



WOLF CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTON COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

IIILE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) – General Fund	19
Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Agency Fund	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	21
Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule	47
Notes to the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule	48
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	49
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in	5 1
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	
Schedule of Findings – OMB Circular A-133 § .505	53
Independent Auditor's Report on Applying Agreed-Hoop Procedure	55



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wolf Creek Local School District Washington County P.O. Box 67 Waterford, Ohio 45786

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wolf Creek Local School District, Washington County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Wolf Creek Local School District Washington County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wolf Creek Local School District, Washington County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2013, the School District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's Discussion and Analysis*, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) presents additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this Schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Wolf Creek Local School District Washington County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2013, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 20, 2013

This page intentionally left blank.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Wolf Creek Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2013 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$462,739.
- General revenues accounted for \$7,313,972 in revenue or 84% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest accounted for \$1,391,440 or 16% of total revenues of \$8,705,412.
- Total assets of governmental activities increased \$711,879, while total liabilities increased \$419,670.
- The School District had \$8,242,673 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,391,440 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest. General revenues of \$7,313,972 provided the remaining resources for these programs.
- The School District's only major fund, the General Fund, had \$6,973,017 in revenues and \$6,657,976 in expenditures. The General Fund's balance decreased \$184,959.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Wolf Creek Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look as the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2013?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major fund. The School District uses many funds to account for a multiple of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Fund The School District accounts for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District as a fiduciary fund. This fund is not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of this fund are not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District uses accrual accounting for fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 Unaudited

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2013 compared to 2012.

Table 1 Net Position

_	Governmental Activities			
	2013	2012	Change	
Assets			_	
Current and Other Assets	\$15,516,128	\$14,635,516	\$880,612	
Capital Assets, Net	7,587,628	7,756,361	(168,733)	
Total Assets	23,103,756	22,391,877	711,879	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred Charge on Refunding	312,049	0	312,049	
Liabilities				
Current and Other Liabilities	833,948	718,648	115,300	
Long-term Liabilities	6,330,503	6,026,133	304,370	
Total Liabilities	7,164,451	6,744,781	419,670	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	5,090,356	4,948,837	141,519	
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,709,677	2,790,905	(81,228)	
Restricted	2,126,687	1,216,132	910,555	
Unrestricted	6,324,634	6,691,222	(366,588)	
Total Net Position	\$11,160,998	\$10,698,259	\$462,739	

Total assets of governmental activities increased \$711,879. Current assets increased by \$880,612 primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$783,206 and an increase in property taxes receivable of \$167,774. The increase in assets was offset by a decrease in capital assets in the amount of \$168,733, primarily due to current year depreciation exceeding capital asset additions.

Total liabilities increased \$419,670. Other liabilities increased \$115,300 primarily due to an increase in accrued wages and benefits payable of \$61,441, an increase in contracts payable of \$18,910, and an increase in accounts payable of \$17,580. The table reflects an increase in long-term liabilities of \$304,370. This is primarily due to deferred outflows of resources being presented separately and not as a component of long-term liabilities as it was in fiscal year 2012.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and comparisons to fiscal year 2012.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2013	2012	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$565,089	\$543,431	\$21,658
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	819,553	706,562	112,991
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,798	0	6,798
Total Program Revenues	1,391,440	1,249,993	141,447
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	4,923,882	4,832,824	91,058
Grants and Entitlements	1,907,317	2,049,076	(141,759)
Investment Earnings	45,120	54,031	(8,911)
Donations	6,810	78,165	(71,355)
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	0	66	(66)
Miscellaneous	430,843	53,228	377,615
Total General Revenues	7,313,972	7,067,390	246,582
Total Revenues	8,705,412	8,317,383	388,029
_			
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	3,541,978	3,404,248	137,730
Special	642,663	447,289	195,374
Vocational	208,366	174,262	34,104
Student Intervention Services	64,590	20,868	43,722
Support Services:			
Pupils	409,774	262,429	147,345
Instructional Staff	422,105	476,437	(54,332)
Board of Education	16,202	19,802	(3,600)
Administration	549,186	485,772	63,414
Fiscal	362,204	619,903	(257,699)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	603,299	599,154	4,145
Pupil Transportation	451,426	464,413	(12,987)
Central	30,072	40,450	(10,378)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	258,805	241,514	17,291
Extracurricular Activities	277,902	227,126	50,776
Intergovernmental	200	0	200
Interest and Fiscal Charges	403,901	310,626	93,275
Total Expenses	8,242,673	7,794,293	448,380
Increase in Net Position	462,739	523,090	(60,351)
Net Position Beginning of Year	10,698,259	10,175,169	523,090
Net Position End of Year	\$11,160,998	\$10,698,259	\$462,739

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 Unaudited

Total revenues increased \$388,029 from fiscal year 2012 to fiscal year 2013. This was mainly due to an increase in miscellaneous revenue in the amount of \$377,615 as a result of receiving oil well lease money. This increase was offset by increases in expenses in special education of \$195,374, \$147,345 in pupils, and \$137,730 in regular instruction.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest earnings offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
	2013	2013	2012	2012
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$3,541,978	\$3,134,779	\$3,404,248	\$2,986,699
Special	642,663	306,596	447,289	221,539
Vocational	208,366	204,729	174,262	170,625
Student Intervention Services	64,590	27,194	20,868	3,351
Support Services:				
Pupils	409,774	343,996	262,429	210,279
Instructional Staff	422,105	303,967	476,437	369,800
Board of Education	16,202	16,202	19,802	19,802
Administration	549,186	540,227	485,772	467,209
Fiscal	362,204	337,106	619,903	596,025
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	603,299	603,299	599,154	588,482
Pupil Transportation	451,426	434,843	464,413	448,182
Central	30,072	28,817	40,450	39,659
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	258,805	28,311	241,514	14,348
Extracurricular Activities	277,902	137,266	227,126	97,674
Intergovernmental	200	0	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	403,901	403,901	310,626	310,626
Total	\$8,242,673	\$6,851,233	\$7,794,293	\$6,544,300

The dependence upon tax revenues and State subsidies for governmental activities is apparent. 83% of program expenses are supported through taxes and other general revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 Unaudited

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The School District's major fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$8,574,255 and expenditures of \$8,012,181. The General Fund's fund balance decreased \$184,959 from 2012 due to new negotiated agreements that were settled in fiscal year 2013. There were also increases in medical and dental insurance premiums.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2013, the School District amended its General Fund budget. The School District uses a modified site-based budgeting technique which is designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, budget basis revenue was \$6,889,974, above final estimates of \$6,680,639. The difference was mainly the result of underestimating intergovernmental revenues and the collection of property taxes. Final estimated revenues were the same as the original estimates of \$6,680,639. Final appropriations were decreased \$503,097 from original appropriations due to conservative spending by the School District and estimates of spending which did not occur. Given the current economic climate, the School District only spent funds on what was needed and agreed upon. The School District's ending General Fund balance was \$7,694,441.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the School District had \$2,709,677 invested (net of related debt) in land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2013 balances compared to 2012.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		
	2013 2012		
Land	\$19,171	\$19,171	
Construction in Progress	62,259	0	
Buildings and Improvements	7,159,921	7,347,646	
Furniture and Equipment	169,450	220,112	
Vehicles	176,827	169,432	
Totals	\$7,587,628	\$7,756,361	

For additional information on capital assets, see Note 10 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 Unaudited

Debt

At June 30, 2013, the School District had \$5,989,565 in bonds outstanding.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt, at Fiscal Year End

	Governmental Activities		
	2013 2012		
2002 School Facilities			
Construction and Improvement Bonds:			
Serial Bonds - 1.75% -4.75%	\$210,000	\$400,000	
Original Issue of Capital Appreciation			
Bonds - 21.947%-21.861%	75,000	75,000	
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	648,106	512,747	
Premium on Capital Appreciation Bonds	151,459	189,324	
2012 School Facilities Refunding Bonds:			
Serial Bonds - 3%	4,905,000	4,950,000	
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$5,989,565	\$6,127,071	

See Note 16 to the financial statements for more information on debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

As the preceding information shows, the School District relies on its taxpayers. The School District only receives 21% support from the State. The future outlook for Wolf Creek Local School will have major adjustments in spending. The announcement of the American Electric Power Plant (AEP) closing in calendar year 2015 will be a major loss to the School District, amounting to a \$1.2 million loss in revenue per calendar year. During 2011, the voters of the School District renewed an emergency tax levy which generates \$780,000 for each calendar year that the millage is in effect. The emergency levy will expire in 2016.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Rachel Miller, Treasurer at Wolf Creek Local School District, P.O. Box 67, Waterford, Ohio 45786.

This page intentionally left blank.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	7 Tetr vices
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$10,033,762
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	947
Accrued Interest Receivable	607
Accounts Receivable	4,384
Intergovernmental Receivable	191,879
Inventory Held for Resale	7,700
Materials and Supplies Inventory	8,125
Prepaid Items	87,990
Property Taxes Receivable	5,180,734
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	81,430
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	7,506,198
	7,000,150
Total Assets	23,103,756
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	312,049
•	
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	50,769
Contracts Payable	18,910
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	489,432
Accrued Interest Payable	12,946
Vacation Benefits Payable	28,343
Intergovernmental Payable	233,548
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	235,000
Due In More Than One Year	6,095,503
Total Liabilities	7,164,451
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	5,090,356
Net Position	
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets	2 700 677
Restricted for:	2,709,677
Debt Service	350 102
Capital Projects	358,423
•	1,549,609
Other Purposes Unrestricted	218,655
Unicsurcieu -	6,324,634
Total Net Position	\$11,160,998
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			Operating Grants,		
		Charges for	Contributions	Capital Grants	Governmental
	Expenses	Services and Sales	and Interest	and Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$3,541,978	\$342,066	\$58,335	\$6,798	(\$3,134,779)
Special	642,663	0	336,067	0	(306,596)
Vocational	208,366	0	3,637	0	(204,729)
Student Intervention Services	64,590	0	37,396	0	(27,194)
Support Services:					
Pupils	409,774	0	65,778	0	(343,996)
Instructional Staff	422,105	0	118,138	0	(303,967)
Board of Education	16,202	0	0	0	(16,202)
Administration	549,186	0	8,959	0	(540,227)
Fiscal	362,204	0	25,098	0	(337,106)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	603,299	0	0	0	(603,299)
Pupil Transportation	451,426	0	16,583	0	(434,843)
Central	30,072	0	1,255	0	(28,817)
Operation of Non-Instructional	30,072	v	1,200	Ü	(20,017)
Services:					
Food Service Operations	258,805	93,377	137,117	0	(28,311)
Extracurricular Activities	277,902	129,646	10,990	0	(137,266)
	200	129,040	200	0	(137,200)
Intergovernmental		0		0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	403,901		0		(403,901)
Totals	\$8,242,673	\$565,089	\$819,553	\$6,798	(6,851,233)
	General Revenue Property Taxes Le	vied for:			
	General Purpose	es			4,508,643
	Debt Service				415,239
		ments not Restricted to S	Specific Programs		1,907,317
	Investment Earnin	-			45,120
		tricted to Specific Progr	ams		6,810
	Miscellaneous				430,843
	Total General Rev	enues			7,313,972
	Change in Net Pos	sition			462,739
	Net Position Begin	nning of Year			10,698,259
	Net Position End o	of Year			\$11,160,998

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	\$7.01 <i>C.C</i> 04	¢2 217 069	¢10.022.7 <i>6</i> 2
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$7,816,694	\$2,217,068	\$10,033,762
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts Receivables:	0	947	947
	4,767,330	413,404	5 190 724
Property Taxes Accounts	4,767,330	3,684	5,180,734 4,384
Accounts Accrued Interest	607	0	4,364 607
Intergovernmental	29,320	162,559 6,082	191,879
Prepaid Items	81,908 0	7,700	87,990
Inventory Held for Resale		7,700	7,700
Materials and Supplies Inventory	8,048		8,125
Total Assets	\$12,704,607	\$2,811,521	\$15,516,128
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	29,311	21,458	50,769
Contracts Payable	0	18,910	18,910
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	456,984	32,448	489,432
Intergovernmental Payable	223,966	9,582	233,548
Total Liabilities	710,261	82,398	792,659
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	4,686,004	404,352	5,090,356
Unavailable Revenue	33,291	160,078	193,369
Total Deferred Inflows of Revenues	4,719,295	564,430	5,283,725
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	89,956	6,159	96,115
Restricted	0	608,925	608,925
Committed	34,108	0	34,108
Assigned	528,782	1,549,609	2,078,391
Unassigned	6,622,205	0	6,622,205
Total Fund Balances	7,275,051	2,164,693	9,439,744
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows			
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$12,704,607	\$2,811,521	\$15,516,128

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2013

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$9,439,744
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		7,587,628
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes Student Fees and Sales	36,488 4,028	400.000
Grants	152,853	193,369
Accrued Interest Payable is recognized for outstanding long-term liabilities with interest accruals that are not expected to be paid with expendable		(12.0.1.6)
available financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(12,946)
Vacation Benefits Payable is recognized for earned vacation benefits that are to be used within one year and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(28,343)
Deferred Outflows of Resources represent deferred charges on refundings which do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not		212.040
reported in the funds.		312,049
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
School Construction Bonds	(1,084,565)	
School Construction Refunding Bonds	(4,905,000)	
Sick Leave Benefits Payable	(340,938)	(6,330,503)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$11,160,998

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Other	Total
	G 1	Governmental	Governmental
Damanaa	General	Funds	Funds
Revenues	¢4.51.6.147	¢416.013	¢4.022.050
Taxes	\$4,516,147	\$416,812	\$4,932,959
Intergovernmental	1,927,537	656,726	2,584,263
Investment Earnings	41,219	3,992	45,211
Charges for Services	0	92,271	92,271
Tuition and Fees	342,087	0	342,087
Extracurricular Activities	8,868	120,537	129,405
Donations	7,010	10,490	17,500
Miscellaneous	130,149	300,410	430,559
Total Revenues	6,973,017	1,601,238	8,574,255
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	3,178,380	45,703	3,224,083
Special	366,550	266,715	633,265
Vocational	192,802	0	192,802
Student Intervention	26,046	29,796	55,842
Support Services:			
Pupils	348,705	51,752	400,457
Instructional Staff	336,098	87,082	423,180
Board of Education	16,202	0	16,202
Administration	554,909	6,041	560,950
Fiscal	345,024	15,245	360,269
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	627,633	0	627,633
Pupil Transportation	457,630	0	457,630
Central	29,072	1,000	30,072
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	261,479	261,479
Extracurricular Activities	136,873	132,800	269,673
Capital Outlay	41,852	61,967	103,819
Intergovernmental	200	0	200
Debt Service:			
Principal	0	235,000	235,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	159,625	159,625
Total Expenditures	6,657,976	1,354,205	8,012,181
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	315,041	247,033	562,074
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	0	500,000	500,000
Transfers Out	(500,000)	0	(500,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(500,000)	500,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(184,959)	747,033	562,074
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	7,460,010	1,417,660	8,877,670
Fund Balances End of Year	\$7,275,051	\$2,164,693	\$9,439,744

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$562,074
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period: Capital Asset Additions Depreciation Expense	217,710 (386,443)	(168,733)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes Student Fees and Sales Extracurricular Activities Charges for Services	(9,077) (21) 241 1,106	(100,735)
Other Grants	284 131,826	124,359
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		235,000
Interest is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental funds, but is accrued on outstanding debt on the statement of activities. Premiums are reported as revenues when the debt is first issued; however, these amounts are deferred and amortized on the statement of activities: Annual Accretion Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Deferred Charget on Refunding Bond Premium	(135,359) (57,625) (89,157) 37,865	(244,276)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Vacation Benefits Payable Sick Leave Benefits Payable	(5,015) (40,670)	(45,685)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$462,739

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

				Variance with
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$4,399,000	\$4,399,000	\$4,484,072	\$85,072
Intergovernmental	1,851,739	1,851,739	1,919,399	67,660
Investment Earnings	50,000	50,000	38,636	(11,364)
Tuition and Fees	324,500	324,500	342,045	17,545
Extracurricular Activities	37,600	37,600	8,868	(28,732)
Donations	0	0	7,010	7,010
Miscellaneous	17,800	17,800	89,944	72,144
Total Revenues	6,680,639	6,680,639	6,889,974	209,335
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,329,451	3,108,822	3,108,822	0
Special	384,209	358,749	358,749	0
Vocational	203,326	189,852	189,852	0
Student Intervention	19,041	17,779	17,779	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	369,007	344,554	344,554	0
Instructional Staff	356,575	332,946	332,946	0
Board of Education	26,132	24,400	24,400	0
Administration	579,123	540,747	540,747	0
Fiscal	388,933	363,160	363,160	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	721,350	673,549	673,549	0
Pupil Transportation Central	496,201	463,320	463,320	0
Extracurricular Activities	33,183	30,984 136,826	30,984 136,826	0
Capital Outlay	177,155 79,968	74,669		U
Intergovernmental	19,908	200	74,669 200	0
Total Expenditures	7,163,654	6,660,557	6,660,557	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(483,015)	20,082	229,417	209,335
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	0	0	19,954	19,954
Transfers Out	(700,000)	(500,000)	(500,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(700,000)	(500,000)	(480,046)	19,954
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,183,015)	(479,918)	(250,629)	229,289
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	7,821,036	7,821,036	7,821,036	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	124,034	124,034	124,034	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$6,762,055	\$7,465,152	\$7,694,441	\$229,289

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2013

Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents \$25,437

Liabilities

Due to Students \$25,437

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Wolf Creek Local School District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines. This Board of Education controls the School District's two instructional/support facilities staffed by 34 classified employees and 48 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 630 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Wolf Creek Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in three jointly governed organizations and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are the Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative, the Washington County Career Center, the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, the Ohio School Plan, and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 17 and 18 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Wolf Creek Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for the fiduciary fund. The statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The School District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program; and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The funds used by the School District can be classified using two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following is the description of the School District's major governmental fund:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

General Fund The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose, provided it is expended and transferred to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has no trust funds. The School District's agency fund accounts for student activities and assets held by the School District as an agent for outside activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities accounts for increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, in the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes and grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, investment earnings, tuition, grants, fees, and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2013, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, student feels and sales, and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2013, the School District's investments were limited to certificates of deposit, which are reported at cost, and a money market mutual fund, which is reported at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2013 amounted to \$41,219, which includes \$2,606 assigned from other School District funds.

The School District has a segregated bank account for athletic activities. This depository account is presented as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since it is not deposited into the School District treasury.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2013, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

G. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

H. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general assets. General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of certain assets by back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction and progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment	20 - 50 years 5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The liability for vacation benefits is recorded as "vacation benefits payable", rather than long-term liabilities, as the balances are to be used by employees in the fiscal year following the fiscal year earned.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified and certified employees after ten years of current service with the School District.

J. Bond Premium

On government-wide financial statement, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the bonds payable. On the governmental fund statements, bond premiums are recorded in the year the bonds are issued.

K. Deferred Charge on Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the gain/loss on the refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the life of the old or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the effective interest method and is presented as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

M. Internal Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one program to another or within the same program are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments of interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable: The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted: Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed:</u> The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for the use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

<u>Assigned:</u> Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or by State Statute.

<u>Unassigned:</u> The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which the amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations and athletic and music activities, and federal and state grants restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

R. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds except the General Fund where the legal level of control is at the fund, function, and object level. The Treasurer maintains budgetary information at the fund, function, and object level and has the authority to allocate appropriations to the function and object level for all funds other than the General Fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement are based on estimates made before the end of the prior fiscal year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Note 3 - Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2013, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 60, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements;" Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus;" Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989, FASB and AICPA Pronouncements;" Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position;" Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities;" and Statement No. 66, "Technical Corrections—2012—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62."

GASB Statement No. 60 improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to service concession arrangements, which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 61 modifies existing requirements for the assessment of potential component units in determining what should be included in the financial reporting entity, and financial reporting entity display and disclosure requirements. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2013 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 62 incorporates into GASB's authoritative literature certain FASB and AICPA pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the School District's financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

GASB Statement No. 63 provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related note disclosures. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2013 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 65 properly classifies certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or recognizes certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues). These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2013 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 66 resolves conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting and thereby enhance the usefulness of the financial reports. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the School District's financial statements.

Note 4 - Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Other	
	General	Governmental	
Fund Balances	Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:			
Prepaids	\$81,908	\$6,082	\$87,990
Materials and Supplies Inventory	8,048	77	8,125
Total Nonspendable	89,956	6,159	96,115
Restricted for:			
Local Grant Expenditures	0	335	335
State Grant Expenditures	0	5,444	5,444
Race to the Top Program	0	17,528	17,528
Federal Grant Expenditures	0	1,846	1,846
Food Service Operations	0	24,478	24,478
Athletic Programs	0	40,123	40,123
Debt Service	0	519,171	519,171
Total Restricted	0	608,925	608,925
Committed:			
Building Upgrades	34,108	0	34,108
Assigned to:			
Capital Improvements	0	1,549,609	1,549,609
Encumbrances	71,356	0	71,356
Public School Support	11,049	0	11,049
Fiscal Year 2014 Appropriations	446,377	0	446,377
Total Assigned	528,782	1,549,609	2,078,391
Unassigned:	6,622,205	0	6,622,205
Total Fund Balances	\$7,275,051	\$2,164,693	\$9,439,744

Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as an assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Unrecorded and prepaid items are reported on the balance sheet (GAAP basis), but not on the budgetary basis.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	(\$184,959)
Revenue Accruals	(60,239)
Expenditure Accruals	118,946
Unreported Items:	
Beginning of Fiscal Year	537
End of Fiscal Year	(3,387)
Prepaid Items:	
Beginning of Fiscal Year	79,247
End of Fiscal Year	(81,908)
Encumbrances	(118,866)
Budget Basis	(\$250,629)

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts:
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year end, the School District's bank balance was \$10,219,143. \$500,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance; \$9,719,143 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Investments As of June 30, 2013, the School District had the following investment:

	Fair			Rating
	Value	Maturity	Rating	Agency
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$34,564	N/A	Aaa/AA+	Moody's/S&P
Federal National Mortgage Association	493,055	N/A	Aaa/AA+	Moody's/S&P
Federal Home Loan Banks	494,935	N/A	Aaa/AA+	Moody's/S&P
Total	\$1,022,554			

Note 7 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2013 represents collections of calendar year 2012 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2013 were levied after April 1, 2012, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2013 represents collections of calendar year 2012 taxes. Public utility real property taxes received in calendar year 2013 became a lien December 31, 2011, were levied after April 1, 2012 and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Washington County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2013, are available to finance fiscal year 2013 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2013, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reflected as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2013, was \$48,495 in the General Fund and \$5,395 in the Bond Retirement Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012, was \$16,421 in the General Fund and \$2,137 in the Bond Retirement Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2013 taxes were collected are:

	2012 Second Half Collections		2013 First Half Collections	
	Amount Percent		Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$39,987,620	29.46%	\$40,234,230	28.18%
Commerical/Industrial and Public Utility Real	17,866,190	13.16%	18,139,390	12.71%
Public Utility Personal	77,870,920	57.38%	84,395,520	59.11%
	\$135,724,730	100.00%	\$142,769,140	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed	d valuation	\$41.02	\$40.25	

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2013, consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and tuition and fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. Except for property taxes, all receivables are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be received within one year. A summary of principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Amounto

	Amounts
Governmental Activities	
Title I	\$77,680
Rural Education Achievement Program	29,081
Race to the Top (Battelle for Kids)	20,104
Race to the Top	19,649
Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation	16,431
Part B Idea	16,045
Washington County Job and Family Services	8,293
Ohio Valley Educational Service Center	4,295
Washington County Treasurer	213
Washington State Community College	88
Total	\$191,879

Note 9 - Interfund Activity

The General Fund transferred \$500,000 to the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund during fiscal year 2013 for an anticipated roof replacement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 10 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2012	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2013
Capital Assets:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$19,171	\$0	\$0	\$19,171
Construction in Progress	0	62,259	0	62,259
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	19,171	62,259	0	81,430
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings and Improvements	10,023,642	89,293	0	10,112,935
Furniture and Equipment	1,379,880	3,890	(2,535)	1,381,235
Vehicles	899,575	62,268	0	961,843
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	12,303,097	155,451	(2,535)	12,456,013
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	(2,675,996)	(277,018)	0	(2,953,014)
Furniture and Equipment	(1,159,768)	(54,552)	2,535	(1,211,785)
Vehicles	(730,143)	(54,873)	0	(785,016)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,565,907)	(386,443) *	2,535	(4,949,815)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	7,737,190	(230,992)	0	7,506,198
Capital Assets, Net	\$7,756,361	(\$168,733)	\$0	\$7,587,628

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$298,895
Special	5,780
Vocational	2,793
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	1,339
Administration	1,617
Fiscal	228
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	10,106
Pupil Transportation	55,740
Food Service Operations	1,716
Extracurricular Activities	8,229
Total Depreciation Expense	\$386,443

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 11 - Significant Commitments

A. Contractual Commitments

As of June 30, 2013, the School District had a contractual purchase commitment as follows:

		Amounts	Amount
	Purchase	Paid as of	Remaining
	Commitments	6/30/2013	on Contract
Hallway Rennovations:			
General Fund	\$292	\$292	\$0
Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund	148,352	61,967	86,385
Total	\$148,644	\$62,259	\$86,385

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

General Fund	\$118,866
Nonmajor Funds	179,896
Total	\$298,762

Note 12 - Risk Management

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), a public entity insurance purchasing pool. Each individual school district enters into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The School District pays this annual premium to the OSP (See Note 18). The types and amounts of coverage provided by the Ohio School Plan are as follows:

Building and Contents - replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$26,631,544
Crime (\$1,000 deductible):	
Employee Theft	25,000
Forgery or Alteration	25,000
Inside Premises	10,000
Outside Premises	10,000
Liability:	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage	4,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury	4,000,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

General Aggregate Limit	\$6,000,000
Completed Operations Aggregate Limit	4,000,000
Employers' - Stop Gap - Bodily Injury	4,000,000
Educational Legal - Errors and Omissions (\$2,500 deductible):	
Injury Limit	4,000,000
Aggregate Limit	6,000,000
Automobile Liability:	
Liability	4,000,000
Medical Payments – each person	5,000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
Deductibles:	
Comprehensive	250
Collision	500

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in fiscal year 2012.

B. Worker's Compensation

For fiscal year 2013, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

Note 13 - Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. At fiscal year end, up to ten vacation days can be carried over for not more than one fiscal year. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 215 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, employees receive payment for one-fourth of their accumulated sick days to a maximum as follows: 30 days for having ten years of service with any school district; 35 days for 15 to 19 years of service with this School District; 40 days for 20 to 24 years of service with this School District; 45 days for classified and 50 days for certified for more than 24 years of service with this School District; and 60 days for certified employees having 30 or more years of service with the School District. Also,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

employees having 20 years of service or more with this School District will have an additional severance amount calculated as follows: classified: 45 days subtracted from their total accumulated sick leave divided by 2; then multiplied by a fixed figure of \$70 not to exceed \$5,950; certified: 40 days subtracted from their total accumulated sick leave divided by 2; then multiplied by a fixed figure of \$85 with 20 years of service; 50 days subtracted from their total accumulated sick leave divided by 2; then multiplied by a fixed figure of \$85 with 25 years of service; or 60 days subtracted from their total accumulated sick leave divided by 2; then multiplied by a fixed figure of \$85 with 30 or more years of service.

B. Insurance

The School District provides medical, health, and prescription card coverage through Medical Mutual of Ohio. The School District pays ninety percent of the total monthly premiums of \$1,476.04 for family coverage, \$926.16 for employee with children coverage, \$1,012.97 for two adults' coverage, and \$578.86 for single coverage.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through American United Life, in the amount of \$25,000.

Dental coverage is provided through Core Source. The School District also pays ninety percent of the total monthly premiums of \$67.97 for family coverage and \$22.62 for single coverage.

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/ Audit Resources.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the allocation to pension and death benefits was 13.10 percent. The remaining .9 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$116,521, \$90,861 and \$91,308, respectively. For fiscal year 2013, 65.26 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that can be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon the recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$381,560, \$328,791, and \$395,635, respectively. For fiscal year 2013, 82.15 percent has been contributed with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2012 and 2011. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2013 were \$1,050 made by the School District and \$750 made by the plan members.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2013, all Board Members have elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

Note 15 - Postemployment Benefits

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans administrated by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by SERS based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For fiscal year 2013, .16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for fiscal year 2013, this amount was \$20,525.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$16,155, \$13,063 and \$30,536, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for all three fiscal years.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2013, this actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$6,484, \$5,091, and \$6,194 respectively. For fiscal year 2013, 64.73 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2013, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$29,351, \$25,292, and \$30,443 respectively. For fiscal year 2013, 82.15 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Note 16 - Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year consist of the following:

	Principal			Principal	Amounts
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
	6/30/12	Additions	Reductions	6/30/13	One Year
Governmental Activities					
2002 School Facilities					
Construction and Improvement Bonds:					
Serial Bonds - 1.75%-4.75%	\$400,000	\$0	\$190,000	\$210,000	\$210,000
Original Issue of Capital Appreciation					
Bonds - 21.947%-21.861%	75,000	0	0	75,000	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	512,747	135,359	0	648,106	0
Premium on Capital Appreciation Bonds	189,324	0	37,865	151,459	0
Total 2002 School Facilities Bonds	1,177,071	135,359	227,865	1,084,565	210,000
2012 Advance Refunding Bonds:					
Serial Bonds - 3%	4,950,000	0	45,000	4,905,000	25,000
Sick Leave Benefits	300,268	62,397	21,727	340,938	0
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$6,427,339	\$197,756	\$294,592	\$6,330,503	\$235,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Sick leave benefits will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. These funds include the General Fund and Food Service, IDEA, Part B, Special Education, and Title I Special Revenue Funds. Sick leave benefit payments were made from the General Fund during fiscal year 2013.

On August 2, 2002, the School District issued \$6,600,000 in voted general obligation bonds for constructing, improving, and making additions to school buildings. The bond issue included serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$4,315,000, \$2,210,000, and \$75,000, respectively. During fiscal year 2012, the School District advance refunded \$2,740,000 of the serial bonds and \$2,210,000 of the term bonds. The advance refunded portion of the bonds, as well as the unamortized discount of these advance refunded bonds, were removed from the financial statements of the School District. The remaining outstanding bonds are being retired from Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, with the proceeds of a 5.50 mill voted property tax levy.

The capital appreciation bonds were sold at a premium of \$567,974. The capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal years 2015, 2016, and 2017. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$1,170,000. For the fiscal year 2013, \$135,359 was accreted for a total bond value of \$723,106.

On January 10, 2012, the School District issued \$4,950,000 of general obligation refunding bonds that were issued to partially refund the 2002 school facilities construction and improvement bonds. The bonds were issued for a 15 year period with final maturity at December 1, 2026. The refunding resulted in a difference between the net carrying amount of the debt and the acquisition price of \$445,784. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being amortized to interest expense over the life of the refunded bonds using the straight-line method. The amortization of this difference for fiscal year 2013 was \$89,157. The issuance resulted in a difference (savings) between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$950,109. At the date of refunding, \$5,179,555 (including underwriting fees and other issuance costs) was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded 2002 bonds. As all of the legal steps had been taken to refund the debt, the balance of the outstanding bonds refunded was removed from the School District's financial statements. On December 1, 2012, the outstanding refunded bonds were retired.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2013, were as follows:

General Obligation Bonds						
Fiscal Year	2002 B	2002 Bonds		2012 Bonds		preciation
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2014	\$210,000	\$4,095	\$25,000	\$146,775	\$0	\$0
2015	0	0	0	146,400	30,000	360,000
2016	0	0	0	146,400	25,000	365,000
2017	0	0	0	146,400	20,000	370,000
2018	0	0	425,000	140,025	0	0
2019-2023	0	0	2,375,000	495,225	0	0
2024-2027	0	0	2,080,000	120,150	0	0
Total	\$210,000	\$4,095	\$4,905,000	\$1,341,375	\$75,000	\$1,095,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

The interest on the capital appreciation bonds represents the accretion of the deep-discounted bonds from the initial value at the time of issuance to their value at final maturity.

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2013, was \$8,178,394, with an unvoted debt margin of \$142,769.

Note 17 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative (SEOVEC)

SEOVEC was created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. SEOVEC is a computer consortium formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. SEOVEC has 28 participants consisting of school districts in seven southeastern Ohio counties. SEOVEC is governed by a governing board which is selected by the member districts. SEOVEC possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. During fiscal year 2013, the School District paid \$45,060 to SEOVEC. To obtain financial information, write to the Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative at 221 North Columbus Road, Athens, Ohio 45701.

B. Washington County Career Center

The Washington County Career Center, a joint vocational school, is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the six participating school districts' elected boards and one representative from the Ohio Valley Educational Service Center's Board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Washington County Career Center, Joe Crone, Treasurer, at 21740 SR 676, Marietta, Ohio 45750.

C. Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization composed of 136 school districts and other educational institutions in the 35-county region of Ohio designated as Appalachia. The Coalition is operated by a Board which is composed of seventeen members. One elected and one appointed from each of the seven regions into which the 35 Appalachian counties are divided; and three from Ohio University College of Education. The Coalition provides various in-service training programs for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding the level of education provided to children in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Coalition is not dependent on the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Coalition. The School District's membership fee was \$325 for fiscal year 2013. The financial information for the Coalition can be obtained from the Executive Director, at McCraken Hall, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio 45701.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 18 - Insurance Purchasing Pools

A. Ohio School Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. The Ohio School Plan (OSP) is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to provide for a formalized, joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs, and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a thirteen member Board of directors consisting of school district superintendents and treasurers, as well as the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. and a partner of the Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group, Inc. is the Administrator of the OSP and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. is the sales and marketing representative, which establishes agreements between OSP and member schools.

B. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the plan.

Note 19 - Set asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. In prior fiscal years, the School District was also required to set-aside money for textbooks.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital
	Improvements
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	107,412
Offsetting Credits	(913,553)
Total	(\$806,141)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward	
to Future Fiscal Years	\$0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

The School District had offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero. The excess in the capital maintenance set-aside may not be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirement in future years.

Note 20 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2013, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The School District is not currently party to pending litigation seeking damages and/or injunctive relief.

WOLF CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTON COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ Pass Through Grantor	Grant	Federal CFDA	D	5.1
Program Title	Year	Number	Receipts	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution): National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance:	2012/2013	10.555	\$ 15,439	\$ 15,439
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance Subtotal	2012/2013 2012/2013	10.553 10.555	29,242 89,950 119,192	29,242 89,950 119,192
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			134,631	134,631
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	2012/2013	10.560	11,164	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			145,795	134,631
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct from U.S. Department of Education:				
Rural Education Achievement Program	2012 2013	84.358	18,914 4,609	18,914 4,562
Total Rural Education Achievement Program			23,523	23,476
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2012 2013	84.010	46,505 103,185	24,095
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2013		<u>193,185</u> 239,690	188,468 212,563
Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States	2012	84.027	31,573	16,195
Total Special Education - Grants to States	2013		111,547 143,120	107,649 123,844
Passed through Ohio Valley Educational Service Center: Special Education - Preschool Grants	2013	84.173	2,158	2,158
Total Special Education Cluster			145,278	126,002
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Education Technology State Grants	2012	84.318	233	233
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2013	84.367	31,824	31,824
Education Jobs Fund	2012	84.410	76,410	14,247
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants	2012 2013	84.395A	3,324 20,018	20,420
Passed thorough Ohio Appalachian Collaborative ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants	2012 2013	84.395A	97,418	564 67,749
Total ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants			120,760	88,733
Total U.S. Department of Education			637,718	497,078
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$ 783,513	\$ 631,709

The Notes to the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule is an integral part of the Schedule.

WOLF CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the School District's federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at fair value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefited from the use of those donated food commodities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Wolf Creek Local School District Washington County P.O. Box 67 Waterford, Ohio 45786

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wolf Creek Local School District, Washington County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

743 East State Street, Athens Mall Suite B, Athens, Ohio 45701-2157
Phone: 740-594-3300 or 800-441-1389 Fax: 740-594-2110

Wolf Creek Local School District
Washington County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 20, 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Wolf Creek Local School District Washington County P.O. Box 67 Waterford, Ohio 45786

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Wolf Creek Local School District's, Washington County, Ohio (the School District), compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013. The *Summary of Audit Results* in the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the School District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for the School District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the School District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Wolf Creek Local School District
Washington County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable
To Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affects its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 20, 2013

WOLF CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (list):	Title I Grants to States, CFDA # 84.010	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes	

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

None.

This page intentionally left blank.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE

Wolf Creek Local School District Washington County P.O. Box 67 Waterford, Ohio 45786

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether the Wolf Creek Local School District, Washington County, Ohio, has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on May 9, 2013 to include prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student "on a school bus" or by an "electronic act".

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus

December 20, 2013





WOLF CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WASHINGTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 2, 2014