

HAMILTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FRANKLIN COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012





Board of Education Hamilton Local School District 775 Rathmell Road Columbus, Ohio 43207

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Hamilton Local School District, Franklin County, prepared by J.L. Uhrig and Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Hamilton Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 7, 2013



HAMILTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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HAMILTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Hamilton Local School District 775 Rathmell Road Columbus, Ohio 43207

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hamilton Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 13, 2012 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report when considering the results of our audit.



Board of Education Hamilton Local School District Independent Auditor's Report

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively compromise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organization*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

J.L. Uhrig and Associates, Inc.

J. L. UHRIG AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

December 13, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

As management of the Hamilton Local School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$61.6 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$10.1 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The District's total net assets increased by \$3.0 million during the fiscal year.
- As of the close of the fiscal year, the District's general fund fund balance totaled \$9.0 million, a \$2.2 million, or 32.2% increase in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$5.8 million is available for spending at the District's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. The District has no proprietary funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains 20 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund, and debt service fund, each of which are considered major funds. Data from the other 18 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. There are two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. The District has no proprietary funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 20 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin on page 21 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Governmental Activities

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$61.6 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

District Net Assets Governmental Activities

	2012	2011
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$ 23,237,367 69,638,274 92,875,641	\$ 20,300,773 71,429,551 91,730,324
Total Assets	92,075,041	91,730,324
Current Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities	5,981,362 25,259,355 31,240,717	7,205,367 25,908,772 33,114,139
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Assets	46,524,849 5,025,558 10,084,517 \$ 61,634,924	47,514,521 5,410,189 5,691,475 \$ 58,616,185

A significant portion of the District's net assets (\$46.5 million) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and vehicles), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net assets (\$5.0 million) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$10.1 million) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

Key elements of the District's net asset increase are as follows:

Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities

Revenues:	2012	2011
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 789,622	\$ 803,717
Operating Grants	4,367,748	4,986,749
Total Program Revenues	5,157,370	5,790,466
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	6,485,493	6,786,891
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	2,591,715	49,873
Grants and Entitlements	18,230,864	17,877,462
Investment Earnings	16,544	16,124
Other Revenue	111,455	97,584
Total General Revenue	27,436,071	24,827,934
Total Revenues	32,593,441	30,618,400
Expenses:		
Program Expenses		
Instruction	16,712,130	16,932,582
Support Services	9,345,389	9,868,344
Non-Instructional	1,527,399	1,468,208
Extra Curricular Activities	949,695	979,026
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,040,089	1,185,818
Total Expenses	29,574,702	30,433,978
Changes in Net Assets	3,018,739	184,422
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	58,616,185	58,431,763
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 61,634,924	\$ 58,616,185

The decrease in operating grants is primarily the result of the elimination of federal funding received by the District through stimulus grants.

Payments in Lieu of Taxes increased significantly as a result of a settlement related to the District's Win-Win Agreement with the Columbus City School District.

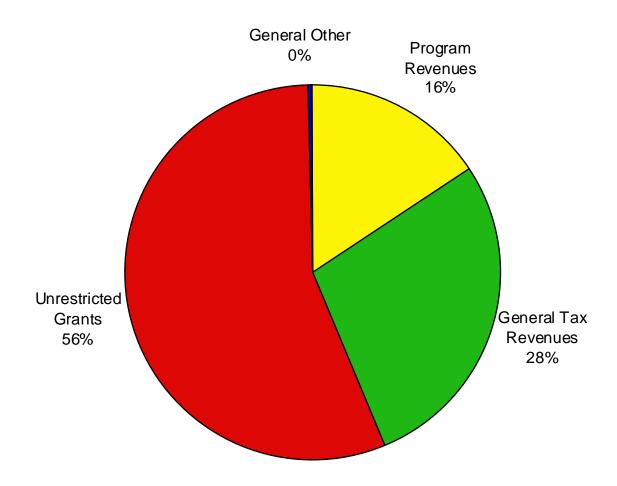
Total expenses decreased slightly in fiscal year 2012, compared with fiscal year 2011, as a result of the effort of management to monitor expenses closely.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants associated with those services. The table below reflects the cost of program services and the net cost of those services after taking into account the program revenues for the governmental activities. The net cost of program services must be supported by general revenues including tax revenue, investment earnings and unrestricted state entitlements.

	Total Cost of Services 2012	Net Cost of Services 2012	Total Cost of Services 2011	Net Cost of Services 2011
Program Expenses Instruction				
	Ф 44 444 CEO	Ф 44.400.00.4	Ф 44 FFF CC4	¢ 44.507.400
Regular	\$ 11,444,658	\$ 11,422,284	\$ 11,555,664	\$ 11,537,403
Special	3,552,876	1,844,141	3,684,666	1,380,214
Vocational	203,122	132,772	243,165	178,751
Other	1,511,474	1,508,077	1,449,087	1,447,073
Support Services				
Pupil	1,128,952	577,947	1,097,497	553,388
Instructional Staff	600,855	368,309	719,399	398,556
Board of Education	18,977	11,777	7,032	(2,068)
Administration	2,206,763	1,907,446	2,262,384	1,962,527
Fiscal Services	1,394,439	1,378,999	1,762,079	1,759,723
Business Operations	38,225	38,225	36,417	36,417
Maintenance	2,916,889	2,792,057	2,941,486	2,808,794
Pupil Transportation	956,261	950,268	996,896	990,247
Central	84,028	84,028	45,154	45,154
Noninstructional Activities	1,527,399	(164,811)	1,468,208	(192,814)
Extracurricular Activities	949,695	525,724	979,026	554,329
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,040,089	1,040,089	1,185,818	1,185,818
Total Expense	\$ 29,574,702	\$ 24,417,332	\$ 30,433,978	\$ 24,643,512

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)



The District's reliance upon tax revenues and unrestricted grants is demonstrated by the graph above indicating 28 percent of total revenues from tax revenues and 56 percent from unrestricted grants. The reliance on general revenues is indicated by the net cost of services column on the preceding page reflecting the need for \$24.4 million of support, as well as the graph above, indicating general revenues comprise 84.2 percent of total revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13.7 million, an increase of \$2.6 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$5.7 million of this amount is available for new spending at the District's discretion (unassigned fund balance). The remainder of fund balance is not available for new spending because it is unspendable (\$20,456), restricted (\$4.8 million), or assigned (\$3.2 million).

The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by major fund and other governmental funds as of June 30, 2012 and 2011.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2012		und Balance ine 30, 2011	Increase (Decrease)		
General Fund Debt Service Fund	\$ 9,006,841 1,830,643	\$	6,813,618 1,672,087	\$	2,193,223 158,556	
Other Governmental Funds	2,888,186		2,648,060		240,126	
Total	\$ 13,725,670	\$	11,133,765	\$	2,591,905	

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$5.8 million, while total fund balance was \$9.0 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 27.1% of total general fund expenditures and total fund balance represents 42.1% of that same amount.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The fund balance of the District's General Fund increased \$2.2 million during the current fiscal year. The tables and graphs that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the general fund.

General Fund Comparative Analysis

General i und Comparative Analysis			
	2012 Amount	2011 Amount	Percentage Change
Revenues	711104111	741104111	<u> </u>
Property Taxes	\$ 4,820,654	\$ 4,839,814	-0.4%
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	708,466	49,873	1320.5%
Intergovernmental	17,780,771	17,432,271	2.0%
Interest	16,359	12,190	100.0%
Tuition and Fees	34,184	20,785	64.5%
Extracurricular	172,907	156,292	10.6%
Other	189,261	641,808	-70.5%
Total	23,722,602	23,153,033	7 0.0 70
Expenditures			
Instruction	12,985,721	12,433,545	4.4%
Support Services	7,782,336	8,363,221	-6.9%
Extracurricular Activities	623,437	659,325	-5.4%
Total	21,391,494	21,456,091	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	2,331,108	1,696,942	
(Orider) Experiantales	2,331,100	1,090,942	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(137,885)	(112,174)	22.9%
Total	(137,885)	(112,174)	
Not Olympia Elyddiadau			
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,193,223	1,584,768	
Beginning Fund Balance	6,813,618	5,228,850	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 9,006,841	\$ 6,813,618	
-			

Payments in Lieu of Taxes increased significantly as a result of a settlement related to the District's Win-Win Agreement with the Columbus City School District.

Expenditures remained consistent due to management review and control of expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund Budget Information

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with Ohio law and is based on the cash basis of accounting, utilizing cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

The variances between the District's original and final estimated revenues and final estimated revenues and actual revenues were insignificant.

The District's final appropriations were the same as original appropriations, and actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$2.2 million less than final appropriations. These variances are the result of the District's worst-case-scenario approach to budgeting expenditures.

Capital Assets

At fiscal year-end, the District's capital assets totaled \$69.6 million (net of accumulated depreciation), a decrease of \$1.9 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This increase represents the amount in which depreciation (\$2.0 million) exceeded additions (\$202,166) during the fiscal year. Detailed information regarding capital asset activity is included in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$24.4 million in outstanding bonds payable. The District paid \$855,000 in principal on bonds during the fiscal year. Detailed information regarding long-term debt is included in Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total value of real and personal property. At fiscal year-end, the District's general obligation debt was below the legal limit.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it received. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact Adam Collier, Treasurer of Hamilton Local School District, 1055 Rathmell Road, Columbus, Ohio 43207.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2012

	ary Government overnmental Activities	Component Unit Hamilton Local Digital Academy		
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 13,217,625	\$	110,581	
Taxes	7,625,593		-	
Accounts	8,550		_	
Intergovernmental	107,267		-	
Payments in Lieu of Tax	1,883,249		-	
Prepaid Items	20,456		-	
Inventory Held for Resale	9,062		-	
Deferred Bond Issuance Costs	365,565		-	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	806,378		-	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	68,831,896		11,619	
Total Assets	92,875,641		122,200	
Liabilities Accounts Payable	190,247		8,540	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,532,129		-	
Intergovernmental Payable Accrued Interest Payable	532,235 79,364		-	
Unearned Revenue	79,364 3,647,387		-	
Long-Term Liabilities	3,047,307		-	
Due within One Year	1,145,509		-	
Due in More Than One Year	 24,113,846			
Total Liabilities	 31,240,717		8,540	
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for:	46,524,849		11,619	
Debt Service	1,981,712		_	
Capital Projects	1,960,619		-	
Food Services	1,021,510		-	
Other Purposes	61,717		-	
Unrestricted	 10,084,517		102,041	
Total Net Assets	\$ 61,634,924	\$	113,660	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

				Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets					
		Expenses				T Togram Nevent		Trace -	Primary Government			Component
				narges for	Оре	erating Grants		overnmental	На	milton Local		
				Services	and	Contributions		Activities	Dig	ital Academy		
Governmental Activities	· <u></u>	_						_		_		
Instruction												
Regular Instruction	\$	11,444,658	\$	22,374	\$	-	\$	(11,422,284)	\$	-		
Special Instruction		3,552,876		7,966		1,700,769		(1,844,141)		-		
Vocational Instruction		203,122		447		69,903		(132,772)		-		
Other Instruction		1,511,474		3,397		-		(1,508,077)		-		
Support Services		4 400 050				==+ 00=		(=== 0.4=)				
Pupils		1,128,952		-		551,005		(577,947)		-		
Instructional Staff		600,855		-		232,546		(368,309)		-		
Board of Education		18,977		-		7,200		(11,777)		-		
Administration		2,206,763		-		299,317		(1,907,446)		-		
Fiscal Services		1,394,439		-		15,440		(1,378,999)		-		
Business Operations		38,225		-		-		(38,225)		-		
Maintenance		2,916,889		-		124,832		(2,792,057)		-		
Pupil Transportation		956,261		-		5,993		(950,268)		-		
Central		84,028		-		-		(84,028)		-		
Non-instructional Services		1,527,399		375,259		1,316,951		164,811		-		
Extracurricular Activities		949,695		380,179		43,792		(525,724)		-		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,040,089	Φ.	700.000	Φ.	4 007 740	Φ.	(1,040,089)	_			
Total Governmental Activities	\$	29,574,702	\$	789,622	\$	4,367,748	\$	(24,417,332)	\$			
Component Unit												
Hamilton Local Digital Academy	\$	587,376	\$	-	\$	42,615	\$	-	\$	(544,761)		
Total Component Unit	\$	587,376	\$	-	\$	42,615	\$	-	\$	(544,761)		
								_				
		neral Revenu										
	ŀ	Property Taxes		ed for:								
		General Purp					\$	4,574,194	\$	-		
		Debt Service						1,589,498		-		
	_	Capital Proje		_				321,801		-		
		Payments in Li						2,591,715				
		Grants and En			ricted	1		18,230,864		535,746		
		nvestment Ea	rnings					16,544		240		
		Miscellaneous						111,455		-		
	10	tal General Re	evenue	es				27,436,071		535,986		
	Ch	ange in Net A	ssets					3,018,739		(8,775)		
	Ne	t Assets Begir	nnina (of Year				58,616,185		122,435		
		t Assets End					\$	61,634,924	\$	113,660		
							÷					

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2012

		General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Service Governmental		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,994,614	\$	1,162,182	\$	3,060,829	\$	13,217,625
Receivables:	Ψ	0,994,014	Ψ	1,102,102	Ψ	3,000,629	Ψ	13,217,023
Property Taxes		5,384,230		1,863,226		378,137		7,625,593
Accounts		7,650		-		900		8,550
Intergovernmental		- ,000		_		107,267		107,267
Payment in Lieu of Tax		1,883,249		_		-		1,883,249
Prepaid Items		20,456		_		_		20,456
Inventory Held for Resale				_		9,062		9,062
Total Assets	\$	16,290,199	\$	3,025,408	\$	3,556,195	\$	22,871,802
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	125,912	\$	-	\$	64,335	\$	190,247
Accrued Wages and Benefits		1,369,308		-		162,821		1,532,129
Intergovernmental Payable		452,229		-		80,006		532,235
Deferred Revenue		5,335,909		1,194,765		332,319		6,862,993
Compensated Absences Payable		-		-		28,528		28,528
Total Liabilities		7,283,358		1,194,765		668,009		9,146,132
Fund Balances:								
Unspendable:								
Prepaid Items		20,456		_		_		20,456
Restricted for:								
Capital Projects		_		_		1,898,641		1,898,641
Debt Service		_		1,830,643		-		1,830,643
Food Services		-		-		1,021,510		1,021,510
Other Purposes		-		-		61,717		61,717
Assigned:								
Public School Support		148,431		-		-		148,431
Encumbrances		46,184		-		-		46,184
Future Appropriations		2,997,308		-		-		2,997,308
Unassigned		5,794,462		-		(93,682)		5,700,780
Total Fund Balances		9,006,841		1,830,643		2,888,186		13,725,670
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	16,290,199	\$	3,025,408	\$	3,556,195	\$	22,871,802

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2012

Total Governmental Fund Bal	ances	\$ 13,725,670
Amounts reported for governme statement of net assets are		
Capital assets used in governm resources and therefore are	69,638,274	
but are not available soon er	es will be collected after fiscal year-end, nough to pay for the current period's are deferred in the funds. These receivables	
00110101 011	Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable	1,254,626
	Intergovernmental Receivables	77,731
	Payment in Lieu of Taxes	1,883,249
Long-Term liabilities, including to payable in the current period in the funds.	oonds payable, are not due and d and therefore are not reported	
	Bonds Payable	(23,252,694)
	Accumulated Accretion	(871,242)
	Unamortized Bond Premiums	(440,027)
	Unamortized Deferred Charge on Refunding	139,269
	Unamortized Deferred Charges for Issuance Costs	365,565
	Capital Lease Payable	(126,748)
	Accrued Interest Payable	(79,364)
	Compensated Absences Payable	(679,385)
		(24,944,626)
Net Assets of Governmental A	Activities	\$ 61,634,924

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

_		General Fund		Debt Service Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	•	4 000 05 4	•	4 007 070	•	000 004	Φ.	0.000.407
Property Taxes	\$	4,820,654	\$	1,667,372	\$	338,381	\$	6,826,407
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		708,466		-		-		708,466
Intergovernmental		17,780,771		353,574		4,260,144		22,394,489
Charges for Services		-		-		375,259		375,259
Interest		16,359		-		185		16,544
Tuition and Fees		34,184		-				34,184
Extracurricular Activities		172,907		-		207,272		380,179
Other	-	189,261				88,519		277,780
Total Revenues		23,722,602		2,020,946		5,269,760		31,013,308
Expenditures:								
Regular Instruction		9,394,844		-		502,097		9,896,941
Special Instruction		1,881,523		-		1,626,648		3,508,171
Vocational Instruction		197,880		_		· · · -		197,880
Other Instruction		1,511,474		_		_		1,511,474
Pupils		555,551		_		551,058		1,106,609
Instructional Staff		363,397		_		234,357		597,754
Board of Education		18,047		_				18,047
Administration		1,963,592		_		215,824		2,179,416
Fiscal Services		1,376,747		_		10,176		1,386,923
Business Operations		-		31,635		6,590		38,225
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		2,518,070		-		321,030		2,839,100
Pupil Transportation		903,413		_		5,980		909,393
Central		83,519		_		-		83,519
Non-instructional Services		-		_		1,426,218		1,426,218
Extracurricular Activities		623,437		_		287,251		910,688
Debt service:		020, 101				201,201		0.0,000
Principal Retirement		_		855,000		64,514		919,514
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_		975,755		3,083		978,838
Total Expenditures		21,391,494		1,862,390		5,254,826		28,508,710
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		21,001,101		1,002,000		0,201,020		20,000,110
Over (Under) Expenditures		2,331,108		158,556		14,934		2,504,598
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Inception of Capital Lease						87,210		87,210
Transfers In		_		-		137,885		137,885
Transfers Out		(137,885)		-		137,000		
		(137,885)				225,095		(137,885)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(137,005)		<u>-</u> _		225,095		87,210
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,193,223		158,556		240,029		2,591,808
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		6,813,618		1,672,087		2,648,060		11,133,765
Change in Inventory		-		-		97		97
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	9,006,841	\$	1,830,643	\$	2,888,186	\$	13,725,670

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 2,591,808

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.

However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Depreciation Expense (1,993,443) Capital Outlay 202,166

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property Taxes (340,914) Intergovernmental 37,798 Payment in Lieu of Taxes 1,883,249

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Principal Repayments	919,514
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(53,395)
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs	(25,255)
Amortization of Bond Premiums	41,455
Accretion of Capital Appreciation Bonds	(53,585)
Inception of Capital Lease	(87,210)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences payable and other accounts payable, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

Increase in Compensated Absences	(133,075)
Decrease in Accrued Interest Payable	29,529
Change in Inventory	97

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ 3,018,739

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Origir Budg		Final Budget	Actual	Variance ver/(Under)
Revenues:			 		,
Property Taxes		14,051	\$ 4,814,051	\$ 4,814,051	\$ -
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	7	77,050	77,050	77,050	-
Intergovernmental	17,95	53,589	17,953,589	17,780,771	(172,818)
Interest	•	14,311	14,311	14,170	(141)
Tuition and Fees	3	34,261	34,261	34,261	-
Extracurricular Activities	17	73,327	173,327	173,327	-
Other	Ś	99,723	99,723	99,723	-
Total Revenues	23,16	66,312	23,166,312	22,993,353	(172,959)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular		96,543	9,993,443	9,696,850	296,593
Special		12,186	1,612,186	1,818,392	(206, 206)
Vocational		96,284	196,432	200,892	(4,460)
Other	1,51	10,470	1,510,470	1,511,474	(1,004)
Support Services:					
Pupils		25,655	625,507	569,333	56,174
Instructional Staff		91,636	391,636	417,031	(25,395)
Board of Education		18,038	18,038	19,253	(1,215)
Administration		32,869	2,035,969	2,015,719	20,250
Fiscal	3,53	35,490	3,535,490	1,350,989	2,184,501
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,64	43,509	2,643,509	2,544,105	99,404
Pupil Transportation	94	49,186	949,186	924,518	24,668
Central	4	14,977	44,977	83,920	(38,943)
Extracurricular Activities	49	98,756	 498,756	 622,958	 (124,202)
Total Expenditures	24,05	55,599	 24,055,599	 21,775,434	 2,280,165
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(88)	39,287)	 (889,287)	 1,217,919	 2,107,206
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers Out		45,000)	 (45,000)	 (137,885)	 (92,885)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2	45,000)	 (45,000)	 (137,885)	 (92,885)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(93	34,287)	(934,287)	1,080,034	2,014,321
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	7,62	26,068	7,626,068	7,626,068	_
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		18,599	48,599	48,599	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 6,74	40,380	\$ 6,740,380	\$ 8,754,701	\$ 2,014,321

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2012

Assets	Agency <u>Funds</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Total Assets	\$ 61,738 59 61,797
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable Due to Students Total Liabilities	\$ 197 61,600 61,797

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The Hamilton Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

Average daily membership (ADM) as of October 1, 2011, was 3,181. The District employed 193 certified employees and 82 classified employees. The District is supervised by the Franklin County Educational Service Center, a separate entity.

The District provides regular, vocational and special instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisitions and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

The reporting entity is required to be comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to, or can otherwise access, the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provides financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes.

<u>Hamilton Local Digital Academy</u> – Hamilton Local Digital Academy (Academy) is a legally separate not-for-profit organization. The Academy provides comprehensive educational programs of high quality, tied to state and national standards. It is operated in cooperation with the District to provide an innovative and cost-effective solution to the special problems of disabled students, students removed from school for disciplinary reasons, students needing advanced or specialized courses, and others, including home-schooled students. The Academy is reflected as a component unit of the District. The Academy operates on a fiscal year ending June 30.

Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from Hamilton Local Digital Academy, 1055 Rathmell Road, Columbus, Ohio 43207.

The District is involved with the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC), which is defined as a jointly governed organization. Additional information concerning the jointly governed organization is presented in Note 14.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized below. These policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units prescribed in the statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other recognized authoritative sources.

A. Fund Accounting

The District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to specific District functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary or fiduciary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the district and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Other Governmental Funds – Other Governmental Funds consist of non-major special revenue and capital project funds. The special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than major capital projects, that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes. The capital project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other assets.

Proprietary Fund Types:

Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds and internal service funds and are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These include agency funds. Agency funds are purely custodial and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund consists of student-managed activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into net asset components. Proprietary fund's operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets. The District has no proprietary funds.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using either modified accrual for governmental funds or accrual basis for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenues, Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period of the District is sixty days after year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6), unless advanced or available to be advanced to the District in the previous fiscal year. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available for advance, investment earnings, tuition, grants and student fees.

Deferred/Unearned Revenue

The District reports deferred revenue on its governmental fund balance sheet. Deferred revenue arises when resources are received before they are earned, when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria, and for property tax receipts, when the "intended to finance" criteria for recognition in the current period has not been met. In subsequent periods, when all revenue recognition criteria have been met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the governmental funds balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The District reports unearned revenue on its statement of net assets. Unearned revenue arises when resources are received before they are earned and for property tax receipts, when the "intended to finance" criteria for recognition in the current period has not been met. In subsequent periods, when all revenue recognition criteria have been met, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the statement of net assets and revenue is recognized.

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recorded at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on flow of current financial resources. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes the limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriations must be approved by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during the fiscal year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

E. Cash and Investments

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. The cash and investment pool has the same characteristics as a demand deposit. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed in the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. It is the policy of the District to value investment contracts and money market investments with maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase at cost.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for at fiscal year-end.

For purposes of presentation on the balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market using the first in, first out (FIFO) method and are expensed when used. On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when purchased.

G. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The District does not capitalize interest costs as part of capital assets.

Interest is expensed as incurred. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Buildings and improvements are charged a full year of depreciation in the year of acquisition or the year the asset is placed into service. Depreciation for furniture, fixtures and equipment, vehicles, and land improvements will begin in the month of acquisition. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

DescriptionUseful LifeLandnot depreciatedLand Improvements10 – 25 yearsBuildings & Improvements20 – 50 yearsFurniture and Equipment5 – 20 yearsBuses and Other Vehicles5 – 15 years

H. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as entitlements and grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred and become available.

I. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another fund without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. On fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as due to/from other funds. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation leave accumulated by employees is accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned when the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method, which states that an accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The District records a liability for all employees meeting the retirement criteria outlined by the pension systems as well as all employees with 20 or more years of service with the District.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the entity-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees has been recorded as a current liability to the extent that amounts are expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. The balance of the liability is not recorded.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All accrued liabilities and long-term debt is reported in the entity-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the accrued liabilities are generally reported as a governmental fund liability if due for payment as of the balance sheet date regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current financial resources. However, compensated absences paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources. Long-term debt paid from governmental funds is not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting, the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories were used:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (assigned and unassigned) fund balance is available. The District considers assigned and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Encumbrances

The District employs encumbrance accounting in governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The following funds had deficit fund balances at fiscal year-end:

Fund	В	Fund Balance	
Pre-School Education	\$	(6,536)	
Education Jobbs		(4,822)	
IDEA, Part B		(44,272)	
Title I		(27,793)	
Improving Teacher Quality		(10,259)	

These fund deficits resulted from the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund is liable for the deficits and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis, as provided by law requires accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Ohio Revised Code prohibits expenditures plus encumbrances from exceeding appropriations.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$2,193,223
Public School Support Change	(46,906)
Revenue Accruals	(641,618)
Expenditure Accruals	(342,965)
Encumbrances	(81,700)
Budget Basis	\$1,080,034

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting*, the District's Uniform Supply Fund and the Public School Support Funds, no longer meet the special revenue fund type criteria for reporting in the fiscal year-end external financial statements. As such, these fund are presented as part of the District's General Fund in the year-end financial statements. The budgetary comparison information in the fiscal year-end financial statements is the legally adopted budget for the general fund, without modification for the funds no longer meeting the special revenue criteria.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable, or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. The Ohio Revised Code authorizes the District to invest interim monies in United States and State of Ohio bonds, notes, and other obligations; bank certificates of deposit; banker's acceptances; commercial paper notes rated prime and issued by United States corporations; and STAR Ohio.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool. By law, financial institutions must establish a collateral pool to cover all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of public funds on deposit. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$10,467,577, including \$3,600,000 in certificates of deposit, and the bank balance was \$10,953,518. Of the District's bank balance, \$8,449,522 was covered by federal deposit insurance while the remaining \$2,503,996 was exposed to custodial risk, as discussed below. In addition, the District held \$874 in petty cash at fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

At fiscal year-end, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities					
	Fair	Less Than	12 to 24	24 to 48			
Investment Type	Value	12 Months	Months	Months			
Money Market Funds US Government Agency Notes:	\$ 49,024	\$ 49,024	-	-			
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	714,997	-	625,318	89,679			
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	400,006	-	400,006	-			
Federal Home Loan Mortgage							
(FHLM)	275,443	-	275,443	-			
Federal National Mortgage							
Association (FNMA)	850,712	-	-	850,712			
Commercial Paper	439,903	439,903	-	-			
STAR Ohio	80,827	80,827					
	\$ 2,810,912	\$ 569,754	\$ 1,300,767	\$ 940,391			

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that an interest rate change could adversely affect an investment's fair value. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio a "AAAm" money market rating. The District's US Government Agency Notes are rated AA+ by Standard & Poor while the Commercial Paper is rated A-1+. The District's money market funds were not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of inability to recover the value of deposits, investments, or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party caused by a lack of diversification. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage to total of each investment type held by the District at fiscal yearend:

		Fair Value	%To Total		
Money Market Funds	\$	49,024	2%		
US Government Agency Notes		2,241,158	80%		
Commercial Paper		439,903	16%		
STAR Ohio		80,827	3%		
Total	\$	2,810,912	100%		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. First half collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes.

Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be re-valued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at 88 percent of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property as 35 percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the current year. In prior years, tangible personal property was assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of inventory. The tangible personal property tax has been phased out. The assessed values upon which the fiscal year taxes were collected are:

	Calendar Yea Second Half Co		Calendar Yea First Half Coll		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Pe	rcent
Real Property - Agricultural / Residential	\$ 145,687,190	61.83%	\$ 134,026,320	6	0.35%
Real Property - Commercial / Industrial	80,200,350	34.04%	77,686,250	3	4.98%
Real Property - Public Utilities	209,990	0.09%	231,890		0.10%
Personal Property - Public Utilities	9,539,790	4.05%	10,132,260		4.56%
Total Assessed Values	\$ 235,637,320	100.00%	\$ 222,076,720	10	0.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$ 56.00	 	\$	56.60

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The Franklin County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing Districts in the County, including the Hamilton Local School District. The county auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Calendar year 2012 second-half property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012 are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Property taxes receivable represents real property and public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies that are measurable as of June 30, 2012. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue. The amount available to the District as an advance at June 30, 2012 was \$2,735,686.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity during the fiscal year follows:

Asset Class	Beginning Balance			Additions Deletions		 Ending Balance	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:							
Land	\$	806,378	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 806,378
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets		806,378	_	-		-	806,378
Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Buildings		74,221,743		63,076		-	74,284,819
Improvements		1,340,906		20,376		-	1,361,282
Furniture & Equipment		4,593,392		118,714		(50,676)	4,661,430
Vehicles		1,721,963		-		-	1,721,963
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		81,878,004	_	202,166		(50,676)	82,029,494
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Buildings		6,748,915		1,493,503		-	8,242,418
Improvements		525,622		104,909		-	630,531
Furniture & Equipment		2,585,152		342,709		(50,676)	2,877,185
Vehicles		1,395,142		52,322		-	1,447,464
Total Accumulated Depreciation		11,254,831		1,993,443		(50,676)	13,197,598
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		70,623,173	_	(1,791,277)			68,831,896
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	71,429,551	\$	(1,791,277)	\$		\$ 69,638,274

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction Regular	\$ 1,652,717
Instruction Special	6,877
Instruction Vocational	4,789
Pupils	901
Instructional Staff	3,063
Board of Education	1,989
Administration	6,829
Fiscal Services	5,070
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	95,546
Pupil Transportation	40,895
Noninstructional Services	98,434
Extracurricular Activities	76,333
	\$ 1,993,443

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

School Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability, and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available, standalone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employer/Audit Resources.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 12.7%. The remaining 1.30% of the 14% employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The District's contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$378,300, \$359,255, and \$378,326, respectively. The amount contributed for fiscal year 2012 was 64% and 100% was contributed for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. The District's unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2012 has been recorded as a liability in the appropriate funds.

State Teachers Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877 or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org

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<u>Plan Options</u> – New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the DB Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

<u>DB Plan Benefits</u> – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit", the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31PstP year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

<u>DC Plan Benefits</u> – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

<u>Combined Plan Benefits</u> – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for DB Plan participants.

The DB and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the DB Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Contribution requirements and the contributions actually made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, were 10% of covered payroll for members and 14% for employers.

The District's required contributions for pension obligation to STRS Ohio for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$1,592,391, \$1,621,032, and \$1,583,463, respectively; 90% has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100% for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. The School's unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2012 has been recorded as a liability in the appropriate funds.

C. Social Security

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System /State Teachers Retirement System. At fiscal year-end, all members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

School Employees Retirement System

<u>Postemployment Benefits</u> – In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan – The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2012 was \$99.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$319.70 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, the actuarially required allocation is .75%. The District's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$22,341, \$23,119, and \$22,498, respectively, 64 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

<u>Health Care Plan</u> – ORC 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMOs, PPOs, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14% contribution to the Health Care Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the health care allocation is .55%. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated according to service credit earned. State law provides that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2012, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contributions assigned to health care, including the surcharge, for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$61,713, \$87,033, and \$58,473, respectively, 64 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status. The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

State Teachers Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District contributes to the cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by writing 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling 1-888-227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio web site at www.strsoh.org.

<u>Funding Policy</u> — Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2012, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to post-employment health care. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$122,492, \$124,695, and \$121,805, respectively; 90 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Risk

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through commercial carriers. General liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$1,000,000 for each occurrence and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate. The District maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000 for any one accident or loss and a rider for volunteers. The District maintains replacement cost insurance on buildings and contents. Settlements have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three fiscal years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Workers' Compensation-Public Entity Risk Pool

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria.

C. Health Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to its employees through the Anthem Life Insurance Company. The District has elected to provide employee medical/surgical benefits through Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield, and dental through Core Source, Inc., all fully funded programs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due in One Year	
2001 Construction Bond:						
Current Interest Bonds	\$ 480,000	\$ -	\$ (480,000)	\$ -	\$ -	
2006 School Improvement Bond	10,955,000	-	(220,000)	10,735,000	290,000	
2006 Advance Refunding Bonds:						
Current Interest Bonds	8,745,000	-	(80,000)	8,665,000	85,000	
Capital Appreciation Bonds	1,110,064	46,031	-	1,156,095	-	
2011 Refunding Bonds:		-				
Current Interest Bonds	3,570,000	-	(75,000)	3,495,000	550,000	
Capital Appreciation Bonds	65,287	7,554	-	72,841	-	
Bonds Payable	24,925,351	53,585	(855,000)	24,123,936	925,000	
2006 School Improvement Bond						
Premium on Bonds	234,227	-	(10,410)	223,817	-	
2006 Advance Refunding Bonds						
Premium on Bonds	4,427	-	(253)	4,174	-	
Deferred Amount on Refunding	(34,826)	-	34,826	-	-	
2011 Refunding Bonds			-			
Premium on Bonds	242,828	-	(30,792)	212,036	-	
Deferred Amount on Refunding	(157,838)	-	18,569	(139,269)	-	
Total Bonds Payable	25,214,169	53,585	(843,060)	24,424,694	925,000	
Capital Lease	104,052	87,210	(64,514)	126,748	62,011	
Compensated Absences	590,551	184,319	(66,957)	707,913	158,498	
Compondate a Absolices	\$ 25,908,772	\$ 325,114	\$ (974,531)	\$ 25,259,355	\$ 1,145,509	
	ψ 20,000,112	Ψ 020,114	Ψ (01 1 ,001)	Ψ 20,200,000	Ψ 1,1-10,000	

All outstanding general obligation bonds relate to projects, for the purpose of constructing, improving and equipping schools. Such bonds are direct obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit and resources are pledged and a payable from taxes levied on all taxable property of the District.

2006 Advance Refunding Bonds - On December 1, 2005, the District issued general obligation bonds of \$9,399,991 (par value) with interest rates ranging from 3.15% to 5% to advance refund current interest serial and term bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.85% to 5.375% and a par value of \$9,400,000. The term bonds mature December 1, 2016, December 1, 2021, and December 1, 2028, and are callable on December 1, 2011. The general obligation bonds were issued at a premium of \$598,594 and, after paying issuance costs of \$180,675, the net proceeds were \$9,817,910.

The net proceeds from the issuance of the general obligation bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities and those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide debt service payments until the term bonds are called on December 1, 2011. The advance refunding met the requirements of an in-substance debt defeasance and the term bonds were removed from the District's government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

As a result of the advance refunding, the District reduced its total debt service requirements by \$645,558, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new (debt)) of \$398,253. At fiscal year-end, the amount of defeased bonds outstanding was \$0.

2006 School Improvement Bonds - On March 1, 2006, the District issued general obligation bonds of \$11,900,000 (par value) with interest rates ranging from 3.15 to 5 percent for the purpose of constructing new school facilities, including paying the local share under the Ohio School Facilities Commission Classroom Facilities Assistance Program; renovating and improving existing school facilities; furnishing and equipping the same; and landscaping and improving sites thereof.

2011 Advance Refunding Bonds - During the fiscal year, the District issued \$3,570,000 in current interest serial bonds with interest rates ranging from 2 to 4 percent, and a \$62,703 capital appreciation bonds with a stated interest rate of 20 percent, for the purpose of advance refunding \$3,635,000 of 2001 current interest serial bonds. The 2011 current interest serial bonds mature December 1, 2019 and the capital appreciation bond matures on December 1, 2018. The 2011 current interest bonds were issued at a premium of \$107,030, the capital appreciation bond was issued at a premium of \$151,194, and bond issuance costs totaled \$88,805.

The net proceeds from the issuance were used to purchase U.S. government securities and those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide debt service payments until the term bonds are called on December 1, 2011. The advance refunding met the requirements of an in-substance debt defeasance and the 2001 current interest serial bonds were removed from the District's government-wide financial statements. As a result of the advance refunding, the District reduced its total debt service requirements by \$225,793, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new (debt)) of \$201,997. At fiscal year-end, the amount of defeased bonds outstanding was \$0.

The annual requirement to amortize all bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2011 is as follows:

		Principal		Principal Interest		Total
Year ending June 30,	2013	\$	925,000	\$	944,740	\$ 1,869,740
-	2014		995,000		916,965	1,911,965
	2015		1,045,000		887,439	1,932,439
	2016		330,000		865,039	1,195,039
	2017		1,573,936		1,254,016	2,827,952
	2018-2022		5,410,000		3,505,712	8,915,712
	2023-2027		7,075,000		2,363,654	9,438,654
	2028-2032		5,265,000		873,806	6,138,806
	2033-2034		1,505,000		152,438	1,657,438
		\$	24,123,936	\$	11,763,809	\$ 35,887,745

The District's overall legal debt margin available was \$19,986,905 with an unvoted debt margin of \$222,077 at June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Only administrative and support personnel who are under a full year contract (260 days) are eligible for vacation time. Vacation leave is based upon length of service and position.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave shall accumulate during active employment on a continuous year-to-year basis. Maximum sick leave accumulation for employees is 300 days.

Retirement severance is paid to each employee retiring from the District at a per diem rate of the annual salary at the time of retirement. Classified and Certified employees who meet the retirement qualifications of STRS/SERS and employees who have 20 years experience with the district are probable to a severance payment from the District, therefore a liability will be recorded for the employees. Classified employee receiving retirement severance pay shall be entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to one-fourth of unused sick leave up to a maximum of 260 days, not to exceed sixty-five, plus one day for each year in which no more than three days of sick leave are used. Certified employees receiving retirement severance pay shall be entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to thirty percent of unused sick leave up to a maximum of 280 days, not to exceed seventy days.

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid.

NOTE 13 - CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The District has entered into two lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of computers. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The assets acquired through these capital leases had a book value of \$75,217 (\$136,759 cost less \$61,542 accumulated depreciation) at June 30, 2012. The computers associated with the lease entered into during fiscal year 2012 did not meet the capitalization threshold. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2012, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	F	Principal	lr	Interest Total		Total
2013	\$	62,011	\$	5,586	\$	67,597
2014		64,737		1,803		66,540
Total	\$	126,748	\$	7,389	\$	134,137

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 14 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC) - MEC is a not-for-profit educational council whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The governing board consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County districts. Districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board. MEC is its own fiscal agent. The District does not have an ongoing financial interest in or ongoing financial responsibility for MEC. MEC provides computer services to the District.

NOTE 15 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must by held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	A	Captial cquisition
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2011	\$	-
Current fiscal year set-aside requirement Current year offsets Qualifying Disbursements		529,893 (512,773) (55,194)
Total	\$	(38,074)
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2013	\$	
Set-aside Balance June 30, 2012	\$	

The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the capital acquisition set-aside amount below zero. However, the extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants and Student Attendance Data Review - The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. The District was not sampled however, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation - There are currently a few matters in litigation with the District as defendant. It is the opinion of management that the potential claims against the District not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial statements.

The District was named as a plaintiff in a claim against the Columbus City School District involving the Win-Win Agreement. During the course of negotiations leading up to renewal of the agreement, a number of issues came to light. First, it was revealed that payments from Columbus to certain suburban districts, based on territory transferred to Columbus under the agreement, had never been made. Second, a review of annual billings provided by Columbus demonstrated instances in which the amounts billed to the suburban districts for payments due under the agreement had been calculated incorrectly, resulting in some suburban districts being over-billed for several years. The District is owed \$1,883,249 through tax year 2011. The District has recorded a Payment in Lieu of Tax receivable for the amount owed to the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 17 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

A. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are generally used to either (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the Bond Retirement Fund as debt service payments become due, or (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various program accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

During the fiscal year, transfers from the District's General Fund were as follows:

Fund	 Amount
District Managed Student Activities	\$ 93,790
Title II-D	1,219
Title I	38,543
Improving Teacher Quality	 4,333
	\$ 137,885

B. Interfund Advances

On an as-needed basis, the District's General Fund advances cash to other funds of the District to eliminate cash deficits. There were no advances made or outstanding as of year end.

NOTE 18 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2012, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 57 OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans"0T, and GASB Statement No. 64, "Financial Statements Omnibus".

GASB Statement No. 57 "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans" addresses the provisions related to the frequency and timing of measurements for actuarial valuations first used to report funded status information in OPEB plan financial statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 59 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 64 "Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53 clarifies whether an effective hedging relationship continues after the replacement of a swap counterparty or a swap counterparty's credit support provider. This Statement sets forth criteria that establish when the effective hedging relationship continues and hedge accounting should continue to be applied. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 64 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 19 – NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34" improves financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. The requirements of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and the related financial reporting requirements of Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, were amended to better meet user needs and to address reporting entity issues that have arisen since the issuance of those Statements. The implementation of this statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2012.

GASB Statement No. 62 "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements" incorporates certain accounting and financial reporting guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, into the GASB's authoritative literature that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The implementation of this statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011.

NOTE 20 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Accounting - The financial statements of Hamilton Local Digital Academy (HLDA) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and accordingly reflect all significant receivables, payables and other liabilities.

Property and Depreciation - Capital assets, which consist of computers and computer equipment, are recorded at cost and updated for any additions and retirements during the fiscal year. HLDA's capitalization threshold is five hundred dollars. All of HLDA's capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over five years of useful life.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

B. Deposits - At June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of Digital Academy's deposits was \$110,581 and the bank balance was \$114,018. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and pooled collateral agreements with the banking institution. There are no significant statutory restrictions regarding the deposit and investment of funds by the nonprofit corporation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 20 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES (Continued)

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in depreciable capital assets during the fiscal year is as follows:

Asset Class	Beginning Balance		A	dditions	Dele	tions	Ending Balance
Equipment	\$	345,834	\$	1,579	\$	-	\$ 347,413
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		345,834		1,579		-	347,413
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(324,263)		(11,531)			(335,794)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	21,571	\$	(9,952)	\$		\$ 11,619

HAMILTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Cash Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Cash Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Nutrition Cluster:						
National School Breakfast Program	O5-PU-12	10.553	\$470,429	\$0	\$470,429	\$0
National School Lunch Program	LL-P4-12	10.555	849,000	184,183	849,000	184,183
Total Nurtition Cluster			1,319,429	184,183	1,319,429	184,183
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,319,429	184,183	1,319,429	184,183
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Title I Cluster:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1-11	84.010	0	0	38,613	0
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1-12	84.010	928,166	0	877,377	0
Total Title I Cluster			928,166	0	915,990	0
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	6B-SD-11	84.027	0	0	40,772	0
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	6B-SD-12	84.027	574,041	0	562,573	0
Special Education Grant	6B-SD-12	84.173	9,214	0	9,214	0
Title VI-B - ARRA Funds	N/A	84.391	0	0	12,926	0
Total Special Education Cluster			583,255	0	625,485	0
21st Century Grant		84.287	20,464	0	21,527	0
Technology Literacy Challenge	TJ-S1-12	84.318	6,460	0	7,679	0
Improving Teacher Quality	TR-S1-12	84.367	97,446	0	108,269	0
State Stabilization Fund - Education State Grant ARRA	N/A	84.394	0	0	70,339	0
Education Jobs	N/A	84.410	867,941	0	860,657	0
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,503,732	0	2,609,946	0
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$3,823,161	\$184,183	\$3,929,375	\$184,183

Note 1 - Noncash Federal Financial Assistance

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the District received fair value inventory under the Nutrition Cluster - Food Distribution (Commodities) Program, that is included with 10.555 in the above schedule. Program regulations do not require the Government to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commoditites received. Donated commodities are used first, and the ending inventory consists of purchased commodities. At June 30, 2012, the District had no significant food commodities inventory.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

The District prepares its Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.



Independent Accountant's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Hamilton Local School District 775 Rathmell Road Columbus, Ohio 43207

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hamilton Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Government's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.



Hamilton Local School District Independent Accountant's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain noncompliance and other matters that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated December 13, 2012.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, the Board of Education, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. It is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

J.L. Uhrig and Associates, Inc.

J. L. UHRIG AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

December 13, 2012



Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Board of Education Hamilton Local School District 775 Rathmell Road Columbus, OH 43207

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Hamilton Local School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.



Hamilton Local School District Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Internal Control over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, Board of Education, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

J.L. Uhrig and Associates, Inc.

J. L. UHRIG AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

December 13, 2012

HAMILTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

1.	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified		
2.	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
3.	Were there any other significant internal control deficiency reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
4.	Was there any material noncompliance reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
5.	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No		
6.	Were there any other significant internal control deficiency reported for major federal programs?	No		
7.	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified		
8.	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No		
9.	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #84.410 Education Jobs CFDA#84.394 State Fiscal Stabilization Fund CFDA #10.550/10.553/10.555 Nutrition Cluster		
10.	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: All Other Programs		
11.	Low Risk Auditee?	No		

B. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

There were no findings related to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

There were no findings related to Federal Awards to be reported.

HAMILTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Description		Status	Comments		
1	Cash Management (SFSF Fund)	Corrected	N/A		



HAMILTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 19, 2013