



TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements: Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund	24
Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds	26
Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds	27
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds	28
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	29
Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule	69
Notes to the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule	70
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	71
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133	73
Schedule of Findings	75
Independent Auditor's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedure	



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wadsworth City School District Medina County 524 Broad Street Wadsworth, Ohio 44281

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wadsworth City School District, Medina County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Wadsworth City School District Medina County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wadsworth City School District, Medina County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2013, the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the schedule) presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Wadsworth City School District Medina County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 16, 2014

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Wadsworth City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2013 are as follows:

- In total, net position decreased \$6,948,190. Net position of governmental activities decreased \$6,965,245, which represents an 8.98% decrease from 2012's restated net position. Net position of business-type activities increased \$17,055 from 2012.
- Governmental activities general revenues accounted for \$44,453,334 in revenues or 85.78% of all governmental activities revenues. Governmental activities program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, operating and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$7,366,377 or 14.22% of total governmental activities revenues of \$51.819.711.
- The District had \$58,784,956 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$7,366,377 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, operating and capital grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$44,453,334 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District had \$15,971 in expenses related to business-type activities; a total of \$33,026 was offset by program specific charges for services. Total revenues were adequate to provide for these programs by \$17,055 resulting in an increase in net position from a zero balance to a balance of \$17,055.
 - At fiscal year end, the only enterprise fund established by the District was the recreation fund. This fund was established during the current fiscal year to account for the community center activity. With no prior year activity, comparisons of current year and prior year have been excluded from the charts that follow.
- The District's major funds are the general fund, the debt service fund and the classroom facilities fund. The general fund had \$38,502,210 in revenues and other financing sources and \$37,844,190 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the general fund's fund balance increased \$658,020 from a balance of \$6,005,118 to a balance of \$6,663,138.
- The debt service fund had \$7,603,726 in revenues and \$7,473,123 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$130,603 from a balance of \$4,584,671 to a balance of \$4,715,274.
- The classroom facilities fund had \$635,939 in revenues and \$21,571,680 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2013, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased \$20,935,741 from a balance of \$26,298,304 to a balance of \$5,362,563.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, the debt service fund and the classroom facilities fund are the only major funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2013?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all (non-fiduciary) assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Business-type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District's recreation programs are reported as business-type activities.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 17-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Fund

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 12. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major funds are the general fund, debt service fund and classroom facilities fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match information provided in the statements for the District as a whole. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-27 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for student activities and the Four Cities Educational Compact. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities on page 28. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 29-67 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The District as a Whole

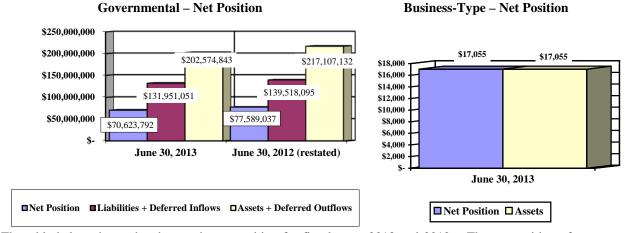
The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012. The net position of governmental activities has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	To	tal
		Restated			Restated
	2013	2012	2013	2013	2012
Assets					
Current assets	\$ 48,019,321	\$ 80,272,013	\$ 17,055	\$ 48,036,376	\$ 80,272,013
Capital assets, net	154,133,336	136,370,715		154,133,336	136,370,715
Total assets	202,152,657	216,642,728	17,055	202,169,712	216,642,728
Deferred outflows					
Deferred outflows	422,186	464,404	<u> </u>	422,186	464,404
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current liabilities	7,342,702	12,058,987	-	7,342,702	12,058,987
Long-term liabilities	105,926,001	108,891,129		105,926,001	108,891,129
Total liabilities	113,268,703	120,950,116		113,268,703	120,950,116
Deferred inflows					
Deferred inflows	18,682,348	18,567,979	<u> </u>	18,682,348	18,567,979
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	58,785,158	37,704,001	-	58,785,158	37,704,001
Restricted	16,463,852	42,316,009	-	16,463,852	42,316,009
Unrestricted (deficit)	(4,625,218)	(2,430,973)	17,055	(4,608,163)	(2,430,973)
Total net position	\$ 70,623,792	\$ 77,589,037	\$ 17,055	\$ 70,640,847	\$ 77,589,037

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The graphs below show the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012. The net position of governmental activities has been restated as described in Note 3.A.



The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. The net position of governmental activities has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			siness-type Activities	To	otal
		Restated	-			Restated
	2013	2012		2013	2013	2012
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 2,903,145	\$ 2,865,187	\$	33,026	\$ 2,936,171	\$ 2,865,187
Operating grants and contributions	3,429,175	3,423,483		-	3,429,175	3,423,483
Capital grants and contributions	1,034,057	1,093,228		-	1,034,057	1,093,228
General revenues:						
Property taxes	24,315,115	22,721,618		-	24,315,115	22,721,618
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	156,176		-	-	156,176
Grants and entitlements	18,745,702	18,584,807		-	18,745,702	18,584,807
Shared sales taxes	1,390,165	1,692,144		-	1,390,165	1,692,144
Investment earnings	11,327	100,019		-	11,327	100,019
Decrease in FMV of investments	(216,437)	(702,420)		-	(216,437)	(702,420)
Miscellaneous	207,462	132,911		<u> </u>	207,462	132,911
Total revenues	51,819,711	50,067,153		33,026	51,852,737	50,067,153

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

			Business-type			
	Government	al Activities	activities	То	tal	
		Restated			Restated	
	2013	2012	2013	2013	2012	
Expenses						
Program expenses:						
Instruction:						
Regular	23,069,745	18,775,004	-	23,069,745	18,775,004	
Special	3,692,423	2,900,373	-	3,692,423	2,900,373	
Vocational	1,856,606	1,649,470	-	1,856,606	1,649,470	
Adult/continuing	12,342	36,591	-	12,342	36,591	
Other	1,685,901	1,328,205	-	1,685,901	1,328,205	
Support services:						
Pupil	3,921,313	2,906,682	-	3,921,313	2,906,682	
Instructional staff	1,455,480	1,101,405	-	1,455,480	1,101,405	
Board of education	396,759	299,170	-	396,759	299,170	
Administration	4,444,430	3,446,132	-	4,444,430	3,446,132	
Fiscal	1,045,558	880,318	-	1,045,558	880,318	
Operations and maintenance	5,573,399	3,824,414	-	5,573,399	3,824,414	
Pupil transportation	2,083,822	1,751,853	-	2,083,822	1,751,853	
Central	1,124,425	893,381	-	1,124,425	893,381	
Operation of non-instructional services						
Other non-instructional services	450,172	339,007	-	450,172	339,007	
Food service operations	1,667,914	1,364,494	-	1,667,914	1,364,494	
Extracurricular activities	1,316,845	1,045,916	-	1,316,845	1,045,916	
Interest and fiscal charges	4,987,822	5,056,848	-	4,987,822	5,056,848	
Recreation	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	15,971	15,971	<u> </u>	
Total expenses	58,784,956	47,599,263	15,971	58,800,927	47,599,263	
Special items	<u>-</u>	(7,967,594)	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(7,967,594)	
Changes in net position	(6,965,245)	(5,499,704)	17,055	(6,948,190)	(5,499,704)	
Net position at						
beginning of year (restated)	77,589,037	83,088,741	<u>-</u>	77,589,037	83,088,741	
Net position at end of year	\$ 70,623,792	\$ 77,589,037	\$ 17,055	\$ 70,640,847	\$ 77,589,037	

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$6,965,245. Total governmental expenses of \$58,784,956 were offset by program revenues of \$7,366,377 and general revenues of \$44,453,334. Program revenues supported 12.53% of the total governmental expenses. The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs, capital grants not restricted to specific purposes and shared sales taxes. These revenue sources represent 85.78% of total governmental revenue.

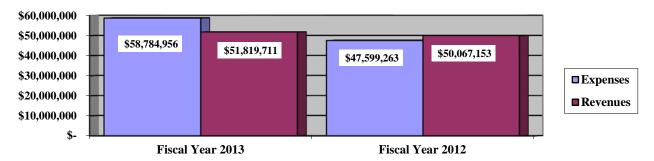
Total revenues increased \$1,752,558 during the current fiscal year. The majority of the increase is due to a \$1,593,497 increase in property tax revenue. Revenues related to operating grants and contributions increased \$5,692 due to an increase in the revenues received related to the IDEA, Part B and Education Jobs grants.

Total expenses increased \$11,185,693 primarily due to the District's completion of their Ohio Facilities Construction Commission project.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2013 and 2012. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2013	Net Cost of Services 2013	Total Cost of Services 2012	Net Cost of Services 2012
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 23,069,745	\$ 22,382,722	\$ 18,775,004	\$ 18,000,158
Special	3,692,423	1,682,082	2,900,373	1,015,801
Vocational	1,856,606	1,249,928	1,649,470	1,095,226
Adult/continuing	12,342	543	36,591	9,937
Other	1,685,901	1,685,901	1,328,205	1,328,205
Support services:				
Pupil	3,921,313	3,716,552	2,906,682	2,666,993
Instructional staff	1,455,480	1,306,265	1,101,405	974,427
Board of Education	396,759	396,759	299,170	299,170
Administration	4,444,430	4,125,973	3,446,132	3,147,197
Fiscal	1,045,558	1,045,558	880,318	880,318
Operations and maintenance	5,573,399	5,511,577	3,824,414	3,780,301
Pupil transportation	2,083,822	2,021,908	1,751,853	1,696,938
Central	1,124,425	1,095,066	893,381	874,823
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	450,172	94,512	339,007	(24,244)
Food service operations	1,667,914	284,941	1,364,494	(50,219)
Extracurricular activities	1,316,845	864,527	1,045,916	558,714
Interest and fiscal charges	4,987,822	3,953,765	5,056,848	3,963,620
Total expenses	\$ 58,784,956	\$ 51,418,579	\$ 47,599,263	\$ 40,217,365

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent; 89.06% of instruction activities in fiscal year 2013 are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 87.47%. The District's taxpayers, and grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio, as a whole, are by far the primary support for the District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2013 and 2012.

\$60,000,000 \$50,000,000 \$40,000,000 \$30,000,000 \$10,000,000 \$7,366,377

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

Fiscal Year 2013 Fiscal Year 2012

■General Revenues■Program Revenues

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include recreation. This program had revenues of \$33,026 and expenses of \$15,971 for fiscal year 2013. This resulted in an increase to net position for the fiscal year of \$17,055. This fund is intended to be self-supporting through user fees and charges. Management assesses their performance to ensure that they are run efficiently.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 20) reported a combined fund balance of \$20,377,334 which is lower than last year's balance of \$47,286,763. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2013 and 2012.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2013	Fund Balance June 30, 2012	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$ 6,663,138	\$ 6,005,118	\$ 658,020
Debt Service	4,715,274	4,584,671	130,603
Classroom facilities	5,362,563	26,298,304	(20,935,741)
Other governmental	3,636,359	10,398,670	(6,762,311)
Total	\$ 20,377,334	\$ 47,286,763	\$ (26,909,429)

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$658,020. During the year general fund tax revenues increased \$1,201,822 due to the passing of the operating levy in November 2011. Fiscal year 2013 was the first full fiscal year the District collected this additional revenue. Instruction and support services increased slightly during the year mostly due to personnel costs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2013	2012	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	<u>Change</u>
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 18,665,911	\$ 17,464,089	6.88 %
Earnings on investments	13,824	88,161	(84.32) %
Intergovernmental	18,100,652	18,358,086	(1.40) %
Other revenues	1,713,303	1,583,310	8.21 %
Total	\$ 38,493,690	\$ 37,493,646	2.67 %
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 22,448,779	\$ 21,874,295	2.63 %
Support services	14,738,356	13,579,607	8.53 %
Extracurricular activities	649,023	631,990	2.70 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	8,032	18,184	(55.83) %
Total	\$ 37,844,190	\$ 36,104,076	4.82 %

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund had \$7,603,726 in revenues and \$7,473,123 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$130,603 from a balance of \$4,584,671 to a balance of \$4,715,274. The increase is primarily due to the receipt of additional tax revenues as a result of the operating levy passed during fiscal year 2012.

Classroom Facilities Fund

The classroom facilities fund had \$635,939 in revenues and \$21,571,680 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2013, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased \$20,935,741 from a balance of \$26,298,304 to a balance of \$5,362,563. The classroom facilities fund had construction expenditures of approximately \$20 million in fiscal year 2013 related to the District's Ohio School Facilities Commission project.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2013, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$38,414,982, which was higher than the original budgeted revenues estimate of \$37,158,000. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2013 were \$38,414,982. This is the same figure that was used for the final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations and other financing uses of \$39,151,258 were increased by \$1,422,526 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2013 totaled \$40,573,884, which was \$100 higher than the final budget appropriations of \$40,573,784.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the District had \$154,133,336 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure and textbooks. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows fiscal year 2013 balances compared to 2012:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2013		2012		
Land	\$ 1,868,652	\$	1,884,452		
Construction in progress	1,733,588		102,714,262		
Land improvements	509,298		510,469		
Building and improvements	145,464,755		28,237,324		
Furniture and equipment	3,754,107		1,954,906		
Vehicles	666,690		789,574		
Infrastructure	-		125,149		
Textbooks	 136,246		154,579		
Total	\$ 154,133,336	\$	136,370,715		

The overall increase in capital assets is due to capital outlays of \$23,358,753 exceeding depreciation expense of \$4,719,866 and disposals (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$876,266 in the current period.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for detail.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2013, the District had \$88,335,223 in general obligation bonds and \$12,765,000 in capital lease – certificates of participation. Of this total, \$3,910,009 is due within one year and \$97,190,214 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the liabilities outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	Restated Governmental Activities 2012
General obligation bonds	\$ 88,335,223	\$ 90,999,327
Pollution remediation obligation	-	47,468
Capital lease - COP	12,765,000	13,540,000
Total	\$ 101,100,223	\$ 104,586,795

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

See Note 13 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District continues to receive support from the residents of the District. As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily on its local property taxpayers. The last operating levy passed by the residents of the District was in November 2011, with the promise that the revenue generated by a levy would provide sufficient funding for five years.

Real estate and personal property tax collections have shown small increases. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation due to Ohio House Bill 920 (passed in 1976). As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three year later the home was reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is compared to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Thus, the District's dependence upon property taxes is hampered by a lack of revenue growth, and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 48.356% of revenues for governmental activities for the District in fiscal year 2013.

The District has also been affected by increased delinquency rates and changes in the personal property tax structure (utility deregulation) and commercial business/property uncertainties. Management has diligently planned expenses so that the last levy stretched for eight years (three more than originally planned). This has made it increasingly difficult with mandates in gifted education, rising utility costs, increased special education services required for our students, and significant increase in health insurance and property/liability/fleet insurance.

From State funding perspective, the State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional education system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable". Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward Districts with little property tax wealth.

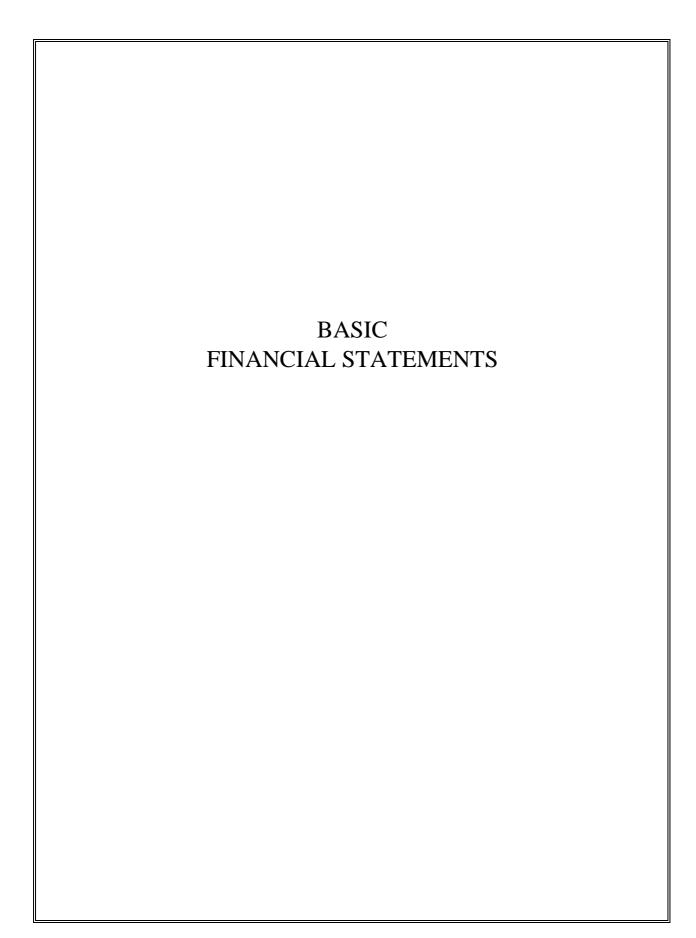
The District anticipates revenue growth for fiscal year 2014 and 2015 with the passing of HB59 the Biennial Budget. The District has not seen revenue growth from state funding in previous fiscal years including fiscal year 2013.

All scenarios require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

In addition, the District's systems of budgeting and internal controls are well regarded. All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact, Douglas Beeman, Treasurer of Wadsworth City School District, 524 Broad Street., Wadsworth, Ohio 44281, e-mail wadc_beeman@wadsworthschools.org.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities	Total	
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 24,238,218	\$ 17,055	\$ 24,255,273
Cash with fiscal agent	224,132	-	224,132
Receivables:	22 044 207		22.064.207
Property taxes	22,064,387	-	22,064,387
Accounts	54,786	-	54,786
Accrued interest	2,701	-	2,701
Shared sales taxes	849,365	-	849,365
Intergovernmental	442,753	-	442,753
Materials and supplies inventory	142,979	-	142,979
Capital assets:	2 (02 240		2 (02 240
Land and construction in progress	3,602,240	-	3,602,240
Depreciable capital assets, net	150,531,096		150,531,096
Capital assets, net	154,133,336	17.055	154,133,336
Total assets	202,152,657	17,055	202,169,712
Deferred outflows of resources:	100 101		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	422,186		422,186
Total deferred outflows of resources	422,186		422,186
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	385,308	-	385,308
Contracts payable	757,395	-	757,395
Retainage payable	1,312,488	-	1,312,488
Accrued wages and benefits	3,335,309	-	3,335,309
Pension obligation payable	794,737	-	794,737
Intergovernmental payable	400,106	-	400,106
Unearned revenue	2,560	-	2,560
Accrued interest payable	354,799	-	354,799
Due within one year	4,398,359		4,398,359
Due in more than one year	101,527,642	_	101,527,642
Total liabilities	113,268,703		
Total habilities	113,208,703		113,268,703
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	18,617,348	-	18,617,348
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year	65,000		65,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	18,682,348		18,682,348
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	58,785,158	-	58,785,158
Restricted for:			_
Capital projects	7,242,951	-	7,242,951
Classroom facilities maintenance	1,373,358	-	1,373,358
Debt service	6,980,264	-	6,980,264
Locally funded programs	37,970	-	37,970
State funded programs	763	-	763
Student activities	147,867	-	147,867
Other purposes	680,679	-	680,679
Unrestricted (deficit)	(4,625,218)	17,055	(4,608,163)
Total net position	\$ 70,623,792	\$ 17,055	\$ 70,640,847

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			Program Revenues					
		Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	23,069,745	\$	589,880	\$	97,143	\$	-
Special		3,692,423		382,073		1,628,268		_
Vocational		1,856,606		276,388		330,290		-
Adult/continuing		12,342		11,799		-		-
Other		1,685,901		-		-		_
Support services:								
Pupil		3,921,313		-		204,761		-
Instructional staff		1,455,480		-		149,215		-
Board of education		396,759		-		-		-
Administration		4,444,430		174,517		143,940		-
Fiscal		1,045,558		-		-		-
Operations and maintenance		5,573,399		58,156		3,666		-
Pupil transportation		2,083,822		21,308		40,606		_
Central		1,124,425		7,104		22,255		_
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Other non-instructional services		450,172		136,488		219,172		_
Food service operations		1,667,914		793,866		589,107		_
Extracurricular activities		1,316,845		451,566		752		_
Interest and fiscal charges		4,987,822		-		-		1,034,057
Total governmental activities		58,784,956		2,903,145		3,429,175		1,034,057
Business-type activities:								
Recreation		15,971		33,026				<u> </u>
Total business-type activities		15,971		33,026				-
Totals	\$	58,800,927	\$	2,936,171	\$	3,429,175	\$	1,034,057

General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs: General purposes Capital grants. Classroom facilities and maintenance. . . . Shared sales taxes. Investment earnings Decrease in FMV of investments. Miscellaneous Change in net position Net position at beginning of year (restated) Net position at end of year.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			s in Net Positio	***			
G	overnmental	Busi	ness-Type				
	Activities		ctivities	Total			
¢	(22, 292, 722)	¢.		¢	(22, 282, 722)		
\$	(22,382,722)	\$	-	\$	(22,382,722)		
	(1,682,082)		-		(1,682,082)		
	(1,249,928)		-		(1,249,928)		
	(543)		-		(543)		
	(1,685,901)		-		(1,685,901)		
	(3,716,552)		-		(3,716,552)		
	(1,306,265)		-		(1,306,265)		
	(396,759)		-		(396,759)		
	(4,125,973)		_		(4,125,973)		
	(1,045,558)		_		(1,045,558)		
	(5,511,577)				(5,511,577)		
			_				
	(2,021,908)		-		(2,021,908)		
	(1,095,066)		-		(1,095,066)		
	(04.512)				(04.512)		
	(94,512)		-		(94,512)		
	(284,941)		-		(284,941)		
	(864,527)		-		(864,527)		
	(3,953,765)				(3,953,765)		
	(51,418,579)		-		(51,418,579)		
	_		17,055		17,055		
			17,055		17,055		
	(51,418,579)	-	17,055		(51,401,524)		
	18,661,077		-		18,661,077		
	5,654,038		-		5,654,038		
	17,756,483		_		17,756,483		
	632,714		_		632,714		
	356,505		_		356,505		
	*		-				
	1,390,165		-		1,390,165		
	11,327		-		11,327		
	(216,437)		-		(216,437)		
	207,462				207,462		
	44,453,334				44,453,334		
	(6,965,245)		17,055		(6,948,190)		
	77,589,037				77,589,037		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

		General		Debt Service		Classroom Facilities		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:										
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	7,634,327	\$	4,143,174	\$	6,745,634	\$	5,715,083	\$	24,238,218
Cash with fiscal agent		224,132		-		-		-		224,132
Receivables:										
Property taxes		16,337,908		5,726,479		-		-		22,064,387
Accounts		50,120		-		-		4,666		54,786
Accrued interest		2,701		-		-		- 040.265		2,701
Shared sales taxes		1 420 214		-		-		849,365		849,365
Interfund loans		1,438,214		-		-		1.60.200		1,438,214
Intergovernmental		282,464		-		-		160,289		442,753
Total assets	\$	137,472 26,107,338	\$	9,869,653	\$	6,745,634	\$	5,507 6,734,910	\$	142,979 49,457,535
Total assets	Ф	20,107,338	φ	9,809,033	Ф	0,745,034	φ	0,734,910	Ф	49,437,333
T 1 1 1114										
Liabilities:	Ф	277 144	¢.		¢.	2.040	Φ.	105 115	•	205 200
Accounts payable	\$	277,144	\$	-	\$	3,049	\$	105,115	\$	385,308
Contracts payable		-		-		67,534		689,861		757,395
Retainage payable		2 120 020		-		1,312,488		107.271		1,312,488
Accrued wages and benefits		3,138,038		-		-		197,271		3,335,309
Compensated absences payable		319,784		-		-		1 420 214		319,784
Interfund loans payable		207.560		-		-		1,438,214		1,438,214
Intergovernmental payable		387,560		-		-		12,546		400,106
Unearned revenue.		1,300		-		-		1,260		2,560
Pension obligation payable		740,283				1 202 071		54,454		794,737
Total liabilities		4,864,109				1,383,071		2,498,721		8,745,901
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		13,704,632		4,912,716		_		_		18,617,348
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		802,836		241,663				_		1,044,499
Accrued interest not available		1,919		241,003		_		_		1,919
Intergovernmental revenue not available		5,704		_		_		160,289		165,993
Payment in lieu of taxes levied		3,704		_		_		100,207		103,773
for the next fiscal year		65,000		_		_		_		65,000
Shared sales taxes		-		_		_		439,541		439,541
Total deferred inflows of resources		14,580,091		5,154,379		_		599,830	-	20,334,300
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:		137,472						5,507		142,979
Materials and supplies inventory		157,472		-		-		3,307		142,979
Debt service				4,715,274						4,715,274
Capital improvements		-		4,713,274		5,362,563		1,451,129		6,813,692
Classroom facilities maintenance		_		_		3,302,303		1,373,358		1,373,358
		-		-		-		538,588		538,588
Food service operations		-		-		-		14,058		14,058
Special education		-		-		-		104,009		104,009
•		-		-		-		156,360		156,360
Other purposes		-		-		-		147,867		147,867
Committed:		-		-		-		147,007		147,007
Student and staff support		23,519								23,519
Student instruction		7,389		-		-		-		
Assigned:		7,369		-		-		-		7,389
Student instruction		35,647								25 647
		826,327		-		-		-		35,647
Student and staff support				-		-		-		826,327
Extracurricular activities		1,981		-		-		-		1,981
Facilities acquisition and construction		93,535		-		-		-		93,535
Uniform school supplies		13,730		-		-		-		13,730
		933,016		-		-		-		933,016
Adult education		3,302		-		-		-		3,302
Employee benefits		40,896		-		-		-		40,896
Other purposes		156,724		-		-		(154 517)		156,724
Unassigned (deficit)		4,389,600						(154,517)		4,235,083
Total fund balances		6,663,138		4,715,274		5,362,563		3,636,359		20,377,334
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and										
fund balances	\$	26,107,338	\$	9,869,653	\$	6,745,634	\$	6,734,910	\$	49,457,535

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,~2013}$

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 20,377,334
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		154,133,336
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Sales taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$ 1,044,499 439,541 1,919	. , . , , . ,
Intergovernmental receivable Total	165,993	1,651,952
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.		(3,100,435)
Unamortized deferred losses on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		422,186
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(354,799)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds Capital lease obligation - COP Compensated absences	(85,234,788) (12,765,000) (4,505,994)	(102 505 792)
Total Net position of governmental activities		\$ (102,505,782) 70,623,792

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	General		Debt Service	_	lassroom Facilities		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:									
From local sources:									
Property taxes	\$ 18,665,911	\$	5,657,172	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,323,083
Tuition.	756,367		-		-		209,653		966,020
Transportation fees	21,308		-		-		-		21,308
Earnings on investments	13,824		-		195,228		100,008		309,060
Charges for services	<u>-</u>		-		-		793,866		793,866
Extracurricular	308,997		-		-		293,037		602,034
Classroom materials and fees	215,037		-		-		-		215,037
Rental income	56,032		-		-		-		56,032
Contributions and donations	310		-		-		291,635		291,945
Contract services	238,483		- 112 125		-		16,591		255,074
Other local revenues	104,702		113,125		-		30,461		248,288
Intergovernmental - intermediate	-		700.272		-		416,292		416,292
Intergovernmental - state	18,013,888		799,372		577,624		208,874		19,599,758
Intergovernmental - federal	86,764		1,034,057		-		2,096,004 1,373,353		3,216,825
Shared sales taxes	12.067		-		(126.012)				1,373,353
Total revenues	 12,067 38,493,690		7,603,726		(136,913)		(91,591) 5,738,183		(216,437)
Total revenues	 36,493,090		7,003,720	-	033,939		3,730,103		32,471,336
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:	17 400 104						150.066		17 (40 450
Regular	17,488,186		-		-		152,266		17,640,452
Special	2,051,379		-		-		787,103		2,838,482
Vocational	1,425,631		-		-		83,782		1,509,413
Adult/continuing	10,363		-		-		-		10,363
Other	1,473,220		-		-		-		1,473,220
Support services:	2.025.060						205 205		2.041.245
Pupil	2,835,860		-		-		205,385		3,041,245
Instructional staff	980,241		-		-		140,067		1,120,308
Board of education	342,495		-		_		2,500 133,320		344,995
Administration	3,379,344 778,227		96,386		332		155,520		3,512,664 875,100
Fiscal			90,360				56,964		
Operations and maintenance	3,850,851		-		-		· ·		3,907,815
Pupil transportation	1,675,613 895,725		-		22,305		14,520 28,516		1,690,133 946,546
Operation of non-instructional services:	093,723		-		22,303		26,510		940,540
Other non-instructional services	_						362,492		362,492
Food service operations	-		-		-		1,326,657		1,326,657
Extracurricular activities	649,023		-		-		335,154		984,177
Facilities acquisition and construction	8,032		-		20,045,013		9,324,840		29,377,885
Debt service:	8,032		-		20,043,013		9,324,040		29,377,883
	_		2,985,000				775,000		3,760,000
Principal retirement	_		4,391,737		_		275,803		4,667,540
Total expenditures	 37,844,190	-	7,473,123	-	20,067,650	-	14,004,524		79,389,487
Total experiences	 37,011,170	-	7,173,123		20,007,030	-	11,001,521		77,307,107
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	 649,500		130,603	((19,431,711)		(8,266,341)		(26,917,949)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Sale/loss of assets	8,520		-		-		-		8,520
Transfers in	-		-		-		1,504,030		1,504,030
Transfers (out)	 -				(1,504,030)				(1,504,030)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 8,520		-		(1,504,030)		1,504,030		8,520
Net change in fund balances	658,020		130,603	((20,935,741)		(6,762,311)		(26,909,429)
Fund balances at beginning of year	6,005,118		4,584,671		26,298,304		10,398,670		47,286,763
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 6,663,138	\$	4,715,274	\$	5,362,563	\$	3,636,359	\$	20,377,334
-		_				_			

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(26,909,429)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the			
statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.			
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those			
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as			
depreciation expense.			
Capital asset additions	\$ 23,358,753		
Current year depreciation	 (4,719,866)	_	
Total		-	18,638,887
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving			
capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to			
decrease net position.			(876,266)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in			
the funds.			
Property taxes	(7,968)		
Sales taxes	16,812		
Accrued interest	(50,665)		
Intergovernmental	(604,302)		
Total		-	(646,123)
Repayment of bond principal, accreted interest and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Principal payments			
during the year were:	2 200 402		
Bonds Accreted interest	2,398,493		
	586,507 47,468		
Pollution remediation obligation Capital lease - COP	775,000		
Total	 775,000	_	3,807,468
Total			3,007,400
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,			
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported			
when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being			
reported in the statement of activities:			
Decrease in accrued interest payable	42,832		
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(635,797)		
Amortization of bond premiums	314,901		
Amortization of refunding loss Total	 (42,218)	-	(320,282)
Total			(320,202)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,			
such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current			
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures			/
in governmental funds.			(659,500)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(6,965,245)
			(0,7 00,2 10)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 18,239,018	\$ 18,858,047	\$ 18,858,047	\$ -	
Tuition	725,237	749,851	749,851	-	
Transportation fees	28,827	29,805	29,805	-	
Earnings on investments	47,430	49,040	49,040	-	
Extracurricular	153,325	158,529	158,529	-	
Classroom materials and fees	175,679	181,641	181,641	-	
Rental income	52,903	54,699	54,699	-	
Contract services	26,146	27,033	27,033	-	
Other local revenues	93,325	96,492	96,492	-	
Intergovernmental - state	17,422,570	18,013,888	18,013,888	-	
Intergovernmental - federal	71,209	73,626	73,626		
Total revenues	37,035,669	38,292,651	38,292,651		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	17,640,929	17,684,169	17,684,269	(100)	
Special	1,976,062	2,190,222	2,190,222	-	
Vocational	1,192,664	1,330,008	1,330,008	-	
Other	1,097,740	1,476,634	1,476,634	-	
Support services:					
Pupil	2,729,574	2,937,613	2,937,613	-	
Instructional staff	1,113,822	1,037,641	1,037,641	-	
Board of education	391,895	410,719	410,719	-	
Administration	2,937,872	3,244,331	3,244,331	-	
Fiscal	671,117	794,445	794,445	-	
Operations and maintenance	4,405,470	3,974,868	3,974,868	-	
Pupil transportation	1,702,447	1,909,029	1,909,029	-	
Central	1,102,599	1,380,838	1,380,838	-	
Extracurricular activities	634,941	647,825	647,825	-	
Facilities acquisition and construction	6,716	8,032	8,032		
Total expenditures	37,603,848	39,026,374	39,026,474	(100)	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(568,179)	(733,723)	(733,823)	(100)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Refund of prior year's expenditures	28,278	28,278	28,278	_	
Refund of prior year's receipts	(104,261)	(104,261)	(104,261)	_	
Transfers (out)	(4,935)	(4,935)	(4,935)	_	
Advances in	85,436	85,436	85,436	-	
Advances (out)	(1,438,214)	(1,438,214)	(1,438,214)	-	
Sale of capital assets	8,617	8,617	8,617	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,425,079)	(1,425,079)	(1,425,079)		
Net change in fund balance	(1,993,258)	(2,158,802)	(2,158,902)	(100)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	7,496,538	7,496,538	7,496,538	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	775,252	775,252	775,252	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 6,278,532	\$ 6,112,988	\$ 6,112,888	\$ (100)	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Total Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and investments	\$	17,055
Total assets		17,055
Net position:		
Unrestricted	\$	17,055
Total net position	\$	17,055

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Total Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
\$	33,026	
	33,026	
	15,172	
	799	
	15,971	
	4= 0==	
	17,055	
\$	17,055	
	Busi Ac En	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Ac	Total Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from other operations	\$	33,026		
Cash payments for contractual services		(15,172)		
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(799)		
Net cash provided by operating activites		17,055		
Net increase in cash and cash investments		17,055		
Cash and investments at beginning of year		-		
Cash and investments at end of year	\$	17,055		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	17,055		
Net cash provided by operating activites	\$	17,055		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Agency	
Assets:		_
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	170,434
Receivables:		
Accounts		97,484
Total assets	\$	267,918
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	2,053
Accrued wages and benefits		5,042
Pension obligation payable		3,933
Intergovernmental payable		630
Undistributed monies		256,260
Total liabilities	\$	267,918

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Wadsworth City School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member board of education and provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's eight instructional/support facilities staffed by 231 non-certified employees and 283 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 4,819 students and other community members.

The District provides more than instruction to its students. These additional services include student guidance, extracurricular activities, educational media, and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings. The operation of each of these activities is directly controlled by the Board of Education through the budgetary process. These District operations will be included as part of the reporting entity.

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government) and include all of the funds of the District over which the Board of Education exercises operating control.

The District is involved in two jointly governed organizations, a related organization and a public entity risk pool which are described in Note 16, Note 17 and Note 18, respectively.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities and for the business-type activity of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limitations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets and deferred outflows of resources are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt service fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for resources that are restricted for payment of debt service principal and interest.

<u>Classroom facilities fund</u> - The classroom facilities fund is used to account for resources restricted in connection with contracts entered into by the District and the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Proprietary fund</u> - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The following are the District's proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise fund</u> - An enterprise fund may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The District's enterprise fund is:

<u>Recreation fund</u> - This fund accounts for fees for the upkeep of the recreational center and educational opportunities offered to District residents.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund. The District's agency funds accounts for student activities and the Four Cities Educational Compact as shown in Note 16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets and deferred outflows and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows and current liabilities and deferred inflows generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund are program fees. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales, personnel and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (See Note 5) Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, payments in lieu of taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2013, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2014 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Payment in lieu of taxes and grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2013, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period, including delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2013, are recorded as deferred inflows.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental revenue and an expenditure of food service operations. In addition, this amount is reported on the statement of activities as an expense with a like amount reported within the "Operating Grants and Contributions" program revenue account.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under the modified accrual the measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2013 the District had investments in federal agency securities, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, negotiable certificates of deposit and investments in U.S. Treasury money market mutual funds. See Note 4 for a full listing of the District's investments. All investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices except for nonparticipating investments contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, which are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2013.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolutions, identified the funds to receive an allocation of interest. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2013 amounted to \$13.824, which includes \$6.748 from other District funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months of less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and investments." Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as "investments".

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year end is provided in Note 4.

F. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District capital asset policy is to tag all items over \$5,000 and other items controlled by management. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	39 years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	13 years
Textbooks	5 years
Infrastructure	5 - 50 years

G. Compensated Absences

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the District's past experience of making termination payments.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2013, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

H. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

I. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

J. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

K. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting of governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of activities.

L. Unamortized Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources. On the governmental fund financial statements bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 13.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During the current fiscal year, the District reported neither transaction.

N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2013.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the fund financial statements, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on government-wide financial statements.

<u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u> - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expense/expended when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

Q. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2013, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 60, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements", GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34", GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements", GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position", GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", and GASB Statement No. 66, "Technical Corrections-2012".

GASB Statement No. 60 addresses issues related to service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. An SCA is an arrangement between a transferor (a government) and an operator (governmental or nongovernmental entity) in which (1) the transferor conveys to an operator the right and related obligation to provide services through the use of infrastructure or another public asset (a "facility") in exchange for significant consideration and (2) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 60 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The Statement amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government in certain circumstances. Finally, the Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 62 codifies accounting and financial reporting guidance contained in pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements in an effort to codify all sources of GAAP for State and local governments so that they derive from a single source. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial and reporting guidance for *deferred outflows of resources* and *deferred inflows of resources* which are financial statement elements that are distinct from assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 63 standardizes the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's *net position*. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 63 has changed the presentation of the District's financial statements to incorporate the concepts of net position, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 65 also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations. For the District, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 has changed (1) the classification of certain items, including the deferral of property taxes levied for the subsequent fiscal year, previously reported as liabilities to deferred inflows of resources, (2) the classification of unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding transactions from a reduction of liabilities to deferred outflows of resources, (3) the reporting of debt issuance costs to an expense in the period incurred rather than amortized over the term of the related debt issuance and (4) net assets of the District as previously reported to remove unamortized bond issuance costs previously reported. implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 had the following effect on net assets as previously reported:

	Governmental					
	Activities					
Net assets, June 30, 2012	\$ 78,584,909					
Removal of unamortized	(005 972)					
bond issuance costs	(995,872)					
Net position at July 1, 2012	\$ 77,589,037					

GASB Statement No. 66 enhances the usefulness of financial reports by resolving conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2013 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>
Race to the top	\$ 34
IDEA Part-B	90,208
Vocational education	25,905
Title I - disadvantaged children	28,204
IDEA preschool for handicapped	130
Improving teacher quality	10,036

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash with Fiscal Agent

At June 30, 2013, the District had \$224,132 in cash held by Medina County Schools' Educational Service Center, which is included on the balance sheet as "Cash with Fiscal Agent". The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants.

B. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$4,366 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$5,460,049. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2013, \$4,187,436 of the District's bank balance of \$5,719,015 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,531,579 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities			
		6 months or	7 to 12		
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	less	months		
Negotiable CDs	\$ 1,699,313	\$ 749,950	\$ 949,363		
U. S. Treasury money market	17,239,913	17,239,913	-		
STAR Ohio	22,066	22,066			
Total	\$ 18,961,292	\$ 18,011,929	\$ 949,363		

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.04 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio must maintain the highest letter or numerical rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. The District's U.S. Treasury money market mutual funds were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to Chapter 135 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2013:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair V	alue_	% to Total	1
Negotiable CDs	\$ 1,69	99,313	8.96	
U. S. Treasury money market	17,23	39,913	90.92	
STAR Ohio	2	22,066	0.12	
Total	\$ 18,96	51,292	100.00	

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2013:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	5,460,049
Investments		18,961,292
Cash on hand		4,366
Cash with fiscal agent	_	224,132
Total	\$	24,649,839
Cash and investments per statement of net position	<u>on</u>	
Governmental activities	\$	24,462,350
Agency funds		170,434
Business-type activites	_	17,055
Total	\$	24,649,839

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2013 were levied after April 1, 2012, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2013 became a lien on December 31, 2011, were levied after April 1, 2012, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Medina County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2013, are available to finance fiscal year 2013 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2013 was \$1,830,440 in the general fund and \$572,100 in the debt service fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2012 was \$1,938,500 in the general fund and \$609,240 in the debt service fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2013 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2013 taxes were collected are:

	2012 Second Half Collections	2013 First Half Collections
	Amount Percent	Amount Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate	\$ 610,452,480 97.47	\$ 612.832.540 97.39
Public utility personal	15,821,140 2.53	16,395,250 2.61
Total	\$ 626,273,620 100.00	\$ 629,227,790 100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$78.50	\$78.50

NOTE 6 - SHARED SALES TAX REVENUE

During 2007, the voters of Medina County passed an additional one-half percentage tax to be used for capital improvements at all school districts within the County. Collection began in October 2007. Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. The State Tax Commissioner certifies to the State Auditor the amount of the tax to be returned to the County. The County then allocates this tax to the school districts within the County based on the student enrollment number. During fiscal year 2013, the District recorded shared sales tax revenue of \$1,373,353 in the capital grants fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2013 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, shared sales taxes and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the receivables on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Taxes	\$ 22,064,387
Accounts	54,786
Accrued interest	2,701
Shared sales taxes	849,365
Intergovernmental	442,753
Total	\$ 23,413,992

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	
Governmental activities:	July 1, 2012	<u>Additions</u>	June 30, 2013		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,884,452	\$ -	\$ (15,800)	\$ 1,868,652	
Construction in progress	102,714,262	16,199,628	(117,180,302)	1,733,588	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	104,598,714	16,199,628	(117,196,102)	3,602,240	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Land improvements	1,164,089	88,423	(87,494)	1,165,018	
Buildings and improvements	38,066,742	121,532,123	(708,602)	158,890,263	
Furniture and equipment	8,005,315	2,686,332	(4,458,914)	6,232,733	
Vehicles	2,657,457	32,549	(20,998)	2,669,008	
Infrastructure	256,482	-	(125,149)	131,333	
Textbooks	1,754,895		(49,797)	1,705,098	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	51,904,980	124,339,427	(5,450,954)	170,793,453	
Less: accumulated depreciation:					
Land improvements	(653,620)	(59,248)	57,148	(655,720)	
Buildings and improvements	(9,829,418)	(4,075,621)	479,531	(13,425,508)	
Furniture and equipment	(6,050,409)	(421,129)	3,992,912	(2,478,626)	
Vehicles	(1,867,883)	(152,979)	18,544	(2,002,318)	
Infrastructure	(131,333)	-	-	(131,333)	
Textbooks	(1,600,316)	(10,889)	42,353	(1,568,852)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(20,132,979)	(4,719,866)	4,590,488	(20,262,357)	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 136,370,715	\$ 135,819,189	\$ (118,056,568)	\$ 154,133,336	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 2,428,022
Special	358,202
Vocational	135,564
Adult continuing	479
Other	17
Support services:	
Pupil	333,665
Instructional staff	157,677
Board of Education	1,827
Administration	410,416
Fiscal	45,464
Operations and maintenance	304,602
Pupil transportation	146,156
Central	43,662
Operation of non-instructional services:	
Other non-instructional services	28,139
Food service operations	141,613
Extracurricular activities	 184,361
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,719,866

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee injuries; and natural disasters. The District has a comprehensive property and casualty policy with a deductible of \$10,000 per incident and a policy limit of \$210,796,911. The District's vehicle liability insurance policy limit is \$1,000,000 with a \$2,000 collision deductible. All administrators and employees are covered under a District liability policy and an umbrella policy. The combined limits of these coverages are \$7,000,000 per occurrence and \$8,000,000 in aggregate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has not been a significant reduction of coverage from the prior fiscal year.

B. Fidelity Bonds

The Board President and Superintendent have a \$20,000 position bond. The Treasurer is covered under a surety bond in the amount of \$20,000. All other school employees who are responsible for handling funds are covered by a \$20,000 crime coverage bond.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2013, the District participated in the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (OBWC) state fund. The workers' compensation rate for the District is based on claims incurred in the oldest four of the last five years prior to the calendar year. The District pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the OBWC rate for the District multiplied by the payroll for the calendar year. The firm of Benefits 1 Group, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the District.

D. Employee Health Benefits

In July 2010, the District joined the Summit Regional Health Care Consortium (SRHCC) Health Benefits Program, a public entity risk pool, to provide employee hospitalization, dental, prescription drug, vision, life, and disability benefits (See Note 18 for detail). Premium rates are set or determined by the Board of Directors of the SRHCC. To the extent and in the manner permitted by any applicable agreements, policies, rules, regulations and laws, each member of the SRHCC may require contributions from its employees toward the cost of any benefit program being offered by the District and such contributions shall be included in the payments from the District to the fiscal agent of the SRHCC. The District pays a monthly premium to the SRHCC. Because the District is a member of the SRHCC and the SRHCC holds the reserves for Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) claims, not the individual districts, IBNR information is not available on a district-by-district basis.

NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees working eleven or twelve months per year are entitled to an annual vacation, with pay, based on length of service in the District, Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators working fewer than ten months per year do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 284 days for classified employees and 284 days for certified employees. For certified employees, payment is made at the time of termination for 40% of a certified employee's accumulated sick leave up to 200 days, a benefit of up to 80 days. For classified employees, payment is made at the time of termination for 40% of a classified employee's accumulated sick leave up to 200 days, a benefit of up to 80 days. Certified employees receive \$100 per year until they reach the 80 day cap if retiring after 15 years, for each year with the District. Classified employees receive 1 additional day of sick pay until they reach the 80 day cap if retiring after 15 years, for each year with the District. In addition, certified employees retiring in their first year of eligibility with the State Teachers Retirement System are eligible for an enhanced severance in lieu of the standard severance mentioned above. The enhanced severance is for 60% of a certified employee's accumulated sick leave up to 200 days, a benefit of up to 120 days.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2013, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$694,677, \$653,799 and \$639,672, respectively; 71.03 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$2,488,615, \$2,535,813 and \$2,646,374, respectively; 83.18 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2013 were \$132,206 made by the District and \$94,433 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2013, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2013 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2013, 0.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2013, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,525.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$84,632, \$135,533 and \$159,954, respectively; 71.03 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2013, this actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$39,241, \$38,610 and \$41,164, respectively; 71.03 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2013, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$191,432, \$195,063 and \$203,567, respectively; 83.18 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During fiscal year 2013, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations. The beginning balance of the long-term obligations has been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 63 and 65 which requires unamortized deferred charges related to advanced refundings to be reported as deferred outflows of resources rather than a component of long-term obligations.

	Restated				
	Balance			Balance	Due in
	July 1, 2012	2 Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2013	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds:					
Series BQ Bonds - 2009					
Serial Bonds - 2.00-5.00%, 6/09 - 12/37	\$ 9,220,00	00 \$ -	\$ (250,000)	\$ 8,970,000	\$ 255,000
Capital Appreciation bonds - 25.929%, 12/16 - 12/18	109,99	-	-	109,995	-
Accretion on Capital Appreciation bonds	114,13	61,879	-	176,009	-
Premium	337,16	-	(12,968)	324,197	-
School Improvementt Refunding Bonds - 2007					
Serial Bonds - 4%, 6/06 - 12/22	7,945,00	- 00	(750,000)	7,195,000	780,000
Capital Appreciation bonds - 10.439%, 12/15 - 12/16	659,99	-	-	659,993	-
Accretion on Capital Appreciation bonds	472,03	120,555	-	592,592	-
Premium	368,66	-	(33,515)	335,151	-
School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2006					
Serial Bonds - 4-4.2%, 6/06 - 12/22	8,120,00	- 00	(120,000)	8,000,000	230,000
Capital Appreciation bonds - 12.1 -12.2%, 12/14 - 12/15	614,99		-	614,990	-
Accretion on Capital Appreciation bonds	635,37	156,973	-	792,347	-
Premium	349,52	- 28	(31,775)	317,753	-
School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 1999					
Serial Bonds - 3.30-5.00%, 4/99 - 12/22	595,00	- 00	-	595,000	595,000
Capital Appreciation bonds - 5%, 12/10 - 12/12	226,30	- 08	(226,308)	-	-
Accretion on Capital Appreciation bonds	329,35	19,335	(348,692)	-	-
School Improvement Bonds - 2000					
Capital Appreciation bonds - 5.15%, 12/10 - 12/12	29,54	-	(29,545)	-	-
Accretion on Capital Appreciation bonds	70,33	5,125	(75,455)	-	-
Library Improvement Bonds - 2001 (see Note 16)					
Term Bonds - 5.05-5.10%, 12/12 - 12/22	2,750,00	- 00	-	2,750,000	-
Capital Appreciation bonds - 7.296%, 12/12 - 12/14	355,00	- 00	(127,640)	227,360	116,764
Accretion on Capital Appreciation bonds	423,48	37 47,063	(162,360)	308,190	158,245
Energy Conservation Imp. Bonds - 2001		-			
5.25%, 12/01 - 12/14	300,00		(100,000)	200,000	100,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

	,	Balance July 1, 2012 Additions		Reductions			Balance une 30, 2013	Due in One Year		
Governmental Activities:		July 1, 2012	Additions		Reductions			une 30, 2013		One rear
General Obligation Bonds:										
Taxable Build America Bonds - 2009										
Serial Bonds - 1.75-5.01%, 9/09 - 12/19	\$	4,500,000	\$	_	\$	(495,000)	\$	4,005,000	\$	510,000
Term Bonds - 5.41-7.00%, 12/21 - 12/37		21,540,000		_		-		21,540,000		_
Premium		522,769		-		(20,501)		502,268		-
School Improvement Bonds - 2010A										
Serial Bonds - 2%, 12/11 - 12/15		1,685,000		_		(300,000)		1,385,000		300,000
Capital Appreciation bonds - 22.072%, 12/16 - 12/20		679,951		-		_		679,951		-
Accretion on Capital Appreciation bonds		258,494		224,867		-		483,361		-
Premium		1,837,208		-		(216,142)		1,621,066		-
Taxable Build America Bonds - 2010B										
Serial Bonds - 4.31-4.71%, 12/21 - 12/23		3,065,000		-		-		3,065,000		-
Term Bonds - 5.06-6.21%, 12/25 - 12/37		22,885,000						22,885,000		<u>-</u>
Total General Obligation Bonds		90,999,327		635,797		(3,299,901)		88,335,223		3,045,009
Capital Lease - Certificate of Participation		13,540,000		-		(775,000)		12,765,000		865,000
Pollution Remediation Obligation		47,468		-		(47,468)		-		-
Compensated Absences										
Severance		4,135,673		1,028,604		(507,065)		4,657,212		319,784
Vacation		168,661		168,566		(168,661)		168,566		168,566
Total compensated absences		4,304,334		1,197,170	_	(675,726)		4,825,778		488,350
Total governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	108,891,129	\$	1,832,967	\$	(4,798,095)	\$	105,926,001	\$	4,398,359

Capital Lease - Certificate of Participation

See Note 14 for detail on the District's capital lease.

Compensated absences

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid which, for the District, is primarily the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Series 2010A School Improvement General Obligation Bonds

On September 15, 2010, the District issued \$3,099,951 of Series 2010A school improvement bonds to finance the local share of the District's Ohio School's Facility Commission's building project. This issue is comprised of both current interest serial bonds, par value \$2,420,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$679,951. These bonds are not subject to early redemption. The final stated maturity on the Series 2010A school improvement bonds is December 1, 2020. These bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

The general obligation bonds were issued with a premium of \$2,224,463. The amounts are being amortized as interest expenses over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which is not significantly different than the bonds outstanding or the effective interest methods. The amortization for June 30, 2013 was \$216,142. Bond issuance costs associated with the issuance of these bonds totaled \$384,596.

The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020. These bonds were sold at a substantial discount at the time of issuance. At maturity all compounded interest is paid and the bond holder receives the face value of the bond. As the value of the bond increases, the accretion is reflected as an increase in long-term liability. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$3,745,000.

Series 2010B Build America Bonds (BABs)

On September 15, 2010, the District issued \$25,950,000 of Series 2010B BABs to finance the local share of the District's Ohio School's Facility Commission's building project. This issue is comprised of both current interest serial bonds, par value \$3,065,000, and term bonds, par value \$22,885,000. These bonds are subject to early redemption as described below. The final stated maturity on the Series 2010B BABs is December 1, 2037. These bonds will be retired from the debt service fund. The District received a direct payment subsidy from the United States Treasury during December and June of the current fiscal year. The December subsidy was equal to 35 percent of the corresponding interest payments due on the BABs and the June subsidy was equal to 8.7 percent. The District records this subsidy from the federal government in the debt service fund.

The BABs are subject to optional redemption, extraordinary optional redemption and mandatory sinking fund redemption as follows:

Optional Redemption - the BABs maturing on or after December 1, 2020 are subject to prior redemption by and at the sole option of the District, either in whole or in part, on any date on or after December 1, 2019, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

<u>Extraordinary Optional Redemption</u> - the BABs are also subject to redemption prior to maturity by and at the sole option of the District, either in whole or in part on any date at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, in the event that the BAB Direct Payments cease or are reduced.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption</u> - the BAB term bonds mature on December 1, 2025, December 1, 2030, December 1, 2033 and December 1, 2037 in the amounts of \$2,355,000, \$7,430,000, \$5,180,000 and \$7,920,000, respectively. The BAB term bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Mandatory Sinking Fund <u>Redemption</u>
2024	\$ 1,150,000
2025	1,205,000
2026	1,360,000
2027	1,435,000
2028	1,490,000
2029	1,545,000
2030	1,600,000
2031	1,660,000
2032	1,725,000
2033	1,795,000
2034	1,865,000
2035	1,940,000
2036	2,015,000
2037	2,100,000
Total	\$ 22,885,000

Series 2009 Build America Bonds (BABs)

On September 9, 2009, the District issued \$27,000,000 in BABs with an average interest rate of 6.345% and a maturity of 28 years. This issue is comprised of both current interest serial bonds, par value \$5,460,000, and term bonds, par value \$21,540,000. These bonds are subject to early redemption as described below. The final stated maturity on the 2009 BABs is December 1, 2037. These bonds will be retired from the debt service fund. The District received a direct payment subsidy from the United States Treasury during December and June of the current fiscal year. The December subsidy was equal to 35 percent of the corresponding interest payments due on the BABs and the June subsidy was equal to 8.7 percent. The District records this subsidy from the federal government in the debt service fund.

The general obligation bonds were issued with a premium of \$574,021. The amounts are being amortized as interest expenses over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which is not significantly different than the bonds outstanding or the effective interest methods. The amortization for June 30, 2013 was \$20,501.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The BABs are subject to optional redemption, extraordinary optional redemption and mandatory sinking fund redemption as follows:

Optional Redemption - the BABs maturing on or after December 1, 2018 are subject to prior redemption by and at the sole option of the District, either in whole or in part, on any date on or after December 1, 2017, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

<u>Extraordinary Optional Redemption</u> - the BABs are also subject to redemption prior to maturity by and at the sole option of the District, either in whole or in part on any date at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, in the event that the BAB Direct Payments cease or are reduced.

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption - the BAB term bonds mature on December 1, 2021, December 1, 2023, December 1, 2029 and December 1, 2037 in the amounts of \$1,395,000, \$1,555,000, \$5,960,000 and \$12,630,000, respectively. The BAB term bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption as follows:

	Mandatory
	Sinking Fund
<u>Year</u>	Redemption
2020	\$ 680,000
2021	715,000
2022	755,000
2023	800,000
2024	840,000
2025	895,000
2026	955,000
2027	1,025,000
2028	1,085,000
2029	1,160,000
2020	1,235,000
2030	1,320,000
	* *
2032	1,415,000
2033	1,515,000
2034	1,620,000
2035	1,700,000
2036	1,855,000
2037	1,970,000
TD 4 1	ф. 21 5 40 000
Total	\$ 21,540,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Series 2009 BQ Bonds

On June 29, 2009, the District issued \$9,599,995 Series 2009A general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to construct, remodel and improve District buildings and facilities. The bonds were issued for a 29 year period with final maturity at December 1, 2037. The bond issue consists of serial and capital appreciation bonds. These bonds are not subject to early redemption. These bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

The general obligation bonds were issued with a premium of \$389,037, which was reported as an increase to bonds payable in fiscal year 2009. The amounts are being amortized as interest expenses over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which is not significantly different than the bonds outstanding or the effective interest methods. The amortization for June 30, 2013 was \$12,968.

The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2016, 2017, and 2018. These bonds were sold at a substantial discount at the time of issuance. At maturity all compounded interest is paid and the bond holder receives the face value of the bond. As the value of the bond increases, the accretion is reflected as an increase in long-term liability. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$840,000.

Series 2007 School Improvement Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On February 6, 2007, the District issued \$9,169,993 refunded general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to advance refund \$9,170,000 of the District's outstanding Series 1998 School Improvement bonds. The bonds were issued for an 18 year period with final maturity at December 1, 2022. The bond issue consists of serial and capital appreciation bonds. These bonds are not subject to early redemption. These bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

At the date of the refunding, \$9,525,029 (including premium and after underwriting fees) was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future payments on the refunded bonds. As of June 30, 2011, \$8,605,000 of these bonds is considered defeased.

These refunding bonds were issued with a premium of \$536,241, which was reported as an increase to bonds payable in fiscal year 2007. The amounts are being amortized as interest expense over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method; the amortization for June 30, 2013 was \$33,515. The refunding resulted in a difference between the net carrying amount of the debt and the acquisition price of \$355,029. This difference reported in the accompanying financial statements as a difference to bonds payable is being amortized as interest expense over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. The amortization of this difference for fiscal year 2013 was \$22,189. The issuance resulted in a difference (savings) between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$594,174. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$444,217. Straight-line amortization has been used and is not significantly different than the bonds outstanding or the effective interest rates method.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2015 and 2016. These bonds were sold at a substantial discount at the time of issuance. At maturity all compounded interest is paid and the bond holder receives the face value of the bond. As the value of the bond increases, the accretion is reflected as an increase in long-term liability. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$1,695,000.

Series 2006 School Improvement Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On June 1, 2006, the District issued \$9,309,990 refunded general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund \$7,960,000 of the District's outstanding 1998 and 1999 School Improvement bonds, and \$1,350,000 of the outstanding 2000 School Improvement bonds. The bonds were issued for an 18 year period with final maturity at December 1, 2022. The bond issue consists of serial and capital appreciation bonds. These bonds are not subject to early redemption. These bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

At the date of the refunding, \$9,650,496 (including premium and after underwriting fees) was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future payments on the refunded bonds. As of June 30, 2013, \$9,180,000 of these bonds is considered defeased.

These refunding bonds were issued with a premium of \$540,179, which is reported as an increase to bonds payable. The amounts are being amortized as interest expenses over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The amortization for June 30, 2013 was \$31,775. Bond issuance costs associated with the issuance of these bonds totaled \$198,028. The refunding resulted in a difference between the net carrying amount of the debt and the acquisition price of \$340,496. This difference reported in the accompanying financial statements as a difference to bonds payable; is being amortized as interest expense over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. The amortization of this difference for fiscal year 2013 was \$20,029. The issuance resulted in a difference (savings) between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$418,484. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$306,718. Straight-line amortization has been used and is not significantly different than the bonds outstanding or the effective interest rates methods.

The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2014 and 2015. These bonds were sold at a substantial discount at the time of issuance. At maturity all compounded interest is paid and the bond holder receives the face value of the bond. As the value of the bond increases, the accretion is reflected as an increase in long-term liability. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$1,780,000.

Series 2001 Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds

During fiscal year 2001, the District issued \$1,400,000 in energy conservation improvement bonds to provide for energy improvements to various District buildings. Principal and interest payments on the bonds are made from the debt service fund. The source of repayment is from energy savings associated with the improvements. The energy improvement bonds mature December 1, 2014.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Series 2001 Library Improvement Bonds

On June 18, 2001, the District issued \$5,600,000 in general obligation library improvement bonds to finance improvements for the Ella M. Everhard Public Library (the "Library") Project. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2022. These bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

The issue is comprised of both current interest serial bonds, par value \$2,495,000, current interest term bonds, par value \$2,750,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$355,000. During fiscal year 2013, one of the capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2012 at a maturity value of \$290,000. At June 30, 2013, the remaining capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2013, and December 1, 2014 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2013 and December 1, 2014 is \$285,000, and 290,000, respectively. Total accreted interest of \$308,190 has been included in the statement of net position at June 30, 2013.

See Note 17 for more information on the Library and its relationship to the District.

Series 2000 School Improvement Bonds

On April 18, 2000, the District issued \$2,249,999 in general obligation school improvement bonds to finance various construction and renovation projects at the District. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated for the issue was December 1, 2022. These bonds were retired from the debt service fund.

The issue was comprised of both current interest serial bonds, par value \$2,155,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$94,999. The serial bonds were refunded by the Series 2006 general obligation school improvement refunding bonds.

During fiscal year 2013, the last capital appreciation bond matured on December 1, 2012.

Series 1999 School Improvement Bonds

On May 12, 1999, the District issued \$12,999,997 in general obligation school improvement bonds to finance various construction and renovation projects at the District. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated for the issue was December 1, 2022. These bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

The issue was comprised of both current interest serial bonds, par value \$3,750,000, current interest term bonds, par value \$8,555,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$694,997. A portion of the serial bonds and all the term bonds were refunded by the Series 2006 general obligation school improvement refunding bonds. At June 30, 2013, the only remaining serial bond, in the amount of \$595,000, is scheduled to mature December 1, 2013.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Series 1998 School Improvement Bonds

On April 22, 1998, the District issued \$14,749,986 in general obligation school improvement bonds to finance various construction and renovation projects at the District. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated for the issue was December 1, 2022. These bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

The issue was comprised of both current interest serial bonds, par value \$3,555,000, current interest term bonds, par value \$10,915,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$279,986. A portion of the serial bonds and all the term bonds were refunded by the Series 2006 general obligation school improvement refunding bonds and the Series 2007 general obligation school improvement refunding bonds.

Future Debt Service Requirements

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Ger	General Obligation Bonds		Capita	al Appreciation	Bonds
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2014	\$ 2,770,000	\$ 4,298,645	\$ 7,068,645	\$ 116,764	\$ 168,236	\$ 285,000
2015 2016	2,200,000 1,695,000	4,193,832 4,127,452	6,393,832 5,822,452	433,418 637,967	741,582 1,102,033	1,175,000 1,740,000
2017	1,790,000	4,060,078	5,850,078	526,819	769,931	1,296,750
2018	2,735,000	3,963,391	6,698,391	197,805	244,051	441,856
2019 - 2023 2024 - 2028	19,050,000 12,570,000	17,665,887 13,696,417	36,715,887 26,266,417	379,516	251,829	631,345
2029 - 2033	16,515,000	9,396,244	25,911,244	-	-	-
2034 - 2038	21,265,000	3,524,213	24,789,213			
Total	\$ 80,590,000	\$ 64,926,159	\$ 145,516,159	\$ 2,292,289	\$ 3,277,662	\$ 5,569,951

NOTE 14 - CAPITALIZED LEASE

During fiscal year 2010, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement for the construction, furnishing and equipping two new elementary school buildings. The District is leasing the project site from Ohio School Building Leasing Corporation. Ohio School Building Leasing Corporation assigned Huntington National Bank as trustee, transferring rights, title and interest in the project to the trustee. The District is acting as an agent for the lessor, and is renovating the facilities from the proceeds provided by the lessor. As part of the agreement, Huntington National Bank deposited \$15,000,000 with a fiscal agent for the renovation project. Huntington National Bank has sold Certificates of Participation in the building lease. The District will make annual lease payments to Huntington National Bank. The interest rate is 2.10%. The lease is renewable annually and expires in 2026. The intention of the District is to renew the lease annually.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 14 - CAPITALIZED LEASE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013:

Year Ending June 30	 Amount
2014	\$ 1,123,982
2015	1,120,660
2016	1,121,970
2017	1,122,860
2018	1,123,330
2019 - 2023	5,609,000
2024 - 2026	3,363,635
Total minimum lease payment	14,585,437
Less: amount representing interest	 (1,820,437)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 12,765,000

NOTE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2013, as reported on the fund statement:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental fund	\$ 1,438,214

The purpose of the other interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2013 are reported on the statement of net position.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:

Classroom facilities fund \$1,504,030

The purpose of this transfer was to move the residual interest earnings as a result of the District's Ohio School Facilities Commission construction project from the classroom facilities fund to the building fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The transfer was allowable per the Ohio School Facilities Commission.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Midland Council of Governments

The Midland Council of Governments is a jointly governed organization among twenty-two boards of education. The Council of Governments was formed to provide efficient and cost effective computer and data processing services to member boards. Financial support for the Council of Governments is provided by member fees levied according to the number of students within each member's respective district. The Executive Committee determines and sets the fees for all services.

Representation on the Midland Council of Governments consists of one member appointed by each member board of education. The representative shall be the superintendent, assistant superintendent or treasurer of the member district board of education. The Council of Governments is governed by the Executive Committee who is elected for two year terms except the position of fiscal agent superintendent which is a permanent appointment. The Executive Committee consists of seven members. The members are two superintendents, two treasurers, two members-at-large and the fiscal agent superintendent. During the year ended June 30, 2013, the District paid approximately \$348,473 to Midland Council of Governments for basic service charges.

Four Cities Educational Compact

The Four Cities Educational Compact is a jointly governed organization among four boards of education. The compact was formed to provide a full range of career technical education opportunities for the students. Students from any of the four districts may participate in programs at all four districts. Operating costs are apportioned based on student placement. Wadsworth City School District is the fiscal agent for the Compact and has accounted for the financial activity of the Compact as an agency fund. The District also has received a federal grant on behalf of the Compact, which has been included on the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards. The Administrative Board of the Compact is comprised of the superintendent from each district. Each superintendent serves a one year term as chairman on a rotating basis.

NOTE 17 - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The Ella M. Everhard Public Library (the "Library') is a related organization to the District. The school board members are responsible for appointing all the trustees of the Library; however, the school board cannot influence the Library's operation, nor does the Library represent a potential financial benefit or burden to the District. The District serves in a ministerial capacity as the tax authority for the Library. Once the Library determines to present a levy to the voters, including the determination to the rate and duration, the District must place the levy on the ballot. The Library may not issue debt and determines its own budget. The Library did not receive any funding from the District during fiscal year 2013. In 2000 the school board did place a levy on the ballot for the library. The purpose of this levy was to repay library renovation and expansion bonds. The total amount of bonds issued was \$5,599,995. The electors of the District approved the levy. See Note 13 for additional disclosures regarding the bond issue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 18 - PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Summit Regional Health Care Consortium

In July 2010, the District joined together with Barberton City School District, Copley-Fairlawn City School District, Norton City School District, and Revere Local School District to establish a regional council of governments, organized under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code, known as the Summit Regional Health Care Consortium (SRHCC) for the purpose of promoting cooperative agreements and activities among its members in purchasing supplies and services and dealing with problems of mutual concern. The members of the SRHCC have undertaken a Health Benefits Program on a cooperative basis for the provision of certain medical, hospitalization, dental, prescription drug, vision, life, and disability income benefits for their employees and the eligible dependents of those employees, and any other health care benefits which the members may determine. As part of this agreement, each member is required to share in the program costs by making monthly payments to cover the program costs. The Treasurer of the fiscal agent (Copley-Fairlawn City School District) serves as the Treasurer of the SHRCC and is responsible for coordinating and administering the Health Benefits Program.

The Health Benefits Program is governed by the Board of Directors of the SHRCC (Board), which consists of one designee by each member school district (with at least one Superintendent designee), and the representative of the fiscal agent or designee. The fiscal agent Treasurer and program consultant shall serve as non-voting members. The SRHCC representatives and the fiscal agent treasurer's representative shall serve a two-year term of office. The officers consist of a Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson who are elected for one year terms by the Board. The fiscal agent Treasurer shall be a permanent member of the Board and shall serve as the Recording Secretary.

In the event of withdrawal, members are entitled to recover its contributions to the SRHCC, if any, along with the proportionate share of interest earned on these contributions which are not encumbered for payment of its share of program costs. Claims submitted by covered persons of a withdrawing member after the recovery of funds will be exclusively the liability of the withdrawing member. Financial information for the SRHCC can be obtained from John Wheadon, Treasurer of the Copley-Fairlawn City School District at 3797 Ridgewood Road, Copley, Ohio 44321-1665.

Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (OBWC) state fund. The workers' compensation rate for the District is based on claims incurred in the oldest four of the last five years prior to the calendar year. The District pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the OBWC rate for the District multiplied by the payroll for the calendar year. The firm of Benefits 1 Group, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the District

NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings which would have a material impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 20 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- (f) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

· ·	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (2,158,902)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(215,488)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	233,353
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	1,433,599
Funds budgeted elsewhere	128,564
Adjustment for encumbrances	1,236,894
GAAP basis	\$ 658,020

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 20 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the public school support fund, the uniform school supplies fund, the rotary fund, the adult education fund and the insurance fund.

NOTE 21 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	_	pital
	mpro	vements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement	8	300,244
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement		-
Current year qualifying expenditures	(6	664,831)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		-
Current year offsets		-
Waiver granted by ODE		-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds	(1	35,413)
Total	\$	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2014	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	_

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 22 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following contractual commitments outstanding related to a stadium project. A summary of the primary contractual commitments follows:

Contractor	Contract Amount	mount Paid gh June 30, 2013	Rema	ining Contract Amount
Ruhlin Company Risinger and Associates	\$ 2,805,600 178,000	\$ 906,896 126,375	\$	1,898,704 51,625
	\$ 2,983,600	\$ 1,033,271	\$	1,950,329

NOTE 23 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End
<u>Fund</u>	Encumbrances
General fund	\$ 946,385
Classroom facilities fund	1,583,997
Other governmental	2,700,949
Total	\$ 5,231,331

NOTE 24 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

One July 1, 2013 Andrew Hill became the District's Superintendent.

On July 16, 2013, the district received \$485,552 related to a lease purchase agreement with Key Government Finance, Inc. The lease purchase agreement is for new technology equipment.

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FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education:			
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	\$29,943	\$46,775
	•	669,786	652,466
Total Special Education -Grants to States		699,729	699,241
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	14,628	14,628
Total Special Education Cluster		714,357	713,869
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	63,244	81,314
This i Granto to 2000. 2000 and in ingoniolog	0010	333,530	316,916
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	•	396,774	398,230
ADDA 0: - 5: - 10: 10: - 1: - 1: - 1: - 1: - 1: - 1			
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Race-to-the-Top	04.005	0.050	0.050
Incentive Grants, Recovery Act	84.395	3,850	3,850
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	14,547	17,240
,		74,040	71,239
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	•	88,587	88,479
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	137,653	77,211
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	23,807	23,494
Caroot and Footimoal Education Page Oranto to Claro	01.010	152,097	151,290
Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	•	175,904	174,784
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,517,125	1,456,423
U.C. DEDARTMENT OF ACRICULTURE			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	424,902	424,902
Non-Cash Assistance	. 0.000	76,573	76,573
Cahaal Braakfaat Draaram	10.552	77 404	77 404
School Breakfast Program	10.553	77,404	77,404
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	•	578,879	578,879
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		578,879	578,879
Totals	;	\$2,096,004	\$2,035,302

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Wadsworth City School District, Medina County, Ohio, (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Wadsworth City School District Medina County 524 Broad Street Wadsworth, Ohio 44281

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wadsworth City School District, Medina County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2014, wherein we noted the District adopted provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 63 and 65.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Wadsworth City School District
Medina County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 16, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Wadsworth City School District Medina County 524 Broad Street Wadsworth, Ohio 44281

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Wadsworth City School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013. The *Summary of Audit Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Wadsworth City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Wadsworth City School District
Medina County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 16, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States, CFDA 84.027 and; Special Education - Preschool Grants, CFDA 84.173.
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE

Wadsworth City School District Medina County 524 Broad Street Wadsworth, Ohio 44281

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Wadsworth City School District, Medina County, Ohio, (the District) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on December 13, 2010 to include prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student "on a school bus" or by an "electronic act".

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 16, 2014





WADSWORTH CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MEDINA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 6, 2014