LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY, OHIO

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

DOUGLAS WINKLER, TREASURER



Board of Education Louisville City School District 407 East Main Street Louisville, Ohio 44641

We have reviewed the *Independent Accountants' Report* of the Louisville City School District, Stark County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Louisville City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 5, 2012



LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY, OHIO

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Accountants' Report	2 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 - 12
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets	
of Governmental Activities	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund	20
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund	21
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	22 - 50
Supplementary Data:	
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards	51 - 52
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Required By Government Auditing Standards	53 - 54
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal	
Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required By OMB Circular A-133	55 - 56
Schedule of Findings <i>OMB Circular A-133</i> § .505	57 - 58





Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Accountants' Report

Louisville City School District Stark County 407 East Main Street Louisville, Ohio 44641

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Louisville City School District, Stark County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Louisville City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Louisville City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Louisville City School District, Stark County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, during the year ended June 30, 2011, the Louisville City School District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2011, on our consideration of the Louisville City School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Louisville City School District Independent Accountants' Report Page Two

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Louisville City School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 9, 2011

Julian & Sube, the.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 Unaudited

The management's discussion and analysis of Louisville City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to those respective statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for 2011 are as follows:

- The School District issued \$21,970,000 in refunding bonds to refund a portion of the 2001 school facilities bonds which were issued for the local share of the School District's approved master plan with the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC), Expedited Local Partnership Program. These refunding bonds will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2030. The advance refunding will save the School District over \$2.6 million in debt service interest.
- Revenue was received from the OSFC which decreased the intergovernmental receivable and provided cash for the building project to move forward.
- Significant additions to nondepreciable capitals assets due to the construction in progress related to the OSFC school building project.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Louisville City School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Louisville City School District, the general fund, bond retirement debt service fund and Ohio school facilities capital projects fund are the most significant funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2011?" The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those net assets. The amount of net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one measure of the School District's financial health, or financial position. The change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. Assessing the overall health of the School District involves many factors. Non-financial factors may include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District. On the other hand, financial factors may include the School District's financial position, liquidity and solvency and fiscal capacity.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's activities are classified as governmental. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of food service, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the bond retirement debt service fund and the Ohio school facilities capital projects funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

You may recall that the *Statement of Net Assets* provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2011 compared to 2010:

Table 1 Net Assets Governmental Activities

	2011	2010	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$41,295,093	\$60,886,805	(\$19,591,712)
Capital Assets, Net	54,284,791	32,048,807	22,235,984
Total Assets	95,579,884	92,935,612	2,644,272
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	13,956,851	11,890,087	2,066,764
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	1,309,509	866,025	443,484
Due in More Than One Year	32,388,834	33,419,835	(1,031,001)
Total Liabilities	47,655,194	46,175,947	1,479,247
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	30,729,799	7,982,661	22,747,138
Restricted	17,013,460	38,182,559	(21,169,099)
Unrestricted	181,431	594,445	(413,014)
Total Net Assets	\$47,924,690	\$46,759,665	\$1,165,025

Total assets increased as a result of receiving slightly less than 19.5 million dollars in Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) funds for the building project, lowering the intergovernmental receivable significantly. The decrease in current assets was offset by a large addition to nondepreciable capital assets due to the additions to construction in progress related the OSFC building project.

Total liabilities increased due to large accounts and contracts payable amounts due to a number of construction projects contracts existing at the end of the fiscal year.

The vast majority of revenue supporting all governmental activities is general revenue. The most significant portions of the general revenue are grants and entitlements, which is primarily State foundation funding, and local property tax. Grants and Entitlements revenue decreased due to the School District receiving less intergovernmental revenue in the current year. The remaining revenue was program revenues, which consist of charges for services provided by the School District and State and Federal grants.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Louisville City School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 Unaudited

Table 2 **Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities**

	2011	2010	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,808,452	\$1,781,635	\$26,817
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,298,327	4,066,982	1,231,345
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,611,361	69,825	2,541,536
Total Program Revenues	9,718,140	5,918,442	3,799,698
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	8,787,040	7,998,305	788,735
Grants and Entitlements	14,709,917	15,336,869	(626,952)
Unrestricted Contributions	5,657	0	5,657
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	35,527	31,412	4,115
Investment Earnings	81,036	108,057	(27,021)
Miscellaneous	109,816	73,765	36,051
Total General Revenues	23,728,993	23,548,408	180,585
Total Revenues	33,447,133	29,466,850	3,980,283
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	13,312,516	12,854,838	(457,678)
Special	3,469,057	3,852,396	383,339
Vocational	420,794	477,350	56,556
Student Intervention Services	890,002	878,180	(11,822)
Support Services:			
Pupils	1,636,817	1,614,040	(22,777)
Instructional Staff	1,007,046	961,603	(45,443)
Board of Education	64,819	58,653	(6,166)
Administration	1,829,322	1,864,747	35,425
Fiscal	622,783	609,441	(13,342)
Business	69,500	112,986	43,486
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,581,963	3,518,378	936,415
Pupil Transportation	1,312,042	1,225,934	(86,108)
Central	20,770	14,840	(5,930)
Food Service Operations	1,200,230	1,181,913	(18,317)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	440,033	476,508	36,475
Extracurricular Activities	2,164,996	1,114,303	(1,050,693)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,239,418	1,583,748	344,330
Total Program Expenses	32,282,108	32,399,858	117,750
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	1,165,025	(2,933,008)	4,098,033
Net Assets Beginning of Year	46,759,665	46,692,673	66,992
Net Assets End of Year	\$47,924,690	\$43,759,665	\$4,165,025

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

The School District has carefully planned its financial existence by forecasting its revenues and expenses over the next five years. Although the School District relies heavily upon local property taxes to support its operations, the School District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset some operating costs.

The majority of the School District's expenses are for instruction. Additional supporting services for pupils, staff, pupil transportation and business operations are the next largest area of expenses. The remaining amount of program expenses are to facilitate other obligations of the School District such as interest and fiscal charges, the food service program and numerous extracurricular activities. Extracurricular activities increased significantly from the prior year as a result of the completion of the stadium bleacher project.

The Statement of Activities shows the total net cost of program services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services for governmental activities and the net cost of those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2011	2011	2010	2010
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$13,312,516	\$11,687,635	\$12,854,838	\$10,900,863
Special	3,469,057	1,273,254	3,852,396	3,390,581
Vocational	420,794	408,101	477,350	471,630
Student Intervention Services	890,002	863,455	878,180	860,920
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,636,817	1,416,994	1,614,040	1,326,308
Instructional Staff	1,007,046	979,994	961,603	915,831
Board of Education	64,819	62,787	58,653	58,653
Administration	1,829,322	1,553,417	1,864,747	1,633,982
Fiscal	622,783	608,495	609,441	601,457
Business	69,500	67,325	112,986	111,129
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,581,963	2,245,896	3,518,378	3,417,271
Pupil Transportation	1,312,042	620,715	1,225,934	541,623
Central	20,770	20,770	14,840	14,840
Food Service Operations	1,200,230	3,612	1,181,913	(69,094)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	440,033	148,839	476,508	129,176
Extracurricular Activities	2,164,996	(636,739)	1,114,303	592,498
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,239,418	1,239,418	1,583,748	1,583,748
Total	\$32,282,108	\$22,563,968	\$32,399,858	\$26,481,416

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 Unaudited

As one can see, the reliance upon local tax revenues for governmental activities is crucial. Over 27 percent of expenses are directly supported by local property taxes. Grant and entitlements not restricted to specific programs support a majority of expenses. The amount for fiscal year 2011 decreased from the prior year due to less intergovernmental revenue funding from the State. Program revenues account for just over 30 percent of all governmental expenses.

School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds can be found on page 16. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$49,693,639 and expenditures of \$53,155,611. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the Ohio School Facilities Construction fund with a decrease of \$1,851,227, as a result of \$21,361,219 of capital outlay expenditures related to OSFC building project. The general fund balance decrease of \$916,944, was a result of increased costs in almost every expenditure category.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2011, the School District amended its general fund budget numerous times, none significant. The School District uses an operational unit budget process and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenditures but provide flexibility for program based decision and management.

For the general fund, the final budget basis estimated revenue totaled \$22,411,519, which is slightly higher than the original estimate of \$21,782,688. Final budget basis appropriations for expenditures totaled \$24,969,571 compared to the original estimate of \$24,960,681.

The total revenue variance between final budget and actual was insignificant. The total expenditure variance between final budget and actual amounted to \$951,437 or 3.81 percent of final budget expenditures.

The general fund's unencumbered ending cash balance totaled \$3,914,074, which was \$951,629 more than the final budgeted amount of \$2,962,445.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 Unaudited

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 4 shows fiscal 2011 values compared to 2010. More detailed information is presented in Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
Governmental Activities

	2011	2010
Land	\$2,756,741	\$2,745,169
Construction in Progress	23,084,046	3,219,476
Buildings and Improvements	25,303,570	22,500,507
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	2,113,675	2,336,749
Textbooks and Library Books	0	102,068
Vehicles	1,026,759	1,144,838
Total Capital Assets	\$54,284,791	\$32,048,807

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress are reported net of depreciation. As one can see, there was a increase in capital assets during the fiscal year, due to large additions to construction in progress. Construction in progress was related to the school building project.

Debt

Table 5 summarizes the bonds, capital leases and notes outstanding. More detailed information is presented in Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

Table 5
Oustanding Debt at Year End
Governmental Activities

	2011	2010
School Facilities Bonds	\$8,742,676	\$31,138,815
Energy Conservation Bonds	200,000	240,000
Refunding School Facilities Bonds	22,249,340	0
Capital Leases	1,078,607	1,241,471
Total	\$32,270,623	\$32,620,286

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 Unaudited

The 2001 school facilities bonds were issued for the local share of the School District's approved master plan with the Ohio School Facilities Commission, Expedited Local Partnership Program. These bonds will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2012. A portion of these bonds was refunded during fiscal year 2011. These refunding bonds will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2030. The energy conservation bonds were issued for capital improvements under House Bill 264. Improvements were approved by the Ohio Department of Education for energy conservation measures resulting in operating cost savings. These bonds will be fully repaid in calendar year 2015.

The 2009 school facilities bonds were issued to retire notes that were issued to construct one elementary school to replace three existing elementary schools and to do additional renovations at the Louisville High School. This local money is being used in conjunction with funding from the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC).

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$1,775,328 with an unvoted debt margin of \$341,531 as of June 30, 2011.

Current Issues Affecting Financial Condition

The School District has received the State Report Card rating of Excellent for 2010-11 and "Excellent with Distinction" for the years 2007-2008, 2008-2009 and 2009-2010 respectively. This designation is shared by a select number of school districts in the State. In addition, Fairhope Elementary School and Louisville Elementary School were given the designation as a "School of Promise" by the Ohio Department of Education for the 2010-2011 school year. The School of Promise Award was enjoyed by only 122 schools in Ohio for 2010-2011. The School of Promise award is given to schools closing achievement gaps for economically disadvantaged and minority students.

On November 4, 2008, the voters of the Louisville City School District approved a 1.5 mill, \$8,500,000 bond issue to provide the opportunity for the School District to participate in the Classroom Facilities Assistance Program (CFAP) program. The School District is constructing one elementary school to replace three existing elementary schools and is completing additions and renovations to Louisville High School. As a dual issue, voters approved a 1.3 mill continuing levy for permanent improvements. This will provide the required .5 mill of maintenance for the CFAP program and also monies for other permanent improvement needs of the School District.

General Operations: The School District has communicated to the community that they rely heavily upon their support for its operations, and will continue to work diligently to plan expenses, staying carefully within the School District's financial five-year plan. The community also realizes the income generated by local levies remains relatively constant, therefore, forcing the School District to come back to the voters from time to time to ask for additional support. The last approved operating levy for the School District was in 1992. The November 2006 request for a continuing 9.85 mill operating levy was soundly defeated (70 percent-30 percent). The Board made budget cuts in three phases totaling \$2.1 million, in order to live within the means of our revenue and available resources. These budget cuts included the textbooks budget, building supplies budgets, bus purchases, staff (through attrition), supplemental and extended time contracts, 1 bus route, and instituted pay-to-participate athletics and student activity fees at the high school and middle school. The Board has continued staff reductions and through attrition continues to reduce teaching staff. The Board also approved a two year Early Retirement Incentive program with STRS. The program will allow for improved cash flow and further reductions in professional staff costs. The School District successfully negotiated with both teaching and non-teaching labor groups, agreeing to 1.25 percent, 1.00 percent and 1.00 percent increases for 2009-10, 2010-11 and 2011-12 respectively. The non-teaching labor group has also agreed to a freeze in steps and wages for the 2012-2013 school year. Wages for exempt,

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 Unaudited

confidential employees are frozen for the 2012-13 contract year. Wages for administrators are frozen at current levels. The School District continues participation in the Stark County Council of Governments insurance consortium for medical, dental, vision and life insurance.

Following a statistically verifiable community survey and budget cuts in place, the Board submitted a second request for voter-approval of an operating levy in May 2007. This request was asking for an incremental continuing operating levy to be phased in with three smaller tax increases over the course of four years, of 5.9 mills the first and second year, with additional 1.9 mills added in the third and fourth years, total 9.7 mills. This request failed at the polls by a 71-29 margin. The third request for an operating levy also failed (63-37) in November 2007. The School District lost over \$150,000 in State funding for fiscal year 2010 and was reduced by approximately \$300,000 for fiscal year 2011 (about \$600,000 in total for the biennium). The School District received State Stabilization Funding for Fiscal Year 2011 of \$1,148,670 and the School District will lose this funding for Fiscal Year 2012. This is a disturbing trend. Current problems with funding from the State of Ohio will cause the School District to carefully monitor developments related to reductions in State funding and the need to request additional levies locally.

The financial future of the School District is not without its challenges. These challenges will continue to exist, as the School District must continue to rely heavily on local property taxes to fund operations. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor revenues and expenditures in accordance with the financial forecast. Since the School District receives approximately 64 percent of revenues for general operations from the State and Federal Government (stimulus dollars), the expected budget shortfall for the State of Ohio is of great concern.

The early retirement incentive program for teachers who elected to retire at the conclusion of 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 will lower costs and have a positive impact on future cash flow. The trend to increase the general operating balance continued through fiscal year 2010, but this is a short-term fix. Management will make further spending cuts if the efforts to increase revenues are not successful and State revenues fall short of expected needs. Management continues to measure its need for a future operating levy.

Louisville City School District is the recipient of significant reductions in State revenue due to the State of Ohio budget deficit. The SFSF monies (stimulus dollars) are no longer available and in fiscal year 2012 the School District will spend out the balance of the Education Jobs Fund dollars. The State of Ohio has also significantly reduced reimbursements for loss of personal property taxes. Reductions in local property values are also preventing any increase in local tax revenues.

As a result of the challenges mentioned above, it is imperative the School District's management continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet student needs over the next several years.

In summary, the Louisville City School District has committed itself to financial and educational excellence now and in the years to come.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Doug Winkler, Treasurer, at Louisville City School District, 407 E. Main Street, Louisville, Ohio 44641, or email at dwinkler@louisville.sparcc.org.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$29,212,072
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents	460,465
Accounts Receivable	1,254
Accrued Interest Receivable	931
Intergovernmental Receivable	2,736,041
Inventory Held for Resale	20,402
Materials and Supplies Inventory	46,155
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	28,076
Property Taxes Receivable	8,509,514
Deferred Charges	280,183
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	25,840,787
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	28,444,004
Total Assets	95,579,884
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	669,972
Contracts Payable	2,273,422
Retainage Payable	460,465
Accrued Wages Payable	2,744,133
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	19,045
Intergovernmental Payable	791,037
Deferred Revenue	6,906,982
Accrued Interest Payable	91,795
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,309,509
Due In More Than One Year	32,388,834
Total Liabilities	47,655,194
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	30,729,799
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	14,153,075
Debt Service	1,053,690
Set Asides	168,663
District Managed Student Activities	190,526
Other Purposes	1,447,506
Unrestricted	181,431
Total Net Assets	\$47,924,690

Louisville City School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$13,312,516	\$348,944	\$1,275,937	\$0	(\$11,687,635)	
Special	3,469,057	77,476	2,118,327	0	(1,273,254)	
Vocational	420,794	12,693	0	0	(408,101)	
Student Intervention Services	890,002	26,547	0	0	(863,455)	
Support Services:						
Pupils	1,636,817	42,721	177,102	0	(1,416,994)	
Instructional Staff	1,007,046	25,458	1,594	0	(979,994)	
Board of Education	64,819	2,032	0	0	(62,787)	
Administration	1,829,322	137,562	138,343	0	(1,553,417)	
Fiscal	622,783	14,288	0	0	(608,495)	
Business	69,500	2,175	0	0	(67,325)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,581,963	69,702	115,243	151,122	(2,245,896)	
Pupil Transportation	1,312,042	36,121	655,206	0	(620,715)	
Central	20,770	0	0	0	(20,770)	
Food Service Operations	1,200,230	706.002	490,616	0	(3,612)	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	440,033	0	291,194	0	(148,839)	
Extracurricular Activities	2,164,996	306,731	34,765	2,460,239	636,739	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,239,418	0	0	2,400,239	(1,239,418)	
interest and Fiscar Charges	1,237,410				(1,237,410)	
Totals	\$32,282,108	\$1,808,452	\$5,298,327	\$2,611,361	(22,563,968)	
		General Revenues				
		Property Taxes Levi	ed for:			
		General Purposes			6,904,851	
		Debt Service			1,460,537	
		Capital Outlay			245,531	
		Other Purposes			176,121	
		Grants and Entitlem	ents not Restricted to S	pecific Programs	14,709,917	
		Unrestricted Contrib	outions		5,657	
		Payments in Lieu of	Taxes		35,527	
		Investment Earnings	3		81,036	
		Miscellaneous			109,816	
		Total General Rever	nues		23,728,993	
		Change in Net Asse	ts		1,165,025	
		Net Assets Beginnin	g of Year		46,759,665	
		Net Assets End of Ye	ear		\$47,924,690	

Louisville City School District Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

	General	Bond Retirement	Ohio School Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,297,028	\$1,207,806	\$21,637,332	\$1,897,902	\$29,040,068
Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
With Escrow Agents	0	0	460,465	0	460,465
Restricted Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	172,004	0	0	0	172,004
Accounts Receivable	1,254	0	0	0	1,254
Accrued Interest Receivable	931	0	0	0	931
Interfund Receivable	10,983	0	0	0	10,983
Intergovernmental Receivable	18,953	0	1,700,543	1,016,545	2,736,041
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	20,402	20,402
Materials and Supplies Inventory	41,395	0	0	4,760	46,155
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	28,076	0	0	0	28,076
Taxes Receivable	6,614,933	1,455,210	0	439,371	8,509,514
Total Assets	\$11,185,557	\$2,663,016	\$23,798,340	\$3,378,980	\$41,025,893
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities					
	\$26,696	\$0	\$616,172	\$27,104	\$669,972
Liabilities	\$26,696 0	\$0 0	\$616,172 2,273,422	\$27,104 0	\$669,972 2,273,422
Liabilities Accounts Payable	,		/ -		
Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable	0	0	2,273,422	0	2,273,422
Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainage Payable	0 0	0	2,273,422 460,465	0	2,273,422 460,465
Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Accrued Wages Payable	0 0 2,616,531	0 0 0	2,273,422 460,465 0	0 0 127,602	2,273,422 460,465 2,744,133
Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Accrued Wages Payable Interfund Payable	0 0 2,616,531 0	0 0 0 0	2,273,422 460,465 0	0 0 127,602 10,983	2,273,422 460,465 2,744,133 10,983
Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Accrued Wages Payable Interfund Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable	0 0 2,616,531 0 16,085	0 0 0 0	2,273,422 460,465 0 0	0 0 127,602 10,983 2,960	2,273,422 460,465 2,744,133 10,983 19,045
Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Accrued Wages Payable Interfund Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable Intergovernmental Payable	0 0 2,616,531 0 16,085 651,450	0 0 0 0 0	2,273,422 460,465 0 0 0	0 0 127,602 10,983 2,960 139,587	2,273,422 460,465 2,744,133 10,983 19,045 791,037
Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Accrued Wages Payable Interfund Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable Intergovernmental Payable Deferred Revenue	0 0 2,616,531 0 16,085 651,450 5,703,710	0 0 0 0 0 0 1,255,479	2,273,422 460,465 0 0 0 1,551,332	0 0 127,602 10,983 2,960 139,587 1,200,308	2,273,422 460,465 2,744,133 10,983 19,045 791,037 9,710,829
Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Accrued Wages Payable Interfund Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable Intergovernmental Payable Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities	0 0 2,616,531 0 16,085 651,450 5,703,710	0 0 0 0 0 0 1,255,479	2,273,422 460,465 0 0 0 1,551,332	0 0 127,602 10,983 2,960 139,587 1,200,308	2,273,422 460,465 2,744,133 10,983 19,045 791,037 9,710,829
Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Accrued Wages Payable Interfund Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable Intergovernmental Payable Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities Fund Balances	0 0 2,616,531 0 16,085 651,450 5,703,710 9,014,472	0 0 0 0 0 0 1,255,479	2,273,422 460,465 0 0 0 1,551,332 4,901,391	0 0 127,602 10,983 2,960 139,587 1,200,308	2,273,422 460,465 2,744,133 10,983 19,045 791,037 9,710,829
Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Accrued Wages Payable Interfund Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable Intergovernmental Payable Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities Fund Balances Nonspendable	0 0 2,616,531 0 16,085 651,450 5,703,710 9,014,472	0 0 0 0 0 0 1,255,479 1,255,479	2,273,422 460,465 0 0 0 1,551,332 4,901,391	0 0 127,602 10,983 2,960 139,587 1,200,308 1,508,544	2,273,422 460,465 2,744,133 10,983 19,045 791,037 9,710,829 16,679,886
Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Accrued Wages Payable Interfund Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable Intergovernmental Payable Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted	0 0 2,616,531 0 16,085 651,450 5,703,710 9,014,472 44,736 168,663	0 0 0 0 0 0 1,255,479 1,255,479	2,273,422 460,465 0 0 0 1,551,332 4,901,391	0 0 127,602 10,983 2,960 139,587 1,200,308 1,508,544 25,162 1,845,274	2,273,422 460,465 2,744,133 10,983 19,045 791,037 9,710,829 16,679,886

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2011

Total Governmental Funds Balances		\$24,346,007
Amounts reported for governmental activatement of net assets are different		
Capital assets used in governmental activ		
resources and therefore are not reported	in the funds.	54,284,791
Other long-term assets are not available t	o pay for current-	
period expenditures and therefore are de	ferred in the	
funds. These deferrals are attributed to J	property taxes	
and intergovernmental receivable.		
Property Taxes	433,931	
Intergovernmental	2,369,916	
Total		2,803,847
In the statement of activities, interest is a	ccrued on outstanding	
bonds, whereas in governmental funds,		
is reported when due.	•	(91,795)
Unamortized issuance costs represent del	ferred charges which	
do not provide current financial resourc	-	
reported in funds.		280,183
Long-term liabilities, including bonds pa	yable and compensated	
absences payable, are not due and payal	ole in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in	the funds:	
School Facilities Bonds	(8,400,000)	
Energy Conservation Bonds	(200,000)	
Refunding Bonds	(20,967,779)	
Accretion	(61,891)	
Premium on Bonds	(1,562,346)	
Compensated Absences	(1,085,633)	
Early Retirement Incentive	(342,087)	
Capital Leases	(1,078,607)	
Total	-	(33,698,343)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	=	\$47,924,690

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	General	Bond Retirment	Ohio School Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$6,955,354	\$1,472,122	\$0	\$425,013	\$8,852,489
Intergovernmental	15,268,762	218,755	19,477,151	3,765,079	38,729,747
Interest	10,410	0	70,324	302	81,036
Tuition and Fees Extracurricular Activities	618,895	0	0	0 288,963	618,895
Contributions and Donations	127,538 5,657	0	0	70,915	416,501 76,572
Customer Sales and Services	32,340	0	0	706,377	738,717
Rentals	34,339	0	0	0	34,339
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	34,971	431	0	125	35,527
Miscellaneous	100,564	0	8,223	1,029	109,816
Total Revenues	23,188,830	1,691,308	19,555,698	5,257,803	49,693,639
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:	11.657.100	0	0	1.070.726	10 707 050
Regular	11,657,132	0	0	1,070,726	12,727,858
Special Vocational	2,520,679	0	0	886,968	3,407,647
Student Intervention Services	411,521 861,725	0	0	0 28,277	411,521 890,002
Support Services:	001,723	U	U	20,211	890,002
Pupils	1,432,570	0	0	220,952	1,653,522
Instructional Staff	832,010	0	0	79,824	911,834
Board of Education	64,819	0	0	0	64,819
Administration	1,710,376	0	0	106,470	1,816,846
Fiscal	456,601	141,362	9,889	6,817	614,669
Business	69,756	0	0	0	69,756
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,260,332	0	35,817	179,471	2,475,620
Pupil Transportation	1,169,242	0	0	18,570	1,187,812
Central	20,770	0	0	0	20,770
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	9,474	0	0	1,539,392	1,548,866
Extracurricular Activities	572,782	0	0	365,967	938,749
Capital Outlay	1,285	0	21,361,219	953,494	22,315,998
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	0	465,000	0	162,864	627,864
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	1,173,212	0	55,284	1,228,496
Issuance Costs	0	242,962	0	0	242,962
Total Expenditures	24,051,074	2,022,536	21,406,925	5,675,076	53,155,611
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(862,244)	(331,228)	(1,851,227)	(417,273)	(3,461,972)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Refunding Bonds Issued	0	21,970,000	0	0	21,970,000
Premium on Refunding Bonds Issued	0	1,272,270	0	0	1,272,270
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	(22,999,308)	0	0	(22,999,308)
Transfers In	0	54,700	0	0	54,700
Transfers Out	(54,700)	0	0	0	(54,700)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(54,700)	297,662	0	0	242,962
Net Change in Fund Balances	(916,944)	(33,566)	(1,851,227)	(417,273)	(3,219,010)
Fund Balances Beginning					
of Year - Restated (See Note 3)	3,088,029	1,441,103	20,748,176	2,287,709	27,565,017
Fund Balances End of Year	\$2,171,085	\$1,407,537	\$18,896,949	\$1,870,436	\$24,346,007

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total G	overnmental Funds	(\$3,219,010)
Amounts reported for governmental activ	vities in the	
statement of activities are diff	erent because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays	as expenditures. However, in the statement	
activities, the cost of those assets is alloc	ated over their estimated useful lives as	
depreciation expense. This is the amoun	t by which capital outlay expense exceeded	
depreciation in the current period.		
Capital Assets Additions		
Capital Outlay	21,196,852	
Contributed Capital	2,460,239	
Current Year Depreciation	(1,416,832)	
Total		22,240,259
Governmental funds report proceeds from	the sale of capital assets, while the statement	
• •	ss on disposal. The difference is the net book	
value of the disposed capital assets.	-	(4,275)
Revenues in the statement of activities that	t do not provide current financial resources	
are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property Taxes	(65,449)	
Intergovernmental	(18,641,296)	(10.506.545)
Total		(18,706,745)
Other financing sources in the governmen	tal funds, such as inception of capital	
lease, increase long-term liabilities in the		
Refunding Bonds Issued	(21,970,000)	
Premium on Refunding Bonds	(1,272,270)	
Total	<u></u>	(23,242,270)
In the atotoment of activities hand issues		
In the statement of activities, bond issuand	bond issuance expenditure is reported when	
the bonds are issued.	bond issuance expenditure is reported when	242,962
the bonds are issued.		242,702
Repayment of bond principal and capital l	ease is an expenditure in the governmental funds,	
but the repayment reduces long-term liab		23,627,172
Some expenses reported in the statement of	of activities do not require the use	
of current financial resources and therefore	ore are not reported as expenditures	
in governmental funds.		
Accrued Interest on Bonds	32,421	
Amortization of Premium	46,170	
Amortization of Loss	(27,087)	
Amortization of Issuance Costs Bond Accretion	(8,104)	
Total	(54,322)	(10,922)
Total		(10,922)
Some expenses reported in the statement of	of activities do not require the use of current	
· ·	reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated Absences	318,028	
Early Retirement Incentive	(80,174)	
Total		237,854
	and the same	44.46
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Ac	tivities	\$1,165,025

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$5,538,083	\$6,283,251	\$6,283,251	\$0
Intergovernmental	15,641,155	15,268,762	15,268,762	0
Interest	19,993	9,890	9,890	0
Tuition and Fees	375,954	609,489	609,478	(11)
Extracurricular Activities	85,927	49,150	49,150	0
Contributions and Donations	0	5,100	5,100	0
Customer Sales and Services	24,478	32,340	32,340	0
Rentals	50,463	34,339	34,339	0
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	31,546	35,907	35,907	0
Miscellaneous	15,089	83,291	83,291	0
Total Revenues	21,782,688	22,411,519	22,411,508	(11)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:	10.000.000	12.04:272	11.55.000	***
Regular	12,333,859	12,044,252	11,754,988	289,264
Special	2,376,627	2,461,695	2,384,672	77,023
Vocational	395,678	399,788	392,713	7,075
Student Intervention Services	1,067,887	1,064,167	878,748	185,419
Support Services:	1 401 264	1.540.054	1 462 225	100 740
Pupils	1,491,364	1,563,074	1,462,325	100,749
Instructional Staff	801,610	839,498	808,375	31,123
Board of Education	107,535	107,535	68,733	38,802
Administration	1,633,853	1,651,855	1,629,590	22,265
Fiscal	483,141	483,229	463,550	19,679
Business	204,214	193,223	90,133	103,090
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,285,335	2,348,097	2,309,411	38,686
Pupil Transportation	1,201,286	1,197,846	1,178,194	19,652
Central	26,415	26,415	20,770	5,645
Operation of Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular Activities	14,735	15,500	9,921	5,579
Capital Outlay	531,642	569,397	564,726	4,671
Capital Outlay	5,500	4,000	1,285	2,715
Total Expenditures	24,960,681	24,969,571	24,018,134	951,437
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(3,177,993)	(2,558,052)	(1,606,626)	951,426
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	944,143	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(55,000)	(54,833)	(54,700)	133
Advance In	649	11,352	11,381	29
Advances Out	(5,000)	(11,400)	(11,359)	41
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	884,792	(54,881)	(54,678)	203
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,293,201)	(2,612,933)	(1,661,304)	951,629
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	4,391,873	4,391,873	4,391,873	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,183,505	1,183,505	1,183,505	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,282,177	\$2,962,445	\$3,914,074	\$951,629

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Agency Fund
June 30, 2011

Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$91,574
Liabilities	
Due to Students	\$91,574

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Louisville City School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally elected Board of Education (the "Board") form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and Federal guidelines.

The School District is located in Stark County and encompasses the entire City of Louisville, and a portion of Nimishillen Township. The School District has 7 instructional facilities, 1 bus garage, and 1 administrative facility, staffed by 176 classified employees and 226 certificated employees who provide services to 3,215 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Louisville City School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Non-public Schools - Within the School District boundaries, St. Thomas Aquinas High School, St. Louis Elementary and Sacred Heart Elementary are operated as non-public schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the non-public schools by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the non-public schools. These transactions are reported in a special revenue fund as a governmental activity of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium, the R.G. Drage Career Center and the Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council, jointly governed organizations; the Louisville Public Library, a related organization; and the Stark County Schools Council of Government Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are presented in Notes 12, 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Louisville City School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The School District has two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account and report for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for or reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund The bond retirement debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of property tax revenue restricted for the payment of general obligation bonds.

Ohio School Facilities Capital Projects Fund The Ohio school facilities capital projects fund accounts for the proceeds of notes and bonds as well grants restricted for the building and equipping of the classroom facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (e.g., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (e.g., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2011, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

During fiscal year 2011, investments were limited to STAROhio, federal home loan mortgage corporation notes, federal national mortgage association notes, federal home loan bank notes, United States treasury notes and a First American Money Market Mutual Fund.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2011.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the Ohio school facilities fund during fiscal year 2011 amounted to \$70,324, which includes \$10,301 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature of normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or the laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets on the balance sheet represent cash and cash equivalents required by State statute to be set aside for textbooks and unclaimed monies. See note 19 for additional information regarding set-asides.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed/expended when used. Inventories consist of donated and purchased food and supplies held for resale, and supplies held for consumption. Inventory is recorded at fair market value for commodities.

Capital Assets

All capital assets of the School District are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	40 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	10 years
Textbooks and Library Books	8 years
Vehicles	15 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District had identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees within three years of retirement.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employee who has accumulated unpaid leave is paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal events that are allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include food service, auxiliary services and classroom maintenance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education. Prior to June 30, the Board requested and received an amended certificate in which estimated revenue closely reflects actual revenue for the fiscal year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Fund Balance

Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2011, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" and Statement No. 59, "Financial Instruments Omnibus".

GASB Statement No. 54 enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that compromise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The implementation of this statement resulted in the reclassification of certain funds and the restatement of the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 59 addresses significant practice issues that have arisen when accounting for financial instruments and external investment pools. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the School District's financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Restatement of Fund Balance

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 had the following effect on fund balances of the major and nonmajor funds as they were previously reported:

	Bond	Ohio School	Other	
General	Retirement	Facilities	Governmental	
Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
\$2,964,718	\$1,441,103	\$20,748,176	\$2,411,020	\$27,565,017
123,311	0	0	(123,311)	0
\$3,088,029	\$1,441,103	\$20,748,176	\$2,287,709	\$27,565,017
	Fund \$2,964,718 123,311	General Fund Retirement Fund \$2,964,718 \$1,441,103 123,311 0	General Fund Retirement Fund Facilities Fund \$2,964,718 \$1,441,103 \$20,748,176 123,311 0 0	General Fund Retirement Fund Facilities Fund Governmental Funds \$2,964,718 \$1,441,103 \$20,748,176 \$2,411,020 123,311 0 0 (123,311)

Note 4 - Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

	a .	Bond	Ohio School	Other	
	General	Retirement	Facilities	Governmental	
Fund Balances	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Inventory	\$41,395	\$0	\$0	\$25,162	\$66,557
Unclaimed Monies	3,341	0	0	0	3,341
Total Nonspendable	44,736	0	0	25,162	69,898
Restricted for					
Food Service Operations	0	0	0	141,177	141,177
Classroom Maintenance	0	0	0	311,777	311,777
District Managed Activites	0	0	0	190,526	190,526
Non-Instructional Services	0	0	0	9,937	9,937
Special Education	0	0	0	147,748	147,748
Textbooks	168,663	0	0	0	168,663
Class Size Reduction	0	0	0	18,839	18,839
Other Purposes	0	0	0	30,861	30,861
Debt Service Payments	0	1,407,537	0	0	1,407,537
Capital Improvements	0	0	18,896,949	994,409	19,891,358
Total Restricted	168,663	1,407,537	18,896,949	1,845,274	22,318,423
Assigned to					
Other Purposes	1,957,686	0	0	0	1,957,686
Total Fund Balances	\$2,171,085	\$1,407,537	\$18,896,949	\$1,870,436	\$24,346,007

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	(\$916,944)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(697,572)
Beginning Fair Value Adjustments for Investments	12,818
Ending Fair Value Adjustments for Investments	(4,206)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources and	
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses:	
Public School Support	(7,005)
Summer School	3,811
Advances In	11,381
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	425,489
Advances Out	(11,359)
Encumbrances	(477,717)
Budget Basis	(\$1,661,304)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances of training requirement have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Investments

As of June 30, 2011, the School District had the following investments. All investments are in an internal investment pool.

Investment	
Maturities (In Years)	

	Fair Value Less than 1	
STAROhio	\$4,980,835	\$4,980,835
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	2,924,097	2,924,097
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes	2,016,850	2,016,850
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	1,100,525	1,100,525
United States Treasury Notes	677,930	677,930
First American Money Market Mutual Fund	517,359	517,359
Total Investments	\$12,217,596	\$12,217,596

Interest Rate Risk The School District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk STAROhio carries a rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes, Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, Federal Home Loan Bank Notes, United States treasury notes and First American Money Market Mutual Fund carry a rating of AAA by Fitch. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The following is the School District's allocation as of June 30, 2011:

	Percentage
	of Investments
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	23.9 %
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes	16.5
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	9.0
United States Treasury Notes	5.6

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 7 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2011 represents collections of calendar year 2010 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2011 were levied after April 1, 2010, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2010, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2011 represents collections of calendar year 2010 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2011 became a lien December 31, 2009, were levied after April 1, 2010 and are collected in calendar year 2011 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2010 (other than public utility property tax) represents the collection of 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing and equipment, furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009, on the value as of December 31, 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The School District receives property taxes from Stark County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by June 30, 2011, are available to finance fiscal year 2011 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2011 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011 was \$911,223 in the general fund, \$199,731 in the bond retirement debt service fund, \$35,476 in the permanent improvements capital projects fund, and \$22,171 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010, was \$239,120 in the general fund, \$52,460 in the bond retirement debt service fund, and \$15,160 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2011 taxes were collected are:

	2010 Second- Half Collections		2011 Fir Half Collec	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate Public Utility Personal Tangible Personal Property	\$333,434,560 7,563,190 632,120	97.60 % 2.21 0.19	\$333,326,760 7,887,600 316,650	97.60 % 2.31 0.09
Total	\$341,629,870	100.00 %	\$341,531,010	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$49.10)	\$49.10)

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2011, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent and student fees), tuition, interest and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables except for OSFC monies and a portion of the delinquent property taxes are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
Governmental Activities	
Ohio School Facilities Commission	\$1,700,543
Education Jobs	757,227
IDEA-B	140,279
Title I	103,157
School Employees Retirement System Refund	18,953
Title II-A	11,800
Early Childhood Special Education	4,082
Total Governmental Activities	\$2,736,041

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 9 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Balance	A 1 1%	D. L. C	Balance
	6/30/10	Additions	Deductions	6/30/11
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$2,745,169	\$11,572	\$0	\$2,756,741
Construction in Progress	3,219,476	20,914,870	(1,050,300)	23,084,046
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	5,964,645	20,926,442	(1,050,300)	25,840,787
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	33,196,266	3,510,539	(121,917)	36,584,888
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	6,181,331	270,410	(18,382)	6,433,359
Textbooks and Library Books	2,379,090	0	0	2,379,090
Vehicles	2,426,494	0	0	2,426,494
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	44,183,181	3,780,949	(140,299)	47,823,831
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(10,695,759)	(703,201)	117,642	(11,281,318)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(3,844,582)	(493,484)	18,382	(4,319,684)
Textbooks and Library Books	(2,277,022)	(102,068)	0	(2,379,090)
Vehicles	(1,281,656)	(118,079)	0	(1,399,735)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(18,099,019)	(1,416,832) *	136,024	(19,379,827)
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, net	26,084,162	2,364,117	(4,275)	28,444,004
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$32,048,807	\$23,290,559	(\$1,054,575)	\$54,284,791

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$842,513
Special	44,542
Vocational	7,880
Support Services:	
Pupils	27,430
Instructional Staff	99,385
Administration	33,810
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	110,339
Pupil Transportation	121,263
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	109,101
Extracurricular Activities	20,569
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,416,832

Louisville community members contributed \$2,460,239 for work completed on the stadium project. The School District has recorded this as a capital contribution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 10 - Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2011 were as follows:

	Amount			Amount	Amounts
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
	6/30/10	Additions	Deletions	6/30/11	One Year
Governmental Activities					
School Facilities Bonds (2.25%-5.0%)	\$22,630,000	\$0	\$22,280,000	\$350,000	\$350,000
2009 School Facilities Bonds (2.00%-5.00%)					
Serial Bonds	2,325,000	0	115,000	2,210,000	110,000
Term Bonds	5,810,000	0	0	5,810,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	30,000	0	0	30,000	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	7,569	11,550	0	19,119	0
Premium	336,246	0	12,689	323,557	0
Total 2009 School Facilities Bonds	8,508,815	11,550	127,689	8,392,676	110,000
Energy Conservation Bonds (6.125%)	240,000	0	40,000	200,000	45,000
Ohio School Facilities Commission					
Refunding Bonds (0.70%-4.00%)					
Serial Bonds	0	17,455,000	0	17,455,000	295,000
Term Bonds	0	4,240,000	0	4,240,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	0	275,000	0	275,000	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	0	42,772	0	42,772	0
Premium	0	1,272,270	33,481	1,238,789	0
Unamortized Loss	0	(1,029,308)	(27,087)	(1,002,221)	0
Total Ohio School Facilities Commission					
Refunding Bonds	0	22,255,734	6,394	22,249,340	295,000
Capital Leases	1,241,471	0	162,864	1,078,607	170,201
Compensated Absences	1,403,661	89,111	407,139	1,085,633	112,850
Early Retirement Incentive	261,913	221,747	141,573	342,087	226,458
Total Governmental Activities	\$34,285,860	\$22,578,142	\$23,165,659	\$33,698,343	\$1,309,509

On October 15, 2001, Louisville City School District issued \$26,270,000 in voted general obligation serial bonds for the construction of a new Middle School, and renovations and additions to North Nimishillen Elementary and to the High School. The bonds were issued for a twenty-nine year period with final maturity at December 1, 2029. These bonds were partially refunded in fiscal year 2011.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

On August 27, 2009 the School District issued \$8,500,000 in Ohio School Facilities Commission bonds which included serial, term and capital appreciation bonds in the amounts of \$2,660,000, \$5,810,000 and \$30,000 respectively. The bonds were issued to construct one elementary school to replace three existing elementary schools and to do additional renovations at the Louisville High School. The bonds were issued at an interest rate of 2 to 5 percent for a 27 year period with a maturity date at December 1, 2036.

The serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds remained outstanding at June 30, 2011. Interest on the capital appreciation bonds will be accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds which is 2020 through 2022.

The final maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2011 is \$590,000. The accretion recorded for 2010 was \$11,550, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$49,119.

The 2009 School Facilities Commission term bonds maturing on December 1, 2027, 2032 and 2036 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

		Issue	
Year	\$1,025,000	\$1,855,000	\$2,930,000
2024	\$180,000	\$0	\$0
2025	295,000	0	0
2026	305,000	0	0
2030	0	590,000	0
2031	0	615,000	0
2033	0	0	680,000
2034	0	0	715,000
2035	0	0	750,000
Total	\$780,000	\$1,205,000	\$2,145,000

The remaining principal amount of the term bonds (\$245,000, \$650,000, and \$785,000) will mature at the stated maturity.

On September 15, 1997, Louisville City School District issued \$555,000 in energy conservation bonds. The bonds were issued for a fifteen-year period with final maturity at June 1, 2015.

On December 2, 2010, the School District issued \$21,970,000 in general obligation bonds to refund a portion of the Ohio School Facilities Commission general obligation serial bonds in order to take advantage of lower interest rates. The bonds included serial, term and capital appreciation (deep discount) bonds in the amount of \$17,455,000, \$4,240,000 and \$275,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2029. The final maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2011, is \$2,215,000. The accretion recorded for 2011 was \$42,772, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$317,772.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The bonds were sold at a premium of \$1,272,270. Net proceeds of \$22,999,308 were placed in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. On June 30, 2011, \$21,970,000 of the defeased bonds are still outstanding.

The School District decreased its total debt service payments by \$2,609,207 as a result of the advance refunding. The School District also incurred an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$2,499,068.

An analysis of the refunding issue follows:

	Ohio School
	Facilities
	Commission
	Bonds
Outstanding at June 30, 2010	\$22,630,000
Amount Refunded	(21,970,000)
Principal Payment	(310,000)
Outstanding Principal at June 30, 2011	\$350,000

The Ohio School Facilities Commission Refunding term bonds maturing on December 1, 2029 are subject to mandatory sinking fund. The mandatory redemption is to occur on December 2028 (with the remaining principal amount of \$2,185,000 to be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2029) at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, according to the following schedule:

Year	Amount	
2028	\$2,055,000	

The school facilities bonds and the energy conservation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. Compensated absences and the early retirement incentive are to be paid from the general fund, food service, auxiliary services, title VI-B, fiscal stabilization, and title I special revenue funds. Capital leases will be paid from the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2011 was \$1,775,328 with an unvoted debt margin of \$341,531.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Gen	erai O	ongan	on E	onas

	Concrar Congaron Bonas					
	Serial Terr		rm	Capital Ap	l Appreciation	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2012	\$755,000	\$1,080,160	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
2013	770,000	1,063,246	0	0	0	0
2014	895,000	1,046,328	0	0	0	0
2015	935,000	1,027,465	0	0	0	0
2016	980,000	1,007,565	0	0	0	0
2017-2021	3,505,000	4,718,699	0	0	295,000	2,355,000
2022-2026	7,760,000	3,219,178	475,000	626,915	10,000	145,000
2027-2031	4,415,000	991,044	5,380,000	966,430	0	0
2032-2036	0	0	3,410,000	637,968	0	0
2037	0	0	785,000	19,625	0	0
Total	\$20,015,000	\$14,153,685	\$10,050,000	\$2,250,938	\$305,000	\$2,500,000

2007 Energy Conservation Bond	S
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	Principal	Interest
2012	\$45,000	\$12,250
2013	50,000	9,494
2014	50,000	6,431
2015	55,000	3,369
Total	\$200,000	\$31,544

Note 11 - Capital Leases

In prior fiscal years, the School District entered into lease agreements for four school buses and football stadium bleachers. These lease obligations meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 13, "Accounting for Leases," and have been recorded on the government-wide statements. The payments for these capital leases are shown on a GAAP basis as debt service expenditures in permanent improvement capital projects fund.

	Governmental Activities
Asset:	
Vehicles and Bleachers	\$1,321,008
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(47,171)
Current Book Value	\$1,273,837

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and present value of the minimum lease payments is as follows:

	Governmental Activities
2012	\$218,147
2013	218,147
2014	188,683
2015	159,218
2016	159,218
2017-2018	318,437
Total Minimum Lease Payment	1,261,850
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(183,243)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$1,078,607

Note 12 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium The Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC) is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes made up of public school districts and educational service centers from Stark, Portage, and Carroll Counties. The primary function of SPARCC is to provide data processing services to its member districts with the major emphasis being placed on accounting, inventory control and payroll services. Other areas of service provided by SPARCC include student scheduling, registration, grade reporting, and test scoring. Each member district pays an annual fee for the services provided by SPARCC.

SPARCC is governed by a board of directors comprised of each Superintendent within the Consortium. The Stark County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent of the Consortium and receives funding from the State Department of Education. Each district has one vote in all matters and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of SPARCC is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of directors. The continued existence of SPARCC is not dependent on the School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. Louisville City School District paid \$145,689 to SPARCC during fiscal year 2011 for services. Financial information can be obtained by writing the Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium, 2100 38th Street N.W., Canton, Ohio 44709.

R.G. Drage Career Center The Stark County Area Vocational School (R.G. Drage) is a joint vocational school which is a jointly governed organization among six school districts. It is operated under the direction of a seven member Board consisting of one representative from each of the six participating school district's boards and one board member that rotates from each participating district. R.G. Drage offers vocational education. The Board has its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained by writing the R.G. Drage Career Center, 6805 Richville Drive S.W., Massillon, Ohio 44646.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council The Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council (TIRC) is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. TIRC has 24 members, consisting of three members appointed by the County Commissioners, four members appointed by municipal corporations, ten members appointed by township trustees, one member from the county auditor's office and six members appointed by boards of education located within the enterprise zones of Stark County. The TIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the council can make written recommendations to the legislative authority that approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this Council. The continued existence of the TIRC is not dependent upon the School District's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists.

Note 13 – Related Organization

The Louisville Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Louisville City School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District serves as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Louisville Public Library, 700 Lincoln Avenue, Louisville, Ohio 44641.

Note 14 - Insurance Purchasing Pool

The Stark County Schools Council of Government Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program has created a group insurance pool for the purpose of creating a group rating plan for workers' compensation. The governing body is comprised of the superintendents and representatives who have been appointed by the respective governing body of each member.

The intent of the pool is to achieve a reduced rate for the School District by the group with other members of the group. The injury claim history of all participating members is used to calculate a common rate for the group. An annual fee is paid to Comp Management, Inc. to administer the group and to manage any injury claims. Premium savings created by the group are prorated to each member entity annually based on the percentage created by comparing its payroll to the total payroll of the group.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 15 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2011, the School District's contracted with Indiana Insurance for the following coverage:

Type of Coverage	Coverage	Deductible
Liability	\$1,000,000/\$2,000,000	\$5,000
School Leaders Errors/Ommissions	\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000	\$2,500
Law Enforcement Liability	\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000	\$2,500
Sexual Misconduct/Molestation	\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000	\$0
Employers Stop Gap Liability	\$1,000,000/\$2,000,000	\$0
Employee Benefits Liability	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000	\$1,000
Excess Liability/Umbrella	\$5,000,000/\$5,000,000	\$0
Fleet Insurance	\$1,000,000 liability	\$250/\$500
Property Insurance	\$84,136,040	\$5,000
Inland Marine	\$1,177,700	\$500
Crime	\$50,000	\$1,000
Employee Dishonesty	\$50,000	\$1,000
Coverage According to the Terrorism Risk		
Insurance Act (TRIA) of 2002 and 2005	N/A	N/A

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from last year.

Worker's Compensation

The School District participates in the Stark County Schools Council of Government Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP, and the firm of AultComp provides medical review analysis services to the GRP.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 16 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the allocation to pension and death benefits was 11.81 percent. The remaining 2.19 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Medicare B and Health Care funds. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$397,506, \$408,013 and \$283,839, respectively. For fiscal year 2011, 47.34 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that can be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon the recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations.

The School District's required contributions to STRS Ohio for the DB Plan and for the defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan were \$1,727,819 and \$101,427 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, \$1,634,460 and \$83,760 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, and \$1,644,329 and none for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. For fiscal year 2011, 81.39 percent has been contributed for the DB plan and 81.39 percent has been contributed for the Combined Plan, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

Contributions made to STRS Ohio for the DC Plan and for fiscal year 2011 were \$14,064 made by the School District and \$92,138 made by the plan members. In addition, member contributions of \$72,448 were made for fiscal year 2011 for the defined contribution portion of the Combined Plan.

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2011, three members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages.

Note 17 - Postemployment Benefits

School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans administrated by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by SERS based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For fiscal year 2011, 1.43 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for fiscal year 2011, this amount was \$35,800. During fiscal year 2011, the School District paid \$50,527 in surcharge.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$98,659, \$63,281, and \$129,898, respectively. For fiscal year 2011, 47.34 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2011, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, were \$25,580, \$15,378, and \$23,419 respectively. For fiscal year 2011, 47.34 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2011, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$132,909, \$125,728, and \$126,487 respectively. For fiscal year 2011, 81.39 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 18 - Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation, personal and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Eligible employees earn three days of personal leave per year, which may not be accumulated. Full-time classified employees earn five to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service; part-time 12-month employees earn vacation on a prorated basis. Up to one year's maximum accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated with a maximum of 276 days for both classified and certified employees and unlimited for administrators. Upon retirement of a classified employee, payment is made for one-fourth of total sick leave accumulation, for a maximum payment of 69 days. Upon retirement of a certified employee, payment is made for one-fourth of accumulated but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 69 days. Upon retirement of administrators, payment is made for one-fourth of total sick leave accumulation, for an unlimited amount of days. Employees receiving such payment must meet the retirement provisions set by STRS or SERS.

Early Notification of Retirement Incentive

Any employee giving notice of retirement no later than February 1 in any year, will receive double severance pay up to a maximum of \$10,000 for the doubled portion. The Board does not limit the number of employees participating in the plan in any one year. Twelve employees retired in fiscal year 2010 and nine employees in fiscal year 2011 took advantage of the early retirement incentive offered by the School District. The doubled portion relating to these retirees totaled \$424 for fiscal year 2010 retirees to be paid on July 30, 2011 and \$119,917 to be paid on January 1, 2012. Also, \$9,513 per year for the fiscal year 2011 retirees is to be paid on July 30 2011, and \$212,234 with half being paid on January 1, 2012 and the other half being paid January 1, 2013. These expenditures are reflected in the funds from which the employee's salary and severance are paid.

Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance through Fortis, to eligible employees.

Longevity

The Board pays a longevity allowance to classified personnel at 8 years, 12 years, 16 years, and 20 years of continuous service in the School District. The allowance amount is based on contract length, and is described in the negotiated agreement.

Insurance Benefits

The School District also provides medical/surgical insurance, prescription drug, vision and dental insurance through the Stark County Schools Council of Governments to all eligible employees. Employees have the option of choosing a traditional comprehensive plan with 80 percent co-payment of major medical expenses after deductibles or a Preferred Provider Organization (Medical Mutual or Aultcare) plan with a 90 percent co-pay of major medical expenses after deductibles.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 19 - Set Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		Capital
	Textbooks	Acquisition
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2010	\$218,721	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	487,500	487,500
Current Year Offsets	0	(490,818)
Qualifying Disbursements	(537,558)	(90,425)
Totals	\$168,663	(\$93,743)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to		
Future Fiscal Years	\$0	\$0
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2011	\$168,663	\$0

Effective July 1, 2011, the textbooks set aside is no longer required and had been removed from existing law. This balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years. Although the School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years. The total reserve balance for the two set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$168,663.

Note 20 - Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2011.

Litigation

The School District is not party to legal proceedings.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 21 - Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2011 consisted of the following

	Interfund Balances June 30, 2011		
	Receivables Payables		
General	\$10,983		
Nonmajor Funds			
Title I	0	6,900	
Preschool	0	4,083	
Total Nonmajor Funds	0 10,983		
Total Governmental Funds	\$10,983	\$10,983	

As of June 30, 2011, all interfund balances outstanding are anticipated to be repaid in one year. Advances were originally made to support operations in various funds.

Transfers

During fiscal year 2011, the general fund transferred \$54,700 to the bond retirement debt service fund for debt obligations. The transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15, and 5705.16.

Note 22 – Contractual Commitments

At June 30, 2011, the School District's significant contractual commitments consisted of:

	Contract Amount		Remaining
Project	Amount	Paid	on Contract
OSFC Construction Project	\$42,084,142	\$21,825,942	\$20,258,200
Vasco Sports	165,607	47,453	118,154
Fanning Howey	49,400	0	49,400
Totals	\$42,299,149	\$21,873,395	\$20,425,754



LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE				
OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Child Nutrition Cluster:				
(C)(D) School Breakfast Program	10.553	2011	\$ 73,955	\$ 73,955
(D)(E) National School Lunch Program - Food Donation (C)(D) National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	2011 2011	53,446 425,630	53,446 425,630
Total National School Lunch Program			479,076	479,076
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			553,031	553,031
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			553,031	553,031
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Title I Cluster:				
(G)(F) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (G)(F) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	2010 2011	23,668 304,307	45,514 310,868
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			327,975	356,382
(G)(F) ARRA Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act (G)(F) ARRA Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act	84.389 84.389	2010 2011	4,711 61,287	8,851 54,971
Total ARRA Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act			65,998	63,822
Total Title I Cluster			393,973	420,204
Special Education Cluster:				
(H)(F) Special Education_Grants to States (H)(F) Special Education_Grants to States	84.027 84.027	2010 2011	9,543 561,597	64,085 496,298
Total Special Education _Grants to States			571,140	560,383
(H)(F) ARRA Special Education_Grants to States, Recovery Act (H)(F) ARRA Special Education_Grants to States, Recovery Act	84.391 84.391	2010 2011	38,119 323,102	53,533 319,738
Total ARRA Special Education_Grants to States, Recovery Act			361,221	373,271
(H) Special Education_Preschool Grants(H) Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173 84.173	2010 2011	151 13,246	2,020 13,927
Total Special Education_Preschool Grants			13,397	15,947
(H) ARRA Special Education_Preschool Grants, Recovery Act	84.392	2011	2,409	2,409
Total Special Education Cluster			948,167	952,010
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186	2010	4,887	4,594
Educational Technology State Grants Educational Technology State Grants	84.318 84.318	2010 2011	1,279 1,251	1,251
Total Educational Technology State Grants			2,530	1,251
(F) Improving Teacher Quality State Grants(F) Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367 84.367	2010 2011	5,393 106,232	17,160 96,668
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			111,625	113,828
ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act	84.394	2011	1,148,670	1,148,670
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	2011	50,575	46,539
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,660,427	2,687,096
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 3,213,458	\$ 3,240,127 -Continued

LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:

- (A) (B) OAKS did not assign pass through numbers for fiscal year 2011.

- (D) (E)
- OAKS did not assign pass through numbers for fiscal year 2011.

 This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

 Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis. Included as part of "Child Nutrition Cluster" in determining major programs.

 The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market value.

 The District generally must spend Federal assistance within 15 months of receipt (funds must be obligated by June 30th and spent by September 30th). However, with Ohio Department of Education ("ODE")'s approval, a District may transfer unspent Federal assistance to the succeeding year, thus allowing the District a total of 27 months to spend the assistance. Schools can document this by using special cost centers for each year's activity, and transferring the amounts ODE approves between the cost centers. During fiscal year 2011, the ODE authorized the following advances.

Program Title	CFDA Grant	Year	Tra	nsfers Out	Tra	ansfers In
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2010	\$	15,373		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2011			\$	15,373
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2010		33,757		
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2011				33,757
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2010		4,416		
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2011				4,416
ARRA Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act	84.389	2010		3,222		
ARRA Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act	84.389	2011				3,222
ARRA Special Education_Grants to States, Recovery Act	84.391	2010		18,795		
ARRA Special Education_Grants to States, Recovery Act	84.391	2011				18,795
Total			\$	75,563	\$	75,563

- Included as part of "Title I Cluster" in determining major programs. (G)
- (H) Included as part of "Special Education Cluster" in determining major programs.



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Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards*

Louisville City School District Stark County 407 East Main Street Louisville, Ohio 44641

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Louisville City School District, Stark County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Louisville City School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2011. We noted the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Louisville City School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Louisville City School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Louisville City School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Louisville City School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Board of Education Louisville City School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Louisville City School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Louisville City School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the Louisville City School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 9, 2011

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Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required By *OMB Circular A-133*

Louisville City School District Stark County 407 East Main Street Louisville, Ohio 44641

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Louisville City School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Louisville City School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Louisville City School District's major federal programs. The Louisville City School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Louisville City School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Louisville City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Louisville City School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Louisville City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The Louisville City School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Louisville City School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Louisville City School District's internal control over compliance.

Board of Education Louisville City School District

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Louisville City School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the Louisville City School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 9, 2011

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LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2011

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS		
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program (CFDA #10.553) and National School Lunch Program (CFDA #10.555); Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States (CFDA #84.027), ARRA Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act (CFDA #84.391), Special Education Preschool Grants (CFDA #84.173) and ARRA Special Education Preschool Grants, Recovery Act (CFDA #84.392); ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act (CFDA #84.394);
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2011

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Louisville City School District Stark County 407 East Main Street Louisville, Ohio 44641

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Louisville City School District has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on May 10, 2010 to include violence within a dating relationship within its definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 9, 2011

Julian & Sube the





LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STARK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 15, 2012