



STRYKER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WILLIAMS COUNTY JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Stryker Local School District Williams County 400 South Defiance Street Stryker, Ohio 43557-9491

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stryker Local School District, Williams County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Stryker Local School District Williams County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stryker Local School District, Williams County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements for each respective fiscal year, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

We applied no procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 6, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

April 6, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Stryker Local School District (the District) provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:

In total, net position increased \$822,989.

General revenues accounted for \$6,317,033, or 87 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$960,339, or 13 percent of total revenues of \$7,277,372.

The District's major funds include the General Fund and the Bond Retirement Fund.

The General Fund had \$5,841,369 in revenues and other financing sources and \$5,242,955 in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's balance increased \$598,414 from the prior fiscal year.

The Bond Retirement Fund had \$457,623 in revenues and \$408,627 in expenditures. The Bond Retirement Fund's balance increased \$48,996 from the prior fiscal year.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds, with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column.

For the District, the General fund is by far the most significant fund. The General Fund and the Bond Retirement Fund are the two major funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The statement of net position and the statement of activities, both reported on the cash basis, reflect how the District performed financially during fiscal year 2016. These statements are reported on a cash basis of accounting which reflects receipts and disbursements when cash in received or disbursed.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited (Continued)

These statements report the District's net position and changes in the position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the District, as a whole, has increased or decreased from the prior fiscal year. Over time, these increases and/or decreases are one indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. Causes for these changes may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the cash basis statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District discloses a single type of activity, its governmental activities which includes all of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities. These services are primarily funded by property tax revenues and from intergovernmental revenues, including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. While the District uses many funds to account for its multitude of financial transactions, the fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General fund and the Bond Retirement fund. While the District uses many funds to account for its financial transactions, these are the most significant.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal yearend for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the District's programs. These funds use the cash basis of accounting.

The District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for fiscal year 2016 compared to fiscal year 2015.

Table 1 Net Position - Cash Basis Governmental Activities

Overninental Activities						
2016	2015					
\$4,198,529	\$3,375,540					
989,384	764,809					
3,209,145	2,610,731					
\$4,198,529	\$3,375,540					
	2016 \$4,198,529 989,384 3,209,145					

As mentioned previously, net position of governmental activities increased \$822,989 or 24% during 2016 which is up slightly from the 12% increase in 2015.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited (Continued)

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position for fiscal year 2016 compared to fiscal year 2015.

Table 2
Change in Net Position - Cash Basis
Governmental Activities

Governmental Act	ivities	
	2016	2015
Receipts:		
Program Receipts:		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$465,752	\$386,040
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	494,587	525,282
Total Program Revenues	960,339	911,322
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	2,120,891	1,932,912
Income Taxes	887,657	886,554
Grants and Entitlements	3,283,755	2,697,565
Gifts and Donations	3,812	7,176
Interest	7,391	4,881
Miscellaneous	11,148	24,525
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	2,379	10,415
Total General Receipts	6,317,033	5,564,028
Total Receipts	7,277,372	6,475,350
•	<u> </u>	
Disbursements:		
Instruction	3,569,996	3,488,104
Support Services:	5,555,555	-,,
Pupils	196,183	217,160
Instructional Staff	63,858	62,558
Board of Education	14,190	28,747
Administration	432,584	446,673
Fiscal	208,791	204,117
Business	,	15,866
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	408,651	385,282
Pupil Transportation	234,502	141,451
Central	22,362	44,352
Non-Instructional	188,968	188,742
Extracurricular Activities	312,059	225,063
Capital Outlay	111,392	98,449
Principal	485,676	349,753
Interest and Fiscal Charges	205,171	212,663
Total Disbursements	6,454,383	6,108,980
Increase in Net Position	\$822,989	\$366,370
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Program receipts account for 13 percent of total receipts and are represented by restricted intergovernmental receipts, extracurricular activities, and food service sales.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited (Continued)

The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for instruction, which accounts for 55 percent of all governmental disbursements. Other programs which support the instruction process, including pupils, instructional staff, and pupil transportation account for 8 percent of governmental disbursements. Maintenance of the District's facilities also represents a significant disbursement of 6 percent. The remaining 31 percent of the District's disbursements are related to the primary functions of delivering education and providing facilities. These costs are funded almost entirely from property taxes, grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

Table 3 indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities							
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services			
	2016	2016	2015	2015			
Instruction	\$3,569,996	\$2,933,601	\$3,488,104	\$2,911,574			
Support Services:							
Pupils	196,183	196,183	217,160	217,160			
Instructional Staff	63,858	55,543	62,558	48,272			
Board of Education	14,190	14,190	28,747	28,747			
Administration	432,584	432,584	446,673	446,673			
Fiscal	208,791	208,791	204,117	204,117			
Business			15,866	15,866			
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	408,651	395,247	385,282	370,574			
Pupil Transportation	234,502	234,502	141,451	134,101			
Central	22,362	21,342	44,352	43,352			
Non-Instructional	188,968	8,922	188,742	11,475			
Extracurricular Activities	312,059	190,900	225,063	104,882			
Capital Outlay	111,392	111,392	98,449	98,449			
Principal	485,676	485,676	349,753	349,753			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	205,171	205,171	212,663	212,663			
Total Disbursements	\$6,454,383	\$5,494,044	\$6,108,980	\$5,197,658			

The dependence upon tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements for governmental activities is apparent. Over 82 percent of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, support from general revenues is 85 percent. The remaining 15 percent are derived from tuition and fees, specific grants, and donations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited (Continued)

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. The District's major governmental funds are the General fund and the Bond Retirement fund. Total governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of \$7,868,459 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$7,045,470. The net change in the General fund reflects an increase of \$598,414. The increase is a result of a higher net change in fund balance supported by higher property tax and intergovernmental receipts in 2016. The net change in fund balance in the Bond Retirement fund was an increase of \$48,996 or 9% which was more than the 7% in 2015. The change was a result of higher property receipts in 2016.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal year 2016, the District amended its General Fund budget as needed.

Final estimated revenues exceeded original estimated revenues by \$827,865 (17%) mainly due to more property tax and intergovernmental revenues received than original estimates. Actual receipts exceeded final estimated receipts by \$70,088.

Final budget expenditures were more than original budget expenditures by \$547,137 (11 %) Final expenditures and other financing uses were less than final budget expenditures by \$61,165 (1 %).

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2016, the District had \$4,860,000 in school improvement general obligation bonds, capital appreciation bonds and accretion on bonds for construction and building improvements. The bonds were issued in the amount of \$6,015,000 for a twenty-two year period, with final maturity on December 1, 2035. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement Fund.

At June 30, 2016, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$1,208,778 with an un-voted debt margin of \$69,844. For further information regarding the District's debt, see the notes to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The District is holding its own in the state of a declining economy and uncertainty in State funding. Stryker is a small rural community of 1,327 people in Northwest Ohio. It has a number of small and medium businesses with agriculture having a major contributing influence on the economy.

The District received approximately 51 percent of District revenue sources from local funds, 41 percent from state funds and the remaining 8 percent is from federal funds. The total expenditure per pupil was calculated at \$9,444.

Over the past several years, the District has remained in a good financial position. In March 2012, the district passed a 5.8 mill emergency levy for operating expenses, which is expected to collect \$335,000 annually. This levy provides a source of funds for the financial operations and stability of the District. However, future finances are not without challenges as our community changes and state funding is revised.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited (Continued)

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Jill Peters, CFO, Stryker Local School District, 400 South Defiance Street, Stryker, Ohio 43557-9491.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

		Governmental Activities
Assets:	-	_
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,198,529
	•	
Net Position:		
Restricted for Debt Service		570,229
Restricted for Capital Outlay		354,214
Restricted for Other Purposes		64,941
Unrestricted		3,209,145
Total Net Position	\$	4,198,529

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net

				Program F	Receipts	(Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position
		Cash Disbursements	_	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	2,762,530	\$	276,219 \$	125,699	\$ (2,360,612)
Special		708,969			213,594	(495,375)
Vocational		91,620			20,883	(70,737)
Student Intervention Services		3,578				(3,578)
Other		3,299				(3,299)
Support Services:						
Pupils		196,183				(196,183)
Instructional Staff		63,858			8,315	(55,543)
Board of Education		14,190				(14,190)
Administration		432,584				(432,584)
Fiscal		208,791				(208,791)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		408,651		1,880	11,524	(395,247)
Pupil Transportation		234,502				(234,502)
Central		22,362			1,020	(21,342)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		188,968		84,018	96,028	(8,922)
Extracurricular Activities		312,059		103,635	17,524	(190,900)
Capital Outlay		111,392				(111,392)
Debt Service:						
Principal		485,676				(485,676)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	205,171				(205,171)
Totals	\$	6,454,383	\$ _	465,752 \$	494,587	(5,494,044)
	Ge	eneral Receipts: Taxes:				
			Lev	ried for General Purp	oses	1,575,988
				ried for Capital Outlag		276,125
				ried for Debt Service	y	268,778
		Income Taxes	LUV	ica for Best Cervice		887,657
			eme	nts not Restricted to	Specific Programs	3,283,755
		Gifts and Donatio			opcomo i rogiamo	3,812
		Investment Earnin				7,391
		Miscellaneous	-5-			11,148
		Refund of Prior Y	ear	Expenditures		2,379
	To	otal General Reven				6,317,033
		hange in Net Positi				822,989
		et Position Beginnir		f Year		3,375,540
		et Position End of \			:	\$ 4,198,529

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	_	General Fund	•	Bond Retirement Fund	•	Other Governmental Funds	•	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ <u>_</u>	3,209,145	\$	570,229	\$	419,155	\$	4,198,529
Fund Balances Restricted Committed Assigned		46,911		570,229		200,275 246,971		770,504 246,971 46.911
Unassigned (Deficit) Total Fund Balances	\$	3,162,234 3,209,145	\$	570,229	\$	(28,091) 419,155	\$	3,134,143 4,198,529

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		General Fund	_	Bond Retirement Fund	;	All Other Governmental Funds	· -	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts:								
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	1,575,988	\$	268,778	\$	276,125	\$	2,120,891
Income Tax		736,905		150,752				887,657
Intergovernmental		3,217,924		38,093		503,296		3,759,313
Interest		7,391				20		7,411
Tuition and Fees		276,219						276,219
Rent		1,880						1,880
Extracurricular Activities		5,524				98,111		103,635
Gifts and Donations		2,812				18,989		21,801
Customer Sales and Services						84,018		84,018
Miscellaneous		11,148	_			1,020		12,168
Total Receipts	•	5,835,791	_	457,623		981,579	-	7,274,993
Disbursements:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		2,589,540				172,990		2,762,530
Special		491,260				217,709		708,969
Vocational		72,529				19,091		91,620
Student Intervention Services		3,578						3,578
Other		3,299						3,299
Support Services:								
Pupils		196,183				0.045		196,183
Instructional Staff		55,543				8,315		63,858
Board of Education		14,190				500		14,190
Administration		432,084		7 117		500 5 212		432,584
Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Blant		196,461 356,146		7,117		5,213 52,505		208,791 408,651
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation		129,350				105,152		234,502
Central		21,342				1,020		22,362
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		21,042				188,968		188,968
Extracurricular Activities		114,632				197,427		312,059
Capital Outlay		114,002				111,392		111,392
Debt Service:						,002		,002
Principal				200,000		285,676		485,676
Interest				201,510		3,661		205,171
Total Disbursements	•	4,676,137	_	408,627		1,369,619	•	6,454,383
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		1,159,654		48,996		(388,040)		820,610
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
Transfers In		3,199				587,888		591,087
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		2,379				,		2,379
Transfers Out		(566,818)				(24,269)		(591,087)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	•	(561,240)	_			563,619	•	2,379
Net Change in Fund Balances	•	598,414	_	48,996		175,579		822,989
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		2,610,731		521,233		243,576		3,375,540
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	3,209,145	\$	570,229	\$	419,155	\$	4,198,529

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Or	riginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Receipts:			-		-		
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	1,432,000	\$	1,462,821	\$	1,575,988 \$	113,167
Income Tax		750,000		758,029		736,905	(21,124)
Intergovernmental		2,546,000		3,300,645		3,217,924	(82,721)
Interest		4,500		4,500		7,391	2,891
Tuition and Fees		167,565		208,725		272,412	63,687
Rent		3,000		3,000		1,880	(1,120)
Gifts and Donations		100				200	200
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		5,039	(4,961)
Total Receipts		4,913,165	-	5,747,720		5,817,739	70,019
Disbursements: Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		2,591,380		2,583,728		2,585,977	(2,249)
Special		425,329		466,147		491,365	(25,218)
Vocational		67,271		73,580		72,569	1,011
Student Intervention Services		7,828		7,828		3,578	4,250
Other		29,777		29,777		3,299	26,478
Support Services:							
Pupils		215,969		215,969		196,221	19,748
Instructional Staff		46,907		48,082		55,781	(7,699)
Board of Education		25,117		26,628		14,190	12,438
Administration		447,707		448,118		442,527	5,591
Fiscal		185,371		185,371		196,556	(11,185)
Business		16,000		16,000		16,097	(97)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		367,271		367,271		356,324	10,947
Pupil Transportation		158,577		158,577		130,728	27,849
Central		69,596		21,879		21,342	537
Extracurricular Activities		104,858	_	107,140	_	108,376	(1,236)
Total Disbursements		4,758,958	_	4,756,095	_	4,694,930	61,165
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements		154,207	-	991,625	-	1,122,809	131,184
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):							
Transfers In		6,221		6,221		6,221	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		9,000		2,310		2,379	69
Transfers Out		(16,818)	_	(566,818)	_	(566,818)	
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(1,597)	_	(558,287)	_	(558,218)	69
Net Change in Fund Balances		152,610		433,338		564,591	131,253
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,602,000		2,602,000		2,602,000	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		10,050	_	10,050	_	10,050	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,764,660	\$	3,045,388	\$	3,176,641 \$	131,253

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Agency Fund
Assets Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ <u></u>	25,413
Liabilities Current Liabilities: Due to Students	\$	25,413

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Stryker Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. Stryker Local School District is a local school district as defined by §3311.22 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District. The Board oversees the operations of the District's one instructional/support facilities staffed by 21 non-certified and 40 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 358 students and other community members.

The Reporting Entity

A. Primary Government

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. This includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units.

C. Jointly Governed Organizations and Purchasing Pools

The District is associated with organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations and group purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, the Northern Buckeye Education Council, the Four County Career Center, Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., the Northern Buckeye Health Plan Employee Insurance Benefits Program; the Northern Buckeye Health Plan Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan and the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority. These organizations are presented in Notes 14 and 15 to the basic financial statements.

The District's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the District is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position, a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a basis or draws from the District's general receipts.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds:

The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g., grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The General fund and the Bond Retirement fund are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - The Bond Retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, of the District whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's Agency funds account for various student managed activities.

C. Basis of Accounting

Although the Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires that the District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. This is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

The District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provision of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within established timetable. All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations below these levels are made by the District's Chief Fiscal Officer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Chief Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

The District is required to use the encumbrance method of accounting by virtue of Ohio law. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled and invested. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

Investments of the District's cash management pool and investments with original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, the purchase of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During fiscal year 2016, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District also implemented GASB Statement No. 79 for 2016. The implementation of this GASB pronouncement had no effect on beginning net position/fund balance The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2016, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2016 amounted to \$7,391 and \$2,291, which were assigned from other District funds.

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Compensated Absences

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the District's cash basis of accounting.

I. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Long-Term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither other financing source nor capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

K. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. The District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Interfund transfers and advances are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayment from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

L. Net Position

Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to cash disbursement for specified purposes. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

M. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

3. ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2016, High Schools That Work, Title VI-B, School Improvement, Title I and Rural Education Acheivement Program special revenue funds, had deficit fund balances of \$2,180, \$4,116, \$154, \$20,481 and \$1,160, respectively, resulting from the funds being reimbursement grants. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances when cash is needed.

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (cash basis) and certain funds included in the General Fund as part of the GASB 54 requirements are not included in the budgetary statement.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the cash basis statement to the budget basis statement for the General fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance	General Fund
Cash Basis (as Reported)	\$598,414
Outstanding Encumbrances Perspective Difference	(31,209)
Activity of Funds Reclassified for	
Cash Reporting Purposes	(2,614)
Budgetary Basis	\$564,591

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the District are classified by State statute into three Categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio), and
- 8. Bankers' acceptance and commercial paper, if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. An investment

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,223,501. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>," as of June 30, 2016, \$3,679,948 of the District's bank balance of \$4,249,654 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$569,706 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasury or qualified trustee. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following investment.

		Investment Maturities
	Balance at	6 months
	Fair Value	or less
STAR Ohio	\$441	\$441

Interest rate risk - Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The District's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding that need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments.

Credit Risk – Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasury or qualified trustee.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer, however state statute limits investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptance to 25 percent of interim monies available for investment at any one time. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2016:

STAR Ohio	\$ 441	100%

Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the financial statement as of June 30, 2016:

Cash and Investments per Footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$4,223,501
Investments	441
Total	\$4,223,942
Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Position	_
Governmental Activities	\$4,198,529
Agency Funds	25,413
Total	\$4,223,942

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016 represent the collection of calendar year 2015 taxes. Real property taxes for 2016 were levied after April 1, 2015, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2015, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

The District receives property taxes from Williams County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2016, are available to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2016 taxes were collected are:

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

6. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

	2015 Second- Half Collections		2016 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Commercial/Industrial	\$5,863,070	10%	\$5,280,500	8%
Agricultural/Residential	46,088,290	80%	58,388,240	84%
Public Utility	5,736,160	10%	6,175,160	8%
Total Assessed Value	\$57,687,520	100%	\$69,843,900	100%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$46.85		\$45.30	

7. INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of 1.00 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 1991, and is a continuing tax and is credited to the General Fund. The District levies a voted tax of .25 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2006, and is a continuing tax and is credited to the General Fund. Also, the District levies a .25 percent for the retirement of bonds, on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2006, and is a continuing tax and is credited to the Bond Retirement Fund. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual school district income tax return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund and Bond Retirement Fund.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with the Ohio School Plan for liability, real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are fully insured.

The District joined together with other school districts in Ohio to participate in the Schools of Ohio Risk Authority a public entity insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the Plan for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the Plan based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from last year.

B. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP), Northwest Division of OHI, a self insurance pool (Note 14), for insurance benefits to employees. The District pays monthly premiums to NBHP for the benefits offered to its employees, which includes health, dental, and life insurance. NBHP is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement with NBHP provides for additional assessment to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from NBHP, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

8. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

C. Workers' Compensation Group Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northern Division of OHI Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate.

Participation in the Plan is limited to educational entities that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

9. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS

Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

9. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. The remaining 0.0 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$172,708 for fiscal year 2016.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

9. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2016, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2014, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2016, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 11% of the 12% member rate goes to the DC Plan and 1% goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio therefore has included all three plan options in the GASB 68 schedules of employer allocations and pension amounts by employer.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2014, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. Through June 30, 2015, the employer rate was 14% and the member rate was 12% of covered payroll. The statutory employer rate for fiscal 2016 and subsequent years is 14%. The statutory member contribution rate increased to 13% on July 1, 2015 and will increase to 14% on July 1, 2016.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$278,228 for fiscal year 2016.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

9. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS(Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$2,338,199	\$5,264,316	\$7,602,515
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability	0.0409772%	0.01904802%	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.25 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 4.00 percent to 22 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 3 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.75 percent net of investments expense, inc

Investment Rate of Return 7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

9. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$3,242,241	\$2,338,199	\$1,576,920

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

In April 2016, the SERS Board adopted certain assumption change which impacted their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2016. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.5 percent. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the School District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

9. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops best estimates for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

9. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$7,312,531	\$5,264,316	\$3,532,244

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2016, two member of the Board of Education has elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

10 POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employee Retirement System

Postemployment Benefits – In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers two postemployment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan – The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2015 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2015, this actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$4,774, \$4,807, and \$4,391, respectively; 94 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2016 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

Health Care Plan – ORC 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMOs, PPOs, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14% contribution to the Health Care Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the health care allocation is 0.0 percent. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. State law provides that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2015, the minimum compensation level was established at \$23,000. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contributions assigned health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$0, \$8,584, and \$9,607, respectively; 0 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2016 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The report can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2016, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 0 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$0, \$0, and \$17,488, respectively; 0 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2016 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

11. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation at rates specified under State of Ohio law and based on credited service. Clerical, Technical, and Maintenance and Operation employees with one or more years of service are entitled to vacation ranging from 5 to 25 days upon hiring. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service (earned on a pro rated basis for less than full-time employees). This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to an employee upon retirement is limited to 30 percent of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum of 63 days, except that those employees who elect to retire within twelve months of the earliest permissible retirement date shall be paid 50 percent of the accumulated sick leave to maximum of 40 days.

B. Health Care Benefits

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP), Northwest Division of OHI, a self insurance pool, for insurance benefits to employees. The District pays monthly premiums to NBHP for the benefits offered to its employees, which include health, dental, vision, and life insurance. NBHP is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement with NBHP provides for additional assessment to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from NBHP, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

12. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

	Balance at 6/30/2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/2016	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Athletic Complex Renovation - Lease Purchase Obligation	\$200,000		\$200,000		
Bus Barn - Lease Purchase Obligation	85,676		85,676		
Special Needs Van - Lease Purchase Obligation	20,745		20,745		
School Facilities Improvement Bonds, Series 2006A					
Term Bonds School Facilities Improvement	3,695,000		125,000	\$3,570,000	\$130,000
Bonds, Series 2006B	4 0 4 = 000			4.045.000	
Term Bonds	1,215,000			1,215,000	
Capital Appreciation Bonds	26,671		14,541	12,130	12,130
Accretion on Bonds	76,703	46,626	60,459	62,870	62,870
Total Governmental Activities	\$5,319,795	\$46,626	\$506,421	\$4,860,000	\$205,000

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

12. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The District had outstanding school facilities bonds of \$3,695,000 (interest rates of 4.0 to 4.3 percent). The bonds were issued in December 2006 and will mature in January 2035.

The District had outstanding school facilities bonds of \$1,215,000 (interest rates of 4.0 to 4.2 percent). The bonds were issued in December 2006 and will mature in January 2030.

School Facilities Improvement Bonds, Series 2006A

Proceeds from the outstanding bonds were used for the purpose of constructing additions to and renovating and improving existing school buildings and facilities at the high school. These bonds were issued on November 20, 2006. The bonds consisted of \$4,240,000 in current interest bonds (\$545,000 issued as serial bonds and \$3,695,000 issued as term bonds) and \$145,000 in capital appreciation bonds.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2019 (the 2019 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

School Facilities Improvement Bonds, Series 2006A

Proceeds from the outstanding bonds were used for the purpose of constructing additions to and renovating and improving existing school buildings and facilities at the high school. These bonds were issued on November 20, 2006. The bonds consisted of \$4,240,000 in current interest bonds (\$545,000 issued as serial bonds and \$3,695,000 issued as term bonds) and \$145,000 in capital appreciation bonds.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2019 (the 2019 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2017	130,000
January 15, 2018	135,000

The balance of the principal of the 2019 Term Bonds (\$140,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2019.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2023 (the 2023 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2020	\$145,000
January 15, 2021	150,000
January 15, 2022	155,000

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NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

12. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The balance of the principal of the 2023 Term Bonds (\$160,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2023

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2025 (the 2025 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2024	\$170,000

The balance of the principal of the 2025 Term Bonds (\$175,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2025.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2027 (the 2027 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

Principal Amount		
Year	be Redeemed	
January 15, 2026	\$185.000	

The balance of the principal of the 2027 Term Bonds (\$190,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15. 2027.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2032 (the 2032 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4.2 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2028	\$195,000
January 15, 2029	205,000
January 15, 2030	215,000
January 15, 2031	225,000

The balance of the principal of the 2032 Term Bonds (\$235,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2032.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2035 (the 2035 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4.3 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

12. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2033	\$240,000
January 15, 2034	255,000

The balance of the principal of the 2035 Term Bonds (\$265,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2035.

School Facilities Improvement Bonds, Series 2006B

Proceeds from the outstanding bonds were used for the purpose of constructing additions to and renovating and improving existing school buildings and facilities at the high school. These bonds were issued on November 20, 2006. The bonds consisted of \$1,565,000 in current interest bonds (\$350,000 issued as serial bonds and \$1,215,000 issued as term bonds) and \$65,000 in capital appreciation bonds.

The serial bonds have matured.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2021 (the 2021 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

Principal Amour	
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2018	\$75,000
January 15, 2019	75,000
January 15, 2020	80,000

The balance of the principal of the 2021 Term Bonds (\$80,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2021

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2027 (the 2027 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

Year	Principal Amount to be Redeemed
January 15, 2022	\$85,000
January 15, 2023	90,000
January 15, 2024	90,000
January 15, 2025	95,000
January 15, 2026	100,000

The balance of the principal of the 2027 Term Bonds (\$105,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2027.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

12. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2030 (the 2030 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4.2 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2028	\$110,000
January 15, 2029	115.000

The balance of the principal of the 2030 Term Bonds (\$115,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2030.

The capital appreciation bonds were issued in the aggregate original principal amount of \$65,000 and mature on January 15 in the years, have the original principal amounts and mature with the accreted values at maturity, as follows:

Maturity Date	Original Principal Amount	Accreted Value at Maturity	
2017	12.130	75,000	

The value of the capital appreciation bonds reported at June 30, 2016 was \$12,130. The annual accretion of interest is based on the straight-line method, which approximates the equity interest method. Total accreted interest of \$62,870 has been included in the value. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

Total expenditures for interest for the above debt for the period ended June 30, 2016 was \$205,171.

The scheduled payments of principal and interest on the bonds and notes as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$142,1300	\$259,3806	\$410,510
2018	210,000	191,310	401,310
2019	215,000	182,910	397,910
2020	225,000	174,310	399,310
2021	230,000	165,310	395,310
2022 – 2026	1,305,000	680,550	1,985,550
2027 - 2031	1,475,000	393,180	1,868,180
2032 - 2035	995,000	108,985	1,103,985
Total	\$4,797,130	\$2,155,935	\$6,953,065

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

13. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2015	
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	\$66,129
Current Year Offsets	
Current Year Qualifying Expenditures	(270,768)
Total Restricted Assets	(\$204,639)
Cash Balance Carried Forward to FY 2017	

14. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA). NWOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Williams, and Wood Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by its participating members, which consists of a representative from each member entity and a representative from the fiscal agent. The District paid \$672 to NWOCA for various services. Financial information can be obtained from Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

B. Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (the Council) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among school districts located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams and Wood Counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council ofgovernments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. During fiscal year 2016, the District paid \$26,622 to NWOCA for its membership fee. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

14. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

C. Four County Career Center

The Four County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of five representatives from the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center - one each from the counties of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams and one additional representative; one representative from each of the city school districts; one representative from each of the exempted village school districts. The Four County Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Four County Career Center, Connie Nicely, who serves as Treasurer, 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

D. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NWOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials and provide opportunities for training. The NWOERC serves a twenty-five county area of Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. During fiscal year 2016, the District paid \$0 to NWOERC for its membership fee. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., P.O. Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

15. GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

A. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of the Optimal Health Initiative Consortium (OHI) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities throughout the state. The Pool is governed by OHI and its participating members. The District contributed a total of \$545,684 to Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of OHI for all four plans. Financial information for the period can be obtained from Jenny Jostworth, Treasurer, at 10999 Reed Hartman Hwy., Suite 304E, Cincinnati, Ohio 45242.

B. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group-rating plan for workers' compensation as established under §4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (WCGRP) was established through the as a group purchasing pool. The group was formed to create a workers' compensation group rating plan which would allow employers to group together to achieve a potentially lower premium rate than they may otherwise be able to acquire as individual employers. The Optimal Health Initiatives has created a workers' compensation group rating and risk management program which will potentially reduce the workers' compensation premiums for the District.

Optimal Health Initiatives has retained Sheakley UniService as the servicing agent to perform administrative, actuarial, cost control, claims, and safety consulting services and unemployment claims services for program participants. During this fiscal year, the District paid an enrollment fee of \$0 to WCGRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

15. GROUP PURCHASING POOLS (Continued)

C. Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), which was established in 2002 pursuant to Articles of Incorporation filed under Chapter 1702 of the Ohio Revised Code – Non-Profit Corporations and functioning under authority granted by § 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA's purpose is to provide a joint self-insurance pool and to assist member school districts in preventing and reducing losses and injuries to property and persons that might result in claims being made against members of SORSA, their employees or officers.

A nine-person Board of Directors manages the business and affairs of SORSA and is elected annually by the members of the pool. The Board of Directors consists of Superintendents, Treasurers, or Business Managers from the participating school districts. The insurance brokerage firm of Willis Pooling is contracted to provide reinsurance brokerage, underwriting, rating, billing and consulting services. The Frank Gates Service Company provides insurance claims settlement and adjustment services. Financial information can be obtained from SORSA Executive Director at 8050 North High Street, Suite 160, Columbus, Ohio 43235-6483.

16. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

B. School Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2015-2016 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2017, foundation funding for the School District, therefore, any financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

C. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the District as defendant.

17. FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

NOTES OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

17. FUND BALANCE (Continued)

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

				Total
		Bond	Other	Governmental
Fund Balance	General	Retirement	Governmental	Funds
Restricted for:				
Scholarships			\$1,143	\$1,143
Athletics			61,894	61,894
Food Service Operations			16,121	16,121
Facilities Maintenance			13,874	13,874
Debt Retirement		\$570,229		570,229
Permanent Improvement			107,243	107,243
Total Restricted		570,229	200,275	770,504
Committed for:				
Permanent Improvement			246,971	246,971
Assigned for:				
Educational Activities	\$15,702			\$15,702
Unpaid Obligations	31,209			31,209
(encumbrances)				01,200
Total Assigned	46,911			46,911
Unassigned (Deficit)	3,162,234		(28,091)	3,134,143
Total Fund Balance	\$3,209,145	\$570,229	\$419,155	\$4,198,529

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Ben Woolace, a Board Member, is owner of Woolace Electric, a local company who performed various repairs to the Districts grounds during 2016. The District remitted \$14,176 during 2016. The services were approved at arm's length, with full knowledge by District officials, of Mr. Woolace interest, and Mr. Woolace took no part in the deliberation or decision by District officials with respect to the services.

19. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During the year ended June 30, 2016, \$566,818 was transferred from the General Fund to the Permanent Improvements fund (\$550,000) to make lease payments and finance other improvements to District facilities, to the Food Service fund (\$15,000), and the Public School Support fund, which is reported in the General fund (\$1,818) to support operations. In addition, \$22,888 was transferred from the Permanent Improvement fund to the OSFC Project Maintenance fund. The amount will be used to fund maintenance of the District's school buildings and \$1,381 in unspent monies was transferred from the Athletic fund to the General fund.

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On June 27, 2016, the Board authorized the issuance of bonds not to exceed \$3,440,000 for the purpose of refunding a portion of refunding bonds dated December 14, 2006 originally issued in the aggregate of \$4,385,000 (Series A) and 1,630,000 (Series B) for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of school facilities construction and improvement issued to pay the local share of school construction under the State of Ohio Classroom Facilities Assistance Program. The actual issuance occurred in December 2016.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Stryker Local School District (the District) provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

In total, net position increased \$366,370.

General revenues accounted for \$5,564,028, or 86 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$911,322, or 14 percent of total revenues of \$6,475,350.

The District's major funds include the General Fund and the Bond Retirement Fund.

The General Fund had \$5,022,430 in revenues and other financing sources and \$4,692,632 in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's balance increased \$329,798 from the prior fiscal year.

The Bond Retirement Fund had \$440,834 in revenues and \$408,682 in expenditures. The Bond Retirement Fund's balance increased \$32,152 from the prior fiscal year.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds, with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column.

For the District, the General fund is by far the most significant fund. The General Fund and the Bond Retirement Fund are the two major funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The statement of net position and the statement of activities, both reported on the cash basis, reflect how the District performed financially during fiscal year 2015. These statements are reported on a cash basis of accounting which reflects receipts and disbursements when cash in received or disbursed.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited (Continued)

These statements report the District's net position and changes in the position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the District, as a whole, has increased or decreased from the prior fiscal year. Over time, these increases and/or decreases are one indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. Causes for these changes may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the cash basis statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District discloses a single type of activity, its governmental activities which includes all of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities. These services are primarily funded by property tax revenues and from intergovernmental revenues, including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. While the District uses many funds to account for its multitude of financial transactions, the fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General fund and the Bond Retirement fund. While the District uses many funds to account for its financial transactions, these are the most significant.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal yearend for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the District's programs. These funds use the cash basis of accounting.

The District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for fiscal year 2015 compared to fiscal year 2014.

Table 1 Net Position - Cash Basis Governmental Activities

2015	2014
\$3,375,540	\$3,009,170
764,809	728,237
2,610,731	2,280,933
\$3,375,540	\$3,009,170
	\$3,375,540 764,809 2,610,731

As mentioned previously, net position of governmental activities increased \$366,370 or 12% during 2015 which is down slightly from the 24% increase in 2014.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited (Continued)

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position for fiscal year 2015 compared to fiscal year 2014.

Table 2
Change in Net Position - Cash Basis
Governmental Activities

Governmental Act		
	2015	2014
Receipts:		
Program Receipts:		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$386,040	\$344,354
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	525,282	831,168
Total Program Revenues	911,322	1,175,522
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	1,932,912	1,941,913
Income Taxes	886,554	850,171
Grants and Entitlements	2,697,565	2,461,412
Gifts and Donations	7,176	4,942
Interest	4,881	4,495
Miscellaneous	24,525	22,584
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	10,415	23,691
Total General Receipts	5,564,028	5,309,208
Total Receipts	6,475,350	6,484,730
•	<u> </u>	
Disbursements:		
Instruction	3,488,104	3,136,235
Support Services:	-,, -	., ,
Pupils	217,160	199,699
Instructional Staff	62,558	248,102
Board of Education	28,747	15,891
Administration	446,673	460,373
Fiscal	204,117	204,705
Business	15,866	11,979
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	385,282	416,797
Pupil Transportation	141,451	184,448
Central	44,352	49,045
Non-Instructional	188,742	180,960
Extracurricular Activities	225,063	197,965
Capital Outlay	98,449	39,887
Principal	349,753	348,550
Interest and Fiscal Charges	212,663	216,875
Total Disbursements	6,108,980	5,911,511
Increase in Net Position	\$366,370	\$573,219
	+,	7 - 1 - 1 - 1

Program receipts account for 14 percent of total receipts and are represented by restricted intergovernmental receipts, extracurricular activities, and food service sales.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited (Continued)

The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for instruction, which accounts for 57 percent of all governmental disbursements. Other programs which support the instruction process, including pupils, instructional staff, and pupil transportation account for 7 percent of governmental disbursements. Maintenance of the District's facilities also represents a significant disbursement of 6 percent. The remaining 30 percent of the District's disbursements are related to the primary functions of delivering education and providing facilities. These costs are funded almost entirely from property taxes, grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

Table 3 indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	00101111101110	11 / 1011 111100		
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2015	2015	2014	2014
Instruction	\$3,488,104	\$2,911,574	\$3,136,235	\$2,468,192
Support Services:				
Pupils	217,160	217,160	199,699	199,699
Instructional Staff	62,558	48,272	248,102	18,753
Board of Education	28,747	28,747	15,891	15,891
Administration	446,673	446,673	460,373	460,068
Fiscal	204,117	204,117	204,705	203,947
Business	15,866	15,866	11,979	11,979
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	385,282	370,574	416,797	413,986
Pupil Transportation	141,451	134,101	184,448	184,448
Central	44,352	43,352	49,045	39,255
Non-Instructional	188,742	11,475	180,960	3,255
Extracurricular Activities	225,063	104,882	197,965	111,204
Capital Outlay	98,449	98,449	39,887	39,887
Principal	349,753	349,753	348,550	348,550
Interest and Fiscal Charges	212,663	212,663	216,875	216,875
Total Disbursements	\$6,108,980	\$5,197,658	\$5,911,511	\$4,735,989

The dependence upon tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements for governmental activities is apparent. Over 83 percent of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, support from general revenues is 85 percent. The remaining 15 percent are derived from tuition and fees, specific grants, and donations.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. The District's major governmental funds are the General fund and the Bond Retirement fund. Total governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of \$6,501,401 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$6,135,031. The net change in the General fund reflects an increase of \$329,798. The increase is a result of a higher net change in fund balance supported by higher income tax and intergovernmental receipts in 2015. The net change in fund balance in the Bond Retirement fund was an increase of \$32,152 or 7% which was less than the 10% in 2014. The change was a result of lower property receipts in 2015.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited (Continued)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal year 2015, the District amended its General Fund budget as needed.

Final estimated revenues exceeded original estimated revenues by \$342,175 (7%) mainly due to more property tax and intergovernmental revenues received than original estimates. Actual receipts exceeded final estimated receipts by \$316.

Final budget expenditures were less than original budget expenditures by \$34,496 (less than 1 %) Final expenditures and other financing uses were less than final budget expenditures by \$109,826 (2 %).

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2015, the District had \$5,013,373 in school improvement general obligation bonds, capital appreciation bonds and accretion on bonds for construction and building improvements. The bonds were issued in the amount of \$6,015,000 for a twenty-two year period, with final maturity on December 1, 2035. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement Fund.

On August 1, 2012 the District entered into a lease purchase agreement with Huntington National Bank in the amount of \$542,000 to make improvements to the Athletic Complex Facility. At June 30, 2015, \$200,000 was outstanding on this agreement. Final payment will be made on July 1, 2017. The obligation is being retired through the Permanent Improvement Fund.

On February 15, 2013 the District entered into a Lease Purchase Agreement in the amount of \$199,900 with Fifth-Third Bank to purchase a bus barn. At June 30, 2015, \$85,676 was outstanding on this agreement. The Final payment will be made on February 15, 2017. The obligation is being retired through the Permanent Improvement Fund.

On August 3, 2013 the District entered into a Lease Purchase Agreement in the amount of \$41,500 with De Lage Landen Financial Services for the purpose of purchasing a special needs van. At June 30, 2015, \$20,745 was outstanding on this agreement. The Final payment will be made on August 3, 2016. The obligation is being retired through the Permanent Improvement Fund.

At June 30, 2015, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$55,206 with an un-voted debt margin of \$57,688. For further information regarding the District's debt, see the notes to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The District is holding its own in the state of a declining economy and uncertainty in State funding. Stryker is a small rural community of 1,327 people in Northwest Ohio. It has a number of small and medium businesses with agriculture having a major contributing influence on the economy.

The District received approximately 51 percent of District revenue sources from local funds, 41 percent from state funds and the remaining 8 percent is from federal funds. The total expenditure per pupil was calculated at \$9,261.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited (Continued)

Over the past several years, the District has remained in a good financial position. In March 2012, the district passed a 5.8 mill emergency levy for operating expenses, which is expected to collect \$335,000 annually. This levy provides a source of funds for the financial operations and stability of the District. However, future finances are not without challenges as our community changes and state funding is revised.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Jill Peters, CFO, Stryker Local School District, 400 South Defiance Street, Stryker, Ohio 43557-9491.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,375,540
Net Position:	
Restricted for Debt Service	521,233
Restricted for Capital Outlay	146,823
Restricted for Other Purposes	96,753
Unrestricted	2,610,731
Total Net Position	\$ 3,375,540

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net

				Prograr	n R	eceipts		(Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position
		Cash Disbursements		Charges for Services and Sales	<u>-</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	-	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction:	•	0.700.740	•	470.040	•	100 105	•	(0.400.407)
Regular	\$	2,782,740	\$	176,848	\$	166,405	\$	(2,439,487)
Special		617,475		10,531		210,931		(396,013)
Vocational Adult/Continuing		59,590 1,000				10,286 1,529		(49,304) 529
Student Intervention Services		2,663				1,529		(2,663)
Other		24,636						(24,636)
Support Services:		24,000						(24,000)
Pupils		217,160						(217,160)
Instructional Staff		62,558				14,286		(48,272)
Board of Education		28,747				•		(28,747)
Administration		446,673						(446,673)
Fiscal		204,117						(204,117)
Business		15,866						(15,866)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		385,282		3,184		11,524		(370,574)
Pupil Transportation		141,451				7,350		(134,101)
Central		44,352				1,000		(43,352)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		188,742		85,906		91,361		(11,475)
Extracurricular Activities		225,063		109,571		10,610		(104,882)
Capital Outlay Debt Service:		98,449						(98,449)
Principal		349,753						(349,753)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		212,663						(212,663)
Totals	\$	6,108,980	\$	386,040	\$	525,282		(5,197,658)
	G	eneral Receipts: Taxes:						
				ied for General P				1,431,631
				ied for Capital Ou				248,538
			, Le	ied for Debt Servi	ce			252,743
		Income Taxes						886,554
				nts not Restricted	to s	Specific Programs		2,697,565
		Gifts and Donatio						7,176
		Investment Earni Miscellaneous	iiys					4,881 24,525
		Refund of Prior Y	/ear	Expenditures				10,415
	To	otal General Rever					-	5,564,028
		hange in Net Posit		•			-	366,370
		et Position Beginni		of Year				3,009,170
		et Position End of					\$	3,375,540
	-						· :	.,,.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	_	General Fund	_	Bond Retirement Fund	-	Other Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ <u>_</u>	2,610,731	\$ _	521,233	\$	243,576	\$	3,375,540
Fund Balances Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		23,138 2,587,593		521,233		182,417 61,159		703,650 61,159 23,138 2,587,593
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,610,731	\$	521,233	\$	243,576	\$	3,375,540

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	-	General Fund	_	Bond Retirement Fund		All Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Receipts:								
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	1,431,631	\$	252,743	\$	248,538	\$	1,932,912
Income Tax	•	735,951	*	150,603	•	_ : = ; = : =	•	886,554
Intergovernmental		2,618,898		37,488		552,933		3,209,319
Interest		4,881				13		4,894
Tuition and Fees		187,379						187,379
Rent		3,184						3,184
Extracurricular Activities		100				109,471		109,571
Gifts and Donations		6,176				13,404		19,580
Customer Sales and Services						85,906		85,906
Miscellaneous		24,525	_			1,111		25,636
Total Receipts	-	5,012,725	_	440,834		1,011,376		6,464,935
Disbursements:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		2,616,335				166,405		2,782,740
Special		406,544				210,931		617,475
Vocational		59,590						59,590
Adult/Continuing						1,000		1,000
Student Intervention Services		2,663						2,663
Other		24,636						24,636
Support Services:								
Pupils		217,160						217,160
Instructional Staff		48,272				14,286		62,558
Board of Education		28,747						28,747
Administration		446,673		= 4=0		4.004		446,673
Fiscal		192,141		7,172		4,804		204,117
Business		15,866				00.075		15,866
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		355,907				29,375		385,282
Pupil Transportation		123,393				18,058		141,451
Central		43,352				1,000		44,352
Operation of Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular Activities		100 100				188,742		188,742 225,063
		108,190				116,873 98,449		•
Capital Outlay Debt Service:						90,449		98,449
Principal				200,000		149,753		349,753
Interest				201,510		11,153		212,663
Total Disbursements	-	4,689,469	_	408,682		1,010,829		6,108,980
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	-	323,256	_	32,152	•	547		355,955
	•		_		•			
Other Financing Sources and (Uses): Transfers In						26,051		26,051
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		9,705				710		10,415
Transfers Out		(3,163)				(22,888)		(26,051)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	-	6,542	_	-	•	3,873		10,415
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	329,798	_	32,152	•	4,420		366,370
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		2,280,933		489,081		239,156		3,009,170
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	2,610,731	\$	521,233	\$	243,576		3,375,540

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Receipts:	_			_		
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	1,430,200 \$	1,431,631	\$	1,431,631	
Income Tax		706,000	735,951		735,951	
Intergovernmental		2,358,245	2,618,898		2,618,898	004
Interest		4,000	4,580		4,881 \$	301
Tuition and Fees		152,030	181,772		181,772	
Rent		2,500	3,184		3,184	45
Miscellaneous	-	11,000	16,466	_	16,481	15
Total Receipts	-	4,663,975	4,992,482	_	4,992,798	316
Disbursements:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		2,631,501	2,603,691		2,604,939	(1,248)
Special		443,810	443,810		406,544	37,266
Vocational		52,548	52,548		59,855	(7,307)
Student Intervention Services		11,159	11,159		2,663	8,496
Other		14,635	14,635		24,636	(10,001)
Support Services:		000 100	202 122		0.47 400	
Pupils		228,492	228,492		217,160	11,332
Instructional Staff		56,367	56,367		48,352	8,015
Board of Education		25,851	28,151		28,747	(596)
Administration		458,171	462,192		447,153	15,039
Fiscal		202,890	202,890		198,770	4,120
Business		13,000	13,000		15,866	(2,866)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		381,750	381,750		355,907	25,843
Pupil Transportation Central		149,092 46,101	151,085		123,393	27,692 2,749
Extracurricular Activities		100,552	46,101 100.552		43,352 105,097	(4,545)
Total Disbursements	-	4,815,919	4,796,423	_	4,682,434	113,989
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	-	(151,944)	196.059	_	310.364	114.305
Excess of Receipts Over (Orider) Disbursements	-	(131,944)	190,039	_	310,304	114,303
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):			F 400		F 400	
Transfers In		4 200	5,163		5,163	-
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		1,200	9,705		9,705	(4.462)
Transfers Out		(45,000)			(4,163)	(4,163)
Advances Out Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	-	(15,000) (13,800)	14.868	_	10.705	(4.162)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(165,744)	210,927	_	321,069	(4,163) 110,142
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,267,578	2,267,578		2,267,578	110,142
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		13,353	13,353		13,353	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,115,187 \$	2,491,858	<u>е</u> –	2,602,000 \$	110.142
ו עווע שמומווטל מנ בווע טו דלמו	Ψ.	Δ,113,101 Φ	2,431,000	Ψ =	Δ,002,000 φ	110,142

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Agency Fund
Assets Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 24,084
Liabilities Current Liabilities: Due to Students	\$ 24,084

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Stryker Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. Stryker Local School District is a local school district as defined by §3311.22 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District. The Board oversees the operations of the District's one instructional/support facilities staffed by 18 non-certified and 35 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 367 students and other community members.

The Reporting Entity

A. Primary Government

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. This includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units.

C. Jointly Governed Organizations and Purchasing Pools

The District is associated with organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations and group purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, the Northern Buckeye Education Council, the Four County Career Center, Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., the Northern Buckeye Health Plan Employee Insurance Benefits Program; the Northern Buckeye Health Plan Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan and the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority. These organizations are presented in Notes 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements.

The District's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the District is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position, a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a basis or draws from the District's general receipts.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds:

The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g., grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The General fund and the Bond Retirement fund are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - The Bond Retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, of the District whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's Agency funds account for various student managed activities.

C. Basis of Accounting

Although the Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires that the District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. This is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

The District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provision of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within established timetable. All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations below these levels are made by the District's Chief Fiscal Officer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Chief Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

The District is required to use the encumbrance method of accounting by virtue of Ohio law. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled and invested. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

Investments of the District's cash management pool and investments with original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, the purchase of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During fiscal year 2015, investments included nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and STAR Ohio. Nonnegotiable certificates are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2015.

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$4,481 and \$1,389, which were assigned from other District funds.

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Compensated Absences

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the District's cash basis of accounting.

I. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

J. Long-Term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither other financing source nor capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. The District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Interfund transfers and advances are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayment from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

L. Net Position

Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to cash disbursement for specified purposes. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

M. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For fiscal year 2015, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions— an amendment of GASB Statement 27" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68" were effective. These GASB pronouncements had no effect on beginning net position as reported June 30, 2014, as the net pension liability is not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (cash basis) and certain funds included in the General Fund as part of the GASB 54 requirements are not included in the budgetary statement.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the cash basis statement to the budget basis statement for the General fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance	General Fund
Cash Basis (as Reported)	\$329,798
Outstanding Encumbrances	(10,050)
Perspective Difference	
Activity of Funds Reclassified for	
Cash Reporting Purposes	1,321
Budgetary Basis	\$321,069

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the UnitedStates Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio), and
- 8. Bankers' acceptance and commercial paper, if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$3,399,184. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures," as of June 30, 2015, \$2,990,149 of the District's bank balance of \$3,557,241 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$567,092 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasury or qualified trustee. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investment

Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the District had the following investments.

		Maturities
	Balance at	6 months
	Fair Value	or less
STAR Ohio	\$440	\$440

Interest rate risk - Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The District's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding that need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments.

Credit Risk – Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasury or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer, however state statute limits investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptance to 25 percent of interim monies available for investment at any one time. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2015:

STAR Ohio	\$440	100%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the financial statement as of June 30, 2015:

Cash and Investments per Footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$3,399,184
Investments	440
Total	\$3,399,624
Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Position	
Governmental Activities	- \$3,375,540
Agency Funds	24,084
Total	\$3,399,624

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2015 represent the collection of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes for 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

The District receives property taxes from Williams County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2015, are available to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

	2014 Sec Half Collec		2015 Fii Half Collec	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Commercial/Industrial	\$5,976,300	10%	\$5,863,070	10%
Agricultural/Residential	45,870,040	80%	46,088,290	80%
Public Utility	5,511,380	10%	5,736,160	10%
Total Assessed Value	\$57,357,720	100%	\$57,687,520	100%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$45.60		\$46.85	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

6. INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of 1.00 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 1991, and is a continuing tax and is credited to the General Fund. The District levies a voted tax of .25 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2006, and is a continuing tax and is credited to the General Fund. Also, the District levies a .25 percent for the retirement of bonds, on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2006, and is a continuing tax and is credited to the Bond Retirement Fund. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual school district income tax return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund and Bond Retirement Fund.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with the Ohio School Plan for liability, real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are fully insured.

The District joined together with other school districts in Ohio to participate in the Schools of Ohio Risk Authority a public entity insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the Plan for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the Plan based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from last year.

B. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP), Northwest Division of OHI, a self insurance pool (Note 14), for insurance benefits to employees. The District pays monthly premiums to NBHP for the benefits offered to its employees, which includes health, dental, and life insurance. NBHP is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement with NBHP provides for additional assessment to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from NBHP, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

C. Workers' Compensation Group Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northern Division of OHI Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Participation in the Plan is limited to educational entities that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS

Net Pension Liability

For fiscal year 2015, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68" were effective. These GASB pronouncements had no effect on beginning net position as reported June 30, 2014, as the net pension liability is not reported in the accompanying financial statements. The net pension liability has been disclosed below.

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS(Continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$156,316 for fiscal year 2015.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$238,648 for fiscal year 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$1,948,362	\$4,058,097	\$6,006,459
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability	0.038498%	0.01668388%	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

Wage Inflation
3.25 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation
4.00 percent to 22 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA
3 percent

Investment Rate of Return
7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

In April 2016, the SERS Board adopted certain assumption changes which impacted their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2016. The most significant change in a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.5 percent. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$2,779,733	\$1,948,362	\$1,249,106

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 % 26.00	8.00 % 7.85
International Equity Alternatives Fixed Income	14.00	8.00
Real Estate	18.00 10.00	3.75 6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$5,809,608	\$4,058,097	\$2,576,908

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2015, one member of the Board of Education has elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employee Retirement System

Postemployment Benefits – In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers two postemployment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan – The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2014, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$4,807, \$4,391, and \$3,999, respectively; 86 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2015 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Health Care Plan – ORC 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMOs, PPOs, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14% contribution to the Health Care Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the health care allocation is 0.14 percent. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. State law provides that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2014, the minimum compensation level was established at \$20,525. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contributions assigned health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$8,584, \$9,607, and \$8,955, respectively; 7 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2015 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The report can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2015, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 0 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$0, \$17,488, and \$18,447, respectively; 0 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2015 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

10. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation at rates specified under State of Ohio law and based on credited service. Clerical, Technical, and Maintenance and Operation employees with one or more years of service are entitled to vacation ranging from 5 to 25 days upon hiring. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service (earned on a pro rated basis for less than full-time employees). This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to an employee upon retirement is limited to 30 percent of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum of 63 days, except that those employees who elect to retire within twelve months of the earliest permissible retirement date shall be paid 50 percent of the accumulated sick leave to maximum of 40 days.

B. Health Care Benefits

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP), Northwest Division of OHI, a self insurance pool, for insurance benefits to employees. The District pays monthly premiums to NBHP for the benefits offered to its employees, which includes health, dental, vision, and life insurance. NBHP is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement with NBHP provides for additional assessment to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from NBHP, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

	Balance at 6/30/2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Athletic Complex Renovation - Lease Purchase Obligation	\$300,000		\$100,000	\$200,000	\$100,000
Bus Barn - Lease Purchase Obligation	135,429		49,753	85,676	50,986
Special Needs Van - Lease Purchase Obligation	30,792		10,047	20,745	10,262
School Facilities Improvement					
Bonds, Series 2006A Term Bonds	3,695,000			3,695,000	125,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	41,942		41,942	0,000,000	120,000
Accretion on Bonds	41,324	\$41,734	83,058		
School Facilities Improvement					
Bonds, Series 2006B					
Term Bonds	1,215,000			1,215,000	
Capital Appreciation Bonds	44,103		17,432	26,671	14,541
Accretion on Bonds	94,891	39,380	57,568	76,703	
Total Governmental Activities	\$5,598,481	\$81,114	\$359,800	\$5,319,795	\$300,789

The District had a lease purchase obligation for \$542,000 (interest rate of 2.85 percent). The obligation was entered into in August 2012 and will be retired in July 2017.

The District had a lease purchase obligation for \$199,900 (interest rate of 2.45 percent). The obligation was entered into in February 2013 and will mature in February 2017.

The District had a lease purchase obligation for \$41,500 (interest rate of 2.15 percent). The obligation was entered into in August 2013 and will mature in August 2016.

The District had outstanding school facilities bonds of \$3,695,000 (interest rates of 4.0 to 4.3 percent). The bonds were issued in December 2006 and will mature in January 2035.

The District had outstanding school facilities bonds of \$1,215,000 (interest rates of 4.0 to 4.2 percent). The bonds were issued in December 2006 and will mature in January 2030.

Athletic Facility Renovations – Lease Purchase Obligation

Proceeds from the agreement were used for the renovation of the District's athletic facilities at the District's sports complex. The agreement was executed on August 1, 2012. Payments are required annually, with the final payment due on July 1, 2017. The obligation is being retired through the Permanent Improvement Fund.

Bus Barn - Lease Purchase Obligation

Proceeds from the agreement were used for the purchase of a building to house the District's bus barn. The agreement was executed on February 15, 2013. Payments are required monthly, with the final payment due on February 15, 2017. The obligation is being retired through the Permanent Improvement Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Special Needs Van - Lease Purchase Obligation

Proceeds from the agreement were used to purchase a special needs van. The agreement was executed on August 3, 2013. Payments are required annually, with the final payment due on August 3, 2016. The obligation is being retired through the Permanent Improvement Fund.

School Facilities Improvement Bonds, Series 2006A

Proceeds from the outstanding bonds were used for the purpose of constructing additions to and renovating and improving existing school buildings and facilities at the high school. These bonds were issued on November 20, 2006. The bonds consisted of \$4,240,000 in current interest bonds (\$545,000 issued as serial bonds and \$3,695,000 issued as term bonds) and \$145,000 in capital appreciation bonds.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2019 (the 2019 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2016	\$125,000
January 15, 2017	130,000
January 15, 2018	135,000

The balance of the principal of the 2019 Term Bonds (\$140,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2019.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2023 (the 2023 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2020	\$145,000
January 15, 2021	150,000
January 15, 2022	155,000

The balance of the principal of the 2023 Term Bonds (\$160,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2023.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2025 (the 2025 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2024	\$170,000

The balance of the principal of the 2025 Term Bonds (\$175,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2025.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2027 (the 2027 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2026	\$185,000

The balance of the principal of the 2027 Term Bonds (\$190,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2027.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2032 (the 2032 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4.2 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2028	\$195,000
January 15, 2029	205,000
January 15, 2030	215,000
January 15, 2031	225,000

The balance of the principal of the 2032 Term Bonds (\$235,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2032.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2035 (the 2035 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4.3 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

Principal Amoun	
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2033	\$240,000
January 15, 2034	255,000

The balance of the principal of the 2035 Term Bonds (\$265,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2035.

The capital appreciation bonds were issued in the aggregate original principal amount of \$145,000 and mature on January 15 in the years, have the original principal amounts and mature with the accreted values at maturity, as follows:

	Original Principal	Accreted Value at
Maturity Date	Amount	Maturity
2015	\$41 942	\$125,000

The value of the capital appreciation bonds reported at June 30, 2014 was \$145,000. The annual accretion of interest is based on the straight-line method, which approximates the equity interest method. Total accreted interest of \$37,196 has been included in the value. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

School Facilities Improvement Bonds, Series 2006B

Proceeds from the outstanding bonds were used for the purpose of constructing additions to and renovating and improving existing school buildings and facilities at the high school. These bonds were issued on November 20, 2006. The bonds consisted of \$1,565,000 in current interest bonds (\$350,000 issued as serial bonds and \$1,215,000 issued as term bonds) and \$65,000 in capital appreciation bonds.

The serial bonds have matured.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2021 (the 2021 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2018	\$75,000
January 15, 2019	75,000
January 15, 2020	80,000

The balance of the principal of the 2021 Term Bonds (\$80,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2021.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2027 (the 2027 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

	Principal Amount to
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2022	\$85,000
January 15, 2023	90,000
January 15, 2024	90,000
January 15, 2025	95,000
January 15, 2026	100,000

The balance of the principal of the 2027 Term Bonds (\$105,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2027.

The term bonds which mature on January 15, 2030 (the 2030 Term Bonds), have an interest rate of 4.2 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and payable pursuant Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption Requirements in principal amounts on the Principal Payment Dates (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) as follows:

Principal Amount	
Year	be Redeemed
January 15, 2028	\$110,000
January 15, 2029	115,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The balance of the principal of the 2030 Term Bonds (\$115,000) shall be payable at their maturity on January 15, 2030.

The capital appreciation bonds were issued in the aggregate original principal amount of \$65,000 and mature on January 15 in the years, have the original principal amounts and mature with the accreted values at maturity, as follows:

	Original Principal	Accreted Value at	
Maturity Date	Amount	Maturity	
2015	\$17,432	\$75,000	
2016	14,541	75,000	
2017	12.130	75.000	

The value of the capital appreciation bonds reported at June 30, 2014 was \$44,103. The annual accretion of interest is based on the straight-line method, which approximates the equity interest method. Total accreted interest of \$89,722 has been included in the value. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

Total expenditures for interest for the above debt for the period ended June 30, 2014 was \$216.875.

The scheduled payments of principal and interest on the bonds and notes as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$300,789	\$269,6443	\$570.433
2017	287,303	262,775	550,078
2018	210,000	191,310	401,310
2019	215,000	182,910	397,910
2020	225,000	174,310	399,310
2021 – 2025	1,250,000	730,550	1,980,550
2026 - 2030	1,535,000	456,490	1,991,490
2031 – 2035	1,220,000	160,985	1,380,985
Total	\$5,243,092	\$2,428,974,304	\$7,672.066

12. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

12. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES (Continued)

	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2014	
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	\$69,019
Current Year Offsets	
Current Year Qualifying Expenditures	(243,518)
Total Restricted Assets	(\$174,499
Cash Balance Carried Forward to FY 2016	

13. J OINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA). NWOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Williams, and Wood Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by its participating members, which consists of a representative from each member entity and a representative from the fiscal agent. The District paid \$675 to NWOCA for various services. Financial information can be obtained from Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

B. Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (the Council) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among school districts located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams and Wood Counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. During fiscal year 2015, the District paid \$26,283 to NWOCA for its membership fee. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

C. Four County Career Center

The Four County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of five representatives from the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center - one each from the counties of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams and one additional representative; one representative from each of the city school districts; one representative from each of the exempted village school districts. The Four County Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Four County Career Center, Connie Nicely, who serves as Treasurer, 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

13. J OINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

D. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NWOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials and provide opportunities for training. The NWOERC serves a twenty-five county area of Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. During fiscal year 2015, the District paid \$375 to NWOERC for its membership fee. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., P.O. Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

14. GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

A. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of the Optimal Health Initiative Consortium (OHI) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities throughout the state. The Pool is governed by OHI and its participating members. The District contributed a total of \$532,134 to Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of OHI for all four plans. Financial information for the period can be obtained from Jenny Jostworth, Treasurer, at 10999 Reed Hartman Hwy., Suite 304E, Cincinnati, Ohio 45242.

B. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group-rating plan for workers' compensation as established under §4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (WCGRP) was established through the as a group purchasing pool. The group was formed to create a workers' compensation group rating plan which would allow employers to group together to achieve a potentially lower premium rate than they may otherwise be able to acquire as individual employers. The Optimal Health Initiatives has created a workers' compensation group rating and risk management program which will potentially reduce the workers' compensation premiums for the District.

Optimal Health Initiatives has retained Sheakley UniService as the servicing agent to perform administrative, actuarial, cost control, claims, and safety consulting services and unemployment claims services for program participants. During this fiscal year, the District paid an enrollment fee of \$386 to WCGRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

C. Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), which was established in 2002 pursuant to Articles of Incorporation filed under Chapter 1702 of the Ohio Revised Code – Non-Profit Corporations and functioning under authority granted by § 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA's purpose is to provide a joint self-insurance pool and to assist member school districts in preventing and reducing losses and injuries to property and persons that might result in claims being made against members of SORSA, their employees or officers.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

14. GROUP PURCHASING POOLS (Continued)

A nine-person Board of Directors manages the business and affairs of SORSA and is elected annually by the members of the pool. The Board of Directors consists of Superintendents, Treasurers, or Business Managers from the participating school districts. The insurance brokerage firm of Willis Pooling is contracted to provide reinsurance brokerage, underwriting, rating, billing and consulting services. The Frank Gates Service Company provides insurance claims settlement and adjustment services. Financial information can be obtained from SORSA Executive Director at 8050 North High Street, Suite 160, Columbus, Ohio 43235-6483.

15. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2015.

B. School Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2016, foundation funding for the School District, therefore, any financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

C. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the District as defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

16. FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

				Total
		Bond	Other	Governmental
Fund Balance	General	Retirement	Governmental	Funds
Restricted for:				
Scholarships			\$927	\$927
Athletics			70,930	70,930
Food Service Operations			8,268	8,268
Facilities Maintenance			16,628	16,628
Debt Retirement		\$521,233		521,233
Permanent Improvement			85,664	85,664
Total Restricted		521,233	182,417	703,650
Committed for:				
Permanent Improvement			61,159	61,159
Assigned for:				
Educational Activities	\$13,088			\$13,088
Unpaid Obligations	10,050			10,050
(encumbrances)	10,000			10,030
Total Assigned	23,138			23,138
Unassigned	2,587,593			2,587,593
Total Fund Balance	\$2,610,731	\$521,233	\$243,576	\$3,375,540

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Ben Woolace, a Board Member, is owner of Woolace Electric, a local company who performed various repairs to the Districts grounds during 2014. The District remitted \$7,405 during 2015. The services were approved at arm's length, with full knowledge by District officials, of Mr. Woolace interest, and Mr. Woolace took no part in the deliberation or decision by District officials with respect to the services.

18. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During the year ended June 30, 2015, \$3,163 was transferred from the General Fund to the District Managed Student Activity Funds to support operations. In addition, \$22,888 was transferred from the Permanent Improvement fund to the OSFC Project Maintenance fund. The amount will be used to fund maintenance of the District's school buildings.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Stryker Local School District Williams County 400 South Defiance Street Stryker, Ohio 43557-9491

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stryker Local School District, Williams County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 6, 2017, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a significant deficiency. We consider finding 2016-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Stryker Local School District
Williams County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2016-001.

Entity's Response to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

April 6, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2016-001

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The auditor of state may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the auditor of state has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) adds to the requirements of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

As a cost savings measure, management decided to prepare the District's 2016 and 2015 financial statements on a cash basis of accounting in a format similar to financial statements by Governmental Accounting Board Statement No. 34. This presentation differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The accompanying financial statements and notes omit material assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures. Variances on the financial statements between the District's accounting practice and GAAP, while presumably material, cannot reasonably be determined at this time. The District may be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

We recommend the District take the necessary steps to ensure the financial report is prepared and filed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Official's Response:

Management believes reporting on a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) is more cost efficient.

FINDING NUMBER 2016-002

Significant Deficiency

Restricted Amounts

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 - Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, paragraph 34 (amended by GASB Statement No. 63) provides that net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutionally provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted net position reported on the statement of net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 incorrectly included \$218,880 which did not have constraints placed on use either imposed externally or by law.

The District was unaware these monies should have been classified as unrestricted net position on the government-wide statement of net position.

Stryker Local School District Williams County Schedule of Findings Page 2

A final review of the financial statements may have detected this error.

The accompanying financial statements and accounting records have been adjusted to correct this error. In order to ensure the District's net position is reported in accordance with GASB 34, we recommend the District review GASB statement 34 and review the financial statements for errors prior to filing.

Official's Response:

We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2014-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03 (B) – for not reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.	Not corrected and reissued as finding 2016-001 in this report.	Management believes reporting on a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) is more cost efficient.





STRYKER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WILLIAMS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MAY 4, 2017