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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

District Board of Health Licking County 675 Price Road Newark, Ohio 43055

To the Members of the Board:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Board of Health, Licking County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

District Board of Health Licking County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Board of Health, Licking County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Women, Infants, and Children funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

#### **Accounting Basis**

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the accounting basis. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Information

We applied no procedures to Management's Discussion & Analysis, or to the schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

District Board of Health Licking County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 9, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 9, 2016

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the District Board of Health, Licking County (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2015, within the limitations of the District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this Management's Discussion and Analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2015 are as follows:

- ➤ The total net position of the District increased \$514,563 or 15% from 2014.
- ➤ General cash receipts accounted for \$1,483,102 or 30% of total governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts accounted for \$3,520,289 or 70% of total governmental activities cash receipts.
- ➤ The District had \$4,488,828 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$3,520,289 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, operating grants or contributions.
- ➤ The general fund had cash receipts of \$3,663,547 in 2015. This represents an increase of \$275,075 from 2014 cash receipts and other financing sources. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund, which totaled \$3,208,455 in 2015 increased \$371,776 from 2014. The net increase in fund balance for the general fund was \$455,092 or 19%.
- ➤ The women, infants & children fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$626,976 in 2015, which is an increase of \$26,145 from 2014 cash receipts and other financing sources. The cash disbursements in the women, infants & children fund totaled \$630,754 in 2015, which increased \$12,371 from 2014. The net decrease in fund balance was \$3,778 or 9%.
- ➤ In the general fund, the actual cash receipts were \$91,121 higher than they were in the final budget. Actual cash disbursements and other financing uses were \$86,991 less than the amount in the final budget. These variances are the result of the District's conservative budgeting.
- ➤ Effective January 1, 2015, the county transferred ownership of the Price Road building and grounds to the District. The District has implemented a maintenance plan which includes the renovation of the clinic wing. Clinic renovation began in November 2015 and will be completed in March 2016.

#### **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions on a cash basis of accounting.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Cash Basis provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail.

Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the District as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The District has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. Under the District's cash basis of accounting, cash receipts and cash disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

The statement of net position and the statement of activities reflect how the District performed financially during 2015, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis presents the cash balances of the governmental activities of the District at year end. The Statement of Activities – Cash Basis compares cash disbursements with program cash receipts for each governmental activity. Program cash receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General cash receipts are all cash receipts not classified as program cash receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program cash receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the District's general cash receipts.

These statements report the District's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's cash position is one indicator of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the District's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well such as the condition of the District's capital assets and the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth.

In the Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis, the District's major programs are reported. Charges for services and state and federal grants finance most of these activities. To a significant extent, benefits provided through the governmental activities are being paid for by the people receiving them.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds – not the District as a whole. The District establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. All of the operating funds of the District are governmental.

Governmental Funds - The District's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's governmental operations and the health services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the District's health programs. The District's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The District's major governmental funds are the General and the Women, Infants and Children Funds. The programs reported in the governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

#### The District as a Whole

The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for 2015 and 2014 as follows:

		Net Position				
		Governmental Activities				
		<u>2015</u> <u>2014</u>				
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$	3,839,152	\$	3,324,589		
Total Assets	\$	3,839,152	\$	3,324,589		
Net Position	·					
Restricted for:						
Women, Infants & Children	\$	36,662	\$	40,440		
Solid Waste		13,140		11,710		
Construction and Demolition Debris		370,775		390,775		
Federal, State and Locally Funded Programs		299,746		276,645		
Sewage Treatment		281,328		242,543		
Unrestricted		2,837,501		2,362,476		
Total Net Position	\$	3,839,152	\$	3,324,589		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

As mentioned previously, the net position increased \$514,563 and is primarily associated with an increase in cash receipts with continued total receipts outpacing total disbursements year over year.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The following table reflects the changes in net position in 2015 and 2014:

	Change in Net Position			
	Governmental Activities			
	2015 2014			
Cash Receipts:				
Program Cash Receipts:				
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 1,629,200	\$ 1,564,146		
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,891,089	1,716,282		
General Cash Receipts:				
Unrestricted Grants and Entitlements	1,392,040	1,373,319		
Other	91,062	320,348		
Total Cash Receipts	5,003,391	4,974,095		
Cash Disbursements:				
Administration	1,284,345	1,189,722		
Environmental Health	859,206	867,444		
Solid Waste	43,570	55,160		
Nursing	1,227,102	1,134,013		
Health Promotion & Planning	443,851	271,104		
Women, Infants & Children	630,754	593,383		
Total Cash Disbursements	4,488,828	4,110,826		
Change in Net Position	514,563	863,269		
Net Position at Beginning of Year	3,324,589	2,461,320		
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 3,839,152	\$ 3,324,589		

In 2015, 65% of the District's total cash receipts were from state, federal, non-profit, and private donations and awards, 33% were from charges for services, permits, and other fees, and 2% was from other sources.

#### **Governmental Activities**

If you look at the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the District. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program cash disbursements for governmental activities are for Environmental Health (19%), Administration (29%), Nursing (27%) and Women, Infants and Children (14%). The table below compares the program cash receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local townships and municipalities, taxpayers and state subsidies. These net costs are paid from the general cash receipts which are presented at the bottom of the statement.

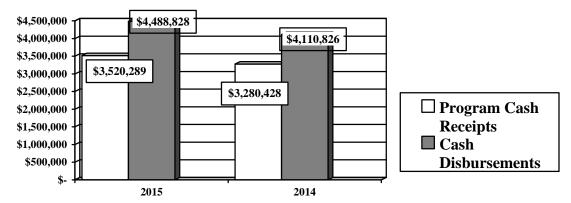
#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities							
	T	otal Cost of Services	N	let Cost of Services	Te	otal Cost of Services	 et Cost of Services
		2015		2015		2014	2014
Program Cash Disbursements:							
Administration	\$	1,284,345	\$	1,027,090	\$	1,189,722	\$ 943,862
Environmental Health		859,206		(87,689)		867,444	(58,578)
Solid Waste		43,570		(1,430)		55,160	5,160
Nursing		1,227,102		157,101		1,134,013	93,066
Health Promotion & Planning		443,851		(155, 330)		271,104	(170,664)
Women, Infants & Children		630,754		28,797		593,383	17,552
Total Cash Disbursements	\$	4,488,828	\$	968,539	\$	4,110,826	\$ 830,398

The District has tried to limit its dependence upon distributions from townships, cities, and villages and local subsidies by actively pursuing grants and charging rates for services that are closely related to costs.

The graph below shows governmental-activities program cash receipts and total cash disbursements for years 2015 and 2014.

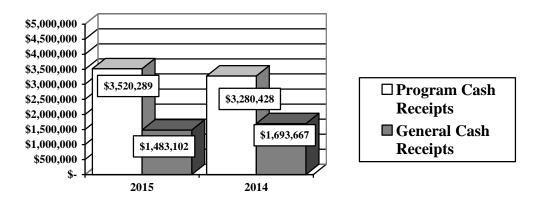
#### Governmental Activities - Program Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below shows governmental-activities general and program cash receipts for years 2015 and 2014.

#### **Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts**



General cash receipts decreased which was primarily associated with an insurance settlement payment received in 2014 by the Construction and Demolition Debris Other Governmental Fund.

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at year end. The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,839,152 which is \$514,563 higher than the 2014 total of \$3,324,589. The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances for all major and other governmental funds.

	Fund Balances 12/31/2015	Fund Balances 12/31/2014	Increase/ (Decrease)
Major Funds:			
General	\$ 2,904,535	\$ 2,449,443	\$ 455,092
Women, Infants, and Children	36,662	40,440	(3,778)
Other Governmental Funds	897,955	834,706	63,249
Total	\$ 3,839,152	\$ 3,324,589	\$ 514,563

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

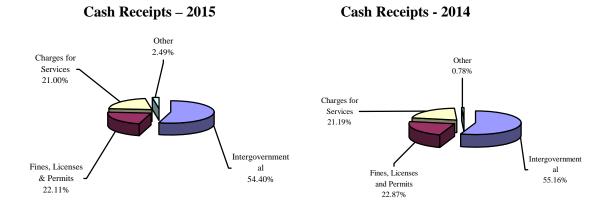
As mentioned previously, the net position increased \$514,563 and is primarily associated with an increase in cash receipts with continued total receipts outpacing total disbursements year over year.

#### General Fund

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the General fund.

	2015 Amount			2014 Amount		Percentage Change	
Cash Receipts:							•
Intergovernmental	\$	1,993,146	\$	1,855,312		7.43	%
Fines, Licenses and Permits		810,117		769,170		5.32	%
Charges for Services		769,240		712,842		7.91	%
Other		91,044		26,148		248.19	<b>%</b>
Total	\$	3,663,547	\$	3,363,472		8.92	%

Intergovernmental cash receipts represent 54% of all general fund cash receipts and total receipts increased 8.92% from 2014 which is attributed to higher intergovernmental receipts received. The graphs below show a breakdown of the general fund's cash receipts for 2015 and 2014:



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

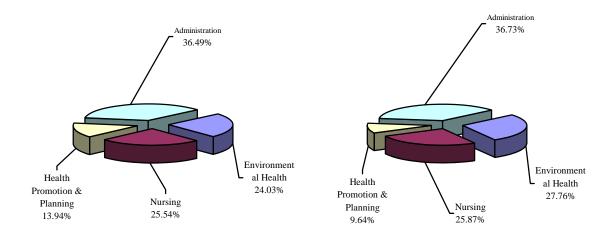
The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash disbursements of the general fund.

	2015 Amount		 2014 Amount	Percentage Change	
Cash Disbursements:					
Environmental Health	\$	764,883	\$ 780,511	(2.0	00) %
Nursing		813,203	727,298	11.8	81 %
Health Promotion and Planning		443,851	271,104	63.7	72 %
Administration		1,161,518	1,032,766	12.4	47 %
Total	\$	3,183,455	\$ 2,811,679	13.2	22 %

Disbursements increased 13.22% from 2014 with Health Promotion and Planning having the largest increase. The graphs below show the general fund's cash disbursements for 2015 and 2014:

Cash Disbursements - 2015

Cash Disbursements - 2014



#### Women, Infants and Children Fund

The women, infants & children fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$626,976 in 2015, which is an increase of \$26,145 from 2014 cash receipts and other financing sources. The cash disbursements in the women, infants & children fund totaled \$630,754 in 2015, which increased \$12,371 from 2014. The net decrease in fund balance was \$3,778 or 9%.

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, cash disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

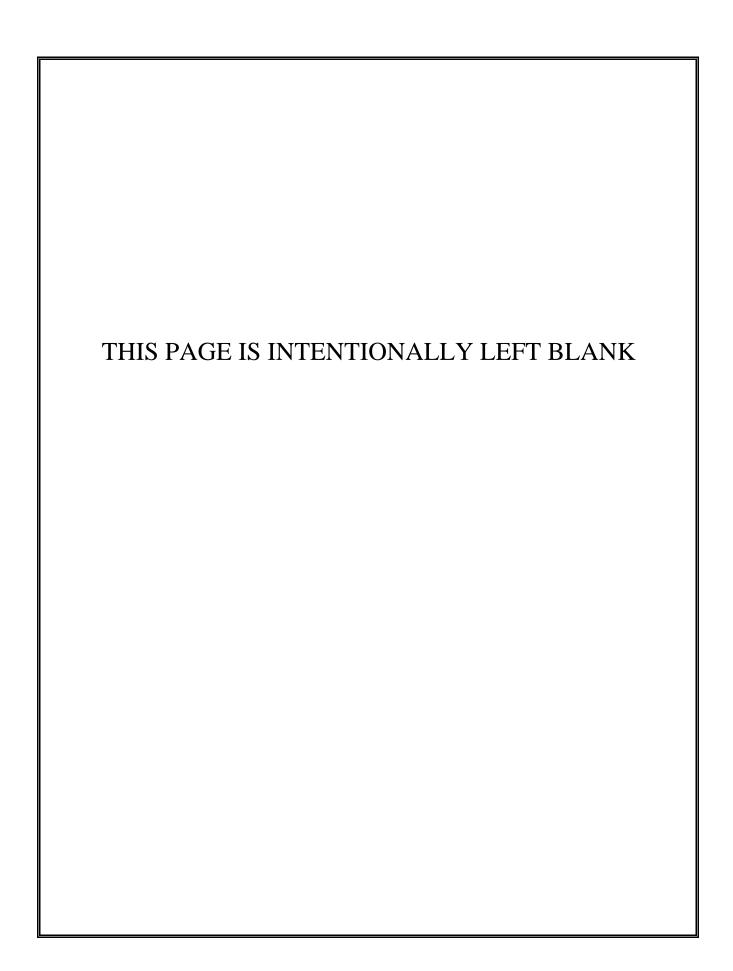
In the general fund, the actual cash receipts were \$91,121 higher than they were in the final budget. Actual cash disbursements and other financing uses were \$86,991 less than the amount in the final budget. These variances are the result of the District's conservative budgeting.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

The District does not report capital assets based on the cash basis of accounting. The District does not have outstanding debt at December 31, 2015.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and providers with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to R. Joseph Ebel, Health Commissioner.



# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$3,839,152
Total Assets	\$3,839,152
Net Position:	
Restricted for:	
Women, Infants, & Children	\$36,662
Solid Waste	13,140
Construction and Demolition Debris	370,775
Federal, State, and Local Funded Programs	299,746
Sewage Treatment	281,328
Unrestricted	2,837,501
Total Net Position	\$3,839,152

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Net (Cash Disbursements) Cash Receipts and

	_	Program C	Changes in Net Position	
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Administration	\$1,284,345	\$257,255	\$0	(\$1,027,090)
Environmental Health	859,206	946,895	0	87,689
Solid Waste	43,570	0	45,000	1,430
Nursing	1,227,102	425,050	644,951	(157,101)
Health Promotion & Planning	443,851	0	599,181	155,330
Women, Infants, & Children	630,754	0	601,957	(28,797)
Total Governmental Activities	\$4,488,828	\$1,629,200	\$1,891,089	(968,539)
	General Cash Receipts: Grants and Entitlements no	t Restricted		
	to Specific Programs			1,392,040
	Other			91,062
	Total General Cash Receip	ts		1,483,102
	Change in Net Position			514,563
	Net Position Beginning of Y	'ear		3,324,589
	Net Position End of Year			\$3,839,152

# STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2015

		Women, Infants, and	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Children	Funds	Funds
Assets:				
Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$2,904,535	\$36,662	\$897,955	\$3,839,152
Total Assets	\$2,904,535	\$36,662	\$897,955	\$3,839,152
Fund Balances:				
Restricted:				
Women, Infants, and Children	\$0	\$36,662	\$0	\$36,662
Construction & Demolition Debris	0	0	370,775	370,775
Sewage Treatment	0	0	281,328	281,328
Various Grants	22,809	0	290,077	312,886
Committed:				
Future Obligations	8,431	0	0	8,431
Assigned:				
Future Obligations	221,499	0	0	221,499
Unassigned (Deficits)	2,651,796	0	(44,225)	2,607,571
Total Fund Balances	\$2,904,535	\$36,662	\$897,955	\$3,839,152

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	General	Women, Infants, and Children	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash Receipts:			Talias	Turids
Intergovernmental	\$1,993,146	\$601,957	\$624,760	\$3,219,863
Fines, Licenses and Permits	810,117	0	113,108	923,225
Charges for Services	769,240	0	0	769,240
Other	91,044	19	0	91,063
Total Cash Receipts	3,663,547	601,976	737,868	5,003,391
Cash Disbursements:				
Environmental Health	764,883	0	94,323	859,206
Solid Waste	0	0	43,570	43,570
Nursing	813,203	0	413,899	1,227,102
WIC	0	630,754	0	630,754
Health Promotion and Planning	443,851	0	0	443,851
Administration	1,161,518	0	122,827	1,284,345
Total Cash Disbursements	3,183,455	630,754	674,619	4,488,828
Excess of Cash Receipts Over				
(Under) Cash Disbursements	480,092	(28,778)	63,249	514,563
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	0	25,000	0	25,000
Advances Out	(25,000)	0	0	(25,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(25,000)	25,000	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	455,092	(3,778)	63,249	514,563
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,449,443	40,440	834,706	3,324,589
Fund Balances End of Year	\$2,904,535	\$36,662	\$897,955	\$3,839,152

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Pudgatad	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Budgeted A Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Cash Receipts:	Original	1 mai	Actual	(Ivegative)	
Intergovernmental	\$1,887,725	\$1,957,236	\$1,993,146	\$35,910	
Fines, Licenses and Permits	758,700	758,700	810,117	51,417	
Charges for Services	708,000	767,089	769,240	2,151	
Other	50,000	89,401	91,044	1,643	
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Total Cash Receipts	3,404,425	3,572,426	3,663,547	91,121	
Cash Disbursements:					
Current:					
Salaries	1,693,024	1,670,624	1,662,144	8,480	
OPERS	203,028	203,028	194,179	8,849	
Health Insurance	294,774	212,649	204,396	8,253	
Medicare	21,028	21,028	19,504	1,524	
Worker's Compensation	29,783	23,214	23,214	0	
Unemployment	3,000	2,600	0	2,600	
Office Supplies	108,305	129,682	129,682	0	
Contract Services	211,195	444,276	423,943	20,333	
Travel	3,477	3,477	2,083	1,394	
Other Expenses	5,594	4,037	3,912	125	
Utilities	42,155	42,094	35,094	7,000	
Board Expenses	9,600	9,600	9,120	480	
Equipment	110,000	120,800	119,669	1,131	
Rent	6,491	191	191	0	
Medical Supplies	153,816	159,316	154,816	4,500	
Professional Education & Dues	19,535	19,914	19,879	35	
State Reimbursement - Water Samples	190,000	190,000	190,000	0	
Water Samples	14,233	14,233	12,809	1,424	
Tuberculosis-Other	5,000	5,000	2,085	2,915	
Mosquito Control Supplies	18,000	9,719	9,719	0	
Refund	6,500	7,100	6,808	292	
Grant Supplies	53,225	62,003	51,815	10,188	
Grant Contract Services	0	145,791	138,323	7,468	
Total Cash Disbursements	3,201,763	3,500,376	3,413,385	86,991	
Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under)					
Cash Disbursements	202,662	72,050	250,162	178,112	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Advances Out	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	0	
Net Change in Fund Balance	177,662	47,050	225,162	178,112	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	45,709	45,709	45,709	0	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,403,734	2,403,734	2,403,734	0	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,627,105	\$2,496,493	\$2,674,605	\$178,112	

## STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - (BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### WOMEN, INFANTS AND CHILDREN FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Cash Receipts:			_		
Intergovernmental	\$617,467	\$617,417	\$601,957	(\$15,460)	
Other	0	0	19	19	
Total Cash Receipts	617,467	617,417	601,976	(15,441)	
Cash Disbursements:					
Current:					
Salaries	419,838	404,859	400,199	4,660	
OPERS	58,777	58,777	55,217	3,560	
Health Insurance	96,186	96,186	96,186	0	
Medicare	6,088	6,088	5,557	531	
Worker's Compensation	7,994	6,835	6,835	0	
Supplies	34,109	37,339	36,794	545	
Contract Services	13,972	14,471	14,248	223	
Travel Other	1,520 5,906	1,780	1,733	47	
Professional Education & Dues	2,400	5,906 800	5,906 308	0 492	
Utilities  Utilities	4,800	4,800	4,800	0	
Rent	2,971	2,971	2,971	0	
Total Cash Disbursements	654,561	640,812	630,754	10,058	
Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under)					
Cash Disbursements	(37,094)	(23,395)	(28,778)	(5,383)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Advances Out	(25,000)	(9,509)	-	9,509	
Advances In	25,000	25,000	25,000	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	15,491	25,000	9,509	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(37,094)	(7,904)	(3,778)	4,126	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,154	2,154	2,154	0	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	38,286	38,286	38,286	0	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,346	\$32,536	\$36,662	\$4,126	

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the District Board of Health, Licking County, Ohio, (the District) as a body corporate and politic. An eleven-member Board of Health appointed by the District Advisory Council governs the District. The Board appoints a Health Commissioner to govern the District. The District's services include communicable disease investigations, immunization clinic, inspections, public health nursing services, and issues health-related licenses and permits.

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements of the District are not misleading.

#### A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District.

#### **B.** Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. The District is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the District, are accessible to the District and are significant in amount to the District. The District does not have any component units.

The District is associated with a related organization and an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the Public Health Partnership of Licking County and the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP). These organizations are discussed in Notes 8 and 10 to the basic financial statements.

The District's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the District is financially accountable.

#### **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

As discussed further in Note 2, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. The following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

#### **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** (Continued)

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis and a Statement of Activities – Cash Basis, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental cash receipts or other nonexchange transactions, charges for services, and fines, licenses, and permits. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The District has no business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis presents the cash balance, cash receipts and cash disbursements of the governmental activities of the District at year end. The Statement of Activities – Cash Basis compares cash disbursements and program cash receipts for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Cash disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the District is responsible.

Program cash receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program.

Cash receipts which are not classified as program cash receipts are presented as general cash receipts of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct cash disbursements with program cash receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the general cash receipts of the District.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor other governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### **B. Fund Accounting**

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are presented in one category, governmental.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

*General Fund* - The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Women, Infants, and Children Fund (WIC) - This Federal grant fund accounts for the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, cash receipts are recorded in the District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and cash disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the District are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and their related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

#### **D. Budgetary Process**

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased assessments to political subdivisions. The County Budget Commission reviews and amends or approves the District's budget in December of the preceding year. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the District may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the District's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the District. The legal level of control has been established by the District at the fund, department, and object level.

Ohio Revised Code Section 3709.28 establishes budgetary requirement for the District, which are similar to ORC Chapter 5705 budgetary requirements. On or about the first Monday of April, the District must adopt an itemized appropriation measure.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The appropriation measure, together with an itemized estimate of revenues to be collected during the next fiscal year, shall be certified to the county budget commission. Subject to estimated resources, the District may, by resolution, transfer appropriations from one appropriation item to another, reduce or increase any item, create new items, and make additional appropriations or reduce the total appropriation.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources in effect when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the District.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budget reflect the first appropriation resolution that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amount reported as the final budgeted amounts represents the final appropriations passed the District during the year.

#### E. Cash and Investments

As required by Ohio Revised Code, the Licking County Treasurer is custodian for the District's cash. The County's cash and investment pool holds the District's assets, valued at the Licking County Treasurer's reported carrying amount.

Deposits and investments disclosures for the County as a whole may be obtained from the Licking County Treasurer's office.

#### F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints, whether externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District did not have any restricted assets at December 31, 2015.

#### G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports cash disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### **H.** Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as cash disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans.

#### J. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the District's cash basis of accounting.

#### K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

#### L. Long-Term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for long-term obligations. Proceeds of loans are reported as cash when received and principal and interest are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor capital outlay disbursement are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

#### M. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$1,001,651 as restricted, of which none is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Restricted** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District.

*Unassigned* Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### O. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting purposes on the government-wide financial statements.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as cash receipts in the seller funds and as cash disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

#### P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District had no extraordinary or special items during 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

#### Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principal

For 2015, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". GASB Statement No. 68 improves the recognition, measurement, and disclosures for state and local specific to pensions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

#### Note 4 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, cash disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances which are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) for the General Fund at December 31, 2015 amounted to \$229,930.

#### Note 5 – Advances

Advances at December 31, 2015, consisted of the following:

	Advances In	Advances Out
Major Funds:		
General Fund	\$0	\$25,000
Women, Infants, and Children	25,000	0
Total	\$25,000	\$25,000

Advances at December 31, 2015 were to provide funding to the Women, Infants and Children Fund based on timing differences related to the grant reimbursements. All advances are expected to be repaid within the next year.

#### Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### Net Pension Liability

For 2015, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68" were effective. These GASB pronouncements had no effect on beginning net position as reported December 31, 2014, as the net pension liability is not reported in the accompanying financial statements. The net pension liability has been disclosed below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

#### **Note 6 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (Continued)

The net pension liability represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

#### Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - District employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. District employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

#### **Note 6 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (Continued)

The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013	Group B  20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	Group C  Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements:  Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Formula:  2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career. Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State	
	and Local	
2015 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	14.0 %	
Employee	10.0 %	
2015 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	12.0 %	
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	2.0	
Total Employer	14.0 %	
Employee	10.0 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

#### Note 6 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The District's contractually required contribution was \$327,693 for year 2015.

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension asset and net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension asset and net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	OPERS	OPERS	
	Traditional	Combined	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$2,147,964	(\$6,246)	\$2,141,718
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability	0.017809%	0.0162220%	

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage Inflation
Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA
Investment Rate of Return
Actuarial Cost Method

3.75 percent
4.25 to 10.05 percent including wage inflation
3 percent, simple
8 percent
Individual Entry Age

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105 percent of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100 percent of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2000 mortality table with no projections. For males 120 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used set forward two years. For females, 100 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

#### **Note 6 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (Continued)

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan and the VEBA Trust. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The money weighted rate of return, net of investments expense, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 6.95 percent for 2014.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2014 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

	Weighted Average		
		Long-Term Expected	
	Target	Real Rate of Return	
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)	
Fixed Income	23.00 %	2.31 %	
Domestic Equities	19.90	5.84	
Real Estate	10.00	4.25	
Private Equity	10.00	9.25	
International Equities	19.10	7.40	
Other investments	18.00	4.59	
Total	100.00 %	5.28 %	

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 8 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

#### **Note 6 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (Continued)

	Current					
	19	% Decrease (7.00%)	D	iscount Rate (8.00%)		6 Increase (9.00%)
Districtly and action of the second		(7.0070)		(0.0070)		(2.0070)
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension (asset) liability:						
Traditional Plan	\$	3,951,639	\$	2,147,964	\$	628,836
Combined Plan		811		(6.246)		(11.842)

#### <u>Note 7 – Post Retirement Benefit Plans</u>

#### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

Plan Description - OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension Plan and the Combined Plan. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

To qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have ten years or more of qualifying Ohio service credit. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the healthcare plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The post-employment healthcare plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code Section 401(h). State statute requires that public employers fund post-employment healthcare through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Traditional or Combined Plans is set aside for the funding of post-employment health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2015, local government employers contributed 14.00% of covered payroll. Each year the OPERS' Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for the funding of the postemployment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to fund post-employment healthcare for members in the Traditional Plan and Combined Plan for 2015 was 2.00%.

The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment healthcare plan.

The District's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$46,795, \$45,055, and \$22,798, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

### Note 7 – Post Retirement Benefit Plans (Continued)

100% has been contributed for 2015 2014 and 2013.

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under State Bill 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4.00% of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

### Note 8 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The District insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The District belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Insurance Services Group, Inc. (York) functions as the administrator of PEP and provides underwriting, claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for PEP. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

### Casualty and Property Coverage

APEEP provides PEP with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, PEP retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2015, PEP retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$100,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

### **Financial Position**

PEP's financial statements (audited by other auditor's) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and net position at December 31, 2014 and 2015

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Assets	\$35,402,177	\$38,307,677
Liabilities	(12,363,257)	(12,759,127)
Net Position	\$23,038,920	<u>\$25,548,550</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

### Note 8 - Risk Management (Continued)

At December 31, 2014 and 2015, respectively, the liabilities above include approximately 11.1 million and \$11.5 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.0 million of unpaid claims to be billed. The Pool's membership increased from 488 members in 2014 to 499 members in 2015. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2015, the District's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$18,000.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

Contributions to PEP				
<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>			
\$28,128	\$23,423			

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining PEP, if the member notifies PEP in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to PEP. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

### **Note 9 – Contingent Liabilities**

### A. Grants

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the District are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any such disallowed claims could have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at December 31, 2015.

### **B.** Litigation

The District is not currently involved in any new or outstanding litigation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2015 – DECEMBER 31, 2015 (CONTINUED)

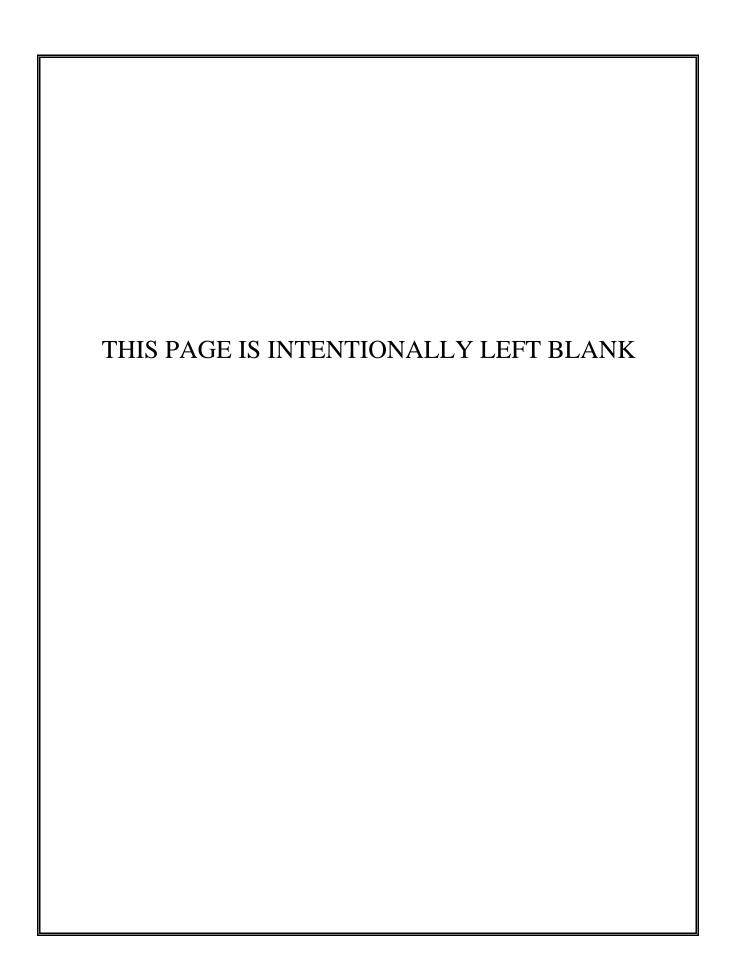
### Note 10 - Related Organization

The District is associated with the Public Health Partnership of Licking County, a not-for profit Section 501(C)(3) created under the Internal Revenue Code to provide charitable activities and financial support to the District's employees and programs and to care for the sick, elderly, injured, and disabled and to further the treatment of prevention of injury or disease and promote general health programs. This related organization is directed by a nine-member Board with the District's Health Commissioner serving as a member. The Board has no financial responsibility for the operations of the related organization and did not contribute to its operations during 2015.

### **Note 11 – Other Commitments**

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Enc</u>	<u>umbrances</u>
General	\$	229,930
Other Governmental		298
Total	\$	230,228



### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET)

# OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2015	 2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability - Traditional Plan	0.017809%	0.017809%
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset - Combined Plan	0.016222%	0.016222%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Traditional Plan	\$ 2,147,964	\$ 2,099,449
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset - Combined Plan	\$ (6,246)	\$ (1,702)
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,340,664	\$ 2,252,757
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	91.50%	93.12%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability/(Asset)		
Traditional Plan	86.45%	N/A
Combined Plan	114.83%	N/A
(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.		

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2015		2014	2013		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	327.693	\$	315,386	\$	319,308	
	Ψ	321,073	Ψ	313,300	Ψ	317,300	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(327,693)		(315,386)		(319,308)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		\$0		\$0		\$0	
District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,340,664	\$	2,252,757	\$	2,280,771	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2008 is not available

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$ 355,713	\$ 352,288	\$ 332,259	\$ 283,653	\$ 261,866
 (355,713)	(352,288)	(332,259)	(283,653)	(261,866)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$ 2,540,807	\$ 2,516,343	\$ 2,373,279	\$ 2,026,093	\$ 1,870,471
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

### NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

Information about factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported in the schedules should be presented as notes to the schedule.

**Change in Benefit Terms:** There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2015 and 2014.

**Changes in Assumptions:** There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2015 and 2014. See the notes to the basic financial statements for the methods and assumptions in the calculations.

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

FEDERAL GRANTOR  Pass Through Grantor  Program / Cluster Title	Frantor CFDA Entity Identifying		Total Federal Expenditures		
				_	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Passed Through Ohio Department of Health					
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	04510011WA0815/04510011WA0916	\$	611,143	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY					
Passed Through Ohio Department of Health					
State Indoor Radon Grant	66.032	04510012IR0815/04510012IR0916		31,356	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
Passed Through Ohio Department of Public Safety					
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	SC-2015-45-00-00-00490-00		51,828	
		SC-2016-45-00-00-00409-00			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
Passed Through Ohio Department of Health					
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	04510011MC0815/04510011MC0916		35,376	
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States - Dental Sealant	93.994	04510011DS0815/04510011DS0714		47,500	
Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes	93.994	B04MC26688-01-02		5,000	
Investigations and Technical Assistance - Tobacco Prevention	93.283	04510014TO0415		26,682	
Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program	93.919	04510014BC0615/04510014BC0716		156,224	
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	04510012IM0815		25,633	
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.074	04510012PH0615/04510012PH0716		122,823	
Public Health Emergency Preparedness - Ebola Monitoring	93.074	U90TP000541		779	
Medical Reserve Corps Small Grant Program	93.008	5MRCSG101005-04-00		3,500	
Preventative Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.758	04510014CC0215		154,000	
National State Based Tobacco Control Programs	93.305	1 U58 DP005979-01		4,220	
Passed Through Franklin County Public Health					
Public Health Emergency Preparedness - Ebola Operations	93.074	02520012EB0116		11,073	
Passed Through City of Columbus Department of Health					
Public Health Emergency Preparedness - City Readiness Initiative	93.074	02520012PH0716		12,811	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				605,621	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	1,299,948	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of District Board of Health, Licking County, Ohio (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2015. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87 Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments (codified in 2 CFR Part 225), or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

District Board of Health Licking County 675 Price Road Newark, Ohio 43055

To the Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Board of Health, Licking County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 9, 2016, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

District Board of Health
Licking County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 9, 2016

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

District Board of Health Licking County 675 Price Road Newark, Ohio 43055

To the Members of the Board:

### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the District Board of Health, Licking County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the District's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2015. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

### Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2015.

District Board of Health
Licking County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 9, 2016

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2015

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) – CFDA # 10.557
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





# LICKING- DISTRICT BOARD OF HEALTH LICKING COUNTY

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 13, 2016