



WYOMING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HAMILTON COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wyoming City School District Hamilton County 420 Springfield Pike Wyoming, Ohio 45215

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wyoming City School District, Hamilton County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Wyoming City School District Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wyoming City School District, Hamilton County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's discussion and analysis, required budgetary comparison schedule listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling and the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Wyoming City School District Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 10, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 10, 2014

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Wyoming City School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013
(Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Wyoming City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2013 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$1,043,345 which represents a 6.0% increase from 2012.
- General revenues accounted for \$25,276,031 in revenue or 93.7% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,713,249 or 6.3% of total revenues of \$26,989,280.
- The District had \$25,945,935 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,713,249 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$25,276,031 were also used to provide for these programs.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Building Fund are the major funds of the District.

Government-wide Financial Statements

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2013?" The Government-wide Financial Statements answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Wyoming City School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013
(Unaudited)

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in this position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, both financial and non-financial. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, the overall financial position of the District is presented as Governmental Activities. All of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, and interest and fiscal charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds is presented in the Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefits of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The District as a Whole

As stated previously, the Statement of Net position looks at the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2013 compared to 2012:

Table 1
Net position

	Governmental Activities		
	2013	2012	
Assets:			
Current and Other Assets	\$52,404,006	\$52,160,130	
Capital Assets	23,780,441	21,279,556	
Total Assets	76,184,447	73,439,686	
Liabilities:			
Other Liabilities	10,165,376	8,882,511	
Long-Term Liabilities	47,502,340	47,083,789	
Total Liabilities	57,667,716	55,966,300	
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(309,771)	988,025	
Restricted	5,336,261	3,446,612	
Unrestricted	13,490,241	13,038,749	
Total Net Position	\$18,516,731	\$17,473,386	
		ENIA Decision	
		■ Net Position ■ Liabilities	
\$80,000,000		Assets	
\$60,000,000			
\$40,000,000			
\$20,000,000			
2013	2012		

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2013, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$18,516,731. Current assets increased mainly due to an increase in the District's bank balance in fiscal year 2013 as compared to fiscal year 2012 due to the proceed received from the District issuing \$25,035,000 long term general obligation bonds. Long-term liabilities increased due to issuance of the aforementioned long term general obligation bonds. Total net position increased from 2013 to 2012, due to the District making regular scheduled debt payments, which made the overall increase in total liabilities lower than the increase in total assets (due to the issuance of the general obligation bonds mentioned earlier).

At year-end, capital assets represented 31% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2013, was \$(309,771). These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Wyoming City School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

A portion of the District's net position, \$5,336,261 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they must be used. The external restriction will not affect the availability of fund resources for future use.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Table 2
Changes in Net position

	Governmental Activities	
	2013	2012
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$797,445	\$1,408,184
Operating Grants, Contributions	915,804	940,781
General Revenues:		
Income Taxes	7,182,198	6,207,483
Property Taxes	10,924,290	10,257,346
Grants and Entitlements	6,547,081	6,426,343
Other	622,462	368,735
Total Revenues	26,989,280	25,608,872
Program Expenses:		
Instruction	14,642,482	14,401,448
Support Services:		
Pupil and Instructional Staff	2,839,426	3,051,604
School Administrative, General		
Administration, Fiscal and Business	2,838,726	2,753,802
Operations and Maintenance	1,884,279	1,938,695
Pupil Transportation	496,867	467,559
Central	140,075	140,147
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	292,941	603,904
Extracurricular Activities	852,196	756,556
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,958,943	1,110,184
Total Program Expenses	25,945,935	25,223,899
Change in Net Position	1,043,345	384,973
Beginning Net Position	17,473,386	17,088,413
Ending Net Position	\$18,516,731	\$17,473,386

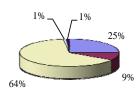
Governmental Activities

The District revenues are mainly from three sources. Income taxes, property taxes levied for general, debt service, capital project purposes, and grants and entitlements comprised 89% of the District's revenues for governmental activities.

The District depends greatly on property taxes as a revenue source. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenues generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Thus Ohio districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 64% of revenue for governmental activities for the District in fiscal year 2013.

		Percent
Revenue Sources	2013	of Total
General Grants	\$6,547,081	25%
Program Revenues	1,713,249	9%
General Tax Revenues	18,106,488	64%
Investment Earnings	51,373	1%
Other Revenues	571,089	1%
	\$26,989,280	100%



Instruction comprises 56.4% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses were 31.6% of governmental program expenses. All other expenses including interest expense were 12.0%. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bond and borrowing for capital projects.

Income tax revenues increased mainly due to an increase in income tax receipts received in fiscal year 2013 as compared to fiscal year 2012. Instructional expenses increased due to an increase in personnel costs and general inflationary costs.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of	Services
	2013 2012		2013	2012
Instruction	\$14,642,482	\$14,401,448	(\$13,553,937)	(\$13,670,882)
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff	2,839,426	3,051,604	(2,627,157)	(2,379,092)
School Administrative, General				
Administration, Fiscal and Business	2,838,726	2,753,802	(2,835,349)	(2,753,802)
Operations and Maintenance	1,884,279	1,938,695	(1,854,055)	(1,876,797)
Pupil Transportation	496,867	467,559	(492,562)	(421,886)
Central	140,075	140,147	(140,075)	(131,147)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	292,941	603,904	(128,085)	5,198
Extracurricular Activities	852,196	756,556	(642,523)	(536,342)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,958,943	1,110,184	(1,958,943)	(1,110,184)
Total Expenses	\$25,945,935	\$25,223,899	(\$24,232,686)	(\$22,874,934)

The District's Funds

The District has three major governmental funds: the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Building Fund. Assets of these funds comprised \$50,295,255 (96%) of the total \$52,316,710 governmental funds' assets.

General Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2013 was \$14,398,102. The fund balance remained relatively consistent in 2013 as compared to 2012.

Debt Service Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2013 was \$3,812,434. The fund balance increased by \$1,815,931 in 2013 as compared to 2012 due to an increase of tax revenue.

Building Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2013 was \$22,054,022. The fund balance decreased due to the start of the building project.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2013, the District amended its general fund budget. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. During the course of the year, the District revised the Budget in an attempt to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue was \$21,994,953, compared to original budget estimates of \$21,343,701.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the District had \$23,780,441 invested in land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements and equipment. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2013 balances compared to fiscal year 2012:

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)

	Government	Governmental Activities		
	2013	2012		
Land	\$629,493	\$629,493		
Construction in Progress	2,980,680	0		
Buildings and Improvements	19,443,314	20,186,012		
Equipment	726,954	464,051		
Total Net Capital Assets	\$23,780,441	\$21,279,556		

The increase in capital assets is due to the start of the building project.

See Note 6 in the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the District's capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2013, the District had \$46,534,374 in bonds and capital leases payable, \$1,193,079 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes outstanding debt at year end.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities		
	2013 2012		
General Obligation Bonds:			
1999 School Improvement	\$3,725,000	\$3,725,000	
2006 Refunding Bonds:			
Current Interest Bonds -			
School Improvement	12,065,000	12,065,000	
Capital Appreciation Bonds - Principal	707,762	1,389,247	
Capital Appreciation Bonds - Interest Only	392,631	637,918	
Premium on 2006 Refunding Bonds	639,086	697,184	
2013 General Obligation Bonds	25,035,000	25,037,000	
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	1,858,295	0	
Capital Leases	2,111,600	2,415,100	
Total Outstanding Debt at Year End	\$46,534,374	\$45,966,449	

See Note 7 and 8 in the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the District's outstanding debt.

Wyoming City School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013
(Unaudited)

For the Future

The Ohio Department of Education explains the school funding model in Ohio as follows:

The funding of K-12 public schools in Ohio is a joint effort between the state and local school districts. Since the 1970s through FY 2009, with the exception of a few years, Ohio's funding formula was foundation based by means of which a per pupil amount determined by the General Assembly as the per-pupil resource for provision of a basic adequate education was multiplied by the number of pupils to determine the base funding of the school districts. From this product, the local share of the basic adequate amount or the charge off was subtracted to arrive at the state share of the base funding. Additional funding was also provided for services targeted to categories of pupils such as handicapped, vocational, gifted, and economically disadvantaged as well as some adjustments and funding guarantees.

The 2010-11 biennial budget (Am. Sub. H.B. 1 of the 128th General Assembly), established a new funding formula called the Evidence-Based Model (EBM). Am. Sub. H.B. 153 of the 129th General Assembly repealed the EBM and implemented a temporary funding formula for the 2012-13 biennial budget as a new school funding formula is developed. The temporary formula is called the Bridge formula.

The Bridge formula provides for a simplified approach to fund distribution based on FY 2011 total calculated amounts on per pupil basis for both FY 2012 and FY 2013. The FY 2013 funding calculation involves the use of ADM and funding factors from FY 2011 applied to FY 2013 ADM with additional adjustments utilizing charge-off property valuation data in FY 2011. Based on this approach in FY 2013, school districts are provided with total funding amounts without any calculation for various education or support services such as special education, gifted education or transportation.

Wyoming remains concerned about the instability of the state and local economy and the political ramifications of a new funding model. We plan carefully and prudently to provide resources to meet the needs of our students but the uncertainty of a new funding model represents some challenges in our planning. We will continue to diligently review expenditures.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer at Wyoming City School District, 420 Springfield Pike, Wyoming, Ohio 45215.

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$37,198,154
Receivables:	
Taxes	14,735,147
Accounts	74,369
Interest	35,383
Intergovernmental	110,897
Deferred Bond Issuance Costs	250,056
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	3,610,173
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	20,170,268
Total Assets	76,184,447
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	141,021
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,346,592
Accrued Interest Payable	165,541
Contracts Payable	672,222
Unearned Revenue	6,840,000
Long-Term Liabilities:	.,,
Due Within One Year	1,427,798
Due In More Than One Year	46,074,542
Total Liabilities	57,667,716
Mat Parities	
Net Position:	(200 771)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(309,771)
Restricted for:	2 712 621
Debt Service	3,712,621
Capital Projects	1,484,260
Other Purposes District Managed Student Activities	41,060
District Managed Student Activities	69,620
Federal Grants	28,700
Unrestricted	13,490,241
Total Net Position	\$18,516,731

				Net (Expense) Revenue
		Program Revenues Charges for Operating Grants		and Changes in Net Position
				Governmental
	Expenses	Services and Sales	and Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$12,157,412	\$347,369	\$227,918	(\$11,582,125)
Special	2,349,366	11,249	398,960	(1,939,157)
Vocational	58,738	0	9,403	(49,335)
Other	76,966	93,646	0	16,680
Support Services:				
Pupil	1,530,196	94,287	0	(1,435,909)
Instructional Staff	1,309,230	0	117,982	(1,191,248)
General Administration	140,402	0	0	(140,402)
School Administration	1,826,783	0	3,377	(1,823,406)
Fiscal	870,407	0	0	(870,407)
Business	1,134	0	0	(1,134)
Operations and Maintenance	1,884,279	30,224	0	(1,854,055)
Pupil Transportation	496,867	0	4,305	(492,562)
Central	140,075	0	0	(140,075)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	292,941	10,997	153,859	(128,085)
Extracurricular Activities	852,196	209,673	0	(642,523)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,958,943	0	0	(1,958,943)
Total Governmental Activities	\$25,945,935	\$797,445	\$915,804	(24,232,686)
	G	General Revenues:		
	Ir	ncome Taxes		7,182,198
	P	roperty Taxes Levied for	:	
		General Purposes		7,997,485
		Debt Service Purposes	S	2,528,900
		Capital Projects Purpo	oses	397,905
	G	Frants and Entitlements	not Restricted	6,547,081
	U	Inrestricted Contribution	าร	154,680
	Ir	nvestment Earnings		51,373
	C	Other Revenues		416,409
	Т	otal General Revenues		25,276,031
	C	hange in Net Position		1,043,345
	N	let Position Beginning of	⁻ Year	17,473,386
	N	let Position End of Year		\$18,516,731

	General	Debt Service	Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$10,205,003	\$2,772,434	\$22,721,965	\$1,498,752	\$37,198,154
Receivables:			0		
Taxes	11,670,369	2,656,223	0	408,555	14,735,147
Accounts	73,438	0	0	931	74,369
Interest	23,583	0	9,480	2,320	35,383
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	110,897	110,897
Interfund	162,760	0	0	0	162,760
Total Assets	22,135,153	5,428,657	22,731,445	2,021,455	52,316,710
Liabilities and Fund Balances:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	116,413	0	0	24,608	141,021
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,332,305	0	0	14,287	2,346,592
Compensated Absences	51,192	0	0	0	51,192
Contracts Payable	0	0	672,222	0	672,222
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	162,760	162,760
Deferred Revenue	5,237,141	1,616,223	5,201	360,724	7,219,289
Total Liabilities	7,737,051	1,616,223	677,423	562,379	10,593,076
Fund Balances:					
Restricted	0	3,812,434	22,054,022	1,584,331	27,450,787
Assigned	631,605	0	0	0	631,605
Unassigned	13,766,497	0	0	(125,255)	13,641,242
Total Fund Balances	14,398,102	3,812,434	22,054,022	1,459,076	41,723,634
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$22,135,153	\$5,428,657	\$22,731,445	\$2,021,455	\$52,316,710

Wyoming City School District Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2013

Total Governmental Fund Balance		\$41,723,634
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		23,780,441
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Delinquent Property Taxes Interest Intergovernmental	\$248,983 19,409 110,897	
		379,289
In the statement of net position interest payable is accrued wher incurred, whereas in the governmental funds interest is reported as a liability only when it will require the use of current financial resources.	n	(165,541)
Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences		(916,774)
Deferred bond issuance cost associated with long-term liabilities are not reported in the funds.		250,056
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(46,534,374)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$18,516,731

		Debt		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
D	General	Service	Building	Funds	Funds
Revenues:	Ć4E 2CE 720	ć2 F42 202	ćo	¢400.265	Ć40 470 20E
Taxes	\$15,265,728	\$2,513,302	\$0	\$400,365	\$18,179,395
Tuition and Fees	527,945	0	0	0	527,945
Investment Earnings	27,694	0	35,022	5,767	68,483
Intergovernmental	6,463,874	309,528	0	615,544	7,388,946
Extracurricular Activities	18,606	0	0	209,673	228,279
Charges for Services	30,224	0	0	10,997	41,221
Other Revenues	334,212	20,495	152,308	64,074	571,089
Total Revenues	22,668,283	2,843,325	187,330	1,306,420	27,005,358
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	11,762,250	0	0	260,281	12,022,531
Special	2,113,860	0	0	271,817	2,385,677
Vocational	58,738	0	0	0	58,738
Other	76,966	0	0	0	76,966
Support Services:	•				
Pupil	1,605,175	0	0	0	1,605,175
Instructional Staff	992,441	0	0	135,747	1,128,188
General Administration	140,402	0	0	0	140,402
School Administration	1,906,230	0	0	6,000	1,912,230
Fiscal	847,920	28,903	0	5,905	882,728
Business	1,134	0	0	0	1,134
Operations and Maintenance	1,741,849	0	0	0	1,741,849
Pupil Transportation	432,958	0	0	0	432,958
Central	167,711	0	0	0	167,711
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	87,152	0	0	206,341	293,493
Extracurricular Activities	535,154	0	0	277,137	812,291
Capital Outlay	2,950	0	2,980,680	41,617	3,025,247
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	98,500	25,718,485	0	205,000	26,021,985
Interest and Fiscal Charges	92,786	2,093,851	0	12,141	2,198,778
Bond Issuance Costs	120,516	0	0	0	120,516
Total Expenditures	22,784,692	27,841,239	2,980,680	1,421,986	55,028,597
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(116,409)	(24,997,914)	(2,793,350)	(115,566)	(28,023,239)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of Long-Term Capital-Related Debt	0	25,035,000	0	0	25,035,000
Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued	120,517	1,778,845	0	0	1,899,362
Treilian on Bonds and Notes Issued	120,017	2,7,7,0,0.15			1,033,502
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	120,517	26,813,845	0	0	26,934,362
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,108	1,815,931	(2,793,350)	(115,566)	(1,088,877)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	14,393,994	1,996,503	24,847,372	1,574,642	42,812,511
Fund Balance End of Year	\$14,398,102	\$3,812,434	\$22,054,022	\$1,459,076	\$41,723,634

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds (\$1,088,877) Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of the difference between capital asset additions and depreciation in the current period. Capital assets used in governmental activities \$3,401,471 **Depreciation Expense** (900,586)2,500,885 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. **Delinquent Property Taxes** (\$48,107)Interest (17,110)Intergovernmental 73,939 Other (24,800)(16,078)Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term 26,021,985 liabilities in the statement of net position. In the statement of activities interest expense is accrued when incurred, whereas in governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. (89,997)In the statement of activities, certain costs and proceeds associated with long-term debt obligations issued during the year are accrued and amortized over the life of the debt obligation. In governmental funds these costs and proceeds are recognized as financing sources and uses. **Bond Issuance Costs** \$120,516 Premium on Bonds Issued (1,899,362)(1,778,846)Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. **Compensated Absences** \$199,441 **Deferred Bond Issuance Cost Amortization** (14,620)Amortization of Bond Premium 99,165 Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding 333.515 **Bond Accretion** (88,228)529,273 Proceeds from debt issues are an other financing source in the funds, but a debt issue increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. (25,035,000) Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$1,043,345

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$9,423	\$127,689
Total Assets	9,423	127,689
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	0	15,434
Other Liabilities	0	112,255
Total Liabilities	0	\$127,689
Net Position:		
Held in Trust	9,423	
Total Net Position	\$9,423	

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
Additions: Donations	\$710
Total Additions	710
Deductions: Scholarships	1,770
Total Deductions	1,770
Change in Net Position	(1,060)
Net Position Beginning of Year	10,483
Net Position End of Year	\$9,423

Note 1 – Description of the District

The Wyoming City School District ("District") was chartered by the Ohio State Legislature in 1832 when state laws were enacted to create local Boards of Education. Today, the District operates under current standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 and Section 119.01 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The District operates under a locally elected 5 member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by its charter or further mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's instructional and support facilities staffed by approximately 74 non-certificated personnel and approximately 160 certificated full time teaching and administrative personnel to provide services to students and other community members.

The District is the 13th largest in Hamilton County in terms of enrollment. The District currently operates 3 primary schools, 1 middle school (grades 5-8), and 1 high school (grades 9-12).

Reporting Entity

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board [GASB] Statement 14, the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments.

There are no component units combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes, and it is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing body is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, pupil transportation, food service, and maintenance of District facilities.

The District is associated with two organizations that are defined as jointly governed organizations. These organizations include Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development and the Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Association. These organizations are presented in Note 13.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. Fiduciary Funds are not included in entity-wide statements.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations form governmental resources when the District is obligated in some manner for the payment.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund is used to account for financial resources used in the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodian in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District has a private purpose trust fund which accounts for scholarship programs for students. The District has a student managed activity (agency) fund which accounts for assets and liabilities generated by student managed activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the actual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, included property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the

resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: property taxes available for advance, grants and interest.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2013, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2014 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not yet been met because such amounts have not yet been earned.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash received by the District is pooled for investment purposes. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements. The District utilizes a financial institution to service bonded debt as principal and interest payments come due. The balance in this account is presented on the financial statements as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments".

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund amounted to \$27,694, \$35,022 credited to the building fund and \$5,767 credited to other governmental funds.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund level statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance assignment in the governmental funds, which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars (\$5,000). The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated, except land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is allocated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives		
Buildings and Improvements	20 years		
Equipment	5 - 20 years		

Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time, when earned, for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is due and payable. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Of the District's \$5,336,261 in restricted net position, none were restricted by enabling legislation.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the Statement of Net position.

As a general rule the effect of interfund (internal) activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statement of activities. The interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting,* the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

Nonspendable – resources that are not in spendable form (inventory) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

Restricted – resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

Committed – resources that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government at its highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education.

Assigned – resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes as approved through the District's formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer.

Unassigned – residual fund balance within the General Fund that is not restricted, committed, or assigned. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenses for specific purposes exceeding amounts, which had been restricted, committed or assigned for said purposes.

The District considers restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

State statute requires the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

<u>Active Monies</u> - Those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand.

<u>Inactive Monies</u> – Those monies not required for use within the current two year period of designated depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designated depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

<u>Interim Monies</u> – Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Ohio law permits interim monies to be invested or deposited in the following securities:

(1) Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest.

- (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal governmental agency.
- (3) No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
- (4) Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim monies to be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including, but limited to, passbook accounts.
- (5) Bonds, and other obligations of the State of Ohio.
- (6) The Ohio State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- (7) Commercial paper and banker's acceptances, which meet the requirements established by Ohio Revised Code, Sec. 135.142.
- (8) Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy for deposits is any balance not covered by depository insurance will be collateralized by the financial institutions with pledged securities. As of June 30, 2013, \$8,040,536 of the District's bank balance of \$9,040,536 was exposed to custodial risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135, Uniform Depository Act, authorizes pledging of pooled securities in lieu of specific securities. Specifically, a designated public depository may pledge a single pool of eligible securities to secure repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution, provided that all times the total value of the securities so pledged is at least equal to 105% of the total amount of all public deposits secured by the pool, including the portion of such deposits covered by any federal deposit insurance.

Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following investments:

		Weighted Average
Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity (Years)
Money Market Funds	\$173,828	0.00
US Treasury Note	3,299,099	0.74
Federal Home Loan Bank	6,490,199	0.83
Federal Home Loan Bank - Discount Note	1,719,618	0.34
Freddie Mac	5,256,652	1.48
Freddie Mac - Discount Note	75,000	0.00
Fannie Mae	3,932,527	1.99
Fannie Mae - Discount Notes	224,986	0.17
Federal Farm Credit Banks	1,516,184	0.42
Commercial Paper	5,947,279	0.21
Total Fair Value	\$28,635,372	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity		0.91

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with the investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to three years.

Credit Risk – It is the District's policy to limit its investments that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government to investments, which have a credit quality rating of the top 2 ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in Federal Home Loan Bank, Freddie Mac, Freddie Mac – Discount Notes, Fannie Mae, Fannie Mae – Discount Notes and Federal Farm Credit Banks were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. Commercial Paper and Federal Home Loan Bank – Discount Note are rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's and P-1 by Moody's. Money Market Funds are not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District's investment policy allows investments in Federal Agencies or Instrumentalities. The District has invested less than 1% in Money Market Funds, 12% in US Treasury Note, 23% in Federal Home Loan Bank, 6% in Federal Home Loan Bank - Discount Note, 18% in Freddie Mac, less than 1% in Freddie Mac - Discount Note, 14% in Fannie Mae, 1% in Fannie Mae - Discount Notes, 5% in Federal Farm Credit Banks, and 21% in Commercial Paper.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the District's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the District or at least registered in the name of the District.

Note 4 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at 88 percent of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at 35 percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. The District receives property taxes from Hamilton County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2013, are available to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. The amount available for advance can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes that became measurable as of June 30, 2013. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The amount available for advance was \$3,260,000 in the General Fund, \$1,040,000 in the Debt Service Fund and \$160,000 in Other Governmental Funds.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2013 taxes were collected are:

	Amount
Agricultural/Residential	
and Other Real Estate	\$267,318,440
Public Utility Personal	3,735,370
Total	\$271,053,810

Income Tax

The District levies a voted tax of 1.25% for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was first approved in 1989 at 0.75%. In 1994, the community approved an additional 0.50% income tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

Note 5 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2013, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent and student fees), interest, intergovernmental grants and interfund. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

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Note 6 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$629,493	\$0	\$0	\$629,493
Construction in Progress	0	2,980,680	0	2,980,680
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	32,781,121	53,590	0	32,834,711
Equipment	2,624,454	367,201	0	2,991,655
Totals at Historical Cost	36,035,068	3,401,471	0	39,436,539
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	12,595,109	796,288	0	13,391,397
Equipment	2,160,403	104,298	0	2,264,701
Total Accumulated Depreciation	14,755,512	900,586	0	15,656,098
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$21,279,556	\$2,500,885	\$0	\$23,780,441

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$463,900
Special	22,780
Support Services:	
Pupil	8,000
Instructional Staff	129,871
School Administration	24,287
Fiscal	7,962
Operations and Maintenance	133,769
Pupil Transportation	63,304
Central	8,680
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	6,014
Extracurricular Activities	32,019
Total Depreciation Expense	\$900,586

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities

	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due In One Year
Governmental Activities:						
General Obligation Bonds:						
1998B School Improvement	4.97%	\$3,725,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,725,000	\$635,000
2006 Refunding Bonds:						
Current Interest Bonds -						
School Improvement	3.00%-5.00%	12,065,000	0	0	12,065,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds - Principal	3.90%-4.28%	1,389,247	0	681,485	707,762	240,079
Capital Appreciation Bonds - Interest Only		637,918	88,228	333,515	392,631	0
Premium on 2006 Refunding Bonds		697,184	0	58,098	639,086	0
2012 Bond Anticipation Notes	3.49%	25,037,000	0	25,037,000	0	0
2013 General Obligation Bonds		0	25,035,000	0	25,035,000	5,000
Premium On General Obligation Bonds	2.00-5.00%	0	1,899,362	41,067	1,858,295	0
Total General Obligation Bonds		43,551,349	27,022,590	26,151,165	44,422,774	880,079
Capital Leases		2,415,100	0	303,500	2,111,600	318,000
Total Long Term Debt		45,966,449	27,022,590	26,454,665	46,534,374	1,198,079
Compensated Absences		1,117,340	56,845	206,219	967,966	229,719
Total Governmental Activities		\$47,083,789	\$27,079,435	\$26,660,884	\$47,502,340	\$1,427,798

General obligation bonds will be paid from the Debt Service Fund. The bond anticipation notes will be paid out of the Building Fund. Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement Fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid.

In April 2012, the District issued a bond anticipation note for \$25,037,000 that was included as long-term liabilities, since the District took the steps to refinance the notes on a long-term basis before the financial statements were issued.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at year end are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Gene	eral Obligation Bo	onds	Capita	l Appreciation B	onds
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$640,000	\$1,918,693	\$2,558,693	\$240,079	\$144,921	\$385,000
2015	815,000	1,878,675	2,693,675	217,987	152,013	370,000
2016	895,000	1,834,929	2,729,929	249,696	195,304	445,000
2017	1,385,000	1,779,712	3,164,712	0	0	0
2018	1,460,000	1,711,437	3,171,437	0	0	0
2019-2023	9,935,000	7,265,260	17,200,260	0	0	0
2024-2028	4,390,000	5,325,562	9,715,562	0	0	0
2029-2033	2,705,000	4,880,831	7,585,831	0	0	0
2034-2038	3,855,000	4,194,625	8,049,625	0	0	0
2039-2043	5,120,000	3,071,250	8,191,250	0	0	0
2044-2048	6,530,000	1,622,000	8,152,000	0	0	0
2049-2050	3,095,000	156,625	3,251,625	0	0	0
Total	\$40,825,000	\$35,639,599	\$76,464,599	\$707,762	\$492,238	\$1,200,000

Note 8 - Capital Leases

The District, in prior years, has entered into two capital leases for buildings and an athletic field improvement lease.

The leases meet the criteria of capital leases as defined by statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one that transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the leasee. Capital lease payments for the buildings will be made from the General Fund. Capital lease payments for athletic field improvements will be made from the Permanent Improvement fund.

In fiscal year 2006, the capital lease proceeds that were recorded in the Permanent Improvement Fund relates to athletic field improvements project for the District. The District is leasing the project from the Columbus Regional Airport Authority. Columbus Regional Airport Authority will retain title to the project during the lease term. Columbus Regional Airport Authority assigned U.S. Bank National Association as trustee. U.S. Bank National Association deposited \$1,717,000 in the District's name for the improvement of the athletic field. The lease is renewable annually and expires in 2014. The intention of the District is to renew the lease annually. The District began making principal payments in fiscal year 2007. The trustee entered into an Interest Rate Exchange Agreement with respect to the loan, locking in the rate at 3.65% plus an annual administrative fee.

In fiscal year 2012, the capital lease proceeds that were recorded in the Permanent Improvement Fund relates to the HB264 Energy Improvements for the District. The District is leasing the project from the Columbus Regional Airport Authority. Columbus Regional Airport Authority will retain title to the project during the lease term. Columbus Regional Airport Authority assigned U.S. Bank National Association as trustee. U.S. Bank National Association deposited \$883,000 in the District's name for the HB264 Energy Improvements. The District made an interest payment to U.S. Bank National Association. The lease is renewable annually and expires on December 1, 2025. The intention of the District is to renew the lease annually. The District began making principal payments in fiscal year 2012. The trustee entered into an Interest Rate Exchange Agreement with respect to the loan, locking in the rate at 3.50% plus an annual administrative fee.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of fiscal year end.

	Long-Term
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Debt
2014	\$428,230
2015	264,672
2016	202,489
2017	195,003
2018	194,977
2019-2023	973,273
2024-2026	581,610
Total Minimum Lease Payments	2,840,254
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(719,672)
Less: Additional Program Cost Component	(8,982)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$2,111,600

Wyoming City School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Capital assets acquired under capital leases in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 are as follows:

Buildings and Improvements

\$4,100,000

Note 9 - Pension Plans

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care fund) of the System. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 13.10%. The remaining 0.90% of the 14% employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The District's contributions to SERS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$495,336, \$473,376, and \$454,416, respectively; 81% has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100% has been contributed for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution, or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof. Additional information or copies of STRS Ohio's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* can be requested by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad Street, Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio web site at www.strsoh.org.

Plan Options

New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the DB Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits

Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

DC Plan Benefits

Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits

Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for DB Plan participants.

The DB and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalizations, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the DB Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Funding Policy

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

Contribution requirements and the contributions actually made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, were 10% of covered payroll for members and 14% for employers. The District's contributions to STRS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$1,674,156, \$1,592,976, and \$1,552,104, respectively; 83% has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100% for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Note 10- Post Employment Benefits

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description

In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers two postemployment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2013 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 depending on their income; SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2013, the actuarially required allocation was 0.74%. District contributions for the year ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$26,182, \$25,359 and \$24,668, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Health Care Plan

ORC 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14% contribution to the Health Care Fund. At June 30, 2013, the health care allocation was 0.16%. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statues provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2013, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District contributions assigned to health care for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$5,661, \$18,597, and \$46,415, respectively; 81% has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100% has been contributed for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a Defined Benefit Plan; a self-directed Defined Contribution Plan and a Combined Plan that is a hybrid of the Defined Benefit and the Defined Contribution Plan.

Ohio law authorized STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums.

Pursuant to 3307 of the Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* by visiting www.strsoh.org or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877.

Funding Policy

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14% employer contributions rate, 1% of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the year ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011. The 14% employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. The District contributions for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$119,583, \$113,784, and \$110,865, respectively; 83% has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100% for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Note 11 – Contingent Liabilities

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2013, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

Litigation

The District's attorney estimates that there are no potential claims against the District that are not covered by insurance resulting from litigation.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2013, the District contracted with Ohio Casualty Insurance Company for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance, and inland marine coverage. Coverage's provided by Ohio Casualty Insurance Company are as follows:

Building and Contents - Replacement Cost	\$59,052,619
Inland Marine Coverage	1,480,750
Boiler and Machinery	No Limit
Crime Insurance	100,000
Automobile Liability	2,000,000
Uninsured Motorist	1,000,000
General Liability	
Per Occurrence	2,000,000
Total Per Year	2,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

For fiscal year 2013, the District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Hunter Consulting Company provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Note 13 – Jointly Governed Organizations

The Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development (the School), a jointly governed organization, is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each participating school district's elected board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The School provides academic preparation and job training which leads to employment and/or further education upon graduation from high school. The District has no ongoing financial interest in or responsibility for the School.

The District is a participant in the Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Association (HCCA) which is a computer consortium A-site used by the District. HCCA is an association of public districts in a geographic area determined by the Ohio Department of Education. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. The Board of the School consists of one representative from each of the participating members. The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the board.

Note 14 – Claims Servicing Pool

The District participates as a member of the Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium (GCIC), a shared risk pool, comprised on twelve Hamilton County school districts and the Hamilton County Educational Service Center. Decisions concerning the operation of the consortium are made by a Board of Directors consisting of one (1) representative selected from each participating district and the educational service center. Each member pays an administrative fee to the pool. The Consortium converted from a fully-insured consortium through an independent third party insurance company to a self-funded insurance consortium with stop loss insurance coverage effective July 1, 2007. Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield provides claim review and processing.

Note 15 – Accountability

The following individual fund had a deficit in fund balance at year end:

Other Governmental Funds	Deficit
Food Service	\$35,360
Special Education	51,282
Title I	38,613

The deficits in fund balances were primarily due to accruals in GAAP. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required not when accruals occur.

Note 16 – Fund Balance Reserves for Set-Asides

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

Canital

	Capitai
	Acquisition
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	328,216
Qualified Disbursements	(249,041)
Current Year Offsets	(79,175)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2013	\$0

Note 17 – Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions at June 30, 2013, consisted of the following interfund receivable and interfund payable:

	Interfund		
	Receivable		
General Fund	\$162,760	\$0	
Other Governmental Funds	0	162,760	
Total All Funds	\$162,760	\$162,760	

Interfund balance/transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budget authorizations; to segregate and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

Note 18 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

				Other	
		Debt		Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Service	Building	Funds	Total
Restricted for:					
Other Grants	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,001	\$17,001
Student Activity	0	0	0	69,620	69,620
Auxiliary Services	0	0	0	10,559	10,559
Title III Limited English Proficiency	0	0	0	3,354	3,354
Data Communication	0	0	0	13,500	13,500
Debt Service	0	3,812,434	0	0	3,812,434
Building	0	0	22,054,022	0	22,054,022
Permanent Improvement	0	0	0	1,470,297	1,470,297
Total Restricted	0	3,812,434	22,054,022	1,584,331	27,450,787
Assigned to:					
Encumbrances	631,605	0	0	0	631,605
Total Assigned	631,605	0	0	0	631,605
Unassigned (Deficit)	13,766,497	0	0	(125,255)	13,641,242
Total Fund Balance	\$14,398,102	3,812,434	\$22,054,022	\$1,459,076	\$41,723,634

Note 19 – Change in Accounting Principles

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements and GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. GASB Statement No. 62 incorporates Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) accounting and financial reporting guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989 into GASB authoritative literature. GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows and inflows of resources and net position.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund

Revenues: Final Budget Actual Budget Variance from Final Budget Revenues: Sugget \$14,379,812 \$14,818,577 \$14,759,049 \$(599,528) Tuttion and Fees \$13,979,782 \$408,057 \$406,418 \$(359) Investment Earnings 78,476 \$80,871 \$80,546 \$(252) Lorge For Services 29,447 \$30,36 \$30,224 \$(26,071) Charges for Services 29,447 \$30,36 \$30,224 \$(26,071) Total Revenues \$162,208 \$167,157 \$166,486 \$(671) Total Revenues \$11,247,355 \$1,994,953 \$21,906,597 \$(88,356) Expenditures: \$28,407 \$1,949,545 \$1,881,168 \$68,377 Support Services: \$11,747,355 \$11,949,545 \$1,881,168 \$68,377 Support Services: \$11,447,355 \$1,481,488 \$9,242 \$41 Pupil \$1,421,971 \$1,446,446 \$1,438,169 \$2,77 Instructional Staff \$95,532 \$99,340 \$93,656 \$68,277<		Fund			
Taxes \$14,379,812 \$14,818,577 \$14,759,049 \$(559,528) Tuition and Fees 395,975 406,057 406,418 (1,633) Investment Earnings 78,476 80,871 80,546 (325) Intergovernmental 6,297,783 6,489,945 6,463,874 (26,071) Charges for Services 29,447 30,346 30,224 (122) Other Revenues 21,343,701 21,994,953 21,906,597 (88,356) Expenditures: Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 11,747,355 11,949,545 11,881,168 68,377 Special 2,128,420 2,165,054 2,152,665 12,389 Vocational 58,575 59,833 59,242 341 Other 84,670 86,127 85,634 493 Support Services: Pupil Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 <th></th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th>Actual</th> <th></th>		_		Actual	
Transmis 196, 197, 197, 197, 197, 197, 197, 197, 197	Revenues:				
Intergovernmental 6,297,783 6,489,945 6,463,874 26,071 Charges for Services 29,447 30,346 30,224 (122) Cher Revenues 162,208 167,157 166,486 (671) Charges for Services 29,447 30,346 30,224 (122) Cher Revenues 21,343,701 21,994,953 21,906,597 (88,356) Cher Regular 11,747,355 11,949,545 11,881,168 68,377 Special 2,128,420 2,165,054 2,152,665 12,899 Ocational 58,575 59,583 59,242 341 Other 84,670 86,127 85,634 493 Support Services: Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 13,503 137,632 1316,844 788 School Administration 13,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 804,991 80,99					
Intergovernmental 6,297,783 6,489,945 6,463,874 (26,071) Charges for Services 29,447 30,346 30,224 (122) Other Revenues 162,208 167,157 166,486 (671) Total Revenues 21,343,701 21,994,953 21,906,597 (88,356) Expenditures: Current:					
Charges for Services 29,447 30,346 30,224 (122) Other Revenues 162,208 167,157 166,486 (671) Total Revenues 21,343,701 21,994,953 21,906,597 (88,356) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 11,747,355 11,949,545 11,881,168 68,377 Special 2,128,420 2,155,054 2,152,665 12,389 Vocational 58,575 59,583 59,242 341 Other 84,670 86,127 85,634 493 Support Services: Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243	Investment Earnings	78,476	80,871	80,546	(325)
Other Revenues 162,208 167,157 166,486 (671) Total Revenues 21,343,701 21,994,953 21,906,597 (88,356) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Secondary (17,47) 11,747,355 11,949,545 11,881,168 68,377 Special 2,128,420 2,165,054 2,152,665 12,389 Vocational 58,575 59,583 59,242 341 Other 84,670 86,127 85,634 431 Support Services: Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 82,77 Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 135,303 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 886,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,752,433 1,788,505 <	_				
Expenditures: Current:	_	•	•	· ·	
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 11,747,355 11,949,545 11,881,168 68,377 Special 2,128,420 2,165,054 2,152,665 12,389 Vocational 58,575 59,583 59,242 341 Other 84,670 86,127 85,634 493 Support Services: Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 135,303 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 135,503 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 156,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106	Other Revenues	162,208	167,157	166,486	(671)
Current: Instruction: Regular 11,747,355 11,949,545 11,881,168 68,377 Special 2,128,420 2,165,054 2,152,665 12,389 Vocational 58,575 59,583 59,242 341 Other 84,670 86,127 85,634 493 Support Services: Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 69,691 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 1,731,785 1,721,875 1,731,785 1,721,875 1,731,785 1,731,785 1,731,785 1,731,775 1,731,751,755 1,731,751,755 1,731,751,755 1,731,751,751,755	Total Revenues	21,343,701	21,994,953	21,906,597	(88,356)
Instruction: Regular Regular Special 2,128,420 2,165,054 2,152,665 12,389 Vocational 58,575 59,583 59,242 341 Other 84,670 86,127 85,634 493 Support Services: Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 135,303 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 197,391 Poets Service: Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) 101,8000 1013,553) 100,9600 Poets Poets Service Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 14,893 Poets Service Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 1487 Poets Service Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 1487 Poets Service Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 1487) Poets Service Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 1487) Poets Service Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 1487) Poets Service Premium on Bonds and	Expenditures:				
Regular 11,747,355 11,949,545 11,881,168 68,377 Special 2,128,420 2,165,054 2,152,665 12,389 Vocational 58,575 59,583 59,242 341 Other 84,670 86,127 85,634 493 Support Services: Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 135,303 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 94 Extracurricular Activities 516,236	Current:				
Special 2,128,420 2,165,054 2,152,665 12,389 Vocational 58,575 59,583 59,242 341 Other 84,670 86,127 85,634 493 Support Services: Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Instructional Staff 976,552 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 135,303 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 94 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917	Instruction:				
Vocational Other 58,575 84,670 59,583 86,127 59,242 85,634 341 493 Support Services: Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 135,303 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 <t< td=""><td>Regular</td><td>11,747,355</td><td>11,949,545</td><td>11,881,168</td><td>68,377</td></t<>	Regular	11,747,355	11,949,545	11,881,168	68,377
Other 84,670 86,127 85,634 493 Support Services: Support Services: Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 135,303 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567	Special	2,128,420	2,165,054	2,152,665	12,389
Support Services: Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Pupil Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 135,303 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534	Vocational	58,575	59,583	59,242	341
Pupil 1,421,971 1,446,446 1,438,169 8,277 Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 135,303 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs	Other	84,670	86,127	85,634	493
Instructional Staff 976,532 993,340 987,656 5,684 General Administration 135,303 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Excess of Revenues Ove	Support Services:				
General Administration 135,303 137,632 136,844 788 School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: 2 7,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under)	Pupil	1,421,971	1,446,446	1,438,169	8,277
School Administration 1,702,482 1,731,785 1,721,875 9,910 Fiscal 841,586 856,071 851,172 4,899 Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787	Instructional Staff	976,532	993,340	987,656	5,684
Fiscal Business 841,586 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 4,899 1 Business 1,124 1,144 1,144 1,137 7 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 2central 1662,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	General Administration	135,303	137,632	136,844	788
Business 1,124 1,144 1,137 7 Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out)	School Administration	1,702,482	1,731,785	1,721,875	9,910
Operations and Maintenance 1,758,243 1,788,505 1,778,271 10,234 Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: 7 2,967 2,950 17 Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593	Fiscal	841,586	856,071	851,172	4,899
Pupil Transportation 417,299 424,481 422,052 2,429 Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in	Business	1,124	1,144	1,137	7
Central 162,260 165,052 164,108 944 Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893<	Operations and Maintenance	1,758,243	1,788,505	1,778,271	10,234
Extracurricular Activities 516,236 525,121 522,116 3,005 Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457	Pupil Transportation	417,299	424,481	422,052	2,429
Capital Outlay 2,917 2,967 2,950 17 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	Central	162,260	165,052	164,108	944
Debt Service: Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	Extracurricular Activities	516,236	525,121	522,116	3,005
Principal Retirement 97,391 99,067 98,500 567 Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 17,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	Capital Outlay	2,917	2,967	2,950	17
Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,741 93,320 92,786 534 Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	Debt Service:				
Bond Issuance Costs 119,159 121,764 120,516 1,248 Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued Advances (Out) 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	Principal Retirement	97,391	99,067	98,500	567
Total Expenditures 22,263,264 22,647,004 22,516,861 130,143 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	Interest and Fiscal Charges	91,741	93,320	92,786	534
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (919,563) (652,051) (610,264) 41,787 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	Bond Issuance Costs	119,159	121,764	120,516	1,248
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued 117,693 121,284 120,797 (487) Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	Total Expenditures	22,263,264	22,647,004	22,516,861	130,143
Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued Advances (Out) 117,693 (101,800) 121,284 (102,960) 120,797 (487) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 (103,553) 17,731 (17,837) 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 (10,517,457) 10,517,457 (10,517,457) 0	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(919,563)	(652,051)	(610,264)	41,787
Premium on Bonds and Notes Issued Advances (Out) 117,693 (101,800) 121,284 (102,960) 120,797 (487) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 (103,553) 17,731 (17,837) 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 (10,517,457) 10,517,457 (10,517,457) 0	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances (Out) (101,800) (103,553) (102,960) 593 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 10,517,457 0		117 693	121 284	120 797	(487)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,893 17,731 17,837 106 Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 10,517,457 0		-	•		
Net Change in Fund Balance (903,670) (634,320) (592,427) 41,893 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	, ,			_	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	15,893	17,731	17,837	106
prior year encumbrances appropriated) 10,517,457 10,517,457 0	Net Change in Fund Balance	(903,670)	(634,320)	(592,427)	41,893
	Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes				
Fund Balance End of Year \$9,613,787 \$9,883,137 \$9,925,030 \$41,893	prior year encumbrances appropriated)	10,517,457	10,517,457	10,517,457	0
	Fund Balance End of Year	\$9,613,787	\$9,883,137	\$9,925,030	\$41,893

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Note 1 - Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriations resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Board. The legal level of control has been established by Board at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year 2013.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Board during the year.

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as an assignment of fund balance for governmental fund types and expendable trust funds (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions.
- 5. Some funds are reported as part of the general fund (GAAP basis) as opposed to the general fund being reported alone (budget basis).

Wyoming City School District Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2013

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General
GAAP Basis	\$4,108
Revenue Accruals	(761,686)
Expenditure Accruals	449,483
Issuance of Debt	280
Advances (Out)	(102,960)
Encumbrances	(189,954)
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere	8,302
Budget Basis	(\$592,427)

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WYOMING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HAMILTON COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Child Nutrition Cluster:						
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):	N/A	10.555	¢o.	\$0	\$0	\$0
National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance:	N/A	10.555	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
National School Lunch Program	3L60	10.555	8,088	0	9,838	0
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Total Child Nutrition Cluster		-	8,088	0	9,838	0
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Title I, Part A Cluster:						
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I)	3M00	84.010	91,949	0	91,812	0
Total Title I, Part A Cluster		=	91,949	0	91,812	0
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA part B)	3M20	84.027	372,435	0	392,893	0
IDEA Preschool Grant	3C50	84.173	6,337	0	6,873	0
Total Special Education Cluster		-	378,772	0	399,766	0
Title III - LEP English Language Acquisition	3Y70	84.365	397	0	801	0
Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	3Y60	84.367	29,819	0	29,819	0
Total U.S. Department of Education		_	500,937	0	522,198	0
Totals		=	\$509,025	\$0	\$532,036	\$0

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

WYOMING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HAMILTON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Wyoming City School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Government assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE B - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Wyoming City School District Hamilton County 420 Springfield Pike Wyoming, Ohio 45215

To the Board of Education,

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wyoming City School District, Hamilton County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 10, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Wyoming City School District
Hamilton County
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Governmental Auditing standards
Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 10, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Wyoming City School District Hamilton County 420 Springfield Pike Wyoming, Ohio 45215

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Wyoming City School District's, Hamilton County, Ohio (the District), compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Wyoming City School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013. The *Summary of Audit Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Wyoming City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Wyoming City School District
Hamilton County
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable
To Each Major Federal Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance
Required By OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 10, 2014

WYOMING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HAMILTON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education 84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Wyoming City School District Hamilton County 420 Springfield Pike Wyoming, Ohio 45215

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Wyoming City School District (the District) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on November 11, 2013 to include prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student "on a school bus" or by an "electronic act".

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 10, 2014





WYOMING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 27, 2014