City of Moraine Montgomery County, Ohio

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance

Year Ended December 31, 2012





Members of Council City of Moraine 4200 Dryden Road Moraine, Ohio 45439

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Moraine, Montgomery County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Moraine is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 29, 2013



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Moraine, Ohio:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Moraine, Ohio (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2013, wherein we noted the City adopted GASB Statements No. 63 and No. 65 during the year.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schufer, Hackett \$ Co.

Springfield, Ohio June 28, 2013

City of Moraine, Ohio Schedule of Audit Findings Year Ended December 31, 2012

NONE NOTED

FINDING 2011-001 - RECOGNITION OF LAND HELD FOR RESALE

Several years ago, the City purchased various tracts of land and recorded the land purchased as additions to general capital assets. In 2011, the City sold 19 lots of the land to various developers. Research on the issue revealed the resolution passed by the City Council authorizing the purchase of this land indicated it has always been the City's intention to sell the land for future development. As general capital assets are defined as assets that 1) are used in operations and 2) have an initial useful life in excess one year and the City never intended to utilize the land purchased in its operations, the land should have been initially recorded as land held for resale and reported as an asset in the appropriate fund on the governmental funds balance sheet. As a result, the beginning fund balance of the T.I.F. Fund required a restatement of beginning fund balance to recognize the asset (land held for resale). A restatement of fund balance is an indication of a deficiency in controls over financial reporting.

Status: No such adjustments were noted in the current audit.





At Clark Schaefer Hackett, we are the sum of our individuals. Each team member's training, experience and drive is well-suited to each client's needs and goals. We are committed to providing insightful and flexible service – from efficient compliance to sophisticated consulting – to help each client prosper today and plan for future success

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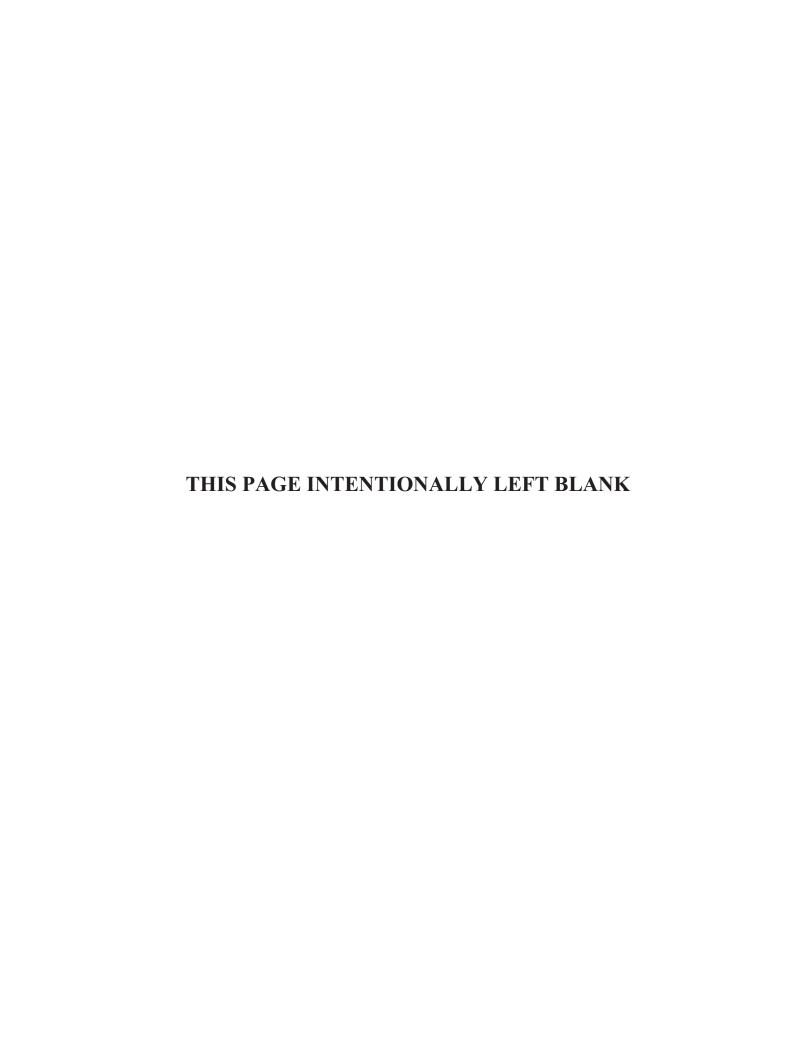
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

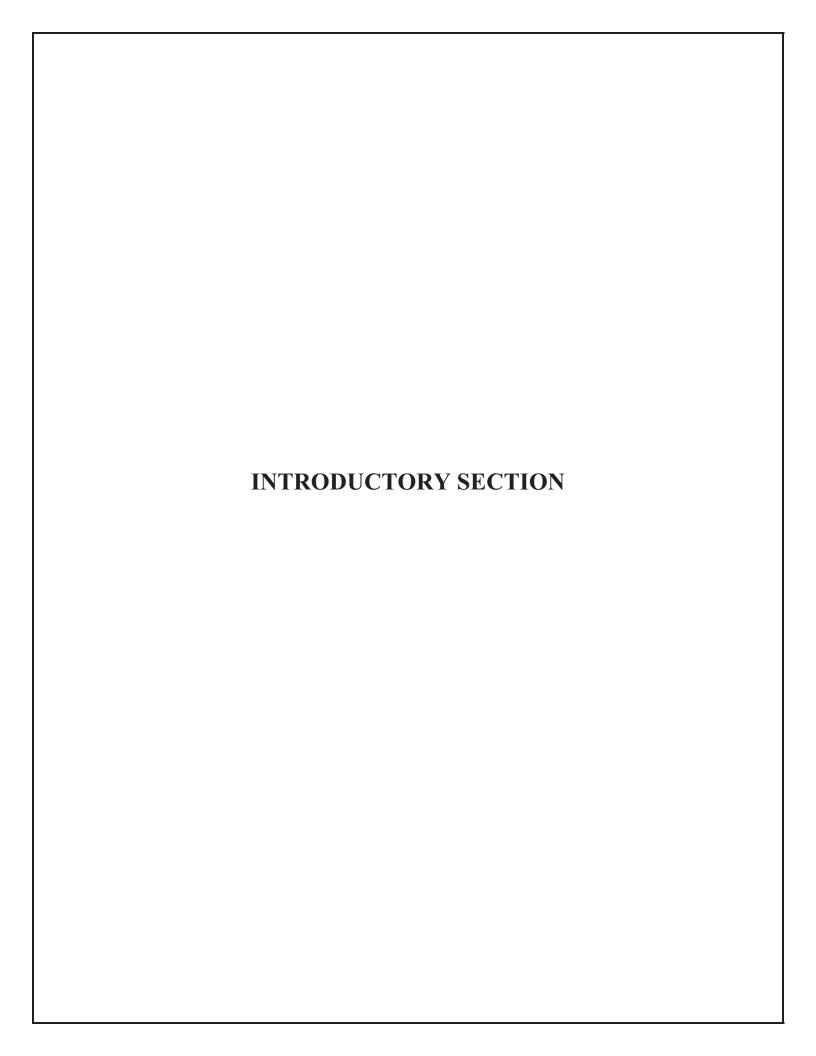
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Issued by: Finance Department

Jennifer A. Arp Finance Director





CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

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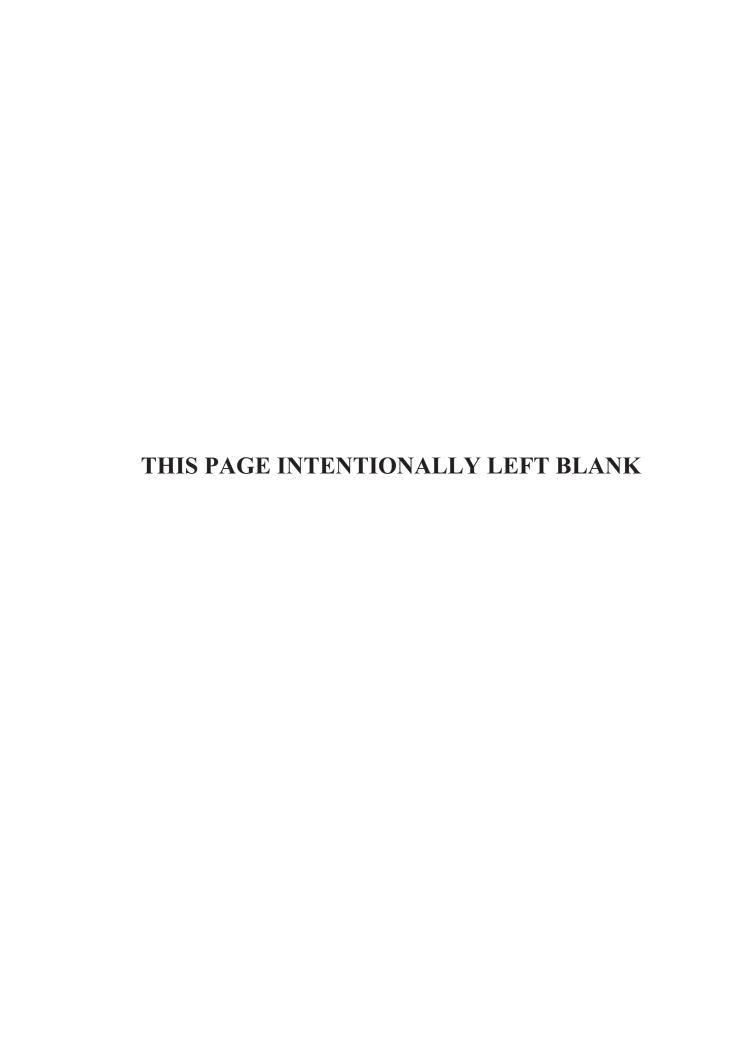
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June 28, 2013

Honorable Mayor, Chairman of the Finance Committee, Council Members and Citizens of the City of Moraine, Ohio:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Moraine, Ohio, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Clark, Schaefer and Hackett, Certified Public Accountants, studies the City's system of internal control, conducts such tests that are necessary under the circumstances and renders and opinion based upon the statements when taken in whole. The City has again received an unmodified opinion from the independent auditor that the financial statements are presented fairly. The opinion letter is included in the Financial Section of this report.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report incorporates GASB Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Statement No. 34 was developed to make annual financial reports of state and local governments easier to understand and more useful to those who make decisions using governmental financial information. This report reflects our continuing effort to disseminate clear and useful financial information to our users with the implementation of Statement No. 34.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

City Profile

The City provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation (refuse collection on a contractual basis), parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. This report includes all the funds of the City of Moraine and all of its component units, which make up the financial reporting entity for the City. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is financially responsible. At December 31, 2012 the City had no component units.

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Five other local governmental entities overlap the City's boundaries: Montgomery County, West Carrollton City School District, Kettering City School District, Jefferson Township Local School District, and Miami Valley Regional Transit Authority. These organizations do not meet the reporting entity criteria of governmental generally accepted accounting principles and, therefore, are not included in the City's financial report.

HISTORY AND BACKGROUND

Moraine is located in the heart of the Miami Valley, to the southwest of the Dayton, Ohio metropolitan area. Though the region has been predominantly dependent upon manufacturing, automobile manufacturing most recently, the area is now trending towards a diversification of industries. The City currently occupies a land area of approximately 9.5 square miles, maintains 54 miles of road and serves a population of 6,307.

In February 1953, residents voted to detach from the Village of Kettering and formed the Township of Moraine. The Township grew to Village status in July, 1957 and on May 12, 1965, had the distinction of attaining the status of a full-fledged City. The original City Charter was presented in 1966 and at that time a Home Rule Charter was adopted along with the Council-Manager form of city government. Under this form of government, policy-making and legislative authority are vested in an elected council consisting of the Mayor and six council members. Four of the council members are elected based upon geographic wards and the remaining two are elected on a non-partisan basis, meaning they represent the entire City rather than specific geographical areas within the City's boundaries. The Mayor is elected separately on a non-partisan basis. The Mayor and City Council are responsible for passing resolutions and ordinances, adopting and amending the capital and operating budgets and for appointing various committee members. The City Manager of Moraine is charged with carrying out the policies and ordinances of City Council, overseeing day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the department heads, with general responsibilities for the Economic Development and Health, Safety and Culture components of the City's vision.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Local Economy

The City's local economy is showing an improvement over the decline from the past several years. In 2012 the former General Motors Assembly plant was bought by the Industrial Realty Group (IRG). The City had been working diligently to ensure the building would be preserved to allow for more rapid repurposing of that entire site. The site currently has over 380 acres and over 4 million square feet of building space. During the year, there are several businesses that have moved into the facility. Heidelberg Distributing has relocated to the City and has renovated the former Cooper Tire facility. We are looking forward to continued positive news in 2012.

The opening of Exit 47 was a long awaited event. The reconstruction of the exit has been in the works for over 5 years, both on paper and actual infrastructure. The redevelopment allows for substantially easier access to both northbound and southbound I-75. This will be an advantage for those businesses in Moraine and an added incentive to draw more business into the City.

The Oak Pointe neighborhood saw continued growth in 2012 as Ryan Homes continues to aggressively market the property. They offer a variety of home designs suited to the development. In 2012, Ryan built an 25 additional homes, nearly tripling the size of the subdivision. With more homes under construction and more sales on the way, we look forward to working with Ryan Homes in 2013 and beyond.

Ryan Homes was founded in 1948 in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, to provide housing in the post World War II economy. In the 62 years since, Ryan has constructed more than 300,000 homes. With operations in 23 metropolitan areas spanning 13 states, Ryan Homes is one of the nation's most prolific home builders.

As we began 2012, the City faced a projected \$4.3 million dollar deficit and knew that we would need to work creatively to continue providing our many superior services to citizens while finding ways to reduce expenses. Through the diligent efforts of all of our employees, we ended the year significantly under that projection and remain one of the best places to live in the Miami Valley. Continued meetings with the Citizen's Budget Advisory committee offer direct feedback from citizens on the efforts we are making in our operations. Moraine employees are the best employees in the region, and with their efforts and Council support, we expect to see even more positives in 2013.

Long Term Financial Planning

Financial planning for Moraine is a dynamic interactive effort of the community, small and large business and industry, social and cultural service organizations, and municipal government. These dynamics are best demonstrated by the willingness of Moraine residents to involve themselves to support both City service and long-term capital investment. The Citizen's Budgetary Advisory Committee met several times during the year with the City's management to participate in reviews of the City's finances and to provide direction as to residents' needs. Management will continue to meet with this committee throughout the upcoming years.

The City's income tax collections for 2012 ended in a more positive figure than prior years. The current businesses located in the City are beginning to report more encouraging employment numbers. The City's management continues to develop stronger performance management methods for reducing the budget and will continue this financial stewardship philosophy even once the revenue stream can adequately sustain the budget. All City employees have participated in a ten percent decrease in compensation since 2009 and have continued this into the 2012 budget year. The Finance Committee continues to meet on a quarterly basis to review the City's finances and to insure that the budget remains on target.

In 2012, the City continued under 6 union contracts that were signed into effect in 2011 and will run through 2014. All 6 bargaining units agreed to forego wage increases for the duration of the contracts. This wage increase freeze will also impact all non-union employees and run through the same period. The City wishes to thank all of the dedicated employees who have recognized the financial condition of the City and have generously agreed to participate in this wage freeze.

The City coordinates public improvements of all City related entities through adoption of a Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The goal of the City is to improve service to the community by adopting a CIP that is compatible with the City's financial condition and will fund capital improvements at a realistic level. The CIP consist of a five-year plan of capital expenditures for all City projects. The CIP is prepared fully every two years and amended, as necessary, in other years. The amendment process ensures continuity in projects and funding.

In addition to the annual budget preparations and the Capital Improvement Fund budget preparations, the City Manager and Finance Director met with all of the department heads and completed a Long Range Financial Plan for the City. This was in turn presented to and reviewed by the City Council. The plan includes financial strategies with multiple scenarios as to the City's future revenues and how expenses should be allocated should the finances increase, maintain or decrease.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

Budgetary control is maintained by a yearly appropriation and the encumbrance of appropriate balances with purchase orders before their release to vendors. Purchase orders that exceed appropriated balances are not released until additional appropriations are made available. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balance at year-end. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. For more detailed budget information, please see the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information included in this report.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Moraine for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2011. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award-recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an informative and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is applicable to one year only. The City of Moraine has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 26 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1986-2011). We believe our current report will also conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate.

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Finance Department.

I should also thank the Mayor, members of City Council, the City Manager and Department and Division heads for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Jennifer A. Arp Finance Director

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO

CITY COUNCIL

Elaine Allison, Mayor

Jim McGuire, Council Member (At Large)

Ora Allen, Council Member (At Large)

Randy Daugherty, Council Member (Ward 1)

Dana Bonfield, Council Member (Ward 2)

Kimberly Misner, Council Member (Ward 3)

Jeanette Marcus, Council Member (Ward 4)

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

David Hicks, City Manager

Robert Portune, Law Director

Jennifer Arp, Finance Director

Stephen French, Clerk of Council

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE STAFF

Jennifer A. Arp, Finance Director

Lora L. Marlett, Deputy Finance Director

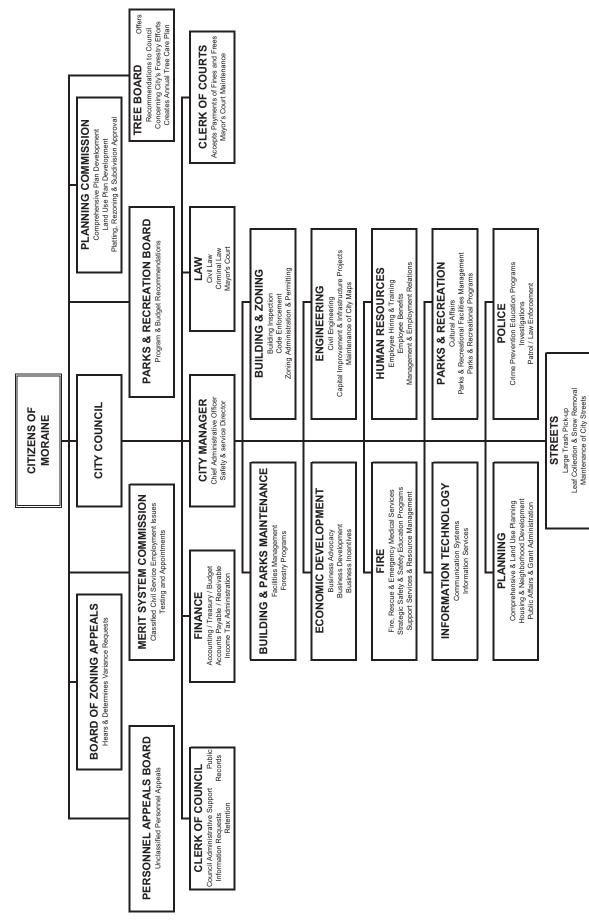
Stephanie L. Maury, Income Tax Administrator

Sherry L. Bosse, Financial Assistant

Paula G. Cox, Financial Assistant

Penny C. Tincher, Financial Assistant

Organization of the City of Moraine



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

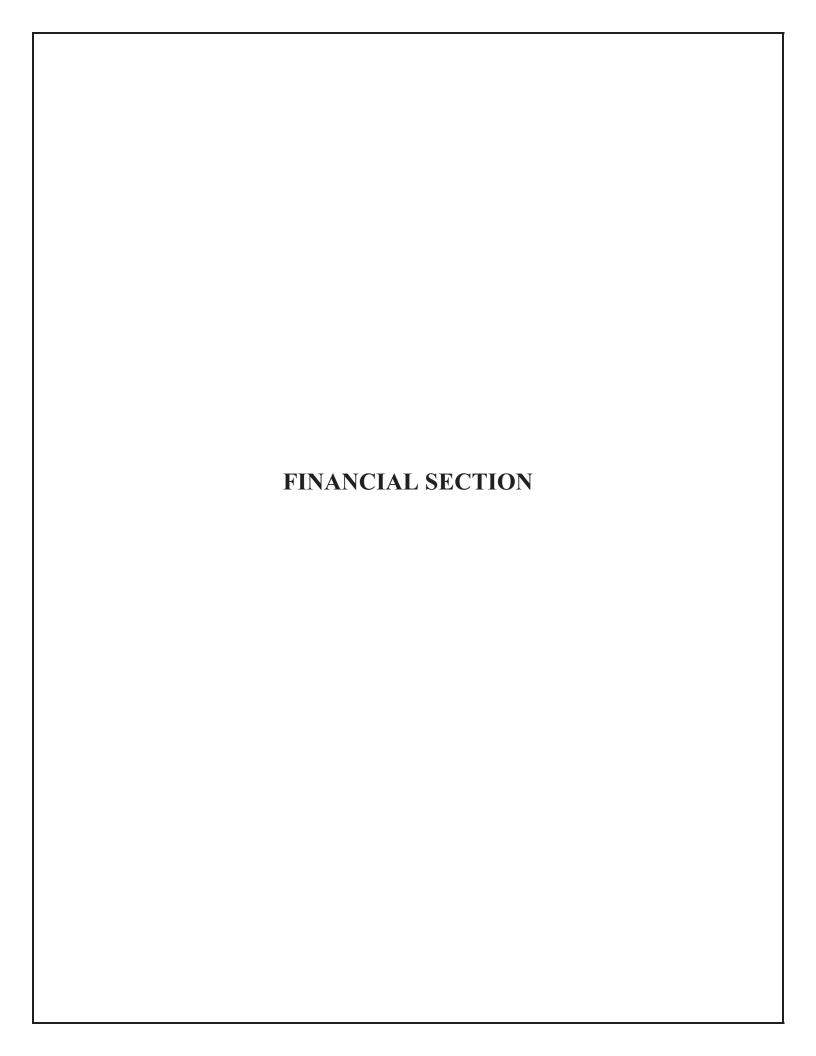
City of Moraine Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To City Council City of Moraine, Ohio:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Moraine, Ohio (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Moraine, Ohio, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 18, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65 *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 through 9) and budgetary comparison information (pages 43 through 50) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and individual fund schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Lank, Schufer, Hackett & Co.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2013 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Springfield, Ohio June 28, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the City of Moraine, Ohio's financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2012 are as follows:

- Total net position decreased by \$4,699,484 which represents a 11.4% decrease from the beginning of 2012. A decrease of \$4,702,516 was reported in governmental activities and an increase of \$3,032 was reported in business-type activities.
- Total assets of governmental activities at December 31, 2012 decreased by \$5,041,414 from those reported one year prior due primarily to operating expenditures exceeding revenues which resulted in a decrease in cash. Long-term liabilities of the governmental activities decreased by approximately \$346,000 due to the debt service payment of general obligation bonds and capital leases.
- Overall, the net position of the City's business-type activities increased by \$3,032. The increase was less than the increase in 2011 due to fewer investment earnings.
- The \$978,029 unassigned ending fund balance reported in the General Fund represents 8.0% of the total expenditures reported in the General Fund for 2012.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City of Moraine, Ohio as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole City, presenting both an aggregated view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those statements. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these financial statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2012?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Unaudited)

These two statements report the City's net position and change in that position. This change informs the reader whether the City's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the reader of these financial statements should take into account non-financial factors that also impact the City's financial well being. Some of these factors include the City's tax base and the condition of its capital assets. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the financial information of the City is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's services are reported here including public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation (refuse collection on a contractual basis), parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.
- Business-Type Activities These activities include the Moraine Loan Program. Interest on the principal loaned makes up the charges for this service. The intent of this operation is to have return of principal and interest to cover the cost of the program.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about each major fund. The major funds of the City include the General, Economic Development, Capital Improvement, Street Construction and Maintenance and T.I.F. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, the focus of the fund financial statements is on the City's most significant funds, and therefore only the major funds are presented in separate columns. All other funds are combined into one column for reporting purposes.

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

When the City charges citizens for the services it provides, with the intent of recouping operating costs, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Unaudited)

Fiduciary Funds

The financial activity of custodial funds, for which the City acts as the fiscal agent, is reported separately in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. This financial activity is excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The City as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the City as a whole. In the case of the City of Moraine, Ohio, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by a total of \$36.0 million at December 31, 2012.

Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for 2012 compared to 2011:

Table 1 Net Position

		Governmenta	al Activities	Business-Type Activities		To	tal
	_	2012	Restated 2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Current and Other Assets	\$	16,744,238	20,080,373	597,486	594,454	17,341,724	20,674,827
Capital Assets		30,841,158	32,546,437			30,841,158	32,546,437
Total Assets		47,585,396	52,626,810	597,486	594,454	48,182,882	53,221,264
Long-Term Liabilities		9,214,869	9,560,611	-	-	9,214,869	9,560,611
Other Liabilities		1,420,802	1,347,522			1,420,802	1,347,522
Total Liabilities		10,635,671	10,908,133			10,635,671	10,908,133
Total Deferred Inflows							
of Resources		949,365	1,015,801			949,365	1,015,801
Net Position:							
Net Investment in							
Capital Assets		27,606,601	29,262,787	-	-	27,606,601	29,262,787
Restricted		6,553,297	6,422,555	-	-	6,553,297	6,422,555
Unrestricted		1,840,462	5,017,534	597,486	594,454	2,437,948	5,611,988
Total Net Position	\$	36,000,360	40,702,876	597,486	594,454	36,597,846	41,297,330

As displayed in Table 1, total governmental net position of the City decreased by \$4.7 million from 2011 to 2012. A significant decrease in cash (\$2.4 million) was attributable to operating expenses exceeding revenues. Capital assets reported at December 31, 2012 decreased by \$1.7 million as annual depreciation expense exceeded capital asset additions. Land held for resale decreased by \$725,000 as the City successfully sold 29 of the remaining lots at the Oak Pointe development during 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Unaudited)

Table 2 shows the changes in the governmental and business-type net position for the year ended December 31, 2012 compared with the prior year.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Business-						
	Governmenta	l Activities	Type Ac	tivities	To	otal	
		Restated					
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,118,942	1,261,842	_	-	1,118,942	1,261,842	
Operating grants and contributions	451,451	72,393	-	-	451,451	72,393	
Capital grants and contributions	382,185	1,950,048	-	-	382,185	1,950,048	
Total Program Revneues	1,952,578	3,284,283			1,952,578	3,284,283	
General Revenues:							
Income taxes	10,045,847	9,541,527	-	-	10,045,847	9,541,527	
Property and other taxes	514,039	650,580	-	-	514,039	650,580	
Payment in lieu of taxes	33,136	43,041	-	-	33,136	43,041	
Shared revenues	222,897	657,429	-	-	222,897	657,429	
Intergovernmental	-	90,731	-	-	-	90,731	
Investment earnings	31,106	236,870	3,032	13,621	34,138	250,491	
Miscellaneous	126,092	530,165			126,092	530,165	
Total General Revenues	10,973,117	11,750,343	3,032	13,621	10,976,149	11,763,964	
Total Revenues	12,925,695	15,034,626	3,032	13,621	12,928,727	15,048,247	
Expenses:							
General government	3,662,881	3,277,192	-	-	3,662,881	3,277,192	
Public Safety	8,146,485	8,852,361	-	-	8,146,485	8,852,361	
Highways & Streets	3,415,159	3,638,054	-	-	3,415,159	3,638,054	
Sanitation	307,931	284,131	-	-	307,931	284,131	
Culture & Recreation	1,109,016	1,113,466	-	-	1,109,016	1,113,466	
Economic Development	479,262	1,004,966	-	-	479,262	1,004,966	
Health & Welfare	212,986	85,524	-	-	212,986	85,524	
Interest Expense	294,491	302,231			294,491	302,231	
Total Expenses	17,628,211	18,557,925			17,628,211	18,557,925	
Change in net position	(4,702,516)	(3,523,299)	3,032	13,621	(4,699,484)	(3,509,678)	
Net Position - Beginning	40,702,876	44,226,175	594,454	580,833	41,297,330	44,807,008	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 36,000,360	40,702,876	597,486	594,454	36,597,846	41,297,330	

As noted in the table above, the City's municipal income tax revenue reported for 2012 increased 5.3 percent over the amount reported for 2011. This increase in income taxes reverses a trend of decreases reported for the past several years. For the period of time covering 2007 to 2011, the municipal income tax revenues of the City decreased from \$19.6 million to \$9.5 million, a 51.4 percent decrease, due to the closings of several large industrial employers within the City. While this is an indication of positive economic progress during the year, the property taxes continue to decline due to the lower property values assessments (which is similar to most areas of Montgomery County) as well as the phase out of personal property taxes. Capital grants in the governmental activities decreased by \$1.6 million as several significant infrastructure projects were completed in 2011 and therefore the City did not receive similar construction grants in 2012. Overall, the total

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Unaudited)

revenues for the governmental activities decreased \$2.1 million compared with those reported for the prior year, or 14.0 percent.

Total expenses of the governmental activities reported for 2012 were \$930,000 less than those reported for 2011 primarily due to the recording of the land held for resale in the TIF fund during 2011 which resulted in an increase in the economic development expense reported. The decrease in public safety represents the City managing personnel costs (public safety represents 46.2 percent of the total expenses of the City) to deal with the declining revenues being realized. The decrease in net position reported for 2012 was \$1.2 million more than the decrease reported in 2011 and will require management to continue making further budget adjustments in the near future.

Governmental Activities

Table 3 shows the percentage of total expenses each functional area comprises, the net cost of each functional area and the percentage of each functional area expenses financed with general revenue for 2012.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	Total Cost of Services		Revenues	Net Cost of Services		
		Restated				Restated	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
General Government	\$ 3,662,881	\$ 3,277,192	\$ 504,229	\$ 671,401	\$ 3,158,652	\$ 2,605,791	
Public Safety	8,146,485	8,852,361	481,230	662,834	7,665,255	8,189,527	
Highways and Streets	3,415,159	3,638,054	692,514	1,950,048	2,722,645	1,688,006	
Sanitation	307,931	284,131	6,256	-	301,675	284,131	
Culture and Recreation	1,109,016	1,113,466	268,349	-	840,667	1,113,466	
Economic Development	479,262	1,004,966	-	-	479,262	1,004,966	
All Others	507,477	387,755			507,477	387,755	
	\$ 17,628,211	\$ 18,557,925	\$1,952,578	\$ 3,284,283	\$15,675,633	\$15,273,642	

As indicated by Table 3, the City is spending the majority of its resources on public safety, highways and streets and general government activities. While the operation of the police and fire departments is approximately \$8.1 million, approximately \$481,000 of program revenue is generated to cover department expenses. The remaining \$7.7 million of expenses must be covered by general revenues collected by the City, principally municipal income taxes and property taxes. General government functions, principally legislation and administration, comprise approximately \$3.7 million of the total governmental expenses. Court costs and fees generated by licenses and permits financed approximately \$504,000 of the general government functional expenses while the remaining \$3.2 million comes from general revenue sources. Operating and capital grants received from the State of Ohio and the federal government provided approximately \$693,000 of funding for expenses related to highways and streets.

The City's Funds

Information about the City's major governmental funds begins after the Statement of Activities. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds had total revenues of \$12.9 million and expenditures of \$16.1 million. During 2012, the net change in fund balance of the governmental funds decreased by \$3.2 million to an ending total fund balance of \$10.9 million. While capital assets are included in the statement of Net Position, expenditures are recognized in the fund statements thereby reducing the amount of resources available for future spending. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Unaudited)

The City's General Fund realized a decrease of \$3.3 million in fund balance during 2012. The General Fund is the primary fund that finances government services to citizens. The decrease in fund balance is a result of the operating expenditures exceeding revenues as the City continues to struggle realizing projected revenue levels upon which expenditures are based. Without significant increase in revenue sources, the City will be required to implement dramatic reductions in levels of services provided. In addition, Street Construction and Maintenance Fund and Other Governmental Funds required transfers from the General Fund of \$2.0 million during 2012. At December 31, 2012 the ending unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$980,000; an 81.5 percent decrease from the unassigned fund balance reported at December 31, 2011. The ending unassigned fund balance reported for the General Fund represents 8.0 percent of total General Fund expenditures for 2012.

The City's other four major funds, the Economic Development, Capital Improvement, Street Construction and Maintenance and T.I.F. funds reported net change in fund balances of \$(255,921), \$770,024, \$(245,884) and \$(295,288), respectively. The decrease in the Economic Development Fund was due to additional economic development expenditures incurred during 2012. The fund balance at December 31, 2012 was \$(431,762). This fund also has an outstanding interfund payable for a loan made in prior years. The increase in the Capital Improvement Fund is associated with a decrease in capital expenditures of the City for 2012 compared with 2011. In 2011, the City had several significant infrastructure projects which were completed. The fund balance at December 31, 2012 is \$5.0 million. The Street Construction and Maintenance Fund's decrease in fund balance is due to lowered state shared taxes and transfers from the General Fund for the year. Despite expenditures decreasing 17.5 percent in 2012 compared with 2011, the larger decrease in inflows of resources resulted in the fund ending the year with a balance of \$177,000. The T.I.F fund decrease resulted from the loss reported on the sale of lots at the Oak Pointe development. All other governmental fund balances increased slightly by \$106,000 during 2012.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is adopted on a fund basis. Before the budget is adopted, the City Manager and Finance Director review the budgets of each department within the General Fund with City Council. City Council then adopts the annual appropriations budget at the personal services, other operating expenditures, and capital expenditures level for each department within each fund (legal level of control). Management may reallocate appropriations below the legal level, but modifications must be approved by Council in advance.

General Fund revenues at the beginning of the year were estimated at \$14.2 million with insignificant modifications to estimates throughout the year. Actual revenues for the year totaled \$10.8 million with only one revenue source (licenses and permits) meeting the budgeted amounts at year-end. While actual income tax receipts received during 2012 were 4.7 percent higher than those received in 2011, those actual receipts were \$1.8 million less than the amount anticipated by the City as the effects of an improving economy were anticipated to have more of an effect on income tax receipts in 2012.

The expenditures including transfers for the General Fund were estimated at \$16.2 million at the beginning of the year and decreased to \$14.3 million at the close of the year; which approximated actual budgetary expenditures and transfers for the year. This is attributed to management's efforts to control spending and reduced transfers throughout the year.

Budgetary fund balance at December 31, 2012 was \$850,000 compared to the \$4.1 million anticipated in the final 2012 budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Unaudited)

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the City had a total of \$62.2 million invested in capital assets less accumulated depreciation of \$31.4 million resulting in a net investment in capital assets of \$30.8 million.

Major capital asset additions for 2012, included the addition of the Northlawn Bridge construction project to infrastructure from construction in progress, where the project was reported at the end of 2011. Capital assets purchased or acquired during 2012 amount to approximately \$217,000 and were primarily for replacement of safety vehicles and equipment.

Table 4 shows 2012 balances compared to those of 2011:

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year-End
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	2012	2011				
Land	\$ 10,865,745	10,865,745				
Construction in progress	100,000	1,719,363				
Building and improvements	4,908,453	5,251,573				
Machinery and equipment	1,661,753	1,699,470				
Infrastructure	13,305,207	13,010,286				
Total	\$ 30,841,158	32,546,437				

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2012, the City had the following outstanding long-term obligations: \$5,735,000 of general obligation bonds, \$504,595 for two OPWC loans and capital leases in the amount of \$144,060.

At December 31, 2012, the City's overall legal debt margin was \$16.2 million and the unvoted debt margin was \$5.8 million. See Notes 10, 11, 12 and 13 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on the debt and other long-term obligations of the City.

Contacting the City's Finance Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the Finance Director at City of Moraine, Ohio, 4200 Dryden Road, Moraine, Ohio 45439.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		 Total
ASSETS					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	11,843,484	\$	592,555	\$ 12,436,039
Receivables:					
Income Tax		1,589,430		-	1,589,430
Property Tax		542,392		-	542,392
Payment in Lieu of Taxes		454,800		-	454,800
Accounts		429,092		-	429,092
Intergovernmental		311,912		-	311,912
Loans		201,994		4,931	206,925
Inventories		190,260		-	190,260
Prepaids		80,874		-	80,874
Land Held for Resale		1,100,000		-	1,100,000
Non Depreciable Assets		10,965,745		-	10,965,745
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of					
Accumulated Depreciation		19,875,413		-	19,875,413
Total Assets		47,585,396		597,486	48,182,882
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable		406,789		_	406,789
Salaries and Benefits Payable		858,037		_	858,037
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		81,658		_	81,658
Accrued Interest Payable		22,516		_	22,516
Insurance Claims Payable		51,802		_	51,802
Long-Term Liabilities:		, , , ,			- ,
Due Within One Year		818,183		_	818,183
Due In More Than One Year		8,396,686		_	8,396,686
Total Liabilities		10,635,671		-	10,635,671
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property Taxes		494,565		_	494,565
Payments in Lieu of Property Taxes		454,800		_	454,800
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		949,365		-	949,365
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		27,606,601		_	27,606,601
Restricted for:		_,,,,,,,,,			_,,,,,,,,
Capital Projects		4,923,830		_	4,923,830
Streets and Highways		1,001,355		_	1,001,355
Debt Service		131,212		_	131,212
Law Enforcement Programs		365,000		_	365,000
Cemetery Operations		131,900		_	131,900
Unrestricted		1,840,462		597,486	2,437,948
Total Net Position	\$	36,000,360	\$	597,486	\$ 36,597,846

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Net (Expense) Revenue Program Revenues and Changes in Net Position Operating Capital Charges grants and grants and Governmental Business-Type FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Expenses for services contributions contributions Activities Activities Total **Primary Government: Governmental Activities:** General Government \$ 3,662,881 \$ 477,157 27,072 (3,158,652)(3,158,652)Public Safety 8,146,485 428,834 52,396 (7,665,255)(7,665,255)Highways and Streets 3,415,159 310,329 382,185 (2,722,645)(2,722,645)Sanitation 307,931 6,256 (301,675)(301,675)Culture and Recreation 1,109,016 206,695 61,654 (840,667) (840,667)Economic Development 479,262 (479,262)(479,262)Health and Welfare 212,986 (212,986)(212,986)Debt Service (294,491) 294,491 (294,491)Interest and Fiscal Expense 1,118,942 451,451 382,185 **Total Governmental Activities** 17,628,211 (15,675,633) (15,675,633) **Business Type Activities** Loan Program **Total Business Type Activities** \$17,628,211 451,451 382,185 (15,675,633) (15,675,633) **Total Primary Government** \$ 1,118,942 \$ **General Revenues** 10,045,847 10,045,847 Income Tax Property Tax Levied for 349,986 General Purposes 349,986 Police Pensions 70,116 70,116 70,115 Fire Pensions 70,115 Other Taxes 23,822 23,822 Payments in Lieu of Taxes 33,136 33,136 Shared Revenues (unrestricted) 222,897 222,897 Miscellaneous Receipts 126,092 126,092 Investment Earnings 31,106 3,032 34,138 **Total General Revenues** 10,973,117 3,032 10,976,149 Change in Net Position (4,702,516)3,032 (4,699,484) 40,702,876 41,297,330 Net Position - Beginning (Restated) 594,454 597,486 Net Position - Ending 36,000,360 36,597,846

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012

		N	Major Governme	ntal Funds						
			.,	Stre	et			Other		Total
	General	Economic	Capital	Construc			Go	vernmental	Go	overnmental
	Fund	Development	Improvement	Mainter		T.I.F.	-	Funds	-	Funds
		Белегории	<u> </u>					Tunus		Tundo
ASSETS										
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,819,879	\$ 313,909	\$ 4,926,874	\$	185,687	\$ 651,782	\$	1,784,407	\$	9,682,538
Receivables:										
Income Tax	1,430,487	-	158,943		-	-		-		1,589,430
Property Tax	411,250	-	-		-	-		131,142		542,392
Payment in Lieu of Tax	-	-	-		-	454,800		-		454,800
Accounts	427,902	-	-		-	-		1,190		429,092
Intergovernmental	108,834	-	3,815		173,309	-		25,954		311,912
Loans	-	201,994	-		-	-		-		201,994
Due from Other Funds	845,000	-	-		-	-		-		845,000
Inventories	7,279	-	-		56,260	-		-		63,539
Prepaids	80,874	-	-		-	-		-		80,874
Land Held for Resale					-	1,100,000		-		1,100,000
Total Assets	\$ 5,131,505	\$ 515,903	\$ 5,089,632	\$	415,256	\$ 2,206,582	\$	1,942,693	\$	15,301,571
LIABILITIES										
	\$ 268,147	\$ 102,665	\$ 3,044	\$	2 407	S -	\$		\$	277 262
Accounts Payable		\$ 102,665	\$ 3,044	\$	3,407	5 -	Ф	227.625	Ф	377,263
Salaries and Benefits Payable	513,258	-	-		90,962	-		237,635		841,855
Matured Compensated Absences Payable Due to Other Funds	81,658	945 000	-		-	-		-		81,658
Total Liabilities	863,063	947,665	3,044		94,369			237,635		845,000 2,145,776
I otal Liabilities	803,003	947,003	3,044		94,309		_	237,033	_	2,143,776
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Property Taxes	374,901	-	-		-	-		119,664		494,565
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	-	-	-		-	454,800		-		454,800
Unavailable for:										
Income Taxes	572,404	-	63,600		-	-		-		636,004
Delinquent Property Taxes	36,349	-	-		-	-		11,478		47,827
Intergovernmental	91,772	-	3,815		144,240	-		22,275		262,102
Other Sources	407,209	-	-		-	-		1,190		408,399
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,482,635		67,415		144,240	454,800		154,607	_	2,303,697
FUND BALANCE										
Nonspendable for:										
Materials and Supplies Inventory	7,279	_			56,260	_		_		63,539
Prepaid Items	80,874				50,200					80,874
Land Held for Resale	-	_	_		_	1,100,000				1,100,000
Restricted for:						1,100,000				1,100,000
Law Enforcement	_	_	_		_	_		357,893		357,893
Cemetery Services	_	_	_		_	_		130,710		130,710
Debt Service	_	_	_		_	_		154,461		154,461
Street Repair and Maintenance	_	_	_		120,387	_		981,409		1,101,796
Economic Development	_	_	_		-	651,782		-		651,782
Committed for:						051,702				001,702
Capital Projects	_	_	5,019,173		_	_		_		5,019,173
Assigned for:			2,017,173							2,017,113
Subsequent Appropriations	809,852	_	_		_	_		_		809,852
Unpaid Obligations	566,469	_	_		_	_		_		566,469
Recreation Services	343,304	_	_		_	-		_		343,304
Unassigned	978,029	(431,762)	_		_	_		(74,022)		472,245
Total Fund Balance	2,785,807	(431,762)	5,019,173		176,647	1,751,782		1,550,451		10,852,098
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	,,/		.,,		,	,,		,,. 	_	.,
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 5,131,505	\$ 515,903	\$ 5,089,632	\$	415,256	\$ 2,206,582	\$	1,942,693	\$	15,301,571

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2012

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 10,852,098
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	30,841,158
resources and dicretore are not reported in the rands.	30,041,130
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	
Municipal income taxes 636,004	
Property and other taxes 47,827	
Shared taxes and grants 262,102	
Charges for services and other sources 408,399	
Total	1,354,332
Internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of	
providing insurance as well as central services to the	
individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service	
funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of	
net position.	2,148,593
Some liabilities, including long-term debt obligations and compensated	
absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period	
and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Accrued interest payable (22,516)	
Compensated absences payable (2,706,267)	
General obligations bonds payable (5,735,000)	
Premium on bonds (83,383)	
Capital lease obligation (144,060)	
OPWC loans payable (504,595)	
Total	 (9,195,821)
Governmental Activities' Net Position	\$ 36,000,360

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

RYENTUS Command Fund Leonomia Loginal Procession Company Loginal Procession Command Maintenance Command Fund Procession Total Command Procession REVENUS Issues Issue Service Se			Ma	ajor Governmenta	al Funds				
REVENUES Region of the processing of the pro				,			Other	Total	
Taxes:		General			and		Governmental		
Property		Fund	Development	Improvement	Maintenance	T.I.F.	Funds	Funds	
	REVENUES								
Property Other 341,453 .	Taxes:								
Other 23,822 - - 33,36 23,312 Paymenti Lieu of Taxus 284,923 - 386,939 - 52,953 724,815 Intergovernmenal Grants 66,998 - 425,422 - - - 492,425 Licenses and Permits 106,120 - - - 400 535,313 Fines 241,815 - - - 4,00 535,313 Fines 241,815 - - - 4,00 535,313 Investment Earnings 17,717 - - - 4,08 197,520 Investment Earnings 17,717 - - - 4,08 197,520 Investment Earnings 17,717 - - - - - 4,08 197,520 Investment Earnings 17,717 - - - - - 18,10 19,10 - - - - - - - -	Income	\$ 9,074,952	\$ -	\$ 953,970	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,028,922	
Payment in Licu of Taxes	Property	341,453	-	-	-	-	137,545	478,998	
Sand Revenues 284,923 	Other	23,822	-	-	-	-	-	23,822	
Public Safety Public Safet	Payment in Lieu of Taxes	-	-	-	-	33,136	-	33,136	
Charges for Services 530,913 .	Shared Revenues	284,923	-	-	386,939	-	52,953	724,815	
Charges for Services 350,013 - - - 4,400 535,313 Fines 241,815 - - (3,078) 5,700 10,767 31,106 Miscellaneous 183,429 - 10,003 - - 4,088 197,520 Total Revenues 10,872,142 - 13,80,305 383,861 38,836 233,857 12,918,001 EXPENDITURES Current 3,312,314 - - - 255 1,484 3,314,053 Public Safety 6,857,312 - - - 26,373 7,783,685 Highways and Streets 421,047 - - 26,373 3,7783,685 Highways and Streets 421,047 - - - 26,373 2,780,792 Samitation 307,931 - - - - - 2250,792 Samitation 870,458 - - - - - - -	Intergovernmental Grants	66,998	-	425,422	-	-	-	492,420	
Fines 241,815 - - - - 24,104 265,919 Investment Earnings 17,717 - 0,003 - - 4,088 197,520 Total Revenues 10,872,142 - 1,308,935 383,861 38,365 233,875 12,918,001 EXPENDITURES Comment 3,312,314 - - - 926,373 7,783,685 Public Safety 6,857,312 - - - 926,373 7,783,685 Highways and Streets 421,047 - - - 926,373 7,783,685 Highways and Streets 421,047 - - - - 250,792 Sanitation 307,931 - - - - 250,792 Economic Development 176,732 255,921 - 40,508 - 473,161 Health and Welfare 206,032 - 191,535 - 40,00 - 293,535 Intere	Licenses and Permits	106,120	-	-	-	-	-	106,120	
Nisestlancians	Charges for Services	530,913	-	-	-	-	4,400	535,313	
Miscellaneous 183,429 - 10,003 - 6,08,000 4,088 197,520 Total Revenues 10,872,142 - 1,389,395 383,861 38,836 233,857 12,918,090 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 3,312,314 - 0 - 0 255 1,484 3,314,053 Public Safety 6,857,312 - 0 1,829,745 - 0 22,507,92 Sanitation 307,931 - 0 1,829,745 - 0 22,507,92 Sanitation 307,931 - 0 - 0 40,508 - 473,161 Health and Welfare 206,032 - 0 - 0 - 0 870,458 Debt service: Principal - 0 191,535 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - 191,535 40,000 - 231,535 1 Interest - 9,574 - 0 - 0 299,671 Public Safety - 9 - 135,162 - 0 - 0 155,944 Culture	Fines	241,815	-	-	-	-	24,104	265,919	
Total Revenues 10,872,142	Investment Earnings	17,717	-	-	(3,078)	5,700	10,767	31,106	
Current:	Miscellaneous	183,429		10,003			4,088	197,520	
Current: General Government 3,312,314 - - 255 1,484 3,314,035 Public Safety 6,857,312 - - - 926,373 7,783,685 Highways and Streets 421,047 - - 1,829,745 - - 2,250,792 Sanitation 307,931 - - - - - 307,931 Economic Development 176,732 255,921 - - - - 206,032 Culture and Recreation 870,458 - - - - 206,032 Culture and Recreation 870,458 - - - - 206,032 Culture and Recreation 870,458 - - - - 206,032 Interest - - 191,535 - 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - - 191,535 - 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - - <td< th=""><th>Total Revenues</th><th>10,872,142</th><th>_</th><th>1,389,395</th><th>383,861</th><th>38,836</th><th>233,857</th><th>12,918,091</th></td<>	Total Revenues	10,872,142	_	1,389,395	383,861	38,836	233,857	12,918,091	
Current: General Government 3,312,314 - - 255 1,484 3,314,035 Public Safety 6,857,312 - - - 926,373 7,783,685 Highways and Streets 421,047 - - 1,829,745 - - 2,250,792 Sanitation 307,931 - - - - - 307,931 Economic Development 176,732 255,921 - - - - 206,032 Culture and Recreation 870,458 - - - - 206,032 Culture and Recreation 870,458 - - - - 206,032 Culture and Recreation 870,458 - - - - 206,032 Interest - - 191,535 - 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - - 191,535 - 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - - <td< td=""><td>EVDENINITHDES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	EVDENINITHDES								
General Government 3,312,314 - - 255 1,484 3,314,053 Public Safety 6,857,312 - - - 926,373 7,783,685 Highways and Streets 421,047 - 1,829,745 - - 2,250,792 Sanitation 307,931 - - - 40,508 - 307,931 Economic Development 176,732 255,921 - - 40,508 - 473,161 Health and Welfare 206,032 - - - - - 206,032 Culture and Recreation 870,458 - <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>									
Public Safety 6,857,312 - - - 926,373 7,783,685 Highways and Streets 421,047 - - 1,829,745 - - 2,250,792 Sanitation 307,931 - - - 40,508 - 473,161 Health and Welfare 206,032 - - - - - 206,032 Culture and Recreation 870,458 - - - - - 206,032 Culture and Recreation 870,458 - - - - - 206,032 Debt service: - - - - - - - 206,032 Interest - - - 46,310 - 253,361 - 299,671 Capital Outlays: - - - 46,310 - 253,361 - 9,574 Public Safety - - 9,574 - - - 165,944 <t< td=""><td></td><td>2 212 214</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>255</td><td>1 /19/</td><td>2 214 052</td></t<>		2 212 214				255	1 /19/	2 214 052	
Highways and Streets 421,047 . 1,829,745 . 2,250,792 Sanitation 307,931 .			-	-	-	255			
Sanitation 307,931 - - - - 307,931 Economic Development 176,732 255,921 - 40,508 - 473,161 Health and Welfare 206,032 - - - - 206,032 Culture and Recreation 870,458 - - - - 870,458 Debt service: - - - - - 870,458 Debt service: - - - - - 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - - - 46,310 - 253,361 - 299,671 Capital Outlays: - - - 46,310 - 253,361 - 92,9671 Capital Outlays: - - - 135,167 - - - 9,574 - - - 9,574 - - - 9,574 - - - 135,167 - -	-		-	-	1 920 745	-	920,373		
Economic Development 176,732 255,921 - 40,508 - 473,161 Health and Welfare 206,032 - - - 6 206,032 Culture and Recreation 870,458 - - - - 206,032 Debt service: Principal - - 191,535 - 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - - 191,535 - 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - - 191,535 - 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - - 46,310 - 253,361 - 299,671 Capital Outlays:			-	-	1,029,743	-	-		
Health and Welfare 206,032 - - - - 206,032			255 021	-	-	40.508	-		
Culture and Recreation 870,458 - - - - 870,458 Debt service: Principal - - 191,535 - 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - - 46,310 - 253,361 - 299,671 Capital Outlays: Highways and Streets - - 9,574 - - - 9,574 Public Safety - - 135,167 - - - 155,167 General Government - - 165,944 - - - 165,944 Culture and Recreation - - 70,841 - - - 70,841 Total Expenditures 12,151,826 255,921 619,371 1,829,745 334,124 927,857 16,118,844 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (1,445,884) (295,288) (694,000) 3,200,055	•		233,921	-	-	40,508	-		
Debt service: Principal - - 191,535 - 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - - 46,310 - 253,361 - 299,671			-	-	-	-	-		
Principal - 191,535 - 40,000 - 231,535 Interest - 46,310 - 253,361 - 299,671 Capital Outlays: Highways and Streets - 9,574 - - 9,574 Public Safety - - 135,167 - - - 135,167 General Government - - 165,944 - - - 165,944 Culture and Recreation - - 70,841 - - - 70,841 Total Expenditures 12,151,826 255,921 619,371 1,829,745 334,124 927,857 16,118,844 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (1,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (1,445,884) (295,288) (694,000) (3,200,753) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out (2,000,000) - - - - - - - - - -		870,438	-	-	-	-	-	670,436	
Interest				101 525		40,000		221 525	
Capital Outlays: Highways and Streets - - 9,574 - - 9,574 Public Safety - - 135,167 - - - 135,167 General Government - - 165,944 - - - 165,944 Culture and Recreation - - 70,841 - - - 70,841 Total Expenditures 12,151,826 255,921 619,371 1,829,745 334,124 927,857 16,118,844 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (Under) Expenditures (1,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (1,445,884) (295,288) (694,000) (3,200,753) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In - - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 2,000,000 Transfers Out (2,000,000) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	*	-	-		-		-		
Highways and Streets		-	-	40,310	-	255,561	-	299,671	
Public Safety - - 135,167 - - 135,167 General Government - - 165,944 - - - 165,944 Culture and Recreation - - - 70,841 - - - - 70,841 Total Expenditures 12,151,826 255,921 619,371 1,829,745 334,124 927,857 16,118,844 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (1,445,884) (295,288) (694,000) (3,200,753) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In - - - - 800,000 2,000,000 Transfers Out (2,000,000) - - - - - - - (2,000,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (245,884) (295,288) 106,000 (3,200,753) Fun				0.574				0.574	
General Government Culture and Recreation Cul		-	-		-	-	-		
Culture and Recreation - - 70,841 - - - 70,841 Total Expenditures 12,151,826 255,921 619,371 1,829,745 334,124 927,857 16,118,844 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (1,445,884) (295,288) (694,000) (3,200,753) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In - - - - - 800,000 - 800,000 2,000,000 Transfers Out (2,000,000) -	•	-	-		-	-	-		
Total Expenditures 12,151,826 255,921 619,371 1,829,745 334,124 927,857 16,118,844 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (1,445,884) (295,288) (694,000) (3,200,753) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In - - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 2,000,000 Transfers Out (2,000,000) - - - - - - (2,000,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000,000) - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (245,884) (295,288) 106,000 (3,200,753) Fund Balance - Beginning 6,065,491 (175,841) 4,249,149 422,531 2,047,070 1,444,451 14,052,851		-	-		-	-	-		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (1,445,884) (295,288) (694,000) (3,200,753) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In - - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 2,000,000 Transfers Out (2,000,000) - - - - - - (2,000,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000,000) - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (245,884) (295,288) 106,000 (3,200,753) Fund Balance - Beginning 6,065,491 (175,841) 4,249,149 422,531 2,047,070 1,444,451 14,052,851		12 151 926	255 021		1 920 745	224 124	027.957		
Over (Under) Expenditures (1,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (1,445,884) (295,288) (694,000) (3,200,753) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In - - - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 2,000,000 Transfers Out (2,000,000) - - - - - - (2,000,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000,000) - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (245,884) (295,288) 106,000 (3,200,753) Fund Balance - Beginning 6,065,491 (175,841) 4,249,149 422,531 2,047,070 1,444,451 14,052,851	•	12,131,620	255,921	019,571	1,029,743	334,124	927,837	10,110,044	
SOURCES (USES) Transfers In - - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 2,000,000 Transfers Out (2,000,000) - - - - - - (2,000,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000,000) - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (245,884) (295,288) 106,000 (3,200,753) Fund Balance - Beginning 6,065,491 (175,841) 4,249,149 422,531 2,047,070 1,444,451 14,052,851	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(1,279,684)	(255,921)	770,024	(1,445,884)	(295,288)	(694,000)	(3,200,753)	
SOURCES (USES) Transfers In - - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 2,000,000 Transfers Out (2,000,000) - - - - - - (2,000,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000,000) - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (245,884) (295,288) 106,000 (3,200,753) Fund Balance - Beginning 6,065,491 (175,841) 4,249,149 422,531 2,047,070 1,444,451 14,052,851	•								
Transfers In Transfers In Transfers Out - - - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 2,000,000 Transfers Out (2,000,000) - - - - - - - - (2,000,000) - - - 800,000 - - - - 800,000 - - - - - 800,000 - - - - - 800,000 - - - - - 800,000 - - - - - 800,000 - - - - - 800,000 -									
Transfers Out (2,000,000) - - - - - - (2,000,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000,000) - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (245,884) (295,288) 106,000 (3,200,753) Fund Balance - Beginning 6,065,491 (175,841) 4,249,149 422,531 2,047,070 1,444,451 14,052,851	, ,								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,000,000) - - 1,200,000 - 800,000 - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (245,884) (295,288) 106,000 (3,200,753) Fund Balance - Beginning 6,065,491 (175,841) 4,249,149 422,531 2,047,070 1,444,451 14,052,851	Transfers In	-	-	-	1,200,000	-	800,000	2,000,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance (3,279,684) (255,921) 770,024 (245,884) (295,288) 106,000 (3,200,753) Fund Balance - Beginning 6,065,491 (175,841) 4,249,149 422,531 2,047,070 1,444,451 14,052,851	Transfers Out	(2,000,000)						(2,000,000)	
Fund Balance - Beginning 6,065,491 (175,841) 4,249,149 422,531 2,047,070 1,444,451 14,052,851	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,000,000)			1,200,000		800,000		
	Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,279,684)	(255,921)	770,024	(245,884)	(295,288)	106,000	(3,200,753)	
	Fund Balance - Beginning	6,065,491	(175,841)	4,249,149	422,531	2,047,070	1,444,451	14,052,851	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(3,200,753)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay Depreciation Total Capital outlay Total		(1,705,279)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: General Obligation Bond payment Amortization of premium Capital lease payment OPWC loan payment 50,210) ;	
Total Total	<u>'</u>	235,325
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(151,792)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, rather these revenues are reported as as deferred inflow of resources. On the statement of activities, these amounts are revenues.		7,604
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. These activities consist of: Decrease in accrued interest payable Decrease in compensated absences payable Total		112.379
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(4,702,516)

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Ente	rprise Fund		
	Moraine Loan Program			Internal
				Service Funds
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	592,555	\$	2,160,946
Receivables:				
Loans (net of Allowance for uncollectible)		4,931		-
Inventories				126,721
Total Assets		597,486		2,287,667
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		-		29,526
Salaries and Benefits Payable		-		16,182
Compensated Absences Payable		-		411
Insurance Claims Payable				51,802
Total Current Liabilities		-		97,921
LONG-TERM LIABILTIES				
Compensated Absences Payable		_		41,153
Total Liabilities				139,074
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted		597,486		2,148,593
Total Net Position	\$	597,486	\$	2,148,593

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Ente	rprise Fund			
	Mo	raine Loan	Internal		
	I	Program		rvice Funds	
Operating Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	2,190,140	
Miscellaneous		-		6,654	
Total Operating Revenues		-		2,196,794	
Operating Expenses					
Cost of Services		-		2,355,739	
Total Operating Expenses		-		2,355,739	
Operating Loss				(158,945)	
Non-Operating Revenues					
Investment earnings		3,032		7,153	
Total Non-Operating Revenues		3,032		7,153	
Change in Net Position		3,032		(151,792)	
Total Net Position - Beginning		594,454		2,300,385	
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	597,486	\$	2,148,593	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Morai	rise Fund ne Loan ogram	Internal Service Funds		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Cash received for services	\$	-	\$	2,190,140	
Miscellaneous receipts & reimbursements		-		6,654	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods or services		-		(2,063,029)	
Cash paid to employees for services				(243,721)	
Net cash used in operating activities				(109,956)	
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities					
Repayment of loan principal		916		-	
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		916			
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Investment earnings		3,032		7,153	
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,032		7,153	
Net Change		3,948		(102,803)	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Beginning of Year		588,607		2,263,749	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments End of Year	\$	592,555	\$	2,160,946	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities					
Operating loss	\$	-	\$	(158,945)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss					
to net cash used in operating activities:					
Decrease in inventories		-		21,789	
Increase in accounts payable		-		28,876	
Decrease in salaries and benefits payable		-		(963)	
Increase in compensated absences payable		-		572	
Decrease in insurance claims payable				(1,285)	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	-	\$	(109,956)	

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Age	ncy Funds
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Cash in Segregated Accounts	\$	44,546 21,199
Total Assets	\$	65,745
LIABILITIES Deposits Due to Other Governments Escrow Bonds and Deposits	\$	45,674 18,516 1,555
Total Liabilities	\$	65,745

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND REPORTING ENTITY:

The City of Moraine (the "City") is a home rule municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio, which operates under its own Charter. The current Charter was adopted in 1966 and has subsequently been amended. As provided in the Charter, the City operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The City was incorporated in 1958 and gained City status in 1965.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the City are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds and departments which provide the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation (refuse collection on a contractual basis), parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The City currently has no component units.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the City of Moraine have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by a recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business-type activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets and deferred outflows of resources are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources compared to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the Charter of the City.

<u>Economic Development Fund</u> – This fund accounts for economic development projects that the City operates. These are funded with grant monies and general City funds.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

<u>Street Construction and Maintenance Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with construction and maintenance of the City's transportation infrastructure.

<u>T.I.F. Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with a redevelopment of an area financed by tax increment financing and economic development of other areas within the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Types

The proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The City has one enterprise fund, the Moraine Loan Program fund, which accounts for home improvement and business loans offered to residents and businesses located within the City.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – An internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has three internal service funds. They are the City Garage Fund used to account for the cost of servicing the vehicles and maintenance equipment of City departments, the Health Insurance Program Fund used to accumulate and account for monies for the payment of health insurance costs for the employees of City departments and the Insurance Reserve Fund used to account for monies to cover legal services related to lawsuits and other expenditures where reimbursement is received from the general insurance carrier.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's fiduciary funds include agency funds only and account for undistributed receipts of the Moraine Mayor's Court and miscellaneous deposits received by the City.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operations of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources along with current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances report the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources along with all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows or resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the City is thirty-one days after year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income tax, property tax, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income tax is recognized in the fiscal year in which the tax imposed takes place and revenue from property tax is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements and matching requirements. Timing requirements specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted. Matching requirements specify how the City must provide local resources and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including local government assistance, gasoline tax and vehicle license tax), EMS charges for services, court fines and forfeitures, and investment earnings.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate category for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reported no amounts which are classified as deferred outflows of resources at December 31, 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, and unavailable revenues. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is a legally enforceable claim as of December 31, 2012, but which were levied to finance subsequent year operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund balance sheet. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, income taxes, intergovernmental grants, charges for services and other revenue sources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period the amounts become available.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Money for all funds, except the Health Insurance Program Fund, is maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pooled bank account is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. For investments in open-end mutual funds, fair value is determined by the fund's share price.

During the year, the City's investments included STAROhio. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State of Ohio's Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within Ohio to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2012.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase, and investments of the cash management pool are reported as cash equivalents on the financial statements.

Interest income is distributed to the funds according to ordinance and statutory requirements. Interest revenue reported in the statement of activities for 2012 amounted to \$34,138.

Supplies Inventory

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories are presented at cost on first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2012, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Land Held for Resale

The City owns property that it has determined holds value to private developers. As a result, the City intends to sell the land and has classified the land as land held for resale in the T.I.F. fund at the net realizable value, which approximates fair market value as determined by the City at year end.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, infrastructure, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets utilized by governmental activities are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported in the respective fund financial statements with the enterprise funds capital assets being reported in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

The City defines capital assets as those with an individual cost of more than \$3,000 except for improvements to infrastructure, which is \$50,000. All capital assets are capitalized at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. Interest on constructed capital assets within the business-type activities is capitalized. When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide statements and the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements. The City's infrastructure consists of bridges, culverts, curbs, storm sewers and streets. At December 31, 2012, the City had no proprietary capital assets.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historic records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land Improvements	20-25 years
Building and Improvements	20-40 years
Machinery and Equipment	2-25 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

Compensated Absences

Vacation leave accumulated by employees is accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned when both of these conditions are met:

1. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

A liability for sick leave is accrued based on guidelines set forth in GASB Statement No. 16 "Accounting for Compensated Absences". The vesting method was implemented and states that the City will estimate its liability based on sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as specified by the retirement system as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. In proprietary funds the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from the governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment from current and available resources. Bonds, capital leases and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Fund Balance

The City reports classifications of fund equity based on the purpose for which resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. Nonspendable fund balance indicates resources that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form. Resources that have purpose constraints placed upon them by laws, regulations, creditors, grantors, or other external parties are considered available only for the purpose for which they were received and are reported as a restricted fund balance. The City may limit the use of unreserved resources and they may be reported as committed or assigned fund balance depending on at what level of governance the constraints were placed. With an affirmative vote of its members, through ordinance, the City Council may create funds for which resources are committed to the established purpose of that fund. Once funds are committed, those resources may not be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed previously to commit those amounts. Through the City's purchasing policy the Council has given the Finance Director the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes, which are reported as assigned fund balances. All other funds in spendable form not restricted, committed or assigned are reported as an unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The City considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position is the residual amount when comparing assets and deferred outflows of resources to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. At December 31, 2012, none of the City's net position is restricted by enabling legislation.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses that do not meet these definitions are reported as non-operating.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditure/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayment from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental and business-type activities have been eliminated in the government-wide statement of net position. These eliminations minimize the duplicate effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities total column; however, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

All funds, except for agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Council may appropriate. The appropriation ordinance is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by the Council at the department level with a detail breakdown by personal services, operating and capital expenditures/expenses. Budgetary control is maintained by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations at the department level within each fund. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate at the time final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation ordinance is subject to amendment by Council throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covers the entire year plus amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Monies of substantially all funds of the City are maintained or invested in a common group of bank accounts and STAROhio. This is done in order to limit the risk associated with the investments while providing for a reasonable market rate of return. Interest income is distributed to the funds according to local ordinances and statutory requirements.

The provisions of the Charter and Codified Ordinances of the City and the Ohio Revised Code govern the investment and deposit of City monies. In accordance with these provisions, only financial institutions located in Ohio, as well as primary and regional securities dealers are eligible to hold public deposits. The provisions also permit the City to invest its monies in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, money market accounts, the State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio), obligations of the United States government or certain agencies thereof, bankers acceptance notes, and commercial paper. The City may also enter into repurchase agreements with any eligible depository for a period not exceeding five years.

Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. According to the City's Deposit and Investment Policy, these institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or may pledge a pool of government securities, the face value of which is at least 105 percent of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. Protection of the City's cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third parties of the financial institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

At year end, the City reported a bank balance of \$603,688 which was entirely covered by federal deposit insurance.

Investments

At year-end, the City had the following investments:

			_					Maturity			
Investment Type	Rating	 Fair Value		6 months or less	_	7 to 12 months	_	13 to 18 months	19 to 24 months	_	Two to five years
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	AA+	\$ 774,462	\$	190,758	\$	220,596	\$	147,540	\$ 55,333	\$	160,235
Federal National Mortgage	AA+	3,803,266		231,343		206,195		51,432	-		3,314,296
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+	947,947		451,900		268,368		147,615	80,064		-
Negotiable CD's	N/A	3,481,942		1,157,150		1,357,815		482,388	484,589		-
STAR Ohio	AAAm	322,595		322,595		-		-	-		-
Mutual Funds	N/A	2,754,509		2,754,509		-		-	-		-
US Treasury Money Market	N/A	 58,637		58,637	_				 		
		\$ 12,143,358	\$	5,166,892	\$	2,052,974	\$	828,975	\$ 619,986	\$	3,474,531

Interest Rate Risk – The City's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by directing management to attempt to match the term to maturity of the investments with anticipated cash flow requirements and investing active deposits necessary for operating funds primarily in short term demand accounts and money market accounts or similar investments.

Credit Risk – The City's investment policy restricts investments in obligations of the United States Treasury and Federal Agencies to direct obligations of the issuing entity. The City's policy requires commercial paper to have a credit rating in the highest classification established by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services and the aggregate value of the notes cannot exceed ten per cent of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation. Bankers acceptances are restricted to those insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation, are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System and the obligations mature not later than one hundred eighty days after purchase. All negotiable certificates of deposit are covered by FDIC.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute which prohibit payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by limiting the portfolio holding of allowable investments to the following percentages:

<u>Diversification of Instrument</u>	Maximum Percent Allowed
U.S. Treasury Obligations	100%
Authorized U.S. Federal Agency Securities and	
U.S. Government-sponsored Corporations	100%
Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit	100%
Authorized Bankers Acceptance	25%
STAR Ohio	100%
Prime Commercial Paper	25%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

The following table includes percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2012:

	Fair	Percent
Investment Type	 Value	of Total
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	\$ 774,462	6.38%
Federal National Mortgage	3,803,266	31.32%
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	947,947	7.81%
Negotiable CD's	3,481,942	28.67%
STAR Ohio	322,595	2.66%
Mutual Fund	2,754,509	22.68%
US Treasury Money Market	58,637	0.48%
	\$ 12,143,358	100.00%

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES:

Receivables at December 31, 2012 consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements, shared revenues and special assessments.

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the City. Real property and public utility taxes collected during 2012 were levied on December 31, 2011 on assessed values listed as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. One-half of these taxes are due February 15, 2012 with the remaining balance due on July 15, 2012. Property tax payments received during 2012 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for 2012 taxes.

Assessed values of real property are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every six years with equalization adjustments in the third year following reappraisal. The most recent revaluation was completed in 2008.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business railroad property was eliminated in 2009 and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property was eliminated in calendar year 2011. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the City due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the City was fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$2.5 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2012 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property Tax Assessed Valuation	\$ 145,392,190
Public Utility Real Property Assessed Valuation	352,090
Public Utility Personal Property Assessed Valuation	63,245,550
Total	\$ 208,989,830

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the City of Moraine. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes receivable represents real, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2012, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. At the fund level, the entire receivable has been offset as a deferred inflow of resources since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2012 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On the full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue.

Income Tax

The City levies a municipal income tax of two percent on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, the residents of the City are required to pay income tax on income earned outside the City; however, the City allows a credit for income taxes paid to another municipality up to 100 percent of the City's current income tax rate.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City monthly. Corporation and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually. By ordinance, Council has allocated 10 percent of all income taxes to the Capital Improvement Fund to finance annual capital improvements.

Loans Receivable

The City operates a long-term home improvement loan program as an enterprise fund. Loans receivable at December 31, 2012 were \$4,931.

In 2001, as an economic development tool, the City began offering business loans that would be forgiven if the business met certain employment and financial conditions over the life of the loan. The first such loan was made during 2001. The loans receivable in the Economic Development Fund at December 31, 2012 were as follows:

Loans Receivable, 12/31/2011	\$ 233,471
New Loans	95,000
Forgiven Loans	 (126,477)
Loans Receivable, 12/31/2012	\$ 201,994

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2012 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	12/31/11	Increases	Decreases	12/31/12
Governmental Activities				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 10,865,745	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,865,745
Construction in Progress	1,719,363		(1,619,363)	100,000
Non-depreciable capital assets:	12,585,108		(1,619,363)	10,965,745
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	12,554,571	-	-	12,554,571
Equipment	9,660,865	314,485	(15,928)	9,959,422
Infrastructure	27,165,847	1,521,491		28,687,338
Depreciable capital assets:	49,381,283	1,835,976	(15,928)	51,201,331
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(7,302,998)	(343,120)	-	(7,646,118)
Equipment	(7,961,395)	(352,202)	15,928	(8,297,669)
Infrastructure	(14,155,561)	(1,226,570)		(15,382,131)
Accumulated depreciation	(29,419,954)	(1,921,892) *	15,928	(31,325,918)
Depreciable capital assets, net	19,961,329	(85,916)	-	19,875,413
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 32,546,437	\$ (85,916)	\$ (1,619,363)	\$ 30,841,158

^{* -} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 147,799
Public Safety	417,413
Highways and Streets	1,114,764
Culture and Recreation	222,931
Health and Welfare	6,225
Economic Development	 12,760
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,921,892

Prior to the start of the 2010 season, the City decided not to open its water park, Splash! Moraine, due to budgetary constraints. While the City hopes to re-open the facility in the future, there is no current timetable to do so. No impairment loss is recognized since the City is still performing normal, routine maintenance to ensure the asset does not lose value, other than normal depreciation, over time. The carrying value of this asset as of December 31, 2012 is \$282,648, of which, \$272,762 and \$9,886 is related to buildings and equipment, respectively.

Capital assets of the Internal Service City Garage Fund include machinery and equipment with a cost of \$173,851 and accumulated depreciation of \$173,851.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS:

Both the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System are reported using GASB Statement No. 27 "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers". Substantially all City employees are covered by one of the two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, namely, the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund or the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio. Both funds provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The City participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, Attention: Finance Director, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2012, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans discussed above. Separate divisions for law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Plan. The 2012 member contribution rates were 10% of their annual salary for members in state and local classifications. The 2012 employer contribution rate for state and local employers was 14% of covered payroll. The City's required contributions to OPERS for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$753,600, \$770,793, and \$758,793, respectively; 89% has been contributed for 2012 and 100% for 2011 and 2010. The balance of the 2012 required contribution is reported as a component of the salaries and benefits payable liability.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations while the city is required to contribute 19.5% for police officers and 24% for firefighters. The City's contributions to the fund for police officers and firefighters for the years ending December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$923,258, \$989,698 and \$995,255, respectively; 74% has been contributed for 2012 and 100% for 2011 and 2010. The balance of the 2012 required contribution is reported as a component of the salaries and benefits payable liability.

NOTE 7 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment benefits other than Pension," establishes standards for disclosure information for postemployment benefits other than pension benefits. Both OPERS and OP&F have post-employment benefits that meet the definition as described in GASB Statement 45.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care benefits.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2012, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14% of covered payroll, and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post employment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 4.0% during calendar year 2012. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Combined Plan was 6.05% during calendar year 2012. Effective January 1, 2013, the portion of employer contributions allocated to healthcare was lowered to 1 percent for both plans, as recommended by the OPERS Actuary. The OPERS Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree, or their surviving beneficiaries, to pay a portion of the health care benefits provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Actual employer contributions for 2012, 2011 and 2010 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$215,314, \$220,227 and \$275,534, respectively; 89% has been contributed for 2012 and 100% for 2011 and 2010. The balance of the 2012 required contribution is reported as a component of the salaries and benefits payable liability.

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under SB 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4 percent of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependent.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of payroll of active pension members, currently 19.5% and 24.0% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.0% for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Service Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan was 6.75% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h). The City's actual contributions for 2012, 2011 and 2010 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$287,989, \$311,883, and \$312,784 for police and firefighters, respectively; 74% has been contributed for 2012 and 100% for 2011 and 2010. The balance of the 2012 required contribution is reported as a component of the salaries and benefits payable liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

NOTE 8 – OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:

Compensated Absences

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 16, the City accrues a liability for sick leave and vacation when the obligation is attributable to services previously rendered, to rights that vest or accumulate, and where payment of the obligation is probable and can be reasonably determined.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation

City employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. At termination or retirement, employees are paid at their full rate for 100% of their unused vacation. The obligation for accrued unpaid vacation time for the City as a whole amounted to \$931,247 at December 31, 2012.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

City employees earn sick leave at varying rates based upon length of service and when the employee was hired. Employees who have completed ten to twenty years of service and were hired prior to April 11, 1993 and have a sick leave balance are able to receive payment upon retirement of one hour for each two hours accumulated. For service beyond twenty years an employee would receive payment for each hour accumulated in that time. Employees hired after April 11, 1993 that have completed ten to twenty years of service are able to receive payment upon retirement of one hour for each three hours up to a maximum of 720 hours. For service beyond twenty years an employee would receive payment upon retirement of one hour for every three accumulated up to a maximum of 960 hours. Individuals leaving the employment of the City prior to retirement or at retirement with less than ten years of service lose their accumulated sick leave. The obligation for accrued unpaid sick leave for the City as a whole amounted to \$1,816,583.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. In 1995 the City joined the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP) for coverage of these risks. The risk of loss is transferred to the Pool. PEP financial data as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 was as follows:

Casualty & Property Coverage

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Assets	\$ 34,389,569	\$ 33,362,404
Liabilities	(14,208,353)	(14,187,273)
Net Position - Unrestricted	\$ 20,181,216	\$ 19,175,131

Unpaid claims to be billed were approximately \$12.6 million in 2012 and \$12.1 million in 2011. The Pool's membership increased from 455 members in 2011 to 466 members in 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing arrangements to reduce its exposure to loss. These agreements permit recovery of a portion of its claims from reinsurers and a risk-sharing pool; however, they do not discharge the Pool's primary liability for such payments. The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York Risk Pooling Services, Inc (YORK). APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, the Pool retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. (At December 31, 2012 the Pool retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$150,000 for property claims). The Board of Directors and YORK periodically review the financial strength of the Pool and other market conditions to determine the appropriate level of risk the Pool will retain. Coverage has not changed and losses have not exceeded coverage the last three years.

Health Insurance Coverage

The City provides health insurance coverage for its employees. This program is accounted for in the Internal Service Health Insurance Program Fund. This coverage is provided by the City self-funding a portion of the program with the balance of coverage provided by stop loss coverage through Anthem Insurance Company. The stop loss carrier provides coverage as follows: the City paid all claims up to \$75,000 per individual or \$1,925,000 in aggregate during the contract year, which runs from August 1 through July 31 of each year. The City expects that all claims will be settled within one year.

Stop loss reimbursement for the past three years:

Below is a claims history for the past three years:

	<u>2012</u> <u>2011</u>			<u>2010</u>		
Claims liability at January 1	\$	53,087	\$	77,379	\$	90,380
Claims incurred		1,475,154		1,454,203	1	,423,012
Claims paid	_	(1,476,439)	_	(1,478,495)	(1	,436,013)
Claims liability at December 31	\$	51,802	\$	53,087	\$	77,379

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

On January 7, 2010 the City issued \$5,805,000 in various purpose infrastructure and improvement general obligation bonds. These bonds were issued to retire outstanding notes of \$5,300,000 that were originally issued for the purpose of designing, engineering, constructing and improving new and existing infrastructure. The issue is made up of serial and term bonds with interest rates between 2% and 5%. The bonds will mature on December 1, 2034. A portion of the debt service on the bonds will be paid from service payments in lieu of taxes made by certain property owners in the area benefited by the project. In the event TIF payments are insufficient to cover debt service, the City is responsible for the debt service payments.

The City has received two separate loans from the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) to finance various projects. In 1996, the City borrowed \$784,000 from OPWC for street improvements. During 2009, the City borrowed \$450,000 also for street improvements. Both loans are interest free.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

The changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2012, were as follows:

	Beginning		Ending	Due within	
	Balance	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Various Purpose Infrastructure & Improv bonds	\$ 5,775,000	\$ -	\$ 40,000	\$ 5,735,000	\$ 50,000
Premium on Bonds	87,173	-	3,790	83,383	-
Ohio Public Works Commission - 0%	554,805	-	50,210	504,595	50,210
Capital Lease Obligation	285,385	-	141,325	144,060	144,060
Compensated Absences	2,858,248	21,241	131,658	2,747,831	573,913
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 9,560,611	\$ 21,241	\$ 366,983	\$ 9,214,869	\$ 818,183

The compensated absences are liquidated from the General Fund, Parks and Recreation Fund, and the Street Construction and Maintenance Fund.

Principal and interest requirement to retire the City's future long-term debt funding requirements are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Various Purpose							
	Infrastru	ecture and					
	Improven	nent Bonds	OPWC				
Calendar							
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal				
2013	\$ 50,000	\$ 253,361	\$ 50,210				
2014	60,000	252,561	50,210				
2015	185,000	251,561	50,210				
2016	190,000	250,061	50,210				
2017	195,000	239,273	50,210				
2018-2022	1,105,000	1,072,793	112,500				
2023-2027	1,400,000	781,317	112,500				
2028-2032	1,740,000	439,847	28,545				
2033-2034	810,000	57,950					
Total	\$5,735,000	\$ 3,598,724	\$ 504,595				

NOTE 11 – CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS:

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issue. The City, the State, nor any political subdivision, thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

As of December 31, 1997, there were eleven series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for the eleven series issued prior to January 1, 1997 could not be determined; however, their original issue amounts totaled \$32.9 million. There were no series issued after January 1, 1997.

NOTE 12 – OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATION:

The City has agreed to make the Bond payments less all hook-up fees for a sewer trunk line that Montgomery County installed to benefit a new industrial park in the City limits. The bond payments are billed to the City each year less all hook-up fees. The 2012 payment was \$75,928 and included \$38,000 in principal and \$37,928 in interest. These payments are recorded as expenses in the year that they are paid and no asset or long term liability is being carried on the City's books. The sewer belongs to, and is maintained by, Montgomery County.

NOTE 13 – CAPITAL LEASE:

The City previously entered into a lease agreement as lessee with Kansas State Bank for a new fire truck for \$693,399. The accumulated depreciation on the fire truck as of December 31, 2012 is \$208,019 resulting in a book value of \$485,380. The lease will be repaid over five years and qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes (title transfers at the end of the lease term) and, therefore has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

This lease obligation meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the governmental fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments for the capital leases, and the present value of the future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2012:

Year Ending		
December 31,	_	
2013	\$	146,888
Total Minimum Lease Payments		146,888
Less: Amount representing interest	_	(2,828)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	144,060

NOTE 14 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY:

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2012, consisted of the following:

Transfer to Fund	Transfer from Fund	Amount
Street Construction and Maintenance	General	\$ 1,200,000
Nonmajor - Police Pension	General	425,000
Nonmajor - Fire Pension	General	375,000
		\$ 2,000,000

Transfers are used to move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the City must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Due From/To Other Funds is recorded in the General Fund and Economic Development Fund for \$845,000. The outstanding balance between funds is the result of a working capital loan to the Economic Development Fund. None of the balance is scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 15 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Litigation

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits and subject to various claims over which litigation has not yet commenced. Although the outcomes of these matters is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management and the law director, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Federal and State Grants

For the period January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the City received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies or their designee. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE 16 – COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

At December 31, 2012, the Economic Development Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$431,762 and the Fire Pension Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$74,022. The deficits occurred as a result of current year accruals being recognized and deficits do not exist on a cash basis. The General Fund provides transfers to cover fund deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed and not when accruals occur.

NOTE 17 – COMMITMENTS:

Encumbrances

Outstanding encumbrances at year-end include:

		Encumbrance
Fund	_	Outstanding
General	\$	599,512
Economic Development		-
Capital Improvement		1,974,282
Street Construction & Maintenance		27,243
T.I.F.		-
Other Governmental Funds		1,714
	\$	2,602,751

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 18 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT:

Change in Accounting Principles

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the City implemented several GASB Statements which had an impact on its accounting and financial reporting and are described below.

GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, incorporates into GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the FASB and AICPA pronouncements which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

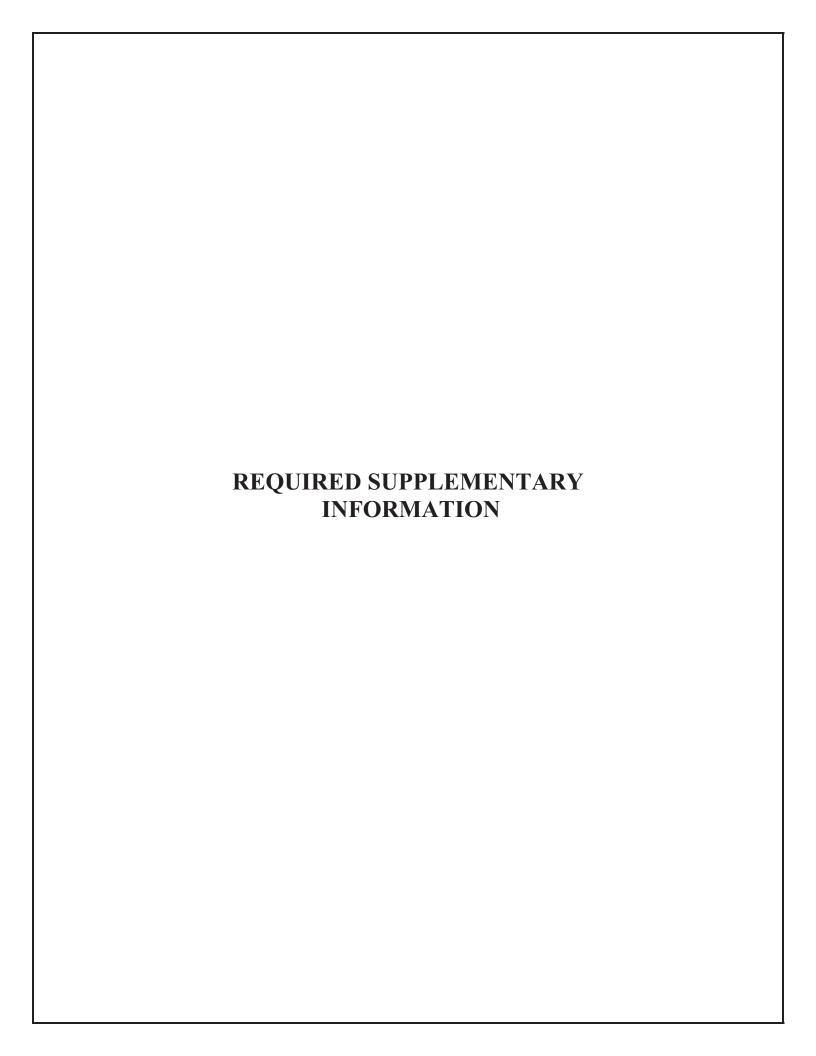
GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The Statement also identified net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a balance sheet, amending the net asset reporting requirements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure of the balance sheet and by renaming that measure as net position.

GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, reclassifies as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. Items which are currently reported by the City affected by this implementation include deferred/unearned revenues, and unamortized debt issuance costs.

Prior Period Adjustments

In prior periods, the City reported assets related to unamortized debt issuance costs in the government-wide financial statements. GASB Statement No. 65 has reclassified debt issuance costs as an expense of the period when the debt is issued rather than amortizing the cost over the life of the debt. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 requires the following restatement of prior period's net position amounts:

	G	overnmental
		Activities
Net Position, 12/31/2011	\$	40,870,603
Elimination of Unamortized Debt		
Issuance Cost per GASB 65		(167,727)
Restated Net Position, 1/1/2012	\$	40,702,876



GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Original Budget Final Budget			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES				Actual		(=)	
Taxes:							
Income	\$ 11,048,843	\$ 10,912,500	\$	9,090,299	\$	(1,822,201)	
Property	421,750	421,750		360,598		(61,152)	
Other	55,000	55,000		23,822		(31,178)	
Shared Revenues	325,000	325,000		174,001		(150,999)	
License and Permits	13,150	13,150		60,931		47,781	
Charges for Services	466,900	466,900		334,084		(132,816)	
Fines	360,975	360,975		287,454		(73,521)	
Investment Earnings	400,000	400,000		167,952		(232,048)	
Rents and Royalties	15,200	15,200		13,759		(1,441)	
Intergovernmental	181,295	181,295		125,202		(56,093)	
Miscellaneous	870,735	870,735		125,724		(745,011)	
Total Revenues	14,158,848	14,022,505		10,763,826		(3,258,679)	
EXPENDITURES GENERAL GOVERNMENT Council							
Personnel services	16 702	12 700		12.700			
	16,723	12,709		12,709		-	
General operating expenses Total Council	18,987 35,710	17,029 29,738		17,029 29,738			
			-				
Clerk of Council							
Personnel services	65,088	63,519		63,519		-	
General operating expenses	12,542	11,985		11,985		-	
Total Clerk of Council	77,630	75,504		75,504			
City Manager							
Personnel services	304,686	295,717		295,717		_	
General operating expenses	39,132	24,305		24,305		-	
Total City Manager	343,818	320,022		320,022		-	
Clerk of Courts							
Personnel services	132,237	122,266		122,266		_	
General operating expenses	28,683	24,923		24,923		_	
Total Clerk of Courts	160,920	147,189		147,189		-	
Law Director							
General operating expenses	216,229	109,784		109,784		_	
Total Law Director	216,229	109,784		109,784		-	
						(continued)	

GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Merit Service				
General operating expenses	25,000	3,494	3,494	
Total Merit Service	25,000	3,494	3,494	
Mayor				
Personnel services	12,742	11,955	11,955	-
General operating expenses	6,786	4,345	4,344	1
Total Mayor	19,528	16,300	16,299	1
Finance				
Personnel services	502,266	449,381	449,381	-
General operating expenses	75,850	54,279	54,278	1
Total Finance	578,116	503,660	503,659	1
Information Center				
Personnel services	111,138	107,537	107,536	1
Total Information Center	111,138	107,537	107,536	1
Public Buildings				
Personnel services	700,501	592,661	592,661	-
General operating expenses	663,026	388,768	388,768	
Total Public Buildings	1,363,527	981,429	981,429	
General Miscellaneous				
Personnel services	395,000	299,772	299,772	-
General operating expenses	550,098	458,457	458,457	
Total General Miscellaneous	945,098	758,229	758,229	
Information Technology				
Personnel services	116,020	105,420	105,420	-
General operating expenses	234,240	221,972	221,972	
Total Information Technology	350,260	327,392	327,392	
Human Resources				
General operating expenses	71,374	43,044	43,044	
Total Human Resources	71,374	43,044	43,044	
OTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	4,298,348	3,423,322	3,423,319	3

GENERAL FUND

	Original			Variance with Final Budget
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Police				
Personnel services	3,480,061	3,350,736	3,350,736	-
General operating expenses	574,263	593,105	593,105	-
Total Police	4,054,324	3,943,841	3,943,841	
Fire				
Personnel services	3,336,414	2,984,962	2,984,962	-
General operating expenses	348,655	214,030	214,029	1
Total Fire	3,685,069	3,198,992	3,198,991	1
Civil Defense				
General operating expenses	11,650	10,578	10,578	-
Total Civil Defense	11,650	10,578	10,578	
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	7,751,043	7,153,411	7,153,410	1
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS				
Engineering	155.000	104065	124265	
Personnel services	155,900	134,267	134,267	-
General operating expenses	121,652	101,594	101,594	
Total Engineering	277,552	235,861	235,861	
Street Lighting				
General operating expenses	270,000	270,000	270,000	
Total Street Lighting	270,000	270,000	270,000	
TOTAL HIGHWAYS AND STREETS	547,552	505,861	505,861	
SANITATION				
Waste Collection	252 105	262.526	262.526	
General operating expenses	372,195	363,526	363,526	
Total Waste Collection	372,195	363,526	363,526	
TOTAL SANITATION	372,195	363,526	363,526	
HEALTH AND WELFARE				
Health & Alcoholism				
General operating expenses	2,000	1,042	1,042	
Total Health & Alcoholism	2,000	1,042	1,042	
Board of Zoning Appeals				
General operating expenses	450	300	300	
Total Board of Zoning Appeals	450	300	300	
				(continued)

GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
For Year Ended December 31, 2012
(continued)

	Original			Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Building Inspection	Budget	Tillal Budget	Actual	rositive (Negative)
Personnel services	69,385	66,493	66,493	_
General operating expenses	45,472	79,821	79,821	_
Total Building Inspection	114,857	146,314	146,314	
TOTAL HEALTH AND WELFARE	117,307	147,656	147,656	
		117,000		
CULTURE-RECREATION				
Senior Citizens				
General operating expenses	5,000	5,000	5,000	
Total Senior Citizens	5,000	5,000	5,000	
TOTAL CULTURE-RECREATION	5,000	5,000	5,000	
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND				
ASSISTANCE				
Planning				
Personnel services	172,532	162,228	162,228	_
General operating expenses	31,294	13,741	13,741	_
Total Planning	203,826	175,969	175,969	
Planning Commission				
General operating expenses	4,140	3,573	3,573	_
Total Planning Commission	4,140	3,573	3,573	
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	7,140	3,373	3,373	
AND ASSISTANCE	207,966	179,542	179,542	
AND ASSISTANCE	207,900	179,342	179,342	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	13,299,411	11,778,318	11,778,314	4
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	859,437	2,244,187	(1,014,488)	(3,258,675)
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (LISES)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2.050.000)	(2.500.000)	(2.500.000)	
Transfers out	(2,950,000)	(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)	(17.002)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	25,000 (2,925,000)	25,000 (2,475,000)	7,017	(17,983)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,923,000)	(2,4/3,000)	(2,492,983)	(17,983)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,065,563)	(230,813)	(3,507,471)	(3,276,658)
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,089,732	4,089,732	4,089,732	-
Encumbrances				
	267,884	267,884	267,884	-

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For Year Ended December 31, 2012

							riance with nal Budget
	(Original					Positive
		Budget	Fir	al Budget	Actual	(]	Negative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	460,000	\$	460,000	\$ 	\$	(460,000)
Total Revenues		460,000		460,000	 		(460,000)
EXPENDITURES							
Economic Development		565,000		121,779	 121,779	-	
Total Expenditures		565,000		121,779	 121,779		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(105,000)		338,221	(121,779)		(460,000)
Fund Balance - Beginning		408,188		408,188	408,188		-
Encumbrances		27,500		27,500	 27,500		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	330,688	\$	773,909	\$ 313,909	\$	(460,000)

STREET CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
For Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Shared Revenues	\$ 497,777	\$ 497,776	\$ 386,657	\$ (111,119)
Investment Earnings	22,166	22,166	4,092	(18,074)
Total Revenues	519,943	519,943	390,749	(129,194)
EXPENDITURES				
Highways and Streets				
Personnel Services	1,713,339	1,553,071	1,550,686	2,385
General Operating Expenses	494,154	323,348	322,851	497
Total Highways and Streets	2,207,493	1,876,419	1,873,537	2,882
Total Expenditures	2,207,493	1,876,419	1,873,537	2,882
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(1,687,550)	(1,356,476)	(1,482,788)	(126,312)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	1,596,757	1,596,757	1,200,000	(396,757)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,596,757	1,596,757	1,200,000	(396,757)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(90,793)	240,281	(282,788)	(523,069)
Fund Balance - Beginning	438,937	438,937	438,937	-
Encumbrances	2,104	2,104	2,104	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 350,248	\$ 681,322	\$ 158,253	\$ (523,069)

T. I. F. FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For Year Ended December 31, 2012

	(Original				Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
]	Budget	Fi	nal Budget	Actual	(1)	Negative)
REVENUES							
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$ 33,136	\$	(41,864)
Investment Earnings		2,500		2,500	8,676		6,176
Total Revenues		77,500		77,500	41,812		(35,688)
EXPENDITURES							
GENERAL GOVERNMENT							
Engineer							
General operating expenses		-		10,846	10,845		1
Debt Service							
Principal Retirement		50,000		40,000	40,000		-
Interest	-	287,861		253,361	 253,361		_
Total Expenditures		337,861		304,207	 304,206		1_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		(260,361)		(226,707)	 (262,394)		(35,687)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		350,000		350,000	695,082		345,082
Total Other Financing Sources		350,000		350,000	 695,082		345,082
Net Change in Fund Balance		89,639		123,293	432,688		309,395
Fund Balance - Beginning		218,425		218,425	218,425		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	308,064	\$	341,718	\$ 651,113	\$	309,395

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

NOTE A-BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP Basis).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

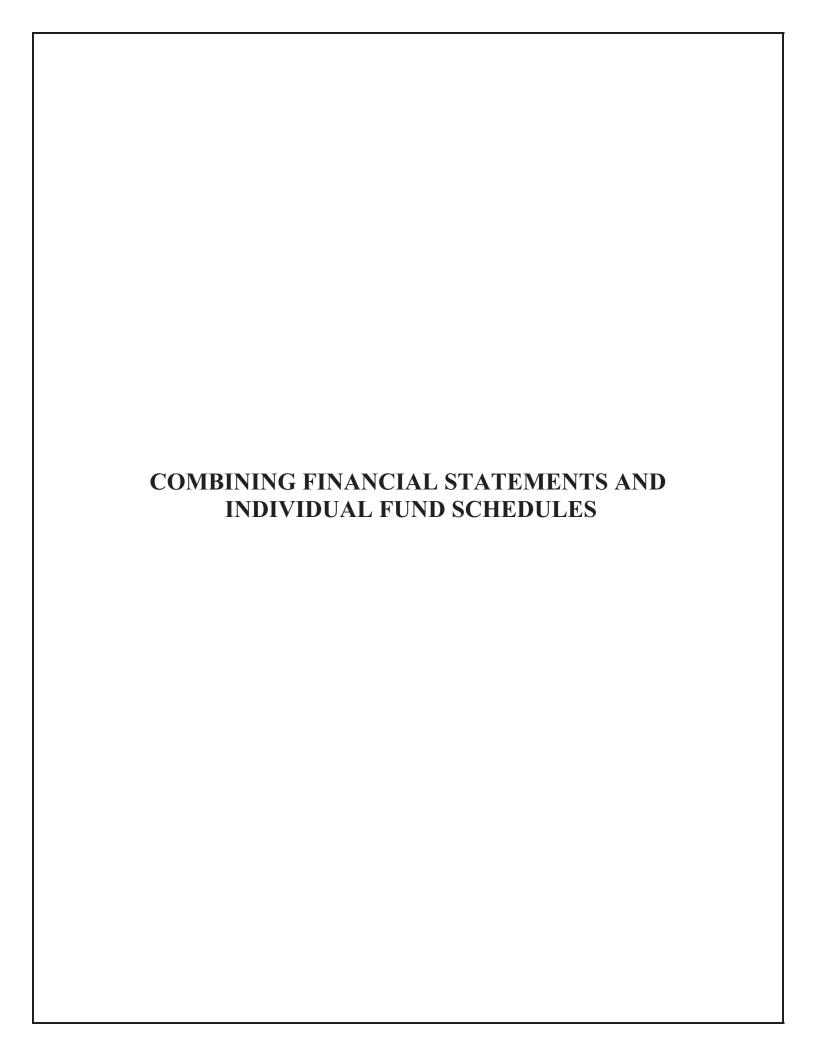
Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budgetary basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

Some funds are included in the General fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budgetary basis).

The following summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP statements and the budgetary basis schedule for the City's major funds.

Net Change in Fund Balance

			Street	
		Economic	Construction	
	General	Development	and Maintenance	T.I.F.
GAAP Basis	\$ (3,279,684)	\$ (255,921)	\$ (245,884)	\$ (295,288)
Revenue Accruals	185,889	-	6,888	2,976
Expenditure Accruals	69,523	134,142	(16,549)	29,918
Encumbrances	(566,469)	-	(27,243)	-
Other Financing Sources	-	-	-	695,082
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere	83,270			
Budget Basis	\$ (3,507,471)	\$ (121,779)	\$ (282,788)	\$ 432,688



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2012

	major Special venue Funds	nmajor Debt rvice Fund	tal Nonmajor rnmental Funds
ASSETS			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,629,946	\$ 154,461	\$ 1,784,407
Receivables:			
Property Tax	131,142	-	131,142
Accounts	1,190	-	1,190
Intergovernmental	 25,954	 -	 25,954
Total Assets	\$ 1,788,232	\$ 154,461	\$ 1,942,693
LIABILITIES			
Salaries and Benefits Payable	\$ 237,635	\$ _	\$ 237,635
Total Liabilities	237,635		237,635
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Property Taxes	119,664	-	119,664
Unavailable for:			
Delinquent Property Taxes	11,478	-	11,478
Intergovernmental	22,275	-	22,275
Other Sources	1,190	-	1,190
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	154,607	-	154,607
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for:			
Law Enforcement	357,893	-	357,893
Cemetery Services	130,710	-	130,710
Debt Service	-	154,461	154,461
Street Repair and Maintenance	981,409	-	981,409
Unassigned	(74,022)	-	(74,022)
Total Fund Balance	 1,395,990	154,461	1,550,451
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 1,788,232	\$ 154,461	\$ 1,942,693

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Ended December 31, 2012

	najor Special enue Funds	ajor Debt ce Fund	al Nonmajor amental Funds
REVENUES			
Taxes:			
Property	\$ 137,545	\$ -	\$ 137,545
Shared Revenues	52,953	-	52,953
Charges for Services	4,400	-	4,400
Fines	24,104	-	24,104
Investment Earnings	10,034	733	10,767
Miscellaneous	 4,088	 -	 4,088
Total Revenues	233,124	733	233,857
EXPENDITURES			
General government	1,484	-	1,484
Public Safety	926,373	-	926,373
Total Expenditures	927,857	-	927,857
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	 (694,733)	 733	 (694,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	800,000	-	800,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	800,000	_	800,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	105,267	733	106,000
Fund Balance - Beginning	 1,290,723	153,728	 1,444,451
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,395,990	\$ 154,461	\$ 1,550,451

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
December 31, 2012

Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$ 1,629,946	131,142	25,954	\$ 1,788,232	\$ 237,635	119.664	11,478	22,275	1,190	154,607		130,710	981,409	(74,022)	1,395,990	\$ 1,788,232
Drug Law Enforcement	\$ 42,326	1 1	'	\$ 42,326	·	,		٠	'		9	42,320	•	1	42,326	\$ 42,326
State Law Enforcement	\$ 121,054	1 1	'	\$ 121,054		 	1	1	1	1		121,054	•	-	121,054	\$ 121,054
Federal Law Enforcement	76,889	1 1	'	76,889		 	ı	,	1	1	i t	- '0,889	•	-	76,889	76,889
Fire Pension	\$ 51,118 \$	65,571	1,368	\$ 118,057 \$	\$ 125,140 \$ 125,140	59.832	5,739	1,368		66,939			•	(74,022)	(74,022)	\$ 118,057
Police Pension	\$ 170,558	65,571	1,368	\$ 237,497	\$ 112,495	59,832	5,739	1,368	1	66,939		58,005	•		58,063	\$ 237,497
Enforcement and Education	59,561	1 1	1	59,561		,	,	ı	1	1		195,961	1	1	59,561	59,561
Motor Vehicle License Tax a	190,679 \$	1 1	9,166	199,845 \$	· ·	 	ı	7,844		7,844			192,001	-	192,001	199,845
M Cemetery I	\$ 130,710 \$	1.190		\$ 131,900 \$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 		1	1,190	1,190		130,710	ı	-	130,710	801,103 \$ 131,900 \$
State Highway Improvement	\$ 787,051		14,052	\$ 801,103	· '		•	11,695	'	11,695			789,408	1	789,408	\$ 801,103
1	ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables:	Property Tax Accounts	Intergovernmental	Total Assets	LIABILITIES Salaries and Benefits Payable Total Current Liabilities	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property Taxes	Unavailable for: Delinquent Property Taxes	Intergovernmental	Other Sources	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	FUND BALANCE Restricted for:	Law Entorcement Cemetery Services	Street Repair and Maintenance	Unassigned	Total Fund Balance	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance ==

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	State Highway Improvement	Cemetery	Motor Vehicle License Tax	Enforcement and Education	Police Pension	Fire Pension	Federal Law Enforcement	State Law Enforcement	Drug Law Enforcement	Total Specia	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES Tayes:											
Property	· •	· •	· •	· ·	\$ 68,773	\$ 68,772	· •	· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	€9	137,545
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Shared Revenues	31,374	1	21,579	•	,	,	1	•	1		52,953
Charges for Services		4,400		1	ı	İ	1	1	1		4,400
Fines	•	,	'	749	1	ı	3,029	20,326	•		24,104
Investment Earnings	3,873	134	1,006	178	1,879	1,676	409	829	201		10,034
Miscellaneous	1	4,088	1		1	1	1	1	1		4,088
Total Revenues	35,247	8,622	22,585	927	70,652	70,448	3,438	21,004	201		233,124
EXPENDITURES											
General government	•	1,484	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		1,484
Public Safety	•	•	•	1,286	440,197	484,890	•	•	•		926,373
Total Expenditures	1	1,484	1	1,286	440,197	484,890	1	1	1		927,857
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over (under) Expenditures	35,247	7,138	22,585	(359)	(369,545)	(414,442)	3,438	21,004	201		(694,733)
OTHER FINANCING SOITRCES (TISES)											
Transfers in	1	1	1	1	425,000	375,000	ı	1	1		800,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	'	'	,		425.000	375,000	'	'	1		800,000
						,					,
Net Change in Fund Balance	35,247	7,138	22,585	(359)	55,455	(39,442)	3,438	21,004	201		105,267
Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	754,161 \$ 789,408	123,572 \$ 130,710	169,416 \$ 192,001	59,920 \$ 59,561	2,608	(34,580)	73,451	100,050	42,125 \$ 42,326	S	1,290,723

STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

For Year Ended December 31, 2012

REVENUES	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget_	 Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget e (Negative)
Shared Revenues	\$ 34,195	\$	34,195	\$ 31,351	\$	(2,844)
Investment Earnings	16,805		16,805	15,407		(1,398)
Total Revenues	51,000		51,000	46,758		(4,242)
Net Change in Fund Balance	51,000		51,000	46,758		(4,242)
Fund Balance - Beginning	739,485		739,485	739,485		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 790,485	\$	790,485	\$ 786,243	\$	(4,242)

CEMETERY FUND

	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$ 2,929	\$	2,929	\$ 4,400	\$	1,471
Investment Earnings	1,687		1,687	2,535		848
Miscellaneous	 2,384		2,384	 3,581		1,197
Total Revenues	 7,000		7,000	 10,516		3,516
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	9,750		1,484	1,484		-
Total Expenditures	 9,750		1,484	 1,484		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,750)		5,516	9,032		3,516
Fund Balance - Beginning	 123,544		123,544	 123,544		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 120,794	\$	129,060	\$ 132,576	\$	3,516

MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE TAX FUND

	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Budge	et Positive gative)
REVENUES	 					
Shared Revenues	\$ 21,000	\$	21,000	\$ 21,764	\$	764
Investment Earnings	 4,500		4,500	 3,567		(933)
Total Revenues	 25,500		25,500	 25,331		(169)
EXPENDITURES						
Highways and Streets	 			 _		
Total Expenditures						
Net Change in Fund Balance	25,500		25,500	25,331		(169)
Fund Balance - Beginning	 165,153		165,153	165,153		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 190,653	\$	190,653	\$ 190,484	\$	(169)

ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

For Year Ended December 31, 2012

						Varia	nce with
	O	riginal				Final	Budget
	B	Budget	Fina	ıl Budget	 Actual	Positive	(Negative)
REVENUES							
License and Permits	\$	1,134	\$	1,134	\$ 749	\$	(385)
Investment Earnings		1,666		1,666	 1,101		(565)
Total Revenues		2,800		2,800	 1,850		(950)
EXPENDITURES							
Public Safety		1,048		3,000	3,000		
Total Expenditures		1,048		3,000	 3,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,752		(200)	(1,150)		(950)
Fund Balance - Beginning		58,888		58,888	58,888		-
Encumbrances	<u></u>	48		48	 48		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	60,688	\$	58,736	\$ 57,786	\$	(950)

POLICE PENSION FUND

		2 1					Fina	ance with	
		Original Budget	Ein	al Budget		Actual	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		Duager	1.111	ai Budget		Actual	(14)	egative)	
Taxes:									
Property	\$	71,500	\$	71,500	\$	71,739	\$	239	
Intergovernmental	Ψ	2,700	Ψ	2,700	Ψ	2,797	Ψ	97	
Investment Earnings		14,986		4,237		5,652		1,415	
Total Revenues		89,186		78,437		80,188		1,751	
Total Revenues		69,100		70,437		00,100		1,/31	
EXPENDITURES									
Public Safety									
Personnel		450,000		460,000		459,742		258	
General operating expense		1,500		1,242		914		328	
Total Public Safety		451,500		461,242		460,656		586	
Total Expenditures		451,500	-	461,242		460,656		586	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		(2.52.24.1)		(*******		(200.450)			
expenditures		(362,314)		(382,805)		(380,468)		2,337	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		525,000		425,000		425,000		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		525,000		425,000		425,000		_	
Net Change in Fund Balance		162,686		42,195		44,532		2,337	
Fund Balance - Beginning		125,851		125,851		125,851		-	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	288,537	\$	168,046	\$	170,383	\$	2,337	
	===						=		

FIRE PENSION FUND

REVENUES Taxes: Property \$ 71,500 \$ 71,500 \$ 71,739 \$ 239 Intergovernmental 2,700 2,700 2,797 97 Investment Earnings 3,876 4,237 5,345 1,108 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES Public Safety: 8 8 8 8 1,444 EXPENDITURES Public Safety: 8 530,000 530,000 501,252 28,748 General operating expense 1,500 1,500 914 586 Total Public Safety 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Total Expenditures 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			Original Budget	Ein	al Budget	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Taxes: Property \$ 71,500 \$ 71,500 \$ 71,739 \$ 239 Intergovernmental 2,700 2,700 2,797 97 Investment Earnings 3,876 4,237 5,345 1,108 Total Revenues 78,076 78,437 79,881 1,444 EXPENDITURES Public Safety: Personnel 530,000 530,000 501,252 28,748 General operating expense 1,500 1,500 914 586 Total Public Safety 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Total Expenditures 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) </th <th>REVENUES</th> <th></th> <th>Dudget</th> <th>1 111</th> <th>iai Dudget</th> <th> Actual</th> <th></th> <th>(cgative)</th>	REVENUES		Dudget	1 111	iai Dudget	 Actual		(cgative)
Property \$ 71,500 \$ 71,500 \$ 71,739 \$ 239 Intergovernmental 2,700 2,700 2,797 97 Investment Earnings 3,876 4,237 5,345 1,108 Total Revenues 78,076 78,437 79,881 1,444 EXPENDITURES Public Safety: Personnel 530,000 530,000 501,252 28,748 General operating expense 1,500 1,500 914 586 Total Public Safety 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222)								
Intergovernmental 2,700 2,700 2,797 97 Investment Earnings 3,876 4,237 5,345 1,108 Total Revenues 78,076 78,437 79,881 1,444 EXPENDITURES Public Safety: Personnel 530,000 530,000 501,252 28,748 General operating expense 1,500 1,500 914 586 Total Public Safety 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Total Expenditures 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 - <		\$	71,500	\$	71,500	\$ 71.739	\$	239
Investment Earnings 3,876 4,237 5,345 1,108 Total Revenues 78,076 78,437 79,881 1,444 EXPENDITURES	- ·		,		· · · · · ·	<i>'</i>		
Total Revenues 78,076 78,437 79,881 1,444 EXPENDITURES Public Safety: Personnel 530,000 530,000 501,252 28,748 General operating expense 1,500 1,500 914 586 Total Public Safety 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Total Expenditures 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -			,		<i>'</i>			1,108
Public Safety: Personnel 530,000 530,000 501,252 28,748 General operating expense 1,500 1,500 914 586 Total Public Safety 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Total Expenditures 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -	C					79,881		
Personnel 530,000 530,000 501,252 28,748 General operating expense 1,500 1,500 914 586 Total Public Safety 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Total Expenditures 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -	EXPENDITURES							
General operating expense 1,500 1,500 914 586 Total Public Safety 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Total Expenditures 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -	Public Safety:							
Total Public Safety 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Total Expenditures 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -	Personnel		530,000		530,000	501,252		28,748
Total Expenditures 531,500 531,500 502,166 29,334 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -	General operating expense		1,500		1,500	914		586
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -	Total Public Safety		531,500		531,500	502,166		29,334
expenditures (453,424) (453,063) (422,285) 30,778 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -	Total Expenditures	-	531,500	-	531,500	 502,166		29,334
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							
Transfers In 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -	expenditures		(453,424)		(453,063)	 (422,285)		30,778
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 550,000 425,000 375,000 (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Net Change in Fund Balance 96,576 (28,063) (47,285) (19,222) Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 98,351 -	Transfers In		550,000		425,000	 375,000		(50,000)
Fund Balance - Beginning 98,351 98,351 -	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		550,000		425,000	 375,000		(50,000)
	Net Change in Fund Balance		96,576		(28,063)	(47,285)		(19,222)
	Fund Balance - Beginning		98,351		98,351	98,351		-
		\$	194,927	\$	70,288	\$ 51,066	\$	(19,222)

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

	riginal Budget	Fina	al Budget_	 Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES						
Investment Earnings	\$ 673	\$	673	\$ 1,536	\$	863
Fines	 1,327		1,327	 3,029		3,029
Total Revenues	 2,000		2,000	 4,565		3,892
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety:	-		-	-		-
Total Expenditures	-		-	-		
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,000		2,000	4,565		3,892
Fund Balance - Beginning	 72,245		72,245	 72,245		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 74,245	\$	74,245	\$ 76,810	\$	2,565

STATE LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

For Year Ended December 31, 2012

	(Original				Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
		Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	(N	egative)
REVENUES							
Investment Earnings	\$	292	\$	292	\$ 2,195	\$	1,903
Fines		2,708		2,708	 20,326		17,618
Total Revenues		3,000		3,000	 22,521		19,521
EXPENDITURES							
Public Safety		-		-	-		-
Total Expenditures		-			_		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,000		3,000	22,521		19,521
Fund Balance - Beginning		98,408		98,408	98,408		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	101,408	\$	101,408	\$ 120,929	\$	19,521

DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

REVENUES Investment Earnings \$ 1,250 \$ 1,250 \$ 849 \$ (401) Total Revenues 1,250 1,250 849 (401) EXPENDITURES Public Safety 5,000 - - - - Total Expenditures 5,000 - - - - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,750) 1,250 849 (401) Fund Balance - Beginning 41,434 41,434 41,434 - Fund Balance - Ending 37,684 42,684 42,283 (401)		riginal Budget	Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Fina Po	nce with I Budget ositive egative)
Total Revenues 1,250 1,250 849 (401) EXPENDITURES Public Safety 5,000 - - - - Total Expenditures 5,000 - - - - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,750) 1,250 849 (401) Fund Balance - Beginning 41,434 41,434 41,434 -	REVENUES						
EXPENDITURES Public Safety 5,000 - - - - Total Expenditures 5,000 - - - - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,750) 1,250 849 (401) Fund Balance - Beginning 41,434 41,434 41,434 -	Investment Earnings	\$ 1,250	\$	1,250	\$ 849	\$	(401)
Public Safety 5,000 - - - - Total Expenditures 5,000 - - - - - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,750) 1,250 849 (401) Fund Balance - Beginning 41,434 41,434 41,434 -	Total Revenues	 1,250		1,250	849		(401)
Total Expenditures 5,000 - - - Net Change in Fund Balance (3,750) 1,250 849 (401) Fund Balance - Beginning 41,434 41,434 41,434 -	EXPENDITURES						
Net Change in Fund Balance (3,750) 1,250 849 (401) Fund Balance - Beginning 41,434 41,434 41,434 -	Public Safety	 5,000			 		
Fund Balance - Beginning 41,434 41,434 -	Total Expenditures	 5,000			 -		
	Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,750)		1,250	849		(401)
Fund Balance - Ending \$ 37,684 \$ 42,684 \$ 42,283 \$ (401)	Fund Balance - Beginning	 41,434		41,434	 41,434		
	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 37,684	\$	42,684	\$ 42,283	\$	(401)

PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

		riginal udget	Fin	nal Budget	Acti	ıal	Budg	ce with Final et Positive egative)
REVENUES								
Taxes								(1- 1-2)
Charges for Services	\$	223,050	\$	223,050		5,577	\$	(17,473)
Investment Earnings		9,000		9,000		5,027		(3,973)
Intergovernmental		25,000		25,000		,654		36,654
Miscellaneous		16,000		16,000		2,046		21.254
Total Revenues		273,050		273,050		1,304		21,254
EXPENDITURES								
Culture-Recreation								
Civic Center								
Personnel services		231,412		204,350	204	,350		-
General operating expenses		62,865		47,344	46	5,798		546
Total Civic Center		294,277		251,694	251	,148		546
Parks & Recreation Programs								
General operating expenses		40,000		35,135	34	,000		1,135
Total Parks & Recreation Programs		40,000		35,135	34	,000		1,135
Recreational Center								
Personnel services		483,640		466,868	466	,868		-
General operating expenses		199,048		144,544	144	,479		65
Total Recreational Center		682,688		611,412	611	,347		65
Total Culture-Recreation	1,	016,965		898,241	896	,495		1,746
Total Expenditures	1,	016,965		898,241	896	,495		1,746
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	((743,915)		(625,191)	(602	2,191)		23,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		750,000		750,000	500	,000		(250,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		750,000		750,000	500	0,000		(250,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		6,085		124,809	(102	2,191)		(227,000)
Fund Balance - Beginning		341,935		341,935	341	,935		-
Encumbrances		39,147		39,147	39	,147		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	387,167	\$	505,891	\$ 278	3,891	\$	(227,000)

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For Year Ended December 31, 2012

DEVENIUES	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive (egative)
REVENUES Investment Earnings	\$ 4,500	\$	4,500	\$ 3,098	\$	(1,402)
Total Revenues	 4,500	_	4,500	3,098		(1,402)
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service	 			 		
Total Expenditures				 -		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,500		4,500	3,098		(1,402)
Fund Balance - Beginning	 151,204		151,204	151,204		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 155,704	\$	155,704	\$ 154,302	\$	(1,402)

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Income	\$ 1,112,500	\$ 1,112,500	\$ 955,676	\$ (156,824)
Intergovernmental	675,000	675,000	425,422	(249,578)
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	10,001	1
Total Revenues	1,797,500	1,797,500	1,391,099	(406,401)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlays:				
General Government	434,140	298,093	274,517	23,576
Public Safety	156,833	168,249	168,065	184
Highways and Streets	29,000	1,939,189	1,879,041	60,148
Debt Service:				
Principal	204,445	204,445	254,641	(50,196)
Interest	109,580	34,198	46,310	(12,112)
Total Expenditures	933,998	2,644,174	2,622,574	21,600
Net Change in Fund Balance	863,502	(846,674)	(1,231,475)	(384,801)
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,059,530	4,059,530	4,059,530	-
Encumbrances	124,538	124,538	124,538	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 5,047,570	\$ 3,337,394	\$ 2,952,593	\$ (384,801)

Combining Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2012

	Ci	ty Garage	Insurance Reserve			Health		otal Internal rvice Funds		
ASSETS										
CURRENT ASSETS										
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	283,373	\$	1,490,220	\$	387,353	\$	2,160,946		
Inventories		126,721						126,721		
Total Current Assets		410,094		1,490,220		387,353		2,287,667		
Total Assets		410,094		1,490,220		387,353		2,287,667		
LIABILITIES										
CURRENT LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable		28,385		1,141	-			29,526		
Salaries and Benefits Payable		16,182		_		-		16,182		
Compensated Absences Payable		411		_		-		411		
Insurance Claims Payable		-		-	51,802			51,802		
Total Current Liabilities		44,978						97,921		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES										
Compensated Absences Payable		41,153						41,153		
Total Liabilities	86,131			1,141		51,802		139,074		
NET POSITION										
Unreserved	323,963		1,489,079		335,551 \$ 335,551			2,148,593		
Total Net Position	\$	323,963	\$			335,551	\$ 2,148,593			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	C'A Comman	Insurance	II 1/1. I	Total Internal
	City Garage	Reserve	Health Insurance	Service Funds
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services	544,740	-	1,645,400	2,190,140
Miscellaneous	-	6,654	-	6,654
Total Operating Revenues	544,740	6,654	1,645,400	2,196,794
Operating Expenses				
Current:				
Cost of Services	594,628	37,931	1,723,180	2,355,739
Total Operating Expenses	594,628	37,931	1,723,180	2,355,739
Operating Loss	(49,888)	(31,277)	(77,780)	(158,945)
Non-operating Revenues				
Investment Earnings	_	6,960	193	7,153
Total Non-operating Revenues	-	6,960	193	7,153
Change in Net Position	(49,888)	(24,317)	(77,587)	(151,792)
Total Net Position - Beginning	373,851	1,513,396	413,138	2,300,385
Total Net Position - Ending	323,963	1,489,079	335,551	2,148,593

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Ci	ity Garage	Insurance Reserve	Health Insurance Program		Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities						
Cash received for inter fund services	\$	544,740	\$ -	\$ 1,645,400	\$	2,190,140
Miscellaneous		-	6,654	-		6,654
Cash paid to suppliers for goods or services/claims paid		(301,124)	(37,440)	(1,724,465)		(2,063,029)
Cash paid to employees for services		(243,721)		 		(243,721)
Net cash used by operating activities		(105)	 (30,786)	(79,065)	_	(109,956)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities						
Investment earnings		-	6,960	193		7,153
Net Cash provided by investing activities		-	6,960	193		7,153
Net Change		(105)	(23,826)	(78,872)		(102,803)
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Beginning of Year		283,478	1,514,046	466,225		2,263,749
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments End of Year	\$	283,373	\$ 1,490,220	\$ 387,353	\$	2,160,946
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash						
Used by Operating Activities						
Operating loss	\$	(49,888)	\$ (31,277)	\$ (77,780)	\$	(158,945)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		, ,		, ,		, , ,
Decrease in inventories		21,789	_	-		21,789
Increase in accounts payable		28,385	491	-		28,876
(Decrease) in salaries and benefits payable		(963)	_	_		(963)
Increase in compensated absences payable		572	-	_		572
(Decrease) in insurance claims payable		_	_	(1,285)		(1,285)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(105)	\$ (30,786)	\$ (79,065)	\$	(109,956)

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Balance December 31, 2011	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2012
Miscellaneous Agency Fund				
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Total Assets	\$ 44,217 44,217	\$ 6,074 6,074	\$ (5,745) (5,745)	\$ 44,546 44,546
Liabilities				
Deposits	44,217	6,074	(5,745)	44,546
Total Liabilities	44,217	6,074	(5,745)	44,546
Mayor's Court				
Assets				
Cash in Segregated Accounts	27,437	247,292	(253,530)	21,199
Total Assets	27,437	247,292	(253,530)	21,199
Liabilities				
Due to Other Governments	23,951	215,883	(221,318)	18,516
Deposits	1,465	13,200	(13,537)	1,128
Escrow Bonds	2,021	18,209	(18,675)	1,555
Total Liabilities	27,437	247,292	(253,530)	21,199
Totals - All Agency Funds				
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	44,217	6,074	(5,745)	44,546
Cash in Segregated Accounts	27,437	247,292	(253,530)	21,199
Total Assets	71,654	253,366	(259,275)	65,745
Liabilities				
Deposits	45,682	19,274	(19,282)	45,674
Due to Other Governments	23,951	215,883	(221,318)	18,516

2,021

71,654

18,209

253,366

(18,675)

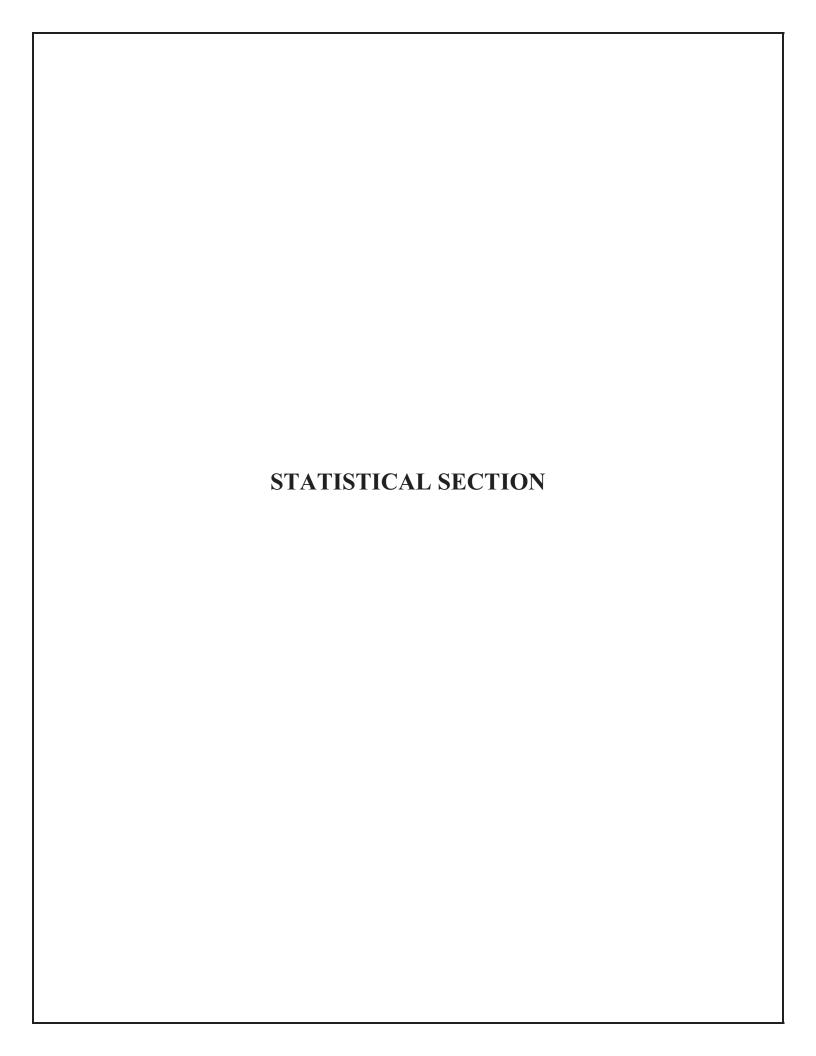
(259,275)

1,555

65,745

Escrow Bonds

Total Liabilities



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents:

Financial Trends (Tables 1-4)

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. These schedules can be found on pages 73 to 77.

Revenue Capacity (Tables 5-10)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's most significant local revenue source, income and property taxes. These schedules can be found on pages 78 to 83.

Debt Capacity (Tables 11-13)

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt as well as the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. These schedules can be found on pages 84 to 86.

Demographic and Economic Information (Tables 14-15)

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. These schedules can be found on pages 87 and 88.

Operating Information (Tables 16-18)

These schedules contain information about the City's operation and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services proved and activities performed. These schedules can be found on pages 89 to 91.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(reported in thousands) CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO

Note: (1) - restated for implementation of GASB 65

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(reported in thousands)

	2012											17,628												I				l	
	2011(1)		\$ 3,277	8,852	3,638	284	1,113	1,005	98	302	18,557	18,557				059	612	•	•	1	,	72	1,950	3,284		•	14	14	3,298
	2010 (1)		\$ 4,079	8,731	3,658	346	1,249	326	83	265	18,737	18,737				410	372	ı	ı	,	1	351	1,044	2,177		ı	18	18	2,195
	2009		\$ 4,523	9,456	879	419	2,312	935	93	221	18,838	18,838				452	31	194	1	723	56	200	784	2,440		1	33	33	2,473
Year	2008		\$ 5,230	689,6	2,790	347	2,935	229	95	321	22,084	22,084				248	39	1	1	794	58	286	337	1,763		1	28	29	1,792
Fiscal Year	2007		\$ 5,112	9,513	3,761	339	2,745	283	144	268	22,165	22,165				285	46	33	ı	813	39	382	608	2,407		1	24	25	2,432
	2006		\$ 4,953	9,460	3,345	305	2,882	866	133	165	22,241	22,241				328	18		1	790	71	233	1,487	2,927		1	13	14	2,941
	2005		\$ 4,845	9,521	3,391	256	3,188	541	159	2	21,903	21,903				263	6	41	ı	898	112	247	449	1,989		2	3	5	1,994
	2004		\$ 4,658	8,836	2,956	266	2,892	316	163	4	20,091	20,091				299	5		1	721	87	209	234	1,953		3	7	10	1,963
	2003		\$ 5,189	8,338	2,337	327	3,004	175	157	5	19,532	19,532				336	3	1	1	755	79	81	647	1,902		5	(2)	3	1,905
		Expenses Governmental activities:	General government	Public safety	Highways and streets	Sanitation	Culture and recreation	Economic development	Health and welfare	Interest and fiscal charges	Total governmental activities expenses	Total primary government expenses	Program Revenues	Governmental activities:	Charges for services:	General government	Public safety	Highways and streets	Sanitation	Culture and recreation	Health and welfare	Operating grants and contributions	Capital grants and contributions	Total governmental activities program revenues	Business-type activities:	Loan program charges for services	Investment earnings	Total business-type activities program revenues	Total primary government program revenues

Note: (1) - restated for implementation of GASB 65

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(reported in thousands)

TABLE 2 (continued)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	Fiscal Year 2007	$Year \over 2008$	2009	2010 (1)	2011(1)	2012
Net (Expense)/Revenue								Í	Í	
Governmental activities Business-type activities	(17,630)	(18,138) 10	(19,914) 5	(19,314) 14	(19,758) 25	(20,321) 29	(16,398)	(16,560) 18	(15,281)	(15,676) 3
Total primary government net expense	(17,627)	(18,128)	(19,909)	(19,300)	(19,733)	(20,292)	(16,365)	(16,542)	(15,281)	(15,673)
General Revenues										
Taxes										
Income tax	15,424	14,509	18,712	19,867	19,618	15,333	11,817	9,853	9,542	10,046
Property taxes, levied for										
Property taxes, levied for										
General purposes	526	446	512	545	619		345	388	421	350
Police pensions	87	93	85	81	70		49	06	68	70
Fire pensions	87	93	85	81	70		49	06	68	70
Other taxes	104	92	86	103	82		11	18	50	24
Payments in lieu of taxes	1	ı	1	ı	1		1	41	43	33
Shared revenues	737	830	774	775	871		713	719	657	223
Intergovernmental	1	1	1	1	1		260	444	92	1
Special assessments	18	16	1	1	1		1	1	ı	ı
Rents and royalties	12	65	35	1	1		1	1	ı	1
Miscellaneous	105	127	261	232	233		1,967	577	530	126
Investment earnings	(55)	352	188	494	1,221		961	410	237	31
Gain on the sale of capital assets	65	25	29	137	29		13	1	1	•
	17,110	16,648	20,779	22,315	22,851	18,532	16,215	12,630	11,750	10,973
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	(520)	(1,490)	865	3,001	3,093	(1,789)	(183)	(3,930)	(3,531)	(4,703)
Business-type activities	3	10	5	14	25	29	33	18	14	3
Total primary government	\$ (517)	\$ (1,480)	\$ 870	\$ 3,015	\$ 3,118	\$ (1,760)	\$ (150)	\$ (3,912)	\$ (3,517)	\$ (4,700)

Note: (1) - restated for implementation of GASB 65

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Governmental Fund Balances
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(reported in thousands)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
General Fund	2003	7				2008	$\overline{5009}$	$\underline{2010}$	2011	2012
Reserved	\$ 272 \$,	\$ 428	∽	\$ 393	\$ 1,321	\$ 1,230	\$ 1,120		
Unreserved	12,301	11,959	14,749	17,139	16,495	13,045	11,551	2,608		
Nonspendable									\$ 88 \$	88
Assigned									694	1,720
Unassigned									5,283	878
Total general fund	12,573	12,275	15,177	17,514	16,888	14,366	12,781	8,728	6,065	2,786
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	1,374	915	1,650	2,832	1,825	2,418	6,465	2,725		
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	1,801	1,330	764	1,976	2,188	(3,268)	(4,022)	2,016		
Capital projects fund	4,632	6,026	2,419	2,103	2,620	1,435	2,642	1,128		
Debt service fund	141	141	121	125	131	138	147	150		
Nonspendable									1,928	1,156
Restricted									2,020	2,397
Committed									4,249	5,019
Unassigned									(210)	(506)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 7,948	\$ 8,412	\$ 4,954	\$ 7,036	8,412 \$ 4,954 \$ 7,036 \$ 6,764 \$	723	\$ 5,232	5,232 \$ 6,019 \$ 7,987	\$ 7,987 \$	8,066

Changes in Governmental Fund Balances CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

4

TABLE

(3,201)(2,000)3.35% 2,000 33 901 535 266 492 198 308 473 206 870 381 232 300 725 31 10,029 2012 S (3,515)3.02% (2,200)2,219 2,100 205 500 15,148 2,637 307 237 8,433 990 886 1,688 18,663 284 2011 (9,425)25.09% (2,805)2,319 2,805 708 410 23 1,565 509 8,311 1,000 1,712 5,475 248 5,805 8 260 23,654 2010 (2,865)(3,150)2.28% 3,150 1,107 4,290 8,860 1,890 5,300 450 1.966 419 2,108 4 11,657 2,371 161 227 18,491 2009 S 21.14% (9,478)(5,125)99 998 214 1,255 105 20,388 9,092 2,559 347 639 2,567 4,315 5,068 29.866 5,125 693 220 (8,565)15,382 4 451 301 2008 Fiscal Year (1,151)1.77% (6,025)(868)1,022 1,024 9,509 2,399 3,132 2,593 2,645 169 6,025 253 240 233 24,833 340 133 205 19,244 842 1,221 2007 S 17.82% (887)(4,462)279 2,748 2,389 4,249 4,462 855 1,561 2,144 5,000 494 232 305 165 20,328 2006 (4,264)19.95% (3,699)8,610 2,238 2,706 3,882 3,700 3,699 945 188 557 19,129 251 4,691 261 121 2005 4.67% (5,406)(3,450)757 286 5,550 3,300 2,077 5,634 14,614 352 65 2,601 837 24,093 61 701 18,687 8,081 2004 (2,143)(4,435)0.60% (55) 333 7,746 2,132 2,672 3,888 4,050 800 103 327 103 323 193 15,610 19,171 151 2003 OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES) Fotal Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance General long-term debt issued Proceeds from the sale of assets Debt service as a percentage of Contributions and Donations Proceeds from capital leases revenues over expenditures Interest & Fiscal Charges Economic Development Payment in lieu of taxes noncapital expenditures Culture and Recreation Excess (deficiency) of Capital Improvements General government Highways & Streets Charges for Services Health and Welfare Special Assessments Investment Earnings License and Permits Rents and Royalties EXPENDITURES **Cotal Expenditures** Intergovernmental Shared Revenues Property Taxes Transfers Out Miscellaneous Fotal Revnues ncome Taxes Public Safety Debt Service: Transfers In REVENUES Other Taxes Sanitation Principal Current: Fines

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Municipal Income Taxes	operty and ther Local Taxes	T	ate Shared Caxes and Permits	Total
2003	\$ 15,424,540	\$ 803,868	\$	737,456	\$ 16,965,864
2004	14,508,566	723,595		829,436	16,061,597
2005	18,711,202 (1)	779,864		774,274	20,265,340
2006	19,866,552	810,408		775,190	21,452,150
2007	19,617,652	840,936		870,654	21,329,242
2008	15,332,598	696,967		1,077,507	17,107,072
2009	11,817,442	473,697		712,879	13,004,018
2010	9,852,558	568,599		718,455	11,139,612
2011	9,541,527	600,521		657,429	10,799,477
2012	10,045,847	547,175		222,897	10,815,919

Source: City of Moraine, Department of Finance

(1) Income tax rate increased 1/2% to 2% in 2005

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO

Income Tax Revenues (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	<u>Amount</u>
2003	\$ 15,610,407
2004	14,614,100
2005	19,128,239 (2)
2006	20,328,322
2007	19,244,218
2008	15,382,323
2009	11,657,120
2010	9,760,045
2011	9,699,479
2012	10,028,922

Source: City of Moraine, Department of Finance

- (1) Includes all governmental fund types.
- (2) Income tax rate increased 1/2% to 2% in 2005

Principal Income Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (cash basis of accounting)

	2003			2012
Rank	Name	2012 Rank	Rank	<u>Name</u>
1	General Motors Corporation	-	1	Dmax
2 (1)	Delphi Automotive	-	2	Dayton Power and Light
3	Dmax	1	3	Win Wholesale
4	Elder Beerman	-	4	Lastar Inc
5	A T & T Resources	-	5	Compunet Clinical Laboratories
6 (1)	Delphi Automotive Systems HR	-	6	BWI North America
7	Dayton Power and Light	2	7	City of Moraine
8	City of Moraine	7	8	Berry Network
9	Compunet Clinical Laboratories	5	9	Walmart
10	Jamestown Moraine	-	10	South Community

Source: City of Moraine, Department of Finance

(1) Delphi is a spinoff of General Motors Corporation

Note: Due to legal restrictions and confidentiality requirements, the City cannot disclose the amount of the withholding by taxpayer.

The City chose not to disclose percentages and number of filers by income level because the City does not require all

taxpayers to file a return, therefore it does not have, or can it obtain, this type of information.

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxable Assessed Value as a <u>Percentage of</u>	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
Estimated Actual Taxable	\$ 388,783,829	409,773,086	420,295,286	425,603,429	426,265,914	432,143,714	434,402,743	442,721,514	415,406,257	390,222,543
Total Direct <u>Tax</u>	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Total Taxable <u>Assessed</u>	\$ 136,074,340	143,420,580	147,103,350	148,961,200	149,193,070	151,250,300	152,040,960	154,952,530	145,392,190	136,577,890
Industrial	\$ 45,961,020	47,588,840	43,938,250	44,009,840	43,628,350	42,698,100	42,568,540	42,410,040	40,605,060	32,607,220
Commercial	\$ 46,188,040	51,816,170	53,443,470	55,008,990	55,504,680	53,981,150	55,915,630	59,096,180	53,772,660	53,135,260
Residential	\$ 42,919,710	42,924,680	48,710,040	48,894,860	49,019,710	52,743,290	52,349,240	52,112,240	49,529,340	49,394,930
Agricultural	\$ 1,005,570	1,090,890	1,011,590	1,047,510	1,040,330	1,237,860	1,207,550	1,334,070	1,485,130	1,440,480
Fiscal	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

Montgomery County Auditor's Office

Source:

Property Tax Rates- Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO Last Ten Fiscal Years

6.99 1.8 72.05 7.21 6.03 15.94 2012 0.3 6.03 15.94 72.05 6.99 2011 6.99 0.3 0.3 6.03 15.94 78 72.05 2010 7.21 6.03 15.94 3.2 1.8 1.75 66.9 2.58 73.1 0.3 61.9 0.3 71.3 6.03 15.94 2.5 1.8 1.25 67.8 65.55 0.3 6.03 61.9 2007 0.3 6.03 1.8 67.8 65.55 61.9 0.3 13.94 5.21 $5.21 \\
6.03 \\
13.94$ 67.8 65.55 61.9 2.58 0.3 0.3 2005 2.5 1.8 1.25 61.9 0.3 6.03 13.94 67.8 65.55 2004 0.3 5.03 $\frac{1.8}{0.26}$ 60.9 65.55 61.9 2.58 0.3 Montgomery County Community College Montgomery County Park District Kettering / Moraine Community Dayton - Montgomery Library West Carrollton Community Mental Retardation D & D Human Services Levy A Human Services Levy B Joint Vocational School Jefferson Local School Total Municipal Rates Police Pension Fund SCHOOL DISTRICT: MUNICIPAL UNITS: Total County Rates Fire Pension Fund Conservancy Tax COUNTY UNITS: General Fund OTHER UNITS: General Fund

Source: Montgomery County Auditor's Office

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

TABLE 9

		Calen	dar Year	2012
				Percentage of Total City
		Taxable		Taxable
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Nature of Business	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Dayton Power & Light Company	Gas and Electric Utility	59,517,960	1	28.48%
IRG Moraine LLC	Real Estate/Development	9,594,710	2	4.59%
Vectren Energy	Utility	6,145,950	3	2.94%
Dovetree Apartments	Real Estate	3,801,440	4	1.82%
Walmart Stores	Retail Sales	3,279,060	5	1.57%
3601 Dryden LLC	Retail Sales	2,485,220	6	1.19%
Berry L M Services Inc	Publisher & Marketing	2,142,750	7	1.03%
Dryden Service Center Dayton LLC	Real Estate	1,835,030	8	0.88%
PDQ Bell Plaza LLC	Retail Sales	1,822,210	9	0.87%
Woodbine Partners LTD	Retail Sales	1,748,930	10	0.84%
Subtota	1	92,373,260		44.21%
All Other	s	116,616,570		55.79%
Tota	1	\$ 208,989,830		100.00%

		Calen	dar Year	2003
		Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Dayton Power & Light Company	Gas and Electric Utility	\$39,236,100	1	13.84%
General Motors Corporation	Automotive Manufacturer	15,479,130	2	5.46%
Kettering Dayton Operations	Automotive Parts	3,966,360	3	1.40%
Cooper Tire Company	Tires	2,790,930	4	0.98%
L M Berry Services	Publisher & Marketing	2,155,750	5	0.76%
Ohio Bell Telephone Company	Telephone Utility	1,129,800	6	0.40%
Barbara Benz Trust	Automotive Parts Plant	1,773,680	7	0.63%
Nursing Home Purchasing, Inc.	Health Care	1,488,190	8	0.52%
S & G Investments	Real Estate	1,346,340	9	0.47%
Lance Shaner Hotel	Hotel	1,488,480	10	0.52%
Subtot	al	70,854,760		24.99%
All Othe	rs	212,679,129		75.01%
Tot	al	\$ 283,533,889		100.00%

Source: Montgomery County Auditor's Office

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Property Taxes Levied and Collected
Last Ten Fiscal Years

TAX YEAR	YEAR	TOTAL	TOTAL	PERCENTAGE COLLECTED	DELINQUENT TOTAL COLLECTIONS	T 200F	TOTAL	TOTAL COLLECTIONS AS PERCENTAGE LEVIED	OUTSTANDING TAXES	OUTSTANDING DELINQUENT TAXES AS PERCENTAGE LEVIED
2002/2003	2003	\$ 704,496	\$ 667,730	%56	\$ 20,189	↔	687,919	%86	\$ 44,630	%9
2003/2004	2004	676,191	656,554	%16	7,553		664,107	%86	94,508	14%
2004/2005	2005	688,522	643,426	93%	32,657		676,083	%86	85,108	12%
2005/2006	2006	634,977	601,054	%56	34,215		635,269	100%	692'96	15%
2006/2007	2007	588,657	567,763	%96	886,69		637,751	108% (1)	39,375	7%
2007/2008	2008	551,362	512,629	93%	13,459		526,088	%56	41,536	%8
2008/2009	2009	502,096	481,108	%96	18,004		499,112	%66	49,320	10%
2009/2010	2010	515,207	516,538	100%	17,152		533,690	104% (1)	53,901	10%
2010/2011	2011	536,361	503,251	94%	23,254		526,505	%86	47,609	%6
2011/2012	2012	516,689	478,482	93%	19,005		497,487	%96	39,553	%8

Source: Montgomery County Auditor's Office

⁽¹⁾ Total property tax collections exceed 100% of amount levied due to payment of delinquent taxes. This amount does not include penalties and interest.

City of Moraine, Ohio Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Special Assessment Bonds	BAN and OPWC Note	Various Purpose Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Percentage Personal Income	Per Capita
2003	\$ 50,000	ı ∽	∽	\$ 193,109	\$ 243,109	\$ 116,421,360	0.21%	\$ 508
2004	35,000	•	1	228,421	263,421	116,421,360	0.23%	969
2005	20,000	1	ı	127,507	147,507	116,421,360	0.13%	187
2006	1	2,700,000	1	26,594	2,726,594	116,421,360	2.34%	63,857
2007	1	5,000,000	1	•	5,000,000	116,421,360	4.29%	214,737
2008	1	5,300,000	1	693,399	5,993,399	110,327,680	5.43%	325,583
2009	1	5,300,000	1	560,008	5,860,008	110,327,680	5.31%	311,252
2010	1	591,160	5,805,000	424,020	6,820,180	110,327,680	6.18%	421,606
2011	ı	554,805	5,775,000	285,385	6,615,190	110,327,680	%00.9	396,643
2012	•	504,595	5,735,000	144,060	6,383,655	110,327,680	5.79%	369,364

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
December 31, 2012

Jurisdiction	Net Outstanding Debt	Percentage Applicable to City (1)	Amount Applicable to City of Moraine, Ohio
DIRECT DEBT CITY OF MORAINE	\$ 6,467,038	100.00%	\$ 6,467,038
<i>OVERLAPPING</i> Montgomery county	54,269,980	2.37%	1,286,199
WEST CARROLLTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,820,000	57.85%	1,052,870
KETTERING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT	91,982,438	21.43%	19,711,836
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT	148,072,418		22,050,905
TOTAL	\$ 154,539,456		\$ 28,517,943

Source: Individual Jurisdictions

(1) Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by its total assessed valuation.

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

1					Fiscal Year	Year				
Debt Limit Legal Debt Margin	$\frac{2003}{\$29,771}$ 29,771	2004 \$27,366 27,366	\$29,105 29,105	2006 \$26,669 26,669	$\frac{2007}{$24,936}$ 24,936	\$23,370 23,370	\$21,885 21,885	$\frac{2010}{\$16,270}$ $10,465$	\$15,266 9,491	\$14,341 8,760
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	1	1	1	1	1	1		5,805	5,775	5,735
				Legal Deb	t Margin Ca	ılculation fo	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2012	.r 2012		
				Total Asse	Total Assessed Value					136,578
				Debt limit	Debt limit (10.5% of total assessed value)	tal assessed	value)			14,341
				Debt applic	Debt applicable to limit: General Obligation Bonds	: ;ation Bonds				5,735
				Less: An of gen Total net	Less: Amount reserved for repayment of general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit at margin	ss: Amount reserved for re of general obligation debt at net debt applicable to l nargin	repayment tht o limit			(154) 5,581 \$8,760

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Calendar Years

		(1) Personal	(1) Per Capita	(1)	(2)
Calendar	(1)	Income	Personal	Median	Unemployment
Year	Population	(thousands of dollars)	Income	Age	Rate
2003	6,897	116,421	16,880	32.5	6.3%
2004	6,897	116,421	16,880	32.5	6.2%
2005	6,897	116,421	16,880	32.5	5.8%
2006	6,897	116,421	16,880	32.5	5.9%
2007	6,897	116,421	16,880	32.5	6.2%
2008	6,536	110,328	16,880	32.5	8.5%
2009	6,536	110,328	16,880	32.5	11.8%
2010	6,307	106,462	16,880	37.0	9.8%
2011	6,307	106,462	16,880	37.0	8.2%
2012	6,307	106,462	16,880	37.0	7.0%

Sources:

^{(1) 2000} and 2010 United States Census Bureau.

⁽²⁾ Bureau of Unemployment - rates are not available for the City of Moraine. The rates shown are for Montgomery County

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

$\frac{2012}{}$			2003		
	Number of			Number of	
Dmax Ltd.	509	_	NAO Compensation Operations - GM	5,666	_
Dayton Power and Light	505	2	Delphi Automotive	1,921	2
Walmart	400	3	Dmax	1,242	\mathcal{C}
Compunet Clinical Laboratories	377	4	Metropolitan Life Insurance	688	4
Time Warner Cable Services	256	5	AT & T Resources	699	5
Lastar	213	9	Extrahelp	652	9
City of Moraine	195	7	Dayton Power and Light	539	7
Win Wholesale	193	8	City of Moraine	533	8
South Community	180	6	Elder Beerman Operations	447	6
Berry Network	178	10	Jamestown Moraine	395	10

Source: City of Moraine, Department of Finance

Note: Total employment within the City is not available.

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Full-time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	0000		, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Fiscal Year		0000			***************************************	
	2003	2004	2005	<u> </u>	2007	2008	2009	$\overline{2010}$	$\overline{2011}$	$\overline{2012}$
Function/Program										
General government										
Clerk of Council	1	7	4	1			1		1	
City Manager	∞	∞	9	∞	∞	∞	∞	7	7	9
Clerk of Courts	2	7	7	7	2	2	2	2	2	2
Law	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finance	6	6	_	∞	∞	∞	7	9	9	9
Public Buildings	27	26	22	21	23	22	21	21	12 (1)	5
Public Safety										
Police	65	44	44	64	48	48	45	44	49	38
Fire	56	47	49	50	52	51	46	45	36	32
Other										
Highways and Streets	19	18	18	18	18	19	18	18	26 (1)	15
Community Development	∞	7	9	9	9	9	9	9	5	3
Recreation and Culture	64	63	61	58	57	54	42	39	22	19
Garage	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3
Total	263	230	223	240	227	223	200	193	170	130

Source: City of Moraine, Department of Finance

Note: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation, holiday, sick leave and comp time). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080. However, due to the calendar in Fiscal Year 2004, full-time employees worked 2,120. Therefore, full-time equivalent employment is calculated for 2004 by dividing total labor hours by 2,120. In Fiscal Year 2010, full-time employees worked 1,872 hours annually. Therefore, full-time employment for 2010 is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 1,872.

(1) During 2011, 6 public buildings employees were transferred to the highways and streets department

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year						
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Function										
Police										
Warrants served	N/A	975	1,653	1,594	1,345	1,347	N/A	1,128	1,266	905
Felony arrests	239	236	249	N/A	N/A	120	N/A	92	131	177
Arrests made	1,842	907	1,184	1,593	1,292	1,198	N/A	1,702	778	1,753
Traffic citations issued	4,665	3,645	3,323	3,314	2,808	2,398	N/A	1,568	3,205	2,653
Miles Patrolled	350,265	N/A	426,785	364,544	375,637	294,281	N/A	237,841	272,940	260,804
Fire										
Fire calls	159	209	115	117	118	133	100	112	92	999
EMS calls	1,664	1,764	1,875	1,769	1,708	1,755	1,357	1,567	1,619	1,689
Fire Inspections	608	1,314	950	955	929	606	926	961	1,043	1,012
Child Safety Seat Inspections	347	129	75	59	51	48	09	31	20	25
Highways and Streets										
Gallons of street paint used	2,750	1,830	10,080	1,880	1,880	1,456	1,750	1,040	865	1,353
Tons of snow melting salt used	N/A	1,071	451	797	797	1,000	1,200	1,200	953	338
Community Development										
Building Inspections	808	476	344	360	236	245	328	177	481	787
Residential Building Permits Issued	29	84	49	57	84	74	9	75	103	196
Commercial Building Permits Issued	171	175	138	126	105	96	108	95	105	174
Culture and Recreation										
Payne Recreation Center Attendance	170,000	150,000	110,000	100,000	509,06	89,590	82,467	138,939	175,000	136,512
Splash! Moraine Attendance	64,605	61,166	79,718	65,685	64,333	62,703	56,092	(4)	ı	1
Civic Center Attendance (estimated)	48,207	33,150		20,000	25,979	43,686	40,992	31,061	55,000	77,935
Natatorium Attendance	23,950	26,095	14,732 (3)	•		ı		ı	1	ı
Youth and Day Camps Attendance	1,234	1,068	1,454	1,606	1,013	1,098	885	752	824	342
0	0000									

⁽¹⁾ Payne Recreation Center opened on October 16, 2000.

⁽²⁾ Due to construction of the Payne Recreation Center and Splash! Moraine, the Natatorium was only open during late November through December.

⁽³⁾ The Natatorium ceased operation September 2005.

⁽⁴⁾ Splash! Moraine ceased operation September 2009.

⁽N/A) Not Available

Source - Various City of Moraine departments

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Capital Assets by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Ē	Fiscal Year						
	<u>2003</u>	2004	2005	<u> 2006</u>	2007	$\overline{2008}$	$\overline{5009}$	2010	$\underline{2011}$	2012
Function										
Public Safety										
Stations	1	1	1	_		_		_	1	1
Patrol Units	31	31	23	28	28	28	28	28	24	22
Fire:										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
Emergency Response Vehicles	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	12 (1)	12
Highways and Streets										
Miles of Streets (Center Line Miles)	275.65	275.65	276.65	276.65	276.65	276.65	276.65	276.65	276.65	276.65
Number of Streetlights (Non-special	1,315	1,315	1,313	1,313	1,313	1,313	1,226	1,226	1,356	1,356
assessment)										
Culture and Recreation										
Parks	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13
Civic Centers	1	1	1	-		1	1		1	1
Recreation Centers	1	1	1	_			1	_	1	1
Swimming Pools	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	1
Water Parks			1		1	1		-	1	1

Source - Various City of Moraine Departments

^{(1) 2} Deputy Chief vehicles have been reclassified as emergency response vehicles due to manning reductions. No new vehicles have been acquired.

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CITY OF MORAINE

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 10, 2013