 and are collected in 2012 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Ashtabula County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012, are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2012 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012 was \$2,610,068 in the general fund and \$174,558 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011, was \$2,945,496 in the general fund and \$205,059 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2011 Second Half Collections		2012 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$239,828,570	90.6%	\$216,906,060	90.5%
Public Utility Personal	24,734,720	9.3%	22,858,000	9.5%
General Business Personal	236,040	0.1%	0	0.0%
	\$264,799,330	100.0%	\$239,764,060	100.0%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$45.31		\$45.31	

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 9 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	(RESTATED) Balance 6/30/2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2012
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$402,305	\$0	\$0	\$402,305
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	409,540	25,833	0	435,373
Buildings and Improvements	5,687,256	181,784	0	5,869,040
Furniture, Equipment and Fixtures	2,178,363	38,750	(199,796)	2,017,317
Vehicles	1,658,245	0	(155,148)	1,503,097
Textbooks	1,144,097	76,374	(66,147)	1,154,324
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	11,077,501	322,741	(421,091)	10,979,151
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(364,065)	(4,132)	0	(368,197)
Building and Improvements	(4,942,431)	(24,638)	0	(4,967,069)
Furniture, Equipment and Fixtures	(1,778,151)	(155,778)	179,690	(1,754,239)
Vehicles	(1,074,240)	(128,791)	153,023	(1,050,008)
Textbooks	(1,073,164)	(71,747)	66,147	(1,078,764)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,232,051)	(385,086)	398,860	(9,218,277)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	1,845,450	(62,345)	(22,231)	1,760,874
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$2,247,755	(\$62,345)	(\$22,231)	\$2,163,179

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$129,580
Vocational	2,776
Support Services:	
Pupil	14,956
Instructional Staff	55,015
Administration	7,091
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	47,750
Pupil Transportation	119,191
Central	498
Operation of Food Services	3,831
Extracurricular Activities	4,398
Total Depreciation Expense	\$385,086

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*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012*

Note 10 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consisted of accrued interest, accounts, taxes and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current guarantee of Federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

General Fund:	
Medicaid Reimbursement	\$7,900
Non-major Governmental Funds:	
Education Jobs Grant	9,225
Title II-D Technology Grant	1,117
Title I Grant	27,402
Improving Teacher Quality Grant	10,593
Total Intergovernmental Receivable	\$56,237

Note 11 – Interfund Receivable/Payable

The interfund receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2012, as reported on the fund financial statements:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
Major Governmental Fund:		
General	\$39,101	\$0
Non-major Governmental Funds:		
Education Jobs	0	9,225
Title II-D Technology	0	1,117
Title I	0	18,447
Improving Teacher Quality	0	10,312
Total	\$39,101	\$39,101

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Note 12 – Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Only administrative and support personnel who are under a full year contract (11 and 12 month) are eligible for vacation time. The number of days granted are determined by an employees' length of service with the District. For fiscal year 2012, the superintendent was granted twenty days of vacation. Effective January 10, 2006 the treasurer was granted fifteen days of vacation prorated annually at a use or lose basis.

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Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Any vacation time which is unused as of the employee's anniversary date is expired and not available for use in a subsequent year unless approved by the superintendent. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. The classified personnel accumulate vacation based on the following schedule:

Years of Service	Vacation Weeks
1-8	2
9-13	3
14-beyond	4

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave shall accumulate during active employment on a continuous year-to-year basis; certified employees, 295 days and classified employees, 285 days.

For all employees, retirement severance is paid to each employee retiring from the District at a per diem rate of the annual salary at the time of retirement if the employee has been employed by the District for a minimum of ten consecutive years at the time of retirement for certified personnel and a minimum of five consecutive years for classified personnel. Any employee receiving retirement severance pay shall be entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to one-fourth of all accumulated sick leave credited to that employee up to 75 days for classified employees and for certified employees there is no max.

Note 13 – Pension Plans

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 12.70 percent. The remaining 1.30 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The District's contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$268,427, \$263,580, and \$293,889, respectively; 33.3 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school,

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community school, college, university, institution or other agency wholly controlled, managed and supported in whole, or in part, by the State or any political subdivision thereof.

Plan Options - New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the “formula benefit” or the “money-purchase benefit” calculation. Under the “formula benefit”, the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member’s three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2 percent multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5 percent. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6 percent for 32 years, 2.7 percent for 33 years and so on) until 100 percent of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5 percent instead of 2.2 percent. Under the “money-purchase benefit” calculation, a member’s lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

DC Plan Benefits – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5 percent are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members’ accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member’s designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member’s account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member’s defined benefit is determined by multiplying one percent of the member’s final average salary by the member’s years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Eligible faculty of Ohio’s public colleges and universities may choose to enroll in either STRS Ohio or an alternative retirement plan (ARP) offered by their employer. Employees have 120 days from their employment date to select a retirement plan.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or other Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by three percent of the original base amount for Defined Benefit Plan participants.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers.

Contribution requirements and the contributions actually made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, were 10 percent of covered payroll for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$931,407, \$1,017,576, and \$1,024,408, respectively; 84.4 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2012 were not available at the time this report was issued.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Copies of STRS Ohio's 2011 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* were available sometime after December 31, 2011.

Additional information or copies of STRS Ohio's 2011 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* can be requested by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, OH 43215-3371, or by calling toll free 1-888-227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

Note 14 – Postemployment Benefits

A. School Employees Retirement System

In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers two post-employment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan – The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2011 was \$96.40 for most

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

participants, but could be as high as \$369.10 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, the actuarially required allocation is .75 percent. The District's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$15,852, \$16,962, and \$17,477, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Health Care Plan – ORC Sections 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' post-employment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the health care allocation is 1.30 percent. An additional health care surcharge on employers is allocated for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. State law provides that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2012, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contributions assigned to health care for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$56,262, \$77,907, and \$63,469, respectively; 33.3 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The report can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description – The District contributes to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Care Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Pension Plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in STRS Ohio's financial report which may be obtained by calling (888) 227-7877 or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer Health Care Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2012, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contribution for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$71,647, \$78,275, and \$78,801, respectively; 84.4 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Note 15 – Risk Management

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The School District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through various commercial carriers.

Professional liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$1,000,000 for single occurrence and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate.

The School District maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$2,000,000 for any one accident or loss and \$2,000,000 in the aggregate and an additional \$1,000,000 in uninsured motorists' coverage. The School District maintains replacement cost insurance on buildings and contents in the amount of \$64,562,248; musical instruments, \$400,000; and, computers and electronic equipment, \$1,490,000.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

B. Employee Medical Benefits

The School District has contracted with the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments to provide employee medical/surgical, prescription drug, dental and vision benefits. The Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments is organized under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code and is comprised of seven Ashtabula County school districts. Rates are set by the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments board of directors. The School District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating school districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments is a separate and independent entity governed by its own set of by-laws and constitution. All assets and liabilities are the responsibility of the Council of Governments. The program is operated as a full indemnity program with no financial liability (other than monthly premiums) or risk to the School District. The School District is not liable nor receives a cash balance of past claims upon departure from the pool.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), and insurance purchasing pool, which was established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (the Program) was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool. The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the Program.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management Inc., provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Note 16 – Millennium Inorganic Corporation Tax Refund Escrow Fund

In anticipation of a pollution control equipment tax refund to the Millennium Inorganic Corporation, the District has set aside, within the general fund, the estimated tax refund of \$462,377. The Corporation has paid these taxes since 1993; figures used in the calculation of the refund were provided by Millennium Inorganic Corporation. The District has refunded \$688,508 in previous fiscal years.

Note 17 – Long-Term Obligations

A summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2012, are as follows:

	Outstanding 6/30/2011	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 6/30/2012	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities					
2003 Energy Conservation Bonds	\$55,000	\$0	(\$55,000)	\$0	\$0
Capital Leases	74,310	0	(28,618)	45,692	29,872
Compensated Absences	990,808	75,756	(39,327)	1,027,237	44,714
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$1,120,118	\$75,756	(\$122,945)	\$1,072,929	\$74,586

2003 Energy Conservation Bonds The District issued Energy Conservation Bonds in the amount of \$463,415 on July 10, 2002. The bonds matured in December 2011 and had an average interest rate of 4.625 percent.

Capital lease obligations are paid from the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service and Title I special revenue funds.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$21,578,765 with an unvoted debt margin of \$239,764 at June 30, 2012.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 18 – Jointly Governed Organizations and Related Organizations

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN) NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty one school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts support NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County districts, and a treasurer from each county. The District was represented on the Governing Board during fiscal year 2012. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. A complete set of separate financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

Kingsville Public Library The Kingsville Public Library (the Library) is a district political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on the behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Kingsville Public Library, Christine Stevens, Clerk/Treasurer, at 6006 Academy Street, Kingsville, Ohio 44048.

State Support Team (SST) – Region 5 The District participates in the State Support Team (SST), an Educational Regional Service System (ERSS). The mission of the SST is to provide regional districts with leadership, technical assistance and high quality professional development in the service areas of school improvement, literacy, early learning and school readiness and special education compliance. The 16 State Support Teams are responsible for the regional delivery of school improvement, literacy, special education compliance, and early learning and school readiness services to districts using a differentiated technical assistance structure of support based upon need. The teams work through the Office of Exceptional Children, Office of Literacy, Office of Early Learning and School Readiness and the Office of Field Relations by providing technical assistance and professional development. The SSTs include staff and services formerly provided by the Special Education Regional Resource Centers (SERRCs) and the Regional School Improvement Teams (RSITs).

House Bill 115 (HB 115) establishes the Educational Regional Service System (ERSS) and requires the creation of a coordinated, integrated and aligned system to support state and school districts efforts to improve school effectiveness and student achievement. It is the intent of the general assembly that the educational regional service system would reduce the unnecessary duplication of programs and services and provide for a more streamlined and efficient delivery of education services without reducing the availability of the services needed by school districts and schools. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the State Support Team Region 5 office at 5555 Youngstown-Warren Road, Unit 696, Niles, Ohio, 44446.

Ashtabula County Joint Vocational School District The Ashtabula County Joint Vocational School District (JVS) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students. The JVS is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating School Districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the School

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is its own budgeting and taxing authority. The School District did not make any contributions in fiscal year 2012. Financial information can be obtained from MaryAnn Wayman, Treasurer at Ashtabula County Joint Vocational School District, 1565 State Route 167, Jefferson, Ohio 44047.

Note 19 – Contingencies

A. Grants

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is not party to any legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending at June 30, 2012.

Note 20 – Set Asides

In prior years, the District was required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials. However, this State statute was repealed by 129th General Assembly, File No. 8, HB 30, § 2, eff. 7/1/11.

The District is still required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Capital	
	Textbooks	Improvements
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2011	\$181,630	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	0	341,932
Qualifying Disbursements	0	(393,118)
State Statute Repealed, Effective 7/1/11	(181,630)	0
Current year offsets	0	(397,205)
Total	\$0	(\$448,391)
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to		
Future Fiscal Years	\$0	\$0
Cash balance as of June 30, 2012	\$0	\$0

Although the District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

Note 21 – Capital Leases

In prior fiscal years, the School District also entered into lease agreements for the purchase of school busses. These lease obligations meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 13, “Accounting for Leases,” and have been recorded on the government-wide statements. These vehicles have been capitalized in the amount of \$284,372, the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the leases.

The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

Asset:	Governmental Activities
Vehicles	\$284,372
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(83,995)
Total Book Value as of June 30, 2012	\$200,377

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and present value of the minimum lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2013	\$31,862
2014	15,820
Total Minimum Lease Payments	47,682
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(1,990)
Present Value of Minimum Lease	\$45,692

Buckeye Local School District

Ashtabula County, Ohio

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012*

Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service in the fund financial statements for the permanent improvement capital projects fund. These expenditures are reflected as program expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Note 22 – Insurance Purchasing Pool

The District participates in a group-rating program for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (the Program) was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool.

The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the Program.

BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
ASHTABULA COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Grant Year	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u>				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:</i>				
<i>Nutrition Cluster:</i>				
<i>Non Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):</i>				
National School Lunch Program	2012	10.555	\$46,885	\$46,885
<i>Cash Assistance:</i>				
National School Breakfast Program	2012	10.553	107,386	107,386
National School Lunch Program	2012	10.555	379,217	379,217
<i>Total Nutrition Cluster</i>			<u>533,488</u>	<u>533,488</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			<u>533,488</u>	<u>533,488</u>
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</u>				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:</i>				
<i>Title I, Part A Cluster:</i>				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2011	84.010	10,158	18,597
	2012		365,872	379,795
Subtotal - CFDA No. 84.010			<u>376,030</u>	<u>398,392</u>
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2011	84.389	5,396	
<i>Total - Title 1, Part A Cluster</i>			<u>381,426</u>	<u>398,392</u>
Title 1-D for Neglected and Delinquent Children	2011	84.013	7,980	14,480
ARRA - Title 1-D for Neglected and Delinquent Children	2011		2,901	1,145
Subtotal - CFDA No. 84.013			<u>10,881</u>	<u>15,625</u>
Education Technology State Grants Title II, Part D	2011	84.318	1,843	1,843
English Language Acquisition Grants - Title III-A (ESEA)	2012	84.365	1,372	1,372
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Title II, Part A	2011	84.367	11,640	9,134
	2012		105,282	113,557
Subtotal - CFDA No. 84.367			<u>116,922</u>	<u>122,691</u>
Education Jobs Fund	2012	84.410	356,211	365,436
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			<u>868,655</u>	<u>905,359</u>
TOTALS			<u>\$1,402,143</u>	<u>\$1,438,847</u>

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

**BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
ASHTABULA COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012**

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Buckeye Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated commodities.

NOTE D – MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County
3436 Edgewood Drive
Ashtabula, Ohio 44004

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Buckeye Local School District, Ashtabula County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

November 9, 2012



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Buckeye Local School District
Ashtabula County
3436 Edgewood Drive
Ashtabula, Ohio 44004

To The Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Buckeye Local School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Buckeye Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The *summary of auditor's results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, the Buckeye Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

November 9, 2012

**BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
ASHTABULA COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505
JUNE 30, 2012**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	Major Programs (list): Education Jobs Title 1, Part A Child Nutrition Cluster	CFDA # 84.410 CFDA #s 10.553 and 10.555
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

**BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
ASHTABULA COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505
JUNE 30, 2012**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	Major Programs (list): Education Jobs Title 1, Part A Child Nutrition Cluster	CFDA # 84.410 CFDA #s 10.553 and 10.555
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

BUCKEYE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

ASHTABULA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
DECEMBER 20, 2012**