

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements: Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund	23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	24
Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	25
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	27
Required Supplementary Information: Schedules of Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of The Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	61
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of The Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio	62
Schedule of District Contributions School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	64
Schedule of District Contributions State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio	66
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	68
Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	69
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	70

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

IIILE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	71
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A133	73
Schedule of Findings	75
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	76

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mapleton Local School District Ashland County 635 Co. Rd. 801 Ashland, Ohio 44805

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mapleton Local School District, Ashland County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Mapleton Local School District Ashland County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mapleton Local School District, Ashland County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and also GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mapleton Local School District Ashland County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 20, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 20, 2016

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Mapleton Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities decreased \$213,698 which represents an 8.29% decrease from 2014.
- General revenues accounted for \$7,811,720 in revenue or 77.63% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,252,202 or 22.37% of total revenues of \$10,063,922.
- The District had \$10,277,620 in expenses and only \$2,252,202 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$7,811,720 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the debt service fund. The general fund had \$8,319,760 in revenues and \$8,492,675 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2015, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$172,915 from a balance of \$1,415,011 to a balance of \$1,242.096.
- The debt service fund had \$398,332 in revenues and \$376,651 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2015, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$21,681 from \$536,525 to \$558,206.

#### **Using these Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the debt service fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2015?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

#### **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

#### Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 14. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the debt service fund.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-23 of this report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

#### Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 24 and 25. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 27-60 of this report.

#### Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 61 through 68 of this report.

#### The District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for 2015 and 2014. The net position at June 30, 2014 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

	Net Position - Governmental Activities			
	2015	Restated 2014		
<u>Assets</u>				
Current and other assets	\$ 6,171,901	\$ 5,567,116		
Capital assets, net	13,770,933	14,548,575		
Total assets	19,942,834	20,115,691		
<b>Deferred outflows of resources</b>				
Unamortized deferred charges	44,480	54,551		
Pension	735,176	593,426		
Total deferred outflows	779,656	647,977		
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current liabilities	810,645	807,824		
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	474,021	381,363		
Due in more than one year:				
Net pension liability	10,120,367	12,028,894		
Other amounts	2,301,299	2,705,303		
Total liabilities	13,706,332	15,923,384		
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b>				
Property taxes	2,817,021	2,262,684		
Pensions	1,835,235	-		
Total deferred inflows	4,652,256	2,262,684		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	11,444,133	11,861,997		
Restricted	944,367	956,463		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(10,024,598)	(10,240,860)		
Total net position	\$ 2,363,902	\$ 2,577,600		

During 2015, the District adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" - that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the District is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2014, for governmental activities from \$14,013,068 to \$2,577,600.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2015, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,363,902. The remaining unrestricted balance is a deficit of \$10,024,598.

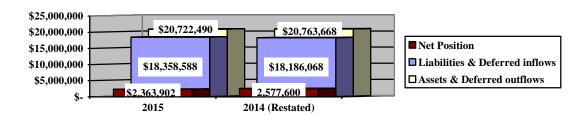
#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

At year-end, capital assets represented 66.45% of total assets and deferred outflows of resources. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2015, was \$11,444,133. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$944,367, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

The table below illustrates the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position at June 30, 2015 and 2014.

#### **Governmental Activities**



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal year 2015 and 2014. The net position at June 30, 2014 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

#### **Change in Net Position**

Revenues	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities	
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,210,613	\$ 1,048,785	
Operating grants and contributions	1,041,589	1,045,407	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	3,221,253	3,067,632	
Grants and entitlements not restricted	4,579,767	4,558,092	
Investment earnings	3,489	3,695	
Miscellaneous	7,211	25,323	
Total revenues	10,063,922	9,748,934	

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Change in Net Position (Continued)**

	Governmental Activities 2015	Restated Governmental Activities 2014		
Expenses				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 4,358,197	\$ 4,274,118		
Special	1,171,374	1,236,027		
Vocational	91,750	90,595		
Other	1,005,051	948,456		
Support services:				
Pupil	286,632	339,694		
Instructional staff	164,497	234,842		
Board of education	33,228	50,726		
Administration	692,752	709,426		
Fiscal	284,497	333,954		
Business	793	200		
Operations and maintenance	731,883	700,994		
Pupil transportation	635,488	590,710		
Central	16,699	15,271		
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	55,923	69,556		
Food service operations	383,684	406,477		
Extracurricular activities	266,997	272,925		
Interest and fiscal charges	98,175	116,112		
Total expenses	10,277,620	10,390,083		
Change in net position	(213,698)	(641,149)		
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	2,577,600	N/A		
Net position at end of year	\$ 2,363,902	\$ 2,577,600		

#### **Governmental Activities**

The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense of \$593,426 computed under GASB 27. GASB 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. Under GASB 68, the 2015 statements report pension expense of \$424,526.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

Consequently, in order to compare 2015 total program expenses to 2014, the following adjustments are needed:

Total 2015 program expenses under GASB 68	\$	10,277,620
Pension expense under GASB 68		(424,526)
2015 contractually required contributions		639,568
Adjusted 2015 program expenses		10,492,662
Total 2014 program expenses under GASB 27	_	10,390,083
Increase in program		
expenses not related to pension	\$	102,579

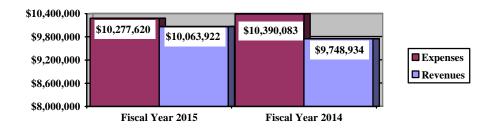
Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$213,698. Total governmental expenses of \$10,277,620 were offset by program revenues of \$2,252,202 and general revenues of \$7,811,720. Program revenues supported 21.91% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 77.51% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$6,626,372 or 64.47% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2015.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2015 and 2014.

#### **Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Governmental Activities**

	Т	otal Cost of Services 2015	N	Vet Cost of Services 2015	Т	Services 2014	N	Net Cost of Services 2014
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	4,358,197	\$	3,475,711	\$	4,274,118	\$	3,490,426
Special		1,171,374		387,986		1,236,027		479,187
Vocational		91,750		69,319		90,595		68,395
Other		1,005,051		998,765		948,456		944,102
Support services:								
Pupil		286,632		285,134		339,694		336,936
Instructional staff		164,497		157,586		234,842		232,034
Board of education		33,228		33,228		50,726		50,726
Administration		692,752		685,759		709,426		703,691
Fiscal		284,497		284,497		333,954		333,954
Business		793		793		200		200
Operations and maintenance		731,883		731,724		700,994		700,838
Pupil transportation		635,488		635,488		590,710		590,650
Central		16,699		16,699		15,271		15,271
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Other non-instructional services		55,923		31,730		69,556		34,328
Food service operations		383,684		32,289		406,477		55,486
Extracurricular activities		266,997		100,535		272,925		143,555
Interest and fiscal charges		98,175		98,175	_	116,112		116,112
Total expenses	\$	10,277,620	\$	8,025,418	\$	10,390,083	\$	8,295,891

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, as 74.43% of 2015 instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 78.09%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2015 and 2014.

# Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues 12000000 10000000 8000000 4000000 2000000 Fiscal Year 2015 Fiscal Year 2014

■ General Revenues
■ Program Revenues

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

#### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,234,228, which is lower than last year's total of \$2,279,027. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2015 and 2014.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2015	Fund Balance June 30, 2014	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage  Change
General Debt Service	\$ 1,242,096 558,206	\$ 1,415,011 536,525	\$ (172,915) 21,681	(12.22) % 4.04 %
Other Governmental	433,926	327,491	106,435	32.50 %
Total	\$ 2,234,228	\$ 2,279,027	\$ (44,799)	(1.97) %

#### General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased by 12.22%, or \$172,915.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2015		2014	]	Increase/	Percentage
	 Amount		Amount	(I	Decrease)	Change
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 2,606,515	\$	2,477,989	\$	128,526	5.19 %
Tuition	895,912		747,108		148,804	19.92 %
Earnings on investments	2,661		2,851		(190)	(6.66) %
Intergovernmental	4,686,869		4,706,694		(19,825)	(0.42) %
Other revenues	 127,803	_	101,263		26,540	26.21 %
Total	\$ 8,319,760	\$	8,035,905	\$	283,855	3.53 %
<b>Expenditures</b>						
Instruction	\$ 5,542,636	\$	5,261,110	\$	281,526	5.35 %
Support services	2,728,147		2,726,809		1,338	0.05 %
Operation of non-instructional services	32,878		33,030		(152)	(0.46) %
Extracurricular activities	 189,014	_	183,944		5,070	2.76 %
Total	\$ 8,492,675	\$	8,204,893	\$	287,782	3.51 %

The District experienced a \$283,855 or 3.53% increase in general fund revenues and an increase of \$287,782 or 3.51% in expenditures. Tuition increased \$148,804 or 19.92% due to an increase in the open enrollment program. Other revenues increased \$26,540 or 26.21% due to an increase in contributions and donations in the current fiscal year. Instruction expenditures increased \$281,526 or 5.35% primarily due to costs associated with wages and benefits.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The debt service fund had \$398,332 in revenues and \$376,651 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2015, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$21,681 from \$536,525 to \$558,206.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$7,792,038 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$7,992,038. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2015 were \$8,369,066. This represents a \$377,028 increase over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures and other financing uses) of \$8,450,000 were increased to \$8,600,000 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2015 totaled \$8,517,106, which was \$82,894 lower than the final budget appropriations.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the District had \$13,770,933 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2015 balances compared to June 30, 2014:

# Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
	2015	2014		
Land	\$ 177,800	\$ 177,800		
Land improvements	1,108,906	1,171,554		
Building and improvements	12,082,488	12,692,914		
Furniture and equipment	205,527	240,996		
Vehicles	196,212	265,311		
Total	\$ 13,770,933	\$ 14,548,575		

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$777,642 is due to depreciation expense of \$829,805 exceeding capital outlays of \$52,163 in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

#### **Debt Administration**

The following table summarizes the bonds outstanding.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Outstanding Debt at June 30**

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
Classroom facilities improvement bonds Energy conservation improvement bonds 2011 series refunding bonds	\$ 305,000 628,334 1,452,787	\$ 585,000 676,667 1,453,219
Total	\$ 2,386,121	\$2,714,886

At June 30, 2015, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$11,835,610, and an unvoted debt margin of \$143,860.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

The District has continued to meet its current financial obligations; however, the district experienced deficit spending in fiscal year 2015 for the 3<sup>rd</sup> consecutive year. The District declared a Reduction-In-Force and eliminated three teaching positions for fiscal year 2016. In addition, several retired employees were not replaced or replaced part-time. Calendar year 2014 was a reappraisal year in Ashland County. Largely driven by increases in the Current Agricultural Use Value (CAUV) assessment, the District's effective millage reached the 20 mil floor causing an increase in local property tax revenues of more than 10 percent. State funding is currently expected to increase this biennium over \$300,000 each year (fiscal year 2016 and fiscal year 2017). All these factors have contributed to eliminate deficit spending by the District in fiscal year 2016 and fiscal year 2017 and the five-year forecast projects that the District will still have a positive cash balance at the end of fiscal year 2020.

The Board continues to purchase equipment, textbooks and major improvements through the Permanent Improvement Fund. The Board of Education has had numerous levy failures and has not passed a new operating levy since 1991.

The Board of Education has negotiated a 3 year contract with the certified collective bargaining unit effective July 1, 2015. The contract includes 1.5, 1.0 and 0.5 percent increases respectively to the base salary during the contract. The employee contribution towards health care premiums is 15 percent. The Board of Education negotiated a 2 year contract with the classified collective bargaining unit effective July 1, 2014. The classified staff received a 1% base salary increase for fiscal year 2015 and a 1.5 % base salary increase for fiscal year 2016 and step increments were restored. The employee contribution towards health care premiums is 12 percent.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Daniel Russomanno Jr., Treasurer, Mapleton Local School District, 635 County Road 801, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **JUNE 30, 2015**

		vernmental Activities
Assets:	<b>C</b>	2 240 267
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	2,319,367
Taxes		3,715,068
Intergovernmental		106,600
Prepayments		13,583
Materials and supplies inventory		1,454
Inventory held for resale		15,829
Capital assets:		
Land		177,800
Depreciable capital assets, net		13,593,133
Capital assets, net		13,770,933
Total assets		19,942,834
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		44,480
Pension - STRS		601,784
Pension - SERS		133,392
Total deferred outflows of resources		779,656
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		8,350
Accrued wages and benefits payable		645,482
Intergovernmental payable		25,062
Pension and post employment benefits payable		125,903
Accrued interest payable		5,848
Long-term liabilities:		2,2 12
Due within one year		474,021
Due in more than one year:		
Net pension liability		10,120,367
Other amounts due in more than one year .		2,301,299
Total liabilities		13,706,332
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		2,817,021
Pension - STRS		1,570,192
Pension - SERS		265,043
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,652,256
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets		11,444,133
Restricted for:		265 260
Capital projects		365,269 165,299
Debt service		374,090
Locally funded programs		10,109
Student activities		29,600
Unrestricted (deficit)		(10,024,598)
Total net position	\$	2,363,902

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Instruction:

services:

Net (Expense)

7,811,720

(213,698)

2,577,600

2,363,902

\$

Revenue and Changes in **Program Revenues Net Position** Charges for **Operating Grants** Governmental **Expenses** Services and Sales and Contributions **Activities** Governmental activities: \$ 4,358,197 \$ 835.778 \$ 46,708 (3,475,711)1,171,374 91,557 691,831 (387,986)Vocational . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 91,750 22,431 (69,319)1,005,051 6,286 (998,765)Support services: 286,632 1,498 (285, 134)Instructional staff . . . . . . . . . . 164,497 6,911 (157,586)Board of education . . . . . . . . 33,228 (33,228)Administration. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 692,752 6,993 (685,759) Fiscal...... 284,497 (284,497)793 (793)Operations and maintenance . . . . 731,883 159 (731,724)Pupil transportation. . . . . . . . . . 635,488 (635,488)16,699 (16,699)Operation of non-instructional Other non-instructional services . . 55,923 24,193 (31,730)Food service operations . . . . . 383,684 140,068 211,327 (32,289)Extracurricular activities. . . . . . . 266,997 143,210 23,252 (100,535)Interest and fiscal charges . . . . . . 98,175 (98, 175)1,041,589 Total governmental activities . . . . . \$ 10,277,620 \$ 1,210,613 \$ (8,025,418) **General Revenues:** Property taxes levied for: General purposes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2,612,916 Special revenue. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 42,414 Debt service. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 343.861 222.062 Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs . . . . . . . . . . . . 4,579,767 Investment earnings . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3,489 Miscellaneous 7,211

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Total general revenues . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Change in net position . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Net position at beginning of year (restated). .

Net position at end of year . . . . . . . . . . .

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

Respect			General	Debt Service	lonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
and cash equivalents.         \$ 1,333,388   \$ 482,899   \$ 503,100   \$ 2,319,367   Receivables:           Taxes.         3,026,633   395,695   292,740   3,715,068   102,500   Intergovernmental.         52,819   53,781   106,600   106,000   1	Assets:	-	30110141	00.1.00			- unus
Receivables:	Equity in pooled cash						
Taxes	•	\$	1,333,368	\$ 482,899	\$ 503,100	\$	2,319,367
Interfund loans   102,500   1			3.026.633	395,695	292.740		3.715.068
Interpovernmental   \$2,819   \$3,781   \$10,600   Prepayments   \$8,403   \$5,180   \$13,833   Materials and supplies inventory   \$1,454   \$1,454   \$1,454   \$1,454   \$1,454   \$1,645   \$1,522   \$15,829   \$15,82				-			
Materials and supplies inventory. Inventory held for resale.         -         1,454         1,454         1,454         1,629         1,5229         1,5229         1,5229         1,5229         1,5229         1,5229         1,5229         1,5228         8,72,084         8,72,084         8,627,401           Labilities:           Accounds payable.         \$1,528         \$6,822         \$3,50           Accrued wages and benefits payable.         53,680         57,891         645,482           Compensated absences payable.         53,680         57,891         1,833         2,5062           Pension and post employment         22,3179         1,832         1,25003         1,25003         1,02500         102,500 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>·</td><td>-</td><td>53,781</td><td></td><td></td></t<>			·	-	53,781		
Trotal assets   S	Prepayments		8,403	-	5,180		13,583
Total assets			-	-	•		
Clabilities:   Capta   Sample   Sampl				 			
Accounts payable         \$ 1,528         \$ 6,822         \$ 3,50           Accrued wages and benefits payable         587,591         57,891         645,482           Compensated absences payable         53,680         -         53,680           Intergovernmental payable         23,179         1,883         25,062           Pension and post employment benefits payable         -         102,500         102,500           Interfund loans payable         -         -         102,500         102,500           Total itabilities         778,260         -         182,717         960,977           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year         2,294,995         300,051         221,975         2,817,021           Delinquent property tax revenue not available         155,553         20,337         15,045         190,935           Intergovernmental revenue not available         52,819         -         13,421         71,240           Total deferred inflows of resources         8,403         5,180         1,358           Fund balances:           Nonspendable:         -         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         8,403         5,180         13,5	Total assets	\$	4,523,723	\$ 878,594	\$ 872,084	\$	6,274,401
Accrued wages and benefits payable         587,591         57,891         645,482           Compensated absences payable         53,680         -         -         53,680           Intergovernmental payable         23,179         -         1,883         25,062           Pension and post employment         -         -         102,500         102,500           Interfund loans payable         -         -         102,500         102,500           Total liabilities         778,260         -         182,717         960,977           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year         2,294,995         300,051         221,975         2,817,021           Delinquent property tax revenue not available         155,553         20,337         15,045         190,935           Intergovernmental revenue not available         25,819         -         18,421         71,240           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,503,367         320,388         255,441         3,079,196           Fund balances:           Nonspendable:         -         1,454         1,454           Propaids         8,403         5,180         13,583           Restricted: <t< td=""><td>Liabilities:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Liabilities:						
Compensated absences payable         53,680         -         -         53,680           Intergovernmental payable         23,179         -         1,883         25,062           Pension and post employment         -         -         102,500         125,903           Interfund loans payable         -         -         102,500         102,500           Total liabilities         778,260         -         182,717         960,977           Deferred inflows of resources:           Properly taxes levied for the next fiscal year         2,294,995         300,051         221,975         2,817,021           Delinquent properly tax revenue not available         155,553         20,337         15,045         190,935           Intergovernmental revenue not available         52,819         -         18,421         71,240           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,503,367         320,388         255,441         3,079,196           Fund balances:           Nonspendable:         -         1,454         1,454           Are paids         8,403         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids         8,403         -         1,560         -         558,206           Capit	Accounts payable	\$	1,528	\$ -	\$ 6,822	\$	8,350
Intergovernmental payable   23,179   1,883   25,062     Pension and post employment   112,282   13,621   125,903     Interfund loans payable   112,282   13,621   125,903     Interfund loans payable   12,600   102,500     Total liabilities   778,260   182,717   960,977     Deferred inflows of resources:   2,294,995   300,051   221,975   2,817,021     Delinquent property tax revenue not available   155,553   20,337   15,045   190,935     Intergovernmental revenue not available   52,819   18,421   71,240     Total deferred inflows of resources   2,503,367   320,388   255,441   3,079,196     Fund balances:	Accrued wages and benefits payable		587,591	-	57,891		645,482
Pension and post employment benefits payable.         112,282         1 3,621         125,903           Interfund loans payable.         -         -         102,500         102,500           Total liabilities.         778,260         -         182,717         960,977           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         2,294,995         300,051         221,975         2,817,021           Delinquent property tax revenue not available.         155,553         20,337         15,045         190,935           Intergovernmental revenue not available.         52,819         -         18,421         71,240           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,503,367         320,388         255,441         30,79,196           Fund balances:           Nonspendable:           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         8,403         -         5,180         13,583           Restricted:         -         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         -         -         558,206         -         558,206           Capital improvements.         -         -	Compensated absences payable		53,680	-	-		53,680
Pension and post employment benefits payable.         112,282         1 3,621         125,903           Interfund loans payable.         -         -         102,500         102,500           Total liabilities.         778,260         -         182,717         960,977           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         2,294,995         300,051         221,975         2,817,021           Delinquent property tax revenue not available.         155,553         20,337         15,045         190,935           Intergovernmental revenue not available.         52,819         -         18,421         71,240           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,503,367         320,388         255,441         30,79,196           Fund balances:           Nonspendable:           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         8,403         -         5,180         13,583           Restricted:         -         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         -         -         558,206         -         558,206           Capital improvements.         -         -	Intergovernmental payable		23,179	-	1,883		25,062
benefits payable.         112,282         13,621         125,903           Interfund loans payable.         -         -         102,500         102,500           Total liabilities.         778,260         -         182,717         960,977           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         2,294,995         300,051         221,975         2,817,021           Delinquent property tax revenue not available.         155,553         20,337         15,045         190,935           Intergovernmental revenue not available.         52,819         -         18,421         71,240           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,503,367         320,388         255,441         3,079,196           Fund balances:           Nonspendable:         8403         -         1,454         1,454           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         8,403         -         5,180         13,583           Restricted:         -         -         558,206         -         558,206           Capital improvements.         -         -         558,206         -         558,206         - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Interfund loans payable.			112.282	_	13.621		125.903
Total liabilities.         778,260         182,717         960,977           Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         2,294,995         300,051         221,975         2,817,021           Delinquent property tax revenue not available.         155,553         20,337         15,045         190,935           Intergovernmental revenue not available.         52,819         -         18,421         71,240           Total deferred inflows of resources.         2,503,367         320,388         255,441         3,079,196           Fund balances:           Nonspendable:         84,003         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         8,403         -         5,180         13,583           Restricted:         -         -         5,180         13,583           Restricted:         -         -         558,206         -         558,206           Capital improvements.         -         -         354,114         354,114         354,114         157,621         Other purposes.         -         -         157,621         157,621         157,621         Other purposes.         -         -         10,109         10,109         10,109         20,000         20,0	. ,		_	_			
Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         2,294,995         300,051         221,975         2,817,021           Delinquent property tax revenue not available.         155,553         20,337         15,045         190,935           Intergovernmental revenue not available.         52,819         -         18,421         71,240           Total deferred inflows of resources.         2,503,367         320,388         255,441         3,079,196           Fund balances:           Nonspendable:         840         -         1,454         1,454           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         8,403         -         5,180         13,583           Restricted:         -         -         5,180         13,583           Restricted:         -         -         354,114         354,114           Classroom facilities maintenance         -         -         354,114         354,114           Classroom facilities maintenance         -         -         157,621         157,621           Other purposes.         -         -         10,109         10,109           Extracurricular.			778.260		 	-	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         2,294,995         300,051         221,975         2,817,021           Delinquent property tax revenue not available.         155,553         20,337         15,045         190,935           Intergovernmental revenue not available.         52,819         -         18,421         71,240           Total deferred inflows of resources.         2,503,367         320,388         255,441         3,079,196           Fund balances:           Nonspendable:         -         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         8,403         -         5,180         13,583           Restricted:         -         -         558,206         -         558,206           Capital improvements         -         -         354,114         354,114         157,621           Other purposes.         -         -         157,621         157,621         157,621           Other purposes.         -         -         10,109         10,109         10,109           Extracurricular.         -         -         29,600         29,600           Committed:         -         20,600         29,600           Student and staff support.         5,593         - <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td>			,		 		
Delinquent property tax revenue not available.   155,553   20,337   15,045   190,935   Intergovernmental revenue not available.   52,819   - 18,421   71,240   Total deferred inflows of resources.   2,503,367   320,388   255,441   3,079,196							
Total deferred inflows of resources   52,819   -   18,421   71,240	Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year			300,051	•		2,817,021
Fund balances:         2,503,367         320,388         255,441         3,079,196           Fund balances:           Nonspendable:         -         -         1,454         1,454           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         8,403         -         5,180         13,583           Restricted:         -         -         558,206         -         558,206           Capital improvements         -         -         354,114         354,114         354,114         Classroom facilities maintenance         -         -         157,621         157,621         157,621         157,621         Other purposes.         -         -         -         10,109         10,109         10,109         Extracurricular.         -         -         29,600         29,600         29,600         20,600         Committed:         Student and staff support.         21,666         -         -         21,666         Assigned:         -         221,666         -         -         22,560         22,580         Student instruction.         4,286         -         -         2,593         -         -         5,593         -         -         5,593 <td< td=""><td>Delinquent property tax revenue not available</td><td></td><td>155,553</td><td>20,337</td><td>15,045</td><td></td><td>190,935</td></td<>	Delinquent property tax revenue not available		155,553	20,337	15,045		190,935
Fund balances:         Nonspendable:       Materials and supplies inventory.       -       -       1,454       1,454         Prepaids.       8,403       -       5,180       13,583         Restricted:       Debt service.       -       558,206       -       558,206         Capital improvements.       -       -       354,114       354,114         Classroom facilities maintenance       -       -       157,621       157,621       157,621         Other purposes.       -       -       10,109	Intergovernmental revenue not available		52,819	-	18,421		71,240
Nonspendable:         Materials and supplies inventory.         -         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         8,403         -         5,180         13,583           Restricted:         -         -         558,206         -         558,206           Capital improvements.         -         -         354,114         354,114         354,114         Classroom facilities maintenance         -         -         157,621         157,621         157,621         157,621         10,109         10,109         10,109         Extracurricular.         -         -         29,600         29,600         29,600         29,600         20,600 </td <td>Total deferred inflows of resources</td> <td></td> <td>2,503,367</td> <td> 320,388</td> <td>255,441</td> <td></td> <td>3,079,196</td>	Total deferred inflows of resources		2,503,367	 320,388	255,441		3,079,196
Materials and supplies inventory.         -         -         1,454         1,454           Prepaids.         8,403         -         5,180         13,583           Restricted:         Debt service.         -         558,206         -         558,206           Capital improvements         -         -         354,114         354,114         354,114           Classroom facilities maintenance         -         -         157,621         157,621         157,621         10,109         10,109         10,109         29,600         29,600         29,600         29,600         29,600         20,600         Committed:         Student and staff support         21,666         -         -         -         21,666         -         -         21,666         Assigned:         -         -         21,666         -         -         24,286         -         -         4,286         -         -         4,286         -         -         5,593         -         -         5,593         -         -         5,593         -         -         -         5,593         -         -         18,591         -         -         18,591         -         -         18,591         -         -         1,240,14							
Prepaids.       8,403       -       5,180       13,583         Restricted:       Debt service       -       558,206       -       558,206         Capital improvements       -       -       354,114       354,114         Classroom facilities maintenance       -       -       157,621       157,621         Other purposes.       -       -       10,109       10,109         Extracurricular.       -       -       29,600       29,600         Committed:       Student and staff support       21,666       -       -       21,666         Assigned:       Student instruction       4,286       -       -       4,286         Student and staff support.       5,593       -       -       5,593         Extracurricular activities       18,591       -       -       18,591         Subsequent year's appropriations       240,148       -       -       240,148         Unassigned (deficit)       943,409       -       (124,152)       819,257         Total fund balances       1,242,096       558,206       433,926       2,234,228	•						
Restricted:         Debt service         -         558,206         -         558,206           Capital improvements         -         -         354,114         354,114           Classroom facilities maintenance         -         -         157,621         157,621           Other purposes         -         -         10,109         10,109           Extracurricular.         -         -         29,600         29,600           Committed:         -         -         21,666         -         -         21,666           Assigned:         -         -         21,666         -         -         21,666           Assigned:         -         -         -         21,666         -         -         21,666           Assigned:         -         -         -         21,666         -         -         -         21,666           Assigned:         -         -         -         -         21,666         -         -         -         21,666           Assigned:         -         -         -         -         -         -         5,593         -         -         -         5,593         -         -         -         18,591			-	-	•		· ·
Debt service         -         558,206         -         558,206           Capital improvements         -         -         354,114         354,114           Classroom facilities maintenance         -         -         157,621         157,621           Other purposes         -         -         10,109         10,109           Extracurricular         -         -         29,600         29,600           Committed:         -         -         21,666           Assigned:         -         -         -         21,666           Assigned:         -         -         -         4,286           Student instruction         4,286         -         -         -         4,286           Student and staff support         5,593         -         -         5,593           Extracurricular activities         18,591         -         -         18,591           Subsequent year's appropriations         240,148         -         -         240,148           Unassigned (deficit)         943,409         -         (124,152)         819,257           Total fund balances         1,242,096         558,206         433,926         2,234,228	•		8,403	-	5,180		13,583
Capital improvements       -       -       354,114       354,114         Classroom facilities maintenance       -       -       157,621       157,621         Other purposes.       -       -       10,109       10,109         Extracurricular.       -       -       29,600       29,600         Committed:       -       -       21,666         Student and staff support       21,666       -       -       21,666         Assigned:       -       -       -       4,286         Student instruction       4,286       -       -       -       4,286         Student and staff support.       5,593       -       -       5,593         Extracurricular activities       18,591       -       -       18,591         Subsequent year's appropriations       240,148       -       -       240,148         Unassigned (deficit)       943,409       -       (124,152)       819,257         Total fund balances       1,242,096       558,206       433,926       2,234,228				=== 000			=== 000
Classroom facilities maintenance       -       -       157,621       157,621         Other purposes.       -       -       10,109       10,109         Extracurricular.       -       -       29,600       29,600         Committed:       -       -       -       21,666         Student and staff support.       21,666       -       -       -       21,666         Assigned:       -       -       -       4,286         Student instruction       4,286       -       -       -       4,286         Student and staff support.       5,593       -       -       -       5,593         Extracurricular activities       18,591       -       -       18,591         Subsequent year's appropriations       240,148       -       -       240,148         Unassigned (deficit)       943,409       -       (124,152)       819,257         Total fund balances       1,242,096       558,206       433,926       2,234,228			-	558,206	-		
Other purposes.         -         -         10,109         10,109           Extracurricular.         -         -         29,600         29,600           Committed:         -         -         21,666           Student and staff support.         21,666         -         -         21,666           Assigned:         -         -         -         4,286           Student instruction         4,286         -         -         4,286           Student and staff support.         5,593         -         -         5,593           Extracurricular activities         18,591         -         -         18,591           Subsequent year's appropriations         240,148         -         -         240,148           Unassigned (deficit)         943,409         -         (124,152)         819,257           Total fund balances         1,242,096         558,206         433,926         2,234,228			-	-	,		
Extracurricular.         -         -         29,600         29,600           Committed:         Student and staff support         21,666         -         -         21,666           Assigned:         Student instruction         4,286         -         -         4,286           Student and staff support.         5,593         -         -         5,593           Extracurricular activities         18,591         -         -         18,591           Subsequent year's appropriations         240,148         -         -         240,148           Unassigned (deficit)         943,409         -         (124,152)         819,257           Total fund balances         1,242,096         558,206         433,926         2,234,228			-	-	•		-
Committed:         Student and staff support       21,666       -       -       21,666         Assigned:       Student instruction	·		-	-			
Student and staff support       21,666       -       -       21,666         Assigned:       -       -       4,286         Student instruction       4,286       -       -       4,286         Student and staff support       5,593       -       -       5,593         Extracurricular activities       18,591       -       -       18,591         Subsequent year's appropriations       240,148       -       -       240,148         Unassigned (deficit)       943,409       -       (124,152)       819,257         Total fund balances       1,242,096       558,206       433,926       2,234,228			-	-	29,600		29,600
Assigned:       4,286       -       -       4,286         Student instruction							
Student instruction         4,286         -         -         4,286           Student and staff support         5,593         -         -         5,593           Extracurricular activities         18,591         -         -         18,591           Subsequent year's appropriations         240,148         -         -         240,148           Unassigned (deficit)         943,409         -         (124,152)         819,257           Total fund balances         1,242,096         558,206         433,926         2,234,228	• •		21,666	-	-		21,666
Student and staff support.       5,593       -       -       5,593         Extracurricular activities       18,591       -       -       18,591         Subsequent year's appropriations       240,148       -       -       240,148         Unassigned (deficit)       943,409       -       (124,152)       819,257         Total fund balances       1,242,096       558,206       433,926       2,234,228			4.000				4.000
Extracurricular activities       18,591       -       -       18,591         Subsequent year's appropriations       240,148       -       -       240,148         Unassigned (deficit)       943,409       -       (124,152)       819,257         Total fund balances       1,242,096       558,206       433,926       2,234,228			•	-	-		· ·
Subsequent year's appropriations       240,148       -       -       240,148         Unassigned (deficit)       943,409       -       (124,152)       819,257         Total fund balances       1,242,096       558,206       433,926       2,234,228	• •			-	-		•
Unassigned (deficit)         943,409         -         (124,152)         819,257           Total fund balances         1,242,096         558,206         433,926         2,234,228				-	-		· ·
Total fund balances	Subsequent year's appropriations		240,148	-	-		240,148
<del></del>	Unassigned (deficit)		943,409	 -	 (124,152)		819,257
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances . \$ 4,523,723 \$ 878,594 \$ 872,084 \$ 6,274,401	Total fund balances		1,242,096	 558,206	433,926		2,234,228
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances .	\$	4,523,723	\$ 878,594	\$ 872,084	\$	6,274,401

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2015

Total governmental fund balances		\$	2,234,228
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			13,770,933
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Taxes receivable	\$ 190,9		
Intergovernmental receivable Total	71,2	<u>40</u>	262,175
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.			(72,949)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.			44,480
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/ outflows are not reported in governmental funds:  Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - pension Net pension liability	735,1 (1,835,2 (10,120,3	35)	
Total			(11,220,426)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(5,848)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Classroom facilities improvement bonds payable Energy conservation improvement bonds Compensated absences General obligation current interest bonds General obligation capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(305,0 (628,3 (262,5 (1,165,0 (199,9 (87,7	34) 70) 00) 97)	
Total			(2,648,691)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	2,363,902

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General	Debt Service	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:		 				
From local sources:						
Property taxes	\$ 2,606,515	\$ 343,471	\$	264,010	\$	3,213,996
Tuition	895,912	-		-		895,912
Earnings on investments	2,661	523		464		3,648
Charges for services	-	-		140,068		140,068
Extracurricular	70,794	-		72,416		143,210
Classroom materials and fees	31,423	-		-		31,423
Contributions and donations	20,015	-		4,079		24,094
Other local revenues	5,571	-		798		6,369
Intergovernmental - intermediate	-	-		6,441		6,441
Intergovernmental - state	4,686,869	54,338		66,745		4,807,952
Intergovernmental - federal	 			759,412		759,412
Total revenues	 8,319,760	 398,332		1,314,433		10,032,525
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	3,688,061	_		65,625		3,753,686
Special	762,721	_		437,724		1,200,445
Vocational	92,099	_		-		92,099
Other	999,755	_		6,371		1,006,126
Support services:	,			2,21		.,,
Pupil	290,583	_		2,000		292,583
Instructional staff	161,124	_		6,966		168,090
Board of education	33,369	_		´ -		33,369
Administration	711,715	_		7.087		718,802
Fiscal	281,852	8,111		8,906		298,869
Business	793	- , -		-		793
Operations and maintenance	636,510	_		116,656		753,166
Pupil transportation	597,425	_		5,550		602.975
Central	14,776	_		, <u> </u>		14,776
Operation of non-instructional services:	,					, -
Other non-instructional services	32,878	_		24,519		57,397
Food service operations	-	_		379,291		379,291
Extracurricular activities	189,014	_		81,026		270,040
Debt service:	,-			, , , ,		-,-
Principal retirement	_	305,000		48,333		353,333
Interest and fiscal charges	_	63,540		17.944		81,484
Total expenditures	8,492,675	376,651		1,207,998		10,077,324
Net change in fund balances	(172,915)	21,681		106,435		(44,799)
Fund balances at beginning of year	 1,415,011	536,525		327,491		2,279,027
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,242,096	\$ 558,206	\$	433,926	\$	2,234,228

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(44,799)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	50.400	
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$  52,163 (829,805)	(777,642)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes Intergovernmental Total	 7,257 30,057	37,314
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		353,333
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:  Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total	1,432 (24,568) 16,516 (10,071)	(16,691)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		639,568
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.		(424,526)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	_	19,745
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(213,698)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive			
		Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
Revenues:								
From local sources:	•	0.505.544	•	0.570.000	œ	0.500.050	æ	0.054
Property taxes	\$	2,505,544	\$	2,579,202	\$	2,586,056	\$	6,854
Tuition		576,148 2,462		588,037 2,500		903,525 2,638		315,488
Extracurricular		2,402 29,546		28,002		27,695		138 (307)
Classroom materials and fees		28,540 28,561		26,002		31,478		5,476
Contributions and donations		492		1,500		1,640		140
Other local revenues		2,068		600		2,736		2,136
Intergovernmental - state		4,542,184		4,652,263		4,699,217		46,954
Total revenues	-	7,687,006		7,878,106		8,254,985	-	376,879
	-	, , , , , , , , , , , ,	-					
Expenditures: Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		3,686,644		3,705,269		3,642,944		62,325
Special		732,836		770,232		729,499		40,733
· Vocational		87,620		89,135		90,064		(929)
Other		971,639		998,656		999,750		(1,094)
Support services:								
Pupil		284,884		328,622		293,695		34,927
Instructional staff		155,994		158,775		160,377		(1,602)
Board of education		32,329		38,162		33,334		4,828
Administration		659,846		681,171		678,670		2,501
Fiscal		276,617		304,929		285,213		19,716
Business		769		794		793		1
Operations and maintenance		614,398		636,740		632,596		4,144
Pupil transportation		700,016		581,470		603,573		(22,103)
Central		32,130		29,729		33,128		(3,399)
Operation of non-instructional services: Other non-instructional services		33,179		33,441		34,210		(769)
Extracurricular activities.		•		•				` ,
Total expenditures	-	181,100 8,450,000	-	182,875 8,540,000		186,728 8,404,574		(3,853) 135,426
·	-	0,400,000		0,040,000		0,404,014		100,420
Deficiency of revenues under				,,				
expenditures		(762,994)		(661,894)		(149,589)		512,305
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		10,000		20,900		21,549		649
Transfers in		14,532		12,532		12,532		-
Transfers (out)		, <u> </u>		, <u> </u>		(12,532)		(12,532)
Advances in		80,000		80,000		80,000		-
Advances (out)		-		(60,000)		(100,000)		(40,000)
Sale of capital assets		500		500		-		(500)
Total other financing sources (uses)		105,032		53,932		1,549		(52,383)
Net change in fund balance		(657,962)		(607,962)		(148,040)		459,922
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,423,910		1,423,910		1,423,910		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		5,954		5,954		5,954		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	771,902	\$	821,902	\$	1,281,824	\$	459,922

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust					
	Scholarship			Agency		
Assets: Current assets: Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	8,550	\$	35,832		
Total assets		8,550	\$	35,832		
Liabilities: Accounts payable		- -	\$	158 35,674		
Total liabilities		_	\$	35,832		
Net position: Held in trust for scholarships	\$	8,550 8,550				

# STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust		
Additional	Sch	olarship	
Additions: Gifts and contributions	\$	5,080	
Total additions.		5,080	
<b>Deductions:</b> Scholarships awarded		5,249	
Change in net position		(169)	
Net position at beginning of year		8,719	
Net position at end of year	\$	8,550	

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Mapleton Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines. It is staffed by 43 non-certified employees and 72 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 963 students and other community members.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Midland Council of Governments

The District is a member of the Midland Council of Governments (COG), which was organized as a council-of-governments entity in accordance with Ohio statute. While the District and the other 21 members are assessed annual user fees for data services, none of the members retain an ongoing financial interest in the COG.

#### Ashland County - West Holmes Career Center (the "Career Center")

The Career Center is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The Career Center accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school; however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District.

#### INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

#### Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP was established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA). The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### Ohio School Benefits Cooperative

The District participates in the Ohio School Benefits Cooperative, a claims servicing and group purchasing pool comprised of fifteen members. The Ohio School Benefits Cooperative (OSBC) is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 9.833 of the Ohio Revised Code. OSBC is governed by a nine member Board of Directors, all of whom must be Education Service Center and/or educational service center administrators. The Muskingum Valley Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent for OSBC. OSBC is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling each member of the Plan to maximize benefits and/or reduce costs of medical, prescription drug, vision, dental, life, and/or other group insurance coverages for their employees and the eligible dependents, and designated beneficiaries of such employees, and propose to have certain other eligible Educational Service Center or groups of Educational Service Centers join them for the same purposes. Participants pay a \$500 membership fee to OSBC. OSBC offers two options to participants.

Participants may enroll in the joint insurance purchasing program for medical, prescription drug, vision dental and/or life insurance. A second option is available for self-insured participants that provides for the purchase of stop loss insurance coverage through OSBC's third part administrator. The OSBC's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors consisting of Educational Service Center superintendents elected by the members of the OSBC. Medical Mutual/Antares is the Administrator of the OSBC.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority Board (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool. SORSA's business affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors consisting of a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and five delegates. SORSA was created to provide joint self-insurance coverage and to assist members to prevent and reduce losses and injuries to the District's property and person. It is intended to provide liability and property insurance at reduced premiums for the participants. SORSA is organized as a nonprofit corporation under provisions of Ohio Revised Code 2744.

#### **B. Fund Accounting**

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt service fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of property tax revenues for, and the payment of, general obligation bonds used for the construction of school facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

#### C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources have been reported for the following two items related the District's net pension liability: (1) the difference between expected and actual experience of the pension systems, and (2) the District's contributions to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2015, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

The District also reports a deferred inflow of resources for the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments related to the District's net pension liability. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in

which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2015 is as follows:

- Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Ashland County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2015.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2015; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2015, investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2015.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or by policy of the Board of Education. Investment earnings are assigned to the general fund, public school fund, and classroom construction fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$2,661, which includes \$518 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

### G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed/expended when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

### H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District's capitalization threshold is \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

	Governmental
	Activities
<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years

### I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2015, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least five years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2015 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

### J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### K. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

### M. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

### N. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### O. Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

On the governmental fund financial statements and statement of activities bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 9.A.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund activity between governmental funds is eliminated in the statement of activities.

### Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2015, the District had neither type of transaction.

### R. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable." Interfund loans that are used to cover negative cash balances are classified as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

### S. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

#### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE**

### A. Change in Accounting Principles/Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2015, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27</u>", GASB Statement No. 69 "<u>Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations</u>", and GASB Statement No. 71, "<u>Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68</u>".

GASB Statement No. 69 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. The Statement improves the decision usefulness of financial reporting by requiring that disclosures be made by governments about combination arrangements in which they engage and for disposals of government operations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 69 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 68 improves the accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 affected the District's pension plan disclosures, as presented in Note 12 to the financial statements, and added required supplementary information which is presented following the notes to the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 71 improves the accounting and financial reporting by addressing an issue in GASB Statement No. 68, concerning transition provisions related to certain pension contributions made to defined benefit pension plans prior to implementation of that Statement by employers and nonemployer contributing entities.

A net position restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 68 and 71. The governmental activities at July 1, 2014 have been restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net position as previously reported	\$ 14,013,068
Deferred outflows - payments	
subsequent to measurement date	593,426
Net pension liability	(12,028,894)
Restated net position at July 1, 2014	\$ 2,577,600

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the District made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available. The restatement had no effect on fund balances.

#### B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2015 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
Title I, Disadvantaged Children	\$ 16,051
Food service	106,262
IDEA Part B	347
Improving Teacher Quality	38

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value
  of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
  agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
  agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed onehundred-eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At June 30, 2015, the District had \$90 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the basic financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

### B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,827,424. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2015, \$1,689,614 of the District's bank balance of \$1,939,614 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

### C. Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities
		6 months or
Investment type	Fair Value	less
STAR Ohio	\$ 536,235	\$ 536,235

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2015:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% to Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 536,235	100.00

### D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

Cash and investments per note

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2015:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,827,424
Investments	536,235
Undeposited cash on hand	90
Total	\$ 2,363,749
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 2,319,367
Private purpose trust	8,550
Agency fund	35,832
Total	\$ 2,363,749

### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

Interfund balances at June 30, 2015 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loan receivable and payable:

Receivable fund Payable fund		Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental fund	\$ 102,500

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)**

The primary purpose of the interfund balance is to cover costs in the specific nonmajor governmental fund where revenues were not received by June 30. This interfund balance will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the statement of net position.

### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2015 represent the collection of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2015 represent the collection of calendar year 2014 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2015 became a lien on December 31, 2013, were levied after April 1, 2014, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Ashland and Lorain Counties. The County Auditors periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2015, are available to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2015 was \$575,512 in the general fund, \$75,568 in the bond retirement fund, \$46,772 in the permanent improvement fund and \$9,620 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2014 was \$555,627 in the general fund, \$74,345 in the bond retirement fund, \$44,582 in the permanent improvement fund and \$9,751 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2015 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)**

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

	2014 Secon Half Collecti			2015 First Half Collections				
	 Amount	<u>Percent</u>	_	Amount	Percent			
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 118,444,840 8,235,390	93.50 6.50	\$	135,275,190 8,584,820	94.03 5.97			
Total	\$ 126,680,230	100.00	\$	143,860,010	100.00			
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 48.60		\$	48.40				

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2015 consisted of taxes and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

### **Governmental activities:**

Taxes	\$ 3,715,068
Intergovernmental	106,600
Total	\$ 3,821,668

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2014	Additions	<b>Disposals</b>	June 30, 2015
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 177,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 177,800
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	177,800			177,800
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	2,686,047	52,163	-	2,738,210
Buildings and improvements	19,791,616	-	-	19,791,616
Furniture and equipment	641,133	-	-	641,133
Vehicles	1,074,428			1,074,428
Total capital assets, being depreciated	24,193,224	52,163		24,245,387
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(1,514,493)	(114,811)	-	(1,629,304)
Buildings and improvements	(7,098,702)	(610,426)	-	(7,709,128)
Furniture and equipment	(400,137)	(35,469)	-	(435,606)
Vehicles	(809,117)	(69,099)		(878,216)
Total accumulated depreciation	(9,822,449)	(829,805)		(10,652,254)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 14,548,575	\$ (777,642)	\$ -	\$ 13,770,933

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:		
Regular	\$	722,870
Special		3,080
Vocational		1,410
Support services:		
Operations and maintenance		42,634
Pupil transportation		43,991
Central		1,945
Extracurricular activities		4,764
Food service operations	_	9,111
Total depreciation expense	\$	829,805

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** The long-term obligations were restated as described in Note 3.A. During fiscal year 2015, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	E Ou	Restated Balance tstanding e 30, 2014	<u>A</u>	.dditions	<u>R</u>	<u>leductions</u>	Balance outstanding ne 30, 2015	_	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:									
Classroom facilities improvements									
bonds	\$	585,000	\$	-	\$	(280,000)	\$ 305,000	\$	305,000
Energy conservation improvement bonds		676,667		-		(48,333)	628,334		48,334
Net Pension Liability	1	2,028,894		-		(1,908,527)	10,120,367		-
Current interest refunding bonds-series 2011		1,190,000		-		(25,000)	1,165,000		25,000
Current appreciation refunding bonds-series 2011		199,997		-		-	199,997		-
Accreted interest-series 2011		63,222		24,568		-	87,790		-
Compensated absences		282,315		119,150	_	(85,215)	 316,250	_	95,687
Total long-term obligations,									
governmental activities	\$ 1	5,026,095	\$	143,718	\$	(2,347,075)	12,822,738	\$	474,021
Add: Unamortized premium on bonds							 72,949		
Total reported on statement of net position							\$ 12,895,687		

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund, from which the employee salaries are paid, which for the District, is primarily the general fund and the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Net Pension Liability: See Note 12 for details on the District's net pension liability.

B. <u>Classroom Facilities Improvements Bonds</u>: On April 1, 2004, the District issued general obligation bonds to provide for the construction of school facilities. The general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the District for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged and payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the District. The interest rates on the bonds range from 3.4 to 5.7 percent. The bonds mature on December 1, 2019. The District refunded \$1,439,997 of these bonds during fiscal year 2011. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the classroom facilities improvements bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal on Bonds	Interest on Bonds	Total
2016	\$ 305,000	\$ 8,693	\$ 313,693
Total	\$ 305,000	\$ 8,693	\$ 313,693

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

C. <u>Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds</u>: On April 1, 2013, the District issued energy conservation improvement bonds to control and reduce energy consumption. The energy conservation improvement bonds are direct obligations of the District for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged and payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the District. The interest rates on the bonds are 2.75 percent. The bonds mature on December 1, 2027. Payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as an expenditure in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Principal and interest requirements to retire the classroom facilities improvements bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Pri	incipal on Bonds	Interest on Bonds	_	Total
2016	\$	48,334	\$ 16,615	\$	64,949
2017		48,334	15,285		63,619
2018		48,334	13,956		62,290
2019		48,334	12,627		60,961
2020		48,333	11,298		59,631
2021 - 2025		241,666	36,552		278,218
2026 - 2028		144,999	5,981		150,980
Total	\$	628,334	\$ 112,314	\$	740,648

**D.** Series 2011 Refunding General Obligation Bonds: On May 14, 2011, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2011 Refunding Bonds) to currently refund the callable portion of the Series 2004 classroom facilities improvement bonds in the amount of \$1,485,000.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$1,285,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$199,997. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.40% - 4.10%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2019 (interest rate 9.129%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$430,000. Total accreted interest of \$87,790 has been included in the statement of net position at June 30, 2015. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2019.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$86,442. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

		Balance			Balance	Amounts
	Interest	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
	Rate	June 30, 2014	$\underline{Additions}$	Reductions	June 30, 2015	One Year
Current interest refunding bonds Capital appreciation refunding bonds Accreted interest	1.40-4.10%	\$ 1,190,000 199,997 63,222	\$ - - 24,568	\$ (25,000)	\$ 1,165,000 199,997 87,790	\$ 25,000
Total		\$ 1,453,219	\$ 24,568	\$ (25,000)	\$ 1,452,787	\$ 25,000

**E.** Principal and interest requirements to retire the refunding bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Current Interest Bonds - Refunding 2011				Capital Appreciation Bonds - Refunding 2011						
Ending June 30,	_	Principal	]	Interest	_	Total	<u>P</u>	rincipal_	_	Interest	_	Total
2016	\$	25,000	\$	37,613	\$	62,613	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2017		360,000		32,350		392,350		-		-		-
2018		380,000		21,700		401,700		-		-		
2019		400,000		8,000		408,000		-		-		-
2020								199,997		230,003		430,000
Total	\$	1,165,000	\$	99,663	\$	1,264,663	\$	199,997	\$	230,003	\$	430,000

### F. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2015, are a voted debt margin of \$11,835,610 (including available funds of \$558,206) and an unvoted debt margin of \$143,860.

#### **NOTE 10 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees working eleven or twelve months per year are entitled to an annual vacation, with pay, based on length of service in the District. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators working fewer than ten months per year do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated for an unlimited number of days. For certified and classified employees, payment is made at retirement for accumulated sick leave and is determined by taking one-fourth of the unused balance to a maximum of 46 days.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

### A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents, boiler/machinery and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. The following is a description of the District's insurance coverage:

\$0
\$0
ΨΨ
0
0
0
0
0

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance from the prior year.

### B. Fidelity Bond

The Treasurer is covered under a surety bond in the amount of \$50,000. All other school employees are covered on the SORSA policy for covered property up to \$100,000.

### C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2015, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

### D. Employee Group Medical/Surgical, Dental and Vision Insurance

The District provides employee medical, prescription, and dental benefits through the Ohio School Benefits Cooperative (OSBC), using the Medical Mutual network for health, dental and life insurance and the VSP network for vision insurance. This plan provides a medical plan with a \$500 family and \$250 per person deductible and a dental plan with a \$50 family and \$25 per person deductible. There are no reserve requirements.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

Employees are responsible for a portion of this premium based on job classification and length of workday as outlined in their negotiated agreement. Premiums for medical coverage were \$1,614.26 per month for each employee with family coverage and \$772.61 per month for each employee with individual coverage. The premiums for dental coverage were \$72.72 per month for each employee with family coverage and \$34.46 per month for each employee with single coverage. The premium for life insurance is \$3.00 monthly for \$20,000 in coverage. The premium for vision coverage is \$19.37 per month for each employee with family coverage; \$10.80 per month for each employee with employee plus one coverage and \$7.08 per month for each employee with individual coverage. For fiscal year 2016, the District's rates decreased by an average of 2.21%.

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *pension and postemployment benefits payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description –District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017			
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit			
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit			

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-ofliving adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$119,493 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount \$12,456 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description –District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$520,075 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount, \$85,008 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,633,014	\$ 8,487,353	\$ 10,120,367
Proportion of the net pension			
liability	0.03226700%	0.03489369%	
Pension expense	\$ 95,297	\$ 329,229	\$ 424,526

At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		 STRS	Total	
Deferred outflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	13,899	\$ 81,709	\$	95,608
District contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		119,493	520,075		639,568
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	133,392	\$ 601,784	\$	735,176
Deferred inflows of resources					
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	265,043	\$ 1,570,192	\$ 1	1,835,235

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

\$639,568 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:				
2016	\$ (62,786)	\$	(372,121)	\$ (434,907)
2017	(62,786)		(372,121)	(434,907)
2018	(62,786)		(372,121)	(434,907)
2019	(62,786)		(372,120)	 (434,906)
	 _		_	_
Total	\$ (251,144)	\$ (	(1,488,483)	\$ (1,739,627)

### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

Wage Inflation
Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA
Investment Rate of Return
Actuarial Cost Method

3.25 percent
4.00 percent to 22 percent
3 percent
7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Entry Age Normal

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

				Current	
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase
		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share	<u>-</u>				
of the net pension liability	\$	2,329,826	\$	1,633,014	\$ 1,046,935

### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return				
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %				
International Equity	26.00	7.85				
Alternatives	14.00	8.00				
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75				
Real Estate	10.00	6.75				
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00				
Total	100.00 %					

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ 12,150,571	\$ 8,487,353	\$ 5,389,503

#### **NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

### A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2015, 0.82 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2015, this amount was \$20,450. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2015, the District's surcharge obligation was \$15,808.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$23,713, \$17,012, and \$15,341, respectively. For fiscal year 2015, 90.68 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

### **B.** State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$0, \$36,785, and \$36,037 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013.

### **NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

(a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)**

- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (148,040)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	217
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(61,570)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(1,549)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	5,074
Adjustment for encumbrances	32,953
GAAP basis	\$ (172,915)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund and the public school support fund.

### **NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

### **B.** Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### **NOTE 15 – CONTINGENCIES (Continued)**

### C. Foundation Funding

District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

### **NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES**

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Imi	Capital provements
	шц	novements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2014	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		156,640
Current year offsets		(260,477)
Total	\$	(103,837)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2016	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2015	\$	

#### **NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Encumbrances</u>
General	\$ 32,953
Other governmental	244
Total	\$ 33,197

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

### **LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS**

	 2014	 2013
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.03226700%	0.03226700%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,633,014	\$ 1,918,815
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 937,619	\$ 945,542
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	174.17%	202.93%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.70%	65.52%

Note: Information prior to fiscal year 2013 was unavailable.

Amounts presented as of the School Districts's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

### **LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS**

	 2014	 2013
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.03489369%	0.03489369%
District's proportionate share of the net		
pension liability	\$ 8,487,353	\$ 10,110,079
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,565,169	\$ 3,603,731
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	238.06%	280.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.70%	69.30%

Note: Information prior to fiscal year 2013 was unavailable.

Amounts presented as of the School Districts's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
Contractually required contribution	\$ 119,493	\$ 129,954	\$ 130,863	\$ 127,689
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (119,493)	(129,954)	(130,863)	 (127,689)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 906,624	\$ 937,619	\$ 945,542	\$ 949,361
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%

 2011	 2010	 2009	 2008	 2007	 2006
\$ 117,493	\$ 122,729	\$ 92,092	\$ 85,507	\$ 80,819	\$ 88,637
(117,493)	 (122,729)	(92,092)	(85,507)	(80,819)	(88,637)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
\$ 934,710	\$ 906,418	\$ 935,894	\$ 870,743	\$ 756,732	\$ 837,779
12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	10.68%	10.58%

### SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
Contractually required contribution	\$ 520,075	\$ 463,472	\$ 468,485	\$ 471,238
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (520,075)	 (463,472)	 (468,485)	(471,238)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,714,821	\$ 3,565,169	\$ 3,603,731	\$ 3,624,908
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

 2011	 2010	 2009	 2008	 2007	 2006
\$ 474,187	\$ 460,746	\$ 460,407	\$ 456,703	\$ 431,670	\$ 478,872
 (474,187)	 (460,746)	 (460,407)	 (456,703)	 (431,670)	 (478,872)
\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 
\$ 3,647,592	\$ 3,544,200	\$ 3,541,592	\$ 3,513,100	\$ 3,320,538	\$ 3,683,631
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Information about factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported in the schedules should be presented as notes to the schedule.

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014 and 2015.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014 and 2015. See the notes to the basic financial statements for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

### STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014 and 2015.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014 and 2015. See the notes to the basic financial statements for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

# SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FEDERAL GRANTOR	Federal		
Pass Through Grantor	CFDA		
Program Title	Number	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$ 26,588	\$ 26,588
Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	31,945	31,945
National School Lunch Program	10.555	157,996	157,996
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		216,529	216,529
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		216,529	216,529
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	192,350	192,350
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	282,011	287,904
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	44,302	44,302
Rural Education	84.358	15,934	15,934
Total U.S. Department of Education		534,597	540,490
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES		\$ 751,126	\$ 757,019

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) reports the Mapleton Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

### **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

### NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mapleton Local School District Ashland County 635 Co. Rd. 801 Ashland, Ohio 44805

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mapleton Local School District, Ashland County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 20, 2016, wherein we noted the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and also GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Mapleton Local School District
Ashland County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 20, 2016

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Mapleton Local School District Wayne County 635 Co. Rd. 801 Ashland, Ohio 44805

To the Board of Education:

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Mapleton Local School District's, Ashland County, Ohio (the District), compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Mapleton Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

### Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Mapleton Local School District's, Ashland County, Ohio, complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Mapleton Local School District
Ashland County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required By OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 20, 2016

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2015

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA # 84.010 – Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.027 – Special Education_Grants to States	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No	

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDER	AL AWARDS
-----------------------	-----------

None

### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2015

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
Number	Summary	Corrected?	
2014-001	<b>2 CFR Part 180.300</b> – Failure to verify the person with whom you intend to do business is not excluded or disqualified.	Yes	



### **MAPLETON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT**

### **ASHLAND COUNTY**

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

**CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 18, 2016**