

**Eagle Academy
Lucas County**

**Financial Report
June 30, 2014**



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Directors
Eagle Academy
2014 Consaul St.
Toledo, Ohio 43605

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Eagle Academy, Lucas County, prepared by Plante & Moran, PLLC, for the audit period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Eagle Academy is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Dave Yost".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

April 8, 2015

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Eagle Academy

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Eagle Academy

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Eagle Academy (the "Academy") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

To the Board of Directors
Eagle Academy

Opinion

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Eagle Academy as of June 30, 2014 and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2014 on our consideration of Eagle Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Eagle Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Morse, PLLC

December 15, 2014

The management's discussion and analysis of Eagle Academy's (the "Academy") financial performance provides an overall review of the Academy's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Academy's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Academy's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- In total, net position decreased \$95,335, which represents a 26 percent decrease in the net position from 2013.
- Total assets decreased \$169,586, which represents a 20 percent decrease from 2013. This decrease was due to a decrease in intergovernmental receivables as well as a decrease in fixed assets due to depreciation recorded.
- Liabilities decreased \$74,251, which represents a 16 percent decrease from 2013. This decrease was due to a decrease in contracts payable and capital lease payable.

Using this Financial Report

This report consists of three parts: the management's discussion and analysis, the financial statements, and notes to those statements. The financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows.

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position answers the question, "How did we do financially during 2014?" This statement includes all assets and liabilities, both financial and capital and short term and long term, using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all revenue and expenses during the year, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Table I provides a summary of the Academy's net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013:

Table I	Governmental Activities	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 482,052	\$ 550,647
Capital assets - Net	168,665	264,856
Other noncurrent assets	10,000	14,800
Total assets	660,717	830,303
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	354,477	392,300
Noncurrent liabilities	34,903	71,331
Total liabilities	389,380	463,631
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	157,836	223,267
Unrestricted	113,501	143,405
Total net position	<u>\$ 271,337</u>	<u>\$ 366,672</u>

Total assets decreased \$169,586. Cash increased by \$115,966 from \$210,364 in 2013 to \$326,330 in 2014, which is a result of the Academy's collection on outstanding intergovernmental receivables. Intergovernmental receivables decreased \$176,618 from \$311,661 in 2013 to \$135,043 in 2014, due to the timing of federal funds being received by the Academy. Additionally, other noncurrent assets and capital assets decreased during the year ended June 30, 2014 primarily due to depreciation expense on capital assets exceeding current year additions.

Total liabilities decreased by \$74,251. Current liabilities decreased by \$37,823 at June 30, 2014, which was primarily due to the Academy's ability to pay down accounts payable and contracts payable balances during the year. Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$36,428 due to the Academy continuing to pay down on the capital lease as disclosed in Note 6.

Eagle Academy

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013, as well as a listing of revenue and expenses.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities	
	Year Ended June 30	
	2014	2013
Operating Revenue		
Foundation payments	\$ 3,523,099	\$ 3,542,923
Poverty-based assistance	316,566	492,550
Other	51,531	26,038
Nonoperating Revenue		
Federal grants	990,156	969,197
State grants	312,944	204,937
Total revenue	5,194,296	5,235,645
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	1,998,926	2,004,868
Fringe benefits	752,625	763,217
Purchased services	2,188,468	2,155,938
Materials and supplies	194,804	155,578
Depreciation (unallocated)	137,618	116,405
Other expenses	11,500	16,207
Nonoperating Expenses		
Interest	2,287	4,717
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	3,403	956
Total expenses	5,289,631	5,217,886
(Decrease) Increase in Net Position	\$ (95,335)	\$ 17,759

Revenue decreased \$41,349 from \$5,235,645 in 2013 to \$5,194,296 in 2014. This decrease is due to the pupil count which declined from 522 in 2013 to 512 in 2014 and the decrease in state dollars for poverty-based assistance. Expenses increased \$71,745 in 2014, which is due to the increase in materials and supplies expense, as well as an increase in depreciation expense.

Eagle Academy

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2014, the Academy had \$168,665 invested in leasehold improvements and furniture, fixtures, and equipment (net of depreciation), which represents a decrease of \$96,191 from 2013. Table 3 shows capital assets (net of depreciation) for fiscal years 2014 and 2013:

Table 3

	<u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>June 30, 2013</u>
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	\$ 135,322	\$ 204,817
Leasehold improvements	<u>33,343</u>	<u>60,039</u>
Capital assets	<u><u>\$ 168,665</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 264,856</u></u>

For more information on capital assets, see Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Current Financial Issues and Economic Factors

Eagle Academy was formed in 2001 under a contract with the Ohio Council of Community Schools. During the 2013-2014 school year, there were 512 students enrolled in the Academy. The Academy receives its finances mostly from state aid. Foundation payments (including poverty-based assistance) for fiscal year 2014 totaled \$3,839,665.

The state foundation revenue is determined based on the student count and the foundation allowance per pupil. Approximately 74 percent of revenue is from the foundation allowance. As a result, Academy funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations. Since the Academy's revenue is heavily dependent on state funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenue. The impact on the Academy of the State's projected revenue is not known.

Contacting the Academy's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to show the Academy's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Don Ash, Fiscal Officer of Eagle Academy, at 2125 University Park Dr., Okemos, Michigan 48864 or by email at don.ash@leonagroup.com.

Eagle Academy

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Assets

Current assets:

Cash (Note 3)	\$	326,330
Accounts receivable		4,761
Intergovernmental receivable (Note 4)		135,043
Prepaid expenses		<u>15,918</u>

Total current assets 482,052

Noncurrent assets:

Depreciable capital assets - Net (Note 5)		168,665
Other assets		<u>10,000</u>

Total noncurrent assets 178,665

Total assets 660,717

Liabilities

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable		104,217
Contracts payable (Note 13)		248,104
Intergovernmental payable		<u>2,156</u>

Total current liabilities 354,477

Noncurrent liabilities:

Accrued rent (Note 12)		24,074
Capital lease payable (Note 6)		<u>10,829</u>

Total noncurrent liabilities 34,903

Total liabilities 389,380

Net Position

Net investment in capital assets		157,836
Unrestricted		<u>113,501</u>

Total net position \$ 271,337

Eagle Academy

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2014

Operating Revenue	
Foundation payments	\$ 3,523,099
Poverty-based assistance	316,566
Other revenue	<u>51,531</u>
Total operating revenue	3,891,196
Operating Expenses	
Salaries	1,998,926
Fringe benefits	752,625
Purchased services (Note 11)	2,188,468
Materials and supplies	194,804
Depreciation (Note 5)	137,618
Other	<u>11,500</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>5,283,941</u>
Operating Loss	(1,392,745)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	
Federal grants	990,156
State grants	312,944
Interest	(2,287)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	<u>(3,403)</u>
Total nonoperating revenue	<u>1,297,410</u>
Change in Net Position	(95,335)
Net Position - Beginning of year	<u>366,672</u>
Net Position - End of year	<u><u>\$ 271,337</u></u>

Eagle Academy

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2014

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Received from foundation payments	\$ 3,523,102
Received from poverty-based assistance	316,566
Received from other operating revenue	49,592
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(2,385,091)
Payments to employees for services	(2,031,751)
Payments for employee benefits	<u>(752,625)</u>

Net cash used in operating activities (1,280,207)

Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities

Payments of rent	(5,668)
Federal grants received	1,166,774
State grants received	<u>312,944</u>

Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 1,474,050

Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities

Payments on capital lease payable	(30,760)
Interest payments	(2,287)
Purchase of property and equipment	<u>(44,830)</u>

Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (77,877)

Net Increase in Cash 115,966

Cash - Beginning of year 210,364

Cash - End of year \$ 326,330

Eagle Academy

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (1,392,745)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from operating activities:	
Depreciation	137,618
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in prepaid expenses	9,882
Increase in receivables	(1,939)
Decrease in noncurrent assets	4,800
Increase in accounts payable	40,134
Increase in intergovernmental payable	3
Decrease in contracts payable	<u>(77,960)</u>
 Total adjustments	 <u>112,538</u>
 Net cash used in operating activities	 <u><u>\$ (1,280,207)</u></u>

Note 1 - Description of the Academy and Reporting Entity

Eagle Academy (the “Academy”) is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 1702 to address the needs of students in grades kindergarten through 11. The Academy’s mission is to provide an atmosphere in which students will develop a thirst for learning, creative expression, and awareness of new horizons. As a family of learners, students and staff exhibit depth of understanding, acceptance of others, personal integrity and responsibility, and a willingness to exercise leadership in their educational and social interactions. Staff, students, and their families are committed to facing the challenges of the new century, believing that there is no problem too complex nor goal too lofty that cannot be mastered. The Academy, which is part of the state’s education program, is independent of any school district and is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations. The Academy may acquire facilities as needed and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the Academy.

The Academy entered into a contract with Buckeye Community Hope Foundation (the “Sponsor”) to sponsor the Academy for a three-year contract beginning July 1, 2012 and ending June 30, 2015. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Academy and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration or terminate the contract prior to its expiration. The total Sponsor fees paid to the Buckeye Community Hope Foundation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were approximately \$122,000.

The Academy operates under the direction of a six-member board of directors, which is also the governing board for one other The Leona Group, LLC-managed school. The board of directors is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract, which include, but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. The board of directors controls the Academy’s instructional/support facility staffed by 22 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 512 students.

The governing board has entered into a management contract with The Leona Group, LLC (TLG), a for-profit limited liability corporation, for management services and operation of the Academy. TLG operates the Academy’s instructional/support facility, is the employer of record for all personnel, and supervises and implements the curriculum. In exchange for its services, TLG receives a capitation fee and year-end fee (see Note 13).

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Eagle Academy have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Basis of Presentation - Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises whereby the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges or whereby it has been decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows.

Enterprise Fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net position, financial position, and cash flows.

Measurement Focus - Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenue) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

Basis of Accounting - Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The Academy's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions in which the Academy receives value without directly giving equal value in return include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Budgetary Process - Unlike other public schools located in the state of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the Academy and the Sponsor. The contract between the Academy and the Sponsor prescribes an annual budget requirement in addition to preparing a five-year forecast, which is to be updated on an annual basis.

Accounts Receivable - Receivables at June 30, 2014 consisted of intergovernmental receivables and immaterial miscellaneous receivables. All receivables are considered collectible in full and will be received within one year.

Prepaid Expenses - Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2014 are recorded as prepaid expenses using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets - Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000 for furniture, equipment, land, and leasehold improvements, or any one item costing under \$1,000 alone but purchased in a group for over \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are charged to expense when incurred.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining term of the operating lease. Furniture, fixtures, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over their useful lives - three to seven years.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The Academy's only debt related to capital assets is a capital lease payable.

Operating Revenue and Expenses - Operating revenue is revenue is generated directly from primary activities. For the Academy, this revenue is primarily foundation payments. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activities of the Academy. Revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The actual results may differ from those estimates.

Intergovernmental Revenue - The Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Program and the Poverty-based Assistance (PBA) Program. Revenue received from these programs is recognized as operating revenue in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Tax Status - The Academy is tax exempt under §501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Note 3 - Deposits

The Academy has designated one bank for the deposit of its funds.

The Academy's deposits consist solely of a checking account at a local bank; therefore, the Academy has not adopted a formal investment policy. The Academy's cash is subject to custodial credit risk.

Note 3 - Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. The Academy's deposit policy requires that financial institutions be evaluated and only those with an acceptable risk level for custodial credit risk are used for the Academy's deposits. At year end, the Academy's deposit balance of \$370,093 had \$120,093 of bank deposits that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Academy believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and limits of FDIC insurance, it is sometimes impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Academy evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Note 4 - Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables is as follows:

Title I	\$ 83,376
Title I - School improvement	12,601
Title II - A	529
IDEA	8,575
Race to the Top	8,098
Medicaid	4,430
Other	<u>17,434</u>
Total intergovernmental receivables	<u>\$ 135,043</u>

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2014
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	\$ 487,450	\$ 28,964	\$ (55,072)	\$ 461,342
Leasehold improvements	123,655	15,866	-	139,521
Total capital assets being depreciated	611,105	44,830	(55,072)	600,863
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	282,633	95,056	(51,669)	326,020
Leasehold improvements	63,616	42,562	-	106,178
Total accumulated depreciation	346,249	137,618	(51,669)	432,198
Total capital assets being depreciated - Net	\$ 264,856	\$ (92,788)	\$ (3,403)	\$ 168,665

Note 6 - Capital Lease

The Academy has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the purchase of computer equipment. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and therefore has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The lease is secured by the computer equipment. This equipment is valued at historical cost; at June 30, 2014, the cost of the assets covered by the capital lease was \$92,918. At June 30, 2014, accumulated depreciation on this leased equipment totaled \$87,662. The future minimum lease obligation is \$11,016, of which \$187 represents interest. The lease expires in 2015.

Note 7 - Risk Management

Property and Liability - The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2014, the Academy contracted with Indiana Insurance for general liability, property insurance, and school leader errors and omissions insurance. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past four fiscal years. Coverages are as follows:

Educational errors and omissions:	
Per occurrence	\$ 1,000,000
Total per year	1,000,000
General liability:	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Total per year	2,000,000
Vehicle	1,000,000
Umbrella liability:	
Per occurrence	8,000,000
Total per year	8,000,000
Retention	10,000

Workers' Compensation - The Academy pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

School Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The Academy contributes to the School Employees' Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information. That report can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Academy is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' retirement board. The retirement board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the system. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 13.1 percent. The remaining 0.9 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The Academy's contributions to SERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$57,764, \$63,040, and \$51,283, respectively; 88 percent was contributed for fiscal year 2014, 77 percent was contributed for fiscal year 2013, and 100 percent was contributed for fiscal year 2012.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description

The Academy participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under *Publications*.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a defined benefit plan (DB), a defined contribution plan (DC), or a combined plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. The combined plan offers features of both the DC plan and the DB plan. In the combined plan, member contributions are invested by the member and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB plan. The DB portion of the combined plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or combined plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits.

Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Academy was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 14 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Academy's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$199,087, \$191,351, and \$156,084, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014, 89 percent for fiscal year 2013, and 66 percent for fiscal year 2012.

Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits

School Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The Academy participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees' Retirement System for classified retirees and their beneficiaries: the Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMOs, PPOs, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50 if they participated in one of SERS' healthcare plans. The financial reports of SERS' healthcare and Medicare B plans are included in its comprehensive annual financial report. The report can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

Funding Policy

State statute permits SERS to fund the healthcare benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the retirement board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For fiscal year 2014, 0.14 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional healthcare surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a healthcare surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the healthcare surcharge. For fiscal year 2014, the minimum compensation level was established at \$20,250. The Academy's surcharges for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$8,999, \$6,107, and \$4,583, respectively.

Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Active employee members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans. The SERS retirement board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for healthcare coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The Academy's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$617, \$770, and \$2,221, respectively; 88 percent was contributed for fiscal year 2014, 77 percent was contributed for fiscal year 2013, and 100 percent was contributed for fiscal year 2012.

The retirement board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2014, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The Academy's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$3,351, \$3,561, and \$3,029, respectively; 88 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014, 77 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013, and 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description

The Academy contributes to the cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit health plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio, which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the plan and gives the retirement board authority over how much, if any, of the healthcare costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the plan. All postemployment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2014, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The Academy's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$15,314, \$14,719, and \$12,006, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014, 89 percent for fiscal year 2013, and 66 percent for fiscal year 2012.

Note 10 - Contingencies

Grants - The Academy received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Academy. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Academy at June 30, 2014.

Note 11 - Purchased Service Expenses

For the year ended June 30, 2014, purchased service expenses were payments for services rendered by various vendors, as follows:

Repairs and maintenance	\$ 21,522
Legal	34,688
Insurance	30,219
Advertising	24,960
Dues and fees	23,580
Buckeye Community Hope Foundation	122,171
The Leona Group, LLC (Note 13)	617,154
Cleaning services	5,407
Utility	89,902
Other professional services	877,591
Other rentals and leases	18,870
Building lease agreements (Note 12)	<u>322,404</u>
Total purchased services	<u>\$ 2,188,468</u>

Note 12 - Operating Leases

In May 2010, the Academy entered into a lease agreement with Toledo St. Stephen Parish for a school facility with minimum required rental payments of \$11,000 per month over the period from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2012 and \$10,500 per month over the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. In October 2013, this lease was amended to require minimum rental payments of \$11,500 per month for the period from September 1, 2013 through June 30, 2015. Cash payments under the lease agreement totaled \$136,000; however, the Academy recognized straight-line rent expense in connection with the lease of \$140,800 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Subsequent to year end, this lease was assigned to a third party at no additional cost to the Academy. The Academy has no future obligations under this operating lease.

Note 12 - Operating Leases (Continued)

In May 2011, the Academy entered into a lease agreement with Toledo St. Thomas Aquinas Parish for an additional school facility, rectory, gymnasium, and parking lot, with minimum required rental payments of \$15,000 per month over the period from August 1, 2011 through July 31, 2016. The minimum annual rental payments are subject to an annual increase of 2 percent following June 30 of each year of the lease term. Cash payments under the lease agreement totaled \$187,272; however, the Academy recognized straight-line rent expense in connection with the lease of \$181,604 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. In addition, the statement of net position includes noncurrent other liabilities of \$24,074, which represents the cumulative difference between straight-line expense and the expense based on the contract-to-date payments.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum payments required under the Toledo St. Thomas operating lease as of June 30, 2014:

Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Amount
2015	\$ 191,017
2016	194,838
2017	16,561
Total minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 402,416</u>

Note 13 - Management Agreement

The Academy entered into a five-year contract, effective from July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2012, with The Leona Group, LLC (TLG) for educational management services for all of the management, operation, administration, and education at the Academy. The contract automatically renewed for an additional three-year term through June 30, 2015. In exchange for its services, TLG receives a capitation fee of 12 percent of the per-pupil expenditures and a year-end fee of 50 percent of the audited financial statement excess of revenue over expenses, if any. The Academy incurred management fees totaling \$617,154 for the year ended June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2014, contracts payable include approximately \$15,000 for the payment of management fees and approximately \$233,000 for reimbursement of subcontracted employees and other operating costs.

Note 13 - Management Agreement (Continued)

Terms of the contracts require TLG to provide the following:

- Implementation and administration of the educational program
- Management of all personnel functions, including professional development
- Operation of the school building and the installation of technology integral to school design
- All aspects of the business administration of the Academy
- The provision of food service for the Academy
- Any other function necessary or expedient for the administration of the Academy

The Academy may terminate this agreement with cause prior to the end of the term in the event that The Leona Group, LLC should fail to remedy a material breach within a period reasonable under the circumstances, but not less than 60 days after notice from the Academy.

The Leona Group, LLC may terminate this agreement with cause prior to the end of the specified term in the event the Academy fails to remedy a material breach within a period reasonable under the circumstances, but not less than 60 days after notice from The Leona Group, LLC.

In the event this agreement is terminated by either party prior to the end of the specified term, the termination will not become effective until the end of the school year following the notice of termination and The Leona Group, LLC shall provide the Academy reasonable assistance for up to 90 days to assist in the transition to a regular school program.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, The Leona Group, LLC incurred the following expenses on behalf of the Academy:

Direct expenses:	
Salaries	\$ 1,998,926
Fringe benefits	752,625
Professional and technical services	63,621
Other direct costs	<u>33,467</u>
Total expenses	<u>\$ 2,848,639</u>

Note 14 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability for the first time and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This net pension liability that will be recorded on the government-wide, proprietary, and discretely presented component unit statements will be computed differently than the current unfunded actuarial accrued liability, using specific parameters set forth by the GASB. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information (RSI). The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2015.

Eagle Academy

**Federal Awards
Supplemental Information
June 30, 2014**

Independent Auditor's Reports:

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133	I
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	2-3
Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance	4-5
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	6-7
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Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Required by OMB Circular A-133

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Eagle Academy

We have audited the basic financial statements of Eagle Academy (the "Academy") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2014 which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. We have not performed any procedures with respect to the audited financial statements subsequent to December 15, 2014.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

East Lansing, Michigan
December 15, 2014

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To Management and the Board of Directors
Eagle Academy

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of Eagle Academy (the "Academy"), which comprise the basic statement of financial position as of June 30, 2014 and the related basic statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Eagle Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Academy's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To Management and the Board of Directors
Eagle Academy

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Eagle Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

East Lansing, Michigan
December 15, 2014

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program;
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Eagle Academy

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Eagle Academy's (the "Academy") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014. Eagle Academy's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Eagle Academy's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Eagle Academy's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Eagle Academy's compliance.

To the Board of Directors
Eagle Academy

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Eagle Academy complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Eagle Academy is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Eagle Academy's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

East Lansing, Michigan
December 15, 2014

Eagle Academy

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014

Program Title/Project Number/Subrecipient Name	CFDA Number	Approved Awards Amount	Accrued Revenue at July 1, 2013	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued Revenue at June 30, 2014
Clusters:						
Child Nutrition Cluster - U.S. Department of Agriculture - Passed through the Ohio Department of Education - Cash assistance:						
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 63,874	\$ -	\$ 63,874	\$ 63,874	\$ -
National School Lunch Program	10.555	164,674	-	164,674	164,674	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		228,548	-	228,548	228,548	-
Special Education Cluster - U.S. Department of Education - Passed through the Ohio Department of Education						
IDEA, Part B:	84.027					
2012-2013		142,427	21,466	21,466	-	-
2013-2014		122,597	-	114,022	122,597	8,575
Total Special Education Cluster		265,024	21,466	135,488	122,597	8,575
Total clusters		493,572	21,466	364,036	351,145	8,575
Other federal awards:						
U.S. Department of Education - Passed through the Ohio Department of Education:						
Title I, Part A:	84.010					
2012-2013		548,160	242,133	247,897	5,764	-
2013-2014		608,987	-	452,351	535,727	83,376
Total Title I, Part A		1,157,147	242,133	700,248	541,491	83,376

See Note to Schedule of Expenditures
and Federal Awards.

Eagle Academy

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Program Title/Project Number/Subrecipient Name	CFDA Number	Approved Awards Amount	Accrued Revenue at July 1, 2013	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued Revenue at June 30, 2014
Other federal awards:						
U.S. Department of Education - Passed through the Ohio Department of Education (Continued):						
School Improvement Sub A, Title I:						
2012-2013	84.010	\$ 55,000	\$ 23,766	\$ 23,766	\$ -	\$ -
2013-2014		<u>72,896</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>42,137</u>	<u>54,738</u>	<u>12,601</u>
Total School Improvement Sub A, Title I		127,896	23,766	65,903	54,738	12,601
Improving Teacher Quality:						
2012-2013	84.367	9,970	1,862	1,862	-	-
2013-2014		<u>12,355</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,203</u>	<u>8,732</u>	<u>529</u>
Total Improving Teacher Quality		22,325	1,862	10,065	8,732	529
ARRA - Race to the Top:						
2012-2013	84.395	52,400	3,440	3,440	-	-
2013-2014		<u>37,152</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>25,952</u>	<u>34,050</u>	<u>8,098</u>
Total ARRA - Race to the Top		89,552	3,440	29,392	34,050	8,098
U.S. Department of Agriculture - Passed through the Ohio Department of Education - Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program						
	10.582	-	2,131	2,131	-	-
Total noncluster programs passed through the Ohio Department of Education		<u>1,396,920</u>	<u>273,332</u>	<u>807,739</u>	<u>639,011</u>	<u>104,604</u>
Total federal awards		<u>\$ 1,890,492</u>	<u>\$ 294,798</u>	<u>\$ 1,171,775</u>	<u>\$ 990,156</u>	<u>\$ 113,179</u>

See Note to Schedule of Expenditures
and Federal Awards.

Eagle Academy

Note to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014

Note - Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Eagle Academy under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2014. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting as the basic financial statements, although the basis for determining when federal awards are expended is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. In addition, expenditures reported on the Schedule are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Eagle Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows, if applicable, of Eagle Academy. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Eagle Academy

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes X No
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? _____ Yes X None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

_____ Yes X No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes X No
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? _____ Yes X None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?

_____ Yes X No

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
84.010	Title I, Part A

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? _____ Yes X No

Eagle Academy

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings

None

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings

None

Eagle Academy

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2014

<u>Prior Year Finding Number</u>	<u>Federal Program</u>	<u>Original Finding Description</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Planned Corrective Action</u>
2013-001	Title I, Part A Cluster	The Academy hired two individuals whose time charged to the Title I program totaled \$15,404. During the audit, the Academy could not locate proof of the employees' highly qualified status. The Academy believes these employees were highly qualified; however, the employees have since resigned from their positions and documentation of their highly qualified status could not be obtained.	Corrected	N/A

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

EAGLE ACADEMY

LUCAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
APRIL 21, 2015**