AUDIT REPORT

JANUARY 1, 2015 - DECEMBER 31, 2016



Board of Trustees Clay Township P.O. Box 55 Gnadenhutten, Ohio 44629

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of Clay Township, Tuscarawas County, prepared by Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2016. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Clay Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 25, 2017



CLAY TOWNSHIP TUSCARAWAS COUNTY JANUARY 1, 2015 - DECEMBER 31, 2016

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WILSON, PHILLIPS & AGIN, CPA'S, INC. 1100 BRANDYWINE BLVD. BUILDING G ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Clay Township Tuscarawas County P.O. Box 55 Gnadenhutten, Ohio 44629

To the Township Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type and related notes of Clay Township, Tuscarawas County, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Management's Responsibility For the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Independent Auditors' Report Page Two

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonable determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis permitted is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Clay Township, Tuscarawas County as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of Clay Township, Tuscarawas County as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated June 17, 2017, on our consideration of Clay Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio June 17, 2017

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Governmental Fund Types						
	(General		Special Sevenue	Capital Projects	(Mei	Totals norandum Only)
Cash Receipts:						_	
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	20,784	\$	47,712	\$ 25,584	\$	94,080
Intergovernmental		20,117		95,863	-		115,980
Earnings on Investments		1		-	-		1
Miscellaneous		2,338		786	 		3,124
Total Cash Receipts		43,240		144,361	25,584		213,185
Cash Disbursements:							
Current:							
General Government		47,047		-	-		47,047
Public Safety		-		20,261	-		20,261
Public Works		-		100,143	25,584		125,727
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		-		9,430	-		9,430
Interest and Fiscal Charges				1,762	 _		1,762
Total Cash Disbursements		47,047	·	131,596	25,584		204,227
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance		(3,807)		12,765	-		8,958
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		19,504		50,592	 		70,096
Fund Cash Balances, December 31							
Restricted		-		62,070	_		62,070
Assigned		1,182		1,287	_		2,469
Unassigned (Deficit)	_	14,515			 		14,515
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	15,697	\$	63,357	\$ -	\$	79,054

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Governmental Fund Types						
	G	Seneral		Special Revenue	Capital Projects		Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts:							
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	18,774	\$	56,856	\$ 14,399	\$	90,029
Intergovernmental		24,272		96,417	-		120,689
Earnings on Investments		4		-	-		4
Miscellaneous		3,550		-	 -		3,550
Total Cash Receipts		46,600		153,273	14,399		214,272
Cash Disbursements:							
Current:							
General Government		41,679		-	-		41,679
Public Safety		-		71,011	-		71,011
Public Works		-		122,917	323,809		446,726
Capital Outlay		-		8,200	-		8,200
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		-		9,430	-		9,430
Interest and Fiscal Charges				2,207	 		2,207
Total Cash Disbursements		41,679		213,765	323,809		579,253
Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements		4,921		(60,492)	(309,410)		(364,981)
Other Cash Financing Sources							
Sale of Capital Assets		9,114			 <u> </u>		9,114
Total Other Cash Financing Sources		9,114		-	 -	·	9,114
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance		14,035		(60,492)	(309,410)		(355,867)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		5,469		111,084	 309,410		425,963
Fund Cash Balances, December 31							
Restricted		-		49,832	-		49,832
Assigned		744		760	-		1,504
Unassigned (Deficit)		18,760		-	-		18,760
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	19,504	\$	50,592	\$ -	\$	70,096

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Clay Township, Tuscarawas County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publically-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides general government services, road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services. The Township contracts with the Village of Gnadenhutten to provide fire and emergency medical services.

The Township participates jointly governed organizations and a public entity risk pool. Notes 6 and 11 to the financial statements provide additional information for these entities.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary and fiduciary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund – This fund receives gasoline tax monies to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

Fire District Fund – This fund receives property tax monies to pay for fire protection and emergency medical services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township had the following significant capital projects fund:

Fire Capital Improvements Fund – This fund receives property tax monies for payment and acquisition of fire equipment.

C. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D) permit.

D. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function and object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over and not need be reappropriated.

A summary of 2016 and 2015 appears in Note 3.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investment as assets. This basis does not record disbursement for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

F. Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

G. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

H. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced, first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 is as follows:

2016	Bu	lge	etec	l vs.	Actual	Receipts
	J	1		1		

]	Budgeted		Actual				
Fund Type		Receipts		Receipts Receipts		Receipts	7	Variance
General	\$	33,007	\$	43,240	\$	10,233		
Special Revenue		132,000		144,361		12,361		
Capital Projects		24,868		25,584		716		
Total	\$	189,875	\$	213,185	\$	23,310		

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Ap	Appropriation		Budgetary		
Fund Type		Authority		xpenditures	•	Variance
General	\$	52,507	\$	48,229	\$	4,278
Special Revenue		186,842		132,883		53,959
Capital Projects		25,595		25,584		11
Total	\$	264,944	\$	206,696	\$	58,248

2015 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

Fund Type	Budgeted Receipts	Actual Receipts	,	Variance
General	\$ 34,289	\$ 55,714	\$	21,425
Special Revenue	142,183	153,273		11,090
Capital Projects	22,900	14,399		(8,501)
Total	\$ 199,372	\$ 223,386	\$	24,014

2015 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Ap	Appropriation		Budgetary		_
Fund Type		Authority		Expenditures		Variance Variance
General	\$	46,086	\$	42,423	\$	3,663
Special Revenue		263,378		214,525		48,853
Capital Projects		323,894		323,809		85
Total	\$	633,358	\$	580,757	\$	52,601

Contrary to ORC 5705.39, the General Fund had appropriations greater than estimated resources.

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(D), the Township had made expenditures prior to certification.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2016		2015
Demand Deposits	\$ 79,054		\$ 70,096
Total Deposits	\$ 79,054	-	\$ 70,096

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Township Trustees. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as intergovernmental receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Workers Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.). functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2016, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Commercial Insurance

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. RISK MANAGEMENT(Continued)

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2016 and 2015 (the latest information available):

	2016	2015
Assets	\$38,473,283	\$37,313,311
Liabilities	(8,244,140	(8,418,518)
Retained Earnings	\$30,229,143	\$28,894,793

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, the liabilities above include approximately \$7.4 and \$7.8 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 and \$7.7 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,010 members and 989 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2016, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$1,535.

Based on discussion with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

Contributions to OTARMA					
2016	\$3,410				
2015	3,362				
2014	5,679				

After completing one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) of Ohio. OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan benefits, which include postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2016 and 2015, OPERS members contributed 10.0% of their gross wages and the Township contributed an amount equal to 14.0% of participant's gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. OPERS contributes 2 percent of the employer contribution to fund these benefits.

9. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Pri	ncipal	Interest rate
Note Payable – Tractor/Loader/Backhoe	\$	27,852	4.73%
Total	\$	27,852	

The Township entered into a agreement to finance the purchase of tractor/loader/backhoe in 2014. Payments are to be made annually over 5 years. The tractor collateralizes the note.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31	Tractor
2017	10,746
2018	10,300
2019	9,398
Total	\$ 30,444

10. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims exceeding the member's deductible.

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Tuscarawas County Regional Planning Commission (Commission)

The Township is associated with the Tuscarawas County Regional Planning Commission, (the Commission) as a Jointly Governed Organization. The Commission is statutorily created political subdivision of the state. The Commission is jointly governed among Tuscarawas County municipalities and townships. Each member's control over the Commission is limited to its representation on the board. The Commission make studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economical, and governmental characteristics, functions and services of the county. The Township contributed \$120 in both 2016 and 2015 to the Regional Planning Commission.

WILSON, PHILLIPS & AGIN, CPA'S, INC. 1100 BRANDYWINE BLVD. BUILDING G ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.

Clay Township Tuscarawas County P.O. Box 55 Gnadenhutten, Ohio 44629

To the Township Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of Clay Township, Tuscarawas County as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 17, 2017, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered Clay Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies.. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider Finding 2016-004 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a material weakness.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clay Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed three instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2016-001, 2016-002 and 2016-003

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc.. Zanesville, Ohio June 17, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2016-001

Noncompliance – Certification of Funds

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) prohibits a subdivision or taxing authority from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in Sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

- If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then") and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has 30 days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution. Amounts less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of the expenditures by the Township.
- Blanket Certificates. Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates if the Township has approved their use and established maximum amounts.
- Super Blanket Certificates. The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonable predictable operation expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one so-called "super blanket" certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2016-001 (Continued)

The Township did not certify the availability of funds prior to the purchase commitment for 39% of expenditures tested. For these item the Township also did not prepare blanket certificates, super blankets certificates or then and now certificates in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

We recommend the Township certify purchases to which Section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Fiscal Officer should sign the certification at the time the Township incurs a commitment and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper code, to reduce available appropriations.

Client Response: We received no response from client.

FINDING NUMBER 2016-002

Noncompliance – Appropriations

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.38(A) requires that on or about the first day of each fiscal year, an appropriation measure is to be passed. If the taxing authority wants to postpone the passage of the annual appropriation measure until an amended certificate is received from the county budget commission based upon actual year end balances, it may pass a temporary appropriation measure for meeting the ordinary expenses until no later than April 1.

The appropriations for 2015 were passed in May 2015.

We recommend an annual appropriation measure be passed on or about the first day of each fiscal year and certify them to the county auditor.

Client Response: We received no response from client.

FINDING NUMBER 2016-003

Noncompliance – Appropriations exceeding Estimated Resources

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 state that appropriations may not exceed total estimated resources per fund.

In 2016, the Fire District Fund was over appropriated by \$4,232 and the Capital Projects Fund was over appropriated by \$727. In 2015, the General Fund was over appropriated by \$56 and the Fire District Fund was over appropriated by \$11,002. We recommend appropriations and estimated resources per reviewed and adjustments made to ensure the Township is in compliance.

Client Response: We received no response from client.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2016-004

Material Weakness – Reclassifications

All local offices should maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

The Ohio Township Handbook provides suggested account classifications. These accounts classify receipts by fund and source (taxes or charges for services, for example) and classify disbursements by fund, program (general government, for example) or object (personal services, for example). Using these classifications will provide the Township with information required to monitor compliance with the budget, and prepare annual reports in the format required by the Auditor of State.

During 2016 and 2015, the Township's receipts were not always posted into accurate classifications or funds. The following misclassifications and adjustments were noted:

- In 2015, Principal Retirement was increased by \$2,430 and Interest and Other Fiscal Charges were increased by \$2,057 and Public Works were decreased by \$4,487 to properly show debt payments made in the Special Revenue Funds.
- In 2016, Principal Retirement was increased by \$530 and Interest and Other Fiscal Charges were decreased by \$564 and Public Works were increased by \$34 to properly show debt payments made in the Special Revenue Funds
- In 2016, the General Fund Unrestricted Fund Balance was decreased by \$1,182 and the Assigned Fund Balance was increased by \$1,182 for outstanding encumbrances. The Special Revenue Restricted Fund Balance was decreased by \$1,287 and the Assigned Fund balance was increased by \$1,287 for outstanding encumbrances.
- In 2015, the General Fund Unrestricted Fund Balance was decreased by \$744 and the Assigned Fund Balance was increased by \$744 for outstanding encumbrances. The Special Revenue Restricted Fund Balance was decreased by \$760 and the Assigned Fund balance was increased by \$760 for outstanding encumbrances.
- In 2016, a reclassification from Property and Other Local Taxes to Intergovernmental Receipts in the amount of \$1,022 for Rollback and Homestead receipts.
- In 2015, a reclassification from Property and Other Local taxes to Sale of Capital Assets in the amount of \$9,114 for sale of used back hoe.

We recommend the Township follow the Ohio Township handbook for reference when posting transaction.

Reclassifications and adjustments are reflected within the accompanying financial statements and posted to the accounting system.

Client Response: We received no response from client.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2016

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2014-01	ORC 5705.41(D)(1) Fiscal Certificates Dated After Invoices Appropriations	No	Not Corrected - Refer to Finding 2016-001
2014-02	ORC 5705.38 (A) Appropriations passed timely	No	Not Corrected - Refer to Finding 2016-002
2014-03	ORC 5705.41(B) Expenditures exceeding appropriations	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid
2014-04	Material Weakness Reclassifications and adjustments in Financial Statements	No	Not Corrected - Refer to Finding 2016-004





CLAY TOWNSHIP

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 12, 2017