TRI-CITIES NORTH REGIONAL WASTEWATER AUTHORITY

Montgomery County, Ohio

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For Year Ending December 31, 2015



Board of Trustees Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority 3777 Old Needmore Road Dayton, OH 45424

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority, Montgomery County, prepared by Plattenburg & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

June 3, 2016



Montgomery County, Ohio

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

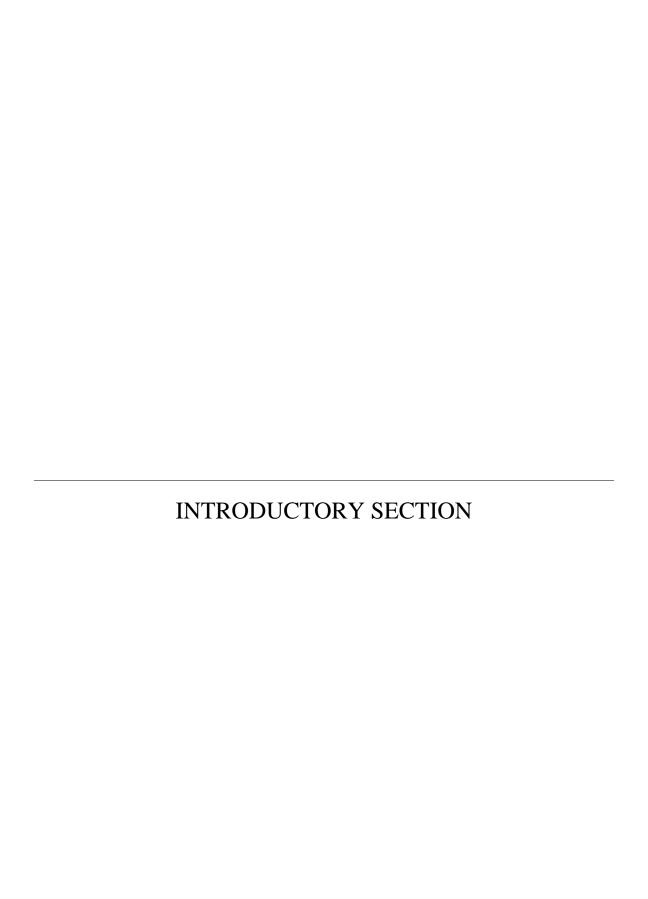
Prepared By: David J. Heckler General Manager

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended December 31, 2015

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3777 Old Needmore Road Dayton, OH 45424 (937) 236-6558 Fax (937) 236-6581

April 20, 2016

Citizens, Taxpayers and Consumers of the Cities of Huber Heights, Vandalia and Tipp City Board of Participants of Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority
Mayors and Members of Council of the Cities of Huber Heights, Vandalia and Tipp City
Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority Finance Committee Members
Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority Technical Committee Members
Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority Planning and Development Committee Members

I am pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority (Tri-Cities). This report for the year ended December 31, 2015, contains the financial statements and other financial and statistical data that provide complete and full disclosure of all material financial aspects of Tri-Cities.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatement.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015. The independent's auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

Located on a hillside, near the intersection of State Route 202 and Needmore Road, is the wastewater treatment facility that serves the cities of Huber Heights, Vandalia and Tipp City. After two years of serious negotiations, these cities assumed full ownership of this facility from the Miami Conservancy District in an unprecedented acquisition that closed on June 11, 1996.

Under the provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 715.02, the cities of Huber Heights, Vandalia and Tipp City signed a joint venture agreement to create Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority. Through Tri-Cities, the cities have full responsibility for the North Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant and associated facilities. Tri-Cities mission is to provide cost effective, environmentally responsible, and reliable wastewater treatment services for the cities of Huber Heights, Vandalia, and Tipp City. This mission is accomplished through the efforts of the professional staff that manages, operates and maintains the facilities, which include 10 miles of interceptor sewer, an innovative and advanced wastewater treatment plant, and a dedicated farm for bio-solids reuse. Tri-Cities facilities are often toured by schools, civic groups, and others interested in learning how technology and science, combined with the dedication of a talented professional staff, can preserve and enhance our irreplaceable water resource.

Prior to June of 1996, the Miami Conservancy District provided the Cities of Huber Heights, Vandalia, and Tipp City with wastewater treatment services. The Miami Conservancy District expressed the intent to discontinue these services to the cities and gave them the option to acquire and operate the facility themselves. In order to do so, the three cities established the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority. In June of 1996, the Miami Conservancy District deeded the wastewater facility and all of the assets and liabilities associated with the facility to the joint venture at no cost to the joint venture. A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. Tri-Cities is a stand—alone government that is governed by a board of participants consisting of the city managers of the three cities. The board has complete authority over all aspects of the operation. Tri-Cities has no component units.

An annual operating budget is adopted for management purposes. Budget information is reported to the board of participants, and modifications may only be made by resolution of the board.

Items of Interest

Tri-Cities wastewater-treatment plant utilizes physical, biological and chemical processes to treat wastewater collected from the cities of Huber Heights, Vandalia and Tipp City. The wastewater treatment process is very similar to that which occurs naturally in rivers and lakes, however; wastewater treatment plants are designed to speed up and enhance the natural cleaning process. The physical processes, the "primary" steps in treating wastewater, utilize screens, settling tanks and skimming devices to remove about half of the pollutants - mostly sand, grit and other heavy or large solids typically found in wastewater. The "secondary" step is a biological one where micro-organisms feed on the waste remaining in the water until about 85% of the pollutants are removed. A separate, advanced secondary step biologically removes ammonia. With more than 95% of the pollutants removed, the wastewater is chemically disinfected before it is released into the Great Miami River.

The organic solids removed in these treatment processes are further treated and stabilized to meet stringent regulatory standards for reuse as agricultural fertilizer. A dedicated pipeline was constructed as part of the north regional wastewater system to convey the stabilized sludge seven miles north to Tri-Cities dedicated farm where it is temporarily stored in strategically placed tanks. Pumping sludge to the farm has allowed Tri-Cities to avoid the expense of owning, operating and maintaining a fleet of semi trucks and trailers. While this not only reduces wear and tear on city and county roads, it also minimizes workers' safety issues. Historically, at certain times of the year, sludge was withdrawn from the storage tanks into specially equipped field tankers pulled by tractors. Tri-Cities began use of a new dragline system in 2003 that greatly improved the efficiency of sludge injection because it replaces the use of tankers on most of Tri-Cities fields. This new umbilical type of operation involves pumping sludge directly to the tractor that pulls the hose and injection tool across the fields. Ultimately, sludge is incorporated directly into the soil approximately four inches below the surface where nutrients from the sludge enrich the soil and provide 100% of the nitrogen needed for the grain crops grown on this farm. Reusing the sludge in this way has eliminated the use of commercial fertilizers.

In addition to returning clean water to the river and nutrients to the soil, the north regional wastewater treatment plant is equipped with internal combustion engines fueled with methane gas, a byproduct of the sludge stabilization process. These engines turn generators that produce much of the electricity needed to pump the north regional interceptor sewer influent to the head works of the treatment plant.

Tri-Cities is equipped with a customized sewer maintenance and inspection vehicle used to inspect, evaluate and monitor the sanitary sewers that convey sewage to the treatment plant. A digital video camera, purchased in 2006, is lowered into the sewers and records their condition on a computer system. To aid in overall inspection and sewer line assessment, Tri-Cities purchased a combination jet/vac unit in 2005. This piece of equipment is truck mounted and is used to clean the lines using high pressure water jets in combination with a vacuum system to remove debris from the lines when necessary. Tri-Cities purchased a slip lining system in 2012 which allows for immediate repair of line defects discovered during inspections. This has replaced the use of a grout packer which was often used to seal minor leaks. The inspection vehicle is also equipped with an ElectroScan inspection system purchased in 2013 which utilizes a new technology to detect line defects and prioritize needed repairs. Additionally, portable flow meters used to measure how much wastewater flows through segments of the sewer system. Flow data is useful in identifying where leaks and unauthorized connections may be contributing to rainfall induced high flows.

An on-site laboratory is used to conduct hundreds of tests each year. These tests are performed by operations staff and certified laboratory professionals. Test results are used to evaluate treatment process performance and to monitor compliance with permit limits. Samples are collected from various locations in the sewer system and the treatment plant as well as from groundwater monitoring wells at the farm. Samples from the Great Miami River are also collected upstream and downstream of the north regional wastewater treatment plant discharge point to monitor potential impacts on the river.

From the collection of raw wastewater to the reuse of stabilized sludge, the north regional facilities are proudly operated and maintained for Tri-Cities by a private operations contractor. An agreement for contract operation and maintenance has been in place since the facilities first came online in 1985, and employee training and certification is ongoing by the contractor to ensure quality performance and compliance with Tri-Cities wastewater discharge permit.

Efficiency, compliance and safety were key ingredients in the design of the north regional wastewater treatment facilities, and continue to be the three goals in day-to-day operations and maintenance. With the aid of programmable controllers and computerized monitoring systems, the north regional facilities are staffed just one shift per day, five days a week.

Local Economy

Each of Tri-Cities member cities continue to experience a slight increase in the rate of growth in housing and new subdivisions currently being built. Manufacturing and commercial activity in Tri-Cities service area is also increasing as it is throughout other portions of Ohio and the nation. This affects Tri-Cities because industries often are monitored through Tri-Cities Industrial Pretreatment Program designed to work with industries to make certain that pollutants are treated on-site and not discharged into the sewer system. The increase in manufacturing and other commercial development has resulted in an increase in Industrial Pretreatment activity.

Long-term Financial Planning

Tri-Cities had a decrease of \$117,281 in net position during 2015. With continued sound fiscal management coupled with the assistance of members of Tri-Cities Finance Committee only slight changes in net position are expected from year to year. Tri-Cities financial condition is relatively constant and the intent is not to profit from its operations but to recover costs. Tri-Cities continues to invest in its wastewater treatment plant through capital improvements and periodic upgrades of equipment but rates charged for wastewater treatment usage continues to remain constant.

Relevant Financial Policies

It is the policy of Tri-Cities to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with maximum security, while meeting daily cash flow demands. Investment objectives in order of priority are safety of principal, liquidity, diversification and public confidence. Compliance with this policy provides Tri-Cities reasonable return while protecting principal during varying economic conditions and allows Tri-Cities to meet its cash flow obligations.

Tri-Cities adopts an annual budget, which has proven beneficial through a process which involves the general manager preparing a budget draft which is reviewed and modified as necessary by each of Tri-Cities committees prior to a recommended draft being presented for Board consideration. Tri-Cities management follows a continuous improvement approach to meet its mission and contain costs. It is worth noting that Tri-Cities annual operations and maintenance revenue requirement is the same today that it was in 1996 as the entity has not raised rates since its inception.

Major Initiatives

A \$4.56 million construction contract was awarded in 2013 for construction of a new pumping station and equalization basins (designed in 2011 and 2012) to contain and convey high flows during extreme wet weather events. The project was completed in 2015 at a final cost of \$4.81 million and is functioning as intended.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority, Ohio, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2014. This was the fourteenth consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. I believe this report conforms to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and I am submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I want to especially thank Brenda K. Gossett who contributed much time and effort in helping me prepare this report and I also thank Lorrie Miller of Lennon & Company for guidance and help in preparing this report.

David J. Heckler General Manager

Savil J. Herker

List of Principal Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Board of Trustees

Rob Schommer City Manager, City of Huber Heights

Jon Crusey City Manager, City of Vandalia

Tim Eggleston City Manager, City of Tipp City

Appointed Official

David J. Heckler General Manager and Assistant Secretary

Finance Committee

Bridgette Leiter Finance Director, City of Vandalia

John Green Finance Director, City of Tipp City

James A. Bell Finance Director, City of Huber Heights

Technical Committee

Russ Bergman City Engineer, City of Huber Heights

Rob Cron Director, Public Works, City of Vandalia

Eric Mack Deputy Director of Municipal Services and Engineering,

City of Tipp City

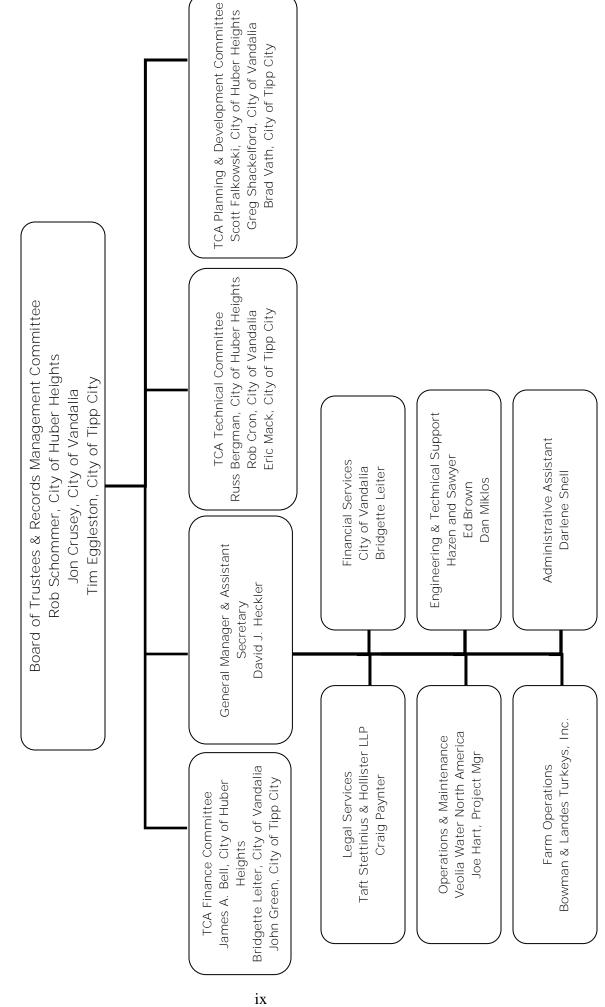
Planning and Development Committee

Scott Falkowski Planning and Development Director, City of Tipp City

Greg Shackelford Assistant City Manager, City of Vandalia

Brad Vath Assistant City Manager, City of Tipp City

TCA Organization 2015





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

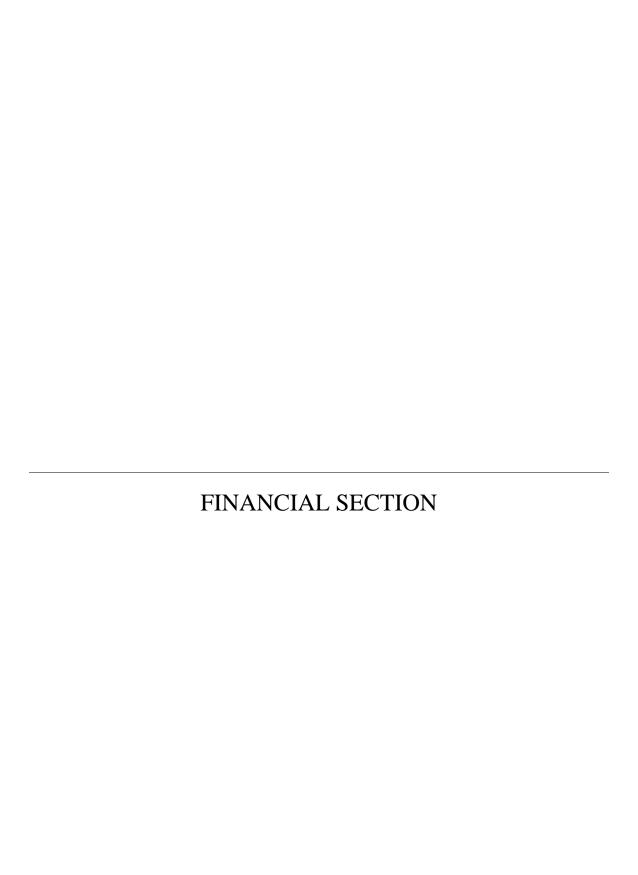
Presented to

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

Executive Director/CEO





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority 3777 Old Needmore Road Dayton, OH 45424

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority (the Authority) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Authority, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Authority adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity, Budget Basis and Actual, Introductory Section and Statistical Section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity, Budget Basis and Actual is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity, Budget Basis and Actual is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 20, 2016, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority's (Tri-Cities) financial performance provides an overall review of the financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at Tri-Cities financial performance as a whole and readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements, and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of Tri-Cities financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2015 are as follows:

- Total net position decreased \$117,281 which represents a 0.4% decrease from 2014.
- Total assets decreased \$890,639 which represents a 2.2% decrease from 2014.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$770,472. Current liabilities decreased \$277,819. Long-term liabilities decreased by \$492,653. These variances are resulting primarily from a decrease in OWDA loans.
- Charges for services remained constant due to no change in the current charge to member cities of not more than \$1.25 per thousand gallons of usage.

Using this Financial Report

The financial section consists of three parts, the management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and an optional section that contains budgetary information. The basic financial statements include a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, and a statement of cash flows. Since Tri-Cities only uses one fund for its operations, the entity wide and the fund presentation information is the same.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position answers the question, "How did we do financially during 2015?" This statement includes all assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

This statement reports Tri-Cities net position, however, in evaluating the overall position of Tri-Cities, non-financial information such as changes in the condition of Tri-Cities capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 Unaudited

Table 1 provides a summary of Tri-Cities net position for 2015 compared to 2014:

Table 1 Net Position

	wei rosiii	on	
			Restated
		<u> 2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Assets:			
Current and other assets	\$	5,174,574	\$ 5,426,428
Capital assets, net of depreciation		34,081,298	34,720,083
Total assets	_	39,255,872	40,146,511
<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u>			
Pension	_	15,804	11,297
Liabilities:			
Current and other liabilities		359,497	234,773
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year		625,269	1,027,812
Net pension liability		92,268	90,184
Other amounts due in more than one ye	ear	7,476,220	7,970,957
Total liabilities	_	8,553,254	9,323,726
Deferred intflows of resources			
Pension	_	1,621	
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets		25,979,809	25,721,314
Unrestricted		4,736,992	5,112,768
Total net position	\$	30,716,801	\$ 30,834,082

The net position of Tri-Cities decreased \$117,281 or 0.4%. With usage rates generating revenue, which reasonably matches expenses, the financial condition of Tri-Cities is relatively constant. Tri-Cities is continuously investing in its wastewater treatment plant through capital improvements and periodic upgrades of associated equipment. The reader must remember that Tri-Cities intent is not to profit from this operation but to recover costs. Unrestricted net position decreased by \$375,776, and net investment in capital assets increased by \$258,495. Total liabilities decreased \$770,472, which was due to a decrease in the long-term liabilities as mentioned above.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2015, as well as revenue and expense comparisons to 2014.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 Unaudited

Table 2
Change in Fund Net Position

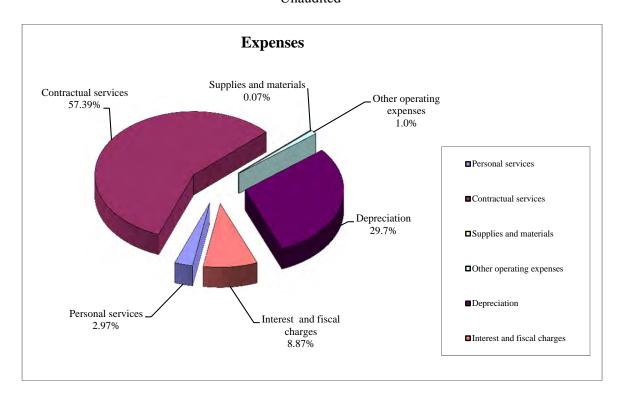
	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 3,264,050	\$	3,264,857
Rentals	102,910		104,114
Other revenues	 25,714		45,251
Total operating revenues	 3,392,674		3,414,222
Operating expenses:			
Personal services	104,769		111,965
Contractual services	2,025,185		1,820,599
Materials and supplies	2,271		2,205
Other operating expenses	35,269		39,909
Depreciation	1,048,143		1,029,109
Total operating expenses	 3,215,637	-	3,003,787
Operating income (loss)	 177,037		410,435
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Interest income	18,720		47,143
Loss on sale of capital asset	-		(203,367)
Interest expense	 (313,038)		(129,820)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (294,318)		(286,044)
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ (117,281)	\$	124,391

During 2015, the Tri-Cities adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. Users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of Tri-Cities actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at December 31, 2014, from \$30,912,969 to \$30,834,082. See Note 2 to the basic financial statements for further discussion on the implementation of GASB 68.

In accordance with GASB 68, Tri-Cities statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Tri-Cities is also reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting in the statement of net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 Unaudited



The interest expense of \$313,038 for 2015 resulted from outstanding loans from the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA).

Contractual services make up 57.39% of Tri-Cities expenses. Tri-Cities north regional facilities are operated and maintained for Tri-Cities by a private operations contractor. These expenses are recorded as contractual services. For 2015, contractual services increased \$204,586 from the prior year.

The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense of \$11,297 computed under GASB 27. GASB 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. Under GASB 68, the 2015 statements report pension expense of \$10,079. Consequently, in order to compare 2015 total operating expenses to 2014, the following adjustments are needed:

Total 2015 operating expenses under GASB 68	\$ 3,215,637
Pension expense under GASB 68	(10,079)
2015 contractually required contribution	 10,881
Adjusted 2015 operating expense	3,216,439
Total 2014 operating expenses under GASB 27	 3,003,787
Increase in operating expenses not related to pension	\$ 212,652

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 Unaudited

As a result of GASB 68, Tri-Cities is reporting a significant net pension liability and related deferred inflows of resources which have a negative effect on net position. In addition, Tri-Cities is reporting deferred outflows of resources and a reduction of expenses related to pension for this fiscal year, which have a positive consequence on net position. This expense amount is the difference between the contractually required contributions and the pension expense resulting from the change in the net pension liability that is not reported as deferred inflows or outflows. To further explain the impact of this new accounting standard on Tri-Cities net position, additional information is presented below.

Net position	\$ 30,716,801
Deferred outflows - pension	(15,804)
Deferred inflows - pension	1,621
Net pension liability	 92,268
Net position without new standard	\$ 30,794,886
Impact of GASB 68 on net position, end of year	\$ (78,085)
Pension expense under GASB 68	10,079
Contractually required contribution	 (10,881)
Impact of GASB 68 on net position, beginning of year	\$ (78,887)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 3 Capital Assets, at Year End (Net of Depreciation)

	<u>2015</u>	<u> 2014</u>
Land	\$ 3,918,235	\$ 3,918,235
Construction in progress	712,796	6,461,979
Infrastructure	2,370,520	2,480,750
Buildings and improvements	24,335,584	18,802,889
Machinery and equipment	2,744,163	3,056,174
Vehicles	 _	 56
Total capital assets	\$ 34,081,298	\$ 34,720,083

A review of Table 3 shows that capital assets (net of depreciation) decreased \$638,785. The decrease is due current year depreciation expense exceeding current year additions.

See Note 5 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 Unaudited

Debt

At December 31, 2015, Tri-Cities had three outstanding OWDA loans totaling \$8,101,489; \$625,269 of which is due within one year. This reflects an \$897,280 overall decrease from 2014.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	<u>2015</u>			<u> 2014</u>		
OWDA loans payable:						
2000 OWDA loan, 4.66%	\$	648,691	\$	749,973		
2001 OWDA loan, 0.27%		2,070,252		2,362,823		
2004 OWDA loan, 3.79%		-		275,748		
2004 OWDA loan, 4.00%		-		138,641		
2013 OWDA loan, 2.84%		5,382,546		5,471,584		
Totals	\$	8,101,489	\$	8,998,769		

The 2000 loan was issued for the nitrification process improvement project and it matures in 2021. The 2001 loan was issued for the Ross Road pumping station improvements project and it matures in 2022. The 2004 loans were issued for the Sludge Storage Facility & Sludge Application Farm and for the parallel force main sewer project. The 2004 loans matured during the year. The 2008 loan carrying a 5.11% interest rate was issued for the Comprehensive plan/modeling sanitary sewer system project and was rolled into a construction loan carrying a lower interest rate during 2013.

See Note 6 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information.

Current Financial Issues and Concerns

At December 31, 2015, Tri-Cities had total assets of \$39,255,872 and total net position of \$30,716,801 which resulted from a change in fund net position of \$(117,281). Ongoing prudent management of Tri-Cities resources by the Board of Trustees provided financial stability during 2015.

Contacting Tri-Cities

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers and consumers of the cities of Huber Heights, Vandalia and Tipp City, creditors and investors with a general overview of Tri-Cities finances and to show Tri-Cities accountability for the monies it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact David J. Heckler, Tri-Cities General Manager, 3777 Old Needmore Road, Dayton, Ohio 45424, at (937) 236-6558 or email to dheckler@tri-cities.org.

Montgomery County, Ohio Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015

Assets:		
Current assets:	Ф	0.700.644
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,722,644
Investments		1,997,312
Receivables:		4.000
Accounts		4,800
Accounts from related parties		419,189
Accrued interest		3,863
Prepaid items		26,766
Total current assets		5,174,574
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Land		3,918,235
Construction in progress		712,796
Depreciable capital assets, net		29,450,267
Total noncurrent assets		34,081,298
Total assets		39,255,872
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pension		15,804
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		172,536
Contracts payable		26,874
Due to related parties		60,000
Accrued wages and benefits		654
Compensated absences payable		1,089
Due to other governments		955
Accrued interest payable		97,389
OWDA loans payable		625,269
Total current liabilities		984,766
Total current natifices		704,700
Long-term liabilities:		
OWDA loans payable, net of current portion		7,476,220
Net pension liability		92,268
Total long-term liabilities		7,568,488
Total liabilities		8,553,254
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Pension		1,621
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets		25,979,809
Unrestricted		4,736,992
Total net position	\$	30,716,801
10th not position	Ψ	30,710,001

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Montgomery County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 3,264,050
Rental income	102,910
Other	 25,714
Total operating revenue	 3,392,674
Operating expenses:	
Personal services	104,769
Contractual services	2,025,185
Supplies and materials	2,271
Other operating costs	35,269
Depreciation	 1,048,143
Total operating expenses	 3,215,637
Operating income	 177,037
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Interest	18,720
Interest and fiscal charges	 (313,038)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (294,318)
Change in net position	(117,281)
Net position at beginning of year, restated	 30,834,082
Net position at end of year	\$ 30,716,801

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Montgomery County, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$	3,397,372
Cash payments for employee services and benefits		(110,602)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(2,142,807)
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,143,963
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Proceeds of loans		130,532
Interest paid on debt		(215,649)
Principal payment on loans		(1,027,812)
Acquisition of capital assets		(409,358)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(1,522,287)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Sale of investments		(1,752,622)
Purchase of investments		1,502,056
Investment income		23,940
Net cash used for investing activities		(226,626)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(604,950)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,327,594
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	2,722,644
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	177,037
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net		
cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		1,048,143
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in assets:		(122.040)
Accounts receivable		(133,940)
Prepaid items		26,190
Increase in deferred outflows of resource Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		(4,507)
Accounts payable		4,734
Contracts payable		(32,368)
Due to related parties		60,000
Accrued wages and benefits		(3,081)
Compensated absences		(682)
Due to other governments		(1,268)
Net pension liability		2,084
Increase in deferred inflows of resources		1,621
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,143,963
Noncash investing activities:	_	
Change in the fair value of investments	\$	(5,876)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Description of the Reporting Entity

A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority ("Tri-Cities") is a joint venture among the cities of Vandalia, Tipp City and Huber Heights. Tri-Cities is a stand-alone government which is governed by a management board of trustees consisting of the city managers of the three member cities. The board has complete authority over all aspects of the operation. Tri-Cities supplies all participating residents of the member cities with sewage treatment services. Each city owns the sewage lines located in its city and bills its residents for the treatment service provided by Tri-Cities.

Tri-Cities board has retained an outside contractor to manage daily operations. These amounts are recorded as contractual services expense. Tri-Cities board has also hired a General Manager to oversee the management of daily operations. These amounts are recorded as personal services expense.

Tri-Cities charges each member city for sewage treatment services provided to the cities' residents in accordance with the joint venture agreement dated June 11, 1996. Such charges are allocated based upon each city's annual usage and are adjusted each year accordingly. The continued existence of Tri-Cities is dependent upon the participation of each member city, and each participating city has an equity interest in Tri-Cities. The following is a schedule of the participating cities' equity interest at December.

Vandalia	2015 26.63%	2014 26.34%
Tipp City	20.96%	21.16%
Huber Heights	52.41% 100.00%	<u>52.50</u> % 100.00%

The financial statements of the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Tri-Cities accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

B. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the stand-alone government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of Tri-Cities are not misleading. The stand-alone government consists of all departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from Tri-Cities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which Tri-Cities is financially accountable. Tri-Cities is financially accountable for an organization if Tri-Cities appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on Tri-Cities in that Tri-Cities approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, Tri-Cities has no component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

The Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenue, expenses and changes in fund net position, and a statement of cash flows.

Tri-Cities use a single enterprise fund to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net position, financial position and cash flows. An enterprise fund may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services.

D. Measurement Focus

The enterprise fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of Tri-Cities are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how Tri-Cities finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Tri-Cities financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For Tri-Cities, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 9.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the Tri-Cities, deferred inflows of resources are related to pension and are reported on the statement of net position. (See Note 9)

F. Investments

During 2015, investments included government sponsored mortgage-backed securities.

Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. For investments in open-end mutual funds, fair value is determined by the fund's current share price.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net position, investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are reported as cash equivalents on the financial statements.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2015, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets utilized by Tri-Cities are reported on the statement of net position. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. Tri-Cities maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Infrastructure	65 years
Buildings and improvements	45-50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Vehicles	6 years

Tri-Cities policy is to capitalize net interest on construction projects until substantial completion of the project. The amount of capitalized interest equals the difference between the interest cost associated with the tax-exempt borrowing used to finance the project and the interest earned from temporary investments of the debt proceeds over the same period. Capitalized interest is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset.

I. Net pension liability and pension expense

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

The current accounting standard requires Tri-Cities to report their proportionate share of the net pension liability using the earning approach to pension accounting instead of the funding approach as previously used. The funding approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability. Under the new standards, the net pension liability equals Tri-Cities proportionate share of the pension plan's collective present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

Pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the employment exchange. The employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. The unfunded portion of this benefit of exchange is a liability of Tri-Cities. However, Tri-Cities is not responsible for key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Benefit provisions and both employer and employee contribution rates are determined by State statute. The employee and employer enter the employment exchange with the knowledge that the exchange is limited by law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. Tri-Cities has no control over the changes in the pension benefits, contributions rate, and return on investments affecting the balance of the net pension liability. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statue does not identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to service already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employee for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes employees currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those Tri-Cities has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and the employee's wage rate at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in Tri-Cities termination policy.

K. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by Tri-Cities or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Tri-Cities applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available. Tri-Cities did not have a restricted net position for 2015.

L. Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from primary activities. For Tri-Cities, these revenues are charges for services, rentals, and miscellaneous reimbursements. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of Tri-Cities.

Nonoperating revenues are those revenues that are not generated directly from primary activities. For Tri-Cities, this revenue is interest income. Nonoperating expenses are costs other than those necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of Tri-Cities.

M. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital arise from outside contributions of capital assets or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. Tri-Cities did not have any capital contributions during 2015.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

N. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2 – Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Net Position

For 2015, Tri-Cities implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68." GASB 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. The implementation of this pronouncement had the following effect on net position as reported December 31, 2014:

Net position December 31, 2014	\$30,912,969
Adjustments:	
Net pension liability	(90,184)
Deferred outflow - payments subsequent to measurement date	11,297
Restated net position December 31, 2014	\$30,834,082

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

The investment and deposit of Tri-Cities monies are governed by the Investment and Deposit Policy of Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority as formally adopted by the Board of Trustees. In accordance with these provisions, investments purchased for the portfolio may be safekept only by financial institutions that have been authorized by Tri-Cities Board of Trustees through formal resolution and recommendations received from the Finance Committee, which considers such criteria as the financial institution's insured status, size, financial condition, location and fee structure.

Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in addition to amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or may pledge a pool of government securities, the face value of which is at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution.

Investments are made through an individual investment account maintained by the fiscal agent. Whenever there are monies in Tri-Cities account which will not be required to be used for a period of thirty days or more, such funds are invested subject to the limitations contained within the investment policy of Tri-Cities, and subject to all applicable laws and regulations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

The investment objectives controlling the management of Tri-Cities investment portfolio are, in order of importance: (1) Safety of principal. Recognizing that all investments contain one or more elements of risk, the portfolio shall be prudently managed with specific consideration given to credit risk, market risk, and prepayment risk; (2) Liquidity to meet current and contingent requirements; (3) Diversity of investments. Tri-Cities shall diversify its investments to avoid incurring unreasonable risks associated with the practice of concentrating on investments in specific security types and individual institutions; (4) Public Confidence. Tri-Cities shall avoid any transaction which might impair its public confidence.

According to the Tri-Cities investment policy, the maximum maturity of any investment is limited to a final stated maturity of five years or an average life of five years, where the average life is estimated by nationally recognized firms independent of the dealer selling the security, unless matched to a specific cash flow requirement.

The provisions of Tri-Cities investment policy authorizes the following investments:

- 1. Bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States.
- 2. Short-term discount obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA).
- 3. State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).
- 4. Money market mutual funds registered by the federal government under the amended Investment Company Act of 1940 provided that the portfolio is limited to bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States or agreements to repurchase these same types of obligations.
- 5. Deposits of any Ohio financial institution subject to collateralization of public funds defined by the Ohio Revised Code.
- 6. Shares, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, or other deposit accounts legally issuable by Ohio financial institutions.
- 7. Prime Commercial Paper issued with a credit rating of P-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or A-1 by Moody's rating service provided no more than 10% of the portfolio, at the time of investment, is invested in commercial paper.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of Tri-Cities cash and deposits is provided by the FDIC as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105% of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third parties of the financial institution. Tri-Cities policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

A. Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of Tri-Cities deposits was \$1,960,534. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40 "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2015, none of Tri-Cities bank balance of \$2,088,533 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above.

B. Investments

At December 31, 2015, Tri-Cities had the following investments:

Investment type	<u>Value</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Rating</u>
Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association Total FNMA	\$ 249,795 248,840 498,635	11/25/20 11/27/20	AA+ (1) AA+ (1)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Total FHLMC	250,177 250,250 250,045 249,120 249,275 249,810 1,498,677	09/28/20 09/28/20 09/30/20 10/29/20 11/19/20 11/25/20	AA+ (1) AA+ (1) AA+ (1) AA+ (1) AA+ (1) AA+ (1)
Open-ended mutal fund Total investments	762,110 \$ 2,759,422	<i>36</i> ⁽²⁾	AAAm (1)

⁽¹⁾ Standard and Poor's rating

⁽²⁾ Weighted average maturity

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, Tri-Cities will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The investments in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) and Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent and not in Tri-Cities name.

Interest rate risk is the possibility that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Tri-Cities investment policy provides that Tri-Cities shall attempt to match the term to maturity of its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. It limits direct investment in securities with an average life of 5 years from the date of settlement.

Credit Risk is the possibility that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. Tri-Cities investment policy limits investment in prime commercial paper to those with a credit rating of P-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or A-1 by Moody's rating service.

Concentration of credit risk is the possibility of loss attributed to the magnitude of Tri-Cities investment in a single issuer. Tri-Cities investment policy states that the portfolio shall be diversified so as to avoid concentrations of credit risk from any rated issuer: (1) At the time of purchase, aggregate collateralized investments in the obligations of any financial institution are limited to no more than 20% of the portfolio, where eligible collateral is defined by the Ohio Revised Code; (2) At the time of purchase, aggregate investments in the obligations of any U.S. corporation and non-collateralized investments in the obligations of any financial institution are limited to no more than 10% of the portfolio; (3) Investments in eligible short term investments which can be readily converted to cash within 48 hours are limited to no more than 30% of the portfolio. More than 5% of Tri-Cities investments are in FHLMC, and FHLB and these investments are 72.4% of Tri-Cities total investments, with an open-ended mutual fund making up the remaining 27.6% of all investments. Investments in FHLMC are 54.3%, and FNMA is 18.1% of the total investments.

Note 4 – Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represent monies due from United Water and various other parties. Accounts receivable from related parties are monies due from the City of Vandalia, City of Huber Heights and the City of Tipp for their portion of sewage treatment services. (See Note 7 for more information). No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 5 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ending December 31, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Business-type activities	<u>12/31/2014</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>12/31/2015</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,918,235	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,918,235
Construction in progress	6,461,979	151,068	(5,900,251)	712,796
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	10,380,214	151,068	(5,900,251)	4,631,031
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	4,262,028	-	-	4,262,028
Buildings and improvements	25,660,546	6,115,029	-	31,775,575
Machinery and equipment	8,995,714	43,512	-	9,039,226
Vehicles	293,785			293,785
Total capital assets, being depreciated	39,212,073	6,158,541		45,370,614
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Infrastructure	(1,781,278)	(110,230)	-	(1,891,508)
Buildings and improvements	(6,857,657)	(582,334)	-	(7,439,991)
Machinery and equipment	(5,939,540)	(355,523)	-	(6,295,063)
Vehicles	(293,729)	(56)		(293,785)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,872,204)	(1,048,143)	<u>=</u>	(15,920,347)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	24,339,869	5,110,398		29,450,267
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 34,720,083	\$ 5,261,466	\$ (5,900,251)	\$ 34,081,298

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations

A summary of debt and other long-term obligations as of December 31, 2015 follows:

	Restated Balance <u>12/31/14</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance <u>12/31/15</u>	Amount Due in <u>One Year</u>
<u>Loans</u>					
2000 OWDA loan, 4.66%	\$ 749,973	\$ -	\$ (101,282)	\$ 648,691	\$ 106,057
2001 OWDA loan, 0.27%	2,362,823	-	(292,571)	2,070,252	293,362
2004 OWDA loan, 3.79%	275,748	-	(275,748)	-	-
2004 OWDA loan, 4.00%	138,641	-	(138,641)	-	-
2013 OWDA loan, 2.84%	5,471,584	130,532	(219,570)	5,382,546	225,850
Total loans	8,998,769	130,532	(1,027,812)	8,101,489	625,269
Other obligations					
Compensated absences	1,771	1,089	(1,771)	1,089	1,089
Net pension liability OPERS	90,184	2,084		92,268	
Total long-term obligations	\$ 9,090,724	\$ 133,705	<u>\$ (1,029,583)</u>	\$ 8,194,846	\$ 626,358

The 2000 loan was issued for the nitrification improvement project. The principal amount of the original loan is \$1,825,577. The loan was issued with an interest rate of 4.66% with final maturity of January 1, 2021. Current operations are expected to provide cash flows for the repayment of this loan.

The 2001 loan was issued for the Ross Road pumping station improvements project. The principal amount of the original loan \$6,314,982. The loan was issued with an interest rate of .27% with final maturity of July 1, 2022. Current operations are expected to provide cash flows for the repayment of this loan.

The 2004 loan carrying a 3.79% interest rate was issued for the Sludge Storage Facility and Sludge Application Farm. The principal amount of the original loan is \$2,382,257. The loan was issued with a final maturity of July 1, 2015. Current operations were expected to provide cash flows for the repayment of this loan.

The 2004 loan carrying a 4.0% interest rate was issued for interceptor sewer project. The principal amount of the original loan is \$1,167,604. The loan was issued with a final maturity of July 1, 2015. Current operations were expected to provide cash flows for the repayment of this loan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

The 2008 loan carrying a 5.11% interest rate was issued for the comprehensive plan project. The principal amount of the original loan is \$709,823 including capitalized interest. During 2013, the planning loan was rolled into a construction loan with a final maturity of July 1, 2034. This loan is not yet finalized and a repayment schedule has not been established. Current operations are expected to provide cash flows for the repayment of this loan.

The annual debt service requirements for payment of principal and interest at December 31, 2015, are as follows:

		<u>OWDA loans</u>			
<u>Year</u>	4	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	
2016	\$	625,269	\$	191,767	
2017		637,521		179,514	
2018		650,196		166,839	
2019		663,310		153,726	
2020		676,880		140,155	
2021-2025		2,038,277		542,849	
2026-2030		1,585,267		330,819	
2031-2034		1,224,769		93,489	
Total	\$	8,101,489	\$	1,799,158	

The above annual debt service requirements are based upon the latest estimated amortization schedules provided from OWDA. Until a loan is fully disbursed or closed with the OWDA Chief Engineer, a final amortization is not available for the loan.

Note 7 – Related Party Transactions

Tri-Cities was party to several transactions during 2015 involving the three member cities, which are summarized as follows:

A. Accounts Receivable

Accounts Receivable as of December 31, 2015, includes the balance due from the member cities for sewage treatment services provided to the cities' residents. The amounts included in accounts receivable from member cities is as follows:

	<u>2015</u>
Vandalia	\$ 79,611
Tipp City	52,419
Huber Heights	 287,159
Total	\$ 419,189

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

B. Charges for Services

Charges for services for 2015 include the amounts charged to the member cities for sewage treatment services provided to the cities' residents. The amount included in charges for services from member cities is as follows:

	<u> 2015</u>
Vandalia	\$ 868,687
Tipp City	685,614
Huber Heights	 1,710,207
Total	\$ 3,264,508

Note 8 – Risk Management

Tri-Cities is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. Tri-Cities carries liability insurance with an independent third party.

The following is a list of insurance coverage and deductibles for 2015:

<u>Coverage</u>		<u>Limit</u>	<u>Deductible</u>
Property	\$	23,930,009	\$ 2,500
Flood		500,000	25,000
Earthquake		2,000,000	50,000
General liability:			
Per occasion		1,000,000	none
Aggregate		3,000,000	none
Public Officials:			
Per occasion		1,000,000	1,000
Aggregate		3,000,000	1,000
Umbrella:			
Per occasion		5,000,000	none
Aggregate		5,000,000	none
Contractors equipment		1,530,039	1,000
Crime:			
Employee dishonesty		100,000	1,000
Theft - inside premises		10,000	250
Theft - outside premises		10,000	250
Forgery and alteration		100,000	250
Boiler and machinery	in	cluded in property	2,500
Automobile:			
Liability		1,000,000	none
Comprehensive		actual cash value	none
Collision		actual cash value	none
Uninsured motorist		250,000	none
Under insured motorist		250,000	none
Premises pollution liability		5,000,000	250,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

There were no significant reductions in coverage from prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Tri-Cities pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Note 9 - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Net pension liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee on a deferred-payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents Tri-Cities proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits Tri-Cities obligation for this liability to annually required payments. Tri-Cities cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, Tri-Cities does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Tri-Cities employees, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information OPERS' position about fiduciary net that may be obtained https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and service requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and service requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and service requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State
	and Local
2015 Statutory maximum contribution rates	
Employer	14.0%
Employee	10.0%
2015 Actual contribution rates	
Employer:	
Pension	12.0%
Post-employment health care benefits	<u>2.0</u> %
Total employer	<u>14.0</u> %
Employee	<u>10.0</u> %

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. Tri-Cities contractually required contribution was \$10,881 for 2015. Of this amount, \$79 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Tri-Cities proportion of the net pension liability was based on Tri-Cities share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>OPERS</u>
Proportionate share of the net	
pension liability	\$92,268
Proportion of the net pension	
liability	0.000765%
Pension expense	\$10,079

At December 31, 2015, Tri-Cities reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	<u>C</u>	<i>PERS</i>
Deferred outflows of resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	4,923
Tri-Cities contributions subsequent to the measurement date		10,881
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	15,804
Deferred inflows of resources		
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$	1,621

\$10,881 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Tri-Cities contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31:	<u>C</u>	<u>OPERS</u>
2016	\$	(483)
2017		(483)
2018		(1,106)
2019		(1,230)
Total	\$	(3,302)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage inflation
3.75 percent

Future salary increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA
Investment rate of return
Actuarial cost method
3.75 percent
4.25 to 10.05 percent including wage inflation
3 percent, simple
8 percent
Individual entry age

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105 percent of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100 percent of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2000 mortality table with no projections. For males 120 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used set forward two years. For females, 100 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2010.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan and the VEBA Trust. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The money weighted rate of return, net of investments expense, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 6.95 percent for 2014.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2014 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Asset <u>class</u>	Target <u>allocation</u>	Weighted average long-term expected real rate of return (arithmetic)
Fixed income	23.00%	2.31%
Domestic equities	19.90%	5.84%
Real estate	10.00%	4.25%
Private equity	10.00%	9.25%
International equities	19.10%	7.40%
Other investments	<u>18.00</u> %	<u>4.59</u> %
Total	100.00%	<u>5.28</u> %

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Tri-Cities Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents Tri-Cities proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 8 percent, as well as what Tri-Cities proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% decrease discount rate (7.00%) (8.00%)				1% increase <u>(9.00%)</u>		
Tri-Cities proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	169,746	\$	92,268	\$	27,012	

Note 10 – Postemployment Benefits

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage, commonly referred to OPEB (other postemployment benefits). OPERS administers three separate pension plans, the Traditional Pension Plan (TP), the Member-Directed Plan (MD) and the Combined Plan (CP), all of which are described in Note 9.

OPERS maintains two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trusts, which fund multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including OPERS sponsored health care coverage.

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2014 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2015, Tri-Cities contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14.0 percent of covered payroll for state and local employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB plan.

OPERS maintains three health care trusts. The two cost-sharing, multiple-employer trusts, the 401(h) Health Care Trust and the 115 Health Care Trust, work together to provide health care funding to eligible retirees of the Traditional Pension and Combined plans. The third trust is a Voluntary Employee's Beneficiary Association (VEBA) that provides funding for a Retiree Medical Account for Member-Directed Plan members. Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 2.0% during calendar year 2015. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2016 remained at 2.0% for both plans. The Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited to the VEBA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2015 was 4.5%.

Tri-Cities required contributions for health care for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$1,814, \$1,735 and \$933, respectively; 99.3% has been contributed for 2015 and 100% for 2014 and 2013. \$13 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2015 is recorded as an intergovernmental payable. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same.

Note 11 – Other Employee Benefits

A. Deferred Compensation Plan

Tri-Cities employee participates in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan is created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

B. Insurance Benefits

Tri-Cities employees have term life insurance through an independent third party.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

C. Compensated Absences

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation

Tri-Cities employees earns vacation leave based on length of service and may accrue a maximum of 45 days. In the event of a termination of employment, death or retirement, the employee (or the estate) would be paid for unused vacation leave. The total obligation for vacation accrual for Tri-Cities amounted to \$1,089 at December 31, 2015.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

Tri-Cities employees earns sick leave at the rate of 4.616 hours per eighty hours of service. A maximum of 1,250 hours may be carried from one year to the next. Any hours over 1,250 accrued and not taken will be paid on a one for three basis at the end of the year. In the case of death or retirement, the employee (or the estate) would be paid for one half of the accumulated leave with 625 hours being the maximum amount paid. Tri-Cities paid out all sick leave balances in a prior year leaving no hours to be accrued at year end.

Note 12 – Operating Leases

During 2008, Tri-Cities renewed an existing operating lease with Bowman and Landes Turkeys, Inc. for the use of 675 acres of land. During 2012, the lease was renewed for an additional five year period. Future rental income is based on the type and amount of crop harvested net of related expenses. During 2015, Tri-Cities received \$95,110 in revenues from the lease agreement.

During 2008, Tri-Cities entered into an operating lease with the Miami Conservancy District for the use of 235 acres of land. The lease is set to expire during 2027 at which time it may be renewed for a twenty year period. During 2015, Tri-Cities paid \$17,625 for the use of this land.

		Lease
<u>Year</u>	4	<u>Amount</u>
2016	\$	17,625
2017		17,625
2018		17,625
2019		17,625
2020		17,625
2021-2025		88,125
2026-2027		35,250
	\$	211,500
		•

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 13 – Contingencies

In September 2008, the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (the "Ohio EPA") informed Tri-Cities that its upcoming National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) wastewater permit renewal would include new reporting requirements intended to assist the EPA in enforcing the prohibition against all sewer system overflows (SSO) occurring anywhere in the collection systems, and that Tri-Cities would be expected to negotiate administrative findings and orders with the Director of Ohio EPA in 2009 that would impose a schedule to eliminate all remaining overflow points in the collection systems. Tri-Cities objected to the conditions and met in January 2009 with representatives of the Ohio EPA. Following the meeting, Tri-Cities sent information to the Ohio EPA to correct what they believe to be a misunderstanding about the number of remaining overflow points; and to ask the Ohio EPA to reconsider its position.

In March 2009, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (the "U.S. EPA") announced their intention to conduct a Compliance Enforcement Inspection of Tri-Cities treatment plant and interceptor sewer lines, and sewer lines of the member cities. In July of 2009, Tri-Cities did receive a new NPDES permit which includes new reporting requirements for SSO's as anticipated. The U.S. EPA did conduct a Compliance Enforcement Inspection in 2009 as intended and subsequently issued a Unilateral Administrative Order (UAO) against Tri-Cities on April 21, 2010. The Administrative Order included Findings against Tri-Cities for NPDES violations for SSO's and an Order for Compliance with the NPDES permit and the Clean Water The UAOs will terminate upon compliance with the terms therein, and upon a demonstration that no SSOs have occurred for at least two consecutive years. The UAOs do not impose a fine for past SSOs, but reserve the right to seek such fine. Tri-Cities and its members requested certain modifications to the language of the UAOs addressing the schedule for elimination of remaining collection system overflows, and procedures to terminate the UAOs once the remaining overflows are eliminated. They also requested that the separate UAOs issued to Tri-Cities and its members be rescinded and replaced by a joint UAO that applies to all four parties. The U.S. EPA agreed to the modifications in principle and issued a draft consolidated UAO for all four parties to review and comment on in late summer 2012. Tri-Cities and the members subsequently filed comments with the U.S. EPA and requested additional clarification regarding the conditions that must be met to terminate the joint UAO once the remaining overflows have been eliminated. Tri-Cities and its members continued to work with USEPA during 2014 to clarify these conditions with the intent of revising the UAO accordingly and had not received a written response to their comments from the agency as of December 31, 2015.

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Supplementary Budget Information

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes

In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts							riance with
		Original		Final	Actual			nal budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	3,267,040	\$	3,267,040	\$	3,116,241	\$	(150,799)
Investment income		24,000		24,000		23,940		(60)
Rentals		132,800		102,910		102,910		- (122)
Other		1,000		178,343		178,221	-	(122)
Total revenue		3,424,840		3,572,293		3,421,312		(150,981)
Expenses:								
Current: Personal services		112,889		112,889		110,602		2,287
Contractual services		1,929,747		2,245,523		2,165,969		79,554
Supplies and materials		2,250		4,187		3,662		525
Other		40,500		58,486		56,901		1,585
Capital outlay		1,041,397		1,474,479		1,045,339		429,140
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,027,812		1,027,812		1,027,812		-
Interest and fiscal charges		215,650		215,649		215,649		
Total expenses		4,370,245		5,139,025		4,625,934		513,091
Excess of revenues over (under) expenses		(945,405)		(1,566,732)		(1,204,622)		362,110
Other financing sources:								
Proceeds of OWDA loans		345,143		345,143		130,532		(214,611)
Net change in fund equity		(600,262)		(1,221,589)		(1,074,090)		147,499
Fund equity at beginning of year		4,508,753		4,508,753		4,508,753		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		567,765		567,765		567,765	-	
Fund equity at end of year	\$	4,476,256	\$	3,854,929	\$	4,002,428	\$	147,499
The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to a to excess of expenses over revenues.	recon	cile the change	in fun	l net position				
Change in net position					\$	(117,281)		
Net adjustment for revenue accruals						(134,596)		
Net adjustment for expense accruals						150,914		
Net adjustment for the net pension liability						(802)		
Increase in fair value of investments for 2014						3,699		
Decrease in fair value of investments for 2015						2,177		
OWDA proceeds of loan						130,532		
Capital outlay						(409,358)		
Depreciation						1,048,143		
Principal payments						(1,027,812)		
Encumbrances						(719,706)		
Excess of expenses under revenues					\$	(1,074,090)		

Required Supplementary Information

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority Montgomery County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Tri-Cities Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Two Years (1)

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) - Traditional Plan	 2014	2013
Tri-Cities proportion of the net pension liability	0.000765%	0.000765%
Tri-Cities proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 92,268	\$ 90,184
Tri-Cities covered employee payroll	\$ 94,142	\$ 93,946
Tri-Cities proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	98.01%	96.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	86.45%	86.36%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available and the amounts presented are as of Tri-Cities measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority

Montgomery County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Tri-Cities Contributions Last Three Years (1)

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) - Traditional Plan		2015	2014			2013
Contractually required contribution	\$	10.881	\$	11.297	\$	12,213
Contractually required contribution	φ	10,661	Φ	11,297	φ	12,213
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution		(10,881)		(11,297)		(12,213)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
Tri-Cities covered employee payroll	\$	90,675	\$	94,142	\$	93,946
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		12.00%		12.00%		13.00%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority Montgomery County, Ohio Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) - Traditional Plan

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for year 2014 and 2015.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for year 2014 and 2015. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.



Statistical Section

This part of Tri-Cities Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about Tri-Cities overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how Tri- Cities financial position has changed over time.	S2 - S6
Revenue Capacity	S7 - S9
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting Tri-Cities ability to generate its most significant local revenue source(s).	
Debt Capacity	S10 - S11
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of Tri-Cities current levels of outstanding debt and Tri-Cities ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Economic and Demographic Information	S12 - S13
This schedule offers economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which Tri-Cities financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	
Operating Information	S14 - S15
This schedule contains service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in Tri-Cities financial report relates to the services Tri-Cities provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority

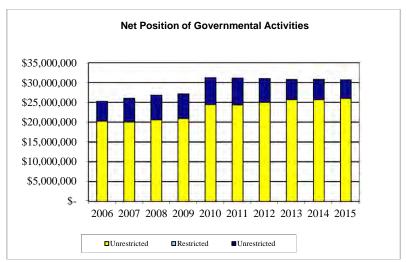
Net Position by Component

Last Ten Years (1)

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	Restated 2014 (2)	<u>2015</u>
Primary government	:									
Net investment in										
capital assets	\$ 20,261,428	\$ 20,015,547	\$ 20,589,469	\$ 20,938,039	\$ 24,492,889	\$ 24,350,330	\$ 24,984,376	\$ 25,691,764	\$ 25,721,314	\$ 25,979,809
Unrestricted	5,024,856	6,040,268	6,253,564	6,222,457	6,700,741	6,764,285	6,062,274	5,096,814	5,112,768	4,736,992
Total primary										
government net										
position	\$ 25,286,284	\$ 26,055,815	\$ 26,843,033	\$ 27,160,496	\$ 31,193,630	\$ 31,114,615	\$ 31,046,650	\$ 30,788,578	\$ 30,834,082	\$ 30,716,801

⁽¹⁾ Accrual basis of accounting.

⁽²⁾ Tri-Cities implemented GASB 68 during 2015 and as a result 2014 was restated.



Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority

Changes in Fund Net Position

Last Ten Years (1)

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Operating expenses	\$ 2,549,797	\$ 3,018,477	\$ 2,812,790	\$ 2,981,419	\$ 2,933,131	\$ 3,579,473	\$ 3,374,255	\$ 3,710,229	\$ 3,003,787	\$ 3,215,637
Operating revenues	3,360,790	3,398,780	3,477,410	3,408,349	3,416,561	3,462,877	3,406,037	3,602,288	3,414,222	3,392,674
Operating income (loss)	810,993	380,303	664,620	426,930	483,430	(116,596)	31,782	(107,941)	410,435	177,037
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	56,322	64,228	122,598	(109,467)	86,195	(37,910)	(99,747)	(150,131)	(286,044)	(294,318)
Other revenues (expenses)		325,000			3,463,509	75,491	(22,111)	(,)	(===,===)	(=> 1,0 = 0)
Change in fund net position	\$ 867,315	\$ 769,531	\$ 787,218	\$ 317,463	\$ 4,033,134	\$ (79,015)	\$ (67,965)	\$ (258,072)	\$ 124,391	\$ (117,281)
Change in fund het position	\$ 607,313	\$ 709,331	φ /0/,210	φ 317,403	φ 4,033,134	\$ (79,013)	\$ (07,903)	φ (236,072)	p 124,391	φ (117,201)

⁽¹⁾ Accrual basis of accounting.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater AuthorityOperating Revenues by Source
Last Ten Years (1)

	<u>2006</u>	2007	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Operating revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 3,304,227	\$ 3,291,089	\$ 3,274,633	\$ 3,263,720	\$ 3,264,721	\$ 3,285,529	\$ 3,257,131	\$ 3,265,055	\$ 3,264,857	\$ 3,264,050
Rentals	55,222	107,366	159,079	137,331	151,606	166,494	133,576	218,087	104,114	102,910
Other operating revenues	1,341	325	43,698	7,298	234	10,854	15,330	119,146	45,251	25,714
Total operating revenues	\$ 3,360,790	\$ 3,398,780	\$ 3,477,410	\$ 3,408,349	\$ 3,416,561	\$ 3,462,877	\$ 3,406,037	\$ 3,602,288	\$ 3,414,222	\$ 3,392,674

⁽¹⁾ Accrual basis of accounting.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority
Operating Expenses
Last Ten Years (1)

	<u>2006</u>	2007	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Expenses										
Personal services	\$ 102,731	\$ 107,321	\$ 118,779	\$ 113,089	\$ 123,222	\$ 117,140	\$ 112,047	\$ 111,806	\$ 111,965	\$ 104,769
Contractual services	1,548,812	1,883,589	1,659,182	1,833,547	1,755,635	2,027,944	2,202,750	2,544,823	1,820,599	2,025,185
Materials and supplies	36,432	49,923	4,015	3,917	3,782	5,244	2,595	2,449	2,205	2,271
Other operating expenses	7,914	19,939	53,963	43,990	33,787	379,212	46,988	36,500	39,909	35,269
Depreciation	853,908	957,705	976,851	986,876	1,016,705	1,049,933	1,009,875	1,014,651	1,029,109	1,048,143
Total operating expenses	\$ 2,549,797	\$ 3,018,477	\$ 2,812,790	\$ 2,981,419	\$ 2,933,131	\$ 3,579,473	\$ 3,374,255	\$ 3,710,229	\$ 3,003,787	\$ 3,215,637

⁽¹⁾ Accrual basis of accounting.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater AuthorityNonoperating Revenues and Expenses/Other Revenues and Expenses
Last Ten Years (1)

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)										
Interest income	\$ 225,559	\$ 268,326	\$ 209,700	\$ 71,519	\$ 47,191	\$ 84,974	\$ 41,741	\$ 29,078	\$ 47,143	\$ 18,720
Contributions	-	-	-	-	202,000	-	-	-	-	-
Decrease in fair value of investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35,104)	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	(105,674)	(204,098)	(183,714)	(169,734)	(152,261)	(122,884)	(141,488)	(144,105)	(129,820)	(313,038)
Claims and judgments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(63,563)		96,612	(11,252)	(10,735)				(203,367)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 56,322	\$ 64,228	\$ 122,598	\$ (109,467)	\$ 86,195	\$ (37,910)	\$ (99,747)	\$ (150,131)	\$ (286,044)	\$ (294,318)
Other revenues (expenses)										
Capital contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,463,509	\$ 75,491	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special item		325,000								
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ -	\$ 325,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,463,509	\$ 75,491	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

⁽¹⁾ Accrual basis of accounting.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority
Three Largest Customers
Last Ten Years

Year	City of Vandalia	Hu	City of lber Heights	City of Tipp City	Total charges for services for largest customers
2006	\$ 892,437	\$	1,744,182	\$ 615,038	\$ 3,251,657
2007	939,720		1,649,226	638,341	3,227,287
2008	912,130		1,671,027	661,004	3,244,161
2009	897,612		1,700,948	663,083	3,261,643
2010	894,567		1,699,998	666,959	3,261,524
2011	877,851		1,757,480	647,198	3,282,529
2012	875,200		1,763,248	616,686	3,255,134
2013	892,921		1,693,089	676,973	3,262,983
2014	859,601		1,712,963	690,441	3,263,005
2015	868,687		1,710,207	685,614	3,264,508

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority
Wastewater Treated
Last Ten Years

	Gallons of		Total
37	Wastewater		Direct
Year	Treated	Sewe	r Rates (1)
2006	3,507	\$	1.09
2007	2,748		1.19
2008	2,901		0.91
2009	2,852		1.14
2010	2,852		1.14
2011	3,890		0.82
2012	3,141		1.02
2013	3,540		0.91
2014	2,958		0.96
2015	3,803		0.80

⁽¹⁾ per 1,000 gallons.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority Schedule of Participating Cities' Equity Interest Last Ten Years

Year	City of Vandalia	City of Huber Heights	City of Tipp City	Total
2006	27.20%	53.90%	18.90%	100.00%
2007	29.12	51.10	19.78	100.00
2008	28.12	51.50	20.38	100.00
2009	27.52	52.15	20.33	100.00
2010	27.43	52.12	20.45	100.00
2011	26.74	53.54	19.72	100.00
2012	26.88	54.14	18.98	100.00
2013	27.37	51.88	20.75	100.00
2014	26.34	52.50	21.16	100.00
2015	26.63	52.41	20.96	100.00

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority
Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type
Last Ten Years

		OWDA		Per	Percentage of Personal
Year		Loans	Population (2)	 Capita	Income (3)
2006	\$ 8,520,354		62,510	\$ 136.30	0.59%
2007		8,493,573	62,510	135.88	0.59%
2008		8,504,483	62,510	136.05	0.59%
2009		7,781,353	62,510	124.48	0.54%
2010		7,038,959	63,036	111.67	0.41%
2011		6,462,449	63,036	102.52	0.37%
2012		5,778,706	63,036	91.67	0.33%
2013		6,954,917	63,036	110.33	0.40%
2014		8,998,769	63,036	142.76	0.52%
2015		8,101,489	63,036	128.52	0.47%

 $^{(1) \} Details \ regarding \ the \ Tri-Cities \ outstanding \ debt \ can \ be \ found \ in \ Note \ 5 \ in \ the \ current \ financial \ statements.$

⁽²⁾ Population total of all member cities.

⁽³⁾ Percentage of personal income of all member cities.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority
Debt Service Coverage
Last Ten Years

				Net Revenue	Debt Service Requirements							
3 7	Gross Operatin			Available for		1		τ.,				
Year	R	evenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Debt Service	Principal		Interest		Total		Cov	verage
2006	\$	3,360,790	\$ 1,695,889	\$ 1,664,901	\$	335,851	\$	105,674	\$	441,525	\$	3.77
2007		3,398,780	2,060,772	1,338,008		693,045		204,098		897,143		1.49
2008		3,477,410	1,835,939	1,641,471		698,913		183,714		882,627		1.86
2009		3,408,349	1,994,543	1,413,806		757,570		169,734		927,304		1.52
2010		3,416,561	1,916,426	1,500,135		775,043		152,261		927,304		1.62
2011		3,462,877	2,529,540	933,337		607,368		122,884		730,252		1.28
2012		3,406,037	2,364,380	1,041,657		712,894		141,488		854,382		1.22
2013		3,602,288	2,695,578	906,710		784,749		144,105		928,854		0.98
2014		3,414,222	1,974,678	1,439,544		787,351		129,820		917,171		1.57
2015		3,392,674	2,167,494	1,225,180		1,027,812		215,649		1,243,461		0.99

⁽¹⁾ Gross revenues exclusive of interest income, gain (loss) on sale of capital assets and special items.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater AuthorityDemographic and Economic Statistics of Participating Cities
Last Ten Years

							City of V	andal	<u>ia</u>	City of Huber Heights			City of Tipp City		
	Year	City of Vandalia	City of Huber Heights	City of Tipp City	Total Population	Montgomery County Unemployment Rate (2)	Total Personal Income (3)	I	ersonal ncome Capita (1)	Total Personal Income (3)	I	ersonal ncome Capita (1)	Total Personal Income (3)	Inc	sonal come apita (4)
_	2006	14,603	38,686	9,221	62,510	5.9%	\$ 353,377,997	\$	24,199	\$ 800,579,612	\$	20,951	\$ 282,577,545	\$	30,645
	2007	14,603	38,686	9,221	62,510	6.2%	353,377,997		24,199	800,579,612		20,951	282,577,545		30,645
	2008	14,603	38,686	9,221	62,510	8.5%	353,377,997		24,199	800,579,612		20,951	282,577,545		30,645
	2009	14,603	38,686	9,221	62,510	13.3%	353,377,997		24,199	800,579,612		20,951	282,577,545		30,645
S-12	2010	15,246	38,101	9,689	63,036	10.1%	415,514,484		27,254	983,882,123		25,823	334,222,055		34,495
2	2011	15,246	38,101	9,689	63,036	8.5%	415,514,484		27,254	983,882,123		25,823	334,222,055		34,495
	2012	15,246	38,101	9,689	63,036	7.0%	415,514,484		27,254	983,882,123		25,823	334,222,055		34,495
	2013	15,246	38,101	9,689	63,036	7.0%	415,514,484		27,254	983,882,123		25,823	334,222,055		34,495
	2014	15,246	38,101	9,689	63,036	4.6%	415,514,484		27,254	983,882,123		25,823	334,222,055		34,495
	2015	15,246	38,101	9,689	63,036	4.7%	415,514,484		27,254	983,882,123		25,823	334,222,055		34,495

Sources: (1) U.S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population.

⁽²⁾ U.S. Department of Labor.

⁽³⁾ Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population

⁽⁴⁾ Personal income is a calculation based on the County's Per Capita Income, which is the only information available for this City.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater AuthorityPrincipal Employers of Tri-Cities Participating Cities
As of December 31, 2006 and 2015

Percentage Per	As of December 31, 2006 and 2015						
Participating city: Vandalia Vandalia			<u>2015</u>			<u>2006</u>	
Vanialia Vanialia 1,030 1 7,84% 522 2 5,09% City of Vandalia 520 2 3,30% 522 2 5,09% Vandalia 520 2 3,30% 522 2 5,09% Vandalia 340 3 3,34% 402 3 3,67% Delpi Automotive Systems 488 4 3,71% 550 1 6,31% SAIA Burgess, Inc. 349 6 2,66% 30 5 3,49% Kroger Limited Partnership 347 7 2,64% 5 3,00% Korger Limited Partnership 347 7 2,64% 5 3,00% Korger Limited Partnership 260 9 1,98% 6 2,60% Beau Townsend Ford/Nissan 260 9 1,98% 6 2,00% Beau Townsend Ford/Rissan 260 9 1,98% 6 2,20% Evenflo Corporation 2 0 0,00% <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Percentage</td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td></td<>				Percentage			_
CBS Personnel Services 1,030 1 7,84% 2 0,00% City of Vanadaia 520 2 3,96% 522 2,50% Vanadaia-Butler City Schools 504 3 3,84% 402 3 4,61% GE Aviation Systems 488 3 3,31% 500 4 3,67% Delphi Automotive Systems 458 5 3,49% 550 3,49% 50 3,49% Kroger Limited Partnership 347 7 2,64% 1 0,00% Beau Townsend Ford/Nissan 290 8 2,22% 175 9 0,00% Brown Freight Lines Inc. 260 9 1,98% 1 0,00% Brown Freight Lines Inc. 20 0,00% 1,00 1 0,00% Brown Freight Lines Inc. 2 0,00% 20 8 2,22% BcG Fet Care (formerly Lais Medical) 2 0,00% 20 8 2,27% Bcy Engle Lines Inc. 2 0,00%	Participating city:	Employees	Rank Page 1	of Total	Employees	Rank Park	of Total
City of Vandalia Carro Va	<u>Vandalia</u>						
Manualin-Butler City Schools	CBS Personnel Services	1,030	1	7.84%	-	-	0.00%
GE Avaitation Systems 488 4 3.71% 320 4 3.678 Delphi Automorive Systems 458 5 3.49% 550 1 6.31% SAIA Burgess, Inc. 349 6 2.66% 304 5 3.49% Kroger Limited Partnership 347 7 2.64% - - 0.00% Boal Townsend Ford/Nissan 292 8 2.22% 170 - 0.00% Dayton Fright Lines Inc. 260 9 1.98% - - 0.00% P&G Pet Care (formerly Leis Medical) - - 0.00% 224 8 2.23% P&G Pet Care (formerly Leis Medical) - - 0.00% 283 6 3.23% P&G Pet Care (formerly Leis Medical) - - 0.00% 283 6 3.23% P&G Pet Care (formerly Leis Medical) - - 0.00% 283 3.5 2 2.64 3.4 3.6 3.23% 6 3.23% 6	City of Vandalia	520	2	3.96%	522	2	5.99%
Belphi Automotive Systems 458 5 3.49% 55 3.14% SAIA Burgess, Inc. 349 6 2.66% 304 5 3.49% Kroger Limited Partmership 347 7 2.64% 2-5 0.00% Beau Townsend Ford/Nissan 292 8 2.22% 175 9 2.01% Adare Pharmaceuticuls Inc. (Formerly Apalisi Pharmatech, Inc.) 207 0 1.00% 202 8 2.22% 175 9 0.00% BAD Alder Pharmaceuticuls Inc. (Formerly Leis Medical) 2 0 0.00% 103 10 1.87% PAG Fer Care (formerly Leis Medical) 4.85 2 0.00% 163 10 1.87% Evenilo Corporation 4.85 2 0.00% 163 10 1.87% I Foundation 4.85 2 0.00% 183 3.1 5 6.78 2 4.24% 2 3.23% 1.24 4.04 2 2.23% 1.2 2.24 4.04 4.04	Vandalia-Butler City Schools	504	3	3.84%	402	3	4.61%
SAÍA Burgess, Inc. 349 6 2.66% 304 5 3.43% Kroger Limited Partnership 347 7 2.64% 1.5 0.00% Beau Townsend Ford/Nissan 292 8 2.22% 1.5 9 2.01% Adare Pharmaceuticals Inc. (Formerly Aptalis Pharmatech, Inc. 260 9 1.80% - - 0.00% BDS Holdings Corp (formerly Leis Medical) - - 0.00% 223 8 2.23% P&G Pet Care (formerly Ians) - - 0.00% 223 8 2.23% P&G Pet Care (formerly Ians) - - 0.00% 223 8 2.23% Evenflo Corporation - - 0.00% 225 8 2.23% Huber Heights 1930 1 7.08% 567 2 5.5 2.79% Agamart Stores 533 3 4.06% 825 1 9.47% Timble Heights 527 5 5.61% 3.51% 2	GE Aviation Systems	488	4	3.71%	320	4	3.67%
Kroper Limited Partnership 347 7 2.64% 1. 0.00% Bean Townsend Ford/Nissan 292 8 2.22% 175 9 2.01% Adare Pharmaceuticals Inc. (Formerly Aptalis Pharmatech, Inc.) 260 9 1.98% 1. 2 0.00% IMDS Holdings Corp (formerly Leis Medical) 2 0.00% 232 7 2.69% EvenIlo Corporation 1 0.00% 234 7 2.69% EvenIlo Corporation 2 0.00% 235 6 3.27% Liber Heights 4.485 7 0.00% 235 6 3.27% Huber Heights 4.485 7 0.00% 25 6 2.27% Walmart Stores Incorporated 500 2 4.49% 243 5 2.79% ABIF Freight Systems 533 4.06% 25 4 4.01% 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Delphi Automotive Systems	458	5	3.49%	550	1	6.31%
Beau Townsend Ford/Nissan 292 8 2.22% 175 9 2.01% Adare Pharmaceuticals Inc. (Formerly Aptalis Pharmatech, Inc.) 260 9 1.98% 0.00% Dayton Freight Lines Inc. 27 10 1.80% 0.00% MBD Holdings Corp (formerly Leis Medical) 0.00% 202 48 2.23% P&G Pet Care (formerly Jams) 0.00% 163 10 1.87% Evenflo Corporation 0.00% 163 10 1.87% Lion Apparel, Inc. 0.00% 25 5 3.27% Lion Apparel, Inc. 0.00% 25 5 3.27% Lion Apparel, Inc. 0.00% 2 4.48% 567 5 3.27% Walmart Stores Incerb 930 1 7.49% 4.5 2 2.7% ABF Freight Systems 533 <t< td=""><td>SAIA Burgess, Inc.</td><td>349</td><td>6</td><td>2.66%</td><td>304</td><td>5</td><td>3.49%</td></t<>	SAIA Burgess, Inc.	349	6	2.66%	304	5	3.49%
Adare Pharmaceuticals Inc. (Formerly Aptalis Pharmatech, Inc.) 260 9 1.98% - 0.00% Dayton Freight Lines Inc. 237 10 1.89% - 0.00% MDS Holdings Corp (formerly Leis Medical) 2- 0.00% 202 28 2.09% Evenflo Corporation 2- 0.00% 234 7 2.09% Evenflo Corporation 4.885 - 0.00% 235 10 1.87% Line Huber Heights 1.00 2.00 285 56 3.27% Walmart Stores Incorporated 590 2 4.49% 243 5 2.79% ABF Freight Systems 533 3 4.00% 430 3 4.93% Meiger Stores 475 5 3.61% 4.2 9.00% Freight Systems 436 3.31% 3.24 4 3.72% Kohl's registries 475 5 3.61% 4 9.00% Freight Systems 220 <	Kroger Limited Partnership	347	7	2.64%	-	-	0.00%
Day to Freight Lines Inc. 237 10 1.80% - - 0.00% IMDS Holdings Corp (formerly Leis Medical) - - 0.00% 223 7 2.69% P&G Pet Care (formerly lams) - - 0.00% 234 7 2.69% Evenflo Corporation - - 0.00% 235 16 3.78% Linn Apparel, Inc. - 0.00% 3.413% 3.157 2 36.23% Huber Heights City Schools 930 1 7.08% 567 2 56.15% Walmart Stores Incorporated 590 2 4.49% 243 3 2.79% ABF Freight Systems 533 3 4.00% 825 1 9.00% ABIS Freight Systems 533 3 4.00% 825 1 9.07% ABIS Freight Systems 533 3 4.00% 825 1 9.00% Beiger Stores 472 4.00% 825 1 9.00%	Beau Townsend Ford/Nissan	292	8	2.22%	175	9	2.01%
Miles Holdings Corp (formerly Leis Medical) 3	Adare Pharmaceuticals Inc. (Formerly Aptalis Pharmatech, Inc.)	260	9	1.98%	-	-	0.00%
BMDS Holdings Corp formerly Leis Medical) - - 0.00% 202 8 2.32% P&G Pet Care (formerly Lams) - - 0.00% 234 7 2.69% Evenflo Corporation - - 0.00% 285 6 3.27% Lion Apparel, Inc. - 0.00% 285 6 3.27% Huber Heights - 0.00% 280 6 3.27% Huber Heights - - 0.00% 280 2 6.51% Huber Heights - - 0.00% 224 2 6.51% Huber Heights - - 0.00% 224 4 6.51% ABF Preight Systems 593 3 4.06% 825 1 9.79% Feld Ex Freight 435 5 3.61% 2 0.00% Feld Ex Freight 435 6 3.31% 32 4 0.00% Kobl's 20 3 1.25% 1.00%	Dayton Freight Lines Inc.	237	10	1.80%	-	_	0.00%
PAGE PE Carre (formerly lams) - - - 0.00% 234 7 2.6% Evenflo Corporation - - - 0.00% 285 6 3.7% Lion Apparel, Inc. - - - 0.00% 285 6 3.27% Huber Heights Huber Heights City Schools 930 1 7.08% 567 2 6.51% Walmart Stores Incorporated 590 2 4.49% 243 5 2.79% ABF Freight Systems 533 3 4.06% 426 3 4.93% Trimble Navigation 527 4 4.01% 43 5 7.94% Keright 455 6 3.31% 324 4 3.72% Kroger 475 5 3.61% 2 1 9.47% Kohl's 276 8 2.10% 2 1 0.00% Kroger 321 1 1.74 15 9	The state of the s	_			202	8	
Penerilo Corporation		_	_				
Total for the City of Vandalia		-	_		163	10	
Huber Heights City Schools 930 7 7.08% 567 2 6.51%	-	_	_				
Huber Heights City Schools		4,485					
Huber Heights City Schools 930	·						
Walmart Stores Incorporated 590 2 4.49% 243 5 2.79% ABF Freight Systems 533 3 4.06% 825 1 9.47% Trimble Navigation 527 4 4.01% 430 3 4.93% Meijer Stores 475 5 3.61% -2 - 0.00% Fed Ex Freight 435 6 3.31% 324 4 3.72% Kroger 341 7 2.59% 130 10 1.49% Kohl's 26 8 2.10% -2 0.00% Young Men Christian 252 9 1.92% -2 0.00% Lowes Home Improvement 252 9 1.92% 16 2.41% Coca Cola Enterprises, Inc. -2 0.00% 185 7 2.12% Guty of Huber Heights 4.588 3.491% 3.24 6 2.41% City of Huber Heights 4.588 3.491% 3.22 3.700% 10		020	1	7.090/	567	2	6.510/
ABF Freight Systems 533 3 4.06% 825 1 9.47% Trimble Navigation 527 4 4.01% 430 3 4.93% Meijer Stores 475 5 3.61% - - 0.00% Fed Ex Freight 435 6 3.31% 324 4 3.72% Kroger 341 7 2.59% 130 10 1.49% Kohl's 276 8 2.10% - - 0.00% Kohl's 276 8 2.10% - - 0.00% Kohl's 276 8 2.10% - - 0.00% Kohl's 276 10 1.74% 150 9 1.72% Coca Cola Enterprises, Inc. 2 0.00% 150 8 2.13% City of Huber Heights 4,588 3 3.91% 320 8 1.21% Bowser Mornor 1 1,273 1 9.69% <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							
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Tipp City Exempted Village School District 443 2 3.37% 290 3 3.33% CBS Personnel Services 344 3 2.62% - - 0.00% Associate Staffing 339 4 2.58% - - 0.00% FHI LLC 328 5 2.50% - - 0.00% Menards 300 6 2.28% - - 0.00% Rostam Direct (formerly Gardens Alive-Springhill) 287 7 2.18% 100 9 1.15% Arbogast 285 8 2.17% 120 6 1.38% Creative Extruded Products 242 9 1.84% 245 4 2.81% Adcare Health Systems (formerly Springmeade) 227 10 1.73% - - 0.00% Regal Beloit (formerly AO Smith Corporation) - - 0.00% 147 5 1.69% DAP Products, Inc. - - 0.00% 110 7							
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Associate Staffing 339 4 2.58% - - 0.00% FHI LLC 328 5 2.50% - - 0.00% Menards 300 6 2.28% - - 0.00% Rostam Direct (formerly Gardens Alive-Springhill) 287 7 2.18% 100 9 1.15% Arbogast 285 8 2.17% 120 6 1.38% Creative Extruded Products 242 9 1.84% 245 4 2.81% Adcare Health Systems (formerly Springmeade) 227 10 1.73% - - 0.00% Regal Beloit (formerly AO Smith Corporation) - - 0.00% 330 2 3.79% Springmeade Health Center - - 0.00% 147 5 1.69% DAP Products, Inc. - - 0.00% 110 7 1.26% Tipp Machine and Tool - - 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Allen Foods - - 0.00% 30.96% 2,333 <td< td=""><td>Tipp City Exempted Village School District</td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td>290</td><td>3</td><td>3.33%</td></td<>	Tipp City Exempted Village School District		2		290	3	3.33%
FHI LLC 328 5 2.50% - - 0.00% Menards 300 6 2.28% - - 0.00% Rostam Direct (formerly Gardens Alive-Springhill) 287 7 2.18% 100 9 1.15% Arbogast 285 8 2.17% 120 6 1.38% Creative Extruded Products 242 9 1.84% 245 4 2.81% Adcare Health Systems (formerly Springmeade) 227 10 1.73% - - 0.00% Regal Beloit (formerly AO Smith Corporation) - - 0.00% 330 2 3.79% Springmeade Health Center - - 0.00% 147 5 1.69% DAP Products, Inc. - - 0.00% 110 7 1.26% Tipp Machine and Tool - - 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Allen Foods Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77% <td></td> <td></td> <td>3</td> <td>2.62%</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>			3	2.62%	-	-	
Menards 300 6 2.28% - - 0.00% Rostam Direct (formerly Gardens Alive-Springhill) 287 7 2.18% 100 9 1.15% Arbogast 285 8 2.17% 120 6 1.38% Creative Extruded Products 242 9 1.84% 245 4 2.81% Adcare Health Systems (formerly Springmeade) 227 10 1.73% - - 0.00% Regal Beloit (formerly AO Smith Corporation) - - 0.00% 330 2 3.79% Springmeade Health Center - - 0.00% 147 5 1.69% DAP Products, Inc. - - 0.00% 110 7 1.26% Tipp Machine and Tool - - 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Allen Foods Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%	Associate Staffing	339	4	2.58%	-	-	0.00%
Rostam Direct (formerly Gardens Alive-Springhill) 287 7 2.18% 100 9 1.15% Arbogast 285 8 2.17% 120 6 1.38% Creative Extruded Products 242 9 1.84% 245 4 2.81% Adcare Health Systems (formerly Springmeade) 227 10 1.73% - - 0.00% Regal Beloit (formerly AO Smith Corporation) - - 0.00% 330 2 3.79% Springmeade Health Center - - 0.00% 147 5 1.69% DAP Products, Inc. - - 0.00% 110 7 1.26% Tipp Machine and Tool - - 0.00% 103 8 1.18% Allen Foods - - 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%	FHI LLC	328	5	2.50%	-	-	0.00%
Arbogast 285 8 2.17% 120 6 1.38% Creative Extruded Products 242 9 1.84% 245 4 2.81% Adcare Health Systems (formerly Springmeade) 227 10 1.73% - - 0.00% Regal Beloit (formerly AO Smith Corporation) - - 0.00% 330 2 3.79% Springmeade Health Center - - 0.00% 147 5 1.69% DAP Products, Inc. - - 0.00% 110 7 1.26% Tipp Machine and Tool - - 0.00% 103 8 1.18% Allen Foods - 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%			6	2.28%	-	-	0.00%
Creative Extruded Products 242 9 1.84% 245 4 2.81% Adcare Health Systems (formerly Springmeade) 227 10 1.73% - - 0.00% Regal Beloit (formerly AO Smith Corporation) - - 0.00% 330 2 3.79% Springmeade Health Center - - 0.00% 147 5 1.69% DAP Products, Inc. - - 0.00% 110 7 1.26% Tipp Machine and Tool - - 0.00% 103 8 1.18% Allen Foods - - 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%	Rostam Direct (formerly Gardens Alive-Springhill)	287	7	2.18%	100	9	1.15%
Adcare Health Systems (formerly Springmeade) 227 10 1.73% - - 0.00% Regal Beloit (formerly AO Smith Corporation) - - 0.00% 330 2 3.79% Springmeade Health Center - - 0.00% 147 5 1.69% DAP Products, Inc. - - 0.00% 110 7 1.26% Tipp Machine and Tool - - 0.00% 103 8 1.18% Allen Foods - - 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%	Arbogast	285	8	2.17%	120	6	1.38%
Regal Beloit (formerly AO Smith Corporation) - - 0.00% 330 2 3.79% Springmeade Health Center - - 0.00% 147 5 1.69% DAP Products, Inc. - - 0.00% 110 7 1.26% Tipp Machine and Tool - - 0.00% 103 8 1.18% Allen Foods - - 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%	Creative Extruded Products	242	9	1.84%	245	4	2.81%
Springmeade Health Center - - 0.00% 147 5 1.69% DAP Products, Inc. - - 0.00% 110 7 1.26% Tipp Machine and Tool - - 0.00% 103 8 1.18% Allen Foods - - 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%	Adcare Health Systems (formerly Springmeade)	227	10	1.73%	-	-	0.00%
DAP Products, Inc. - - 0.00% 110 7 1.26% Tipp Machine and Tool - - 0.00% 103 8 1.18% Allen Foods - - 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%	Regal Beloit (formerly AO Smith Corporation)	-	-	0.00%	330	2	3.79%
Tipp Machine and Tool - - 0.00% 103 8 1.18% Allen Foods - - - 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%	Springmeade Health Center	-	-	0.00%	147	5	1.69%
Allen Foods 0.00% 88 10 1.01% Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%	DAP Products, Inc.	-	-	0.00%	110	7	1.26%
Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%	Tipp Machine and Tool	-	-	0.00%	103	8	1.18%
Total for the City of Tipp City 4,068 30.96% 2,333 26.77%	Allen Foods	-	-	0.00%	88	10	1.01%
Grand total all three participating cities 13,141 8,714	Total for the City of Tipp City	4,068		30.96%	2,333		
	Grand total all three participating cities	13,141			8,714		

Source: Participating cities financial records.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater AuthorityOperating and Capital Indicators
Last Ten Years

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Wastewater treatment										
Miles of sewers	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Number of treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Treatment capacity (MGD)	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2
Annual engineering maximum plant capacity (millions of gallons)	4,088	4,088	4,088	4,088	4,088	4,088	4,088	4,088	4,088	4,088
Amount treated annually (millions of gallons)	3,507	2,748	2,901	2,852	2,852	3,890	3,141	3,540	2,958	3,803
Unused capacity (millions of gallons)	581	1,340	1,187	1,236	1,236	198	947	548	1,130	285
Percentage of capacity utilized	86%	67%	71%	70%	70%	95%	77%	87%	72%	93%

Notes: MGD = millions of gallons per day.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority

Miscellaneous Statistics December 31, 2015

General Information:

Year of Incorporation 1996

Form of Government Joint Venture

Miscellaneous Statistics:

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Number of Full Time Employees	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Part Time Employees	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Miles of Sewer Line	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Number of Manholes	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
Number of Siphons	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Pump Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Number of Booster Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Equalization Basins	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2



TRI-CITIES NORTH REGIONAL WASTEWATER AUTHORITY



Yellow Book Report

December 31, 2015





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority 3777 Old Needmore Road Dayton, OH 45424

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority, (the Authority), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 20, 2016, wherein we noted the Authority adopted GASB 68 and 71 as disclosed in Note 2.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dayton, Ohio

April 20, 2016





TRI CITIES NORTH REGIONAL WASTEWATER AUTHORITY MONTGOMERY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 16, 2016