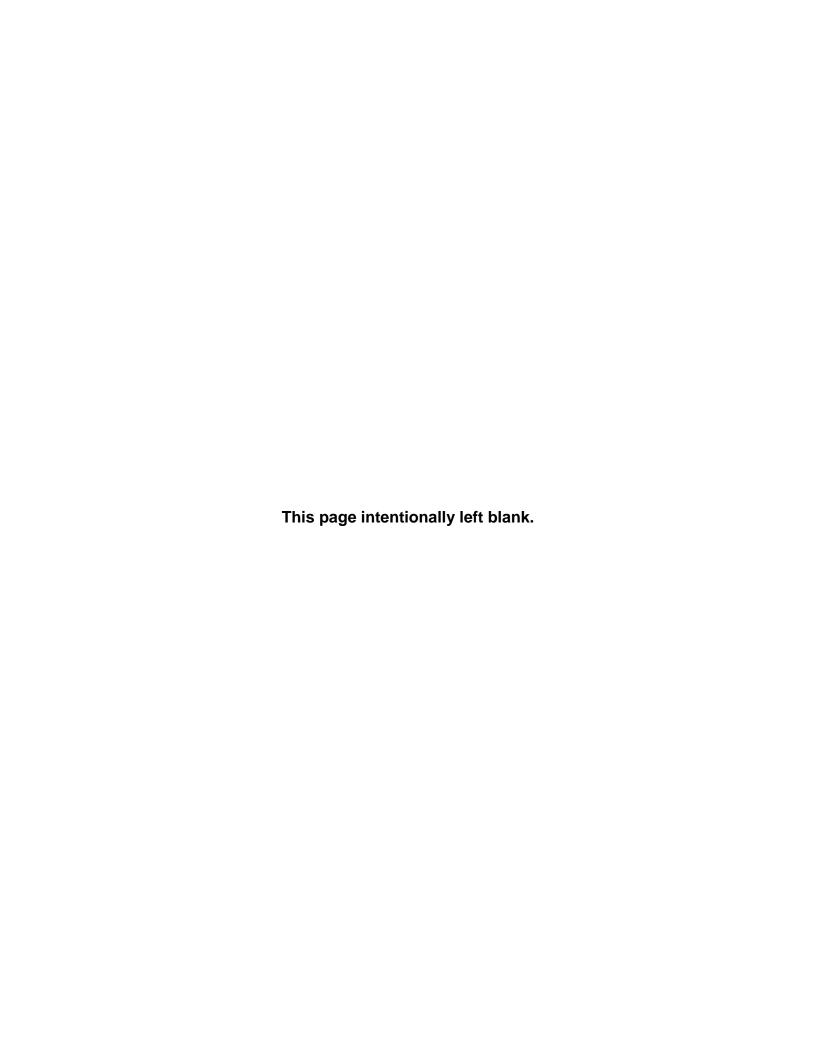




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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Tuscarawas Valley Local School District Tuscarawas County 2637 Tusky Valley Road, NE Bolivar, Ohio 44656

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tuscarawas Valley Local School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Tuscarawas Valley Local School District Tuscarawas County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tuscarawas Valley Local School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* listed in the Table of Contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the Schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Tuscarawas Valley Local School District Tuscarawas County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 9, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 9, 2015

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The discussion and analysis of Tuscarawas Valley Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2014 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities decreased \$157,728 which represents a 2.43% decrease from 2013.
- General revenues accounted for \$11,853,544 in revenue or 82.20% of all governmental activity revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,567,577 or 17.80% of total governmental activity revenues of \$14,421,121.
- The District had \$14,578,849 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,567,577 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$11,853,544 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and bond retirement fund. The general fund had \$12,396,100 in revenues and \$12,487,779 in expenditures. The fund balance of the general fund decreased from \$1,125,218 to \$975,958.
- The bond retirement fund had \$570,852 in revenues and \$596,257 in expenditures. The fund balance of the bond retirement fund decreased from \$731,423 to \$706,018.

Using this Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District has two major funds: the general fund, and the bond retirement fund. The general fund is by far the most significant fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2014?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

The District's Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-23 of this report.

Proprietary Fund

The District maintains one proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for self-insurance of the District's medical, dental and vision benefits. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-26 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in an agency fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary assets and liabilities on page 26. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 29-58 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	2014	2013
Assets Current assets Capital assets, net	\$ 10,732,230 6,563,769	\$ 10,652,990 6,992,850
Total assets	17,295,999	17,645,840
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities	1,436,242	1,526,906
Long-term liabilities	4,598,450	5,023,290
Total liabilities	6,034,692	6,550,196
Deferred inflows of resources		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	4,915,181	4,591,790
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,915,181	4,591,790
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	5,043,547	5,140,469
Restricted	271,914	229,786
Unrestricted	1,030,665	1,133,599
Total net position	\$ 6,346,126	\$ 6,503,854

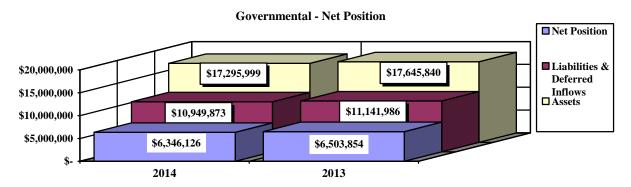
Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2014, the District's assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$6,346,126.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

At year-end, capital assets represented 37.95% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2014, was \$5,043,547. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$271,914, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position, \$1,030,665 is unrestricted in use.

The table below shows the District's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position at June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013.



The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

	Governmental Governmental Activities Activities 2014 2013	
Revenues		·
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 929,256	\$ 892,378
Operating grants and contributions	1,615,321	1,442,633
Capital grants and contributions	23,000	18,864
General revenues:		
Property taxes	5,337,664	5,637,946
Grants and entitlements	6,470,732	5,939,631
Investment earnings	4,962	15,731
Other	40,186	40,365
Total revenues	14,421,121	13,987,548

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 6,262,158	\$ 5,973,522
Special	1,259,919	949,620
Vocational	149,579	142,748
Other	1,218,525	1,214,585
Support services:		
Pupil	331,207	352,871
Instructional staff	213,959	628,904
Board of education	18,209	22,081
Administration	1,297,040	1,326,220
Fiscal	309,206	393,192
Operations and maintenance	1,219,840	1,067,227
Pupil transportation	1,059,287	1,061,441
Central	22,341	7,735
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Other non-instructional services	193,442	109,021
Food service operations	443,626	547,739
Extracurricular activities	400,126	416,376
Interest and fiscal charges	180,385	228,877
Total expenses	14,578,849	14,442,159
Changes in net position	(157,728)	(454,611)
Net position at beginning of year	6,503,854	6,958,465
Net position at end of year	\$ 6,346,126	\$ 6,503,854

Governmental Activities

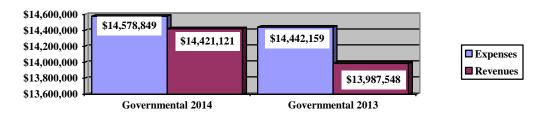
Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$157,728. Total governmental expenses of \$14,578,849 were offset by program revenues of \$2,567,577, and general revenues of \$11,853,544. Program revenues supported 17.61% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 81.88% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2014 and 2013. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

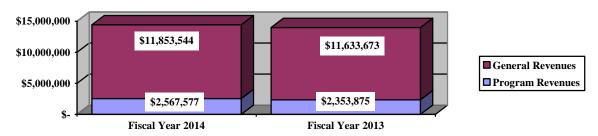
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2014	2014	2013	2013
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 6,262,158	\$ 5,391,315	\$ 5,973,522	\$ 5,327,273
Special	1,259,919	352,405	949,620	248,452
Vocational	149,579	119,123	142,748	120,176
Other	1,218,525	1,212,039	1,214,585	1,214,585
Support services:				
Pupil	331,207	331,207	352,871	334,664
Instructional staff	213,959	213,959	628,904	455,433
Board of education	18,209	17,557	22,081	19,961
Administration	1,297,040	1,236,058	1,326,220	1,270,347
Fiscal	309,206	309,206	393,192	393,192
Operations and maintenance	1,219,840	1,212,310	1,067,227	1,062,028
Pupil transportation	1,059,287	1,048,802	1,061,441	1,045,036
Central	22,341	15,141	7,735	(669)
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	193,442	193,442	109,021	109,021
Food service operations	443,626	(46,072)	547,739	2,948
Extracurricular activities	400,126	224,395	416,376	275,824
Interest and fiscal charges	180,385	180,385	228,877	210,013
Total expenses	\$ 14,578,849	\$ 12,011,272	\$ 14,442,159	\$ 12,088,284

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The dependence upon tax revenues during fiscal year 2014 for governmental activities is apparent, as 79.58% of 2014 instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 82.39%.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the Balance Sheet on page 19) reported a combined fund balance of \$1,928,732, which is \$176,688 below last year's balance of \$2,105,420. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2014 and 2013.

	Fund Balance June 30,2014	Fund Balance June 30,2013	Increase/ (Decrease)
General	\$ 975,958	\$ 1,125,218	\$ (149,260)
Bond retirement	706,018	731,423	(25,405)
Other governmental	246,756	248,779	(2,023)
Total	\$ 1,928,732	\$ 2,105,420	\$ (176,688)

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$149,260 during fiscal year 2014.

	2014	2013	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 4,922,023	\$ 5,155,038	(4.52) %
Intergovernmental	6,775,817	6,216,823	8.99 %
Other revenues	698,260	621,106	12.42 %
Total	\$ 12,396,100	\$ 11,992,967	3.36 %

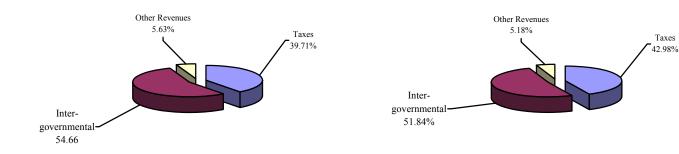
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Revenues of the general fund increased \$403,133 or 3.36%. Other revenues increased \$77,154 or 12.42% due mainly to an increase in tuition.

Revenues - Fiscal Year 2014

Revenues - Fiscal Year 2013

Taxes



The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

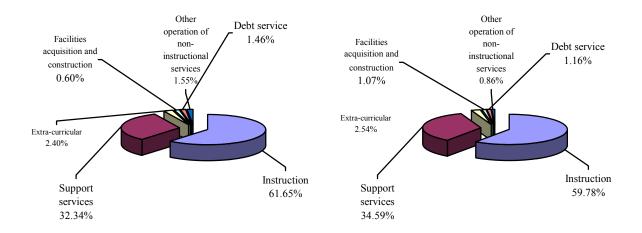
	2014	2013	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 7,698,453	\$ 7,554,894	1.90 %
Support services	4,038,952	4,370,717	(7.59) %
Other operation of non-instructional services	193,442	109,021	77.44 %
Extracurricular activities	299,374	321,151	(6.78) %
Facilities acquisition and construction	74,499	135,423	(44.99) %
Debt service	183,059	145,809	25.55 %
Total	\$ 12,487,779	\$ 12,637,015	(1.18) %

Expenditures of the general fund decreased \$149,236 or 1.18%. The decrease in facilities acquisition and construction costs of \$60,924 or 44.99% was due to less maintenance and repair costs paid from the general fund. Debt service increased \$37,250 or 25.55% due to the retirement of a capital appreciation bond in fiscal year 2014. Other operation of non-instructional services increased \$84,421 or 77.44% due to miscellaneous insurance charges during fiscal year 2014.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Expenditures - Fiscal Year 2014

Expenditures - Fiscal Year 2013



Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund had \$570,852 in revenues and \$596,257 in expenditures. The fund balance of the bond retirement fund decreased \$25,405 from \$731,423 to \$706,018.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$12,090,560 and \$12,470,865 respectively. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2014 were \$12,575,211. This represents a \$104,346 increase from final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund original appropriations were \$12,771,960 and final appropriations and other financing uses were \$12,524,367. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2014 totaled \$12,516,059, which was \$8,308 less than the final budget appropriations. It is the District's policy to budget conservatively, which accounts for the difference between final budgeted appropriations and actual budget basis expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2014, the District had \$6,563,769 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles.

The following table shows June 30, 2014 balances compared to June 30, 2013.

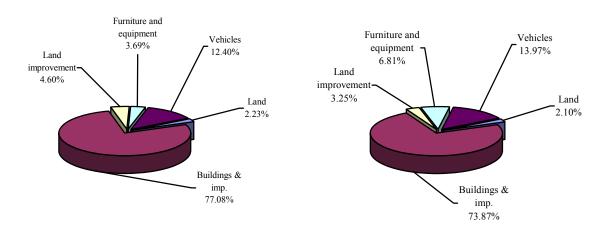
Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	 overnmental Activities 2014	 Activities 2013
Land	\$ 146,677	\$ 146,677
Land improvements	301,791	227,277
Buildings and improvements	5,059,435	5,165,669
Furniture and equipment	242,054	476,098
Vehicles	 813,812	 977,129
Total	\$ 6,563,769	\$ 6,992,850

The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental activities capital assets by category at June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013.

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2014

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2013



See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2014 the District had \$3,779,968 in general obligation bonds and capital leases outstanding. Of the total outstanding debt, \$733,464 is due within one year and \$3,046,504 is due in greater than one year.

The following table summarizes the bonds and leases outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013
General obligation bonds:		
Capital appreciation bonds	\$ 3,064,611	\$ 3,484,481
Qualified school construction bonds	350,000	385,000
Capital leases	365,357	497,400
Total	\$ 3,779,968	\$ 4,366,881

The District issued the general obligation various purpose refunding bonds in 1999. The bond issue is comprised of current interest and capital appreciation bonds. The annual interest rate ranges from 3.40% to 5.35% and the bonds are scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2020. On September 28, 2010, the District issued the qualified school construction bonds. These bonds have an interest rate of 4.89% and mature on December 1, 2022. In 2013, the District entered into a lease purchase agreement with Huntington Bank for various school buses.

At June 30, 2014 the District's overall legal debt margin was \$18,958,554 (including available funds of \$706,018) and an unvoted debt margin of \$211,749.

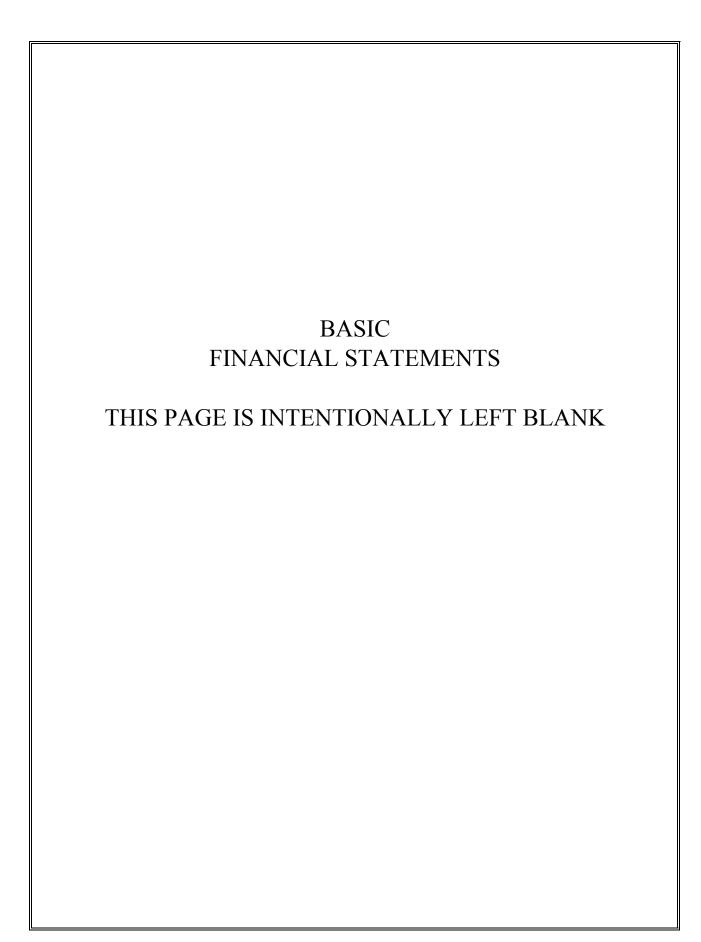
See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The district's voters graciously passed an 8.9 mill operating levy on May 6, 2014. The passage of this levy will ensure the students of the Tuscarawas Valley Local Schools continue to receive one of the best educations in the state of Ohio. Passage of the May 6th levy will also allow the Board of Education and administration to become current with the maintenance of district facilities and equipment.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Mark Phillips, Treasurer, Tuscarawas Valley Local School District, 2637 Tuscarawas Valley Road NE, Zoarville, Ohio 44656.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

		vernmental Activities
Assets:		2 (2 (== 1
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	2,626,774
Cash with fiscal agent		1,928,278
Receivables:		
Taxes		6,038,985
Accounts		6,533
Intergovernmental		100,972
Prepayments		12,897
Materials and supplies inventory		17,791
Capital assets:		
Land		146,677
Depreciable capital assets, net		6,417,092
Capital assets, net		6,563,769
	-	
Total assets		17,295,999
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		22,023
Accrued wages and benefits		1,013,609
Pension obligation payable		210,660
Intergovernmental payable		54,638
Accrued interest payable		4,410
Claims payable		130,902
Long-term liabilities:		130,902
Due within one year		765,376
Due in more than one year		3,833,074
	-	
Total liabilities		6,034,692
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		4,915,181
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,915,181
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets		5,043,547
Restricted for:		5,015,517
		51,324
Locally funded programs		
State funded programs.		1,730
Federally funded programs		15,063
Student activities		74,884
Other purposes		128,913
Unrestricted		1,030,665
Total net position	\$	6,346,126

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net (Expense)

			Program	Dovo	nuos			(evenue and Changes in let Position
	Expenses	Se	arges for ervices nd Sales	G	Operating Frants and Ontributions	Gı	Capital rants and atributions	Go	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:	 _								_
Instruction:									
Regular	\$ 6,262,158	\$	527,831	\$	343,012	\$	-	\$	(5,391,315)
Special	1,259,919		58,013		849,501		-		(352,405)
Vocational	149,579		-		30,456		-		(119,123)
Other	1,218,525		-		6,486		-		(1,212,039)
Support services:									
Pupil	331,207		-		-		-		(331,207)
Instructional staff	213,959		-		-		-		(213,959)
Board of education	18,209		-		652		-		(17,557)
Administration	1,297,040		-		60,982		-		(1,236,058)
Fiscal	309,206		-		-		-		(309,206)
Operations and maintenance	1,219,840		7,353		177		-		(1,212,310)
Pupil transportation	1,059,287		-		10,485		-		(1,048,802)
Central	22,341		-		7,200		-		(15,141)
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Other non-instructional services	193,442		_		_		_		(193,442)
Food service operations	443,626		190,877		298,821		-		46,072
Extracurricular activities	400,126		145,182		7,549		23,000		(224,395)
Interest and fiscal charges	 180,385		-						(180,385)
Total governmental activities	\$ 14,578,849	\$	929,256	\$	1,615,321	\$	23,000		(12,011,272)
		Prop Ger Del	ot service	ried fo s	or:				4,873,005 464,659
									6,470,732
									4,962
		Miscellaneous							40,186
		Tota	l general reve	enues					11,853,544
		Char	nge in net pos	sition			•		(157,728)
		Net	position at b	eginni	ing of year .				6,503,854
		Net	position at ei	nd of	year		•	\$	6,346,126

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

Equity in pooled cash and investments			General	Bond Retirement		Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Receivables:	Assets:						_		_	
Receivables: Taxes. 5,530,561 508,424 —6,038,985 Accounts 1,922 4,611 6,533 Intergovernmental 47,994 —52,978 100,972 Prepayments 12,897 —6,038,985 Materials and supplies inventory. —17,791 17,791 Due from other funds 351 —7 400,852 8,804,303 Total assets \$7,231,574 \$1,171,877 \$400,852 8,804,303 Total assets \$7,231,574 \$1,171,877 \$400,852 \$8,804,303 Total assets \$7,231,574 \$1,171,877 \$400,852 \$8,804,303 Total assets \$1,0611 \$1,171,877 \$400,852 \$8,804,303 Accrued wages and benefits \$925,245 \$8,364 \$1,013,609 \$100 Compensated abscences payable \$190 \$3,234 \$4,638 Pension obligation payable \$1,404 \$3,234 \$4,638 Pension obligation payable \$192,820 \$17,840 \$21,060 Dute to other funds — <t< td=""><td>Equity in pooled cash</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Equity in pooled cash									
Taxes. 5,530,66l 508,424 — 6,038,985 Accounts 1,922 — 4,611 6,533 Intergovernmental. 47,994 52,978 100,972 Prepayments. 12,897 — 6,27 17,791 117,791 Materials and supplies inventory. 351 — 7,791 17,791 Due from other funds 351 — 1,771 \$ 400,852 \$ 8,804,302 Total assets 5 7,231,574 \$ 1,171,877 \$ 400,852 \$ 8,804,303 Liabilities: Accrued wages and benefits 925,245 \$ 88,364 1,013,609 Compensated absences payable 90 — 3,24 54,638 Pension obligation payable \$ 19,00 — 3,24 54,638 Pension obligation payable \$ 192,820 — 17,840 210,600 Due to other funds — 1,180,270 — 17,840 210,600 Due to other funds — 5 5,331 351 Total labilities — 1,180,270 — 12,201 1,301,471 Interpovermmental rev		\$	1,637,849	\$	663,453	\$	325,472	\$	2,626,774	
1,922 1,461 6,533 Intergovernmental			5.530.561		508,424		_		6.038.985	
Intergovernmental			, ,		_		4.611			
Prepayments					_		,			
Materials and supplies inventory. 1 17,791 17,791 Due from other funds 351 - - 351 Total assets \$7,231,574 \$1,171,877 \$400,852 \$8,04,303 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$10,611 \$ \$11,412 \$22,023 Accured wages and benefits. 925,245 88,364 1,013,609 Compensated absences payable 190 - 190 Intergovernmental payable \$1,404 3,234 \$46,38 Pension obligation payable \$192,820 \$17,840 \$210,660 Due to other funds - \$351 351 351 Total liabilities \$1,180,270 \$12,101 \$1,301,471 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year \$4,502,315 \$412,866 \$4,915,181 Delinquent property tax revenue not available \$56,089 \$2,993 \$2,895 \$40,837 Total deferred inflows of resources \$5,	2				_					
Due from other funds			-		_		17.791			
Total assets			351		_		-			
Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 10,611 \$ \$ \$ 11,412 \$ 22,023 Accrued wages and benefits 925,245 88,364 1,013,609 Compensated absences payable 190 190 Intergovernmental payable 51,404 - 3,234 54,638 Pension obligation payable 192,820 - 17,840 210,660 Due to other funds 351 351 351 Total liabilities 1,180,270 121,201 1,301,471 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property tax revenue not available. 565,089 52,993 4,915,181 Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 7,942 32,895 40,837 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,075,346 465,859 32,895 5,574,100 Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory. 17,791 17,791 17,791 Prepaids 12,897 12,184 122,184 Public school preschool 706,018 - 706,018 <tr< td=""><td>Total assets</td><td>\$</td><td>7,231,574</td><td>\$</td><td>1,171,877</td><td>\$</td><td>400,852</td><td>\$</td><td>8,804,303</td></tr<>	Total assets	\$	7,231,574	\$	1,171,877	\$	400,852	\$	8,804,303	
Accounts payable \$ 10,611 \$ 11,412 \$ 22,023 Accrued wages and benefits. 925,245 88,364 1,013,609 Compensated absences payable 190 - - 190 Intergovernmental payable 51,404 - 3,234 54,638 Pension obligation payable 192,820 - 17,840 210,660 Due to other funds - - 351 351 Total liabilities 1,180,270 - 121,201 1,301,471 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxe selvied for the next fiscal year 4,502,315 412,866 - 4,915,181 Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 565,089 52,993 - 618,082 Intergovernmental revenue not available. 5,075,346 465,859 32,895 5,574,100 Fund balances: Waterials and supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 17,791 17,791 17,791 17,791 17,791 17,791 17,791 17,79		_		_						
Accrued wages and benefits. 925,245 88,364 1,013,609 Compensated absences payable 190 - - 190 Intergovernmental payable 51,404 - 3,234 54,638 Pension obligation payable 192,820 - 17,840 210,660 Due to other funds - - 351 351 Total liabilities. 1,180,270 - 121,201 1,301,471 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,502,315 412,866 - 4,915,181 Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 565,089 52,993 - 618,082 Intergovernmental revenue not available. 7,942 - 32,895 40,837 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,075,346 465,859 32,895 5,574,100 Fundational supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 17,791 Propaids. 12,897 - - 12,897 <td colspa<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Compensated absences payable 190 - - 190 Intergovernmental payable 51,404 - 3,234 54,638 Pension obligation payable 192,820 - 17,840 210,660 Due to other funds - - 351 351 Total liabilities 1,180,270 - 121,201 1,301,471 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,502,315 412,866 - 4,915,181 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 565,089 52,993 - 618,082 Intergovernmental revenue not available 7,942 - 32,895 5,574,100 Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids 12,897 - - 12,897 Restricted: - 766,018 - 706,018 Debt service operations - 706,018 - 706,018		\$,	\$	-	\$		\$		
Intergovernmental payable					-		88,364		, ,	
Pension obligation payable 192,820 - 17,840 210,660 Due to other funds - - 351 351 Total liabilities 1,180,270 - 121,201 1,301,471 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,502,315 412,866 - 4,915,181 Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 565,089 52,993 - 618,082 Intergovernmental revenue not available. 7,942 - 32,895 40,837 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,075,346 465,859 32,895 5,574,100 Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids. 12,897 - - 12,897 Restricted: - - 17,91 17,791 Prepaids. - 706,018 - 706,018 Food service operations - - 122,184 122,18					-		-			
Due to other funds - - 351 351 Total liabilities 1,180,270 - 121,201 1,301,471 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,502,315 412,866 - 4,915,181 Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 565,089 52,993 - 618,082 Intergovernmental revenue not available. 7,942 - 32,895 40,837 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,075,346 465,859 32,895 5,574,100 Fund balances: Nonspendable: - - 17,791 17,791 Materials and supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids. - - 17,991 17,791 Restricted: - - 17,901 17,791 Debt service operations - - 122,184 122,184 Public school preschool - - 17,922 1,792 Extracurricular. -					-				,	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,502,315 412,866 4,915,181 Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 565,089 52,993 - 618,082 Intergovernmental revenue not available. 7,942 - 32,895 40,837 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,075,346 465,859 32,895 5,574,100 Fund balances: Nonspendable: - 17,791 17,791 17,791 Materials and supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids. 12,897 - - 12,897 Restricted: - 706,018 - 706,018 Food service operations. - 706,018 - 706,018 Food service operations. - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - 74,884 74,884 Other purposes. - - -			192,820		-					
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,502,315 412,866 - 4,915,181 Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 565,089 52,993 - 618,082 Intergovernmental revenue not available. 7,942 - 32,895 40,837 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,075,346 465,859 32,895 5,574,100 Fund balances: Nonspendable: - - 17,791 17,791 Materials and supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids. 12,897 - - 12,897 Restricted: - - 706,018 - 706,018 Pobl service operations - - 1,792 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - 1,792 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: - - 1,332 Student instruction			-							
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,502,315 412,866 - 4,915,181 Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 565,089 52,993 - 618,082 Intergovernmental revenue not available. 7,942 - 32,895 40,837 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,075,346 465,859 32,895 5,574,100 Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids. 12,897 - - 12,897 Restricted: Debt service - 706,018 - 706,018 Pood service operations - - 12,184 122,184 Public school preschool - - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - - 74,884 74,884 Other purposes. - - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: Student instruction 1,332 - -	Total liabilities		1,180,270				121,201		1,301,471	
Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 7,942 - 32,895 40,837 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,075,346 465,859 32,895 5,574,100 Fund balances: Nonspendable: Naterials and supplies inventory. - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids. 12,897 12,897 Restricted: Debt service. - 706,018 - 706,018 Food service operations. - 1,792 1,792 Public school preschool. - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - 74,884 74,884 Other purposes. - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: Student instruction. 1,332 1,332 Student and staff support. 22,370 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 191,697 Public school support. 18,876 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Intergovernmental revenue not available. 7,942 - 32,895 32,895 5,574,100	Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		4,502,315		412,866		-		4,915,181	
Fund balances: 5,075,346 465,859 32,895 5,574,100 Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids. 12,897 - - 12,897 Restricted: - - 12,897 Restricted: - - 706,018 - 706,018 Food service operations - - 122,184 122,184 Public school preschool - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - 74,884 74,884 Other purposes. - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: - - - 55,215 55,215 Student instruction 1,332 - - - 22,370 Student and staff support. 22,370 - - - 19,697 Public	Delinquent property tax revenue not available		565,089		52,993		-		618,082	
Fund balances: 5,075,346 465,859 32,895 5,574,100 Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids. 12,897 - - 12,897 Restricted: - - 12,897 Restricted: - - 706,018 - 706,018 Food service operations - - 122,184 122,184 Public school preschool - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - 74,884 74,884 Other purposes. - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: - - - 55,215 55,215 Student instruction 1,332 - - - 22,370 Student and staff support. 22,370 - - - 19,697 Public	Intergovernmental revenue not available		7,942		-		32,895		40,837	
Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids. 12,897 - - 12,897 Restricted: - - - 706,018 Debt service - 706,018 - 706,018 Food service operations - - 122,184 122,184 Public school preschool - - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - - 1,484 74,884 Other purposes. - - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: - - - 55,215 55,215 Student instruction 1,332 - - 1,332 Student and staff support 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 18,876 Other purposes 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 </td <td>Total deferred inflows of resources</td> <td></td> <td>5,075,346</td> <td></td> <td>465,859</td> <td></td> <td>32,895</td> <td></td> <td>5,574,100</td>	Total deferred inflows of resources		5,075,346		465,859		32,895		5,574,100	
Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids. 12,897 - - 12,897 Restricted: - - - 706,018 Debt service - 706,018 - 706,018 Food service operations - - 122,184 122,184 Public school preschool - - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - - 1,484 74,884 Other purposes. - - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: - - - 55,215 55,215 Student instruction 1,332 - - 1,332 Student and staff support 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 18,876 Other purposes 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 </td <td>Fund balances:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Fund balances:									
Materials and supplies inventory. - - 17,791 17,791 Prepaids. 12,897 - - 12,897 Restricted: Debt service. - 706,018 - - 706,018 Food service operations. - - - 122,184 122,184 Public school preschool. - - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - - 74,884 74,884 Other purposes. - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: Student instruction 1,332 - - 1,332 Student and staff support. 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 19,697 Public school support 18,876 - - 56 Other purposes. 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
Prepaids. 12,897 - - 12,897 Restricted: Debt service - 706,018 - 706,018 Food service operations - - 122,184 122,184 Public school preschool - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - 74,884 74,884 Other purposes. - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: Student instruction 1,332 - - 1,332 Student and staff support. 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 191,697 Public school support 18,876 - - 56 Other purposes. 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732			_		_		17.791		17.791	
Debt service - 706,018 - 706,018 Food service operations - - 122,184 122,184 Public school preschool - - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular - - - 74,884 74,884 Other purposes - - - 55,215 Assigned: - - - 55,215 Student instruction 1,332 - - - 22,370 Student and staff support 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 191,697 Public school support 18,876 - - 18,876 Other purposes 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		12,897		_		, <u>-</u>			
Food service operations - - 122,184 122,184 Public school preschool - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular - - 74,884 74,884 Other purposes - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: Student instruction 1,332 - - 1,332 Student and staff support 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 191,697 Public school support 18,876 - - 18,876 Other purposes 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	•		,						,	
Public school preschool - - 1,792 1,792 Extracurricular. - - 74,884 74,884 Other purposes. - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: Student instruction 1,332 - - 1,332 Student and staff support. 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 191,697 Public school support 18,876 - - 18,876 Other purposes. 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	Debt service		-		706,018		-		706,018	
Extracurricular. - - 74,884 74,884 Other purposes. - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: Student instruction 1,332 - - 1,332 Student and staff support. 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 191,697 Public school support 18,876 - - 18,876 Other purposes. 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	Food service operations		_		-		122,184		122,184	
Other purposes. - - 55,215 55,215 Assigned: Student instruction 1,332 - - 1,332 Student and staff support. 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 191,697 Public school support 18,876 - - 18,876 Other purposes. 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	Public school preschool		-		-		1,792		1,792	
Assigned: Student instruction 1,332 - - 1,332 Student and staff support 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 191,697 Public school support 18,876 - - 18,876 Other purposes 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	Extracurricular		-		-		74,884		74,884	
Student instruction 1,332 - - 1,332 Student and staff support 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 191,697 Public school support 18,876 - - 18,876 Other purposes 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	Other purposes		-		-		55,215		55,215	
Student and staff support. 22,370 - - 22,370 Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 191,697 Public school support 18,876 - - 18,876 Other purposes 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	Assigned:									
Subsequent year's appropriations 191,697 - - 191,697 Public school support 18,876 - - 18,876 Other purposes 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	Student instruction		1,332		-		-		1,332	
Public school support 18,876 - - 18,876 Other purposes. 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	Student and staff support		22,370		-		-		22,370	
Other purposes. 56 - - 56 Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	Subsequent year's appropriations		191,697		-		-		191,697	
Unassigned (deficit) 728,730 - (25,110) 703,620 Total fund balances 975,958 706,018 246,756 1,928,732	Public school support		18,876		-		-		18,876	
Total fund balances					-		-		56	
	Unassigned (deficit)		728,730				(25,110)		703,620	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances \$ 7,231,574 \$ 1,171,877 \$ 400,852 \$ 8,804,303	Total fund balances		975,958		706,018		246,756		1,928,732	
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	7,231,574	\$	1,171,877	\$	400,852	\$	8,804,303	

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2014

Total governmental fund balances			\$ 1,928,732
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			6,563,769
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.	¢	619.092	
Intergovernmental revenue Total	\$	618,082 40,837	658,919
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in			
governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position.			1,797,376
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(4,410)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated absences		(818,292)	
Capital lease obligation payable		(365,357)	
General obligation bonds payable		(3,414,611)	
Total			 (4,598,260)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 6,346,126

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		General		Bond tirement	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:		_				-		
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	4,922,023	\$	468,883	\$	-	\$	5,390,906
Tuition		530,292		-		-		530,292
Earnings on investments		2,740		_		-		2,740
Charges for services		-		_		190,990		190,990
Extracurricular		62,250		_		82,932		145,182
Classroom materials and fees		55,552		_		_		55,552
Rental income		7,240		_		_		7,240
Contributions and donations		4,703		_		48,989		53,692
Other local revenues		35,483		_		11,430		46,913
Intergovernmental - intermediate		15,089		_		-		15,089
Intergovernmental - state		6,760,728		101,969		285,454		7,148,151
Intergovernmental - federal		0,700,720		101,505		829,499		829,499
Total revenues		12,396,100		570,852		1,449,294		14,416,246
Tour Toverides		12,570,100		270,032		1,112,221		11,110,210
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		5,587,742		-		364,092		5,951,834
Special		751,199		-		484,894		1,236,093
Vocational		145,881		-		2,521		148,402
Other		1,213,631		_		4,894		1,218,525
Support services:								
Pupil		320,639		_		-		320,639
Instructional staff		224,297		_		_		224,297
Board of education		18,081		_		492		18,573
Administration		1,221,540		_		64,661		1,286,201
Fiscal		298,513		11,257		-		309,770
Operations and maintenance		996,684		-		284		996,968
Pupil transportation		951,595		_				951,595
Central		7,603		_		14,738		22,341
Operation of non-instructional services:		7,003				11,750		22,511
Other operation of non-instructional services		193,442		_		_		193,442
Food service operations		193,112		_		420,810		420,810
Extracurricular activities		299,374		_		87,769		387,143
Facilities acquisition and construction		74,499		_		16,000		90,499
Debt service:		74,477		_		10,000		70,477
Principal retirement		167,043		585,000				752,043
Interest and fiscal charges		16,016		383,000		-		16,016
Total expenditures	-	12,487,779	-	596,257	-	1,461,155		14,545,191
Total expenditures		12,407,779		390,237		1,401,133		14,343,191
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(91,679)		(25,405)		(11,861)		(128,945)
•	-							
Net change in fund balances		(91,679)		(25,405)		(11,861)		(128,945)
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,125,218		731,423		248,779		2,105,420
Decrease in reserve for inventory		(57,581)				9,838		(47,743)
Fund balances at end of year	\$	975,958	\$	706,018	\$	246,756	\$	1,928,732

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	S	(128,945)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the				
statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the				
current period. Capital asset additions	\$	145,971		
Current year depreciation	Ψ	(343,146)		
Total		(0.10,1.10)		(197,175)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to				
decrease net position.				(231,906)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the Statement of Activities, they are				
reported as an expense when consumed.				(47,743)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes		(53,242)		
Intergovernmental revenue		34,982		
Total				(18,260)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.				752,043
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest is expended when due.				
Accrued interest Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds		761 (165,130)		
Total				(164,369)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in				
governmental funds.				(182,827)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide Statement of Activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the				
related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.				61,454
		_		
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	5	(157,728)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Property taxes	\$ 4,899,949	\$ 5,056,419	\$ 5,148,371	\$ 91,952		
Tuition	513,882	530,292	530,292	-		
Earnings on investments	11,040	5,607	2,740	(2,867)		
Extracurricular	28,432	29,340	29,340	-		
Classroom materials and fees	53,833	55,552	55,552	-		
Rental income	5,153	5,318	5,318	-		
Other local revenues	62,148	64,133	64,133	-		
Intergovernmental - intermediate	14,622	15,089	15,089	-		
Intergovernmental - state	6,497,915	6,705,415	6,720,676	15,261		
Total revenues	12,086,974	12,467,165	12,571,511	104,346		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	6,125,155	5,746,037	5,746,036	1		
Special.	611,260	727,890	727,890	-		
Vocational.	135,360	144,987	144,987	_		
Other.	1,184,158	1,223,067	1,214,707	8,360		
Support services:	1,101,120	1,223,007	1,211,707	0,500		
Pupil	367,410	324,535	324,535	-		
Instructional staff	329,381	248,415	248,415	-		
Board of education	20,745	18,210	18,263	(53)		
Administration	1,199,074	1,226,374	1,226,374	-		
Fiscal	398,016	303,260	303,260	-		
Operations and maintenance	944,118	1,020,150	1,020,150	-		
Pupil transportation	962,777	969,964	969,964	_		
Central.	52,498	7,720	7,720	_		
Other operation of non-instructional services .	-	193,594	193,594	_		
Extracurricular activities	242,528	261,492	261,492	_		
Facilities acquisition and construction	99,480	71,423	71,423	_		
Debt service:	<i>>></i> ,100	71,123	71,123			
Principal	_	35,000	35,000	_		
Interest and fiscal charges	_	2,249	2,249	_		
-	12 671 060			9 209		
Total expenditures	12,671,960	12,524,367	12,516,059	8,308		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(584,986)	(57,202)	55,452	112,654		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refund of prior year's expenditures	3,586	3,700	3,700	-		
Transfers (out).	(100,000)	-	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(96,414)	3,700	3,700	-		
Net change in fund balance	(681,400)	(53,502)	59,152	112,654		
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,527,103	1,527,103	1,527,103	_		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	8,360	8,360	8,360	-		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 854,063	\$ 1,481,961	\$ 1,594,615	\$ 112,654		
	- 05 1,005	- 1,101,701		=======================================		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Assets:		_	
Cash with fiscal agent	\$	1,928,278	
Total assets		1,928,278	
Liabilities:			
Claims payable		130,902	
Total current liabilities		130,902	
Net position: Unrestricted		1,797,376	
Total net position	\$	1,797,376	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	A	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	1,956,613		
Total operating revenues		1,956,613		
Operating expenses:				
Personal services		543,235		
Claims expense		1,356,416		
Total operating expenses		1,899,651		
Operating income		56,962		
Nonoperating revenues:				
Interest revenue		4,492		
Total nonoperating revenues		4,492		
Change in net position		61,454		
Net position at beginning of year		1,735,922		
Net position at end of year	\$	1,797,376		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	A	overnmental Activities - ernal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from sales/charges for services	\$	1,956,613
Cash payments for personal services		(543,235)
Cash payments for claims		(1,345,563)
Net cash provided by		
operating activities		67,815
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received		4,492
Net cash provided by investing activities		4,492
Net increase in cash with fiscal agent		72,307
Cash with fiscal agent at beginning of year		1,855,971
Cash with fiscal agent at end of year	\$	1,928,278
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	56,962
Adjustments: Increase in claims payable		10,853
Net cash provided by		
operating activities	\$	67,815

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2014

	A	Agency
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	52,718
Total assets	\$	52,718
Liabilities: Due to students	\$	52,718
Total liabilities	\$	52,718

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Tuscarawas Valley Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District ranks as the 338th largest by total enrollment among the 610 public school districts in the State. It operates under a locally-elected, five-member Board and provides educational services as authorized and mandated by State and federal agencies. The Board controls the District's 4 instructional support facilities staffed by 53 classified employees and 104 certified teaching personnel and 7 administrators, who provide services to 1.590 students.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Buckeye Joint Vocational School

The Buckeye Joint Vocational School (the "JVS") is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code to provide for the vocational and special education needs of the students. The JVS Board of Education is comprised of representatives from the Board of each participating school district. The JVS Board is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel and accounting and finance related activities. The District's students may attend the vocational school. Each school district's control is limited to its representation on the JVS Board. During fiscal year 2014, \$179 were paid to the JVS by the District for various services.

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Services Agency (OME-RESA)

OME-RESA is a not-for-profit computer service organization whose primary function is to provide information technology services to its member school districts with the major emphasis being placed on accounting, payroll and inventory control services. Other areas of service provided by the OME-RESA include pupil scheduling, attendance and grade reporting, career guidance services, special education records and test scoring.

The OME-RESA is one of 21 regional service organizations serving over 600 public school districts in the State of Ohio that make up the Ohio Educational Computer Network (OECN). These service organizations are known as Data Acquisition Sites. The OECN is a collective group of Data Acquisition Sites, authorized pursuant to Section 3301.075 of the Ohio Revised Code and their member school districts. Such sites, in conjunction with the Ohio Department of Education (ODE), comprise a statewide delivery system to provide comprehensive, cost-efficient accounting and other administrative and instructional computer services for participating Ohio school districts.

Major funding for this network is derived from the State of Ohio. In addition, a majority of the software utilized by the OME-RESA is developed by the ODE. During fiscal year 2014, \$44,185 was paid to OME-RESA by the District for various services.

The OME-RESA is located at 2023 Sunset Blvd., Steubenville, Ohio 43952. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center is one of OME-RESA's member districts and acts in the capacity of fiscal agent for OME-RESA.

Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC)

The TCTIRC is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.62. TCTIRC has 44 members consisting of 3 members appointed by the County Commissioners, 18 members appointed by municipal corporations, 14 members appointed by township trustees, 1 member from the County Auditor's office and 8 members appointed by Boards of Education located within the County. TCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. The body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the TCTIRC can make written recommendations to the legislative authority that approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of the TCTIRC. The continued existence of the TCTIRC is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists. During fiscal year 2014, no monies were paid to the TCTIRC by the District.

The District does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with any of these organizations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Workers' Compensation

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool.

The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school district pays an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

The Jefferson Health Plan

The District participates in The Jefferson Health Plan (the "Plan"), a council of governments of school districts and other political subdivisions organized and existing as a joint self-insurance program pursuant to Section 9.833 of the Ohio Revised Code to provide healthcare and related insurance benefits to over fifty member organizations. The Plan's business affairs are conducted by a Board of Directors elected from member organizations and composed of one representative from each county served and a career center representative. Each member organization pays a monthly premium based on its claims history and a monthly administration fee.

Ohio School Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, the president of Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which establishes agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following is the District's proprietary fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's internal service fund reports on a self-insurance program for employee medical benefits.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's only fiduciary fund is one agency fund to account for student managed activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a Balance Sheet, which generally includes only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

The proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of proprietary funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service fund is charges for services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include personal services and claims expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2014, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2015 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2014, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2014 is as follows:

- 1. On July 25, 2002, the Tuscarawas County Budget Commission voted to waive the requirement that school districts adopt a tax budget as required by Section 5705.28 of the Ohio Revised Code, by January 15 and the filing by January 20. In order to complete other necessary documents, the Budget Commission now requires certain information to be filed by May 1. Information required includes the general fund five year forecast submitted to the Department of Education, projected revenues and expenditures line items for all levy funds, projected revenues and debt requirements (principal and interest) and amortization schedules for the bond retirement fund and balances and total anticipated activity for all other funds.
- 2. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amount in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Certificate of Estimated Resources issued for fiscal year 2014.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. By July 1, the Annual Appropriation Resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 4. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 6. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either re-allocated, increased or decreased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2014.
- 7. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Cash disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, except proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

At year end, the District had proprietary fund cash held by the fiscal agent in an interest bearing account which cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. This account is presented as "cash with fiscal agent" since monies are not required to be deposited into the District's treasury.

During fiscal year 2014, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2014.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2014 amounted to \$2,740, which includes \$1,100 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net position, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method. On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	10 - 50 years
Buildings/improvements	20 - 70 years
Furniture/equipment	8 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 - 15 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loan receivable/payable" and "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the Balance Sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service or any age with twenty years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2014 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and long-term loans are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service and educational foundation.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2014, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year which services are consumed.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2014.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2014, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees".

GASB Statement No. 70 improves the recognition, measurement, and disclosures for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2014 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>I</u>	<u>Deficit</u>
Race to the top	\$	8
IDEA Part-B		15,727
Title I - disadvantaged children		9,221
Improving teacher quality		154

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash with Fiscal Agent

At fiscal year end, the District had \$1,928,278 cash held by the fiscal agent which cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants.

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$2,679,031. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2014, \$1,668,565 of the District's bank balance of \$2,723,145 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,054,580 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Inve	estment
		Ma	aturity
		6 mc	onths or
Investment type	Fair Value	1	less
STAR Ohio	\$ 461	\$	461

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2014:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair</u>	Value	% to Total
STAR Ohio	\$	461	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 2,679,031
Investments	461
Cash with fiscal agent	1,928,278
Total	\$ 4,607,770
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 4,555,052
Agency fund	52,718
Total	\$ 4,607,770

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2014, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following amounts due to/from other funds:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	<u>An</u>	<u>nount</u>
General fund	Nonmajor governmental fund	\$	351

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover negative cash balances in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2014 are reported on the statement of net position.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2014 were levied after April 1, 2013, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 became a lien on December 31, 2012, were levied after April 1, 2013, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Tuscarawas and Stark Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2014, are available to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014 was \$463,157 in the general fund and \$42,565 in the bond retirement fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2013 was \$689,505 in the general fund and \$60,067 in the bond retirement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2014 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2014 taxes were collected are:

	2013 Second Half Collections		2014 Fir	2014 First	
			Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential					
and other real estate	\$ 192,430,530	93.85	\$ 197,852,370	93.44	
Public utility personal	12,618,740	6.15	13,896,530	6.56	
Total	\$ 205,049,270	100.00	\$ 211,748,900	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:					
General	\$33.20		\$33.10		
Bond	2.70		2.70		

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2014 consisted of taxes, accounts (rebates and refunds) and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Taxes - current and delinquent	\$ 6,038,985
Intergovernmental	100,972
Accounts	6,533
Total receivables	\$ 6,146,490

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2014
Governmental activities:	June 30, 2013	Additions	Disposais	Julie 30, 2014
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 146,677	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 146,677
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	146,677			146,677
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	595,873	93,644	-	689,517
Building/improvements	9,404,126	30,232	-	9,434,358
Furniture/equipment	1,506,058	16,000	(470,217)	1,051,841
Vehicles	1,460,517	6,095	(47,172)	1,419,440
Total capital assets, being depreciated	12,966,574	145,971	(517,389)	12,595,156
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(368,596)	(19,130)	-	(387,726)
Building/improvements	(4,238,457)	(136,466)	-	(4,374,923)
Furniture/equipment	(1,029,960)	(63,852)	284,025	(809,787)
Vehicles	(483,388)	(123,698)	1,458	(605,628)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,120,401)	(343,146)	285,483	(6,178,064)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,992,850	\$ (197,175)	\$ (231,906)	\$ 6,563,769

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:		
Regular	\$	123,567
Special		8,387
Support services:		
Pupil		1,283
Instructional staff		15,196
Administration		14,779
Operations and maintenance		8,248
Pupil transportation		133,391
Extracurricular		12,983
Food service operations	_	25,312
Accumulated depreciation	<u>\$</u>	343,146

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

A. In a prior year, the District entered into leases for copier equipment. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. Capital assets acquired by lease have been originally capitalized in the amount of \$106,000, which represents the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2014 was \$84,800, leaving a current book value of \$21,200.

A corresponding liability is recorded in the statement of net position. Principal and interest payments in the 2014 fiscal year totaled \$22,685 and \$1,991, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service payments of the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2015	\$ 20,564
Total minimum lease payments	20,564
Less: amount representing interest	(566)
Total	\$ 19,998

B. In a prior year, the District entered into a lease purchase agreement with Huntington Bank for various school buses. Capital lease payments are reflected as general fund expenditures in the basic financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. Capital assets acquired by lease had been originally capitalized in the amount of \$561,314, which represents the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2015	\$ 121,133
2016	121,133
2017	121,133
Total minimum lease payments	363,399
Less: amount representing interest	(18,040)
Total	\$ 345,359

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. On June 3, 1999, the District issued \$6,949,981 general obligation various purpose refunding bonds. The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$5,980,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$969,981. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 3.40% to 5.35%. The proceeds of the bonds were used to advance refund the District's 1995 general obligation school improvement bonds by purchasing U.S. Government Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the refunded debt. The refunded bonds are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

The assets held in trust as a result of the advance refundings described above are not included in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The capital appreciation bonds mature in various installments between December 1, 2013 and December 1, 2019 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The capital appreciation bonds have approximate compounding interest rates between 8.0839% and 8.9204%. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$4,085,000. A total of \$2,259,746 in accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds has been included in the statement of net position at June 30, 2014.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2014 for the 1999 series general obligation bonds:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2013	<u>Appreciation</u>	Reduction	June 30, 2014
Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	\$ 969,981 2,514,500	\$ - 165,130	\$ (165,116) (419,884)	\$ 804,865 2,259,746
Total G.O. bonds	\$ 3,484,481	\$ 165,130	\$ (585,000)	\$ 3,064,611

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 1999 series general obligation bonds:

Fiscal	Capital Appreciation Bonds				
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total		
2015	\$ 154,570	\$ 425,430	\$ 580,000		
2016	146,349	438,651	585,000		
2017	137,873	447,127	585,000		
2018	129,759	455,241	585,000		
2019	122,008	462,992	585,000		
2020	114,306	465,694	580,000		
Total	\$ 804,865	\$ 2,695,135	\$ 3,500,000		

B. On September 28, 2010, the District issued \$440,000 of Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) to finance energy conservation projects. This issue is comprised of current interest term bonds, par value \$440,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for on the statement of net position. Payments of interest relating to this bond are recorded as expenditures in the bond retirement fund.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issues is December 1, 2022.

For QSCBs, the District receives a direct payment subsidy from the United States Treasury equal to 100% of the lesser of the interest payments on the bonds or the federal tax credits that would otherwise have been available to the holders of the bonds. The District recorded this subsidy from the federal government in the amount of \$18,864 in the permanent improvement fund.

Fiscal	_	Current Interest Bonds				
Year Ended	<u>P</u>	rincipal	Interest		Total	
2015	\$	35,000	\$	17,124	\$	52,124
2016		35,000		15,321		50,321
2017		40,000		13,390		53,390
2018		40,000		11,330		51,330
2019		40,000		9,270		49,270
2020 - 2023	_	160,000		16,480		176,480
Total	\$	350,000	\$	82,915	\$	432,915

C. The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year consist of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2014	Due in One year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 3,484,481	\$ 165,130	\$ (585,000)	\$ 3,064,611	\$ 566,277
Qualified school construction bonds	385,000	-	(35,000)	350,000	35,000
Capital lease obligation	497,400	-	(132,043)	365,357	132,187
Compensated absences:					
Sick leave	610,125	186,724	(20,944)	775,905	190
Vacation leave	46,284	16,707	(20,414)	42,577	31,722
Total compensated absences	656,409	203,431	(41,358)	818,482	31,912
Total governmental activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 5,023,290	\$ 368,561	\$ (793,401)	\$ 4,598,450	\$ 765,376

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2014, are a voted debt margin of \$18,958,554 (including available funds of \$706,018) and an unvoted debt margin of \$211,749.

E. Compensated Absences: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund which the employee's salaries are paid which, for the District, is primarily the general fund, the food service fund, preschool fund, Title VI-B fund and Title I fund.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2014, the District contracted with Ohio School Plan for property and fleet insurance. Coverages provided by Ohio School Plan are as follows:

Building and Contents - replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)

Boiler and Machinery (\$1,000 deductible) \$38,850,838

Inland Marine Coverage

Additional Coverage for portable items Included Automobile Liability - collision 2,000,000

(\$1,000 deductible comprehensive/collision Buses; all other \$250/\$500)

Uninsured Motorists \$1,000,000

General liability Excess limits included with primary - Total \$2,000,000

Professional liability is protected by The Ohio School Plan with a \$2,000,000 single occurrence limit, a \$4,000,000 aggregate limit, with a \$2,500 deductible. The limits are excess (not umbrella) deductible applies per Educational Legal Liability claim. The Miller & Miller Insurance Agency maintains \$25,000 public official bonds for the Board President, Superintendent and Assistant Treasurer. The Budgetary Clerk also maintains a \$25,000 public official bond. The \$50,000 bond for the Treasurer is provided by Traveler's Casualty and Surety Company of America through Hylant Group. In addition, the Utica National Insurance Group provides public employee blanket bond for other employees.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Workers' Compensation Rating Program

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. Participants in the Plan are placed on tiers according to their loss history. Participants with low loss histories are rewarded with greater savings than participants with higher loss histories. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for its Plan tier rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts than can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, assistance with safety programs, and actuarial services to the Plan.

C. Employee Medical Benefits

The District provides employee medical/surgical benefits through a self-insured plan and maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. The plan provides medical/surgical coverage, which is 100% paid of reasonable and customary charges. Major medical expense coverage includes a \$200 individual and \$400 family deductible followed by a 10% employee co-payment. A third party administrator, Employee Benefit Management Corp. (EBMC) Dublin, Ohio, reviews all claims, which are then paid by Jefferson Health Plan. The District purchases stop-loss coverage of \$500,000 per individual from Sun Life through Jefferson Health Plan. There is an internal pool from \$35,000 to \$499,999 for stop loss coverage. The District also provides dental and vision coverage on this self-insured basis. The medical premiums are paid by the District at a rate of 88% for all employees. Dental and vision premiums are paid 100% by the District. The premium is paid by the fund that paid the salary for the employee and is based on historical cost information.

Total required monthly premiums for coverage are as follows:

	<u>Family</u>	<u>Individual</u>
Medical/Surgical	\$ 1,375.30	\$ 599.49
Dental	95.24	95.24
Vision	24.16	8.90

The liability for unpaid claims of \$130,902 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2014, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

	Beginning	Current-Year		
	of	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal Year	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal
	Liability	<u>Estimates</u>	<u>Payments</u>	Year-End
Fiscal Year				
2014	\$ 120,049	\$ 1,356,416	\$(1,345,563)	\$ 130,902
2013	170,399	1,261,117	(1,311,467)	120,049

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2014, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 14 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$182,937, \$191,297 and \$210,717, respectively; 80.55 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 14 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$721,402, \$741,580 and \$718,176, respectively; 82.85 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2014 were \$24,121 made by the District and \$18,952 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2014 certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2014, 0.14 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2014, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,250.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$27,606, \$24,218 and \$31,746, respectively; 80.55 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2014, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$10,613, \$10,806 and \$12,444, respectively; 80.55 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2014, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$55,492, \$57,045 and \$55,244, respectively; 82.85 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to Balance Sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	59,152
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(214,030)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		45,447
Net adjustment for other financing sources		(3,700)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(3,201)
Adjustment for encumbrances	_	24,653
GAAP basis	\$	(91,679)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special rotary fund, the public school support fund and the flexible spending account.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Im</u>	Capital provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		253,159
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement		-
Current year qualifying expenditures		(663,261)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		
Current year offsets		=
Waiver granted by ODE		=
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		_
Total	\$	(410,102)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2015	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2014	\$	

NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Ye	ar-End
<u>Fund</u>	Encu	mbrances
General	\$	23,702

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ Pass through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Pass Through Grantor Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
Trogram/ Glaster File	- Number	Number	recorpts	Experienteres
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution): National School Lunch Program	N/A	10.555	\$42,058	\$42,058
Cash Assistance:	IN/A	10.555	Ψ+2,000	Ψ+2,000
School Breakfast Program	N/A	10.553	48,626	48,626
National School Lunch Program	N/A	10.555	209,404	209,404
Cash Assistance Subtotal			258,030	258,030
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			300,088	300,088
Total Child Nutrition Gluster			300,088	300,088
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			300,088	300,088
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1 2013	84.010	47,826	28,442
	C1-S1 2014		166,517	150,371
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			214,343	178,813
Special Education - Grants to States	6B-SF 2013	84.027	45,836	41,451
	6B-SF 2014		288,494	272,205
Total Special Education - Grants to States			334,330	313,656
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TR-S1-2014	84.367	45,117	45,117
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) -				
Race to the Top Incentive Grants:				
Race to the Top Incentive Grants, Resident Educator	2014	84.395		1,050
Race to the Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act	2013		211	
	2014		42,297	41,598
Total Race to the Top Incentive Grants			42,508	42,648
Total U.S. Department of Education			636,298	580,234
Total			\$936,386	\$880,322

See accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) reports the District's federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Government assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Tuscarawas Valley Local School District Tuscarawas County 2637 Tusky Valley Road, NE Bolivar, Ohio 44656

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tuscarawas Valley Local School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 9, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Tuscarawas Valley Local School District
Tuscarawas County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 9, 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Tuscarawas Valley Local School District Tuscarawas County 2637 Tusky Valley Road, NE Bolivar, Ohio 44656

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Tuscarawas Valley Local School District's, Tuscarawas County, Ohio (the District), compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Tuscarawas Valley Local School District
Tuscarawas County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Opinion on the Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect each major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 9, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list): Nutrition Cluster – CFDA #'s 10.553 and 10.555 Special Education – CFDA #84.027	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .315(b) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
2013-001	Financial Reporting – Errors were noted in the District's financial statements, GAAP conversion and the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid.
2013-002	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10(C)— the District posted Bond Retirement levy monies to the General Fund.	Yes	No longer required to be tested.
2013-003	7 CFR 210.7(c), 210.8(c) and 225.9(d) Questioned cost for inaccurately reporting the site claims forms for reimbursement.	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid.
2013-004	2 CFR Part 225, Appendix B Paragrahp (8)(h)(4) – one employee did not maintain time and effort support.	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid.
2013-005	2 CFR Part 225 Appendix A, Section (C)(1)(c) the District spent Food Service Funds for purposes not relating to the Food Service Fund.	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid.



TUSCARAWAS VALLEY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 24, 2015