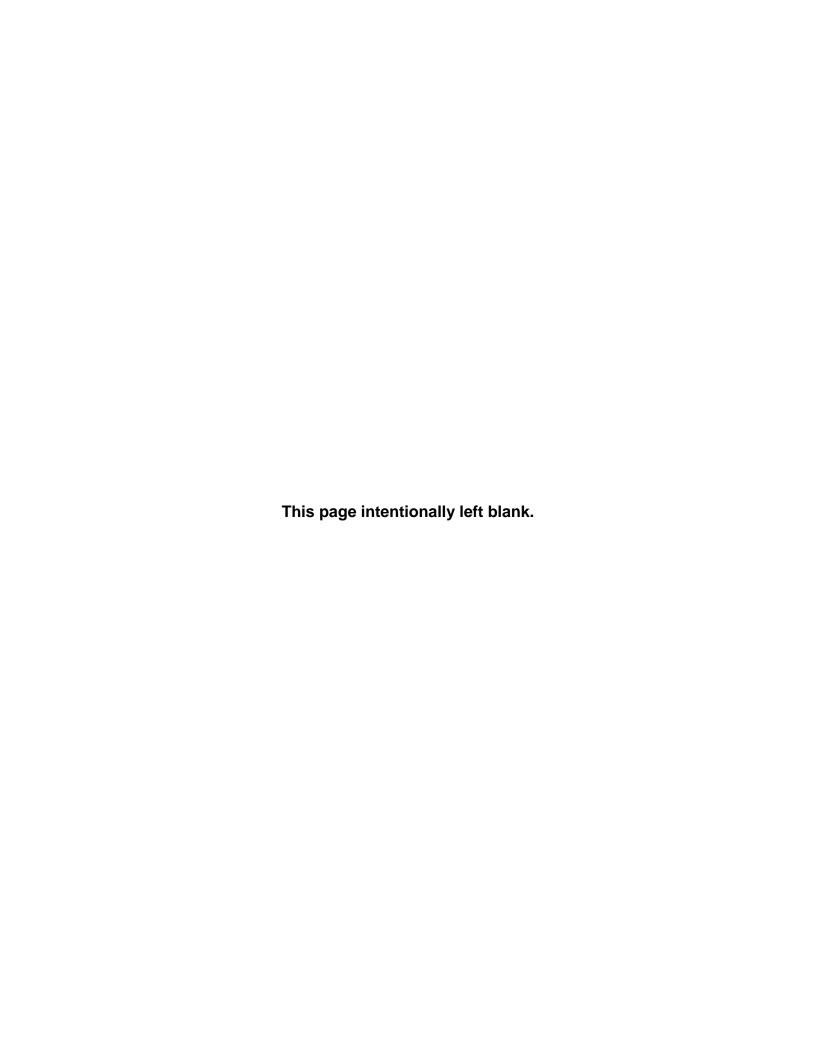




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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Van Buren Hancock County 103 South Main Street, P.O. Box 275 Van Buren, Ohio 45889-0275

To the Village Council:

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements and related notes of the Village of Van Buren, Hancock County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1B of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to satisfy these requirements.

Village of Van Buren Hancock County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles – (Continued)

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Village does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis permitted is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

### Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of the Village of Van Buren, Hancock County, Ohio as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1B.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 27, 2015, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

May 27, 2015

### COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Special Assessments Charges for Services	\$24,694 22,666	\$29,364 9,643	\$27,942 115,995 10,725		\$24,694 79,972 125,638 10,725
Fines, Licenses and Permits Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	975 40 132	5			975 45 132
Total Cash Receipts	48,507	39,012	154,662		242,181
Cash Disbursements					
Current: Security of Persons and Property Public Health Services Leisure Time Activities Community Environment Basic Utility Services Transportation General Government Debt Service:	6,062 1,700 621 3,289 952 27,621	10,175 28,268			16,237 1,700 621 3,289 952 28,268 27,621
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	14,865		76,089 85,319	\$5,266 	96,220 85,319
Total Cash Disbursements	55,110	38,443	161,408	5,266	260,227
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(6,603)	569	(6,746)	(5,266)	(18,046)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	42,813	52,956	169,896	119,085	384,750
Fund Cash Balances, December 31 Restricted Assigned	36,210	53,525	163,150	113,819	330,494 36,210
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$36,210	\$53,525	\$163,150	\$113,819	\$366,704

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CASH BASIS) ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts Charges for Services	\$4,200
Operating Cash Disbursements Contractual Services Supplies and Materials	636 2,984
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	3,620
Operating Income	580
Non-Operating Receipts Miscellaneous Receipts	16
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance	596
Fund Cash Balance, January 1	26,000
Fund Cash Balance, December 31	\$26,596

### COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Special Assessments Charges for Services	\$23,079 23,070	\$28,388 8,957	\$22,942 160,317 4,090	\$5,000	\$23,079 79,400 169,274 4,090
Fines, Licenses and Permits Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	451 41 742	6			451 47 742
Total Cash Receipts	47,383	37,351	187,349	5,000	277,083
Cash Disbursements Current:					
Security of Persons and Property Public Health Services Leisure Time Activities Community Environment Basic Utility Services Transportation	7,105 1,687 462 3,165 952 320	9,963 33,447			17,068 1,687 462 3,165 952 33,767
General Government Capital Outlay Debt Service:	31,826			1,044	31,826 1,044
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	11,708		82,034 88,897		93,742 88,897
Total Cash Disbursements	57,225	43,410	170,931	1,044	272,610
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(9,842)	(6,059)	16,418	3,956	4,473
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	52,655	59,015	153,478	115,129	380,277
Fund Cash Balances, December 31 Restricted Assigned	42,813	52,956	169,896	119,085	341,937 42,813
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$42,813	\$52,956	\$169,896	\$119,085	\$384,750

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CASH BASIS) ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts Charges for Services	\$4,200
Operating Cash Disbursements Contractual Services	623
Operating Income	3,577
Fund Cash Balance, January 1	22,423
Fund Cash Balance, December 31	\$26,000

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Van Buren, Hancock County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village contracts with the Hancock County Sheriff's department to provide security of persons and property. The Village contracts with Allen Township to receive fire protection services. Village residents receive water and sewer services from the City of Findlay, which performs the billing and collection of these charges for services.

The Village participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP) public entity risk pool. Note 7 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

## **B.** Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

# C. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

## 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

<u>Street Lighting Fund</u> – This fund receives special assessment revenue to fund street lighting.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013 (Continued)

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

#### 3. Debt Service Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Village had the following significant Debt Service Funds:

<u>Special Assessments Debt Services – Water Line</u> - This fund receives assessments to pay for the debt on the water line projects.

<u>Special Assessments Debt Services – Sanitary Sewer</u> - This fund receives assessments to pay for the debt on the sanitary sewer projects.

### 4. Capital Project Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Project Funds:

<u>Village Square Project Fund</u> – This fund receives proceeds of Issue 2 funds. The proceeds are being used for the Village square improvement project

<u>Capital Projects Water Fund</u> - This fund was used for installation of water lines within the Village.

### 5. Enterprise Fund

This fund accounts for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Fund:

<u>Post Office Fund</u> - This fund receives rent from the United States Postal Service to cover the cost of providing this facility.

### **D. Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function, object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013 (Continued)

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The Village did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2014 and 2013 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### E. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

### 1. Nonspendable

The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

### 2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

### 3. Committed

Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

#### 4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute. At December 31, 2013, the Village's general fund assigned balance included \$5,341 in encumbrances.

### 5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013 (Continued)

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

### 2. Equity in Pooled Deposits

The Village maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2014	2013
Demand deposits	\$393,300	\$410,750

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

### 3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2014 and 2013 follows:

2014	Budgeted vs	A ofugal	Docointo
2014	Duddeled vs	. Aciuai	Leceinia

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	Budgeted	Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$48,769	\$48,507	(\$262)	
Special Revenue	37,599	39,012	1,413	
Debt Service	174,667	154,662	(20,005)	
Enterprise	4,200	4,216	16	
Total	\$265,235	\$246,397	(\$18,838)	

2014 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$91,585	\$56,129	\$35,456
Special Revenue	90,555	49,116	41,439
Debt Service	344,563	161,408	183,155
Capital Projects	119,086	5,266	113,820
Enterprise	30,201	3,620	26,581
Total	\$675,990	\$275,539	\$400,451

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013 (Continued)

## 3. Budgetary Activity – (Continued)

2013 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

Budgeted Actual				
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$47,549	\$47,383	(\$166)	
Special Revenue	37,600	37,351	(249)	
Debt Service	173,635	187,349	13,714	
Capital Projects		5,000	5,000	
Enterprise	4,200	4,200		
Total	\$262,984	\$281,283	\$18,299	

2013 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$100,204	\$62,566	\$37,638
Special Revenue	96,615	54,974	41,641
Debt Service	327,113	170,931	156,182
Capital Projects	115,130	1,044	114,086
Enterprise	26,623	623	26,000
Total	\$665,685	\$290,138	\$375,547

## 4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

### 5. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2014 was as follows:

Principal	Interest Rate
\$875,559	2.00%
82,836	3.99%
1,464,800	4.25%
\$2,423,195	
	\$875,559 82,836 1,464,800

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013 (Continued)

### 5. Debt – (Continued)

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan # 2896 relates to a water distribution system and trunk line construction. The OWDA approved a loan of \$1,746,599 to the Village for this project. The Village will repay the loan in semiannual installments of \$44,730, including interest, over 25 years. The Village has agreed to set special assessment rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements.

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan # 4308 and USDA-Rural Development loan relate to a sanitary sewer system design the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency mandated. The OWDA approved a loan of \$102,012 and the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) approved a loan of \$1,642,000 to the Village for this project. The Village will repay the OWDA loan in semiannual installments of \$2,931, including interest, over 30 years. The Village will repay the USDA-Rural Development loan in semiannual installments based on the payments stated for the Revenue Bonds, including interest, over 40 years. The Village has agreed to set special assessment rates sufficient to cover OWDA and USDA debt service requirements.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending			
December 31:	OWDA Loan	OWDA Loan	USDA Loan
2015	\$89,461	\$5,862	\$86,101
2016	89,461	5,862	86,164
2017	89,461	5,862	86,083
2018	89,461	5,862	86,059
2019	89,461	5,862	86,183
2020-2024	447,303	29,312	430,919
2025-2029	89,461	29,312	430,716
2030-2034		29,312	430,636
2035-2039		5,862	430,696
2040-2044			430,723
2045			42,995
Total	\$984,069	\$123,108	\$2,627,275

### 6. Retirement System

The Village's officials and employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2014 and 2013, OPERS members contributed 10%, of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14%, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2014.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013 (Continued)

### 7. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Village insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Village belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc. (ARPCO), a division of York Insurance Services Group, Inc. (York), functions as the administrator of PEP and provides underwriting, claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for PEP. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by ARPCO. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

### Casualty and Property Coverage

APEEP provides PEP with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, PEP retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2013, PEP retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$100,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

#### Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and net position at December 31, 2012 and 2013 (the latest information available):

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
Assets	\$34,389,569	\$34,411,883
Liabilities	(14,208,353)	(12,760,194)
Net Position	<u>\$20,181,216</u>	<u>\$21,651,689</u>

At December 31, 2012 and 2013, respectively, the liabilities above include approximately \$13.1 million and \$11.6 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$12.6 million and \$11.1 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 475 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2012 and 2013, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2014, the Village's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$2,000.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013 (Continued)

# 7. Risk Management – (Continued)

Contributions to PEP		
<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	
\$2,923	\$2,955	

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining PEP, if the member notifies PEP in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to PEP. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Van Buren Hancock County 103 South Main Street, P.O. Box 275 Van Buren, Ohio 45889-0275

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Village of Van Buren, Hancock County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 27, 2015 wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider finding 2014-001 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a material weakness.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Village of Van Buren Hancock County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

# Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

May 27, 2015

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2014-001**

### Material Weakness - Monitoring Village Financial Activity

Various transactions were improperly classified in 2014 and 2013 due to insufficient monitoring by management. The financial statements have been adjusted to reflect reclassifications as follows:

- The general fund balance at December 31, 2014 and 2013 was included with the following year's appropriation meaning the fund balance should have been classified as assigned instead of unassigned in the amount of \$35,191 and \$37,472, respectfully.
- Encumbrances in the general fund at year-end were classified as unassigned fund balance instead of assigned fund balance in the amount of \$1,019 and \$5,341 in 2014 and 2013, respectively.
- The payment for waterline from the County Auditor was posted as miscellaneous receipts instead of intergovernmental receipts in the capital project fund in the amount of \$5,000 in 2013.

Accurate financial reporting is the responsibility of the Clerk-Treasurer and Village Council and is essential to ensure the information provided to the readers of the financial statements is complete and accurate. To ensure the Village's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, we recommend the Clerk-Treasurer post all transactions in accordance with the guidance provided in the Ohio Village Officers' Handbook issued by the Auditor of State, and Council adopt procedures for reviewing the financial statements for accuracy.

### Officials' Response:

We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.

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# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDING DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2012-001	Material weakness due to lack of monitoring of financial activity.	No	Not corrected and reissued as Finding 2014-001 in this report.





### **VILLAGE OF VAN BUREN**

## **HANCOCK COUNTY**

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 11, 2015