AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants



Board of Education Lakewood City School District 1470 Warren Road Lakewood, Ohio 44107

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Lakewood City School District, Cuyahoga County, prepared by James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Lakewood City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 2, 2017



LAKEWOOD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Board of Education Lakewood City School District Lakewood, Ohio The Honorable Dave Yost Auditor of State State of Ohio

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lakewood City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lakewood City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension Liabilities and Pension Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lakewood City School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2016, on our consideration of the Lakewood City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Lakewood City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

December 16, 2016

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The management's discussion and analysis of Lakewood City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased \$13,274,183. Net position of governmental activities increased \$13,358,651, which represents a 147.22% increase from 2015's net position. Net position of business-type activities decreased \$84,468 from 2015's restated net position.
- Governmental activities general revenues accounted for \$81,381,453 in revenue or 85.28% of all governmental activities revenues. Governmental activities program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, operating and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$14,047,975 or 14.72% of total governmental activities revenues of \$95,429,428.
- The District had \$82,070,777 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$14,047,975 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, operating and capital grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted and restricted grants and entitlements) of \$81,381,453 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District had \$1,748,139 in expenses related to business-type activities; a total of \$1,660,299 were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues include only investment earnings of \$3,372. Total revenues were not adequate to provide for these programs by \$84,468 resulting in a decrease in net position from (\$735,084) to (\$819,552).
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, debt service fund, building fund and classroom facilities fund. The general fund had \$77,440,851 in revenues and other financing sources and \$70,700,978 in expenditures. The general fund's fund balance increased \$6,739,873 from \$26,153,256 to \$32,893,129.
- Another of the District's major governmental funds is the debt service fund. The debt service fund had \$12,937,798 in revenues and \$12,292,357 in expenditures and other financing uses. The debt service fund's fund balance increased \$645,441 from \$12,238,697 to \$12,884,138.
- Another of the District's major governmental funds is the building fund. The building fund had \$104,622 in revenues and \$14,192,385 in expenditures. The building fund's fund balance decreased \$14,087,763 from \$27,089,776 to \$13,002,013.
- Another of the District's major governmental funds is the classroom facilities fund. The classroom facilities fund had \$21,597,222 in revenues and \$38,085,662 in expenditures. The classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased \$16,488,440 from \$38,342,454 to \$21,854,014.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net position* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, debt service fund, building fund and classroom facilities fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2016?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Business-type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District's recreation programs and food service operations are reported as business-type activities.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 15. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, debt service fund, building fund and classroom facilities fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-31 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match information provided in the statements for the District as a whole. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-34 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in two agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 35-36. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 37-87 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 90-96 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Net Position

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-Ty | pe Activities | Total | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | | | | |
| Current assets | \$ 153,267,402 | \$ 186,371,980 | \$ 759,337 | \$ 879,867 | \$ 154,026,739 | \$ 187,251,847 | |
| Capital assets, net | 184,571,504 | 133,473,410 | 16,818 | 24,449 | 184,588,322 | 133,497,859 | |
| Total assets | 337,838,906 | 319,845,390 | 776,155 | 904,316 | 338,615,061 | 320,749,706 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | | | |
| Unamortized deferred charges | 5,726,268 | 6,174,407 | - | - | 5,726,268 | 6,174,407 | |
| Pension | 10,282,504 | 6,654,566 | 129,134 | 106,952 | 10,411,638 | 6,761,518 | |
| Total deferred | | | | | | | |
| outflows of resources | 16,008,772 | 12,828,973 | 129,134 | 106,952 | 16,137,906 | 12,935,925 | |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | 24,969,057 | 13,312,332 | 159,052 | 165,672 | 25,128,109 | 13,478,004 | |
| Long-term liabilies: | 2 .,,, 0,, ,, 0, , | 10,012,002 | 103,002 | 100,072 | 20,120,109 | 10, 170,001 | |
| Due within one year | 6,712,675 | 7,241,325 | 1,064 | 959 | 6,713,739 | 7,242,284 | |
| Net pension liability | 104,027,528 | 92,644,370 | 1,392,918 | 1,264,216 | 105,420,446 | 93,908,586 | |
| Other amounts | 170,901,688 | 175,403,939 | 92,605 | 110,319 | 170,994,293 | 175,514,258 | |
| Total liabilities | 306,610,948 | 288,601,966 | 1,645,639 | 1,541,166 | 308,256,587 | 290,143,132 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes and PILOTs | 35,173,029 | 36,356,772 | - | - | 35,173,029 | 36,356,772 | |
| Pension | 7,779,190 | 16,789,765 | 79,202 | 205,186 | 7,858,392 | 16,994,951 | |
| Total deferred | | | | | | | |
| inflows of resources | 42,952,219 | 53,146,537 | 79,202 | 205,186 | 43,031,421 | 53,351,723 | |
| Net Position | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 60,585,403 | 26,102,940 | 16,818 | 24,449 | 60,602,221 | 26,127,389 | |
| Restricted | 21,310,782 | 52,035,715 | | , | 21,310,782 | 52,035,715 | |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | (77,611,674) | (87,212,795) | (836,370) | (759,533) | (78,448,044) | (87,972,328) | |
| Total net position | \$ 4,284,511 | \$ (9,074,140) | \$ (819,552) | \$ (735,084) | \$ 3,464,959 | \$ (9,809,224) | |

During a previous fiscal year, the District adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27" and GASB Statement 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68" which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the District is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2016, the District assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$3,464,959. Of this amount, \$4,284,511 is reported in governmental activities and (\$819,552) is reported in business-type activities.

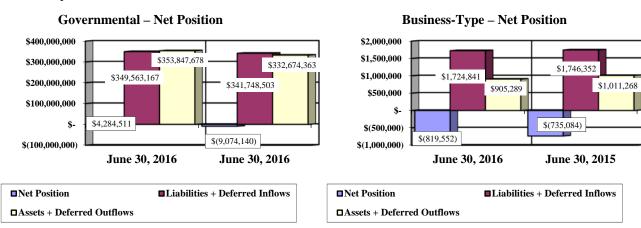
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$17,993,516 or 5.63%. The District saw a decrease in current assets due to the spending down of construction related funds and a decrease in intergovernmental receivables related to the construction project. Capital assets of the District increased \$51,098,094 due to construction in progress increases.

Liabilities of the governmental activities increased \$18,008,982 with the most significant increase in the area of net pension liability which increased \$11,383,158. Current liabilities increased \$11,656,725 due to contracts payable related to the construction project.

A portion of the District's net position, \$21,310,782, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Of the restricted net position, \$11,932,875 is restricted for capital projects which is primarily the balance restricted for the OSFC Project. The remaining balance of the governmental activities unrestricted net position is (\$77,611,674).

The graphs below show the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

Change in Net Position

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-ty | pe Activities | Total | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services and sales | \$ 5,320,619 | \$ 5,225,648 | \$ 656,693 | \$ 613,184 | \$ 5,977,312 | \$ 5,838,832 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | 7,263,904 | 8,263,689 | 1,003,606 | 971,095 | 8,267,510 | 9,234,784 | |
| Capital grants and contributions | 1,463,452 | 335,228 | - | - | 1,463,452 | 335,228 | |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 57,549,796 | 57,112,205 | - | - | 57,549,796 | 57,112,205 | |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | 163,680 | 78,983 | - | - | 163,680 | 78,983 | |
| Unrestricted grants and entitlements | 23,245,816 | 22,303,208 | - | - | 23,245,816 | 22,303,208 | |
| Restricted grants and entitlements | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Investment earnings | 404,744 | 227,944 | 3,372 | 2,507 | 408,116 | 230,451 | |
| Miscellaneous | 17,417 | 221,873 | <u>-</u> _ | <u>-</u> _ | 17,417 | 221,873 | |
| Total revenues | 95,429,428 | 93,768,778 | 1,663,671 | 1,586,786 | 97,093,099 | 95,355,564 | |

(Continued)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

| | Government | Governmental Activities Business-typ | | pe activities | То | Total | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| | | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| <u>Expenses</u> | | | | | | | |
| Program expenses: | | | | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | | | | |
| Regular | 29,260,504 | 28,915,346 | - | - | 29,260,504 | 28,915,346 | |
| Special | 13,690,555 | 13,285,571 | - | - | 13,690,555 | 13,285,571 | |
| Vocational | 2,575,656 | 2,527,236 | - | - | 2,575,656 | 2,527,236 | |
| Adult/continuing | 99,355 | 99,424 | - | - | 99,355 | 99,424 | |
| Other | 3,402,567 | 3,866,805 | - | - | 3,402,567 | 3,866,805 | |
| Support services: | | | | | | | |
| Pupil | 4,328,533 | 4,090,682 | - | - | 4,328,533 | 4,090,682 | |
| Instructional staff | 2,895,120 | 3,028,325 | - | - | 2,895,120 | 3,028,325 | |
| Board of education | 307,065 | 336,710 | - | - | 307,065 | 336,710 | |
| Administration | 3,585,250 | 3,416,249 | - | - | 3,585,250 | 3,416,249 | |
| Fiscal | 1,817,672 | 1,815,826 | - | - | 1,817,672 | 1,815,826 | |
| Business | 737,343 | 810,191 | - | - | 737,343 | 810,191 | |
| Operations and maintenance | 7,117,084 | 6,905,749 | - | - | 7,117,084 | 6,905,749 | |
| Pupil transportation | 13,185 | 210,295 | - | - | 13,185 | 210,295 | |
| Central | 307,377 | 255,544 | - | - | 307,377 | 255,544 | |
| Operation of non-instructional services | 2,976,698 | 2,916,005 | - | - | 2,976,698 | 2,916,005 | |
| Extracurricular activities | 1,331,290 | 1,316,553 | - | - | 1,331,290 | 1,316,553 | |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 7,625,523 | 7,789,525 | - | - | 7,625,523 | 7,789,525 | |
| Food service | - | - | 1,475,643 | 1,285,794 | 1,475,643 | 1,285,794 | |
| Recreation | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> _ | 272,496 | 254,756 | 272,496 | 254,756 | |
| Total expenses | 82,070,777 | 81,586,036 | 1,748,139 | 1,540,550 | 83,818,916 | 83,126,586 | |
| Changes in net position | 13,358,651 | 12,182,742 | (84,468) | 46,236 | 13,274,183 | 12,228,978 | |
| Net position at | · · · · · · | | | <u> </u> | · · · | | |
| beginning of year | (9,074,140) | (21,256,882) | (735,084) | (781,320) | (9,809,224) | (22,038,202) | |
| Net position at end of year | \$ 4,284,511 | \$ (9,074,140) | \$ (819,552) | \$ (735,084) | \$ 3,464,959 | \$ (9,809,224) | |

Governmental Activities

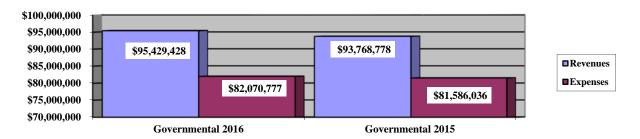
Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$13,358,651. Total governmental expenses of \$82,070,777 were offset by program revenues of \$14,047,975 and general revenues of \$81,381,453. Program revenues supported 17.12% of the total governmental expenses. Governmental revenues of the District increased \$1,660,650 which was due to an increase in capital grants and contributions. Property taxes of the District increased \$437,591 due to fluctuations in the amount of tax collected and available for advance at fiscal year-end by the Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer. Tax advances available are recorded as revenue under GAAP. The amount of tax advances available at June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 was \$16,615,364, \$13,076,882 and \$9,471,343, respectively. The amount of tax advance available at year-end can vary depending upon when the county fiscal officers distribute tax bills.

Expenses of the governmental activities increased \$484,741. The most significant decrease was in the area of instruction. This increase is the result of an increase in wages and benefits earned by the District's teaching staff.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2016 and 2015. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted and restricted grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

| | Total Cost of Services 2016 | Net Cost of Services 2016 | Total Cost of Services 2015 | Net Cost of Services 2015 |
|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Program expenses: | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | |
| Regular | \$ 29,260,504 | \$ 25,994,337 | \$ 28,915,346 | \$ 25,765,875 |
| Special | 13,690,555 | 9,435,225 | 13,285,571 | 7,961,497 |
| Vocational | 2,575,656 | 588,163 | 2,527,236 | 603,181 |
| Adult/continuing | 99,355 | (37,103) | 99,424 | (45,292) |
| Other | 3,402,567 | 3,291,711 | 3,866,805 | 3,636,576 |
| | | | | (Continued) |

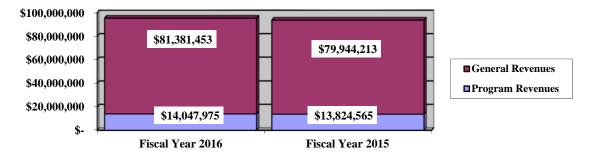
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

| | Total Cost of Services 2016 | Net Cost of Services 2016 | Total Cost of Services 2015 | Net Cost of Services 2015 |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Support services: | | | | |
| Pupil | 4,328,533 | 4,085,649 | 4,090,682 | 3,853,960 |
| Instructional staff | 2,895,120 | 2,848,148 | 3,028,325 | 2,957,161 |
| Board of education | 307,065 | 307,065 | 336,710 | 336,710 |
| Administration | 3,585,250 | 3,454,029 | 3,416,249 | 3,296,460 |
| Fiscal | 1,817,672 | 1,817,630 | 1,815,826 | 1,804,364 |
| Business | 737,343 | 737,343 | 810,191 | 810,191 |
| Operations and maintenance | 7,117,084 | 5,394,613 | 6,905,749 | 6,346,512 |
| Pupil transportation | 13,185 | (123,058) | 210,295 | 82,706 |
| Central | 307,377 | 307,377 | 255,544 | 255,544 |
| Operation of non-instructional services | 2,976,698 | 1,494,529 | 2,916,005 | 1,510,390 |
| Extracurricular activities | 1,331,290 | 801,621 | 1,316,553 | 796,111 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 7,625,523 | 7,625,523 | 7,789,525 | 7,789,525 |
| Total expenses | \$ 82,070,777 | \$ 68,022,802 | \$ 81,586,036 | \$ 67,761,471 |

The dependence upon tax revenues and unrestricted grants and entitlements during fiscal year 2016 for governmental activities is apparent, as 80.10% of 2016 instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support was 82.88% in 2016. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted and restricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio, as a whole, are by far the primary support for the District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include recreation and the food service operation. These programs had revenues of \$1,663,671 and expenses of \$1,748,139 for fiscal year 2016. The food service operations had expenses of \$1,475,643 and revenues of \$1,326,779. The recreation fund has \$272,496 in expenses and revenues of \$336,892. This resulted in a decrease to net position for the fiscal year of \$84,468. These funds are intended to be self-supporting through user fees and charges. Management assesses their performance to ensure that they are run efficiently. The major reason for the deficits in these funds is due to the recording of the net pension liability and the related deferred outflows/inflows under GASB Statement No. 68/71.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on pages 24-25) reported a combined fund balance of \$84,818,444 which is lower than last year's total of \$105,945,540. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

| | Fund Balance June 30, 2016 | Fund Balance June 30, 2015 | Change | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| General | \$ 32,893,129 | \$ 26,153,256 | \$ 6,739,873 | | |
| Debt Service | 12,884,138 | 12,238,697 | 645,441 | | |
| Building | 13,002,013 | 27,089,776 | (14,087,763) | | |
| Classroom Facilities | 21,854,014 | 38,342,454 | (16,488,440) | | |
| Other Governmental | 4,185,150 | 2,121,357 | 2,063,793 | | |
| Total | \$ 84,818,444 | \$ 105,945,540 | \$ (21,127,096) | | |

General Fund

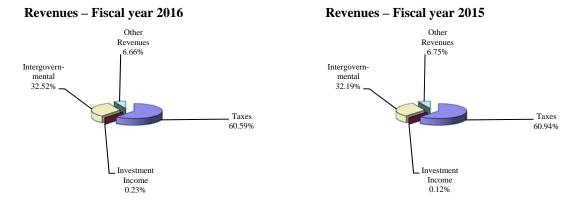
The District's general fund balance increased \$6,739,873. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

| | 2016 | 2015 | | Percentage |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| | _ Amount | Amount | Change | Change |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 45,649,153 | \$ 44,758,650 | \$ 890,503 | 1.99 % |
| Earnings on investments | 175,382 | 86,772 | 88,610 | 102.12 % |
| Intergovernmental | 24,500,829 | 23,642,763 | 858,066 | 3.63 % |
| Other revenues | 5,016,299 | 4,956,181 | 60,118 | 1.21 % |
| Total | \$ 75,341,663 | \$ 73,444,366 | \$ 1,897,297 | 2.58 % |

Overall revenues of the general fund increased \$1,897,297 or 2.58%. Tax revenue increased \$890,503 or 1.99% from the prior year. This increase can be attributed to an increase in the amount of tax advance that was available to the District from the County Fiscal Officer at June 30, 2016 versus June 30, 2015. This variance resulted in more tax revenue being reported in fiscal year 2016. The amount of tax advances available from the County Fiscal Officer can vary depending upon when tax bills are mailed. Intergovernmental revenues increased \$858,066 or 3.63%. This increase is due to an increase in Medicaid School Program (MSP) funding received from the federal government. Earnings on investments increased \$88,610 due to an increase in interest rates earned on investments as well as an increase in money available to invest.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The graphs below detail general fund revenues from fiscal year 2016 and 2015.

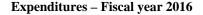


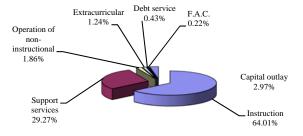
The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

| | 2016 | 2015 | | Percentage | |
|---|---------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|---|
| | Amount | Amount | Change | Change | |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 45,262,299 | \$ 44,945,938 | \$ 316,361 | 0.70 | % |
| Support services | 20,692,192 | 20,627,667 | 64,525 | 0.31 | % |
| Operation of non-instructional services | 1,311,883 | 1,300,817 | 11,066 | 0.85 | % |
| Extracurricular activities | 874,274 | 884,271 | (9,997) | (1.13) | % |
| Facilities acquisiton and construction | 154,014 | 495,128 | (341,114) | (68.89) | % |
| Capital outlay | 2,099,188 | - | 2,099,188 | 100.00 | % |
| Debt service | 307,128 | 230,244 | 76,884 | 33.39 | % |
| Total | \$ 70,700,978 | \$ 68,484,065 | \$ 2,216,913 | 3.24 | % |

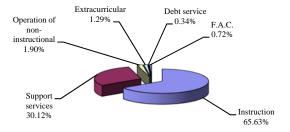
Expenditures of the general fund increased by \$2,216,913. While the District showed increases in instruction and support services due to wage and benefit increases to employees, the largest increase was in the area of capital outlay which increased due to the issuance of capital leases a bus, phone system, office I.T. equipment and copiers.

The graphs below detail general fund expenditures for fiscal year 2016 and 2015.





Expenditures – Fiscal year 2015



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund had \$12,937,798 in revenues and \$12,292,357 in expenditures and other financing uses. The debt service fund's fund balance increased \$645,441 from \$12,238,697 to \$12,884,138. The increase in fund balance is mainly related to revenues exceeding the schedule debt service payments related to general obligation bonds.

Building Fund

The building fund had \$104,622 in revenues and \$14,192,385 in expenditures. The building fund's fund balance decreased \$14,087,763 from \$27,089,776 to \$13,002,013. The decrease in fund balances is the result of costs related to the District's Locally Funded Initiatives (LFIs).

Classroom Facilities Fund

The classroom facilities fund had \$21,597,222 in revenues and \$38,085,662 in expenditures. The classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased \$16,488,440 from \$38,342,454 to \$21,854,014. The decrease in fund balance is the result of construction related costs associated with the District's construction project.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2016, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times, none significant. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues were \$73,330,841, which was increased from the original budgeted revenues estimate of \$70,958,245. Actual revenues for fiscal year 2016 were \$72,158,298. This represents a \$1,172,543 decrease from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (expenditures) and final appropriations were \$72,571,107. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2016 totaled \$69,617,272, which was \$2,953,835 less than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2016, the District had \$184,588,322 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings/improvements, furniture/equipment and vehicles. Of this total, \$184,571,504 was reported in governmental activities and \$16,818 was reported in business-type activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The following table shows June 30, 2016 balances compared to June 30, 2015.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

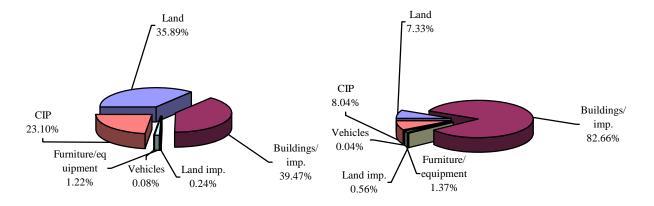
| | | Government | tal A | ctivities | Bu | isiness-Ty | pe A | ctivities | To | otal | |
|--------------------------|----|-------------|-------|-------------|----|------------|------|-----------|-------------------|------|-------------|
| | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2016 | | 2015 |
| Land | \$ | 9,786,520 | \$ | 9,786,520 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 9,786,520 | \$ | 9,786,520 |
| Construction in progress | | 62,978,635 | | 10,730,818 | | - | | - | 62,978,635 | | 10,730,818 |
| Land improvements | | 658,392 | | 751,629 | | - | | - | 658,392 | | 751,629 |
| Buildings/improvements | | 107,578,243 | | 110,312,386 | | - | | - | 107,578,243 | | 110,312,386 |
| Furniture/equipment | | 3,338,729 | | 1,834,370 | | 4,267 | | 6,705 | 3,342,996 | | 1,841,075 |
| Vehicles | _ | 230,985 | | 57,687 | | 12,551 | | 17,744 | 243,536 | _ | 75,431 |
| Total | \$ | 184,571,504 | \$ | 133,473,410 | \$ | 16,818 | \$ | 24,449 | \$ 184,588,322 | \$ | 133,497,859 |

The overall increase in governmental capital assets of \$51,098,094 is due to capital outlays of \$54,492,340 exceeding the depreciation expense of \$3,394,246.

The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental activities capital assets by category for 2016 and 2015.

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2016

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2015



See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2016 the District had \$156,717,155 in general obligation bonds and capital leases outstanding. Of this total, \$5,260,708 is due within one year and \$151,456,447 is due in more than one year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The following table summarizes the bonds and capital leases outstanding.

Outstanding Bond and Lease Debt, at Year End

| | Governmental Activities 2016 | Governmental Activities 2015 | | |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| General obligation bonds Capital leases | \$ 154,788,189 1,928,966 | \$ 158,981,893 314,263 | | |
| Total | \$ 156,717,155 | \$ 159,296,156 | | |

The District maintains an Aa2 bond rating.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has carefully managed its general fund budgets in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves, and to minimize the levy millage amounts needed periodically from the community's citizens. As the balance sheet on pages 24-25 shows, the general fund's unrestricted cash balance was \$28,745,741 at June 30, 2016. Fiscal year-end general fund unrestricted cash balances were \$24,811,841, \$22,581,173, \$19,580,409, \$16,813,918, \$15,603,692, \$13,196,739, \$16,019,490, \$20,060,960, \$22,942,386 and \$21,859,407 at June 30 in fiscal years 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Sound fiscal management by the Board of Education and Administration has enabled the District to maintain a healthy cash balance, pass four consecutive operating levies in 1995, 1999, 2002, 2010 and 2013 at minimum millage amounts possible, and continue a quality, comprehensive educational program.

The Board's five-year projections indicated that the natural budget cycle needs would require additional operating income beginning in fiscal year 2011. In May 2010, the Board submitted, and the electors of the District approved (by a vote of 60.62% to 39.38%) a 6.9-mill ad valorem property tax for the purpose of current expenses for a continuing period of time. That levy generates approximately \$6.2 million annually. By monitoring its five-year forecast, the Board was able to request voter approval early in the forecast cycle to lower the millage amount needed and not face significant reductions in educational programming. Once again, in May 2013, the board submitted, and the electors of the District approved (by a vote of 69% to 31%) a 3.9-mill ad valorem property tax for the purpose of current expenses for a continuing period of time. This levy generates approximately \$3.2 million annually. It is anticipated that additional operating funds from local taxes will be necessary again in fiscal year 2019. Since 2005, the Board has made numerous reductions in operating expenses to manage the budget and deal with revenue losses from reduced state funding, property valuations, and investment earnings.

Several significant legislative and judicial actions have occurred that will have a major impact on our District. The Ohio Supreme Court ruled in March 1997 that the State of Ohio was operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." The State has not yet developed a school-funding plan that has been deemed acceptable by the Court, and ultimate resolution still seems to be some time in the future. The District has been able to streamline some of its operations, thus cutting expenses, due to commencement of its new school facilities program.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Declining enrollment over the past ten years is a trend that has received, and will continue to receive, the attention of the Board and Administration. Enrollment in the past two years has leveled, perhaps due to implementation of extended-day kindergarten, economic conditions, or other factors. Reduced student counts lead to staffing cuts, excess building capacity, and less state funding. Each of these factors negatively impacts the operations of the District.

Another challenge facing the District is the need to complete the final construction phase to update its facilities to streamline operations and to enhance learning space design for students. The Board empowered the "Designing Our Schools for the Next 50 Years" Committee to develop a plan for school building replacement/renovation, grade configuration, and building numbers and locations. The Board has worked with the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) to develop a master facilities plan and project agreement, both of which are necessary in order to access State funds to assist with costs related to the plan. OSFC funding will comprise approximately 31% of the approved project costs; thus, it is important to capture this revenue source to relieve some of the financial burden from local taxpayers. The Lakewood community passed a \$93.6 million bond issue in March 2005, to begin the first construction phase of the facilities plan. Community and staff committees designed two new elementary schools and two new middle schools. The Lakewood community also passed a \$30.1 million bond issue on May 8, 2007. The 1.9 mill levy is for a term of 27 years commenced in 2007 (tax collections began in 2008). This bond issue was passed to renovate two middle schools to become elementary schools, and to renovate the western portion of Lakewood High School. When the entire project is completed, the District will have reduced its operations from 14 school buildings (10 elementary schools, 3 middle schools, and 1 high school) to 10 school buildings (7 elementary schools, 2 middle schools and 1 high school). The operational efficiencies created by this realignment of facilities will lessen millage amounts that will be needed for general fund operations in years after the facilities plan is completed. In November 2013 the Lakewood community passed a \$49,950,000 million bond issue to replace the last three elementary buildings and provide additions and renovations to the High School.

The District has committed itself to educational and financial excellence for many years. This is exemplified by the unmodified audit opinions that have been received by the Auditor of State. Each challenge identified in this section is viewed simultaneously as an opportunity for the District to foray down paths not previously traveled to continue its commitment to excellence. The District is committed to living within its financial means, and working with the community it serves in order to garner adequate resources to support the educational program.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Kent Zeman, Treasurer, Lakewood City School District, 1470 Warren Road, Lakewood, Ohio 44107.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

| | Primary Government Governmental Business-type | | | Component Unit | |
|--|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | Lakewood City Academy | |
| Assets: | 21ctivities | retivities | 1000 | City Meademy | |
| Equity in pooled cash and investments | \$ 92,934,800 | \$ 750,181 | \$ 93,684,981 | \$ 555,790 | |
| Receivables: | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 55,118,431 | - | 55,118,431 | - | |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | 125,682 | - | 125,682 | - | |
| Accounts | 15,407 | - | 15,407 | - | |
| Accrued interest | 68,707 | 116 | 68,823 | - | |
| Intergovernmental | 5,004,375 | - | 5,004,375 | 4,300 | |
| Materials and supplies inventory | - | 6,294 | 6,294 | - | |
| Inventory held for resale | - | 2,746 | 2,746 | - | |
| Capital assets: | | | | | |
| Nondepreciable capital assets | 72,765,155 | - | 72,765,155 | - | |
| Depreciable capital assets, net | 111,806,349 | 16,818 | 111,823,167 | 29,597 | |
| Capital assets, net | 184,571,504 | 16,818 | 184,588,322 | 29,597 | |
| Total assets | 337,838,906 | 776,155 | 338,615,061 | 589,687 | |
| Defended outflows of resources | | | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources: Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding | 5,726,268 | | 5,726,268 | | |
| Pension - STRS | 8,720,320 | - | 8,720,320 | - | |
| Pension - SERS | | 120 124 | | - | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 1,562,184 | 129,134 | 1,691,318 | | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 16,008,772 | 129,134 | 16,137,906 | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 294,166 | 7,296 | 301,462 | 89 | |
| Contracts payable | 14,712,227 | - | 14,712,227 | - | |
| Accrued wages and benefits payable | 7,771,412 | 118,314 | 7,889,726 | - | |
| Intergovernmental payable | 197,331 | 1,564 | 198,895 | - | |
| Pension and postemployment benefits payable . | 1,073,889 | 31,878 | 1,105,767 | - | |
| Accrued interest payable | 885,423 | - | 885,423 | - | |
| Claims payable | 34,609 | - | 34,609 | - | |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | | | |
| Due within one year | 6,712,675 | 1,064 | 6,713,739 | - | |
| Due in more than one year: | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | 104,027,528 | 1,392,918 | 105,420,446 | - | |
| Other amounts due in more than one year . | 170,901,688 | 92,605 | 170,994,293 | - | |
| Total liabilities | 306,610,948 | 1,645,639 | 308,256,587 | 89 | |
| | | | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year | 35,047,347 | | 35,047,347 | | |
| * * | 125,682 | - | 125,682 | - | |
| Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year | | - | | - | |
| Pension - STRS | 6,821,066 958,124 | 70 202 | 6,821,066 1,037,326 | - | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 42,952,219 | 79,202 79,202 | 43,031,421 | | |
| | , , , , | | | | |
| Net position: | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 60,585,403 | 16,818 | 60,602,221 | 29,597 | |
| Restricted for: | 11 022 975 | _ | 11 022 975 | | |
| Capital projects | 11,932,875 | - | 11,932,875 | - | |
| | 1,225,249 | - | 1,225,249 | - | |
| Debt service | 7,351,812 | - | 7,351,812 | - | |
| Locally funded programs | 61,997 | - | 61,997 | 1 000 | |
| State funded programs | 247,972 | - | 247,972 | 1,800 | |
| Federally funded programs | 603 | - | 603 | - | |
| Public school support | 242.020 | - | - 242.022 | 369 | |
| Student activities | 343,828 | - | 343,828 | - | |
| Other purposes | 146,446 | (00 < 050) | 146,446 | 249 | |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | (77,611,674) | . | (78,448,044) | 557,583 | |
| Total net position | \$ 4,284,511 | \$ (819,552) | \$ 3,464,959 | \$ 589,598 | |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

| | | | | 1 10gram Revenues | | | | |
|--|----|------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------|
| | | | Charges for Services and Sales | | Operating Grants and Contributions | | Capital Grants | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | | | | | |
| Regular | \$ | 29,260,504 | \$ | 2,674,721 | \$ | 591,446 | \$ | - |
| Special | | 13,690,555 | | 89,354 | | 4,165,976 | | - |
| Vocational | | 2,575,656 | | 1,524,357 | | 463,136 | | - |
| Adult/continuing | | 99,355 | | 136,458 | | - | | - |
| Other | | 3,402,567 | | - | | 110,856 | | - |
| Support services: | | | | | | | | |
| Pupil | | 4,328,533 | | 951 | | 241,933 | | - |
| Instructional staff | | 2,895,120 | | 6,643 | | 40,329 | | - |
| Board of education | | 307,065 | | - | | - | | - |
| Administration | | 3,585,250 | | 4,488 | | 126,733 | | - |
| Fiscal | | 1,817,672 | | 13 | | 29 | | - |
| Business | | 737,343 | | - | | - | | - |
| Operations and maintenance | | 7,117,084 | | 291,019 | | - | | 1,431,452 |
| Pupil transportation | | 13,185 | | - | | 136,243 | | - |
| Central | | 307,377 | | - | | - | | - |
| Operation of non-instructional services: | | | | | | | | |
| Other non-instructional services | | 2,976,698 | | 97,847 | | 1,384,322 | | - |
| Extracurricular activities | | 1,331,290 | | 494,768 | | 2,901 | | 32,000 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 7,625,523 | | | | - | | - |
| Total governmental activities | | 82,070,777 | | 5,320,619 | | 7,263,904 | | 1,463,452 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Food service | | 1,475,643 | | 319,801 | | 1,003,606 | | - |
| Recreation | | 272,496 | | 336,892 | | - | | - |
| Total business-type activities | | 1,748,139 | | 656,693 | | 1,003,606 | | - |
| Totals | \$ | 83,818,916 | \$ | 5,977,312 | \$ | 8,267,510 | \$ | 1,463,452 |
| Component units | | | | | | | | |
| Lakewood City Academy | \$ | 1,100,075 | \$ | 485 | \$ | 1,111,980 | \$ | - |
| | | | | | | | | |

General revenues:

Program Revenues

| Property taxes levied for: |
|--|
| General purposes |
| Debt service |
| Classroom facilities |
| Payments in lieu of taxes |
| Grants and entitlements not restricted |
| to specific programs |
| Investment earnings |
| Miscellaneous |
| Total general revenues |
| Change in net position |
| Net position at beginning of year |
| Net position at end of year |

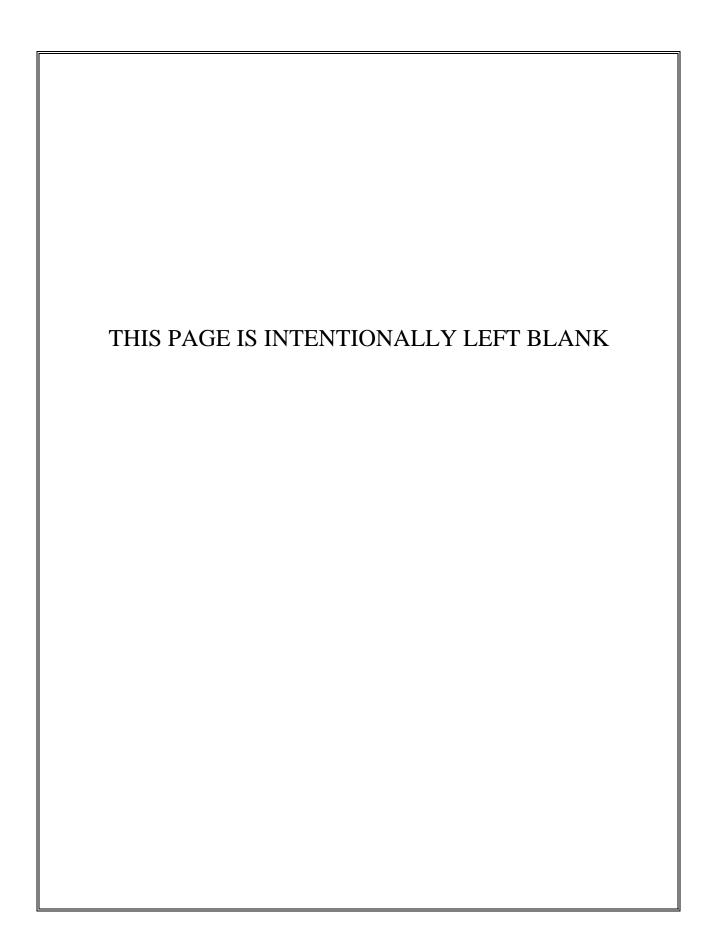
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

| | Primary Government | III Net Position | Component Unit |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total | Lakewood City Academy |
| | | | |
| \$ (25,994,337) | \$ - | \$ (25,994,337) | \$ |
| (9,435,225) | - | (9,435,225) | - |
| (588,163) | - | (588,163) | |
| 37,103 | - | 37,103 | |
| (3,291,711) | - | (3,291,711) | |
| (4,085,649) | - | (4,085,649) | |
| (2,848,148) | - | (2,848,148) | |
| (307,065) | - | (307,065) | |
| (3,454,029) | - | (3,454,029) | |
| (1,817,630) | - | (1,817,630) | |
| (737,343) | - | (737,343) | |
| (5,394,613) | _ | (5,394,613) | , |
| 123,058 | _ | 123,058 | |
| (307,377) | - | (307,377) | - |
| (1.404.520) | | (1.404.520) | |
| (1,494,529) | - | (1,494,529) | |
| (801,621) | - | (801,621) | |
| (7,625,523) | | (7,625,523) | |
| (68,022,802) | | (68,022,802) | |
| - | (152,236) | (152,236) | - |
| - | 64,396 | 64,396 | |
| | (87,840) | (87,840) | |
| (68,022,802) | (87,840) | (68,110,642) | - |
| <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | 12,390 |
| | | | |
| 45,351,970 | - | 45,351,970 | • |
| 11,756,585 | - | 11,756,585 | |
| 441,241 | - | 441,241 | |
| 163,680 | - | 163,680 | |
| 23,245,816 | - | 23,245,816 | |
| 404,744 | 3,372 | 408,116 | 2 |
| 17,417 | | 17,417 | 1,825 |
| 81,381,453 | 3,372 | 81,384,825 | 1,846 |
| 13,358,651 | (84,468) | 13,274,183 | 14,236 |
| (9,074,140) | (735,084) | (9,809,224) | 575,362 |
| \$ 4,284,511 | \$ (819,552) | \$ 3,464,959 | \$ 589,598 |

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

| Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$28,745,741 \$9,316,144 \$16,842,041 \$32,683,682 \$11,225,596 \$-\$ Payment in lieu of taxes \$125,682 \$-\$ \$- | Classroom Facilities | |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| Receivables: | | |
| Property taxes |)64 | |
| Accounts 15,407 - Commendation interest 20,549 42,20,401 Accrued interest 5,104 - 20,549 42,217 Intergovermental. 387,187 - - -4,317,7 Total assets 72,777,068 \$ 20,541,740 \$ 16,862,590 \$ 37,043,7 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 225,074 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Contracts payable 7,311,483 - - - Accrued wages and benefits payable 174,735 - - - Compensated absences payable 174,735 - <td>-</td> | - | |
| Accrued interest | _ | |
| Intergovernmental. | 908 | |
| Total assets | | |
| Total assets | - | |
| Accounts payable \$ 225,074 | 127 | |
| Contracts payable | | |
| Accrued wages and benefits payable | - | |
| Compensated absences payable 210,636 - - Intergovernmental payable 174,735 - - Pension and postemployment benefits payable 998,157 - - Due to other funds - - - - Total liabilities 8,920,085 - 3,854,001 10,858,200 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 27,856,300 6,915,518 - Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year 125,682 - - Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year 125,682 - - Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year 12,688,047 742,084 - Intergovernment are venue not available 2,688,047 742,084 - Miscellaneous revenue not available 3,259 - 6,576 13,7 Miscellaneous revenue not available 6,452 - - - | 226 | |
| Intergovernmental payable | - | |
| Pension and postemployment benefits payable 998,157 - - Due to other funds - - - - Total liabilities 8,920,085 - 3,854,001 10,858,200 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 27,856,300 6,915,518 - - Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year 125,682 - - - Delinquent property tax revenue not available 2,688,047 742,084 - - Intergovernmental revenue not available 284,114 - - 4,317,4 Accrued interest not available 3,259 - 6,576 13,3 Miscellaneous revenue not available 6,452 - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 30,963,854 7,657,602 6,576 4,331,4 Fund balances: Restricted: - - 13,002,013 21,854,6 Classroom facilities maintenance - - 13,002,013 21,854,6 | - | |
| Due to other funds | - | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: 27,856,300 6,915,518 - | - | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. 27,856,300 6,915,518 - | - | |
| Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. 27,856,300 6,915,518 - Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year. 125,682 - - Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 2,688,047 742,084 - Intergovernmental revenue not available. 284,114 - - 4,317,7 Accrued interest not available. 3,259 - 6,576 13,7 Miscellaneous revenue not available. 6,452 - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 30,963,854 7,657,602 6,576 4,331,4 Fund balances: Restricted: - - 12,884,138 - Debt service - 12,884,138 - - Capital improvements - - 13,002,013 21,854,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0 | 226 | |
| Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year. 125,682 - - Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 2,688,047 742,084 - Intergovernmental revenue not available. 284,114 - - 4,317,7 Accrued interest not available. 3,259 - 6,576 13,7 Miscellaneous revenue not available. 6,452 - - - Total deferred inflows of resources. 30,963,854 7,657,602 6,576 4,331,4 Fund balances: Restricted: - 12,884,138 - | | |
| Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 2,688,047 742,084 - Intergovernmental revenue not available. 284,114 - - 4,317,7 Accrued interest not available. 3,259 - 6,576 13,7 Miscellaneous revenue not available. 6,452 - - - Total deferred inflows of resources. 30,963,854 7,657,602 6,576 4,331,4 Fund balances: Restricted: Debt service. - 12,884,138 - Capital improvements. - - 13,002,013 21,854,0 Classroom facilities maintenance. - - - - Non-public schools - - - - Public school preschool - - - - Vocational education. - - - - Other purposes. - - - - | - | |
| Intergovernmental revenue not available. 284,114 - - 4,317,7 Accrued interest not available. 3,259 - 6,576 13,7 Miscellaneous revenue not available. 6,452 - - - Total deferred inflows of resources. 30,963,854 7,657,602 6,576 4,331,4 Fund balances: Restricted: Debt service. - 12,884,138 - - - 13,002,013 21,854,0 - | - | |
| Accrued interest not available. 3,259 - 6,576 13,7 Miscellaneous revenue not available. 6,452 Total deferred inflows of resources. 30,963,854 7,657,602 6,576 4,331,4 Fund balances: Restricted: Debt service - 12,884,138 | - | |
| Accrued interest not available. 3,259 - 6,576 13,7 Miscellaneous revenue not available. 6,452 - - - Total deferred inflows of resources. 30,963,854 7,657,602 6,576 4,331,4 Fund balances: Restricted: Debt service. - 12,884,138 - Capital improvements - - 13,002,013 21,854,0 Classroom facilities maintenance - - - - Non-public schools - - - - Public school preschool - - - - Vocational education - - - - Other purposes - - - - | 755 | |
| Fund balances: 30,963,854 7,657,602 6,576 4,331,4 Fund balances: Restricted: Debt service - 12,884,138 - Capital improvements - - 13,002,013 21,854,0 Classroom facilities maintenance - - - - Non-public schools - - - - Public school preschool - - - - Vocational education - - - - Other purposes - - - - | 732 | |
| Fund balances: Restricted: 12,884,138 - Debt service - 13,002,013 21,854,000 Classroom facilities maintenance - - - - Non-public schools - <td< td=""><td>-</td></td<> | - | |
| Restricted: 12,884,138 - Debt service 13,002,013 21,854,000 Capital improvements - - 13,002,013 21,854,000 Classroom facilities maintenance - - - - Non-public schools - - - - Public school preschool - - - - Vocational education - - - - Other purposes - - - - | 187 | |
| Debt service - 12,884,138 - Capital improvements - - 13,002,013 21,854,000 Classroom facilities maintenance - - - - Non-public schools - - - - Public school preschool - - - - Vocational education - - - - - Other purposes - - - - - - | | |
| Capital improvements | | |
| Classroom facilities maintenance | - | |
| Non-public schools |)14 | |
| Public school preschool | - | |
| Vocational education | - | |
| Other purposes | - | |
| | - | |
| Extracurricular activities | - | |
| Zilawaiii wa ilawa | - | |
| Assigned: | | |
| Student instruction | - | |
| Student and staff support | - | |
| Extracurricular activities | - | |
| Subsequent year's appropriations 915,802 | - | |
| Operation of non-instructional activities | - | |
| Other purposes | - | |
| Unassigned (deficit) | | |
| Total fund balances |)14 | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances . | 127 | |

| Nonmajor overnmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| | | |
| \$ 4,419,243 | \$ 92,006,233 | 3 |
| 424,153 | 55,118,43 125,68 | |
| - | 15,40 | |
| 146 | 68,70 | |
| 299,433 | 5,004,37 | |
| 2,7,133 | 29,26 | |
| \$ 5,142,975 | \$ 152,368,10 | |
| | | |
| \$ 69,092 | \$ 294,16 | |
| - | 14,712,22 | |
| 459,929 | 7,771,41 | 2 |
| - | 210,63 | |
| 22,596 | 197,33 | 1 |
| 75,732 | 1,073,88 | 9 |
| 29,265 | 29,26 | 5 |
| 656,614 | 24,288,92 | 6 |
| | | |
| 275,529 | 35,047,34 | 7 |
| - | 125,68 | 2 |
| 25,589 | 3,455,72 | 0 |
| - | 4,601,86 | |
| 93 | 23,66 | |
| _ | 6,45 | |
| 301,211 | 43,260,73 | |
| | | |
| - | 12,884,13 | 8 |
| 2,302,541 | 37,158,56 | 8 |
| 1,199,660 | 1,199,66 | 0 |
| 108,953 | 108,95 | 3 |
| 137,082 | 137,08 | 2 |
| 603 | 60. | 3 |
| 213,719 | 213,71 | 9 |
| 343,828 | 343,82 | 8 |
| - | 235,05 | 6 |
| _ | 1,511,81 | 9 |
| _ | 72 | 0 |
| _ | 915,80 | |
| - | 113,47 | |
| _ | 65,15 | |
| (121,236) | 29,929,86 | |
| 4,185,150 | 84,818,44 | 4 |
| \$ 5,142,975 | \$ 152,368,10 | 0 |



RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2016

| Total governmental fund balances | | \$ 84,818,444 |
|---|--|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | 184,571,504 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total | \$ 3,455,720 30,898 23,660 4,577,423 | 8,087,701 |
| An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of workers compensation to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position. | | 893,958 |
| Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds. | | (14,553,247) |
| Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds. | | 5,726,268 |
| Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. | | (885,423) |
| The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/ outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - pension Net pension liability Total | 10,282,504 (7,779,190) (104,027,528) | (101,524,214) |
| Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Capital lease obligations Compensated absences Retirement incentives Total | (154,788,189) (1,928,966) (4,982,278) (1,151,047) | (162,850,480) |
| Net position of governmental activities | | \$ 4,284,511 |
| | | |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

| | General | Debt Service | Building | Classroom Facilities |
|---|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| From local sources: | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 45,649,153 | \$ 11,815,901 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | 163,680 | - | - | - |
| Tuition | 3,031,909 | - | - | - |
| Earnings on investments | 175,382 | - | 104,622 | 108,999 |
| Extracurricular | 422,195 | - | - | - |
| Classroom materials and fees | 89,734 | - | - | - |
| Rental income | 263,544 | - | - | - |
| Contributions and donations | 24,044 | - | - | - |
| Contract services | 942,812 | - | - | - |
| Other local revenues | 78,381 | - | - | - |
| Intergovernmental - intermediate | <u>-</u> | | - | <u>-</u> |
| Intergovernmental - state | 23,725,102 | 1,121,897 | - | 21,488,223 |
| Intergovernmental - federal | 775,727 | - 12.025.500 | - 104 622 | |
| Total revenues | 75,341,663 | 12,937,798 | 104,622 | 21,597,222 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | |
| Regular | 28,441,666 | - | - | - |
| Special | 10,909,447 | - | - | - |
| Vocational | 2,337,076 | - | - | - |
| Adult/continuing | 102,704 | - | - | - |
| Other | 3,471,406 | - | - | - |
| Support services: | 4.000.000 | | | |
| Pupil | 4,030,059 | - | - | - |
| Instructional staff | 2,722,428 | - | - | - |
| Board of education | 305,533 | - | - | - |
| Administration | 3,507,576 | - | 16076 | 12.054 |
| Fiscal | 1,798,213 | - | 16,376 | 13,854 |
| Business | 775,085 | - | - | - |
| Operations and maintenance | 7,239,391 | - | - | - |
| Pupil transportation | 2,493 | - | - | - |
| Central | 311,414 | - | - | - |
| Operation of non-instructional services: | 1 211 002 | | | |
| Other non-instructional services | 1,311,883 | - | - | - |
| | 874,274 | - | 14 176 000 | 20 071 000 |
| Facilities acquisition and construction | 154,014 | - | 14,176,009 | 38,071,808 |
| Capital outlay | 2,099,188 | - | - | - |
| Principal retirement | 278,611 | 2,604,185 | | |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 28,517 | 6,837,357 | - | - |
| | 26,517 | | _ | _ |
| Accretion on capital appreciation bonds Total expenditures | 70,700,978 | 2,850,815 | 14,192,385 | 38,085,662 |
| | | | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) | | | | |
| expenditures | 4,640,685 | 645,441 | (14,087,763) | (16,488,440) |
| Other financing sources: | | | | |
| Capital lease transaction | 2,099,188 | _ | _ | _ |
| Total other financing sources | 2,099,188 | | | |
| Net change in fund balances | 6,739,873 | 645,441 | (14,087,763) | (16,488,440) |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | | | | 38,342,454 |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$ 32,893,129 | \$ 12,238,697 \$ 12,884,138 | \$ 13,002,013 | \$ 21,854,014 |

| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | |
| \$ 444,273 | \$ 57,909,327 |
| - | 163,680 |
| 81,810 | 3,113,719 |
| 4,930 | 393,933 |
| 443,629 | 865,824 |
| - | 89,734 |
| 23,450 | 286,994 |
| 35,506 | 59,550 |
| 21,536 | 964,348 |
| 218,430 | 296,811 |
| 4,465 | 4,465 |
| 1,421,316 | 47,756,538 |
| 5,115,994 | 5,891,721 |
| 7,815,339 | 117,796,644 |
| 707,695 | 29,149,361 |
| 2,485,037 | 13,394,484 |
| 193,920 | 2,530,996 |
| - | 102,704 |
| 115,708 | 3,587,114 |
| 243,338 | 4,273,397 |
| 45,835 | 2,768,263 |
| , - | 305,533 |
| 125,594 | 3,633,170 |
| 43 | 1,828,486 |
| - | 775,085 |
| - | 7,239,391 |
| - | 2,493 |
| - | 311,414 |
| 1,379,605 | 2,691,488 |
| 454,771 | 1,329,045 |
| - | 52,401,831 |
| - | 2,099,188 |
| - | 2,882,796 |
| - | 6,865,874 |
| - | 2,850,815 |
| 5,751,546 | 141,022,928 |
| | |
| 2,063,793 | (23,226,284) |
| | 2,099,188 |
| | 2,099,188 |
| 2,063,793 | (21,127,096) |
| 2,121,357 | 105,945,540 |
| \$ 4,185,150 | \$ 84,818,444 |
| <u> </u> | |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | | \$ | (21,127,096) |
|---|--|----------|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. | | | |
| Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total | \$ 54,492,340 (3,394,246) | <u> </u> | 51,098,094 |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | | |
| Property taxes Earnings on investments Other local revenue Intergovernmental | (359,531) 12,798 (104,263) (21,958,842) | ı | |
| Total Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the | (21,730,042) | _ | (22,409,838) |
| governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Principal payments during the year were: Bonds | 5,455,000 | | |
| Capital leases Total | 484,485 | - | 5,939,485 |
| Issuances of capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position. | | | (2,099,188) |
| In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: | | | (2,000,100) |
| Change in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges | 39,674 (1,261,296) 910,112 (448,139) | | |
| Total Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in | | _ | (759,649) |
| governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. | | | 6,030,099 |
| Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. | | | (4,774,744) |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | | 1,446,393 |
| An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of workers compensation to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal | | | , ,,,,,,,,, |
| service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. | | | 15,095 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | | \$ | 13,358,651 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

| | Budgeted | Amo | unts | | | riance with nal Budget Positive |
|---|------------------|-----|------------|------------------|----|---------------------------------------|
| | Original | | Final | Actual | (| Negative) |
| Revenues: | 9 | | _ | _ | | , , |
| From local sources: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 42,242,371 | \$ | 43,654,807 | \$ 42,956,778 | \$ | (698,029) |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | 163,680 | | 163,680 | 163,680 | | - |
| Tuition | 2,976,666 | | 3,076,196 | 3,027,008 | | (49,188) |
| Earnings on investments | 160,825 | | 166,203 | 163,545 | | (2,658) |
| Extracurricular | 67,291 | | 69,541 | 68,429 | | (1,112) |
| Classroom materials and fees | 88,242 | | 91,192 | 89,734 | | (1,458) |
| Rental income | 255,364 | | 263,903 | 259,683 | | (4,220) |
| Contract services | 927,133 | | 958,133 | 942,813 | | (15,320) |
| Other local revenues | 51,378 | | 58,569 | 55,015 | | (3,554) |
| Intergovernmental - state | 23,262,469 | | 24,040,285 | 23,655,886 | | (384,399) |
| Intergovernmental - federal | 762,826 | | 788,332 | 775,727 | | (12,605) |
| Total revenues | 70,958,245 | | 73,330,841 | 72,158,298 | | (1,172,543) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | | | |
| Regular | 29,670,257 | | 29,246,370 | 28,316,069 | | 930,301 |
| Special | 11,209,359 | | 11,036,885 | 11,007,644 | | 29,241 |
| Vocational | 2,301,429 | | 2,275,372 | 2,317,616 | | (42,244) |
| Adult/continuing | 115,130 | | 124,739 | 106,076 | | 18,663 |
| Other. | 3,949,255 | | 4,063,204 | 3,767,681 | | 295,523 |
| Support services: | 3,7 17,233 | | 1,003,201 | 3,707,001 | | 275,525 |
| Pupil | 4,024,890 | | 3,960,692 | 4,039,847 | | (79,155) |
| Instructional staff | 3,085,303 | | 3,041,618 | 2,815,213 | | 226,405 |
| Board of education | 384,650 | | 486,484 | 386,139 | | 100,345 |
| Administration | 3,442,504 | | 3,393,522 | 3,469,527 | | (76,005) |
| Fiscal | 1,845,402 | | 1,817,382 | 1,812,022 | | 5,360 |
| Business | 981,421 | | 993,754 | 880,037 | | 113,717 |
| Operations and maintenance | 8,357,916 | | 8,578,891 | 7,846,653 | | 732,238 |
| Pupil transportation | 102,405 | | 225,845 | 140,382 | | 85,463 |
| Central | 297,689 | | 292,939 | 312,218 | | (19,279) |
| Other operation of non-instructional services . | 1,362,581 | | 1,460,821 | 1,359,212 | | 101,609 |
| Extracurricular activities | 906,442 | | 891,978 | 886,922 | | 5,056 |
| Facilities acquisition and construction | 534,474 | | 680,611 | 154,014 | | 526,597 |
| Total expenditures | 72,571,107 | | 72,571,107 | 69,617,272 | | 2,953,835 |
| Net change in fund balance | (1,612,862) | | 759,734 | 2,541,026 | | 1,781,292 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | 22,205,484 | | 22,205,484 | 22,205,484 | | _ |
| Prior year encumbrances appropriated | 2,009,324 | | 2,009,324 | 2,009,324 | | _ |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ 22,601,946 | \$ | 24,974,542 | \$ 26,755,834 | \$ | 1,781,292 |
| | | | | | | |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

| | Total Business-Type Activities - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund |
|---|--|--|
| Assets: | | |
| Equity in pooled cash and investments | \$ 750,181 | \$ 928,567 |
| Accrued interest | 116 6,294 2,746 | - - - |
| Total current assets | 759,337 | 928,567 |
| Noncurrent assets: Depreciable capital assets, net | 16,818 | |
| Total assets | 776,155 | 928,567 |
| Deferred outflows of resources: Pension - SERS | 129,134 | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 129,134 | |
| Liabilities: Accounts payable | 7,296 118,314 1,064 31,878 1,564 | 34,609 |
| Total current liabilities | 160,116 | 34,609 |
| Long-term liabilities: Compensated absences payable Net pension liability | 92,605 1,392,918 | - - |
| Total long-term liabilities | 1,485,523 | |
| Total liabilities | 1,645,639 | 34,609 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: Pension - SERS | 79,202 79,202 | - |
| Net position: | | |
| Investment in capital assets | 16,818 (836,370) | 893,958 |
| Total net position | \$ (819,552) | \$ 893,958 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

| | | Total | |
|-----------------------------------|----|---|--|
| | 1 | ssiness-Type Activities - Nonmajor erprise Funds | Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund |
| Operating revenues: | | | |
| Sales/charges for services | \$ | 656,693 | \$ - |
| Other | | | 63,731 |
| Total operating revenues | | 656,693 | 63,731 |
| Operating expenses: | | | |
| Personal services | | 922,758 | - |
| Purchased services | | 27,528 | 14,027 |
| Materials and supplies | | 763,354 | - |
| Other | | 26,868 | - |
| Claims | | - | 34,609 |
| Depreciation | | 7,631 | |
| Total operating expenses | | 1,748,139 | 48,636 |
| Operating income (loss) | | (1,091,446) | 15,095 |
| Nonoperating revenues: | | | |
| Grants and subsidies | | 952,092 | - |
| Interest revenue | | 3,372 | - |
| Federal donated commodities | | 51,514 | |
| Total nonoperating revenues | | 1,006,978 | |
| Change in net position | | (84,468) | 15,095 |
| Net position at beginning of year | | (735,084) | 878,863 |
| Net position at end of year | \$ | (819,552) | \$ 893,958 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

| | <i>P</i> | Total siness-Type Activities - Nonmajor erprise Funds | A | vernmental ctivities - Internal rvice Fund |
|--|----------|---|----|---|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | |
| Cash received from sales/charges for services | \$ | 654,753 | \$ | |
| Cash received from other operations | | (969,945) | | 63,731 |
| Cash payments for purchased services | | (27,358) | | (136,911) |
| Cash payments for materials and supplies | | (711,061) | | - |
| Cash payments for claims | | (22,389) | | (105,000) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | | (1,076,000) | | (178,180) |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from grants and subsidies | | 970,817 | | |
| AV. 1 1111 5.1 | | | | |
| Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities | | 970,817 | | |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Interest received | - | 3,289 | | - |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 3,289 | | |
| Net decrease in cash and | | | | |
| investments | | (101,894) | | (178,180) |
| Cash and investments at beginning of year | | 852,075 | | 1,106,747 |
| Cash and investments at obeginning of year | \$ | 750,181 | \$ | 928,567 |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities: | | | | · · · |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (1,091,446) | \$ | 15,095 |
| Adjustments: | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 7,631 | | - |
| Federal donated commodities | | 51,514 | | - |
| Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows: | | | | |
| Materials and supplies inventory | | (303) | | - |
| Inventory held for resale | | 297 | | - |
| Deferred outflows - pension - SERS | | (22,182) | | |
| Accounts payable | | 4,254 | | - |
| Accrued wages and benefits | | 6,775 114 | | (122,884) |
| Compensated absences payable | | (17,609) | | (122,864) |
| Pension and postemployment benefits payable | | (17,763) | | - |
| Net pension liability | | 128,702 | | |
| Deferred inflows - pension - SERS | | (125,984) | | |
| Claims payable | | - | | (70,391) |
| Net cash used in | ¢ | (1.076.000) | ¢ | (170 100) |
| operating activities | \$ | (1,076,000) | \$ | (178,180) |

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

| | Private-Purpose Trust | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|----|---------|
| | Sch | olarship | 1 | Agency |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Equity in pooled cash | | | | |
| and investments | \$ | 30,272 | \$ | 138,696 |
| Receivables: | | | | |
| Accrued interest | | 5 | | - |
| Total assets | | 30,277 | \$ | 138,696 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | - | \$ | 141 |
| Intergovernmental payable | | - | | 16,630 |
| Due to students | | - | | 121,925 |
| Total liabilities | | <u> </u> | \$ | 138,696 |
| Net position: | | | | |
| Held in trust for scholarships | | 30,277 | | |
| Total net position | \$ | 30,277 | | |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

| | Private-Purpose Trust | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------|--|
| | Sch | olarship | |
| Additions: | Φ. | 1.00 | |
| Interest | \$ | 168 | |
| Gifts and contributions | | 1,000 | |
| Total additions | | 1,168 | |
| Deductions: Scholarships awarded | | 1,000 | |
| Change in net position | | 168 | |
| Net position at beginning of year | | 30,109 | |
| Net position at end of year | \$ | 30,277 | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Lakewood City School District (the "District") is located in Cuyahoga County and includes all of the City of Lakewood, Ohio. The District was established in 1854 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately 5.05 square miles.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by Ohio statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District currently operates 14 instructional buildings, 1 administrative building and 1 garage. The District employs 456 non-certified and 481 certified full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 5,026 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has one component unit. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the District (the primary government) and the component unit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following component unit and other organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

COMPONENT UNIT

<u>The Lakewood City Academy</u> - The Lakewood City Academy (the "Academy") is a legally separate, conversion community school, served by a Board of Directors. The Academy provides students within the District with curriculum and instruction via distance learning technology. The Board of Directors consists of five Lakewood residents. The Directors are selected and appointed by the Lakewood City School District Board of Education. The Lakewood City School District is the sponsoring School District of the Academy under Ohio Revised Code Section 3314. The Superintendent of the District serves as the Chief Administrative Officer of the Academy and the Treasurer serves as the Chief Financial Officer. Based on the significant services provided by the District to the Academy, the Academy's purpose of servicing the students with the District, and the relationship between the Board of Education of the District and the Board of Directors of the Academy, the Academy is reflected as a component unit of the District. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Academy at 1470 Warren Road, Lakewood, OH 44107-3918. See Note 19 for further information on the Academy.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

<u>Connect</u> - The District is a member of the connect, formerly known as the North Coast Council, which was formed when the Lakeshore Northeast Ohio Computer Association and the Lake Erie Educational Computer Association merged during fiscal year 2012. Connect was organized for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among 34 member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports the Connect based on a per pupil charge. The District contributed \$189,758 to Connect during fiscal year 2016. Connect is governed by a nine member Board of Directors consisting of superintendents from member school districts. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Cuyahoga County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 5700 West Canal Road, Valley View, Ohio 44125.

Ohio Schools Council - The Ohio Schools Council Association (the "Council") is a jointly governed organization comprised of 157 member districts. The mission of the Council is to identify, plan and provide services to member districts that can be more effectively achieved by cooperative endeavors of member districts than by an individual district operating on its own. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of nine superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In fiscal year 2016, the District paid \$138,974 to the Council for membership and other services as well as for the natural gas purchasing program. Financial information can be obtained by contacting David Cottrell, the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council at 6133 Rockside Road, Suite 10, Independence, Ohio 44131.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District participates in the natural gas purchase program. This program allows the District to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. Energy USA served as the natural gas supplier and program manager from October 1, 2008 to September 30, 2010. Compass Energy has been selected as the new supplier and program manager for the period beginning after October 1, 2010. There are currently 146 participants in the program including the Lakewood City School District. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each September, these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year (July to June). Districts that paid more in estimated billings than their actual billings are issued credits on future billings beginning in September until the credits are exhausted and districts that did not pay enough on estimated billings are invoiced for the difference on the September monthly estimated billing.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

<u>The Lakewood Public Library</u> - The Lakewood Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Lakewood City School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Lakewood Public Library at 15425 Detroit Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio 44107.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority Board (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool. SORSA's business affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of directors consisting of a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and five delegates. SORSA was created to provide joint self-insurance coverage and to assist members to prevent and reduce losses and injuries to the District's property and person. It is intended to provide liability and property insurance at reduced premiums for the participants. SORSA is organized as a nonprofit corporation under provisions of Ohio Revised Code 2744.

Suburban Health Consortium

The Suburban Health Consortium (the "Consortium") is a shared health risk pool created on October 1, 2001, formed by the Boards of Education of several school districts in northeast Ohio, for the purposes of maximizing benefits and/or reducing costs of group health, life, dental and/or other insurance coverages for their employees and the eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries of such employees. The Consortium was formed and operates as a legally separate entity under Ohio Revised Code Section 9.833. The Board of Directors shall be the governing body of the Consortium. The Board of Education of each Consortium Member shall appoint its Superintendent or such Superintendent's designee to be its representative of the Board of Directors. The officers of the Board of Directors shall consist of a Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Recording Secretary, who shall be elected at the annual meeting of Board of Directors and serve until the next annual meeting. All of the authority of the Consortium shall be exercised by or under the direction of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall also set all premiums and other amounts to be paid by the Consortium Members, and the Board of Directors shall also have the authority to waive premiums and other payments. All members of the Board of Directors shall serve without compensation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Fiscal Agent (Orange City School District) shall be the Board of Education responsible for administering the financial transactions of the Consortium. The Fiscal Agent shall carry out the responsibilities of the Consortium Fund, enter into contracts on behalf of the Consortium as authorized by the Directors and carry out such other responsibilities as approved by the Directors and agreed to by the Fiscal Agent. Each District Member enrolled in a benefit program may require contributions from its employees toward the cost of any benefit program being offered by such District Member and such contributions shall be included in the payments from such District Member to the Fiscal Agent for such benefit program. Contributions are to be submitted by each District Member, to the Fiscal Agent, required under the terms of the Consortium Agreement and any benefit program in which such District Member is enrolled to the Fiscal Agent on a monthly basis, or as otherwise required in accordance with any benefit program in which such District Member is enrolled. All general administrative costs incurred by the Consortium that are not covered by the premium payments shall be shared equally by the Consortium Members as approved by the Directors, and shall be paid by each Consortium Member upon receipt of notice from the Fiscal Agent that such payment is due. It is the express intention of the Consortium Members that the Consortium Agreement and the Consortium shall continue for an indefinite term, but may be terminated as provided in the Consortium Agreement.

Any Consortium Member wishing to withdraw from participation in the Consortium or any benefit program shall notify the Fiscal Agent at least 180 days prior to the effective date of withdrawal. Upon withdrawal of a Consortium Member, the Consortium shall pay the run out of all claims for such Consortium Member provided such Consortium Member has paid to the Consortium, prior to the effective date of withdrawal a withdrawal fee in the amount equal to two months' premiums at the Consortium Member's current rate. Payment of the withdrawal fee does not extend insurance coverage for two months. Upon automatic withdrawal, for non-payment of premiums required by the Consortium Agreement, the Consortium shall pay the run out of all claims for such Consortium Member provided that the Consortium has received from such Consortium Member all outstanding and unpaid premiums and other amounts and the withdrawal fee equal to two months' premiums at the Consortium Member's current rates. Any Consortium Member which withdraws from the Consortium pursuant to the Consortium Agreement shall have no claim to the Consortium's assets. Financial information for the Consortium can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Orange City School District (the Fiscal Agent) 32000 Chagrin Blvd., Pepper Pike, Ohio 44124.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt service fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources restricted for the payment of general obligation bond and note principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Building fund</u> - The building fund is used to account for the bond and note proceeds that are restricted for the acquisition of buildings.

<u>Classroom facilities fund</u> - The classroom facilities fund is used to account for bond or note proceeds and intergovernmental revenues from the State that are restricted for building renovation under the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) program.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the District's proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise funds</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises-where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District has two enterprise funds to account for food service operations and recreation services. These enterprise funds are considered nonmajor enterprise funds.

<u>Internal service funds</u> - The internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's internal service fund accounts for workers' compensation activities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into three classifications: investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for student managed activities and amounts held and due to other governments.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, current deferred inflows of resources and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service fund is charges for services and sales. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds are sales for food services and charges for services for recreation. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds are personnel costs and purchased services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, See Note 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2016, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the District, See Note 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The specific timetable for fiscal year 2016 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Cuyahoga County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final amended certificates issued for fiscal year 2016.

- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures for all funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control.
- All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Shortterm interfund loans are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource, and are intended to be repaid.
- Any revisions that alter the legal level of budgetary control must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions.
- 8. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2016. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final appropriations for fiscal year 2016.
- 9. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated. Cash disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2016, investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB) securities, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities, U.S. Treasury notes and governmental money market accounts. Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2016. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2016.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allotted to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2016 amounted to \$175,382 and includes \$58,454 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net position, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On fund and government-wide financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their local fair value on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized for governmental activities.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| | Governmental | Business-Type |
|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Activities | Activities |
| Description | Estimated Lives | Estimated Lives |
| Land improvements | 20 years | N/A |
| Buildings/improvements | 50 - 75 years | N/A |
| Furniture/equipment | 5 - 20 years | 5 - 20 years |
| Vehicles | 8 years | 8 years |

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables". Receivables and payables resulting from negative cash balances are classified as "due to/due from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance benefits). A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least 10 years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. The District has also recorded a liability for up to 10 days of accumulated sick leave (paid upon termination) for those employees with at least 5 years of service in the District, to the extent that those employees do not otherwise meet criteria defined above.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2016 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported to the extent that a known liability for an employee's retirement/resignation has been incurred by fiscal year end. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees are paid. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and long-term loans are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, Lakewood Catholic Academy and St. Edward High School are operated through the Cleveland Catholic Diocese. Lakewood Lutheran School is also in the District. Current State legislation provides funding to these nonpublic schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the nonpublic schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the nonpublic schools. The activities of these State monies are reflected by the District in a nonmajor governmental fund for financial reporting purposes.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are sales for food service and charges for services for recreation and self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs that are incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Bond Issuance Costs/Unamortized Bond Premium and Discount/Unamortized Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are expensed in the year they occur.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 10.

R. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of activities.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of activities.

S. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

T. Fair Market Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarch established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

U. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District had neither occurrence.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2016, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", GASB Statement No. 73 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68", GASB Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments", and GASB Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants".

GASB Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurement. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 73 improves the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purposes external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 73 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 76 identifies - in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment - the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 76 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 79 establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 79 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2016 included the following individual fund deficits:

| Nonmajor governmental funds | Deficit |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Refugee Children School Impact Act | \$ 10,778 |
| Title VI-B | 47,850 |
| Title I | 59,575 |
| IDEA Part-B Preschool | 973 |
| Title II-A | 2,060 |
| Nonmajor enterprise funds | |
| Food service | 520,198 |
| Recreation | 299,354 |

The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances in the governmental funds resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The deficit fund balances in the nonmajor enterprise funds resulted is the result of recording the net pension liability and the related deferred outflows/inflows.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statute classifies monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instruments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$2,890 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$9,427,383. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2016, \$8,386,325 of the District's bank balance of \$9,925,903 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,539,578 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments and maturities:

| | | Investment Maturities | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | | 6 months or | 7 to 12 | 13 to 18 | 19 to 24 | Greater than | |
| <u>Investment type</u> | Fair Value | less | months | months | months | 24 months | |
| FFCB | \$ 6,505,560 | \$ - | \$ 2,001,060 | \$ - | \$ 3,000,060 | \$ 1,504,440 | |
| FHLB | 19,511,975 | 13,503,395 | 6,008,580 | - | - | - | |
| FHLMC | 12,908,763 | - | 7,404,158 | 4,004,500 | - | 1,500,105 | |
| U.S. Treasury notes | 4,001,700 | - | 4,001,700 | - | - | - | |
| STAR Ohio | 6,515,408 | 6,515,408 | - | - | - | - | |
| U.S. Government money market | 34,980,270 | 34,980,270 | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 84,423,676 | \$ 54,999,073 | \$ 19,415,498 | \$ 4,004,500 | \$ 3,000,060 | \$ 3,004,545 | |

The weighted average of maturity for investments is 0.41 years.

The District's investments in federal agency securities, U.S. Treasury notes, U.S. Government money markets and STAR Ohio are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 Inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments in federal agency securities and U.S. Treasury notes were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio and the governmental money market an AAAm money market rating. STAR Ohio must maintain the highest letter or numerical rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2016:

| Investment type | Fair Value | % of Total |
|------------------------------|---------------|------------|
| FFCB | \$ 6,505,560 | 7.71 |
| FHLB | 19,511,975 | 23.11 |
| FHLMC | 12,908,763 | 15.29 |
| U.S. Treasury notes | 4,001,700 | 4.74 |
| STAR Ohio | 6,515,408 | 7.72 |
| U.S. Government money market | 34,980,270 | 41.43 |
| Total | \$ 84,423,676 | 100.00 |

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2016:

| Cash and investments per note | | |
|---|----|------------|
| Cash on hand | \$ | 2,890 |
| Carrying amount of deposits | | 9,427,383 |
| Investments | | 84,423,676 |
| Total | \$ | 93,853,949 |
| | | |
| Cash and investments per financial statements | | |
| Governmental activities | \$ | 92,934,800 |
| Business-type activities | | 750,181 |
| Private-purpose trust fund | | 30,272 |
| Agency funds | | 138,696 |
| Total | Φ | 93.853.949 |

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Due to/from other funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2016, as reported on the fund statement:

| Receivable fund | Payable fund | <u>Amount</u> |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| General fund | Nonmajor governmental funds | \$ 29,265 |

The primary purpose of the amount due to the general fund from the nonmajor governmental fund was to eliminate negative cash balances. The amount will be repaid once cash is received.

Amounts due to/from between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016 represent the collection of calendar year 2015 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2016 were levied after April 1, 2015, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2015, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016 represent the collection of calendar year 2015 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2016 became a lien on December 31, 2014, were levied after April 1, 2015, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Cuyahoga County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2016, are available to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2016 was \$12,924,335 in the general fund, \$3,567,994 in the debt service fund and \$123,035 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2015 was \$10,231,960 in the general fund, \$2,746,822 in the debt service fund and \$98,100 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2016 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2016 taxes were collected are:

| | 2015 Seco | nd | 2016 First | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------|------------------|---------|--|--|
| | Half Collect | ions | Half Collections | | | |
| | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | | |
| Agricultural/residential | | | | | | |
| and other real estate | \$ 837,979,200 | 98.15 | \$ 879,515,540 | 98.22 | | |
| Public utility personal | 15,756,170 | 1.85 | 15,963,540 | 1.78 | | |
| Total | \$ 853,735,370 | 100.00 | \$ 895,479,080 | 100.00 | | |
| Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for: | | | | | | |
| Operations | \$108.73 | | \$108.73 | | | |
| Debt service | 14.00 | | 13.50 | | | |
| Classroom facilities maintenance | 0.50 | | 0.50 | | | |

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2016 consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

| \$ 55,118,431 |
|------------------|
| 125,682 |
| 15,407 |
| 68,707 |
| 5,004,375 |
| |
| 116 |
| \$ 60,332,718 |
| \$ |

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year with the exception of the \$4,317,755 OSFC grant receivable that will be collected over the course of the project.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

| | Balance | | | Balance |
|---|----------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | 06/30/15 | Additions | <u>Deductions</u> | 06/30/16 |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 9,786,520 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 9,786,520 |
| Construction in progress | 10,730,818 | 52,247,817 | | 62,978,635 |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | 20,517,338 | 52,247,817 | | 72,765,155 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land improvements | 4,018,461 | - | - | 4,018,461 |
| Building/improvements | 149,931,377 | 51,103 | - | 149,982,480 |
| Furniture/equipment | 11,654,854 | 1,992,356 | - | 13,647,210 |
| Vehicles | 1,412,080 | 201,064 | | 1,613,144 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | 167,016,772 | 2,244,523 | | 169,261,295 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | | | | |
| Land improvements | (3,266,832) | (93,237) | - | (3,360,069) |
| Building/improvements | (39,618,991) | (2,785,246) | - | (42,404,237) |
| Furniture/equipment | (9,820,484) | (487,997) | - | (10,308,481) |
| Vehicles | (1,354,393) | (27,766) | | (1,382,159) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (54,060,700) | (3,394,246) | | (57,454,946) |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 133,473,410 | \$ 51,098,094 | \$ - | \$ 184,571,504 |

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

| Instruction: | |
|---|--------------|
| Regular | \$ 2,179,369 |
| Special | 232,586 |
| Vocational | 172,250 |
| Other | 51,736 |
| Support services: | |
| Pupil | 13,752 |
| Instructional staff | 221,130 |
| Board of education | 2,033 |
| Administration | 91,710 |
| Business | 714 |
| Operations and maintenance of plant | 60,683 |
| Pupil transportation | 10,698 |
| Operation of non-instructional services | 309,892 |
| Extracurricular | 47,693 |
| Total depreciation expense | \$ 3,394,246 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

| | Balance | | | Balance |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| | 6/30/2015 | Additions | <u>Deductions</u> | 6/30/2016 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Furniture/Equipment | \$ 195,078 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 195,078 |
| Vehicles | 41,545 | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> _ | 41,545 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 236,623 | | | 236,623 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | | | | |
| Furniture/Equipment | (188,373) | (2,438) | - | (190,811) |
| Vehicles | (23,801) | (5,193) | | (28,994) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (212,174) | (7,631) | | (219,805) |
| Net capital assets | \$ 24,449 | \$ (7,631) | \$ - | \$ 16,818 |

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In a prior fiscal year, the District entered into capital lease agreements for the acquisition of copiers. In the current fiscal year, the District entered into capital lease agreements for a bus, phone system, office I.T. equipment and copiers. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Governmental activities capital assets consisting of vehicles and equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$3,291,117. This amount represents the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2016 was \$1,324,092, leaving a current book value of \$1,967,025.

A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal and interest payments in the 2016 fiscal year totaled \$278,611 and \$28,517, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service payments of the general fund. In addition, \$205,874 in capital lease payments have been forgiven.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016:

| Fiscal Year Ending | | |
|---|----|---------------|
| <u>June 30,</u> | _ | <u>Amount</u> |
| 2017 | \$ | 410,735 |
| 2018 | | 410,735 |
| 2019 | | 383,941 |
| 2020 | | 249,971 |
| 2021 | | 171,188 |
| 2022 - 2026 | | 455,974 |
| Total minimum lease payment | | 2,082,544 |
| Less: amount representing interest | | (153,578) |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$ | 1,928,966 |

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. General obligation bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 14.00 (average) mill bonded debt tax levy.

B. Series 2014C School Facilities Improvement Refunding Bonds

On December 9, 2014, the District issued \$37,355,000 in general obligation bonds to partially refund a total of \$39,050,000 from other issuances. The Series 2014C Refunding Bonds refunded \$7,550,000 of Series 2006 Construction Bonds and \$31,500,000 of the Series 2007 School Facilities Improvement Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The bonds mature on December 1, 2034 and bear an annual interest rate of 4.00% - 5.00%. The source of payment is derived from a current bonded debt tax levy. Principal and interest payments are due on December 1 and June 1 each year. The balance of the refunded bonds at June 30, 2016 was \$14,955,000.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$2,417,308. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2034. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$2,289,741 and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,601,037.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2014C school facilities improvement refunding bonds:

| Fiscal Year | Current Interest Bonds | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------|--------------|------------|----|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Ending June 30, | _ | Principal | oal Interest | | _ | Total | | | | |
| 2017 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,791,950 | \$ | 1,791,950 | | | | |
| 2018 | | _ | | 1,791,950 | | 1,791,950 | | | | |
| 2019 | | - | | 1,791,950 | | 1,791,950 | | | | |
| 2020 | | - | | 1,791,950 | | 1,791,950 | | | | |
| 2021 | | - | | 1,791,950 | | 1,791,950 | | | | |
| 2022 - 2026 | | 2,915,000 | | 8,886,875 | | 11,801,875 | | | | |
| 2027 - 2031 | | 17,705,000 | | 6,230,250 | | 23,935,250 | | | | |
| 2032 - 2035 | | 16,735,000 | | 1,478,650 | | 18,213,650 | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 37,355,000 | \$ 2 | 25,555,525 | \$ | 62,910,525 | | | | |

C. Series 2014A School Facilities Improvement Bonds

On May 14, 2014, the District issued \$49,950,000 in general obligation bonds to pay off the Series 2013 bond anticipation notes and to provide \$21,335,000 in additional funding for the District's Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) project. The issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$49,950,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.50% - 5.00% and have a final maturity date of November 1, 2043. Principal and interest payments are due on May 1 and November 1 each year. At June 30, 2016, there were \$29,563,819 in unspent bond proceeds.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2014A school facilities improvement bonds:

| Fiscal Year | | Current Interest Bonds | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|------------------------|----|------------|-------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ending June 30, | _ | Principal | _ | Interest | Total | | | | | | |
| 2017 | \$ | 440,000 | \$ | 2,294,763 | \$ | 2,734,763 | | | | | |
| 2018 | | 500,000 | | 2,287,712 | | 2,787,712 | | | | | |
| 2019 | | 500,000 | | 2,278,963 | | 2,778,963 | | | | | |
| 2020 | | 615,000 | | 2,267,812 | | 2,882,812 | | | | | |
| 2021 | | 635,000 | | 2,254,520 | | 2,889,520 | | | | | |
| 2022 - 2026 | | 4,270,000 | | 10,824,687 | | 15,094,687 | | | | | |
| 2027 - 2031 | | 6,850,000 | | 9,455,250 | | 16,305,250 | | | | | |
| 2032 - 2036 | | 10,475,000 | | 7,298,375 | | 17,773,375 | | | | | |
| 2037 - 2041 | | 13,705,000 | | 4,274,875 | | 17,979,875 | | | | | |
| 2042 - 2044 | _ | 9,980,000 | | 764,750 | | 10,744,750 | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 47,970,000 | \$ | 44,001,707 | \$ | 91,971,707 | | | | | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. Series 2014B School Facilities Improvement Refunding Bonds

On May 14, 2014, the District issued \$15,010,000 in general obligation bonds to partially refund a total of \$15,725,000 from other issuances. The Series 2014B Refunding Bonds refunded \$770,000 of Series 2001 Refunding General Obligation Bonds, \$4,560,000 of Series 2006 Construction Bonds and \$10,395,000 of the Series 2007 School Facilities Improvement Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The bonds mature on December 1, 2024 and bear an annual interest rate of 1.50% - 5.00%. The source of payment is derived from a current bonded debt tax levy. Principal and interest payments are due on May 1 and November 1 each year. The balance of the refunded bonds at June 30, 2016 was \$14,955,000.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,776,646. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2024. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments over the next 11 years by \$1,114,378 and resulted in an economic gain of \$614,675.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2014B school facilities improvement refunding bonds:

| Fiscal Year | | Current Interest Bonds | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|------------------------|----|-----------|----|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ending June 30, | _ | Principal | _ | Interest | _ | Total | | | | | |
| 2017 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 686,113 | \$ | 701,113 | | | | | |
| 2018 | | 420,000 | | 677,600 | | 1,097,600 | | | | | |
| 2019 | | 430,000 | | 660,600 | | 1,090,600 | | | | | |
| 2020 | | 1,805,000 | | 606,875 | | 2,411,875 | | | | | |
| 2021 | | 1,895,000 | | 514,375 | | 2,409,375 | | | | | |
| 2022 - 2025 | _ | 9,340,000 | | 980,500 | | 10,320,500 | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 13,905,000 | \$ | 4,126,063 | \$ | 18,031,063 | | | | | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

E. Series 2013 Library Improvement Refunding Bonds

On July 31, 2012, the District issued \$7,770,000 in general obligation bonds on behalf of the Lakewood Public Library to partially refund \$8,515,000 of the Series 2003 Library Improvement Bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The bonds were placed in the name of the Lakewood City School District. In accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 3375.43 - 45, local libraries are not allowed to issue debt or levy taxes in their name, therefore, after School Board approval, the levy was placed in the name of Lakewood City School District. The District, acting as taxing authority for the Library, collects levied taxes and makes required debt service payments. The library improvement bonds are a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. The bonds mature on December 1, 2023 and bear an annual interest rate of 2.00% - 3.00%. The source of payment is derived from a current bonded debt tax levy. At June 30, 2016, the balance of the bonds of \$6,540,000, bond premiums of \$317,600 and deferred charges on the refunding of \$382,827 have not been included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets because the capital assets purchased from this issuance are not included in the District's capital assets. At June 30, 2016, the balance of the refunded bonds was \$7,280,000.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$485,320. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2023.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2012 library improvement refunding bonds:

| Fiscal Year | Current Interest Bonds | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|----|----------|-------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Ending June 30, | Principal | | Interest | Total | | | | | |
| 2017 | \$ 655,000 | \$ | 196,200 | \$ | 851,200 | | | | |
| 2018 | 675,000 | | 176,550 | | 851,550 | | | | |
| 2019 | 765,000 | | 156,300 | | 921,300 | | | | |
| 2020 | 790,000 | | 133,350 | | 923,350 | | | | |
| 2021 | 810,000 | | 109,650 | | 919,650 | | | | |
| 2022 - 2024 | 2,845,000 | _ | 174,300 | | 3,019,300 | | | | |
| Total | \$ 6,540,000 | \$ | 946,350 | \$ | 7,486,350 | | | | |

F. Series 2007 School Facilities Improvement Bonds

On August 9, 2007, the District issued \$43,779,967 in general obligation bonds to provide financing for various construction projects. The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$42,275,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$1,504,967. During fiscal year 2015, \$31,500,000 of the current interest bonds were refunded with the Series 2014C Refunding Bonds. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.00% - 5.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2016 through 2018 (stated interest rate 11.474-11.618%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the remaining capital appreciation bonds maturing December 1, 2017 and 2018 are \$1,190,000 and \$1,210,000, respectively. Total accreted interest of \$1,899,576 has been included on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2007 school facilities improvement bonds:

| Fiscal Year | | Capital Appreciation Bonds | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|----------------------------|----|--------------------|-------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Ending June 30, | Principal | | | Interest | Total | | | | | |
| 2017 2018 | \$ | 409,335 372,578 | \$ | 755,665 817,422 | \$ | 1,165,000 1,190,000 | | | | |
| 2019 | | 337,316 | | 872,684 | | 1,210,000 | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,119,229 | \$ | 2,445,771 | \$ | 3,565,000 | | | | |

G. Series 2007 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On May 9, 2007, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2007 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2004 school improvement current interest bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded current interest bonds at June 30, 2016, is \$44,960,000.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$45,195,000 and capital appreciation bonds par value \$1,944,953. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.00% - 4.50%. The remaining capital appreciation bonds mature on each December 1, 2016 - 2017 (stated interest rate 15.821%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted values at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds maturing each December 1, 2016 - 2017 are \$2,450,000 and \$2,450,000, respectively. Total accreted interest of \$3,158,118 has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2016.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2031.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$2,865,968. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2007 refunding bonds:

| Fiscal Year | Current Interest Bonds | | | | | | Capital Appreciation Bonds | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|----|------------|----|------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|--|-------|
| Ending June 30, | Principal | _ | Interest | | Total | Total Principal Interest | | Total Principal Interest | | Principal Interest | | | Total |
| 2017 | \$ - | \$ | 1,846,696 | \$ | 1,846,696 | \$ | 571,340 | \$ | 1,878,660 | \$ | 2,450,000 | | |
| 2018 | - | | 1,846,696 | | 1,846,696 | | 490,662 | | 1,959,338 | | 2,450,000 | | |
| 2019 | 2,445,000 | | 1,796,268 | | 4,241,268 | | - | | - | | - | | |
| 2020 | 2,545,000 | | 1,688,577 | | 4,233,577 | | - | | - | | - | | |
| 2021 | 2,665,000 | | 1,571,353 | | 4,236,353 | | - | | - | | - | | |
| 2022 - 2026 | 14,965,000 | | 5,937,557 | | 20,902,557 | | - | | - | | - | | |
| 2027 - 2031 | 16,805,000 | | 2,353,390 | | 19,158,390 | | - | | - | | - | | |
| 2032 | 1,940,000 | | 43,650 | | 1,983,650 | | | | | | _ | | |
| Total | \$ 41,365,000 | \$ | 17,084,187 | \$ | 58,449,187 | \$: | 1,062,002 | \$ | 3,837,998 | \$ | 4,900,000 | | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

H. Series 2006 Construction Bonds

On August 30, 2006, the District issued \$13,499,995 in general obligation bonds to provide financing for various construction projects. The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$13,330,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$169,995. During fiscal year 2015, \$7,550,000 of the current interest bonds were refunded with the Series 2014C Refunding Bonds. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 3.50% - 5.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2016 (stated interest rate 17.253%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2016 is \$450,000. Total accreted interest of \$331,293 has been included on the statement of net position.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2006 construction bonds:

| Fiscal Year | Capital Appreciation Bonds | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------|----------|----|----------|-------|---------|--|--|--|
| Ending June 30, | P | rincipal | | Interest | Total | | | | |
| 2017 | \$ | 82,971 | \$ | 367,029 | \$ | 450,000 | | | |
| Total | \$ | 82,971 | \$ | 367,029 | \$ | 450,000 | | | |

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

I. The following is a summary of the bond activity for fiscal year 2016:

| | Balance | | | | Balance | Amounts due in | | | |
|---|----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|----------------|----------|-----------|
| | 06/30/15 | | | Additions | | Deletions | 06/30/16 | One Year | |
| C 1011' (' P 1 | - | 00/30/13 | _ | Additions | | Detetions | 00/30/10 | - | One rear |
| General Obligation Bonds: | | | | | | | | | |
| Series 2014C | | | | | | | | | |
| Refunding Bonds | Ф | 27.255.000 | ф | | ф | | Φ 27.255.000 | ф | |
| 4.00-5.00%, 12/1/34 maturing | \$ | 37,355,000 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 37,355,000 | \$ | - |
| Series 2014A School Facilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Improvement Bonds | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.50-5.00%, 11/1/43 maturing | | 48,350,000 | - (380,000) | | (380,000) | 47,970,000 | | 440,000 | |
| Series 2014B School Facilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Improvement Refunding Bonds | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.50-5.00%, 11/1/24 maturing | | 14,290,000 | | - | | (385,000) | 13,905,000 | | 15,000 |
| Series 2013 Library Improvement | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.00-3.00%, 12/01/23 maturity | | 7,180,000 | | - | | (640,000) | 6,540,000 | | 655,000 |
| Series 2007 school facilities improvement | | | | | | | | | |
| capital appreciation bonds | | 1,504,967 | | - | | (385,738) | 1,119,229 | | 409,335 |
| Series 2007 school facilities improvement | | | | | | | | | |
| capital appreciation bonds accreted interest | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.474-11.618% (stated interest rate) | | | | | | | | | |
| 12/1/15-12/1/18 maturity | | 2,114,643 | | 374,195 | | (589,262) | 1,899,576 | | 692,056 |
| Series 2007, refunding | | | | | | | | | |
| current interest bonds | | | | | | | | | |
| (4.00-4.50%), 12/01/31 maturity | | 41,365,000 | | _ | | _ | 41,365,000 | | _ |
| Series 2007, refunding | | | | | | | | | |
| capital appreciation bonds | | | | | | | | | |
| 15.821% (stated interest rate) | | | | | | | | | |
| 12/01/14 to 17, maturity | | 1,788,425 | | _ | | (726,423) | 1,062,002 | | 571,340 |
| Series 2007, refunding capital appreciation bonds | | -,,,,,, | | | | (, ==, ,==, | -,, | | 2.7-,2.75 |
| accreted interest | | 4,314,545 | | 792,150 | | (1.948,577) | 3,158,118 | | 1,699,055 |
| Series 2006, school construction | | 1,000,000 | | , | | (-,,, , | -,, | | -,, |
| capital appreciation bonds | | | | | | | | | |
| 17.253% (stated), 12/01/15 and 16, maturity | | 169,995 | | _ | | (87,024) | 82,971 | | 82,971 |
| Series 2006, school construction capital | | 10,,,,, | | | | (07,021) | 02,771 | | 02,571 |
| appreciation bonds accreted interest | | 549,318 | | 94,951 | | (312,976) | 331,293 | | 331,293 |
| appreciation bonds accreted interest | | 347,310 | _ | 77,731 | _ | (312,770) | 331,273 | - | 331,273 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds | \$ | 158,981,893 | \$ | 1,261,296 | \$ | (5,455,000) | \$ 154,788,189 | \$ | 4,896,050 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

J. The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following.

| | - | Balance 06/30/15 | = | Additions | <u>_F</u> | Reductions | | Balance 06/30/16 | | Amount Due in One Year |
|---|-----------|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| Governmental activities: Compensated absences payable Net pension liability Petiroment incentives payable | \$ | 5,651,521 92,644,370 2,234,228 | \$ | 24,698 11,383,158 | \$ | (483,305) - (1,083,181) | | 5,192,914 104,027,528 1,151,047 | \$ | 679,770 - 772,197 |
| Retirement incentives payable General obligation bonds payable Capital lease obligations | | 2,234,228 158,981,893 314,263 | | 1,261,296 2,099,188 | | (5,455,000) (484,485) | | 1,131,047 154,788,189 1,928,966 | | 4,896,050 364,658 |
| Total governmental activities long-term liabilities | \$ | 259,826,275 | \$ | 14,768,340 | \$ | (7,505,971) | , | 267,088,644 | \$ | 6,712,675 |
| Add: Unamortized premium | | | | | | | | 14,553,247 | | |
| Total on statement of net position | | | | | | | \$ 2 | 281,641,891 | | |
| | | Balance 06/30/15 | | Additions | | Reductions | | Balance 06/30/16 | | Amount Due in One Year |
| Business-type activities: Compensated absences Net pension liability | \$ | 111,278 1,264,216 | | 128,702 | \$ | (17,609) | \$ | 93,669 1,392,918 | | 1,064 |
| Total business-type activities long-term liabilities | <u>\$</u> | 1,375,494 | <u>\$</u> | 128,702 | <u>\$</u> | (17,609) | <u>\$</u> | 1,486,587 | <u>\$</u> | 1,064 |

Governmental activities' compensated absences and the retirement incentives will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid which, for the District, is primarily the general fund. See Note 11 for further detail on the District's retirement incentive programs and Note 9 for further detail on the District's capital lease obligations.

Business-type activities compensated absences will be paid from the food service fund and the recreation fund (nonmajor business-type funds).

Net Pension Liability: See Note 13 for detail on net pension liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

L. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2016 are a voted debt margin of \$(55,921,947), including available funds of \$12,884,138 and an unvoted debt margin of \$895,479.

The Ohio Revised Code further provides that when a Board of Education declares a resolution that the student population is not adequately served by existing facilities, and that insufficient capacity exists within the 9% limit to finance additional facilities, the State Department of Education may declare that district a "special needs" district. This permits the incurrence of additional debt based upon projected 5-year growth of the school district's assessed valuation. The Lakewood City School District was determined to be a "special needs" district by the State Superintendent.

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Timely Retirement Incentive Program (TRIP)

The District's Board of Education has approved a TRIP for certified and classified employees. Participation was open to employees who were at least 50 years old, qualified for retirement with the years purchased by the Board and agreed to retire by the end of each fiscal year beginning in fiscal year 2007. Employees who elected to participate in the TRIP will receive a payment for their unused sick leave, to the extent allowed by the current labor agreement, along with a payment of 60-75% of their annual salary. The payment for the TRIP is paid out over a five year period. The total liability for the TRIP at June 30, 2016 was \$1,151,047 of which \$772,197 is due within one year and \$378,850 is due in greater than one year. The liability is recorded in the governmental activities statement of net position as a component of "long-term liabilities".

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016, the District contracted with the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority ("SORSA") for property, crime, and general liability insurance coverage. SORSA was formed in conjunction with the Ohio Revised Code 2744 which allows public entities to join together for coverage purposes. The limitations of coverages are as follows:

| Building and Contents - replacement cost (\$500 deductible) | \$196,466,391 |
|---|---------------|
| Earth Movement Limit (\$50,000 deductible) | 2,000,000 |
| Flood Limit (\$50,000 deductible) | 2,000,000 |
| Equipment Breakdown (\$500 deductible) | 50,000,000 |
| Crime Coverage (500 deductible) | 100,000 |
| General Liability (no deductible) - per occurrence | 5,000,000 |
| General Liability (no deductible) - annual | |
| aggregate | 7,000,000 |
| Premises Medical Payments - per claim | 10,000 |
| Premises Medical Payments - annual | |
| aggregate | 25,000 |
| Fire Legal Liability - per occurrence | 500,000 |
| Stop Gap Employers Liability | 5,000,000 |
| Educator Legal Liability (\$4,000 deductible) | 5,000,000 |
| Automobile Liability and Physical Damage (\$500 deductible) | 5,000,000 |
| Excess Liability | 10,000,000 |

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Worker's Compensation

During fiscal year 2016, the District has participated in the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (Bureau) Retrospective Rating Plan. The alternative rating program requires the District to pay only administrative charges to the Bureau, and in turn the District assumes the responsibility of paying all claims incurred during the policy period for up to ten years. After the tenth year, the Bureau will assume any existing claim for its duration. The District will be charged an actuarial amount for the claims transferred to the Bureau. The District's stop-loss coverage through the plan is limited to \$200,000 per claim stop-loss coverage with an annual aggregate. The Plan is administered by KKSG & Associates.

The District's Workers' Compensation program is accounted for in the internal service fund which pays for all claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. The internal service fund generates revenues by charging each fund a percentage rate determined by the Bureau for the payroll during the reporting period. Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

| Fiscal <u>Year</u> | Beginning Balance | Current <u>Year Claims</u> | Claims Payments | Ending Balance |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 2016 | \$ 105,000 | \$ 34,609 | \$ (105,000) | \$ 34,609 |
| 2015 | 62,256 | 353,283 | (310,539) | 105,000 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Group Health and Dental Insurance

For the fiscal year 2016, the District was a participant in the Suburban Health Consortium (the "Consortium") to provide employee health, dental, vision and prescription drug benefits. The Consortium is administered by Medical Mutual. Payments are made to the Consortium for the monthly attachment point, monthly stop-loss premiums, and administrative charges. The fiscal agent of the Consortium is the Orange City School District. The Treasurer of the fiscal agent pays monthly for the actual amount of claims processed, the stop-loss premium, and the administrative charges. The entire risk of loss transfers to the Consortium upon payment of the premiums. The District's portion of the monthly insurance premiums is as follows:

| | Board Share of Premium | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|--------|----|-------------------------|----|------------------|----|--------------------|
| | Full-Time Family | | | Part-Time <u>Family</u> | | Full-Time Single | | art-Time Single |
| Health: | | | | | | | | |
| Suburban Health Consortium | \$ | 941.26 | \$ | 470.63 | \$ | 442.94 | \$ | 221.47 |
| Kaiser (HMO) | | 941.26 | | 470.63 | | 586.47 | | 293.24 |
| Prescription drug | | 205.06 | | 102.53 | | 96.50 | | 48.25 |
| Dental | | 76.22 | | 38.11 | | 26.29 | | 13.15 |
| Vision | | 11.21 | | 5.61 | | 2.63 | | 1.32 |

Postemployment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 14. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description —District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

| | Eligible to Retire on or before | Eligible to Retire after |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| | August 1, 2017 * | August 1, 2017 |
| Full Benefits | Any age with 30 years of service credit | Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit |
| Actuarially Reduced Benefits | Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit |

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the entire 14 percent was allocated to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B and no portion of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,394,074 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount, \$96,269 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description –District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, plan members were required to contribute 13 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2016 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$4,742,464 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount, \$801,332 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|--|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 18,243,449 | \$ 87,176,897 | \$ 105,420,346 |
| Proportion of the net pension | | | |
| liability | 0.3197203% | 0.3154346% | |
| Pension expense | \$ 1,015,103 | \$ 3,846,617 | \$ 4,861,720 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 297,244 | \$ 3,977,856 | \$ 4,275,100 |
| District contributions subsequent to the | | . = . = | |
| measurement date | 1,394,074 | 4,742,464 | 6,136,538 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | \$ 1,691,318 | \$ 8,720,320 | \$ 10,411,638 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | \$ 664,370 | \$ 6,340,570 | \$ 7,004,940 |
| Change in employer's proportionate | | | |
| percentage/difference between the employer's | | | |
| contributions and the employer's proportional | | | |
| share of contributions | 372,956 | 480,496 | 853,452 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | \$ 1,037,326 | \$ 6,821,066 | \$ 7,858,392 |

\$6,136,538 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Fiscal Year Ending June 30: | | | |
| 2017 | \$ (357,938) | \$ (1,557,385) | \$ (1,915,323) |
| 2018 | (357,938) | (1,557,385) | (1,915,323) |
| 2019 | (357,935) | (1,557,386) | (1,915,321) |
| 2020 | 333,729 | 1,828,946 | 2,162,675 |
| Total | \$ (740,082) | \$ (2,843,210) | \$ (3,583,292) |

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.25 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 4.00 percent to 22.00 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 3 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| Cash | 1.00 % | 0.00 % | | | |
| US Stocks | 22.50 | 5.00 | | | |
| Non-US Stocks | 22.50 | 5.50 | | | |
| Fixed Income | 19.00 | 1.50 | | | |
| Private Equity | 10.00 | 10.00 | | | |
| Real Assets | 10.00 | 5.00 | | | |
| Multi-Asset Strategies | 15.00 | 7.50 | | | |
| Total | 100.00 % | | | | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

| | Current | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----|-------------|---------------|--|
| | 1% Decrease | Di | scount Rate | 1% Increase | |
| | (6.75%) | | (7.75%) | (8.75%) | |
| District's proportionate share | | | | | |
| of the net pension liability | \$ 25,297,248 | \$ | 18,243,549 | \$ 12,303,755 | |

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | 2.75 percent |
|----------------------------|--|
| Projected salary increases | 2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20 |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.75 percent, net of investment expenses |
| Cost-of-Living Adjustments | 2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before |
| (COLA) | August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, |
| | or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date. |

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

| | Target | Long-Term Expected |
|----------------------|------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class | Allocation | Real Rate of Return |
| | | |
| Domestic Equity | 31.00 % | 8.00 % |
| International Equity | 26.00 | 7.85 |
| Alternatives | 14.00 | 8.00 |
| Fixed Income | 18.00 | 3.75 |
| Real Estate | 10.00 | 6.75 |
| Liquidity Reserves | 1.00 | 3.00 |
| | | |
| Total | 100.00 % | |
| | | |

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

| | | Current | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase | | | | |
| | (6.75%) | (7.75%) | (8.75%) | | | | |
| District's proportionate share | | | | | | | |
| of the net pension liability | \$ 121,095,286 | \$ 87,176,897 | \$ 58,493,841 | | | | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2016, none of the employer contribution was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2016, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2016, the District's surcharge obligation was \$165,497.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$165,497, \$240,395, and \$177,380, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal years 2016 and 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$0, \$0, and \$346,022, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis); and,
- (f) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

| | General fund |
|---|--------------|
| Budget basis | \$ 2,541,026 |
| Net adjustment for revenue accruals | 2,776,788 |
| Net adjustment for expenditure accruals | (2,083,070) |
| Net adjustment for other financing sources/uses | 2,099,188 |
| Funds budgeted elsewhere | 24,971 |
| Adjustment for encumbrances | 1,380,970 |
| GAAP basis | \$ 6,739,873 |

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special rotary fund, rotary fund and the public school support fund.

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

| | C | apital |
|--|--------------|-----------|
| | <u>Impre</u> | ovements |
| Set-aside balance June 30, 2015 | \$ | - |
| Current year set-aside requirement | | 908,186 |
| Contributions in excess of the current | | |
| fiscal year set-aside requirement | | - |
| Current year qualifying expenditures | (1, | ,803,998) |
| Excess qualified expenditures from prior years | | - |
| Current year offsets | (| (428,022) |
| Waiver granted by ODE | | - |
| Prior year offset from bond proceeds | | |
| Total | \$ (1. | ,323,834) |
| Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2017 | \$ | _ |
| Set-aside balance June 30, 2016 | \$ | _ |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

During fiscal years 2004, 2007, 2008 and 2014, the District issued a total of \$193,449,969 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce capital acquisition below zero for future years. The amount presented for Prior Year Offset from Bond Proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the reserve for capital improvement to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$193,449,969 at June 30, 2016.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to legal proceedings that would have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.

C. Foundation Funding

District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2015-2016 school year, traditional Districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2016 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS

A. Other Commitments

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

| | | Year-End |
|---------------------------|------------|-------------|
| <u>Fund</u> | <u>E</u> 1 | ncumbrances |
| General fund | \$ | 1,335,803 |
| Building fund | | 11,790,662 |
| Classroom facilities fund | | 23,315,761 |
| Other governmental | | 158,246 |
| Total | \$ | 36,600,472 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS - (Continued)

B. Contractual Commitments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following contractual commitments outstanding:

| | | | Remaining |
|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Total | Amount | Commitment |
| Vendor | <u>Contract</u> | Paid | June 30, 2016 |
| Brewer-Garrett | \$ 204,722 | \$ (72,683) | \$ 132,039 |
| GDP Associates | 1,213,501 | (602,894) | 610,607 |
| Ozanne | 693,780 | (262,411) | 431,369 |
| Turner Construction | 79,371,397 | (31,444,359) | 47,927,038 |
| URS Corporation Design | 988,403 | (368,862) | 619,541 |
| Total | \$ 82,471,803 | \$ (32,751,209) | \$ 49,720,594 |

NOTE 19 - LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY

The Lakewood City Academy (the "Academy") is a discretely presented component unit of the Lakewood City School District (the "District"). The District is the Sponsor of the Academy. The Academy issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. This separately issued financial report can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Academy at 1470 Warren Road, Lakewood, Ohio 44107-3918.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Academy's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 19 - LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY - (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, all deferred outflows or resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position. The difference between total assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is defined as net position. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the basic financial statements. The Academy's basic financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Academy receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

Expenses are recognized at the time that they are incurred.

D. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At June 30, 2016, there were no deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At June 30, 2016, there were no deferred inflows of resources.

E. Budgetary Process

Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Section 5705, unless specifically provided in the Academy's contract with its Sponsor. The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor requires a detailed school budget for each year of the contract; however, the budget does not have to follow the provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 19 - LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY - (Continued)

F. Cash

All monies received by the Academy are deposited in a demand deposit account.

G. Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500. The Academy does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Equipment is depreciated over 5-20 years.

H. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net position component "investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Academy applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

I. Intergovernmental Revenue

The Academy currently participates in the State foundation program through the Ohio Department of Education, the State of Ohio Network Connectivity grant, the Federal IDEA Part B grant, the Federal Title I-Targeted Assistance grant and the Federal Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality grant. Revenues from these programs are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, essentially the same as the fiscal year.

Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility includes timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis. Federal and State grant revenue for the fiscal year 2016 was \$132,869.

J. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Academy. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Academy. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 19 - LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY - (Continued)

K. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Deposits

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the Academy's deposits was \$555,790. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2016, \$305,790 of the Academy's bank balance of \$555,790 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$250,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC").

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Academy. The Academy has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Academy to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year 2016 was as follows:

| | Balance June 30, 2015 | Additions | Disposals | Balance June 30, 2016 | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Furniture and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation | \$ 217,290 (179,857) | \$ - (7,836) | \$ - - | \$ 217,290 (187,693) | | |
| Capital assets, net | \$ 37,433 | \$ (7,836) | <u>\$</u> _ | \$ 29,597 | | |

Risk Management

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to contracted personnel; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2016, the Academy was named on the Sponsor's policy for property and general liability insurance. The Academy provides employee bond coverage through Ohio Casualty Insurance in the following amounts: Treasurer \$20,000.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 19 - LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY - (Continued)

Purchased Services

For the fiscal year 2016 purchased services expenses were as follows:

| Professional and technical services | \$ 1,022,918 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| Property services | 24,000 |
| Travel mileage/meeting | 546 |
| Contracted craftor trade | 2,015 |
| Total | \$ 1,049,479 |

Contingencies

A. Grants

The Academy received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Academy at June 30, 2016.

B. Litigation

The Academy is not involved in any litigation that, in the opinion of management, would have a material effect of the financial statements.

C. State Foundation Funding

The Ohio Department of Education conducts reviews of enrollment data and full-time equivalency (FTE) calculations made by the schools. These reviews are conducted to ensure the schools are reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which State foundation funding is calculated. As a result of the review after fiscal year end, ODE owes \$7,283 to the Academy for fiscal year 2016 and \$17 for fiscal year 2015. These amounts are reflected as intergovernmental receivables on the basic financial statements.

Service Agreements

A. Meta Solutions

The Academy entered into an agreement on January 31, 2013, with Meta Solutions (formerly Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association ("TRECA")) for planning, instructional, administrative and technical services required for the operation of the Academy. During the fiscal year 2016, the Academy paid Meta Solutions \$18,002 for services under the agreement. Under the contract, Meta Solutions is required to provide the following services:

1. Instructional, supervisory/administrative, and technical services sufficient to effectively implement the Academy's educational plan, assessment and accountability plan, and the sponsorship contract.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 19 - LAKEWOOD CITY ACADEMY - (Continued)

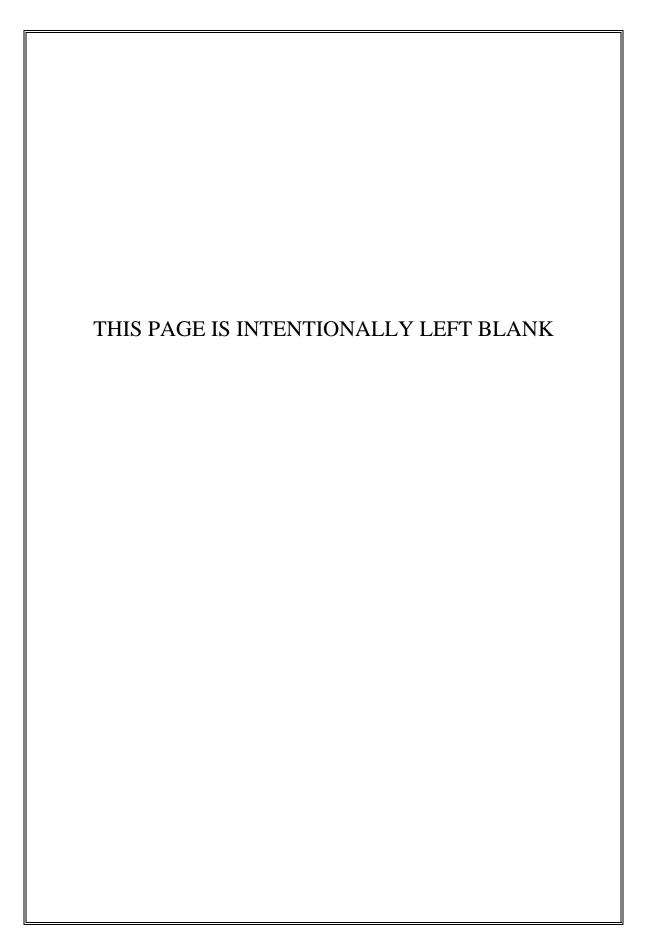
- Responsibility for all payroll functions, including retirement system contributions and all other legal
 withholding and/or payroll taxes with respect to all personnel providing services to the Academy on
 behalf of Meta Solutions. Also, all personnel shall possess any certification or licensure which may
 be required by law.
- 3. Curricular services limited to standardized curriculum developed by Meta Solutions.

For these services, the Academy is required to pay the following fees to Meta Solutions:

- a. \$3,000 per student for the instructional services comprehensive service package
- b. \$80 per course, one-time set up fee of \$300 and \$300 annual support fee for HQT Plato Service package
- \$45 per course; one-time set up fee of \$300; and \$300 annual support fee for Plato Curriculum Service package
- d. \$100 per student license; one-time set up fee of \$300; and \$300 annual support fee for Compass Curriculum Service Package
- e. \$250 per semester course per student for K-6 and 7-12 Credit Service Package
- f. \$350 per account for SIS User Account License

B. Lakewood City School District

The Community School Sponsorship Contract and the annual Purchased Services Contract between the Academy and Lakewood City School District outlined the specific payments to be made by the Academy to Lakewood City School District during the fiscal year 2016. In addition the Community School Sponsorship Contract stated that the two parties agreed to pay other mutually agreed upon amounts, including fees for any services provided to the Academy by Lakewood City School District. The Academy paid Lakewood City School District \$966,132 during the fiscal year 2016 for services rendered under the Community School Sponsorship Contract and the annual Purchased Services Contract.



| RI | EQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| | |
| | |

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

| | 2015 | | | 2014 | | 2013 | |
|---|-------------|------------|----|-------------|------------|------------|--|
| District's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.31972030% | | | 0.32944400% | 0.32944400 | | |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 18,243,549 | \$ | 16,672,973 | \$ | 19,590,977 | |
| District's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 9,625,250 | \$ | 9,572,994 | \$ | 10,111,958 | |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | | 189.54% | | 174.17% | | 193.74% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 69.16% | | 71.70% | | 65.52% | |

Note: Information prior to fiscal year 2013 was unavailable.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

| | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | |
|---|-------------|------------|----|-------------|------------|------------|--|
| District's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.31544600% | | | 0.31753546% | 0.31753546 | | |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 87,176,897 | \$ | 77,235,613 | \$ | 92,002,557 | |
| District's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 32,910,314 | \$ | 32,443,354 | \$ | 35,161,431 | |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | | 264.89% | | 238.06% | | 261.66% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 72.10% | | 74.70% | | 69.30% | |

Note: Information prior to fiscal year 2013 was unavailable.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | |
|--|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ | 1,394,074 | \$ | 1,268,608 | \$ | 1,326,817 | \$ | 1,399,495 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | | (1,394,074) | | (1,268,608) | | (1,326,817) | | (1,399,495) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| District's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 9,957,671 | \$ | 9,625,250 | \$ | 9,572,994 | \$ | 10,111,958 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 14.00% | | 13.18% | | 13.86% | | 13.84% |

| 2012 | 2011 | | 2010 | | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
|------------------|------------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| \$ 1,388,697 | \$ 1,299,198 | \$ | 1,442,895 | \$ | 1,032,617 | \$ 1,002,356 | \$ 1,058,934 |
| (1,388,697) | (1,299,198) | | (1,442,895) | | (1,032,617) | (1,002,356) | (1,058,934) |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | \$ |
| \$ 10,324,885 | \$ 10,335,704 | \$ | 10,656,536 | \$ | 10,494,075 | \$ 10,207,291 | \$ 9,915,112 |
| 13.45% | 12.57% | | 13.54% | | 9.84% | 9.82% | 10.68% |

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 4,742,464 | \$ 4,607,444 | \$ 4,217,636 | \$ 4,570,986 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | (4,742,464) | (4,607,444) | (4,217,636) | (4,570,986) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| District's covered-employee payroll | \$ 33,874,743 | \$ 32,910,314 | \$ 32,443,354 | \$ 35,161,431 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 14.00% | 14.00% | 13.00% | 13.00% |

| 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | | 2009 | | 2008 | | 2007 | |
|------------------|------------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|
| \$ 4,625,659 | \$ 4,658,143 | \$ | 4,802,397 | \$ | 4,653,162 | \$ | 4,520,287 | \$ | 4,454,354 |
| (4,625,659) | (4,658,143) | | (4,802,397) | | (4,653,162) | | (4,520,287) | | (4,454,354) |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| \$ 35,581,992 | \$ 35,831,869 | \$ | 36,941,515 | \$ | 35,793,554 | \$ | 34,771,438 | \$ | 34,264,262 |
| 13.00% | 13.00% | | 13.00% | | 13.00% | | 13.00% | | 13.00% |

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2016.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. See the notes to the basic financial statements for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2016.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. See the notes to the basic financial statements for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

| Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title | Federal CFDA Number | Receipts | Non-Cash Receipts | Expenditures | Non-Cash Expenditures |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Ohio Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture | 10.553 10.555 | \$ 120,964 | \$ 0 51,514 51,514 51,514 | \$ 120,964 732,657 853,621 853,621 | $ \begin{array}{r} $ |
| U.S. Department of Education Passed through Ohio Department of Education Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies | 84.010 | 1,656,543 | 0 | 1,602,798 | 0 |
| Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Part B Special Education - Preschool Grants - IDEA Preschool Total Special Education Cluster | 84.027 84.173 | 1,342,150 98,643 1,440,793 | 0 0 0 | 1,283,282 89,969 1,373,251 | 0 0 |
| Career and Technical Education-Basic Grants to States (Perkins IV) | 84.048 | 217,990 | 0 | 214,130 | 0 |
| English Language Acquisition Grants - Title III, Part A | 84.365 | 82,591 | 0 | 82,591 | 0 |
| Improving Teacher Quality State Grants - Title II, Part A | 84.367 | 382,953 | 0 | 359,586 | 0 |
| Total U.S. Department of Education | | 3,780,870 | 0 | 3,632,356 | 0 |
| U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Educational Service Center of Cuyahoga County Refugee Children Impact Program Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services | 93.576 | 13,815 13,815 | 0 0 | 17,319 17,319 | 0 |
| U.S. Department of Justice Direct Award Supporting Teens through Education and Protection Total U.S. Department of Justice | 16.684 | 59,080 59,080 | 0 0 | 77,567 77,567 | 0 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS | | \$ 4,707,386 | <u>\$ 51,514</u> | \$ 4,580,863 | <u>\$ 51,514</u> |

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

LAKEWOOD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

The District did not use the de-minimus rate of 10 percent for indirect costs charged to the federal grants.

NOTE 2: CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE 3: **FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

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Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of Board of Education Lakewood City School District Lakewood, Ohio The Honorable Dave Yost Auditor of State State of Ohio

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lakewood City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Lakewood City School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lakewood City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lakewood City School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Lakewood City School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lakewood City School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lakewood City School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Lakewood City School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

ames L. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

December 16, 2016

JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

Certified Public Accountants 5240 East 98th Street Garfield Hts., Ohio 44125

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of Board of Education Lakewood City School District Lakewood, Ohio The Honorable Dave Yost Auditor of State State of Ohio

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Lakewood City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Lakewood City School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Lakewood City School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Lakewood City School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Lakewood City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Lakewood City School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Lakewood City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Lakewood City School District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Lakewood City School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lakewood City School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

James L. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

December 16, 2016

LAKEWOOD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

| 2016 (i) | Type of Financial Statement Opinion | Unmodified | | | | |
|------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 2016(ii) | Were there any material control weaknesses report at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | ted No | | | | |
| 2016(ii) | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS) | | | | | |
| 2016(iii) | Was there any reported material noncompliance at financial statement level (GAGAS)? | the No | | | | |
| 2016(iv) | Were there any material internal control weakness reported for major federal programs? | es No | | | | |
| 2016(iv) | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? | No | | | | |
| 2016(v) | Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion: | Unmodified | | | | |
| 2016(vi) | Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No | | | | | |
| 2016(vii) | Major Programs (list): Special Education Cluster - CFDA #84.027 and #84.173 Child Nutrition Cluster - CFDA #10.553 and \$10.555 | | | | | |
| 2016(viii) | Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Program | Type A: \$750,000 or more Type B: All others | | | | |
| 2016(ix) | Low Risk Auditee? | Yes | | | | |

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

LAKEWOOD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The audit report for the prior year ended June 30, 2015 contained no findings or citations. Management letter recommendations have been corrected, repeated, or procedures instituted to prevent occurrences in this audit period.



LAKEWOOD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 14, 2017