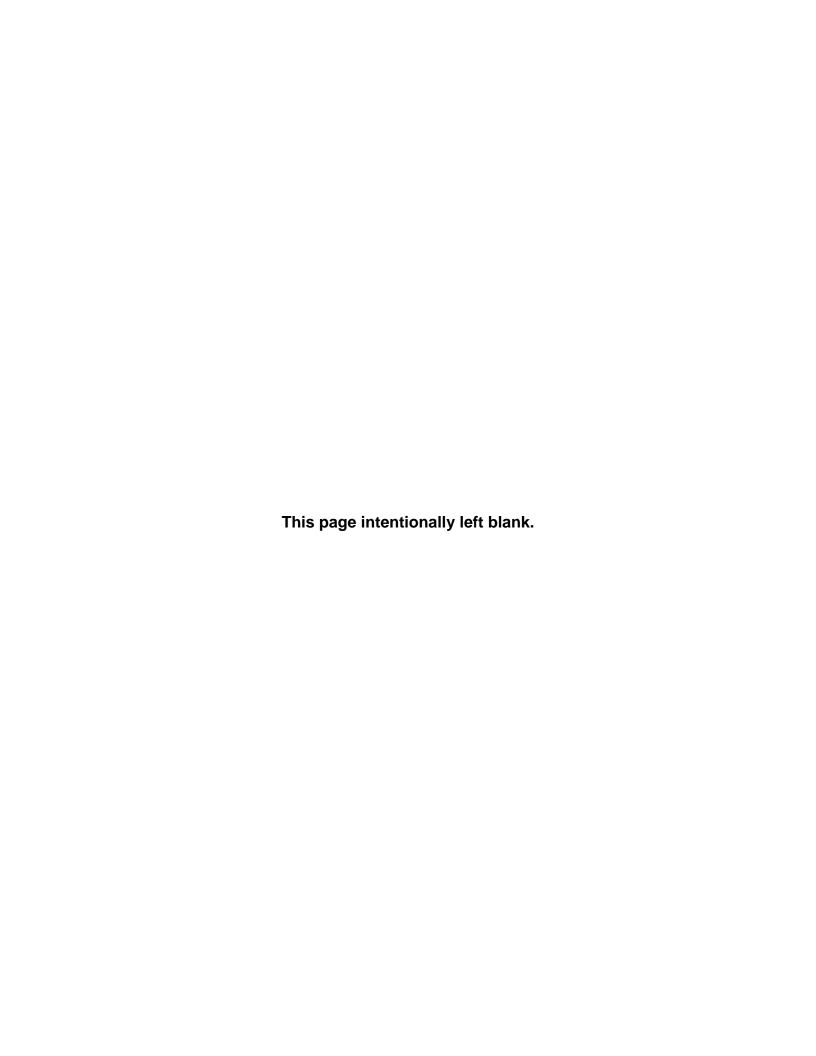




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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Twin Valley Community Local School District Preble County 100 Education Drive West Alexandria. Ohio 45381

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Twin Valley Community Local School District, Preble County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the modified cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Twin Valley Community Local School District Preble County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Twin Valley Community Local School District, Preble County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

## Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### Other Matters

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Information

We applied no procedures to Management's Discussion & Analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Twin Valley Community Local School District Preble County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 18, 2016, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 18, 2016

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## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of Twin Valley Community Local School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 within the limitations of the School District's modified cash basis of accounting. Readers should also review the Basic Financial Statements and the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- In fiscal year 2015, receipts increased due to the passage of an additional 0.75 percent income tax that became effective January 1, 2014.
- Tuition and fees increased as a result of an increase in open enrollment.

## **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the School District's modified cash basis of accounting.

#### Report Components

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the cash activities as a whole. Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the School District as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanations and details regarding the information reported in the statements.

## Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The School District has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the School District's modified cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related disbursements (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 UNAUDITED (Continued)

## Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities reflect how the School District did financially during fiscal year 2015, within the limitations of modified cash basis accounting. The Statement of Net Position presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental program draws from the School District's general receipts.

These statements report the School District's modified cash position and the changes in modified cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the School District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's cash position is one indicator of whether the School District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the School District's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well, such as the School District's property tax base, the condition of the School District's capital assets, the extent of the School District's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations, and the need for continued growth in the major local receipt sources, such as property and income taxes.

#### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds, not the School District as a whole. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Bond Retirement Fund.

#### Governmental Funds

The School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported on a modified cash basis. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's programs.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 UNAUDITED (Continued)

#### The School District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2015 compared to fiscal year 2014:

Table 1
Net Position

	Net Position		
	2015	2014	Change
Assets:			
Current Assets	\$3,078,834	\$1,897,441	\$1,181,393
Capital Assets, Net	9,366,180	9,653,909	(287,729)
Total Assets	12,445,014	11,551,350	893,664
Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	375,000	345,000	30,000
Due In More Than One Year	390,000	765,000	(375,000)
Total Liabilities	765,000	1,110,000	(345,000)
Net Position:			
Net Investment in			
Capital Assets	8,601,180	8,543,909	57,271
Restricted	909,007	927,068	(18,061)
Unrestricted	2,169,827	970,373	1,199,454
Total Net Position	\$11,680,014	\$10,441,350	\$1,238,664
·			

Current assets increased due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents. This is because current year revenue exceeded current year expenses. Capital assets decreased by \$287,729 mainly due to current year depreciation expense exceeding current year additions.

Liabilities consist of the debt of the School District. The overall decrease is due to the School District making the required principal payments and not issuing new debt during the fiscal year.

Restricted net position of governmental activities decreased primarily due to principal payments made from the debt service fund during the fiscal year.

Unrestricted net position of governmental activities increased due to an overall increase in revenues while expenses decreased from the prior year. Property tax and income tax revenues saw the largest increase due to an increase in the assessed property values and fiscal year 2015 being the first full year of collections following the income tax rate increase.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

Table 2

Change in Net Position				
	2015	2014	Change	
Receipts:				
Program Cash Receipts:				
Charges for Services	\$852,433	\$852,306	\$127	
Operating Grants and Contributions	978,420	976,056	2,364	
Total Program Cash Receipts	1,830,853	1,828,362	2,491	
-		(Contin	ued)	

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Table 2
Change in Net Position
(Continued)

(Conti	nueu)		
	2015	2014	Change
General Receipts:			
Property Taxes Levied for:			
General Purposes	2,555,970	2,326,873	229,097
Other Purposes	38,189	38,505	(316)
Debt Service	306,137	350,592	(44,455)
Income Tax	1,394,691	932,267	462,424
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to			
Specific Programs	4,178,119	4,118,418	59,701
Gifts and Donations not Restricted to			
Specific Programs	1,866	15,430	(13,564)
Interest	2,968	1,855	1,113
Miscellaneous	119,880	79,809	40,071
Total General Receipts	8,597,820	7,863,749	734,071
Total Receipts	10,428,673	9,692,111	736,562
Cash Disbursements:			
Instruction:			
Regular	3,992,339	4,128,888	(136,549)
Special	1,189,378	1,124,187	65,191
Vocational	253,998	208,316	45,682
Support Services:			
Pupils	222,412	229,045	(6,633)
Instructional Staff	209,715	217,705	(7,990)
Board of Education	102,106	96,368	5,738
Administration	759,696	734,572	25,124
Fiscal	341,105	271,974	69,131
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	863,972	849,042	14,930
Pupil Transportation	399,535	488,880	(89,345)
Central	96,288	75,108	21,180
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	401,271	419,743	(18,472)
Extracurricular Activities	316,006	317,505	(1,499)
Debt Service:			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	42,188	56,856	(14,668)
Total Cash Disbursements	9,190,009	9,218,189	(\$28,180)
Change in Net Position	1,238,664	473,922	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	10,441,350	9,967,428	
Net Position at End of Year	\$11,680,014	\$10,441,350	-
Hot i Soliton at End of Todi	Ψ11,000,014	Ψ10,1,000	=

#### **Governmental Activities**

The unique nature of taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for the School District's operations. Property taxes and income taxes made up 41.2 percent of receipts for governmental activities for fiscal year 2015. Without this tax support, disbursements would have drastically outpaced receipts, and the School District could not maintain the same operations as it does currently.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Receipts increased 7.6 percent over all from the previous fiscal year due to an increase in property tax and income tax collections. Income taxes increased due to fiscal year 2015 being the first full year of collection since the income tax rate increased from 0.75 percent to 1.5 percent. Property tax receipts increased due to an increase in assessed values. Total disbursements decreased 0.3 percent as a result of decreases in regular instruction and pupil transportation costs. Regular instruction decreased due to a high turnover of teachers from fiscal year 2014 to fiscal year 2015. Teachers who left the School District were replaced with teachers who have less years of service, resulting in a reduction in regular instruction costs. Pupil transportation decreased due to the reduction of one regular education bus route and the School District bussing the special education route instead of contracting it with the Preble County Educational Service Center.

Again, it should be noted that the School District uses the modified cash basis of accounting, which does not take into account any accruals and only includes what is disbursed during the fiscal year being reported.

#### The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified cash basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total receipts of \$10,428,673 and disbursements of \$9,247,280.

The net changes in fund balance for the General Fund and the Bond Retirement Fund were \$1,199,669 and (\$40,523), respectively. Receipts in the General Fund increased \$807,995 from the prior year, while disbursements increased \$124,165. Receipts increased due to increased income tax collections, which resulted from an additional 0.75 percent income tax rate increase effective January 1, 2014, as well as an increase in assessed property values. The General Fund balance increased as a result of receipts exceeding expenditures. The Bond Retirement Fund balance decreased slightly as a result of total debt payments exceeding the total tax receipts.

### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

For the General Fund, the final budget basis receipts were higher than the original budget basis receipts by \$545,187, or 6.4 percent due to increased collections of property taxes and tuition and fees. Actual receipts were lower than the final budget basis receipt estimates.

Final appropriations were lower than the original appropriations by \$342,438, or 4.07 percent due to the elimination of one regular education bus route and no longer contracting the special education bussing through the Preble County ESC. Final appropriations were higher than actual disbursements. The School District uses site-based budgeting, and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets, but provide flexibility for site management.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 UNAUDITED (Continued)

## **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the School District had \$9,366,180 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles.

Table 3 shows fiscal year 2015 balances compared to fiscal year 2014.

Table 3
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) at June 30,

	2015	2014
Land	\$336,998	\$336,998
Land Improvements	91,570	108,191
Buildings and Improvements	8,722,169	9,061,392
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	63,918	56,865
Vehicles	151,525	90,463
Totals	\$9,366,180	\$9,653,909

Overall, capital assets decreased \$287,729 from fiscal year 2014 to fiscal year 2015. This was mainly due to the depreciation of capital assets during the fiscal year. For more information on capital assets, see Note 7 of the Basic Financial Statements.

### **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2015, the School District had \$765,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding, of which \$375,000 is due within one year. Table 4 summarizes the bonds outstanding:

Table 4
Outstanding Debt, at Fiscal Year-End
Governmental Activities

	2015	2014
2007 School Improvement Refunding Bonds	\$765,000	\$1,110,000

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$10,300,429, with an un-voted debt margin of \$127,268 at June 30, 2015. For more information on the School District's debt, see Note 12 of the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Tearalee Riddlebarger, Treasurer, at Twin Valley Community Local School District, 100 Education Drive, West Alexandria, Ohio 45381, or email at triddlebarger@tvs.k12.oh.us.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,078,834
Non-depreciable Capital Assets	336,998
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	9,029,182
Total Assets	12,445,014
Liabilities:	
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	375,000
Due in More Than One Year	390,000
Total Liabilities	765,000
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,601,180
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	388,705
Capital Projects	1,680
Classroom Facilities	206,828
Lunchroom	25,040
Athletic	26,078
Other Purposes	5,154
Set-Asides	255,522
Unrestricted	2,169,827
Total Net Position	\$11,680,014

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

**Net Receipts** 

Cash   Charges for   Services   Services			Program	n Cash Receipts	Net Receipts (Disbursements) and Changes in Net Position
Instruction:   Regular			_	Interest	Governmental
Regular         \$3,992,339         \$553,451         \$41,440         (\$3,397,448)           Special         1,189,378         559,749         (629,629)           Vocational         253,998         17,588         (236,410)           Support Services:           Pupils         222,412         39,328         (183,084)           Instructional Staff         209,715         6,124         (203,591)           Board of Education         102,106         (102,106)         (402,106)           Administration         759,696         72,458         (687,238)           Fiscal         341,105         (341,105)         (341,105)           Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation         399,535         (399,535)         (399,535)           Central         96,288         5,401         (90,887)         (90,88					
Special         1,189,378         559,749         (629,629)           Vocational         253,998         17,588         (236,410)           Support Services:         Pupils         222,412         39,328         (183,084)           Instructional Staff         209,715         6,124         (203,591)           Board of Education         102,106         (102,106)         (102,106)           Administration         759,696         72,458         (687,238)           Fiscal         341,105         (341,105)         (341,105)           Operation and Maintenance of Plant         863,972         (863,972)         (863,972)           Pupil Transportation         396,288         5,401         (39,687)           Operation of Non-Instructional:         Services         401,271         156,724         236,332         (8,215)           Extracurricular Activities         316,006         142,258         (42,188)         (42,188)           Total Governmental Activities         \$9,190,009         \$852,433         \$978,420         (7,359,156)           General Receipts:         Property Taxes Levied for:           General Receipts         2,555,970           Other Purposes         36,137		<b>#2.000.000</b>	<b>\$550.454</b>	<b>\$44.440</b>	(\$2.207.440)
Vocational         253,998         17,588         (236,410)           Support Services:         Pupils         222,412         39,328         (183,084)           Instructional Staff         209,715         6,124         (203,591)           Board of Education         102,106         (102,106)         (102,106)           Administration         759,696         72,458         (687,238)           Fiscal         341,105         (341,105)         (341,105)           Operation and Maintenance of Plant         863,972         (863,972)         (863,972)           Central         96,288         5,401         (90,887)           Operation of Non-Instructional:         Services         401,271         156,724         236,332         (8,215)           Extracurricular Activities         316,006         142,258         (173,748)         (42,188)           Debt Service:         Interest and Fiscal Charges         42,188         (7,359,156)         (7,359,156)           General Receipts:         Property Taxes Levied for:           General Receipts         2,555,970         (10her Purposes)         38,189           Debt Service         306,137         1,394,691         1,394,691           Income Tax			\$553,451		
Support Services:   Pupils	•				
Pupils		255,996		17,500	(230,410)
Instructional Staff   209,715   6,124   (203,591)     Board of Education   102,106   (102,106)     Administration   759,696   72,458   (687,238)     Fiscal   341,105   (341,105)     Operation and Maintenance of Plant   863,972   (863,972)     Pupil Transportation   399,535   (399,535)     Central   96,288   5,401   (90,887)     Operation of Non-Instructional:     Services   401,271   156,724   236,332   (8,215)     Extracurricular Activities   316,006   142,258   (173,748)     Debt Service:     Interest and Fiscal Charges   42,188   (42,188)     Total Governmental Activities   \$9,190,009   \$852,433   \$978,420   (7,359,156)      General Receipts:     Property Taxes Levied for:     General Purposes   2,555,970     Other Purposes   38,189     Debt Service   10,006   13,394,691     Income Tax   1,394,691     Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs   4,178,119     Contributions and Donations not     Restricted to Specific Programs   1,866     Interest   2,968     Miscellaneous   119,880     Total General Receipts   8,597,820     Change in Net Position   1,238,664     Net Position at Beginning of Year   10,441,350		222 412		30 328	(183 084)
Board of Education	•				, , ,
Administration 759,696 72,458 (687,238) Fiscal 341,105 (341,105) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 863,972 (863,972) Pupil Transportation 399,535 (399,535) Central 96,288 5,401 (90,887) Operation of Non-Instructional: Services 401,271 156,724 236,332 (8,215) Extracurricular Activities 316,006 142,258 (173,748) Obet Service: Interest and Fiscal Charges 42,188 (42,188) Total Governmental Activities \$9,190,009 \$852,433 \$978,420 (7,359,156)  General Receipts: Property Taxes Levied for: General Purposes 2,555,970 Other Purposes 38,189 Debt Service 306,137 Income Tax Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs 4,178,119 Contributions and Donations not Restricted to Specific Programs 1,866 Interest 2,968 Miscellaneous Total General Receipts 2,968 Miscellaneous Total General Receipts 3,597,820 Change in Net Position 1,238,664				0,121	,
Fiscal         341,105         (341,105)           Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation         863,972         (863,972)           Pupil Transportation         399,535         (399,535)           Central         96,288         5,401         (90,887)           Operation of Non-Instructional:           Services         401,271         156,724         236,332         (8,215)           Extracurricular Activities         316,006         142,258         (173,748)           Debt Service:         Interest and Fiscal Charges         42,188         (42,188)           Total Governmental Activities         \$9,190,009         \$852,433         \$978,420         (7,359,156)           General Receipts:           Property Taxes Levied for:           General Purposes         2,555,970           Other Purposes         38,189           Debt Service         306,137           Income Tax         1,394,691           Grants and Entitlements not Restricted         to Specific Programs         4,178,119           Contributions and Donations not         Restricted to Specific Programs         1,866           Interest         2,968           Miscellaneous         119,880				72.458	, , ,
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation         863,972 (399,535)         (399,535)         (399,535)         (399,535)         (399,535)         (399,535)         (399,535)         (90,887)         (82,15)         (13,289,15)         (17,3748)         (90,887)         (90,887)         (90,887)         (90,887)         (90,887)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)         (90,827)				,	, , ,
Central         96,288         5,401         (90,887)           Operation of Non-Instructional:           Services         401,271         156,724         236,332         (8,215)           Extracurricular Activities         316,006         142,258         (173,748)           Debt Service:           Interest and Fiscal Charges         42,188         (42,188)           Total Governmental Activities         \$9,190,009         \$852,433         \$978,420         (7,359,156)           General Receipts:           Property Taxes Levied for:           General Purposes         2,555,970           Other Purposes         38,189           Debt Service         306,137           Income Tax         1,394,691           Grants and Entitlements not Restricted         to Specific Programs         4,178,119           Contributions and Donations not         Restricted to Specific Programs         1,866           Interest         2,968           Miscellaneous         119,880           Total General Receipts         8,597,820           Change in Net Position         1,238,664           Net Position at Beginning of Year         10,441,350	Operation and Maintenance of Plant				,
Operation of Non-Instructional:           Services         401,271         156,724         236,332         (8,215)           Extracurricular Activities         316,006         142,258         (173,748)           Debt Service:           Interest and Fiscal Charges         42,188         (42,188)           Total Governmental Activities         \$9,190,009         \$852,433         \$978,420         (7,359,156)           General Receipts:           Property Taxes Levied for:           General Purposes         2,555,970           Other Purposes         38,189           Debt Service         306,137           Income Tax         1,394,691           Grants and Entitlements not Restricted         to Specific Programs         4,178,119           Contributions and Donations not         Restricted to Specific Programs         1,866           Interest         2,968           Miscellaneous         119,880           Total General Receipts         8,597,820           Change in Net Position         1,238,664           Net Position at Beginning of Year         10,441,350		399,535			, , ,
Services         401,271         156,724         236,332         (8,215)           Extracurricular Activities         316,006         142,258         (173,748)           Debt Service:         Interest and Fiscal Charges         42,188         (42,188)           Total Governmental Activities         \$9,190,009         \$852,433         \$978,420         (7,359,156)           General Receipts:         Property Taxes Levied for:           General Purposes         2,555,970           Other Purposes         38,189           Debt Service         306,137           Income Tax         1,394,691           Grants and Entitlements not Restricted         10,394,691           Contributions and Donations not         Restricted to Specific Programs         1,866           Interest         2,968           Miscellaneous         119,880           Total General Receipts         8,597,820           Change in Net Position         1,238,664           Net Position at Beginning of Year         10,441,350	Central	96,288		5,401	(90,887)
Extracurricular Activities   316,006   142,258   (173,748)	Operation of Non-Instructional:				
Debt Service:         Interest and Fiscal Charges         42,188         (42,188)           Total Governmental Activities         42,188         (42,188)           General Receipts:           Property Taxes Levied for:           General Purposes         2,555,970           Other Purposes         38,189           Debt Service         306,137           Income Tax         1,394,691           Grants and Entitlements not Restricted         to Specific Programs         4,178,119           Contributions and Donations not         Restricted to Specific Programs         1,866           Interest         2,968           Miscellaneous         119,880           Total General Receipts         8,597,820           Change in Net Position         1,238,664           Net Position at Beginning of Year         10,441,350	Services			236,332	, ,
Interest and Fiscal Charges   42,188   (42,188)     Sy,190,009   \$852,433   \$978,420   (7,359,156)     General Receipts:   Property Taxes Levied for:   General Purposes   2,555,970     Other Purposes   38,189     Debt Service   306,137     Income Tax   1,394,691     Grants and Entitlements not Restricted   to Specific Programs   4,178,119     Contributions and Donations not   Restricted to Specific Programs   1,866     Interest   2,968     Miscellaneous   119,880     Total General Receipts   8,597,820     Change in Net Position   1,238,664     Net Position at Beginning of Year   10,441,350		316,006	142,258		(173,748)
Seneral Receipts:   Property Taxes Levied for:   General Purposes   2,555,970     Other Purposes   38,189     Debt Service   306,137     Income Tax   1,394,691     Grants and Entitlements not Restricted   to Specific Programs   4,178,119     Contributions and Donations not     Restricted to Specific Programs   1,866     Interest   2,968     Miscellaneous   119,880     Total General Receipts   8,597,820     Change in Net Position   1,238,664     Net Position at Beginning of Year   10,441,350     Oracle   10,441,350     Oracle					(,,,,,,,)
General Receipts:           Property Taxes Levied for:           General Purposes         2,555,970           Other Purposes         38,189           Debt Service         306,137           Income Tax         1,394,691           Grants and Entitlements not Restricted         to Specific Programs         4,178,119           Contributions and Donations not         Restricted to Specific Programs         1,866           Interest         2,968           Miscellaneous         119,880           Total General Receipts         8,597,820           Change in Net Position         1,238,664           Net Position at Beginning of Year         10,441,350					
Property Taxes Levied for:         General Purposes       2,555,970         Other Purposes       38,189         Debt Service       306,137         Income Tax       1,394,691         Grants and Entitlements not Restricted       4,178,119         Contributions and Donations not       2,968         Restricted to Specific Programs       1,866         Interest       2,968         Miscellaneous       119,880         Total General Receipts       8,597,820         Change in Net Position       1,238,664         Net Position at Beginning of Year       10,441,350	Total Governmental Activities	\$9,190,009	\$852,433	\$978,420	(7,359,156)
General Purposes       2,555,970         Other Purposes       38,189         Debt Service       306,137         Income Tax       1,394,691         Grants and Entitlements not Restricted       4,178,119         Contributions and Donations not       1,866         Restricted to Specific Programs       1,866         Interest       2,968         Miscellaneous       119,880         Total General Receipts       8,597,820         Change in Net Position       1,238,664         Net Position at Beginning of Year       10,441,350					
Other Purposes       38,189         Debt Service       306,137         Income Tax       1,394,691         Grants and Entitlements not Restricted       4,178,119         Contributions and Donations not       5         Restricted to Specific Programs       1,866         Interest       2,968         Miscellaneous       119,880         Total General Receipts       8,597,820         Change in Net Position       1,238,664         Net Position at Beginning of Year       10,441,350					2 555 070
Debt Service       306,137         Income Tax       1,394,691         Grants and Entitlements not Restricted       4,178,119         Contributions and Donations not       7,866         Restricted to Specific Programs       1,866         Interest       2,968         Miscellaneous       119,880         Total General Receipts       8,597,820         Change in Net Position       1,238,664         Net Position at Beginning of Year       10,441,350		-			
Income Tax       1,394,691         Grants and Entitlements not Restricted       4,178,119         to Specific Programs       4,178,119         Contributions and Donations not       1,866         Restricted to Specific Programs       1,866         Interest       2,968         Miscellaneous       119,880         Total General Receipts       8,597,820         Change in Net Position       1,238,664         Net Position at Beginning of Year       10,441,350		-	,		
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted       4,178,119         to Specific Programs       4,178,119         Contributions and Donations not       1,866         Restricted to Specific Programs       1,866         Interest       2,968         Miscellaneous       119,880         Total General Receipts       8,597,820         Change in Net Position       1,238,664         Net Position at Beginning of Year       10,441,350					•
to Specific Programs 4,178,119 Contributions and Donations not Restricted to Specific Programs 1,866 Interest 2,968 Miscellaneous 119,880 Total General Receipts 8,597,820  Change in Net Position 1,238,664  Net Position at Beginning of Year 10,441,350			itlements not Re	estricted	.,00 .,00 .
Contributions and Donations not         Restricted to Specific Programs       1,866         Interest       2,968         Miscellaneous       119,880         Total General Receipts       8,597,820         Change in Net Position       1,238,664         Net Position at Beginning of Year       10,441,350					4,178,119
Interest       2,968         Miscellaneous       119,880         Total General Receipts       8,597,820         Change in Net Position       1,238,664         Net Position at Beginning of Year       10,441,350				ot	, ,
Miscellaneous         119,880           Total General Receipts         8,597,820           Change in Net Position         1,238,664           Net Position at Beginning of Year         10,441,350		Restricted to Sp	oecific Programs	3	1,866
Total General Receipts 8,597,820  Change in Net Position 1,238,664  Net Position at Beginning of Year 10,441,350		Interest			2,968
Change in Net Position 1,238,664  Net Position at Beginning of Year 10,441,350		Miscellaneous			
Net Position at Beginning of Year 10,441,350		Total General Rec	eipts		8,597,820
		Change in Net Pos	sition		1,238,664
		Net Position at Bed	ginning of Year		10.441.350

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	Bond Retirement Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,169,827	\$388,705	\$264,780	\$2,823,312
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	255,522			255,522
Total Assets	2,425,349	388,705	264,780	3,078,834
Fund Balances:				
Restricted	255,522	388,705	264,780	909,007
Assigned	136,068			136,068
Unassigned	2,033,759			2,033,759
Total Fund Balances	\$2,425,349	\$388,705	\$264,780	\$3,078,834

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2015

Total Governmental Fund Balances

\$3,078,834

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:

Land\$336,998Land Improvements398,702Buildings and Improvements15,648,967Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment1,463,464Vehicles598,861Accumulated Depreciation(9,080,812)

Total 9,366,180

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:

General Obligation Bonds Payable (765,000)

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$11,680,014

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General	Bond Retirement	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts:				
Property Taxes	\$2,555,970	\$306,137	\$38,189	\$2,900,296
Income Tax	1,394,691			1,394,691
Tuition and Fees	543,368			543,368
Extracurricular Activities	48,106		94,152	142,258
Interest	2,968		, ,	2,968
Intergovernmental	4,440,336	49,329	666,874	5,156,539
Charges for Services	1,110,000	,	156,724	156,724
Rent	10,083		.00,. = .	10,083
Contributions and Donations	1,866			1,866
Miscellaneous	119,215		665	119,880
Total Receipts	9,116,603	355,466	956,604	10,428,673
Total Necelpts	3,110,003	333,400	330,004	10,420,073
Disbursements:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,579,522		41,202	3,620,724
Special	929,338		260,040	1,189,378
Vocational	252,885		•	252,885
Support Services:	·			·
Pupils	159,724		39,328	199,052
Instructional Staff	203,058		6,124	209,182
Board of Education	102,106		-,	102,106
Administration	677,361	8,801	73,534	759,696
Fiscal	341,105	3,55	. 0,00	341,105
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	880,033		9,182	889,215
Pupil Transportation	489,439		0,.02	489,439
Central	90,806		5,482	96,288
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	00,000		399,105	399,105
Extracurricular Activities	211,557		100,360	311,917
Debt Service:	211,337		100,300	311,317
Principal Retirement		345,000		345,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		42,188		42,188
Total Disbursements	7,916,934	395,989	934,357	9,247,280
Total Disbursements	7,910,934	393,969	934,337	9,247,200
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	1,199,669	(40,523)	22,247	1,181,393
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	110,000		110,000	220,000
Advances Out	(110,000)		(110,000)	(220,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
· , ,				
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,199,669	(40,523)	22,247	1,181,393
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,225,680	429,228	242,533	1,897,441
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$2,425,349	\$388,705	\$264,780	\$3,078,834

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$1,181,393

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period:

Capital Outlay \$126,031 Current Fiscal Year Depreciation Disbursement (412,197)

Excess of Depreciation over Capital Outlay (286,166)

Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the Statement of Activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.

Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,563)

Repayment of long-term obligation bonds is a disbursement in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of:

General Obligation Bond Payments 345,000

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$1,238,664

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Receipts:					
Property Taxes	\$2,233,000	\$2,555,970	\$2,555,970		
Income Tax	1,502,939	1,488,665	1,394,691	(\$93,974)	
Tuition and Fees	360,000	543,368	543,368		
Extracurricular Activities	48,200	48,106	48,106		
Interest	1,500	2,897	2,897		
Intergovernmental	4,359,803	4,440,329	4,440,336		
Rent	35,000	10,083	10,083		
Contributions and Donations		1,866	1,866		
Miscellaneous	15,400	9,745	9,745		
Total Receipts	8,555,842	9,101,029	9,007,062	(93,967)	
Disbursements:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	3,331,855	3,366,674	3,356,676	9,998	
Special	914,367	967,698	967,698		
Vocational	208,389	253,835	253,835		
Other	230,000	239,673	239,673		
Support Services:					
Pupils	162,476	161,196	161,196		
Instructional Staff	224,656	203,058	203,058		
Board of Education	87,700	102,106	102,106		
Administration	675,475	684,443	684,443		
Fiscal	381,337	342,072	342,072		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	864,930	937,170	937,170		
Pupil Transportation	1,046,016	499,354	499,354		
Central	70,691	91,106	91,106		
Extracurricular Activities	206,746	213,574	213,574		
Capital Outlay	800	1,041	1,041		
Total Disbursements	8,405,438	8,063,000	8,053,002	9,998	
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	150,404	1,038,029	954,060	(83,969)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Advances In			110,000	110,000	
Refund of Prior Year Disbursements	30,000	109,470	109,470	.,	
Advances Out	(30,000)	,	(110,000)	(110,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(00,000)	109,470	109,470	(110,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	150,404	1,147,499	1,063,530	(83,969)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,145,358	1,145,358	1,145,358		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	80,174	80,174	80,174		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$1,375,936	\$2,373,031	\$2,289,062	(\$83,969)	

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Fund
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$67,501	\$53,386
Liabilities:		
Undistributed Monies		370
Due to Students		53,016
Total Liabilities	=	\$53,386
Net Position: Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$67,501	

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions:	
Interest	\$167
Contributions	750
Total Additions	917
Deductions:	
Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements	2,100
Change in Net Position	(1,183)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	68,684
Net Position at End of Year	\$67,501

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## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The West Alexandria School District was formed in the early 1800's. On December 30, 1963, the Preble County Board of Education consolidated all of the schools located in Lanier, Harrison, and Twin Townships as Twin Valley School District. On June 1, 1983, the Preble County Board of Education split the Twin Valley School District, resulting in the formation of the present Twin Valley Community Local School District.

Twin Valley Community Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by State statute and federal guidelines. This Board of Education controls the School District's one instructional and administrative facility.

#### A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Twin Valley Community Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the School District. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in three jointly governed organizations and one shared risk pool. These organizations are presented in Note 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Southwest Ohio Computer Association
Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council
Preble County Professional Development Consortium

Shared Risk Pool:

Preble County Schools Regional Council of Governments

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Twin Valley Community Local School District are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### 1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the School District, except for fiduciary funds. The government-wide financial statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type; however, the School District has no activities that are classified as business-type.

The Statement of Net Position presents the cash balance, capital assets, and debt of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The government-wide Statement of Activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a modified cash basis or draws from the School District's general receipts.

#### 2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

## 3. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The School District divides its funds into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 1. Governmental Funds

The School District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g., grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund** - The Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports property tax receipts and State reimbursements intended to offset tax exemptions to be used for the payment of general obligation bonded debt.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

## 2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District has four fiduciary funds: two private purpose trust funds, used to account for college scholarship programs for students, and two agency funds, used to account for student-managed activity programs.

## **B.** Basis of Accounting

The School District's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the School District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned, and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the School District are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related receipts (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and disbursements for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

#### C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

During fiscal year 2015, the School District's investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's net asset value per share, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2015.

Following Ohio Statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of investment earnings. Interest credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$2,968, which includes \$899 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

#### D. Interfund Balances

The School District reports advances in and advances out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

#### E. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributions, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions. Restricted assets in the General Fund represent amounts required by State statute to be set aside for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements.

## F. Capital Assets

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets associated with governmental activities. General capital assets usually result from disbursements in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, which is determined by indexing the current replacement cost back to the year of acquisition) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Description	<b>Estimated Lives</b>
Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	50 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	6-10 years

#### G. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

## H. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the School District.

#### I. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The School District reported a liability for general obligation bonds, which arose from cash transactions.

#### J. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable -** The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. The School District does not have any nonspendable fund balance.

**Restricted** - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by the highest level of formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The School District does not have any committed fund balance.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Assigned** - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education. State statute authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

**Unassigned** - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit fund balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### K. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes resources restricted for capital improvements, food service operations, music and athletic programs, student activities, and federal and State grants.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

### L. Internal Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or good from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers and are eliminated from the Statement of Activities. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### M. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the Certificate of Estimated Resources, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The Certificate of Estimated Resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within all funds.

The Certificate of Estimated Resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the Certificate of Estimated Resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that was in effect at the time final appropriations were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated receipts. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year, including all supplemental appropriations.

#### N. Estimates

The modified cash basis of accounting used by the School District requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) presented for the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the modified cash basis are:

- Unrecorded cash represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statement. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement.
- 2. Encumbrances, which are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (cash basis).

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

## 3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the modified cash basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance			
	General		
Modified Cash Basis	\$1,199,669		
Unrecorded Cash - Fiscal Year 2015	(219)		
Unrecorded Cash - Fiscal Year 2014	148		
Encumbrances	(136,068)		
Budget Basis	\$1,063,530		

#### 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State Statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories or by savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but that will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio Local Governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

## 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) above:
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances, if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

#### A. Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the School District had the following investments:

	Fair Value	Maturity
STAROhio	\$25,381	Average 53.4 Days

#### B. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District's investment policy follows State statute, which requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

## C. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. STAROhio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District's investment policy limits investments to those authorized by State statute.

#### 5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014 on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

## 5. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2015 became a lien December 31, 2013, were levied after April 1, 2014, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Preble County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2015 are available to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

	2014 Second-Half Collections		2015 First-Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$100,143,370	92.47%	\$118,921,600	93.44%
Public Utility Personal	8,159,590	7.53%	8,346,550	6.56%
Total Assessed Value	\$108,302,960	100.00%	\$127,268,150	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$44.18		\$40.00	

#### 6. INCOME TAX

The School District levies a voted tax of 1.5 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2003 at 0.75 percent and was renewed in May 2009 for five years and November 2011 for five years. On January 1, 2014, the income tax rate increased to 1.5 percent. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are credited to the General Fund.

#### 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/14	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/15
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$336,998			\$336,998
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	398,702			398,702
Buildings and Improvements	15,644,209	\$4,758		15,648,967
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	1,428,900	34,564		1,463,464
Vehicles	519,652	86,709	(\$7,500)	598,861
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	17,991,463	126,031	(7,500)	18,109,994
				(Continued)

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

# 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance 6/30/14	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/15
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(290,511)	(16,621)		(307, 132)
Buildings and Improvements	(6,582,817)	(343,981)		(6,926,798)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(1,372,035)	(27,511)		(1,399,546)
Vehicles	(429,189)	(24,084)	5,937	(447,336)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(8,674,552)	(412,197)	5,937	(9,080,812)
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	9,316,911	(286,166)	(1,563)	9,029,182
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$9,653,909	(\$286,166)	(\$1,563)	\$9,366,180

<sup>\*</sup> Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$371,615
Vocational	1,113
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	533
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	9,321
Pupil Transportation	23,360
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	2,166
Extracurricular Activities	4,089
Total Depreciation Disbursement	\$412,197

#### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2015, the School District contracted with Liberty Mutual for fleet insurance, school building, and contents.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

## B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2015, the School District pays the State Worker's Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. Comp Management, Inc. provides various services to the School District for workers' compensation.

### C. Employee Medical Benefits

For fiscal year 2015, the School District participated in the Preble County Schools Regional Council of Governments (the "Council"), a shared risk pool consisting of five local school districts and an educational service center (See Note 14). The School District pays monthly premiums to the Council for employee medical benefits. The Council is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Council, a participant is responsible for the payment of all of the Council's liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### A. Net Pension Liability

For fiscal year 2015, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68" were effective. These GASB pronouncements had no effect on beginning net position as reported June 30, 2014, as the net pension liability is not reported in the accompanying financial statements. The net pension liability has been disclosed below.

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

## B. Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

**Plan Description** – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit
* Members with 25 years of se	rvice credit as of August 1, 2017, will be i	ncluded in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-ofliving adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

**Funding Policy** – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$148,042 for fiscal year 2015.

### C. Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

**Plan Description** – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**Funding Policy** – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$435,924 for fiscal year 2015.

### D. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$1,755,641	\$7,810,195	\$9,565,836
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0346900%	0.03210972%	

### E. Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

3.25 percent

3 percent

Wage Inflation Future Salary Increases, including inflation 4.00 percent to 22 percent COLA or Ad Hoc COLA Investment Rate of Return 7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation **Actuarial Cost Method** 

Entry Age Normal For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994

Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset		
Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$2,504,778	\$1,755,641	\$1,125,552

### F. Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Inflation 2.75 percent

Projected salary increases 2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20

Investment Rate of Return 7.75 percent, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-Living Adjustments 2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before

(COLA) August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$11,181,146	\$7,810,195	\$4,959,505

### G. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2015, two members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### A. School Employees Retirement System

**Health Care Plan Description** - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <a href="www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

**Funding Policy** - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2015, 0.82 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2015, this amount was \$20,450. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2015, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$19,809.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$28,893, \$27,333, and \$26,166, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for all three fiscal years.

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

**Plan Description** – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

**Funding Policy** – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$0, \$33,160, and \$30,003 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for all three fiscal years.

### 11. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

### **Compensated Absences**

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Unused vacation cannot be carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Principals and administrators can get a portion of their vacation days paid out if not used.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred and five days for classified employees and certified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of fifty-one and a fourth days for classified employees. For certified employees, they are entitled to the amount of unused sick days multiplied by their daily rate then by .25. Certified employees retiring at the completion of the school year when first eligible for retirement and who notify the Superintendent by March 15 of their plan to retire will receive an additional amount of \$6,000 and unused sick days shall be multiplied by their daily rate then by .35. One certified employee took advantage of the additional payment for fiscal year 2015.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### 12. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2015 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/14	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/15	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities: School Improvement General					
Obligation Refunding Bonds 2007 - 4.25 - 4.50%	\$1,110,000	\$0	\$345,000	\$765,000	\$375,000

### Twin Valley Community Schools School Improvement General Obligation Refunding Bonds

The 2007 Refunding Bonds were issued September 25, 2006, for the purpose of advance refunding \$1,940,000 of the \$3,125,000 outstanding school improvement general obligation bonds. The bonds will reach final maturity on December 1, 2016 and are being paid from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund. As a result, \$1,940,000 of the 1994 bonds are considered defeased, and the liability for the refunded portion of these bonds has been removed from the financial statements. The balance of the refunding bonds were fully repaid.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$10,300,429 with an un-voted debt margin of \$127,268 at June 30, 2015.

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$375,000	\$25,988	\$400,988
2017	390,000	8,775	398,775
Total	\$765,000	\$34,763	\$799,763

### 13. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

### A. Southwest Ohio Computer Association

The School District is a participant in the Southwest Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA), which is a computer consortium. SWOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Butler, Warren, and Preble Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SWOCA consists of one representative from each district plus one representative from the fiscal agent. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Association including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The School District paid SWOCA \$50,655 for services provided during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from Donna Davis Norris, Executive Director of SWOCA, at 3607 Hamilton-Middletown Road, Hamilton, Ohio 45011.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

### 13. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

### B. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing cooperative made up of over 100 school districts and educational service centers in 12 counties. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services, including dental insurance, commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC.

Each member district has one voting representative. The Council exercises total control over operations including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC forfeits its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year's prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations.

Payments to the SOEPC are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 2015, the School District paid \$681 to the SOEPC. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Council. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, OH 45377.

### C. Preble County Professional Development Consortium

The School District is a participant in the Preble County Professional Development Consortium (PCPDC). PCPDC is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Preble County. The organization was formed to improve staff development and instructional functions by making optimum use of public funds through cooperation of member public school districts. The governing board of PCPDC consists of one representative from each district plus one representative from the fiscal agent. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Consortium including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The School District paid PCPDC \$1,985 for services provided during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from Kerry Borger, Treasurer, Preble County Educational Service Center, 597 Hillcrest Drive, Eaton, Ohio 45320 or email at kerry.borger@preblecountyesc.org.

### 14. SHARED RISK POOL

#### A. Preble County Schools Regional Council of Governments

The Preble County Schools Regional Council of Governments (the Council), a shared risk pool, was formed by five local school districts and the Preble County Educational Service Center for the purpose of achieving lower rates for medical insurance. The Council is governed by an advisory committee consisting of each member's superintendent or designee from each participating school district. Premiums are paid on a monthly basis to the Council and their designated insurance company. The Council is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the program. If the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year, the Council may assess additional charges to all participants. The Preble County Educational Service Center serves as coordinator of the Council. Financial information can be obtained from Kerry Borger, who serves as Fiscal Officer, at 597 Hillcrest Drive, Eaton, Ohio 45320.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### 15. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following cash basis information identifies the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Improvements
Restricted Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$255,307
Current Fiscal Year Set-aside Requirement	147,716
Qualifying Disbursements	(118,607)
Current Fiscal Year Offsets	(28,894)
Totals	\$255,522
Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$255,522
Restricted Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$255,522

#### 16. FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as restricted, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and other governmental funds are presented below:

	General	Bond Retirement	Non-major Governmental	
Fund Balances	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Restricted for:				_
Debt Service Payments		\$388,705		\$388,705
Classroom Facilities Maintenance			\$206,828	206,828
Athletic Services			26,078	26,078
Lunchroom Fund			25,040	25,040
Miscellaneous State Grants			5,154	5,154
Capital Improvements	\$255,522		1,680	257,202
Total Restricted	255,522	388,705	264,780	909,007
Assigned to:				
Purchases on Order	136,068			136,068
Unassigned	2,033,759			2,033,759
Total Fund Balances	\$2,425,349	\$388,705	\$264,780	\$3,078,834

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### 17. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrances accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

General Fund \$136,068

#### 18. CONTINGENCIES

### A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2015.

### **B.** Foundation

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014 - 2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the school district, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 Foundation funding for the school district; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the School District.

### C. Litigation

The School District is not involved in a legal proceeding as of June 30, 2015.

### 19. COMPLIANCE

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03 (B), requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its financial statements on a modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School District.

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## FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Grant Year	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Child Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution): National School Lunch Program	2015	10.555		\$24,297		\$9,781
Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program	2015	10.553	\$65,156		\$65,156	
, and the second			, ,			
National School Lunch Program	2015	10.555	166,756		166,756	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			231,912	24,297	231,912	9,781
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			231,912	24,297	231,912	9,781
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education - Grants to States	2015	84.027	166,208		166,208	
Special Education - Grants to States	2014	84.027	12,732		12,732	
Total Special Education Grants to States			178,940		178,940	
Special Education - Preschool Grants	2015	84.173	1,171		1,171	
Total Special Education Cluster			180,111		180,111	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2015	84.010	163,341		163,341	
	2014	84.010	28,371		28,371	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			191,712		191,712	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2015	84.367	39,564		39,326	
Total U.S. Department of Education			411,387		411,149	
Total Federal Assistance			\$643,299	\$24,297	\$643,061	\$9,781

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

### NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Twin Valley Community Local School District's (the School District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

### **NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Twin Valley Community Local School District Preble County 100 Education Drive West Alexandria, Ohio 45381

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Valley Community Local School District, Preble County, (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Twin Valley Community Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 18, 2016, wherein we noted the School District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Twin Valley Community Local School District
Preble County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2015-001.

### School District's Response to Finding

The School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the School District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost**Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

February 18, 2016

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Twin Valley Community Local School District Preble County 100 Education Drive West Alexandria. Ohio 45381

To the Board of Education:

### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Twin Valley Community Local School District's (the School District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Twin Valley Community Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the School District's major federal program.

### Management's Responsibility

The School District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for the School District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the School District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Twin Valley Community Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Twin Valley Community Local School District
Preble County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable
To the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on the major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 18, 2016

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2015

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster: CFDA #10.553: School Breakfast Program CFDA #10.555: National School Lunch Program
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### **FINDING NUMBER 2015-001**

### **Noncompliance**

Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The auditor of state may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the auditor of state has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38.

Twin Valley Community Local School District Preble County Schedule Of Findings Page 2

### FINDING NUMBER 2015-001 (Continued)

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its financial statements on a modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School District. As such we recommend the School District prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

### Officials' Response:

The School District chooses to complete the annual financial report on a modified cash basis based on the needs for the School District and for financial purposes.

### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2015

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2014-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B), failure to report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles	No	Not Corrected; re-issued as Finding 2015-001
2014-002	Significant Deficiency - Property tax receipts were not properly recorded in the financial statements	Yes	





### TWIN VALLEY COMMUNITY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

### **PREBLE COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

**CERTIFIED** APRIL 5, 2016