AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants



Board of Education New London Local School District 2 Wildcat Drive New London, Ohio 44851

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the New London Local School District, Huron County, prepared by James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The New London Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 28, 2011



NEW LONDON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HURON COUNTY, OHIO AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education New London Local School District New London, Ohio The Honorable Dave Yost Auditor of State State of Ohio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New London Local School District, Huron County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the New London Local School District, Ohio's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New London Local School District, Ohio, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2011, on our consideration of the New London Local School District, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

As described in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, the District restated its July 1, 2010 governmental fund balances due to changes in fund structure as a result of implementing Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 12 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the New London Local School District, Ohio's financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

James D. Zupka, CPI, Inc.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

September 26, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

The management's discussion and analysis of the New London Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2011 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$38,374 which represents a 0.28% increase from 2010.
- General revenues accounted for \$8,594,963 in revenue or 74.77% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,900,692 or 25.23% of total revenues of \$11,495,655.
- The District had \$11,457,281 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,900,692 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$8,594,963 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$9,126,051 in revenues and other financing sources and \$8,922,154 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2011, the general fund's fund balance increased \$203,897 from a restated balance of \$1,576,034 to \$1,779,931.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net assets* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2011?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-50 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for fiscal year 2011 and 2010.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	2011	2010
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 6,825,933	\$ 6,299,915
Capital assets, net	12,746,227	13,397,073
Total assets	19,572,160	19,696,988
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	3,034,732	3,053,728
Long-term liabilities	2,988,534	3,132,740
Total liabilities	6,023,266	6,186,468
Net assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	10,520,705	11,061,635
Restricted	1,574,487	1,316,357
Unrestricted	1,453,702	1,132,528
Total net assets	<u>\$ 13,548,894</u>	\$ 13,510,520

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2011, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$13,548,894. Of this total, \$1,453,702 is unrestricted in use.

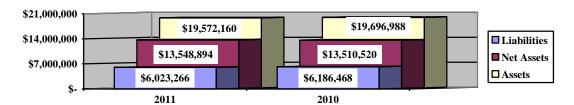
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

At year-end, capital assets represented 65.12% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2011, were \$10,520,705. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$1,574,487, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$1,453,702 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

The graph below illustrates the District's assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2011 and 2010:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities2011	Governmental Activities 2010		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 765,982	\$ 732,793		
Operating grants and contributions	2,134,710	1,337,210		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	2,336,185	2,163,024		
School district income tax	980,694	899,384		
Grants and entitlements	5,254,670	5,593,758		
Investment earnings	21,223	29,651		
Other	2,191	22,447		
Total revenues	11,495,655	10,778,267		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010		
Expenses				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 5,492,595	\$ 5,475,496		
Special	1,097,802	1,020,643		
Vocational	373,836	360,515		
Adult/continuing	12,715	19,880		
Other	3,863	12,954		
Support services:				
Pupil	281,174	290,754		
Instructional staff	623,064	618,053		
Board of education	8,795	18,485		
Administration	819,710	736,746		
Fiscal	267,234	244,464		
Business	4,835	10,014		
Operations and maintenance	944,253	912,623		
Pupil transportation	599,280	519,221		
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Operations of other non-instructional services	4,220	3,696		
Food service operations	374,236	389,811		
Extracurricular activities	436,105	428,893		
Interest and fiscal charges	113,564	132,793		
Total expenses	11,457,281	11,195,041		
Change in net assets	38,374	(416,774)		
Net assets at beginning of year	13,510,520	13,927,294		
Net assets at end of year	\$ 13,548,894	\$ 13,510,520		

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$38,374. Total governmental expenses of \$11,457,281 were offset by program revenues of \$2,900,692, and general revenues of \$8,594,963. Program revenues supported 25.32% of the total governmental expenses.

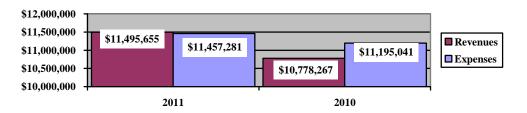
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 74.56% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$6,980,811 or 60.93% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2011.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2011 or 2010.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

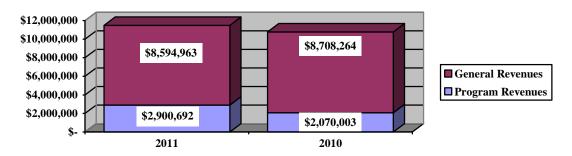
		Governme	ntal A	ctivities					
	T	otal Cost of	N	Net Cost of	7	Total Cost of	1	Net Cost of	
	Services <u>2011</u>			Services		Services	Services		
				2011	_	2010	2010		
Program expenses									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	5,492,595	\$	4,662,747	\$	5,475,496	\$	4,771,876	
Special		1,097,802		338,343		1,020,643		681,932	
Vocational		373,836		317,263		360,515		305,733	
Adult/continuing		12,715		12,715		19,880		19,880	
Other		3,863		2,294		12,954		713	
Support services:									
Pupil		281,174		203,390		290,754		281,280	
Instructional staff		623,064		430,694		618,053		483,148	
Board of education		8,795		8,795		18,485		18,485	
Administration		819,710		763,975		736,746		678,835	
Fiscal		267,234		249,169		244,464		243,363	
Business		4,835		4,835		10,014		3,218	
Operations and maintenance		944,253		623,456		912,623		741,176	
Pupil transportation		599,280		572,285		519,221		493,106	
Operations of non-instructional services:									
Other non-instructional services		4,220		4,220		3,696		2,220	
Food service operations		374,236		(7,552)		389,811		1,360	
Extracurricular activities		436,105		256,396		428,893		265,920	
Interest and fiscal charges		113,564		113,564	_	132,793		132,793	
Total expenses	\$	11,457,281	\$	8,556,589	\$	11,195,041	\$	9,125,038	

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 76.40% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 74.68%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2011 and 2010:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District restated the June 30, 2010 fund balances as reported in Note 3.B. for a fund reclassification to report funds in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54. The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,010,814, which is higher than last year's total of \$2,855,081. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2011 and 2010.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2011	Fund Balance June 30, 2010	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change	
General	\$ 1,779,931	\$ 1,576,034	\$ 203,897	12.94 %	
Other governmental	1,230,883	1,279,047	(48,164)	(3.77) %	
Total	\$ 3,010,814	\$ 2,855,081	\$ 155,733	5.45 %	

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$203,897. In fiscal year 2011, earnings on investments decreased from 2010, however the District saw an increase in taxes and intergovernmental revenues. These revenue increases outpaced small increases in total expenditures the most significant of which was an increase of \$109,264 in support services.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

			((Restated)			
		2011		2010]	Increase	Percentage
	_	Amount	_	Amount	(I	Decrease)	Change
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	2,987,756	\$	2,782,333	\$	205,423	7.38 %
Earnings on investments		19,775		31,184		(11,409)	(36.59) %
Intergovernmental		5,628,919		5,594,133		34,786	0.62 %
Other revenues		450,201		450,724		(523)	(0.12) %
Total	\$	9,086,651	\$	8,858,374	\$	228,277	2.58 %
			_				
Expenditures							
Instruction	\$	5,611,542	\$	5,581,961	\$	29,581	0.53 %
Support services		2,937,353		2,828,089		109,264	3.86 %
Non-instructional services		4,220		1,500		2,720	181.33 %
Extracurricular activities		262,425		257,817		4,608	1.79 %
Facilities acquisition and construction		14,102		20,001		(5,899)	(29.49) %
Capital outlay		39,400		-		39,400	100.00 %
Debt service		53,112		45,766		7,346	16.05 %
Total	\$	8,922,154	\$	8,735,134	\$	187,020	2.14 %

The largest percentage change in revenues from fiscal 2010 to fiscal 2011 was earnings on investments. This was due to a decrease in the interest rate of investments held by the District. The most significant changes in the expenditures were non-instructional services, facilities acquisition and construction, capital outlay and debt service. Non-instructional services increases were a large percentage but not a significant dollar amount. The decrease in facilities acquisition and construction are due to tighter controls and the newer buildings. Capital outlay increased as the District entered into new capital lease during fiscal 2011 and the increase in debt service is due to the payment of principal on the new lease.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2011, the District's original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$9,265,170. The final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$9,096,350. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2011 was \$8,964,294. This represents a \$132,056 decrease over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original and final appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) totaled \$9,104,104. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2011 totaled \$8,920,055, which was \$184,049 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2011, the District had \$12,746,227 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2011 balances compared to 2010:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmer	tal Activities
	2011	2010
Land	\$ 285,043	\$ 285,043
Land improvements	709,551	786,508
Building and improvements	11,187,570	11,714,304
Furniture and equipment	391,521	440,725
Vehicles	172,542	170,493
Total	\$ 12,746,227	\$ 13,397,073

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$650,846 is due to depreciation expense of \$757,787 exceeding capital outlay of \$106,941in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2011, the District had \$2,245,861 in general obligation bonds and \$59,002 in capital leases outstanding. Of this total, \$190,201 is due within one year and \$2,114,662 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and capital leases outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010
General obligation bonds Capital leases	\$ 2,245,861 59,002	\$ 2,384,881 69,223
Total	\$ 2,304,863	\$ 2,454,104

At June 30, 2011, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$7,386,119, and an unvoted debt margin of \$101,037.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Current Financial Related Activities

The District built a new K-12 school building through the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) and local funding and occupied the new building in September, 2001. Some costs incurred as part of this building project that had to be paid from local funds. The District was required by OSFC to purchase the 80 acres of land for the new building. In addition, the Board offices were not included in the OSFC plan and had to be built and financed by the District. The District's utility costs have tripled in the new building due to added lighting, air conditioning and other OSFC building specifications.

The District put a 4.5 mill levy on the November, 2004, ballot, which was defeated. Because of this levy defeat, several cost-saving measures were put in place during the 2004-05 and the 2005-06 school years.

The teaching and non-teaching staffs have both negotiated to pick up 12% of the cost of the health insurance for the District. A three-year negotiated agreement is in place for the certified and non-certified staffs (July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2011). In the new negotiated agreements, the staff agreed to change to a different insurance package which includes paying higher deductibles and out-of-pocket expenses, in exchange for an increase in salary. The savings on the new insurance plan, will benefit the board and the staff with premiums significantly lower than in the past.

The District has a school district income tax that was approved by the voters in 1990, with collections beginning in 1991. In fiscal year 2011, the District collected \$945,160 from this income tax. In the recent declining economy, the income tax has still been an integral part of the District's revenue stream.

In fiscal year 2011, the District was ranked 90 on the Ohio Department of Education local wealth measure. What this means is that of the 614 school districts in Ohio, there are 524 schools which are wealthier than New London Local School District (based on property values). This is an amazing fact considering the success we have seen on our report card. We have received an Effective or Excellent rating on our report card for the last several years. Even though our resources are limited, we have made good use of those resources and have found success.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Gina Blackman, Treasurer, New London Local School District, 2 Wildcat Drive, New London, Ohio 44851-1299.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,519,417		
Cash with fiscal agent		8,029		
Receivables:				
Taxes		2,835,202		
Accounts		6,268		
Accrued interest		508		
Intergovernmental		367,220		
Materials and supplies inventory		23,923		
Unamortized bond issuance costs		65,366		
Capital assets:				
Land		285,043		
Depreciable capital assets, net		12,461,184		
Capital assets, net		12,746,227		
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Total assets		19,572,160		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		41,888		
Accrued wages and benefits		908,057		
Pension obligation payable		222,905		
Intergovernmental payable		39,656		
Unearned revenue		1,817,093		
Accrued interest payable		5,133		
Long-term liabilities:		2,222		
Due within one year		293,435		
Due in more than one year		2,695,099		
Bue in more than one year		2,073,077		
Total liabilities		6,023,266		
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt		10,520,705		
Restricted for:				
Debt service		419,846		
State funded programs		7,330		
Federally funded programs		325,508		
Student activities		109,466		
Classroom facilities maintenance		548,619		
Other purposes		163,718		
Unrestricted		1,453,702		
	-	1,100,102		
Total net assets	\$	13,548,894		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Net (Expense)

			Program	Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
		Ch	narges for		rating Grants	Governmental	
	Expenses	Servi	ces and Sales	-	Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:	 -						
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 5,492,595	\$	444,930	\$	384,918	\$	(4,662,747)
Special	1,097,802		1,824		757,635		(338,343)
Vocational	373,836		-		56,573		(317,263)
Adult/continuing	12,715		-		-		(12,715)
Other	3,863		-		1,569		(2,294)
Support services:							
Pupil	281,174		_		77,784		(203,390)
Instructional staff	623,064		-		192,370		(430,694)
Board of education	8,795		_		-		(8,795)
Administration	819,710		-		55,735		(763,975)
Fiscal	267,234		_		18,065		(249,169)
Business	4,835		_		, -		(4,835)
Operations and maintenance	944,253		100		320,697		(623,456)
Pupil transportation	599,280		-		26,995		(572,285)
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Other non-instructional services	4,220		-		-		(4,220)
Food service operations	374,236		151,327		230,461		7,552
Extracurricular activities	436,105		167,801		11,908		(256,396)
Interest and fiscal charges	 113,564		-				(113,564)
Totals	\$ 11,457,281	\$	765,982	\$	2,134,710		(8,556,589)
		Proj	ral revenues: perty taxes levi eneral purposes				2,062,919
			ecial revenue.				38,853
			ebt service				234,413
		School district income tax				980,694	
		to	specific progra	ms			5,254,670
		Inve	estment earning	gs			21,223
		Mis	cellaneous				2,191
		Total	general revenu	es			8,594,963
		Chang	ge in net assets				38,374
		Net a	ssets at beginr	ing of	year		13,510,520
		Net a	ssets at end of	year .		\$	13,548,894

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	General		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:		_		_		
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	2,252,590	\$	1,266,827	\$	3,519,417
Cash with fiscal agent		-		8,029		8,029
Receivables:						
Taxes		2,545,612		289,590		2,835,202
Accounts		5,868		400		6,268
Accrued interest		508		-		508
Intergovernmental		-		367,220		367,220
Materials and supplies inventory		-		23,923		23,923
Total assets	\$	4,804,578	\$	1,955,989	\$	6,760,567
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	27,436	\$	14,452	\$	41,888
Accrued wages and benefits		791,066		116,991		908,057
Pension obligation payable		193,529		29,376		222,905
Compensated absences payable		83,943		-		83,943
Intergovernmental payable		34,132		5,524		39,656
Unearned revenue		1,604,692		212,401		1,817,093
Deferred revenue		289,849		346,362		636,211
Total liabilities		3,024,647		725,106		3,749,753
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory		-		23,923		23,923
Restricted:						
Debt service		-		392,049		392,049
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		543,169		543,169
Food service operations		-		135,473		135,473
Special education		-		8,029		8,029
Targeted academic assistance		-		4,648		4,648
Vocational education		16,180		-		16,180
Other purposes		-		17,526		17,526
Extracurricular		-		109,466		109,466
Assigned:						
Student instruction		28,417		-		28,417
Student and staff support		93,423		-		93,423
Extracurricular activities		133		-		133
Unassigned (deficit)		1,641,778		(3,400)		1,638,378
Total fund balances		1,779,931		1,230,883		3,010,814
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,804,578	\$	1,955,989	\$	6,760,567

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2011

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 3,010,814
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the		
statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		12,746,227
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes receivable	\$ 327,721	
Intergovernmental revenue receivable	307,982	
Accrued interest receivable	 508	
Total		636,211
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		65,366
Unamortized premiums on bond issuance costs are not		
recognized in the funds.		(110,997)
Unamortized deferred charges on refundings are not recognized		
in the funds.		43,720
On the statement of net assets interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,		
whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported		
when due.		(5,133)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.		
Compensated absences	(532,451)	
Capital lease obligations	(59,002)	
General obligation bonds	 (2,245,861)	
Total		 (2,837,314)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 13,548,894

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Other	Total		
		Governmental	Governmental		
	General	Funds	Funds		
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Taxes	\$ 2,987,756	\$ 265,704	\$ 3,253,460		
Tuition	371,840	9,190	381,030		
Earnings on investments	19,775	2,982	22,757		
Charges for services	-	151,327	151,327		
Extracurricular	45,705	167,801	213,506		
Classroom materials and fees	29,209	-	29,209		
Other local revenues	3,447	11,924	15,371		
Intergovernmental - state	5,600,505	162,181	5,762,686		
Intergovernmental - federal	28,414	1,267,106	1,295,520		
Total revenues	9,086,651	2,038,215	11,124,866		
					
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:	4.500.020	202.562	4.700.501		
Regular	4,509,938	282,563	4,792,501		
Special	719,556	374,076	1,093,632		
Vocational	367,518	4,521	372,039		
Adult/continuing	12,715	-	12,715		
Other	1,815	1,556	3,371		
Support services:					
Pupil	292,916	7,366	300,282		
Instructional staff	499,279	117,388	616,667		
Board of education	8,780	-	8,780		
Administration	749,421	59,912	809,333		
Fiscal	265,196	17,920	283,116		
Business	1,725	-	1,725		
Operations and maintenance	559,531	440,836	1,000,367		
Pupil transportation	560,505	-	560,505		
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Operation of non-instructional	4,220	-	4,220		
Food service operations	-	366,632	366,632		
Extracurricular activities	262,425	164,266	426,691		
Facilities acquisition and construction	14,102	-	14,102		
Capital outlay	39,400	-	39,400		
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	49,621	175,000	224,621		
Interest and fiscal charges	3,491	74,343	77,834		
Total expenditures	8,922,154	2,086,379	11,008,533		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	164,497	(48,164)	116,333		
over (under) expenditures	104,497	(46,104)	110,333		
Other financing sources:					
Capital lease transaction	39,400		39,400		
Total other financing sources	39,400		39,400		
Net change in fund balances	203,897	(48,164)	155,733		
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).	1,576,034	1,279,047	2,855,081		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,779,931	\$ 1,230,883	\$ 3,010,814		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	155,733
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period accordingly. Capital asset additions	\$ 106,941		
Current year depreciation	(757,787)		
Total	(131,101)	_	(650,846)
Total			(030,040)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Delinquent property taxes	63,419		
Intergovernmental	305,746		
Accrued interest	(612)	_	
Total			368,553
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			224,621
Proceeds of capital leases are recorded as revenue in the funds, however in the statement of activiti they are not reported as revenues as they increase the liabilities on the statement of net assets.	es,		(39,400)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:			
Decrease in accrued interest payable	81		
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(35,980)		
Amortization of deferred charges	(3,829)		
Amortization of bond premiums	9,723		
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(5,725)	_	
Total			(35,730)
Some avances reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated changes, do not require	o the		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not requir use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental f			15.443
use of current financial resources and dieferore are not reported as expenditures in governmental i	unds.		13,443
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	38,374

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original	Final		Actual		legative)
Revenues:			 				
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$	2,970,395	\$ 2,916,271	\$	2,873,935	\$	(42,336)
Tuition		384,320	377,318		371,840		(5,478)
Earnings on investments		36,471	35,807		35,287		(520)
Classroom materials and fees		30,865	30,303		29,863		(440)
Other local revenues		4,551	4,466		4,402		(64)
Intergovernmental - state		5,788,197	5,682,731		5,600,232		(82,499)
Intergovernmental - federal		33,021	32,420		31,949		(471)
Total revenues		9,247,820	9,079,316		8,947,508		(131,808)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		4,570,512	4,570,512		4,532,663		37,849
Special		743,482	743,482		720,798		22,684
Vocational		379,817	379,817		375,095		4,722
Adult/continuing		23,641	23,641		17,759		5,882
Other		570	570		554		16
Support services:							
Pupil		270,684	270,684		268,327		2,357
Instructional staff		516,653	516,653		502,508		14,145
Board of education		18,191	18,191		15,486		2,705
Administration		784,721	784,721		777,397		7,324
Fiscal		245,546	245,546		236,379		9,167
Operations and maintenance		661,599	661,599		614,309		47,290
Pupil transportation		618,829	618,829		594,094		24,735
Extracurricular activities		266,759	266,759		261,686		5,073
Facilities acquisition and construction		3,000	3,000		3,000		· -
Total expenditures		9,104,004	9,104,004		8,920,055		183,949
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		143,816	(24,688)		27,453		52,141
00 ("							
Other financing sources (uses):		17,500	16 227		15.001		(02.0)
Refund of prior year's expenditures		16,528	16,227		15,991		(236)
Refund of prior year's receipts		(100)	(100)		705		100
Sale of capital assets		822	 807		795		(12)
Total other financing sources (uses)		17,250	 16,934		16,786		(148)
Net change in fund balance		161,066	(7,754)		44,239		51,993
Fund balance at beginning of year (restated).		1,924,042	1,924,042		1,924,042		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		132,070	 132,070		132,070		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,217,178	\$ 2,048,358	\$	2,100,351	\$	51,993

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	Private Purpose Trust		
	Scl	holarship	 Agency
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$	360,007	\$ 35,739
Total assets		360,007	\$ 35,739
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable		_	\$ 1,592
Due to students			34,147
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	\$ 35,739
Net assets:			
Held in trust for scholarships		360,007	
Total net assets	\$	360,007	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Private Purpose Trust Scholarship	
A 1100		
Additions:	\$	4,581
Interest	Ф	26,300
Total additions.		30,881
Deductions:		
Scholarships awarded		39,108
Change in net assets		(8,227)
Net assets at beginning of year		368,234
Net assets at end of year	\$	360,007

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The New London Local School District (the "District") is located in north-central Ohio in parts of Huron, Lorain, and Ashland counties. The District includes all of the Village of New London and portions of surrounding townships.

The District is organized in accordance with Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms.

The District operates a pre-kindergarten school, elementary school, middle school and high school on a single campus. In addition, there are separate off-campus facilities including a weight room facility and a leased football stadium and track owned by the Village of New London. This is an operating lease for \$3,00 per year and its term is indefinite. The District employs 58 non-certified and 90 certified (including administrative) full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 1,102 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups, which ranks it 450 out of 918 public and community school districts in Ohio and 5th largest of 7 districts in Huron County.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Lake Erie Educational Computer Association (LEECA)

The Lake Erie Educational Computer Association (LEECA) is a jointly governed organization comprised of 31 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to the administrative and instructional functions of member districts. Each of the governments of these districts supports LEECA based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. The LEECA assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and a representative from the fiscal agent. LEECA is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership of the LEECA assembly. The Board of Directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each operating committee, and at least one assembly member from each county from which participating districts are located.

Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Educational Service Center of Lorain County, which serves as fiscal agent, located at 1885 Lake Avenue, Elyria, Ohio 44035.

Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association

The Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (the "Association") is a jointly governed organization among 14 school districts. The Association assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and the program administrator. The Association is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership. The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the program administrator at the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association, located at 2900 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870. Refer to Note 11.D. for further information on this Association.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), which was established in 2002 pursuant to Articles of Incorporation filed under Chapter 1702 of the Ohio Revised Code - Non-Profit Corporations and functioning under authority granted by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA's purpose is to provide a joint self-insurance pool and to assist member districts in preventing and reducing losses and injuries to property and persons that might result in claims being made against members of SORSA, their employees or officers.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established as an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is governed by a three-member Board of Directors. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program. Refer to Note 11.C. for further information on this group rating plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District has no proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition of construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5). Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, grants, student fees, income taxes, rentals, and other miscellaneous receipts.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2011, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2011 are recorded as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except agency funds). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2011 is as follows:

1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Huron County Budget Commission for tax rate determination. The Huron County Commissioners waived this requirement for fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2011.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2011. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriations adopted by the Board of Education including all supplemental appropriations.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2011, investments were limited to non-negotiable certificates of deposit. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or the Board of Education has, by policy, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2011 amounted to \$19,775, which includes \$5,704 assigned from other District funds.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets that generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets. The District had no interfund loans receivable/payable at June 30, 2011.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) benefits. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2011, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least ten years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2011 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported to the extent that a known liability for an employee's retirement/resignation has been incurred by fiscal year end and the liability will be liquidated with expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees are paid.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Fund Balance

The District reports classifications of fund balance based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The following categories are used:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that have constraints placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Education.

Assigned - amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned amounts include those approved through the District's formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer. Through the District's purchasing policy, the Board of Education has given the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

Unassigned - residual fund balance within the general fund that is in spendable form that is not restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes primarily consist of amounts restricted for food service operations.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. The District had no restricted assets at June 30, 2011.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Q. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized bond issuance costs are recorded as an asset on the financial statements.

Bond premiums are deferred and accreted over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. Capital appreciation bond discounts are accreted over the term of the bonds.

For advance refunding resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2011, the District had no transactions that would be classified as special or extraordinary items.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2011, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "<u>Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions</u>", and GASB Statement No. 59, "<u>Financial Instruments Omnibus</u>".

GASB Statement No. 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. GASB Statement No. 54 also clarifies the definitions of governmental fund types.

GASB Statement No. 59 updates and improves guidance for financial reporting and disclosure requirements of certain financial instruments and external investment pools. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 59 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Fund Reclassifications

A fund reclassification is required in order to report funds in accordance with GASB Statement No 54. The fund reclassification had the following effect on the District's governmental fund balances as previously reported:

	General		Nonmajor Governmental		Go	Total overnmental
Fund balance as previously reported	\$	1,565,157	\$	1,289,924	\$	2,855,081
Fund reclassification: Public school support fund	_	10,877		(10,877)		-
Restated fund balance at July 1, 2010	\$	1,576,034	\$	1,279,047	\$	2,855,081

The fund reclassification did not have an effect on net assets as previously reported.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

C. Budgetary Prior Period Adjustment

In prior years certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds were considered part of the general fund on a budgetary basis. The District has elected to report only the legally budgeted general fund in the budgetary statement; therefore, a restatement to the beginning budgetary balance is required. The restatement of the general fund's budgetary-basis fund balance at June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Budgetary Basis

	Ge	eneral Fund			
Balance at June 30, 2010 Funds budgeted elsewhere	\$	1,924,352 (310)			
Restated balance at July 1, 2010	\$	1,924,042			

D. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2011 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	De	eficit
Public school preschool	\$	883
Vocational education enhancement		23
IDEA Part-B		1,470
Improving teacher quality		1,024

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Cash in Segregated Accounts

At fiscal year end, the District had \$8,029 in cash and cash equivalents held by the North Point Educational Service Center. This amount is included on the financial statements as "cash with fiscal agent". The North Point Educational Service Center holds this flow through grant money for the District together with that of other school districts and therefore, the District cannot classify this money by risk under GASB Statement No. 40.

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2011, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$3,915,163. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2011, \$3,436,117 of the District's bank balance of \$3,986,726 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$550,609 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2011:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	3,915,163
Cash with fiscal agent	_	8,029
Total	\$	3,923,192
Cash and investments per statement of net assets		
Governmental activities	\$	3,527,446
Private-purpose trust fund		360,007
Agency fund	_	35,739
Total	\$	3,923,192

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and certain tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2011 were levied after April 1, 2010, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2010, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2011 became a lien on December 31, 2009, were levied after April 1, 2010, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 (other than public utility property) generally represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009 on the value as of December 31, 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers were due September 20, 2010. Single county taxpayers could pay annually or semiannually. If paid semiannually, the first payment was due April 30, 2010, with the remainder payable by September 20, 2010.

The District receives property taxes from Huron, Lorain and Ashland Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2011, are available to finance fiscal year 2011 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011 was \$291,879 in the general fund, \$33,311 in the bond retirement debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$5,498 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2010 was \$213,592 in the general fund, \$24,525 in the bond retirement debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$3,808 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2011 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2011 taxes were collected are:

	2010 Second Half Collections				2011 First Half Collections			
		Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential								
and other real estate	\$	98,215,820	97.62	\$	98,202,250	97.19		
Public utility personal		2,368,320	2.35		2,834,560	2.81		
Tangible personal property		24,085	0.03	_				
Total	\$	100,608,225	100.00	\$	101,036,810	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:								
Operations		\$31.30			\$31.30			
Debt service		2.50			2.50			
Classroom facilities		0.50			0.50			

NOTE 6 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The District has authorized, through voter approval, an annual 1% school district income tax levied on the school district income of individuals and estates. The tax is to be used for normal operating expenses of the District and is credited to the general fund. Total income tax revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2011, was \$980,694.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2011 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Taxes	\$ 2,835,202
Accounts	6,268
Accrued interest	508
Intergovernmental	367,220
Total	\$ 3,209,198

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/10	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 285,043	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 285,043
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	285,043			285,043
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,625,712	_	-	1,625,712
Buildings and building improvements	17,038,748	39,660	-	17,078,408
Furniture and equipment	863,512	27,881	-	891,393
Vehicles	773,382	39,400		812,782
Total capital assets, being depreciated	20,301,354	106,941		20,408,295
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(839,204)	(76,957)	-	(916,161)
Buildings and building improvements	(5,324,444)	(566,394)	-	(5,890,838)
Furniture and equipment	(422,787)	(77,085)	-	(499,872)
Vehicles	(602,889)	(37,351)		(640,240)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,189,324)	(757,787)		(7,947,111)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 13,397,073	\$ (650,846)	\$ -	\$ 12,746,227

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

\$ 683,745
359
9,095
3,110
8,154
37,351
9,302
6,671
\$ 757,787

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In fiscal year 2011, the District entered into capitalized leases for a van. During a prior fiscal year, the District entered into capitalized leases for a bus, copier and maintenance equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$232,509. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2011 totaled \$49,621 paid by the general fund. Accumulated depreciation totaled \$139,259 resulting in a net book value of \$93,250 at June 30, 2011.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2011:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Amount_
2012	\$ 23,233
2013	20,240
2014	7,348
2015	7,348
2016	 7,348
Total minimum lease payments	65,517
Less: amount representing interest	 (6,515)
Total	\$ 59,002

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2011, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Ou	Balance standing 06/30/10	<u>A</u>	dditions_	<u>R</u>	eductions	0	Balance utstanding 06/30/11]	mounts Due in ne Year
Governmental activities:										
General obligation bonds:										
Capital appreciation bonds										
7.639% to 7.701% (average effective)										
12/01/08, 09, 10 & 11 maturity	\$	123,073	\$	-	\$	(63,801)	\$	59,272	\$	59,272
Accreted interest on capital		146 507		15 160		(01 100)		00.400		00.400
appreciation bonds		146,527		15,160		(81,199)		80,488		80,488
Series 2007 refunding issue:										
Current interest bonds		1 020 000				(20,000)		1 000 000		20,000
3.75% to 4.00%, 12/01/22 maturity		1,930,000		-		(30,000)		1,900,000		30,000
Capital appreciation bonds 4.05% to 4.15% (average effective)										
12/01/17 and 12/01/18 maturity		139,971		_		_		139,971		_
Accreted interest on capital		137,771				_		137,771		_
appreciation bonds		45,310		20,820		_		66,130		_
11						(175,000)				160 760
Total general obligation bonds		2,384,881		35,980		(175,000)		2,245,861		169,760
Other obligations:										
Compensated absences		605,465		100,583		(89,654)		616,394		103,234
Capital leases		69,223		39,400		(49,621)	_	59,002		20,441
Total other obligations		674,688		139,983		(139,275)		675,396		123,675
Total governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$:	3,059,569	\$	175,963	\$	(314,275)		2,921,257	\$	293,435
Add: unamortiz	ed pr	remium on	bond	issue				110,997		
Less: unamortiz	zed de	eferred cha	rges (on refundin	g			(43,720)		
Total on stateme	ent of	net assets					\$	2,988,534		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. General Obligation Bonds

On October 1, 1999, the District issued \$3,250,673 in general obligation bonds (Series 1999, School Facilities Improvement Bonds), which represent the District's share of a construction and renovation project approved and significantly funded by the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). These bonds are a general obligation of the District, for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as an expenditure in the bond retirement fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 3.80 (average) mil bonded debt tax levy.

In conjunction with the 3.80 mils which support the bond issue, the District also passed in fiscal year 2000 a .5 mil levy to ultimately fund the maintenance costs of the new facility. Tax revenue from this levy has been reported in the classroom facilities maintenance fund.

The original issue was comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$2,130,000, serial bonds, par value \$855,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$265,673. On December 3, 2007, the District refunded \$2,130,000 of the current interest bonds (see Note 10.C. for detail). The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2008 through 2011, (effective interest 7.639%, 7.701%, 7.634%, and 7.639%, respectively) at redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$580,000. A total of \$80,488 in accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds has been included on the statement of net assets at June 30, 2011.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the Series 1999 general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2011, are as follows:

Fiscal	_	Capital Appreciation Bonds						
Year Ending	<u>P</u>	Principal		Principal Interest		Total		
2012	\$	59,272	\$	85,728	\$	145,000		
Total	\$	59,272	\$	85,728	\$	145,000		

C. On December 3, 2007, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2007 School Facilities Improvement Refunding Bonds) to advance refund \$2,130,000 of the Series 1999 current interest general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$1,990,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$139,971. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 3.75% to 4.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2017 and December 1, 2018, (effective interest 4.05% to 4.15%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$430,000. Total accreted interest of \$66,130 has been included in the statement of net assets. Interest payments of the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity date stated on the issue is December 1, 2022.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2011 on the Series 2007 refunding bonds:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/10	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	06/30/11
Current interest bonds	\$ 1,930,000	\$ -	\$ (30,000)	\$ 1,900,000
Capital appreciation bonds	185,281	20,820		206,101
Total refunding bonds	\$ 2,115,281	\$ 20,820	\$ (30,000)	\$ 2,106,101

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$57,442. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the Series 2007 refunding bonds:

Fiscal		Current Interest Bonds				Capital Appreciation Bonds				nds		
Year Ending	_]	Principal	_]	Interest		Total	<u>F</u>	Principal	_	Interest		Total
2012	\$	30,000	\$	73,323	\$	103,323	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
2013		175,000		69,837		244,837		-		_		-
2014		185,000		63,394		248,394		-		-		-
2015		190,000		56,362		246,362		-		-		-
2016		200,000		48,800		248,800		-		-		-
2017 - 2021		645,000		169,700		814,700		139,971		290,029		430,000
2022 - 2023		475,000		19,100		494,100	_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>
Total	\$	1,900,000	\$	500,516	\$	2,400,516	\$	139,971	\$	290,029	\$	430,000

D. Other Long-Term Obligations

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid. For the District, this is the general fund and food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The capital lease obligations are described in Note 9.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

In fiscal year 2011, the District provided an early retirement incentive plan for State Teacher's Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) employees who were eligible for retirement under STRS Ohio guidelines and retired effective at the end of the 2010 school year, and notified the District sixty calendar days prior to the actual date of retirement and prior to March 1, 2010. Employees who enrolled in the early retirement incentive plan receive a one lump sum payment of three-hundred dollars for every year of bargaining unit service to the District up to thirty years of service. Four employees took advantage of the early retirement incentive in fiscal year 2011. A liability for the early retirement incentive payments has been recorded in the fund financial statements for the amount expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The entire liability is recorded on the statement of net assets.

E. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2011, are a voted debt margin of \$7,386,119 (including available funds of \$392,049) and an unvoted debt margin of \$101,037.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property, Fleet, and Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has a comprehensive property and casualty policy with the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), which includes boiler coverage. All vehicles are insured with SORSA. All board members, administrators and employees are covered under a school district liability policy with SORSA. The limits of this coverage are \$12,000,000 per occurrence and \$14,000,000 aggregate.

Settled claims have not exceeded these commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from fiscal year 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Employee Dishonesty Bonds

The board president is covered with a surety bond for \$20,000 through the OSBA Board Program. The superintendent and the treasurer are covered by a \$20,000 and a \$100,000 surety bond respectively. The student activity clerk/treasurer's secretary is also covered by a surety bond in the amount of \$10,000. These bonds are all with the Western Surety Company. The remaining employees who handle money are covered with a public employees blanket bond in the amount of \$100,000. This coverage is provided by the SORSA.

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2011, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan.

D. Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association

The District has contracted with the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (the "Association") to provide medical/surgical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits for its employees and their covered dependents. The Association is a shared risk pool comprised of 13 school districts that provide public education within Erie and Huron Counties. The Districts pay monthly contributions that are placed in a common fund from which eligible claims and expenses are paid for employees of participating school districts and their covered dependents. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow.

In the event of withdrawal, the District shall assume and be responsible for payment of all claims of its eligible employees, families, and dependents from the effective date of withdrawal, regardless of when such claims were incurred, processed, or presented to the Association, insurance provider, insurance consultant, or any other appropriate or authorized person or representative; provided further, any such claims, which are paid after the effective date of withdrawal by the Association insurance provider or insurance consultant, or charged to such parties, shall be reimbursed in full by any withdrawing member upon demand of the Association.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That can be obtained on the SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and New London Local School District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 11.81%. The remaining 2.19% of the 14% employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$149,143, \$154,604 and \$103,892, respectively; 56.70 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2011, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$550,951, \$539,081 and \$546,898, respectively; 83.28 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2011, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Chapter 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 was \$96.40 for most participants, but could be as high as \$369.10 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The report can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2011, 1.43 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2011, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$36,487, \$28,443 and \$69,251, respectively; 56.70 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2011, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$9,598, \$9,194 and \$8,572, respectively; 56.70 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2011, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$42,381, \$41,468 and \$42,069, respectively; 83.28 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	44,239
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		90,029
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(92,620)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		22,614
Funds budgeted elsewhere **		259
Adjustment for encumbrances		139,376
GAAP basis	\$	203,897

^{**} Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special rotary fund and the public school support fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is not currently party to legal proceedings.

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks		Capital Improvements	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2010	\$	-	\$	-
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		(42,075)		-
Current year set-aside requirement		161,866		161,866
Current year qualifying expenditures		(132,034)		(187,066)
Current year offsets		<u>-</u>		(44,653)
Total	\$	(12,243)	\$	(69,853)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2012	\$	_	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2011	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the textbook set-aside amount to below zero. Effective July 1, 2011, the textbook set-aside is no longer required and has been removed from existing law. This negative balance is therefore not being presented as being carried forward to the future fiscal year. Although the District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. The negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years.

NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures and may be report as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End				
Fund Type	Encumbrances				
General fund	\$	111,207			
Other governmental		50,817			
Total	\$	162,024			

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Ohio Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program-See Note 2 Total Child Nutrition Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.553 10.555	050674-05PU-09 050674-LLP4-09	\$ 28,147 162,065 190,212 190,212	\$ 0 29,665 29,665 29,665	\$ 28,147 162,065 190,212 190,212	$\begin{array}{c} \$ & 0 \\ \underline{29,665} \\ \underline{29,665} \\ \underline{29,665} \end{array}$
U.S. Department of Education Passed through Ohio Department of Education Title I Grant Cluster: Title I - Financial Assistance to Meet Special Educa Needs of Disadvantaged Children	tion					
Title I, Part A, ESEA Title I, Part A, ESEA <i>Total CFDA #84.010</i>	84.010 84.010	2010 2011	18,572 152,299 170,871	0 0	24,603 132,943 157,546	0 0 0
ARRA - Title I, Part A, ESEA, Recovery Act ARRA - Title I, Part A, ESEA, Recovery Act Total CFDA #84.389 Total Title I Grant Cluster	84.389 84.389	2010 2011	4,728 30,442 35,170 206,041	0 0 0 0	5,927 27,291 33,218 190,764	0 0 0 0
Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - IDEA, Part B Special Education Grants to States - IDEA, Part B Total CFDA #84.027	84.027 84.027	2010 2011	25,376 207,851 233,227	0 0 0	26,735 193,073 219,808	0 0 0
ARRA - Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act ARRA - Special Education Grants to States,	84.391	2010	15,621	0	33,462	0
Recovery A84.391 Total Special Education Grants to States, Total CFDA #84.391 Total Special Education Cluster	84.391	2011	91,879 107,500 340,727	$\frac{\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}}{0}$	$\frac{84,188}{117,650}$ $337,458$	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \hline 0 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Community State Grants	84.186	2010	0	0	1,928	0
Educational Technology State Grants Cluster: Title II-D Education Technology State Grants Title II-D Education Technology State Grants Total Title II-D Educational Technology State Grants	84.318 84.318 Cluster	2010 2011	0 498 498	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$	945 498 1,443	0 0 0
Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Total CFDA #84.367	84.367 84.367	2010 2011	6,822 49,340 56,162	0 0 0	7,720 44,840 52,560	0 0 0
State Fiscal Stabilization Fund Cluster: ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act	84.394	2010	0	0	18,771	0
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act Total State Fiscal Stabilization Fund Cluster Total U.S. Department of Education	84.394	2011	438,921 438,921 1,042,349	$\frac{0}{0}$	413,598 432,369 1,016,522	$\frac{0}{0}$
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,232,561	\$ 29,665	\$ 1,206,734	\$ 29,665

See accompanying notes to Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE 2: CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE 3: **FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education New London Local School District New London, Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New London Local School District, Huron County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the New London Local School District, Ohio's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2011, wherein we noted that the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the New London Local School District, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the New London Local School District, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the New London Local School District, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the New London Local School District, Ohio's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the New London Local School District, Ohio, in a separate letter dated September 26, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Ju.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

September 26, 2011

JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Education New London Local School District New London, Ohio

Compliance

We have audited the New London Local School District, Huron County, Ohio's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the New London Local School District, Ohio's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The New London Local School District, Ohio's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditors' Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the New London Local School District, Ohio's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the New London Local School District, Ohio's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the New London Local School District, Ohio's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the New London Local School District, Ohio's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the New London Local School District, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the New London Local School District, Ohio, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the New London Local School District, Ohio's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the New London Local School District, Ohio's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James J. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

September 26, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 & §.505

JUNE 30, 2010

1.	SUMMARY	OF AUDITOR'S	RESULTS
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2011(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
2011(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
2011(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
2011(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
2011(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
2011(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
2011(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
2011(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under .510?	No
2011(vii)	Major Programs (list):	
	Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States, CFDA #84.027 ARRA - Special Education - Grants to States, Recovery A State Fiscal Stabilization Fund Cluster: ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education Recovery Act, CFDA #84.394	
2011(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Program	Type A: \$300,000 or more Type B: All others less than \$300,000
2011(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

NEW LONDON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HURON COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Management letter recommendations as of June 30, 2010, have been corrected, repeated, or procedures instituted to prevent occurrences in this audit period.



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

New London Local School District 2 Wildcat Drive New London, Ohio

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Revised Code Section 117.53 states, "the Auditor of State shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The Auditor of State shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether the New London Local School District (the District), Huron County, Ohio, has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. We noted the Board did not amend its anti-harassment policy to include violence within a dating relationship within its definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying as of September 26, 2011.
- 2. The Board subsequently amended the policy on October 17, 2011. We read the amended policy, noting it now includes all the requirements listed in Ohio Rev. Code 3313.666.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

September 26, 2011



NEW LONDON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HURON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 10, 2012