

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

***BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(AUDITED)***

***FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2014***

TAMRA HURST, TREASURER



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Education
Stark County Educational Service Center
2100 38th Street, NW
Canton, Ohio 44709

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Stark County Educational Service Center, Stark County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Stark County Educational Service Center is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

April 10, 2015

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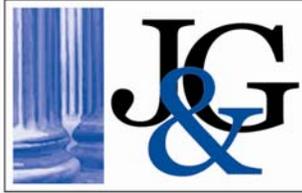
**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report

Stark County Educational Service Center
Stark County
2100 38th Street N.W.
Canton, Ohio 44709-2300

To the Governing Board:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stark County Educational Service Center, Stark County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Stark County Educational Service Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Stark County Educational Service Center's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Stark County Educational Service Center's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stark County Educational Service Center, Stark County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Stark County Educational Service Center's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards and notes are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards and notes to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards and notes are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2014, on our consideration of the Stark County Educational Service Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Stark County Educational Service Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Julian & Grube, Inc.
December 22, 2014

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

The management's discussion and analysis of the Stark County Educational Service Center's ("the ESC") financial performance provides an overall review of the ESC's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the ESC's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the ESC's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2014 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$788,332, which represents a 33.51% increase from 2013.
- General revenues accounted for \$2,075,832 in revenue or 8.98% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$21,040,524 or 91.02% of total revenues of \$23,116,356.
- The ESC had \$22,328,024 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$21,040,524 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$2,075,832 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The ESC has one major governmental fund, the general fund. The general fund had \$19,607,232 in revenues and other financing sources and \$19,120,492 in expenditures. During fiscal 2014, the general fund's fund balance increased \$486,740 from \$941,662 to \$1,428,402.

Using these Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the ESC as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole ESC, presenting both an aggregate view of the ESC's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the ESC's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the ESC, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the ESC as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the ESC to provide programs and activities, the view of the ESC as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2014?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
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**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

These two statements report the ESC's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the ESC as a whole, the financial position of the ESC has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include increased or decreased services desired by school districts, state budget cuts, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the ESC's programs and services, including instruction, support services, and other operations.

The ESC's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the ESC's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the ESC's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the ESC's major fund. The ESC uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the ESC's most significant funds. The ESC's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the ESC's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the ESC's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

Reporting the ESC's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The ESC is the fiscal agent of the area A-site, Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium ("SPARCC"), the Stark County Schools Council of Government and the Stark County Family Council. This activity is presented as fiduciary funds. The ESC also maintains agency funds to account for monies due to other governments, individuals or private organizations. All of the ESC's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities on page 19. These activities are excluded from the ESC's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the ESC to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 20-41 of this report.

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The ESC as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the ESC as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the ESC's net position for 2014 and 2013.

	Net Position	
	Governmental Activities <u>2014</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2013</u>
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 5,781,867	\$ 4,595,866
Capital assets, net	<u>1,476,375</u>	<u>1,302,055</u>
Total assets	<u>7,258,242</u>	<u>5,897,921</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	2,897,194	2,521,264
Long-term liabilities	<u>1,220,016</u>	<u>1,023,957</u>
Total liabilities	<u>4,117,210</u>	<u>3,545,221</u>
<u>Net position</u>		
Net investment in capital assets	1,244,517	1,302,055
Restricted	418,879	317,771
Unrestricted	<u>1,477,636</u>	<u>732,874</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 3,141,032</u>	<u>\$ 2,352,700</u>

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2014, the ESC's assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,141,032. Of this total, \$1,477,636 is unrestricted in use.

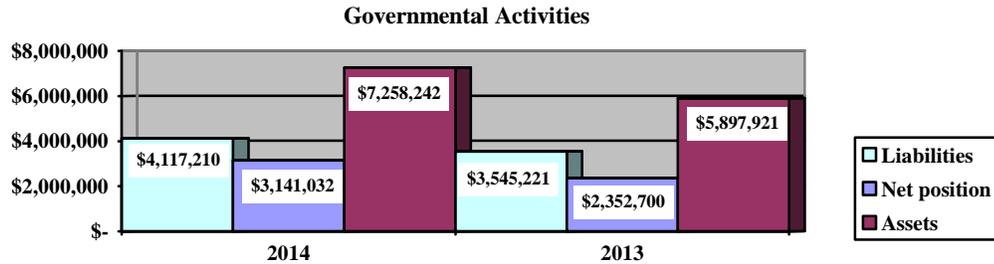
At year-end, capital assets represented 20.34% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. The ESC's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2014 was \$1,244,517. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the ESC's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the ESC's net position, \$418,879, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$1,477,636 may be used to meet the ESC's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

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**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

The graph below presents the ESC's assets, liabilities and net position at June 30, 2014 and 2013.



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities <u>2014</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2013</u>
<u>Revenues</u>		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 17,384,384	\$ 14,969,583
Operating grants and contributions	3,651,140	3,055,623
Capital grants and contributions	5,000	14,875
General revenues:		
Grants and entitlements	2,048,509	2,888,927
Investment earnings	16,411	3,115
Other	<u>10,912</u>	<u>57,956</u>
Total revenues	<u>23,116,356</u>	<u>20,990,079</u>

- - Continued

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental Activities <u>2014</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2013</u>
<u>Expenses</u>		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 51,452	\$ 47,114
Special	8,330,410	5,521,341
Support services:		
Pupil	3,861,498	3,495,113
Instructional staff	4,019,259	6,376,412
Board of education	21,856	24,276
Administration	3,728,425	3,291,423
Fiscal	501,409	504,364
Business	705,394	723,965
Operations and maintenance	601,718	411,764
Central	240,762	45,269
Operations of non-instructional services		
Food service operations	88,472	29,556
Other non-instructional services	154,990	-
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>22,379</u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenses	<u>22,328,024</u>	<u>20,470,597</u>
Change in net position	788,332	519,482
Net position at beginning of year	<u>2,352,700</u>	<u>1,833,218</u>
Net position at end of year	<u>\$ 3,141,032</u>	<u>\$ 2,352,700</u>

Governmental Activities

Net position of the ESC's governmental activities increased \$788,332. Total governmental expenses of \$22,328,024 were offset by program revenues of \$21,040,524 and general revenues of \$2,075,832. Program revenues supported 94.23% of the total governmental expenses.

Governmental activities revenue increased approximately \$2.126 million. This is primarily due to the increase in charges for services and sales. The ESC has had to increase charges to school districts in order to counteract the decreasing amount of unrestricted grants and entitlements received from the State. Operating grants and contributions increased approximately \$595,000 over fiscal year 2013. This is due to the ESC obtaining new grants in order to expand services to the school districts it serves.

The ESC's expenses increased approximately \$1.857 million. This is due to the ESC providing more services to its member school districts.

There was a significant increase in special education expenses and a corresponding decrease in instructional staff expenses. This was due to coding changes in the Uniform School Accounting System (USAS) which removed certain functions previously reported as instructional staff.

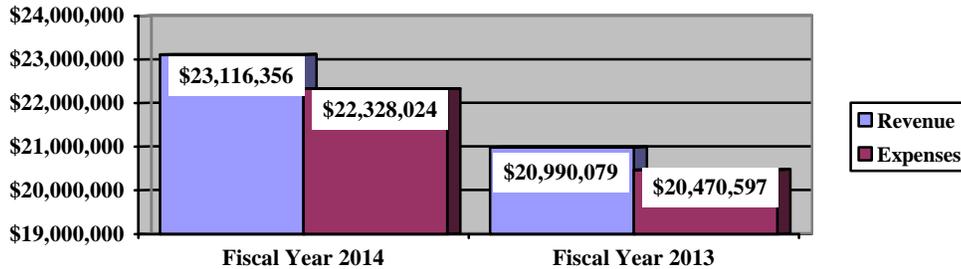
**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from contracted fees for services provided to other entities. This revenue source represents 75.20% of total governmental revenue.

The graph below presents the ESC's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted State grants and entitlements, and other general revenues not restricted to a specific program.

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2014	Net Cost of Services 2014	Total Cost of Services 2013	Net Cost of Services 2013
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 51,452	\$ -	\$ 47,114	\$ (1,917)
Special	8,330,410	537,156	5,521,341	767,068
Support services:				
Pupil	3,861,498	272,306	3,495,113	535,941
Instructional staff	4,019,259	(16,252)	6,376,412	336,164
Board of education	21,856	21,856	24,276	24,276
Administration	3,728,425	(32,723)	3,291,423	426,778
Fiscal	501,409	32,186	504,364	63,076
Business	705,394	14,138	723,965	85,686
Operations and maintenance	601,718	147,334	411,764	150,082
Central	240,762	240,762	45,269	45,269
Operations of non-instructional services				
Food service operations	88,472	64,066	29,556	(1,907)
Other non-instructional services	154,990	(15,708)	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	22,379	22,379	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 22,328,024</u>	<u>\$ 1,287,500</u>	<u>\$ 20,470,597</u>	<u>\$ 2,430,516</u>

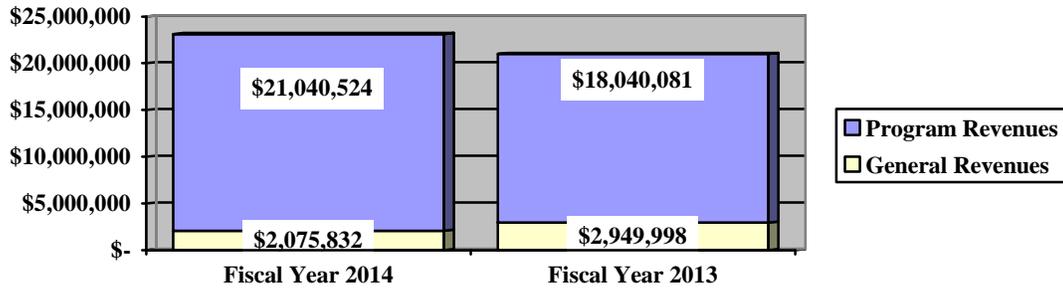
For all governmental activities, program revenue support is 94.23%. The primary support of the ESC is contracted fees for services provided to other districts.

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STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The graph below presents the ESC's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The ESC's Funds

The ESC's governmental funds (as presented on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$1,527,731, which is greater than last year's balance of \$921,694. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2014 and 2013.

	<u>Fund Balance June 30, 2014</u>	<u>Fund Balance (deficit) June 30, 2013</u>	<u>Increase</u>
Major Fund:			
General	\$ 1,428,402	\$ 941,662	\$ 486,740
Other governmental	99,329	(19,968)	119,297
Total	<u>\$ 1,527,731</u>	<u>\$ 921,694</u>	<u>\$ 606,037</u>

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STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

General Fund

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	<u>2014</u> <u>Amount</u>	<u>2013</u> <u>Amount</u>	<u>Percentage</u> <u>Change</u>
<u>Revenues</u>			
Tuition	\$ 8,712,217	\$ 8,864,696	(1.72) %
Services provided to other entities	8,275,880	6,304,260	31.27 %
Earnings on investments	16,416	3,049	438.41 %
Intergovernmental	2,130,272	2,918,576	(27.01) %
Other revenues	<u>223,654</u>	<u>302,567</u>	(26.08) %
Total	<u>\$ 19,358,439</u>	<u>\$ 18,393,148</u>	5.25 %
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Instruction	\$ 7,790,298	\$ 5,369,376	45.09 %
Support services	10,979,979	12,215,177	(10.11) %
Non-instructional	65,160	-	100.00 %
Capital outlay	247,267	-	100.00 %
Debt service	<u>37,788</u>	<u>-</u>	100.00 %
Total	<u>\$ 19,120,492</u>	<u>\$ 17,584,553</u>	8.73 %

The general fund's revenues increased approximately \$965,000 from the prior fiscal year. This increase is mainly due to the increase in tuition and services provided to other entities. Since funding from the State continues to be cut, the ESC has had to increase the revenue it receives for tuition and services provided to other entities. This has been a combination of increasing the amounts charged to districts but also providing more services to districts. The corresponding increase in the expenditures can be attributed to the ESC providing more services.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2014, the ESC had \$1,476,375 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2014 balances compared to 2013.

**Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)**

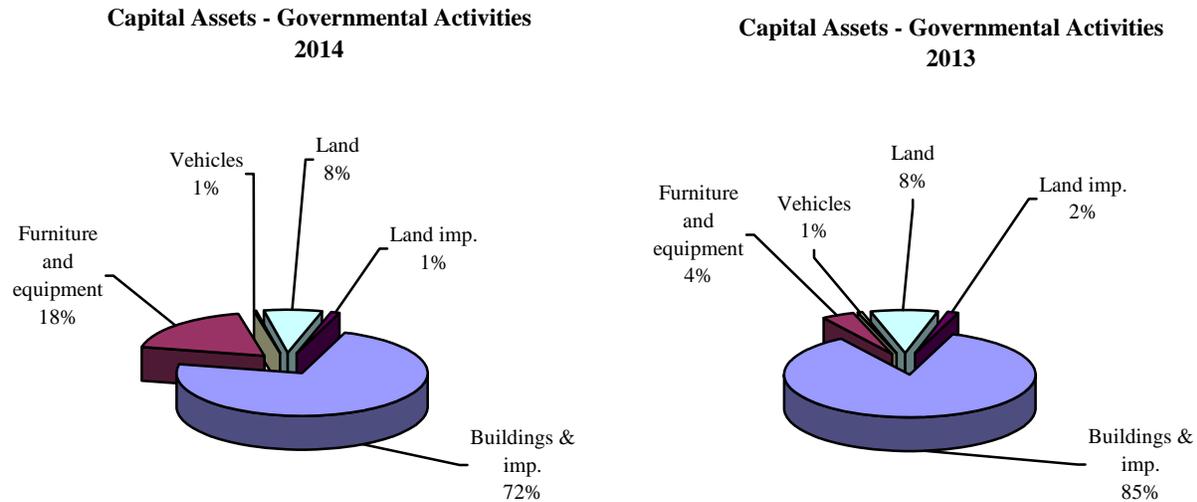
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Land	\$ 111,059	\$ 111,059
Land improvements	15,091	17,641
Buildings and improvements	1,074,421	1,111,132
Furniture and equipment	270,127	53,584
Vehicles	<u>5,677</u>	<u>8,639</u>
Total	<u>\$1,476,375</u>	<u>\$ 1,302,055</u>

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

Total additions to capital assets for 2014 were \$254,462. A total of \$80,142 in depreciation expense was recognized for fiscal 2014.

The graphs below present the ESC's capital assets for fiscal 2014 and fiscal 2013. See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the ESC's capital assets.



Debt Administration

At June 30, 2014, the ESC had \$231,858 in capital leases outstanding. Of this total, \$35,317 is due within one year and \$196,541 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the debt outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities <u>2014</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2013</u>
Capital lease	\$ <u>231,858</u>	\$ <u>-</u>

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The ESC, along with the majority of the school districts in Ohio, continues to be challenged to provide a high level of services with declining revenues. As the preceding information shows, the ESC relies heavily on contracts with local, city, and joint vocational school districts in Stark County, as well as State Foundation revenue and grants. The need for additional services from local and city school districts, along with the ESC's cash balance, will provide the ESC with the necessary funds to meet its operating expenses in fiscal year 2014. However, the future financial stability of the ESC is not without concerns.

In fiscal year 2012, every ESC in Ohio was subject to a reduction of approximately 10% of the annual funding provided by the State. This represented an approximate reduction of \$225,000. Additional reductions in the State's budget directly affected the ESC and the schools that it serves.

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

Declining enrollment in Stark County also remains a concern of the ESC. State funding is based on average daily membership of Stark County school districts. Continued decline in enrollment will have a direct impact on State revenues received by Stark County school districts and the amount of services they will need from the ESC. During fiscal year 2013, four additional districts joined the Stark County ESC. These included Brown Local School District, Dalton Local School District, Orrville City School District and Rittman Exempted Village School District. Southeast Local joined the Stark County ESC for fiscal year 2014. With the addition of these five districts, the Stark ESC received \$322,312 more in state funding in fiscal year 2014.

Each year, additional services are needed by Stark County school districts. Therefore, the ESC is constantly reviewing their program activity to provide services while maintaining a financially solvent operation.

The ESC's systems of internal control and procedures are reviewed throughout the year to insure a cost efficient operation.

Contacting the ESC's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, school districts, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the ESC's finances and to show the ESC's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Tamra Hurst, Treasurer, Stark County ESC, 2100 38th Street N.W., Canton, Ohio 44709-2300 or by calling (330) 492-8136.

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments.	\$ 3,003,652
Receivables:	
Accounts.	2,023,150
Intergovernmental	748,017
Accrued interest	1,011
Prepayments	6,037
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable capital assets	111,059
Depreciable capital assets, net.	1,365,316
Capital assets, net	1,476,375
Total assets.	7,258,242
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable.	141,861
Accrued wages and benefits	2,189,409
Pension obligation payable.	328,304
Intergovernmental payable	179,566
Unearned revenue	58,054
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year.	207,575
Due in more than one year.	1,012,441
Total liabilities	4,117,210
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	1,244,517
Restricted for:	
Locally funded programs	26,601
State funded programs.	82,544
Federally funded programs	278,935
Food service operations.	30,799
Unrestricted	1,477,636
Total net position.	\$ 3,141,032

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 51,452	\$ -	\$ 51,452	\$ -	\$ -
Special	8,330,410	7,252,029	536,225	5,000	(537,156)
Support services:					
Pupil	3,861,498	3,320,726	268,466	-	(272,306)
Instructional staff	4,019,259	2,112,409	1,923,102	-	16,252
Board of education	21,856	-	-	-	(21,856)
Administration	3,728,425	3,556,775	204,373	-	32,723
Fiscal	501,409	411,422	57,801	-	(32,186)
Business	705,394	691,256	-	-	(14,138)
Operations and maintenance	601,718	30,158	424,226	-	(147,334)
Central	240,762	-	-	-	(240,762)
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	88,472	9,609	14,797	-	(64,066)
Other non-instructional services	154,990	-	170,698	-	15,708
Interest and fiscal charges	22,379	-	-	-	(22,379)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 22,328,024</u>	<u>\$ 17,384,384</u>	<u>\$ 3,651,140</u>	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	<u>(1,287,500)</u>
General revenues:					
Grants and entitlements not restricted					
to specific programs					
					2,048,509
					16,411
					<u>10,912</u>
					2,075,832
					<u>788,332</u>
					2,352,700
					<u>\$ 3,141,032</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2014

	<u>General</u>	<u>Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments.	\$ 2,320,723	\$ 682,929	\$ 3,003,652
Receivables:			
Accounts	2,023,150	-	2,023,150
Intergovernmental.	19,704	728,313	748,017
Accrued interest	1,011	-	1,011
Interfund loans	557,374	-	557,374
Prepayments.	6,037	-	6,037
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,927,999</u>	<u>\$ 1,411,242</u>	<u>\$ 6,339,241</u>
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 36,348	\$ 105,513	\$ 141,861
Accrued wages and benefits	2,059,049	130,360	2,189,409
Compensated absences payable	135,241	-	135,241
Pension obligation payable	243,506	84,798	328,304
Intergovernmental payable	156,252	23,314	179,566
Unearned revenue.	-	58,054	58,054
Interfund loans payable.	-	557,374	557,374
Total liabilities.	<u>2,630,396</u>	<u>959,413</u>	<u>3,589,809</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Accrued interest not available.	1,011	-	1,011
Other nonexchange transactions not available	-	352,500	352,500
Miscellaneous revenue not available.	868,190	-	868,190
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>869,201</u>	<u>352,500</u>	<u>1,221,701</u>
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepays	6,037	-	6,037
Restricted:			
Food service operations	-	30,799	30,799
Special education	-	27,400	27,400
Other purposes.	-	173,823	173,823
Assigned:			
Student instruction	9,980	-	9,980
Student and staff support.	97,204	-	97,204
Other purposes.	1,764	-	1,764
Unassigned (deficit).	1,313,417	(132,693)	1,180,724
Total fund balances.	<u>1,428,402</u>	<u>99,329</u>	<u>1,527,731</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u>\$ 4,927,999</u>	<u>\$ 1,411,242</u>	<u>\$ 6,339,241</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
JUNE 30, 2014

Total governmental fund balances		\$	1,527,731
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:</i>			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			1,476,375
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.			
Accounts receivable	\$	868,190	
Accrued interest receivable		1,011	
Intergovernmental receivable		352,500	
Total		1,221,701	1,221,701
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Capital lease obligations		(231,858)	
Compensated absences		(852,917)	
Total		(1,084,775)	(1,084,775)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	3,141,032

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
From local sources:			
Tuition	\$ 8,712,217	\$ -	\$ 8,712,217
Contributions from private sources	12,913	242,128	255,041
Earnings on investments	16,416	87	16,503
Charges for services	-	9,529	9,529
Classroom materials and fees	40	-	40
Rental income	30,158	-	30,158
Services provided to other entities	8,275,880	-	8,275,880
Other local revenues	180,543	-	180,543
Intergovernmental - state	2,092,140	731,929	2,824,069
Intergovernmental - federal	38,132	2,575,144	2,613,276
Total revenues	<u>19,358,439</u>	<u>3,558,817</u>	<u>22,917,256</u>
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	-	51,452	51,452
Special	7,790,298	495,383	8,285,681
Support services:			
Pupil	3,559,614	267,952	3,827,566
Instructional staff	2,255,395	1,777,161	4,032,556
Board of education	21,856	-	21,856
Administration	3,642,419	162,175	3,804,594
Fiscal	441,961	55,159	497,120
Business	676,758	-	676,758
Operations and maintenance	147,916	452,846	600,762
Central	234,060	-	234,060
Operation of non-instructional services:			
Food service operations	65,160	23,312	88,472
Other non-instructional services	-	154,080	154,080
Capital outlay	247,267	-	247,267
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	15,409	-	15,409
Interest and fiscal charges	22,379	-	22,379
Total expenditures	<u>19,120,492</u>	<u>3,439,520</u>	<u>22,560,012</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>237,947</u>	<u>119,297</u>	<u>357,244</u>
Other financing sources:			
Sale of capital assets	1,526	-	1,526
Capital lease transaction	247,267	-	247,267
Total other financing sources	<u>248,793</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>248,793</u>
Net change in fund balances	486,740	119,297	606,037
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year . .	<u>941,662</u>	<u>(19,968)</u>	<u>921,694</u>
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ 1,428,402</u>	<u>\$ 99,329</u>	<u>\$ 1,527,731</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	606,037
 <i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</i>		
 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital asset additions	\$ 254,462	
Current year depreciation	(80,142)	
Total		174,320
 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Tuition	189,440	
Earnings on investments	(5)	
Services provided to other entities	4,280	
Intergovernmental	7,176	
Total		200,891
 Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		
		15,409
 Issuances of capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.		
		(247,267)
 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
		38,942
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	788,332

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2014

	Agency
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 100,869,871
Receivables:	
Accounts	240,117
Intergovernmental.	34,567
Accrued interest.	76,516
 Total assets.	 \$ 101,221,071
 Liabilities:	
Accounts payable.	\$ 30,461
Accrued wages and benefits	78,730
Pension obligation payable.	19,135
Intergovernmental payable	101,052,170
Due to students.	40,575
 Total liabilities	 \$ 101,221,071

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ESC

The Stark County Educational Service Center (the "ESC") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Educational Service Center supplies supervisory, administrative and other needed services to participating school districts.

The Governing Board consists of 5 members elected by the voters of the County. This Board acts as the authorizing body for expenditures, policy and procedures, and approves all financial activities. The ESC is staffed by 234 non-certified employees and 201 certified employees to provide services to students throughout the County.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the ESC have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34." The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the ESC. For the ESC, this includes general operations and student related activities of the ESC.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the ESC is financially accountable. The ESC is financially accountable for an organization if the ESC appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the ESC is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the ESC is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the ESC is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the ESC is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the ESC in that the ESC approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the ESC has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the ESC (the primary government).

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The ESC is fiscal agent for the Stark County Family Council (the "Council"). The ESC is responsible for receiving and disbursing funds at the direction of the Council. This entity is legally separate from the ESC. The ESC is fiscal agent and custodian for the Council, but is not accountable; therefore, the operations of the Council have been included as an agency fund in the ESC's basic financial statements. The funds invested on behalf of the Council have been included in the basic financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and investments."

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the ESC:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Stark-Portage Area Computer Consortium ("SPARCC") - SPARCC is a jointly governed organization which provides computer services to the school districts within the boundaries of Stark and Portage Counties. Each district's superintendent serves as a representative on the Board, which consists of approximately 31 member districts. However, SPARCC is primarily governed by a six-member Executive Board, which is made up of three representatives from Stark County, two from Portage County, and a Treasurer. The Board meets monthly to address any current issues.

Stark County Schools Council of Governments ("COG") - The COG is a group purchasing pool. The COG is governed by an Assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The Assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The Assembly exercises control over the operation of the COG. All COG revenues are generated from charges for services.

In the case of SPARCC and the COG, the ESC serves as fiscal agent and custodian but is not accountable; therefore the operations of SPARCC and the COG have been excluded from the ESC's financial statements, but the funds held on behalf of SPARCC and the COG are included as agency funds.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan is a shared risk pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The Health Benefits Plan is provided through the COG. The COG is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the council. All Health Benefits Plan revenues are generated from charges for services received from the participating school districts, based on the established premiums for the insurance plans. Each school district reserves the right to terminate the plan in whole or in part, at any time. If it is terminated, no further contributions will be made, but the benefits under the insurance contract shall be paid in accordance with the terms of the contract.

Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan has created a group insurance pool for the purpose of creating a group rating plan for workers' compensation. The governing body is comprised of the superintendents and the members who have been appointed by the respective governing body of each member.

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The intent of the pool is to achieve a reduced rate for the ESC and the other group members. The injury claim history of all participating members is used to calculate a common rate for the group. An annual fee is paid to CompManagement, Inc. to administer the group and to manage any injury claims. Premium savings created by the group are prorated to each member entity annually based on its payroll percent of the group.

B. Fund Accounting

The ESC uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following is the ESC's major governmental fund:

General fund - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the ESC are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the ESC's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The ESC has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the ESC under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the ESC's own programs. The ESC has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The ESC's agency funds account for various resources held for the COG, SPARCC and other organizations and individuals.

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the ESC as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the ESC. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the ESC.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the ESC are included on the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the ESC. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the ESC, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the ESC receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations.

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the ESC must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the ESC on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: tuition, grants, accrued interest, and contract services.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the ESC that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the ESC that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2014, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2015 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Grants not received within the available period and grants and entitlements received before the grant's timing requirements are met are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

Although not legally required, the ESC adopts its budget for all funds. The budget includes the estimated resources and expenditures for each fund and consists of three parts; Part (A) includes entitlement funding from the State, Part (B) includes the cost of all other lawful expenditures of the ESC (which are apportioned by the State Department of Education to each local board of education under the supervision of the ESC), and Part (C) includes the adopted appropriation resolution.

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In fiscal year 2004, the ESC requirement to file budgetary information with the Ohio Department of Education was eliminated. Even though the budgetary process for the ESC is discretionary, the ESC continues to have its Board approve appropriations and estimated resources. The ESC's Board adopts an annual appropriation resolution, which is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The level of control has been established by the Board at the object level for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Budgetary information for the general fund has been presented as supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the ESC is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds, including fiduciary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the ESC's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2014, investments were limited to federal agency securities, U.S. Treasury notes, repurchase agreements, U.S. Government money market mutual funds and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements, are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State of Ohio to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2014.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal 2014 totaled \$16,416, which includes \$9,097 assigned from other ESC funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the ESC are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the ESC's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The ESC maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. The ESC does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Governmental Activities Estimated Lives</u>
Land improvements	30 years
Building and improvements	50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

H. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the ESC consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the ESC and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," a liability for vacation leave is accrued if (a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and (b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age 50 or greater with at least 10 years of service and for all employees with at least 20 years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2014 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contracts and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables and accrued liabilities from the fiduciary funds are reported on the fiduciary fund statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

J. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the ESC is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Governing Board (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Governing Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the ESC for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Governing Board, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

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**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The ESC applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

K. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the ESC or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The ESC applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

L. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

M. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of activities.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as “interfund loans receivables/payables.” These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Governing Board and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2014.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2014, the ESC has implemented GASB Statement No. 70, “Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees.”

GASB Statement No. 70 improves the recognition, measurement, and disclosures for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the ESC.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2014 included the following individual fund deficits:

<u>Nonmajor funds</u>	<u>Deficit</u>
Public school preschool	\$ 61,738
Miscellaneous state grants	43,797
Race to the top	5,560
Title III	7,091
IDEA preschool handicapped	14,507

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

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**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the ESC into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the ESC treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Governing Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
6. The State Treasurer's investment pool the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the ESC's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the ESC, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of all ESC deposits was \$5,307,330, exclusive of the \$37,000,000 in repurchase agreements included in investments below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures," as of June 30, 2014, \$6,901,148 of the ESC's bank balance of \$7,253,014 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$351,866 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the ESC's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the ESC. The ESC has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the ESC to a successful claim by the FDIC.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the ESC had the following investments and maturities:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Investment maturities</u>				
		<u>6 months or less</u>	<u>7 to 12 months</u>	<u>13 to 18 months</u>	<u>19 to 24 months</u>	<u>Greater than 24 months</u>
FFCB	\$ 13,215,025	\$ 1,852,707	\$ 2,004,740	\$ 6,509,425	\$ 998,910	\$ 1,849,243
FHLB	15,936,036	-	1,352,012	-	2,595,308	11,988,716
FHLMC	9,740,155	500,515	-	-	2,749,125	6,490,515
FNMA	18,458,175	2,005,540	-	1,001,090	2,492,120	12,959,425
U.S. Treasury notes	3,740,692	750,142	-	-	1,001,250	1,989,300
STAR Ohio	386,281	386,281	-	-	-	-
Repurchase agreements	37,000,000	37,000,000	-	-	-	-
U.S. Government money market funds	89,829	89,829	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 98,566,193</u>	<u>\$ 42,585,014</u>	<u>\$ 3,356,752</u>	<u>\$ 7,510,515</u>	<u>\$ 9,836,713</u>	<u>\$ 35,277,199</u>

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.33 years.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the ESC's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The ESC's investments in federal agency securities, U.S. Treasury notes and the federal agency securities that underlie the repurchase agreements were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio and the U.S. Government money market funds an AAAM money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The ESC's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the ESC will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities and U.S. Treasury notes are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the ESC's name. Of the ESC's investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the ESC. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The ESC has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The ESC places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the ESC at June 30, 2014:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>% of total</u>
FFCB	\$ 13,215,025	13.41
FHLB	15,936,036	16.17
FHLMC	9,740,155	9.88
FNMA	18,458,175	18.73
U.S. Treasury notes	3,740,692	3.80
STAR Ohio	386,281	0.39
Repurchase agreements	37,000,000	37.53
U.S. Government money market funds	89,829	0.09
	<u>\$ 98,566,193</u>	<u>100.00</u>

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014:

<u>Cash and investments per note</u>	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 5,307,330
Investments	<u>98,566,193</u>
Total	<u>\$ 103,873,523</u>
 <u>Cash and investments per statement of net position</u>	
Governmental activities	\$ 3,003,652
Agency funds	<u>100,869,871</u>
Total	<u>\$ 103,873,523</u>

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2014 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

<u>Receivable fund</u>	<u>Payable fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 557,374

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2014 consisted of accounts (billings to school districts for user charged services and tuition), intergovernmental grants and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported in the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Accounts	\$ 2,023,150
Intergovernmental	748,017
Accrued interest	<u>1,011</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,772,178</u>

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	<u>Balance 06/30/13</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Balance 06/30/14</u>
Governmental activities:				
Land	\$ 111,059	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 111,059
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>111,059</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>111,059</u>
<i>Capital assets, being depreciated:</i>				
Land improvements	76,515	-	-	76,515
Buildings and improvements	1,823,249	-	-	1,823,249
Furniture and equipment	730,547	254,462	(24,141)	960,868
Vehicles	<u>122,967</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(11,950)</u>	<u>111,017</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>2,753,278</u>	<u>254,462</u>	<u>(36,091)</u>	<u>2,971,649</u>
<i>Less: accumulated depreciation:</i>				
Land improvements	(58,874)	(2,550)	-	(61,424)
Buildings and improvements	(712,117)	(36,711)	-	(748,828)
Furniture and equipment	(676,963)	(37,919)	24,141	(690,741)
Vehicles	<u>(114,328)</u>	<u>(2,962)</u>	<u>11,950</u>	<u>(105,340)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,562,282)</u>	<u>(80,142)</u>	<u>36,091</u>	<u>(1,606,333)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,302,055</u>	<u>\$ 174,320</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,476,375</u>

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction:</u>	
Special	\$ 14,153
<u>Support services:</u>	
Pupil	569
Instructional staff	23,592
Administration	9,900
Fiscal	1,967
Business	22,303
Operations and maintenance	956
Central	<u>6,702</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 80,142</u>

NOTE 8 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In fiscal year 2014, the ESC entered into a capitalized lease for copier equipment. The lease agreement meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary schedule.

Capital assets consisting of office equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$247,267. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2014 was \$23,212, leaving a current book value of \$224,055. Principal payments in fiscal year 2014 totaled \$15,409 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2015	\$ 75,576
2016	75,576
2017	75,576
2018	75,576
2019	<u>44,086</u>
Total	346,390
Less: amount representing interest	<u>(114,532)</u>
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 231,858</u>

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the fiscal year 2014, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	<u>06/30/13</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>06/30/14</u>	<u>Due in</u> <u>One Year</u>
Governmental activities:					
Capital lease obligation	\$ -	\$ 247,267	\$ (15,409)	\$ 231,858	\$ 35,317
Compensated absences	<u>1,023,957</u>	<u>124,331</u>	<u>(160,130)</u>	<u>988,158</u>	<u>172,258</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,023,957</u>	<u>\$ 371,598</u>	<u>\$ (175,539)</u>	<u>\$ 1,220,016</u>	<u>\$ 207,575</u>

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid which, for the ESC, is primarily the general fund.

See Note 8 for a description of the ESC's capital lease obligation.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The ESC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ESC has obtained risk management by traditional means of insuring through a commercial company. With the exception of a deductible, the risk of loss transfers entirely from the ESC to the commercial company. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. Shared Risk Pool

The ESC is a participant in the Stark County Schools Council of Governments ("COG") for the purpose of obtaining benefits at a reduced premium for both health care and workers' compensation.

The ESC's insurance program for health care, through the COG, is administered by Mutual Health Services Company and Aultcare Corporation. Payments are made to the COG for monthly premiums, monthly stop-loss premiums and administrative charges. The ESC is fiscal agent for the COG. The Treasurer of the ESC pays Mutual Health Services Company and Aultcare Corporation monthly for all participating districts, the actual amount of claims processed, the stop-loss premium and the administrative charges.

C. Worker's Compensation

The ESC also participates in a program with the COG to obtain workers' compensation coverage. This program is administered by CompManagement, Inc. The experience rating of each of the participating districts is calculated as one experience rate and applied to all participants in the program. Premiums paid to the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation are based on this calculation. Total savings are then determined and each participant's performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the program. The districts will then either receive money back or be required to contribute additional money to the Program.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The ESC contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "*Employers/Audit Resources*".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the ESC is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current ESC rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the ESC's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2014, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 14 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The ESC's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$589,633, \$547,845 and \$539,298, respectively; 90.87 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The ESC participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "*Publications*".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

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**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salaries. The ESC was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 14 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The ESC's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$1,222,452, \$1,108,169 and \$1,037,061, respectively; 86.53 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2014 were \$62,296 made by the ESC and \$48,947 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2014 certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The ESC's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The ESC participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2014, 0.14 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2014, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,250.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The ESC's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$54,827, \$118,063 and \$103,348, respectively; 90.87 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2014, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The ESC's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$34,208, \$30,947 and \$31,848, respectively; 90.87 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The ESC contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2014, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The ESC's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$94,035, \$85,244 and \$79,774, respectively; 86.53 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The ESC receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds.

However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the ESC.

B. Litigation

There are no claims or lawsuits pending against the ESC that, upon ultimate disposition, would have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the ESC.

NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During fiscal year 2014, the ESC received fees in the amount of \$195,502 (including \$48,736 in accounts receivable) for fiscal agent services provided to the Stark County Schools Council of Governments.

The ESC also serves as fiscal agent for Stark Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC). In lieu of fiscal agent fees, the ESC receives computer services from SPARCC at no charge.

NOTE 15 - STATE AND LOCAL FUNDING

A. State Funding

State funding for Education Service Centers (ESCs) is provided to support basic operations and statutorily mandated services. It consists of two major categories - unit funding for gifted and preschool handicapped units and a per pupil allocation.

Unit funding - Funding for an approved unit is based on a 1) a salary allowance for the teacher, psychologist, etc. in charge of the unit, 2) a non-salary unit allowance for preschool classroom units, related services, and a gifted allowance, and 3) a supplemental unit allowance for classroom units, other preschool special education units, and for gifted units.

Per pupil base funding - Ohio Revised Code 3317.11(F) provides for the State to pay ESCs \$37 per pupil or \$40.52 per pupil for multi-county ESCs to help support their basic operations and provision of services to school districts, community schools, chartered non-public schools and county and State run juvenile detention facilities. The Average Daily Membership (ADM) is calculated as the K-12 ADM of member districts minus the E-school ADM minus the ADM of community schools that are sponsored by another ESC plus the ADM of community schools that are sponsored by the ESC in question plus the handicapped ADM.

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 15 - STATE AND LOCAL FUNDING - (Continued)

B. Local Funding

Approximately two-thirds of the funding for ESCs comes from the member districts they serve through deductions or transfers that the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) makes out of State foundation to the ESCs. A number of calculations comprise this deduction.

Special education extended service - Since the State stopped paying for extended service, special education extended service has become a local responsibility. It is paid at the daily rate on the minimum salary schedule, plus a fringe allowance up to a maximum number of days.

Supervisory allowance - One of the major services provided by ESCs since their inception has been supervisory services for local districts. Each city or exempted village school district that enters into an agreement for services from an ESC under Section 3313.843 of the Ohio Revised Code also is considered to be provided supervisory services by the ESC. Supervisory services are financed annually through supervisory units, the cost of which is determined by a formula in statute.

\$6.50 per pupil deduction - The ODE annually deducts from each local and client school district of each ESC, pursuant to Division (E) of Section 3317.023 of the Ohio Revised Code, and pays to the ESC an amount equal to \$6.50 times the school district's total student count. The Board of Education of any local or client school may agree to pay an amount in excess of \$6.50 per student in total student count. If a majority of Boards of Education of local school districts within an ESCs territory approve an amount in excess of \$6.50 per student, the department shall deduct the approved excess per student amount from all of the local school districts with the ESCs territory and pay the excess amount to the ESC. ESCs must notify ODE with a signed resolution of agreement of any per pupil amounts in excess of \$6.50 so proper deductions can be made.

Service contracts - Districts may set up service contracts with ESCs to pay for services above and beyond those covered by the above described funding sources. To receive payment pursuant to such contracts, or agreements, an ESC must furnish to the State a copy of the contract or written statement that clearly indicates the payments owed and is signed by the superintendent or treasurer of the responsible school district. These deductions are included in the ESC deduction of the foundation payment form. Instead of having contract amounts deducted by the State, ESCs may bill the districts directly. ESCs can also enter into agreements under Section 3313.844 of the Ohio Revised Code to provide services to community schools.

NOTE 16 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The ESC utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the ESC's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Year-End Encumbrances</u>
General fund	\$ 107,184
Other governmental	<u>194,727</u>
 Total	 <u>\$ 301,911</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Tuition.	\$ 9,954,276	\$ 10,001,636	\$ 8,302,282	\$ (1,699,354)
Contributions from private sources	15,675	15,750	12,758	(2,992)
Earnings on investments.	17,915	18,000	10,560	(7,440)
Charges for services	498	500	-	(500)
Classroom materials and fees.	-	-	40	40
Services provided to other entities.	6,435,140	6,465,757	8,371,022	1,905,265
Rental income.	26,275	26,400	30,158	3,758
Other local revenues.	154,863	155,600	191,809	36,209
Intergovernmental - State	1,635,756	1,643,538	2,100,355	456,817
Intergovernmental - Federal.	35,332	35,500	37,283	1,783
Total revenue	<u>18,275,730</u>	<u>18,362,681</u>	<u>19,056,267</u>	<u>693,586</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Special.	7,424,084	7,730,554	7,581,067	149,487
Support services:				
Pupil.	3,470,709	3,613,981	3,477,431	136,550
Instructional staff	2,426,553	2,526,722	2,632,846	(106,124)
Board of education	25,219	26,260	22,992	3,268
Administration.	3,413,929	3,554,857	3,592,533	(37,676)
Fiscal	418,951	436,246	460,490	(24,244)
Business	812,327	845,860	738,654	107,206
Operations and maintenance.	124,799	129,951	158,633	(28,682)
Central.	155,088	161,490	226,145	(64,655)
Food service operations.	43,216	45,000	59,416	(14,416)
Total expenditures	<u>18,314,875</u>	<u>19,070,921</u>	<u>18,950,207</u>	<u>120,714</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures.	<u>(39,145)</u>	<u>(708,240)</u>	<u>106,060</u>	<u>814,300</u>
Other financing sources (uses):				
Refund of prior year receipts	-	-	(8,000)	(8,000)
Refund of prior year expenditures	52,198	52,446	60,070	7,624
Advances in.	845,975	850,000	849,095	(905)
Advances (out).	(1,076,559)	(1,121,000)	(1,112,791)	8,209
Sale of capital assets.	199	200	1,526	1,326
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(178,187)</u>	<u>(218,354)</u>	<u>(210,100)</u>	<u>8,254</u>
Net change in fund balance	(217,332)	(926,594)	(104,040)	822,554
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,792,351	1,792,351	1,792,351	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated . . .	415,758	415,758	415,758	-
Fund balance at end of year.	<u>\$ 1,990,777</u>	<u>\$ 1,281,515</u>	<u>\$ 2,104,069</u>	<u>\$ 822,554</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING BUDGETARY NOTES

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**BUDGETARY NOTES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS

The ESC is no longer required under State statute to file budgetary information with the State Department of Education. However, the ESC's Board does follow the budgetary process for control purposes.

The ESC's Governing Board budgets for resources estimated to be received during the fiscal year. The estimated revenues may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of the estimated revenues when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of the estimated revenues in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Governing Board.

The ESC's Governing Board adopts an annual appropriation resolution, which is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures at the level of control selected by the Governing Board. The level of control has been established by the Governing Board at the object level for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds.

Throughout the fiscal year, appropriations may be amended or supplemented as circumstances warrant. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Governing Board during the fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The schedule of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) To reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**BUDGETARY NOTES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>General Fund</u>
Budget basis	\$ (104,040)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	302,172
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(385,388)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	458,893
Adjustment for encumbrances	<u>215,103</u>
GAAP basis	<u>\$ 486,740</u>

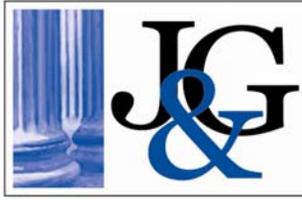
SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
(C) National School Lunch Program	10.555	2014	\$ 14,891	\$ 14,891
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	2014	40,582	40,582
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>55,473</u>	<u>55,473</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Special Education Grant Cluster:				
(D) Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2013	131,755	76,556
(D) Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2014	953,024	1,075,334
Total Special Education_Grants to States			<u>1,084,779</u>	<u>1,151,890</u>
(D) Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	2013	10,564	-
(D) Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	2014	93,183	103,537
(D) Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	2013	-	499
(D) Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	2014	37,829	41,200
Total Special Education_Preschool Grants			<u>141,576</u>	<u>145,236</u>
Total Special Education Grant Cluster			<u>1,226,355</u>	<u>1,297,126</u>
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323	2013	29,753	28,496
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323	2014	56,837	78,771
Total Special Education - State Personnel Development			<u>86,590</u>	<u>107,267</u>
English Language Acquisition Grant:	84.365	2013	8,211	3,909
English Language Acquisition Grant:	84.365	2014	64,367	69,607
Total English Language Acquisition Grants			<u>72,578</u>	<u>73,516</u>
Race to the Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act - Resident Educator	84.395A	2014	1,400	1,377
Race to the Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act - eTPES Training	84.395A	2014	12,756	15,781
Total Race to the Top Incentive Grants			<u>14,156</u>	<u>17,158</u>
Race to the Top - Early Learning Challenge	84.412	2014	73,338	52,664
Total Race to the Top - Early Learning Challenge			<u>73,338</u>	<u>52,664</u>
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program	93.505	2013	(3,783)	49,829
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program	93.505	2014	179,404	58,942
Total Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program			<u>175,621</u>	<u>108,771</u>
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	2013	8,497	30,439
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	2014	42,000	30,716
Total Promoting Safe and Stable Families			<u>50,497</u>	<u>61,155</u>
PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH				
Special Education_Grants for Infants and Families with Disabilities:	84.181	2013	9,736	13,014
Special Education_Grants for Infants and Families with Disabilities:	84.181	2014	224,712	195,900
Total Special Education_Grants for Infants and Families with Disabilities			<u>234,448</u>	<u>208,914</u>
PASSED THROUGH THE UNIVERSITY OF DAYTON				
Transition to Teaching	84.350	2014	10,000	-
DIRECT				
Fund for the Improvement of Education	84.215	2011	191,649	198,707
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>2,135,232</u>	<u>2,125,278</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES PASSED THROUGH THE STARK COUNTY COMMISSIONERS				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2013	450,462	416,197
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2014	-	1,765
Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families			<u>450,462</u>	<u>417,962</u>
PASSED THROUGH MORNING STAR FINANCIAL SERVICES				
Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration	93.791	2014	12,692	1,632
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>463,154</u>	<u>419,594</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$ 2,653,859</u>	<u>\$ 2,600,345</u>

Notes to the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards:

- (A) OAKS did not assign pass-through numbers for fiscal year 2014.
- (B) This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.
- (C) Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of breakfast and lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis
- (D) Included as part of "Special Education Grant Cluster" in determining major programs



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**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards***

Stark County Educational Service Center
Stark County
2100 38th Street N.W.
Canton, Ohio 44709-2300

To the Governing Board:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stark County Educational Service Center, Stark County, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Stark County Educational Service Center's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Stark County Educational Service Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Stark County Educational Service Center's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Stark County Educational Service Center's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Governing Board
Stark County Educational Service Center

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Stark County Educational Service Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Stark County Educational Service Center's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Stark County Educational Service Center's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Julian & Grube, Inc.
December 22, 2014



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333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

**Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each
Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by OMB Circular A-133**

Stark County Educational Service Center
Stark County
2100 38th Street N.W.
Canton, Ohio 44709-2300

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Stark County Educational Service Center's compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Stark County Educational Service Center's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Stark County Educational Service Center's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The Stark County Educational Service Center's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Stark County Educational Service Center's compliance for each of the Stark County Educational Service Center's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Stark County Educational Service Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Stark County Educational Service Center's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Stark County Educational Service Center's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Stark County Educational Service Center complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Governing Board
Stark County Educational Service Center

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Stark County Educational Service Center's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Stark County Educational Service Center's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Stark County Educational Service Center's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Julian & Grube, Inc.
December 22, 2014

**STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER
STARK COUNTY, OHIO**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505
JUNE 30, 2014**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS		
<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	<i>Type of Financial Statement Opinion</i>	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	<i>Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	<i>Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	<i>Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	<i>Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	<i>Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	<i>Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion</i>	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	<i>Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	<i>Major Programs (listed):</i>	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, CFDA #93.558; Special Education Grant Cluster: Special Education Grants to States, CFDA #84.027 and Special Education Preschool Grants, CFDA #84.173
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	<i>Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs</i>	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	<i>Low Risk Auditee?</i>	Yes

2. FINDING RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS
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None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS
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None



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

STARK COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER

STARK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED
MAY 7, 2015