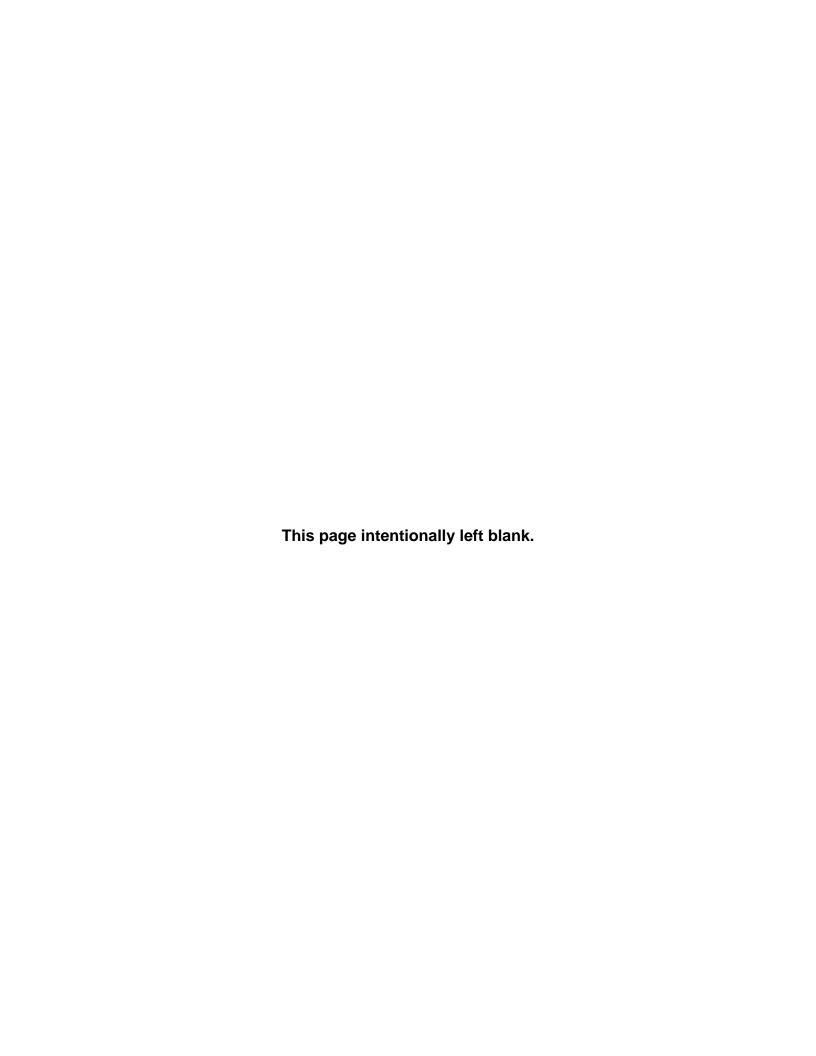




CITY OF WYOMING HAMILTON COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Wyoming Hamilton County 800 Oak Avenue Wyoming, Ohio 45215

To the City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wyoming, Hamilton County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Wyoming Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 27, 2017

Comprehensive

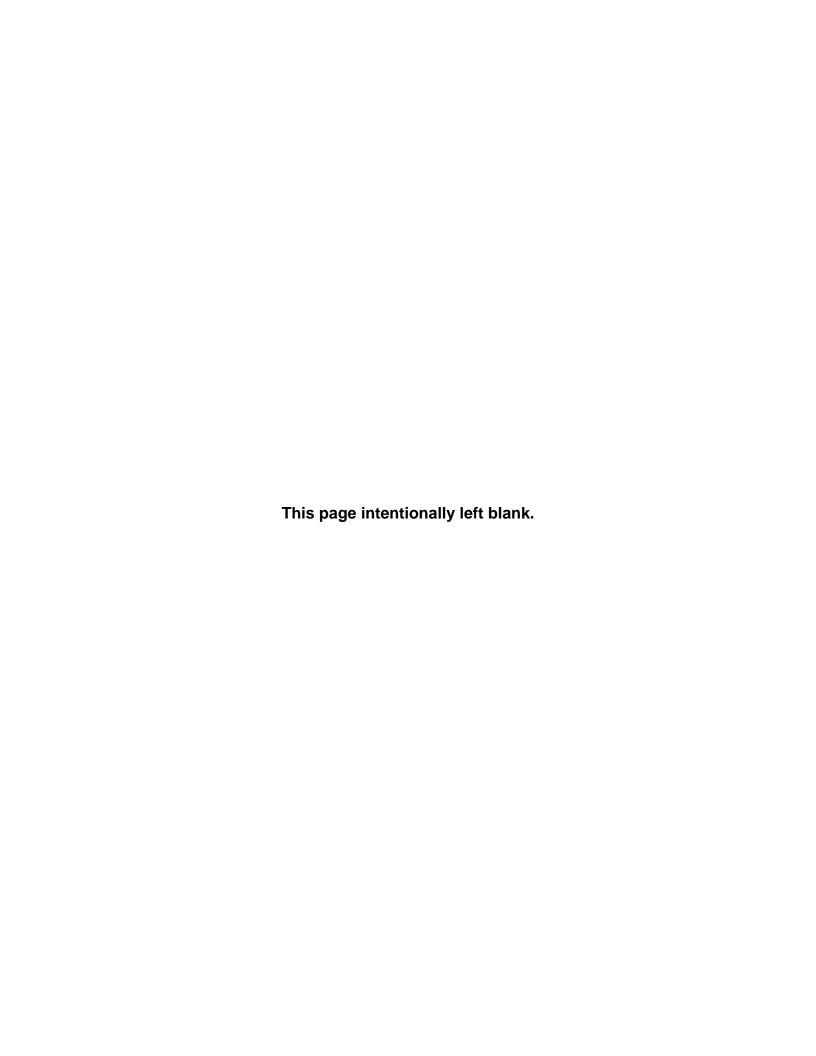
Annual

Financial

Report



For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016 City of Wyoming, Ohio



City Of Wyoming, Ohio

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Year Ended December 31, 2016

Prepared By: Jeremiah Caudill, Finance Director

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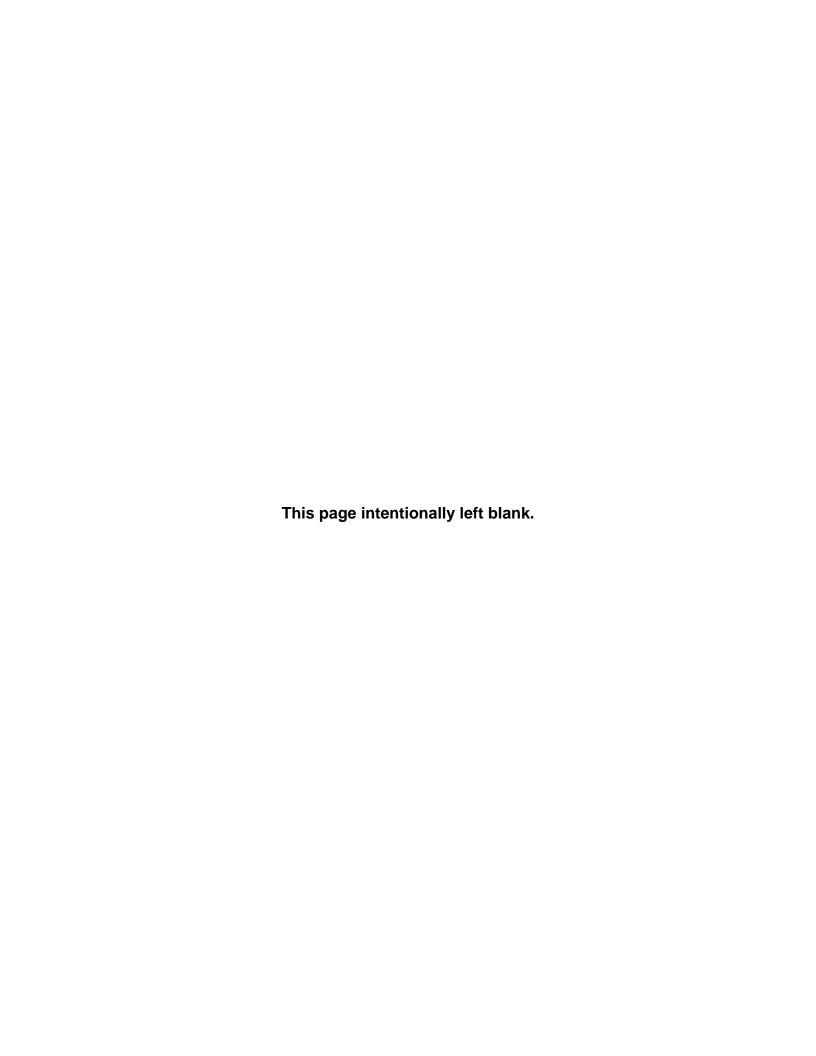
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Introductory Section





CITY OF WYOMING • 800 OAK AVENUE • WYOMING, OHIO 45215 • (513) 821-7600

June 30, 2017

To the Honorable Council and the Citizens of the City of Wyoming, Ohio:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Wyoming, Ohio, (the City) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 is hereby submitted.

Ohio Law requires that cities file their annual financial reports with the Auditor of State's office. Additionally, the Ohio Administrative Code requires that those reports be prepared pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of this CAFR represents the commitment of Wyoming to adhere to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting.

We believe this report presents financial and operating information about the City's activities during the year which should be useful to its citizens, taxpayers, and investors. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation including all disclosures rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The Ohio Auditor of State's Office, audited the basic financial statements that are included in this report. They have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Wyoming's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

As a part of the City's independent audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's independent audit for the year ended December 31, 2016 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

This transmittal letter is designed to provide historical information about the City, as well as complement the required Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The City's MD&A, which focuses on the government wide statements, can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

REPORTING ENTITY

For financial purposes, the City includes in this report all funds of the government. Two other local government jurisdictions which provide services within the City boundaries, Hamilton County and the Wyoming Board of Education, are separate legal entities which do not meet the reporting entity criteria and therefore are not included in the City's financial report.

The City also participates in the Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA), a risk sharing insurance pool, which provides insurance coverage to the City. The pool consists of twenty municipalities who pool risk for property, crime, liability, machinery, flood, earthquake, and public official liability. This separate entity does not meet the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, accordingly, is not included in the City's financial report.

CITY OVERVIEW

The City of Wyoming is a suburban community rich in history and civic pride. Located in Southwestern Ohio in the Mill Creek Valley, north of the City of Cincinnati, Wyoming is easily accessible by State Route 4 and by Interstate 75.

The City of Wyoming is a home rule municipal corporation operating under its own charter, initially adopted on June 7, 1949 and last amended on November 8, 2011.

The City has operated under a non-partisan Council/Manager form of government since 1949. Under this system, seven council members, who are the policy-makers, are elected at large in odd-numbered years for two-year terms. The Mayor and Vice Mayor are chosen by Council from among its members. A professional City Manager, appointed by the City Council, supervises the implementation of Council policies. The City Manager appoints all Department Directors of the City.

The City provides a full range of municipal services. These services include public safety (police, fire, and emergency medical services), sanitation, parks, recreation, community enrichment, water and sewer, planning and zoning, construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and infrastructure, income tax collection, mayor's court and general administrative services.

Wyoming City government is organized into various departments to deliver services to the citizens. The following is a brief summary of the departments and the services they provide:

The **Community Development Department** is responsible for ensuring the safe and orderly development of the community through the enforcement of all applicable state and local building and zoning regulations. The Community Development Director/Building Official enforces the provisions of the City Code through annual inspections of all special uses, conducting zoning and plan reviews, and permit issuance and inspections for new construction, modifications, and repairs. The Department consists of a full time Community Development Director/Building Official and an Assistant Community Development Director. The Department relies on the support of other departmental staff members to provide clerical assistance. Outside consultants are utilized as needed to review various technical aspects of building plans.

The Community Development Department researches and recommends proposals for new or improved economic development strategies within the community. Direction for such proposals stems from the Master Plan, the Economic Development Commission, Planning Commission, and City Council. Members of the Economic Development Commission and Planning Commission are Council-appointed Wyoming residents who volunteer hours of their time and professional expertise to assist the City in a direction compatible with the values and priorities that make Wyoming a premier community.

The **Customer Service/Finance Department** is responsible for financial control (including investments and debt management), data processing, risk management, accounts payable, personnel benefits, payroll processing and collection of all City revenue. Such revenue includes the City income tax, property tax, utility billings, state and county funding, recreational program fees, and charges for various public services (e.g. emergency service runs, police security, and water removal). The Department is responsible for preparing, submitting and adhering to the City's operating and capital budget each year as well as developing the Comprehensive Annual Finance Report (CAFR) that depicts the City's financial standing based on the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

The Customer Service/Finance Department also is responsible for coordinating with outside organizations to provide various services and benefits. The Customer Service/Finance Department acts as a collection agent for the Metropolitan Sewer District with regard to sewer usage in the City. In exchange for billing and collection services, the City retains a 7.0% fee based on total sewer revenue billed. The Customer Service/Finance Department also liaisons with MediCount Management, the organization contracted to collect City revenue from emergency service runs within the City.

The **Fire-EMS Department** is committed to fulfilling the public safety needs of the City. These include providing Advance Life Support emergency medical care and transportation, fire prevention, fire suppression, property protection, CPR training, fire investigation, hazardous material mitigation, rescue services including auto extrication, as well as emergency management for natural and man-made disasters. Fire safety inspections also are performed for all municipal buildings, businesses, pre-schools schools, churches, commercial buildings, apartments/multi-family dwellings and restaurants.

During the year, the Department also provided limited EMS coverage to several other communities.

Wyoming Fire/EMS is a sixty-two member predominately volunteer department that provides ISO Class 3 fire protection. These members include thirty-three volunteer firefighters, twenty-two part time paramedics, five fire cadets, one Medical Director (paid by contract), and one Fire Chief. The five cadets are young residents aged 14 to 18 who provide assistance to firefighters with equipment and in support functions. The Wyoming Firefighters Association, a separate non-profit organization, offers support to the department through the annual Turkey Disposal/Raffle and other fundraising events.

The **Police Department** works with citizens, community groups and other stakeholders to improve the quality of life in the City and to make our City safe and secure. The Department achieves this through the enforcement of state and local laws, the protection of life and property, the preservation of law and order, and by sponsoring various safety and public education programs such as the Citizens Police Academy and the Junior Police Camp. The Police Department uses data driven approaches to address crime and traffic safety issues in our community by using technology to evaluate real and potential safety concerns enabling it to allocate resources more effectively. The Department responds to calls for service ranging from crimes in progress to quality of life concerns. In addition, the Department works with community groups, members and other city departments to coordinate community events. The

Department is actively involved in regional law enforcement efforts such as HCPA SWAT, CLEAR Board, and the Hamilton County Emergency Management Agency Executive Board. Engaging in these partnerships enhances the safety and security of our community, which is the Department's top priority.

The Police Department has 20 employees of which 18 are sworn police officers. In addition, the Department works with the Wyoming Police Association, a separate non-profit organization, to sponsor various activities and events for youth in Wyoming.

The **Public Works Department** currently has 12 full time employees which include a Director, and an Assistant Public Works Director (management responsibility for the Waterworks department). Their duties include street maintenance and resurfacing, maintenance of the City's urban forest, upkeep and repair of City facilities, parks and recreational facilities, planting and maintenance of flower boxes, leaf removal and mulch delivery, fleet and equipment maintenance and snow and ice control. The Public Works Department is responsible for the management of the City's comprehensive solid waste management program including regular garbage collection, curbside recycling, leaf composting, and a yard waste sticker program. In addition, it plays a vital role in the preparation and support of the 4th of July celebration, Fall Festival, Wyoming Fun Run and other community activities.

The **Recreation Department** provides opportunities for leisure and recreational activities for residents of all ages and interests through a diverse offering of programs and services. The Recreation Department employs 4 full time staff members and more than 100 part-time and seasonal employees.

The facilities and parks supported by the Recreation Department include the Recreation Center, Civic Center, Family Aquatic Center, eight tennis courts, gymnasium, skate park, nine parks with soccer fields, six parks with playgrounds, baseball fields, and playground equipment for pre-school to school aged children. Athletic programs and fitness opportunities are provided year round in many areas for families, adults and children. In addition to managing the recreational programs for the City, the Recreation Department also offers a wide variety of community events to the residents throughout the year, including the 4th of July celebration, Fall Festival, Halloween, and Holiday Open House. These events provide a true sense of community for the residents and emphasize the spirit of Wyoming through pride and volunteerism.

The Water Works Department pursues its mission to provide the highest quality drinking water utilizing state-of-the-art technology and efficient production methods. The Department employs three full-time plant operators, one part time plant operator and two part time meter readers. The Public Works Director and the Assistant Public Works Director allocate a portion of their time to management of the water plant.

Groundwater is the source of Wyoming's water and is a precious resource. Wyoming's six drinking water wells pump groundwater into the plant for treatment. Maintaining the wells is critical.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Primarily a residential community with a population of 8,411 living in 2.8 square miles, the City of Wyoming relies heavily upon income tax and property tax revenues for its economic well being. Combined, these tax revenues accounted for 91% of total General Fund revenues in 2016. Income tax receipts were up \$646,789 (or 11.6%) in 2016 compared to 2015. This increase was primarily due to the income tax rate increase from 0.8% to 1.0%. Property values in the City of Wyoming remained stable in 2016 compared to 2015. In 2014, Hamilton County Auditor's office completed a 3 year revaluation of property values. This revaluation resulted in a 10% increase in property values that was effective in 2015. Prudent planning and controlled spending have enabled the City of Wyoming to continue to provide a high level of public service. As the City continues to react and adapt to the economic climate, City Administration will search for innovative ways to streamline processes and reduce expenditures.

The City continues to maintain its AAA rating from Standard and Poor's. The prestigious AAA bond rating is the highest investment grade rating attainable. Factors contributing to the positive rating include the attractiveness of the community as an established high-end suburb with excellent schools and proximity to the Cincinnati labor market, strong income and wealth levels, a solid financial position characterized by strong reserve levels, and financial management practices that are well-embedded and likely sustainable. The City of Wyoming is one of only eight municipalities in Ohio to receive this rating.

City Administration, while optimistic of the current economy, will continue to monitor revenue streams very closely and will be prepared to make adjustments in expenditures as needed.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Several special projects in 2016 are noteworthy as they represented significant time commitments on the part of the Administration and either resulted in or will result in various improvements to services and/or facilities. The continuation of a number of ongoing programs/projects is designed to maintain the high quality of services that Wyoming residents have come to expect.

Public Works Department

In 2016, the City continued its street improvement plan. The planning of the reconstruction of Springfield Pike continued with zero percent interest loans from the Ohio Public Works Commission. Public Works also completed street maintenance and/or asphalt sealing on approximately 10 lanes miles of City Streets.

The Public Works department spent numerous man hours to replace/rebuild/repair several storm water catch basins, replace/repair/paint several fire hydrants. They also spent many man hours grinding damaged sections of asphalt and repaving them, filling pot holes, applying asphalt sealant patches and street cracks, street painting and street sweeping.

Water Works Department

In 2016, Wyoming Water works continued concentrating on asset maintenance rather than capital improvements. Water safety was again a priority. Wyoming's water plant clarifier was repainted as part of equipment maintenance during 2016. Another project consisted of cleaning carbon dioxide

stabilization and clearwell storage tanks. In addition, 79 aging water meters were installed or replaced with state of the art, digital meters. Lastly, Wyoming Water works rebuilt high service pump #2 in 2016.

Community Development Department

Construction documents for 226 Zoning Certificates, Building Permits, Public Area Excavation Permits, and Special Use Permits authorizing approximately \$5,567,309 in work were reviewed and approved in 2016. Of these permits, six were for construction of new homes. The Sidewalk Replacement Program oversaw repairs to damaged or hazardous sidewalks at more than 214 blocks of sidewalk.

Several new businesses opened in 2016. Cooking with Caitlin, CWC, at 1517 Springfield Pike converted 1517 Springfield Pike into a full-service restaurant. Studio 360 Boutique opened at 1429-C Springfield Pike. Studio 360 Boutique is a consignment shop. Last, Diverse Images Barber & Beauty Salon opened at 1529 Springfield Pike.

Despite the fact that Wyoming is a nearly built out community, a demand for new home construction exists. Six permits were issued in 2016 for new homes in the community.

The Fire/EMS Department

In 2016, the Wyoming Fire & EMS Department is committed to the mission of overall safety in the community and furthered this mission in 2016 by enacting new procedures for chemical threats and community outreach through ongoing services. In 2016, the Fire Department implemented a new Standard Operating Procedure for hazardous materials spills and fires. The new procedures enable the department to handle hazmat emergencies, including those involving rail cars. The Wyoming Fire & EMS Department continued community outreach through Child Car Seat Fitting-offers certified child car seat installation, Check-Up with a Medic-provides weekly vital sign monitoring, and Welcome Homeoffers support for residents returning from a hospital stay.

Police Department

In 2016, Wyoming Police Officers averaged 60 hours of training with a minimum of 28 hours of legal update training. This included education in handling cultural diversity and sensitivity, a major issue making national headlines in the past year. In addition, officers received special training from the Hamilton County Heroin Coalition on dealing with issues associated with the recent heroin epidemic sweeping the region, including steps to treat a suspected overdose. Officers also completed instruction in firearms and Taser qualifications, CPR and AED, media relations, community outreach, and leadership.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Accounting and Budgetary Controls

The City believed it's internal control structure adequately safeguarded assets and provided reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. It is further the City's intention to review these controls in depth on an ongoing basis for continued refinements and improvements.

City Council adopts an annual budget for all funds and approves subsequent amendments to the budget as needed. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the city's financial planning and control. The "legal level of control" is the level of detail as approved by Council in its appropriation ordinance.

Budgetary control is maintained at the object level by the use of encumbrances for purchase order amounts to vendors. Open encumbrances are reported as assignments of the fund balance for the governmental fund types at December 31, 2016.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Wyoming, Ohio, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, with contents conforming to program standards. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements respective to the reporting entity.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. The City of Wyoming, Ohio, has received a Certificate of Achievement for the years ended December 31, 1992 through December 31, 2015. We believe our current reporting continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report was made possible by the efforts of the Finance and Customer Service Department staff. We express our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

The City would also like to thank the staff of Plattenburg and Associates, Inc. for their guidance and support in preparing this report.

A special thanks is extended to City Council and the Department Directors of the City. Their contributions to the financial condition of the City cannot be overemphasized. Their guidance and support represent invaluable factors necessary for the City to continue to manage their financial affairs and reporting requirements of municipal government within the Wyoming community.

Respectfully submitted,

Lynn Tetley City Manager

Jeremiah Caudill Finance Director

Jeral adll

CITY OF WYOMING, OHIO

LISTING OF PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2016

Elected Officials

Mayor Barry S. Porter

Vice Mayor Al Delgado

Council Member Keith Desserich

Council Member Jennifer McCauley

Council Member Pamela Kamm

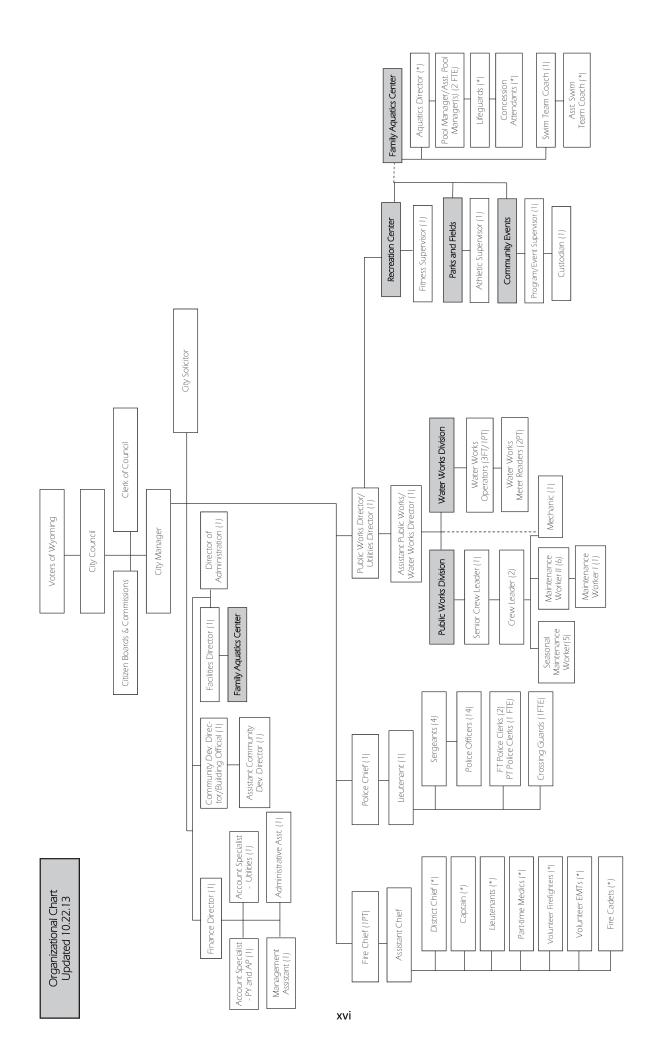
Council Member Jennifer Eismeier

Council Member Jim O'Reilly

Appointed Officials

City Manager Lynn Tetley

Clerk of Council Karen Zeilman





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

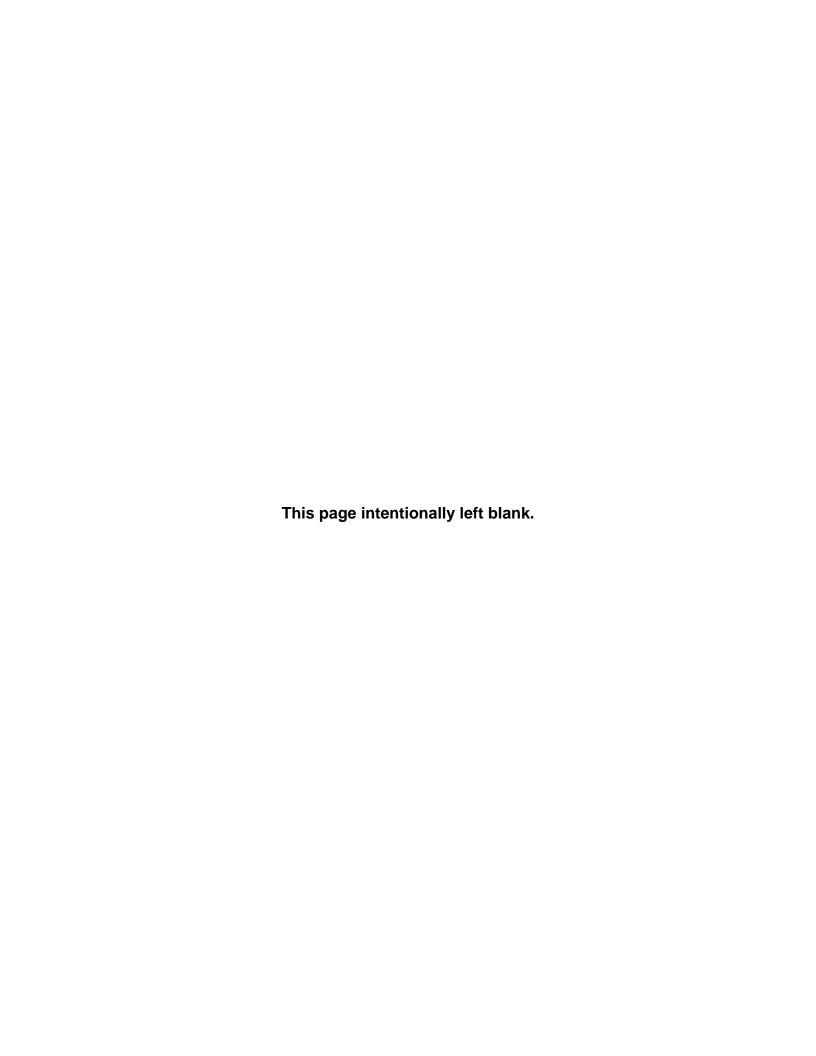
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City of Wyoming Ohio

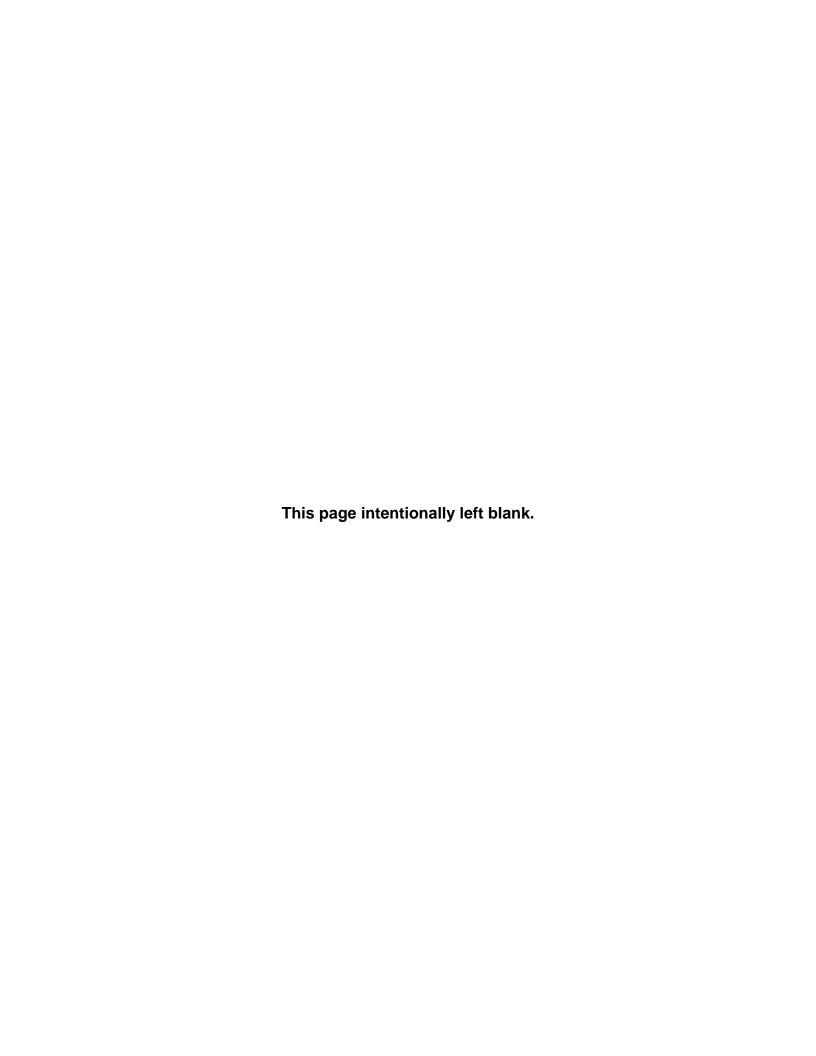
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2015

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of Wyoming Hamilton County 800 Oak Avenue Wyoming, Ohio 45215

To the City Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wyoming, Hamilton County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

City of Wyoming Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wyoming, Hamilton County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, *required budgetary comparison schedule*, and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

City of Wyoming Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost

Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 27, 2017

City of Wyoming, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For The Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016
(Unaudited)

The City of Wyoming's discussion and analysis of the annual financial reports provides a review of the financial performance for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2016. This is meant to be an easily readable summary of the most important financial information regarding the accompanying financial statements. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the City's basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The City's total net position increased \$768,686. Net position of governmental activities increased \$671,600, net position of business-type activities increased by \$97,086.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$3,068,837.
- Business-type operations reflected operating income of \$205,602.
- The City had \$10,475,414 in expenses relating to governmental activities; program revenues offset only \$1,751,394 of these expenses. General revenues of \$9,395,620 were also used to provide for these programs.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are presented so that the reader can understand the City's financial situation as a whole and also give a detailed view of the City's fiscal condition.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the City as a whole begins with the Government-wide Financial Statements. These reports provide information that will help the reader to determine if the City of Wyoming is financially better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes to that position. This change informs the reader whether the City's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the reader of these financial statements needs to take into account non-financial factors that also impact the City's financial well-being. Some of these factors include the City's tax base and the condition of capital assets.

City of Wyoming, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For The Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016
(Unaudited)

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, the City is divided into two kinds of activities.

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's program services are reported here including general
 government, public safety, leisure time activities, community development, basic utility service,
 transportation and street repair, public health and welfare, interest and fiscal charges. Income
 taxes, property taxes, building permits and interest finance most of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities This service includes Water. Service fees for these operations are charged based upon the amount of usage or a usage fee. The intent is that the fees charged recoup operational costs.

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the City's major funds is presented later in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the Finance Director, with approval of council, to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show that the City is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. The City's major funds are General, Capital Improvement, Equipment Replacement and Waterworks Fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the City's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds - When the City charges citizens for the services it provides, with the intent of recapturing operating costs, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

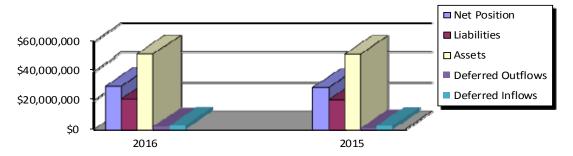
Fiduciary Funds - The City is the fiscal agent for the Metropolitan Sewer District (accounted for in the sewer fund) and for the Mayor's Court (accounted for in the Mayor's Court fund). The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The City as a Whole

As stated previously, the Statement of Net Position looks at the City as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for 2016 compared to 2015.

Table 1 Net Position

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-Type Activities | | Total | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Current and Other Assets | \$10,891,273 | \$11,072,077 | \$1,570,384 | \$1,649,323 | \$12,461,657 | \$12,721,400 |
| Capital Assets | 31,254,937 | 30,575,948 | 7,777,050 | 8,012,429 | 39,031,987 | 38,588,377 |
| Total Assets | 42,146,210 | 41,648,025 | 9,347,434 | 9,661,752 | 51,493,644 | 51,309,777 |
| Deferred Outflows: | | | | | | |
| Deferred Charge on Refunding | 113,882 | 146,402 | 107,036 | 121,308 | 220,918 | 267,710 |
| Pension | 1,879,897 | 752,999 | 134,597 | 39,692 | 2,014,494 | 792,691 |
| Total Deferred Outflows | 1,993,779 | 899,401 | 241,633 | 161,000 | 2,235,412 | 1,060,401 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Long-Term Liabilities | 16,548,646 | 15,719,297 | 4,127,245 | 4,461,962 | 20,675,891 | 20,181,259 |
| Other Liabilities | 484,389 | 469,102 | 41,806 | 41,057 | 526,195 | 510,159 |
| Total Liabilities | 17,033,035 | 16,188,399 | 4,169,051 | 4,503,019 | 21,202,086 | 20,691,418 |
| Deferred Inflows: | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | 2,579,666 | 2,573,494 | 0 | 0 | 2,579,666 | 2,573,494 |
| Pension | 101,414 | 31,259 | 6,683 | 3,486 | 108,097 | 34,745 |
| Total Deferred Inflows | 2,681,080 | 2,604,753 | 6,683 | 3,486 | 2,687,763 | 2,608,239 |
| Net Position: | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 22,007,326 | 20,759,118 | 4,163,666 | 3,915,440 | 26,170,992 | 24,674,558 |
| Restricted | 957,802 | 974,963 | 0 | 0 | 957,802 | 974,963 |
| Unrestricted | 1,460,546 | 2,020,193 | 1,249,667 | 1,400,807 | 2,710,213 | 3,421,000 |
| Total Net Position | \$24,425,674 | \$23,754,274 | \$5,413,333 | \$5,316,247 | \$29,839,007 | \$29,070,521 |



Total net position of the City as a whole increased \$768,686. Net position of the City's governmental activities increased \$671,600, while the net position of the City's business-type activities increased \$97,086 from 2015. The largest portion of the City's net position reflect its investment in capital assets, less any related debt to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens of the City. The City had an unrestricted net position balance of that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental Activities capital assets increased mainly due to current year depreciation expense being less than current year additions. Long-term liabilities increased due to the increase in net pension liability.

Business-Type Activities capital assets decreased mainly due to current year depreciation expense being greater than current year additions. Long-term liabilities decreased due to the City making regularly scheduled debt payments.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position at year-end.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

| | Governmental Activities | | Duning on Tune Assisting | | Total | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | Business-Type Activities | | | |
| Duagram Davianuas | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Program Revenues: | 44 420 200 | 44.454.504 | 64 054 450 | Å4 775 400 | 62.074.252 | 62.027.040 |
| Charges for Services | \$1,120,200 | \$1,161,584 | \$1,851,152 | \$1,775,429 | \$2,971,352 | \$2,937,013 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 424,444 | 457,790 | 11,258 | 65,322 | 435,702 | 523,112 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 206,750 | 138,229 | 0 | 0 | 206,750 | 138,229 |
| Total Program Revenues | 1,751,394 | 1,757,603 | 1,862,410 | 1,840,751 | 3,613,804 | 3,598,354 |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Income Taxes | 5,841,680 | 5,802,691 | 0 | 0 | 5,841,680 | 5,802,691 |
| Property Taxes | 2,656,859 | 2,651,572 | 0 | 0 | 2,656,859 | 2,651,572 |
| Grants and Entitlements | 487,973 | 532,215 | 0 | 0 | 487,973 | 532,215 |
| Investment Earnings | 27,033 | (14,397) | 16,272 | 8,215 | 43,305 | (6,182) |
| Other Revenues | 382,075 | 340,148 | 0 | 2,825 | 382,075 | 342,973 |
| Total General Revenues | 9,395,620 | 9,312,229 | 16,272 | 11,040 | 9,411,892 | 9,323,269 |
| Total Revenues | 11,147,014 | 11,069,832 | 1,878,682 | 1,851,791 | 13,025,696 | 12,921,623 |
| Program Expenses: | | | | | | |
| General Government | 2,788,605 | 2,461,163 | 0 | 0 | 2,788,605 | 2,461,163 |
| Public Safety | 2,922,948 | 2,855,023 | 0 | 0 | 2,922,948 | 2,855,023 |
| Community Development | 424,046 | 408,341 | 0 | 0 | 424,046 | 408,341 |
| Leisure Time | 1,414,283 | 1,364,333 | 0 | 0 | 1,414,283 | 1,364,333 |
| Transportation and Street Repair | 1,950,312 | 1,564,961 | 0 | 0 | 1,950,312 | 1,564,961 |
| Public Health and Welfare | 19,133 | 67,414 | 0 | 0 | 19,133 | 67,414 |
| Basic Utility Services | 577,672 | 571,118 | 0 | 0 | 577,672 | 571,118 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 378,415 | 400,408 | 0 | 0 | 378,415 | 400,408 |
| Waterworks | 0 | 0 | 1,781,596 | 1,430,532 | 1,781,596 | 1,430,532 |
| Total Program Expenses | 10,475,414 | 9,692,761 | 1,781,596 | 1,430,532 | 12,257,010 | 11,123,293 |
| Change in Net Position | 671,600 | 1,377,071 | 97,086 | 421,259 | 768,686 | 1,798,330 |
| Net Position - Beginning of Year | 23,754,274 | 22,377,203 | 5,316,247 | 4,894,988 | 29,070,521 | 27,272,191 |
| Net Position - End of Year | \$24,425,874 | \$23,754,274 | \$5,413,333 | \$5,316,247 | \$29,839,207 | \$29,070,521 |

Governmental Activities

Grants and Entitlements decreased mainly due to a decrease in grant receipts. Overall expenses increased mainly due to increases in personnel costs and general inflationary factors.

City of Wyoming, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For The Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016
(Unaudited)

The Wyoming City Council continued to actively promote its Vision Statement and Master Plan Initiatives that were created in 1995 and updated in 2007 through the dedicated and professional combination of residents and city officials. Primarily a residential bedroom community with a population of 8,428 living in 2.8 square miles, Wyoming relies heavily upon income and property tax revenues to provide general services and maintain infrastructure. The 1.0% income tax (based on a resident's Adjusted Gross Income) and the 10 mill property tax represented approximately 90% of the City's total governmental activities general revenues in 2016.

General Government includes legislative and executive as well as judicial expenses. The level of services provided to City residents continues to be very high. The City seeks to improve the quality and efficiency of existing services as well as consider additional services. Leaf and brush pickup, mulch distribution, refuse collection, aggressive street reconstruction programs, street cleaning, sidewalk in-fill projects, amenities in the parks, and police and volunteer/part time Fire/EMS services all culminate into a full service city. Services in the City of Wyoming have increased and become more efficient over the years. This has been accomplished by the City Council and employees.

Business-Type Activities

The City's business-type activities included Waterworks.

The Waterworks Fund had operating revenues of \$1,851,152 and operating expenses of \$1,645,550 for 2016. Business-type activities receive no support from tax revenues. The business-type activities had operating income of \$205,602 and net position at the end of the year was \$5,413,333 which increased \$97,086 from 2015. Charges for services in the Waterworks Fund increased in 2016 compared to 2015 mainly due to an increase in consumption for water services. Water Utilities expenses increased due to an increase in materials and supplies purchases throughout the City.

The City's Funds

The City has three major governmental funds: the General Fund, Capital Improvement Fund and Equipment Replacement Fund. Assets of these funds comprised \$10,251,851 (93%) of the total \$11,039,054 governmental funds' assets.

General Fund: Fund balance at December 31, 2016 was \$3,068,837 an increase in fund balance of \$662,725 from 2015. The increase in fund balance is mainly due to an increase in income taxes.

Capital Improvement Fund: Fund balance at December 31, 2016 was \$209,591 a decrease in fund balance of \$116,740 from 2015. The capital improvement fund balance decreased mainly due to an increase in money spent on capital projects in 2016 compared to 2015.

Equipment Replacement Fund: Fund balance at December 31, 2016 was \$1,707,082 a decrease in fund balance of \$572,459 from 2015. The Equipment Replacement Fund balance decreased mainly due to an increase in capital outlay expenditures.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's General Fund budget is formally adopted at the object level. Financial reports, which compare actual performance with the budget, are prepared monthly and presented to the Council so the Council is able to review the City's financial status and measure the effectiveness of budgetary controls.

As the City completed the year, its General Fund balance reported an actual fund balance of \$1,770,072 on a Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis. For the General Fund, the final budgeted revenue was \$9,168,022 and the original budgeted revenue was \$9,168,022.

Variations from the final amended budget amounts to the actual amounts are primarily due to the following reasons: The City underestimated the taxes and income taxes revenue amounts and overestimated the general government and public safety expenditures for 2016.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At year end, the City had \$39,031,987 invested in land (includes permanent easements), construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation.

Table 3 shows 2016 balances compared to 2015:

Table 3
Capital Assets

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-Type Activities | | Total | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | | | | | |
| Land | \$9,099,508 | \$9,129,948 | \$52,172 | \$52,172 | \$9,151,680 | \$9,182,120 |
| Construction in Progress | 1,131,672 | 386,901 | 0 | 126,203 | 1,131,672 | 513,104 |
| Easements | 474,448 | 474,448 | 314,158 | 314,158 | 788,606 | 788,606 |
| Buildings and Improvements | 12,108,286 | 12,013,504 | 7,624,270 | 7,502,899 | 19,732,556 | 19,516,403 |
| Equipment | 5,048,939 | 4,713,592 | 716,582 | 693,089 | 5,765,521 | 5,406,681 |
| Infrastructure | 15,191,277 | 14,822,540 | 4,593,212 | 4,593,212 | 19,784,489 | 19,415,752 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | (11,799,193) | (10,964,985) | (5,523,344) | (5,269,304) | (17,322,537) | (16,234,289) |
| | | | | | | |
| Total Net Capital Assets | \$31,254,937 | \$30,575,948 | \$7,777,050 | \$8,012,429 | \$39,031,987 | \$38,588,377 |

Increases in Governmental Activities capital assets were mainly due to the current year depreciation expense being less than current year additions. Decreases in Business-Type Activities Capital assets were mainly due to the current year depreciation expense exceeding current year additions.

See Note 6 to the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the City's capital assets.

Debt

At year-end the City had \$13,081,913 in unvoted general obligation bonds and notes.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt at Year End

| | | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Governmental Activities | | | |
| General Obligation Bonds and Notes | | | |
| 2006 Various Purpose Bonds | 4.00-5.00% | 3,030,000 | 3,270,000 |
| 2009 Various Purpose Bonds | 4.02% | 3,606,690 | 3,810,690 |
| OPWC - Chisholm Improvements | 0.00% | 177,806 | 222,248 |
| 2012 Refunding Bonds - Property Acquisition | 2.00-4.00% | 685,000 | 770,000 |
| 2012 Refunding Bonds - Wyoming Business District | 2.00-3.00% | 140,000 | 205,000 |
| 2012 Refunding Bonds - Various Purpose Bonds | 2.00-4.00% | 852,309 | 944,709 |
| OPWC - Hilltop Improvements | 0.02% | 245,890 | 258,500 |
| OPWC - Wilmuth Avenue Rehabilitation | 0.00% | 118,931 | 123,032 |
| OPWC - Worthington Avenue Rehabilitation | 0.00% | 148,675 | 153,802 |
| OPWC - Springfield Pike | 0.00% | 266,695 | 100,495 |
| 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium | n/a | 89,497 | 104,756 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes | | 9,361,493 | 9,963,232 |
| Business-Type Activities | | | |
| General Obligation Bonds and Notes | | | |
| OPWC - Van Roberts Place | 3.00% | 19,532 | 25,664 |
| OPWC - Waterplant | 3.00% | 1,459,551 | 1,758,182 |
| OPWC - Hilltop Improvements | 0.02% | 132,402 | 139,192 |
| 2009 Various Purpose Bonds | 4.02% | 878,310 | 929,310 |
| 2012 Refunding Bonds - Various Purpose | 2.00-4.00% | 1,172,691 | 1,300,291 |
| 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium | n/a | 57,934 | 65,658 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes | | 3,720,420 | 4,218,297 |
| Total Debt | | \$13,081,913 | \$14,181,529 |

See Note 8 to the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the City's long-term debt.

Contacting The City's Finance Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Jeremiah Caudill, Finance Director, City of Wyoming, 800 Oak Avenue, Wyoming, Ohio 45215.

| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Assets: | 4= 0=0 000 | 4. 222 5.= | 46 = 40 000 |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$5,379,683 | \$1,339,645 | \$6,719,328 |
| Restricted Cash Receivables (Net): | 51,549 | 0 | 51,549 |
| Taxes | 4,114,186 | 0 | 4,114,186 |
| Accounts | 110,818 | 360,160 | 470,978 |
| Interest | 6,769 | 1,519 | 8,288 |
| Interest | 456,457 | 0 | 456,457 |
| Loans | 556,611 | 0 | 556,611 |
| Internal Balances | 160,000 | (160,000) | 0 |
| Inventory | 55,200 | 29,060 | 84,260 |
| Nondepreciable Capital Assets | 10,705,628 | 366,330 | 11,071,958 |
| Depreciable Capital Assets, Net | 20,549,309 | 7,410,720 | 27,960,029 |
| Total Assets | 42,146,210 | 9,347,434 | 51,493,644 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | |
| Deferred Charge on Refunding | 113,882 | 107,036 | 220,918 |
| Pension | 1,879,897 | 134,597 | 2,014,494 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 1,993,779 | 241,633 | 2,235,412 |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 296,451 | 28,009 | 324,460 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 95,066 | 6,830 | 101,896 |
| Retainage Payable | 51,549 | 0 | 51,549 |
| Accrued Interest Payable | 29,894 | 6,967 | 36,861 |
| Claims Payable | 11,429 | 0 | 11,429 |
| Long-Term Liabilities: | 047.740 | 505.000 | 4 252 022 |
| Due Within One Year | 847,749 | 505,083 | 1,352,832 |
| Due In More Than One Year | 6 265 060 | 245.070 | C 711 71C |
| Net Pension Liability | 6,365,868 | 345,878 | 6,711,746 |
| Other Amounts | 9,335,029 | 3,276,284 | 12,611,313 |
| Total Liabilities | 17,033,035 | 4,169,051 | 21,202,086 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | |
| Property Taxes | 2,579,666 | 0 | 2,579,666 |
| Pension | 101,414 | 6,683 | 108,097 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 2,681,080 | 6,683 | 2,687,763 |
| Net Position: | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: | 22,007,326 | 4,163,666 | 26,170,992 |
| Capital Projects | 183,131 | 0 | 183,131 |
| Street Improvements | 613,703 | 0 | 613,703 |
| State Highway | 132,766 | 0 | 132,766 |
| Other Purposes | 28,202 | 0 | 28,202 |
| Unrestricted | 1,460,746 | 1,249,667 | 2,710,413 |
| Total Net Position | \$24,425,874 | \$5,413,333 | \$29,839,207 |

| | | Program Revenues | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | Charges for | Operating Grants | Capital Grants | |
| | Expenses | Services and Sales | and Contributions | and Contributions | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | |
| General Government | \$2,788,605 | \$74,551 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Public Safety | 2,922,948 | 97,295 | 0 | 0 | |
| Community Development | 424,046 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Leisure Time Activities | 1,414,283 | 827,392 | 0 | 206,750 | |
| Transportation and Street Repair | 1,950,312 | 2,969 | 424,444 | 0 | |
| Basic Utility Service | 577,672 | 117,993 | 0 | 0 | |
| Public Health and Welfare | 19,133 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Interest and Other Charges | 378,415 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | | | | | |
| Total Governmental Activities | 10,475,414 | 1,120,200 | 424,444 | 206,750 | |
| | | | | | |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | |
| Waterworks | 1,781,596 | 1,851,152 | 11,258 | 0 | |
| | | | | | |
| Total Business-Type Activities | 1,781,596 | 1,851,152 | 11,258 | 0 | |
| | | | | | |
| Totals | \$12,257,010 | \$2,971,352 | \$435,702 | \$206,750 | |

General Revenues:

Income Taxes

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Grants and Entitlements, Not Restricted

Investment Earnings

Refunds and Reimbursements

Other Revenues

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

| Net (Expense) Revenue | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | Changes in Net Posi | tion | | | |
| Governmental | Business-Type | + | | | |
| Activities | Activities | Total | | | |
| (\$2,714,054) | \$0 | (\$2,714,054) | | | |
| (2,825,653) | 0 | (2,825,653) | | | |
| (424,046) | 0 | (424,046) | | | |
| (380,141) | 0 | (380,141) | | | |
| (1,522,899) | 0 | (1,522,899) | | | |
| (459,679) | 0 | (459,679) | | | |
| (19,133) | 0 | (19,133) | | | |
| (378,415) | 0 | (378,415) | | | |
| | | | | | |
| (8,724,020) | 0 | (8,724,020) | | | |
| | · | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 0 | 80,814 | 80,814 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 0 | 80,814 | 80,814 | | | |
| (8,724,020) | 80,814 | (8,643,206) | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| F 0.41 C00 | 0 | F 941 C90 | | | |
| 5,841,680 | 0 | 5,841,680 | | | |
| 2,656,859 | 0 | 2,656,859 | | | |
| 487,973 | 0 | 487,973 | | | |
| 27,033 | 16,272 | 43,305 | | | |
| 362,587 | 0 | 362,587 | | | |
| 19,488 | 0 | 19,488 | | | |
| · | | | | | |
| 9,395,620 | 16,272 | 9,411,892 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 671,600 | 97,086 | 768,686 | | | |
| 22 754 274 | F 24C 247 | 20.070.524 | | | |
| 23,754,274 | 5,316,247 | 29,070,521 | | | |
| \$24,425,874 | \$5,413,333 | \$29,839,207 | | | |
| 727,723,074 | 75,715,555 | 723,033,207 | | | |

| | General | Capital Improvement | Equipment Replacement | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | ¢2 907 041 | \$571,972 | ¢1 490 077 | ¢520.502 | \$5,379,683 |
| Restricted Cash | \$2,807,041 0 | \$571,972 51,549 | \$1,480,077 0 | \$520,593 0 | \$5,379,683 51,549 |
| Receivables (Net): | U | 31,349 | U | U | 31,349 |
| Taxes | 4,114,186 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,114,186 |
| Accounts | 110,818 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 110,818 |
| Interest | 6,194 | 0 | 0 | 575 | 6,769 |
| Intergovernmental | 245,622 | 0 | 0 | 210,835 | 456,457 |
| Loans | 556,611 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 556,611 |
| Interfund | 80,776 | 0 | 227,005 | 0 | 307,781 |
| Inventory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 55,200 | 55,200 |
| Total Assets | 7,921,248 | 623,521 | 1,707,082 | 787,203 | 11,039,054 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 73,687 | 214,600 | 0 | 8,164 | 296,451 |
| Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits | 93,929 | 214,000 | 0 | 1,137 | 95,066 |
| Compensated Absences | 41,596 | 0 | 0 | 1,137 | 41,596 |
| Retainage Payable | 41,330 | 51,549 | 0 | 0 | 51,549 |
| Interfund Payable | 0 | 147,781 | 0 | 0 | 147,781 |
| Claims Payable | 11,429 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,429 |
| | 220 644 | 442.020 | | 0.204 | 642.072 |
| Total Liabilities | 220,641 | 413,930 | 0 | 9,301 | 643,872 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | 2,641,862 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,641,862 |
| Income Taxes | 1,190,073 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,190,073 |
| Grants and Other Taxes | 228,341 | 0 | 0 | 177,712 | 406,053 |
| Accounts and Investment Earnings | 14,883 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,883 |
| Loans _ | 556,611 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 556,611 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 4,631,770 | 0 | 0 | 177,712 | 4,809,482 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 55,200 | 55,200 |
| Restricted | 0 | 209,591 | 0 | 543,580 | 753,171 |
| Committed | 0 | 0 | 1,707,082 | 0 | 1,707,082 |
| Assigned | 1,602,064 | 0 | 0 | 1,410 | 1,603,474 |
| Unassigned _ | 1,466,773 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,466,773 |
| Total Fund Balances | 3,068,837 | 209,591 | 1,707,082 | 600,190 | 5,585,700 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances | \$7,921,248 | \$623,521 | \$1,707,082 | \$787,203 | \$11,039,054 |

| Total Governmental Fund Balance | | \$5,585,700 |
|--|-------------|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Capital assets used in the operation of Governmental Funds | | 31,254,937 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. | | |
| Income Taxes | \$1,190,073 | |
| Delinquent Property Taxes | 62,196 | |
| Intergovernmental | 406,053 | |
| Other Receivables | 571,494 | |
| | | 2,229,816 |
| | | |
| In the statement of net position interest payable is accrued when | | |
| incurred; whereas, in the governmental funds interest is | | |
| reported as a liability only when it will require the use of | | |
| current financial resources. | | (29,894) |
| Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not | | |
| require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, | | |
| are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. | | |
| • | | |
| Compensated Absences | | (637,000) |
| Deferred outflow of resources associated with long-term liabilities | | |
| are not reported in the funds. | | 113,882 |
| are not reported in the randor | | 110,001 |
| Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions | | |
| are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not | | |
| reported in the funds. | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | 1,879,897 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | (101,414) | |
| · | | |
| | | 1,778,483 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current | | |
| period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| period and, incretore, are not reported in the rands. | | |
| Net Pension Liability | (6,365,868) | |
| Other Amounts | (9,504,182) | |
| | | / \ |
| | | (15,870,050) |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities | | \$24,425,874 |
| | _ | , ,, |
| Con accompanying notes to the basis financial statements | | |

| Revenues: | General | Capital Improvement | Equipment Replacement | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|-------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Property and Other Taxes | \$2,654,510 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,654,510 |
| Income Taxes | 6,026,967 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,026,967 |
| Charges for Services | 1,024,985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,024,985 |
| Investment Earnings | 80,302 | 0 | 0 | 5,593 | 85,895 |
| Intergovernmental | 496,693 | 206,750 | 0 | 424,794 | 1,128,237 |
| Fines, Licenses & Permits | 94,588 | 0 | 0 | 6,664 | 101,252 |
| Other Revenues | 299,856 | 1,845 | 0 | 0 | 301,701 |
| Total Revenues | 10,677,901 | 208,595 | 0 | 437,051 | 11,323,547 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| General Government | 2,546,934 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,546,934 |
| Public Safety | 2,563,879 | 0 | 0 | 7,506 | 2,571,385 |
| Community Development | 247,495 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 247,495 |
| Leisure Time Activities | 1,142,765 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,142,765 |
| Transportation and Street Repair | 810,042 | 0 | 0 | 295,461 | 1,105,503 |
| Basic Utility Service | 577,672 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 577,672 |
| Public Health and Welfare | 19,133 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19,133 |
| Capital Outlay | 0 | 1,499,231 | 600,198 | 11,746 | 2,111,175 |
| Debt Service: | | | | | |
| Principal | 5,010 | 687,680 | 0 | 65,000 | 757,690 |
| Interest and Other Charges | 6,224 | 351,206 | 0 | 6,150 | 363,580 |
| Total Expenditures | 7,919,154 | 2,538,117 | 600,198 | 385,863 | 11,443,332 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 2,758,747 | (2,329,522) | (600,198) | 51,188 | (119,785) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | |
| Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets | 0 | 0 | 27,739 | 0 | 27,739 |
| Issuance of Long-Term Capital-Related Debt | 0 | 166,200 | 0 | 0 | 166,200 |
| Transfers In | 21,710 | 2,046,582 | 0 | 71,150 | 2,139,442 |
| Transfers (Out) | (2,117,732) | 0 | 0 | (21,710) | (2,139,442) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (2,096,022) | 2,212,782 | 27,739 | 49,440 | 193,939 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 662,725 | (116,740) | (572,459) | 100,628 | 74,154 |
| Fund Balance - Beginning of Year | 2,406,112 | 326,331 | 2,279,541 | 502,479 | 5,514,463 |
| Change in Nonspendable for Inventory | 0 | 0 | 0 | (2,917) | (2,917) |
| Fund Balance - End of Year | \$3,068,837 | \$209,591 | \$1,707,082 | \$600,190 | \$5,585,700 |

| Tot the Fiscal Teal Ended December 31, 2010 | | |
|--|---|-----------|
| Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds | | \$74,154 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of the difference between capital asset additions and depreciation in the current period. | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities Depreciation Expense | \$1,658,451 (971,435) | 687,016 |
| | | 067,010 |
| Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. The amount of the proceeds must be removed and the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets must be recognized. This is the amount of the difference between the proceeds and the gain or loss. | | (8,027) |
| Governmental funds report City pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activites, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. | | |
| City pension contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contrbutions | 493,562 (889,790) | |
| | | (396,228) |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | , , , |
| Income Taxes Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental Other | (185,287) 2,349 (9,070) (51,625) | |
| | | (243,633) |
| Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the | | |
| governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. | | 757,690 |
| In the statement of activities interest expense is accrued when incurred; whereas, in governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported | | |
| when due. | | 2,426 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | |
| Compensated Absences Amortization of Bond Premium Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding Change in Inventory | (15,420) 15,259 (32,520) (2,917) | |
| | | (35,598) |
| Proceeds from debt issues are an other financing source in the funds, but a debt issue increases long-term liabilities in the statement | | (466,226) |
| of net position. | | (166,200) |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities | | \$671,600 |
| | | |

| | Waterworks |
|--|---------------------|
| Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables (Net): | \$1,339,645 |
| Accounts | 360,160 |
| Interest | 1,519 |
| Inventory | 29,060 |
| Total Current Assets | 1,730,384 |
| Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: | |
| Nondepreciable Capital Assets | 366,330 |
| Depreciable Capital Assets, Net | 7,410,720 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 7,777,050 |
| Total Assets | 9,507,434 |
| | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | |
| Deferred Charge on Refunding | 107,036 |
| Pension | 134,597 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 241,633 |
| Liabilities: Current Liabilities: | |
| Accounts Payable | 28,009 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 6,830 |
| Compensated Absences | 2,717 |
| Accrued Interest Payable | 6,967 |
| Interfund Payable | 160,000 |
| Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year | 502,366 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 706,889 |
| | |
| Long-Term Liabilities: | E9 220 |
| Compensated Absences Bonds, Notes & Loans Payable | 58,230 3,218,054 |
| Net Pension Liability | 345,878 |
| Neer ension Elability | 343,070 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | 3,622,162 |
| Total Liabilities | 4,329,051 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | |
| Pension | 6,683 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 6,683 |
| Net Position: | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 4,163,666 |
| Unrestricted | 1,249,667 |
| Total Net Position | \$5,413,333 |
| | |

| | Waterworks |
|---|-------------|
| Operating Revenues: | |
| Charges for Services | \$1,851,152 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 1,851,152 |
| Operating Expenses: | |
| Personal Services | 624,331 |
| Contactual Services | 276,304 |
| Materials and Supplies | 486,498 |
| Depreciation | 254,040 |
| Other Expense | 4,377 |
| other Expense | 1,377 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 1,645,550 |
| Operating Income | 205,602 |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): | |
| Investment Earnings | 16,272 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | (136,046) |
| Operating Grants | 11,258 |
| Sperating Grants | |
| Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | (108,516) |
| Change in Net Position | 97,086 |
| Net Position - Beginning of Year | 5,316,247 |
| Net Position - End of Year | \$5,413,333 |
| | |

| | Waterworks |
|---|-------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | |
| Cash Received from Customers | \$1,829,419 |
| Cash Payments to Employees | (563,137) |
| Cash Payments to Suppliers | (747,132) |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | 519,150 |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: | |
| Operating Grants Received | 11,258 |
| Payments from Other Funds | 678,723 |
| Payments to Other Funds | (741,223) |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital | |
| Financing Activities | (51,242) |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: | |
| Payments for Capital Acquisitions | (18,661) |
| Debt Principal Payments | (490,153) |
| Debt Interest Payments | (130,038) |
| | |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and | |
| Related Financing Activities | (638,852) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | |
| Earnings on Investments | 15,051 |
| | |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Cash Flows from | |
| Investing Activities | 15,051 |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | (155,893) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year | 1,495,538 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year | 1,339,645 |
| cush and cush Equivalents End of Year | 1,333,043 |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to | |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | |
| Operating Income (Loss) | 205,602 |
| Adjustments: | |
| Depreciation | 254,040 |
| Changes in Assets & Liabilities: | (24 =22) |
| (Increase) Decrease in Receivables | (21,733) |
| (Increase) Decrease in Inventory | 8,500 |
| (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Payables | 11,547 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities | 5,471 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources | 3,197 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability | 147,431 |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | \$519,150 |

| | Agency |
|--|-----------|
| Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables (Net): | \$354,372 |
| Accounts | 571,342 |
| Total Assets | 925,714 |
| Liabilities: Undistributed Monies | 925,714 |
| Total Liabilities | \$925,714 |

Note 1 – Description of the City and Reporting Entity

The City of Wyoming (City) is a political body incorporated and established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The City operates under a council-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public services, recreation and development.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City, this includes; police and fire, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, community development, street maintenance, water, sewer and waste collection. Council and the City Manager have direct responsibility for these activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board; and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organizations. Component units may also include organizations for which the City authorizes the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, or determines the budget. There are no component units included as part of this report.

The Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA) is a risk sharing insurance pool established for the purpose of enabling the subscribing political subdivisions to obtain liability insurance and providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance fund for its members. The members formed a not-for-profit corporation known as Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. for the purpose of administering the pool. The subscribing members of the self-insurance pool include the Cities of Beavercreek, Bellbrook, Blue Ash, Centerville, Englewood, Kettering, Madeira, Mason, Miamisburg, Montgomery, Piqua, Sidney, Springdale, Tipp City, Troy, Vandalia, West Carrollton, Wilmington, Wyoming, and the Village of Indian Hill. The City has no explicit and measurable equity interest in MVRMA and no ongoing financial responsibility for MVRMA.

The City entered into an agreement to be the fiscal agent of the Wyoming Recreation Foundation. The City's Finance Director will serve as the Treasurer of the Foundation.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental and proprietary funds. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or

capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, liabilities and deferred inflows are reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and/or the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> – To account for various capital projects financed by governmental funds.

<u>Equipment Replacement Fund</u> – Created in 1981 to fund the acquisition and replacement of equipment. Expenditures are monies expended for the purchase of major pieces of equipment.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources that are generally restricted or committed to use for a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The City has no internal service funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following is the City's enterprise fund:

<u>Waterworks</u> – Accounts for all operations of the City's water plant. Revenues include the sale of metered water, penalties, disconnecting fees, etc. Expenses are comprised of personnel and operating costs.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: agency funds, pension trust funds, investment trust funds and private-purpose trust funds. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. Trust funds are used to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City has two Agency Funds (Sewer and Mayor's Court). The Sewer agency is to account for all revenues collected for the Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD) for provision of sewer service to the citizens of Wyoming and to record sewer service charges paid to MSD. The Mayor's Court agency is to account for funds that flow through the Mayor's Court Office.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within thirty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from

grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants and fees.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources include a deferral on refunding and pension reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary statement of net position. A deferral on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, income taxes, grants and other taxes, investment earnings, accounts, loans and pension. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2016, but which were levied to finance year 2017 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Income taxes, grants and other taxes, investment earnings, accounts and loans are reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

To improve cash management the City's cash and investments are pooled. Monies for all funds, except cash and investments held in segregated accounts, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements.

Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices, with the exception of nonparticipating repurchase agreements, which are reported at cost. For investments in open-end mutual funds, fair value is determined by the fund's share price.

During 2016, the City invested in certificates of deposit, federal agency securities, a money market fund, and STAR Ohio. Investments are reported at cost, except for the money market fund and STAR Ohio. The City's money market fund investment is recorded at the amount reported by financial institutions on December 31, 2016.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City also implemented GASB Statement No. 79 for 2016. The implementation of this GASB pronouncement had no effect on beginning net position/fund balance. The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2016, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows the enterprise fund's portion of pooled cash and investments is considered a cash equivalent because enterprise funds can access their balance of the investment pool at any time without any prior notice or penalty.

Following the Ohio Revised Code, the City has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenues during 2016 amounted to \$80,302 in the General Fund, \$5,593 in Other Governmental Funds, and \$16,272 in the Waterworks Fund.

Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at cost on the fair maket value basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of all funds are stated at market value. For all funds, cost is determined on a market value basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Inventories of the proprietary funds are expensed when used.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective proprietary funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The City's capitalization threshold is \$5,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City's infrastructure consists of bridges, culverts, curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers, streets, and water and sewer lines. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land (includes permanent easements) and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| <u>Description</u> | Estimated Lives |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Buildings and Improvements | 25-50 years |
| Equipment | 5-20 years |
| Infrastructure | 40-60 years |

Compensated Absences

The City reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is due and payable. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

Nonspendable – resources that are not in spendable form (inventory) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

Restricted – spendable resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

Committed – spendable resources that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government at its highest level of decision making authority, City Council. This is done by ordinance by City Council.

Assigned – resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes as approved through the City's formal purchasing procedure by the Finance Director.

Unassigned – residual fund balance within the General Fund that is not restricted, committed, or assigned. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenditures for specific purposes exceeding amounts which had been restricted, committed or assigned for said purposes.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unassigned fund balances are available. The City considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unassigned fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for Other Purposes includes mandatory fines for various court programs.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Of the City's \$957,802 in restricted net position, none was restricted by enabling legislation.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The City, in its proprietary fund, distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund (internal) activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statement of activities. The interfund services provided and used are not eliminated through the process of consolidation.

Self-Insurance

The City provides health insurance benefits through a self-insured program. This program is accounted for in the General Fund. The liability for unpaid claims includes estimates of costs related to incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims if it is probable that an IBNR liability has been incurred at year-end and the IBNR amount can be reasonably estimated.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Gain/Loss on Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt (the gain/loss on refunding) is being amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, using the effective interest method.

Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

State statute requires the classification of monies held by the City into three categories:

<u>Active Monies</u> - Those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the City. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand.

<u>Inactive Monies</u> – Those monies not required for use within the current two year period of designated depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designated depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

<u>Interim Monies</u> – Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Ohio law permits interim monies to be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- (1) Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest.
- (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal governmental agency.

- (3) No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
- (4) Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim monies to be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including, but limited to, passbook accounts.
- (5) Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio.
- (6) The Ohio State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- (7) Commercial paper and banker's acceptances which meet the requirements established by Ohio Revised Code, Sec. 135.142.
- (8) Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's policy for deposits is any balance not covered by depository insurance will be collateralized by the financial institutions with pledged securities. As of December 31, 2016, \$2,279,670 of the City's bank balance of \$3,026,670 was exposed to custodial risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135, Uniform Depository Act, authorizes pledging of pooled securities in lieu of specific securities. Specifically, a designated public depository may pledge a single pool of eligible securities to secure repayment of all public monies deposited in the

financial institution, provided that all times the total value of the securities so pledged is at least equal to 105% of the total amount of all public deposits secured by the pool, including the portion of such deposits covered by any federal deposit insurance.

Investments

As of December 31, 2016, the City had the following investments:

| | | Fair Value | Weighted Average |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------------|
| Investment Type | Value | Hierarchy | Maturity (Years) |
| Certificates of Deposit | \$4,620,284 | Level 2 | 2.98 |
| Federal National Mortgage Association | 224,190 | Level 2 | 1.33 |
| STAR Ohio | 6,023 | N/A | 0.14 |
| Money Market Funds | 4,539 | N/A | 0.00 |
| Total Fair Value | \$4,855,036 | | |
| Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity | | | 2.90 |

The City categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the City's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2016. STAR Ohio is reported at its share price (Net Asset value per share).

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with the investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to five years, unless matched to a specified obligation or debt of the City.

Credit Risk – It is the City's policy to limit its investments that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government to investments which have the highest credit quality rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's investments in Federal National Mortgage Association were rated AA+ by Standard and Poor's and Fitch ratings and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. Investments in STAROhio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poors. Investments in Money Market Funds and Certificates of Deposit were not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City's investment policy allows investments in Federal Government Securities or Instrumentalities. The City has invested 95% in Certificates of Deposit, 5% in Federal National Mortgage Association and less than 1% in STAROhio and Money Market Funds.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the City's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the City or at least registered in the name of the City.

Note 4 – Receivables

Receivables at year end, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements, shared revenues, accrued interest on investments, interfund, loans and accounts receivable.

No allowances for doubtful accounts have been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant.

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2016 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2015 taxes.

2016 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2016, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2016 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2017 operations.

Public utility personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2016 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2015, are levied after October 1, 2016, and are collected in 2017 with real property taxes.

The assessed values of real and public utility personal property upon which current year property tax receipts were based are as follows:

| | Amount |
|----------------|---------------|
| Real Property | \$302,297,210 |
| Public Utility | 4,511,410 |
| Total | \$306,808,620 |

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20 with the remainder payable by June 20.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the City. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes receivable represent real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of yearend for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at year end, nor were they levied to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by deferred inflow.

Income Taxes

The City levies a tax of 1.0% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City.

Employers within the City withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file an annual declaration.

Note 5 - Risk Management

The City is one of twenty members of a joint insurance pool, Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA), with the cities of Englewood, Bellbrook and Centerville added in 2004. The pool has been operational since December 1, 1988, and was formed according to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. This joint venture covers all property, crime, liability, boiler and machinery, and public official liability up to the limits stated below. It is intended to provide broad-based coverage up to the various limits with increased emphasis on safety and loss prevention.

MVRMA is a corporation governed by a twenty member board of trustees, consisting of a representative appointed by each of the member cities. The board of trustees elects the officers of the corporation, with each trustee having a single vote. The board is responsible for its own financial matters and the corporation maintains its own book of accounts. Budget and financing of MVRMA is subject to the approval of the board.

Excess insurance coverage will cover additional claims up to the limits listed below:

Liability:

Personal Injury Liability
Property Damage Liability
Public Officials Errors and Omissions
Employment Practices Liability
Employee Benefits Liability

Limits: \$12,000,000 per occurrence. \$12,000,000 annual aggregate per member for Employment Practices Liability; Public Officials Errors and Omissions and Employee benefits Liability combined; and Products/Completed Operations.

MVRMA self-insured \$500,000 per occurrence and obtained reinsurance from Government Entities Mutual Inc. (GEM) for \$4.5 million excess of \$500,000, and from Genesis for \$7 million excess of \$5 million.

Property:

\$1,000,000,000/occurrence
MVRMA Self-Insured Retention (SIR): \$250,000/occurrence

Coverage excess of SIR provided by Alliant Property Insurance Program (APIP). List of carriers underwriting the coverage provided upon request.

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City of Wyoming, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For The Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Flood – included in Property Policy

\$25 million/occurrence and annual aggregate

Sublimit: Flood zone A & V - \$5 million/occurrence and annual aggregate

MVRMA SIR: \$100,000/occurrence excluding Flood Zones A & V

MVRMA SIR: \$250,000/occurrence Flood Zones A & V

Earthquake – included in Property Policy

\$25 million/occurrence and annual aggregate

MVRMA SIR: \$100,000/occurrence

Boiler & Machinery – included in Property Policy

\$100,000,000/occurrence

MVRMA SIR: \$10,000-\$350,000/occurrence

Cyber Liability – included in Property Policy

MVRMA SIR: \$100,000/occurrence

Coverage excess of SIR provided by Lloyd's of London – Beazley Syndicate

Third Party Liability:

\$2 million/occurrence and annual aggregate, but sublimited to:

\$1,000,000/occurrence and annual aggregate for Privacy Notification Costs

First Party Computer Liability

\$2 million/occurrence and annual aggregate subject to policy sublimits

Pollution Liability – Claims made and Reported Policy

Retroactive Date: Policy inception

Coverage excess SIR provided by Illinois Union Insurance Co.

\$1 million/pollution condition and aggregate with a \$200,000 sublimit for Fungi & Legionella

MVRMA SIR: \$75,000/pollution condition; \$750,000 underground storage tanks specific

Member Deductible/occurrence - \$2,500

The Financial Audit for 2016 has not been completed. Figures from the audited 2015 financial Audit are as follows:

Current Assets \$3,142,010
Total Assets \$18,854,191
Current Liabilities \$8,033,713
Long-Term Liabilities \$289,865
Net Position \$10,583,893

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Self-Insurance

The City has a self-insured group health insurance program for employees and their eligible dependents. This program is accounted for in the General Fund. The claims liability of \$11,429 reported in the fund at year end based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the fund's claims liability amounts were as follows:

| | Beginning | Current | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| | of Fiscal | Claims & | | Balance at |
| | Year | Changes in | Claims | Fiscal Year |
| Fiscal Year | Liability | Estimates | Payments | End |
| 2016 | \$26,113 | \$485,268 | (\$499,952) | \$11,429 |
| 2015 | 24,882 | 638,826 | (637,595) | 26,113 |

All claims are due and payable as of yearend.

Note 6 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the current year end was as follows:

| | Beginning | | | Ending |
|---|--------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| | Balance | Additions | Deletions | Balance |
| Governmental Activities | | | | |
| Capital Assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$9,129,948 | \$0 | \$30,440 | \$9,099,508 |
| Construction in Progress | 386,901 | 1,027,699 | 282,928 | 1,131,672 |
| Easements | 474,448 | 0 | 0 | 474,448 |
| Capital Assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | 12,013,504 | 102,922 | 8,140 | 12,108,286 |
| Equipment | 4,713,592 | 472,461 | 137,114 | 5,048,939 |
| Infrastructure | 14,822,540 | 368,737 | 0 | 15,191,277 |
| Totals at Historical Cost | 41,540,933 | 1,971,819 | 458,622 | 43,054,130 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | 4,306,454 | 374,256 | 113 | 4,680,597 |
| Equipment | 2,853,334 | 284,935 | 137,114 | 3,001,155 |
| Infrastructure | 3,805,197 | 312,244 | 0 | 4,117,441 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | \$10,964,985 | \$971,435 | \$137,227 | \$11,799,193 |
| Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$30,575,948 | \$1,000,384 | \$321,395 | \$31,254,937 |

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| | Beginning Balance | Additions | Deletions | Ending Balance |
|--|----------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|
| Business-Type Activities | | | | |
| Capital Assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$52,172 | \$0 | \$0 | \$52,172 |
| Construction in Progress | 126,203 | 0 | 126,203 | 0 |
| Easements | 314,158 | 0 | 0 | 314,158 |
| Capital Assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | 7,502,899 | 121,371 | 0 | 7,624,270 |
| Equipment | 693,089 | 23,493 | 0 | 716,582 |
| Infrastructure | 4,593,212 | 0_ | 0 | 4,593,212 |
| Totals at Historical Cost | 13,281,733 | 144,864 | 126,203 | 13,300,394 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | 2,938,030 | 146,375 | 0 | 3,084,405 |
| Equipment | 347,438 | 35,410 | 0 | 382,848 |
| Infrastructure | 1,983,836 | 72,255 | 0 | 2,056,091 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | \$5,269,304 | \$254,040 | \$0 | \$5,523,344 |
| Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$8,012,429 | (\$109,176) | \$126,203 | \$7,777,050 |

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

| General Government | \$107,587 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Public Safety | 221,387 |
| Leisure Time | 192,696 |
| Community Development | 148,874 |
| Transportation and Street Repair | 300,891 |
| Total Depreciation Expense | \$971,435 |

Note 7 – Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement 16, the City accrues certain portions of unpaid sick leave and vacation pay as payment becomes probable. Each full-time, permanent employee is credited with 10 hours of sick leave per calendar month of service, to a maximum of 120 hours per year. Sick leave credit may be accumulated to a maximum of 2,500 hours for police department employees and 2,225 hours for all other employees. Upon retirement, employees are paid for a maximum of two-thirds of unused accumulated sick leave, provided however, that no more than 1,072 hours may be paid regardless of the accumulated amount.

All full-time employees earn vacation at varying rates based upon length of service. An employee's vacation must be used during the period in which it is earned unless the City Manager allows the balance to be carried over to the following year. Upon separation from the City, the employee (or his/her estate) is paid for his/her accumulated unused vacation leave balance. As of December 31, 2016, the liability for unpaid compensated absences was \$678,596. \$60,947 is reported in the Enterprise fund.

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt

A schedule of changes in bonds and other long-term obligations of the City during the current year follows:

| Companied Activities Companied C | | Issue Date | | • | Beginning Balance | Additions | Deletions | Ending Balance | Due Within One Year |
|--|---|---------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Compensated Absences | Governmental Activities | Date | Date | | | Additions | Deletions | Dalatice | One rear |
| Decompose bonds 12/11/6 12/11/26 4.00% - 5.00% \$3,270,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$3,030,000 \$250,000 \$200 | | | | | | | | | |
| OPVIC Chisholm improvements | | 12/1/0 | 06 12/1/2 | 4.00% - 5.009 | 6 \$3,270,000 | \$0 | (\$240,000) | \$3,030,000 | \$250,000 |
| OPVIC Chisholm improvements | · | | | | | | | | |
| 2012 Refunding Bonds - Wyoming Business District | OPWC Chisholm Improvements | 2/13/0 | 09 1/1/2 | 1 0.00% | 222,248 | 0 | (44,442) | 177,806 | 44,442 |
| 2012 Refunding Bonds - Various Purpose Bonds 4/17/12 12/17/24 2.00% - 4.00% 944,709 0 (92,400) 852,309 94,500 | 2012 Refunding Bonds - Property Acquisition | 4/17/2 | 12 12/1/2 | 2.00% - 4.009 | 6 770,000 | 0 | (85,000) | 685,000 | 90,000 |
| Description | | | | | , | | . , , | , | , |
| OPWC Wilmuth Ávenue Rehabilitation 12/J/16 1/J/46 0.00% 123,032 0 (4,101) 118,931 2,051 0.00 | | | | | , | | | | |
| OPMC Worthington Avenue Rehabilitation 12/1/15 | | | | | , | | . , , | , | , |
| OPWC Springfield Pike 1/1/15 1/1/46 0.00% 100,495 166,200 0 266,695 0 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium n/a n/a n/a 104,756 0 (15,259) 89,497 0 Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes Warrend Premium 9,963,232 166,200 (767,939) 9,361,393 780,356 Net Pension Liability Warrend Premium 1,779,335 758,084 0 2,537,419 0 OP&F Joseph Seph Seph Seph Seph Seph Seph Seph S | | | | | | | | | |
| 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium n/a n/a n/a 104,756 0 (15,259) 89,497 0 104 | • | | | | | | | | |
| Business-Type Activities Issue Maturity Interest Balance Beginning Balance Additions Ending Balance Due Within Date Within Date Start of Come Year OPWC Van Roberts Place 8/6/99 1/1/29 3.00% \$25,5664 \$0 2,537,419 0 Business-Type Activities 1,779,335 758,084 0 2,537,419 0 Police Pension Liability 4/1/81 4/1/36 4.30% 147,699 0 (5,010) 142,689 5,281 Compensated Absences N/A 695,469 77,283 (94,156) 678,596 62,112 Total Governmental Activities Issue Maturity Interest Beginning Additions Deletions Balance One Year OPWC Van Roberts Place 8/6/99 1/1/20 3.00% \$25,664 \$0 (\$6,132) \$19,532 \$6,317 OPWC Waterplant 2/12/01 7/1/21 3.00% \$25,664 \$0 (\$6,132) \$19,532 \$6,317 OPWC Hilltop Improvements 12/1/12 7/1/33 0.02% | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Pension Liability: 1,779,335 758,084 0 2,537,419 0 OP&F 4,181 4/1/81 4/1/85 4,313,562 694,887 0 3,828,449 0 Police Pension Liability 4/1/81 4/1/85 4,30% 147,699 0 (5,010) 142,689 5,281 Compensated Absences N/A 695,469 77,283 (94,156) 678,596 62,112 Total Governmental Activities Issue Maturity Interest Beginning Respect (19,100) 8,67,105 \$16,548,646 8,847,499 PWC Van Roberts Place 8/6/99 1/1/20 3.00% \$25,664 \$0 (5,6132) \$19,532 \$6,317 OPWC - Waterplant 2/12/01 7/1/21 3.00% \$25,664 \$0 (5,6132) \$19,532 \$6,317 OPWC Hilltop Improvements 12/1/12 7/1/23 3.00% 1,758,182 0 (298,631) 1,459,551 307,657 OPWC Hilltop Improvements 12/1/12 7/1/23 0.00% 13 | 9 | n/a | n/a | n/a | | | . <u> </u> | | |
| OPERS OP&F Label National | Total General Obligation Bolius and Notes | | | | 9,903,232 | 100,200 | (767,939) | 9,361,493 | 760,330 |
| OP&F Total Net Pension Liability 4/1/81 4/1/36 4.30% 147.699 0.0 0.532,971 0.0 6,365,868 0.0 Police Pension Liability Compensated Absences 4/1/81 4/1/36 4.30% 147.699 0.0 (5,010) 142,689 5,281 Total Governmental Activities Issue Maturity Interest Beginning Balance Additions Deletions Balance 515,719,297 \$1,696,454 (5867,105) \$16,548,646 \$847,749 PWC Van Roberts Place 8/6/99 1/1/20 3.00% \$25,664 \$0 (5,6132) \$19,532 \$6,317 OPWC Hilltop Improvements 2/12/01 7/1/121 3.00% \$25,664 \$0 (56,132) \$19,532 \$6,317 OPWC Hilltop Improvements 12/1/12 7/1/33 0.02% 139,192 0 (6,790) 132,402 6,892 2009 Various Purpose Bonds 12/1/12 7/1/33 0.02% 139,192 0 (6,790) 132,402 6,892 2009 Various Purpose Bonds 12/1/19 <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | • | | | | | | | | |
| Total Net Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | |
| Police Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | |
| N/A 695,469 77,283 (94,156) 678,596 62,112 Total Governmental Activities Issue Date Date Date Date Rate Balance Additions Deletions Balance Deletions Balance Deletions Balance Deletions | Total Net Pension Liability | | | | 4,912,897 | 1,452,971 | 0 | 6,365,868 | 0 |
| Susiness-Type Activities Issue Date Date Date Rate Balance Seguning Balance Seguning Seg | Police Pension Liability | 4/1/8 | 1 4/1/3 | 6 4.30% | 147,699 | 0 | (5,010) | 142,689 | 5,281 |
| Business-Type Activities Issue Date Date Date Rate Balance Additions Deletions Balance One Year | Compensated Absences | | | N/A | 695,469 | 77,283 | (94,156) | 678,596 | 62,112 |
| General Obligation Bonds and Notes Date Date Rate Balance Additions Deletions Balance One Year OPWC Van Roberts Place 8/6/99 1/1/20 3.00% \$25,664 \$0 (\$6,132) \$19,532 \$6,317 OPWC - Waterplant 2/12/01 7/1/21 3.00% 1,758,182 0 (298,631) 1,459,551 307,657 OPWC Hilltop Improvements 12/1/12 7/1/33 0.02% 139,192 0 (6,790) 132,402 6,892 2009 Various Purpose Bonds 12/1/09 12/1/29 4.02% 929,310 0 (51,000) 878,310 51,000 2012 Various Purpose Bonds 4/17/12 12/1/24 2.00% - 4.00% 1,300,291 0 (127,600) 1,172,691 130,500 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium n/a n/a n/a 65,658 0 (7,724) 57,934 0 Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes 4,218,297 0 (497,877) 3,720,420 502,366 Net Pension Liability - OPERS: | Total Governmental Activities | | | | \$15,719,297 | \$1,696,454 | (\$867,105) | \$16,548,646 | \$847,749 |
| General Obligation Bonds and Notes Date Date Rate Balance Additions Deletions Balance One Year OPWC Van Roberts Place 8/6/99 1/1/20 3.00% \$25,664 \$0 (\$6,132) \$19,532 \$6,317 OPWC - Waterplant 2/12/01 7/1/21 3.00% 1,758,182 0 (298,631) 1,459,551 307,657 OPWC Hilltop Improvements 12/1/12 7/1/33 0.02% 139,192 0 (6,790) 132,402 6,892 2009 Various Purpose Bonds 12/1/09 12/1/29 4.02% 929,310 0 (51,000) 878,310 51,000 2012 Various Purpose Bonds 4/17/12 12/1/24 2.00% - 4.00% 1,300,291 0 (127,600) 1,172,691 130,500 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium n/a n/a n/a 65,658 0 (7,724) 57,934 0 Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes 4,218,297 0 (497,877) 3,720,420 502,366 Net Pension Liability - OPERS: | | | | | | | | | |
| OPWC Van Roberts Place 8/6/99 1/1/20 3.00% \$25,664 \$0 (\$6,132) \$19,532 \$6,317 OPWC - Waterplant 2/12/01 7/1/21 3.00% 1,758,182 0 (298,631) 1,459,551 307,657 OPWC Hilltop Improvements 12/1/12 7/1/33 0.02% 139,192 0 (6,790) 132,402 6,892 2009 Various Purpose Bonds 12/1/09 12/1/29 4.02% 929,310 0 (51,000) 878,310 51,000 2012 Various Purpose Bonds 4/17/12 12/1/24 2.00% - 4.00% 1,300,291 0 (127,600) 1,172,691 130,500 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium n/a n/a n/a 65,658 0 (7,724) 57,934 0 Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes 4,218,297 0 (497,877) 3,720,420 502,366 Net Pension Liability - OPERS: 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Total Net Pension Liability 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 <td>Business-Type Activities</td> <td>Issue</td> <td>Maturity</td> <td>Interest</td> <td>Beginning</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Ending</td> <td>Due Within</td> | Business-Type Activities | Issue | Maturity | Interest | Beginning | | | Ending | Due Within |
| OPWC - Waterplant 2/12/01 7/1/21 3.00% 1,758,182 0 (298,631) 1,459,551 307,657 OPWC Hilltop Improvements 12/1/12 7/1/33 0.02% 139,192 0 (6,790) 132,402 6,892 2009 Various Purpose Bonds 12/1/09 12/1/29 4.02% 929,310 0 (51,000) 878,310 51,000 2012 Various Purpose Bonds 4/17/12 12/1/24 2.00% - 4.00% 1,300,291 0 (127,600) 1,172,691 130,500 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium n/a n/a n/a 65,658 0 (7,724) 57,934 0 Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes 4,218,297 0 (497,877) 3,720,420 502,366 Net Pension Liability - OPERS: Waterworks 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Total Net Pension Liability 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Compensated Absences 45,218 19,112 (3,383) 60,947 2,717 < | General Obligation Bonds and Notes | Date | Date | Rate | Balance | Additions | Deletions | Balance | One Year |
| OPWC Hilltop Improvements 12/1/12 7/1/33 0.02% 139,192 0 (6,790) 132,402 6,892 2009 Various Purpose Bonds 12/1/09 12/1/29 4.02% 929,310 0 (51,000) 878,310 51,000 2012 Various Purpose Bonds 4/17/12 12/1/24 2.00% - 4.00% 1,300,291 0 (127,600) 1,172,691 130,500 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium n/a n/a n/a 65,658 0 (7,724) 57,934 0 Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes 4,218,297 0 (497,877) 3,720,420 502,366 Net Pension Liability - OPERS: 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Total Net Pension Liability 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Compensated Absences 45,218 19,112 (3,383) 60,947 2,717 | | | | | | • | , | | |
| 2009 Various Purpose Bonds 12/1/09 12/1/29 4.02% 929,310 0 (51,000) 878,310 51,000 2012 Various Purpose Bonds 4/17/12 12/1/24 2.00% - 4.00% 1,300,291 0 (127,600) 1,172,691 130,500 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium n/a n/a n/a 65,658 0 (7,724) 57,934 0 Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes Net Pension Liability - OPERS: Waterworks 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Total Net Pension Liability 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Compensated Absences 45,218 19,112 (3,383) 60,947 2,717 | | | | | | | , , , | , , | , |
| 2012 Various Purpose Bonds 4/17/12 12/1/24 2.00% - 4.00% 1,300,291 0 (127,600) 1,172,691 130,500 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium n/a n/a n/a 65,658 0 (7,724) 57,934 0 Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes 4,218,297 0 (497,877) 3,720,420 502,366 Net Pension Liability - OPERS: 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Total Net Pension Liability 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Compensated Absences 45,218 19,112 (3,383) 60,947 2,717 | | | | | • | | , , , | • | • |
| 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium n/a n/a n/a 65,658 0 (7,724) 57,934 0 Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes 4,218,297 0 (497,877) 3,720,420 502,366 Net Pension Liability - OPERS: Waterworks 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Total Net Pension Liability 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Compensated Absences 45,218 19,112 (3,383) 60,947 2,717 | • | 12/1/09 | | | 929,310 | 0 | (51,000) | 878,310 | 51,000 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes 4,218,297 0 (497,877) 3,720,420 502,366 Net Pension Liability - OPERS: Waterworks 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Total Net Pension Liability 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Compensated Absences 45,218 19,112 (3,383) 60,947 2,717 | 2012 Various Purpose Bonds | 4/17/12 | 12/1/24 | 2.00% - 4.00% | 1,300,291 | | (127,600) | | 130,500 |
| Net Pension Liability - OPERS: Waterworks 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Total Net Pension Liability 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Compensated Absences 45,218 19,112 (3,383) 60,947 2,717 | 2012 Refunding Bonds - Premium | n/a | n/a | n/a | 65,658 | 0 | (7,724) | 57,934 | 0 |
| Waterworks 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Total Net Pension Liability 198,447 147,431 0 345,878 0 Compensated Absences 45,218 19,112 (3,383) 60,947 2,717 | Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes | | | - | 4,218,297 | 0 | (497,877) | 3,720,420 | 502,366 |
| Compensated Absences 45,218 19,112 (3,383) 60,947 2,717 | • | | | | 198,447 | 147,431 | 0 | 345,878 | 0 |
| Compensated Absences 45,218 19,112 (3,383) 60,947 2,717 | Total Net Pension Liability | | | - | 198.447 | 147.431 | 0 | 345.878 | n |
| | , | | | - | | | - | | |
| Total business- type Activities\$4,461,962\$106,543(\$501,260)\$4,127,245\$505,083 | Total Business-Type Activities | | | - | \$4,461,962 | \$166,543 | (\$501,260) | \$4,127,245 | \$505,083 |

The City's bonds and notes will be paid from the Property Acquisition Note Retirement Fund, Capital Improvement Fund and Waterworks Fund. The Police Pension Liability will be paid from the General Fund. Compensated Absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. Historically, this is the General Fund or a Special Revenue Fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's general obligation debt and notes outstanding at year end are as follows:

| Year Ending | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| December 31 | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2017 | \$1,282,722 | \$441,195 | \$1,723,917 |
| 2018 | 1,346,313 | 399,259 | 1,745,572 |
| 2019 | 1,321,391 | 354,767 | 1,676,158 |
| 2020 | 1,354,899 | 311,642 | 1,666,541 |
| 2021 | 1,176,318 | 263,762 | 1,440,080 |
| 2022-2026 | 4,676,428 | 769,431 | 5,445,859 |
| 2027-2031 | 1,454,912 | 121,698 | 1,576,610 |
| 2032-2036 | 141,735 | 747 | 142,482 |
| 2037-2041 | 92,085 | 0 | 92,085 |
| 2042-2046 | 87,679 | 0 | 87,679 |
| Total | \$12,934,482 | \$2,662,501 | \$15,596,983 |

Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's Police Pension Liability outstanding at year end are as follows:

| Year Ending December 31 | Principal | Interest | Total |
|----------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| December 31 | Timelpai | micrest | |
| 2017 | \$5,281 | \$6,009 | \$11,290 |
| 2018 | 5,391 | 5,785 | 11,176 |
| 2019 | 5,683 | 5,551 | 11,234 |
| 2020 | 5,927 | 5,307 | 11,234 |
| 2021 | 6,182 | 5,052 | 11,234 |
| 2022-2026 | 35,125 | 21,042 | 56,167 |
| 2027-2031 | 43,355 | 12,822 | 56,177 |
| 2032-2035 | 35,745 | 3,071 | 38,816 |
| Total | \$142,689 | \$64,639 | \$207,328 |

Note 9 - Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the City defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included on the City's financial statements. As of December 31, 2016, none of the bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on

a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation,

members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

| Group A | Group B | Group C |
|---|---|--|
| Eligible to retire prior to | 20 years of service credit prior to | Members not in other Groups |
| January 7, 2013 or five years | January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire | and members hired on or after |
| after January 7, 2013 | ten years after January 7, 2013 | January 7, 2013 |
| State and Local | State and Local | State and Local |
| Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit | Age and Service Requirements: |
| | or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | |
| Formula: | Formula: | Formula: |
| 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of | 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of | 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of |
| service for the first 30 years and 2.5% | service for the first 30 years and 2.5% | service for the first 35 years and 2.5% |
| for service years in excess of 30 | for service years in excess of 30 | for service years in excess of 35 |
| Public Safety | Public Safety | Public Safety |
| Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: |
| Age 48 with 25 years of service credit | Age 48 with 25 years of service credit | Age 52 with 25 years of service credit |
| or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit | or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit | or Age 56 with 15 years of service credi |
| Law Enforcement | Law Enforcement | Law Enforcement |
| Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: |
| Age 52 with 15 years of service credit | Age 48 with 25 years of service credit | Age 48 with 25 years of service credit |
| | or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit | or Age 56 with 15 years of service credi |
| Public Safety and Law Enforcement | Public Safety and Law Enforcement | Public Safety and Law Enforcement |

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

| | State and Local | Public Safety | Law Enforcement | |
|---|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| 2016 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates | | | | |
| Employer | 14.0 % | 18.1 % | 18.1 % | |
| Employee | 10.0 % | * | ** | |
| 2016 Actual Contribution Rates | | | | |
| Employer: | | | | |
| Pension | 12.0 % | 16.1 % | 16.1 % | |
| Post-employment Health Care Benefits | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | |
| | | | | |
| Total Employer | 14.0 % | 18.1 % | 18.1 % | |
| | | | | |
| Employee | 10.0 % | 12.0 % | 13.0 % | |

^{*} This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City contractually required contribution was \$254,780 for 2016. Of this amount \$26,151 is reported as an accrued wage and benefits.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

^{**} This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

| | Police | Firefighters |
|---|---------|--------------|
| 2016 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates | | |
| Employer | 19.50 % | 24.00 % |
| Employee | 12.25 % | 12.25 % |
| 2016 Actual Contribution Rates | | |
| Employer: | | |
| Pension | 19.00 % | 23.50 % |
| Post-employment Health Care Benefits | 0.50 | 0.50 |
| Total Employer | 19.50 % | 24.00 % |
| Employee | 12.25 % | 12.25 % |

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$269,345 for 2016. Of this amount \$23,211 is reported as an accrued wage and benefits.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2015, to December 31, 2015. The City

proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

| | OPERS | OP&F | Total |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Proportionate Share of the Net | ć2 002 20 7 | ć2 020 440 | ¢c 744 746 |
| Pension Liability | \$2,883,297 | \$3,828,449 | \$6,711,746 |
| Proportion of the Net Pension | | | |
| Liability | 0.0166460% | 0.0595120% | |
| Pension Expense | \$454,812 | \$521,263 | \$976,075 |

At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | OPERS | OP&F | Total |
|---|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | |
| Net difference between projected and | | | |
| actual earnings on pension plan investments | \$847,509 | \$623,125 | \$1,470,634 |
| Changes in proportion and differences | | | |
| between City contributions and proportionate | | | |
| share of contributions | 19,735 | 0 | 19,735 |
| City contributions subsequent to the | | | |
| measurement date | 254,780 | 269,345 | 524,125 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$1,122,024 | \$892,470 | \$2,014,494 |
| | | | _ |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | |
| Differences between expected and | | | |
| actual experience | \$55,711 | \$10,750 | \$66,461 |
| Changes in employer proportion and difference | S | | |
| between contributions and proportionate | | | |
| share of contributions | 0 | 41,636 | 41,636 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$55,711 | \$52,386 | \$108,097 |

\$524,125 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

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| Year Ending | | | |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| December 31: | OPERS | OP&F | Total |
| | | | |
| 2017 | \$194,464 | \$153,992 | \$348,456 |
| 2018 | 208,016 | 153,992 | 362,008 |
| 2019 | 217,262 | 153,992 | 371,254 |
| 2020 | 191,791 | 120,774 | 312,565 |
| 2021 | 0 | (10,094) | (10,094) |
| Thereafter | 0 | (1,918) | (1,918) |
| Total | \$811,533 | \$570,738 | \$1,382,271 |

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of the occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuations are presented below:

| Key Methods and Assumptions (| Jsed in Valuation of | Total Pension Liability |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| | | |

| Actuarial Information | Traditional Penion Plan | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Valuation Date | December 31, 2015 | |
| Experience Study | 5 year period ending December 31, 2010 | |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Individual Entry Age | |
| Actuarial Assumptions: | | |
| Investment Rate of Return | 8.00% | |
| Wage Inflation | 3.75% | |
| Projected Salary Increases | 4.25% - 10.05% (includes wage inflation at 3.75%) | |
| Cost-of-Living Adjustments: | | |
| Pre 1/7/2013 Retirees | 3.00% Simple, | |
| Post 1/7/2013 Retirees | 3.00% Simple, | |
| Through 2018, then | 2.80% Simple. | |

Mortality rates are the RP-2000 mortality table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105% of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100% of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances

were based on the RP-2000 mortality table with no projections. For males, 120% of the disabled female mortality rates were used, set forward two years. For females, 100% of the disabled female mortality rates were used.

The long term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan, and the VEBA Trust. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 0.4% for 2015.

The allocation of investment assets within the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The following table displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2015 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Maighted Average

| | | weighted Average |
|------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| | | Long-Term Expected |
| | Target | Real Rate of Return |
| Asset Class | Allocation | (Arithmetic) |
| Fixed Income | 23.00 % | 2.31 % |
| Domestic Equities | 20.70 | 5.84 |
| Real Estate | 10.00 | 4.25 |
| Private Equity | 10.00 | 9.25 |
| International Equities | 18.30 | 7.40 |
| Other investments | 18.00 | 4.59 |
| Total | 100.00 % | 5.27 % |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0% for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date

In October 2016, the OPERS Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of December 31, 2016. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 8.0 percent to 7.5 percent. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the Government's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

Sensitivity of the City Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net pension liability or asset calculated using the discount rate of 8.0%, and the expected net pension liability or asset if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0% lower or 1.0% higher than the current rate:

| | Current | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase | |
| | 7.00% | 8.00% | 9.00% | |
| City's proportionate share | | | | |
| of the net pension liability: | | | | |
| OPERS | \$4,593,797 | \$2,883,297 | \$1,440,545 | |

Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2015 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2015, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2015, are presented below:

| Valuation Date | January 1, 2015 |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
| Investment Rate of Return | 8.25% |
| Projected Salary Increases | 4.25% through 11% percent |
| Payroll Increases | 3.75% |
| Inflation Assumptions | 3.25% |
| Cost of Living Adjustments | 2.60% and 3.00%, simple |

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of

2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed January 1, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2015 are summarized below:

| | Target | 10 Year Expected | 30 Year Expected |
|--|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Asset Class | Allocation | Real Rate of Return** | Real Rate of Return** |
| Domestic Equity | 16.00 % | 4.47 % | 7.80 % |
| Non-US Equity | 16.00 | 4.47 | 8.00 |
| Core Fixed Income* | 20.00 | 1.62 | 5.35 |
| Global Inflation Protected Securities* | 20.00 | 1.33 | 4.73 |
| High Yield | 15.00 | 3.39 | 7.21 |
| Real Estate | 12.00 | 3.93 | 7.43 |
| Private Markets | 8.00 | 6.98 | 10.73 |
| Timber | 5.00 | 4.92 | 7.35 |
| Master Limited Partnerships | 8.00 | 7.03 | 10.75 |
| Total | 120.00 % | | |

Note: Assumptions are geometric

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate

The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.25 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to

^{*} levered 2x

^{**} Numbers include inflation

determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.25 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.25 percent) than the current rate.

| | Current | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
| | (7.25%) | (8.25%) | (9.25%) |
| City's proportionate share | | | |
| of the net pension liability: | | | |
| OP&F | \$5,049,211 | \$3,828,449 | \$2,794,343 |

Note 11 – Post Employment Benefits

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. In March 2016, OPERS received two favorable rulings from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) allowing OPERS to consolidate all health care assets into the OPERS 115 Health Care Trust. Transition to the new health care trust structure was completed July 1, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including OPERS sponsored health care coverage. OPERS funds a Retiree Medical Account (RMA) for participants in the Member-Directed Plan. At retirement or refund, participants can be reimbursed for qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2015 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the OPERS Board of Trustees (OPERS Board) in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2016, State and Local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0% of earnable salary and Public Safety and Law Enforcement employers contributed at 18.1%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 2.0% during calendar year 2016. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2017 decreased to 1.0% for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2016 was 4.0%.

Information from City's Records

The rates stated in Funding Policy, above, are the contractually required contribution rates for OPERS. The City's actual contributions for the current year, which were used to fund postemployment benefits, were \$42,463 for 2016, \$41,419 for 2015, and \$47,180 for 2014. The full amount has been contributed for 2016, 2015 and 2014.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement healthcare coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The healthcare coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide healthcare coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164, or by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org.

Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5% and 24.0% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of the covered payroll for police employer units and 24.0% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree healthcare benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was .5% of covered payroll from January 1, 2016 thru December 31, 2016. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the healthcare plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the healthcare plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Information from City's Records

The City's contributions to OP&F for the year ending December 31, 2016 was \$7,088, December 31, 2015 was \$6,814; and December 31, 2014 was \$6,799. The actual contributions for 2016, 2015 and were 100%.

Note 12 – Interfund Balances

Individual fund interfund receivable, interfund payable, transfers in and transfers out balances at fiscal year-end are as follows:

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| | Inter | fund | Transfers | | |
|----------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | Receivable | Payable | In | Out | |
| General Fund | \$80,776 | \$0 | \$21,710 | \$2,117,732 | |
| Capital Improvement Fund | 0 | 147,781 | 2,046,582 | 0 | |
| Equipment Replacement Fund | 227,005 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Waterworks Fund | 0 | 160,000 | 0 | 0 | |
| Other Governmental Funds | 0 | 0 | 71,150 | 21,710 | |
| Total All Funds | \$307,781 | \$307,781 | \$2,139,442 | \$2,139,442 | |

Interfund balances/transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

Note 13 – Outstanding Commitments

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

| Fund | Amount |
|----------------------|-----------|
| General | \$113,771 |
| Capital Improvements | \$492,451 |
| Waterworks | 32,222 |
| Nonmajor Funds | 27,517 |
| Total | \$665,961 |

Note 14 – Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, the City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures and GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.

GASB Statement No. 72 clarifies the definition of fair value for financial reporting purposes, establishes general principles for measuring fair value, provides additional fair value application guidance, and enhances disclosures about fair value measurements. These changes were incorporated in the City's note disclosures.

City of Wyoming, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

GASB Statement No. 73 establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68 as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68. It also clarifies the application of certain provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 73 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 76 reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 76 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 77 establishes improved financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. Disclosure of information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements will make these transactions more transparent to financial statement users. As a result, users will be better equipped to understand (1) how tax abatements affect a government's future ability to raise resources and meet its financial obligations and (2) the impact those abatements have on a government's financial position and economic condition. The implementation of GASB Statement No 77 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 79 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 79 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

Note 15 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

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| Fund Balances | General | Capital Improvement | Equipment Replacement | Other Governmental Funds | Total |
|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Nonspendable: Inventory | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$55,200 | \$55,200 |
| Total Nonspendable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 55,200 | 55,200 |
| rotal Nonspendable | U | O | O | 33,200 | 33,200 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| Capital Improvement | 0 | 209,591 | 0 | 0 | 209,591 |
| Street Construction | 0 | 0 | 0 | 395,940 | 395,940 |
| State Highway | 0 | 0 | 0 | 119,438 | 119,438 |
| Criminal Activity Forfeitures | 0 | 0 | 0 | 115 | 115 |
| Drug Offenders | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,998 | 2,998 |
| DUI Enforcement | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,915 | 7,915 |
| Mayor's Court Computer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,364 | 14,364 |
| FEMA Firefighter Grant | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Law Enforcement | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,807 | 2,807 |
| Total Restricted | 0 | 209,591 | 0 | 543,580 | 753,171 |
| Committed to: | | | | | |
| Equipment Replacement | 0 | 0 | 1,707,082 | 0 | 1,707,082 |
| Total Committed | 0 | 0 | 1,707,082 | 0 | 1,707,082 |
| Assigned to: | | | | | |
| Debt Service | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,410 | 1,410 |
| Retirement Reserve | 488,097 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 488,097 |
| Encumbrances | 40,634 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40,634 |
| Budgetary | 1,073,333 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,073,333 |
| Total Assigned | 1,602,064 | 0 | 0 | 1,410 | 1,603,474 |
| Unassigned | 1,466,773 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,466,773 |
| Total Fund Balance | \$3,068,837 | \$209,591 | \$1,707,082 | \$600,190 | \$5,585,700 |

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Wyoming, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - Traditional Plan Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

| | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability | 0.01664600% | 0.01639800% | 0.01639800% |
| City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$2,883,297 | \$1,977,782 | \$1,933,111 |
| City's Covered-Employee Payroll | \$2,417,067 | \$2,017,055 | \$2,899,992 |
| City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll | 119.29% | 98.05% | 66.66% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 81.08% | 86.45% | 86.36% |

^{(1) -} Information prior to 2013 is not available

Note - Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

City of Wyoming, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

| | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability | 0.0595120% | 0.0604886% | 0.0604886% |
| City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$3,828,449 | \$3,133,562 | \$2,945,985 |
| City's Covered-Employee Payroll | \$1,304,435 | \$1,243,324 | \$1,676,036 |
| City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll | 293.49% | 252.03% | 175.77% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 66.77% | 72.20% | 73.00% |

^{(1) -} Information prior to 2013 is not available

Note - Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

City of Wyoming, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - Traditional Plan Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Contractually Required Contribution | \$254,780 | \$290,048 | \$242,047 |
| Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | (254,780) \$0 | (290,048) \$0 | (242,047) \$0 |
| City's Covered-Employee Payroll | \$2,123,167 | \$2,417,067 | \$2,017,058 |
| Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll | 12.00% | 12.00% | 12.00% |

^{(1) -} Information prior to 2014 is not available

City of Wyoming, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Contractually Required Contribution | \$269,345 | \$262,061 | \$253,141 |
| Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | (269,345) \$0 | (262,061) \$0 | (253,141) |
| City's Covered-Employee Payroll | \$1,417,605 | \$1,304,435 | \$1,243,325 |
| Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll | 19.00% | 20.09% | 20.36% |

^{(1) -} Information prior to 2014 is not available

| General | |
|---------|--|
| Fund | |

| | Original | Final | | Variance from |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| | Budget | Budget | Actual | Final Budget |
| Revenues: | 40 =00 | 40 444 500 | 40.554.540 | 40.000 |
| Property Taxes | \$2,441,529 | \$2,441,529 | \$2,654,510 | \$212,981 |
| Income Taxes | 5,719,451 | 5,719,451 | 6,218,375 | 498,924 |
| Charges for Services | 248,443 | 248,443 | 270,115 | 21,672 |
| Investment Earnings | 56,381 | 56,381 | 61,299 | 4,918 |
| Intergovernmental | 458,082 | 458,082 | 498,042 | 39,960 |
| Fines, Licenses & Permits | 74,584 | 74,584 | 81,090 | 6,506 |
| Other Revenues | 169,552 | 169,552 | 184,343 | 14,791 |
| Total Revenues | 9,168,022 | 9,168,022 | 9,967,774 | 799,752 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General Government | | | | |
| Personnel Services | 1,162,023 | 1,170,100 | 1,136,869 | 33,231 |
| Contractual Services | 806,892 | 812,500 | 789,425 | 23,075 |
| Supplies and Materials | 19,377 | 19,512 | 18,958 | 554 |
| Other Expenditures | 338,928 | 341,283 | 331,591 | 9,692 |
| Total General Government | 2,327,220 | 2,343,395 | 2,276,843 | 66,552 |
| Public Safety | | | | |
| Personnel Services | 2,462,485 | 2,479,599 | 2,409,179 | 70,420 |
| Contractual Services | 186,982 | 188,281 | 182,934 | 5,347 |
| Supplies and Materials | 118,640 | 119,465 | 116,072 | 3,393 |
| Total Public Safety | 2,768,107 | 2,787,345 | 2,708,185 | 79,160 |
| Recreation | | | | |
| Contractual Services | 122,920 | 123,774 | 120,259 | 3,515 |
| Total Leisure Time Activities | 122,920 | 123,774 | 120,259 | 3,515 |
| | | | -, | |
| Community Environment | | | | |
| Personnel Services | 185,041 | 186,327 | 181,035 | 5,292 |
| Contractual Services | 34,765 | 35,006 | 34,012 | 994 |
| Supplies and Materials | 44,681 | 44,992 | 43,714 | 1,278 |
| Total Community Development | 264,487 | 266,325 | 258,761 | 7,564 |
| Basic Utility Service | | | | |
| Contractual Services | 637,581 | 642,012 | 623,779 | 18,233 |
| Total Basic Utility Service | 637,581 | 642,012 | 623,779 | 18,233 |
| | | | | Continued |

General Fund

| | | Tuna | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| | Original Budget | Final | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
| | Budget | Budget | Actual | Final Budget |
| Transportation and Street Repair | | | | |
| Personnel Services | 663,930 | 668,545 | 649,558 | 18,987 |
| Contractual Services | 48,720 | 49,058 | 47,665 | 1,393 |
| Supplies and Materials | 109,643 | 110,405 | 107,270 | 3,135 |
| Total Transportation and Street Repair | 822,293 | 828,008 | 804,493 | 23,515 |
| Public Health and Welfare | | | | |
| Contractual Services | 19,449 | 19,584 | 19,028 | 556 |
| Total Public Health and Welfare | 19,449 | 19,584 | 19,028 | 556 |
| Total Expenditures | 6,962,057 | 7,010,443 | 6,811,348 | 199,095 |
| Excess of Revenues Over | | | | |
| (Under) Expenditures | 2,205,965 | 2,157,579 | 3,156,426 | 998,847 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Advances (Out) | (74,386) | (74,903) | (72,776) | 2,127 |
| Transfers In | 185,526 | 185,526 | 201,710 | 16,184 |
| Transfers (Out) | (2,931,184) | (2,951,556) | (2,867,732) | 83,824 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (2,820,044) | (2,840,933) | (2,738,798) | 102,135 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (614,079) | (683,354) | 417,628 | 1,100,982 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year, (includes | | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 1,352,444 | 1,352,444 | 1,352,444 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$738,365 | \$669,090 | \$1,770,072 | \$1,100,982 |
| | | | | |

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Note 1 – Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as an assignment of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Some funds are reported as part of the general fund (GAAP basis) as opposed to the general fund being reported alone (budget basis).

City of Wyoming, Ohio Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For The Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

| | General |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| GAAP Basis | \$662,725 |
| Revenue Accruals | (710,127) |
| Expenditure Accruals | 1,217,344 |
| Transfers In | 180,000 |
| Transfers (Out) | (750,000) |
| Advances (Out) | (72,776) |
| Encumbrances | (109,738) |
| Funds Budgeted Elsewhere | 200 |
| Budget Basis | \$417,628 |

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Combining Statements And Individual Fund Schedules

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Improvement - To account for various capital projects financed by governmental funds. The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance are included in the Basic Financial Statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) follows this page.

Equipment Replacement - To account for the acquisition and replacement of equipment. This fund does not generate any revenue and is financed by transfers from other funds. The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance are included in the Basic Financial Statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) follows this page.

Capital Improvement Fund

| | Final | | Variance from |
|--|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Budget | Actual | Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | , | |
| Intergovernmental | \$213,483 | \$206,750 | (\$6,733) |
| Other Revenues | 1,905 | 1,845 | (60) |
| | | | |
| Total Revenues | 215,388 | 208,595 | (6,793) |
| | | | |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 1,827,739 | 1,725,534 | 102,205 |
| Debt Service: | | | |
| Principal Retirement | 737,157 | 695,936 | 41,221 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 363,263 | 342,950 | 20,313 |
| | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 2,928,159 | 2,764,420 | 163,739 |
| 5 (0 0 (1) 1) 5 (1) | (2.742.774) | (2.555.025) | 456.046 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (2,712,771) | (2,555,825) | 156,946 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Issuance of Debt | 171,612 | 166,200 | (5,412) |
| Advances (Out) | (45,547) | (43,000) | 2,547 |
| Transfers In | 2,113,231 | 2,046,582 | (66,649) |
| | | · · · | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 2,239,296 | 2,169,782 | (69,514) |
| | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (473,475) | (386,043) | 87,432 |
| | | | |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 537,520 | 537,520 | 0 |
| | | | |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$64,045 | \$151,477 | \$87,432 |
| | | | |

| | Equipment Replacement Fund | | |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
| Revenues: Other Revenues | \$0 | \$0 | \$0_ |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Expenditures: Capital Outlay | 770,032 | 614,341 | 155,691 |
| Total Expenditures | 770,032 | 614,341 | 155,691 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (770,032) | (614,341) | 155,691 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Advances In | 17,167 110,333 | 27,739 178,276 | 10,572 67,943 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 127,500 | 206,015 | 78,515 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (642,532) | (408,326) | 234,206 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 1,888,403 | 1,888,403 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$1,245,871 | \$1,480,077 | \$234,206 |

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term *proceeds of specific revenue sources* establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund.

Debt Service Funds

The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated (i.e. debt payable from property taxes). Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years also should be reported in debt service funds. The City has two Debt Service Funds for fiscal year 2016, the Public Facility Note Retirement Fund and the Property Acquisition Note Retirement Fund.

| | Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds | Nonmajor Debt Service Fund | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Assets: | | | |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$519,183 | \$1,410 | \$520,593 |
| Receivables (Net): | | | |
| Interest | 575 | 0 | 575 |
| Intergovernmental | 210,835 | 0 | 210,835 |
| Inventory | 55,200 | 0 | 55,200 |
| Total Assets | 785,793 | 1,410 | 787,203 |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 8,164 | 0 | 8,164 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 1,137 | 0 | 1,137 |
| Total Liabilities | 9,301 | 0 | 9,301 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | |
| Grants and Other Taxes | 177,712 | 0 | 177,712 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 177,712 | 0 | 177,712 |
| Fund Balances: | | | |
| Nonspendable | 55,200 | 0 | 55,200 |
| Restricted | 543,580 | 0 | 543,580 |
| Assigned | 0 | 1,410 | 1,410 |
| Total Fund Balances | 598,780 | 1,410 | 600,190 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances | \$785,793 | \$1,410 | \$787,203 |

City of Wyoming, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balance
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

| | Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds | Nonmajor Debt Service Fund | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Investment Earnings | \$5,593 | \$0 | \$5,593 |
| Intergovernmental | 424,794 | 0 | 424,794 |
| Fines, Licenses & Permits | 6,664 | 0 | 6,664 |
| Total Revenues | 437,051 | 0_ | 437,051 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | 7.506 | 0 | 7.500 |
| Public Safety | 7,506 | 0 | 7,506 |
| Transportation and Street Repair Capital Outlay | 295,461 11,746 | 0 0 | 295,461 11,746 |
| Debt Service: | 11,740 | U | 11,740 |
| Principal | 0 | 65,000 | 65,000 |
| Interest and Other Charges | 0 | 6,150 | 6,150 |
| mice est and series sharpes | | 3,230 | - 0,200 |
| Total Expenditures | 314,713 | 71,150 | 385,863 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 122,338 | (71,150) | 51,188 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Transfers In | 0 | 71,150 | 71,150 |
| Transfers (Out) | (21,710) | 0 | (21,710) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (21,710) | 71,150 | 49,440 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 100,628 | 0 | 100,628 |
| Fund Balance - Beginning of Year | 501,069 | 1,410 | 502,479 |
| Change in Nonspendable for Inventory | (2,917) | 0 | (2,917) |
| Fund Balance - End of Year | \$598,780 | \$1,410 | \$600,190 |

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Fund Descriptions

Street Construction - Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City.

State Highway - Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the state gasoline and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of state highways (Springfield Pike) within the City. 7.5 percent of state gasoline and auto license taxes are allocated to this fund.

Criminal Activity Forfeitures - Established in 1988 to enable the City to retain proceeds from the sale of contraband obtained by the Police Department through property seizure. Under State law, disbursements may be made from the fund only to pay the costs of investigations, technical training, matching funds for federal grants or other appropriate law enforcement purposes.

Drug Offenders - To account for monies acquired through mandatory fines imposed on felony drug traffic offenders and forfeited bail monies.

DUI Enforcement - Established in 1991 to receive fines imposed upon DUI offenders. Under state law, disbursements may be made from this fund for law enforcement purposes related to informing the public of laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, and other information relating to the operation of a motor vehicle and the consumption of alcoholic beverages.

Mayor's Court Computer - To account for monies received from court fines. Monies generated under this fund shall be used for computer related expenses of the Court.

FEMA Firefighter Grant - To account for monies received from the proceeds of the City's FEMA Firefighter grant. Monies from this grant will be used for firefighting expenses (training, etc.).

Law Enforcement - To account for monies received from the proceeds of the City's law enforcement activities, which participate with federal agencies in the arrest, and seizure of assets.

| | Street Construction | State Highway | Criminal Activity Forfeitures | Drug Offenders |
|--|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables (Net): | \$374,164 | \$116,817 | \$115 | \$2,998 |
| Interest | 438 | 137 | 0 | 0 |
| Intergovernmental | 195,023 | 15,812 | 0 | 0 |
| Inventory | 55,200 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Assets | 624,825 | 132,766 | 115 | 2,998 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 8,164 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 1,137 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Liabilities | 9,301 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | |
| Grants and Other Taxes | 164,384 | 13,328 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 164,384 | 13,328 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 55,200 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Restricted | 395,940 | 119,438 | 115 | 2,998 |
| Total Fund Balances | 451,140 | 119,438 | 115 | 2,998 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances | \$624,825 | \$132,766 | \$115 | \$2,998 |

| DUI Enforcement | Mayor's Court Computer | FEMA Firefighter Grant | Law Enforcement | Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds |
|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| \$7,915 | \$14,364 | \$3 | \$2,807 | \$519,183 |
| 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 575 210,835 55,200 |
| 7,915 | 14,364 | 3 | 2,807 | 785,793 |
| | | | | |
| 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 8,164 1,137 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,301 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 177,712 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 177,712 |
| | | | | |
| 0 7,915 | 0 14,364 | 0 | 0 2,807 | 55,200 543,580 |
| 7,915 | 14,364 | 3 | 2,807 | 598,780 |
| \$7,915 | \$14,364 | \$3 | \$2,807 | \$785,793 |

| | Street Construction | State Highway | Criminal Activity Forfeitures | Drug Offenders |
|--|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Investment Earnings | \$4,128 | \$1,465 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Intergovernmental | 392,934 | 31,860 | 0 | 0 |
| Fines, Licenses & Permits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Revenues | 397,062 | 33,325 | 0 | 0 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Public Safety | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transportation and Street Repair | 272,782 | 22,679 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital Outlay | 11,746 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 284,528 | 22,679 | 0 | 0 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 112,534 | 10,646 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 112,534 | 10,646 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance - Beginning of Year | 341,523 | 108,792 | 115 | 2,998 |
| Change in Nonspendable for Inventory | (2,917) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance - End of Year | \$451,140 | \$119,438 | \$115 | \$2,998 |

| DUI Enforcement | Mayor's Court Computer | FEMA Firefighter Grant | Law Enforcement | Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds |
|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,593 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 424,794 |
| 50 | 6,614 | 0 | 0 | 6,664 |
| 50 | 6,614 | 0_ | 0_ | 437,051 |
| 0 | 5,469 | 2,037 | 0 | 7,506 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 295,461 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,746 |
| 0 | 5,469 | 2,037 | 0 | 314,713 |
| 50 | 1,145 | (2,037) | 0 | 122,338 |
| 0 | 0 | (21,710) | 0 | (21,710) |
| 0 | 0 | (21,710) | 0 | (21,710) |
| 50 | 1,145 | (23,747) | 0 | 100,628 |
| 7,865 | 13,219 | 23,750 | 2,807 | 501,069 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (2,917) |
| \$7,915 | \$14,364 | \$3 | \$2,807 | \$598,780 |

Street Construction Fund

| - | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Investment Earnings | \$3,172 | \$3,223 | \$51 |
| Intergovernmental | 386,728 | 392,955 | 6,227 |
| Total Revenues | 389,900 | 396,178 | 6,278 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Transportation and Street Repair | | | |
| Personnel Services | 140,818 | 109,082 | 31,736 |
| Contractual Services | 136,162 | 105,475 | 30,687 |
| Supplies and Materials | 85,085 | 65,909 | 19,176 |
| Total Transportation and Street Repair | 362,065 | 280,466 | 81,599 |
| Capital Outlay | 45,299 | 35,090 | 10,209 |
| Total Expenditures | 407,364 | 315,556 | 91,808 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (17,464) | 80,622 | 98,086 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 271,197 | 271,197 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$253,733 | \$351,819 | \$98,086 |

| | | State Highway Fund | |
|--|-----------|--------------------------|---------------|
| | Final | | Variance from |
| - | Budget | Actual | Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Investment Earnings | \$1,073 | \$1,113 | \$40 |
| Intergovernmental | 30,727 | 31,861 | 1,134 |
| Total Revenues | 31,800 | 32,974 | 1,174 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Transportation and Street Repair | | | |
| Personnel Services | 16,284 | 10,692 | 5,592 |
| Contractual Services | 11,289 | 7,412 | 3,877 |
| Supplies and Materials | 8,400 | 5,515 | 2,885 |
| Total Transportation and Street Repair | 35,973 | 23,619 | 12,354 |
| Total Expenditures | 35,973 | 23,619 | 12,354 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (4,173) | 9,355 | 13,528 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 106,639 | 106,639 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$102,466 | \$115,994 | \$13,528 |

| | | Criminal Activity Forfeitures Fund | |
|--|-----------------|---|-------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Fines, Licenses & Permits | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 0 | 0_ |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| General Government | | | |
| Personnel Services | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total General Government | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 116 | 116 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$116 | \$116 | \$0 |

| | | Drug Offenders Fund | |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Fines, Licenses & Permits | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| <u>Public Safety</u> | | | |
| Personnel Services | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Public Safety | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 2,998 | 2,998 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$2,998 | \$2,998 | \$0 |

| | DUI Enforcement Fund | | |
|--|----------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Fines, Licenses & Permits | \$0 | \$50 | \$50 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 50 | 50 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Public Safety | | | |
| Personnel Services | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Public Safety | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 0 | 50 | 50 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 7,864 | 7,864 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$7,864 | \$7,914 | \$50 |

| | | Mayor's Court Computer Fund | |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Fines, Licenses & Permits | \$8,000 | \$5,745 | (\$2,255) |
| Total Revenues | 8,000 | 5,745 | (2,255) |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Public Safety | | | |
| Contractual Services | 8,000 | 5,469 | 2,531 |
| Total Public Safety | 8,000 | 5,469 | 2,531 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 0 | 276 | 276 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 12,993 | 12,993 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$12,993 | \$13,269 | \$276 |

| | | FEMA Firefighter Grant Fund | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | _ | - |
| Intergovernmental | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Expenditures: Current: Public Safety | | | |
| Contractual Services | 1,170 | 1,020 | 150 |
| Supplies and Materials | 1,166 | 1,017 | 149 |
| Total Public Safety Total Expenditures | <u>2,336</u> . | 2,037 | <u>299</u> |
| Total Experiations | 2,330 | 2,037 | |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (2,336) | (2,037) | 299 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfers (Out) | (24,892) | (21,710) | 3,182 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (24,892) | (21,710) | 3,182 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (27,228) | (23,747) | 3,481 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 23,775 | 23,775 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | (\$3,453) | \$28 | \$3,481 |

| | Law Enforcement Fund | | |
|--|----------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Income Taxes | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Expenditures: Current: | | | |
| General Government | | | |
| Personnel Services | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total General Government | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 2,807 | 2,807 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$2,807 | \$2,807 | \$0 |

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Fund Descriptions

Public Facility Note Retirement - To account for resources applied to the repayment of the outstanding public facility note debt obligation.

Property Acquisition Note Retirement - To account for resources applied to the repayment of the outstanding property acquisition note debt obligation.

| Assets: | Public Facility Note Retirement | Property Acquisition Note Retirement | Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds |
|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$28 | \$1,382 | \$1,410 |
| Total Assets | 28 | 1,382 | 1,410 |
| Liabilities: Accounts Payable | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Liabilities | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balances: Assigned | 28 | 1,382 | 1,410 |
| Total Fund Balances | 28 | 1,382 | 1,410 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances | \$28 | \$1,382 | \$1,410 |

City of Wyoming, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balance
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

| | Public Facility Note Retirement | Property Acquisition Note Retirement | Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds |
|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Revenues: Property and Other Taxes | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Expenditures: Current: Debt Service: | | | |
| Principal | 0 | 65,000 | 65,000 |
| Interest and Other Charges | 0 | 6,150 | 6,150 |
| Total Expenditures | 0 | 71,150 | 71,150 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 0 | (71,150) | (71,150) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In | 0 | 71,150 | 71,150 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 0 | 71,150 | 71,150 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance - Beginning of Year | 28 | 1,382 | 1,410 |
| Fund Balance - End of Year | \$28 | \$1,382 | \$1,410 |

Fund Balance End of Year

Public Facility Note Retirement Fund Final Variance from Budget Actual Final Budget Revenues: \$0 \$0 \$0 **Property Taxes Total Revenues** 0 0 0 Expenditures: Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 **Total Expenditures** 0____ 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes 27 prior year encumbrances appropriated) 27

\$27

\$27

Property Acquisition Note Retirement Fund

| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
|--|-----------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Debt Service: | | | |
| Principal Retirement | 65,000 | 65,000 | 0 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 6,150 | 6,150 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | 71,150 | 71,150 | 0 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (71,150) | (71,150) | 0 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Transfers In | 71,150 | 71,150 | 0 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 71,150 | 71,150 | 0 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 1,383 | 1,383 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$1,383 | \$1,383 | \$0 |
| | | | |

OTHER GENERAL FUNDS

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, certain funds that the City prepares legally adopted budgets for no longer meet the definition to be reported as Special Revenue funds and have been included with the General Fund in the governmental fund financial statements. The City has only presented the budget schedules for these funds.

Fund Descriptions

Recreation Fund – To account for the City's operation of recreation programs. Revenues are derived from recreation fees, memberships, admissions, etc. Expenditures include personnel as well as operating expenses.

Retirement Reserve Fund – To reserve funds for the accrued liability associated with retirement benefits primarily unused accumulated sick leave.

Health/Life Insurance Fund – To account for payment of claims and premiums and the general administration of the health and life coverage provided to City employees.

| | | Recreation (1) Fund | |
|--|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$753,095 | \$764,096 | \$11,001 |
| Total Revenues | 753,095 | 764,096 | 11,001 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Recreation | | | |
| Personnel Services | 541,152 | 498,287 | 42,865 |
| Contractual Services | 510,284 | 469,864 | 40,420 |
| Supplies and Materials | 110,871 | 102,089 | 8,782 |
| Other Expenditures | 2,137 | 1,968 | 169 |
| Total Leisure Time Activities | 1,164,444 | 1,072,208 | 92,236 |
| Total Expenditures | 1,164,444 | 1,072,208 | 92,236 |
| Excess of Revenues Over | | | |
| (Under) Expenditures | (411,349) | (308,112) | 103,237 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfers In | 295,681 | 300,000 | 4,319 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 295,681 | 300,000 | 4,319 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (115,668) | (8,112) | 107,556 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 304,339 | 304,339 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$188,671 | \$296,227 | \$107,556 |

⁽¹⁾ This fund is combined with the General fund in GAAP Statements.

| | | Retirement Reserve (1) Fund | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Other Revenues | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total Revenues | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| General Government | | | |
| Personnel Services | 69,000 | 68,927 | 73 |
| | | | |
| Total General Government | 69,000 | 68,927 | 73 |
| | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 69,000 | 68,927 | 73 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (69,000) | (68,927) | 73 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |

488,097

\$419,097

488,097

\$419,170

0

\$73

prior year encumbrances appropriated)

Fund Balance End of Year

⁽¹⁾ This fund is combined with the General fund in GAAP Statements.

Health/Life Insurance (1) Fund

| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget |
|--|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Other Revenues | \$111,962 | \$115,737 | \$3,775 |
| Total Revenues | 111,962 | 115,737 | 3,775 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| General Government | | | |
| Personnel Services | 650,324 | 500,198 | 150,126 |
| Total General Government | 650,324 | 500,198 | 150,126 |
| Total Expenditures | 650,324 | 500,198 | 150,126 |
| Excess of Revenues Over | | | |
| (Under) Expenditures | (538,362) | (384,461) | 153,901 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfers In | 503,038 | 520,000 | 16,962 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 503,038 | 520,000 | 16,962 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (35,324) | 135,539 | 170,863 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes | | | |
| prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 56,131 | 56,131 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$20,807 | \$191,670 | \$170,863 |

⁽¹⁾ This fund is combined with the General fund in GAAP Statements.

NONMAJOR FUNDS

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

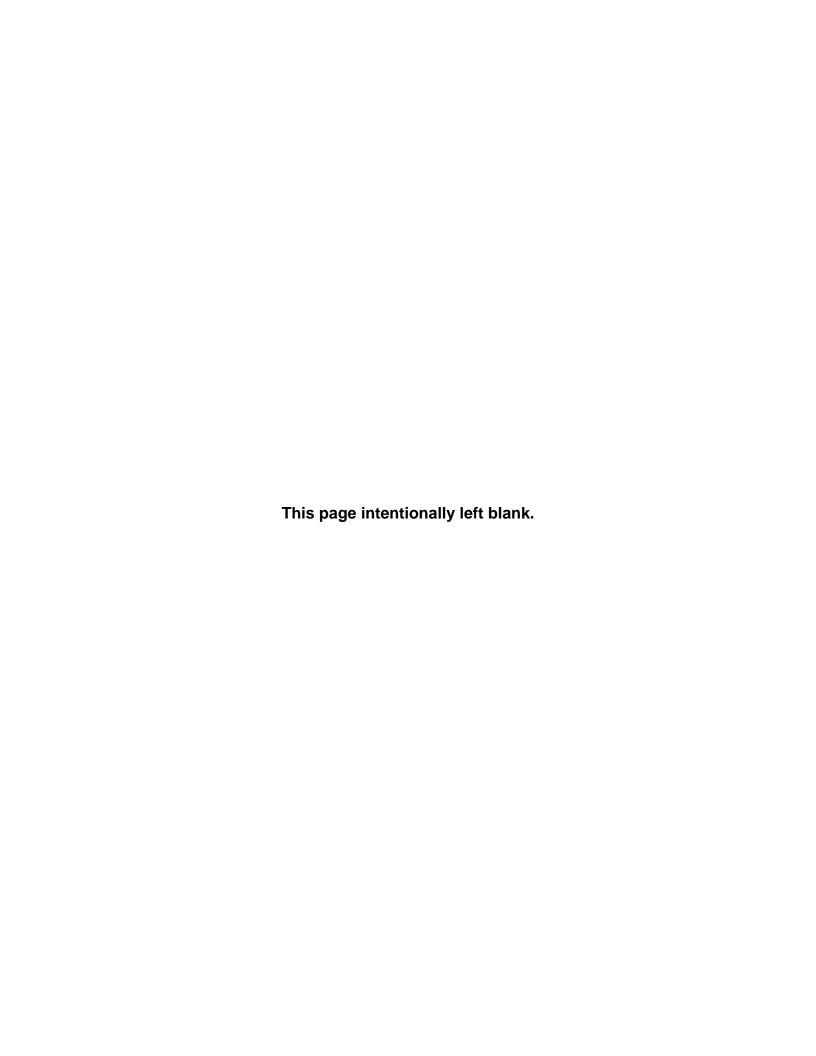
Fund Descriptions

Agency Fund - Sewer - To account for all revenues collected for the Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD) for provision of sewer service to the citizens of Wyoming and to record sewer service charges paid to MSD.

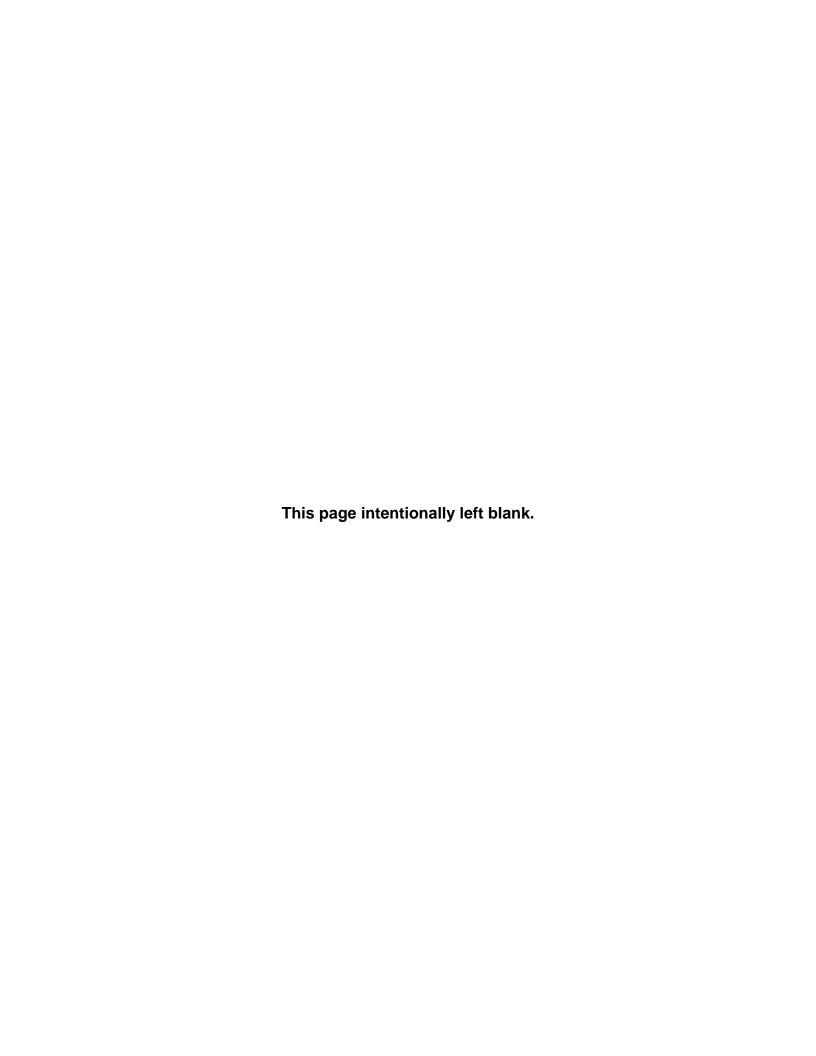
Agency Fund - Mayor's Court - To account for funds that flow through the Mayor's Court Office.

| | | Sew | er | |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Beginning Balance | Additions | Deductions | Ending Balance |
| Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables (Net): | \$345,269 | \$2,409,732 | \$2,407,652 | \$347,349 |
| Accounts | 576,186 | 571,342 | 576,186 | 571,342 |
| Total Assets | 921,455 | 2,981,074 | 2,983,838 | 918,691 |
| Liabilities: Undistributed Monies | 921,455 | 2,981,074 | 2,983,838 | 918,691 |
| Total Liabilities | \$921,455 | \$2,981,074 | \$2,983,838 | \$918,691 |
| | Beginning | Mayı Cou | ırt | Ending |
| | Balance | Additions | Deductions | Balance |
| Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$4,250 | \$91,228 | \$88,455 | \$7,023 |
| Total Assets | 4,250 | 91,228 | 88,455 | 7,023 |
| Liabilities: Undistributed Monies Total Liabilities | 4,250 \$4,250 | 91,228 \$91,228 | 88,455 \$88,455 | 7,023 \$7,023 |
| | | Total All Age | ency Funds | |
| | Beginning Balance | Additions | Deductions | Ending Balance |
| Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables (Net): | \$349,519 | \$2,500,960 | \$2,496,107 | \$354,372 |
| Accounts | 576,186 | 571,342 | 576,186 | 571,342 |
| Total Assets | 925,705 | 3,072,302 | 3,072,293 | 925,714 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Undistributed Monies | 925,705 | 3,072,302 | 3,072,293 | 925,714 |
| Total Liabilities | \$925,705 | \$3,072,302 | \$3,072,293 | \$925,714 |
| | | | | |

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STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the income tax and property tax.

Debt Capacity - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Economic and Demographic Information - These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.

Operating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources - Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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City of Wyoming, Ohio Net Position by Component Last Ten Calendar Years (accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 1

| | | | | | Calendar Year | ar Year | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$15,873,484 \$17,213 | \$17,213,738 | \$16,825,156 | \$18,034,434 | \$18,943,615 | \$19,545,514 | \$19,490,276 | \$20,104,958 | \$20,759,118 | \$22,007,326 |
| Restricted | 545,147 | 403,221 | 494,819 | 497,040 | 537,430 | 678,097 | 643,252 | 636,916 | 974,963 | 957,802 |
| Unrestricted | 8,837,510 | 6,779,977 | 6,987,201 | 6,295,759 | 5,206,503 | 5,790,786 | 6,574,627 | 5,849,558 | 2,020,193 | 1,460,746 |
| Total Governmental Activities Net Position | \$25,256,141 | \$25,256,141 \$24,396,936 | \$24,307,176 | \$24,827,233 | \$24,687,548 | \$26,014,397 | \$26,708,155 | \$26,591,432 | \$23,754,274 | \$24,425,874 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$37,200 | \$526,502 | \$462,426 | \$1,470,391 | \$2,580,270 | \$3,138,806 | \$3,347,370 | \$3,455,469 | \$3,915,440 | \$4,163,666 |
| Restricted | 15,468 | 179,690 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unrestricted | 1,290,010 | 759,651 | 717,359 | 716,533 | 508,242 | 1,690,179 | 1,667,394 | 1,609,198 | 1,400,807 | 1,249,667 |
| Total Business-Type Activities Net Position | \$1,342,678 | \$1,465,843 | \$1,179,785 | \$2,186,924 | \$3,088,512 | \$4,828,985 | \$5,014,764 | \$5,064,667 | \$5,316,247 | \$5,413,333 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Primary Government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$15,910,684 \$17,740 | \$17,740,240 | \$17,287,582 | \$19,504,825 | \$21,523,885 | \$22,684,320 | \$22,837,646 | \$23,560,427 | \$24,674,558 | \$26,170,992 |
| Restricted | 560,615 | 582,911 | 494,819 | 497,040 | 537,430 | 678,097 | 643,252 | 636,916 | 974,963 | 957,802 |
| Unrestricted | 10,127,520 | 7,539,628 | 7,704,560 | 7,012,292 | 5,714,745 | 7,480,965 | 8,242,021 | 7,458,756 | 3,421,000 | 2,710,413 |
| Total Primary Government Net Position | \$26,598,819 | \$25,862,779 | \$25,486,961 | \$27,014,157 | \$27,776,060 | \$30,843,382 | \$31,722,919 | \$31,656,099 | \$29,070,521 | \$29,839,207 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: City Records

City of Wyoming, Ohio Changes in Net Position Last Ten Calendar Years (accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 2

| | | | | | Calendar Year | r Year | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | \$2,680,833 | \$3,960,383 | \$3,999,232 | \$3,329,619 | \$2,696,316 | \$2,805,362 | \$2,320,530 | \$3,121,794 | \$2,461,163 | \$2,788,605 |
| Public Safety | 2,840,887 | 3,075,285 | 2,898,740 | 3,142,392 | 3,144,412 | 2,882,757 | 2,722,051 | 2,703,361 | 2,855,023 | 2,922,948 |
| Leisure Time Activities | 1,624,584 | 1,713,875 | 1,556,361 | 1,647,147 | 1,630,553 | 1,619,481 | 1,315,475 | 1,304,012 | 408,341 | 1,414,283 |
| Community Development | 360,978 | 394,290 | 352,675 | 473,420 | 463,301 | 229,910 | 549,843 | 344,907 | 1,364,333 | 424,046 |
| Basic Utility Service | 584,599 | 547,843 | 556,496 | 573,699 | 511,108 | 559,625 | 488,926 | 556,180 | 1,564,961 | 577,672 |
| Transportation and Street Repair | 1,554,616 | 1,733,726 | 1,263,033 | 1,226,103 | 1,293,436 | 1,481,496 | 1,198,416 | 1,321,253 | 571,118 | 1,950,312 |
| Public Health and Welfare | 50,269 | 66,179 | 66,801 | 66,983 | 67,258 | 67,294 | 66,913 | 66,911 | 67,414 | 19,133 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 404,138 | 379,349 | 410,378 | 524,984 | 506,270 | 408,194 | 446,015 | 427,762 | 400,408 | 378,415 |
| Total Governmental Activities Expenses | 10,100,904 | 11,870,930 | 11,103,716 | 10,984,347 | 10,312,654 | 10,054,119 | 9,108,169 | 9,846,180 | 9,692,761 | 10,475,414 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Utility | 1,603,491 | 1,609,073 | 1,903,423 | 1,470,035 | 1,571,141 | 1,639,248 | 1,534,134 | 1,609,221 | 1,430,532 | 1,781,596 |
| Total Business-Type Activities Expenses | 1,603,491 | 1,609,073 | 1,903,423 | 1,470,035 | 1,571,141 | 1,639,248 | 1,534,134 | 1,609,221 | 1,430,532 | 1,781,596 |
| Total Primary Government Expenses | \$11,704,395 | \$13,480,003 | \$13,007,139 | \$12,454,382 | \$11,883,795 | \$11,693,367 | \$10,642,303 | \$11,455,401 | \$11,123,293 | \$12,257,010 |
| Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Character for Conference and Colors | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clidges for pervices and sales. General Government | \$162,015 | \$187,311 | \$178,957 | \$40,579 | \$192,804 | \$104,429 | \$101,722 | \$108,346 | \$74,451 | \$74,551 |
| Public Safety | 152,009 | 131,359 | 124,778 | 126,369 | 114,541 | 96,751 | 173,297 | 134,091 | 131,147 | 97,295 |
| Leisure Time Activities | 692,788 | 786,529 | 742,538 | 729,015 | 764,325 | 733,707 | 717,039 | 810,132 | 820,599 | 827,392 |
| Community Development | 70,326 | 74,163 | 67,507 | 71,375 | 64,623 | 67,755 | 40,080 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Basic Utility Service | 98,695 | 98,267 | 102,005 | 157,429 | 54,344 | 112,418 | 114,827 | 120,843 | 131,365 | 117,993 |
| Transportation and Street Repair | 069'9 | 6,708 | 2,819 | 3,521 | 5,837 | 6,148 | 36,001 | 2,060 | 4,022 | 2,969 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 482,852 | 523,622 | 585,358 | 481,773 | 614,638 | 578,823 | 498,930 | 615,190 | 457,790 | 424,444 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 283,604 | 670,800 | 842,236 | 1,383,796 | 452,925 | 1,134,999 | 20,330 | 2,303 | 138,229 | 206,750 |
| Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues | 1,948,979 | 2,478,759 | 2,646,198 | 2,993,857 | 2,264,037 | 2,835,030 | 1,702,226 | 1,797,965 | 1,757,603 | 1,751,394 |
| Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services and Sales: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Utility | 2,000,740 | 1,791,952 | 1,695,733 | 2,018,093 | 1,784,774 | 1,909,736 | 1,748,702 | 1,727,512 | 1,775,429 | 1,851,152 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 36,000 | 65,322 | 11,258 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 141,107 | 681,428 | 1,055,592 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues | 2,000,740 | 1,791,952 | 1,695,733 | 2,159,200 | 2,466,202 | 2,965,328 | 1,748,702 | 1,763,512 | 1,840,751 | 1,862,410 |
| Total Primary Government Program Revenues | \$3,949,719 | \$4,270,711 | \$4,341,931 | \$5,153,057 | \$4,730,239 | \$5,800,358 | \$3,450,928 | \$3,561,477 | \$3,598,354 | \$3,613,804 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

City of Wyoming, Ohio Changes in Net Position Last Ten Calendar Years (accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 2 (Continued)

| | | | | | Calendar Year | rear | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Net (Expense)/ Revenue Governmental Activities | (\$8,151,925) | (\$9,392,171) | (\$8,457,518) | (\$7,990,490) | (\$8,048,617) | (\$7,219,089) | (\$7,405,943) | (\$8,048,215) | (\$7,935,158) | (\$8,724,020) |
| Business-Type Activities | 397,249 | 182,879 | (207,690) | 689,165 | 895,061 | 1,326,080 | 214,568 | 154,291 | 410,219 | 80,814 |
| Total Primary Government Net Expenses | (\$7,754,676) | (\$9,209,292) | (\$8,665,208) | (\$7,301,325) | (\$7,153,556) | (\$5,893,009) | (\$7,191,375) | (\$7,893,924) | (\$7,524,939) | (\$8,643,206) |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position | on | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Income Taxes | \$4,605,216 | \$4,301,728 | \$3,597,362 | \$4,167,336 | \$3,798,316 | \$4,488,906 | \$4,540,860 | \$4,565,067 | \$5,802,691 | \$5,841,680 |
| Property Taxes Levied for: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Purposes | 2,744,068 | 2,611,321 | 2,707,196 | 2,722,396 | 2,755,848 | 2,511,722 | 2,395,889 | 2,403,441 | 2,651,572 | 2,656,859 |
| Grants and Entitlements not Restricted | 1,679,077 | 1,112,200 | 1,845,230 | 1,101,306 | 1,157,415 | 1,753,213 | 914,292 | 552,153 | 532,215 | 487,973 |
| Investment Earnings | 460,683 | 281,125 | 72,750 | 36,419 | 36,126 | 25,977 | 8,813 | 34,569 | (14,397) | 27,033 |
| Other Revenues | 43,329 | 120,456 | 56,784 | 8,642 | 161,227 | 174,360 | 289,596 | 223,791 | 340,148 | 382,075 |
| Transfers-Internal Activities | 99,923 | 106,136 | 88,436 | 0 | 0 | (408,240) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Governmental Activities | 9,632,296 | 8,532,966 | 8,367,758 | 8,036,099 | 7,908,932 | 8,545,938 | 8,149,450 | 7,779,021 | 9,312,229 | 9,395,620 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Earnings | 52,983 | 46,422 | 10,068 | 2,669 | 6,527 | 6,153 | 1,334 | 7,328 | 8,215 | 16,272 |
| Transfers-Internal Activities | (99,923) | (106,136) | (88,436) | 1,147 | 0 | 408,240 | 0 | 40,755 | 2,825 | 0 |
| Total Business-Type Activities | (46,940) | (59,714) | (78,368) | 3,816 | 6,527 | 414,393 | 1,334 | 48,083 | 11,040 | 16,272 |
| Total Primary Government | \$9,585,356 | \$8,473,252 | \$8,289,390 | \$8,039,915 | \$7,915,459 | \$8,960,331 | \$8,150,784 | \$7,827,104 | \$9,323,269 | \$9,411,892 |
| Change in Net Position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities | \$1,480,371 | (\$859,205) | (\$89,760) | \$45,609 | (\$139,685) | \$1,326,849 | \$743,507 | (\$269,194) | \$1,377,071 | \$671,600 |
| Business-Type Activities | 350,309 | 123,165 | (286,058) | 692,981 | 901,588 | 1,740,473 | 215,902 | 202,374 | 421,259 | 92,086 |
| Total Primary Government | \$1,830,680 | (\$736,040) | (\$375,818) | \$738.590 | \$761.903 | \$3.067.322 | \$959,409 | (\$66.820) | \$1.798.330 | \$768.686 |

Source: City Records

City of Wyoming, Ohio Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Calendar Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 3

| | | | | | Calendar Year | r Year | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 (1) | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| General Fund Reserved | \$58,763 | \$245,722 | \$345,592 | \$318,675 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 0\$ | \$0 |
| Unreserved | 3,839,351 | 3,098,766 | 2,854,509 | 1,902,542 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Assigned Unassigned | | | | | 711,471 1,704,278 | 1,234,012 724,424 | 1,607,505 1,515,465 | 1,415,144 920,286 | 1,007,634 1,398,478 | 1,602,064 1,466,773 |
| Total General Fund | \$3,898,114 | \$3,344,488 | \$3,200,101 | \$2,221,217 | \$2,415,749 | \$1,958,436 | \$3,122,970 | \$2,335,430 | \$2,406,112 | \$3,068,837 |
| All Other Governmental Funds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved | \$2,030,586 | \$681,662 | \$758,579 | \$584,262 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Unreserved, Reported in: Special Revenue Funds | 303 962 | 320 926 | 416 956 | 445 074 | C | C | C | C | C | C |
| Debt Service Funds | 45 | 46 | 47 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital Project Funds | 1,529,999 | 734,122 | 4,603,703 | 3,617,366 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nonspendable | | | | | 41,328 | 61,992 | 9,682 | 52,433 | 58,117 | 55,200 |
| Restricted | | | | | 939,876 | 444,970 | 478,046 | 411,103 | 769,283 | 753,171 |
| Committed | | | | | 2,187,414 | 2,586,931 | 2,565,822 | 2,534,834 | 2,279,541 | 1,707,082 |
| Assigned | | | | | 47 | 1,410 | 1,410 | 1,410 | 1,410 | 1,410 |
| Unassigned | | | | | 0 | (90,320) | 0 | (68,914) | 0 | 0 |
| Total All Other Governmental Funds | \$3,864,592 | \$1,736,756 | \$5,779,285 | \$4,646,749 | \$3,168,665 | \$3,004,983 | \$3,054,960 | \$2,930,866 | \$3,108,351 | \$2,516,863 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: City Records

(1) - Prior year amounts have not been restated for the implementation of GASB Statement 54. The change in the classification of fund balance amounts in 2011 are discussed in the Notes to the Financial Statements

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City of Wyoming, Ohio Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Calendar Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 4

| | | | | | Calendar Year | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$6,975,423 | \$7,190,591 | \$6,725,592 | \$6,512,868 | \$6,765,678 | \$6,650,808 | \$7,372,548 | \$6,890,105 | \$8,266,276 | \$8,681,477 |
| Fines, Licenses and Permits | 114,490 | 136,378 | 132,307 | 103,869 | 118,712 | 93,950 | 112,136 | 112,644 | 96,118 | 101,252 |
| Charges for Services | 853,279 | 922,815 | 876,069 | 961,939 | 1,138,102 | 1,026,697 | 1,017,176 | 1,077,778 | 1,093,662 | 1,024,985 |
| Investment Earnings | 459,503 | 290,173 | 75,151 | 42,712 | 35,191 | 26,348 | 8,407 | 32,878 | (10,085) | 85,895 |
| Intergovernmental | 2,291,808 | 2,200,663 | 3,079,907 | 2,930,288 | 2,218,007 | 3,468,717 | 1,550,205 | 1,168,896 | 1,118,060 | 1,128,237 |
| Special Assessments | 1,712 | 184 | 709 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Revenues | 228,337 | 313,082 | 268,663 | 11,134 | 145,454 | 166,696 | 289,649 | 242,792 | 345,330 | 301,701 |
| Total Revenues | \$10,924,552 | \$11,053,886 | \$11,158,398 | \$10,562,810 | \$10,421,144 | \$11,433,216 | \$10,350,121 | \$9,525,093 | \$10,909,361 | \$11,323,547 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | \$2,577,727 | \$3,806,276 | \$3,054,323 | \$2,629,106 | \$2,545,477 | \$2,712,071 | \$2,203,807 | \$2,983,964 | \$2,815,641 | \$2,546,934 |
| Public Safety | 2,490,263 | 2,777,577 | 2,540,028 | 2,735,712 | 2,853,292 | 2,642,384 | 2,543,340 | 2,506,400 | 2,612,898 | 2,571,385 |
| Leisure Time Activities | 1,214,787 | 1,287,370 | 1,346,448 | 1,379,819 | 1,394,919 | 1,397,640 | 1,148,381 | 1,141,457 | 1,209,375 | 1,142,765 |
| Community Development | 295,359 | 222,513 | 229,943 | 335,900 | 287,043 | 376,313 | 295,137 | 267,803 | 270,903 | 247,495 |
| Basic Utility Service | 519,012 | 547,843 | 556,496 | 573,699 | 511,108 | 559,625 | 488,926 | 556,180 | 571,118 | 577,672 |
| Transportation and Street Repair | 858,354 | 968,897 | 941,812 | 920,798 | 924,291 | 1,064,468 | 1,042,043 | 960'256 | 1,151,814 | 1,105,503 |
| Public Health and Welfare | 50,269 | 66,179 | 66,801 | 66,983 | 67,258 | 67,294 | 66,913 | 66,911 | 67,414 | 19,133 |
| Capital Outlay | 4,763,043 | 3,416,802 | 3,160,388 | 3,013,099 | 2,010,693 | 2,579,813 | 175,513 | 721,422 | 1,246,049 | 2,111,175 |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal Retirement | 323,656 | 362,908 | 376,061 | 564,788 | 631,501 | 701,923 | 688,689 | 871,546 | 731,560 | 757,690 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 406,784 | 380,944 | 399,422 | 522,744 | 507,878 | 423,804 | 430,551 | 409,699 | 386,491 | 363,580 |
| Bond Issuance Costs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52,250 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Expenditures | \$13,499,254 | \$13,840,309 | \$12,671,722 | \$12,742,648 | \$11,733,460 | \$12,577,585 | \$9,083,300 | \$10,482,478 | \$11,063,263 | \$11,443,332 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

City of Wyoming, Ohio Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Calendar Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 4 (continued)

| | | | | | Calendar Year | | | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures | (\$2,574,702) | (\$2,574,702) (\$2,786,423) | (\$1,513,324) | (\$2,179,838) | (\$1,312,316) | (\$1,144,369) | \$1,266,821 | (\$957,385) | (\$153,902) | (\$119,785) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) Procceds from Sale of Capital Assets | \$0 | \$0 | \$ | \$0 | \$18,466 | \$10,025 | 0\$ | \$3,000 | \$19,056 | \$27,739 |
| Issuance of Long-Term Capital-Related Debt | 0 | 0 | 5,324,080 | 67,338 | 0 | 435,633 | 0 | 0 | 377,329 | 166,200 |
| Sale of Refunding Bonds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,330,725 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Payments to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (2,431,835) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Premium on Sale of Refunded Bonds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 158,162 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transfers In | 2,750,272 | 1,682,782 | 2,650,944 | 1,847,436 | 1,167,325 | 1,686,333 | 1,207,708 | 1,409,418 | 1,640,854 | 2,139,442 |
| Transfers (Out) | (2,650,349) | (2,650,349) (1,576,646) | (2,562,508) | (1,847,436) | (1,167,325) | (1,686,333) | (1,207,708) | (1,409,418) | (1,640,854) | (2,139,442) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 99,923 | 106,136 | 5,412,516 | 67,338 | 18,466 | 502,710 | 0 | 3,000 | 396,385 | 193,939 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | (\$2,474,779) | (\$2,474,779) (\$2,680,287) | \$3,899,192 | (\$2,112,500) | (\$1,293,850) | (\$641,659) | \$1,266,821 | (\$954,385) | \$242,483 | \$74,154 |
| Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures (1) | 7.6% | %9:9 | 7.8% | 10.4% | 11.3% | 10.0% | 12.9% | 13.1% | 10.8% | 11.5% |

Source: City Records

(1) - Noncapital expenditures is total expenditures minus capital outlay

| Calendar Year | Real Property Assessed Value | Tangible Personal Property Assessed Value | Public Utilities Personal Assessed Value | Total Assessed Value | Total Estimated Actual Value | Total Direct Rate |
|------------------|------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 2007 (1) | \$299,527,030 | \$1,779,600 | \$3,403,410 | \$304,710,040 | \$870,600,114 | 10.00 |
| 2008 (1) | 301,350,170 | 1,040,710 | 3,027,740 | 305,418,620 | 872,624,629 | 10.00 |
| 2009 (1) | 308,159,320 | 206,440 | 3,403,560 | 311,769,320 | 890,769,486 | 10.00 |
| 2010 (1) | 307,081,700 | 111,900 | 3,313,740 | 310,507,340 | 887,163,829 | 10.00 |
| 2011 (1) | 274,291,220 | 0 | 3,605,980 | 277,897,200 | 793,992,000 | 10.00 |
| 2012 (1) | 273,698,300 | 0 | 3,736,410 | 277,434,710 | 792,670,600 | 10.00 |
| 2013 (1) | 273,670,970 | 0 | 4,016,360 | 277,687,330 | 793,392,371 | 10.00 |
| 2014 (1) | 300,596,430 | 0 | 4,315,360 | 304,911,790 | 871,176,543 | 10.00 |
| 2015 (1) | 301,278,350 | 0 | 4,466,990 | 305,745,340 | 873,558,114 | 10.00 |
| 2016 (1) | 302,297,210 | 0 | 4,511,410 | 306,808,620 | 876,596,057 | 10.00 |

Source: County Auditor

(1) - Both Tangible Personal Property and Public Utility Personal Property are expected to further decrease over the next three years due to a change made by the State of Ohio in its tax structure. Currently the State is reimbursing the City for these lost revenues and plans to reimburse 100% of these losses through 2010 at which time the reimbursement is expected to be reduced until 2017.

Note: The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. Personal property tax is assessed on all tangible personal property used in business in Ohio. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property is assessed at 25 percent for everything except inventories, which are assessed at 23 percent. Property is assessed annually.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue to be received in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10 percent, 2 1/2 percent and homestead exemptions before being billed.

City of Wyoming, Ohio Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 6

| | Hamilton County | 20.18 | 20.56 | 20.63 | 20.48 | 19.45 | 19.03 | 19.03 | 19.03 | 18.85 | 18.85 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|---------|---------|-------|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|--------|
| | Joint Vocational | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.70 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Winton Woods | City School District | 78.03 | 78.03 | 78.03 | 85.93 | 86.03 | 87.32 | 87.41 | 87.41 | 87.41 | 87.81 | | | | | | | | | | |
| ng Rates | Cincinnati City School District | 59.37 | 59.67 | 67.95 | 67.87 | 68.54 | 70.76 | 71.34 | 71.49 | 70.65 | 70.15 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overlapping Rates | Library District | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Park District | 1.03 | 1.03 | 1.03 | 1.03 | 1.03 | 1.03 | 1.03 | 1.03 | 1.03 | 1.03 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Finneytown Local School District | 86.69 | 29.98 | 86.92 | 96'98 | 94.90 | 94.90 | 88.96 | 96.88 | 96.88 | 6.93 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Wyoming City School District | 87.91 | 87.87 | 87.87 | 87.84 | 87.84 | 88.58 | 93.37 | 93.37 | 93.37 | 93.28 | es | | Total | 10.00 | 93.28 | 1.00 | 18.85 | 2.70 | 1.03 | 126.86 |
| Direct Rate | Total Direct Rate | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 2016 Tax Rates | Outside | 10 Mill | 0.00 | 89.43 | 1.00 | 16.59 | 2.70 | 1.00 | 110.72 |
| Direc | General Fund (1) | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | | Inside | 10 Mill | 10.00 | 3.85 | 0.00 | 2.26 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 16.14 |
| | Calendar Year | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | | City of | Wyoming | City | Wyoming School District | Library District | Hamilton County | JVS District | Park District | Total |

Source: County Auditor

(1) - The General Fund is the only component of the direct rate.

Note: Rates may only be raised by obtaining the approval of a majority of the voters at a public election.

| | 201 | 6 |
|--|---|---|
| | | Percentage |
| | | of Total |
| | Assessed | Assessed |
| Taxpayer | Value | Value |
| | 4 | |
| Duke Energy Ohio Inc | \$4,403,310 | 1.44% |
| Heritage Apartments Co. | 980,000 | 0.32% |
| Landers, Thomas & B. Kay | 471,000 | 0.15% |
| Rutter, Michael & Meilan | 449,820 | 0.15% |
| Pepper, John E. Jr. & Frances | 439,440 | 0.14% |
| Cohen Dan W TR & Judith F TR | 431,760 | 0.14% |
| Lipson, Susan C. | 419,910 | 0.14% |
| Hammersmith, Rob & Alicia | 414,410 | 0.14% |
| Ward, Nancy B. | 402,530 | 0.13% |
| Rosenthal Nancy G CO-TR & Edwawrds CO_TR | 369,070 | 0.12% |
| Total Principal Property Tax Payers | \$8,781,250 | 2.87% |
| Total Assessed Value | \$305,745,340 | |
| | | |
| | 200 | 7 |
| | 200 | 7 Percentage |
| | 200 | |
| | 200 | Percentage |
| Taxpayer | | Percentage of Total |
| | Assessed Value | Percentage of Total Assessed Value |
| Duke Energy | Assessed Value \$2,848,720 | Percentage of Total Assessed Value |
| Duke Energy Heritage Apartments Company | Assessed Value \$2,848,720 936,040 | Percentage of Total Assessed Value 0.93% 0.31% |
| Duke Energy Heritage Apartments Company Coral Wyoming LLC | Assessed Value \$2,848,720 936,040 803,050 | Percentage of Total Assessed Value 0.93% 0.31% 0.26% |
| Duke Energy Heritage Apartments Company Coral Wyoming LLC Cincinnati Bell | Assessed Value \$2,848,720 936,040 803,050 595,870 | Percentage of Total Assessed Value 0.93% 0.31% 0.26% 0.20% |
| Duke Energy Heritage Apartments Company Coral Wyoming LLC Cincinnati Bell Wilson, Kathleen Y. | Assessed Value \$2,848,720 936,040 803,050 595,870 491,540 | Percentage of Total Assessed Value 0.93% 0.31% 0.26% 0.20% 0.16% |
| Duke Energy Heritage Apartments Company Coral Wyoming LLC Cincinnati Bell Wilson, Kathleen Y. Landers, Thomas & B. Kay | Assessed Value \$2,848,720 936,040 803,050 595,870 491,540 455,010 | Percentage of Total Assessed Value 0.93% 0.31% 0.26% 0.20% 0.16% 0.15% |
| Duke Energy Heritage Apartments Company Coral Wyoming LLC Cincinnati Bell Wilson, Kathleen Y. Landers, Thomas & B. Kay Wyoming Golf Club | Assessed Value \$2,848,720 936,040 803,050 595,870 491,540 455,010 415,440 | Percentage of Total Assessed Value 0.93% 0.31% 0.26% 0.20% 0.16% 0.15% 0.14% |
| Duke Energy Heritage Apartments Company Coral Wyoming LLC Cincinnati Bell Wilson, Kathleen Y. Landers, Thomas & B. Kay Wyoming Golf Club Warm, William H. | Assessed Value \$2,848,720 936,040 803,050 595,870 491,540 455,010 415,440 413,010 | Percentage of Total Assessed Value 0.93% 0.31% 0.26% 0.20% 0.16% 0.15% 0.14% |
| Duke Energy Heritage Apartments Company Coral Wyoming LLC Cincinnati Bell Wilson, Kathleen Y. Landers, Thomas & B. Kay Wyoming Golf Club Warm, William H. Jackson, Phyllis A. | Assessed Value \$2,848,720 936,040 803,050 595,870 491,540 455,010 415,440 413,010 400,650 | Percentage of Total Assessed Value 0.93% 0.31% 0.26% 0.20% 0.16% 0.15% 0.14% 0.14% 0.13% |
| Duke Energy Heritage Apartments Company Coral Wyoming LLC Cincinnati Bell Wilson, Kathleen Y. Landers, Thomas & B. Kay Wyoming Golf Club Warm, William H. Jackson, Phyllis A. Warm, Richard M. and Lauren M. | Assessed Value \$2,848,720 936,040 803,050 595,870 491,540 455,010 415,440 413,010 400,650 393,960 | Percentage of Total Assessed Value 0.93% 0.31% 0.26% 0.20% 0.16% 0.15% 0.14% 0.14% 0.13% 0.13% |
| Duke Energy Heritage Apartments Company Coral Wyoming LLC Cincinnati Bell Wilson, Kathleen Y. Landers, Thomas & B. Kay Wyoming Golf Club Warm, William H. Jackson, Phyllis A. | Assessed Value \$2,848,720 936,040 803,050 595,870 491,540 455,010 415,440 413,010 400,650 | Percentage of Total Assessed Value 0.93% 0.31% 0.26% 0.20% 0.16% 0.15% 0.14% 0.14% 0.13% |

Source: County Auditor

| | | Collected w | vithin the | | | |
|----------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| | Taxes Levied | Calendar Year | r of the Levy | | Total Collec | ctions (3) |
| Calendar | for the | Net | Percentage | Unpaid | | Percentage |
| Year | Calendar Year (1) | Collections (2) | of Levy | Collections | Amount | of Levy |
| 2007 | \$3,129,371 | \$3,024,689 | 96.65% | \$98,283 | \$3,122,972 | 99.80% |
| 2008 | 3,148,311 | 3,050,083 | 96.88% | 98,062 | 3,148,145 | 99.99% |
| 2009 | 3,210,616 | 3,117,825 | 97.11% | 87,488 | 3,205,313 | 99.83% |
| 2010 | 3,212,331 | 3,106,994 | 96.72% | 86,007 | 3,193,001 | 99.40% |
| 2011 | 3,194,230 | 3,122,707 | 97.76% | 70,519 | 3,193,226 | 99.97% |
| 2012 | 2,842,039 | 2,767,864 | 97.39% | 61,786 | 2,829,650 | 99.56% |
| 2013 | 2,831,226 | 2,771,026 | 97.87% | 50,696 | 2,821,722 | 99.66% |
| 2014 | 2,828,986 | 2,775,037 | 98.09% | 47,168 | 2,822,205 | 99.76% |
| 2015 | 3,102,964 | 3,041,207 | 98.01% | 57,595 | 3,098,802 | 99.87% |
| 2016 | 3,117,731 | 3,052,983 | 97.92% | 59,943 | 3,112,926 | 99.85% |

Real Estate and Public Utility

| | Current Taxes Billed | Collected v Calendar Yea | | Delinquent Taxes Billed | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Calendar Year | for the Calendar Year | Current Tax Collections | Percentage Collected | for the Calendar Year | Delinquent Tax Collections | Percentage Collected |
| 2012 | \$2,777,141 | \$2,724,105 | 98.09% | \$64,897 | \$54,872 | 84.55% |
| 2013 | 2,774,420 | 2,734,693 | 98.57% | 56,805 | 44,508 | 78.35% |
| 2014 | 2,777,265 | 2,740,821 | 98.69% | 51,721 | 41,474 | 80.19% |
| 2015 | 3,051,751 | 3,001,267 | 98.35% | 51,211 | 44,820 | 87.52% |
| 2016 | 3,058,200 | 3,012,854 | 98.52% | 59,530 | 44,933 | 75.48% |

Special Assessments

| | | | opecial Assessine | 1163 | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Current Assessments Billed | Collected v Calendar Yea | | Delinquent Assessments Billed | | |
| Calendar Year | for the Calendar Year | Current Collections | Percentage Collected | for the Calendar Year | Delinquent Collections | Percentage Collected |
| 2012 | \$7,395 | \$6,946 | 93.93% | \$1,112 | \$389 | 34.98% |
| 2013 | 5,244 | 3,419 | 65.20% | 1,196 | 162 | 13.55% |
| 2014 | 4,043 | 3,703 | 91.59% | 2,890 | 1,822 | 63.04% |
| 2015 | 3,875 | 3,822 | 98.63% | 1,293 | 0 | 0.00% |
| 2016 | 2,806 | 0 | 0.00% | 1,510 | 472 | 31.26% |

Source: County Auditor

(1) - Includes delinquent levy

(2) - Includes current and delinquent collections minus refunds

(3) - Includes net collections plus unpaid collections

City of Wyoming, Ohio Income Tax by Payer Type and Income Tax Rate Last Ten Calendar Years (cash basis of accounting) Schedule 9

| Calendar | Indiv | ridual | Total | | | Income |
|----------|-------------|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| Year | Withholding | Non-Witholding | Individual | Business | Total | Tax Rate |
| | | | | | | |
| 2007 | \$735,803 | \$3,401,878 | \$4,137,681 | \$66,541 | \$4,204,222 | 0.80% |
| 2008 | 744,051 | 3,742,891 | 4,486,942 | 60,733 | 4,547,675 | 0.80% |
| 2009 | 744,349 | 3,218,838 | 3,963,187 | 26,211 | 3,989,398 | 0.80% |
| 2010 | 783,249 | 3,008,629 | 3,791,878 | 19,740 | 3,811,618 | 0.80% |
| 2011 | 857,841 | 3,100,611 | 3,958,452 | 39,416 | 3,997,868 | 0.80% |
| 2012 | 851,150 | 3,241,982 | 4,093,132 | 34,506 | 4,127,638 | 0.80% |
| 2013 | 894,440 | 4,054,458 | 4,948,898 | 48,440 | 4,997,338 | 0.80% |
| 2014 | 968,060 | 3,474,617 | 4,442,677 | 39,969 | 4,482,647 | 0.80% |
| 2015 | 1,203,331 | 4,331,853 | 5,535,184 | 36,402 | 5,571,586 | 1.00% |
| 2016 | 1,452,289 | 4,696,847 | 6,149,136 | 69,239 | 6,218,375 | 1.00% |

Source: City Records

Note: Increases in the income tax rate above 1% requires voter approval. $\label{eq:note} % \begin{center} \be$

City of Wyoming, Ohio Principal Income Taxpayers Current Year (cash basis of accounting) Schedule 10

Note: Due to legal restrictions and confidentiality requirements, the City cannot disclose the amount of withholdings by taxpayer.

Source: City Records

| | Governmental | Activities | Business-Type A | ctivities | | | |
|--------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|---------|
| | General | | General | | Total | Percentage | |
| Fiscal | Obligation | Notes | Obligation | Notes | Primary | of Personal | Per |
| Year | Bonds and Notes | Payable | Bonds and Notes | Payable | Government | Income | Capita |
| | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4- | | | 4 |
| 2007 | \$8,414,899 | \$291,000 | \$6,177,288 | \$0 | \$14,883,187 | 0.04% | \$1,802 |
| 2008 | 8,052,570 | 1,132,000 | 5,820,337 | 368,000 | 15,372,907 | 0.04% | 1,861 |
| 2009 | 13,004,321 | 0 | 6,659,127 | 0 | 19,663,448 | 0.06% | 2,380 |
| 2010 | 12,510,764 | 0 | 6,236,006 | 0 | 18,746,770 | 0.05% | 2,224 |
| 2011 | 11,883,323 | 0 | 5,802,284 | 0 | 17,685,607 | 0.05% | 2,098 |
| 2012 | 12,071,174 | 0 | 5,526,410 | 0 | 17,027,974 | 0.04% | 2,020 |
| 2013 | 11,367,226 | 0 | 5,054,798 | 0 | 16,422,024 | 0.04% | 1,949 |
| 2014 | 10,480,421 | 0 | 4,708,621 | 0 | 15,189,042 | 0.04% | 1,802 |
| 2015 | 9,963,232 | 0 | 4,218,297 | 0 | 14,181,529 | 0.03% | 1,683 |
| 2016 | 9,361,493 | 0 | 3,720,420 | 0 | 13,081,913 | N/A | 1,552 |

Source: City Records

N/A - Information not available

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements

| | General Bonded | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| | Debt Outstanding | Percentage of | |
| | General | Actual Taxable | |
| Fiscal | Obligation | Value of | Per |
| Year | Bonds | Property | Capita |
| | | | |
| 2007 | \$14,592,187 | 1.75% | \$1,766 |
| 2008 | 13,872,907 | 1.68% | 1,679 |
| 2009 | 19,663,448 | 1.59% | 2,380 |
| 2010 | 18,746,770 | 2.21% | 2,224 |
| 2011 | 17,685,607 | 2.11% | 2,098 |
| 2012 | 17,027,974 | 2.23% | 2,020 |
| 2013 | 16,422,024 | 2.15% | 1,949 |
| 2014 | 15,189,042 | 1.74% | 1,802 |
| 2015 | 14,181,529 | 1.62% | 1,683 |
| 2016 | 13,081,913 | 1.49% | 1,552 |
| 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 | \$14,592,187 13,872,907 19,663,448 18,746,770 17,685,607 17,027,974 16,422,024 15,189,042 14,181,529 | 1.75% 1.68% 1.59% 2.21% 2.11% 2.23% 2.15% 1.74% 1.62% | \$1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, |

Source: City Records

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements

| Governmental Unit | Net Debt Outstanding | Estimated Percentage Applicable (1) | Amount Applicable to City of Wyoming |
|---|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Hamilton County | \$71,750,000 | 1.66% | \$1,191,050 |
| Springfield Township | 7,865,000 | 0.08% | 6,292 |
| Cincinnati City School District | 322,419,640 | 0.00% | 0 |
| Wyoming City School District | 36,040,000 | 100.00% | 36,040,000 |
| Finneytown Local School District | 4,540,000 | 0.13% | 5,902 |
| Great Oaks Career Center Joint Vocational School District | 8,630,000 | 1.63% | 140,669 |
| Subtotal Overlapping Debt | 451,244,640 | | 37,383,913 |
| City of Wyoming - Direct Debt | 9,361,493 | 100.00% | 9,361,493 |
| Total Direct and Overlapping Debt | \$460,606,133 | | \$46,745,406 |

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

^{(1) -} Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the overlapping government located within the boundaries of the City by the total assessed valuation of the government.

City of Wyoming, Ohio Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 14

| Assessed Value | \$306,808,620 | \$306,808,620 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Statutory Legal Debt Limitation (1) | 10.5% | 5.5% |
| Total Debt Limitation | 32,214,905 | 16,874,474 |
| Debt Applicable to Limit: | | |
| Gross Indebtedness | 9,361,493 | 9,361,493 |
| Less: Debt Outside Limitations | 9,361,493 | 9,361,493 |
| Less: Bond Retirement Fund Balance | 0 | |
| Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit | 0 | |
| Legal Debt Margin | \$32,103,261 | \$16,815,994 |

| | 2007 2008 2009 | Total Debt Limit (1) \$31,994,554 \$32,068,955 \$32,735,779 | Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit 0 0 0 | Legal Debt Margin \$31,994,554 \$32,068,955 \$32,735,779 | Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit 0.0% 0.0% | | 2007 2008 2009 | Total Unvoted Debt Limit (1) Debt Limit (5.5%) \$16,759,052 \$16,798,024 \$17,147,313 | Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit 0 0 0 | Legal Debt Margin \$16,759,052 \$16,798,024 \$17,147,313 | Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% |
|---------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|---------------|----------------|---|--|--|--|
| | 2010 | \$32,603,271 | 0 | \$32,603,271 | 0.0% | | 2010 | \$17,077,904 | 0 | \$17,077,904 | 0.0% |
| Calendar Year | 2011 | \$29,179,206 | 0 | \$29,179,206 | 0.0% | Calendar Year | 2011 | \$15,284,346 | 0 | \$15,284,346 | 0.0% |
| | 2012 | \$29,130,645 | 0 | \$29,130,645 | %0:0 | | 2012 | \$15,258,909 | 0 | \$15,258,909 | 0:0% |
| | 2013 | \$29,157,170 | 0 | \$29,157,170 | 0.0% | | 2013 | \$15,272,803 | 0 | \$15,272,803 | 0.0% |
| | 2014 | \$32,015,738 | 0 | \$32,015,738 | 0.0% | | 2014 | \$16,770,148 | 0 | \$16,770,148 | 0:0% |
| | 2015 | \$32,103,261 | 0 | \$32,103,261 | 0.0% | | 2015 | \$16,815,994 | 0 | \$16,815,994 | 0.0% |
| | 2016 | \$32,214,905 | 0 | \$32,214,905 | 0.0% | | 2016 | \$16,874,474 | 0 | \$16,874,474 | 0.0% |

Source: City Records

(1) - Direct debt limitation based upon Section 133, the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code. Total debt limit should not exceed 10.5% of net assessed property value.

Total unvoted debt limit should not exceed 5.5% of net assessed property value.

| Calendar Year | Population (1) | Personal Income (Thousands of Dollars) (2) | Per Capita Personal Income (3) | Unemployment Rate (4) |
|------------------|----------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 2007 | 8.261 | 36,488,577 | 42,730 | 4.80% |
| 2008 | 8,261 | 37,244,363 | 43,637 | 5.60% |
| 2009 | 8,261 | 35,228,404 | 43,918 | 8.90% |
| 2010 | 8,428 | 35,888,024 | 44,751 | 8.50% |
| 2011 | 8,428 | 37,522,065 | 46,881 | 7.70% |
| 2012 | 8,428 | 39,631,501 | 49,413 | 6.30% |
| 2013 | 8,428 | 40,415,100 | 50,235 | 6.10% |
| 2014 | 8,428 | 41,322,507 | 51,229 | 4.00% |
| 2015 | 8,428 | 42,060,595 | 52,081 | 4.50% |
| 2016 | 8,428 | N/A | N/A | 4.70% |

Sources:

- (1) Population estimates provided by U.S. Census Bureau (2000 Census for years 2003 2009 and 2010 Census for years 2010 2012)
- (2) Personal Income information provided by Bureau of Economic Analysis: Regional Economic Accounts
- (3) Per Capita Personal Income information provided by Bureau of Economic Analysis: Regional Economic Accounts
- (4) Ohio Bureau of Employment Services

N/A - Information not available

| | 2010 | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---|
| Major Employers (3) | Туре | Number of Employees | Employer's Percentage of Total Employment |
| American Financial Group Inc | Ins | (4) | (5) |
| Cincinnati Children's Hospital | Serv | (4) | (5) |
| Fifth Third Bancorp | Fin | (4) | (5) |
| Ford Motor Co | Mfg | (4) | (5) |
| General Electric Co | Mfg | (4) | (5) |
| Johnson & Johnson/Ethicon | Mfg | (4) | (5) |
| Kroger Co | Trade | (4) | (5) |
| Macy's Inc | Trade | (4) | (5) |
| Mercy Health Partners | Serv | (4) | (5) |
| Procter & Gamble Co | Mfg | (4) | (5) |
| TriHealth Inc | Serv | (4) | (5) |
| University of Cincinnati | Govt | (4) | (5) |
| | 2010 | | |
| | | Number | Employer's |
| | | of | Percentage of |
| Major Employers (3) | Туре | Employees | Total Population |
| American Financial Group Inc | Ins | (4) | (5) |
| Chiquita Brands International Inc | Trade | (4) | (5) |
| Convergys Corp | Serv | (4) | (5) |
| | and the second s | | |

Utility

Fin

Mfg

Mfg

Serv

Mfg

Trade

Trade

Serv

Mfg

Serv

Govt

(4)

(4)

(4)

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(5)

(5)

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(5)

(5)

(5)

Source: Ohio Department of Development

(1) - For all of Hamilton County

Duke Energy Corp

Ford Motor Co

Kroger Co

Macy's Inc

TriHealth Inc

Fifth Third Bancorp

General Electric Co

Health Alliance of Greater Cincinnati

Johnson & Johnson/Ethicon

Mercy Health Partners

University of Cincinnati

Procter & Gamble Co

- (2) Only current fiscal year and fiscal period six years ago information available. Information for fiscal period nine years ago not available.
- (3) Includes at minimum the ten largest employers for the county. In alphabetical order only.
- (4) The number of employees of each listed major employer was not available.
- (5) The employer's percentage of total employment for each major employer was not available.

City of Wyoming, Ohio Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 17

| | | | | Full-Time Equ | uivalent Emplo | Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of December 31 | ember 31 | | | |
|---|------|------|------|---------------|----------------|--|----------|------|------|------|
| | 2007 | 2008 | 5009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Function/Program | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | | | | | | | | | |
| City Administration | 4 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | က | 8 | 3 | 2 |
| City Council | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Finance | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | | | | | | | | | | |
| Officers | 18 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 48 |
| Non-Sworn | 9 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Fire/EMS | 35 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 30 |
| Leisure Time Activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parks and recreation | 20 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Communuity Development | | | | | | | | | | |
| Planning and Zoning/Building Inspection | 2 | 2 | 2 | П | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Basic Utility Service | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Transportation and Street Repair | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Total | 111 | 112 | 111 | 108 | 109 | 107 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 129 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Various City Departments

City of Wyoming, Ohio Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 18

| ļ | 1000 | 0000 | 000 | | Calendar Year | , | | | 1.50 | 0.00 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Function/Program | 7007 | 2008 | 5007 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| General government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Building permits issued | 264 | 286 | 258 | 264 | 238 | 250 | 220 | 259 | 219 | 226 |
| Police | | | | | | | | | | |
| Physical arrests | 93 | 171 | 147 | 85 | 86 | 70 | 71 | 57 | 42 | 40 |
| Parking violations | 125 | 26 | 26 | 40 | 34 | 25 | 80 | 62 | 25 | 38 |
| Traffic violations | 1,427 | 1,824 | 1,638 | 1,136 | 1,338 | 711 | 953 | 539 | 491 | 989 |
| Fire | | | | | | | | | | |
| Emergency responses | 1,469 | 1,413 | 1,207 | 1,186 | 1,157 | 1,174 | 1,128 | 1,108 | 612 | 531 |
| Fire responses | 472 | 587 | 394 | 347 | 421 | 412 | 407 | 382 | 306 | 246 |
| Other public works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Street resurfacing and/or reconstruction (Miles | 1.60 | 2.20 | 2.17 | 99.0 | 0.35 | 0.52 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.89 | 0.00 |
| Parks and recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recreation Center Memberships | 627 | 929 | 556 | 550 | 009 | 546 | 629 | 604 | 2,181 | 2,094 |
| Aquatic Center Memberships | 542 | 480 | 440 | 395 | 375 | 388 | 400 | 451 | 1,472 | 1,667 |
| Classes/Activities Offered | 118 | 136 | 296 | 351 | 70 | 84 | 148 | 192 | 9,093 | 1,197 |
| Water | | | | | | | | | | |
| New connections | 2 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 10 | 0 | ∞ | П |
| Water main breaks | 49 | 27 | 28 | 27 | 19 | 7 | 12 | 26 | 25 | 34 |
| Average daily consumption | | | | | | | | | | |
| (millions of gallons) | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 6.0 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Peak daily consumption | | | | | | | | | | |
| (millions of gallons) | 2.554 | 1.824 | 1.210 | 1.390 | 1.210 | 1.970 | 1.270 | 1.080 | 1.025 | 1.349 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Various City Departments

City of Wyoming, Ohio Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 19

| | | | | O | Calendar Year | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Function/Program | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of Facilities | 3 | က | 3 | က | 8 | 8 | ĸ | 3 | 8 | 3 |
| Square Footage of Buildings | 22,753 | 22,753 | 22,753 | 22,753 | 22,753 | 22,753 | 22,753 | 22,753 | 22,753 | 22,753 |
| Police | | | | | | | | | | |
| Stations | Н | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | П | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Square Footage of Buildings | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 |
| Fire | | | | | | | | | | |
| Stations | Т | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Т | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Square Footage of Buildings | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 | 11,252 |
| Public Works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Area of City (square miles) | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3 |
| Streets (miles) | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
| Parks and Recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of Parks | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Acreage | 46.46 | 46.46 | 46.46 | 46.46 | 4.46 | 4.46 | 4.46 | 4.46 | 4.46 | 4 |
| Playgrounds | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Number of Facilities | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Square Footage of Buildings | 27,140 | 27,140 | 27,140 | 27,140 | 27,140 | 27,140 | 27,140 | 27,140 | 27,140 | 27,140 |
| Municipal Water Department | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage Capacity (millions of gallons) | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1 |
| Water Mains (miles) | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| Storm Sewers (miles) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Fire hydrants | 368 | 368 | 369 | 370 | 370 | 370 | 370 | 370 | 370 | 370 |

Source: Various City Departments





CITY OF WYOMING

HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 11, 2017