EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER OF CENTRAL OHIO)

FRANKLIN COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

JULY 1, 2014 – JUNE 30, 2015





Board of Directors Educational Service Center Council of Governments 2080 Citygate Drive Columbus, Ohio 43219

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Educational Service Center Council of Governments, Franklin County, prepared by Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Educational Service Center Council of Governments is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 24, 2016



TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	9
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	10
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	11
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	13
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
SCHEDULE OF THE COUNCIL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY: SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	28
SCHEDULE OF THE COUNCIL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY: STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM	29
SCHEDULE OF COUNCIL'S CONTRIBUTIONS: SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	30
SCHEDULE OF COUNCIL'S CONTRIBUTIONS: STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	32
NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	34
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	35





Educational Service Center Council of Governments Franklin County 2080 Citygate Drive Columbus, Ohio 43219

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Educational Service Center Council of Governments, Franklin County, Ohio, a component unit of the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio (the Council), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Council's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Educational Service Center Council of Governments, Franklin County as of June 30, 2015, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Witson, Shannon & Snow, Inc.

Educational Service Center Council of Governments Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Council adopted Governmental Accounting Statement No. 68, Accounting and Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's discussion and analysis and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Wilson Shuma ESun Due.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2015 on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 20, 2015

Newark, Ohio

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Educational Service Center Council of Governments (the Council), a jointly governed entity between the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio (Center), the Delaware City School District and the Gahanna-Jefferson Public School District (Gahanna), provides an overall review of the Council's financial activities for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Council's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Council's financial performance. Fiscal year 2009 was the first fiscal year of operations, with operations beginning on September 3, 2008. The primary operations of the Council are to employ personnel on behalf of other governmental entities and Agencies throughout Central Ohio.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- During 2015, the Council adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an Amendment of GASB Statement 27", which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities, thus resulting in the restatement of net position from the previously reported \$614,842 to \$(93,166,930). This liability is a present value estimate of the Council's future net cash flows needed to fund future pension costs associated with the employment of current and past employees, whom participate in Ohio statewide pension systems. See pages 5-6 for further discussion of this statement.
- Net position at June 30, 2015 was a deficit of \$90,359,117; this represents an increase of \$2,807,813 compared to the prior fiscal year.
- Operating revenues were \$58,955,946; this represents an increase of \$6,184,274.

Special Item - Transfer of Operations from the Educational Council

Prior to July 1, 2014, the Council, in conjunction with the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio, acted as fiscal agent for the assets and liabilities of the Educational Council. Effective July 1, 2014 the Educational Council voted to transfer its operations to the Council and Center. The transfer of assets and liabilities from the Educational Council is reported as a special item in the financial statements.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Council's financial activities. The statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position provide information about the activities of the Council, including all short-term and long-term financial resources and obligations. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Council finances and meets the cash flow needs of its operations.

Reporting the Council Financial Activities

Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position and the Statement of Cash Flows

These documents look at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did the Council perform financially during 2015?" The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position answer this question.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Council's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Council as a whole, the financial position of the Council has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. These statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report. The statement of cash flows can be found on page 11.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 13-27 of this report.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 28-34 of this report.

The table that follows provides a summary of the Council's net position at June 30, 2015 and 2014. Net position for 2014 has been restated as described in Note 3.

Net Position

	14Ct I OSITION	
	2015	Restated 2014
Assets		2011
Current assets	\$ 6,298,303	\$ 5,088,227
Restricted assets	638,056	1,285,929
Noncurrent assets	423,789	373,305
Total assets	7,360,148	6,747,461
Deferred outflows of resources		
Pensions	7,106,852	5,451,743
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	5,278,272	4,473,385
Restricted liabilities	638,056	1,285,929
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Net pension liability	83,782,755	99,233,515
Other amounts	423,789	373,305
Total liabilities	90,122,872	105,366,134
Deferred inflows of resources		
Pensions	14,703,245	-
Net position		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(90,359,117)	(93,166,930)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (90,359,117)	\$ (93,166,930)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

During 2015, the Council adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Council's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the Council's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Council is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the Council's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the Council is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2014, from \$614,842 to \$(93,166,930).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2015, the Council's net position was a deficit of \$90,359,117.

Current assets for the Council consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and receivables from operations. The Council's noncurrent assets are receivables that are not expected to be received within one year. Current liabilities are mostly accrued wages and benefits and amounts due to other governmental entities. The noncurrent liabilities reported at June 30, 2015 represent the net pension liability and the long-term portion of the Council's compensated absences liability.

The table that follows shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2015 and 2014. Net position for 2014 has been restated as described in Note 3.

Change in Net Position

g		Restated
	2015	2014
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 58,955,946	\$ 52,771,672
Total operating revenues	58,955,946	52,771,672
Operating expenses:		
Personnel services	46,301,565	41,823,436
Employee benefits	10,035,721	10,799,561
Other	422,967	91,787
Total operating expenses	56,760,253	52,714,784
Gain before special item	2,195,693	56,888
Special item	612,120	
Change in net position	2,807,813	56,888
Net position (deficit) at the beginning of the		
fiscal year (restated)	(93,166,930)	N/A
Net position (deficit) at the end of the fiscal year	\$ (90,359,117)	\$ (93,166,930)

The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense of \$5,451,743 computed under GASB 27. GASB 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. Under GASB 68, the 2015 statements report pension expense of \$3,936,817.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

Consequently, in order to compare 2015 total program expenses to 2014, the following adjustments are needed:

Total 2015 program expenses under GASB 68	\$	56,760,253
Pension expense under GASB 68		(3,936,817)
2015 contractually required contributions		6,339,441
Adjusted 2015 program expenses		59,162,877
Total 2014 program expenses under GASB 27	_	52,714,784
Increase in program expenses		
not related to pension	\$	6,448,093

The Council operates as a business-type enterprise fund. Results of the period ended June 30, 2015 indicate an increase in net position of \$2,807,813. Charges for services revenue is primarily the cost of employing personnel on behalf of other entities. Personnel services expenses consist of employee salaries and wages. Employee benefits consist primarily of the Council's share of employees' health and dental insurance premiums and the Council's required contributions to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) and the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS).

As noted previously on page 3, the transfer of operations from the Educational Council is reported as a special item.

Budget

Regional Council of Governments are not subject to the budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The Council maintains no capital assets and has not issued any debt.

Economic Factors

The Council's ongoing activities are primarily dependent upon the continued support of the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio. Management is currently unaware of any facts, decisions or conditions that have occurred that are expected to have a significant effect on financial position or results of operations.

Operations

The Council is a legally separate body politic and corporate served by an appointed three-member Board of Directors. The Board is made up of representatives from Gahanna-Jefferson Public Schools, Delaware City Schools and the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio. The goal is to serve those entities that are served by the Center. The Council provides employment services to other governmental entities on a contractual basis.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Council's finances and to show the Council's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Alan Hutchinson, Treasurer of the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio, 2080 Citygate Drive, Columbus, Ohio 43219.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Assets:		
Current assets:	Ф	2 269 544
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,268,544
Receivables		4,029,759
Restricted assets:		(29.05)
Cash held on behalf of others		638,056
Total current assets		6,936,359
Noncurrent assets:		
Receivables		423,789
Total noncurrent assets		423,789
Total assets		7,360,148
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pensions - STRS		4,077,789
Pensions - SERS		3,029,063
Total deferred outflows of resources		7,106,852
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		7,936
Accrued wages and benefits		3,004,820
Due to other governments		1,782,156
Compensated absences		483,360
Payables from restricted assets		638,056
Total current liabilities		5,916,328
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences		423,789
Net pension liability (see Note 9)		83,782,755
Total noncurrent liabilities		
		84,206,544
Total liabilities		90,122,872
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Pensions - STRS		9,005,863
Pensions - SERS		5,697,382
Total deferred inflows of resources		14,703,245
Net position:		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(90,359,117)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(90,359,117)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 58,955,946
Total operating revenues	58,955,946
Operating expenses:	
Personnel services	46,301,565
Employee benefits	10,035,721
Purchased services	374,073
Materials and supplies	14,680
Other	34,214
Total operating expenses	56,760,253
Operating income	2,195,693
Special item - transfer of operations from Educational Council	612,120
Change in net position	2,807,813
Net position (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year (restated)	(93,166,930)
Net position (deficit) at end of fiscal year	\$ (90,359,117)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 58,517,293
Cash payments for personnel services	(45,947,347)
Cash payments for employee benefits	(11,981,500)
Cash payments for purchased services	(368,395)
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(15,671)
Cash payments for other expenses	(35,048)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 169,332
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Cash received from Educational Council	570,903
Net cash provided by noncapital	
financing activities	 570,903
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	740,235
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of fiscal year	1,528,309
Cash and cash equivalents at end of fiscal year	\$ 2,268,544
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Operating income	\$ 2,195,693
Changes in assets, deferred inflows of resources,	
liabilities and deferred outflows of resources:	
Increase in receivables	(438,653)
Increase in deferred outflows - pensions	(1,655,109)
Decrease in accounts payable	535
Increase in accrued wages and benefits	178,721
Increase in due to other governments	463,649
Increase in compensated absences payable	172,011
Decrease in net pension liability	(15,450,760)
Increase in deferred inflows - pensions	 14,703,245
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 169,332

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE COUNCIL AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Educational Service Center Council of Governments (the Council) is a legally separate body politic and corporate served by an appointed three-member Board of Directors and meets the definition of regional council of governments under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. The three member Board is made up of representatives from Gahanna Jefferson Public Schools, Delaware City Schools and the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio. The Council provides employment services primarily to the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio (Center).

The Council is a jointly governed entity between the Center, the Delaware City and the Gahanna-Jefferson Public Schools. Other School Districts, community schools and other political subdivisions that have entered into service agreements with the Council shall automatically be members of the Council's Advisory Committee during the terms of such agreements. The Superintendent and Treasurer of the Center are also the Superintendent and Treasurer of the Council. The Council is a component unit of the Center.

The Council participates in a public entity shared risk pool to provide health and dental benefits to its employees. See Note 11 for additional detail.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Council have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Council's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Council's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

B. Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by its measurement focus. Enterprise accounting uses a "flow of economic resources" measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The Council's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded when the exchange takes place. Revenues resulting from non-exchange transactions, in which the Council receives value without directly giving equal value in return, such as grants and entitlements, are recognized in the year when use is first permitted and all eligibility requirements have been met; eligibility requirements include matching requirements, in which the Council must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditures requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Council on a reimbursement basis. Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

D. Budgetary Process

Regional Council of Governments are not subject to the budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash held by the Council is reflected as "cash and cash and equivalents" on the statement of net position. All monies received by the Council are maintained in a demand deposit account. For internal accounting purposes, the Council segregates its cash. Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an original maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

Investments are reported at fair value, except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit, which are reported at cost. Fair value is based on quoted market prices. The Council had no investments during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

F. Capital Assets

The Council maintains no capital assets.

G. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Council or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The Council did not have any restricted net position at fiscal year-end.

The Council applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Council will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The Council records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the Council has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the Council's termination policy. The Council records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees age 52 years and older.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the financial statements.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

K. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Council. Operating expenses are necessary cost incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Council. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

L. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Governing Board and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The Council had no extraordinary items during fiscal year 2015. Prior to July 1, 2014, the Council, in conjunction with the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio, acted as fiscal agent for the assets and liabilities of the Educational Council. Effective July 1, 2014 the Educational Council voted to transfer all of its operations to the Council and Center. The transfer of assets and liabilities from the Educational Council is reported as a special item in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

N. Restricted Assets and Liabilities

Restricted assets and liabilities represent Educational Council resources held in trust with a final disposition of funds to be determined in fiscal year 2017.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY

Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2015, the Council has implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27", GASB Statement No. 69 "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations", and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68".

GASB Statement No. 69 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. The Statement improves the decision usefulness of financial reporting by requiring that disclosures be made by governments about combination arrangements in which they engage and for disposals of government operations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 69 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Council.

GASB Statement No. 68 improves the accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 affected the Council's pension plan disclosures, as presented in Note 9 to the financial statements, and added required supplementary information which is presented on pages 28-34.

GASB Statement No. 71 improves the accounting and financial reporting by addressing an issue in GASB Statement No. 68, concerning transition provisions related to certain pension contributions made to defined benefit pension plans prior to implementation of that Statement by employers and nonemployer contributing entities.

A net position restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 68 and 71. Net position at July 1, 2014 has been restated as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE- (Continued)

Net position as previously reported	\$	614,842
Deferred outflows - payments		
subsequent to measurement date		5,451,743
Net pension liability		99,233,515)
Restated net position at July 1, 2014	\$ (9	93,166,930)

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the Council made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

NOTE 4 - CASH DEPOSITS

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of all Council deposits was \$2,906,600. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "*Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*", as of June 30, 2015, \$2,041,458 of the Council's bank balance of \$2,924,458 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$883,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC").

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Council's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Council. The Council has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Council to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2015, consist of amounts due from operations. \$423,789 is not expected to be collected within one year and is reported as a noncurrent asset on the statement of net position.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term obligations have been restated as described in Note 3. The following is a summary of the Council's long-term obligations activity in fiscal year 2015:

	Restated Balance			Balance	Due Within
	June 30, 2014	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2015	One Year
Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$ 731,929 99,233,515	\$ 533,844	\$ (358,624) (15,450,760)	\$ 907,149 83,782,755	\$ 483,360
Total	\$ 99,965,444	\$ 533,844	\$ (15,809,384)	\$ 84,689,904	\$ 483,360

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 7 - CONTINGENCIES

There are currently no matters in litigation with the Council as plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Risk

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or damage, destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The Council maintains insurance coverage consistent with that of the Center. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years and there has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

B. Workers' Compensation

Workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Council pays the Bureau of Workers' Compensation a premium based on a rate per \$100 of payroll. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Council's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Council's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Council cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Council does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *due to other governments*.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description –Council non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Council is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Council's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$2,730,296 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount \$112 is reported due to other governments.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description –Council licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The Council was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The Council's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$3,609,145 for fiscal year 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Council's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Council's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$ 35,103,410	\$ 48,679,345	\$ 83,782,755
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability	0.69361400%	0.20013330%	
Pension Expense	\$ 2,048,518	\$ 1,888,299	\$ 3,936,817

At June 30, 2015, the Council reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 298,767	\$ 468,644	\$ 767,411
Council contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	2,730,296	3,609,145	6,339,441
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$3,029,063	\$4,077,789	\$ 7,106,852
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 5,697,382	\$ 9,005,863	\$14,703,245

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

\$6,339,441 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Council contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2016	\$ (1,349,654)	\$ (2,134,305)	\$ (3,483,959)
2017	(1,349,654)	(2,134,305)	(3,483,959)
2018	(1,349,654)	(2,134,305)	(3,483,959)
2019	(1,349,653)	(2,134,304)	(3,483,957)
Total	\$ (5,398,615)	\$ (8,537,219)	\$ (13,935,834)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Wage Inflation
3.25 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA
Investment Rate of Return
Actuarial Cost Method
3.25 percent
4.00 percent to 22 percent
3 percent
7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.75%)		(7.75%)	(8.75%)	
Council's proportionate share			_		
of the net pension liability	\$ 50,082,134	\$	35,103,410	\$22,505,008	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Projected salary increases 2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA) 2.75 percent, net of investment expenses 2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the Council's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Council's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)	
Council's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$ 69,689,789	\$ 48,679,345	\$30,911,579	

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The Council contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2015, 0.82 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2015, this amount was \$20,450. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2015, the Council's surcharge obligation was \$328,606.

The Council's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$496,170, \$298,139, and \$184,031, respectively. 100 percent has been contributed for all three years.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The Council participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The Council's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$0, \$152,827, and \$138,550 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 11 - PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK POOL

The Council is a member of the Optimal Health Initiatives Consortium (the "Consortium"), a public entity shared risk pool, consisting of school districts and other entities whose self-insurance programs for health care benefits were administered previously under the Scioto County Schools Council of Governments, the Northern Buckeye Education Council, and the Butler Health Plan. The overall objective of the Consortium is to enable its members to purchase employee benefits and related products and services using the Consortium's economies of scale to create cost-savings. Members pay monthly premiums to the Consortium based on the benefits structure selected and the risk of loss transfers to the Consortium upon payment of these premiums. The Consortium's business and affairs are managed by an Executive Board of Trustees, consisting of the chairperson of each division's board of trustees and the chairperson of the Butler Health Plan. The participants pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs of administering the Consortium. To obtain financial information, write to the fiscal agent, Jennifer Jostworth, CoWorth Financial Services at 10999 Reed Hartman Highway, Suite 209, Cincinnati, Ohio 45242.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNCIL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	 2014	 2013
Council's proportion of the net pension liability	0.69361400%	0.69361400%
Council's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 35,103,410	\$ 41,246,998
Council's covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,155,058	\$ 17,721,871
Council's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	174.17%	232.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.70%	65.52%

Note: Information prior to fiscal year 2013 was unavailable.

Amounts presented as of the Council's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNCIL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	 2014		2013
Council's proportion of the net pension liability	0.20013330%	(0.20013330%
Council's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 48,679,345	\$	57,986,517
Council's covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,448,092	\$	17,486,831
Council's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	238.06%		331.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.70%		69.30%

Note: Information prior to fiscal year 2013 was unavailable.

Amounts presented as of the Council's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF COUNCIL CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2015	2014		2013		2012	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,730,296	\$	2,793,491	\$	2,452,707	\$	1,643,345
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (2,730,296)		(2,793,491)		(2,452,707)		(1,643,345)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,715,448	\$	20,155,058	\$	17,721,871	\$	12,218,178
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.18%		13.86%		13.84%		13.45%

Note: 2009 was the first year of operations for the Council.

 2011 2010				2009
\$ 1,044,304	\$	361,849	\$	10,725
 (1,044,304)		(361,849)		(10,725)
\$ _	\$		\$	
\$ 8,307,908	\$	2,672,445	\$	108,994
12.57%		13.54%		9.84%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF COUNCIL CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2015	2014		2013		2012	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,609,145	\$	2,658,252	\$	2,273,288	\$	1,214,519
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (3,609,145)		(2,658,252)		(2,273,288)		(1,214,519)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 25,779,607	\$	20,448,092	\$	17,486,831	\$	9,342,454
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.00%		13.00%		13.00%		13.00%

Note: 2009 was the first year of operations for the Council.

	2011		2010	2009
\$	763,110	\$ 555,727		\$ 342,436
-	(763,110)		(555,727)	 (342,436)
\$		\$		\$
\$	5,870,077	\$	4,274,823	\$ 2,634,123
	13.00%		13.00%	13.00%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Information about factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported in the schedules should be presented as notes to the schedule.

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014 and 2015.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014 and 2015. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014 and 2015.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014 and 2015. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Educational Service Center Council of Governments Franklin County 2080 Citygate Drive Columbus, Ohio 43219

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Educational Service Center Council of Governments, Franklin County, a component unit of the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio (the Council) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2015 wherein we noted the Council adopted GASB Statement No. 68 and 71 as disclosed in Note 3.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Council's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Ten West Locust Street

Newark, Ohio 43055

(740) 345-6611

1-800-523-6611

FAX (740) 345-5635

Educational Service Center Council of Governments
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and
Other Matters Required By Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Wilson, Shanna ESur, Dre.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Council's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 20, 2015

Newark, Ohio



CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 17, 2016