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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Cloverleaf Local School District Medina County 8525 Friendsville Road Lodi, Ohio 44254

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cloverleaf Local School District, Medina County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Cloverleaf Local School District Medina County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cloverleaf Local School District, Medina County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 21 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standard No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27 and also GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.* We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

#### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Cloverleaf Local School District Medina County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 17, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 17, 2016

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### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The discussion and analysis of the Cloverleaf Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- Ending net positon was negative \$17.3 million, an increase of \$3.8 in comparison with the prior fiscal year-end.
- The District had \$29.5 million in expenses related to governmental activities. \$4.2 million of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions, while the remaining amount was covered by general revenues totaling \$29.2 million.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the permanent improvement fund, and the capital grants fund. The general fund had \$28.8 million in revenues and \$24.8 million in expenditures. During fiscal year 2015, the general fund's fund balance increased \$4.0 million.
- The District's permanent improvement fund had \$980,580 in revenues and \$1.6 million in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2015, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$614,581.
- The District's capital grants fund had \$1.3 million in revenues and \$1.0 million in expenditures. During fiscal year 2015, the capital grant fund's fund balance increased \$327,735.

### **Using these Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The general fund, the permanent improvement fund, and the capital grants fund are the District's most significant funds. These are the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

### Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the District perform financially during 2015?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses (except fiduciary funds) using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, the local economy, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operations and maintenance, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, permanent improvement fund, and capital grants fund.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-23 of this report.

### Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 24 and 25. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements start on page 27 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

### The District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

### **Net Position**

	Governmental Activities				
				Restated	
		2015		2014	
<u>Assets</u>					
Current and Other Assets	\$	27,265,328	\$	22,326,078	
Capital Assets		34,141,708		34,737,311	
Total Assets		61,407,036		57,063,389	
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>					
Unamortized Amount on Refunding		1,421,445		-	
Pension		2,317,233		2,071,012	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,738,678		2,071,012	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current Liabilities		3,099,692		3,654,681	
Long-term Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year		591,070		393,203	
Due in More than One Year:					
Net Pension Liability		31,553,350		37,483,576	
Other Amounts Due in More than One Year		28,795,690		27,785,955	
Total Liabilities		64,039,802		69,317,415	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes		12,737,222		10,990,898	
Pension		5,693,578		- ·	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		18,430,800		10,990,898	
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		8,190,590		8,413,497	
Restricted		3,596,917		3,427,359	
Unrestricted		(29,112,395)		(33,014,768)	
Total Net Position	\$	(17,324,888)	\$	(21,173,912)	

During 2015, the District adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the District is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2014, as disclosed in Note 21.

Current and Other Assets increased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year-end. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in cash and cash equivalents.

The Net Pension Liability decreased significantly. This decrease is primarily the result of favorable pension investment returns.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2015, the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$17.3 million.

The District's net investment in capital assets, including land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles, at June 30, 2015 was \$8.2 million. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and the community and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position, totaling \$3.6 million, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Of this balance, \$3.3 million is restricted for capital projects.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$3.8 million. Total governmental expenses of \$29.5 million were offset by program revenues of \$4.2 million and general revenues of \$29.2 million.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities in fiscal year 2015 are derived from property taxes, school district income taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 83.3% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$17.1 million, 58% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2015.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

### **Change in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities				
	2015	2014			
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 1,873,797	\$ 1,677,613			
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,047,912	2,781,020			
Capital Grants and Contributions	267,380	540,439			
General Revenues					
Property Taxes	13,765,184	12,398,376			
Income Taxes	3,024,756	2,124,928			
Grants and Entitlements	10,995,736	10,586,966			
Shared Sales Taxes	1,059,432	1,043,255			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	59,167	52,000			
Investment Earnings	12,141	6,529			
Miscellaneous	263,360	24,042			
Total Revenues	33,368,865	31,235,168			
Program Expenses					
Instructional	17,093,941	16,985,417			
Support Services	9,622,998	8,646,630			
Food Service	1,074,654	1,009,450			
Community Services	420,879	448,332			
Extracurricular Activities	734,831	745,078			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	572,538	1,889,336			
Total Expenses	29,519,841	29,724,243			
Change in Net Position	3,849,024	1,510,925			
Net Position at Beginning of Year, Restated	(21,173,912)	N/A			
Net Position at End of Year	\$ (17,324,888)	\$ (21,173,912)			

The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense of \$2,071,012 computed under GASB 27. GASB 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. Under GASB 68, the 2015 statements report pension expense of \$1,537,670.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

Consequently, in order to compare 2015 total program expenses to 2015, the following adjustments are needed:

Total 2015 program expenses under GASB 68	\$ 29,519,841
Pension expense under GASB 68	(1,537,670)
2015 contractually required contribution	2,020,539
Adjusted 2015 program expenses	30,002,710
Total 2014 program expenses under GASB 27	 29,724,243
Increase in program expenses not related to pension	\$ 278,467

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted grants and entitlements.

	Total Cost of 2015 Services		Total Cost of 2014 Services		Net Cost of 2015 Services		Net Cost of 2014 Services	
Governmental Activities								
Instructional	\$	17,093,941	\$	16,985,417	\$	15,103,761	\$	14,589,316
Support Services		9,622,998		8,646,630		9,371,185		8,221,451
Food Service		1,074,654		1,009,450		44,533		(20,347)
Community Services		420,879		448,332		74,007		109,271
Extracurricular Activities		734,831		745,078		432,108		466,853
Interest and Fiscal Charges		572,538		1,889,336		305,158		1,358,897
Total	\$	29,519,841	\$	29,724,243	\$	25,330,752	\$	24,725,441

The District's dependence upon taxes and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, as 88.4% of instruction activities are supported through such revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 85.8%. The District's taxpayers, and grants and entitlements received from the State of Ohio and Medina County, are the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds, as presented on the balance sheet on page 19, reported a combined fund balance of \$10.4 million, which is greater than last year's fund balance of \$6.9 million. This increase resulted from lower expenditures during fiscal year 2015 due to cost savings measures implemented by the District. The schedule below indicates the District's fund balances June 30, 2015 and 2014 and the net change in those fund balances during the year.

Fund Balance June 30, 2015	Fund Balance June 30, 2014	Increase/ (Decrease)
7,598,539	3,637,565	3,960,974
2,200,976	2,815,557	(614,581)
787,583	459,848	327,735
(213,586)	28,412	(241,998)
10,373,512	6,941,382	3,432,130
	7,598,539 2,200,976 787,583 (213,586)	June 30, 2015         June 30, 2014           7,598,539         3,637,565           2,200,976         2,815,557           787,583         459,848           (213,586)         28,412

#### General Fund

During 2015, the District's general fund revenues were 9.2% greater than in fiscal year 2014. This is primarily due to the increase in Property and Income taxes.

Overall, expenditures increased \$517,465, or only 2.1%, from 2014. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in the amount of support services.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the activities of the District's general fund during fiscal year 2015.

	2015		 2014	Change	
Revenues		_			
Taxes and Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$	15,921,078	\$ 13,840,819	15.0%	
Tuition and Classroom Fees		591,332	769,473	-23.2%	
Interest Earnings		11,785	6,059	94.5%	
Charges for Services		504,424	244,460	106.3%	
Extracurricular		2,900	46,528	-93.8%	
Intergovernmental		11,393,950	11,337,182	0.5%	
Other Revenue		375,132	 136,191	175.4%	
Total Revenues	\$	28,800,601	\$ 26,380,712	9.2%	
Expenditures					
Instruction	\$	15,542,536	\$ 15,505,768	0.2%	
Support Services		8,470,049	7,995,843	5.9%	
Community Services		295,251	293,189	0.7%	
Extracurricular		484,101	475,698	1.8%	
Debt Service		47,690	51,664	-7.7%	
Total Expenditures	\$	24,839,627	\$ 24,322,162	2.1%	

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

#### Permanent Improvement Fund

The District's permanent improvement fund had \$980,580 in revenues and \$1.6 million in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2015, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$614,581.

### Capital Grants Fund

The District's capital grants fund had \$1.3 million in revenues and \$1.0 million in expenditures. The District receives capital grant revenue from a sales tax approved by Medina County voters and distributed to school districts based on an allocation from the County's Community Improvement Board. The District also receives interest payment subsidies from the federal government to reimburse the District for interest paid on the District's series 2009B certificates of participation which consist of Build America Bonds. The 2009B certificates of participation were refunded during the current fiscal year. During 2015, the District recognized \$438,513 in expenditures for interest payments on the District's certificates of participation. The capital grant fund's fund balance increased \$327,735.

### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2015, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$22,629,934 and were increased to \$23,823,548 in the final budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2015 were \$23,826,043. This represents a \$2,495 increase from budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations were \$23,341,785, which were decreased during the year to \$20,905,274. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2015 totaled \$20,905,679.

### **Capital Assets**

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$34.1 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and fixtures, and vehicles, a decrease of \$595,603 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease represents the amount in which current year depreciation of \$1.2 million exceeded additions of \$583,997.

See note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on Capital Assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Debt Administration**

At fiscal year-end, the District's long-term debt totaled \$27.2 million, an increase of \$1.1 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This increase represents the amount in which current year additions and discount amortization, totaling \$23.1 million, exceeded principal reductions totaling \$21.9 million.

See note 12 to the basic financial statements for additional information on long-term obligations.

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

The District has faced a variety of financial challenges in recent years. In order to stabilize the budget and the District's financial forecasts, management has implemented a variety of cost-cutting measures. On May 6, 2014, the District's voters passed an additional 3.5 mill operating levy and an additional 0.75% income tax. The District's efforts in cutting costs and the passage of the new levies has resulted in the District being released from fiscal emergency on January 27, 2015.

The District will continue to strive for financial stability while attempting to minimize the impact on students. Management will continue to collaborate with staff members and the community to improve the financial condition of the Cloverleaf Local School District for the benefit of students.

### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. James Hudson, Treasurer, Cloverleaf Local School District, 8525 Friendsville Rd., Lodi, Ohio 44254.

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### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

	G	overnmental Activities
Assets	_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,427,714
Receivables:		
Property Taxes		14,306,074
Income Taxes		1,511,324
Shared Sales Taxes		514,353
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		58,550
Due From Other Governments		278,215
Prepaid Assets		145,026
Materials and Supplies Inventory		24,072
Capital Assets:		
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		593,900
Depreciable Capital Assets		33,547,808
Total Assets		61,407,036
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		
Deferred Charge on Refunding		1,421,445
Pension		2,317,233
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,738,678
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		144,456
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		2,092,181
Due to Other Governments		500,329
Accrued Interest Payable		362,726
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year		591,070
Due in More Than One Year:		
Net Pension Liability		31,553,350
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year		28,795,690
Total Liabilities		64,039,802
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property and Other Local Taxes		12,737,222
Pension		5,693,578
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		18,430,800
Net Position		0.100.500
Net Investment in Capital Assets		8,190,590
Restricted for:		
Debt Service		106,521
Capital Improvements		3,304,855
Locally Funded Programs		1,335
Extracurricular Activities		136,132
State Funded Programs		10,800
Federally Funded Programs		37,274
Unrestricted		(29,112,395)
Total Net Position	\$	(17,324,888)

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Prog	ram Revenues			Rev	Net (Expense) venue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales			Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
<b>Governmental Activities</b>									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$ 12,435,367	\$	823,925	\$	476,362	\$	-	\$	(11,135,080)
Special	2,862,612		-		689,893		-		(2,172,719)
Vocational	104,259		-		-		-		(104,259)
Other Instruction	1,691,703		-		-		-		(1,691,703)
Support services:									
Pupils	1,573,707		71,820		25,750		-		(1,476,137)
Instructional Staff	908,064		-		132,282		-		(775,782)
Board of Education	165,881		-		2,896		-		(162,985)
Administration	1,399,479		-		-		-		(1,399,479)
Fiscal	556,681		-		12,180		-		(544,501)
Business	130,947		-		<del>-</del>		-		(130,947)
Operation and Maintenance	2,589,712		-		6,885		-		(2,582,827)
Pupil Transportation	2,196,239		-		-		-		(2,196,239)
Central	102,288						-		(102,288)
Food Service Operations	1,074,654		328,457		701,664		-		(44,533)
Community Services	420,879		346,872		-		-		(74,007)
Extracurricular Activities	734,831		302,723		-		<del>-</del>		(432,108)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 572,538	-0	1 072 707		-	-	267,380		(305,158)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 29,519,841	\$	1,873,797	\$	2,047,912	\$	267,380		(25,330,752)
			eral Revenues perty Taxes Le		for:				
			eneral Purpose						12,943,707
			apital Outlay						821,477
			ome Taxes Lev	vied fo	or General Pur	poses			3,024,756
			ments in Lieu						59,167
		Un	restricted Gran	ts and	Entitlements				10,995,736
		Sha	ared Sales Taxo	es					1,059,432
		Inv	estment Earnir	ıgs					12,141
		Mi	scellaneous	•					263,360
		Tota	l General Reve	enues					29,179,776
		Cha	nge in Net Posi	tion					3,849,024
		Net	Position Begin	ning c	of Year, Restat	ed			(21,173,912)
		Net	Position End o	f Year	r			\$	(17,324,888)

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

Assets:         Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 7,441,333         \$ 2,171,955         \$ 552,195         \$ 262,231         \$ 1,042,714           Receivables:         Property Taxes         13,485,315         820,759           14,306,074           Income Taxes         1,511,324          514,353          151,1324           Shared Sales Taxes         55,550         3,000         514,353          558,550           Due From Other Governments         92,490           10,299          278,215         278,215           Due From Other Funds         92,490           10,299         92,490           Prepaid Assets         38,627           24,072         24,072           Advances To Other Funds         279,706           24,072         24,072           Advances From Standie         \$ 22,994,345         \$ 38,699         \$ \$ 15,512         \$ 144,456           Accured Wages and Benefits Payable         1,898,165         \$ \$ 1,066,548         \$ 700,705         276,375,24           Due To Other Funds         \$ 1,898,165         \$ 38,699         \$ 15,512         \$ 144,456 <t< th=""><th></th><th colspan="2">Permanent General Improvement Fund Fund</th><th>Capital Grants Fund</th><th>Other Governmental Funds</th><th colspan="2">Total Governmental Funds</th></t<>		Permanent General Improvement Fund Fund		Capital Grants Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Receivables:   Property Taxes   13,485,315   820,759     14,306,074   Income Taxes   1,511,324     1,511,324   Shared Sales Taxes   55,550   3,000   514,353     514,353   Payments in Lieu of Taxes   55,550   3,000     52,855   Due From Other Governments	Assets:						
Property Taxes		\$ 7,441,333	\$ 2,171,955	\$ 552,195	\$ 262,231	\$ 10,427,714	
Income Taxes		13,485,315	820,759	-	-	14,306,074	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes   55,550   3,000			-	-	-		
Due From Other Funds	Shared Sales Taxes	-	-	514,353	-		
Due From Other Funds	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	55,550	3,000	-	-	58,550	
Due From Other Funds		-	-	-	278,215		
Materials and Supplies Inventory Advances To Other Funds         279,706         -         24,072         24,072         279,706           Total Assets         \$ 22,904,345         \$ 2,995,714         \$ 1,066,548         \$ 670,917         \$ 27,637,524           Liabilities:         ****         ****         ****         ****         ****         \$ 144,456           Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Due to Other Governments         459,441         -         -         40,888         \$ 500,329           Due to Other Funds         459,441         -         -         40,888         \$ 500,329           Due To Other Funds         -         -         -         -         2,92,490         92,4	Due From Other Funds	92,490	-	-	-		
Advances To Other Funds         279,706         -         -         -         279,706           Total Assets         \$ 22,904,345         \$ 2,995,714         \$ 1,066,548         \$ 670,917         \$ 27,637,524           Liabilities:	Prepaid Assets	38,627	-	-	106,399	145,026	
Total Assets	Materials and Supplies Inventory	-	-	-	24,072	24,072	
Cabilities:	Advances To Other Funds	279,706	-	-	-	279,706	
Accounts Payable         \$ 90,245         \$ 38,699         \$ - \$ 15,512         \$ 144,456           Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable         1,898,165         - 0         40,888         500,329           Due to Other Governments         459,441         - 0         92,490         92,490           Matured Leave Benefits Payable         178,900         - 0         279,706         279,706           Advances From Other Funds         - 0         - 279,706         279,706           Total Liabilities         2,626,751         38,699         - 633,952         32,99,402           Deferred Inflows of Resources:           Unavailable Revenue         673,797         24,075         278,965         250,551         1,227,388           Property and Other Local Taxes         12,005,258         731,964         78,965         250,551         12,273,222           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         12,679,055         756,039         278,965         250,551         13,964,610           Fund Balances:           Unavailable Revenue         673,797         24,072         278,965         250,551         13,964,610           Fund Balances         38,627         -         -         10,639         145,026	Total Assets	\$ 22,904,345	\$ 2,995,714	\$ 1,066,548	\$ 670,917	\$ 27,637,524	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable   1,898,165   -	Liabilities:						
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable   1,898,165   -   194,016   2,092,181     Due to Other Governments   459,441   -   -   4,0888   500,329     Due To Other Funds   -   -   92,490   92,490     Matured Leave Benefits Payable   178,900   -     11,340   190,240     Matured Leave Benefits Payable   178,900   -     279,706   279,706     Total Liabilities   2,626,751   38,699   -     633,952   3,299,402     Deferred Inflows of Resources:	Accounts Payable	\$ 90,245	\$ 38,699	\$ -	\$ 15,512	\$ 144,456	
Due to Other Governments         459,441         -         40,888         500,329           Due To Other Funds         -         -         92,490         92,490           Matured Leave Benefits Payable         178,900         -         -         11,340         190,240           Advances From Other Funds         -         -         -         279,706         279,706           Total Liabilities         2,626,751         38,699         -         633,952         3,299,402           Deferred Inflows of Resources:           Unavailable Revenue         673,797         24,075         278,965         250,551         1,227,388           Property and Other Local Taxes         12,005,258         731,964         -         -         12,737,222           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         12,679,055         756,039         278,965         250,551         13,264,610           Fund Balances:           Non-spendable:           Properly and Other Local Taxes         12,005,258         731,964         -         -         -         122,737,222           Total Balances           Non-spendable:           Properly and Other Local Taxes         38,627		1,898,165	-	-			
Due To Other Funds			-	-			
Advances From Other Funds         -         -         -         279,706         279,706           Total Liabilities         2,626,751         38,699         -         633,952         3,299,402           Deferred Inflows of Resources:           Unavailable Revenue         673,797         24,075         278,965         250,551         1,227,388           Property and Other Local Taxes         12,005,258         731,964         -         -         12,737,222           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         12,679,055         756,039         278,965         250,551         13,964,610           Fund Balances:           Non-spendable:           Prepaid Assets         38,627         -         -         106,399         145,026           Materials and Supplies Inventory         -         -         -         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         279,706         -         -         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         7,829         -         -         2,207         122         22,207           Restricted for:         Debt Service         -         2,200,976         787,583         13,256         3,01,815           Locally Funded Pro	Due To Other Funds	-	-	-	92,490		
Advances From Other Funds         -         -         -         279,706         279,706           Total Liabilities         2,626,751         38,699         -         633,952         3,299,402           Deferred Inflows of Resources:           Unavailable Revenue         673,797         24,075         278,965         250,551         1,227,388           Property and Other Local Taxes         12,005,258         731,964         -         -         12,737,222           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         12,679,055         756,039         278,965         250,551         13,964,610           Fund Balances:           Non-spendable:           Prepaid Assets         38,627         -         -         106,399         145,026           Materials and Supplies Inventory         -         -         -         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         279,706         -         -         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         7,829         -         -         2,207         122         22,207           Restricted for:         Debt Service         -         2,200,976         787,583         13,256         3,01,815           Locally Funded Pro	Matured Leave Benefits Payable	178,900	-	-	11,340	190,240	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue		-	-	-	279,706	279,706	
Unavailable Revenue         673,797         24,075         278,965         250,551         1,227,388           Property and Other Local Taxes         12,005,258         731,964         -         -         12,737,222           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         12,679,055         756,039         278,965         250,551         13,964,610           Fund Balances:           Non-spendable:         -         -         -         106,399         145,026           Materials and Supplies Inventory         -         -         -         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         279,706         -         -         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         279,706         -         -         -         279,706           Unclaimed Monies         7,829         -         -         -         279,706           Unclaimed Monies         7,829         -         -         122         220,976           Restricted for:         -         -         122         122           Capital Improvements         -         -         -         1,335         1,335           Locally Funded Programs         -         -         -         136,132         13	Total Liabilities	2,626,751	38,699			3,299,402	
Unavailable Revenue         673,797         24,075         278,965         250,551         1,227,388           Property and Other Local Taxes         12,005,258         731,964         -         -         12,737,222           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         12,679,055         756,039         278,965         250,551         13,964,610           Fund Balances:           Non-spendable:         -         -         -         106,399         145,026           Materials and Supplies Inventory         -         -         -         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         279,706         -         -         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         279,706         -         -         -         279,706           Unclaimed Monies         7,829         -         -         -         279,706           Unclaimed Monies         7,829         -         -         122         220,976           Restricted for:         -         -         122         122           Capital Improvements         -         -         -         1,335         1,335           Locally Funded Programs         -         -         -         136,132         13	Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Property and Other Local Taxes   12,005,258   731,964   -   -   12,737,222		673,797	24.075	278,965	250,551	1,227,388	
Fund Balances:         12,679,055         756,039         278,965         250,551         13,964,610           Fund Balances:           Non-spendable:           Prepaid Assets         38,627         -         -         106,399         145,026           Materials and Supplies Inventory         -         -         -         24,072         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         279,706         -         -         -         279,706           Unclaimed Monies         7,829         -         -         -         7,829           Restricted for:         -         -         -         -         7,829           Restricted for:         -         -         -         -         122         122           Capital Improvements         -         2,200,976         787,583         13,256         3,001,815           Locally Funded Programs         -         -         -         136,132         136,132           Extracurricular Activities         -         -         -         136,132         136,132           State Funded Programs         -         -         -         10,800         10,800           Federally Funded Programs				-	-		
Non-spendable:   Prepaid Assets   38,627   -   106,399   145,026     Materials and Supplies Inventory   -   -   24,072   24,072     Long-term Loans   279,706   -   -   24,072   279,706     Unclaimed Monies   7,829   -   -     -   279,706     Unclaimed Monies   7,829   -   -     -   7,829     Restricted for:    Debt Service   -   -   122   122     Capital Improvements   -   2,200,976   787,583   13,256   3,001,815     Locally Funded Programs   -   -   1,335   1,335     Extracurricular Activities   -   -   136,132   136,132     State Funded Programs   -   -   10,800   10,800     Federally Funded Programs   -   -   4,961   4,961     Committed for:   Committed for:   Community Recreation   348,009   -   -   -   348,009     Assigned for:     115,644   -   -     115,644     Support Services   52,871   -   -     52,871     Uniform School Supplies   166,842   -   -     166,842     Public School Support   91,573   -   -   91,573     Unassigned   6,497,438   -     -   (510,663)   5,986,775     Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				278,965	250,551		
Prepaid Assets         38,627         -         106,399         145,026           Materials and Supplies Inventory         -         -         -         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         279,706         -         -         -         279,706           Unclaimed Monies         7,829         -         -         -         7,829           Restricted for:         -         -         -         122         122           Debt Service         -         -         -         122         122           Capital Improvements         -         2,200,976         787,583         13,256         3,001,815           Locally Funded Programs         -         -         -         1,335         1,335           Extracurricular Activities         -         -         -         136,132         136,132           State Funded Programs         -         -         -         10,800         10,800           Federally Funded Programs         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -         -         -         -	Fund Balances:						
Prepaid Assets         38,627         -         106,399         145,026           Materials and Supplies Inventory         -         -         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         279,706         -         -         -         279,706           Unclaimed Monies         7,829         -         -         -         7,829           Restricted for:         Bebt Service         -         -         -         122         122           Capital Improvements         -         2,200,976         787,583         13,256         3,001,815           Locally Funded Programs         -         -         -         1,335         1,335           Extracurricular Activities         -         -         -         136,132         136,132           State Funded Programs         -         -         -         10,800         10,800           Federally Funded Programs         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Instruction         115,644         -	Non-spendable:						
Materials and Supplies Inventory         -         -         24,072         24,072           Long-term Loans         279,706         -         -         -         279,706           Unclaimed Monies         7,829         -         -         -         7,829           Restricted for:         Debt Service         -         -         -         -         122         122           Capital Improvements         -         2,200,976         787,583         13,256         3,001,815           Locally Funded Programs         -         -         -         1,335         1,335           Extracurricular Activities         -         -         -         136,132         136,132           State Funded Programs         -         -         -         10,800         10,800           Federally Funded Programs         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -		38,627	-	-	106,399	145,026	
Long-term Loans         279,706         -         -         -         279,706           Unclaimed Monies         7,829         -         -         -         7,829           Restricted for:         122         123         1335         1,335         1,335         1,335         1,335         1,335         1,345         1,345         1,345         1,345 <td colspa<="" td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>24,072</td></td>	<td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>24,072</td>		-	-	-		24,072
Restricted for:         Debt Service         -         -         -         122         122           Capital Improvements         -         2,200,976         787,583         13,256         3,001,815           Locally Funded Programs         -         -         -         1,335         1,335           Extracurricular Activities         -         -         -         136,132         136,132           State Funded Programs         -         -         -         -         10,800         10,800           Federally Funded Programs         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         -         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         -         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Support Services         52,871         -         -         -         52,871           Uniform School Supplies         166,842         -         -         -         -         91,573		279,706	-	-	-	279,706	
Debt Service         -         -         -         122         122           Capital Improvements         -         2,200,976         787,583         13,256         3,001,815           Locally Funded Programs         -         -         -         1,335         1,335           Extracurricular Activities         -         -         -         136,132         136,132           State Funded Programs         -         -         -         -         10,800         10,800           Federally Funded Programs         -         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         -         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Instruction         115,644         -         -         -         52,871           Uniform School Supplies         166,842         -         -         -         52,871           Unassigned         6,497,438	Unclaimed Monies	7,829	-	-	-	7,829	
Capital Improvements         -         2,200,976         787,583         13,256         3,001,815           Locally Funded Programs         -         -         -         1,335         1,335           Extracurricular Activities         -         -         -         136,132         136,132           State Funded Programs         -         -         -         10,800         10,800           Federally Funded Programs         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         -         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         -         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -         -         -         -         115,644           Support Services         52,871         -         -         -         52,871           Uniform School Supplies         166,842         -         -         -         91,573           Unassigned         6,497,438         -	Restricted for:						
Locally Funded Programs         -         -         -         1,335         1,335           Extracurricular Activities         -         -         -         136,132         136,132           State Funded Programs         -         -         -         -         10,800         10,800           Federally Funded Programs         -         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         -         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         -         -         -         -         -         115,644           Support Services         52,871         -         -         -         52,871           Uniform School Supplies         166,842         -         -         -         -         91,573           Unassigned         6,497,438         -         -         (510,663)         5,986,775<	Debt Service	-	-	-	122	122	
Extracurricular Activities       -       -       -       136,132       136,132         State Funded Programs       -       -       -       10,800       10,800         Federally Funded Programs       -       -       -       4,961       4,961         Committed for:       Community Recreation       348,009       -       -       -       348,009         Assigned for:       Instruction       115,644       -       -       -       115,644         Support Services       52,871       -       -       -       52,871         Uniform School Supplies       166,842       -       -       -       166,842         Public School Support       91,573       -       -       -       91,573         Unassigned       6,497,438       -       -       (510,663)       5,986,775         Total Fund Balances       7,598,539       2,200,976       787,583       (213,586)       10,373,512	Capital Improvements	-	2,200,976	787,583		3,001,815	
State Funded Programs         -         -         -         10,800         10,800           Federally Funded Programs         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         Community Recreation         348,009         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         Instruction         115,644         -         -         -         115,644           Support Services         52,871         -         -         -         52,871           Uniform School Supplies         166,842         -         -         -         166,842           Public School Support         91,573         -         -         -         91,573           Unassigned         6,497,438         -         -         (510,663)         5,986,775           Total Fund Balances         7,598,539         2,200,976         787,583         (213,586)         10,373,512	Locally Funded Programs	-	-	-	1,335	1,335	
Federally Funded Programs         -         -         -         4,961         4,961           Committed for:         Community Recreation         348,009         -         -         -         -         348,009           Assigned for:         Instruction         115,644         -         -         -         115,644           Support Services         52,871         -         -         -         52,871           Uniform School Supplies         166,842         -         -         -         166,842           Public School Support         91,573         -         -         -         91,573           Unassigned         6,497,438         -         -         (510,663)         5,986,775           Total Fund Balances         7,598,539         2,200,976         787,583         (213,586)         10,373,512	Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	136,132	136,132	
Committed for:         Community Recreation       348,009       -       -       -       348,009         Assigned for:       Instruction       115,644       -       -       -       115,644         Support Services       52,871       -       -       -       52,871         Uniform School Supplies       166,842       -       -       -       166,842         Public School Support       91,573       -       -       -       91,573         Unassigned       6,497,438       -       -       (510,663)       5,986,775         Total Fund Balances       7,598,539       2,200,976       787,583       (213,586)       10,373,512		-	-	-	10,800	10,800	
Community Recreation       348,009       -       -       -       -       348,009         Assigned for:       Instruction       115,644       -       -       -       115,644         Support Services       52,871       -       -       -       52,871         Uniform School Supplies       166,842       -       -       -       166,842         Public School Support       91,573       -       -       -       91,573         Unassigned       6,497,438       -       -       (510,663)       5,986,775         Total Fund Balances       7,598,539       2,200,976       787,583       (213,586)       10,373,512	Federally Funded Programs	-	-	-	4,961	4,961	
Assigned for:  Instruction							
Instruction         115,644         -         -         -         115,644           Support Services         52,871         -         -         -         52,871           Uniform School Supplies         166,842         -         -         -         166,842           Public School Support         91,573         -         -         -         91,573           Unassigned         6,497,438         -         -         (510,663)         5,986,775           Total Fund Balances         7,598,539         2,200,976         787,583         (213,586)         10,373,512   Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		348,009	-	-	-	348,009	
Support Services         52,871         -         -         -         52,871           Uniform School Supplies         166,842         -         -         -         166,842           Public School Support         91,573         -         -         -         91,573           Unassigned         6,497,438         -         -         (510,663)         5,986,775           Total Fund Balances         7,598,539         2,200,976         787,583         (213,586)         10,373,512           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		115,644	_	_	-	115,644	
Uniform School Supplies         166,842         -         -         -         166,842           Public School Support         91,573         -         -         -         91,573           Unassigned         6,497,438         -         -         (510,663)         5,986,775           Total Fund Balances         7,598,539         2,200,976         787,583         (213,586)         10,373,512           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			_	_	_		
Public School Support         91,573         -         -         -         91,573           Unassigned         6,497,438         -         -         (510,663)         5,986,775           Total Fund Balances         7,598,539         2,200,976         787,583         (213,586)         10,373,512           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			_	_	_		
Unassigned         6,497,438         -         -         (510,663)         5,986,775           Total Fund Balances         7,598,539         2,200,976         787,583         (213,586)         10,373,512           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			_	_	_		
Total Fund Balances         7,598,539         2,200,976         787,583         (213,586)         10,373,512           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			_	_	(510.663)		
	9		2,200,976	787,583			
	Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of						
		\$ 22,904,345	\$ 2,995,714	\$ 1,066,548	\$ 670,917	\$ 27,637,524	

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

<b>Total Governmental Fund Balances</b>	\$ 10,373,512
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net positon are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	34,141,708
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the funds.	
Property Taxes Receivable	413,602
Income Taxes Receivable	284,270
Shared Sales Taxes Receivable	278,965
Due From Other Governments	250,551
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	2,317,233
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(5,693,578)
Net Pension Liability	(31,553,350)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds and Notes Payable	(27,241,324)
Unamortized Amount on Refunding	1,421,445
Accrued Interest Payable	(362,726)
Capital Leases Payable	(131,239)
Compensated Absence Payable	(1,823,957)
T	(28,137,801)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (17,324,888)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	Permanent Improvement Fund	Capital Grants Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			-		
From Local Sources:					
Property Taxes	\$ 12,987,013	\$ 828,395	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,815,408
Income Taxes	2,877,947	-	-	-	2,877,947
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	56,118	3,049	-	-	59,167
Tuition	591,332	· -	-	_	591,332
Investment Income	11,785	-	-	356	12,141
Charges for Services	504,424	_	_	326,861	831,285
Extracurricular	2,900	_	_	235,884	238,784
Shared Sales Taxes	_,,	_	1,065,118		1,065,118
Other Local	375,132	5,506	-	95,118	475,756
Intergovernmental - State	11,322,247	143,630	_	17,422	11,483,299
Intergovernmental - Federal	71,703	-	267,380	1,613,309	1,952,392
Total Revenues	28,800,601	980,580	1,332,498	2,288,950	33,402,629
F					
Expenditures:					
Instruction:	11 505 004	522.057		06.000	12 206 060
Regular	11,587,004	522,957	-	96,899	12,206,860
Special	2,163,385	-	-	799,331	2,962,716
Vocational	100,994	-	-	-	100,994
Other Instruction	1,691,153	-	-	-	1,691,153
Support services:	1 400 402			04056	1.504.250
Pupils	1,489,403	-	-	94,876	1,584,279
Instructional Staff	703,915	45,702	-	156,683	906,300
Board of Education	149,948	890	-	15,043	165,881
Administration	1,340,727	-	-	-	1,340,727
Fiscal	545,330	14,873	-	4,928	565,131
Business	103,919	-	-	-	103,919
Operation and Maintenance	1,980,839	578,467	-	9,863	2,569,169
Pupil Transportation	2,057,457	158,404	-	-	2,215,861
Central	98,511	-	-	-	98,511
Food Service Operations	-	20,914	-	1,005,117	1,026,031
Community Services	295,251	-	-	-	295,251
Extracurricular Activities	484,101	-	-	211,876	695,977
Capital Outlay	-	178,794	1,250	10,682	190,726
Debt service:					
Principal Retirement	41,657	-	565,000	65,000	671,657
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,033	-	438,513	250,989	695,535
COPS Issuance Costs	-	-	-	148,535	148,535
Total Expenditures	24,839,627	1,521,001	1,004,763	2,869,822	30,235,213
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	3,960,974	(540,421)	327,735	(580,872)	3,167,416
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Issuance of Debt	-	-	-	23,370,000	23,370,000
Discount on COPS Issued	-	-	_	(293,016)	(293,016)
Payment to refunded COPS escrow	-	-	-	(22,812,270)	(22,812,270)
Transfers In	-	-	-	74,160	74,160
Transfers Out	-	(74,160)	-	´ -	(74,160)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(74,160)		338,874	264,714
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,960,974	(614,581)	327,735	(241,998)	3,432,130
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,637,565	2,815,557	459,848	28,412	6,941,382
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 7,598,539	\$ 2,200,976	\$ 787,583	\$ (213,586)	\$ 10,373,512
<u></u>	+ .,570,557			(310,000)	,,

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVIITES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	3,432,130
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Depreciation Expense Capital Outlay Net effect of capital assets sales and disposals		(1,177,964) 583,997 (1,636)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.  Property Taxes - Delinquent Income Taxes Shared Sales Taxes Due From Other Governments	ed	(50,224) 146,809 (5,686) (124,663)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		2,020,539
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.		(1,537,670)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.  Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.  Issuance of COPS  Bond and COPS Principal Repayments  Payment to Refunded COPS Escrow  Discount on COPS  Amortization of Bond Discount and Deferred Amount on Refunding  Capital Lease Principal Repayments		(23,370,000) 630,000 22,812,270 293,016 (81,798) 41,657
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences payable, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.  Compensated Absences Accrued Interest		(115,083)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	353,330 3,849,024

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
Revenues:				
From Local Sources:				
Property Taxes	\$ 8,921,465	\$ 9,392,027	\$ 9,392,027	\$ -
Income Taxes	2,324,598	2,447,209	2,447,209	-
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	44,471	46,817	46,817	-
Tuition	547,086	575,942	577,392	1,450
Investment Income	10,210	10,748	11,785	1,037
Extracurricular	2,755	2,900	2,900	-
Other Local	176,225	185,520	185,528	8
Intergovernmental - State	10,535,014	11,090,682	11,090,682	_
Intergovernmental - Federal	68,111	71,703	71,703	-
Total Revenues	22,629,934	23,823,548	23,826,043	2,495
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,489,136	7,600,216	7,600,246	(30)
Special	2,584,556	2,314,796	2,314,796	-
Vocational	113,696	101,787	101,787	_
Other Instruction	1,896,775	1,698,101	1,698,101	_
Support services:	-,-,-,	-,000	-,	
Pupils	1,699,793	1,522,165	1,522,165	_
Instructional Staff	824,375	738,166	738,166	_
Board of Education	172,168	154,135	154,135	_
Administration	1,597,745	1,430,445	1,430,445	_
Fiscal	552,416	494,633	495,008	(375)
Business	176,033	157,693	157,693	(c , c )
Operation and Maintenance	2,320,632	2,082,247	2,082,247	_
Pupil Transportation	2,299,489	2,060,330	2,060,330	_
Central	108,775	97,385	97,385	_
Community Services	3,347	2,996	2,996	_
Extracurricular Activities	502,849	450,179	450,179	_
Total Expenditures	23,341,785	20,905,274	20,905,679	(405)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(711,851)	2,918,274	2,920,364	2,090
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	3,389,557	3,389,557	3,389,557	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	79,994	79,994	79,994	-
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 2,757,700	\$ 6,387,825	\$ 6,389,915	\$ 2,090

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

	Private-Purpose Trust		Agency Fund	
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	18,365	\$	66,334
Liabilities: Accounts Payable		35		_
Due to Others Total Liabilities		35	•	66,334
Net Position: Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$	18,330	Ψ	00,334

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Private-Purpose Trust	
Additions: Gifts and Contributions	\$ 22,678	
<b>Deductions:</b> Scholarships Awarded	 29,377	
Chang in Net Position	(6,699)	
Net Position at Beginning of Year Net Position at End of Year	\$ 25,029 18,330	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT**

The Cloverleaf Local School District (the "District") was established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local District as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education, consisting of five members, and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the District. The District employs 172 certified employees, 159 non-certified employees and 21 administrators who provide services to approximately 2,891 students.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

The following entities, which perform activities within the District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

### Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet)

NEOnet was established as a jointly governed organization among sixteen school districts and the Summit County Educational Service Center that was formed July 1, 1995. NEOnet was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to improve administrative and instructional functions of member districts. NEOnet has since been restructured and organized as a council of governments (COG) under Ohio Revised Code 3301.075 and Chapter 167. The new COG is called the Metropolitan Regional Service Council. The Council serves several program functions for the nineteen school district members, such as NEOnet ITC functions and as a collaborative purchasing agent. The Council is self-supporting and conducts its fiscal services in house with a licensed treasurer.

The Council employs an Executive Director who works cooperatively with a seven-member Board of Directors consisting of four superintendents, the ESC superintendent, one member of the treasurers' committee and one member of the technology committee. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the assembly, which elects the board of directors, who exercises total control over the operation of NEOnet including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. All revenues are generated from State funding and an annual fee per student to participating districts. The Metropolitan Regional Services Council and NEOnet are located at 700 Graham Road, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221. During the current fiscal year, the District paid \$296,083 to the Metropolitan Regional Services Council for service provided.

### Ohio Schools Council of Governments

The Ohio Schools Council (Council) is a jointly governed organization among 200 school districts, educational service centers, joint vocational school districts, and developmental disabilities boards in thirty-five northern Ohio counties. The jointly governed organization was formed to purchase quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to its members. Each member supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of nine superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the board. During fiscal year 2015 the District paid the Council \$1,070. Financial information can be obtained by contacting William Zelei, the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council at 6393 Oak Tree Blvd., Suite 377, Independence, Ohio 44131.

### Medina County Career Center

The Medina County Career Center is a distinct subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board, consisting of one representative from each participating school district's elected board, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Accordingly, the Medina County Career Center is not part of the District and its operations are not included as part of the reporting entity. During fiscal year 2015, the District paid \$3,882 to the Medina County Career Center. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Medina County Career Center, 1101 West Liberty Street, Medina, Ohio 44256.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

### Stark County Schools Council of Governments

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments (the "Council") is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Council. All Council revenues are generated from charges for services. The Council has a Health Benefits Program which is a shared risk pool comprised of 86 entities, most of which are school districts.

### Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

### C. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The general fund, permanent improvement fund and capital grants fund are the only major funds of the District.

General fund - The general fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - The permanent improvement fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

<u>Capital grants fund</u> - The capital grants fund is used to account for revenues or grants received from another local government that are restricted to expenditures for permanent improvements.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust, which accounts for scholarship and alumni programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

#### **D.** Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus and it does not report operations.

#### E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6A). Income taxes are recognized as revenue on the accrual basis in the period in which income is earned (see Note 6B). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, grants, investment earnings, tuition, and student fees.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refundings and for pensions. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 14.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, unavailable revenue, and pension. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2015, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and interest income. These amounts are only reported on the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (See Note 14).

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

<u>Expenditures/Expenses</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental revenue and an expenditure of food service operations. In addition, this amount is reported on the statement of activities as an expense with a like amount reported within the "operating grants and contributions" program revenue account. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### F. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Although the legal level of budgeting control was established at the fund level of expenditures for the general fund, the District has elected to present its respective budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditures.

The certificate of estimated resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. The amounts reported as the original budget revenue in the budgetary statement reflects the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted revenue amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2015. The amounts reported as the original budgeted expenditure amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted expenditure amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not re-appropriated.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### G. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented on the statement of net position in the account, "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents". All investments of the District had a maturity of two years or less.

During the fiscal year, the District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on the last day of the fiscal year.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market price. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings accrue to the general fund except those specifically related to certain trust funds, unless the Board specifically allows the interest to be recorded in other funds. The Board of Education has passed a resolution to allow interest to also be recorded in other funds. Interest revenues credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$11,785 which includes \$5,073 assigned from other District funds.

### H. Inventories and Prepayments

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds, which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of current resources.

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is considered nonspendable in an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and greater than five years useful life. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. It is the policy of the District to not capitalize interest costs incurred as part of construction. All reported capital assets, other than land, are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<b>Estimated Lives</b>
Land improvements	5-20 years
Buildings and improvements	30-50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5-20 years

#### J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from interfund loans and cash deficits among the governmental activities are classified as "Due To/From Other Funds" if they will be repaid within one year and "Advances To/From Other Funds" if not. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

#### **K.** Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured leave benefits payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds; however, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term bonds and certificates of participation are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

#### M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

#### N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### O. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable in the general fund.

*Restricted* - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

*Unassigned* - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

#### P. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses for governmental funds in the fund financial statements. All transfers between governmental funds have been eliminated within the governmental activities column of the statements of net position.

#### Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### R. Issuance Costs and Unamortized Discount of Certificates of Participation and Bonds

On government-wide financial statements, discounts on the issuances of certificates of participation and bonds are amortized over the term of the issue using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and discounts on certificates of participation and bonds are both recognized in the current period. The reconciliation between the face value of the certificates of participation and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 12.

#### NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### **Deficit Fund Balances**

Fund balances at June 30, 2015 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	 Deficit
Food Service	\$ 257,307
Title VI-B	107,971
Title I	105,749
Improving Teacher Quality	15,564

These deficits resulted from the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund is liable for the deficits in these funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts:
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) investment pool;
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 9. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

### A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$7,700,987. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", \$2,216,613 of the District's bank balance of \$8,225,549 was exposed to custodial risk, while \$6,008,936 was covered by the FDIC as discussed below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institution's trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

#### **B.** Investments

At June 30, 2015, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			6 Months or		
Investment Type	F	air Value	Less		
Repurchase Agreement	\$	2,310,000	\$	2,310,000	
STAROhio		501,426		501,426	
Total	\$	2,811,426	\$	2,811,426	

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

*Interest Rate Risk:* As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investment policy requires certain credit ratings for some investments as allowed by State law. The federal agency securities that underlie the District's repurchase agreement were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Service, respectively. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the District's \$2,310,000 investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

#### C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note disclosure above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position at June 30, 2015:

Investments (summarized above)	\$ 2,811,426
Carrying Amount of Deposits	7,700,987
Less: Fiduciary Cash and Investments	(84,699)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents on Statement of Net Position	\$ 10,427,714

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A**. Interfund balances at June 30, 2015, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual long-term interfund loans:

Receivable fund	Payable fund		Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	279,706

The primary purpose of the interfund balance is to cover costs in the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) where revenues were not received by June 30. The interfund balance will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. The interfund balance is not expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

**B**. Interfund balances at June 30, 2015, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following amounts due to and due from other funds:

Due to	Due from	A	mount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	92,490

The purpose of the amount due to/from other funds is to cover negative cash balances in the nonmajor governmental funds. The interfund balance will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received and is expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the statement of net position.

C. Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

	A	mount
Transfers from permanent improvement fund to:		
Nonmajor debt service fund	\$	74,160

The transfer from the permanent improvement fund to the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) was made to utilize funds from the District's permanent improvement property tax levy to service debt assumed for building improvements. Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the statement of activities.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 6 – TAXES**

#### A. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2015 represent the collection of calendar year 2014 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2015 became a lien on December 31, 2013, were levied after April 1, 2014, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Medina County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2015, are available to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2015 was \$1,146,080 in the general fund and \$67,720 in the permanent improvement fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2014 was \$1,031,310 in the general fund and \$73,470 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property tax receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable at fiscal year-end and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 6 – TAXES - (Continued)**

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

	2014 Second Half			2015 First Half		
	Amount		Percent	Amount		Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$	465,695,140	97.84%	\$	469,456,480	97.74%
Public Utility Personal		10,281,520	2.16%		10,855,370	2.26%
Total	\$	475,976,660	100.00%	\$	480,311,850	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of						
assessed valuation	\$	55.50		\$	59.00	

#### **B.** Income Taxes

During fiscal year 2007, voters within the District passed a one-half percent school district income tax levy to be collected on earned income. Employers of residents are required to withhold income taxes and remit the tax to the State. The State distributes income taxes to the District, net of withholdings for administrative fees and estimated refunds; in the governmental fund financial statements, income tax revenues credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$2,877,947.

#### **NOTE 7 – PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES**

The District has entered into a tax incremental financing agreement with local companies for the purpose of various improvements and developments. To encourage these improvements, the company was granted an exemption from paying property taxes on the improvements and developments; however, payments in lieu of taxes are made to the District in an amount equal to the property taxes that otherwise would have been due in the current year. These payments are being used to finance the District's operations. The District recognized payment in lieu of taxes revenue of \$59,167 during fiscal year 2015.

#### NOTE 8 – SHARED SALES TAX REVENUE

During 2007, the voters of Medina County passed an additional one-half percentage tax to be used for capital improvements at all school districts within the County. Collection began in October 2007. Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. The State Tax Commissioner certifies to the State Auditor the amount of the tax to be returned to the County. The County then allocates this tax to the school districts within the County based on the student enrollment number. During fiscal year 2015, the District recorded shared sales taxes revenue of \$1,065,118 in the capital grants fund.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 9 – RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2015 consisted of property taxes, income taxes, accounts, shared sales taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

#### **NOTE 10 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending		
<b>Governmental Activities</b>	Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance		
Nondepreciable Captial Assets	•					
Land	\$ 593,900	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 593,900		
Total Nondepreciable Assets	593,900			593,900		
Depreciable Capital Assets						
Land Improvements	1,894,951	-	-	1,894,951		
Buildings and Improvements	39,965,188	215,548	-	40,180,736		
Equipment and Fixtures	1,639,584	232,449	(10,599)	1,861,434		
Vehicles	2,426,745	136,000	(36,800)	2,525,945		
Total Depreciable Assets	45,926,468	583,997	(47,399)	46,463,066		
Less accumulated depreciation						
Land Improvements	(1,271,781)	(83,135)	-	(1,354,916)		
Buildings and Improvements	(7,690,651)	(832,244)	-	(8,522,895)		
Equipment and Fixtures	(1,068,422)	(94,743)	8,963	(1,154,202)		
Vehicles	(1,752,203)	(167,842)	36,800	(1,883,245)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,783,057)	(1,177,964)	45,763	(12,915,258)		
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net						
of accumulated depreciation	34,143,411	(593,967)	(1,636)	33,547,808		
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 34,737,311	\$ (593,967)	\$ (1,636)	\$ 34,141,708		

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 10 – CAPITAL ASSETS – (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

	Amount
Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 536,678
Special	53,850
Vocational	3,248
Support Services:	
Pupil	7,797
Instructional Staff	16,036
Administration	24,314
Business	27,028
Operations and Maintenance	68,753
Pupil Transportation	161,226
Central	410
Food Service	51,607
Community Services	128,074
Extracurricular	98,943
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,177,964

#### NOTE 11 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In a prior fiscal year, the District entered into a capitalized lease agreement for the acquisition of copier equipment. This lease meets the criteria to be reported as a capital lease, which generally transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term.

Capital assets acquired through the lease agreement have been capitalized in the statement of net position in the amount of \$216,222, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2015 was \$59,687, leaving a current book value of \$156,535. Principal and interest on the lease are paid from the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015:

Year Ended December 31,	Capital Lease Payments		
2016	\$	47,690	
2017		47,690	
2018		43,717	
Total Future Minimum Lease Payments		139,097	
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(7,858)	
Total	\$	131,239	

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 12 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following. The long term obligations beginning balance at July 1, 2014 has been restated as described in Note 21.

	Restated Principal Outstanding 7/1/2014	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/2015	Dı	ue in One Year
2009 Certificates of Participation						
2009A Certificates	\$ 3,845,000	\$ -	\$ (30,000)	\$ 3,815,000	\$	75,000
2009B Certificates	21,815,000	-	(21,815,000)	- -		-
Discount on Certificates	(571,633)	-	493,764	(77,869)		-
2011 Energy Conservation Bonds	1,015,000	-	(65,000)	950,000		65,000
2014 Certificates of Participation						
2014 Certificates	-	23,370,000	(535,000)	22,835,000		80,000
Discount on Certificates	-	(293,016)	12,209	(280,807)		-
Total Long-Term Debt	26,103,367	23,076,984	(21,939,027)	27,241,324		220,000
Net Pension Liability						
SERS	7,448,930	-	(1,109,491)	6,339,439		-
STRS	30,034,646		(4,820,735)	25,213,911		-
Total Net Pension Liability	37,483,576	-	(5,930,226)	31,553,350		-
Capital Leases	172,896	-	(41,657)	131,239		43,319
Compensated Absences	1,902,895	256,546	(145,244)	2,014,197		327,751
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 65,662,734	\$ 23,333,530	\$ (28,056,154)	\$ 60,940,110	\$	591,070

<u>Net Pension Liability and Compensated Absences:</u> The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. For the District, these are primarily the general fund and the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

<u>Capital lease</u>: Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund. See Note 11 for detail.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 12 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

<u>Certificates of Participation (COPs):</u> During fiscal year 2010, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement for the construction of a Pre–K to fourth grade school building. The District is leasing the project site from Ohio School Building Leasing Corporation. Ohio School Building Leasing Corporation assigned The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, transferring rights, title and interest in the project to the trustee. The District is acting as an agent for the lessor, and is renovating the facilities from the proceeds provided by the lessor. As part of the agreement, The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. deposited \$26,160,000, with a fiscal agent for the renovation project. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. has sold certificates of participation in the building lease. The District will make annual lease payments to The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Interest rates range between 2% and 7.75%. The lease is renewable annually and expires in 2038. The intention of the District is to renew the lease annually.

The certificates of participation sold through the lease agreement are comprised of tax-exempt series 2009A coupons, par value \$3,845,000, and series 2009B federally taxable Build America Bonds, par value \$21,815,000. The series 2009A coupons mature on March 1, 2025 with payments beginning on March 1, 2015 and the series 2009B Build America Bonds mature on March 1, 2038 with payments beginning on March 1, 2026.

The Series 2009B certificates of participation were refunded with the Series 2014 certificates of participation in August 2014.

Future principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		Certificates of Participation - Series 2009A				9A
June 30	]	Principal		Interest		Total
2016	\$	75,000	\$	173,993	\$	248,993
2017		125,000		171,368		296,368
2018		180,000		166,368		346,368
2019		245,000		155,988		400,988
2020		315,000		148,575		463,575
2021-2025		2,875,000		452,176		3,327,176
	\$	3,815,000	\$	1,268,468	\$	5,083,468

<u>Series 2011 Energy Conservation Bonds</u>: During fiscal year 2012, the District issued \$1,140,000 in general obligation Energy Conservation Bonds to provide financing for various construction projects to improve energy conservation. The issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$1,140,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds are 3.49%. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on March 1 and September 1 of each year and are paid from the debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. The final maturity stated in the issue is September 1, 2026.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 12 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2011 Energy Conservation Bonds:

Fiscal Year Ending	2011 Energy Conservation Bonds					
June 30	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2016	\$	65,000	\$	32,021	\$	97,021
2017		70,000		29,665		99,665
2018		70,000		27,222		97,222
2019		70,000		24,779		94,779
2020		75,000		22,249		97,249
2021-2025		415,000		69,713		484,713
2026-2027		185,000		6,544		191,544
	\$	950,000	\$	212,193	\$	1,162,193

<u>2014 Certificates of Participation (COPs)</u>: During fiscal year 2015, the District issued \$23,370,000 in certificates for the purpose of refunding the Series 2009B certificates. Interest rates range between 2% and 4%. The certificates were sold at a discount of \$293,016. Interest payments on the certificates are due on March 1 and September 1 of each year and are paid from the debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. The final maturity stated in the issue is March 1, 2038. The refunding resulted in cash flow savings of \$4,215,077 and an economic gain of \$2,754,907.

Future principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Certificates of Participation - Series 2014				14	
June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2016	\$	80,000	\$	852,031	\$	932,031
2017		80,000		850,431		930,431
2018		85,000		848,831		933,831
2019		85,000		847,131		932,131
2020		85,000		845,431		930,431
2021-2025		470,000		4,192,406		4,662,406
2026-2030		5,695,000		3,749,150		9,444,150
2031-2035		8,675,000		2,570,700		11,245,700
2036-2038		7,580,000		625,000		8,205,000
	\$	22,835,000	\$	15,381,111	\$	38,216,111

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 12 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

Legal Debt Margin: The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2015 are a voted debt margin of \$43,228,067 and an unvoted debt margin of \$480,312.

### **NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no settlements paid in excess of insurance in the past three years nor has insurance coverage been significantly reduced from prior year.

The District has contracted with Stark County Schools Council of Governments to provide medical/surgical, dental, life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance for its employees and their covered dependents. The Stark County Schools Council of Governments is a shared risk pool comprised of 86 members. The districts pay monthly contributions that are placed in a common fund from which eligible claims and expenses are paid for employees of participating Districts and their covered dependents. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow.

Premium contributions are determined annually based on the claims experience of the individual district. Premiums can be increased or decreased by up to 20% of the prior year's contribution. Member districts may become liable for additional contributions to fund the liability of the pool. In the event of termination, all participating Districts' claims would be paid without regard to their individual account balances. The Stark County Schools Council of Governments' Board of Directors has authority to return monies to an exiting District subsequent to the settlement of all claims and expenses.

During fiscal year 2015, the District was a member of the OSBA Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program established in April 1991. The program was created by the Ohio School Boards Association as a result of the Worker's Compensation group rating plan as defined in Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The group-rating program allows Districts to group together to potentially achieve a lower premium rate than they may otherwise be able to acquire as individual employers.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)**

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$501,132 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount \$106,364 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)**

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,519,407 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount, \$205,034 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net		_	
Pension Liability	\$6,339,439	\$25,213,911	\$31,553,350
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability	0.125262%	0.10366087%	
Pension Expense	\$372,810	\$1,164,860	\$1,537,670

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$53,955	\$242,739	\$296,694
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	501,132	1,519,407	2,020,539
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$555,087	\$1,762,146	\$2,317,233
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$1,028,909	\$4,664,669	\$5,693,578
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$1,028,909	\$4,664,669	\$5,693,578

\$2,020,539 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:			
2016	(\$243,602)	(\$1,105,483)	(\$1,349,085)
2017	(243,602)	(1,105,483)	(1,349,085)
2018	(243,602)	(1,105,483)	(1,349,085)
2019	(244,148)	(1,105,481)	(1,349,629)
Total	(\$974,954)	(\$4,421,930)	(\$5,396,884)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

Wage Inflation
3.25 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation
4.00 percent to 22 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA
3 percent

Investment Rate of Return
7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method
Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

**NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)** 

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Current				
	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)		
District's proportionate share	(617676)	(111010)	(61,673)		
of the net pension liability	\$9,044,495	\$6,339,439	\$4,064,252		

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)**

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% In			
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)	
District's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$36,096,463	\$25,213,911	\$16,010,934	

#### Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by School Employees Retirement System or State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security. As of June 30, 2015, no members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 16 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

### A. School Employees Retirement System

<u>Postemployment Benefits</u> – In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers a postemployment benefit plan.

<u>Health Care Plan</u> – Sections 3309.375 and 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMOs, PPOs, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plan.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14% contribution to the Health Care Fund to be used to subsidize the cost of health care coverage. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the health care allocation is .82%. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. By statute no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2015, the minimum compensation level was established at \$20,450. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contributions assigned to health care for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$97,232, \$67,895, and \$65,954, respectively. 29 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2015 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care plan is included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The report can be obtained on SERS' website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 16 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

### **B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio**

<u>Plan Description</u> – STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a Defined Benefit Plan, a self-directed Defined Contribution Plan, and a Combined Plan that is a hybrid of the Defined Benefit Plan and the Defined Contribution Plan.

Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans. Coverage under the program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums.

Pursuant to Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14% employer contribution rate, 1% of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012. Effective July 1, 2014, 0% of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care. The 14% employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law.

The District's required contributions for health care for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$0, \$109,606, and \$113,506, respectively. The entire amount has been contributed for each fiscal year.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 17 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance to the extent of available fund balance for the portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as accounts payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in, advances-out and short-term financing activities are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis for the general fund is as follows:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

GAAP Basis	\$3,960,974		
Adjustments:			
Revenue Accruals	(185,228)		
Expenditure Accruals	(264,848)		
Encumbrances	(141,188)		
Prospective Difference			
Activity of Funds Reclassified for			
GAAP Reporting Purposes	(449,346)		
Budget Basis	\$2,920,364		

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, the unclaimed monies fund, the recreation fund, the emergency levy fund and the public school support fund.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 18 – CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District.

### **B.** Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

### C. Foundation Funding

District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

#### **NOTE 19 – OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. To the extent of available fund balance, encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Ŋ	Year-End	
Fund	Enc	Encumbrances	
General fund	\$	157,742	
Permanent improvement fund		95,378	
Nonmajor governmental funds		25,571	
Total		278,691	

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 20 – SET-ASIDES**

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital		
	Acc	Acquisition	
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$	-	
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		434,336	
Current Year Offsets		(834,145)	
Current Year Qualifying Disbursements		-	
Totals		(399,809)	
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$	_	

Although the District had offsets during the year that reduced the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero, the excess of current year offsets over the set-aside requirement may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. This negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# NOTE 21 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 69 "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations", which provides specific accounting and financial reporting guidance for combinations in the governmental environment. This Statement improves the decision usefulness of financial reporting by requiring that disclosures be made by governments about combination arrangements in which they engage and for disposals of government operations. The implementation of this statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

For fiscal year 2015, the District also implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68." GASB 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. The implementation of this pronouncement had the following effect on net position as reported June 30, 2014:

	Governmental	
	Activities	
Net Position June 30, 2014	14,238,652	
Adjustments:		
Net Pension Liability	(37,483,576)	
Deferred Outflows - Payments Subsequent to Measurement		
Date	2,071,012	
Restated Net Position July 1, 2014	(21,173,912)	

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the District made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# CLOVERLEAF LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

### LAST 2 FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2014		2013
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.125262%		0.125262%	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	6,339,439	\$	7,448,930
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	3,660,519	\$	3,630,007
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		173.18%		205.20%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		71.70%		65.52%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

# CLOVERLEAF LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

#### LAST 2 FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2014		2013
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.103661%	(	0.103661%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 25,213,911	\$	30,034,646
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 12,028,185	\$	11,350,554
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	209.62%		264.61%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	74.70%		69.30%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

#### CLOVERLEAF LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009	 2008	2007	 2006
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 501,132	\$ 507,348	\$ 502,393	\$ 553,022	\$ 501,727	\$ 689,125	\$ 442,971	\$ 485,393	\$ 418,746	\$ 304,941
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 501,132	\$ 507,348	\$ 502,393	\$ 553,022	\$ 501,727	\$ 689,125	\$ 442,971	\$ 485,393	\$ 418,746	\$ 304,941
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -									
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,802,210	\$ 3,660,519	\$ 3,630,007	\$ 4,111,688	\$ 3,991,464	\$ 5,089,549	\$ 4,501,738	\$ 4,942,902	\$ 3,920,843	\$ 2,882,240
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%	12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	10.68%	10.58%

#### CLOVERLEAF LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2015	 2014	 2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	 2008	 2007	2006
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,519,407	\$ 1,563,664	\$ 1,475,572	\$ 1,626,132	\$ 1,666,451	\$ 1,559,741	\$ 1,736,432	\$ 1,639,207	\$ 1,649,951	\$ 1,532,225
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,519,407	\$ 1,563,664	\$ 1,475,572	\$ 1,626,132	\$ 1,666,451	\$ 1,559,741	\$ 1,736,432	\$ 1,639,207	\$ 1,649,951	\$ 1,532,225
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -									
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,852,903	\$ 12,028,185	\$ 11,350,554	\$ 12,508,708	\$ 12,818,854	\$ 11,998,008	\$ 13,357,169	\$ 12,609,285	\$ 12,691,931	\$ 11,786,346
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

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## FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA		
Program Title	Number	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education:			
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	\$103,542	\$82,023
		370,307	432,151
Total Special Education -Grants to States		473,849	514,174
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	10,235	10,235
Total Special Education Cluster		484,084	524,409
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	118,887	105,676
ŭ		186,714	200,154
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		305,601	305,830
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	23,879	17,029
proving reaction Quality Class Crains	000.	73,543	90,750
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		97,422	107,779
Total U.S. Department of Education		887,107	938,018
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	170,872	170,872
National School Lunch Program	10.555	476,130	476,130
Non-Cash Assistance		59,830	59,830
Total National School Lunch Program		535,960	535,960
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		706,832	706,832
Farm to School Grant Program	10.575		2,379
			1,695
Total Farm to School Grant Program		-	4,074
Team Nutrition Grants	10.574	1,800	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		708,632	710,906
Totals		\$1,595,739	\$1,648,924

## NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Cloverleaf Local School District, Medina County, Ohio, (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Government assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Cloverleaf Local School District Medina County 8525 Friendsville Road Lodi, Ohio 44254

#### To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cloverleaf Local School District, Medina County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 17, 2016, wherein we noted the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standard No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27 and also GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness and a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. We consider finding 2015-001 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider finding 2015-002 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a significant deficiency.

Cloverleaf Local School District
Medina County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### District's Response to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 17, 2016

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Cloverleaf Local School District Medina County 8525 Friendsville Road Lodi, Ohio 44254

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Cloverleaf Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Cloverleaf Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

#### Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Cloverleaf Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Cloverleaf Local School District
Medina County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

#### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which OMB Circular A-133 requires us to report, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2015-003. This finding did not require us to modify our compliance opinion on each major federal program.

The District's response to our noncompliance finding is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2015-003.

The District's response to the internal control over compliance finding we identified is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Cloverleaf Local School District
Medina County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 3

This report only describes the scope of our tests of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 17, 2016

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#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2015

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	Yes
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	<ul> <li>Child Nutrition Cluster, CFDA 10.553 and 10.555;</li> <li>Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, CFDA 84.010.</li> </ul>
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

Cloverleaf Local School District Medina County Schedule of Findings Page 2

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **Material Weakness - Financial Statement Adjustments**

Management is responsible for implementing and maintaining an internal control system designed to enable management to determine the accuracy of the District's financial statement transactions. Also, management is responsible for developing and maintaining complete and accurate financial records.

The General Fund's original appropriations were overstated \$2,350,979 due to an incorrect report being used to compile the statement. This error was adjusted to the financial statements by management.

Additionally, the following financial statement errors were identified and were not made to the financial statements, but were reported to management as unadjusted differences.

- The General Fund's fund balance assigned for instruction was overstated \$57,139 and the fund balance committed for community recreation was understated by an equal amount due to a classification error.
- The General Fund's matured leave benefits payable and related expenditures were understated and the Other Governmental Funds' matured leave benefits payable and related expenditures were overstated, \$77,669 and \$11,340, respectively, due to incorrect information used in these account's calculation.
- The Governmental Activities' long-term liabilities due within one year and due in more than one year were understated \$66,329 and \$15,846, respectively, and related expense were overstated by equal amounts due to incorrect information used in these account's calculation.

Failure to accurately record accounting transactions could result in inaccurate financial reporting.

The District should exercise due care when posting transactions to help ensure transactions are correct and posted to the proper funds and accounts. Management should also review the draft journal entries and financial statements to help ensure they are supported by sufficient documentation, reconciled to the trial balances, free of obvious errors and omissions, and consistent with their financial expectations. These procedures should help avoid financial statement errors and help ensure more accurate financial reporting.

**Officials' Response:** The District has made note of the financial statement adjustment and will implement internal controls to avoid adjustments in the future.

Cloverleaf Local School District Medina County Schedule of Findings Page 3

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2015-002**

#### Significant Deficiency - Capital Assets

Cloverleaf Local School District Board Policy DID - Inventories (Fixed Assets/Materials/Supplies) requires the District to maintain a fixed asset system, which is a system of methods, policies and procedures for recording and reporting monetary amounts to account for Board-owned real property and equipment. The fixed asset system shall maintain sufficient information to permit the preparation of year-end financial statements in accordance with generally-accepted accounting principles and control and accountability. The District's capitalization threshold is \$5,000.

During 2015, the District had a capital asset valuation performed. Our testing revealed the District's capital assets system included various items that were assigned more than one asset tag number during the valuation process and therefore duplicated in the system. Additionally, various 2015 additions were not reported as current year additions and instead were reported as part of the restated beginning balance. The client subsequently revised their capital assets to only include items once and to report assets acquired during 2015 as current year additions. These revisions resulted in a net decrease to capital assets of \$1,024,707 which was adjusted to the financial statements by management.

Failure to maintain a capital assets system in accordance with the District's policy significantly increases the risk of financial statement errors.

The District should ensure capital assets are only assigned one tag number in the capital asset system to avoid duplicate items and should ensure all capital assets are properly reported as current year additions during the year they are acquired. Management should also review the capital asset master listing to ensure all items are recorded only once, in the proper period, and at proper amounts.

**Officials' Response:** The District contracted with a third party to update capital assets. The third party overstated the assets which resulted in a misstatement of the inventory. The District has made the appropriate adjustments to the capital asset file.

Cloverleaf Local School District Medina County Schedule of Findings Page 4

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Finding Number	2015-003
CFDA Title and Number	Child Nutrition Cluster, CFDA 10.553 and 10.555
Federal Award Number / Year	2015
Federal Agency	U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Agency	Ohio Department of Education

#### Significant Deficiency – Noncompliance Finding – Eligibility Determinations

**7 CFR § 245.6(c)(4)** requires the District to verify eligibility of children by using the income information provided by the household on the application to calculate the household's total current income. When a household submits an application containing complete documentation, as defined in § 245.2, and the household's total current income is at or below the eligibility limits specified in the Income Eligibility Guidelines as defined in § 245.2, the children in that household must be approved for free or reduced price benefits, as applicable.

One of twenty-five students tested for free and reduced lunch eligibility was determined to be ineligible based upon the aforementioned income guidelines. This error occurred because the software used to process applications recognized the income amount for both household members as bi-weekly when one was actually a weekly income.

Failure to properly make free and reduced lunch eligibility determinations could lead the District receiving greater National School Lunch Program reimbursements than they are entitled to and possible questioned costs.

The District should implement procedures to ensure free and reduced lunch applications are reviewed by management for proper determinations and the software used to process application data is operating as intended.

Officials' Response: See corrective action plan.

# CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (c) June 30, 2015

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2015-003	The District has reviewed the procedures for reviewing free and reduced applications. The food service director will review every third application instead of every fifth application as it is received to ensure they are error free. This policy was started in November 2015.	November 2015	Carrie Beegle, Food Service Director





#### CLOVERLEAF LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **MEDINA COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 17, 2016