

**BUCKEYE OHIO RISK MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION (“BORMA”), INC.
PROPERTY AND LIABILITY INSURANCE DIVISION
WOOD COUNTY, OHIO**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENT
(AUDITED)**

***FOR THE YEAR ENDED
December 31, 2012***

BRIAN BUSHONG, TREASURER



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Trustees

Buckeye Ohio Risk Management Association, Inc. - Property and Liability Insurance Division
304 North Church Street
Bowling Green, Ohio 43402

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Buckeye Ohio Risk Management Association, Inc. - Property and Liability Insurance Division, Wood County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

The financial statements in the attached report are presented in accordance with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State. Due to a February 2, 2005 interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), modifications were required to the *Independent Auditor's Report* on your financial statements. While the Auditor of State does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The attached report includes an opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the statements are misstated under the non-GAAP regulatory basis. The *Independent Auditor's Report* also includes an opinion on the financial statements using the regulatory format the Auditor of State permits.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Buckeye Ohio Risk Management Association, Inc. - Property and Liability Insurance Division is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

May 21, 2013

This page intentionally left blank.

**BUCKEYE OHIO RISK MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION, INC.
PROPERTY AND LIABILITY INSURANCE DIVISION
WOOD COUNTY, OHIO**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report.....	1 - 2
Financial Statement:	
Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance	3
Notes to the Financial Statement.....	4 - 7
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	8 - 9

This page intentionally left blank.



Julian & Grube, Inc.
Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

BORMA, Inc. - Property and Liability Insurance Division
c/o City of Bowling Green
304 North Church Street
Bowling Green, Ohio 43402

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying financial statement and related notes of the Buckeye Ohio Risk Management Association ("BORMA"), Wood County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting this financial statement in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fair presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on this financial statement based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to BORMA's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of BORMA's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statement, BORMA prepared this financial statement using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03, which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to satisfy requirements.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of BORMA as of December 31, 2012, or changes in financial position or cash flows statement thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of BORMA, Wood County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2012 and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended in accordance with financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 permits, as described in Note 2.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 5, 2013, on our consideration of BORMA's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering BORMA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Julian & Grube, Inc.
April 5, 2013

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

BORMA, INC. - PROPERTY AND LIABILITY INSURANCE DIVISION
STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS
AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Operating Receipts:	
Member Contributions	\$ 1,158,828
Total operating receipts	1,158,828
Operating Disbursements:	
Insurance Premiums for Coverages	1,052,454
Claims Paid	477,660
Professional Fees	11,231
Service Fees	90
Total operating disbursements	1,541,435
Excess of Operating Disbursements over Operating Receipts	(382,607)
Nonoperating Receipts:	
Interest	437
Total Nonoperating Receipts	437
Change in Fund Cash Balance	(382,170)
Cash Balance at Beginning of year	723,834
Cash Balance, End of the year	\$ 341,664

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

BORMA, INC. - PROPERTY AND LIABILITY INSURANCE DIVISION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The Buckeye Ohio Risk Management Association (“BORMA”), Inc. is an Ohio not-for-profit corporation organized under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code for the public purpose of enabling its six member political subdivisions to obtain insurance coverage, provide methods of paying claims and provide a formalized jointly administered self-insurance pool. Specifically, the BORMA, Inc. - Property and Liability Insurance Division pool (the “Organization”) provides coverage for automobile liability, general liability, crime and property (including automobile physical damage), law enforcement liability, ambulance attendant’s liability, miscellaneous errors and omissions, property claims, and public official’s liability. In addition to the self-insurance pool, the Organization provides risk management services, loss prevention programs and various other educational materials. The members of the Organization include the following municipalities within the State of Ohio: Bowling Green, Defiance, Huron, Napoleon, Sandusky, and Willard. As of December 1, 2012, the only remaining member municipalities are the City of Bowling Green and the City of Defiance. The Organization does not have any financial accountability over entities as defined by GASB Statement No. 14, “The Financial Reporting Entity” as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, “Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units.”

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND PRESENTATION

This financial statement is prepared using another comprehensive basis of accounting, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Organization’s financial records when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Organization are described in the appropriate section in this note. All transactions are accounted for in a single enterprise fund.

This statement includes adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Investments are included in fund cash balances. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The investment in STAR Ohio (the State Treasurer’s investment pool) is valued at amounts reported by the State Treasurer.

BORMA, INC. - PROPERTY AND LIABILITY INSURANCE DIVISION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. MEMBER AND SUPPLEMENTAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Member contributions are calculated to annually produce a sufficient sum of money within the self-insurance pool to fund administrative expenses of the Organization and to create reserves for claims and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. Under the terms of membership, should annual member contributions not be sufficient to fund ultimate losses, establish adequate reserves and cover administrative expenses, the Board of Trustees can require supplementary contributions. Supplementary contributions can be assessed during the entire life of the Organization and any later period when claims or expenses need to be paid which are attributable to any membership year during which the event or claim occurred.

D. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of cash receipts and disbursements and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. LOSS RESERVE

Provisions for claims reserves and loss adjustment expenses (Note 6) are based on information reported by members and are calculated by the Organization's claims administrator. These amounts represent and estimate of reported unpaid claims, plus a provision for claims incurred and not reported. The claims reserve is based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including the effects of inflation and other factors. The Organization's management believes that the claims reserve is reasonable in the circumstances; however, actual incurred losses may not conform to the assumptions inherent in the determination of the reserve. Accordingly, the ultimate settlement of losses may vary materially from the estimated amounts disclosed in Note 6. Should the provision for claims reserves not be sufficient, supplemental contributions, as discussed above, will be assessed.

F. REINSURANCE

The Organization is a member of Public Entity Risk Consortium, a public entity risk-sharing pool which functions as a reinsurer for its member entities. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from reinsurers, although it does not discharge the primary liability of the Organization as direct insurer of the risks reinsured. The Organization is contingently liable with respect to certain loss coverage which would become a liability in the event these insurance carriers are unable to meet obligations under these reinsurance contracts.

BORMA, INC. - PROPERTY AND LIABILITY INSURANCE DIVISION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The carrying amount of the Organization's cash and investments at December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	<u>2012</u>
<u>Cash & Cash Equivalents:</u>	
Demand deposits	\$ 332,935
Investments:	
STAR Ohio	<u>8,729</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$ 341,664</u>

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

Investments: Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2012. The investment in STAR Ohio is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

NOTE 4 - SELF-INSURED RETENTION

The Organization retains responsibility of claims within specified self-insured retention limits prior to the application of coverage provided by excess reinsurance contracts. The Organization's per-occurrence retention limit is \$150,000 for all claims. The Organization is a member of the Public Entity Risk Consortium ("PERC") pool. Under PERC, member entities maintain their present retention structure and the present retention effectively becomes a maintenance deductible under PERC. PERC then self-insures a primary portion over individual member retentions up to \$250,000 per occurrence for property coverages and \$500,000 for liability coverages, both inclusive of the member's retention (e.g. for property coverage, PERC self-insures \$100,000 excess of the Organization's \$150,000 self-insured amount). PERC has a stop loss retention of \$1,650,000 per year, purchasing excess insurance coverage above its retention.

BORMA, INC. - PROPERTY AND LIABILITY INSURANCE DIVISION

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

NOTE 5 - EXCESS INSURANCE CONTRACTS

The Organization maintains excess insurance contracts with insurance carriers (including PERC) which provide various limits of coverage of the Organization's self-insured retention limits.

In the event that a series of losses or a single loss should exceed the aggregate amount of coverage provided by the self-insurance fund and the excess reinsurance, then the payment of any noncovered loss and any amount of supplementary payments for which the member is obligated is the obligation of the individual member or members against which the claim or claims were made.

NOTE 6 - LOSS RESERVE

As discussed in Note 2, the Organization's loss reserve (not recorded in the accompanying financial statement) includes both reported and unreported insured events and estimated future payments of losses and related loss adjustment expenses. The actuarially estimated loss reserve for the Organization as of December 31, 2012 was \$600,702. The amount available to pay claims at December 31, 2012 was \$341,664.



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

BORMA, Inc. - Property and Liability Insurance Division
c/o City of Bowling Green
304 North Church Street
Bowling Green, Ohio 43402

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statement of the Buckeye Ohio Risk Management Association ("BORMA"), Wood County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2012 and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated April 5, 2013 wherein we noted BORMA followed accounting financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 permit, described in Note 2.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered BORMA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statement, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of BORMA's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of BORMA's financial statement. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Board of Trustees
BORMA, Inc. - Property and Liability Insurance Division

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether BORMA's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the BORMA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering BORMA's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Julian & Grube, Inc.".

Julian & Grube, Inc.
April 5, 2013



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**BUCKEYE OHIO RISK MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION (BORMA) INC – PROPERTY AND LIABILITY
INSURANCE DIVISION**

WOOD COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
JUNE 4, 2013**