

Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**CENTERBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
KNOX COUNTY**

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Centerburg Local School District
Knox County
119 South Preston Street
Centerburg, Ohio 43011

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Centerburg Local School District, Knox County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.


In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Centerburg Local School District, Knox County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2011, the District adopted *Government Accounting Standard No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which resulted in reclassifications to its governmental fund balances.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



Dave Yost
Auditor of State

January 10, 2012

Centerburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011
Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Centerburg Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to those respective statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2011 are as follows:

- The School District was able to negotiate a complete salary freeze for all employees for fiscal year 2012, and step increases only for fiscal year 2013 and fiscal year 2014.
- Health insurance premiums increased fewer than four percent, which is favorable compared to the double digit increases historically standard in the industry.
- The School District continued to diligently monitor both revenues and expenses in order to prudently manage the resources needed to educate students.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Centerburg Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Centerburg Local School District, the general fund and the bond retirement fund are the most significant funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2011?" The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Centerburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011
Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all School District activities are classified as governmental. Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance, pupil transportation, operation of non-instructional services and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The School District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocated costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District's internal service fund accounts for dental self-insurance. The proprietary fund uses the accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefits of the parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Centerburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
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Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

You may recall that the *Statement of Net Assets* provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2011 compared to 2010:

Table 1
Net Assets
Governmental Activities

	2011	2010	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$8,869,852	\$8,577,865	\$291,987
Capital Assets, Net	18,936,549	19,779,760	(843,211)
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>27,806,401</u>	<u>28,357,625</u>	<u>(551,224)</u>
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	2,904,645	2,833,879	70,766
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	338,858	321,680	17,178
Due in More Than One Year	5,141,006	5,462,142	(321,136)
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>8,384,509</u>	<u>8,617,701</u>	<u>(233,192)</u>
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	14,349,554	14,937,765	(588,211)
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	303,143	281,237	21,906
Debt Service	810,172	663,238	146,934
Set Asides	488,074	381,984	106,090
Other Purposes	948,285	562,025	386,260
Unrestricted	2,522,664	2,913,675	(391,011)
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	<u>\$19,421,892</u>	<u>\$19,739,924</u>	<u>(\$318,032)</u>

Total assets decreased by \$551,224. The majority of this decrease is capital assets, due to the annual depreciation of capital assets.

Total liabilities decreased by \$233,192. The majority of this decrease is in due in more than one year, due to making annual payments on debt.

By comparing assets and liabilities, one can see the overall position of the School District has decreased slightly as evidenced by the decrease in net assets of \$318,032.

The vast majority of revenue supporting all governmental activities is general revenue. General revenue totaled \$8,982,960 or 79.94 percent of the total revenue. The most significant portions of the general revenue are grants and entitlements and local property tax. The remaining amount of revenue received was in the form of program revenues, which equates to \$2,254,249 or 20.06 percent of total revenue.

Centerburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011
Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2011 compared to 2010:

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets
Governmental Activities

	2011	2010	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$334,988	\$352,946	(\$17,958)
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,909,264	1,576,110	333,154
Capital Grants and Contributions	9,997	12,023	(2,026)
Total Program Revenues	<u>2,254,249</u>	<u>1,941,079</u>	<u>313,170</u>
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	2,832,549	2,814,934	17,615
Income Taxes	1,033,365	993,383	39,982
Grants and Entitlements	5,073,546	5,209,581	(136,035)
Unrestricted Contributions	18,332	0	18,332
Investments	12,499	22,929	(10,430)
Miscellaneous	12,669	3,368	9,301
Total General Revenues	<u>8,982,960</u>	<u>9,044,195</u>	<u>(61,235)</u>
Total Revenues	<u>11,237,209</u>	<u>10,985,274</u>	<u>251,935</u>
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	5,410,309	4,935,165	(475,144)
Special	1,350,028	1,676,622	326,594
Vocational	194,184	199,815	5,631
Student Intervention Services	127,053	10,814	(116,239)
Support Services:			
Pupils	356,177	435,830	79,653
Instructional Staff	299,776	169,252	(130,524)
Board of Education	9,266	9,930	664
Administration	1,052,621	1,013,161	(39,460)
Fiscal	314,784	345,607	30,823
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	947,755	1,021,389	73,634
Pupil Transportation	764,821	746,043	(18,778)
Central	6,000	6,000	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	243,007	222,052	(20,955)
Extracurricular Activities	343,791	379,171	35,380
Interest and Fiscal Charges	135,669	268,444	132,775
Total Program Expenses	<u>11,555,241</u>	<u>11,439,295</u>	<u>(115,946)</u>
Decrease in Net Assets	(318,032)	(454,021)	135,989
<i>Net Assets Beginning of Year</i>	<u>19,739,924</u>	<u>20,193,945</u>	<u>(454,021)</u>
<i>Net Assets End of Year</i>	<u>\$19,421,892</u>	<u>\$19,739,924</u>	<u>(\$318,032)</u>

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Total revenues decreased slightly from the prior year. The decrease in revenue was partially offset by grant revenue, due to Federal stimulus funds. The increase in expenses was mostly due to higher salaries being paid. School District employees received step increases and a base increase in their salaries, but with the retirement of higher paid teachers, some positions were replaced with teachers earning a lower salary.

Governmental Activities

The School District has carefully planned its financial existence by forecasting its revenues and expenses over the next five years. Although the School District relies heavily upon local property taxes to support its operations, the School District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset some operating costs.

The majority of the School District's budget is used to fund instructional expenses. Additional supporting services for pupils, staff, transportation and other operations of the School District is the second largest area of expense. The remaining amount of program expenses is budgeted to facilitate other obligations of the School District such as interest and fiscal charges, the food service program and numerous extracurricular activities.

The Statement of Activities shows the total net cost of program services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services for governmental activities and the net cost of those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2011	Net Cost of Services 2011	Total Cost of Services 2010	Net Cost of Services 2010
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$5,410,309	(\$4,698,430)	\$4,935,165	(\$4,525,020)
Special	1,350,028	(1,050,449)	1,676,622	(1,103,071)
Vocational	194,184	(193,114)	199,815	(198,741)
Student Intervention Services	127,053	60,049	10,814	(10,606)
Support Services:				
Pupils	356,177	(284,530)	435,830	(429,219)
Instructional Staff	299,776	(139,701)	169,252	(7,047)
Board of Education	9,266	(9,266)	9,930	(6,785)
Administration	1,052,621	(1,005,320)	1,013,161	(1,006,707)
Fiscal	314,784	(313,029)	345,607	(343,555)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	947,755	(866,466)	1,021,389	(967,938)
Pupil Transportation	764,821	(425,319)	746,043	(406,345)
Central	6,000	825	6,000	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	243,007	(2,997)	222,052	4,045
Extracurricular Activities	343,791	(237,576)	379,171	(228,783)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	135,669	(135,669)	268,444	(268,444)
Total	\$11,555,241	(\$9,300,992)	\$11,439,295	(\$9,498,216)

The negative numbers in the chart on the prior page demonstrate that the revenues specific to each program are not enough to meet the expenses of the School District. Because the remainder of the expenses is covered by general revenues the reliance upon local tax revenues for governmental activities is crucial.

Centerburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011
Unaudited

School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds can be found on page 16. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$10,874,895 and expenditures of \$11,138,046. The net change in fund balance for the year was a decrease of \$263,151. The general fund had revenues of \$8,810,155 and expenditures of \$9,222,111. This deficit of \$411,956 is due to an increase in expenditures. The School District used Federal stimulus dollars in grant funds in fiscal year 2010 to provide for teacher salaries, these expenses were back in the general fund in the current year causing a significant increase in regular instruction expenditures from the prior year. The bond retirement fund had revenues of \$463,172 and expenditures of \$466,575, leaving a decrease in fund balance of \$3,403.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2011, the School District amended its general fund budget numerous times, none significant. The School District uses an operational unit budget process and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenditures but provide flexibility for program based decision and management.

For the general fund, the original and final budget basis resources totaled \$8,165,000. The final budget was \$641,366 less than the actual revenues received in the amount of \$8,806,366. The majority of the difference between estimated and actual revenues was due to higher than anticipated intergovernmental revenue. Original and final budgeted appropriations and other financing uses were \$10,778,239. Actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$9,620,618, or \$1,157,621 less than the final budget, due to conservative spending.

The general fund's unencumbered ending cash balance totaled \$2,875,327, which was above the final budgeted amount of \$1,076,340.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 4 shows fiscal 2011 values compared to 2010. More detailed information is presented in Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
Governmental Activities

	2011	2010
Land	\$387,055	\$387,055
Buildings and Improvements	17,490,305	18,270,856
Furniture and Equipment	698,634	753,574
Vehicles	360,555	368,275
<i>Total Capital Assets</i>	<i>\$18,936,549</i>	<i>\$19,779,760</i>

Centerburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011
Unaudited

All capital assets, except land are reported net of depreciation. As one can see, there was a decrease in capital assets during the fiscal year; this was due to annual depreciation of the School District's assets. This depreciation was partially offset by purchases of assets, including computers and a new bus.

Debt

Table 5 below summarizes the School District's bonds outstanding. More detailed information is presented in Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year End
Governmental Activities

	2011	2010
Ohio School Facilities Commission Bonds	\$727,311	\$918,893
Refunded Ohio School Facilities Commission Bonds	4,364,407	4,365,529
<i>Total</i>	\$5,091,718	\$5,284,422

The 2001 school facilities bonds were issued for the local share of the School District's approved master plan with the Ohio School Facilities Commission. These bonds will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2028. A portion of these bonds was refunded during fiscal year 2007. These refunded bonds will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2028.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$7,710,259 with an unvoted debt margin of \$126,761. The School District maintains a bond rating of Aaa by Moody's.

Current Issues Affecting Financial Condition

The School District maintains a program of educational excellence. In 2011, Centerburg Local School District earned an Excellent with Distinction rating meeting 24 out of 26 criteria on the State Report Card.

The financial future of the School District is not without its challenges. These challenges are internal and external in nature. The internal challenges will continue to exist as the School District must continue to rely heavily on local property taxes to fund its operations. External challenges continue to evolve as the State of Ohio determines the outcome of the Ohio Supreme Court case dealing with the unconstitutionality of the State's educational funding system and budget cuts at the State level.

Information currently available to support an accurate five year forecast is very vague. It is still undetermined as to the impact and implementation of House Bill 153, and the ongoing effects of federal stimulus funds.

Property taxes remain consistent in Knox County, and fiscal year 2011 once again saw a small increase in income tax revenue, after two years of declining revenue.

Centerburg Local School District
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The volatility of the foundation funding source, due to the concerns over uncertain funding sources such as casinos and video lottery terminals, and income tax cut freezes, has placed an undue burden on all districts. The School District will try to maintain our current educational program by remaining vigilant regarding expenses.

The School District continues to be proactive in funds management. As revenues continue to decline, the School District reacted by aggressively containing personnel costs, negotiating a complete freeze on all staff salaries for fiscal year 2012, and reducing the high school/middle school staff by 4 positions and the elementary staff by 2 positions. We have cut one administrative position, 2 bus driver positions, 2 janitorial positions, 1 classroom aide and 9 assistant coaching positions. The School District is also in the early stage of implementing solar panels, in the hope of slowing the spiraling costs of power.

As a result of the challenges mentioned above, it is imperative the School District's management continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet student needs over the next several years.

In summary, the Centerburg Local School District has committed itself to financial and educational excellence for many years to come.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ellen Scott, Treasurer, at Centerburg Local School District, 175 Union Street, Centerburg, Ohio 43011, or email at ellen_s@treca.org.

Centerburg Local School District

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,823,648
Materials and Supplies Inventory	1,934
Accounts Receivable	540
Accrued Interest Receivable	87
Intergovernmental Receivable	564,966
Inventory Held for Resale	30,536
Income Tax Receivable	370,298
Property Taxes Receivable	3,018,451
Deferred Charges	59,392
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	387,055
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	18,549,494
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>27,806,401</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	73,255
Accrued Wages Payable	788,230
Contracts Payable	4,255
Intergovernmental Payable	184,675
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	34,557
Deferred Revenue	1,702,856
Claims Payable	1,901
Accrued Interest Payable	114,916
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	338,858
Due In More Than One Year	5,141,006
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>8,384,509</u>
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	14,349,554
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	303,143
Debt Service	810,172
Set Asides	488,074
Other Purposes	948,285
Unrestricted	2,522,664
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	<u><u>\$19,421,892</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$5,410,309	\$24,520	\$687,359	\$0	(\$4,698,430)
Special	1,350,028	6,718	292,861	0	(1,050,449)
Vocational	194,184	1,070	0	0	(193,114)
Student Intervention Services	127,053	0	187,102	0	60,049
Support Services:					
Pupils	356,177	1,640	70,007	0	(284,530)
Instructional Staff	299,776	885	159,190	0	(139,701)
Board of Education	9,266	0	0	0	(9,266)
Administration	1,052,621	5,963	41,338	0	(1,005,320)
Fiscal	314,784	1,755	0	0	(313,029)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	947,755	37,698	33,594	9,997	(866,466)
Pupil Transportation	764,821	4,166	335,336	0	(425,319)
Central	6,000	0	6,825	0	825
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	243,007	144,989	95,021	0	(2,997)
Extracurricular Activities	343,791	105,584	631	0	(237,576)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	135,669	0	0	0	(135,669)
Totals	\$11,555,241	\$334,988	\$1,909,264	\$9,997	(9,300,992)

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes	2,308,734
Debt Service	414,202
Capital Projects	68,464
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	41,149
Income Taxes Levied for General Purposes	1,033,365
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	5,073,546
Unrestricted Contributions	18,332
Investment Earnings	12,499
Miscellaneous	12,669

Total General Revenues 8,982,960

Change in Net Assets (318,032)

Net Assets Beginning of Year 19,739,924

Net Assets End of Year \$19,421,892

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2011

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,837,521	\$737,491	\$752,161	\$4,327,173
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	488,074	0	0	488,074
Accounts Receivable	540	0	0	540
Accrued Interest Receivable	87	0	0	87
Intergovernmental Receivable	4,806	0	560,160	564,966
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	30,536	30,536
Interfund Receivable	20,195	0	0	20,195
Income Tax Receivable	370,298	0	0	370,298
Property Taxes Receivable	2,523,199	406,638	88,614	3,018,451
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	1,934	1,934
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$6,244,720</u>	<u>\$1,144,129</u>	<u>\$1,433,405</u>	<u>\$8,822,254</u>
 Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$53,440	\$0	\$19,815	\$73,255
Accrued Wages Payable	677,595	0	110,635	788,230
Contracts Payable	4,255	0	0	4,255
Interfund Payable	0	0	20,195	20,195
Intergovernmental Payable	171,630	0	13,045	184,675
Deferred Revenue	1,660,210	255,381	458,902	2,374,493
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	34,557	0	0	34,557
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>2,601,687</u>	<u>255,381</u>	<u>622,592</u>	<u>3,479,660</u>
 Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	0	0	32,470	32,470
Restricted	488,074	888,748	806,161	2,182,983
Assigned	1,884,473	0	0	1,884,473
Unassigned (Deficit)	1,270,486	0	(27,818)	1,242,668
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>3,643,033</u>	<u>888,748</u>	<u>810,813</u>	<u>5,342,594</u>
<i>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$6,244,720</u>	<u>\$1,144,129</u>	<u>\$1,433,405</u>	<u>\$8,822,254</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
 Net Assets of Governmental Activities*
 June 30, 2011

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$5,342,594
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*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
 statement of net assets are different because*

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	18,936,549
---	------------

Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:

Property Tax	253,741
Intergovernmental	413,090
Miscellaneous	<u>4,806</u>

Total	671,637
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An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	6,500
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In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(114,916)
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Unamortized issuance costs represent deferred charges which do not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in funds.	59,392
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Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:

General Obligation Bonds	(5,091,718)
Compensated Absences	<u>(388,146)</u>

Total	<u>(5,479,864)</u>
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<i>Net Assets of Governmental Activities</i>	<u><u>\$19,421,892</u></u>
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$2,276,938	\$396,809	\$112,140	\$2,785,887
Income Taxes	1,033,365	0	0	1,033,365
Intergovernmental	5,391,753	66,363	1,219,074	6,677,190
Interest	12,494	0	0	12,494
Tuition and Fees	44,008	0	0	44,008
Extracurricular Activities	15,468	0	88,803	104,271
Contributions and Donations	18,332	0	3,562	21,894
Charges for Services	0	0	144,989	144,989
Rentals	8,720	0	33,000	41,720
Miscellaneous	9,077	0	0	9,077
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>8,810,155</u>	<u>463,172</u>	<u>1,601,568</u>	<u>10,874,895</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,300,589	0	364,176	4,664,765
Special	1,154,649	0	197,588	1,352,237
Vocational	200,651	0	0	200,651
Student Intervention Services	0	0	127,053	127,053
Support Services:				
Pupils	280,317	0	73,115	353,432
Instructional Staff	152,581	0	146,364	298,945
Board of Education	9,266	0	0	9,266
Administration	1,031,764	0	26,597	1,058,361
Fiscal	302,784	9,110	2,585	314,479
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	821,188	0	124,205	945,393
Pupil Transportation	716,757	0	1,634	718,391
Central	0	0	6,000	6,000
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	236,589	236,589
Extracurricular Activities	251,565	0	91,227	342,792
Capital Outlay	0	0	52,227	52,227
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	255,000	0	255,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	202,465	0	202,465
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>9,222,111</u>	<u>466,575</u>	<u>1,449,360</u>	<u>11,138,046</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	(411,956)	(3,403)	152,208	(263,151)
<i>Fund Balances Beginning of Year - Restated (See Note 4)</i>	<u>4,054,989</u>	<u>892,151</u>	<u>658,605</u>	<u>5,605,745</u>
<i>Fund Balances End of Year</i>	<u>\$3,643,033</u>	<u>\$888,748</u>	<u>\$810,813</u>	<u>\$5,342,594</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (263,151)

*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
statement of activities are different because*

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

Capital Outlay	122,267
Depreciation	<u>(965,478)</u>

Total (843,211)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property Taxes	46,662
Intergovernmental	312,055
Miscellaneous	<u>3,592</u>

Total 362,309

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.

255,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest on Bonds	132,944
Amortization of Premium	18,064
Amortization of Loss	(14,212)
Amortization of Issuance Costs	(3,852)
Bond Accretion	<u>(66,148)</u>

Total 66,796

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

111,254

The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of dental insurance is included in the statement of activities and not on the governmental fund statement of revenues and expenditures.

(7,029)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

(\$318,032)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$2,241,700	\$2,241,700	\$2,289,071	\$47,371
Income Taxes	1,006,000	1,006,000	1,017,475	11,475
Intergovernmental	4,821,600	4,821,600	5,391,753	570,153
Interest	20,000	20,000	12,432	(7,568)
Tuition and Fees	47,000	47,000	44,008	(2,992)
Extracurricular Activities	16,000	16,000	15,468	(532)
Contributions and Donations	4,000	4,000	18,332	14,332
Rentals	5,700	5,700	8,720	3,020
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,000	9,107	6,107
<i>Total Revenues</i>	8,165,000	8,165,000	8,806,366	641,366
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,525,093	4,584,721	4,399,672	185,049
Special	1,310,174	1,263,474	1,143,735	119,739
Vocational	207,945	201,530	194,701	6,829
Support Services:				
Pupils	328,258	327,308	285,671	41,637
Instructional Staff	166,012	174,467	158,642	15,825
Board of Education	10,098	10,098	9,298	800
Administration	1,500,106	1,338,316	1,099,051	239,265
Fiscal	339,722	356,722	324,165	32,557
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,213,028	1,265,200	966,673	298,527
Pupil Transportation	887,683	938,283	783,530	154,753
Extracurricular Activities	264,620	292,620	255,480	37,140
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	10,752,739	10,752,739	9,620,618	1,132,121
<i>Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures</i>	(2,587,739)	(2,587,739)	(814,252)	1,773,487
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers Out	(25,500)	(25,500)	0	25,500
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(2,613,239)	(2,613,239)	(814,252)	1,798,987
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	3,394,034	3,394,034	3,394,034	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	295,545	295,545	295,545	0
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	\$1,076,340	\$1,076,340	\$2,875,327	\$1,798,987

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District
Statement of Fund Net Assets
Internal Service Fund
June 30, 2011

	<u>Insurance</u>
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$8,401
Liabilities	
Claims Payable	<u>1,901</u>
Net Assets	
Unrestricted	<u>\$6,500</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District
*Statement of Revenues,
Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

	Insurance
Operating Revenues	\$0
Operating Expenses	
Claims	7,034
<i>Operating Loss</i>	(7,034)
Non-Operating Revenues	
Interest	5
<i>Change in Net Assets</i>	(7,029)
<i>Net Assets Beginning of Year</i>	13,529
<i>Net Assets End of Year</i>	\$6,500

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District
Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Insurance
<i>Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</i>	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Payments for Claims	(\$10,637)
<i>Net Cash Used in Operating Activities</i>	(10,637)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest on Investments	5
<i>Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents</i>	(10,632)
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year</i>	19,033
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year</i>	\$8,401
 <i>Reconciliation of Operating Loss</i>	
<i>to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities</i>	
<i>Operating Loss</i>	(\$7,034)
Decrease in Claims Payable	(3,603)
<i>Net Cash Used in Operating Activities</i>	(\$10,637)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2011

	Private-Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$126,374	<u>\$46,405</u>
Liabilities		
Due to Students	<u>0</u>	<u>\$46,405</u>
Net Assets		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	<u>\$126,374</u>	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Private Purpose Trust Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	<u>Scholarship</u>
Additions	
Interest	\$537
Contributions and Donations	2,500
Miscellaneous	<u>2,469</u>
<i>Total Additions</i>	5,506
Deductions	
Scholarships Awarded	<u>12,526</u>
<i>Change in Net Assets</i>	(7,020)
<i>Net Assets Beginning of Year</i>	<u>133,394</u>
<i>Net Assets End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$126,374</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Centerburg Local School District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by State and federal agencies. The Board of Education controls the School District's two instructional facilities, one administrative building, and one garage staffed by 39 classified employees and 79 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 1,164 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Centerburg Local School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in the Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association and the Knox County Career Center, jointly governed organizations, and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are presented in Notes 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its internal service fund unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid “doubling up” revenues and expenses. These statements usually distinguish those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District’s governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District’s major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account and report for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Fund The bond retirement fund is used to account for property taxes and intergovernmental revenue restricted for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Proprietary Fund Type Proprietary funds reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows and are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The School District only has an internal service fund.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund is a self insurance fund that accounts for dental benefits of School District employees.

Fiduciary Fund Types Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for a college scholarship program for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (e.g., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (e.g., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund activity.

The private purpose trust fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the income is earned and revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2011, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

During fiscal year 2011, investments were limited to STAROhio, the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2011.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2011 amounted to \$12,494, which includes \$3,921 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change in nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund include amounts required by statute to be set-aside by the School District for the purchase of textbooks and capital improvements. See Note 19 for additional information regarding set asides.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of donated and purchased food, held for resale and materials and supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

All capital assets of the School District are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of capital assets by back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the assets to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	25 - 50 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as “interfund receivables/payables.” These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees’ wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District’s termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after ten years of service with the School District.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account “matured compensated absences payable” in the fund from which the employees who have resigned or retired will be paid. The non-current portion of the liability is not reported.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Bond Issuance Costs

Bond Issuance costs for underwriting fees and bond insurance for the 2001 Ohio School Facilities Commission Bonds and 2007 Refunded Ohio Facilities Commission Bonds are being amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the obligations in the School District's governmental activities. The straight-line method of amortization is not materially different from the effective-interest method.

As permitted by State Statute, the School District paid bond issuance costs from the bond proceeds and therefore does not consider that portion of the debt to be capital-related debt. That portion of the debt was offset against the unamortized bond issuance costs which were included in the determination of unrestricted net assets. Reporting both within the same element of net assets prevents one classification from being overstated while another is understated by the same amount.

Bond Premium

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized for the term of the bonds using the straight-line method since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount on the bonds payable. On governmental fund statements, bond premiums are received in the year the bonds are issued.

Deferred Loss on Refunding

The difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) of the Ohio School Facilities Commission refunding bonds and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the deferred amount (loss) on refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense. The accounting loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented net of the general obligation bonds payable on the statement of net assets.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include athletics, food service operations, special education and classroom facilities maintenance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for the self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as nonoperating.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been given authority to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that was in effect at the time the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Fund Balance

Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2011, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" and Statement No. 59, "Financial Instruments Omnibus".

GASB Statement No. 54 enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The implementation of this statement resulted in the reclassification of the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 59 addresses significant practice issues that have arisen when accounting for financial instruments and external investment pools. The implementation of this statement resulted in no change to the School District's financial statements.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Restatement of Fund Balance

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 had the following effect on fund balances of the major and nonmajor funds as they were previously reported:

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental	Total
Fund Balance at June 30, 2010	\$4,033,742	\$892,151	\$679,852	\$5,605,745
Change in Fund Structure	21,247	0	(21,247)	0
Adjusted Fund Balance at June 30, 2010	<u>\$4,054,989</u>	<u>\$892,151</u>	<u>\$658,605</u>	<u>\$5,605,745</u>

Note 4 – Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Bond Retirement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
<i>Nonspendable</i>				
Food Service Inventory	\$0	\$0	\$32,470	\$32,470
<i>Restricted for</i>				
Food Service Operations	0	0	19,546	19,546
Classroom Maintenance	0	0	359,097	359,097
District Managed Activities	0	0	17,457	17,457
Student Intervention Services	0	0	40,950	40,950
Special Education	0	0	11,171	11,171
Teacher's Salaries	0	0	44,006	44,006
Textbooks and Capital Improvements	488,074	0	0	488,074
Other Purposes	0	0	17,280	17,280
Debt Service Payments	0	888,748	0	888,748
Capital Improvements	0	0	296,654	296,654
<i>Total Restricted</i>	<u>488,074</u>	<u>888,748</u>	<u>806,161</u>	<u>2,182,983</u>
<i>Assigned to</i>				
Other Purposes	1,884,473	0	0	1,884,473
<i>Unassigned (Deficit)</i>	<u>1,270,486</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(27,818)</u>	<u>1,242,668</u>
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$3,643,033</u>	<u>\$888,748</u>	<u>\$810,813</u>	<u>\$5,342,594</u>

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 5 – Accountability

The Title VI-B and fiscal stabilization special revenue funds had deficit fund balances of \$21,903 and \$5,915, respectively, at June 30, 2011. The special revenue funds deficits resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in the funds and provide transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 6 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements on a fund type basis for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
GAAP Basis	(\$411,956)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(3,789)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	71,978
Encumbrances	(470,485)
Budget Basis	<u><u>(\$814,252)</u></u>

Note 7 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Centerburg Local School District
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Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year-end, \$3,015,957 of the School District's bank balance of \$5,020,080 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments As of June 30, 2011, the School District only had an investment in STAROhio, the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. This investment of \$109,871 has an average maturity of 58.3 days.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Credit Risk STAROhio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Note 8 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2011 represents collections of calendar year 2010 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2011 were levied after April 1, 2010, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2010, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2011 represents collections of calendar year 2010 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2011 became a lien December 31, 2009, were levied after April 1, 2010 and are collected in calendar year 2011 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2011 (other than public utility property tax) represents the collection of 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing and equipment, furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009, on the value as of December 31, 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The School District receives property taxes from Knox, Delaware and Licking Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2011, are available to finance fiscal year 2011 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2011 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011 was \$867,795 in the general fund, \$151,257 in the debt service fund, \$26,808 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund and \$15,994 in the classroom facilities special revenue fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010, was \$879,928 in the general fund, \$154,119 in the debt service fund, \$27,216 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund and \$16,245 in the classroom facilities special revenue fund.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2011 taxes were collected are:

	2010 Second Half Collections		2011 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$124,972,450	97.81%	\$126,614,640	97.81%
Public Utility Personal	2,452,820	1.92	2,684,750	2.07
General Business Personal	345,680	0.27	146,630	0.12
	\$127,770,950	100.00%	\$129,446,020	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$39.00		\$39.00

Note 9 – Income Tax

The School District levies a voted tax of .75 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 1998, and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund.

Note 10 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2011, consisted of taxes, accounts and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, other than delinquent taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivable follows:

Governmental Activities	
Education Jobs	\$279,966
Title I	101,964
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	94,959
Title VI-B	59,678
Title II-A	11,521
Race to the Top	10,387
Miscellaneous	4,806
Drug Free Grant	1,685
Total Governmental Activities	\$564,966

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 11 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2010	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2011
Governmental Activities				
Non-Depreciable Assets				
Land	\$387,055	\$0	\$0	\$387,055
Depreciable Assets				
Building and Improvements	24,857,961	0	0	24,857,961
Furniture and Equipment	1,350,925	46,575	0	1,397,500
Vehicles	1,152,063	75,692	(92,771)	1,134,984
Total Depreciable Assets	<u>27,360,949</u>	<u>122,267</u>	<u>(92,771)</u>	<u>27,390,445</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Building and Improvements	(6,587,105)	(780,551)	0	(7,367,656)
Furniture and Equipment	(597,351)	(101,515)	0	(698,866)
Vehicles	(783,788)	(83,412)	92,771	(774,429)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(7,968,244)</u>	<u>(965,478) *</u>	<u>92,771</u>	<u>(8,840,951)</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>19,392,705</u>	<u>(843,211)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>18,549,494</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$19,779,760</u>	<u>(\$843,211)</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$18,936,549</u>

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	
Regular	\$842,792
Special	927
Vocational	10,134
Support Services	
Pupils	560
Instructional Staff	576
Administration	589
Fiscal	460
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	14,631
Pupil Transportation	88,397
Extracurricular Activities	999
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	5,413
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$965,478</u>

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 12 – Long-Term Obligations

The original issue date, interest rate, original issue amount and date of maturity of each of the School District's bonds follow:

<u>Debt Issue</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Issue Amount</u>	<u>Year of Maturity</u>
2001 Ohio School Facilities Commission Bonds:			
Current Interest Serial Bonds	3.4 - 4.3%	\$1,790,000	2001 to 2010
Capital Appreciation Bonds	7.69%	336,995	2012 to 2014
2007 Refunded Ohio Facilities Commission Bonds			
Current Interest Serial Bonds	4.0 - 5.0%	1,835,000	2020 to 2023
Current Interest Term Bonds	3.8 - 5.75%	2,325,000	2007-2027
Capital Appreciation Bonds	4.17%	194,998	2014

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2011 were as follows:

	<u>Principal Outstanding June 30, 2010</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Principal Outstanding June 30, 2011</u>	<u>Amount Due in One Year</u>
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds					
Ohio School Facilities Commission Bonds					
Current Interest Serial Bonds	\$245,000	\$0	\$245,000	\$0	\$0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	336,995	0	0	336,995	118,103
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	336,898	53,418	0	390,316	146,897
Total Ohio School Facilities Commission Bonds	918,893	53,418	245,000	727,311	265,000
Refunded Ohio School Facilities Commission Bonds					
Current Interest Serial Bonds	1,835,000	0	0	1,835,000	0
Current Interest Term Bonds	2,230,000	0	10,000	2,220,000	10,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	194,998	0	0	194,998	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	42,285	12,730	0	55,015	0
Premium on Bonds	296,551	0	18,064	278,487	0
Unamortized Loss	(233,305)	0	(14,212)	(219,093)	0
Total Refunded Ohio School Facilities Commission Bonds	4,365,529	12,730	13,852	4,364,407	10,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	5,284,422	66,148	258,852	5,091,718	275,000
Compensated Absences	499,400	4,782	116,036	388,146	63,858
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$5,783,822	\$70,930	\$374,888	\$5,479,864	\$338,858

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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General obligation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service special revenue fund.

In 2001, the School District issued \$6,481,995 in Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) bonds which included serial, term and capital appreciation (deep discount) bonds in the amount of \$1,790,000, \$4,355,000 and \$336,995, respectively. The OSFC bonds were issued for construction of new school buildings. The bonds were issued for a twenty-five year period with the final maturity at December 1, 2027. The bonds will be retired from the debt service fund. At June 30, 2007 the full amount of the term bonds had been retired by the School District through an advance refunding.

The serial and capital appreciation bonds remained outstanding at June 30, 2007. The capital appreciation bonds were originally sold at a discount of \$478,005, which is being accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds, which is 2012 through 2014. The maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds is \$815,000. The accretion recorded for 2011 was \$53,418, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$727,311.

On October 4, 2006, the School District issued \$4,354,998 in general obligation bonds to refund a portion of the OSFC general obligation bonds in order to take advantage of lower interest rates. The bonds included serial, term and capital appreciation (deep discount) bonds in the amount of \$1,835,000, \$2,325,000 and \$194,998, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty-five year period with the final maturity at December 1, 2027.

The capital appreciation bonds were originally sold at a discount of \$304,002, which is being accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds, which is December 2014.

The maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2011 is \$499,000. The accretion recorded for 2011 was \$12,730 for a total outstanding bond liability of \$250,013 at June 30, 2011.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2014 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2012	\$10,000
2013	10,000
2014	10,000
Total	<u>\$30,000</u>

The remaining principal amount of the term bonds (\$295,000) will mature at stated maturity on December 1, 2014.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2019 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2016	\$320,000
2017	335,000
2018	365,000
Total	<u>\$1,020,000</u>

The remaining principal amount of the term bonds (\$390,000) will mature at stated maturity on December 1, 2019.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2027 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2024	\$110,000
2025	120,000
2026	125,000
Total	\$355,000

The remaining principal amount of the term bonds (\$130,000) will mature at stated maturity on December 1, 2027.

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2011 was \$7,710,259 with an unvoted debt margin of \$126,761. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	General Obligation Bonds					
	OSFC Serial		OSFC Term		OSFC Capital Appreciation	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2012	\$0	\$0	\$10,000	\$196,998	\$118,103	\$146,897
2013	0	0	10,000	196,598	111,586	158,414
2014	0	0	10,000	196,198	107,306	172,694
2015	0	0	295,000	195,798	0	0
2016	0	0	0	0	194,998	304,002
2017-2021	420,000	102,922	1,410,000	621,279	0	0
2022-2026	1,415,000	186,270	230,000	35,689	0	0
2027-2028	0	0	255,000	15,980	0	0
Total	\$1,835,000	\$289,192	\$2,220,000	\$1,458,540	\$531,993	\$782,007

In 2007, the School District defeased a 2001 OSFC bond issue, in order to take advantage of lower interest rates. The proceeds of the new bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. On June 30, 2011, \$4,105,000 of the defeased bonds are still outstanding.

Note 13 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association The School District is a participant in the Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA), which is a computer consortium. TRECA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Delaware, Marion, Morrow, Knox, and Wyandot Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. The governing board of TRECA consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county. The degree of control exercised by

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. The School District paid \$26,873 to TRECA during fiscal year 2011 for services. Financial information can be obtained from Mike Carder, who serves as Director, 2222 Marion-Mt. Gilead Road, Marion, Ohio 43302.

Knox County Career Center The Knox County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The School District did not make any payments to the Career Center during fiscal year 2011. To obtain financial information, write to the Knox County Career Center, Tracy Elliott, who serves as Treasurer, at 306 Martinsburg Road, Mount Vernon, Ohio 43050.

Note 14 - Insurance Purchasing Pool

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Post President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 15 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2011, the School District contracted with Ohio School Plan for various types of insurance as follows:

Type of Coverage	Deductible	Coverage
Building and Contents-replacement cost	\$1,000	\$48,276,179
Crime Insurance	1,000	100,000
Automobile Liability	1,000	1,000,000
General Liability -		
Per Occurrence	0	1,000,000
Per Year	0	3,000,000
Errors and Omissions	2,500	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from last year.

Workers' Compensation

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP’s selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Employee Insurance Benefits

As of July 1, 2010, the School District is no longer self insured. The self insurance fund is being utilized for the transition period to account for any run off claims dated prior to June 30, 2010. The claims liability of \$1,901 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2011 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claim Payments	Balance at End of Year
2010	\$4,358	\$51,421	\$50,275	\$5,504
2011	5,504	7,034	10,637	1,901

Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained on SERS’ website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS’ Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board acting with the advices of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 11.81 percent. The remaining 2.19 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B funds. The School District’s required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$139,189, \$151,973 and \$103,415, respectively. For 2011, 50.10 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations.

The School District's required contributions to STRS Ohio for the DB Plan and for the defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan were \$590,219 and \$15,758 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, \$592,285 and \$17,597 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, and \$578,659 and none for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. For fiscal year 2011, 94.48 percent has been contributed for the DB plan and 94.48 percent has been contributed for the Combined Plan, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

Contributions made to STRS Ohio for the DC Plan and for fiscal year 2011 were \$2,096 made by the School District and \$14,191 made by the plan members. In addition, member contributions of \$11,256 were made for fiscal year 2011 for the defined contribution portion of the Combined Plan.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2011, four members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages.

Note 17 - Postemployment Benefits

School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2011, 1.43 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2011, this amount was \$35,800. During fiscal year 2011, the School District paid \$17,441 in surcharge.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$16,854, \$5,470, and \$47,327, respectively. For 2011, 50.10 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 2009.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2011, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, were \$8,957, \$5,265, and \$4,805 respectively. For 2011, 50.10 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2011, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$45,401, \$45,560, and \$44,512 respectively. For 2011, 94.48 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 2009.

Note 18 - Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation.

Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 200 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, all employees receive payment for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum of 50 days.

Medical Insurance Benefits

The School District provides medical insurance to most employees through the Anthem Insurance Company. Monthly premiums for fiscal year 2011 were \$1,379 for family coverage and \$501 for single coverage.

Life Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through the National Term Life Insurance Company.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Deferred Compensation

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

Note 19 - Set Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Improvements Reserve	Textbooks Instructional Materials Reserve
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2010	\$283,721	\$98,263
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	175,566	175,566
Current Year Offsets	(73,800)	0
Qualifying Disbursements	(21,225)	(150,017)
Total	\$364,262	\$123,812
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$364,262	\$0
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2011	\$364,262	\$123,812

Effective July 1, 2011, the textbook set aside is no longer required and has been removed from existing law. This balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal year. The total reserve balance at the end of the fiscal year was \$488,074.

Centerburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 20 - Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2011.

Litigation

The School District is not party to legal proceedings.

Note 21 – Interfund Balances

As of June 30 2011, the general fund had a \$20,195 interfund receivable and the miscellaneous federal grants fund had an interfund payable in the amount of \$20,195. The interfund receivable and payable are due to the general fund covering a deficit cash balance in that fund.

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**CENTERBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
KNOX COUNTY**

**FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011**

FEDERAL GRANTOR	Federal		
<i>Pass Through Grantor</i>	CFDA		
<u>Program Title</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:</i>			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$ 44,064	\$ 44,064
Cash Assistance:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	111,045	111,045
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		<u>155,109</u>	<u>155,109</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		<u>155,109</u>	<u>155,109</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Community - National Programs	84.184	25,000	25,780
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:</i>			
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	103,163	102,928
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.389	18,091	23,445
Total Title I Grants Cluster		<u>121,254</u>	<u>126,373</u>
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	84.027	201,105	211,542
ARRA - Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	84.391	34,562	43,921
Total Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B) Cluster		<u>235,667</u>	<u>255,463</u>
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	29,967	28,625
Title II-D Education Technology	84.318	1,167	1,361
21st Century	84.287	105,021	124,438
ARRA - Race To The Top	84.395	2,585	2,073
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund	84.394	422,109	420,026
Total U.S. Department of Education		<u>942,770</u>	<u>984,139</u>
Total Federal Awards		<u>\$ 1,097,879</u>	<u>\$ 1,139,248</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

**CENTERBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
KNOX COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011**

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Centerburg Local School District, Knox County, Ohio (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Centerburg Local School District
Knox County
119 South Preston Street
Centerburg, Ohio 43011

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Centerburg Local School District, Knox County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2011, wherein we noted the District adopted Government Accounting Standard 54 which resulted in reclassification to governmental fund balances. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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www.auditor.state.oh.us

Centerburg Local School District
Knox County
Independent Accountants' Report On Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters
Required by *Government Auditing Standards*
Page 2

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated January 10, 2012.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping initial "D".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

January 10, 2012



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Centerburg Local School District
Knox County
119 South Preston Street
Centerburg, Ohio 43011

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Centerburg Local School District, Knox County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Centerburg Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2011. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, the Centerburg Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

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A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

January 10, 2012

**CENTERBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
KNOX COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505
JUNE 30, 2011**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	Major Programs (list):	CFDA # 84.394 – ARRA – State Fiscal Stabilization Fund
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Centerburg Local School District
Knox County
119 South Preston Street
Centerburg, Ohio 43011

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether the Centerburg Local School District, Knox County, Ohio, (the District) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on April 11, 2011 to include violence within a dating relationship within its definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

January 10, 2012

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

CENTERBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

KNOX COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
FEBRUARY 9, 2012**