HORIZON SCIENCE ACADEMY COLUMBUS MIDDLE SCHOOL FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

(AUDITED)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



Board of Directors Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School 2350 Morse Road Columbus, Ohio 43229

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School, Franklin County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

April 27, 2017



HORIZON SCIENCE ACADEMY COLUMBUS MIDDLE SCHOOL FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

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Independent Auditor's Report

Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School Franklin County 2350 Morse Road Columbus, Ohio 43229

To the Board of Directors:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School, Franklin County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School experienced current liabilities exceeding current assets and a net position deficit at year end. Note 17 also describes management's plans regarding this matter. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Julian & Sube the

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2016, on our consideration of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 28, 2016 The discussion and analysis of Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's (the "Academy") financial performance provides an overall review of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Academy's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:

- Total assets were \$358,238.
- Total liabilities were \$4,329,045.
- Total net position decreased by \$89,368.

Using this Financial Report

This report consists of three parts: the MD&A, the basic financial statements, and notes to those statements. The basic financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Reporting the Academy as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the Academy is, "As a whole, what is the Academy's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, which appear first in the Academy's financial statements, report information on the Academy as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Academy's net position – the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the Statement of Net Position – as one way to measure the Academy's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Academy's net position – as reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the Academy's operating results. However, the Academy's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the Academy, to assess the overall health of the Academy.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report the activities of the Academy, which encompass all the Academy's services, including instruction, supporting services, community services, and food services. Unrestricted state aid and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Table 1 provides a comparison of net position as of June 30, 2016 with net position as of June 30, 2015.

Table 1

Net Pos	Net Position				
	2016	2015*			
<u>Assets</u>					
Current and Other Assets	\$76,116	\$244,447			
Capital Assets, Net	282,122	323,885			
Total Assets	358,238	568,332			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	457,898	256,632			
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current Liabilities	215,152	232,800			
Non-Current Liabilities	4,113,893	3,691,010			
Total Liabilities	4,329,045	3,923,810			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	351,637	676,333			
Net Position					
Invested in Capital Assets	282,122	323,885			
Unrestricted	(4,146,668)	(4,099,064)			
Total Net Position	(\$3,864,546)	(\$3,775,178)			

* As restated

During fiscal year 2015, the Academy adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Academy's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the Academy's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Academy is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as *against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the Academy's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the Academy is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting.

Total current assets decreased by \$168,331. This decrease is due to decreases in cash and cash equivalents of \$212,942. Capital assets decreased by \$41,763 due to current year depreciation exceeding additions. Total liabilities increased \$405,236. This increase is due mainly to increase in net pension liability of \$422,883 due to GASB 68 requirement.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

Table 2

Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2016

OPERATING REVENUES: June 30, 2016 June 30, 2015* \$3,306,768 \$3,130,356 Foundation payments Classroom fees 22,368 14,741 Extracurricular activities 18,945 10,129 Other revenue 25,293 71,786 3,180,519 **Total operating revenues** 3,419,867 **OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries** 1,624,573 1,955,317 Fringe benefits 392,805 320,861 Purchased services 1,510,075 1,457,545 Materials and supplies 371,706 283,400 Depreciation 136,280 124,896 Miscellaneous 166,113 148,438 **Total operating expenses** 4,532,295 3,959,713 **Operating loss** (1,112,428)(779,194)**NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):** Restricted grants in aid - federal 894,968 775,716 66,311 State and other grants 96,374 Donated management fee 31,718 1,023,060 842,027 **Total non-operating revenues (expenses)** Change in net position (89,368)62.833 Net position, beginning of year - as restated (3,775,178)(3,838,011)Net position, end of year (\$3,864,546) (\$3,775,178)

* As restated

Foundation support increased \$176,412 primarily due to an increase in enrollment. Federal grants increased in the amount of \$119,252. Salaries and benefits increased \$402,688 due to the implementation of GASB 68 which is offset by increases in rate of pay. Purchased services increased \$52,530.

Foundation support is the primary support of the Academy, comprising 97% of operating revenue and 74% of total revenues. The Academy also received a significant portion of federal grants, which represent 20% of total revenue. Salaries and benefits comprise the largest portion of operating expenses, representing 52% of total operating expenses. Purchased services also represent a large portion of operating expenses, or 33%. Net position decreased \$89,368 resulting from expenses in excess of revenues.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2016 the Academy had \$625,580 invested in furniture, equipment, and vehicles, (\$282,122 net of accumulated depreciation). Table 3 shows activity for fiscal year 2016:

Table 3

	Capital Assets			
	Balance			Ending
_	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Improvements	\$197,083	\$0	(\$142,700)	\$54,383
Equipment Instructional	476,942	55,276	(46,822)	485,396
Equipment Office	58,695	39,240	(12,134)	85,801
School Vehicle	4,673	0	(4,673)	0
Total Capital Assets	737,393	94,516	(206,329)	625,580
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(413,508)	(136,280)	206,329	(343,459)
Net Fixed Assets	\$323,885	(\$41,763)	\$0	\$282,122

For more information on capital assets see Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Contacting the Academy's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Ramazan Celep, Treasurer, Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School, 2350 Morse Rd., Columbus, OH 43229.

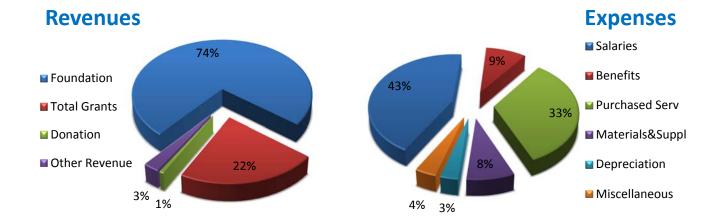
Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$20,331
Intergovernmental receivable	25,947
Prepaid payroll liabilities	29,837
Total current assets	76,116
Noncurrent Assets:	
Depreciable capital assets, net	282,122
Total Noncurrent Assets	282,122
Total Assets	358,238
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pensions:	
Pension - STRS	428,718
Pension - SERS	29,180
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	457,898
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	37,852
Accrued wages and benefits payable	172,788
Intergovernmental payable	4,512
Total current liabilities	215,152
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Net pension liability	4,113,893
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,113,893
Total Liabilities	4,329,045
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pensions:	
Pension - STRS	277,801
Pension - SERS	73,836
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	351,637
NET POSITION:	
Investment in capital assets	282,122
Unrestricted	(4,146,668)
Total Net Position	(\$3,864,546)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2016

OPERATING REVENUES:	
Foundation payments	\$3,306,768
Classroom fees	22,368
Extracurricular activities	18,945
Other revenue	71,786
Total operating revenues	3,419,867
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Salaries	1,955,317
Fringe benefits	392,805
Purchased services	1,510,075
Materials and supplies	371,706
Depreciation	136,280
Miscellaneous	166,113
Total operating expenses	4,532,295
Operating loss	(1,112,428)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES:	
Restricted grants in aid - federal	894,968
State and other grants	96,374
Donated management fee	31,718
Total non-operating revenues	1,023,060
Change in net position	(89,368)
Net position, beginning of year	(3,775,178)
Net position, end of year	(\$3,864,546)



See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2016

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Cash received from State of Ohio	\$3,275,289
Cash received from other operating revenues	113,099
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,885,048)
Cash payments to employees for services and benefits	(2,446,996)
Other cash payments	(166,113)
Net cash used for operating activities	(1,109,768)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Federal grants received	894,968
State and other grants received	96,374
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	991,343
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Payment for capital acquisitions	(94,516)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(94,516)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(212,942)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	233,273
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$20,331
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH	
USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(0.1.1.0.100)
Operating loss	(\$1,112,428)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING LOSS TO NET	
CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Depreciation	136,280
Donated management fee	31,718
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	(10.710)
(Increase) in other prepaid items	(18,710)
(Decrease) in accounts payable	(16,275)
(Increase) in intergovernmental receivable	(25,900)
Increase in accrued wages and benefits payable	4,205
(Decrease) in intergovernmental payable	(5,578)
(Decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	(324,696)
(Increase) in deferred outflows of resources	(201,266)
Increase in net pension liability	422,883
Total adjustments	2,660
Net cash used for operating activities	(\$1,109,768)
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:	
Donated management fee	\$31,718
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.	

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ACADEDMY AND REPORTING ENTITY

Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School, (the Academy), is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapters 3314 and 1702 to address the needs of students in grades six through eight in Cleveland. The Academy, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school and is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations.

The Academy may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the Academy. The Academy qualifies as an exempt organization under Section 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Management is not aware of any course of action or series of events that have occurred that might adversely affect the Academy's tax-exempt status.

The Academy was approved for operation under contract with the Buckeye Community Hope Foundation (the Sponsor) commencing March 15, 2007. The contract was extended in May 2010 until June 30, 2015 for five more years. The contract has been extended again in 2015 until June 30, 2020.

The Academy operates under the direction of a self-appointed five-member Board of Trustees. The Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract, which includes, but are not limited to, state mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. In fiscal year 2016, the Academy employed 54 personnel for up to 451 students during the year.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Academy's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position; and a Statement of Cash Flows.

The Academy uses enterprise accounting to report its financial activities. Enterprise accounting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by its measurement focus. Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows, and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the Academy are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Positions present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The full accrual basis of accounting is used for reporting purposes. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Revenues resulting from non-exchange transactions, in which the Academy receives value without directly giving equal value in return, such as grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the period in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

C. Budgetary Process

The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor prescribes an annual budget requirement in addition to preparing a 5-year forecast, which is to be updated on an annual basis. Chapter 5705.391(A) of the Ohio Revised Code also requires the Academy to prepare a 5-year forecast, update it annually, and submit it to the Superintendent of Public Instruction at the Ohio Department of Education.

D. Cash

To improve cash management, all cash received by the Academy is pooled in a central bank account. Total cash amount at the end of the fiscal year is presented as "Cash and cash equivalents" in the Statement of Net Position. For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows and for presentation on the Statement of Net Position, any investment with an original maturity date less than 90 days is considered a cash equivalent and any investment with a maturity date greater than 90 days is considered an investment. The Academy did not have any investments during fiscal year 2016.

E. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. The Academy does not capitalize interest.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives. Improvements to capital assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Leasehold improvements are depreciated using the straight-line method over the life of the lease.

	<u>Useful Life</u>
Leasehold Improvements	5 to 10 years
Equipment Instructional	3 to 10 years
Equipment Office	5 to 10 years
Buildings	30 years
Vehicles	10 years

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Intergovernmental Revenues

The Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Program, Special Education Program, and Federal CCIP Program. Revenues received from the State Foundation Program are recognized as operating revenues whereas revenues from the Federal CCIP Program, Special Education Program and other State Grants are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

G. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Academy. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Academy. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating.

H. Compensated Absences

The Academy's policy indicates that all full time employees are entitled to eight days of sick/personal leave in a school year. Also, Full time employees who have worked for the Academy for a total of 200 or more days during the contract year will be allowed nine days of paid sick or personal leave. Full time employees who have worked for the Academy 210 or more days during the contract year will be allowed ten days of paid sick or personal leave. All leave earned by employees must be used within the current school year and cannot be transferred to the next school year, and therefore, are not recorded as a liability. The Academy compensates its employees \$125 per day for each unused sick/personal day at the end of the year.

I. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use, either through enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or contracts. The Academy applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available. At the end of the fiscal ended June 30, 2016, the Academy did not have any restricted net position.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Academy, deferred outflows of resources have been reported for the following two items related the Academy's net pension liability: (1) the difference between expected and actual experience of the pension systems, and (2) the Academy's contributions to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the Academy, deferred inflows of resources include the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments related to the Academy's net pension liability.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2016, the Academy has implemented GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", GASB Statement No. 73 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68", GASB Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments", and GASB Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants".

GASB Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurement. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 73 improves the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purposes external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 73 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 76 identifies - in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment - the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 76 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 79 establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 79 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

4. DEPOSITS

As of June 30, 2016, the Academy's Fifth Third bank balance of \$28,272 was either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool in the manner described below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The Academy has no policy regarding custodial credit risk.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows. Beginning balances have been reclassified to correctly state asset balances between asset classes. There was no effect on net position.

(Restated)

	(Restateu)			
	Capital Assets	S		
	Balance	-		Ending
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				_
Leasehold Improvements	\$197,083	\$0	(\$142,700)	\$54,383
Equipment Instructional	476,942	55,276	(46,822)	485,396
Equipment Office	58,695	39,240	(12,134)	85,801
School Vehicle	4,673	0	(4,673)	0
Total Capital Assets	737,393	94,516	(206,329)	625,580
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(413,508)	(136,280)	206,329	(343,459)
Net Fixed Assets	\$323,885	(\$41,763)	\$0	\$282,122

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Academy's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Academy's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Academy cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Academy does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension obligation payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description – School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – Academy non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, standalone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	August 1, 2017 Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
Tun benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Actuariany Reduced Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit
	Age 33 with 23 years of service credit	Age 00 with 25 years of service credit

^{*}Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Academy is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the entire 14 percent was allocated to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B and no portion of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The Academy's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$24,845 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount, \$2,288 is reported as accrued wages and benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – Academy licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) (Continued)

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, plan members were required to contribute 13 percent of their annual covered salary. The Academy was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2016 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The Academy's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$246,293 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount, \$18,997 is reported as accrued wages and benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Academy's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Academy's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	TOTAL
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$239,222	\$3,874,671	\$4,113,893
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability	0.00419240%	0.01401983%	0
Pension Expense	(\$5,903)	\$173,962	\$168,059

At June 30, 2016, the Academy reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	SERS	STRS	TOTAL
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportionate share and difference	\$4,335	\$176,591	\$180,926
between Academy contributions and proportionate share of contributions	0	5,834	5,834
Academy contributions subsequent to the measurement date	24,845	246,293	271,138
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$29,180	\$428,718	\$457,898
Deferred Inflows of Resources Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportionate share and difference between Academy contributions	\$17,047	\$277,801	\$294,848
and proportionate share of contributions	56,789	0	56,789
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$73,836	\$277,801	\$351,637

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$271,138 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Academy contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS STRS		TOTAL	
2017	(\$23,908)	(\$61,154)	(\$85,062)	
2018	(23,908)	(61,154)	(85,062)	
2019	(23,906)	(61,155)	(85,061)	
2020	2,221	88,087	90,308	
Total	(\$69,501)	(\$95,376)	(\$164,877)	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.25 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 4.00 percent to 22 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 3 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation		Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00	%	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50		5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50		5.50
Fixed Income	19.00		1.50
Private Equity	10.00		10.00
Real Assets	10.00		5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00		7.50
Total	100.00	%	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Decrease (8.75%)			
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)				
The Academy's proportionate share		_				
of the net pension liability	\$ 331,716	\$ 239,222	\$ 161,336			

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Projected salary increases 2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20

Investment Rate of Return 7.75 percent, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-Living Adjustments 2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before

(COLA) August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring Augusut1, 2013,

or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation		Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00	%	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00		7.85
Alternatives	14.00		8.00
Fixed Income	18.00		3.75
Real Assets	10.00		6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00		3.00
Total	100.00	%	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease			
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)		
The Academy's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$ 5,382,210	\$ 3,874,671	\$ 2,599,822		

7. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The Academy contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2016, none of the employer contribution was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2016, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2016, the Academy's surcharge obligation was \$2,024.

The Academy's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$2,024, \$3,641, and \$2,802, respectively. The fiscal year 2016 amount will be contributed in fiscal year 2017. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

7. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The Academy participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2016 and 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The Academy's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$0, \$0, and \$14,112, respectively. No contributions were required for fiscal year 2016 and 2015 and the full amount has been contributed for fiscal year 2014.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The Academy's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2016	Due In One Year
Net Pension Liability	-				
STRS	\$3,403,903	\$470,768	\$0	\$3,874,671	\$0
SERS	287,107	0	(47,885)	239,222	0
Total Net Pension Liability	\$3,691,010	\$470,768	(\$47,885)	\$4,113,893	\$0

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016, the Academy contracted with Great American Insurance Company for property and general liability insurance with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and \$3,000,000 annual aggregate and no deductible. There has been no reduction in coverage from the prior year. There have been no settlements exceeding coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

B. Workers Compensation

The Academy pays the State Workers Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State. 100% of this premium was paid for fiscal year 2016.

10. EMPLOYEE MEDICAL AND DENTAL BENEFITS

The Academy has contracted with a private carrier to provide employee medical/surgical benefits. The Academy pays 60% of the monthly premium and the employee is responsible for the remaining 40%. The Academy has also contracted with private carriers to provide dental coverage. The Academy pays 60% of the monthly premium and the employee is responsible for the remaining 40%.

11. PURCHASED SERVICES

Purchased service expenses during fiscal year 2016 were as follows:

Purchased Services					
Type	Amount				
Professional Services	\$783,394				
Rent and Property Services	683,911				
Admin Travel	5,027				
Advertising and Communications	37,744				
Total	\$1,510,075				

12. OPERATING LEASES

In August 2009, the Academy entered into a lease agreement with 2350 Morse LLC for ten years. 2350 Morse LLC. is a subsidiary of New Plan Learning which is an Ohio based, non-profit company established to provide facility development and management services for community schools. In the fiscal year 2016, the Academy paid a total rent of \$427,772 per the contract.

In fiscal year 2014, the Academy leased a ten classroom modular unit. In August of 2015, the Academy renewed the lease for the ten classroom modular unit. The new monthly payment, including the installation and removal costs, for 24 months is \$4,410. In the fiscal year 2016, the Academy paid a total rent of \$62,287 per the contract.

13. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Academy received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Academy. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Academy. In fiscal year 2016, the Academy received grants from State and Federal agencies total of \$991,343.

B. Ohio Department of Education Enrollment Review

The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) conducts reviews of enrollment data and full time equivalency (FTE) calculations made by the Academy. These reviews are conducted to ensure the Academy is reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which state foundation funding is calculated. According to the FTE review conducted by the State for fiscal year 2016, the Academy was overpaid by \$4,512 and underpaid by \$446. This amount is included in intergovernmental payable and receivable in the Statement of Net Position.

14. SPONSORSHIP AGREEMENT

On May 21, 2010, the Academy extended its sponsorship agreement with Buckeye Community Hope Foundation (the Sponsor) for five years until June 30, 2015. The contract has been extended again in 2015 until June 30, 2020. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Academy and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration or terminate the contract prior to its expiration. According to the contract, the Academy pays 3% of its foundation revenues to the Sponsor. In fiscal year 2016, the Academy's compensation to the Sponsor was \$98,945.

15. MANAGEMENT COMPANY AGREEMENT

The Academy contracted with Concepts Schools, Inc. to serve as the Academy's management company. The contract is renewed automatically every year in one year terms unless the Academy or the management company decides otherwise. According to the contract, the Academy transfers 12% of the funds received from the State. In fiscal year 2016, the Academy paid \$373,706 to Concept Schools for management services, and the remaining fee balance of \$31,718 was forgiven by Concept Schools, and is reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position as donated management fee.

16. RELATED PARTIES

The Board members for the Academy are also Board members for other Horizon Science Academy Schools that are managed by the same management company, Concept Schools, Inc.

17. FINANCIAL PLAN

The Academy at year-end experienced current liabilities exceeding current assets by \$139,036. The net position deficit is caused by the net pension related account balances. Concept Schools, Inc. (the management company) is continually monitoring and assisting the Academy to enhance its financial position.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAR	Y INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	2015	2014	2013	
Academy's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00419240%	0.00567300%	0.00567300%	
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 239,222	\$ 287,107	\$ 337,355	
Academy's covered-employee payroll	\$ 126,214	\$ 164,848	\$ 133,591	
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	189.54%	174.16%	252.53%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%	

Note: Information prior to fiscal year 2013 was unavailable. Amounts presented as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	2015	2014	2013
Academy's proportion of the net pension liability	0.01401983%	0.01399432%	0.01399432%
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,874,671	\$ 3,403,903	\$ 4,054,707
Academy's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,462,736	\$ 1,429,838	\$ 1,457,908
Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	264.89%	238.06%	278.12%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

Note: Information prior to fiscal year 2013 was unavailable. Amounts presented as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF ACADEMY CONTRIBUTIONS

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$24,845	\$16,635	\$22,848	\$18,489	\$18,110
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(24,845)	(16,635)	(22,848)	(18,489)	(18,110)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$	\$ -
Academy's covered-employee payroll	\$177,464	\$126,214	\$164,848	\$133,591	\$134,647
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%
	2011	2010	2009	2008	
Contractually required contribution	\$14,501	\$6,602	\$5,993	\$10,035	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(14,501)	(6,602)	(5,993)	(10,035)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	
Academy's covered-employee payroll	\$115,362	\$48,759	\$60,904	\$102,189	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF ACADEMY CONTRIBUTIONS

SCHOOL TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$246,293	\$204,783	\$185,879	\$189,528	\$140,991
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(246,293)	(204,783)	(185,879)	(189,528)	(140,991)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Academy's covered-employee payroll	\$1,759,236	\$1,462,736	\$1,429,838	\$1,457,908	\$1,084,546
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%
	2011	2010	2009	2008	
Contractually required contribution	\$149,049	\$132,433	\$94,180	\$50,575	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(149,049)	(132,433)	(94,180)	(50,575)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	
Academy's covered-employee payroll	\$1,146,531	\$1,018,715	\$724,462	\$389,038	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Information about factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported in the schedules should be presented as notes to the schedule.

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014 - 2016.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014 - 2016. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014 - 2016.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014 - 2016. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.



Franklin County
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/	(A) Pass		
Pass Through Grantor/	Through	Federal	
	Entity	CFDA	(B)
Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
United States Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
(C)(D) National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	2016	10.555	\$16,046
(D)(E) National School Lunch Program	2016	10.555	215,162
(D)(E) School Breakfast Program	2016	10.553	117,223
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			348,431
Total United States Department of Agriculture			348,431
Tour Office States Department of Agriculture			5-10,-13.1
United States Department of Education			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
(G) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2016	84.010	374,292
(G) Special Education - Grants to States	2016	84.027	81,871
· / ·			,
(G) English Language Acquisition State Grants	2016	84.365	8,600
(G) Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2016	84.367	70,990
Total United States Department of Education			535,753
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 884,184

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Franklin County

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE A

OAKS did not assign pass-through numbers for fiscal year 2016.

NOTE B

This schedule includes the federal award activity of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of* the operations of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School.

NOTE C

The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are reported at the entitlement value.

NOTE D

Included as part of "Child Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

NOTE E

Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.

NOTE F

CFR 200.414 allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. The Academy has not elected to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

NOTE G

The following amounts were transferred to the Schoolwide Building Program Fund based on ODE administrative action and transferability guidelines during fiscal year 2016:

Fund	CFDA	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Schoolwide Building Program Fund	N/A	\$460,895	\$0
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	0	299,434
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	0	81,871
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	0	8,600
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	0	70,990
Total Schoolwide Pool		\$460,895	\$460,895



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School Franklin County 2350 Morse Road Columbus, Ohio 43229

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2016, wherein we noted that the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School experienced current liabilities exceeding current assets and a net position deficit during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, as described in Note 17.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Board of Directors Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Horizon Science Academy Middle School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 28, 2016



Julian & Grube, Inc.

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333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School Franklin County 2350 Morse Road Columbus, Ohio 43229

To the Board of Directors:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's compliance for the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's compliance.

Board of Directors Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Horizon Science Academy Columbus Middle School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 28, 2016

Julian & Lube, Ehre!

HORIZON SCIENCE ACADEMY COLUMBUS MIDDLE SCHOOL FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2016

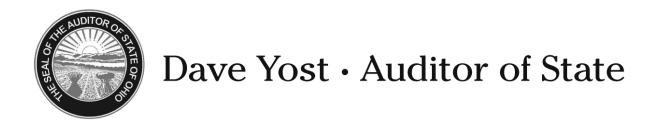
1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS			
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR \$200.516(a)?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes	

2. FINDING RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



HORIZON SCIENCE ACADEMY - COLUMBUS MIDDLE SCHOOL

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MAY 9, 2017