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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Bristol Local School District Trumbull County 1845 Greenville Road P.O. Box 260 Bristolville, Ohio 44402

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bristol Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bristol Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2013, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Bristol Local School District Trumbull County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 15, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Bristol Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2012 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$145,980 which represents a 1.44% decrease from 2011.
- General revenues accounted for \$6,304,413 in revenue or 81.45% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,435,362 or 18.55% of total revenues of \$7,739,775.
- The District had \$7,885,755 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$1,435,362 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$6,304,413 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$6,369,554 in revenues and \$6,655,213 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2012, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$285,659 from a balance of \$1,776,017 to \$1,490,358.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District there is one major fund: the general fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2012?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operations and maintenance, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, food service operations and interest and fiscal charges.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District' most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-50 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 6,326,658	\$ 6,388,579
Capital assets, net	9,016,429	9,102,042
Total assets	15,343,087	15,490,621
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	3,254,679	3,310,582
Long-term liabilities	2,118,721	2,064,372
Total liabilities	5,373,400	5,374,954
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	7,749,227	7,639,285
Restricted	735,757	902,232
Unrestricted	1,484,703	1,574,150
Total net assets	\$ 9,969,687	\$ 10,115,667

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2012, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$9,969,687. At year-end, restricted net assets were \$735,757.

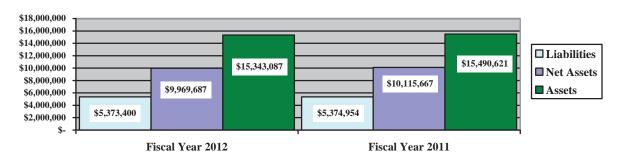
At year-end, capital assets represented 58.77% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2012, were \$7,749,227. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$735,757, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets is \$1,484,703.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below illustrates the governmental activities assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2012 and 2011:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 542,490	\$ 505,233		
Operating grants and contributions	892,872	1,450,944		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	2,629,916	2,447,856		
Grants and entitlements	3,660,495	3,636,629		
Investment earnings	2,885	4,148		
Other	11,117	27,063		
Total revenues	7,739,775	8,071,873		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 3,887,429	\$ 3,956,307
Special	893,118	885,164
Vocational	58,889	54,501
Other	7,927	6,547
Support services:		
Pupil	238,631	240,349
Instructional staff	100,135	72,751
Board of education	38,465	35,787
Administration	651,968	631,260
Fiscal	249,672	237,752
Business	25,397	25,256
Operations and maintenance	650,000	612,419
Pupil transportation	535,709	468,593
Central	13,503	9,849
Operation of non-instructional services		
Food service operations	288,720	240,364
Other non-instructional services	11,571	11,571
Extracurricular activities	191,260	195,717
Interest and fiscal charges	43,361	22,161
Total expenses	7,885,755	7,706,348
Change in net assets	(145,980)	365,525
Net assets beginning of year	10,115,667	9,750,142
Net assets end of year	\$ 9,969,687	\$ 10,115,667

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$145,980. Total governmental expenses of \$7,885,755 were offset by program revenues of \$1,435,362 and general revenues of \$6,304,413. Program revenues supported 18.20% of the total governmental expenses.

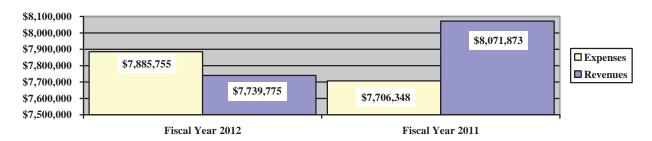
In the area of program revenues, the significant decrease was in operating grants and contributions which decreased \$558,072. This decrease is attributable primarily to three large decreases. The Education Jobs grant funding decreased \$166,812, IDEA Part B grant decreased \$93,609, and the Education Stabilization funding decreased \$286,502.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 81.27% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

	Government	al Activities		
	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of
	Services	Services	Services	Services
	2012	2012	2011	2011
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 3,887,429	\$ 3,596,248	\$ 3,956,307	\$ 3,209,332
Special	893,118	250,002	885,164	172,343
Vocational	58,889	54,954	54,501	50,566
Other	7,927	7,927	6,547	6,547
Support services:				
Pupil	238,631	238,631	240,349	240,349
Instructional staff	100,135	85,076	72,751	58,303
Board of education	38,465	38,465	35,787	35,787
Administration	651,968	651,968	631,260	626,260
Fiscal	249,672	249,672	237,752	237,752
Business	25,397	25,397	25,256	25,256
Operations and maintenance	650,000	643,446	612,419	605,750
Pupil transportation	535,709	479,231	468,593	400,000
Central	13,503	9,903	9,849	5,299
Operation of non-instructional services				
Food service operations	288,720	(41,299)	240,364	(59,703)
Other non-instructional services	11,571	11,571	11,571	11,571
Extracurricular activities	191,260	105,840	195,717	102,598
Interest and fiscal charges	43,361	43,361	22,161	22,161
Total expenses	\$ 7,885,755	\$ 6,450,393	\$ 7,706,348	\$ 5,750,171

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent 80.64% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 81.80%.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$2,411,865, which is lower than last year's balance of \$2,424,977. The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2012 and 2011.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2012	Fund Balance June 30, 2011	Increase (Decrease)
General Other governmental	\$ 1,490,358 921,507	\$ 1,776,017 648,960	\$ (285,659) 272,547
Total	\$ 2,411,865	\$ 2,424,977	\$ (13,112)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund

The District's general fund's fund balance decreased \$285,659. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

		2012		2011	CI.	Percentage	
	_	Amount	_	Amount	<u>Change</u>	Change	-
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	2,201,474	\$	2,195,743	\$ 5,731	0.26	%
Tuition		323,961		280,168	43,793	15.63	%
Earnings on investments		2,885		4,148	(1,263)	(30.45)	%
Intergovernmental		3,793,004		3,784,201	8,803	0.23	%
Other revenues		48,230		76,404	 (28,174)	(36.88)	%
Total	\$	6,369,554	\$	6,340,664	\$ 28,890	0.46	%
Expenditures							
Instruction	\$	4,125,584	\$	3,984,470	\$ 141,114	3.54	%
Support services		2,256,671		2,057,876	198,795	9.66	%
Extracurricular activities		56,473		67,989	(11,516)	(16.94)	%
Facilities acquisition and construction		8,990		8,990	 <u>-</u>	-	%
Total	\$	6,447,718	\$	6,119,325	\$ 328,393	5.37	%

Tuition revenues increased 15.63% due to the District's increase in special education tuition. Other revenues decreased 36.88% due to a decrease in extracurricular revenues and other local revenues. All other revenues and expenditures remained comparable to the prior years.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2012, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$5,603,924 which was \$135,596 lower than the original budgeted revenues and other financing sources estimate of \$5,739,520. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2012 were \$5,603,924 which was equal to final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund final appropriations and other financing uses were \$5,825,533, which was \$193,899 higher than the original budgeted expenditures and other financing uses of \$5,631,635. Actual expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2012 were \$5,825,533 which was equal to final appropriations and other financing sources.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the District had \$9,016,429 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The following table shows fiscal year 2012 balances compared to balances of 2011:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2012	2011			
Land	\$ 178,569	\$ 178,569			
Building and improvements	8,138,194	8,263,185			
Furniture and equipment	331,390	311,777			
Vehicles	368,276	348,511			
Total	\$ 9,016,429	\$ 9,102,042			

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$85,613 is due to depreciation expense of \$324,178 exceeding capital outlays of \$238,565 for the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2012, the District had \$1,549,441 in general obligation bonds and loans outstanding. Of this total, \$155,519 is due within one year and \$1,393,922 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and loans outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Govern Activ	rities	Governmental Activities 2011		
General obligation bonds Asbestos loan	\$ 1,54	43,922 5,519	\$	1,420,585 16,558	
Total	\$ 1,54	49,441	\$	1,437,143	

At June 30, 2012, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$6,889,384 with an unvoted debt margin of \$89,700.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

Current Financial Related Activities

This District continues to face many challenges in the future. As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily upon grants and entitlements and property taxes. Since future grants and entitlement revenue is expected to decrease, the reliance upon local taxes is increasingly important. Property tax delinquencies have increased over the last several years. Due to the present economic conditions future updates could show a dramatic drop in property values. The District was declared to be in fiscal emergency on October 14, 2003. An emergency levy was put before the voters six times, finally passing in February of 2005. Collection of the 5.5 mill levy began in calendar year 2006. Cost cutting measures, including reductions in several teaching and non-teaching positions were made in fiscal year 2005 and fiscal year 2006 and a total of \$1.13 million was borrowed from the State Solvency Assistance Fund. Repayment of the loan began in August of 2004 and concluded in June of 2007. The District was released from fiscal emergency by the State in December of 2006. Although the present financial outlook is stable, the District remains cautious in its spending activities.

A major challenge facing the District in the future continues to be the uncertainty of State funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property tax wealth. In June of 2005, the State legislature passed House Bill 66 which made several changes to State school funding, one of the changes being the phase out and elimination of tangible personal property taxes. House Bill 1 has changed the State foundation funding structure. To date, our future foundation payment is not set for future fiscal years and our payments for fiscal year 2013 are determined by the bridge report. In previous years, six percent of our foundation money was replaced with federal stimulus; State Fiscal Stabilization Funds (SFSF) was available for fiscal year 2010 and fiscal year 2011. Education Job Grant money was available only in fiscal year 2011 and fiscal year 2012. The State is unable to guarantee replacement of these funds in future years and suggests possible reductions in future foundation payments.

This District also has experienced a decline in funding due to declining enrollment. The District continues to lose students to neighboring districts as they go to open enrollment, charter schools and electronic schools. As those students leave, the State funding decreases. As a result of the decline in enrollment and the need to cut costs, the District closed the Farmington Elementary Building in May of 2004 consolidating the students into one campus at the Bristol High School and Middle School location.

Current cost cutting measures will continue unless other revenue sources become available. All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the financial challenges in the future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the Districts accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mario Nero, Treasurer, Bristol Local School District, 1845 Greenville Rd. NW, P.O. Box 260, Bristolville, OH 44402-0260.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	3,121,841		
Receivables:				
Property taxes		3,055,888		
Accounts		5,612		
Accrued interest		927		
Intergovernmental		68,899		
Prepayments		10,496		
Materials and supplies inventory		4,514		
Unamortized bond issuance costs		58,481		
Capital assets:				
Land		178,569		
Depreciable capital assets, net		8,837,860		
Capital assets, net		9,016,429		
,				
Total assets		15,343,087		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		76,458		
Accrued wages and benefits		500,954		
Pension obligation payable		127,450		
Intergovernmental payable		23,496		
Accrued interest payable		2,672		
Unearned revenue		2,523,649		
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year		259,831		
Due in more than one year		1,858,890		
•				
Total liabilities		5,373,400		
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt		7,749,227		
Restricted for:				
Debt service		134,333		
Capital projects		109,121		
Classroom facilities maintenance		20,237		
State funded programs		1,699		
Federally funded programs		3,414		
Student activities		103,829		
Other purposes		363,124		
Unrestricted		1,484,703		
Cincontolog.	-	1,707,703		
Total net assets	\$	9,969,687		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net (Expense)

				Program	Revenu	ies	R	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
				narges for	_	ating Grants		overnmental
Communication and a stimitation		Expenses	Servi	ces and Sales	and (Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities: Instruction:								
Regular	\$	3,887,429	\$	282,715	\$	8,466	\$	(3,596,248)
Special	Ψ	893,118	Ψ	42,797	Ψ	600,319	Ψ	(250,002)
Vocational		58,889		-2,777		3,935		(54,954)
Other		7,927		_		-		(7,927)
Support services:		. ,						(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Pupil		238,631		-		_		(238,631)
Instructional staff		100,135		-		15,059		(85,076)
Board of education		38,465		-		-		(38,465)
Administration		651,968		-		-		(651,968)
Fiscal		249,672		-		-		(249,672)
Business		25,397		-		-		(25,397)
Operations and maintenance		650,000		6,392		162		(643,446)
Pupil transportation		535,709		5,896		50,582		(479,231)
Central		13,503				3,600		(9,903)
Operation of non-instructional								
services:		200 720		119,270		210.740		41.200
Food service operations Other non-instructional services		288,720 11,571		119,270		210,749		41,299 (11,571)
Extracurricular activities		191,260		85,420		_		(105,840)
Interest and fiscal charges		43,361		-		_		(43,361)
interest and fiscal charges	-	43,301						(43,301)
Totals	\$	7,885,755	\$	542,490	\$	892,872		(6,450,393)
			Prop Ge					2,334,486
								31,631 163,525
								100,274
				nts and entitlem			•	100,274
								3,660,495
								2,885
								11,117
			Total g	general revenue	es			6,304,413
			Chang	e in net assets				(145,980)
			Net as	sets at beginni	ing of ye	ear	-	10,115,667
			Net as	sets at end of	year		. \$	9,969,687

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	General		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and investments	\$	2,152,285	\$	969,556	\$	3,121,841
Receivables:						
Property taxes		2,705,733		350,155		3,055,888
Accounts		4,712		900		5,612
Accrued interest		889		38		927
Intergovernmental		28,312		40,587		68,899
Prepayments		10,496		, -		10,496
Materials and supplies inventory		_		4,514		4,514
Total assets	\$	4,902,427	\$	1,365,750	\$	6,268,177
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Liabilities:	Ф	22.722	¢.	50.706	Ф	76.450
Accounts payable	\$	23,732	\$	52,726	\$	76,458
Accrued wages and benefits		472,959		27,995		500,954
Compensated absences payable		52,084		12.006		52,084
Pension obligation payable		115,364		12,086		127,450
Intergovernmental payable		21,193		2,303		23,496
Deferred revenue		492,258		59,963		552,221
Unearned revenue		2,234,479		289,170		2,523,649
Total liabilities		3,412,069		444,243		3,856,312
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory		-		4,514		4,514
Prepayments		10,496		-		10,496
Restricted:				101 411		101 411
Debt service		-		101,411		101,411
Capital improvements		-		328,407		328,407
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		13,910		13,910
Food service operations		-		365,094		365,094
Targeted academic assistance		-		2,714		2,714
Extracurricular activities		-		103,829		103,829
Other purposes		-		2,399		2,399
Assigned:		20.716				20.716
Student instruction		28,716		_		28,716
Student and staff support		55,691		-		55,691
Extracurricular activities		126		-		126
Facilities acquisition and construction		510		-		510
Uniform school supplies		1,818		_		1,818
Subsequent year appropriation		618,118		-		618,118
Other purposes		68		-		68
Unassigned (deficit)		774,815		(771)		774,044
Total fund balances		1,490,358		921,507		2,411,865
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,902,427	\$	1,365,750	\$	6,268,177
						

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2012

Total governmental fund balances		\$	2,411,865
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			9,016,429
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Property taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 523,909 28,312		552,221
Unamortized deferred charges are not recognized in the funds.			25,439
Unamortized discounts are not recognized in the funds.			2,003
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.			(68,126)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.			58,481
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(2,672)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Energy conservation improvement bonds General obligation current interest bonds payable General obligation capital appreciation bonds payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds payable Asbestos loan payable Compensated absences payable	(240,000 (1,240,000 (44,999 (18,923 (5,519 (476,512	9) 33) 9)	
Total			(2,025,953)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$	9,969,687

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	General	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:	 				_
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 2,201,474	\$	272,845	\$	2,474,319
Tuition	323,961		-		323,961
Charges for services	_		119,362		119,362
Earnings on investments	2,885		358		3,243
Extracurricular	29,262		62,006		91,268
Classroom materials and fees	1,551		_		1,551
Rental income	6,300		_		6,300
Contributions and donations	207		48		255
Other local revenues	10,910		900		11,810
Intergovernmental - State	3,793,004		65,090		3,858,094
Intergovernmental - Federal	-		799,091		799,091
Total revenues	6,369,554		1,319,700		7,689,254
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	3,546,391		179,569		3,725,960
Special	513,983		384,497		898,480
Vocational	57,283		-		57,283
Other	7,927		_		7,927
Support services:					
Pupil	236,816		_		236,816
Instructional staff	77,813		15,000		92,813
Board of education	38,465		_		38,465
Administration	642,232		_		642,232
Fiscal	245,094		5,303		250,397
Business.	25,397		-		25,397
Operations and maintenance	530,530		122,956		653,486
Pupil transportation	450,421		119,611		570,032
Central	9,903		3,600		13,503
Operation of non-instructional services:	7,703		3,000		13,505
Food service operations			287,688		287,688
Extracurricular activities	56,473		133,479		189,952
Facilities acquisition and construction	8,990		53,556		62,546
Debt service:	0,990		33,330		02,540
Principal retirement			141 020		141 020
Interest and fiscal charges	-		141,039 29,840		141,039
Bond issuance costs	-		15,842		29,840 15,842
Total expenditures	 6,447,718		1,491,980		7,939,698
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(78,164)		(172,280)		(250,444)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	_		207,495		207,495
Transfers (out)	(207,495)		_		(207,495)
Discounts on bonds	-		(2,009)		(2,009)
Sale of bonds	_		240,000		240,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(207,495)		445,486		237,991
Net change in fund balances	(285,659)		273,206		(12,453)
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,776,017		648,960		2,424,977
Decrease in reserve for inventory	-		(659)		(659)
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,490,358	\$	921,507	\$	2,411,865

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(12,453)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 238,565 (324,178		(85,613)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.			(659)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes Intergovernmental Total	155,597 (105,076		50,521
Repayment of long term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets. Bonds Loans Total	130,000 11,039		141,039
Issuance of bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net assets.			(240,000)
Discounts on bonds and bond issuance costs related to the issuance of bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following transactions occurred in the year: Discounts on bonds Bond issuance costs Total	2,009 15,842		17,851
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Increase in accrued interest payable	(131)	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of bond discounts Amortization of deferred charges Total	(131,337) (131,337) (5,118) 8,094 (6) (3,023))) ()	(13,521)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures			
in governmental funds.			(3,145)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(145,980)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Revenues Final Actual Negatives Fromport taxes \$ 1,619,914 \$ 1,572,912 \$ 1,572,916 \$ 2,000 <th></th> <th colspan="3">Budgeted Amounts</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Variance with Final Budget Positive</th>		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Property taxes			Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
Property taxes	Revenues:	•						
Tuition	From local sources:							
Earnings on investments 4,200 2,821 2,821 Rental income 6,300 6,300 6,300 7,648 8,649 8,629	Property taxes	\$	1,619,914	\$	1,572,912	\$	1,572,912	\$ -
Rental income								-
Number N								-
Total revenues 3,814,106 3,684,581 3,684,581 -								-
Expenditures:								-
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,226,080 3,202,916 3,202,916 - Special 405,605 426,040 426,040 - Vocational. 59,591 57,045 57,045 - Other 6,389 7,612 7,612 - Support services: Pupil. 240,289 234,161 234,161 - Instructional staff 85,619 82,572 82,572 - Board of education 42,507 45,508 45,508 - Administration. 611,611 632,197 632,197 - Fiscal 225,508 233,942 233,942 - Business 33,878 32,601 32,601 - Operations and maintenance. 303,243 331,721 331,721 - Pupil transportation. 256,945 288,479 288,479 - Central 4,226 1,063 1,063 - Extracurricular activities. 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction 2,012 1,500 1,500 - Total expenditures - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Transfers (out). (100,000) (223,760) (223,760) - Cottral fund balance 107,885 (221,609) (218,059) - Fund balance at beginning of year . 2,214,637 2,214,637 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 44,712 47,712 - Frior year encumbrances appropriated .	Intergovernmental - state							
Current: Instruction: Regular 3,226,080 3,202,916 3,202,916 5,202,016 5,202,016 405,605 426,040 426,040 5,202,016	Total revenues		5,731,520		5,598,223		5,598,223	
Instruction: Regular	_							
Regular 3,226,080 3,202,916 3,202,916 - Special 405,605 426,040 426,040 - Vocational 59,591 57,045 57,045 - Other 6,389 7,612 7,612 - Support services: -								
Special. 405,605 426,040 426,040 - Vocational. 59,591 57,045 57,045 - Other. 6,389 7,612 7,612 - Support services: *** *** *** Pupil. 240,289 234,161 234,161 - Instructional staff 85,619 82,572 82,572 - Board of education 42,507 45,508 45,508 - Administration. 611,611 632,197 632,197 - Fiscal 225,508 233,942 233,942 - Business 33,878 32,601 32,601 - Operations and maintenance 303,243 331,721 331,721 - Pupil transportation 256,945 288,479 288,479 - Central. 4,226 1,063 1,063 - Extracurricular activities 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction								
Vocational. 59,591 57,045 57,045 - Other. 6,389 7,612 7,612 - Support services: Pupil. 240,289 234,161 234,161 - Instructional staff 85,619 82,572 82,572 - Board of education 42,507 45,508 45,508 - Administration. 611,611 632,197 632,197 - Fiscal 225,508 233,942 233,942 - Business 33,878 32,601 32,601 - Operations and maintenance 303,243 331,721 331,721 - Pupil transportation 256,945 288,479 288,479 288,479 - Central. 4,226 1,063 1,063 - Extracurricular activities 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction 2,012 1,500 1,500 - Total expenditures 199,885 (3,550) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>								-
Other. 6,389 7,612 7,612 - Support services: Pupil. 240,289 234,161 234,161 - Instructional staff 85,619 82,572 82,572 - Board of education 42,507 45,508 45,508 - Administration. 611,611 632,197 632,197 - Fiscal 225,508 233,942 233,942 - Business 33,878 32,601 32,601 - Operations and maintenance 303,243 331,721 331,721 - Pupil transportation 256,945 288,479 288,479 - Central. 4,226 1,063 1,063 - Extracurricular activities 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction 2,012 1,500 1,500 - Total expenditures 5,531,635 5,601,773 5,601,773 - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) 28,000 5,701 <td>÷</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	÷							-
Support services: Pupil. 240,289 234,161 234,161 -								-
Pupil. 240,289 234,161 234,161 - Instructional staff 85,619 82,572 82,572 - Board of education 42,507 45,508 45,508 - Administration. 611,611 632,197 632,197 - Fiscal 225,508 233,942 233,942 - Business 33,878 32,601 32,601 - Operations and maintenance 303,243 331,721 331,721 - Pupil transportation 256,945 288,479 288,479 - Central. 4,226 1,063 1,063 - Extracurricular activities 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction 2,012 1,500 1,500 - Total expenditures 5,531,635 5,601,773 5,601,773 - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Transfers (out). (100,000) (223,760)			6,389		7,612		7,612	-
Instructional staff	* *		240.200		224 161		224 161	
Board of education	•							-
Administration. 611,611 632,197 632,197 - Fiscal 225,508 233,942 233,942 - Business 33,878 32,601 32,601 - Operations and maintenance. 303,243 331,721 331,721 - Pupil transportation 256,945 288,479 288,479 - Central 4,226 1,063 1,063 - Extracurricular activities 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction 2,012 1,500 1,500 - Total expenditures 5,531,635 5,601,773 5,601,773 - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 199,885 (3,550) (3,550) - Other financing sources (uses): 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Refund of prior year's expenditures 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Total other financing sources (uses) (92,000) (218,059) (218,059) - Net change in								-
Fiscal 225,508 233,942 233,942 - Business 33,878 32,601 32,601 - Operations and maintenance 303,243 331,721 331,721 - Pupil transportation 256,945 288,479 288,479 - Central 4,226 1,063 1,063 - Extracurricular activities 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction 2,012 1,500 1,500 - Total expenditures 5,531,635 5,601,773 5,601,773 - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 199,885 (3,550) (3,550) - Other financing sources (uses): 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Refund of prior year's expenditures 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Transfers (out). (100,000) (223,760) (223,760) - Total other financing sources (uses) (92,000) (218,059) (218,059) - Net chan								-
Business 33,878 32,601 32,601 - Operations and maintenance 303,243 331,721 331,721 - Pupil transportation 256,945 288,479 288,479 - Central 4,226 1,063 1,063 - Extracurricular activities 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction 2,012 1,500 1,500 - Total expenditures 5,531,635 5,601,773 5,601,773 - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 199,885 (3,550) (3,550) - Other financing sources (uses): 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Transfers (out) (100,000) (223,760) (223,760) - Total other financing sources (uses) (92,000) (218,059) - Net change in fund balance 107,885 (221,609) (221,609) - Fund balance at beginning of year 2,214,637 2,214,637 2,214,637 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 47,712 47,712 47,712 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>								-
Operations and maintenance. 303,243 331,721 331,721 - Pupil transportation 256,945 288,479 288,479 - Central. 4,226 1,063 1,063 - Extracurricular activities. 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction 2,012 1,500 1,500 - Total expenditures 5,531,635 5,601,773 5,601,773 - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 199,885 (3,550) (3,550) - Other financing sources (uses): 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Fund of prior year's expenditures 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Transfers (out). (100,000) (223,760) (223,760) - Total other financing sources (uses) (92,000) (218,059) (218,059) - Net change in fund balance 107,885 (221,609) (221,609) - Fund balance at beginning of year 2,214,637 2,214,637 2,214,637								-
Pupil transportation 256,945 288,479 288,479 - Central. 4,226 1,063 1,063 - Extracurricular activities 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction 2,012 1,500 1,500 - Total expenditures 5,531,635 5,601,773 5,601,773 - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 199,885 (3,550) (3,550) - Other financing sources (uses): 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Transfers (out). (100,000) (223,760) (223,760) - Total other financing sources (uses) (92,000) (218,059) (218,059) - Net change in fund balance 107,885 (221,609) (221,609) - Fund balance at beginning of year 2,214,637 2,214,637 2,214,637 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 47,712 47,712 47,712 -								-
Central. 4,226 1,063 1,063 - Extracurricular activities. 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction 2,012 1,500 1,500 - Total expenditures 5,531,635 5,601,773 5,601,773 - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 199,885 (3,550) (3,550) - Other financing sources (uses): 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Transfers (out). (100,000) (223,760) (223,760) - Total other financing sources (uses) (92,000) (218,059) (218,059) - Net change in fund balance 107,885 (221,609) (221,609) - Fund balance at beginning of year 2,214,637 2,214,637 2,214,637 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 47,712 47,712 47,712 -								-
Extracurricular activities. 28,132 24,416 24,416 - Facilities acquisition and construction 2,012 1,500 1,500 - Total expenditures 5,531,635 5,601,773 5,601,773 - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 199,885 (3,550) (3,550) - Other financing sources (uses): 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Transfers (out) (100,000) (223,760) (223,760) - Total other financing sources (uses) (92,000) (218,059) (218,059) - Net change in fund balance 107,885 (221,609) (221,609) - Fund balance at beginning of year 2,214,637 2,214,637 2,214,637 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 47,712 47,712 47,712 -								-
Facilities acquisition and construction					,		,	-
Total expenditures 5,531,635 5,601,773 5,601,773 - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 199,885 (3,550) (3,550) - Other financing sources (uses): 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Transfers (out) (100,000) (223,760) (223,760) - Total other financing sources (uses) (92,000) (218,059) (218,059) - Net change in fund balance 107,885 (221,609) (221,609) - Fund balance at beginning of year 2,214,637 2,214,637 2,214,637 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 47,712 47,712 47,712 -								-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-						
expenditures. 199,885 (3,550) (3,550) - Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures 8,000 5,701 5,701 - Transfers (out). (100,000) (223,760) (223,760) - Total other financing sources (uses) (92,000) (218,059) (218,059) - Net change in fund balance 107,885 (221,609) (221,609) - Fund balance at beginning of year 2,214,637 2,214,637 - - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 47,712 47,712 47,712 -	Total experiutures		3,331,033		3,001,773		3,001,773	
Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
Refund of prior year's expenditures	expenditures		199,885		(3,550)	-	(3,550)	
Refund of prior year's expenditures	Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers (out). (100,000) (223,760) (223,760) - Total other financing sources (uses) (92,000) (218,059) (218,059) - Net change in fund balance 107,885 (221,609) (221,609) - Fund balance at beginning of year 2,214,637 2,214,637 2,214,637 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 47,712 47,712 47,712 -			8 000		5 701		5 701	_
Total other financing sources (uses) (92,000) (218,059) (218,059) - Net change in fund balance 107,885 (221,609) (221,609) - Fund balance at beginning of year 2,214,637 2,214,637 2,214,637 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 47,712 47,712 47,712 -	* * *							_
Net change in fund balance		-						
Fund balance at beginning of year 2,214,637 2,214,637 2,214,637 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 47,712 47,712 47,712 -	-							
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 47,712 47,712 47,712 -	Net change in fund balance		107,885		(221,609)		(221,609)	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 47,712 47,712 47,712 -	Fund balance at beginning of year		2,214,637		2,214,637		2,214,637	-
								-
		\$		\$		\$		\$ -

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	Private-Purpose Trust					
	Scholarship			Agency		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash						
and investments	\$	1,000	\$	15,548		
Total assets		1,000	\$	15,548		
Liabilities: Due to students			\$	15,548		
Due to students			Φ	13,340		
Total liabilities			\$	15,548		
Net assets: Held in trust for scholarships		1,000				
Total net assets	\$	1,000				

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship		
Additions:			
Gifts and contributions	\$	1,000	
Total additions		1,000	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		2,500	
Change in net assets		(1,500)	
Net assets at beginning of year		2,500	
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,000	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Bristol Local School District (the "District") is located in Trumbull County and encompasses all of the Village of Bristol and all or part of surrounding townships.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District is the 546th largest by enrollment among the 918 public and community schools in the State. It currently operates one comprehensive K-12 school. The District is staffed by 26 non-certified, 50 certified teaching personnel and 4 administrators who provide services to approximately 838 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board, which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County districts, and a treasurer from each county. The District was not represented on the Governing Board during fiscal year 2012. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. A complete set of separate financial statements may be obtained from the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefit Consortium Association

The Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefit Consortium Association (the "Consortium") is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County school districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly exercises controls over the operations of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services and remitted to the fiscal agent Trumbull County Educational Service Center. The fiscal agent will then remit the charges for services to Watson Wyatt Worldwide in Cleveland, Ohio, an agent of Medical Mutual, who acts in the capacity of a third-party administrator (TPA) for claims processing.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period, including delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2012, have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund and function level. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with Trumbull County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the fund and function level of expenditures must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2012, investments were limited to non-negotiable certificates of deposit and investments in State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Non-participating investment contracts, such as a non-negotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2012. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2012.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$2,885, which includes \$498 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund financial statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences is attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method and is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least 15 years of service regardless or their age were considered expected to become eligible in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the statement of net assets. The District had no interfund loans receivable/payable at June 30, 2012.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes include amounts restricted for food service operations.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. On the fund financial statements, reported prepayments are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. All interfund transactions between governmental funds have been eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method. Unamortized bond issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 9.A.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2012.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2012, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans", and GASB Statement No. 64, "Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 53".

GASB Statement No. 57 addresses issues related to the use of the alternative measurement method and the frequency and timing of measurements by employers that participate in agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 57 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 64 clarifies the circumstances in which a hedge accounting should continue when a swap counterparty, or a swap counterparty's credit support provider, is replaced. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 64 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2012 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	_De	ficit
Education jobs	\$	408
IDEA Part-B		270
Improving teacher quality		93

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,649,827. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2012, \$1,160,069 of the District's bank balance of \$1,660,074 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$500,005 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the District had the following investment and maturity:

		Investment Maturity
		6 months or
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	less
STAR Ohio	\$ 1,488,562	\$ 1,488,562

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2012:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 1,488,562	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Activities

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2012:

<u>Cash and investments per note</u>	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,649,827
Investments	 1,488,562
Total	\$ 3,138,389
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 3,121,841
Private-purpose trust funds	1,000
Agency funds	 15,548
Total	\$ 3,138,389

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from the general fund to:</u>	Amount
Permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund)	\$ 100,000
District managed student activity fund (a nonmajor governmental fund)	107,495
Total	\$ 207,495

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2012 became a lien on December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012, are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012 was \$7,903 in the general fund, \$561 in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), \$108 in the classroom facilities fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$353 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2011 was \$10,363 in the general fund, \$606 in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), \$127 in the classroom facilities fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$437 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2012 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2011 Second				2012 First			
	Half Collections				Half Collection			
	Amount Perce			_	Amount			
Agricultural/residential								
and other real estate	\$	87,473,180	97.61	\$	87,454,480	97.50		
Public utility personal	_	2,143,060	2.39		2,245,210	2.50		
Total	\$	89,616,240	100.00	\$	89,699,690	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:								
General		\$46.50			\$46.50			
Bonds		1.85			1.85			
Classroom facility		0.50			0.50			
Permanent improvement		2.50			2.50			

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 3,055,888
Accounts	5,612
Accrued interest	927
Intergovernmental	68,899
Total	\$ 3,131,326

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/11	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	06/30/12
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 178,569	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 178,569
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	178,569			178,569
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	21,826	-	-	21,826
Building and improvements	10,965,828	94,902	-	11,060,730
Furniture and equipment	1,003,621	66,838	-	1,070,459
Vehicles	629,865	76,825	(53,452)	653,238
Total capital assets, being depreciated	12,621,140	238,565	(53,452)	12,806,253
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(21,826)	-	-	(21,826)
Building and improvements	(2,702,643)	(219,893)	-	(2,922,536)
Furniture and equipment	(691,844)	(47,225)	-	(739,069)
Vehicles	(281,354)	(57,060)	53,452	(284,962)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,697,667)	(324,178)	53,452	(3,968,393)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,102,042	\$ (85,613)	\$ -	\$ 9,016,429

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 187,351
Special	27,773
Vocational	1,606
Support service:	
Pupil	1,415
Instructional staff	6,654
Administration	5,939
Fiscal	674
Operations and maintenance	25,885
Pupil transportation	54,002
Other non-instructional services	11,571
Extracurricular activities	1,308
Total depreciation expense	\$ 324,178

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2012, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

Governmental activities:	Balance 06/30/11	Increases		Decreases		Balance 06/30/12	Due Within One Year	
General obligation bonds								
Energy conservation improvement bonds - series 2012	\$ -	\$ 2	240,000	\$ -	\$	240,000	\$	10,000
Classroom facilities improvement refunding bonds:								
Current interest refunding serial bonds-series 2010	1,080,000		-	(130,000)		950,000		140,000
Current interest refunding term bonds-series 2010	290,000		-	-		290,000		-
Capital appreciation refunding bonds-series 2010	44,999		-	-		44,999		-
Accreted interest-series 2010	5,586		13,337		_	18,923		
Total general obligation bonds	1,420,585		253,337	(130,000)	_	1,543,922		150,000
Asbestos loan	16,558		-	(11,039)		5,519		5,519
Compensated absences	579,471		73,263	(124,138)	_	528,596	_	104,312
Total long-term obligations	\$ 2,016,614	\$	326,600	\$ (265,177)	_	2,078,037	\$	259,831
	Add: Unamortiz	68,126						
	Less: Unamortiz		(25,439)					
	Less: Unamortiz	(2,003)						
	Total reported or	\$	2,118,721					

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid, which for the District, is primarily the general fund and food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

<u>Asbestos Loan:</u> During fiscal year 1993, the District received a loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency for an asbestos abatement project. The loan is interest free as long as the District remains current on repayment. This loan is a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District are pledged for repayment. Payments are recorded as expenditures of the debt service fund, from current operating revenue.

The following is a summary of the District's future debt service requirements to maturity for the asbestos loan:

Fiscal Year	Asbestos Loan							
Ending June 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Total					
2013	\$ 5,519	\$ -	\$ 5,519					
Total	\$ 5,519	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 5,519					

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Energy Conservation Bonds - Series 2012</u>: On June 14, 2012, the District issued \$240,000 in general obligation bonds to provide financing for various construction projects to improve energy conservation. The issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$240,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.80% - 3.125%. The bonds have a final maturity date of December 1, 2026. At June 30, 2012, there were \$240,000 in unspent bond proceeds.

<u>Classroom Facilities Improvement Refunding Bonds - Series 2010</u> - On September 22, 2010, the District issued series 2010 classroom facilities improvement refunding bonds to currently refund the callable portion of the series 1997 general obligation bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets. The balance of the refunded general obligation bonds at June 30, 2012, is \$1,285,000.

This refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds (consisting of \$1,195,000 of serial bonds and \$290,000 of term bonds) and capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$44,999. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranged from 1.00% to 2.80%. The bonds were issued for a ten year period, with final maturity during fiscal year 2021. The bonds will be retired through the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2015 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The capital appreciation bonds bear an approximate compounding interest rate of 23.857%. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$145,000. Total accreted interest of \$18,923 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2012.

Interest payments on the serial and term current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2020 and December 1, 2017, respectively.

The \$290,000 current interest term bonds maturing on December 1, 2017, shall bear interest at the rate of 2.20% per year and be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 1, 2016 (Mandatory Redemption Date), in the principal amount of \$145,000 (with the balance of \$145,000 to be paid at maturity on December 1, 2017).

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$30,730. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the District's future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2010 classroom facilities improvement refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year		urrent Inter	est	Bonds - R	efun	ding 2010	Capital Appreciation Bonds - R			- Refunding 2010		
Ending June 30,	I	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	P	Principal		Interest		Total
2013	\$	140,000	\$	27,790	\$	167,790	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2014		140,000		24,990		164,990		-		-		-
2015		140,000		22,190		162,190		-		-		-
2016		-		20,790		20,790		44,999		100,001		145,000
2017		145,000		20,790		165,790		-		-		-
2018 - 2021		675,000		38,240		713,240		_		_		_
Total	\$	1,240,000	\$	154,790	\$	1,394,790	\$	44,999	\$	100,001	\$	145,000
Fiscal Year	En	ergy Conse	rvat	ion Bonds	- Se	eries 2012						
Ending June 30,	F	Principal	I	nterest		Total						
2013	\$	10,000	\$	5,862	\$	15,862						
2014	·	15,000	·	5,860		20,860						
2015		15,000		5,590		20,590						
2016		15,000		5,320		20,320						
2017		15,000		5,050		20,050						
2018 - 2022		75,000		20,305		95,305						
2023 - 2027		95,000		7,735		102,735						
Total	\$	240,000	\$	55,722	\$	295,722						

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2012, are a voted debt margin of \$6,889,384 (including available funds of \$101,411), an unvoted debt margin of \$89,700, and an energy conservation debt margin of \$567,297.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty-two days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement during the first year of eligibility, payment is made for one-third of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of eighty days for both certificated and classified employees. Upon retirement after the first year of eligibility, payment is made for one-third of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum of eighty days, plus 15 percent of accrued sick leave over the maximum days accrued. An employee receiving such payment must meet the retirement provisions set by State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio and School Employees Retirement System.

B. Insurance Benefits

The District provides health, vision and life insurance coverage for employees. The health insurance coverage is administered by Medical Mutual of Ohio, a third party administrator. Vision Service Plan administers the vision coverage. Medical Life Insurance Company provides the life insurance coverage. The District pays the insurance premiums, as a fringe benefit for the employees.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, vehicles, and general liability.

Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. The liability limits are \$500,000 for each accident, medical coverage of \$3,000 per person, and uninsured motorist of \$500,000 for each accident with a collision deductible of \$500.

Real property and contents are fully insured. Real property is 90% co-insured. Limits of insurance on real property and equipment are \$16,537,930 with a deductible of \$2,500.

The District liability policy has a limit of \$2,000,000 for each occurrence and \$4,000,000 aggregate.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in amounts of insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Health Insurance

The District has joined together with other school districts in the state to form the Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefit Consortium Association, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 16 member school districts in Trumbull County. The District pays a monthly premium to Trumbull County School Insurance Consortium Association for its insurance coverage. It is intended that the Trumbull County School Insurance Consortium Association will be self-supporting through member premiums. The Consortium employs reinsurance agreements (stop-loss coverage) to reduce its risk that large losses may be incurred on medical claims. This allows the Consortium to recover a portion of losses on claims from re-insurers, although it does not discharge their primary liability.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 13. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

C. OSBA Group Workers' Compensation Rating Plan

For fiscal year 2012, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan.

A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2012, 12.65 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$97,086, \$93,262 and \$90,387, respectively; 66.22 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$365,528, \$370,714 and \$347,345, respectively; 83.80 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2012 were \$18,636 made by the District and \$13,312 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2012, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 (latest information available) was \$96.40 for most participants, but could be as high as \$369.10 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2012, 0.55 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2012, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$15,876, \$14,397 and \$17,017, respectively; 66.22 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$5,733, \$5,546 and \$5,375, respectively; 66.22 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2012, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$28,118, \$28,516 and \$26,719, respectively; 83.80 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ger	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	(221,609)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		1,378
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		3,007
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(5,701)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(110,024)
Adjustment for encumbrances		47,290
GAAP basis	\$	(285,659)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, emergency levy fund, public school support fund and District agency fund.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants and ADM

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

B. Litigation

This District is party to legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and spending projects. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 16 - SET ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	_	Capital provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2011	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		132,679
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement		-
Current year qualifying expenditures		(4,598)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		-
Current year offsets		(208,926)
Waiver granted by ODE		-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	(80,845)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2013	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	\$	

During fiscal year 1998, the District issued \$2,333,870 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce capital acquisition below zero for future years. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$1,738,309 at June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund Type	Year-End Encumbrances		
General Other governmental	\$ 78,524 334,704		
Total	\$ 413,228		

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor	Grant	Federal CFDA		Non-Cash		Non-Cash
Program Title	Year	Number	Receipts	Receipts	Expenditures	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Nutrition Cluster:						
National School Breakfast Program	2012	10.553	43,742		43,742	
National School Lunch Program	2012	10.555	125,572	16,871	125,572	33,742
Total Nutrition Cluster			169,314	16,871	169,314	33,742
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			169,314	16,871	169,314	33,742
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Title I, Part A Cluster						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2011	84.010	10,232		20,348	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2012	84.010	218,223		213,841	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			228,455		234,189	-
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)						
Special Education Grants to States	2012	84.027	160,421		160,421	
Special Education Grants to States - Title VI-B Rural and Low Income	2012	84.358	15,262		1,020	
Total Special Education Grants to States			175,683		161,441	
Education Technology State Grants Title II, Part D	2012	84.318	1,700		1,700	
Total Education Technology State Grants			1,700		1,700	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Title II, Part A						
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2012	84.367	38,724		38,724	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			38,724		38,724	
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund	2011	84.394	0		26,830	
Total ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund			0		26,830	
Education Jobs Fund - Education State Grants	2012	84.410	176,014		176,014	
Total Education Jobs Fund - Education State Grants			176,014		176,014	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			620,576		638,898	
					•	
TOTALS			\$789,890	\$16,871	\$808,212	\$33,742

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Bristol Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and expenditures. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Government assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated commodities.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bristol Local School District Trumbull County 1845 Greenville Road P.O. Box 260 Bristolville, Ohio 44402

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bristol Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Bristol Local School District
Trumbull County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, others within the District, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 15, 2013

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Bristol Local School District Trumbull County 1845 Greenville Road P.O. Box 260 Bristolville, Ohio 44402

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Bristol Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2012. The *summary of auditor's results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, the Bristol Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

Bristol Local School District
Trumbull County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, others within the District, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 15, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

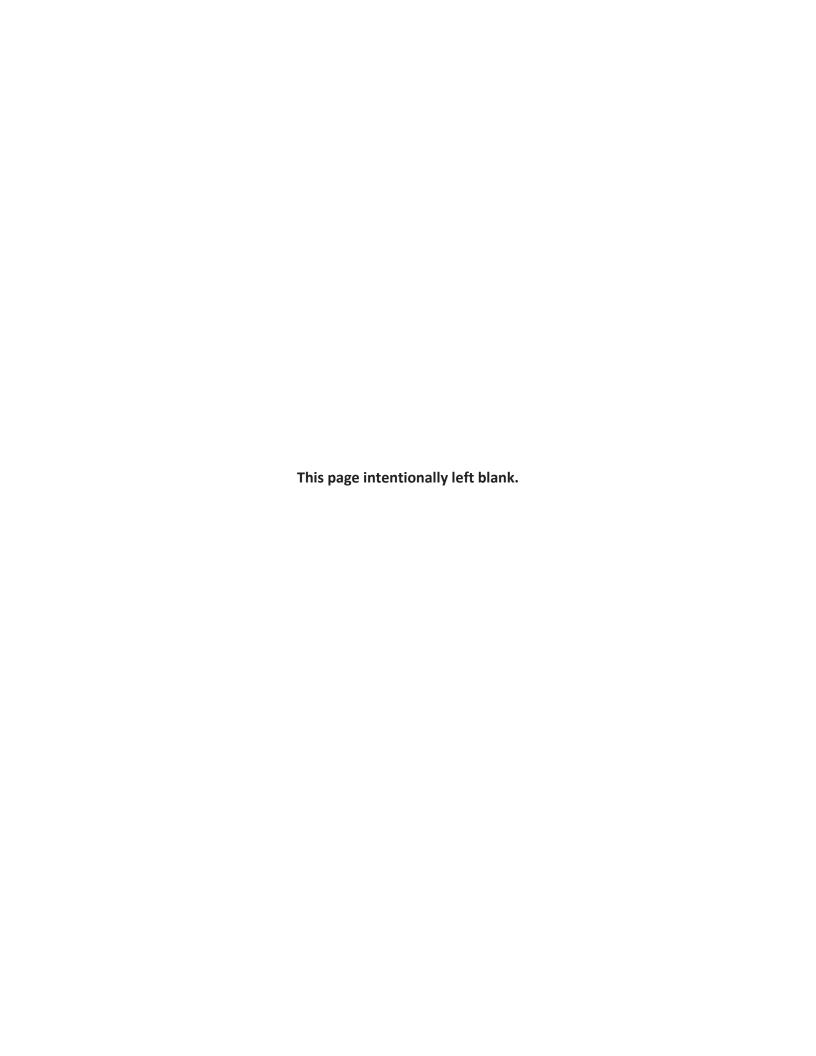
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I CFDA#84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





BRISTOL LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 26, 2013