## VILLAGE OF BLUFFTON

## ALLEN & HANCOCK COUNTY

## **REGULAR AUDIT**

JANUARY 1, 2010 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011

FISCAL YEARS AUDITED UNDER GAGAS: 2011 & 2010



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Village Council Village of Bluffton P. O. Box 63 Bluffton, Ohio 45817

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Bluffton, Allen County, prepared by Caudill & Associates, CPAs, for the audit period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2011. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Bluffton is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 10, 2012



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## **Independent Auditor's Report**

Village of Bluffton Allen & Hancock County P.O. Box 63 Bluffton, Ohio 45817

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Bluffton, Allen & Hancock County, Ohio, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2, the Village has prepared these financial statements and notes using the cash basis of accounting. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Bluffton, Allen & Hancock County, Ohio as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Street Fund, thereof for the years then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

Village of Bluffton Allen & Hancock County Independent Auditors' Report

As described in note 3, during 2011 the Village of Bluffton adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 31, 2012, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing.

We conducted our audit to opine on the Village's financial statements taken as a whole. Management's Discussion & Analysis includes tables of net assets, changes in net assets, analysis of program expenditures of governmental activities and long-term debt. These tables provide additional information, but are not part of the basic financial statements. However, these tables are management's responsibility, and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. These tables were subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. Other than the aforementioned procedures applied to the tables, we applied no procedures to any other information in the Management's Discussion & Analysis, and we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Contill & Associates, CPA

Caudill & Associates, CPA July 31, 2012

This discussion and analysis of the Village of Bluffton's financial performance provides an overall review of the Village's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, within the limitations of the Village's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Village's financial performance.

## **Highlights**

Key highlights for 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

Net assets of governmental activities in 2010 increased \$104,266 or 3.77 percent, a moderate change from the prior year. The fund most affected by the increase in cash and cash equivalents was the General Fund.

Net assets of governmental activities in 2011 decreased \$536,065 or 18.72 percent, a moderate change from the prior year. The fund most affected by the decrease in cash and cash equivalents was the General Fund.

The Village's general receipts are primarily income taxes, property and other local taxes, and intergovernmental. In 2011, these receipts represent respectively 70.89 and 11.10 percent of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year. Income tax receipts for 2011 were down by .88 percent compared to 2010. In 2010, these receipts represent respectively 70.81 and 14.05 percent of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year. Income tax receipts for 2010 were up by 5.10 percent compared to 2009.

In 2011, the water operations had an increase in net assets of \$163,420 and sewer operations had a decrease in net assets of \$61,341.

In 2010, the water operations had a decrease in net assets of \$111,389 and sewer operations had an increase in net assets of \$94,307.

The Village annexed in 37 parcels in 2011.

The Village has entered into an agreement with the Village of Ottawa for the purchase of water.

## **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Village's cash basis of accounting.

## **Report Components**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Village as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Village as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

## **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Village has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Village's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

## Reporting the Village as a Whole

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the Village did financially during 2011 and 2010, within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The statement of net assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental and business-type activities of the Village at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program and business-type activity. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function or business-type activity draws from the Village's general receipts.

These statements report the Village's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Village's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Village's cash position is one indicator of whether the Village's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Village's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Village's property tax base, the condition of the Village's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Village's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property and income taxes.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, we divide the Village into two types of activities:

<u>Governmental activities</u>. Most of the Village's basic services are reported here, including police, fire, streets and parks. State and federal grants and income and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

<u>Business-type activity</u>. The Village has three business-type activities, the provision of water, sewer and refuse services. Business-type activities are financed by a fee charged to the customers receiving the service.

## Reporting the Village's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Village's major funds – not the Village as a whole. The Village establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Village are split into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Most of the Village's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Village's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Village's programs. The Village's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Village's only major governmental funds are the General, Street, and Town Hall Improvement, and Fire and Rescue Improvement (2011 only) Funds. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements. We describe this relationship in reconciliations presented with the governmental fund financial statements.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – When the Village charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. When the services are provided to the general public, the activity is reported as an enterprise fund. The Village had six major enterprise funds, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Sewer Debt Service Reserve Fund (2011 only), Water Debt Service Fund, Sewer Debt Service Fund (2010 only) and Sewer Improvement Fund (2011 only). When the services are provided to other departments of the Village, the service is reported as an internal service fund. The Village has no internal service funds.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Village's programs.

## The Village as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Village's net assets for 2011 compared to 2010 on a cash basis:

	Governmental Activities		В	Business-Ty	pe A	Activities	Total					
		2011		2010		2011		2010		2011		2010
Assets												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2	2,326,994	\$2	,863,059	\$	800,667	\$	703,809	\$ 3	3,127,661	\$ 3	3,566,868
Investments												
Total Assets	\$ 2	2,326,994	\$2	,863,059	\$	800,667	\$	703,809	\$ 3	3,127,661	\$ 3	3,566,868
Net Assets												
Restricted for:												
Debt Service	\$	863	\$	863	\$	216,008	\$	190,996	\$	216,871	\$	191,859
Capital Projects		394,552		560,623		39,649		54,702		434,201		615,325
Other Purposes		195,602		214,702		-		-		195,602		214,702
Cemetery Endowment												
Nonexpendable		1,851		1,851		-		-		1,851		1,851
Unrestricted		1,734,126	,	2,085,020		545,010		458,111	2	2,279,136	2	2,543,131
Total Net Assets	\$2	2,326,994	\$2	,863,059		\$800,667		\$703,809	\$3	3,127,661	\$3	3,566,868

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets in 2011, 2010 compared to 2009.

	 2011	2010	2009	2011	2010	2009
Receipts:						
Program Receipts:						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 331,675	\$ 351,960	\$348,586	\$1,823,140	\$1,801,881	\$1,791,220
Operating Grants and Contributions	284,670	413,064	411,760	-	-	-
Capital Grants and Contributions	 29,629	-	37,791	-	-	
Total Program Receipts	\$ 645,974	\$ 765,024	\$ 798,137	\$ 1,823,140	\$ 1,801,881	\$ 1,791,220
General Receipts:						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 299,649	\$ 355,433	\$ 357,807	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Income Taxes	1,710,016	1,725,326	1,641,474	-	-	-
Cable Franchise Fees	-	-	14,104	-	-	-
Enterprise Zone Fees	6,548	7,870	21,778	-	-	-
Notes Issued	-	-	900,000	37,501	-	518,400
Interest	6,585	11,788	28,523	16	36	200
Miscellaneous	 162,353	72,718	76,440	-	-	<u> </u>
Total General Receipts	2,185,151	2,173,135	3,040,126	37,517	36	518,600
Total Receipts	\$ 2,831,125	\$ 2,938,159	\$ 3,838,263	\$ 1,860,657	\$ 1,801,917	\$ 2,309,820
Disbursements:						
General Government	\$ 509,143	\$ 491,287	\$ 535,948	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Security of Persons and Property:	765,377	718,841	733,464	-	-	-
Public Health Services	42,861	53,710	45,444	-	-	-
Leisure Time Activities	104,184	117,610	118,593	-	-	-
Community Environment	-	1,000	-	-	-	-
Basic Utilities	10,750	9,125	9,225	-	-	-
Transportation	320,427	290,556	220,675	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	424,298	479,751	825,308	-	-	-
Debt Service	334,510	382,012	1,609,840	-	-	-
Water	-	-	-	975,131	686,085	519,498
Sewer	-	-	-	516,216	450,097	491,694
Water Debt Service	-	-	-	536,145	536,145	-
Sewer Improvement	-	-	-	410,607	-	-
Sanitation	-	-	-	181,337	560,462	1,319,929
Total Disbursements	\$ 2,511,550	\$ 2,543,892	\$ 4,098,497	\$ 2,619,436	\$ 2,232,789	\$ 2,331,121
Excess (Deficiency) Before Transfers	319,575	394,267	(260,234)	(758,779)	(430,872)	(21,301)
Advances	(82,890)	-	-	82,890	-	-
Transfers	(772,750)	(290,000)	(45,000)	772,750	290,000	45,000
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ (536,065)	\$ 104,267	\$ (305,234)	\$ 96,861	\$ (140,872)	\$ 23,699

Governmental Activities program receipts represent only 22.81 percent of total governmental activities receipts for 2011 and 26.03 percent for 2010 and are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts such as motor vehicle license and gas tax money, building permits and inspection fees and charges to Orange and Richland Townships for fire and emergency medical services provided.



General receipts represent 77.19 percent of the Village's total receipts for 2011 and 73.97 percent for 2010, and of this amount, 91.96 percent and 95.74 percent are local taxes, respectively. Other receipts are very insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Village and the support services provided for the other Village activities. These include the costs of council, and the fiscal officer, and income tax departments, as well as internal services such as payroll and purchasing.

Security of Persons and Property are the costs of police and fire protection; Public Health Services is the health department; Leisure Time Activities are the costs of maintaining the parks and swimming pool; the economic development department promotes the Village to industry and commerce as well as working with other governments in the area to attract new business; and Transportation is the cost of maintaining the roads.

### **Governmental Activities**

If you look at the Statement of Activities on pages 13 and 15, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Village. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities in 2011 are for security of persons and property, general government, and capital outlay which account for 30.47, 20.27, and 16.89 percent of all governmental disbursements, respectively. The major program disbursements for governmental activities in 2010 are for security of persons and property, general government, and capital outlay which account for 28.26, 19.31, and 18.86 percent of all governmental disbursements, respectively. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Village that must be used to provide a specific service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

	Total Cost			Net Cost		Total Cost		Net Cost
	Oi	Services 2011	C	of Services 2011	Oi	f Services 2010	Of	Services 2010
General Government	\$	509,143	\$	232,187	\$	491,287	\$	79,331
Security of Persons and Property		765,377		499,223		718,841		463,748
Public Health Services		42,861		42,861		53,710		35,533
Leisure Time Activities		104,184		45,092		117,610		54,362
Community Environment		-		-		1,000		1,000
Basic Utilities		10,750		(6,454)		9,125		(7,425)
Transportation		320,427		293,860		290,556		290,556
Capital Outlay		424,298		424,298		479,751		479,751
Debt Service		334,510		334,510		382,012		382,012
Total Expenses	\$ 2	2,511,550	\$	1,865,577	\$ 2	2,543,892	\$1	,778,868

The dependence upon income tax receipts is apparent as 68.08 and 68.16 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts during 2011 and 2010 respectively.

## **Business-type Activities**

The water operation of the Village routinely reports receipts and cash disbursements that are relatively equal. The water from the Village's wells is very high in total dissolved solids and the Village has entered into an agreement with the Village of Ottawa, Ohio to supply water to the Village.

The Village is under EPA mandate to separate all combined sewers within the system and the Village is in the process of determining the scope and cost of this project.

## The Village's Funds

In 2011, total governmental funds had receipts of \$2,831,124 and disbursements of \$2,511,550.

General Fund receipts were \$637,209 over receipts.

In 2010, total governmental funds had receipts of \$2,938,158 and disbursements of \$2,543,893.

General Fund receipts were \$877,475 over disbursements indicating that the General Fund is not in a deficit spending situation.

## **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The Village's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2011 and 2010, the Village amended its General Fund budget several times to reflect changing circumstances. In 2011 and 2010, final budgeted receipts were above original budgeted receipts due to increased municipal income taxes and intergovernmental revenue.

In 2011, final disbursements for the General Fund were budgeted at \$1,812,862 while actual disbursements were \$1,564,930. In 2010, final disbursements for the General Fund were budgeted at \$1,588,656 while actual disbursements were \$1,465,240. The Village kept spending very close to budgeted amounts as demonstrated by the reported variances.

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

## Capital Assets

The Village does not currently keep track of its capital assets and infrastructure.

## Debt

At December 31, 2011, the Village's outstanding principal debt included \$1,380,403 for an OWDA Loan for the Water System, \$81,763 for an Issue II Loan, \$549,303 for an OWDA Loan for the Wastewater System, \$3,473,000 for a USDA Rural Development Loan, \$324,985 for an OPWC Loan for the Main Street Waterline, \$3,818,742 for an OWDA Loan for the Waterline from Ottawa, \$343,754 for an additional waterline replacement and \$163,100 for the Town hall renovation loan. For further information regarding the Village's debt, refer to Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

## **Current Issues**

The challenge for all governments is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. We rely heavily on local taxes.

## **Contacting the Village's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to reflect the Village's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Nancy L. Kindle, Fiscal Officer, P.O. Box 63, Bluffton, Ohio 45817.

Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis December 31, 2011

	Go	overnmental Activities		ness - Type Activities		Total
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,326,994	\$	800,667	\$	3,127,660
Equity III Fooled Casif and Casif Equivalents	Ψ	2,320,994	Ψ	800,007	Ψ	3,127,000
Total Assets	\$	2,326,994	\$	800,667	\$	3,127,660
Net Assets Restricted for:						
Capital Projects	\$	394,552	\$	39,649	\$	434,201
Debt Service		863		216,008		216,870
Other Purposes Permanent Fund Purpose		195,602		-		195,602
Nonexpendable		1,851		=		1,851
Unrestricted		1,734,125		545,009		2,279,136
Total Net Assets	\$	2,326,994	\$	800,667	\$	3,127,660

Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis December 31, 2010

	G	overnmental Activities		ness - Type Activities		Total
Assets	\$	2,863,059	\$	703,809	\$	3,566,868
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	φ	2,003,039	φ	703,609	Φ	3,300,000
Total Assets	\$	2,863,059	\$	703,809	\$	3,566,868
Net Assets Restricted for: Capital Projects Debt Service	\$	560,623 863	\$	54,702 190,996	\$	615,325 191,858
Other Purposes Permanent Fund Purpose		214,702		-		214,702
Nonexpendable		1,851		-		1,851
Unrestricted		2,085,020		458,111		2,543,132
Total Net Assets	\$	2,863,059	\$	703,809	\$	3,566,868

## Village of Bluffton

### Allen & Hancock Counties

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

			Program Cash Receipts						
	Cash Disbursements			Charges for Services and Sales	G	Operating Frants and Entributions	Capital Gran		
Governmental Activities									
General Government	\$	509,143	\$	-	\$	276,956	\$	-	
Security of Persons and Property		765,377		256,292		6,800		3,062	
Public Health Services		42,861		-		-		-	
Leisure Time Activities		104,184		59,093		-		-	
Community Environment		-		-		-		-	
Basic Utility Services		10,750		16,290		914		-	
Transportation		320,427		-		-		26,567	
Capital Outlay		424,298		-		-		-	
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement		320,567		-		-		-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		13,943		<del>-</del>			-	<u> </u>	
Total Governmental Activities		2,511,550		331,675		284,670		29,629	
Business Type Activity									
Water		975,131		910,268		-		-	
Sewer		516,216		725,479		-		-	
Water Debt Service		536,145		-		-		-	
Sewer Improvement		410,607		-		-		-	
Sanitation		181,337		187,393		-			
Total Business Type Activities		2,619,437		1,823,140					
Total	\$	5,130,987	\$	2,154,815	\$	284,670	\$	29,629	

## **General Receipts**

Property Taxes Levied for: General Purposes Municipal Income Taxes Other Taxes Enterprise Zone Fees Notes Issued Interest Miscellaneous

Total General Receipts

Transfers Advances

Total General Receipts and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets Beginning of Year

Net Assets End of Year

	G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total
	\$	(232,187) (499,223) (42,861) (45,092)	\$ - - -	\$ (232,187) (499,223) (42,861) (45,092)
		6,454 (293,860) (424,298)	- -	6,454 (293,860) (424,298)
		(320,567) (13,943)	 <u> </u>	 (320,567) (13,943)
		(1,865,575)	 	 (1,865,575)
			(64,864) 209,262 (536,145) (410,607) 6,056	(64,864) 209,262 (536,145) (410,607) 6,056
		-	 (796,297)	 (796,297)
	\$	(1,865,575)	\$ (796,297)	\$ (2,661,872)
		161,479 1,710,016 138,170 6,548 - 6,585 162,353	- - - 37,501 16 -	161,479 1,710,016 138,170 6,548 37,501 6,601 162,353
		2,185,151	37,517	2,222,668
		(772,750) (82,890)	 772,750 82,890	 -
		1,329,511	 893,157	2,222,668
		(536,065)	96,860	(439,205)
		2,863,059	 703,808	 3,566,867
:	\$	2,326,994	\$ 800,668	\$ 3,127,662

## Village of Bluffton

### Allen & Hancock Counties

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Program Cash Receipts							
	Cash Disbursements			Charges for Services and Sales	G	Operating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$	491,287	\$	-	\$	411,956	\$	-
Security of Persons and Property		718,841		255,093		-		-
Public Health Services		53,710		18,177		-		-
Leisure Time Activities		117,610		62,140		1,108		-
Community Environment		1,000		-		-		-
Basic Utility Services		9,125		16,550		-		-
Transportation		290,556		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		479,751		-		-		-
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		354,611		-		-		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		27,401						
Total Governmental Activities		2,543,892		351,960		413,064		
Business Type Activity								
Water		686,085		887,696		-		-
Sewer		450,097		725,007		-		-
Water Debt Service		536,145		-		-		-
Sanitation		560,462		189,178		-		
Total Business Type Activities		2,232,790		1,801,881				
Total		\$4,776,682		2,153,841		413,064		\$0

## **General Receipts**

Property Taxes Levied for:
General Purposes
Municipal Income Taxes
Other Taxes
Enterprise Zone Fees
Interest
Miscellaneous

Total General Receipts

Transfers

Total General Receipts and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets Beginning of Year

Net Assets End of Year

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (79,331) (463,748) (35,533) (54,362) (1,000) 7,425	\$ - - - - -	\$ (79,331) (463,748) (35,533) (54,362) (1,000) 7,425
(290,556) (479,751)	-	(290,556) (479,751)
(354,611) (27,401)	<u>-</u>	(354,611) (27,401)
(1,778,868)	<u> </u>	(1,778,868)
- - - - 0	201,611 274,910 (536,145) (371,284) (430,908)	201,611 274,910 (536,145) (371,284) (430,908)
(1,778,868)	(430,908)	(2,209,776)
208,817 1,725,326 146,616 7,870 11,788 72,718	- - - 36	208,817 1,725,326 146,616 7,870 11,824 72,718
2,173,134	36	2,173,170
(290,000)	290,000	
1,883,134	290,036	2,173,170
104,266	(140,872)	(36,607)
2,758,793	844,681	3,603,474
\$2,863,059	\$703,809	\$3,566,867

## Village of Bluffton Allen and Hancock Counties Statement of Assets and Fund Balances- Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2011

	 General	ownHall provement	 Street	e & Rescue provement	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,836,976	\$ 16,656	\$ 65,693	\$ 274,273	\$	133,395	\$	2,326,994
Total Assets	\$ 1,836,976	\$ 16,656	\$ 65,693	\$ 274,273	\$	133,395	\$	2,326,994
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	\$ 225	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	225
Restricted	-	16,656	65,693	274,273		133,395		490,017
Committed	-	-	-	-		-		-
Assigned	124,296	-	-	-		-		124,296
Unassigned	1,712,455	-	-	 -		-		1,712,455
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,836,976	\$ 16,656	\$ 65,693	\$ 274,273	\$	133,395	\$	2,326,994

Statement of Assets and Fund Balances- Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2010

		General		ownHall rovement		Street	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets	Φ.	0.440.750	Φ.	45.070	Φ.	000 007	Φ.	404 704	Φ.	0.000.050
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,113,758	\$	45,270	\$	239,297	\$	464,734	\$	2,863,059
Total Assets	\$	2,113,758	\$	45,270	\$	239,297	\$	464,734	\$	2,863,059
Fund Balances  Reserved for Encumbrances	\$	28,738	\$	20,550	\$	52,143	\$	26,873	\$	128,305
Unreserved: Undesignated (Deficit), Reported in:										
General Fund		2,085,020		-		-		-		2,085,020
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		86,397		86,397
Debt Service Fund		-		-		-		863		863
Capital Projects Funds		-		24,720		187,154		348,749		560,623
Permanent Fund		-		-		-		1,851		1,851
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,113,758	\$	45,270	\$	239,297	\$	464,734	\$	2,863,059

## VILLAGE OF BLUFFTON ALLEN & HANCOCK COUNTIES

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

	General		Fownhall provement		Street	Fire & Rescue Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Receipts		_		_			•	_	
Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 1,368,013	\$	342,003	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,710,016
Property and Other Local Taxes	184,816		-		106,220	-	8,612		299,649
Charges for Services	312,629		-		-	-	19,046		331,675
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	6,548		-		-	-	-		6,548
Fines, Licenses and Permits	16,091		-		22,392	-	44,541		83,024
Intergovernmental	284,670		-		25,567	-	4,063		314,300
Special Assessments	-		-		40,330	-	-		40,330
Gifts and Contributions	1,649		-		5,000	-	-		6,649
Interest	5,468		25		468	545	78		6,585
Miscellaneous	22,254		-		10,094				32,347
Total Receipts	2,202,139		342,029		210,071	545	76,340		2,831,124
Disbursements									
Current:									
General Government	509,143		-		-	-	-		509,143
Security of Persons and Property	729,930		-		-	33,983	1,465		765,377
Public Health Services	24,021		-		-	-	18,839		42,861
Leisure Time Activities	104,184		-		-	-	-		104,184
Community Environment	-		-		-	-	-		-
Basic Utility Services	10,750		-		-	-	-		10,750
Transportation	93,990		-		226,436	-	-		320,427
Capital Outlay	92,912		36,132		257,238	-	38,016		424,298
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement	-		320,567		-	-	-		320,567
Interest and Fiscal Charges			13,943		-		-		13,943
Total Disbursements	1,564,930		370,642		483,674	33,983	58,320		2,511,550
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	637,209		(28,614)		(273,604)	(33,438)	18,020		319,574
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Loan Proceeds									-
Transfers In	85,000		-		100,000	90,000	2,000		277,000
Transfers Out	(1,049,750)		-		-	-	-		(1,049,750)
Advances Out	(82,890)		-		-		-	_	(82,890)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,047,640)		-		100,000	90,000	2,000		(855,640)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(410,430)		(28,614)		(173,604)	56,562	20,020		(536,065)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year, Restated	2,247,406		45,270		239,297	217,711	113,375		2,863,059
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,836,976	\$	16,656	\$	65,693	\$ 274,273	\$ 133,395	\$	2,326,994

## VILLAGE OF BLUFFTON ALLEN & HANCOCK COUNTIES

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

		General		Fownhall provement		Street	Gov	Other /ernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Receipts	•	1 000 001	•	0.45.005	•		•		•	4 705 000
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	1,380,261	\$	345,065	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,725,326
Property and Other Local Taxes		230,335		-		115,716		9,382		355,433
Charges for Services		333,783		-		-		18,177		351,960
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		7,870		-		-		-		7,870
Fines, Licenses and Permits		19,647		-		22,487		2,989		45,123
Intergovernmental		341,114		-		-		70,842		411,956
Gifts and Contributions		80				338		690		1,108
Interest		8,582		137		1,749		1,320		11,788
Miscellaneous		21,043				6,551	-			27,595
Total Receipts		2,342,715		345,202		146,841		103,400		2,938,158
Disbursements										
Current:										
General Government		486,299		-		-		4,988		491,287
Security of Persons and Property		717,459		-		-		1,382		718,841
Public Health Services		29,482		-		-		24,228		53,710
Leisure Time Activities		96,404		-		-		21,206		117,610
Community Environment		1,000		-		-		-		1,000
Basic Utility Services		9,125		-		-		-		9,125
Transportation		93,890		-		156,338		40,327		290,556
Capital Outlay		31,580		11,240		187,551		249,381		479,752
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		-		354,611		-		-		354,611
Interest and Fiscal Charges				27,401						27,401
Total Disbursements		1,465,240		393,252		343,889		341,512		2,543,893
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		877,475		(48,050)		(197,048)		(238,112)		394,266
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Loan Proceeds										
						131,623		222 500		-
Transfers In Transfers Out		(627 500)		-		131,023		232,500		364,123
		(637,500)		-		-		(16,623)		(654,123)
Advances In		54,100		-		-		54,100 (54,100)		108,200
Advances Out		(54,100)				<u>-</u>		(54,100)		(108,200)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(637,500)				131,623		215,877		(290,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances		239,975		(48,050)		(65,425)		(22,235)		104,266
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		1,873,783		93,320	_	304,722		486,968		2,758,793
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	2,113,758	\$	45,270	\$	239,297	\$	464,733	\$	2,863,059

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

	Budgeted	I Amounts		(Optional) Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts	¢ 4.260.000	¢ 4.260.000	Ф 4.260.042	Ф 0.042
Municipal Income Taxes Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 1,360,000 177,800	\$ 1,360,000 177,800	\$ 1,368,013 184,816	\$ 8,013 7,016
	312,700	312,700	312,629	
Charges for Services Fines, Licenses and Permits	16,470	16,470		(71)
Intergovernmental	171,150	171,150	16,091 284,670	(379) 113,520
Payments in Lieu of Taxes				
Gifts and Contributions	0	0	6,548 1,649	6,548 1,649
Interest	_	_		
Miscellaneous	8,000 13,500	8,000 13,500	5,468 22,254	(2,532) 8,754
Total receipts	2,059,620	2,059,620	2,202,139	142,519
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	485,765	558,204	509,143	49,061
Security of Persons and Property	786,899	818,350	729,930	88,420
Public Health Services	31,000	31,073	24,021	7,052
Leisure Time Activities	131,951	120,510	104,184	16,326
Community Environment	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Basic Utility Services	9,500	10,750	10,750	-
Transportation	117,975	100,975	93,990	6,985
Capital Outlay	172,500	171,000	92,912	78,088
Total Disbursements	1,737,590	1,812,862	1,564,930	247,932
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	322,030	246,758	637,209	390,451
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	85,000	85,000	85,000	-
Advances In	212,600	212,600	-	(212,600)
Transfers Out	(944,900)	(1,094,900)	(1,049,750)	45,150
Advances Out	(257,600)	(257,600)	(82,890)	174,710
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(904,900)	(1,054,900)	(1,047,640)	7,260
Net Change in Fund Balance	(582,870)	(808,142)	(410,430)	397,712
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,113,758	2,113,758	2,113,758	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	28,738	28,738	28,738	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 1,559,626	\$ 1,334,354	\$ 1,732,066	\$ 397,712

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted	d Amounts		(Optional) Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 1,304,110	\$ 1,304,110	\$ 1,380,261	\$ 76,151
Property and Other Local Taxes	190,317	190,317	230,335	40,018
Charges for Services	240,088	240,088	333,783	93,695
Fines, Licenses and Permits	17,525	17,525	19,647	2,122
Intergovernmental	221,900	221,900	341,114	119,214
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	3,500	3,500	7,870	4,370
Gifts and Contributions	100	100	80	(20)
Interest	55,000	55,000	8,582	(46,418)
Miscellaneous	16,200	16,200	21,043	4,843
Total receipts	2,048,740	2,048,740	2,342,715	293,975
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	505,033	521,218	486,299	34,919
Security of Persons and Property	746,851	755,776	717,459	38,317
Public Health Services	28,073	32,573	29,482	3,091
Leisure Time Activities	100,411	105,411	96,404	9,007
Community Environment	1,511	1,511	1,000	511
Basic Utility Services	9,000	9,125	9,125	-
Transportation	104,300	103,475	93,890	9,585
Capital Outlay	63,443	59,567	31,580	27,987
Total Disbursements	1,558,622	1,588,656	1,465,240	123,416
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	490,117	460,084	877,475	417,391
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	-	-	54,100	54,100
Transfers Out	(629,500)	(643,000)	(637,500)	5,500
Advances Out	-	(54,100)	(54,100)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(629,500)	(697,100)	(637,500)	59,600
Net Change in Fund Balance	(139,383)	(237,016)	239,975	476,991
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,823,387	1,823,387	1,823,387	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	50,396	50,396	50,396	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 1,734,400	\$ 1,636,767	\$ 2,113,758	\$ 476,991

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis Street Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

		Budgeted	ΙΔmo	unte			Var	Optional) iance with al Budget
		buugeted	AIIIO	unis				Positive
	C	Driginal		Final		Actual		legative)
Receipts		zrigiriai		Tillai		Tiotaai		iogativo)
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	106,220	\$	6,220
Fines, Licenses and Permits	*	20,000	•	20,000	•	22,392	•	2,392
Intergovernmental		-		-		25,567		25,567
Special Assessments		-		-		40,330		40,330
Gifts and Contributions		-		-		5,000		5,000
Interest		1,950		1,950		468		(1,482)
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		10,094		10,094
Total receipts		121,950		121,950		210,071		88,121
Disbursements								
Current:								
Transportation		235,056		248,143		226,436		21,707
Capital Outlay		250,000		284,315		257,238		27,077
Total Disbursements		485,056		532,458		483,674		48,784
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(363,106)		(410,508)		(273,604)		136,904
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		100,000		100,000		100,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		100,000		100,000		100,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(263,106)		(310,508)		(173,604)		136,904
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		239,297		239,207		239,207		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		52,143		52,143		52,143		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	28,334	\$	(19,158)	\$	117,746	\$	136,904

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis Street Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	ſ	Budgeted	Amo	unts			Var	Optional) iance with al Budget
		ginal		Final		Actual	F	Positive legative)
Receipts								<del></del>
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 1:	20,000	\$	120,000	\$	115,716	\$	(4,284)
Fines, Licenses and Permits	:	22,000		22,000		22,487		487
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Gifts and Contributions		-		-		338		338
Interest		10,000		10,000		1,749		(8,251)
Miscellaneous						6,551		6,551
Total receipts	1	52,000		152,000		146,841		(5,159)
Disbursements								
Current:								
Transportation		84,195		218,210		156,338		61,872
Capital Outlay	3	11,358		221,850		187,551		34,300
Total Disbursements	4	95,554		440,060		343,889		96,172
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(3	43,554)		(288,060)		(197,048)		91,012
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	2	50,000		250,000		131,623		(118,377)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2	50,000		250,000		131,623		(118,377)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(	93,554)		(38,060)		(65,425)		(27,365)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1	86,515		186,515		186,515		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1	18,207		118,207	-	118,207		-
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 2	11,168	\$	266,662	\$	239,297	\$	(27,365)

Village of Bluffton Allen and Hancock Counties Statement of Fund Net Assets - Cash Basis Proprietary Funds December 31, 2011

				Business-Ty							
	 Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Debt Service serve Fund		ebt Service und	Sewer Impr			Other orise Funds	Enter	Total prise Funds
Assets											
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 333,308	\$ 226,882	\$ 176,322	\$		\$	-	\$	64,156	\$	800,667
Total Assets	\$ 333,308	\$ 226,882	\$ 176,322	\$		\$		\$	64,156	\$	800,667
Net Assets											
Restricted for:											
Capital Projects	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,469	\$	24,469
Debt Service	-	-	176.322		-				39.687		216,009
Unrestricted	 333,308	226,882			-		-		-		560,190
Total Net Assets	\$ 333,308	\$ 226,882	\$ 176,322	\$		\$		s	64,156	\$	800,668

Village of Bluffton
Allen and Hancock Counties
Statement of Fund Net Assets - Cash Basis
Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2010

			Business-Ty	pe Activities		
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Water Debt Service Fund	Sewer Debt Service Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$169,888 \$169,888	\$288,223 \$288,223	\$481 \$481	\$38,797 \$38,797	\$206,420 \$206,420	\$703,809 \$703,809
Net Assets Restricted for: Capital Projects Debt Service Unrestricted	\$169,888	\$288,223	\$481	\$38,797	\$15,905 \$190,515	\$15,905 \$229,793 \$458,111
Total Net Assets	\$169,888	\$288,223	\$481	\$38,797	\$206,420	\$703,809

Village of Bluffton
Allen & Hancock Counties
Statement of Cash Receipts,
Disbursements and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Cash Basis
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

						ss-Type Act						
		ater ind	Sewer Fund	Debt Service rve Fund		Vater t Service	Sewer	Improvement Fund	Othe	er Enterprise Funds	Ente	Total erprise Funds
Operating Receipts												
Charges for Services Other Operating Receipts		374,714 35,554	\$ 719,929 5,550	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	187,393	\$	1,782,036 41,104
Total Operating Receipts		10,268	 725,479	 		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		187,393		1,823,140
Operating Disbursements												
Personal Services		64,768 28,759	122,891 47.859	-		-		-		-		187,660 76,619
Fringe Benefits Contractual Services		28,759 150,575	47,859 192,077	-		-		-		181,337		823,989
Materials and Supplies		20.079	48.965					-		101,337		69,045
Capital Outlay		17,002	 64,316	 				410,607		148,838		640,762
Total Operating Disbursements	5	81,183	 476,108	 		<u>.</u>		410,607		330,176		1,798,074
Operating Income (Loss)	3	329,085	249,371	-		-		(410,607)		(142,783)		25,065
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements) Proceeds from OWDA Loan										37,501		37,501
Interest		-	(25,981)	-		(226,600)		16		(160,110)		(412,675)
Principal Payments Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	(14,127)	-		(309,545)		-		(85,000)		(408,673)
Income (Loss) before Transfers	3	329,085	209,262	-		(536,145)		(410,591)		(350,392)		(758,781)
Transfers In	3	370.000	_	24.603		535.665		280,000		368,750		1.579.018
Transfers Out	(5	35,665)	(270,603)	-		-		-		-		(806,268)
Advances In			 <u> </u>	 -		<u> </u>		82,890		-		82,890
Change in Net Assets	1	63,420	(61,341)	24,603		(481)		(47,701)		18,359		96,858
Net Assets Beginning of Year	1	69,888	 288,223	 151,719		481		47,701		45,797		703,809
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 3	33,308	\$ 226,882	\$ 176,322	s	0_	\$		\$	64,156	\$	800,667

Village of Bluffton
Allen & Hancock Counties
Statement of Cash Receipts,
Disbursements and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Cash Basis
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	 Business-1	Гуре Ас	ctivities		Business-Ty	pe Acti	ivities		
	 Water Fund		Sewer Fund	Water ot Service	Sewer ot Service	Othe	er Enterprise Funds	Ente	Total erprise Funds
Operating Receipts									
Charges for Services	\$ 879,346	\$	721,107	\$ -	\$ -	\$	189,178	\$	1,789,632
Other Operating Receipts	 8,349		3,900	 			-		12,249
Total Operating Receipts	 887,696		725,007	 -	 		189,178		1,801,881
Operating Disbursements									
Personal Services	111,399		116,592	-	-		-		227,991
Fringe Benefits	32,986		41,466	-	-		-		74,452
Contractual Services	524,515		163,085	-	-		179,209		866,809
Materials and Supplies	13,852		42,939	-	-		-		56,791
Capital Outlay	 3,333		45,907	 	<u> </u>		107,578		156,818
Total Operating Disbursements	 686,085		409,989	 	 		286,787		1,382,860
Operating Income (Loss)	201,611		315,018	-	-		(97,608)		419,021
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)									
Interest	-		-	-	-		36		36
Principal Payments	-		(13,494)	(300,056)	(82,000)		(27,875)		(423,425
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 -		(26,615)	(236,089)	(163,800)		-		(426,503
Income (Loss) before Transfers	201,611		274,910	(536,145)	(245,800)		(125,448)		(430,872
Transfers In	200,000		90,000	513,000	246,000		24,603		1,073,603
Transfers Out	 (513,000)		(270,603)	 -	 -				(783,603
Change in Net Assets	(111,389)		94,307	(23,145)	200		(100,845)		(140,872
Net Assets Beginning of Year	 281,277		193,916	 23,626	 38,597		307,265		844,681
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 169,888	\$	288,223	\$ 481	\$ 38,797	_	206,420	\$	703,809

## Village of Bluffton Allen and Hancock Counties Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2011 and 2010

### Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The Village of Bluffton, Allen and Hancock Counties, Ohio (the Village), is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a six-member Council elected at large for four year terms. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term and votes only to break a tie.

### A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Village. The Village provides general government services, water and sewer utilities, maintenance of Village roads and bridges, park operations, and police services. The Village appropriates general fund money to support a volunteer fire department and emergency medical squad.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. The Village does not apply FASB statements issued after November 30, 1989, to its business-type activities and to its enterprise funds. Following are the more significant of the Village's accounting policies.

### A. Basis of Presentation

The Village's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

## Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Village as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" receipts and disbursements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Village that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

## Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The statement of net assets presents the cash balance of the governmental and business-type activities of the Village at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Village's governmental and business-type activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Village is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business-type activity is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Village's general receipts.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the Village segregates transactions related to certain Village functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Village at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Proprietary fund statements distinguish operating transactions from nonoperating transactions. Operating receipts generally result from exchange transactions such as charges for services directly relating to the funds' principal services. Operating disbursements include costs of sales and services and administrative costs. The proprietary fund statements report all other receipts and disbursements as nonoperating.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Village are divided into two categories, governmental and proprietary.

#### Governmental Funds

The Village classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The Village's only major governmental funds are the General Fund, Street Fund, Town Hall Improvement Fund, and the Fire and Rescue Improvement Fund (2011 only).

<u>General Fund</u> - is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Street Fund</u> – receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing the Village Streets.

<u>Town Hall Improvement Fund</u> - is used to account for grants and collects interest to pay for improvements to the town hall.

<u>Fire and Rescue Improvement Fund (2011 only)</u> – is used to account for grants and other resources to pay for improvements and replacement of fire and rescue equipment.

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The other governmental funds of the Village account for grants and other resources, whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The Village classifies funds financed primarily from user charges for goods or services as proprietary. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The Village's major enterprise funds are the water and sewer funds.

<u>Water Fund</u> - The water fund accounts for the provision of water to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

<u>Sewer Debt Service Reserve Fund</u> (2011 only) - The sewer debt service fund reserve fund monitors the required reserves to pay for future sewer debt obligations.

<u>Water Debt Service Fund</u> - The water debt service fund accounts for the provision of resources to pay debt requirements related to water services.

<u>Sewer Improvement Fund (2011 only)</u> - The sewer improvement fund accounts for the provision of sewer to the residents and commercial user within the Village to upgrade sewer services.

<u>Sewer Debt Service Fund (2010 only)</u> - The sewer debt service fund accounts for the provision of resources to pay debt requirements related to sewer services.

## C. Basis of Accounting

The Village's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Village's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Village are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Village Council may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Village Council's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Village Council. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Village Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificated of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Village Council.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Village Council during the year.

#### E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Village records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

During 2011 and 2010, the Village invested in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, a money market fund, and STAR Ohio. The nonnegotiable certificates of deposits are reported at cost. The Village's money market fund investment is recorded at the amount reported by The Citizens National Bank and The First National Bank at December 31, 2011 and 2010.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2011 and 2010.

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## E. Cash and Investments (continued)

Interest earnings are allocated to Village funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2011 and 2010 were \$5,468 and \$8,582 respectively.

#### F. Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

## G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Village reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Village reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

## J. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Village's modified cash basis of accounting.

#### K. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Village recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 9 and 10, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

#### L. Long-Term Obligations

The Village's modified cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### M. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for the renovation of Town Hall and the installation of the Main Street waterline.

The Village's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### N. Fund Balance Reserves

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

**Restricted** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Enabling legislation authorizes the Village to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the Village can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

**Committed** The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of Village Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless Village Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, the committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by Village Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Village for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by ordinance, or by State Statute.

## N. Fund Balance Reserves (continued)

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### O. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating receipts/disbursements in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

#### Note 3 - Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Net Assets/Fund Equity

For 2011, the Village implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." GASB Statement No. 54 enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 had the following effect on fund balances of the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds as previously reported:

	General	Town Hall Improvement	Street	Fire & Rescue Improvement	Governmental Funds	Total
•						
Fund Balance at						
December 31, 2010	\$2,113,758	\$45,270	\$239,297	\$217,711	\$247,023	\$2,863,059
GASB 54 Change in						
Fund Structure	133,648	0	0	0	(133,648)	0
A.P 18 1						
Adjusted Fund						
Balance at December						
31, 2011	\$2,247,406	\$45,270	\$239,297	\$217,711	\$113,375	\$2,863,059

#### Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the general fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference(s) between the budgetary basis and the modified cash basis is (are) outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (modified cash basis) (and outstanding year end advances are treated as an other financing source or use (budgetary basis) rather than as an interfund receivable or payable (modified cash basis)). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) for the general fund amounted to \$28,045 and 28,738 for 2011 and 2010, respectively, encumbrances in the street fund amounted to \$38,459 and \$52,143 for 2011 and 2010, respectively, and encumbrances in the Town Hall Improvement fund were \$20,550 in 2010.

## Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Village are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Village treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Village treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Village can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

## Note 5 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Village, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

At year end, the Village had \$3,450 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "Cash" or "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2011 and 2010, \$2,215,447 and \$2,800,172 of the Village's bank balance of \$3,088,914 and \$3,593,823 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Village's name.

The Village has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Village or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

#### Investments

As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Village had the following investments:

STAR Ohio	Carrying Value
December 31, 2011	\$14,759
December 31, 2010	\$14,751

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the Treasurer of State of Ohio. STAR Ohio is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Act of 1940. STAR Ohio has obtained an AAA money market rating by Standard and Poor's. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchases of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Village's investment policy addresses interest rate risk be requiring that the Village's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long term debt payments, thereby avoiding that need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments.

STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Village has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statue. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

#### Note 6 – Income Taxes

The Village levies a one and a quarter percent income tax whose proceeds are placed into the General Fund (one percent) and Town Hall Improvement Fund (quarter percent). The Village levies and collects the tax on all income earned within the Village as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the Village. In the latter case, the Village allows a credit of the lesser of actual taxes paid to another city of one hundred percent of the one and a quarter percent tax rate on taxable income. Employers within the Village are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the Village at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually. The quarter percent associated with the Town Hall Improvement Fund is set to be taken off at the end of 2012. The voters in the November 2011 election, voted to replace the quarter percent tax associated with the Town Hall Improvement Fund with a quarter percent tax for a fifteen year period, beginning January 1, 2013 for water and sewer capital improvements and the related debt.

## Note 7 - Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Village. Real property tax receipts received in 2011 represent the collection of 2010 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2011 were levied after October 1, 2010, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2010, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in 2011 represent the collection of 2010 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2011 became a lien on December 31, 2010, were levied after October 1, 2010, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax receipts received in 2011 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2010 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2011 were levied after October 1, 2010, on the true value as of December 31, 2010. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the first payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The full tax rate for all Village operations for the year ended December 31, 2011, was \$2.50 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2011 property tax receipts were based was \$73,527,180.

## Note 8 - Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The Village pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

## Note 8 - Risk Management (Continued)

The Village offers medical and life insurance coverage for full-time employees through a commercial insurer.

#### Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

## A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Village participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administer three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provide retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2011, the members of all three plans were required to contribute 10.00 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Village's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2011 was 14.00 percent. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Village's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$84,294, \$89,680, and \$98,114 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2011, 2010 and 2009.

## B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Village contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations while the Village is required to contribute 19.50 percent and 24.00 percent respectively for police officers and firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The Village's required contributions to the Fund for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$53,336, \$51,432, and \$51,120, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2011, 2010 and 2009.

#### Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits

#### A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan for qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage. The plan includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide health care benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy – The post-employment health care plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2011 and 2010, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of covered payroll, and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 17.87 percent. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14 percent of covered payroll for state and local employer units and 18.1 percent of covered payroll for law and public safety employer units.

Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 5.5 percent from January 1 through February 28, 2010, and 5 percent from March 1 through December 31, 2010. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Combined Plan was 4.73 percent from January 1 through February 28, 2010, and 4.23 percent from March 1 through December 31, 2010.

The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment health care plan.

The Village's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2011, and 2010 were \$25,469, and \$27,096, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for 2011 and 100 percent for 2010.

#### A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased on January 1 of each year from 2006 to 2008. Rates for law enforcement and public safety employers increased over a six year period beginning on January 1, 2006, with a final rate increase on January 1, 2011. These rate increases allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

#### B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Village contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long-term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required by Ohio Revised Code to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5 percent and 24.0 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For the year ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan was 6.75 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

## B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (Continued)

The Village's contributions to OP&F which were allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for firefighters were \$14,999 for the year ended December 31, 2011, and \$14,446 for the year ended December 31, 2010. The full amount has been contributed for 2011 and 2010.

## Note 11 - Debt

The Village's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2011, are as follows:

	Interest Rate	Balance January 1, 2010	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2011	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities						
First National Loan - Town Hall Improvement  Total Governmental-Type Activities	3.50%	838,278 \$838,278		(675,178) \$(675,178)	163,100 \$163,100	134,729 \$134,729
Business-Type Activities OWDA Loan - Water System Improvements	5.77%	1,490,580	-	(110,177)	1,380,403	59,971
Issue II Loan	0.00%	98,115	-	(16,352)	81,763	8,176
OWDA Loan – Wastewater Treatment	4.64%	576,924	-	(27,621)	549,303	14,790
OWDA Loan – Waterline from Ottawa	2.75%	4,195,319	37,501	(414,078)	3,818,742	183,252
OPWC Loan – Main street Waterline Replacement	0.00%	365,609	-	(40,624)	324,985	20,312
First National Loan – Jackson, Elm Waterline Replacement	3.50%	400,000	-	(56,246)	343,754	28,107
USDA Rural Development Mortgage Revenue Bonds	4.50%	3,640,000	-	(167,000)	3,473,000	89,000
Total Business-type Activities		\$10,766,547	\$37,501	\$(832,098)	\$9,971,950	\$403,608

The loan, issued through First National Bank, is for the reconstruction and improvements to the Bluffton Village Town Hall. Repayment of the debt is provided by an additional .25% Village income tax approved by the voters. The interest rate on this loan will adjust in December of 2012.

#### Note 11 - Debt (continued)

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Water System Improvements loan relates to the construction of two water towers. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments \$69,383, including interest, over 25 years. The loan is secured by water receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements.

The Issue II loan was granted by the Ohio Public Waterworks Commission to finance sanitary sewer improvements.

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) WWTP loan relates to the construction of a new wastewater treatment plant that was mandated by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$20,054, including interest, over 30 years. The loan is secured by sewer receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements.

The USDA Rural Development Permanent Mortgage Revenue Bonds were obtained for the purpose of paying for the costs of constructing a new wastewater treatment plant. The loan will be repaid over 30 years. Annual payments are due October 1 of each year.

The following is a summary of the Village's future annual debt service requirements:

Year Ending Decemb er 31,	OPWC Main Street Waterline Replacement		OWDA Loan Water System			Issue II Loan			
	Principal	Intere	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Int	Total
		st						ere st	
2012	20,312	-	20,312	\$59,972	\$78,796	\$138,768	\$8,176	-	\$8,176
2013	20,312	-	20,312	63,481	75,287	138,768	8,176	-	8,176
2014	20,312	-	20,312	67,197	71,571	138,768	8,176	-	8,176
2015	20,312	-	20,312	71,130	67,638	138,768	8,176	-	8,176
2016	20,312	-	20,312	75,294	63,474	138,768	8,176	-	8,176
2017-	101,560	-	101,560	447,967	245,873	693,840	40,883	-	40,883
2021									
2022-	101,560	-	101,560	595,363	98,477	693,840	-	-	-
2026									
2027-	20,305	-	20,305	-	-	-	-	-	-
2031									
2032-	1	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
2034									
Total	\$324,985	1	\$324,985	\$1,380,404	\$701,116	\$2,081,520	\$81,763	-	\$81,763

## Note 11 - Debt (continued)

	OWDA	A Loan			onal Loan		USDA Bonds		
	Wastewat	er System		Jackson V	Waterline				
	Principa	Interest	Total	Principa	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
	1			1					
2012	\$14,790	\$25,318	\$40,108	\$15,021	\$13,086	\$28,107	\$89,000	\$156,285	245,285
2013	15,484	24,624	40,108	13,031	19,699	32,730	93,000	152,280	245,280
2014	16,211	23,897	40,108	13,768	18,962	32,730	97,000	148,095	245,095
2015	16,973	23,135	40,108	14,547	18,183	32,730	102,000	143,730	245,730
2016	17,768	22,340	40,108	15,322	17,408	32,730	106,000	139,140	245,140
2017-	102,166	98,374	200,540	90,853	72,800	163,653	608,000	619,605	1,227,605
2021									
2022-	128,502	72,038	200,540	119,622	44,031	163,653	758,000	469,755	1,227,755
2026									
2027-	161,630	38,910	200,540	61,590	8,929	70,519	945,000	283,185	1,228,185
2031									
2032-	75,779	4,445	80,224	-	-	-	675,000	61,650	736,650
2034									
Total	\$549,30	\$333,08	\$882,38	\$343,75	\$213,09	\$556,85	\$3,473,00	\$2,173,72	\$5,646,72
S	3	1	4	4	8	2	0	5	5

The OWDA Loan for the Ottawa Waterline has not been finalized as of December 31, 2011; therefore, an amortization schedule is not available.

## Note 12 - Interfund Transfers

## <u>2011</u>

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General	\$85,000	(\$1,049,750)
Street	100,000	
Fire & Rescue	90,000	
Other Governmental	2,000	
Water	370,000	(535,665)
Sewer		(270,603)
Sewer Debt Service Reserve	24,603	
Water Debt Service	535,665	
Sewer Improvement	280,000	
Other Enterprise	368,750	
Total	\$1,856,018	(\$1,856,018)
•		

#### 2010

Transfer In	Transfer Out		
\$0	(\$637,500)		
131,623	0		
232,500	(16,623)		
200,000	(513,000)		
90,000	(270,603)		
513,000			
246,000			
24,603			
\$1,437,726	(\$1,437,726)		
	\$0 131,623 232,500 200,000 90,000 513,000 246,000 24,603		

Transfers are used to move revenue from funds that statue or budget requires to collect them to the funds that statue or budget requires to expend them; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed; and to transfer capital assets. Money transferred out was money from the General Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund and the FEMA fund. These funds transferred monies for the allocation of unrestricted receipts collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and for the payment of debt obligations. The \$16,623 was transferred from the FEMA fund to the Street fund to repay the Street fund for original obligations that were paid.

#### Note 13 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.



## Caudill & Associates, CPA

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants Kentucky Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

Village of Bluffton Allen and Hancock County 154 N Main Street Bluffton, Ohio 45817

To the Village Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Bluffton, Allen and Hancock County, Ohio, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, which collectively comprises the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2012, wherein we noted the Village adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. We also noted the Village uses a comprehensive accounting basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Village of Bluffton Allen and Hancock County

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated July 31, 2012.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, Village Council, Auditor of State and others within the Village. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Consul & Associates, CPA

Caudill & Associates, CPA

July 31, 2012



#### **VILLAGE OF BLUFFTON**

## **ALLEN COUNTY**

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 20, 2012