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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Madison Local School District Richland County 1379 Grace Street Mansfield, Ohio 44905

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Madison Local School District, Richland County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Madison Local School District Richland County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Madison Local School District, Richland County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Madison Local School District Richland County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 11, 2014

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of Madison Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2013 are as follows:

- In total, net position decreased \$1,092,269 from restated net position at July 1, 2012. Net position of
 governmental activities decreased \$1,183,162, which represents a 5.55% decrease from 2012 as
 restated in Note 3.A. Net position of business-type activities increased \$90,893 or 30.23% from fiscal
 year 2012.
- General revenues accounted for \$27,906,702 in revenue or 79.53% of all governmental activities revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$7,184,459 or 20.47% of total governmental activities revenues of \$35,091,161.
- The District had \$36,249,323 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$7,184,459 of these
 expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General
 revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and
 entitlements) of \$27,906,702 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, building fund, and classroom facilities fund. The general fund had \$29,261,489 in revenues and other financing sources and \$30,560,707 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance decreased \$1,299,218 from \$4,792,325 to \$3,493,107.
- The building fund had \$8,526 in revenues and \$4,052,394 in expenditures. The building fund's fund balance decreased \$4,043,868 from a balance of \$9,186,789 to \$5,142,921.
- The classroom facilities fund had \$1,683,268 in revenues and other financing sources and \$17,556,167 in expenditures. The classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased \$15,872,899 from a balance of \$21,038,088 to \$5,165,189.
- The District's major enterprise funds are the adult education fund and the preschool fund. The adult education fund had \$1,175,181 in revenues and \$1,133,379 in expenses. The adult education fund also received transfers of \$25,000. The net position of the adult education increased \$66,802 from \$249,455 to a balance of \$316,257.
- The preschool enterprise fund had \$454,920 in revenues and \$444,075 in expenses. The net position of the preschool fund increased \$10,845 from \$66,090 to a balance of \$76,935.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, the building fund, and the classroom facilities fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the District perform financially during fiscal year 2013?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, and expenses, using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, and interest and fiscal charges.

Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District's adult education and preschool programs are reported as business-type activities.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 17 through 19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 12. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental funds are the general fund, building fund, and classroom facilities fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements closely resemble information provided in the statements for the District as a whole. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 through 27 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as private-purpose trust funds. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for student managed activities and for Pell grants for adult education tuition payments. These activities are reported in two agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 28 and 29. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because these resources cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 63 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, balances at June 30, 2012 have been restated to eliminate unamortized bond issuance costs from current assets and the District's net investment in capital assets and to reclassify property taxes levied for the next fiscal year to be presented as a deferred inflow of resources rather than a liability as previously reported.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Net Position

	Govern	nmental	Busines	s-Type		
	Activ	/ities	Activ	ities	Tc	otal
		Restated				Restated
	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012
<u>Assets</u>						
Current assets	\$ 36,481,547	\$ 55,188,082	\$ 463,981	\$ 381,130	\$ 36,945,528	\$ 55,569,212
Capital assets, net	29,797,951	8,276,653	41,657	37,328	29,839,608	8,313,981
Total assets	66,279,498	63,464,735	505,638	418,458	66,785,136	63,883,193
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Current liabilities	6,448,470	5,015,436	96,385	86,609	6,544,855	5,102,045
Long-term liabilities	29,977,924	30,165,766	17,666	31,155	29,995,590	30,196,921
Total liabilities	36,426,394	35,181,202	114,051	117,764	36,540,445	35,298,966
Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,700,748	6,948,015			9,700,748	6,948,015
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	10,196,783	4,132,833	36,043	37,328	10,232,826	4,170,161
Restricted	1,644,341	9,708,201	-	-	1,644,341	9,708,201
Unrestricted	8,311,232	7,494,484	355,544	263,366	8,666,776	7,757,850
Total net position	\$ 20,152,356	\$ 21,335,518	\$ 391,587	\$ 300,694	\$ 20,543,943	\$ 21,636,212

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2013, the District's assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$20,543,943. \$20,152,356 of this total is in the governmental activities, and \$391,587 is in the business-type activities.

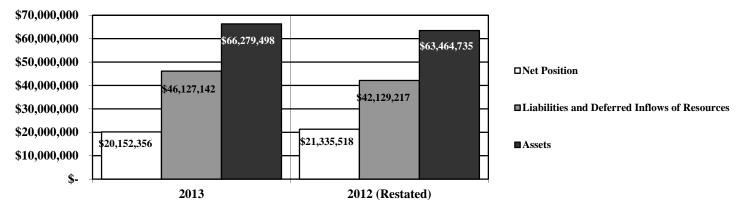
Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represented 44.68% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and construction in progress. In the governmental activities, the District's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2013 was \$10,196,783. These capital assets are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding balances of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$1,644,341, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. In the governmental activities, the remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$8,311,232.

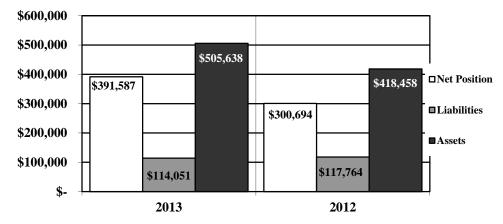
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The graphs below present the District's governmental and business-type net position at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, balances of the governmental activities at June 30, 2012 have been restated to eliminate unamortized bond issuance costs from current assets and the District's net investment in capital assets

Governmental - Net Position



Business-Type - Net Position



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$1,183,162 from restated net position at July 1, 2012. Total governmental activities expenses of \$36,249,323 were offset by program revenues of \$7,184,459 and general revenues of \$27,906,702. Program revenues supported 19.82% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 78.48% of total governmental activities revenue. Property tax revenue increased 13.09% from the prior year, due primarily to additional property tax revenue from millage levied for debt service, effective for tax collection (calendar) year 2013.

Charges for services and operating grants and contributions program revenues decreased 16.80% and 1.41%, respectively. Lower tuition revenue supporting instruction expenses and charges for services supporting food service operations contributed to the decrease in charges for services program revenues.

The table that follows shows the changes in net position of the governmental activities and the business-type activities for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, net position and interest and fiscal charges of the governmental activities for 2012 have been restated to exclude the capitalization and amortization of bond issuance costs. Further, revenues have been reclassified to disaggregate the net change in fair market value of investments from earnings on investments.

Change in Net Position

	 Governmental Activities				Busine: Activ		, ·	Total			
	Restated									Restated	
	 2013		2012		2013		2012		2013		2012
Revenues											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,803,199	\$	2,167,405	\$	1,398,529	\$	1,373,108	\$	3,201,728	\$	3,540,513
Operating grants and contributions	5,381,260		5,457,960		231,572		222,074		5,612,832		5,680,034
General revenues:											
Property taxes	11,159,197		9,867,652		-		-		11,159,197		9,867,652
Grants and entitlements, not restricted	16,379,955		16,332,377		-		-		16,379,955		16,332,377
Payments in lieu of taxes	251,084		315,784		-		-		251,084		315,784
Investment earnings	75,185		127,751		-		-		75,185		127,751
Net increase/decrease in											
fair market value of investments	(62,157)		3,445		-		-		(62,157)		3,445
Miscellaneous	 103,438	_	228,443		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	103,438	_	228,443
Total revenues	\$ 35,091,161	\$	34,500,817	\$	1,630,101	\$	1,595,182	\$	36,721,262	\$	36,095,999

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

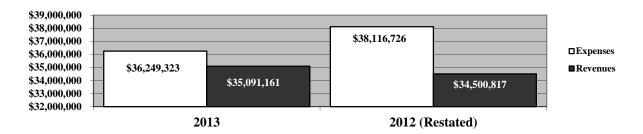
Change in Net Position (Continued)

		Goveri Acti				Busines Activ		•				
				Restated			_		•		Restated	
		2013		2012		2013		2012		2013		2012
<u>Expenses</u>												
Program expenses:												
Instruction:												
Regular	\$	12,078,690	\$	12,464,580	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,078,690	\$	12,464,580
Special		3,714,736		3,625,553		-		-		3,714,736		3,625,553
Vocational		2,550,482		2,967,009		-		-		2,550,482		2,967,009
Adult/continuing		95,500		90,358		-		-		95,500		90,358
Other		2,799,621		2,719,438		-		_		2,799,621		2,719,438
Support services:												
Pupil		1,098,334		1,320,351		-		-		1,098,334		1,320,351
Instructional staff		1,884,065		1,985,779		-		-		1,884,065		1,985,779
Board of education		35,762		43,982		-		-		35,762		43,982
Administration		2,237,885		2,487,434		-		_		2,237,885		2,487,434
Fiscal		683,485		662,743		-		_		683,485		662,743
Business		71,506		72,654		-		_		71,506		72,654
Operations and maintenance		2,905,901		3,202,761		-		-		2,905,901		3,202,761
Pupil transportation		1,610,083		1,680,463		-		_		1,610,083		1,680,463
Central		291,885		259,350		-		_		291,885		259,350
Operation of non-instructional services:										•		•
Food service operations		1,349,434		1,344,705		-		_		1,349,434		1,344,705
Other non-instructional services		475,423		458,328		-		_		475,423		458,328
Extracurricular activities		415,791		840,843		-		_		415,791		840,843
Interest and fiscal charges		1,950,740		1,890,395		-		_		1,950,740		1,890,395
Adult education		-		-		1,120,133		1,167,456		1,120,133		1,167,456
Preschool		-		-		444,075		519,284		444,075		519,284
Total expenses	_	36,249,323		38,116,726		1,564,208		1,686,740		37,813,531		39,803,466
Transfers	_	(25,000)	_	(25,000)		25,000	_	25,000				
Changes in net position		(1,183,162)		(3,640,909)		90,893		(66,558)		(1,092,269)		(3,707,467)
Net position at beginning												
of year (restated)	_	21,335,518	_	24,976,427		300,694		367,252		21,636,212		25,343,679
Net position at end of year	\$	20,152,356	\$	21,335,518	\$	391,587	\$	300,694	\$	20,543,943	\$	21,636,212

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. Expenses for fiscal year 2012 have been restated to exclude the amortization of bond issuance costs; the capitalization and amortization of bond issuance costs has been eliminated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. For fiscal year 2012, the total and net costs of interest and fiscal charges have been restated to exclude the amortization of bond issuance costs in accordance with GASB Statement No. 65.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

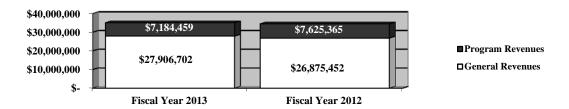
Governmental Activities

			Restated	Restated
	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of
	Services	Services	Services	Services
	2013	2013	2012	2012
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 12,078,690	\$ 10,730,039	\$ 12,464,580	\$ 10,874,554
Special	3,714,736	1,592,193	3,625,553	1,448,477
Vocational	2,550,482	1,911,130	2,967,009	2,316,569
Adult/continuing	95,500	4,003	90,358	4,155
Other	2,799,621	2,799,621	2,719,438	2,719,438
Support services:				
Pupil	1,098,334	1,014,758	1,320,351	1,216,567
Instructional staff	1,884,065	1,187,689	1,985,779	1,315,345
Board of education	35,762	35,762	43,982	43,982
Administration	2,237,885	2,201,770	2,487,434	2,367,595
Fiscal	683,485	683,485	662,743	662,743
Business	71,506	70,893	72,654	72,123
Operations and maintenance	2,905,901	2,902,466	3,202,761	3,187,001
Pupil transportation	1,610,083	1,458,369	1,680,463	1,542,032
Central	291,885	229,487	259,350	214,839
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	1,349,434	1,753	1,344,705	(46,250)
Other non-instructional services	475,423	20,925	458,328	18,536
Extracurricular activities	415,791	269,781	840,843	643,260
Interest and fiscal charges	1,950,740	1,950,740	1,890,395	1,890,395
Total expenses	\$ 36,249,323	\$ 29,064,864	\$ 38,116,726	\$ 30,491,361

The dependence upon tax revenues during fiscal year 2013 for governmental activities is apparent, as 80.22% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. In fiscal year 2013, 80.18% of total governmental activities program expenses were supported by general revenues. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio as a whole, are the primary support for the District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include adult education and the preschool. These programs had revenues of \$1,630,101, recognized expenses of \$1,564,208, and received transfers of \$25,000 during fiscal year 2013. The District's business-type activities receive no direct support from taxes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$15,177,061, which is lower than last year's total balance of \$36,009,274. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2013		und Balance ine 30, 2012	 Increase (Decrease)
General	\$ 3,493,107	\$	4,792,325	\$ (1,299,218)
Building	5,142,921		9,186,789	(4,043,868)
Classroom facilities	5,165,189		21,038,088	(15,872,899)
Nonmajor governmental	 1,375,844		992,072	 383,772
Total	\$ 15,177,061	\$	36,009,274	\$ (20,832,213)

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$1,299,218 during fiscal year 2013.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund. Revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 have been reclassified to disaggregate the net increase in fair market value (FMV) of the District's investments during fiscal year 2012 to be reported separately from investment earnings.

	2013	2012		Increase		Percentage
	 Amount		Amount	(Decrease)		Change
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 10,226,109	\$	9,595,542	\$	630,567	6.57 %
Tuition	1,133,389		1,411,419		(278,030)	(19.70) %
Transportation fees	29,666		17,690		11,976	67.70 %
Earnings on investments	38,026		57,659		(19,633)	(34.05) %
Net increase (decrease) in FMV of investments	(49,822)		3,445		(53,267)	(1,546.21) %
Other	314,125		458,601		(144,476)	(31.50) %
Payments in lieu of taxes	251,084		315,784		(64,700)	(20.49) %
Intergovernmental	17,210,338		17,217,749		(7,411)	(0.04) %
Total	\$ 29,152,915	\$	29,077,889	\$	75,026	0.26 %

Revenues of the general fund increased \$75,026 or 0.26% during fiscal year 2013. Taxes in the general fund increased \$630,567 or 6.57% due to higher collections during fiscal year 2013 and an increase in the amount of property taxes available as an advance from the Richland County Auditor at June 30, 2013. The amount of tax advances available from the County Auditor can vary depending upon when tax bills are distributed. Tuition revenue decreased 19.70% due to lower in revenues for open enrollment and funding through the state foundation for students with disabilities, while payments in lieu of taxes decreased 20.49% due to lower collections for tax abatements received by the District. Earnings on investments decreased \$19,633 or 34.05% due to changes in interest rates and the timing of maturity dates related to the District's depository accounts, and the District recognized a net decrease in the fair market value of its investments of \$49,822 during fiscal year 2013 as opposed to a \$3,445 net increase in the fair value of investment balances during 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2013 Amount	2012 Amount	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Instruction	\$ 20,061,611	\$ 19,071,160	\$ 990,451	5.19 %
Support services	9,725,683	9,695,571	30,112	0.31 %
Extracurricular activities	437,086	440,147	(3,061)	(0.70) %
Facilities acquisition and construction	223,788	391,121	(167,333)	(42.78) %
Capital outlay	77,100	-	77,100	100.00 %
Debt service	10,439		10,439	100.00 %
Total	\$ 30,535,707	\$ 29,597,999	\$ 937,708	3.17 %

Expenditures of the general fund increased \$937,708 or 3.17%. Instruction expenditures increased \$990,451 or 5.19% and support services expenditures increased \$30,112 or 0.31%. The District also recognized capital outlay and debt service expenditures related to a capital lease agreement executed during the year.

Building Fund

The building fund had \$8,526 in revenues and \$4,052,394 in expenditures. The building fund's fund balance decreased \$4,043,868 from a balance of \$9,186,789 to \$5,142,921.

Classroom Facilities Fund

The classroom facilities fund had \$1,683,268 in revenues and other financing sources and \$17,556,167 in expenditures. The classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased \$15,872,899 from a balance of \$21,038,088 to \$5,165,189.

Proprietary Funds

The District's proprietary funds provide similar information as is found in the government-wide statements for business-type activities, but in more detail.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, cash disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

The District uses site-based budgeting, which is designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$28,035,311, which matched exactly to original budget estimates. Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$28,801,168, which is \$765,857 higher than final budgeted resources.

General fund original appropriations and other financing uses of \$30,432,677 were increased to \$30,482,246 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2013 totaled \$30,482,246, which was equal to the final budgeted appropriations and other financing uses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the District had \$29,839,608 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and construction in progress. Of this total, \$29,797,951 was reported in the governmental activities and \$41,657 was reported in the business-type activities.

The following table shows June 30, 2013 balances compared to June 30, 2012.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmen	ital A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities					Total				
		2013		2012		2013		2012	2013			2012		
Land	\$	395,721	\$	395,721	\$	-	\$	-	\$	395,721	\$	395,721		
Land improvements		420,312		426,810		-		-		420,312		426,810		
Building and improvements		1,511,637		1,623,372		-		-		1,511,637		1,623,372		
Furniture and equipment		1,108,732		1,067,246		41,657		37,328		1,150,389		1,104,574		
Vehicles		518,053		409,115		-		-		518,053		409,115		
Construction in progress		25,843,496	_	4,354,389				<u>-</u>	_	25,843,496		4,354,389		
Total	\$	29,797,951	\$	8,276,653	\$	41,657	\$	37,328	\$	29,839,608	\$	8,313,981		

The increase in capital assets, net of depreciation, in the governmental activities of \$21,521,298 is attributable to current year additions of \$21,926,666, \$21,489,107 of which related to construction in progress, exceeding current year depreciation of \$325,583 and disposals during 2013 of various assets with a net book value totaling \$79,785.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2013, the District had \$26,485,673 in general obligation bonds, capital appreciation bonds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds, and capital lease obligations outstanding. Of this balance, \$5,614 in capital lease obligations is reported among the business-type activities. Of total District's total long-term debt obligations, \$404,465 is due within one year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The following table summarizes the bonds and accreted interest obligations outstanding at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

		Governmen	tal	Activities	Business-Type Activities				
		2013		2012		2013		2012	
General obligation bonds:									
General obligation bonds	\$	24,985,000	\$	24,990,000	\$	-	\$	-	
Capital appreciation bonds		810,138		810,138		-		-	
Accreted interest		618,260		328,362				_	
Total general obligation bonds		26,413,398		26,128,500				<u>-</u>	
Capital lease obligation payable	_	66,661				5,614			
Total governmental activities	\$	26,480,059	\$	26,128,500	\$	5,614	\$	<u>-</u>	

At June 30, 2013, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$3,561,973 and its unvoted debt margin was \$319,987. See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District ended fiscal year 2013 with an unencumbered budgetary-basis balance of \$4,520,371 in the general fund. The District has been able to reduce staff and expenditures over the past five fiscal years to avoid a deficit situation, but began deficit spending in calendar year 2010. During the year, the District's total expenses exceeded revenues by \$1,092,269. A 6.9 mil operating levy that was renewed in May of 2007 was again put to the voters for renewal in 2012, and it was passed. Based on current assumptions, the District projects an unencumbered budgetary-basis balance of \$3,480,751 for fiscal year 2014 and \$3,358,728 for fiscal year 2015.

The District developed a strategic plan in 2008. The facilities portion of the plan suggested moving the ninth grade students to the high school for the 2008-2009 school year, which was accomplished. The school was also in line to receive funds through the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) program. The Board completed a year long process with the community on whether to build new facilities and accept the OSFC plan. The Board decided, based on the input from the community, to put a bond issue on the November 3, 2009 ballot asking for a 7 mil levy for the construction of a pre-kindergarten to eighth grade building and a ½ mil maintenance levy. The levy was defeated by a wide margin, so the Board went back to the community and revised the bond issue to build a fifth through eighth grade middle school building and put it on the ballot in May of 2010. The levy was defeated by 41 votes. The District then put the same issue back on the ballot at a special election in August of 2010. This time the issue passed by over 700 votes The District is currently in the process of constructing a new 5-8 grade middle school building on the site of the Wooster Heights Elementary School. The Wooster Heights Elementary School was razed in the summer of 2011 and the new 5-8 grade middle school is projected to be completed by December of 2013. The 7th and 8th grade students moved into the new building on January 6, 2014. following the 2013-2014 winter recess. The 5th and 6th graders will relocate to the new building in August of 2014. Students in grades Kindergarten through 4th will remain at their current buildings through fiscal year 2015.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Mrs. Robin Klenk, Treasurer of Madison Local School District, at 1379 Grace Street, Mansfield, Ohio, 44905-2742.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	G	overnmental Activities	ness-type tivities	Total		
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	22,058,036	\$ 451,150	\$	22,509,186	
Cash in segregated accounts		462,973	-		462,973	
Receivables:						
Property taxes		13,080,884	-		13,080,884	
Accounts		22,011	-		22,011	
Intergovernmental		830,121	14,436		844,557	
Accrued interest		14,339	-		14,339	
Materials and supplies inventory		11,578	-		11,578	
Internal balances		1,605	(1,605)		-	
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable capital assets		26,239,217	-		26,239,217	
Depreciable capital assets, net		3,558,734	41,657		3,600,391	
Capital assets, net		29,797,951	 41,657		29,839,608	
Total assets		66,279,498	505,638		66,785,136	
Liabilities;						
Accounts payable		10,768	11,055		21,823	
Contracts payable		1,800,199	-		1,800,199	
Retainage payable		462,973	_		462,973	
Accrued wages and benefits payable		2,800,825	48,778		2,849,603	
Pension obligation payable		521,981	32,640		554,621	
Intergovernmental payable		79,133	3,780		82,913	
Accrued interest payable		145,591	132		145,723	
Claims payable		627,000	-		627,000	
Long-term liabilities:		02.,000			02.,000	
Due within one year		496,117	4,732		500,849	
Due in more than one year		29,481,807	12,934		29,494,741	
Total liabilities		36,426,394	114,051		36,540,445	
Deferred inflows of resources:					_	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		9,700,748	_		9,700,748	
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,700,748	 -		9,700,748	
Net position:					_	
Net investment in capital assets		10,196,783	36,043		10,232,826	
Restricted for:		10,190,703	30,043		10,232,020	
		713,942			713,942	
Capital projects		563,678	-		563,678	
			-			
Locally funded programs		4,377	-		4,377	
Federally funded programs		360	-		360	
Student activities		69,108	-		69,108	
Other purposes		292,876	- 255 544		292,876	
Unrestricted		8,311,232	 355,544		8,666,776	
Total net position	\$	20,152,356	\$ 391,587	\$	20,543,943	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Covermental activities: Expenses Charge for Evrices and Sales Operating Cantifutions Regular \$ 12,078.60 \$ 1,100.25 \$ 2,838.83 Special .2550.42 80.50 1,962.01 Vocational .2559.42 80.50 9.14.02 Other .2799.62 80.50 9.14.02 Other .2799.62 80.50 10.8 80.57 Instructional staff .10,98,334 6.8 80.9 80.50 Instructional staff .10,80,334 1.8 60.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.9 80.					Program	Revenues	S	
Severamental activities:				С	harges for			
Regular \$ 12,078,690 \$ 1,100,253 \$ 248,398 Special 3,714,736 160,524 1,962,019 Vocasional 2,550,482 81,590 557,772 Adult-confinuing 95,500 91,479 Other 2,799,621 5 57,772 Other 2,799,621 5 57,772 Other 3,799,621 5 57,772 Other 3,799,621 5 57,772 Other 3,799,621 5 57,772 Other 3,799,621 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5			Expenses	Servi	ces and Sales			
Separa	Governmental activities:					,		
Special 3,714,736	Instruction:							
Vocational	Regular	\$	12,078,690	\$	1,100,253	\$	248,398	
Adult/continuing. 95,500 91,497 Other 2,799,621	Special		3,714,736		160,524		1,962,019	
Other 2,799,621 Current Support services: 2,799,621 8.3,576 8.3,576 8.3,576 8.3,576 8.3,576 9.3 9.3,576 9.3 9.3,576 9.3 9.3,576 9.3 9.3,576 9.3 3.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 9.3,115 <	Vocational		2,550,482		81,580		557,772	
Support services: Pupil.	Adult/continuing		95,500		-		91,497	
Pupil. 1,098,334 - 83,576 Instructional staff 1,884,065 182 696,194 Board of education. 35,762 - - Administration. 2,237,885 - - Fiscal 683,485 - - Business. 71,506 543 70 Operations and maintenance 2,905,901 3,435 - Pupil transportation 1,610,083 29,666 122,048 Central. 291,885 - 62,398 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 43,498 Extracurricular activities activities 1,349,434 299,235 1,048,446 Other non-instructional services 475,423 - 454,498 Extracurricular activities activities 1,950,740 - - Total governmental activities 36,249,323 1,803,199 5,812,200 Business-type activities 1,120,133 976,860 198,321 Total business-type activities 3,37,813,531 \$3,201,728	Other		2,799,621		-		-	
Instructional staff	Support services:							
Board of education. 35,762 36,115	Pupil		1,098,334		-		83,576	
Administration. 2,237,885 36,115 Fiscal. 683,485 Business. 71,506 543 70 Operations and maintenance. 2,905,901 3,435 122,048 Central. 291,885 29,666 62,398 Operation of non-instructional services: 291,885 62,398 Operation of non-instructional services. 1,349,434 299,235 1,048,446 Other non-instructional services. 475,423 127,781 18,229 Interest and fiscal charges. 1,950,740 Total governmental activities. 36,249,323 1,803,199 5,381,260 Business-type activities. Adult education. 1,120,133 976,860 198,321 Total business-type activities. 3,3251 Central revenues Preserbool. 4,444,075 421,669 33,251 Total service.	Instructional staff		1,884,065		182		696,194	
Fiscal 683.485 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <	Board of education		35,762		-		-	
Business. 71,506 543 70 Operations and maintenance 2,905,901 3,435 1 Pupil transportation 1,610,083 29,666 122,048 Central. 291,885 9,666 62,398 Operation of non-instructional services: 291,885 29,266 62,398 Operation of non-instructional services: 415,4943 299,235 1,048,446 Other non-instructional services. 475,423 1,278 454,498 Extracurricular activities. 36,249,323 1,803,199 5,381,260 Interest and fiscal charges. 1,950,740	Administration		2,237,885		-		36,115	
Operations and maintenance 2,905,901 3,435	Fiscal		683,485		-		-	
Pupil transportation 1,610,083 29,666 122,048 Central. 291,885 - 62,398 Operation of non-instructional services: 8 - 62,398 Cond service operations. 1,349,434 299,235 1,048,446 Other non-instructional services. 475,423 - 454,498 Extracurricular activities 415,791 127,781 18,229 Interest and fiscal charges. 1,950,740 - - Total governmental activities. 36,249,323 1,803,199 5,381,260 Business-type activities: 1,120,133 976,860 198,321 Preschool. 444,075 421,669 33,251 Total business-type activities. 1,564,208 1,398,529 231,572 Totals \$ 37,813,531 \$ 3,201,728 \$ 5,612,832 Property taxes levied for: General purposes Ceneral purposes	Business		71,506		543		70	
Pupil transportation	Operations and maintenance		2,905,901		3,435		-	
Central. 291,885 62,398 Operation of non-instructional services: 1,349,434 299,235 1,048,446 Other non-instructional services. 475,423 127,781 18,229 Interest and fiscal charges. 1,950,740 127,781 18,229 Interest and fiscal charges. 36,249,323 1,803,199 5,381,260 Business-type activities: Adult education. 1,120,133 976,860 198,321 Preschool. 444,075 421,669 33,251 Total business-type activities. 1,564,208 1,398,529 231,572 Totals \$ 37,813,531 \$ 3,201,728 \$ 5,612,832 General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes Debt service. Classroom facilities maintenance Debt service. Classroom facilities maintenance Classroom facilities maintenance Decrease in fair market value of investments. Miscellaneous Total general revenues in fair market value of investments. Characterial revenues and transfers Total general revenues and transfers <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,610,083</td> <td></td> <td>29,666</td> <td></td> <td>122,048</td>			1,610,083		29,666		122,048	
Committee Comm			291,885		· -		62,398	
Other non-instructional services. 475,423 454,498 Extracurricular activities 415,791 127,781 18,229 Interest and fiscal charges. 1,950,740 - - Total governmental activities. 36,249,323 1,803,199 5,381,260 Business-type activities: Adult education. 1,120,133 976,860 198,321 Preschool. 444,075 421,669 33,251 Total business-type activities. 1,564,208 1,398,529 231,572 Totals \$ 37,813,531 \$ 3,201,728 \$ 5,612,832 General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes. Debt service. Classroom facilities maintenance. Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs. Investment earnings Decrease in fair market value of investments. Miscellaneous Total general revenues. Total general revenues and transfers. Change in net position .								
Other non-instructional services. 475,423 454,498 Extracurricular activities 415,791 127,781 18,229 Interest and fiscal charges. 1,950,740 - - Total governmental activities. 36,249,323 1,803,199 5,381,260 Business-type activities: 1,120,133 976,860 198,321 Preschool. 444,075 421,669 33,251 Total business-type activities. 1,564,208 1,398,529 231,572 Totals \$ 37,813,531 \$ 3,201,728 \$ 5612,832 General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes. Debt service. Classroom facilities maintenance. Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and entilties maintenance. Payments in lieu of taxes. Crants and entilties maintenance. Investment earnings. Decrease in fair market value of investments. Miscellaneous Total general revenues and transfers. Total general revenues and transfers. Change in net position. Change in net position. Change in net position.	Food service operations		1,349,434		299,235		1,048,446	
Extracurricular activities	•				· -		454.498	
Interest and fiscal charges. 1,950,740 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Extracurricular activities				127.781			
Rusiness-type activities:					-		-	
Adult education. 1,120,133 976,860 198,321 Preschool. 444,075 421,669 33,251 Total business-type activities. 1,564,208 1,398,529 231,572 Totals \$37,813,531 \$3,201,728 \$5,612,832 General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes. Debt service. Classroom facilities maintenance Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs. Investment earnings Decrease in fair market value of investments. Miscellaneous Total general revenues. Transfers. Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position.	Total governmental activities		36,249,323		1,803,199		5,381,260	
Adult education. 1,120,133 976,860 198,321 Preschool. 444,075 421,669 33,251 Total business-type activities. 1,564,208 1,398,529 231,572 Totals \$37,813,531 \$3,201,728 \$5,612,832 General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes. Debt service. Classroom facilities maintenance Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs. Investment earnings Decrease in fair market value of investments. Miscellaneous Total general revenues. Transfers. Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position.	Rusiness-tyne activities:							
Preschool. 444,075 421,669 33,251 Total business-type activities. 1,564,208 1,398,529 231,572 Totals. \$ 37,813,531 \$ 3,201,728 \$ 5,612,832 General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes Debt service. Classroom facilities maintenance Payments in lieu of taxes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs. Investment earnings Decrease in fair market value of investments. Miscellaneous Total general revenues. Transfers. Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Change in net position			1 120 133		976.860		198 321	
Total business-type activities. 1,564,208 1,398,529 231,572 Sand S								
Totals \$ 37,813,531 \$ 3,201,728 \$ 5,612,832 General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes Debt service Classroom facilities maintenance Payments in lieu of taxes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs Investment earnings Decrease in fair market value of investments Miscellaneous Total general revenues Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Chang	rieschool		444,073		421,009		33,231	
General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes Debt service. Classroom facilities maintenance Payments in lieu of taxes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs. Investment earnings Decrease in fair market value of investments. Miscellaneous Total general revenues. Transfers. Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position	Total business-type activities		1,564,208		1,398,529		231,572	
Property taxes levied for: General purposes Debt service. Classroom facilities maintenance Payments in lieu of taxes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs. Investment earnings Decrease in fair market value of investments. Miscellaneous Total general revenues. Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position.	Totals	\$	37,813,531	\$	3,201,728	\$	5,612,832	
Net position at beginning of year (restated)		Prope Gene Debt Class Payme Grants Invest Decre Misce Total ge Transfer	rty taxes levied for: eral purposes service sroom facilities mair ents in lieu of taxes s and entitlements n ment earnings ase in fair market va llaneous neral revenues neral revenues and	ot restricted alue of inve	d to specific prograr stments.	ns		
		Net pos	ition at beginning	of year (re	stated)			

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net (Expense) Revenue

and Changes in Net Position									
Governmental	Business-Type								
Activities	Activities	Total							
\$ (10,730,039)	\$ -	\$ (10,730,039)							
(1,592,193)	· -	(1,592,193)							
(1,911,130)	_	(1,911,130)							
(4,003)	_	(4,003)							
(2,799,621)	-	(2,799,621)							
(1,014,758)	_	(1,014,758)							
(1,187,689)	_	(1,187,689)							
(35,762)	_	(35,762)							
(2,201,770)	_	, , ,							
	-	(2,201,770)							
(683,485)	-	(683,485)							
(70,893)	-	(70,893)							
(2,902,466)	-	(2,902,466)							
(1,458,369)	-	(1,458,369)							
(229,487)	-	(229,487)							
(1,753)	-	(1,753)							
(20,925)	-	(20,925)							
(269,781)	-	(269,781)							
(1,950,740)		(1,950,740)							
(29,064,864)		(29,064,864)							
-	55,048	55,048							
<u>-</u>	10,845	10,845							
-	65,893	65,893							
(29,064,864)	65,893	(28,998,971)							
10,065,572	-	10,065,572							
962,867	-	962,867							
130,758	-	130,758							
251,084	-	251,084							
16,379,955	-	16,379,955							
75,185	-	75,185							
(62,157)	-	(62,157)							
103,438		103,438							
27,906,702		27,906,702							
(25,000)	25,000								
27,881,702	25,000	27,906,702							
(1,183,162)	90,893	(1,092,269)							
21,335,518	300,694	21,636,212							
21,333,316									

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

•	General		Building	Classroom Facilities	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	4,651,410 -	\$ 5,572,750 291,556	\$ 6,516,081 171,417	\$ 1,446,945 -	\$	18,187,186 462,973
Property taxes		11,242,996 22,011	-		1,837,888		13,080,884 22,011
Intergovernmental		135,565 8,308 -	2,805	580,434 3,226	114,122 - 11,578		830,121 14,339 11,578
Total assets	\$	16,060,290	\$ 5,867,111	\$ 7,271,158	\$ 3,410,533	\$	32,609,092
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	10,768 - - 2,521,588 461,837 72,198	\$ 431,226 291,556 - -	\$ 1,368,973 171,417 - -	\$ 279,237 60,144 6,935	\$	10,768 1,800,199 462,973 2,800,825 521,981 79,133
Total liabilities		3,066,391	722,782	1,540,390	346,316		5,675,879
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year Delinquent property tax revenue not available Accrued interest not available Miscellaneous revenue not available Intergovernmental revenue not available		8,138,396 1,301,524 3,177 24,358 33,337	- 1,408 - -	1,619 - 563,960	1,562,352 17,870 - - 108,151		9,700,748 1,319,394 6,204 24,358 705,448
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,500,792	1,408	 565,579	 1,688,373		11,756,152
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory. Restricted: Debt service		-	-	-	11,578 558,314		11,578 558.314
Capital improvements		- - -	5,142,921 -	5,165,189 -	545,808		10,308,110 545,808
Food service operations		- - -	- - -	- - -	312,140 1,603 455 120		312,140 1,603 455 120
Vocational education		- -	- - -	- - -	69,108 8,930		69,108 8,930
Student and staff support. School supplies. Subsequent year's appropriations Other purposes. Unassigned (deficit).		50,449 36,930 1,474,485 68,018 1,863,225	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - (132,212)		50,449 36,930 1,474,485 68,018 1,731,013
Total fund balances		3,493,107	 5,142,921	 5,165,189	 1,375,844	-	15,177,061
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	16,060,290	\$ 5,867,111	\$ 7,271,158	\$ 3,410,533	\$	32,609,092

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2013

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 15,177,061
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		29,797,951
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.		
Property taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 1,319,394 6,204 729,806	2,055,404
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund, including internal balances of \$1,605, are included in		_,,,,,,,,,
governmental activities on the statement of net position.		3,245,455
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.		(2,100,325)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(145,591)
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds Capital lease obligations Compensated absences	(26,413,398) (66,661) (1,397,540)	
Total	 (1,397,340)	(27,877,599)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 20,152,356

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		General				ssroom cilities	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:										
From local sources:	Φ.	40 000 400	æ		æ		æ	4 000 400	Φ.	44 004 574
Property taxes	\$	10,226,109 1,133,389	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,098,462	\$	11,324,571 1,133,389
Transportation fees		29.666		-		-		_		29,666
Earnings on investments		38,026		14,469		25,102		2,600		80,197
Decrease in fair market value of investments		(49,822)		(5,943)		(4,618)		(1,774)		(62,157)
Charges for services		(49,022)		(3,943)		(4,010)		299,235		299,235
Extracurricular		4,118		_		_		130,222		134,340
Classroom materials and fees		115,856		_		_		-		115,856
Rental income		3,435		-		-		-		3,435
Contributions and donations		· -		-		-		29,738		29,738
Contract services		78,330		-		-		-		78,330
Payment in lieu of taxes		251,084		-		-		-		251,084
Other local revenues		112,386		-		-		5,961		118,347
Intergovernmental - state		17,130,454		-		1,660,738		664,617		19,455,809
Intergovernmental - federal		79,884				-		3,890,329		3,970,213
Total revenues		29,152,915		8,526		1,681,222		6,119,390		36,962,053
Expenditures: Current:										
Instruction:										
Regular		11,914,907		-		-		192,422		12,107,329
Special		2,920,802		-		-		774,194		3,694,996
Vocational		2,427,959		-		-		46,914		2,474,873
Adult/continuing				-		-		91,375		91,375
Other		2,797,943		-		-		-		2,797,943
Support services:		4 000 400						00.005		4.440.050
Pupil		1,033,133		-		-		83,825		1,116,958
Instructional staff		1,165,348 35,758		-		-		712,218		1,877,566 35,758
Administration.		2,200,573		_		_		36,257		2,236,830
Fiscal		645,847				_		19,695		665,542
Business		79,567		_		_		579		80,146
Operations and maintenance		2,660,679		_		_		-		2,660,679
Pupil transportation		1,673,917		_		-		42,874		1,716,791
Central		230,861		-		-		62,315		293,176
Operation of non-instructional services:										
Food service operations		-		-		-		1,330,454		1,330,454
Other non-instructional services		-		-		-		470,848		470,848
Extracurricular activities		437,086		-		-		136,790		573,876
Facilities acquisition and construction		223,788		4,052,394		17,556,167		-		21,832,349
Capital outlay		77,100		-		-		-		77,100
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		10,439		-		-		5,000		15,439
Interest and fiscal charges		30,535,707		4,052,394		- 17,556,167		1,728,335 5,734,095		1,728,335 57.878.363
Total experiultures		30,333,707		4,032,394		17,550,107		3,734,093		37,676,303
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)										
expenditures		(1,382,792)		(4,043,868)	(15,874,945)		385,295		(20,916,310)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Sale of assets		31,474		-		-		-		31,474
Transfers in		-		-		2,046		-		2,046
Transfers (out)		(25,000)		-		-		(2,046)		(27,046)
Proceeds from capital lease transaction		77,100								77,100
Total other financing sources (uses)		83,574				2,046		(2,046)		83,574
Net change in fund balances		(1,299,218)		(4,043,868)	(15,872,899)		383,249		(20,832,736)
Fund balances at beginning of year Increase in reserve for inventory		4,792,325		9,186,789	2	21,038,088		992,072 523		36,009,274 523
Fund balances at end of year	\$	3,493,107	\$	5,142,921	\$	5,165,189	\$	1,375,844	\$	15,177,061
	<u> </u>	NVING NOTES T						,,	Ě	-, -,

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(20,832,736)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 21,926,666 (325,583)	<u>-</u>	21,601,083
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.			(79,785)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased; however, in the statement of activities, an expense is reported when inventory is consumed.			523
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Earnings on investments Miscellaneous Intergovernmental Total	(165,374) (4,667) (8,794) (1,700,851)	-	(1,879,686)
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Principal payments during the year were: Bonds Capital leases Total	5,000 10,439	-	15,439
Issuances capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.			(77,100)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Increase in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Total	 (1,559) (289,898) 69,052	-	(222,405)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			432,163
The internal service fund for self-insurance is not reported in statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net expense of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.			(140,658)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(1,183,162)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive			
_		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:								
From local sources:	•		•		•		•	
Property taxes	\$	9,714,990	\$	9,714,990	\$	9,947,053	\$	232,063
Tuition		1,447,000		1,447,000		1,128,333		(318,667)
Transportation fees		17,000		17,000		25,975		8,975
Earnings on investments		50,000		50,000		38,247		(11,753)
Classroom materials and fees				-		1,175		1,175
Rental income		3,500		3,500		3,435		(65)
Contributions and donations		500		500		47.400		(500)
Contract services		2,000		2,000		17,123		15,123
Payment in lieu of taxes		284,226		284,226		251,084		(33,142)
Other local revenues		89,500		89,500		54,351		(35,149)
Intergovernmental - state		16,416,095		16,416,095		17,135,565		719,470
Intergovernmental - federal		8,000		8,000		16,893		8,893
Total revenues		28,032,811		28,032,811		28,619,234		586,423
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		13,535,530		11,768,007		11,768,007		-
Special		2,471,405		2,932,318		2,932,318		-
Vocational		2,336,247		2,388,684		2,388,684		-
Other		2,668,382		2,800,170		2,800,170		-
Support services:								
Pupil		920,960		1,049,080		1,049,080		-
Instructional staff		1,026,585		1,233,504		1,233,504		-
Board of education		38,398		36,222		36,222		-
Administration		1,894,212		2,232,115		2,232,115		-
Fiscal		601,756		658,676		658,676		-
Business		58,583		79,638		79,638		-
Operations and maintenance		2,600,236		2,695,655		2,695,655		-
Pupil transportation		1,258,855		1,691,603		1,691,603		-
Central		283,665		233,101		233,101		-
Extracurricular activities		423,185		434,685		434,685		_
Facilities acquisition and construction		289,678		223,788		223,788		_
Total expenditures		30,407,677		30,457,246		30,457,246		-
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(2,374,866)		(2,424,435)		(1,838,012)		586,423
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		500		500		150,460		149,960
Transfers (out)		(25,000)		(25,000)		(25,000)		-
Sale of assets		2,000		2,000		31,474		29,474
Total other financing sources (uses)		(22,500)		(22,500)		156,934		179,434
Net change in fund balance		(2,397,366)		(2,446,935)		(1,681,078)		765,857
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,195,649		6,195,649		6,195,649		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		5,800		5,800		5,800		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,804,083	\$	3,754,514	\$	4,520,371	\$	765,857
		-,,		-,,		-,,		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Ec	Adult ducation	Pr	reschool	A	Total iness-Type ctivities - nterprise Funds	A	vernmental .ctivities - Internal rvice Fund
Assets:								
Current assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	354,595	\$	96,555	\$	451,150	\$	3,870,850
Intergovernmental		2,239		12,197		14,436		<u>-</u>
Total current assets		356,834		108,752		465,586		3,870,850
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:								
Depreciable capital assets, net		41,657		=		41,657		=
Total assets		398,491		108,752		507,243		3,870,850
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		11,055		-		11,055		-
Accrued wages and benefits		36,861		11,917		48,778		=
Compensated absences		2,295		925		3,220		-
Pension obligation payable		15,222		17,418		32,640		=
Intergovernmental payable		2,223		1,557		3,780		-
Capital lease payable		1,512		-		1,512		-
Claims payable		-		=		-		627,000
Accrued interest payable		132		-		132		<u> </u>
Total current liabilities		69,300		31,817		101,117		627,000
Long-term liabilities:								
Compensated absences payable		8,832		-		8,832		-
Capital lease payable		4,102		-		4,102		-
Total long-term liabilities		12,934		<u> </u>		12,934		<u> </u>
Total liabilities		82,234		31,817		114,051		627,000
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets		36,043		=		36,043		=
Unrestricted		280,214		76,935		357,149		3,243,850
Total net position	\$	316,257	\$	76,935		393,192	\$	3,243,850
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal activities related to enterprise funds.						(1,605)		
'								
Net position of business-type activities					\$	391,587		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Adult Education	Preschool	Total Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating revenues: Tuition and fees	\$ 867,060	\$ 421,669	\$ 1,288,729	\$ -
Sales/charges for services	109,800	<u> </u>	109,800	6,128,161
Total operating revenues	976,860	421,669	1,398,529	6,128,161
Operating expenses: Personal services. Purchased services. Materials and supplies. Other. Claims Depreciation. Total operating expenses. Operating loss Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Operating grants. Interest expense	766,926 111,721 235,624 11,619 - 7,357 1,133,247 (156,387) 198,321 (132)		1,097,118 172,630 282,043 18,174 - 7,357 1,577,322 (178,793) 231,572 (132)	797,948 - - 5,457,625 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	198,189	33,251	231,440	
Net income (loss) before transfers	41,802	10,845	52,647	(127,412)
Transfer in	25,000	<u> </u>	25,000	
Change in net position	66,802	10,845	77,647	(127,412)
Net position at beginning of year	249,455	66,090		3,371,262
Net position at end of year	\$ 316,257	\$ 76,935		\$ 3,243,850
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the interna activities related to enterprise funds			13,246	
Changes in net position of business-type activities.			\$ 90,893	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	E	Adult	P	Preschool	A	Total siness-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	A	vernmental ctivities - Internal rvice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:					-			
Cash received from tuition and fees	\$	867,060 109,800 (778,666)	\$	421,669 - (342,698)	\$	1,288,729 109,800 (1,121,364)	\$	- 6,128,176
Cash payments for contractual services Cash payments for materials and supplies		(111,721) (235,624)		(60,909) (46,419)		(1,121,304) (172,630) (282,043)		(797,948)
Cash payments for claims		(564)		(6,555)		(7,119)		(5,500,625)
Net cash used in operating activities		(149,715)		(34,912)		(184,627)		(170,397)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from grants and subsidies		198,321 25,000		24,290		222,611 25,000		- -
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities.		223,321		24,290		247,611		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets		(5,193) (879)		- -		(5,193) (879)		-
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities.		(6,072)		_		(6,072)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments.		67,534		(10,622)		56,912		(170,397)
Cash and investments at beginning of year		287,061		107,177		394,238		4,041,247
Cash and investments at end of year	\$	354,595	\$	96,555	\$	451,150	\$	3,870,850
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used used in operating activities:								
Operating loss	\$	(156,387)	\$	(22,406)	\$	(178,793)	\$	(127,412)
Adjustments: Depreciation		7,357		-		7,357		-
Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease in accounts receivable				-		-		15
Increase in intergovernmental receivable Increase in accounts payable		(2,239) 11,055 7,228 (399)		(1,493) - (2,730) (2,435)		(3,732) 11,055 4,498 (2,834)		- - -
Decrease in compensated absences payable Increase (decrease) in pension obligation payable		(17,672) 1,342 -		(1,431) (4,417) -		(19,103) (3,075)		(43,000)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(149,715)	\$	(34,912)	\$	(184,627)	\$	(170,397)

Non-cash transaction:

During fiscal year 2013 the adult education fund acquired assets through a capital lease in the amount of \$6,493

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

		te-Purpose Trust	
	Sch	nolarship	 gency
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	12,973	\$ 39,535
Total assets		12,973	\$ 39,535
Liabilities: Due to students			\$ 39,535
Total liabilities		-	\$ 39,535
Net position: Held in trust for scholarships		12,973	
Total net position	\$	12,973	

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship			
Additions: Interest	\$	2 14,882 14,884		
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		6,624		
Change in net position		8,260		
Net position at beginning of year		4,713		
Net position at end of year	\$	12,973		

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Madison Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by statute and further mandated by State and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's 6 instructional/support facilities staffed by 142 classified and 262 certified full-time teaching personnel, who provide services to 3,032 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Heartland Council of Governments/North Central Ohio Computer Cooperative (the "COG") The COG is a jointly governed organization among 16 school districts, 1 educational service center and a career center. The COG is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Ashland, Crawford, Richland, Marion, Morrow, Richland, Seneca, and Wyandot counties. The COG was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. Each member school district supports the COG based on a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. The COG is governed by a Cooperative Assembly consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Cooperative Assembly. During fiscal year 2013, the District paid \$178,681 to the COG for various services. Financial information can be obtained from the treasurer for the Pioneer Career and Technology Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, Ohio 44875-0309.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) administered by Sheakley UniServe, Inc. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The District pays a fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The District also participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority Board (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool. SORSA's business affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of directors consisting of a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and five delegates. SORSA was created to provide joint self-insurance coverage and to assist members to prevent and reduce losses and injuries to the District's property and person. It is intended to provide liability and property insurance at reduced premiums for the participants. SORSA is organized as a nonprofit corporation under provisions of Ohio Revised Code 2744.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Building fund</u> - The building fund is used to account for the receipts and expenditures related to all special bond funds in the District and to account for receipts and expenditures involved in the replacement or updating of equipment essential for the instruction of students. Expenditures recorded in this fund represent the costs of acquiring and improving capital facilities, including real property.

<u>Classroom facilities fund</u> - The classroom facilities fund is a capital projects fund provided to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the District and the Ohio Department of Education for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the District's proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise funds</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The following are the District's major enterprise funds:

<u>Adult education fund</u> - This fund accounts for educational opportunities offered on a tuition basis to adults living within the community.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>Preschool fund</u> - This fund accounts for the financial transactions related to preschool operations of the District.

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund of the District is used to account for employee health benefits self-insurance.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust funds are private-purpose trusts which account for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for student managed activities and Pell grants for adult education instruction tuition payments.

C. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the adult education and preschool enterprise operations are tuition charged for the programs. The primary operating expenses for the enterprise operations are administrative expenses required to run the programs. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund are charges for services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, grants, student fees, refunds, and rentals.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2013, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2014 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Payment in lieu of taxes and grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2013, are recorded as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

The District had no deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2013.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expenditure with a corresponding amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds except agency funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2013 is as follows:

- Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for each fund. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Richland County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted revenue amount in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final amended certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2013.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year). Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals. Although the legal level of control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets (Continued)

- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated, increased or decreased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2013.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Cash disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control.

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2013, investments were limited to federal agency securities, U.S. treasury bills, U.S. treasury notes, and U.S. government money markets accounts. Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allotted to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2013 amounted to \$38,026, which includes \$18,266 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net position, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. An analysis of the District's accounts at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On the government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market value and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund financial statements and the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of current resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory (Continued)

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives		
Land improvements Buildings and improvements	20 years 20 - 50 years	N/A N/A		
Furniture and equipment Vehicles	5 - 20 years 8 years	5 - 20 years N/A		

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences (Continued)

A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the statement of net position date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least twenty years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2013 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the governmentwide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds; however, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds payable are recognized as liabilities in the fund financial statements when due.

K. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable in the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Fund Balance (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service operations and special trusts.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Parochial Schools

St. Mary and Mansfield Christian Schools operate within the District's boundaries. Current State legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District as directed by the parochial schools. The fiduciary responsibility of the District for these monies is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Bond Issuance Costs and Unamortized Bond Premiums

On both the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements, bond issuance costs are recognized in the period in which these items are incurred.

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds and bond discounts are presented as a reduction to the face amount of the bonds. On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized in the period in which these items are incurred. The reconciliation between the face value of bonds and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 11.

P. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2013.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2013, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 60, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements</u>", GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>", GASB Statement No. 62, "<u>Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements</u>", GASB Statement No. 63, "<u>Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position</u>", GASB Statement No. 65, "<u>Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities</u>", and GASB Statement No. 66, "<u>Technical Corrections - 2012</u>".

GASB Statement No. 60 addresses issues related to service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. An SCA is an arrangement between a transferor (a government) and an operator (governmental or nongovernmental entity) in which (1) the transferor conveys to an operator the right and related obligation to provide services through the use of infrastructure or another public asset in exchange for significant consideration and (2) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 60 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The Statement amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government in certain circumstances. Finally, the Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 62 codifies accounting and financial reporting guidance contained in pre-November 30, 1989 Financial Accounting Standards Board and American Institute of Certified Public Accountants pronouncements in an effort to codify all sources of GAAP for State and local governments so that they derive from a single source. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial and reporting guidance for *deferred outflows of resources* and *deferred inflows of resources* which are financial statement elements that are distinct from assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 63 standardizes the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's *net position*. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 63 has changed the presentation of the District's financial statements to incorporate the concepts of net position, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as *deferred outflows of resources* or *deferred inflows of resources*, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 65 also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements *deferred outflows of resources*, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term *deferred* in financial statement presentations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE (Continued)

A. Change in Accounting Principles (Continued)

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 affected the District's financial statements to present property taxes levied for the subsequent fiscal year and receivable amounts on the governmental fund financial statements not available to finance current period expenditures as deferred inflows of resources, rather than as liabilities as previously reported, and to recognize debt issuance costs in the periods in which they are incurred rather than as an amortization over the term of the related debt issuance. The aforementioned items had the following effect on net position at July 1, 2012, as was previously reported on the government-wide financial statements:

	Governmental
	Activities
Net assets as previously reported	\$ 21,769,523
Removal of unamortized bond issuance costs	(434,005)
Net position at July 1, 2012	\$ 21,335,518

GASB Statement No. 66 enhances the usefulness of financial reports by resolving conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2013 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor governmental funds	D	eficit
Public school preschool	\$	154
Title VI-B		101,783
Title I		30,275

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value
 of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
 agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
 agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items 1 or 2 above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$950 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments."

B. Cash in Segregated Accounts

At fiscal year end, \$462,973 was on deposit with an escrow for retainage held as part of the District's construction contracts. This amount is included in the carrying amount of deposits reported below and is reported on the financial statements as "cash in segregated accounts".

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$6,746,346. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2013, \$6,722,106 of the District's bank balance of \$7,222,106 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$500,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following investments and maturities:

						Inve	estment Maturity	У				
Investment type	 Fair Value		6 months or less		7 to 12 months		13 to 18 months		19 to 24 months		Greater than 24 months	
U.S. government money market	\$ 417,681	\$	417,681	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
FFCB	1,591,895		-		-		302,865		103,507		1,185,523	
FHLB	8,513,396		6,771,289		950,257		-		-		791,850	
FHLB - discount	1,984,601		1,984,601		-		-		-		-	
FHLMC	301,781		-		101,225		-		-		200,556	
FNMA	1,742,796		952,784		-		-		200,391		589,621	
U.S. treasury bills	574,856		574,856		-		-		-		-	
U.S. treasury notes	 1,150,365		1,150,365			_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>			
Total	\$ 16,277,371	\$	11,851,576	\$	1,051,482	\$	302,865	\$	303,898	\$	2,767,550	

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The federal agency securities, U.S. treasury notes, and U.S. treasury bills were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned the U.S. Government money markets an AAAm money market rating. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in State statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities and U.S. treasury bill are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agency but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2013:

Investment types	Fair Value	% of Total
U.S. government money market	\$ 417,681	2.57
FFCB	1,591,895	9.78
FHLB	8,513,396	52.30
FHLB - discount	1,984,601	12.19
FHLMC	301,781	1.85
FNMA	1,742,796	10.71
U.S. treasury bills	574,856	3.53
U.S. treasury notes	1,150,365	7.07
Total	\$ 16,277,371	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2013:

Cash and investments per note Carrying amount of deposits Investments Cash on hand	\$	6,746,346 16,277,371 950
Total	\$	23,024,667
Cash and investments per statement of net position Governmental activities Business-type activities Private-purpose trust funds Agency funds	<u>n</u> \$	22,521,009 451,150 12,973 39,535
Total	\$	23,024,667

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

<u>Transfer from general fund to:</u>	
Adult education enterprise fund	\$ 25,000
Transfer from nonmajor governmental funds to:	
Classroom facilities fund	 2,046
Total	\$ 27,046

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The transfer to the adult education enterprise fund was made to provide additional resources to the District's adult education program. The transfer to the classroom facilities fund was made from the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) to properly attribute capitalized interest to the classroom facilities fund.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities. Transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as transfers on the statement of activities. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2013 were levied after April 1, 2012, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2013 became a lien on December 31, 2011, were levied after April 1, 2012, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Richland County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2013, are available to finance fiscal year 2013 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2013 was \$1,803,076 in the general fund, \$236,597 in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), and \$21,069 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2012 was \$1,524,020 in the general fund and \$23,669 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2013 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2013 taxes were collected are:

		2012 Second Half Collections			st tions
	Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 311,440,690 12,625,360	96.10 3.90	\$	306,409,690 13,576,940	95.76 4.24
Total	\$ 324,066,050	100.00	<u>\$</u>	319,986,630	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$60.90			\$65.40	

NOTE 7 – PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES

The District has entered into tax incremental financing agreements with local companies. These companies were granted reductions or exemptions from property tax obligations to encourage economic development in the area; however, as part of these agreements, the companies make payments in lieu of taxes to the District to compensate the District for its portion of the reduction in property tax receipts. On the governmental fund financial statements, payment in lieu of taxes receipts totaled \$251,084 in the general fund during fiscal year 2013.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2013 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), intergovernmental grants and entitlements and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities: Property taxes \$ 13,080,884 Accounts 22,011 Accrued interest 14,339 Intergovernmental 830,121 Total receivables \$ 13,947,355 Business-type activities: Intergovernmental Intergovernmental \$ 14,436

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During fiscal year 2013 the District entered into a capitalized lease agreement for copier equipment. The lease agreement meets the criteria of capital leases. A capital lease generally is one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. In the governmental activities, capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statement. Capital lease payments will be made from the general fund and the adult education enterprise fund.

Capital assets consisting of copier equipment have been capitalized at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Corresponding liabilities are recorded in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund statement of net position. Principal payments during fiscal year 2013 totaled \$10,439 paid from the general fund and \$879 paid from the adult education enterprise fund.

Assets acquired through the capital lease are as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>		
Equipment	\$ 77,100	\$	6,493	
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (4,377)		(365)	
Total	\$ 72,723	\$	6,128	

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease obligations and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013:

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Governmental Bu Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2014	\$	20,879	\$ 1,758	\$	22,637	
	2015		20,879	1,758		22,637	
	2016		20,878	1,758		22,636	
	2017		10,440	 879		11,319	
Total			73,076	6,153		79,229	
Less: amount represent	ing interest		(6,415)	 (539)		(6,954)	
Present value of net mir	nimum lease payments	\$	66,661	\$ 5,614	\$	72,275	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2012	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2013
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 395,721	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 395,721
Construction in progress	4,354,389	21,489,107		25,843,496
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,750,110	21,489,107	-	26,239,217
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,034,357	42,235	(24,600)	1,051,992
Buildings/improvements	11,778,867	45,054	-	11,823,921
Furniture/equipment	3,348,257	170,071	(414,085)	3,104,243
Vehicles	2,065,482	180,199	(129,070)	2,116,611
Total capital assets, being depreciated	18,226,963	437,559	(567,755)	18,096,767
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(607,547)	(27,208)	3,075	(631,680)
Buildings/improvements	(10,155,495)	(156,789)	-	(10,312,284)
Furniture/equipment	(2,281,011)	(86,331)	371,831	(1,995,511)
Vehicles	(1,656,367)	(55,255)	113,064	(1,598,558)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,700,420)	(325,583)	487,970	(14,538,033)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,276,653	\$ 21,601,083	\$ (79,785)	\$ 29,797,951

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 61,694
Special	5,365
Vocational	90,890
Adult/continuing	4,125
Support services:	
Pupil	2,029
Instructional staff	7,163
Administration	7,308
Operations and maintenance	47,018
Pupil transportation	50,518
Food service operations	10,075
Extracurricular activities	 39,398
Total depreciation expense	\$ 325,583

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Business-type capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	_	Balance /30/2012	Additions		Deductions		Balance 5/30/13
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Furniture and equipment	\$	72,958	\$	11,686	\$	-	\$ 84,644
Less: accumulated depreciation		(35,630)		(7,357)			 (42,987)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	37,328	\$	4,329	\$	_	\$ 41,657

Depreciation expense was recognized among the business-type activities as follows:

Adult Education \$ 7,357

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2013, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

									A	Amounts
		Balance						Balance		Due in
		6/30/12	A	dditions	R	eductions		6/30/13		ne Year
Governmental activities:										
General obligation bonds - series 2010										
Current interest bonds	\$	24,990,000	\$	-	\$	(5,000)	\$	24,985,000	\$	385,000
Capital appreciation bonds		810,138		-		-		810,138		-
Accreted interest		328,362		289,898				618,260		
Total general obligation bonds		26,128,500		289,898		(5,000)		26,413,398		385,000
Capital lease obligation payable		-		77,100		(10,439)		66,661		17,953
Compensated absences payable		1,867,889		138,363		(608,712)		1,397,540	_	93,164
Total governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	27,996,389	\$	505,361	\$	(624,151)		27,877,599	\$	496,117
Unamortized premium on series 2010 gene	eral c	bligation bond	s					2,100,325		
Total governmental activities as reported o	n eta	tement of net	oositi	ion			Φ.	29,977,924		
Total governmental activities as reported o	II Sta	terrient of net p	JO3111	1011			Ψ	25,511,524		
Business-type activities:										
Capital lease obligation payable	\$	-	\$	6,493	\$	(879)	\$	5,614	\$	1,512
Compensated absences		31,155		2,872		(21,975)		12,052		3,220
Total business-type activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	31,155	\$	9,365	\$	(22,854)	\$	17,666	\$	4,732

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid, which for the District is primarily the general fund, the adult education enterprise fund, and the preschool enterprise fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Capital Lease Payable</u> - The District's capital lease obligation will be paid from the general fund and the adult education enterprise fund. See Note 9 for detail on the District's capital lease obligation.

<u>Series 2010 School Improvement General Obligation Bonds</u> - During fiscal year 2011, the District issued \$25,800,138 in general obligation bonds, for the purpose of improving school facilities. Principal and interest payments are made from the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The original issue was comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$24,990,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$810,138. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.00%-7.30%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2014 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 2.62%), December 1, 2015 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 3.15%), December 1, 2017 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 3.49%), December 1, 2018 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 3.81%), December 1, 2019 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 4.10%), December 1, 2020 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 4.55%) and December 1, 2021 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 4.55%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$4,115,000. Total accreted interest of \$618,260 for series 2010 has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2013.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2043. At June 30, 2013, the District had \$10,161,155 of unspent bond proceeds remaining on the bond issue. This amount and the District's net investment in capital assets excludes the effects of \$462,973 in retainage payable held in segregated accounts as of June 30, 2013.

B. The following is a description of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable:

		Curre	nt Ir	nterest - Series	s 20	10	Capital Appreciation - Series 2010			2010		
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>
2014	\$	385,000	\$	1,724,435	\$	2,109,435	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2015		-		1,720,585		1,720,585		165,471		244,529		410,000
2016		-		1,720,585		1,720,585		147,973		312,027		460,000
2017		-		1,720,585		1,720,585		123,067		356,933		480,000
2018		-		1,720,585		1,720,585		102,180		397,820		500,000
2019 - 2023		-		8,602,925		8,602,925		271,447		1,993,553		2,265,000
2024 - 2028		-		8,602,925		8,602,925		-		-		-
2029 - 2033		9,680,000		6,714,915		16,394,915		-		-		-
2034 - 2038		6,360,000		4,305,558		10,665,558		-		-		-
2039 - 2043		7,475,000		1,837,870		9,312,870		-		-		-
2044	_	1,085,000		39,602		1,124,602			_		_	<u> </u>
Total	\$	24,985,000	\$	38,710,570	\$	63,695,570	\$	810,138	\$	3,304,862	\$	4,115,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. The series 2010 general obligation school improvement bonds require the District to make mandatory sinking fund deposits beginning December 1, 2021. The sinking fund deposits will result in a balloon principal payment of \$6,920,000 made on December 1, 2029. Sinking fund deposits will be made on December 1, in the following fiscal years and in the following amounts.

	Am	ounts	Amo	unts
Fiscal Year	D	ue	Depo	sited
2014	\$	-	\$	-
2015		-		-
2016		-		-
2017		-		-
2018		-		-
2019 - 2023	8	360,000		-
2024 - 2028	4,1	55,000		-
2029 - 2030	1,9	905,000		
Total	\$ 6,9	20,000	\$	

D. The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2013, are a voted debt margin of \$3,561,973 (including available funds of \$558,314) and an unvoted debt margin of \$319,987.

NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn up to 25 days of vacation per year, depending upon the length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Administrators who are contracted to work 260 days in a year are given 20 days of vacation per year by contract. Any unused vacation days at the end of the contract are forfeited.

Administrators, teachers, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 280 days. Upon retirement, full-time certified and classified employees receive a payment of 25% of their unused sick leave balance up to a maximum of 70 days.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents, boiler/machinery and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are 90% coinsured. The following is a description of the District's insurance coverage:

Coverage	<u>Insurer</u>	Limits of <u>Coverage</u>	<u>Deductible</u>
General liability: Each occurrence	SORSA	\$12,000,000	\$ 0
Property/Boiler and Machinery	SORSA	105,768,063	0
Automobile: Bodily Injury & Property Damage	SORSA	12,000,000	0

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage nor has insurance coverage been significantly reduced in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. Health Care Self-Insurance Program

The District provides the following insurance coverage for employees, which is administered through Medical Mutual of Ohio. The District has also purchased a commercial "stop-loss" policy for its self-insurance plan with a \$100,000 per covered person threshold.

Certified employees receive hospital, surgical and major medical, dental, vision and prescription drug coverage. The total monthly cost was \$431.69 for single coverage and \$1,154.09 for family coverage for fiscal year 2013. The District paid 97% of single and 94% of family coverage.

Classified employees receive hospital, surgical and major medical, dental, vision and prescription drug coverage. Two plans are available for classified employees to choose from. The monthly cost of the indemnity plan is \$582.88 for single coverage and \$1,577.77 for family coverage for fiscal year 2013.

The claims liability of \$627,000 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2013, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus," which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Health Care Self-Insurance Program (Continued)

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	eginning of Year	 Claims	 Payments	 End of Year
2013 2012	\$ 670,000 541,000	\$ 5,457,625 5,748,074	\$ (5,500,625) (5,619,074)	\$ 627,000 670,000

C. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

For fiscal year 2013, the District participated in a Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is tiered into groups based upon past workers' compensation experience. Within each tiered group, a common premium rate is applied to all school districts within that group. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of their tiered group. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniServe, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2013, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A. School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$447,265, \$450,846, and \$428,857, respectively; 75.54 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (Continued)

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$1,787,824, \$1,856,946, and \$1,903,645, respectively; 82.72 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2013 were \$57,493 made by the District and \$41,066 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2013, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2013 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income, and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2013, 0.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2013, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,525.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$58,518, \$74,037, and \$107,481, respectively; 75.54 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2013, this actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$25,265, \$26,625, and \$27,598, respectively; 75.54 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2013, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$137,525, \$142,842, and \$146,434, respectively; 82.72 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (1,681,078)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	309,098
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	167,576
Net adjustment for other sources and uses	(73,360)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(21,454)
GAAP basis	\$ (1,299,218)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the voided checks fund, uniform school supplies fund, special rotary fund and the public school support fund.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 17 – CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		Capital
	Imp	rovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		517,250
Current year qualifying expenditures		(481,297)
Current year offsets		(161,000)
Total	\$	(125,047)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2014	\$	-
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	-

During fiscal year 2011, the District issued \$25,800,138 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce capital acquisition to zero in future years. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods. None of the \$25,800,138 in proceeds from the issuance had been used as offsets as of June 30, 2013.

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero, the excess of current year offsets and qualifying disbursements over the set-aside requirement may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. This negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 19 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As a result of construction in progress at June 30, 2013, the District had the following outstanding contractual commitments at fiscal year end:

Vendor	Contract Amount		Amount Paid		Amount Outstanding
ABC Piping Co.	\$ 4,972,743	\$	4,038,968		\$ 933,775
Advanced Industrial Roofing	1,576,728		1,145,936		430,792
Brewer-Garrett Co.	88,151		40,550		47,601
Burkett Restaurant Equipment	318,000		50,320		267,680
Cole Distributing, Inc.	20,000		12,391		7,609
Columbia Gas of Ohio	65,000		36,921		28,079
CTL Engineering, Inc.	146,422		78,546		67,876
Cuyahoga Fence LLC	69,700		59,170		10,530
Farnham Equipment Co.	587,707		13,551		574,156
Gandee and Associates	67,670		32,015		35,655
Garmann/Miller & Associates, Inc.	810,528		547,894		262,634
K.E. McCartney & Associates, Inc.	29,210		22,335		6,875
Key Blue Prints	80,000		45,276		34,724
Lawhon & Associates, Inc.	6,980		-		6,980
M. Space Holdings, LLC	485,611		354,139		131,472
M.T. Services, Inc.	5,000		2,712		2,288
Madison Water District	400,000		299,738		100,262
Mosser Construction, Inc.	13,435,836		10,102,879		3,332,957
Ohio Edison	23,500		13,064		10,436
Pac-Van, Inc.	29,770		21,265		8,505
Quandel Construction Group, Inc.	1,410,012		386,053		1,023,959
Safety Resources Co.	9,600		6,330		3,270
Schmidt Security Pro	25,000		4,719		20,281
Standard Plumbing and Heating	1,238,977		965,368		273,609
Vaughn Industries, LLC	 3,789,732		2,275,771		1,513,961
Total	\$ 29,691,877	\$	20,555,911	;	\$ 9,135,966

NOTE 20 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	}	∕ear - End
Fund	En	cumbrances
General	\$	25
Building		4,396,184
Classroom facilities		2,941,197
Total	\$	7,337,406

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FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
Flogram fine	Number	Receipts	Experiultures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)	40.555	ф <u>00.000</u>	(00.000
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$ 20,233	\$ 20,233
Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program	10.553	200 022	200 022
National School Lunch Program	10.555	209,823 777,757	209,823 777,757
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	1,007,813	1,007,813
Total Grilla Natifition Glaster		1,007,013	1,007,013
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	19,670	19,670
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		1,027,483	1,027,483
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Direct Program:			
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	925,811	925,811
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	757,346	715,894
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	674,388	663,003
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	19,803	19,803
Total Special Education Cluster		694,191	682,806
Technology Literacy Challenge Fund Grants	84.318	1,005	1,005
ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act	84.395	187,977	189,558
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	57,727	64,832
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	245,686	245,745
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	143,735	145,414
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		3,013,478	2,971,065
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES		\$ 4,040,961	\$ 3,998,548

The Notes to the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Madison Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Madison Local School District Richland County 1379 Grace Street Mansfield, Ohio 44905

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Madison Local School District, Richland County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Madison Local School District
Richland County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 11, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Madison Local School District Richland County 1379 Grace Street Mansfield, Ohio 44905

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Madison Local School District's, Richland County, Ohio (the District's), compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. The *Summary of Audit Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Madison Local School District, Richland County, Ohio complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Madison Local School District
Richland County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required By OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 11, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

		1
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #84.395 – ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF)- Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act Nutrition Cluster: CFDA #10.555 – National School Lunch Program CFDA #10.553 – School Breakfast Program
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .315(b) JUNE 30, 2013

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
Number	Summary	Corrected?	
2012-MLSD-001	Significant Deficiency – Financial Statement Reporting	Yes	



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE

Madison Local School District Richland County 1379 Grace Street Mansfield, Ohio 44905

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Madison Local School District, Richland County, Ohio (the District), has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on October 30, 2013, to include prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student "on a school bus" or by an "electronic act."

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 11, 2014

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us





MADISON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

RICHLAND COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 27, 2014