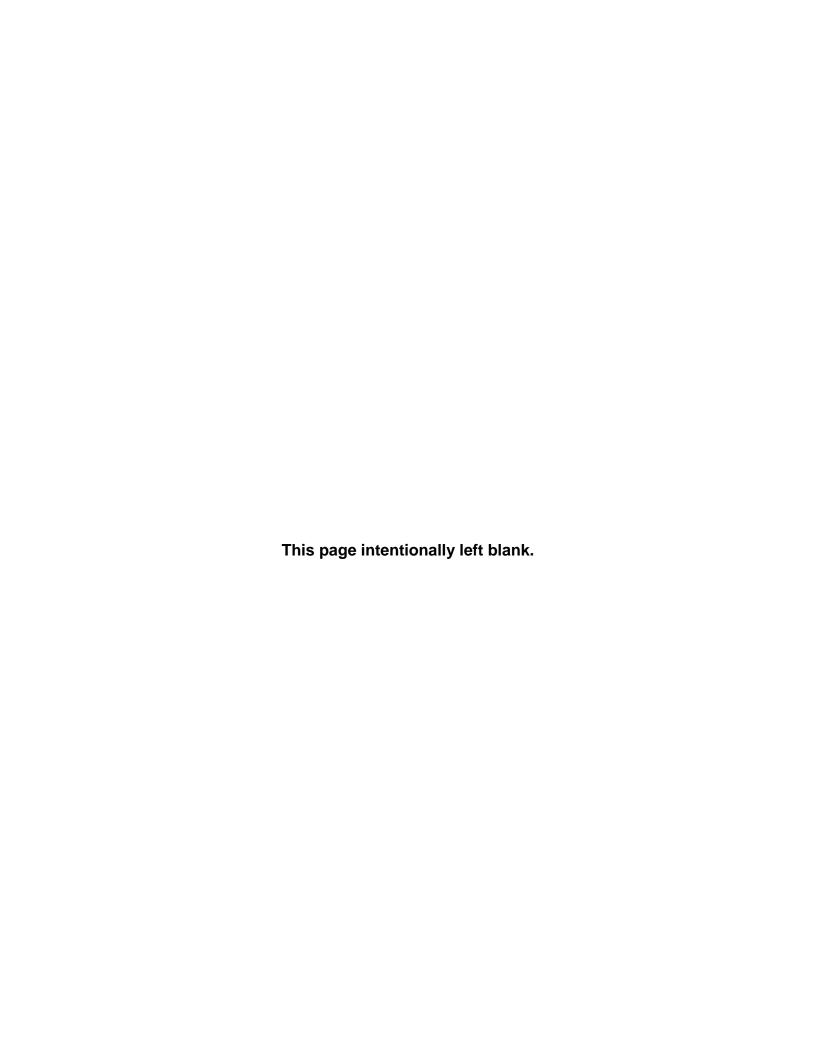




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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Osnaburg Local School District Stark County 310 Browning Ct. East Canton, Ohio 44730

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Osnaburg Local School District, Stark County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Osnaburg Local School District Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Osnaburg Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

We applied no procedures to Management's Discussion & Analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 25, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

October 25, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Osnaburg Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, within the limitations of the District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:

- The total net cash position of the District increased \$788,813 or 21.06% from fiscal year 2015.
- General cash receipts accounted for \$16,039,594 or 89.37% of all governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,908,550 or 10.63% of total governmental activities cash receipts of \$17,948,144.
- The District had \$17,159,331 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$1,908,550 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$16,039,594 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and classroom facilities fund. The general fund had \$8,606,566 in cash receipts and other financing sources and \$7,709,792 in cash disbursements. During fiscal year 2016, the general fund cash balance increased from \$1,806,906 to \$2,703,680.
- The classroom facilities fund had \$1,590 in cash receipts and \$12,008 in cash disbursements. During fiscal year 2016, the classroom facilities fund cash balance decreased from \$974,274 to \$963,856.

Using the Cash Basis Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Cash Basis provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and classroom facilities fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis answer the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2016?" These statements include only net position using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net cash position and changes in that position on a cash basis. This change in net cash position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and classroom facilities fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs.

Since the District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net cash position and fund cash balances or changes in net cash position and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. These activities are presented as private-purpose trust funds. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position - Cash Basis and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Cash Basis. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net cash position at June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Net Cash Position

	Governmental Activities 2016	Governmental Activities 2015			
Assets	¢ 4.522.042	¢ 2.745.120			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,533,943	\$ 3,745,130			
Total assets	4,533,943	3,745,130			
Net cash position					
Restricted	1,797,393	1,875,123			
Unrestricted	2,736,550	1,870,007			
Total net cash position	\$ 4,533,943	\$ 3,745,130			

At June 30, 2016, the District's net cash position was \$4,533,943. A portion of this amount, \$1,797,393, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net cash position of \$2,736,550 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The table below shows the change in net cash position for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

	Governmental Activities 2016	Governmental Activities 2015
Cash Receipts		
Program cash receipts:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 872,304	\$ 1,037,371
Operating grants and contributions	1,036,246	1,404,384
General cash receipts:		
Property taxes	2,802,606	2,721,061
Grants and entitlements	5,365,664	4,286,333
Investment earnings	10,779	8,684
Proceeds from refunding bonds	7,319,752	-
Premium on refunding bonds	529,748	-
Miscellaneous	11,045	54,208
Total cash receipts	17,948,144	9,512,041
Cash disbursements:		
Current:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 3,580,973	\$ 3,323,617
Special	1,249,369	1,356,899
Vocational	332,177	313,158
Other	5,097	380,567
Support services:		
Pupil	334,126	250,112
Instructional staff	197,970	135,490
Board of education	34,068	32,676
Administration	794,548	718,820
Fiscal	301,538	292,163
Business	6,889	6,359
Operations and maintenance	720,012	648,220
Pupil transportation	399,401	353,325
Central	69,933	84,650
Food service operations	343,847	321,826
Other non-instructional services	10,022	15,931
Extracurricular activities	400,342	330,364
Facilities acquisition and construction	12,008	73,550
Debt service:		
Principal retirement	59,935	71,298
Interest and fiscal charges	457,576	490,158
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	7,693,427	-
Bond issuance costs	156,073	<u> </u>
Total cash disbursements	17,159,331	9,199,183
Change in net cash position	788,813	312,858
Net cash position at beginning of year	3,745,130	3,432,272
Net cash position at end of year	\$ 4,533,943	\$ 3,745,130

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

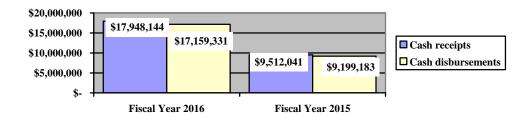
Net cash position of the District's governmental activities increased \$788,813 in fiscal year 2016. Total governmental cash disbursements of \$17,159,331 were offset by program cash receipts of \$1,908,550 and general cash receipts of \$16,039,594. Program cash receipts supported 11.12% of the total governmental disbursements.

The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These sources represent 45.51% of total governmental cash receipts.

Cash disbursements increased in fiscal year 2016 by \$7,960,148 or 86.53% due to the general obligation bonds – series 2007 being refunded in the current fiscal year. The largest cash disbursement of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction disbursements totaled \$5,167,616 or 30.12% of total governmental disbursements for fiscal year 2016.

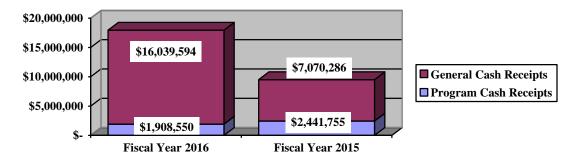
The graph below presents the District's cash receipts and cash disbursements for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

Governmental Activities - Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements



The graph below presents the District's governmental activities cash receipts for the fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts



The Statement of Activities - Cash Basis shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2016		N	Net Cost of Services 2016	To	otal Cost of Services 2015	Net Cost of Services 2015		
Program cash disbursements						2010		2010	
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	3,580,973	\$	3,077,425	\$	3,323,617	\$	2,478,606	
Special	,	1,249,369		499,294		1,356,899		443,403	
Vocational		332,177		290,261		313,158		264,090	
Other		5,097		5,097		380,567		380,567	
Support services:		-,		- ,		,		,	
Pupil		334,126		334,126		250,112		250,112	
Instructional staff		197,970		197,970		135,490		126,836	
Board of education		34,068		34,068		32,676		32,676	
Administration		794,548		789,497		718,820		705,991	
Fiscal		301,538		301,538		292,163		292,163	
Business		6,889		6,889		6,359		6,359	
Operations and maintenance		720,012		700,384		648,220		614,205	
Pupil transportation		399,401		375,090		353,325		327,465	
Central		69,933		54,140		84,650		60,857	
Food service operations		343,847		20,684		321,826		22,108	
Other non-instructional services		10,022		(7,233)		15,931		2,763	
Extracurricular activities		400,342		192,532		330,364		114,221	
Facilities acquisition and construction		12,008		12,008		73,550		73,550	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		59,935		59,935		71,298		71,298	
Interest and fiscal charges		457,576		457,576		490,158		490,158	
Payment of refunded bond escrow agent		7,693,427		7,693,427		-		-	
Bond issuance costs		156,073		156,073					
Total cash disbursements	\$	17,159,331	\$	15,250,781	\$	9,199,183	\$	6,757,428	

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with 88.88% and 73.46% of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$4,533,943, which is \$788,813 above last year's total of \$3,745,130. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund	Fund Cash Balance Fund Cash		Cash Balance]	Increase	Percentage	
	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2016	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2015	(Decrease)		Change	
General	\$	2,703,680	\$	1,806,906	\$	896,774	49.63 %	
Classroom facilities		963,856		974,274		(10,418)	(1.07) %	
Nonmajor governmental		866,407		963,950		(97,543)	(10.12) %	
Total	\$	4,533,943	\$	3,745,130	\$	788,813	21.06 %	

General Fund

For the general fund, both cash receipts and cash disbursements increased slightly from the prior year. The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts and disbursements of the general fund.

	2016		2015		Increase		Percentage	
	_	Amount		Amount		Decrease)	Change	
Cash Receipts								
Property taxes	\$	2,263,394	\$	2,202,803	\$	60,591	2.75 %	
Earnings on investments		8,814		6,815		1,999	29.33 %	
Intergovernmental		5,737,918		4,649,114		1,088,804	23.42 %	
Other revenues		589,341		774,979		(185,638)	(23.95) %	
Total	\$	8,599,467	\$	7,633,711	\$	965,756	12.65 %	
<u>Cash Disbursements</u>								
Instruction	\$	4,736,555	\$	4,715,017	\$	21,538	0.46 %	
Support services		2,691,136		2,386,320		304,816	12.77 %	
Non-instructional services		8,928		14,965		(6,037)	(40.34) %	
Extracurricular activities		273,173		237,859		35,314	14.85 %	
Facilities acquisition and construction				16,692	_	(16,692)	(100.00) %	
Total	\$	7,709,792	\$	7,370,853	\$	338,939	4.60 %	

The general fund's cash receipts increased \$965,756 or 12.65% in fiscal year 2016. Earnings on investments increased \$1,999 or 29.33% primarily due to an increase in interest rates. Intergovernmental revenue increased \$1,088,804 or 23.42% due to increase in foundation revenue in the current fiscal year. Other revenues decreased \$185,638 or 23.95% due to a decrease in open enrollment in fiscal year 2016. All other receipts for the general fund were comparable to the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The general fund's cash disbursements increased \$338,939 or 4.60% in fiscal year 2016. Support services increased \$304,816 or 12.77% primarily due to an increase in pupil, administration and central disbursements during fiscal year 2016. Facilities acquisition and construction decreased \$16,692 or 100.00% due to no construction related to legal disbursements in fiscal year 2016. Non-instruction services disbursements decrease \$6,037 or 40.34% primarily due to a decrease latchkey disbursements in fiscal year 2016. All other cash disbursements for the general fund were comparable to the prior year.

Classroom Facilities Fund

The classroom facilities fund is reported as a major fund and had \$1,590 in cash receipts and \$12,008 in cash disbursements. During fiscal year 2016, the classroom facilities fund cash balance decreased from \$974,274 to \$963,856.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final estimated budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources were \$100,000 below original budget estimates of \$8,648,425. The actual budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources of \$8,573,470 exceeded final budget estimates by \$25,045. Original and final estimated budgetary basis disbursements were \$8,018,845. The actual budgetary basis disbursements of \$7,976,475 were \$42,370 less than the final budget estimates. There were no significant variances between final budget and actual amounts for either receipts or disbursements.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The District had facilities acquisition and construction disbursements of \$12,008 during fiscal year 2016.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2016, the District had \$7,587,648 in general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$312,570 is due within one year and \$7,275,078 is due in more than one year.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	2016	2015
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,587,648	\$ 7,791,059
Total	\$ 7,587,648	\$ 7,791,059

See Note 7 in the notes to the basic financial statements for additional information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Current Financial Related Activities

Osnaburg Local Schools has performed reasonably well in some categories according to the state's new report card. Conversely, the district finds some areas that need to be reflected on as well. Although the percentages have changed to earn the point per assessment from 75 to 80, we have attained "B" in our performance index, "A" in attendance and graduation, and we are working to improve special education/ gifted scores and individual growth measures of each child. Our High School has been awarded the "Silver Medal" by U.S. News and World Report for the third consecutive year, our third graders performed at a 79% proficient rate compared to the state average in the mid 50's, we are honored to have a Five Star pre-school program for the second consecutive year. We are extremely proud of all of our staff and students and want to congratulate them for all of their hard work and dedication as we strive to improve each and every child's performance. The district continues to allocate funds to allow our students to receive the opportunities that they need in order to be college and career ready. Additionally, it is vital that we provide maximum opportunities for our children according to the resources that we have.

A deficit spending pattern from 2006-2015 academic years ate away at our carryover. Cuts in programming and staffing were implemented at the end of the 2009-2010 school year, taking effect the 2010-2011 academic year. Additional cuts in programming and staffing have occurred every year up until 2015-2016 academic year. The new biennial state budget had provided our school with resources that should keep us off of the ballot for the next several years.

Our classified and certified staffs each negotiated their current contract in the spring of 2013 and will renegotiate in the fall of this year. (2016) We have hired a middle school intervention specialist and middle level language arts teacher to allow for the incorporation of STEM at the eighth grade and high school levels as a focus on "gifted" educational performance. We have hired additional staff very cautiously to address our areas of concern and to streamline workflow as a result of our data reflection and state mandates. We were awarded a "Straight A" Grant through our consortium partnership with Stark County ESC this summer. As a result, we have purchased technology to integrate into our curriculum.

The last new operating levy was passed in 1997 and at that time District administrators assured the community that we would not ask for any new money until at least 2005. We have kept and exceeded that promise.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Christine Robenstine, Treasurer, Osnaburg Local School District, 310 Browning Ct., East Canton, Ohio 44730.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities				
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,533,943			
Total assets		4,533,943			
Net cash position:					
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		1,010,415			
Classroom facilities maintenance		275,628			
Debt service		374,720			
Federally funded programs		148			
Student activities		93,741			
Other purposes		42,741			
Unrestricted		2,736,550			
Total net cash position	\$	4,533,943			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net (Disbursements)

4.533.943

Receipts and Changes in Net **Program Cash Receipts Cash Position** Cash Charges for **Operating Grants** Governmental **Disbursements** Services and Sales and Contributions Activities Governmental activities: Instruction: \$ 3,580,973 471,266 \$ 32,282 \$ \$ (3,077,425)1,249,369 16,622 733,453 (499,294)Vocational 332,177 41,916 (290, 261)5,097 (5,097)Support services: 334,126 (334,126)Instructional staff 197,970 (197,970)Board of education 34,068 (34,068)5,051 Administration. 794,548 (789,497)Fiscal...... 301,538 (301,538)6,889 (6,889)Operations and maintenance 720,012 1,928 17,700 (700,384)Pupil transportation. 399,401 4,648 19.663 (375,090)69,933 15,793 (54,140)Operation of non-instructional services: 10,022 921 Other non-instructional services 16,334 7,233 (20,684)Food service operations 343,847 153,696 169,467 Extracurricular activities. 400,342 207,810 (192,532)Facilities acquisition and construction . . . 12,008 (12,008)Debt service: Principal retirement 59,935 (59,935)Interest and fiscal charges 457,576 (457,576)Payment to refunded bond escrow agent. 7,693,427 (7,693,427)Bond issuance costs. 156,073 (156,073)\$ 17,159,331 \$ 872,304 1,036,246 (15,250,781)General cash receipts: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 2,263,394 Classroom facilities maintenance 37,294 Debt service. 501,918 Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 5,365,664 Investment earnings 10,779 Refunding bonds issued. 7,319,752 Premium on refunding bonds issued. . . . 529,748 Miscellaneous 11,045 16,039,<u>594</u> Total general cash receipts Change in net cash position 788,813 Net cash position at beginning of year . . 3,745,130

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net cash position at end of year. \$

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,2016}$

		General		Classroom Facilities		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash									
and cash equivalents	\$	2,703,680	\$	963,856	\$	866,407	\$	4,533,943	
Total assets	\$	2,703,680	\$	963,856	\$	866,407	\$	4,533,943	
Fund cash balances:									
Restricted:									
Debt service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	374,720	\$	374,720	
Capital improvements		-		963,856		46,559		1,010,415	
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		-		275,628		275,628	
Food service operations		-		-		42,741		42,741	
Special education		-		-		148		148	
Student activities		-		-		93,741		93,741	
Committed:									
Capital improvements		-		-		51,665		51,665	
Assigned:									
Student instruction		178,333		-		-		178,333	
Student and staff support		174,024		-		-		174,024	
Extracurricular activities		901		-		-		901	
Unassigned (deficit)		2,350,422		-		(18,795)		2,331,627	
Total cash fund balances	\$	2,703,680	\$	963,856	\$	866,407	\$	4,533,943	

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		General		assroom Gover		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total evernmental Funds
Cash receipts:								
From local sources:	Φ.	2.262.204	Φ.		ф	520.212	ф	2.002.606
Property taxes	\$	2,263,394	\$	-	\$	539,212	\$	2,802,606
Tuition		420,978		-		155 624		420,978
Charges for services		0 014				155,624 489		155,624
Earnings on investments		8,814 4,648		1,590		489		10,893 4,648
Extracurricular		73,325				134,485		207,810
Classroom materials and fees		47,060		-		134,463		47,060
Rental income		19,650		_		_		19,650
Contributions and donations		996		_		_		996
Other local revenues		22,684		_		_		22,684
Intergovernmental - intermediate		,		_		1,000		1,000
Intergovernmental - state		5,699,909		-		222,811		5,922,720
Intergovernmental - federal		38,009		-		440,067		478,076
Total cash receipts		8,599,467		1,590		1,493,688		10,094,745
Cash disbursements:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		3,517,992		-		62,981		3,580,973
Special		881,289		-		368,080		1,249,369
Vocational		332,177		-		-		332,177
Other		5,097		-		-		5,097
Support services:		224 126						224 126
Pupil		334,126		-		24.524		334,126
Instructional staff		173,446				24,524		197,970
Board of education		34,068		-		- 6 116		34,068
Administration		788,102		-		6,446 11,082		794,548
Fiscal		290,456 6,889				11,082		301,538 6,889
Operations and maintenance		650,299		-		69,713		720,012
Pupil transportation		361,563		_		37,838		399,401
Central		52,187		_		17,746		69,933
Operation of non-instructional services:		32,107				17,710		07,755
Other operation of non-instructional		8,928		_		1,094		10,022
Food service operations		-		_		343,847		343,847
Extracurricular activities		273,173		-		127,169		400,342
Facilities acquisition and construction		,		12,008				12,008
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		59,935		59,935
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		457,576		457,576
Bond issuance costs						156,073		156,073
Total cash disbursements		7,709,792		12,008		1,744,104		9,465,904
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts		000 675		(10.410)		(250.416)		62 0.041
over (under) cash disbursements		889,675		(10,418)		(250,416)		628,841
Other financing sources (uses):								
Premium on refunding bonds issued		-		-		529,748		529,748
Refunding bonds issued		-		-		7,319,752		7,319,752
Sale of assets		3,899		-		-		3,899
Advances in		3,200		-		-		3,200
Advances (out)		-		-		(3,200)		(3,200)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent .				-		(7,693,427)		(7,693,427)
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,099				152,873		159,972
Net change in fund cash balances		896,774		(10,418)		(97,543)		788,813
Fund cash balances at beginning of year		1,806,906		974,274		963,950		3,745,130
Fund cash balances at end of year	\$	2,703,680	\$	963,856	\$	866,407	\$	4,533,943
•								

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts			unts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original	Final		Actual		Negative)	
Budgetary basis receipts:		Original			 1100001		(tegutive)	
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	2,210,000	\$	2,220,000	\$ 2,263,394	\$	43,394	
Tuition		570,675		567,775	420,978		(146,797)	
Transportation fees		, -		· -	4,648		4,648	
Earnings on investments		6,000		8,000	8,814		814	
Extracurricular		75,400		22,150	23,220		1,070	
Classroom materials and fees		60,000		61,500	47,060		(14,440)	
Rental income		21,000		21,000	19,650		(1,350)	
Contributions and donations		300		1,000	996		(4)	
Other local revenues		14,800		14,800	22,684		7,884	
Intergovernmental - state		5,607,050		5,559,000	5,699,909		140,909	
Intergovernmental - federal		20,000		30,000	38,009		8,009	
Total budgetary basis receipts		8,585,225		8,505,225	8,549,362		44,137	
Budgetary basis disbursements:								
Current:								
Instruction:		2 650 771		2.520.650	2.540.026		(10.270)	
Regular		3,658,771		3,529,658	3,548,036		(18,378)	
Special		962,362		997,777	1,046,588		(48,811)	
Vocational		337,717		328,759	332,177		(3,418)	
Other		5,242		5,105	5,097		8	
Support services:		220 672		270.010	270.062		0.40	
Pupil		320,672		378,910	378,062		848	
Instructional staff		136,712		186,120	196,717		(10,597)	
Board of education		45,919		33,375	34,068		(693)	
Administration		841,271		826,336	806,159		20,177	
Fiscal		301,888		296,121	292,171		3,950	
Business		6,722		7,000	13,364		(6,364)	
Operations and maintenance		678,420		681,945	672,660		9,285	
Pupil transportation		408,917		421,953	363,237		58,716	
Central		64,724		82,125	69,501		12,624	
Other operation of non-instructional services .		9,652		9,461	8,928		533	
Extracurricular activities		229,856		224,200	209,710		14,490	
Facilities acquisition and construction		10,000		10,000	 7.076.475		10,000	
Total budgetary basis disbursements		8,018,845		8,018,845	 7,976,475		42,370	
Excess (deficiency) of budgetary basis receipts								
over (under) budgetary basis disbursements		566,380		486,380	 572,887		86,507	
Other financing sources:								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		60,000		40,000	17,009		(22,991)	
Advances in		3,200		3,200	3,200		-	
Sale of capital assets		-		-	3,899		3,899	
Total other financing sources		63,200		43,200	24,108		(19,092)	
Net change in fund cash balance		629,580		529,580	596,995		67,415	
Fund cash balance at beginning of year		1,585,193		1,585,193	1,585,193		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		168,234		168,234	168,234		-	
Fund cash balance at end of year	\$	2,383,007	\$	2,283,007	\$ 2,350,422	\$	67,415	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust Scholarship			
			Agency	
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	\$	135,421	\$	42,493
Total assets	\$	135,421	\$	42,493
Liabilities:				
Due to students		<u>-</u>	\$	42,493
Total liabilities		-	\$	42,493
Net cash position:				
Held in trust for scholarships	\$	135,421		
Total net cash position	\$	135,421		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship		
Additions:			
Interest	\$	388	
Gifts and contributions		23,765	
Total additions	<u> </u>	24,153	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		21,260	
Change in net cash position		2,893	
Net cash position at beginning of year		132,528	
Net cash position at end of year	\$	135,421	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Osnaburg Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District is located in East Canton, Stark County, Ohio. It is staffed by 40 non-certified employees and 60 certified employees who provide services to 826 students and other community members. The District operates one K-12 school building.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.B., these financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In cases where these cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Stark-Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC)

The District is a member of SPARCC, a jointly governed organization which provides computer services to the school districts within the boundaries of Stark and Portage Counties. Each District's Superintendent serves as a representative on the Board, which consists of approximately 31 member districts. However, SPARCC is primarily governed by a five member Executive Board which is made up of two representatives from Stark County, two from Portage County, and a Treasurer. The Board meets monthly to address any current issues.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Risk Sharing Pool

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefits Program is a shared risk pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating member. The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services.

Insurance Purchasing Pool

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan has created a group insurance pool for the purpose of creating a group rating plan for workers' compensation. The group is comprised of the treasurers of the members who have been appointed by the respective governing body of each member.

The intent of the pool is to achieve a reduced rate for the District by grouping with other members of the pool. The injury claim histories of all participating members are used to calculate a common rate for the pool. An annual fee is paid to CompManagement, Inc. to administer the group and to manage any injury claims. Premium savings created by the group are prorated to each member annually based on its payroll percent of the group.

B. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and entity wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statements are due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported on the budgetary statements.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the cash basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants) and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Classroom facilities fund</u> - This fund is used to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the District and the Ohio Department of Education for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net cash position and changes in net cash position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for cash assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust funds are private-purpose trusts which account for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

D. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities - Cash Basis compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. These disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing on the cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds, except agency funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2016 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. On October 25, 2005, the Stark County Budget Commission voted to waive the requirement that school districts adopt a tax budget as required by Section 5705.28 of the Ohio Revised Code, by January 15th and the filing by January 20th. The Budget Commission now requires an alternate tax budget be submitted by January 20th, which no longer requires specific Board approval.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Amended Certificates of Estimated Resources issued for fiscal year 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are reported as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2016. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2016, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2016. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2016.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2016 amounted to \$8,814, which includes \$2,169 assigned from other funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. Depreciation has not been reported for any capital assets.

H. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting.

I. Long-Term Obligations

Bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as a liability in the financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. These statements report proceeds of debt when cash is received, and debt service disbursements for debt principal payments.

J. Fund Cash Balance

Fund cash balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

K. Net Cash Position

Net cash position is reported as restricted when enabling legislation or creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments have imposed limitations on its use. The District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net cash position is available. The District did not have any assets restricted by enabling legislation at June 30, 2016.

L. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. The District did not have any restricted assets at June 30, 2016.

M. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund advances and transfers are eliminated in the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Vocational Education

The District has entered into an agreement with the Canton Local School District, Perry Local School District and the Sandy Valley Local School District to provide career technical education programs for students. The Canton Local School District is the principal agency for the programs and is responsible for the physical facilities of the programs. For fiscal year 2016, the District was required to pay the Canton Local School District a service charge equal to \$110,504 reduced by all State aid for District students attending the Canton Local School District for these programs.

O. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2016.

P. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2016, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 72, "<u>Fair Value Measurement and Application</u>", GASB Statement No. 73 "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68", GASB Statement No. 76, "<u>The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments</u>", and GASB Statement No. 79, "<u>Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants</u>".</u>

GASB Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurement. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 73 improves the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purposes external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 73 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 76 identifies - in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment - the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or another event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 76 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 79 establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 79 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2016 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit		
Public school preschool	\$ 42		
Straight "A"	18,745		
Title I - disadvantaged children	8		

The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

C. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate note interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$150 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,645,724. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2016, \$4,151,304 of the District's bank balance of \$4,671,304 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$520,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Inv	estment
			$\underline{\mathbf{M}}$	aturities
			6 n	nonths or
<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair</u>	Fair Value		less
STAR Ohio	\$	65,983	\$	65,983
Total	\$	65,983	\$	65,983

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2016:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>F</u> :	air Value	% to Total
STAR Ohio	\$	65,983	100.00
Total	\$	65,983	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis as of June 30, 2016:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	4,645,724
Investments		65,983
Cash on hand		150
Total	\$	4,711,857
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Position - Cash B	asis	
Governmental activities	\$	4,533,943
Private-purpose trust funds		135,421
Agency fund	_	42,493
Total	\$	4,711,857

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund advances during fiscal year 2016 consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements. This represented the repayment of a prior year advance.

	Adv	Advance out		
	No	Nonmajor		
Advances in	Governi	Governmental funds		
General fund	\$	3,200		

Interfund advances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore no advances are reported in the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016 represent the collection of calendar year 2015 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2016 were levied after April 1, 2015, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2015, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016 represent the collection of calendar year 2015 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2016 became a lien on December 31, 2014, were levied after April 1, 2015, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Stark and Carroll Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2016, are available to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2016 taxes were collected are:

	2015 Second Half Collections		2016 First Half Collections		
	 Amount	<u>Percent</u>	 Amount	<u>Percent</u>	
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 83,166,320 3,685,470	95.76 4.24	\$ 95,053,850 4,396,200	95.58 4.42	
Total	\$ 86,851,790	100.00	\$ 99,450,050	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 64.20		\$ 63.80		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. On May 9, 2007, the District issued \$8,701,615 in general obligations bonds (Series 2007 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds). The bond issue represents the District's local share and local funded initiatives of a construction project approved and significantly funded by the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). The OSFC has awarded the District a \$14,797,046 grant for the project, and will make quarterly disbursements to the District until the project is completed. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond issue are recorded as a disbursement in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The source of payment is derived from a 6.2 mil bonded debt tax levy. In conjunction with the 6.2 mils which support the bond issue, the District also passed in fiscal year 2007 a .5 mil levy to ultimately fund the maintenance costs of the new facilities. Tax revenue from this levy will be reported in the classroom facilities maintenance fund.

This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$8,520,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$181,615. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.000% to 4.125%. One capital appreciation bond matured on December 1, 2014 (stated interest 18.139%). The remaining capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2015 (stated interest 18.139%) and December 16, 2016 (stated interest 18.139%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the remaining capital appreciation bond is \$265,000, for a total maturity of \$530,000.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2035.

B. On December 8, 2015, the District issued \$7,319,752 in general obligation bonds (Series 2015 Refunding Bonds) to refund the Series 2007 general obligation bonds (Series 2007 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds) that were for District's local share and local funded initiatives of a construction project approved and significantly funded by the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). The bonds include serial and capital appreciation bonds, in the original amount of \$7,175,000 and \$144,752, respectively.

The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.500% to 4.000%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2021 (stated interest 14.800%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$340,000.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2035. The bonds are being retired from the bond retirement fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2016 on the Series 2007 general obligation bonds:

	_	Balance 06/30/15		Additions	<u>R</u>	Reductions	_	Balance 06/30/16		Oue Within One Year
General obligation bonds - Series 2007										
Current interest bonds	\$	7,320,000	\$	-	\$	(7,320,000)	\$	-	\$	-
Capital appreciation bonds		110,317		-		(59,935)		50,382		50,382
Accreted interest		360,742		51,511		(205,065)		207,188		207,188
General obligation bonds - Series 2015										
Current interest bonds		-		7,175,000		-		7,175,000		55,000
Capital appreciation bonds		-		144,752		-		144,752		-
Accreted interest			_	10,326	_		_	10,326	_	
Total G.O. bonds	\$	7,791,059	\$	7,381,589	\$	(7,585,000)	\$	7,587,648	\$	312,570

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the Series 2007 general obligation bonds:

		Capital Appreciation Bonds - Series 2007						
Fiscal Year	<u>P</u>	rincipal_		<u>Interest</u>		Total		
2017	\$	50,382	\$	214,618	\$	265,000		
Total	\$	50,382	\$	214,618	\$	265,000		

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the Series 2015 general obligation bonds:

	Current Interest Bonds					Capita	al A	ppreciation B	ond	ls	
Fiscal Year	_	Principal		Interest	 Total	_	Principal		<u>Interest</u>		Total
2017	\$	55,000	\$	225,013	\$ 280,013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2018		315,000		222,237	537,237		-		-		-
2019		320,000		217,475	537,475		-		-		-
2020		320,000		212,675	532,675		-		-		-
2021		330,000		205,325	535,325		-		-		-
2022 - 2026		1,405,000		919,150	2,324,150		144,752		195,248		340,000
2027 - 2031		2,025,000		627,388	2,652,388		-		-		-
2032 - 2036	_	2,405,000		236,925	2,641,925						
Total	\$	7,175,000	\$	2,866,188	\$ 10,041,188	\$	144,752	\$	195,248	\$	340,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2016, resulted in a voted debt margin of \$9,274,843 and an unvoted debt margin of \$99,450.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 30 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Administrators employed to work 240-260 days per year earn 20-25 days of vacation annually. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month up to a maximum of 320 days. Upon retirement, classified employees and certified employees receive payment for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum of 70 days for certified and classified employees.

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees. Life insurance is provided through the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefits Program, an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.).

C. Retirement Incentive

The District had a retirement incentive bonus in place during fiscal year 2016. The employee must have worked for the District for at least 10 years. This bonus is available to certified teaching employees in the amount of \$15,000. The bonus for the classified non-teaching employees is \$250/year up to a maximum of \$7,500. Employees retiring the first time they are eligible to retire based upon STRS or SERS Ohio eligibility will receive the bonus. No employees took advantage of the retirement incentive in fiscal year 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has contracted with Ohio Casualty for property, general and excess liability insurance, boiler and machinery and inland marine with a \$5,000 deductible.

Ohio Casualty also covers computers, audio/visual equipment, musical instruments, playground, and miscellaneous equipment with a \$500 deductible.

Professional liability is protected by Ohio Casualty with a \$5,000,000 single occurrence, \$5,000,000 aggregate and \$1,000 deductible. Vehicles are also covered by Ohio Casualty and have a \$500 deductible for comprehensive and a \$250 deductible for collision. Automobile liability and vehicle liability both have a \$1,000,000 single limit of liability.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from 2015.

B. Workers' Compensation Plan

The Osnaburg Local School District participates in a workers' compensation program jointly sponsored by the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) and the Ohio School Board Association (OSBA), known as SchoolComp. CompManagement, Inc. (CMI) is the program's third party administrator. SchoolComp serves to group its members' risks for the purpose of obtaining a favorable experience rating to determine its premium liability to the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (OBWC) and the Ohio Workers' Compensation Fund. This may be accomplished through participation in a group rating program or through group retrospective rating. The Osnaburg Local School District has chosen to participate in a/the group rating program for 2015-16. Participation in SchoolComp is restricted to members who meet enrollment criteria and are jointly in good standing with OASBO and OSBA. OASBO and OSBA are certified sponsors recognized by OBWC.

C. Employee Group Health Insurance

The District has contracted with the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefits Program, an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.), to provide employee medical/surgical and dental benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is paid in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has the right to return monies to an existing school district subsequent to the settlements of all expenses and claims. The District pays health premiums of \$1,549 for family coverage and \$638 for single coverage per employee per month and the District pays dental premiums of \$200 for family coverage and \$81 for single coverage per employee per month. In fiscal year 2016, the District paid 87% of the health insurance premium and the certified staff paid 13%. The classified staff paid one month's premium. Districts in the insurance purchasing pool were allowed to take two premium holidays; the District took July 2015 and June 2016 as their premium holidays.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. None of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$139,266 for fiscal year 2016.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio)

Plan Description - District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS Ohio. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement increased effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2015, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, plan members were required to contribute 13 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2016 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS Ohio was \$428,072 for fiscal year 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS Ohio	Total
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$1,997,830	\$8,727,830	\$10,725,660
Proportion of the net pension			
liability	0.0350122%	0.0315802%	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Wage inflation

Future salary increases, including inflation

COLA or ad hoc COLA

Investment rate of return

Actuarial cost method

3.25 percent

4.00 percent to 22 percent

3 percent

7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Entry age normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Retuin
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)		
District's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$2,770,272	\$1,997,830	\$1,347,370		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS Ohio

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS Ohio's investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

Cumant

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$12,123,614	\$8,727,830	\$5,856,188

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2016, no portion of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2016, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$18,652, \$25,265, and \$19,001, respectively. 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2016, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$0, \$0 and \$31,420, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014.

NOTE 12 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are that:

- (a) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of a disbursement, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance (cash basis); and,
- (b) Some funds are included in the general fund (cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 12 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to reconcile the budget basis statement to the cash basis statement are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Cash Balance

10 1

	Ger	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	596,995
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(14,259)
Adjustment for encumbrances		314,038
Cash basis	\$	896,774

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a cash basis. This includes the adult education fund and public school support fund.

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become an obligation of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 14 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

	Capital Improvemen	
	шр	<u>lovements</u>
Set-aside balance June 30, 2015	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		139,209
Current year qualifying expenditures		(45,516)
Current year offsets		(59,417)
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		(34,276)
Total	\$	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2017	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2016	\$	

During fiscal year 2007, the District issued \$8,701,615 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from bond proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvements set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$8,352,111 at June 30, 2016.

NOTE 15 - OPERATING LEASE - LESSOR DISCLOSURE

On October 20, 2011, the District and Chesapeake Exploration, L.L.C. (the "Lessee") entered into an agreement in which the District leases land to the Lessee and grants exclusive rights for the excavation of oil and gas therein. The primary term of the lease is five years, effective October 20, 2011. At the Lessee's sole discretion, on or before the expiration date of the primary term, the Lessee may extend the duration of the lease for one additional five year term. The Lessee is to pay the District a single rental payment of \$5.00 per net acre. In addition, the agreement stipulates that the Lessee pay the District a yearly royalty fee equal to one-eighth of the net revenue realized by the Lessee for all oil and gas produced and marketed from the land. The District did not receive any payments from the Lessee during fiscal year 2016.

NOTE 16 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End	
<u>Fund</u>	Encumbrances	
General fund	\$	314,038
Classroom facilities		6,437
Nonmajor governmental		53,135
Total	\$	373,610

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Osnaburg Local School District Stark County 310 Browning Ct. East Canton, Ohio 44730

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Osnaburg Local School District, Stark County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 25, 2016, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Osnaburg Local School District Stark County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2016-001.

Entity's Response to Findings

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

October 25, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2016

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Financial Statement Presentation

Finding Number	2016-001

NONCOMPLIANCE

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The auditor of state may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the auditor of state has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report to the form utilized by the public office.

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code 117.38. Furthermore, the public offices shall give public notice that the financial report is available for public inspection. Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38, the School District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report.

The District did not report the financial activity of the District in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time.

The Board of Education should review the standards and ensure preparation of its financial statements in accordance with AlCPA's Audit and Accounting Guide Audits of State and Local Governments. The Board of Education should ensure the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Ohio Administrative Code and the Ohio Revised Code. Implementation of these procedures may help ensure accurate and timely financial statements are available to the District's community.

Official's Response:

The Osnaburg Local Board of Education has reviewed the standards for financial reporting and has again deemed the generally accepted accounting principles to be too costly. Therefore we will continue reporting on a cash-basis of accounting. The District's financial statements will be prepared in a format that substantially conforms to the reporting model prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 or "GAAP look-a-like" financial statements. We understand there will be \$750 fines for this non-compliance, but still feel the estimated \$8,000-\$10,000 annual savings is justified.

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SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2016

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2015-001	Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 – The District did not report the financial activity of the District in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.	Not corrected	See officials response in the schedule of findings





CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 22, 2016