



LAKEWOOD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Lakewood City School District Cuyahoga County 1470 Warren Road Lakewood, Ohio 44107

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lakewood City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lakewood City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3B, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" and restated the June 30, 2010 fund balances of the Governmental Funds due to a change in fund structure. Also described in Note 3E, the District restated the internal service fund's net assets and the governmental activities net assets at June 30, 2010 due to an overstatement of liabilities related to claims payable in the prior year.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 14, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Lakewood City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 14, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of Lakewood City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2011 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased \$4,202,965. Net assets of governmental activities increased \$3,914,579, which represents an 18.85% increase from 2010. Net assets of business-type activities increased \$288,386 from 2010.
- Governmental activities general revenues accounted for \$70,686,026 in revenue or 80.64% of all governmental
 activities revenues. Governmental activities program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales,
 operating grants and contributions accounted for \$16,967,183 or 19.36% of total governmental activities revenues of
 \$87,653,209.
- The District had \$83,738,630 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$16,967,183 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, operating grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$70,686,026 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District had \$1,791,376 in expenses related to business-type activities; a total of \$2,078,956 were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues include only investment earnings of \$806. Total revenues were adequate to provide for these programs by \$288,386 resulting in an increase in net assets from a deficit of \$176,316 to a balance of \$112,070.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund. The general fund had \$67,436,598 in revenues and \$65,492,597 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance increased \$1,944,001 from a restated balance of \$11,813,210 to \$13,757,211.
- Another of the District's major governmental funds is the debt service fund. The debt service fund had \$9,502,546 in revenues and \$8,917,091 in expenditures. The debt service fund's fund balance increased \$585,455 from \$5,370,270 to \$5,955,725.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net assets* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and debt service fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2011?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Business-type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District's recreation programs and food service operations are reported as business-type activities.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 17-19 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match information provided in the statements for the District as a whole. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-27 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in two agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 28-29. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 31-77 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 **UNAUDITED**

The District as a Whole

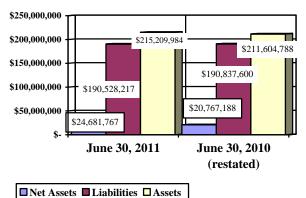
The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010. Net assets of the governmental activities at June 30, 2010 have been restated as described in Note 3.E.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Total			
	2011	Restated 2010	2011	2010	2011	Restated 2010		
Assets Current assets Capital assets, net	\$ 78,905,278 136,304,706	\$ 72,843,075 138,761,713	\$ 358,972 56,263	\$ 150,762 21,317	\$ 79,264,250 136,360,969	\$ 72,993,837 138,783,030		
Total assets	215,209,984	211,604,788	415,235	172,079	215,625,219	211,776,867		
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	49,569,821 140,958,396 190,528,217	47,757,972 143,079,628 190,837,600	206,292 96,873 303,165	244,462 103,933 348,395	49,776,113 141,055,269 190,831,382	48,002,434 143,183,561 191,185,995		
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	20,712,915 9,227,464 (5,258,612)	20,772,366 9,179,008 (9,184,186)	56,263 - 55,807	21,317 - (197,633)	20,769,178 9,227,464 (5,202,805)	20,793,683 9,179,008 (9,381,819)		
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 24,681,767	\$ 20,767,188	\$ 112,070	\$ (176,316)	\$ 24,793,837	\$ 20,590,872		

The graphs below show the District's assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010.

Governmental - Net Assets



Business-Type – Net Assets



■ Liabilities ■ Net Assets ■ Assets

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

The table below shows the changes in net assets for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. Net assets for 2010 have been restated as described in Note 3.E. In addition, the 2010 balance of operating grants and contributions and general revenues – grants and entitlements have been restated to report State foundation funding for special education teachers and aides which is reported as an operating grant and contribution rather than as general revenue.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
		Restated				Restated
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 4,885,242	\$ 4,870,784	\$ 918,235	\$ 947,476	\$ 5,803,477	\$ 5,818,260
Operating grants and contributions	12,081,941	10,442,984	1,160,721	1,151,183	13,242,662	11,594,167
General revenues:						
Property taxes	46,090,136	41,073,479	-	-	46,090,136	41,073,479
Grants and entitlements	24,305,558	24,514,485	-	-	24,305,558	24,514,485
Investment earnings	155,323	236,916	806	74	156,129	236,990
Payment in lieu of taxes	67,210	38,691	-	-	67,210	38,691
Miscellaneous	67,799	173,783	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	67,799	173,783
Total revenues	87,653,209	81,351,122	2,079,762	2,098,733	89,732,971	83,449,855

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

	Governmental Activities		Business-type activities		Total	
		Restated		_		Restated
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Expenses						
Program expenses:						
Instruction:						
Regular	29,259,061	32,106,503	-	-	29,259,061	32,106,503
Special	13,821,513	13,507,687	-	-	13,821,513	13,507,687
Vocational	2,906,196	2,874,671	-	-	2,906,196	2,874,671
Adult/continuing	291,651	224,798	-	-	291,651	224,798
Other	3,450,482	2,849,169	-	-	3,450,482	2,849,169
Support services:						
Pupil	4,590,126	4,855,970	-	-	4,590,126	4,855,970
Instructional staff	4,621,838	4,826,057	-	-	4,621,838	4,826,057
Board of education	97,469	35,851	-	-	97,469	35,851
Administration	3,396,433	3,392,528	-	-	3,396,433	3,392,528
Fiscal	1,714,244	1,750,824	-	-	1,714,244	1,750,824
Business	1,004,529	998,011	-	-	1,004,529	998,011
Operations and maintenance	7,585,509	8,624,418	-	-	7,585,509	8,624,418
Pupil transportation	79,336	91,754	-	-	79,336	91,754
Central	447,441	405,642	-	-	447,441	405,642
Operation of non-instructional services	2,886,651	2,835,338	-	-	2,886,651	2,835,338
Extracurricular activities	1,275,495	1,457,857	-	-	1,275,495	1,457,857
Interest and fiscal charges	6,310,656	6,288,905	-	-	6,310,656	6,288,905
Food service	-	-	1,508,001	1,689,720	1,508,001	1,689,720
Recreation			283,375	225,257	283,375	225,257
Total expenses	83,738,630	87,125,983	1,791,376	1,914,977	85,530,006	89,040,960
Changes in net assets	3,914,579	(5,774,861)	288,386	183,756	4,202,965	(5,591,105)
Net assets (deficit) at						
beginning of year (restated)	20,767,188	26,542,049	(176,316)	(360,072)	20,590,872	26,181,977
Net assets (deficit) at end of year	\$ 24,681,767	\$ 20,767,188	\$ 112,070	\$ (176,316)	\$ 24,793,837	\$ 20,590,872

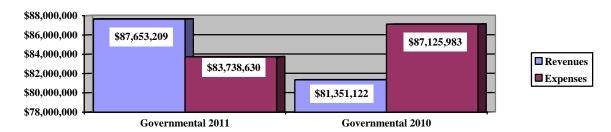
Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$3,914,579. Total governmental expenses of \$83,738,630 were offset by program revenues of \$16,967,183 and general revenues of \$70,686,026. Program revenues supported 20.26% of the total governmental expenses. Revenues of the governmental activities increased \$6,302,087. The most significant increases in revenues were in the areas of operating grants and contributions and property taxes. Operating grants and contributions increased 15.69% due to the Education Jobs grant. Property taxes increased \$5,016,657 or 12.21% due to a new 6.9 mill operating levy passed by the District voters. Expenses of the governmental activities decreased \$3,387,353. The most significant decrease was in the area of regular instruction which decreased \$2,847,442. This decrease was primarily the result of the District's Timely Retirement Incentive Program (TRIP) which has decreased staffing levels.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2011 and 2010. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted grants and entitlements. The 2010 net cost of services for special instruction has been restated to report State foundation funding for special education teachers and aides which is reported as an operating grant and contribution offsetting special instruction.

Governmental Activities

	Т	Total Cost of Services 2011		Net Cost of Services 2011		Total Cost of Services 2010		Restated Net Cost of Services 2010	
Program expenses:									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	29,259,061	\$	25,559,059	\$	32,106,503	\$	29,342,920	
Special		13,821,513		8,477,198		13,507,687		8,554,412	
Vocational		2,906,196		1,383,349		2,874,671		735,732	
Adult/continuing		291,651		(24,189)		224,798		1,871	
Other		3,450,482		2,749,950		2,849,169		2,350,892	

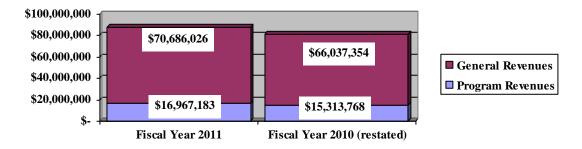
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

	Total Cost of Services 2011	Net Cost of Services 2011	Total Cost of Services 2010	Restated Net Cost of Services 2010
Support services:				
Pupil	4,590,126	3,746,715	4,855,970	4,119,400
Instructional staff	4,621,838	3,169,025	4,826,057	3,728,199
Board of education	97,469	97,469	35,851	35,851
Administration	3,396,433	3,286,306	3,392,528	3,292,345
Fiscal	1,714,244	1,708,507	1,750,824	1,739,556
Business	1,004,529	642,685	998,011	822,903
Operations and maintenance	7,585,509	7,280,797	8,624,418	8,282,519
Pupil transportation	79,336	(98,473)	91,754	(82,539)
Central	447,441	239,392	405,642	202,337
Operation of non-instructional services	2,886,651	1,593,302	2,835,338	1,604,781
Extracurricular activities	1,275,495	649,699	1,457,857	792,131
Interest and fiscal charges	6,310,656	6,310,656	6,288,905	6,288,905
Total expenses	\$ 83,738,630	\$ 66,771,447	\$ 87,125,983	\$ 71,812,215

The dependence upon tax revenues and unrestricted grants and entitlements during fiscal year 2011 for governmental activities is apparent, as 76.71% of 2011 instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support was 79.74% in 2011. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio, as a whole, are by far the primary support for the District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. The 2010 program revenues and general revenues have been restated to report State foundation funding for special education teachers and aides which is reported as program revenue rather than as general revenue.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include recreation and the food service operation. These programs had revenues of \$2,079,762 and expenses of \$1,791,376 for fiscal year 2011. The food service operations had expenses of \$1,508,001 and revenues of \$1,765,729. The recreation fund has \$283,375 in expenses and revenues of \$314,033. This resulted in an increase to net assets for the fiscal year of \$288,386. These funds intended to be self-supporting through user fees and charges. Management assesses their performance to ensure that they are run efficiently.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 20) reported a combined fund balance of \$22,221,419 which is higher than last year's total of \$19,292,560. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2011 and 2010. The fund balances at June 30, 2010 have been restated as described in Note 3.B.

		Restated	
	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	Increase
General	\$ 13,757,211	\$ 11,813,210	\$ 1,944,001
Debt Service	5,955,725	5,370,270	585,455
Other Governmental	2,508,483	2,109,080	399,403
Total	\$ 22,221,419	\$ 19,292,560	\$ 2,928,859

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$1,944,001. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund. Certain 2010 amounts have been restated to reflect the implementation of a new accounting standard as described in Note 3.B.

		Restated		
	2011	2010		Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change	<u>Change</u>
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 37,585,043	\$ 33,560,838	\$ 4,024,205	11.99 %
Earnings on investments	169,073	264,946	(95,873)	(36.19) %
Intergovernmental	25,273,442	25,314,732	(41,290)	(0.16) %
Other revenues	4,409,040	4,771,209	(362,169)	(7.59) %
Total	\$ 67,436,598	\$ 63,911,725	\$ 3,524,873	5.52 %

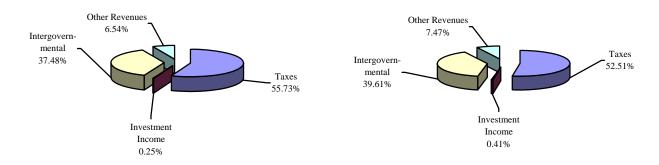
Overall revenues of the general fund increased \$3,524,873 or 5.52%. Tax revenue increased \$4,024,205 or 11.99% from the prior year. This increase can be attributed to a new 6.9 mill tax levy that was passed in May of 2010 and began collections during calendar year 2011. Intergovernmental revenues decreased \$41,290 or 0.16%. This decrease is due to lower state foundation revenue in the general fund. Earnings on investments decreased \$95,873 due to a decrease in interest rates earned on investments compared to fiscal year 2010. Other revenues decreased \$362,169 or 7.59% due primarily to lower vocational education tuition revenue compared to last year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

The graphs below detail general fund revenues from fiscal year 2011 and 2010.

Revenues – Fiscal Year 2011

Revenues - Fiscal Year 2010 (restated)



The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2011 Amount	Restated 2010 Amount	Change	Percentage Change
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 41,803,573	\$ 41,899,969	\$ (96,396)	(0.23) %
Support services	20,907,064	22,061,766	(1,154,702)	(5.23) %
Operation of non-instructional services	1,529,938	1,599,274	(69,336)	(4.34) %
Extracurricular activities	792,783	831,619	(38,836)	(4.67) %
Facilities acquisiton and construction	1,243	-	1,243	100.00 %
Capital outlay	-	1,005,830	(1,005,830)	(100.00) %
Debt service	437,996	449,294	(11,298)	(2.51) %
Total	\$ 65,472,597	\$ 67,847,752	\$ (2,375,155)	(3.50) %

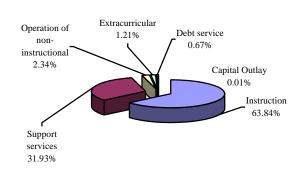
Expenditures of the general fund decreased \$2,375,155 or 3.50%. Instruction and support services expenditures decreased \$96,396 and \$1,154,702, respectively, due to cost savings and moving some of the expenditures to a nonmajor special revenue fund related to the state fiscal stabilization. Capital outlay decreased because the District entered into new capital leases during fiscal year 2011 but it was in a nonmajor governmental fund.

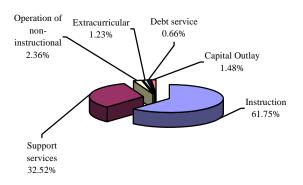
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

The graphs below detail general fund expenditures for fiscal year 2011 and 2010.

Expenditures - Fiscal Year 2011

Expenditures – Fiscal Year 2010 (restated)





Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund had \$9,502,546 in revenues and \$8,917,091 in expenditures. The debt service fund's fund balance increased \$585,455 from \$5,370,270 to \$5,955,725. The increase in fund balance is due to revenues exceeding the scheduled principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds during fiscal year 2011. Tax revenues increased for the debt service fund from \$9.97 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation to \$10.57 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation from the 2010 second half collection to the 2011 first half collection.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2011, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times, none significant. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$66,235,023, which was decreased from the original budgeted revenues and other financing sources estimate of \$67,506,164. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2011 was \$69,082,536. This represents a \$2,847,513 increase over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (expenditures and other financing uses) of \$68,537,125 were increased to \$68,832,280 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2011 totaled \$67,617,133, which was \$1,215,147 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 **UNAUDITED**

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2011, the District had \$136,360,969 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Of this total, \$136,304,706 was reported in governmental activities and \$56,263 was reported in business-type activities. The following table shows June 30, 2011 balances compared to June 30, 2010.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Land	\$ 9,294,255	\$ 9,294,255	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,294,255	\$ 9,294,255	
Land improvements	1,131,246	1,228,595	-	-	1,131,246	1,228,595	
Building and improvements	121,149,140	123,520,754	-	-	121,149,140	123,520,754	
Furniture and equipment	4,618,734	4,542,313	17,747	21,317	4,636,481	4,563,630	
Vehicles	111,331	175,796	38,516		149,847	175,796	
Total	\$ 136,304,706	\$138,761,713	\$ 56,263	\$ 21,317	\$ 136,360,969	\$138,783,030	

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$2,422,061 is due to depreciation expense of \$4,177,752 exceeding capital outlays of \$1,755,691 for fiscal year 2011.

The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental activities capital assets by category for 2011 and 2010.

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities

2010

2011 Furniture Furniture Land Land and 6.82% and 6.70% equipment equipment 3.39% 3.27% Buildings & Buildings & imp. imp. Vehicles Vehicles 89.01% 88.88% 0.08% 0.13% Land imp. Land imp. 0.83% 0.89%

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2011 the District had \$126,570,876 in general obligation bonds and capital leases outstanding. Of this total, \$4,303,756 is due within one year and \$122,267,120 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and capital leases outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010
General obligation bonds Capital leases	\$ 124,815,058 	\$127,376,774 1,057,627
Total	<u>\$ 126,570,876</u>	\$128,434,401

The District maintains an A-1 bond rating.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has carefully managed its general fund budgets in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves, and to minimize the levy millage amounts needed periodically from the community's citizens. As the balance sheet on page 20 shows, the general fund's unrestricted cash balance was \$15,603,692 at June 30, 2011. Fiscal year-end general fund unrestricted cash balances were \$13,196,739, \$16,019,490, \$20,060,960, \$22,942,386, \$21,859,407, \$22,002,572, \$18,040,883, \$13,226,206, \$10,049,111, and \$11,539,538 at June 30 in fiscal years 2010, 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003, 2002, and 2001, respectively. Sound fiscal management by the Board of Education and Administration has enabled the District to maintain a healthy cash balance, pass four consecutive operating levies in 1995, 1999, 2002, and 2010 at minimum millage amounts possible, and continue a quality, comprehensive educational program.

The Board's five-year projections indicated that the natural budget cycle needs would require additional operating income beginning in fiscal year 2011. In May 2010, the Board submitted, and the electors of the District approved (by a vote of 60.62% to 39.38%) a 6.9-mill ad valorem property tax for the purpose of current expenses for a continuing period of time. That levy generates approximately \$6.2 million annually. By monitoring its five-year forecast, the Board was able to request voter approval early in the forecast cycle to lower the millage amount needed and not face significant reductions in educational programming. It is anticipated that additional operating funds from local taxes will be necessary again in fiscal year 2014. Since 2005, the Board has made numerous reductions in operating expenses to manage the budget and deal with revenue losses from reduced state funding, property valuations, and investment earnings.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

Several significant legislative and judicial actions have occurred that will have a major impact on our District. The Ohio Supreme Court ruled in March 1997 that the State of Ohio was operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." The State has not yet developed a school-funding plan that has been deemed acceptable by the Court, and ultimate resolution still seems to be some time in the future. The biennial budget approved by the State for Fiscal Years 2012 and 2013 did not prove helpful to the funding situation for the District. The District is projected to lose approximately \$6.3 million in State funding, when compared to fiscal year 2011 revenues, during this biennial budget period from reduced foundation funding, phase-out of tangible personal property tax replacement dollars, and elimination of electricity deregulation offset payments. This \$6.3 million loss will be fully realized during fiscal year 2013, and continue in fiscal years. Ironically, this amount is virtually identical to the revenues generated from the passage of the 6.9 mill operating levy in May 2010. Additionally, the District has been able to streamline some of its operations, thus cutting expenses, due to commencement of its new school facilities program.

Declining enrollment over the past ten years is a trend that has received, and will continue to receive, the attention of the Board and Administration. Enrollment in the past two years has leveled, perhaps due to implementation of extended-day kindergarten, economic conditions, or other factors. Reduced student counts lead to staffing cuts, excess building capacity, and less state funding. Each of these factors negatively impacts the operations of the District.

Another challenge facing the District is the need to complete the final construction phase to update its facilities to streamline operations and to enhance learning space design for students. The Board empowered the "Designing Our Schools for the Next 50 Years" Committee to develop a plan for school building replacement/renovation, grade configuration, and building numbers and locations. The Board has worked with the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) to develop a master facilities plan and project agreement, both of which are necessary in order to access State funds to assist with costs related to the plan. OSFC funding will comprise approximately 31% of the approved project costs; thus, it is important to capture this revenue source to relieve some of the financial burden from local taxpayers. The Lakewood community passed a \$93.6 million bond issue in March 2005, to begin the first construction phase of the facilities plan. Community and staff committees designed two new elementary schools and two new middle schools. The Lakewood community also passed a \$30.1 million bond issue on May 8, 2007. The 1.9 mill levy is for a term of 27 years commenced in 2007 (tax collections began in 2008). This bond issue was passed to renovate two middle schools to become elementary schools, and to renovate the western portion of Lakewood High School. When the entire project is completed, the District will have reduced its operations from 14 school buildings (10 elementary schools, 3 middle schools, and 1 high school) to 9 school buildings (6 elementary schools, 2 middle schools and 1 high school). The operational efficiencies created by this realignment of facilities will lessen millage amounts that will be needed for general fund operations in years after the facilities plan is completed.

The District has committed itself to educational and financial excellence for many years. This is exemplified by the unqualified audit opinions that have been received by the Auditor of State. Each challenge identified in this section is viewed simultaneously as an opportunity for the District to foray down paths not previously traveled to continue its commitment to excellence. The District is committed to living within its financial means, and working with the community it serves in order to garner adequate resources to support the educational program.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Richard Berdine, Treasurer, Lakewood City School District, 1470 Warren Road, Lakewood, Ohio 44107.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

	F	Primary Governme	nt	Component Unit
	Governmental Business-Type			Lakewood City
	Activities	Activities	Total	Academy
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 26,539,139	\$ 352,893	\$ 26,892,032	\$ 499,121
Property taxes	49,505,194	_	49,505,194	_
Payment in lieu of taxes	67,210	_	67,210	_
Accounts	45,884	_	45,884	_
Accrued interest	26,876	_	26,876	_
Intergovernmental	1,711,783	_	1,711,783	21,264
Materials and supplies inventory	-	6,079	6,079	
Unamortized bond issuance costs	1,009,192	-	1,009,192	_
Capital assets:	1,000,102		1,000,102	
Land	9,294,255	-	9,294,255	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	127,010,451	56,263	127,066,714	42,248
Capital assets, net	136,304,706	56,263	136,360,969	42,248
Total assets	215,209,984	415,235	215,625,219	562,633
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	846,364	6,072	852,436	1,336
Accrued wages and benefits	7,420,941	106,838	7,527,779	_
Pension obligation payable	1,773,152	92,083	1,865,235	_
Intergovernmental payable	95,334	1,299	96,633	8,890
Unearned revenue	38,709,253	-,->>	38,709,253	-
Accrued interest payable	527,858	_	527,858	_
Claims payable	196,919	_	196,919	_
Long-term liabilities:	1,0,,11		1,0,,,1,	
Due within one year	6,229,522	630	6,230,152	_
Due in more than one year	134,728,874	96,243	134,825,117	-
Total liabilities	190,528,217	303,165	190,831,382	10,226
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt	20,712,915	56,263	20,769,178	42,248
Capital projects	1,449,303	_	1,449,303	_
Debt service	6,227,999	_	6,227,999	_
Locally funded programs	28,171	_	28,171	299
State funded programs	197,176	_	197,176	-
Federally funded programs	914,976	_	914,976	21,265
Public school support		_	-	140
Student activities	299,479	_	299,479	-
Other purposes	110,360	_	110,360	249
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5,258,612)	55,807	(5,202,805)	488,206
Total net assets	\$ 24,681,767	\$ 112,070	\$ 24,793,837	\$ 552,407

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

				Program Revenues			
		Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales			rating Grants Contributions	
Governmental activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$	29,259,061	\$	2,428,639	\$	1,271,363	
Special		13,821,513		-		5,344,315	
Vocational		2,906,196		990,694		532,153	
Adult/continuing		291,651		224,701		91,139	
Other		3,450,482		-		700,532	
Support services:							
Pupil		4,590,126		1,047		842,364	
Instructional staff		4,621,838		74,797		1,378,016	
Board of education		97,469		, <u>-</u>		-	
Administration		3,396,433		3,721		106,406	
Fiscal		1,714,244		1,151		4,586	
Business		1,004,529		-,		361,844	
Operations and maintenance		7,585,509		304,712		-	
Pupil transportation		79,336		218		177,591	
Central		447,441				208,049	
Operation of non-instructional		,				200,017	
services:							
Other non-instructional services		2,886,651		239,881		1,053,468	
Extracurricular activities		1,275,495		615,681		10,115	
Interest and fiscal charges		6,310,656		013,001		10,113	
interest and fiscal charges		0,510,050		-			
Total governmental activities		83,738,630		4,885,242		12,081,941	
Business-type activities:							
Food service		1,508,001		604,202		1,160,721	
Recreation		283,375		314,033		1,100,721	
recreation	-	203,373		314,033			
Total business-type activities		1,791,376		918,235		1,160,721	
Totals	\$	85,530,006	\$	5,803,477	\$	13,242,662	
Component Unit:							
Lakewood City Academy	\$	1,097,195	\$	923	\$	1,181,895	
			Prop Ger Det Gran to s Payn Inves Misc Total g	al Revenues: erty taxes levied for heral purposes ht service hts and entitlements pecific programs . hent in lieu of taxes stment earnings hellaneous general revenues e in net assets	not restric	ted	
				sets (deficit) at beg sets at end of year.	_		
			11CL 48	scis at thu of year		• • • • • •	

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

	Primar	y Government			Component Unit		
Governmental		siness-Type			Lakewood City		
Activities				Total	Academy		
\$ (25,559,059)	\$	-	\$	(25,559,059)	\$		
(8,477,198)		-		(8,477,198)			
(1,383,349)		-		(1,383,349)			
24,189		-		24,189			
(2,749,950)		-		(2,749,950)			
(3,746,715)		-		(3,746,715)			
(3,169,025)		-		(3,169,025)			
(97,469)		-		(97,469)			
(3,286,306)		-		(3,286,306)			
(1,708,507)		-		(1,708,507)			
(642,685)		-		(642,685)			
(7,280,797)		-		(7,280,797)			
98,473		-		98,473			
(239,392)		-		(239,392)			
(1,593,302)		-		(1,593,302)			
(649,699)		_		(649,699)			
(6,310,656)				(6,310,656)			
(66,771,447)				(66,771,447)			
-		256,922		256,922			
<u>-</u>		30,658		30,658			
-		287,580		287,580			
(66,771,447)		287,580		(66,483,867)			
					85.	,62	
37,654,415		-		37,654,415			
8,435,721		-		8,435,721			
24,305,558		-		24,305,558			
67,210		-		67,210			
155,323		806		156,129		79	
67,799		-		67,799	3	,90	
70,686,026		806		70,686,832	4	,7:	
3,914,579		288,386		4,202,965	90	,3′	
20,767,188		(176,316)		20,590,872	462	,02	
24,681,767	\$	112,070	\$	24,793,837	\$ 552	,40	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

		General	Debt Service				Total l Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and investments	\$	15,603,692	\$	4,540,847	\$	4,612,267	\$	24,756,806
Property taxes		40,651,183		8,854,011		-		49,505,194
Payment in lieu of taxes		67,210		-		-		67,210
Accounts		45,884		-		-		45,884
Accrued interest		26,876		-		-		26,876
Interfund loans		1,867,000		-		-		1,867,000
Intergovernmental	_	205,765	_			1,506,018	_	1,711,783
Total assets	\$	58,467,610	\$	13,394,858	\$	6,118,285	\$	77,980,753
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	601,189	\$	-	\$	245,175	\$	846,364
Accrued wages and benefits		6,975,508		-		445,433		7,420,941
Compensated absences payable		32,571		-		-		32,571
Interfund loans payable		-		-		1,867,000		1,867,000
Intergovernmental payable		90,482		-		4,852		95,334
Pension obligation payable		1,668,560		-		104,592		1,773,152
Unearned revenue		32,070,252		6,639,001		-		38,709,253
Deferred revenue		3,271,837		800,132		942,750		5,014,719
Total liabilities		44,710,399		7,439,133		3,609,802		55,759,334
Fund Balances: Restricted:								
Debt service				5,955,725				5,955,725
Capital improvements		_		5,955,125		1,449,303		1,449,303
Non-public schools						161,749		161,749
Public school preschool		_		_		5,684		5,684
Other purposes		_		_		82,021		82,021
Extracurricular		_		_		299,479		299,479
Committed:						2,,,,,		=>>,>
Capital improvements		-		-		608,706		608,706
Other purposes		-		-		98,252		98,252
Assigned:								
Student instruction		197,380		-		-		197,380
Student and staff support		474,872		-		-		474,872
Discretionary assigned		11,039		-		-		11,039
Other purposes		69,871		-		-		69,871
Unassigned (deficit)		13,004,049		-		(196,711)		12,807,338
Total fund balances		13,757,211		5,955,725		2,508,483		22,221,419
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	58,467,610	\$	13,394,858	\$	6,118,285	\$	77,980,753

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2011

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 22,221,419
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		136,304,706
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 3,922,881 133,091 15,997 942,750	5.014.719
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in		3,014,717
governmental activities on the statement of net assets.		1,585,414
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		1,009,192
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.		(5,388,821)
Unamortized deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		2,391,329
On the statement of net assets, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds whereas in governmental funds, interest is reported when due.		(527,858)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds	(124,815,058)	
Capital lease obligations	(1,755,818)	
Compensated absences	(6,027,065)	
Retirement incentives	(5,330,392)	
Total		 (137,928,333)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 24,681,767

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	General	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 37,585,043	\$ 8,418,112	\$ -	\$ 46,003,155
Payment in lieu of taxes	67,210	-	-	67,210
Tuition	2,299,013	-	-	2,299,013
Earnings on investments	169,073	-	8,320	177,393
Extracurricular	524,240	-	512,555	1,036,795
Classroom materials and fees	117,092	-	46,168	163,260
Rental income	280,406	-	24,306	304,712
Contributions and donations	1,915	-	35,998	37,913
Contract services	1,030,527	-	50,935	1,081,462
Other local revenues	88,637	-	27,271	115,908
Intergovernmental - intermediate	-	-	19,566	19,566
Intergovernmental - state	24,979,974	1,084,434	1,032,795	27,097,203
Intergovernmental - federal	293,468		8,023,890	8,317,358
Total revenues	67,436,598	9,502,546	9,781,804	86,720,948
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	25,986,109	-	421,517	26,407,626
Special	10,308,731	-	3,312,046	13,620,777
Vocational	2,474,926	-	255,104	2,730,030
Adult/continuing	201,598	-	89,376	290,974
Other	2,832,209	-	615,966	3,448,175
Support services:				
Pupil	3,937,613	-	732,397	4,670,010
Instructional staff	3,182,643	-	1,278,582	4,461,225
Board of education	94,785	-	-	94,785
Administration	3,241,166	-	107,540	3,348,706
Fiscal	1,702,300	-	7,068	1,709,368
Business	612,279	-	320,268	932,547
Operations and maintenance	7,795,014	-	-	7,795,014
Pupil transportation	79,474	-	-	79,474
Central	261,790	-	185,587	447,377
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	1,529,938	-	1,039,172	2,569,110
Extracurricular activities	792,783	-	436,649	1,229,432
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,243	-	466,820	468,063
Capital outlay	-	-	1,191,929	1,191,929
Debt service:	202.260	2 500 000	101.260	4 002 720
Principal retirement	392,369	3,590,000	101,369	4,083,738
Interest and fiscal charges	45,627	5,327,091	32,940	5,405,658
Total expenditures	65,472,597	8,917,091	10,594,330	84,984,018
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	1,964,001	585,455	(812,526)	1,736,930
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	20,000	20,000
Transfers (out)	(20,000)	-	-	(20,000)
Capital lease transaction	-	-	1,191,929	1,191,929
Total other financing sources (uses)	(20,000)		1,211,929	1,191,929
Net change in fund balances	1,944,001	585,455	399,403	2,928,859
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).	11,813,210	5,370,270	2,109,080	19,292,560
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 13,757,211	\$ 5,955,725	\$ 2,508,483	\$ 22,221,419

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	2,928,859
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 1,714,146 (4,171,153		(2,457,007)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Tuition Earnings on investments Intergovernmental Total	86,981 89,178 (20,099 847,414)	1,003,474
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets. Principal payments during the year were: Bonds Capital leases Total	3,590,000 493,738		4,083,738
Proceeds of capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net assets.			(1,191,929)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total	2,353 (1,028,284 (75,564 334,526 (138,029))	(904,998)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and retirement incentives, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(4,741)
An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal			
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.			457,183
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	3,914,579

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	34,990,549	\$	35,142,621	\$	36,827,383	\$	1,684,762
Payment in lieu of taxes		67,210		67,210		67,210		-
Tuition		2,591,070		2,598,743		2,255,304		(343,439)
Earnings on investments		420,644		416,864		181,496		(235,368)
Extracurricular		91,324		86,291		91,139		4,848
Classroom materials and fees		155,252		115,632		117,092		1,460
Rental income		317,899		406,605		280,406		(126,199)
Contract services		855,130		808,009		871,843		63,834
Other local revenues		42,336		36,300		97,521		61,221
Intergovernmental - state		25,670,392		24,312,621		24,979,974		667,353
Intergovernmental - federal		316,658		256,427		293,468		37,041
Total revenues		65,518,464		64,247,323		66,062,836		1,815,513
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		27,739,299		26,946,199		26,622,409		323,790
Special		8,615,601		10,516,808		10,236,300		280,508
Vocational		2,996,096		2,774,414		2,544,009		230,405
Adult/continuing		156,940		154,581		111,409		43,172
Other		2,732,502		2,826,486		2,790,842		35,644
Support services:								
Pupil		4,313,229		4,155,505		3,995,417		160,088
Instructional staff		3,724,618		3,448,487		3,268,141		180,346
Board of education		125,351		123,467		95,123		28,344
Administration		3,308,007		3,300,224		3,280,187		20,037
Fiscal		1,880,002		1,762,247		1,712,057		50,190
Business		736,576		694,218		590,917		103,301
Operations and maintenance		8,441,103		8,358,514		7,976,273		382,241
Pupil transportation		124,583		131,608		90,153		41,455
Central		276,821		289,121		265,523		23,598
Operation of non-instructional services:				,		,-		-,
Other non-instructional services		1,498,585		1,482,820		1,317,214		165,606
Extracurricular activities		897,812		896,081		807,916		88,165
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		1,500		1,243		257
Total expenditures		67,567,125		67,862,280		65,705,133		2,157,147
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(2,048,661)		(3,614,957)		357,703		3,972,660
Other financing courses (vess)								
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out)		(20,000)		(20,000)		(20,000)		
Advances in				. , ,				1 022 000
		1,987,700		1,987,700		3,019,700		1,032,000
Advances (out)		(950,000) 1,017,700		(950,000) 1,017,700		(1,892,000) 1,107,700		90,000
Net change in fund balance		(1,030,961)		(2,597,257)		1,465,403		4,062,660
<u> </u>								
Fund balance at beginning of year (restated).		12,885,025		12,885,025		12,885,025		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	•	262,409	Φ.	262,409	<u>¢</u>	262,409	Φ.	4.062.660
Fund balance at end of year	\$	12,116,473	\$	10,550,177	\$	14,612,837	\$	4,062,660

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	Total Business-Type Activities - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Equity in pooled cash	Φ 252.002	Ф 1.702.222
and investments	\$ 352,893 6,079	\$ 1,782,333
Total current assets	358,972	1,782,333
Noncurrent assets:		
Depreciable capital assets, net	56,263	
Total assets	415,235	1,782,333
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable. Accrued wages and benefits Compensated absences. Pension obligation payable. Intergovernmental payable. Claims payable.	6,072 106,838 630 92,083 1,299	- - - - 196,919
Total current liabilities	206,922	196,919
Long-term liabilities: Compensated absences payable	96,243	
Total long-term liabilities	96,243	
Total liabilities	303,165	196,919
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt . Unrestricted	56,263 55,807 \$ 112,070	1,585,414 \$ 1,585,414

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Total		
	Business-Type Activities - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Ac	ernmental etivities - nternal vice Fund
Operating revenues:		F		
Sales/charges for services	\$	918,235	\$	753,843
Total operating revenues		918,235		753,843
Operating expenses:				
Personal services		965,150		-
Purchased services		20,746		12,290
Materials and supplies		768,715		-
Other		30,166		-
Claims		-		284,370
Depreciation		6,599		-
Total operating expenses		1,791,376	-	296,660
Operating income (loss)		(873,141)		457,183
Nonoperating revenues:				
Grants and subsidies		1,144,712		-
Interest revenue		806		-
Federal donated commodities		16,009		-
Total nonoperating revenues		1,161,527	-	-
Change in net assets		288,386		457,183
Net assets (deficit) at				
beginning of year (restated)		(176,316)		1,128,231
Net assets at end of year	\$	112,070	\$	1,585,414

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

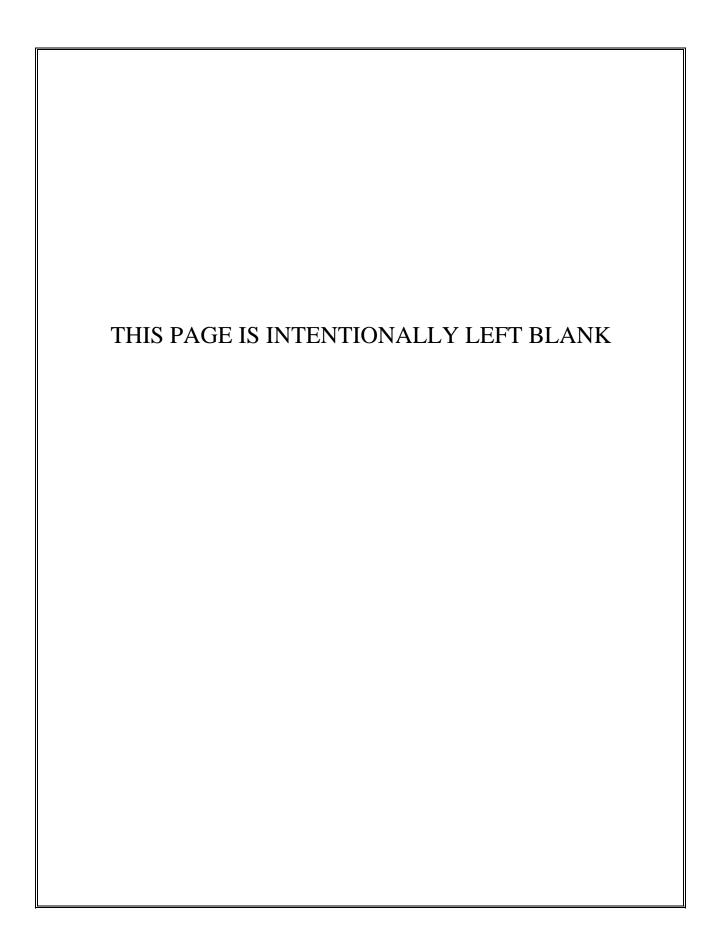
	Total Business-Type Activities - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from sales/charges for services	\$ 909,785	\$ 753,843
Cash payments for personal services	\$ 909,785 (1,006,504)	\$ 753,843
Cash payments for contractual services	(20,746)	(12,290)
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(745,415)	-
Cash payments for claims	(27,420)	(276,461)
Net cash provided by (used in)		
operating activities	(890,300)	465,092
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Cash received from grants and subsidies	1,144,712	-
Cash used in repayment of interfund loans	(61,700)	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,083,012	-
Cash flows from capital and related		
financing activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets	(41,545)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(41,545)	
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received	806	-
Net cash provided by investing activities	806	
Net increase in cash and investments	151,973	465,092
Cash and investments at beginning of year	200,920	1,317,241
Cash and investments at end of year	\$ 352,893	\$ 1,782,333
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	· ·	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (873,141)	\$ 457,183
Adjustments:		
Depreciation	6,599	-
Federal donated commodities	16,009	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:	5.462	
Decrease in materials and supplies inventory (Decrease) in accounts payable	5,463 (2,991)	-
(Decrease) in accounts payable	(11,414)	-
(Decrease) in intergovernmental payable	(1,896)	-
(Decrease) in compensated absences payable	(7,060)	-
(Decrease) in pension obligation payable	(21,869)	-
Increase in claims payable		7,909
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (890,300)	\$ 465,092
- -		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship			
			Agency	
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and investments	\$	29,716	\$	140,813
Total assets		29,716	\$	140,813
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		-	\$	260
Intergovernmental payable		-		10,632
Due to students		-		129,921
Total liabilities			\$	140,813
Net assets:				
Held in trust for scholarships		29,716		
Total net assets	\$	29,716		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship		
Additions:	_		
Interest	\$	155	
Gifts and contributions		1,000	
Total additions		1,155	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		1,000	
Change in net assets		155	
Net assets at beginning of year		29,561	
Net assets at end of year	\$	29,716	



NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Lakewood City School District (the "District") is located in Cuyahoga County and includes all of the City of Lakewood, Ohio. The District was established in 1854 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately 5.05 square miles.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by Ohio statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District ranks as the 53rd largest by enrollment among the 918 public school districts and community schools in the State of Ohio. It currently operates 14 instructional buildings, 1 administrative building and 1 garage. The District employs 514 non-certified and 573 certified full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 5,667 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its business-type activity and to its proprietary funds provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District has the option to also apply FASB guidance issued after November 30, 1989 to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The District has elected not to apply this FASB guidance. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has one component unit.

The following component unit and other organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

COMPONENT UNIT

The Lakewood City Academy - The Lakewood City Academy (the "Academy") is a legally separate, conversion community school, served by a Board of Directors. The Academy provides students within the District with curriculum and instruction via distance learning technology. The Board of Directors consists of the Executive Director of TRECA, the Superintendent of Lakewood City School District, the Assistant Superintendent of Lakewood City School District, the Coordinator of Student Services for the Lakewood City School District, the Director of Human Services for the City of Lakewood, the Vice-President of Retail/Chief Savings Officer of the First Federal of Lakewood Savings Bank and the Clinical Supervisor of the City of Lakewood Division of Youth Services. The Lakewood City School District is the sponsoring School District of the Academy under Ohio Revised Code Section 3314. The Superintendent of the District serves as the Chief Administrative Officer of the Academy and the Treasurer serves as the Chief Financial Officer. Based on the significant services provided by the District to the Academy, the Academy's purpose of servicing the students with the District, and the relationship between the Board of Education of the District and the Board of Directors of the Academy, the Academy is reflected as a component unit of the District. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Academy at 1470 Warren Road, Lakewood, OH 44107-3918. See Note 19 for further information on the Academy.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Lakeshore Northeast Ohio Computer Association - The Lakeshore Northeast Ohio Computer Association (LNOCA) is a jointly governed computer service bureau among fourteen public school districts. The primary function of LNOCA is to provide data services to the 33 member districts and community schools. Major areas of service provided by LNOCA include accounting, payroll, inventory, career guidance services, handicapped student tracking, pupil scheduling, attendance reporting and grade reporting. Each school is represented on the LNOCA Board of Directors by its superintendent. Each year, the Board of Directors elects a Chairman, a Vice Chairman and a Recording Secretary. The Treasurer of the fiscal agent is a nonvoting, ex-officio member of the Board of Directors. The Cuyahoga County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent of LNOCA. Each school district supports LNOCA based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software packages used. In fiscal year 2011, \$175,875 was paid to LNOCA by the District. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer of the fiscal agent at 5700 West Canal Road, Valley View, OH 44125.

<u>Ohio Schools Council</u> - The Ohio Schools Council Association (the "Council") is a jointly governed organization comprised of 157 member districts. The mission of the Council is to identify, plan and provide services to member districts that can be more effectively achieved by cooperative endeavors of member districts than by an individual district operating on its own. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of nine superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In fiscal year 2011, the District paid \$417,931 to the Council for membership and other services as well as for the natural gas purchasing program. Financial information can be obtained by contacting David Cottrell, the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council at 6133 Rockside Road, Suite 10, Independence, Ohio 44131.

The District participates in the natural gas purchase program. This program allows the District to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. Energy USA served as the natural gas supplier and program manager from October 1, 2008 to September 30, 2010. Compass Energy has been selected as the new supplier and program manager for the period from October 1, 2010 through March 31, 2013. There are currently 146 participants in the program including the Lakewood City School District. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each September, these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year (July to June). Districts that paid more in estimated billings than their actual billings are issued credits on future billings beginning in September until the credits are exhausted and districts that did not pay enough on estimated billings are invoiced for the difference on the September monthly estimated billing.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

RELATED ORGANIZATION

<u>The Lakewood Public Library</u> - The Lakewood Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Lakewood City School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Lakewood Public Library at 15425 Detroit Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio 44107.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio School Plan

The Ohio School Plan (the "Plan") is a shared liability, property and fleet insurance risk pool which is governed by a board of thirteen school superintendents, business managers and treasurers. Harcum-Schuett, the insurance agency, has one board seat. OSBA, BASA and OASBO executive directors serve as ex-officio members. 450 educational entities are served by the Plan. The Plan's board elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the plan. All Plan revenues are generated from charges for services. For more information, write to the Ohio School Plan, Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., 246 Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

Suburban Health Consortium

The Suburban Health Consortium (the "Consortium") is a shared health risk pool created on October 1, 2001, formed by the Boards of Education of several school districts in northeast Ohio, for the purposes of maximizing benefits and/or reducing costs of group health, life, dental and/or other insurance coverages for their employees and the eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries of such employees. The Consortium was formed and operates as a legally separate entity under Ohio Revised Code Section 9.833. The Board of Directors shall be the governing body of the Consortium. The Board of Education of each Consortium Member shall appoint its Superintendent or such Superintendent's designee to be its representative of the Board of Directors. The officers of the Board of Directors shall consist of a Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Recording Secretary, who shall be elected at the annual meeting of Board of Directors and serve until the next annual meeting. All of the authority of the Consortium shall be exercised by or under the direction of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall also set all premiums and other amounts to be paid by the Consortium Members, and the Board of Directors shall also have the authority to waive premiums and other payments. All members of the Board of Directors shall serve without compensation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Fiscal Agent (North Royalton City School District) shall be the Board of Education responsible for administering the financial transactions of the Consortium. The Fiscal Agent shall carry out the responsibilities of the Consortium Fund, enter into contracts on behalf of the Consortium as authorized by the Directors and carry out such other responsibilities as approved by the Directors and agreed to by the Fiscal Agent. Each District Member enrolled in a benefit program may require contributions from its employees toward the cost of any benefit program being offered by such District Member and such contributions shall be included in the payments from such District Member to the Fiscal Agent for such benefit program. Contributions are to be submitted by each District Member, to the Fiscal Agent, required under the terms of the Consortium Agreement and any benefit program in which such District Member is enrolled to the Fiscal Agent on a monthly basis, or as otherwise required in accordance with any benefit program in which such District Member is enrolled. All general administrative costs incurred by the Consortium that are not covered by the premium payments shall be shared equally by the Consortium Members as approved by the Directors, and shall be paid by each Consortium Member upon receipt of notice from the Fiscal Agent that such payment is due. It is the express intention of the Consortium Members that the Consortium Agreement and the Consortium shall continue for an indefinite term, but may be terminated as provided in the Consortium Agreement.

Any Consortium Member wishing to withdraw from participation in the Consortium or any benefit program shall notify the Fiscal Agent at least 180 days prior to the effective date of withdrawal. Upon withdrawal of a Consortium Member, the Consortium shall pay the run out of all claims for such Consortium Member provided such Consortium Member has paid to the Consortium, prior to the effective date of withdrawal a withdrawal fee in the amount equal to two months' premiums at the Consortium Member's current rate. Payment of the withdrawal fee does not extend insurance coverage for two months. Upon automatic withdrawal, for non-payment of premiums required by the Consortium Agreement, the Consortium shall pay the run out of all claims for such Consortium Member provided that the Consortium has received from such Consortium Member all outstanding and unpaid premiums and other amounts and the withdrawal fee equal to two months' premiums at the Consortium Member's current rates. Any Consortium Member which withdraws from the Consortium pursuant to the Consortium Agreement shall have no claim to the Consortium's assets. Financial information for the Consortium can be obtained from the Treasurer of the North Royalton City School District (the Fiscal Agent) 6579 Royalton Rd., North Royalton, Ohio 44133.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt service fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources restricted for the payment of general obligation bond and note principal, interest and related costs.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the District's proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise funds</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises-where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District has two enterprise funds to account for food service operations and recreation services. These enterprise funds are considered nonmajor enterprise funds.

<u>Internal service funds</u> - The internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's internal service fund accounts for workers' compensation activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into three classifications: investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for student managed activities and amounts held and due to other governments.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service fund is charges for services and sales. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds are sales for food services and charges for services for recreation. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds are personnel costs and purchased services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2011, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2011 are recorded as deferred revenue on the fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2011 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Cuyahoga County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final amended certificates issued for fiscal year 2011.

- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures for all funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control.
- 5. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Short-term interfund loans are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource, and are intended to be repaid.
- 6. Any revisions that alter the legal level of budgetary control must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions.
- 8. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2011. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final appropriations for fiscal year 2011.
- 9. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Cash disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2011, investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and commercial paper. Investments in STAR Ohio are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2011. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2011.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allotted to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2011 amounted to \$169,073 and includes \$73,444 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net assets, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On fund and government-wide financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their local fair value on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized for governmental activities.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	Business-Type
	Activities	Activities
	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years	N/A
Buildings and improvements	50 - 75 years	N/A
Furniture/equipment	5 - 20 years	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years	8 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance benefits). A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least 10 years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. The District has also recorded a liability for up to 10 days of accumulated sick leave (paid upon termination) for those employees with at least 5 years of service in the District, to the extent that those employees do not otherwise meet criteria defined above.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2011 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported to the extent that a known liability for an employee's retirement/resignation has been incurred by fiscal year end. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees are paid. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and long-term loans are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include amounts restricted for the special trust fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, St. Augustine High School, St. Clement, Sts. Cyril and Methodius, St. Edward High School, St. James and St. Luke are operated through the Cleveland Catholic Diocese. Lakewood Lutheran School is also in the District. Current State legislation provides funding to these nonpublic schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the nonpublic schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the nonpublic schools. The activities of these State monies are reflected by the District in a nonmajor governmental fund for financial reporting purposes.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are sales for food service and charges for services for recreation and self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs that are incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 10.J.

R. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of activities.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of activities.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District had neither occurrence.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2011, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "<u>Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions</u>", and GASB Statement No. 59, "<u>Financial Instruments Omnibus</u>".

GASB Statement No. 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. GASB Statement No. 54 also clarifies the definitions of governmental fund types.

GASB Statement No. 59 updates and improves guidance for financial reporting and disclosure requirements of certain financial instruments and external investment pools. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 59 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Fund Reclassifications

Fund reclassifications are required in order to report funds in accordance with GASB Statement No 54. These fund reclassifications had the following effect on the District's governmental fund balances as previously reported:

	 General	 Debt Service	Nonmajor overnmental	G	Total overnmental
Fund balance at June 30, 2010	\$ 11,354,478	\$ 5,370,270	\$ 2,567,812	\$	19,292,560
Fund reclassifications:					
Public school support fund	455,756	-	(455,756)		-
Rotary fund	2,976	-	(2,976)		-
Total fund reclassifications	458,732		(458,732)	_	
Restated fund balance at July 1, 2010	\$ 11,813,210	\$ 5,370,270	\$ 2,109,080	\$	19,292,560

The fund reclassifications did not have an effect on net assets as previously reported.

C. Budgetary Prior Period Adjustment

In prior years certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds were considered part of the general fund on a budgetary basis. The District has elected to report only the legally budgeted general fund in the budgetary statement; therefore, a restatement to the beginning budgetary balance is required. The restatement of the general fund's budgetary-basis fund balance at June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Budgetary Basis

	<u>G</u>	eneral Fund
Fund balance at June 30, 2010 Funds budgeted elsewhere	\$	12,934,330 (49,305)
Restated fund balance at July 1, 2010	\$	12,885,025

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

D. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Assets

Fund balances and net assets at June 30, 2011 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor governmental funds	 <u>Deficit</u>
Adult basic education	\$ 556
IDEA Part B	137,617
Vocational Education	5,221
Title III	356
Refugee Children School Impact Act	4,044
Title I	32,913
IDEA Part B - Preschool	4,816
Improving Teacher Quality	11,188
Nonmajor enterprise fund	
Recreation	54,642
110010411011	5 1,0 12

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit net assets in the recreation fund resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The deficit fund balances in the remaining funds resulted from both adjustments for accrued liabilities and the reporting of short-term interfund loans as a fund liability rather than as an other financing source. These deficits should be eliminated by future intergovernmental revenues not recognized under GAAP at June 30.

E. Restatement of Net Assets

The District has restated the internal service fund's net assets and the governmental activities net assets at June 30, 2010 due to an overstatement of liabilities related to claims payable in the prior year. The restatement had the following effect on net assets as previously reported:

		ernmental ctivities	Inte	rnal Service Fund
Net assets at June 30, 2010	\$ 2	20,391,773	\$	752,816
Overstatement of claims payable		375,415		375,415
Restated net assets at June 30, 2010	\$ 2	20,767,188	\$	1,128,231

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statute classifies monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instruments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$11,465 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the statement of net assets of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2011, the carrying amount of all District deposits, including \$5,000,000 in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, was \$24,548,978. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2011, \$16,356,480 of the District's bank balance of \$24,827,030 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$8,470,550 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2011, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment
		Maturities
		6 months or
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	less
Commercial paper STAR Ohio	\$ 2,499,182 2,936	\$ 2,499,182 2,936
Total	\$ 2,502,118	\$ 2,502,118

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.17 years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investment in commercial paper was rated A and P-2 by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. STAR Ohio must maintain the highest letter or numerical rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The commercial paper is exposed to custodial credit risk in that it is uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2011:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% of Total
Commercial paper STAR Ohio	\$ 2,499,182 2,936	99.88 0.12
Total	\$ 2,502,118	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2011:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 24,548,978
Investments	2,502,118
Cash on hand	 11,465
Total	\$ 27,062,561
Cash and investments per financial statements	
Governmental activities	\$ 26,539,139
Business-type activities	352,893
Private-purpose trust fund	29,716
Agency funds	 140,813
Total	\$ 27,062,561

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2011, as reported on the fund statement:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 1,867,000

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net assets.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2011, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

	A	mount_
<u>Transfers from general fund to:</u>		
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	20,000

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statement of activities.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and certain tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2011 were levied after April 1, 2010, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2010, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2011 became a lien on December 31, 2009, were levied after April 1, 2010, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 (other than public utility property) generally represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009 on the value as of December 31, 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers were due September 20, 2010. Single county taxpayers could pay annually or semiannually. If paid semiannually, the first payment was due April 30, 2010, with the remainder payable by September 20, 2010.

The District receives property taxes from Cuyahoga County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2011, are available to finance fiscal year 2011 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011 was \$5,519,765 in the general fund and \$1,414,311 in the debt service fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2010 was \$4,767,732 in the general fund and \$1,221,881 in the debt service fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2011 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2011 taxes were collected are:

	2010 Second		2011 Firs	2011 First		
		Half Collect	ions	Half Collect	Half Collections	
	_	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential						
and other real estate	\$	895,537,870	98.46	\$ 894,509,380	98.63	
Public utility personal		12,391,260	1.36	12,400,630	1.37	
Tangible personal property		1,626,280	0.18			
Total	\$	909,555,410	100.00	\$ 906,910,010	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:						
Operations		\$97.93		\$104.83		
Debt service		9.97		10.57		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2011 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes - current and delinquent	\$ 49,505,194
Payment in lieu of taxes	67,210
Accounts	45,884
Intergovernmental	1,711,783
Accrued interest	26,876
Total receivables	\$ 51,356,947

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

		Balance				Balance
	_	06/30/10	Additions	Deductions	_	06/30/11
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	9,294,255	\$ -	\$ -	\$	9,294,255
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		9,294,255			_	9,294,255
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Land improvements		4,018,461	-	-		4,018,461
Building/improvements		149,105,349	468,063	-		149,573,412
Furniture/equipment		9,983,363	1,246,083	-		11,229,446
Vehicles		1,349,398			_	1,349,398
Total capital assets, being depreciated		164,456,571	1,714,146		_	166,170,717
Less: accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements		(2,789,866)	(97,349)	-		(2,887,215)
Building/improvements		(25,584,595)	(2,839,677)	-		(28,424,272)
Furniture/equipment		(5,441,050)	(1,169,662)	-		(6,610,712)
Vehicles		(1,173,602)	(64,465)			(1,238,067)
Total accumulated depreciation		(34,989,113)	(4,171,153)		_	(39,160,266)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	138,761,713	\$ (2,457,007)	\$ -	\$	136,304,706

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 2,953,081
Special	237,563
Vocational	184,726
Support services:	
Pupil	14,122
Instructional staff	223,815
Board of education	2,953
Administration	78,027
Business	1,346
Operations and maintenance of plant	77,138
Pupil transportation	21,711
Extracurricular	45,661
Operation of non-instructional services	331,010
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,171,153

B. Business-Type Activities

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	6/30/2010	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	6/30/2011
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture/Equipment	\$ 195,078	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 195,078
Vehicles		41,545		41,545
Total capital assets being depreciated	195,078	41,545		236,623
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Furniture/Equipment	(173,761)	(3,570)	-	(177,331)
Vehicles		(3,029)		(3,029)
Total accumulated depreciation	(173,761)	(6,599)		(180,360)
Net capital assets	\$ 21,317	\$ 34,946	\$ -	\$ 56,263

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In the current fiscal year and in prior fiscal years, the District entered into capital lease agreements for the acquisition of copiers, computers and networking equipment. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Governmental activities capital assets consisting of copiers, computer and networking equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$4,256,671. This amount represents the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2011 was \$1,949,109, leaving a current book value of \$2,307,562.

A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal and interest payments in the 2011 fiscal year totaled \$493,738 and \$78,767, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service payments of the general fund and the fiscal stabilization fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2011:

Fiscal Year Ending					
<u>June 30,</u>	Amount				
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	\$	668,241 498,287 230,244 230,244 230,244 95,935			
Total minimum lease payment		1,953,195			
Less: amount representing interest		(197,377)			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,755,818			

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. General obligation bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 2.52 (average) mill bonded debt tax levy.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Series 2007 School Facilities Improvement Bonds

On August 9, 2007, the District issued \$43,779,967 in general obligation bonds to provide financing for various construction projects. The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$42,275,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$1,504,967. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.00% - 5.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2015 through 2018 (stated interest rate 11.474-11.618%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds maturing December 1, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 are \$975,000, \$1,165,000, \$1,190,000 and \$1,210,000, respectively. Total accreted interest of \$804,509 has been included on the statement of net assets.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2007 school facilities improvement bonds:

Fiscal Year	_	Cu	Current Interest Bonds							Capital Appreciation Bonds					
Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total		Principal		<u>Interest</u>		Total			
2012	\$	60,000	\$	2,000,712	\$	2,060,712	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
2013		60,000		1,998,162		2,058,162		-		-		-			
2014		75,000		1,995,294		2,070,294		-		-		-			
2015		65,000		1,992,319		2,057,319		-		-		-			
2016		-		1,568,437		1,568,437		385,738		589,262		975,000			
2017 - 2021		2,955,000		8,020,776		10,975,776		1,119,229		2,445,771		3,565,000			
2022 - 2026		9,740,000		8,199,357		17,939,357		-		-		-			
2027 - 2031		14,090,000		5,264,000		19,354,000		-		-		-			
2032 - 2035	_	15,110,000	_	1,398,150		16,508,150	_		_		_				
Total	\$	42,155,000	\$	32,437,207	\$	74,592,207	\$	1,504,967	\$	3,035,033	\$	4,540,000			

C. Series 2007 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On May 9, 2007, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2007 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2004 school improvement current interest bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets. The balance of the refunded current interest bonds at June 30, 2011, is \$47,140,000.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$45,195,000 and capital appreciation bonds par value \$1,944,953. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.00% - 4.50%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on each December 1, 2014 - 2017 (stated interest rate 15.821%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds maturing each December 1, 2014 - 2017 are \$495,000, \$2,675,000, \$2,450,000 and \$2,450,000, respectively. Total accreted interest of \$1,664,697 has been included on the statement of net assets at June 30, 2011.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2031.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$2,865,968. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2007 refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year	_	Cu	nt Interest Bo		Capital Appreciation Bonds							
Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest		Total		Principal		<u>Interest</u>	_	Total
2012	\$	440,000	\$	1,893,096	\$	2,333,096	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
2013		460,000		1,875,096		2,335,096		-		-		-
2014		480,000		1,856,296		2,336,296		-		-		-
2015		-		1,846,696		1,846,696		156,528		338,472		495,000
2016		-		1,846,696		1,846,696		726,423		1,948,577		2,675,000
2017 - 2021		7,655,000		8,749,590		16,404,590		1,062,002		3,837,998		4,900,000
2022 - 2026		14,965,000		5,937,557		20,902,557		-		-		-
2027 - 2031		16,805,000		2,353,390		19,158,390		-		-		-
2032		1,940,000		43,650	_	1,983,650	_	_	_			
Total	\$	42,745,000	\$	26,402,067	\$	69,147,067	\$	1,944,953	\$	6,125,047	\$	8,070,000

D. Series 2006 Construction Bonds

On August 30, 2006, the District issued \$13,499,995 in general obligation bonds to provide financing for various construction projects. The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$13,330,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$169,995. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 3.50% - 5.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2015 through 2016 (stated interest rate 17.253%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2015 is \$400,000 and the accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2016 is \$450,000. Total accreted interest of \$201,055 has been included on the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2006 construction bonds:

Fiscal Year	_	Cu	ırren	t Interest Bo	nds		Capital Appreciation Bonds					
Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	_	Total	F	Principal		<u>Interest</u>		Total
2012	\$	180,000	\$	552,992	\$	732,992	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2013		190,000		546,042		736,042		-		_		-
2014		200,000		537,242		737,242		-		_		-
2015		225,000		527,967		752,967		-		_		-
2016		-		523,691		523,691		87,024		312,976		400,000
2017 - 2021		1,985,000		2,455,397		4,440,397		82,971		367,029		450,000
2022 - 2026		3,340,000		1,854,470		5,194,470		-		-		-
2027 - 2031		4,510,000		1,014,264		5,524,264		-		-		-
2032 - 2033		2,275,000		101,609		2,376,609						
Total	\$	12,905,000	\$	8,113,674	\$	21,018,674	\$	169,995	\$	680,005	\$	850,000

E. Series 2004 School Improvement Bonds

During fiscal year 2004, the District issued \$64,999,987 in general obligation bonds to provide financing for various construction projects. The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$63,740,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$1,259,987. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.75% - 5.25%. During fiscal year 2007, \$47,140,000 was refunded as described in Note 10.C. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2013 (stated interest 5.55%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2013 is \$2,110,000. Total accreted interest of \$580,180 has been included on the statement of net assets.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2004 school improvement bonds:

Fiscal Year	_	Cu	ırren	t Interest Bo		Capital Appreciation Bonds						
Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest		Total	P	rincipal		<u>Interest</u>	_	Total
2012	\$	1,700,000	\$	197,850	\$	1,897,850	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2013		1,745,000		128,950		1,873,950		-		-		-
2014		-		94,050		94,050		1,259,987		850,013		2,110,000
2015		2,090,000		47,025		2,137,025						
Total	\$	5,535,000	\$	467,875	\$	6,002,875	\$	1,259,987	\$	850,013	\$	2,110,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

F. Series 2003 Library Improvement Bonds

On December 1, 2003, the District issued \$12,500,000 in general obligation bonds on behalf of the Lakewood Public Library. The bonds were placed in the name of the Lakewood City School District. In accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 3375.43 - 45, local libraries are not allowed to issue debt or levy taxes in their name, therefore, after School Board approval, the levy was placed in the name of Lakewood City School District. The District, acting as taxing authority for the Library, collects levied taxes and makes required debt service payments. The library improvement bonds are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. The bonds mature on December 1, 2023 and bear an annual interest rate of 1.20% - 5.00%. The source of payment is derived from a current bonded debt tax levy. At June 30, 2011, the balance of the bonds of \$10,060,000 and bond premiums of \$106,414 have not been included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt because the capital assets purchased from this issuance are not included in the District's capital assets.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2003 library improvement bonds:

Fiscal Year	_	Cu	nds			
Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2012	\$	455,000	\$	455,482	\$	910,482
2013		535,000		439,558		974,558
2014		555,000		420,832		975,832
2015		575,000		400,575		975,575
2016		660,000		371,825		1,031,825
2017 - 2021		4,030,000		1,325,000		5,355,000
2022 - 2024		3,250,000		299,700		3,549,700
Total	\$	10,060,000	\$	3,712,972	\$	13,772,972

G. Series 2002 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On December 1, 2002, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2002 School Improvement Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 1993 School Improvement General Obligation Bonds (principal \$4,385,000; interest rate 2.5%). The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$4,020,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$364,993. The average interest rate on the current interest bonds is 2.79%. The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2012 and 2013 (stated interest rate 11.279%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2012 is \$575,000 and the accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2013 is \$575,000. Total accreted interest of \$559,722 has been included on the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2002 refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year	_	Cu	ırreı	nt Interest Bo	nds		Capital Appreciation Bonds					
Ending June 30,		Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	I	Principal		<u>Interest</u>	_	Total
2012	\$	550,000	\$	10,313	\$	560,313	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2013		-		-		-		192,499		382,501		575,000
2014	_				_	_		172,494		402,506		575,000
Total	\$	550,000	\$	10,313	\$	560,313	\$	364,993	\$	785,007	\$	1,150,000

H. Series 2001 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On June 14, 2001, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2001 School Improvement Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 1994 School Improvement General Obligation Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$2,875,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$304,996. The average interest rate on the current interest bonds is 4.70%. The capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2010 (stated interest rate 14.489%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds maturing December 1, 2010 was \$330,000.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2001 refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year	_	Cu	ırrer	nt Interest Bo	nds	
Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest		Total
2012	\$	330,000	\$	80,605	\$	410,605
2013		345,000		64,068		409,068
2014		365,000		46,672		411,672
2015		385,000		28,298		413,298
2016		385,000		9,432		394,432
Total	\$	1,810,000	\$	229,075	\$	2,039,075

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

I. The following is a summary of the bond and loan activity for fiscal year 2011:

1. The following is a summary of t	ne bond and r	Dan activity 10	i iiscai	year 2011.		Amounts
	Balance 06/30/10	Additi	ions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/11	due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds:						
Series 2007 school facilities improvement						
current interest bonds						
4.00-5.00%, 12/1/2034 maturity	\$ 42,215,0	00 \$	-	\$ (60,000)	\$ 42,155,000	\$ 60,000
Series 2007 school facilities improvement						
capital appreciation bonds	1,504,9	67	-	-	1,504,967	-
Series 2007 school facilities improvement						
capital appreciation bonds accreted interest						
11.474-11.618% (stated interest rate)						
12/1/15-12/1/18 maturity	559,0	87 24	45,422	-	804,509	-
Series 2007, refunding						
current interest bonds						
(4.00-4.50%), 12/01/31 maturity	43,170,0	00	-	(425,000)	42,745,000	440,000
Series 2007, refunding						
capital appreciation bonds						
15.821% (stated interest rate)						
12/01/14 to 17, maturity	1,944,9	53	-	-	1,944,953	-
Series 2007, refunding capital appreciation bonds						
accreted interest	1,154,8	69 50	09,828	-	1,664,697	-
Series 2006, school construction						
current interest bonds						
3.50-5.00%, 12/01/32 maturity	13,070,0	00	-	(165,000)	12,905,000	180,000
Series 2006, school construction						
capital appreciation bonds						
17.253% (stated), 12/01/15 and 16, maturity	169,9	95	-	-	169,995	-
Series 2006, school construction capital						
appreciation bonds accreted interest	144,4	.62 5	56,593	-	201,055	-
Series 2004, school improvement						
current interest bonds						
2.75-5.25%, 12/01/14 maturity	7,175,0	00	-	(1,640,000)	5,535,000	1,700,000
Series 2004, school improvement						
capital appreciation bonds		-				
5.55% (average effective), 12/01/13 maturity	1,259,9	87	-	-	1,259,987	-
Series 2004, school improvement bonds	100.1	=0			7 00 100	
accreted interest	482,1	70 9	98,010	-	580,180	-
Series 2003, library improvement	10.500.0	00		(440,000)	10.000.000	455,000
1.20 - 5.00%, 12/01/23 maturity	10,500,0	UU	-	(440,000)	10,060,000	455,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

TE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGA	Balance <u>06/30/10</u>			Additions	Deletions	_	Balance 06/30/11		Amounts due in One Year	
General Obligation Bonds: Series 2002, refunding current interest bonds 2.79%, 12/01/11 maturity Series 2002, refunding capital appreciation bonds 11.279% (stated interest rate)	\$	1,080,000	\$	-	\$	(530,000)	\$	550,000	\$	550,000
12/01/12 and 13 Series 2002, refunding capital appreciation bonds		364,993		-		-		364,993		-
accreted interest Series 2001, refunding current interest bonds 4.70%, 12/01/15 maturity		463,582 1,810,000		96,140		-		559,722 1,810,000		330,000
Series 2001, refunding capital appreciation bonds 14.489% (stated interest rate) 12/01/10 maturity Series 2001, refunding capital appreciation bonds		87,820		-		(87,820)		-		-
accreted interest	_	219,889		22,291		(242,180)				
Total Bonds	\$	127,376,774	\$	1,028,284	\$	(3,590,000)	\$	124,815,058	\$	3,715,000
J. The changes in the Distr	rict's	long-term oblig	gatio	ons during tl	ne y	ear consist of	the	e following:		Amount

	_	Balance 06/30/10	_	Additions	_]	Reductions		Balance 06/30/11	 Amount Due in One Year
Governmental activities:									
Compensated absences payable	\$	5,958,379	\$	705,950	\$	(604,693)	\$	6,059,636	\$ 432,092
Retirement incentives payable		5,492,859		1,554,912		(1,717,379)		5,330,392	1,493,674
General obligation bonds									
payable		127,376,774		1,028,284		(3,590,000)		124,815,058	3,715,000
Capital lease obligations		1,057,627		1,191,929	_	(493,738)		1,755,818	 588,756
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	139,885,639	\$	4,481,075	\$	(6,405,810)		137,960,904	\$ 6,229,522
Less: Unamortized deferred charge of						(2,391,329)			
Add: Unamortized premium on refu					_	5,388,821			
Total on statement of net assets							\$	140,958,396	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

	-	Balance 06/30/10	_A	dditions	<u>R</u>	eductions_	_	Balance 06/30/11	Γ	mount Oue in ne Year
Business-type activities: Compensated absences	\$	103,933	\$	19,957	\$	(27,017)	\$	96,873	\$	630
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	103,933	\$	19,957	\$	(27,017)	\$	96,873	\$	630

Governmental activities compensated absences and the retirement incentives will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid which, for the District, is primarily the general fund. See Note 11 for further detail on the District's retirement incentive programs and Note 9 for further detail on the District's capital lease obligations.

Business-type activities compensated absences will be paid from the food service fund and the recreation fund (nonmajor business-type funds).

K. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2011 are a voted debt margin of \$(33,427,836), including available funds of \$5,955,158 and an unvoted debt margin of \$906,910.

The Ohio Revised Code further provides that when a Board of Education declares a resolution that the student population is not adequately served by existing facilities, and that insufficient capacity exists within the 9% limit to finance additional facilities, the State Department of Education may declare that district a "special needs" district. This permits the incurrence of additional debt based upon projected 5-year growth of the school district's assessed valuation. The Lakewood City School District was determined to be a "special needs" district by the State Superintendent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Timely Retirement Incentive Program (TRIP)

The District Board of Education has approved a TRIP for certified and classified employees. Participation was open to employees who were at least 50 years old, qualified for retirement with the years purchased by the Board and agreed to retire by the end of each fiscal year beginning in fiscal year 2007. Employees who elected to participate in the TRIP will receive a payment for their unused sick leave, to the extent allowed by the current labor agreement along with a payment of 60-75% of their annual salary. The payment for the TRIP is paid out over a five year period. The total liability for the TRIP at June 30, 2011 was \$5,330,392 of which \$1,493,674 is due within one year and \$3,836,718 is due in greater than one year. The liability is recorded in the governmental activities statement of net assets as a component of "long-term liabilities".

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2011, the District contracted with the Ohio School Plan for property, crime, and inland marine insurance coverage, the Ohio School Plan for boiler and machinery insurance coverage, the Ohio Casualty for fleet insurance coverage and the Ohio School Plan for general liability insurance coverage. The Ohio School Plan was formed in conjunction with the Ohio Revised Code 2744 which allows public entities to join together for coverage purposes. The Ohio School Plan is reinsured by Aspen Re, CAN, Everest Re Group, Odyssey America, Lexington Insurance, Markel, Maumee, QBE and SCOR. There is no deductible for general liability and a \$2,500 deductible for error and omissions. The limitations of coverages are as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$200,556,706
Inland Marine Coverage (\$1,000 deductible)	Included in limit above
Boiler and Machinery (\$1,000)	100,000,000
Crime Insurance (\$1,000 deductible each coverage)	Various
Automobile Liability	3,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
General Liability:	
Per occurrence	3,000,000
Aggregate per year	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Worker's Compensation

During fiscal year 2011, the District has participated in the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (Bureau) Retrospective Rating Plan. The alternative rating program requires the District to pay only administrative charges to the Bureau, and in turn the District assumes the responsibility of paying all claims incurred during the policy period for up to ten years. After the tenth year, the Bureau will assume any existing claim for its duration. The District will be charged an actuarial amount for the claims transferred to the Bureau. The District's stop-loss coverage through the plan is limited to \$200,000 per claim stop-loss coverage with an annual aggregate. The Plan is administered by KKSG & Associates.

The District's Workers' Compensation program is accounted for in the internal service fund which pays for all claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. The internal service fund generates revenues by charging each fund a percentage rate determined by the Bureau for the payroll during the reporting period. The balance at June 30, 2010 has been restated (see Note 3.E). Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning Balance		Current Year Claims		Claims Payments	Ending Balance		
2011	\$ 13	89,010	\$ 284,370	\$	(276,461)	\$	196,919	
2010		-	476,796		(287,786)		189,010	

C. Group Health and Dental Insurance

For the fiscal year 2011, the District was a participant in the Suburban Health Consortium (the "Consortium") to provide employee health, dental, vision and prescription drug benefits. The Consortium is administered by Medical Mutual. Payments are made to the Consortium for the monthly attachment point, monthly stop-loss premiums, and administrative charges. The fiscal agent of the Consortium is the North Royalton City School District. The Treasurer of the fiscal agent pays monthly for the actual amount of claims processed, the stop-loss premium, and the administrative charges. The entire risk of loss transfers to the Consortium upon payment of the premiums. The District's portion of the monthly insurance premiums is as follows:

	Board Share of Premium						
	Full-Time Family	Part-Time Family	Full-Time Single	Part-Time Single			
Health:	•			-			
Suburban Health Consortium	\$ 700.42	\$ 350.21	\$ 279.19	\$ 139.60			
Kaiser (HMO)	700.42	350.21	476.23	238.11			
Prescription drug	201.12	100.56	80.44	40.22			
Dental	80.59	40.30	27.79	13.90			
Vision	8.91	4.46	2.09	1.05			
Health/Employees covered by a working spouse:							
Suburban Health Consortium	595.35	297.68	279.19	139.60			
Prescription drug	170.95	85.48	80.44	40.22			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 14. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Media/Financial Reports".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2011, 11.77 percent and 0.04 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$1,220,647, \$1,361,905 and \$953,911, respectively; 51.96 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2011, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$4,658,143, \$4,802,397 and \$4,653,162, respectively; 82.44 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2011 were \$176,748 made by the District and \$126,249 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2011, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Chapter 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 was \$96.40 and SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Media/Financial Reports".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2011, 1.43 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2011, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$311,304, \$209,993 and \$594,915, respectively; 51.96 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2011, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$78,551, \$80,990 and \$78,706, respectively; 51.96 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2011, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$358,319, \$369,415 and \$357,936, respectively; 82.44 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis); and,
- (f) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 1,465,403
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	695,607
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	499,179
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(1,152,700)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	7,136
Adjustment for encumbrances	429,376
GAAP basis	\$ 1,944,001

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special rotary fund, rotary fund and the public school support fund.

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

	Textbo	ooks_	_	Capital provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2010	\$	-	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement	840	0,042		840,042
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement		-		-
Current year qualifying expenditures	(840	0,042)		(840,042)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years	(8,389	9,610)		-
Current year offsets		-		-
Waiver granted by ODE		-		-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		<u> </u>		
Total	\$ (8,389	9,610)	\$	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2012	\$		\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2011	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_

The District had current year qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the textbook set-aside amount to below zero. Effective July 1, 2011, the textbook set-aside is no longer required and has been removed from existing law. This negative balance is therefore not being presented as being carried forward to the future fiscal year. The District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside in future fiscal years. During fiscal years 2004, 2007 and 2008, the District issued \$64,999,987, 13,499,995 and \$43,779,967, respectively, in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce capital acquisition to zero for future years. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$122,279,949 at June 30, 2011.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous Federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	umbrances
General fund	\$	262,293
Other governmental		146,749
Total	\$	409,042

NOTE 19- LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY

The Lakewood City Academy (the "Academy") is a discretely presented component unit of the Lakewood City School District (the "District"). The District is the Sponsor of the Academy. The Academy issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. This separately issued financial report can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Academy at 1470 Warren Road, Lakewood, OH 44107-3918.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Academy also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued prior to November 30, 1989, provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Academy has elected not to apply FASB guidance issued after November 30, 1989. The Academy's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows. Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 19 - LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY - (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included on the statement of net assets. The difference between total assets and liabilities are defined as net assets. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the basic financial statements. The Academy's basic financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Academy receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

Expenses are recognized at the time that they are incurred.

D. Budgetary Process

Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Section 5705, unless specifically provided in the Academy's contract with its Sponsor. The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor requires a detailed school budget for each year of the contract; however, the budget does not have to follow the provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.

E. Cash

All monies received by the Academy are deposited in a demand deposit account.

F. Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500. The Academy does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 19 - LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY - (Continued)

All capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Equipment is depreciated over 5-20 years.

G. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets have been restricted for locally funded programs and federally funded programs.

The Academy applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

H. Intergovernmental Revenue

The Academy currently participates in the State foundation program through the Ohio Department of Education, the State of Ohio Educational Management Information System grant, One Net Connectivity grant, Education Jobs grant, American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) grants, the Federal IDEA Part B grant, the Federal Title I-Targeted Assistance grant, the Federal Title V-Innovative Programs grant, the Federal Title IV Drug-Free Schools grant, the Federal Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality grant and the Federal Title II-D Technology grant. Revenues from these programs are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, essentially the same as the fiscal year.

Grants and entitlements are recognized as operating grants and contributions in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility includes timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis. Federal and State grant revenue for the fiscal year 2011 was \$259,627.

I. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Academy. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Academy. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 19 - LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY - (Continued)

Deposits

At June 30, 2011, the carrying amount of the Academy's deposits was \$499,121. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2011, \$249,121 of the Academy's bank balance of \$499,121 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$250,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC").

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Academy. The Academy has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Academy to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year 2011 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2010	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance June 30, 2011	
Furniture and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 142,668 (94,582)	\$ 24,074 (29,912)	\$ - -	\$ 166,742 (124,494)	
Capital assets, net	\$ 48,086	\$ (5,838)	\$ -	\$ 42,248	

Risk Management

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to contracted personnel; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2011, the Academy was named on the Sponsor's policy for property and general liability insurance. The Academy provides employee bond coverage through Ohio Casualty Insurance in the following amounts: Treasurer \$20,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 19 - LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY - (Continued)

Purchased Services

For the fiscal year 2011 purchased services expenses were as follows:

Professional and technical services	\$ 1,001,829
Property services	22,000
Contracted craftor trade	4,406
Pupil transportation	1,231
Total	\$ 1,029,466

Contingencies

A. Grants

The Academy received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Academy at June 30, 2011.

B. Litigation

The Academy is not involved in any litigation that, in the opinion of management, would have a material effect of the financial statements.

C. State Foundation Funding

The Ohio Department of Education conducts reviews of enrollment data and full-time equivalency (FTE) calculations made by the schools. These reviews are conducted to ensure the schools are reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which State foundation funding is calculated. The Academy has received an FTE review on June 9, 2011, for the 2010-11 school year. The Academy does not anticipate any significant adjustments to State funding for fiscal year 2012, as a result of the review.

Receivables

The Academy had the following intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2011:

Title II-D	\$ 842
Education jobs grant	_ 20,422
Total	\$ 21,264

The intergovernmental receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 19 - LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY - (Continued)

Service Agreements

A. Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association

The Academy entered into an agreement on August 14, 2009, with Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association ("TRECA") for planning, instructional, administrative and technical services required for the operation of the Academy. During the fiscal year 2011, the Academy paid TRECA \$84,007 for services under the agreement.

Under the contract, TRECA is required to provide the following services:

- 1. Instructional, supervisory/administrative, and technical services sufficient to effectively implement the Academy's educational plan, assessment and accountability plan, and the sponsorship contract.
- Responsibility for all payroll functions, including retirement system contributions and all other legal withholding and/or payroll taxes with respect to all personnel providing services to the Academy on behalf of TRECA. Also, all personnel shall possess any certification or licensure which may be required by law.
- 3. Provide technical services that include access to, and the use of, computer software, computer hardware, networking hardware, network services, and the services of technical support personnel. The Academy is responsible for recovering and returning any and all equipment to TRECA. In cases where equipment is unrecoverable, the Academy shall reimburse TRECA up to \$900 per student.
- 4. Curricular services limited to standardized curriculum developed by TRECA.

For these services, the Academy is required to pay the following fees to TRECA:

Enrollment - \$3,875 per full-time student enrolled per year. In case of a student enrolled with an Individual Education Plan (IEP), the Academy will determine if special education will be provided by TRECA or otherwise. If substantially all of the special education and services are provided to such a student by an organization other than TRECA, the Academy does not have to pay TRECA the enrollment fee per the agreement, instead, the Academy will be required to pay only the actual costs for that student provided by TRECA. If the special education for a student is incurred by TRECA, then any additional amount received from the Department of Education for special education and related services is due to TRECA for that student.

If payments to the Academy from the Department of Education are reduced, the payments due from the Academy to TRECA shall be reduced accordingly.

B. Lakewood City School District

The Community School Sponsorship Contract and the annual Purchased Services Contract between the Academy and Lakewood City School District outlined the specific payments to be made by the Academy to Lakewood City School District during the fiscal year 2011. In addition the Community School Sponsorship Contract stated that the two parties agreed to pay other mutually agreed upon amounts, including fees for any services provided to the Academy by Lakewood City School District. The Academy paid Lakewood City School District \$887,545 during the fiscal year 2011 for services rendered under the Community School Sponsorship Contract and the annual Purchased Services Contract.

LAKEWOOD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor Program Title U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program - 2011 National School Lunch Program - 2011 Total Child Nutrition Cluster	N/A N/A	10.553 10.555	\$ 163,986 907,927 1,071,913	\$ - 16,009 16,009	\$ 163,986 907,927 1,071,913	\$ - 16,009 16,009
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability: NSLP Cafeteria Equipment - 2010	N/A	10.579	41,545	-	41,545	-
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,113,458	16,009	1,113,458	16,009
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) - 2010 Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) - 2011 ARRA - Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) - 2010 ARRA - Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) - 2011 Subtotal Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	N/A N/A N/A N/A	84.027 84.027 84.391 84.391	179,404 1,470,554 37,925 373,685 2,061,568	- - - -	163,636 1,540,830 54,168 373,685 2,132,319	- - - -
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) - 2010 Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) - 2011 ARRA - Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) - 2010 ARRA - Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) - 2011 Subtotal Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	N/A N/A N/A N/A	84.173 84.173 84.392 84.392	(18) 67,075 8,664 7,198 82,919	- - - -	66,471 6,938 7,198 80,607	- - - -
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			2,144,487	-	2,212,926	
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States - 2010 Adult Education - Basic Grants to States - 2011 Adult Education - Basic Grants to States - 2010 Adult Education - Basic Grants to States - 2011 Total Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	N/A N/A N/A N/A	84.002 84.002 84.002 84.002	19,726 46,727 1,545 28,508 96,506	- - - -	10,662 50,754 44 28,985 90,445	- - - - -
Title I, Part A Cluster Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA) - 2010 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA) - 2011 ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act - 2010 ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act - 2011 Total Title I, Part A Cluster	N/A N/A N/A	84.010 84.010 84.389 84.389	58,525 1,772,105 148,697 291,215 2,270,542	- - - - -	70,682 1,800,580 121,361 290,233 2,282,856	- - - - - -

(Continued)

LAKEWOOD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States (Perkins IV) - 2010	N/A	84.048	79,228	-	46,063	-
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States (Perkins IV) - 2011	N/A	84.048	197,966	-	197,844	-
Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States (Perkins IV)			277,194	-	243,907	-
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities (Title IV) - 2010	N/A	84.186	-	-	609	-
Educational Technology State Grants Cluster						
Education Technology State Grants (Title IID) - 2010	N/A	84.318	(1,256)	-	(1,881)	-
Education Technology State Grants (Title IID) - 2011	N/A	84.318	11,759	-	12,804	-
ARRA - Education Technology State Grants (Title IID) - 2011 Total Educational Technology State Grants Cluster	N/A	84.386	409,401 419,904		408,015 418,938	
Total Educational Toolmology State Orante States			110,001		110,000	
English Language Acquisition Grants (Title III) - 2010	N/A	84.365	2,690	-	14	-
English Language Acquisition Grants (Title III) - 2011	N/A	84.365	116,446	-	117,555	-
English Language Acquisition Grants, Immigrant (Title III)- 2011	N/A	84.365	11,446	-	11,446	
Total English Language Acquisition Grants (Title III)			130,582	-	129,015	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title IIA) - 2010	N/A	84.367	51,294	-	37,915	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title IIA) - 2011	N/A	84.367	274,322		274,957	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title IIA)			325,616	-	312,872	-
School Improvement Grants - 2010	N/A	84.377	23,154	_	19,762	_
School Improvement Grants - 2011	N/A	84.377	24,001	-	24,001	-
Total School Improvement Grants			47,155	-	43,763	-
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act (Education Stabilization Fund) - 2011	N/A	84.394	1,451,760	-	1,451,760	-
Total U.S. Department of Education			7,163,746		7,187,091	
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services Passed through the Educational Service Center of Cuyahoga County						
Refugee Children Impact Program - 2010	N/A	93.576	17,360	-	3,536	-
Refugee Children Impact Program - 2011	N/A	93.576	21,062		37,407	
Total Refugee Children Impact Program			38,422	-	40,943	-
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services			38,422	-	40,943	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 8,315,626	\$ 16,009	\$ 8,341,492	\$ 16,009

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Lakewood City School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE D - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. These transfers resulted in the Schedule reporting negative receipts. The District transferred the following amounts from 2010 to 2011 programs:

		Amount Transferred
Program Title	CFDA Number	from 2010 to 2011
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	\$18
Education Technology State Grants (Title IID)	84.318	1,256

CFDA – Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance

N/A - Not applicable

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Lakewood City School District Cuyahoga County 1470 Warren Road Lakewood, Ohio 44107

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lakewood City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2012, wherein we noted the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" and restated the June 30, 2010 fund balances of the Governmental Funds due to a change in fund structure. In addition, the District restated the internal service fund's net assets and the governmental activities net assets at June 30, 2010 due to an overstatement of liabilities related to claims payable in the prior year. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Lakewood City School District
Cuyahoga County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated March 14, 2012.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 14, 2012

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Lakewood City School District Cuyahoga County 1470 Warren Road Lakewood, Ohio 44107

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Lakewood City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Lakewood City School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The *summary of auditor's results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Lakewood City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

Lakewood City School District
Cuyahoga County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 14, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2011

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	 Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program / CFDA #10.553 National School Lunch Program / CFDA #10.555 Education Technology State Grants Cluster: Education Technology State Grants (Title IID) / CFDA #84.318 ARRA – Education Technology State Grants (Title IID) / CFDA #84.386 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title IIA) / CFDA #84.367 ARRA – State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) – Education State Grants, Recovery Act (Education Stabilization Fund) / CFDA #84.394
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Lakewood City School District Cuyahoga County 1470 Warren Road Lakewood, Ohio 44107

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether the Lakewood City School District (the District) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on January 17, 2012, to include violence within a dating relationship within its definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 14, 2012





LAKEWOOD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 29, 2012